(1 4 m/m/	\ \OI \ \OI ILLI\ \O
SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	TITLE SHEET STORMWATER MANAGEMENT GRADING PLAN STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS-1 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS-2 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES & DETAILS EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

NORTHGATE WOODS - STORWATER POND REPAIR

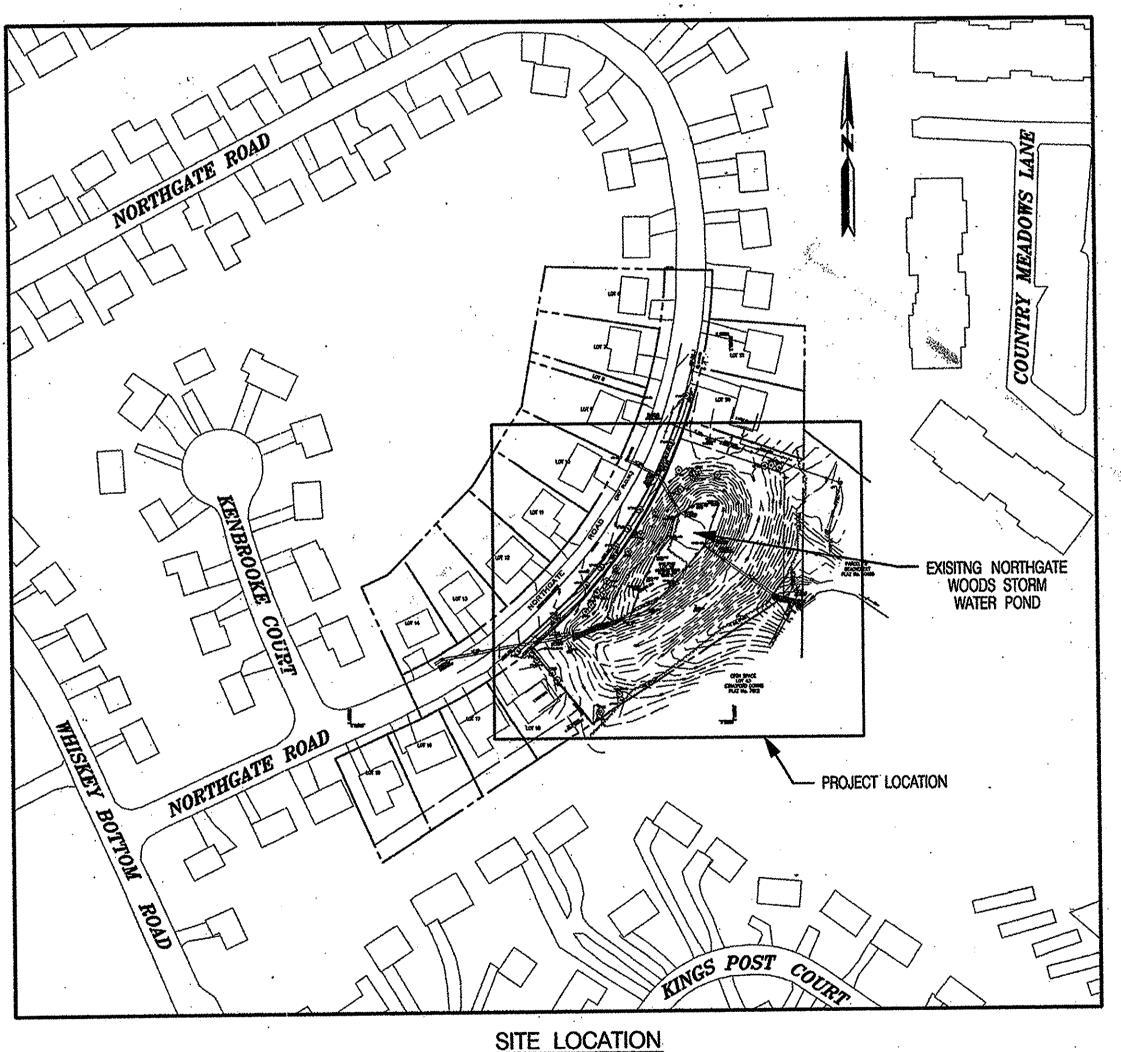
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL PROJECT D-1159

LEGEND

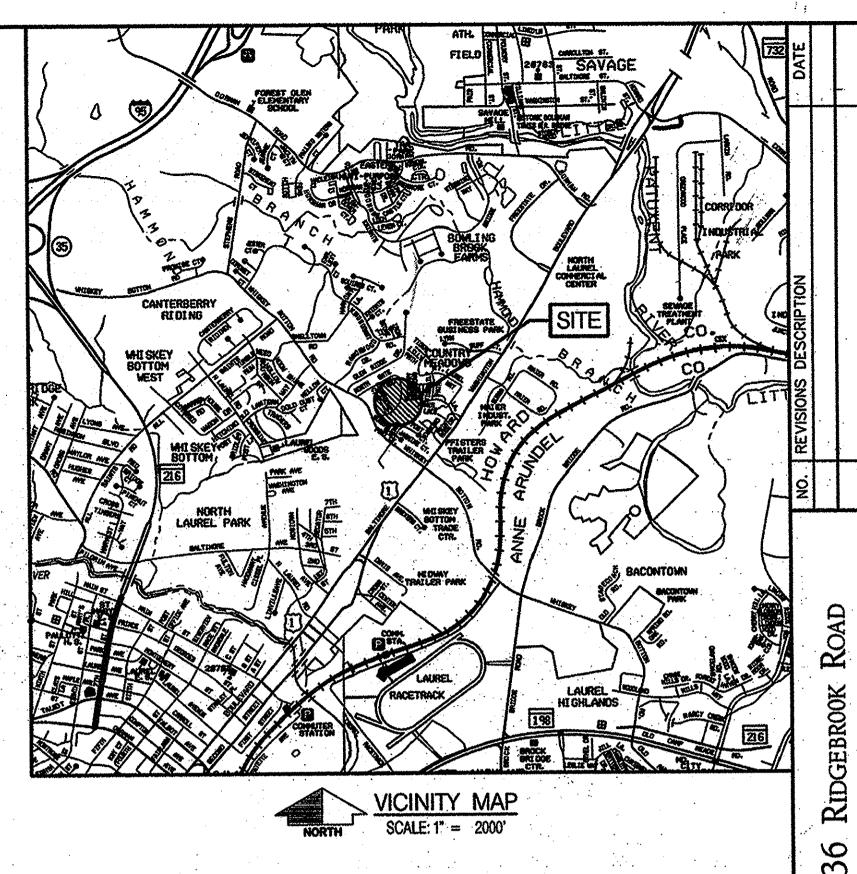
,	
LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE	FOD
EXISTING MAJOR CONTOURS	
EXISTING MINOR CONTOURS	
PROPOSED CONTOURS	387
EXISTING WOODSLINE	$\sim\sim$
PROPERTY LINE	
EASEMENT BOUNDARY	
EXISTING STORM DRAIN	SD
EXISTING STORM DRAIN INLET	
EXISTING STORM DRAIN MANHOLE	9 0
EXISTING UTILITY POLE	
EXISTING SEWER LINE	S
EXISTING SEWER MANHOLE	6
EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT	
EXISTING RIPRAP	
PROPOSED RIPRAP	
SANDBAG DAM	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
PUMP AROUND AND HOSES	
SUMP PIT	⊠ SP
FILTER BAG	FB
SILT FENCE	- SF
ORANGE SAFETY FENCE	
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	SCE
EXISTING WATERS OF THE U.S.	- WUS
EXISTING 50' STREAM BUFFER	\$B
EXISTING WETLAND BOUNDARY	<u></u>
EXISTING 25' WETLAND BUFFER	WB
15' WOODY FREE ZONE	

HOWARD	COUNTÝ	SURVEY C	ONTROL
DESIGNATION	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION
47HB	531895.773	1356076.279	296.805
47H2	529706.422	1355445.336	256.068



SPECIAL CONTRACTOR NOTES

- PROJECT SITE IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN



- BUREAU OF ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 24 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF ANY WORK BEING DONE.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE.
- 6. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL, WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM.
- 7. WATER IS PUBLIC. 8. SEWER IS PUBLIC.
- 9. EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON MISS UTILITY MARKOUT JUNE 4, 2013 AND FIELD SURVEYS. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY INFORMATION TO HIS/HER OWN SATISFACTION.
- 10. KCI PERFORMED A SITE VISIT ON MAY 15, 2013 TO VERIFY THE PRESENCE
- OF WETLANDS AND "WATERS OF THE U.S." AT THE SITE. 11. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM FIELD RUN SURVEY WITH ONE FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS IN THE NAVD88 VERTICAL DATUM PREPARED BY KCE ENGINEERING, INC., IN JUNE 2013.
- 12. NO TRAFFIC STUDY IS REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 13. OBSTRUCTIONS SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF THE CONTRACTOR ONLY AND KCITECHNOLOGIES, INC. DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE CORRECTNESS OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION GIVEN.
- 14. SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR DISCOVER ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE PLANS AND THE FIELD CONDITIONS, THE CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY SUCH INFORMATION TO HIS OWN SATISFACTION. THE ENGINEER SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY TO RESOLVE THE SITUATION. SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR MAKE FIELD CORRECTIONS OR ADJUSTMENTS WITHOUT NOTIFYING THE ENGINEER, THE CONTRACTOR ASSUMES ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THOSE CHANGES.
- 15. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT THE EXISTING UTILITIES AND MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE. ANY DAMAGE INCURRED DUE TO THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

AS-BUILT 12-01-2015



PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION. I HERERBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. RAYMOND J. KRAHE, PE, AND THAT IAM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 28634 EXPIRATION DATE: 2015-03-26: 2017-03-26

SECTION NORTHGATE WOODS RSC 19 5011 PUBLIC PUBLIC

PERMIT INFORMATION CHART

HOWARD COUNTY
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS
6751 COLUMBIA GATEWAY DRIVE COLUMBIA, MD 21046 410-313-6444

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, HOWARD COUNTY, MD DATE BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES 11/3/14

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE "ICERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR POND CONSTRUCTION AND SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS. THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. IHAVE NOTIFIED THE DEVELOPER THAT HE/SHE MUST ENGAGE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO SUPERVISE POND CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH "AS-BUILT" PLANS OF THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION." DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND/OR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THESE PLANS, AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. ISHALL ENGAGE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO SUPERVISE POND CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN OF THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT." AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

THEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FACILITY SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WAS CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN

SIGNATURE VRAYMONS J. KRAHE

28634

12-01-2015

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

SHEET NO.: 1 OF 10

CONSTRUCTION ISSUE:

EP-44-06

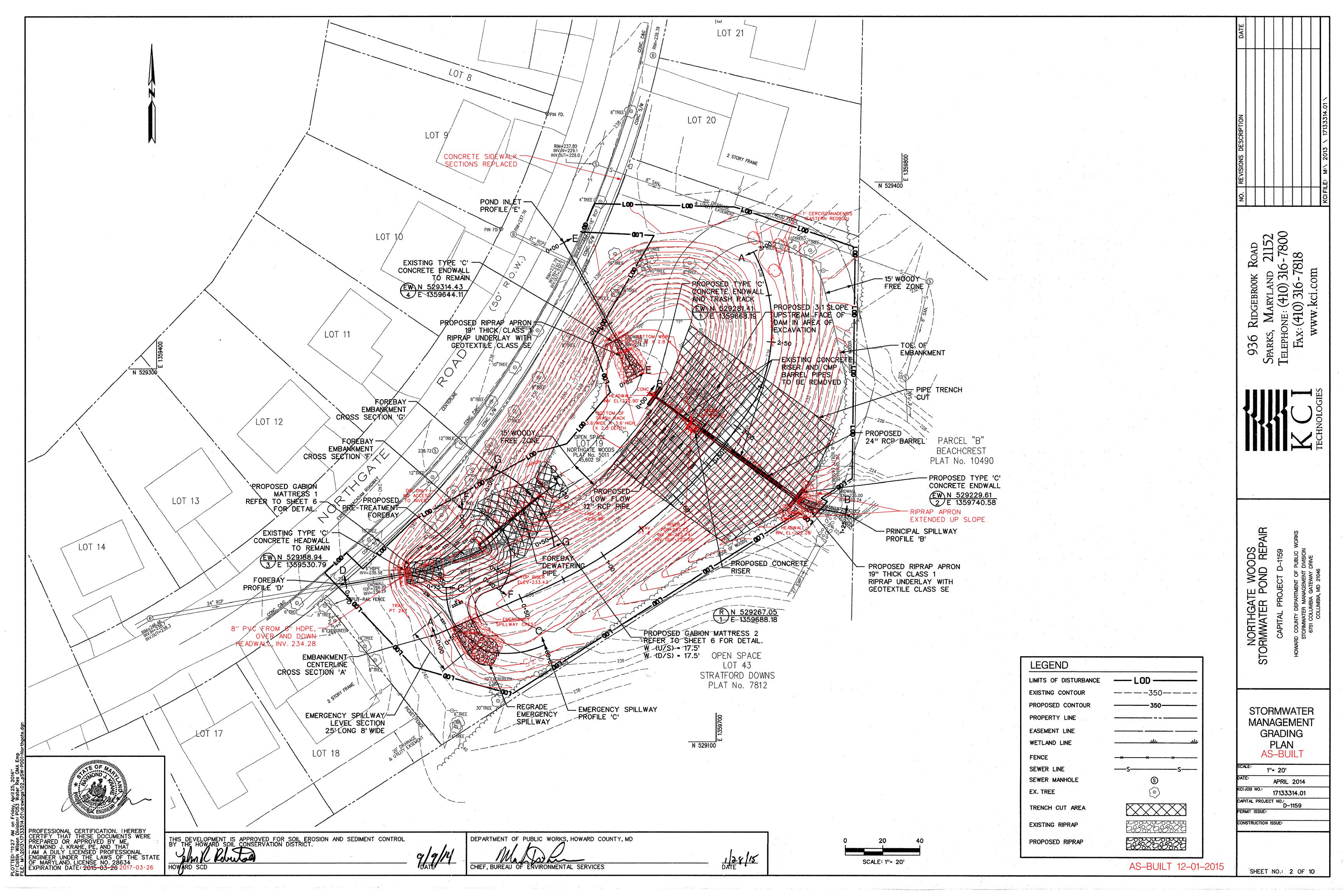
SHEET

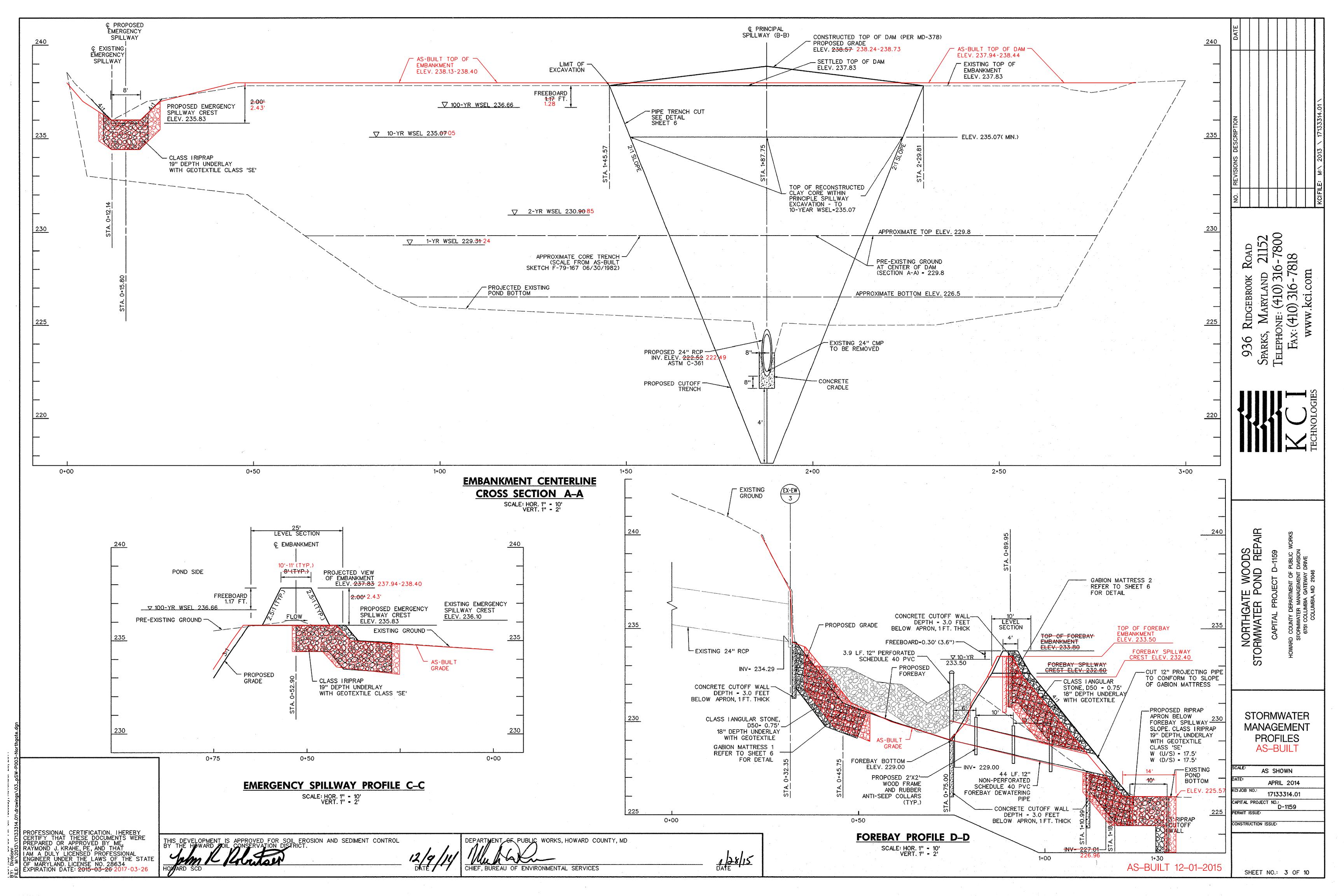
AS-BUIL

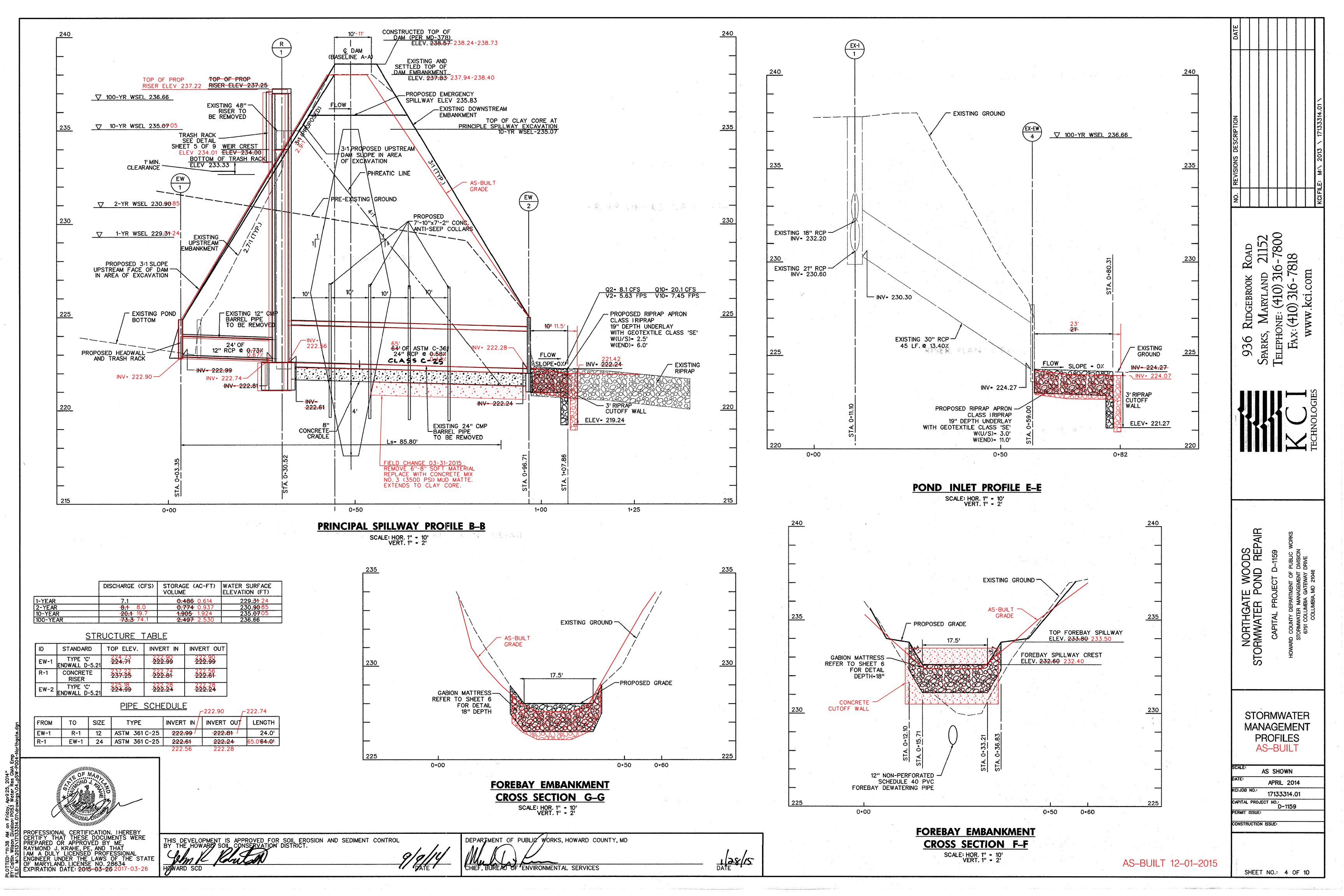
AS SHOWN

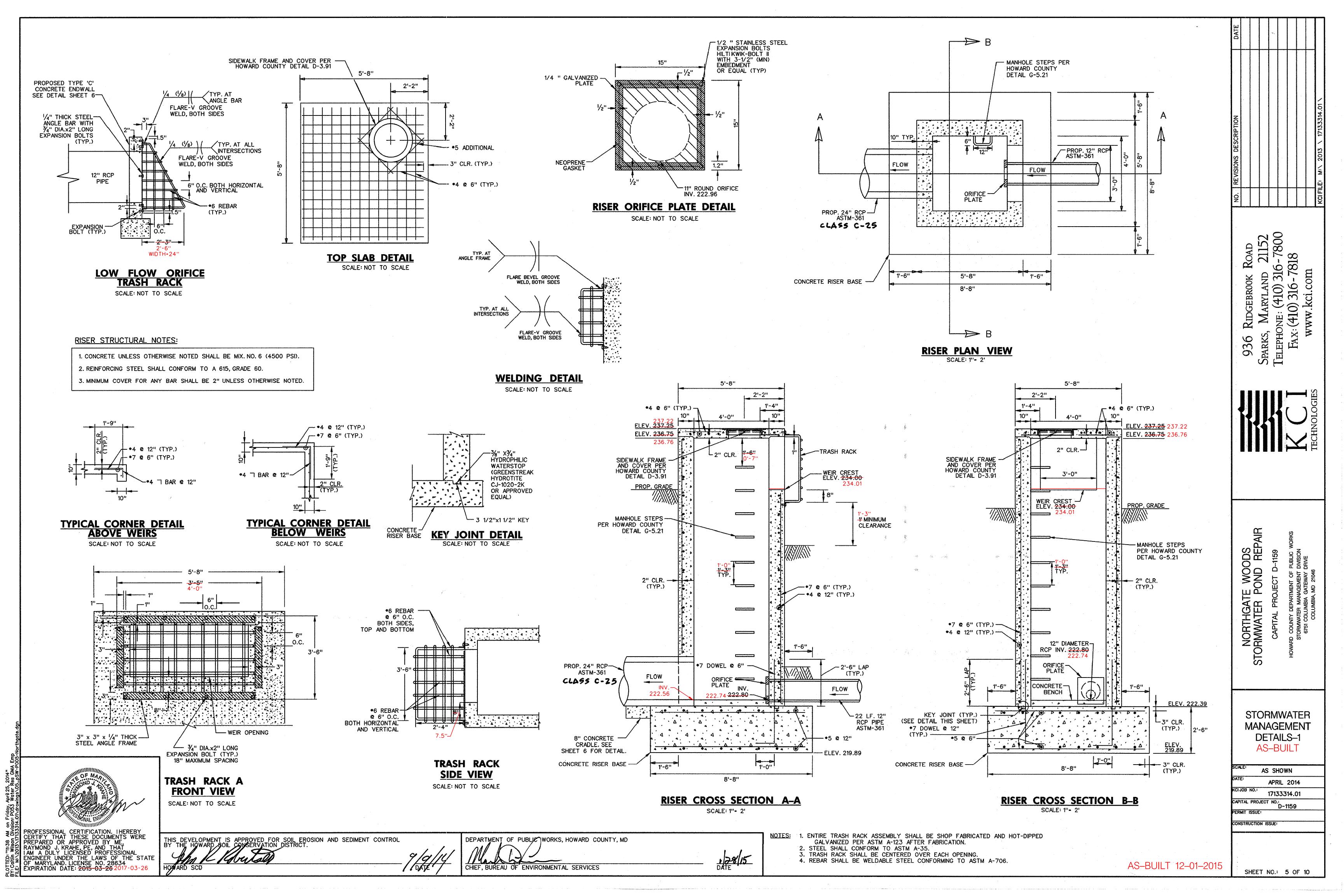
APRIL 2014

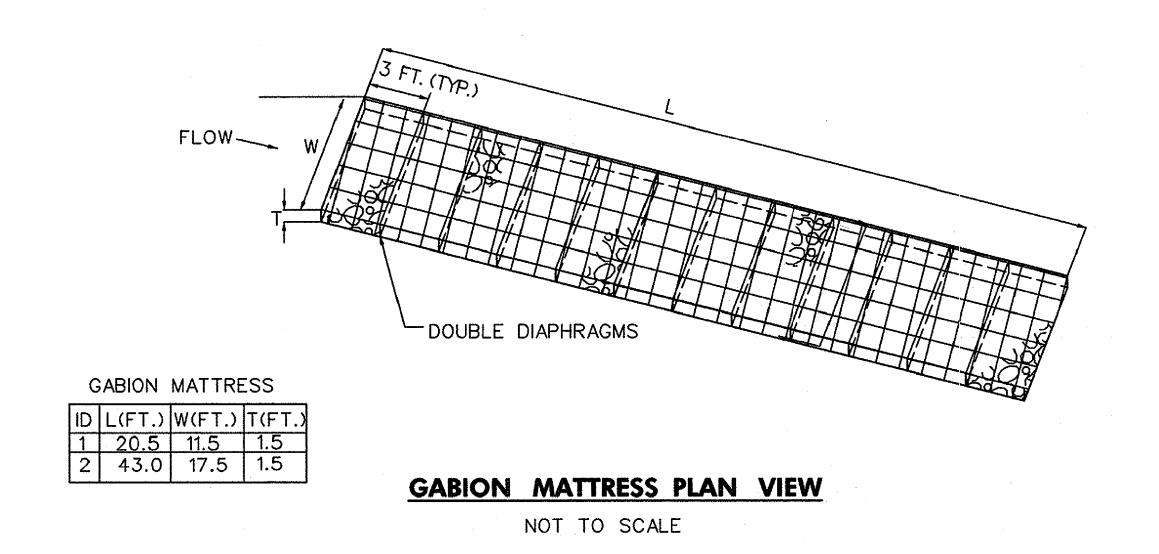
17133314.01

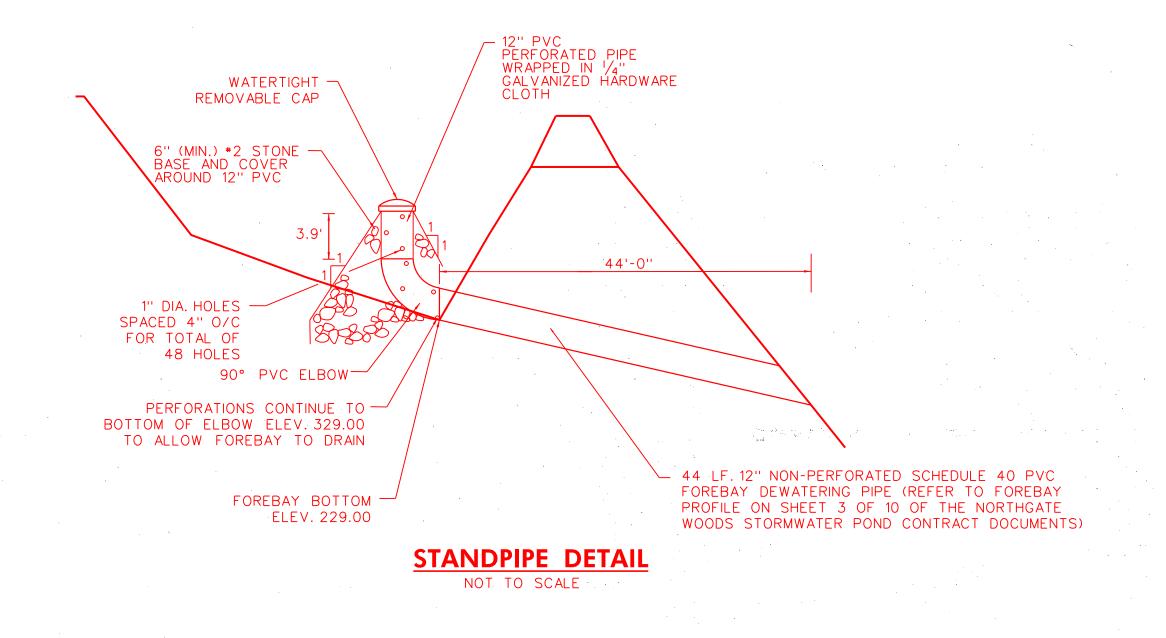










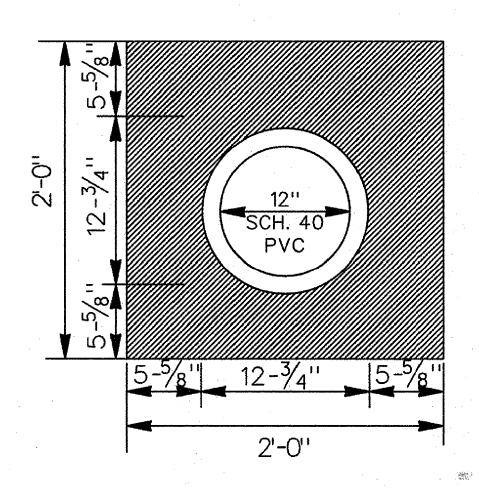


GABION WIRE OPENING - GABION MATTRESS 1V: 4H SLOPE MUST BE SMALLER THAN MIN. PARTICLE SIZE ANGULAR STONE D50= 0.75" GEOTEXTILE GRANULAR OR BEDDING, OR BOTH

MATTRESS THICKNESS (MIN.)= 2*D50= 18"

GABION MATTRESS PROFILE VIEW

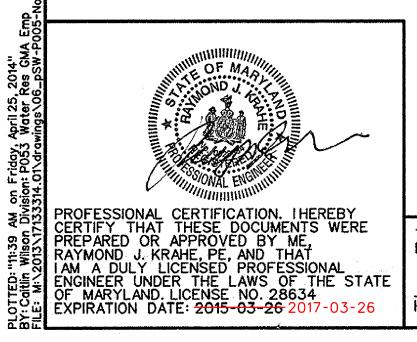
NOT TO SCALE



2' X 2' ANTI-SEEP COLLAR AGRIDRAIN CORPORATION ANTI-SEEP, COLLAR OR EQUIVALENT. (AGRIDRAIN ITEM * ASC 02)

WOOD FRAME AND RUBBER ANTI-SEEP COLLAR FOREBAY DEWATERING PIPE

NOT TO SCALE



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, HOWARD COUNTY, MD CHIEF, BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

0/28/18 DATE

AS-BUILT 12-01-2015

SHEET NO.: 6 OF 10



NORTHGATE WOODS STORMWATER POND REPAIR

STORMWATER **MANAGEMENT** DETAILS-2 AS-BUILT

AS SHOWN APRIL 2014 17133314.01

CONSTRUCTION ISSUE:

THESE SPECIFICATIONS ARE APPROPRIATE TO ALL PONDS WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE STANDARD FOR PRACTICE MD-378. ALL REFERENCES TO ASTM AND AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS APPLY TO THE MOST RECENT VERSION. <u>SITE PREPARATION</u>

AREAS DISIGNATED FOR BORROW AREAS, EMBANKMENT, AND STRUCTURAL WORKS SHALL BE CLEARED, GRUBBED AND STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL. ALL TREES, VEGETATION, ROOTS AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED. CHANNEL BANKS AND SHARP BREAKS SHALL BE SLOPED TO NO STEEPER THAT 1:1. ALL TREES SHALL BE CLEARED AND GRUBBED WITHIN 15 FEET OF THE TOE OF THE EMBANKMENT.

AREAS TO BE COVERED BY THE RESERVOIR WILL BE CLEARED OF ALL TREES, BRUSH, LOGS, FENCES, RUBBISH AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL UNLESS OTHERWISE DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS. TREES, BRUSH, AND STUMPS SHALL BE CUT APPROXIMATELY LEVEL WITH THE GROUND SURFACE. FOR DRY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PONDS, A MINIMUM OF A 25-FOOT RADIUS AROUND THE INLET STRUCTURE SHALL

ALL CLEARED AND GRUBBED MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OUTSIDE AND BELOW THE LIMITS OF THE DAM AND RESERVOIR AS DIRECTED BY THE OWNER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE. WHEN SPECIFIED, A SUFFICIENT QUANTITY OF TOPSOIL WILL BE STOCKHALED AREAS.

EARTH FILL

MATERIAL - THE FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE TAKEN FROM APPROVED DESIGNATED BORROW AREAS. IT SHALL BE FREE OF ROOTS, STUMPS, WOOD, RUBBISH, STONES GREATER THAN 6", FROZEN OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS. FILL MATERIAL FOR THE CENTER OF THE EMBANKMENT, AND CUTOFF TRENCH SHALL CONFORM TO UNIFIED SOIL CALSSIFICATION GC, SC, CH, OR CL AND MUST HAVE AT LEAST 30%. PASSING THE *200 SIEVE. CONSIDERATION MAY BE GIVEN TO THE USE OF OTHER MATERIALS IN THE EMBANKMENT IF DESIGNED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. SUCH SPECIAL DESIGNS MUST HAVE CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. MATERIALS USED IN THE OUTER SHELL OF THE EMBANKMENT MUST HAVE THE CAPABILITY TO SUPPORT VEGETATION OF THE QUALITY REQUIRED TO PREVENT EROSION OF THE EMBANKMENT.

PLACEMENT - AREAS ON WHICH FILL IS TO BE PLACED SHALL BE SCARIFIED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF FILL. FILL MATERIALS SHALL BE PLACED IN MAXIMUM 8 INCH THICK (BEFORE COMPACTION) LAYERS WHICH ARE TO BE CONTINUOUS OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE FILL. THE MOST PERMEABLE BORROW MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN THE DOWNSTREAM PORTIONS OF THE EMBANKMENT. THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY MUST BE INSTALLED CONCURRENTLY WITH FILL PLACEMENT AND NOT EXCAVATED INTO THE EMBANKMENT. COMPACTION - THE MOVEMENT OF THE HAULING AND SPREADING EQUIPMENT OVER THE FILL SHALL BE CONTROLLED SO THAT THE ENTIRE SURFACE OF EACH LIFT SHALL BE TRAVERSED BY NOT LESS THAN ONE TREAD TRACK OF HEAVY EQUIPMENT OR COMPACTION SHALL BE ACHIEVED BY A MINIMUM OF FOUR COMPLETE PASSES OF A SHEEPSFOOT, RUBBER TIRED OR VIBRATORY ROLLER. FILL MATERIAL SHALL CONTAIN SUFFICIENT MOISTURE SUCH THAT THE REQUIRED DEGREE OF COMPACTION WILL BE OBTIANED WITH THE EQUIPMENT USED. THE FILL MATERIAL SHALL CONTAIN SUFFICIENT MOISTURE SO THAT IF FORMED INTO A BALL IT WILL NOT CRUMBLE, YET NOT BE SO WET THAT WATER CAN BE SQUEEZED OUT. WHEN REQUIRED BY THE REVIEWING AGENCY THE MINIMUM REQUIRED DENSITY SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 95% OF MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY WITH A MOISTURE CONTENT WITHIN +/- 2% OF THE OPTIMUM. EACH LAYER OF FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED AS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN THAT DENSITY, AND IS TO BE CERTIFIED BY THE ENGINEER AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION. ALL COMPACTION IS TO BE DETERMINED BY AASHTO METHOD T-99 (STANDARD PROCTOR).

CUT OFF TRENCH - THE CUTOFF TRENCH SHALL BE EXCAVATED INTO IMPERVIOUS MATERIAL ALONG OR PARALLEL TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE EMBANKMENT AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE BOTTOM WIDTH OF THE TRENCH SHALL BE GOVERNED BY THE EQUIPMENT USED FOR EXCAVATION, WITH THE MINIMUM WIDTH BEING FOUR FEET. THE DEPTH SHALL BE AT LEAST FOUR FEET BELOW EXISTING GRADE OR AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE SIDE SLOPES OF THE TRENCH SHALL BE 1 TO 1 OR FLATTER. THE BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, ROLLERS, OR HAND TAMPERS TO ASSURE MAXIMUM DENSITY AND MINIMUM PERMEABILITY

EMBANKMENT CORE - THE CORE SHALL BE PARALLEL TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE EMBANKMENT AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE TOP WIDTH OF THE CORE SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF FOUR FEET. THE HEIGHT SHALL EXTEND UP TO AT LEAST THE 10 YEAR WATER ELEVATION OR AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE SIDE SLOPES SHALL BE 1 TO 1 OR FLATTER. THE CORE SHALL BE COMPACTED WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, ROLLERS, OR HAND TAMPERS TO ASSURE MAXIMUM PERMEABILITY. IN ADDITION, THE CORE SHALL BE PLACED CONCURRENTLY WITH THE OUTER SHELL OF THE EMBANKMENT.

BACKFILL ADJACENT TO PIPES OR STRUCTURES SHALL BE OF THE TYPE AND QUALITY CONFORMING TO THAT SPECIFIED FOR THE ADJOINING FILL MATERIAL. THE FILL SHALL BE PLACED IN HORIZONTAL LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED FOUR INCHES IN THICKNESS AND COMPACTED BY HAND TAMPERS OR OTHER MANUALLY DIRECTED COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. THE MATERIAL NEEDS TO FILL COMPLETELY ALL SPACES UNDER AND ADJACENT TO THE PIPE. AT NO TIME DURING THE BACKFILLING OPERATION SHALL DRIVEN EQUIPMENT BE ALLOWED TO OPERATE CLOSER THAN FOUR FEET, MEASURED HORIZONTALLY, TO ANY PART OF A STRUCTURE. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL EQUIPMENT BE DRIVEN OVER ANY PART OF A CONCRETE STRUCTURE OR PIPE, UNLESS THERE IS A COMPACTED FILL OF 24" OR GREATER OVER THE STRUCTURE OR PIPE.

STRUCTURE BACKFILL MAY BE FLOWABLE FILL MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS, SECTION 313 AS MODIFIED. THE MIXTURE SHALL HAVE A 100-200 PSI; 28 DAY UNCONFINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH. THE FLOWABLE FILL SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM PH OF 4.0 AND A MINIMUM RESISTIVITY OF 2,000 OHM-CM. MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED SUCH THAT A MINIMUM OF 6" (MEASURED PERPENDICULAR TO THE OUTSIDE OF THE PIPE) OF FLOWABLE FILL SHALL BE UNDER (BEDDING), OVER AND, ON THE SIDES OF THE PIPE. IT ONLY NEEDS TO EXTEND UP TO THE SPRING LINE FOR RIDGID CONDUITS. AVERAGE SLUMP OF THE FILL SHALL BE 7" TO ASSURE FLOWABILITY OF THE MATERIAL. ADEQUATE MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN (SAND BAGS, ETC.) TO PREVENT FLOATING THE PIPE. WHEN USING FLOWABLE FILL, ALL METAL PIPE SHALL BE BITUMINOUS COATED. ANY ADJOINING SOIL FILL SHALL BE PLACED IN HORIZONTAL LAYERS NOT TO EXCEED FOUR INCHES IN THICKNESS AND COMPACTED BY HAND TAMPERS OR OTHER MANUALLY DIRECTED COMPACTION EQUIPMENT. THE MATERIAL SHALL COMPLETELY FILL ALL VOIDS ADJACENT TO THE FLOWABLE FILL ZONE. AT NO TIME DURING THE BACKFILLING OPERATION SHALL DRIVEN EQUIPMENT BE ALLOWED TO OPERATE CLOSER THAN FOUR FEET, MEASURED HORIZONTALLY, TO ANY PART OF A STRUCTURE. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL EQUIPMENT BE DRIVEN OVER ANY PART OF A STRUCTURE OR PIPE UNLESS THERE IS A COMPACTED FILL OF 24" OR GREATER OVER THE STRUCTURE OR PIPE. BACKFILL MATERIAL OUTSIDE THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL (FLOWABLE FILL) ZONE SHALL BE OF THE TYPE AND QUALITY CONFORMING TO THAT SPECIFIED FOR THE CORE OF THE EMBANKMENT OR OTHER EMBANKMENT MATERIALS.

PIPE CONDUITS

riday, April 25, 2014" POS3 Water Res GMA 11\drawings\07_pSW-P

ALL PIPES SHALL BE CIRCULAR IN CROSS SECTION.

CORRUGATED METAL PIPE - ALL OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA SHALL APPLY FOR CORRUGATED METAL PIPE:

1. MATERIALS - (POLYMER COATED STEEL PIPE) - STEEL PIPES WITH POLYMERIC COATINGS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM COATING THICKNESS OF 0.01 INCH (10 MIL) ON BOTH SIDES OF THE PIPE. THIS PIPE AND ITS APPURTENANCES SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO SPECIFICATIONS M-245 & M-246 WITH WATERTIGHT

MATERIALS - (ALUMINUM COATED STEEL PIPE) - THIS PIPE AND ITS APPURTENANCES SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO SPECIFICATION ON M-274 WITH WATERTIGHT COUPLING BANDS OR FLANGES. ALUMINUM COATED STEEL PIPE, WHEN USED WITH FLOWABLE FILL OR WHEN SOIL AND/OR WATER CONDITIONS WARRANT THE NEED FOR INCREASED DURABILITY, SHALL BE FULLY BITUMINOUS COATED PER REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO SPECIFICATION ON M-190 TYPE A. ANY ALUMINUM COATING DAMAGED OR OTHERWISE REMOVED SHALL BE REPLACED WITH COLD APPLIED BITUMINOUS COATING COMPOUND. ALUMINUM SURFACES THAT ARE TO BE IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE SHALL BE PAINTED WITH ONE COAT OF ZINC CHROMATE PRIMER OR TWO COATS OF ASPHALT.

MATERIALS - (ALUMINUM PIPE) - THIS PIPE AND ITS APPURTENANCES SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO SPECIFICATION M-196 OR M-211 WITH WATERTIGHT COUPLING BANDS OR FLANGES ALLIMINUM BIGGS WITH WATERTIGHT COUPLING BANDS OR FLANGES ALLIMINUM BIGGS WITH BANDS OF THE BANDS OF TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO SPECIFICATION M-196 OR M-211 WITH WATERTIGHT COUPLING BANDS OR FLANGES. ALUMINUM PIPE, WHEN USED WITH FLOWABLE FILL OR WHEN SOIL AND/OR WATER CONDITIONS WARRANT FOR INCREASED DURABILITY, SHALL BE FULLY BITUMINOUS COATED PER REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO SPECIFICATION M-190 TYPE A. ALUMINUM SURFACES THAT ARE TO BE IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE SHALL BE PAINTED WITH ONE COAT OF ZINC CHROMATE PRIMER OR TWO COATS OF ASPHALT. HOT DIP GALVANIZED BOLTS MAY BE USED FOR CONNECTIONS. THE PH OF THE SURROUNDING SOILS SHALL BE BETWEEN 4 AND 9.

2. COUPLING BANDS, ANTI-SEEP COLLARS, END SECTIONS, ETC., MUST BE COMPOSED OF THE SAME MATERIAL AND COATINGS AS THE PIPE. METALS MUST BE INSULATED FROM DISSIMILAR MATERIALS WITH TUSE OF RUBBER OR PLASTIC INSULATING

3. CONNECTIONS - ALL CONNECTIONS WITH PIPES MUST BE COMPLETELY WATERTIGHT. THE DRAIN PIPE OR BARREL CONNECTION TO THE RISER SHALL BE WELDED ALL AROUND WHEN THE PIPE AND RISER ARE METAL. ANTI-SEEP COLLARS SHALL BE CONNECTED TO THE PIPE IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO BE COMPLETLEY WATERTIGHT. DIMPLE BANDS ARE NOT CONSIDERED TO BE WATERTIGHT.

ALL CONNECTIONS SHALL USE A RUBBER OR NEOPRENIE GASKET WHEN JOINING PIPE SECTIONS. THE END OF EACH PIPE SHALL BE RE-ROLLED AN ADEQUATE NUMBER OF CORRUGATIONS TO ACCOMMODATE THE BANDWIDTH. THE FOLLOWING TYPE CONNECTIONS ARE ACCEPTABLE FOR PIPES LESS THAN 24 INCHES IN DIAMETER: FLANGES ON BOTH ENDS OF THE PIPE WITH A CIRCULAR 36 INCH CLOSED CELL NEOPRENE GASKET, PRE-PUNCHED TO THE FLANGE BOLT CIRCLE, SANDWICHED BETWEEN ADJACENT FLANGES; A 12 INCH WIDE STANDARD LAP TYPE BAND WITH 12 INCH WIDE BY 36 INCH THICK CLOSED CELL CIRCULAR NEOPRENE GASKET; AND A 12 INCH WIDE HUGGER TYPE BAND WITH O-RING GASKETS HAVING A MINIMUM DIAMETER OF 1/2 INCH GREATER THAN THE CORRUGATION DEPTH. PIPES 24 INCHES IN DIAMETER AND LARGER SHALL BE CONNECTED BY A 24 INCH LONG ANNULAR CORRUGATED BAND USING A MINIMUM OF 4 (FOUR) RODS AND LUGS, 2 ON EACH CONNECTING PIPE END. A 24 INCH WIDE BY 36 INCH THICK CLOSED CELL CIRCULAR NEOPRENE GASKET WILL BE INSTALLED WITH 12 INCHES ON THE END OF EACH PIPE. FLANGED JOINTS WITH 36 INCH CLOSED CELL GASKETS THE FULL WIDTH OF THE FLANGE IS ALSO ACCEPTABLE. HELICALLY CORRUGATED PIPE SHALL HAVE EITHER CONTINUOUSLY WELDED SEAMS OR HAVE LOCK SEAMS WITH INTERNAL CAULKING OR A NEOPRENE BEAD.

4. BEDDING - THE PIPE SHALL BE FIRMLY AND UNIFORMLY BEDDED THROUGHOUT ITS ENTIRE LENGTH. WHERE ROCK OR SOFT, SPONGY OR OTHER UNSTABLE SOIL IS ENCOUNTERED, ALL SUCH MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED WITH SUITABLE EARTH COMPACTED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE SUPPORT.

5. BACKFILLING SHALL CONFORM TO "STRUCTURE BACKFILL".

6. OTHER DETAILS (ANTI-SEEP COLLARS, VALVES, ETC.) SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE - ALL OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA SHALL APPLY FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE: 1. MATERIALS - REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE SHALL HAVE BELL AND SPIGOT JOINTS WITH RUBBER GASKETS AND SHALL EQUAL OR EXCEED ASTM C-361.

2. BEDDING - REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE CONDUITS SHALL BE LAID IN A CONCRETE BEDDING/CRADLE FOR THEIR ENTIRE LENGTH. THIS BEDDING/CRADLE SHALL. CONSIST OF HIGH SLUMP CONCRETE PLACED UNDER THE PIPE AND UP THE SIDES OF THE PIPE AT LEAST 50% OF ITS OUTSIDE DIAMETER WITH A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 6 INCHES. WHERE A CONCRETE CRADLE IS NOT NEEDED FOR STRUCTURAL REASONS, FLOWABLE FILL MAY BE USED AS DESCRIBED IN THE "STRUCTURE BACKFILL" SECTION OF THIS STANDARD. GRAVEL BEDDING IS NOT PERMITTED.

3. LAYING PIPE - BELL AND SPIGOT PIPE SHALL BE PLACED WITH THE BELL END UPSTREAM. JOINTS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE MANUFACTURER OF THE MATERIAL. AFTER THE JOINTS ARE SEALED FOR THE ENTIRE LINE, THE BEDDING SHALL BE PLACED SO THAT ALL SPACES UNDER THE PIPE ARE FILLED. CARE SHALL BE EXERCISED TO PREVENT ANY DEVIATION FROM THE ORIGINAL LINE AND GRADE OF THE PIPE. THE FIRST JOINT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN 4 FEET FROM THE RISER.

4. BACKFILLING SHALL CONFORM TO "STRUCTURE BACKFILL".

5. OTHER DETAILS (ANTI-SEEP COLLARS, VALVES, ETC.) SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

PLASTIC PIPE - THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA SHALL APPLY FOR PLASTIC PIPE: 1. MATERIAL - PVC PIPE SHALL BE PVC-1120 OR PVC-1220 CONFORMING TO ASTM D-1785 OR ASTM D-2241. CORRUGATED HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE (HDPE) PIPE, COUPLINGS AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING: 4"-10" INCH PIPE SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO M2 52 TYPE S, AND 12" THROUGH 24" INCH SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF AASHTO M294 TYPE S.

2. JOINTS AND CONNECTIONS TO ANTI-SEEP COLLARS SHALL BE COMPLETELY

3. BEDDING - THE PIPE SHALL BE FIRMLY AND UNIFORMLY BEDDED THROUGHOUT ITS ENTIRE LENGTH. WHERE ROCK OR SOFT, SPONGY OR OTHER UNSUITABLE SOIL IS ENCOUNTERED, ALL SUCH MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED WITH SUITABLE EARTH COMPACTED TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE SUPPORT.

4. BACKFILLING SHALL CONFORM TO "STRUCTURE BACKFILL".

5. OTHER DETAILS (ANTI-SEEP COLLARS, VALVES, ETC.) SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

DRAINAGE DIAPHRAGMS - WHEN A DRAINAGE DIAPHRAGM IS USED, A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER WILL SUPERVISE THE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

ROCK RIPRAP SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS, SECTION 311. GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE PLACED UNDER ALL RIPRAP AND SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS, SECTION 921.09, CLASS C.

CARE OF WATER DURING CONSTRUCTION

ALL WORK ON PERMANENT STRUCTURES SHALL BE CARRIED OUT IN AREAS FREE FROM WATER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN ALL TEMPORARY DIKES, LEVEES, COFFERDAMS, DRAINAGE CHANNELS, AND STREAM DIVERSIONS NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE

AREAS TO BE OCCUPIED BY THE PERMANENT WORKS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO FURNISH, INSTALL, OPERATE, AND MAINTAIN ALL NECESSARY PUMPING AND OTHER EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR REMOVAL OR WATER FROM VARIOUS PARTS OF THE WORK AND FOR MAINTAINING THE EXCAVATIONS, FOUNDATION, AND OTHER PARTS OF THE WORK FREE FROM WATER AS REQUIRED BY THE ENGINEER FOR CONSTRUCTING EACH PART OF THE WORK. AFTER HAVING SERVED THEIR PURPOSE, ALL TEMPORARY PROTECTIVE WORKS SHALL BE REMOVED OR LEVELED AND GRADED TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED TO PREVENT OBSTRUCTION IN ANY DEGREE WHATSOEVER OF THE FLOW OF WATER TO THE SPILLWAY OR OUTLET WORKS AND SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE IN ANY WAY WITH THE OPERATION OR MAINTENANCE OF THE STRUCTURE. STREAM DIVERSIONS SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL THE FULL FLOW CAN BE PASSED THROUGH THE PERMANENT WORKS. THE REMOVAL OF WATER FROM THE REQUIRED EXCAVATION AND THE FOUNDATION SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IN A MANNER AND TO THE EXTENT THAT WILL MAINTAIN STABILITY OF THE EXCAVATED SLOPES AND BOTTOM REQUIRED EXCAVATIONS AND WILL ALLOW SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE OF ALL CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. DURING THE PLACING AND COMPACTING OF MATERIAL IN REQUIRED EXCAVATIONS, THE WATER LEVEL AT THE LOCATIONS BEING REFILLED SHALL BE MAINTAINED BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE EXCAVATION AT SUCH LOCATIONS WHICH MAY REQUIRE DRAINING THE WATER SUMPS FROM WHICH THE WATER SHALL BE PUMPED.

STABILIZATION

ALL BORROW AREAS SHALL BE GRADED TO PROVIDE PROPER DRAINAGE AND LEFT IN A SIGHTLY CONDITION. ALL EXPOSED SURFACES OF THE EMBANKMENT, SPILLWAY, SPOIL AND BORROW AREAS, AND BERMS SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING, LIMING, FERTILIZING AND MULCHING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR CRITICAL AREA PLANTING (MD-342) OR AS SHOWN ON THE ACCOMPANING DRAWINGS.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

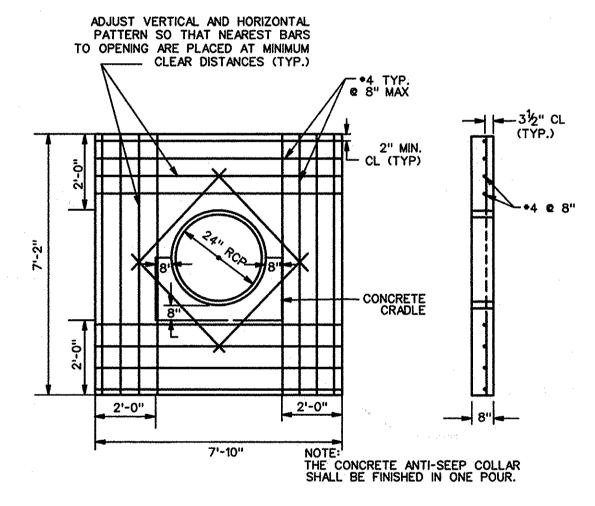
CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS WILL BE CARRIED OUT IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION WILL BE CONTROLLED AND WATER AND AIR POLLUTION MINIMIZED. STATE AND LOCAL LAWS CONCERNING POLLUTION ABATEMENT WILL BE FOLLOWED. CONSTRUCTION PLANS SHALL DETAIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.

WOODY VEGETATION NOTE

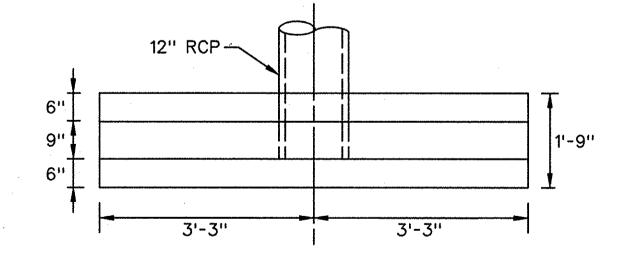
TREES, SHRUBS, OR OTHER WOODY VEGETATION WILL NOT BE ALLOWED WITHIN A 25' RADIUS OF THE INLET STRUCTURE IN THE POOL AREA, AND NOT ALLOWED ON, OR WITHIN 15' OF ANY PORTION OF THE EMBANKMENT

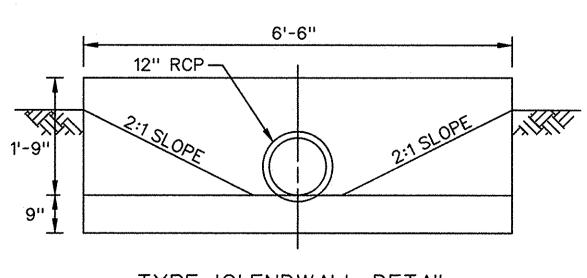
SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION IN WRITING AND LEAST THREE (3) DAYS PRIOR TO DOING ANY WORK.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE AN ONSITE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WHICH SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE COUNTY PROJECT MANAGER, THE ENGINEER, AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM HOWARD COUNTY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION. (1 DAY)
- 3. NOTIFY CERTIFYING ENGINEER 5 WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONSTRUCTION. (5 DAYS)
- 4. INSTALL THE PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES INCLUDING ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE, SILT FENCE, SUMP PIT NEAR RISER, FILTER BAG, STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND WOOD MATTES FOR TEMPORARY ACCESS OVER THE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY ACCORDING TO APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN. INSTALL THE TEMPORARY PIPE FROM THE SUMP PIT TO THE FILTER BAG. (5 DAYS)
- 5. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION. (1 DAY)
- 6. INSTALL SANDBAG DIVERSION AROUND RISER STRUCTURE. (1 DAY)
- 7. WITH 5 DAY CLEAR FORECAST, EXCAVATE THE EMBANKMENT AND STOCKPILE SOIL ON SITE AS SHOWN ON THE DETAIL AND PLAN. REMOVE THE EXISTING RISER, LOW FLOW PIPE TO RISER,
- 8. CLEAR WOODY VEGETATION WITHIN THE 15 FOOT NO WOODY VEGETATION ZONE. ALL TREES SHALL BE CLEARED AND GRUBBED WITHIN 15 FEET OF THE TOE OF THE EMBANKMENT.
- 9. INSTALL THE PROPOSED CONCRETE BOX RISER, 12" RCP LOW FLOW PIPE TO RISER AND TRASH RACK, 24" RCP BARREL PIPE, ANTI-SEEP COLLARS, CLAY CORE, AND CONCRETE CRADLE IN THE EMBANKMENT TRENCH, THE FOREBAY AT THE SOUTHERLY POND INLET, AND THE WEST INLET APRON AND POND OUTLET APRON. (5 DAYS)
- 10. CONSTRUCT THE REMAINDER OF THE EMBANKMENT TO MATCH THE PROPOSED GRADING PLAN. (5 DAYS)
- 11. REMOVE WOOD MATTES AND RE-GRADE AND INSTALL EMERGENCY SPILLWAY IMPROVEMENTS.
- 12. UPON COMPLETION AND WITH PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, INCLUDING THE TEMPORARY STOCKPILE AREAS. (2 DAYS)
- 13. INSTALL PLANTINGS, MULCH, AND SEED ALL DISTURBED AREAS EXCEPT FOR THE PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES. (3 DAYS)
- 14. WITH PERMISSION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND STABILIZE ANY AREAS DISTURBED BY THIS PROCESS. (2 DAYS)



CONCRETE ANTI-SEEP COLLAR DETAIL 24" RCP BARREL PIPE NOT TO SCALE





TYPE 'C' ENDWALL DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

CONTRACTOR'S AS-BUILT NOTE

AS-BUILT PLANS AND CERTIFICATION ARE REQUIRED FOR THIS STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY. THIS MUST BE PREPARED AND SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. AFTER FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE FACILITY, THE AS-BUILT PLANS AND CERTIFICATION WILL BE PREPARED BY THE ENGINEER FOR SUBMISSION TO HOWARD COUNTY.

TO PREPARE THE REQUIRED AS-BUILT PLANS AND CERTIFICATION, THE STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY MUST BE INSPECTED BY THE ENGINEER AT SPECIFIC STAGES DURING THE CONSTRUCTION AS REQUIRED BY THE CURRENT HOWARD COUNTY STORM WATER MANAGEMENT POLICY AND DESIGN MANUAL. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY WORK SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.

CONSTRUCTION NOTE

UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL CONSTRUCTION AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH:

HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS FOR CONSTRUCTION.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, 2011, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL

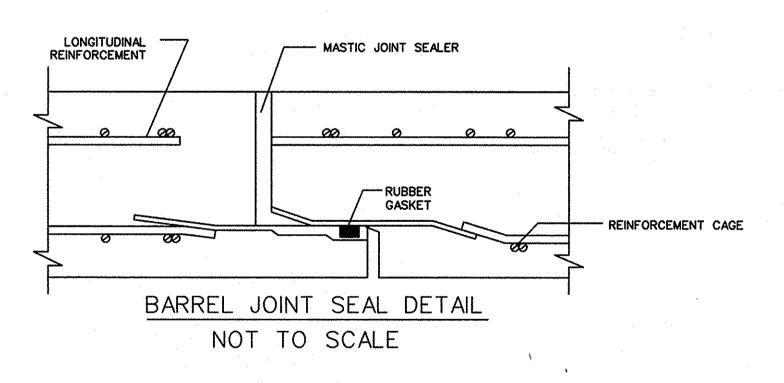
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

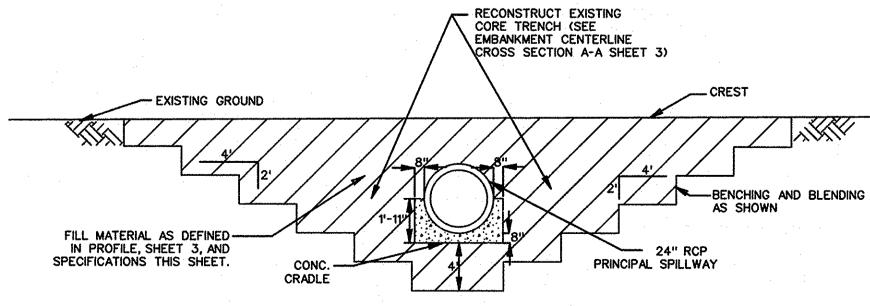
ROUTINE MAINTENANCE:

- 1. FACILITY SHALL BE INSPECTED ONCE EVERY THREE YEARS. INSPECTIONS SHALL BE PERFORMED DURING OR SHORTLY AFTER WET WEATHER TO DETERMINE IF THE POND IS FUNCTIONING PROPERLY.
- 2. TOP AND SIDE SLOPES OF THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE MOWED A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) TIMES PER YEAR, ONCE IN JUNE AND ONCE IN SEPTEMBER. OTHER SIDE SLOPES AND MAINTENANCE ACCESS SHALL BE MOWED AS NEEDED.
- 3. DEBRIS AND LITTER SHALL BE REMOVED DURING REGULAR MOWING OPERATIONS AND AS NEEDED.
- 4. VISIBLE SIGNS OF EROSION IN THE POND AS WELL AS THE RIP-RAP SPILLWAY AND OUTLET AREAS SHALL BE REPAIRED AS SOON AS IT IS NOTICED.
- 5. PLANTINGS SHALL BE REPLACED AS NEEDED TO ENSURE A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF SHRUBS ARE PRESENT AND FULL HERBACEOUS COVERAGE EXISTS WITHIN

NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE:

1. STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF THE FACILITY SUCH AS THE EMBANKMENT, DEWATERING SYSTEM, AND OVERFLOWS SHALL BE REPAIRED UPON DETECTION OF ANY DAMAGE.

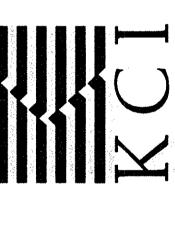




TRENCH AND CONCRETE CRADLE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

ROAD 21152 6-7800 '818 ARYLAND 2 (410) 316-0) 316-7818 RIDGEBROOK SPARKS, MAR.,
TELEPHONE: (4
FAX: (410) 36 0

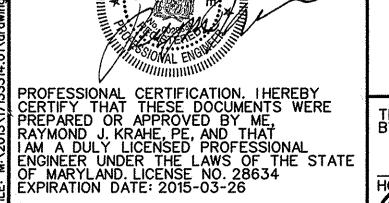


NORTHGATE WOODS STORMWATER POND REPAIR $\dot{\Box}$

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES & DETAILS

N/A **APRIL 2014** 17133314.01 APITAL PROJECT NO. D-1159 ERMIT ISSUE: ONSTRUCTION ISSUE:

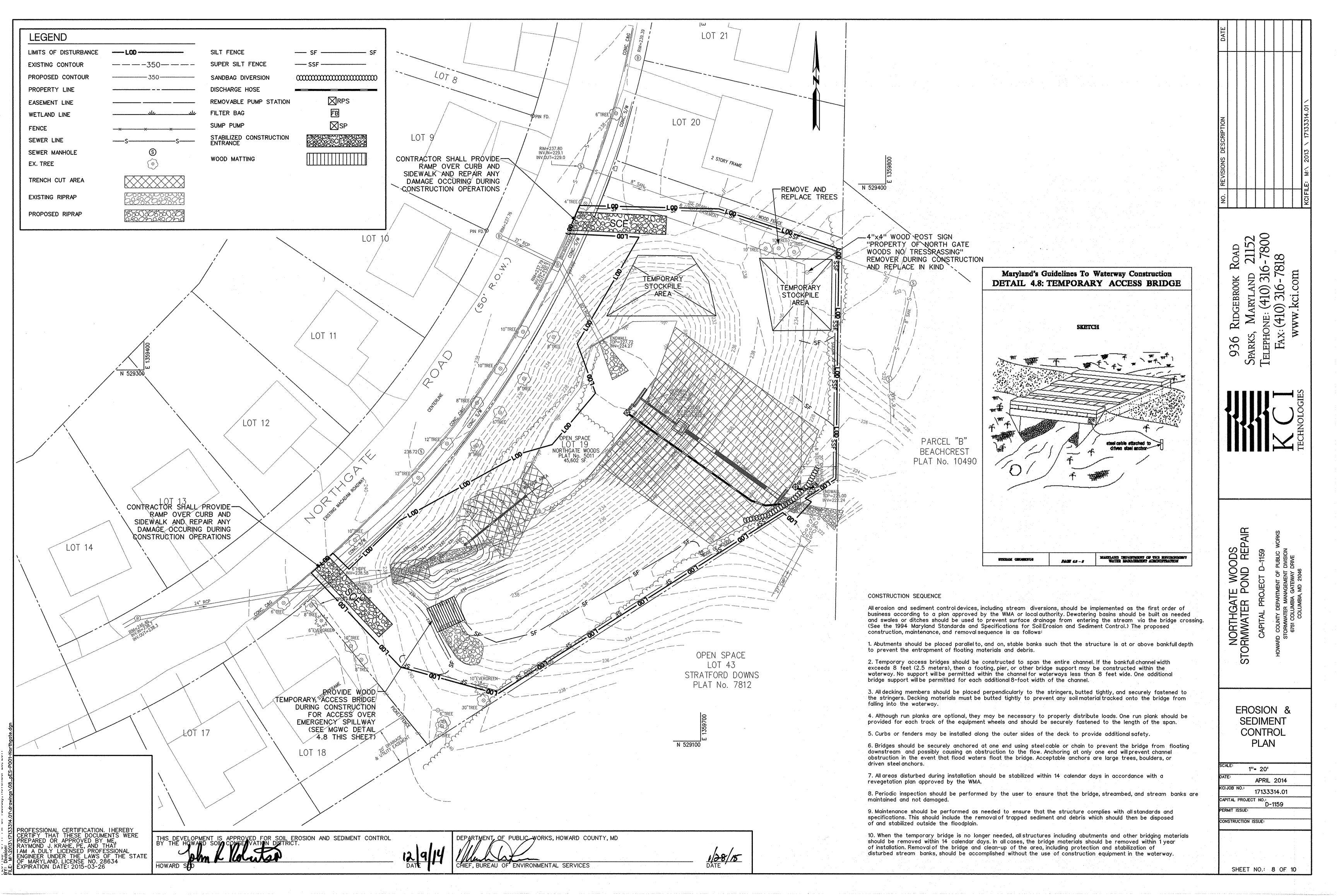
SHEET NO.: 7 OF 10

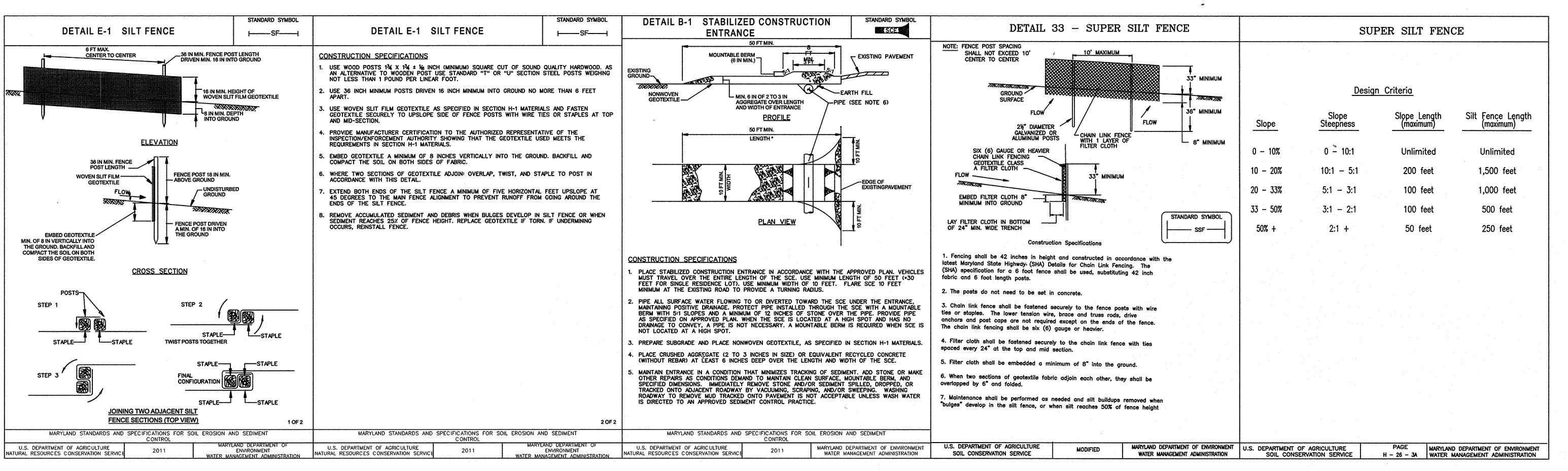


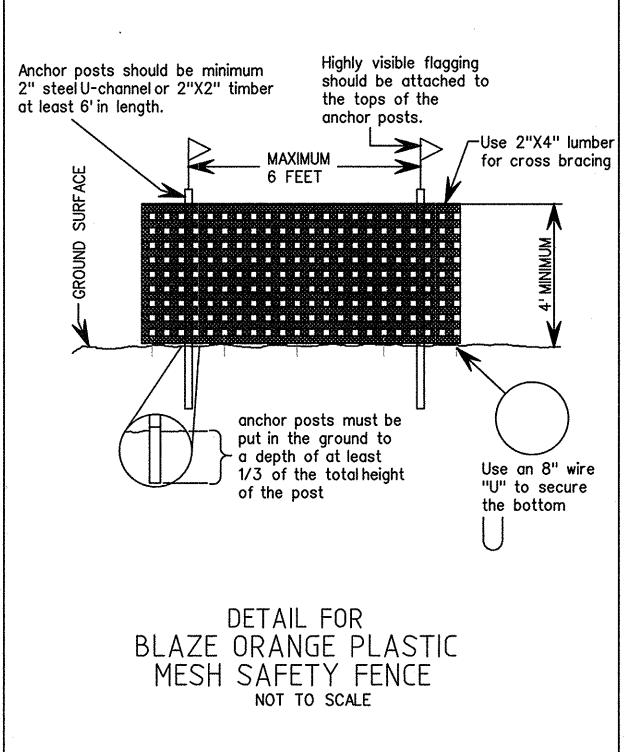
HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

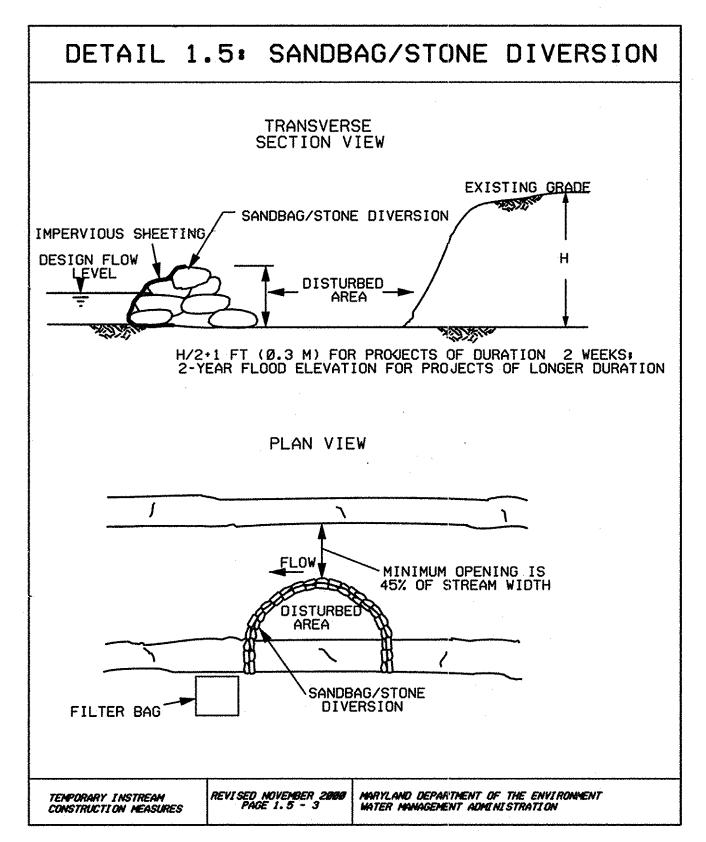
BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

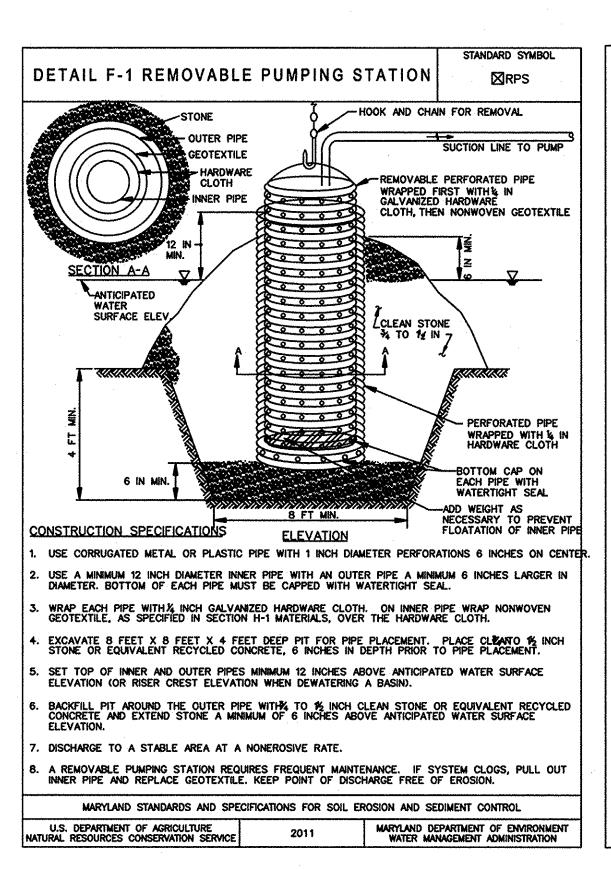
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, HOWARD COUNTY, MD

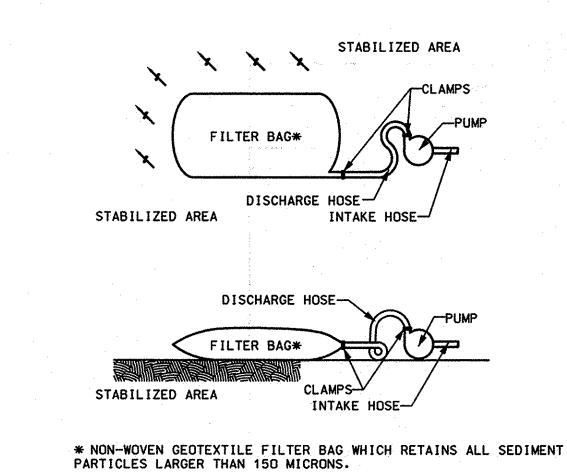












FILTER BAG DEWATERING DEVICE FOR PUMPED WATER NOT TO SCALE

NOTES: 1. PLACE FILTER BAGS ON STABLE OR WELL VEGETATED AREAS WHICH ARE FLATTER THAN 5% AND WILL NOT ERODE WHEN SUBJECTED TO BAG DISCHARGES.

- 2. CLAMP PUMP DISCHARGE HOSES SECURELY INTO FILTER BAGS.
- 3. LIMIT PUMPING RATE TO 1/2 THE MANUFACTURER'S MAXIMUM PUMPING RATE.
- 4. WHEN SEDIMENTS FILL 1/2 THE VOLUME OF A FILTER BAG, IMMEDIATELY REMOVE THAT BAG FROM SERVICE. PROPERLY DISPOSE OF SPENT BAGS WITH THEIR SEDIMENTS.



ASTM D-3776 ASTM D-4632 ASTM D-4833

ASTM D-4491

ASTM D-4991

ASTM D-4355 ASTM D-4751

FILTER BAG SPECIFICATIONS

1. FILTER BAG SHALL BE MADE OF NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE WITH A

2. ALL STRUCTURAL SEAMS SHALL BE SEWN WITH A DOUBLE STITCH

USING A DOUBLE NEEDLE MACHINE WITH HIGH STRENGTH THREAD.

SEAM STRENGTH SHALL WITHSTAND 100 LB/IN USING ASTM D-4884

3. FILTER BAG SHALL HAVE A NOZZLE LARGE ENOUGH TO ACCOMMODATE A FOUR(4) INCH DIAMETER PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE.

4. NOZZLE SHALL BE SEALED TIGHTLY AROUND THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE WITH A STRAP OR SIMILAR DEVICE TO PREVENT UNFILTERED WATER FROM ESCAPING.

5. FILTER BAG SHALL BE PLACED ON A LEVEL OR GENTLY SLOPING (5%

6. FILTER BAG SHALL BE PLACED UPON A BASE OF STRAW BALES OR

THREE (3) INCHES OF CLEAN STONE TO PROMOTE DEWATERING THROUGH BOTTOM SURFACE OF THE FILTER BAG.

7. PUMPING RATES SHALL BE CONTROLLED TO PREVENT EXCESSIVE PRESSURE WITHIN THE FILTER BAG. AS THE BAG BECOMES FILLED

8. THE FILTER BAG SHALL BE DEWATERED, REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF UPON COMPLETION OF PUMPING OPERATIONS OR AFTER IT HAS REACHED CAPACITY, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. THE DEWATERED

9. THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS WITH PROPERTIES DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE

SEDIMENT FROM THE BAG SHALL BE SPREAD IN AN UPLAND AREA

210 LBS. 150 LBS.

70 GAL/MIN/FT2

WITH SEDIMENT THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE REDUCED.

AND STABILIZED WITHIN 24 HOURS.

WITH THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES:

APPARENT OPENING SIZE (AOS)

MAXIMUM) AREA.

GRAB TENSILE
PUNCTURE
FLOW RATE
PERMITIVITY (SEC)

UV RESISTANCE

MINIMUM SURFACE AREA OF 225 SQUARE FEET PER SIDE.

(410) 31 (410) 31 (5) 316-7 RIDGEBROOK AKIN., LEPHONE: (4 FAX: (410). PARKS, 936 TEL

800



NORTHGATE WOODS STORMWATER POND REPAIR PUBLIC DIVISION DRIVE OF WAY

EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

AS SHOWN APRIL 2014 17133314.01 CAPITAL PROJECT NO.: D-1159 CONSTRUCTION ISSUE: SHEET NO.: 9 OF 10

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION. IHEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, RAYMOND J. KRAHE, PE, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. LICENSE NO. 28634 EXPIRATION DATE: 2015-03-26

THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, HOWARD COUNTY, MD HIEF, BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

1/28/15-DATE

SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

Definition

The process of preparing the soils to sustain adequate vegetative

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth.

Conditions Where Practice Applies Where vegetative stabilization is to be established.

A. Soil Preparation 1. Temporary Stabilization

a. Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chiselplows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans. c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by

disking or other suitable means.

2. Permanent Stabilization

a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are:

SoilpH between 6.0 and 7.0.

. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm). iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable. iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight. v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

b. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above conditions.

c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches. d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test.

e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

B. Topsoiling 1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative arouth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS. 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support

plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients. c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth. d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.

4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design. 5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria: a. Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1 1/2 inches in diameter.

b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified. . Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of

natural topsoil. 6. Topsoil Application

a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil. b. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets. c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition,

when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analysés.

2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer.

3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium L oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a *100 mesh sieve and 98 to 100 percent will pass through a *20 mesh sieve. 4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

<u>PERMANENT STABILIZATION</u>

To stabilize disturbed soils with permanent vegetation

To use long-lived perennial grasses and legumes to establish permanent ground cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for 6 months or more.

A. Seed Mixtures

a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table B.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be placed on the plan.

b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting.

c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil

d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary.

a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites

which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance. b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan.

i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

i. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where

rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight. iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent,

Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended. iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; Cestified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1½ to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet.

Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line

c. Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures

Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) Central MD: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD. Eastern Shore: March I to May 15, August 15 to October 15

d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 11/2 inches in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will

e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply now seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2 to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot

		one (from Figur e (from Table B		ן	Lime Rate			
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ 0	
	ORCHARD GRASS	25	AUG. 1 to OCT. 15	1/4- 1/2 in	45 pounds	90 lb/ac	90 lb/ac	2 tons/ac
	CREEPING RED FESCUE	10	AUG. 1 to OCT. 15	1/4- 1/2 in	per acre (1.0 lb/	(2 lb/	(2 lb/	(90 lb/
•10	RED TOP	1	AUG. 1 to OCT. 15	1/4- ½ in	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)
	ALSIKE CLOVER	3	AUG. 1 to OCT. 15	1/4-1/2 IN				
	WHITE CLOVER	3	AUG. 1 to OCT. 15	1/4-1/2 IN				

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

Definition

To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months.

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

1. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.

2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.I.b and maintain until the next seeding season.

*SELECTED Temporary Seeding Summary

Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3): 6b Seed Mixture (from Table B.1): SEE BELOW					Fertilizer Rate	Lime Rate	
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	(10-20-20)	Laur Nate	
	FOXTAIL MILLET	30	MAY 16 to JULY 31	1/2 In.			
. }					436 lb/nc	2 tons/ac	
					(10 lb/1000 sf)	(90 lb/1000 sf)	

B.18

B-4-1 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR

INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION

Incremental Stabilization - Fill Slopes

. Construct and stabilize fill slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all slopes as the work progresses.

2. Stabilize slopes immediately when the vertical height of a lift reaches 15 feet, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

3. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner

4. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.2):

a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct silt fence on low side of fill unless other methods shown on the plans address

b. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface ronoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manne

c. Place Phase 1 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize

d. Place Phase 2 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize

e. Place final phase fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any ruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

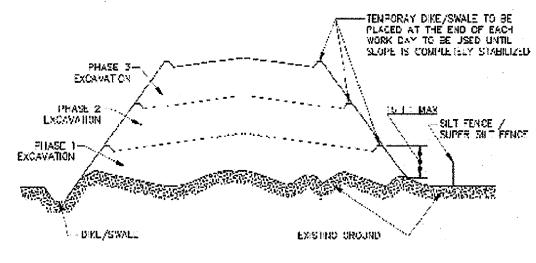


Figure B.2: Incremental Stabilization – Fill

B.11

HOWARD COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County

Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits, Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction (313-1855).

prior to the start of any construction (313-1855).

2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the most current MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.

3. Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 3 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1, b) 7 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.

4. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seeding (Sec. B-4-5), temporary seeding (Sec. B-4-4) and mulching (Sec. B-4-3). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.

5. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained

5. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

3. Site Analysis:

INORTHGATE WOODS Total Area of Site 1.05 Acres 37,084 S.F./ 0.85 Acres Area Disturbed Area to be roofed or paved 0.0 Acres Area to be vegetatively stabilized 37,084 S.F./ 0.85 Acres **Total Cut** 0 Cu. Yds. Total Fill 0 Cu. Yds. Offsite waste/borrow area location and permit To Be Determined*

7. Any sediment control practice that is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance.
8. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.
9. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls but before proceeding with any perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection

agency is made.

10. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which shall be back-filled and stabilized by the end of each workday, whichever is shorter.

11. Any changes or revisions to the sequence of construction must be reviewed and approved by the plan approval authority prior to proceeding

with construction.

12. A project is to be sequenced so that grading activities begin on one grading unit (maximum acreage of 20 ac. per grading unit) at a time. Work may proceed to a subsequent grading unit when at least 50 percent of the disturbed area in the preceding grading unit has be stabilized and approved by the enforcement authority. Unless otherwise specified and approved by the approval authority, no more than 30 acres cumulatively may be disturbed at a given time.

*USE SELECTED MIX ABOVE Table B.1: Temporary Seeding for Site Stabilization

Plant Species	Seeding Rate 1/		Seeding	Recommended Seeding Dates by Plant Hardiness Zone W				
e min operes	lb/ac	lb/1000 ft²	Depth 2/ (inches)	5b and 6 a	6b	7a and 7b		
Cool-Season Grasses								
Annual Ryegrass (Lolium perenne ssp. multiflorum)	40	1.0	0.5	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30		
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	96	2.2	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30		
Oats (Avena sativa)	72	1.7	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30		
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	120	2.8	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30		
Cereal Rye (Secale cereale)	112	2.8	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Oct 31	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to New 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Dec 15		
Warm-Season Grasses	t jilligi jaran. Kalendari							
Foxtail Millet (Setaria italica)	30	0.7	0.5	Jun I to Jul 31	May 16 to Jul 31	May 1 to Aug 14		
Pearl Millet (Pennisetum glaucum)	20	0.5	0.5	Jun 1 to Jul 31	May 16 to Jul 31	May 1 to Aug 14		

1/ Seeding rates for the warm-season grasses are in pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS). Actual planting rates shall be adjusted to reflect percent seed germination and purity, as tested. Adjustments are usually not needed for the cool-season grasses.

Seeding rates listed above are for temporary seedings, when planted alone. When planted as a nurse crop with permanent seed mixes, use 1/3 of the seeding rate listed above for barley, oats, and wheat. For smaller-seeded grasses (annual ryegrass, pearl millet, foxtail millet), do not exceed more than 5% (by weight) of the overall permanent seeding mix. Cereal rye generally should not be used as a nurse crop, unless planting will occur in very late fall beyond the seeding dates for other temporary seedings. Cereal tye has allelopathic properties that inhibit the germination and growth of other plants. If it must be used as a nurse crop, seed at 1/3 of the rate listed above.

Oats are the recommended nurse crop for warm-season grasses

2/ For sandy soils, plant seeds at twice the depth listed above,

31 The planting dates listed are averages for each Zone and may require adjustment to reflect local conditions, especially near the boundaries of the zone.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AS-BUILT AS SHOWN **APRIL 2014**

EROSION &

NORTHGATE WOODS STORMWATER POND REPAIR

ROAD 21152 6-7800 818

936 RIDGEbra.

SPARKS, MARYLAND 21.

TELEPHONE: (410) 316-7

FAX: (410) 316-7818

www.kci.com

AS-BUILT 12-01-2015 PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION. I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, RAYMOND J. KRAHE, PE, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. LICENSE NO. 28634 EXPIRATION DATE: 2015-03-26 2017-03-26

17133314.01 APITAL PROJECT NO.: D-1159 ERMIT ISSUE: ONSTRUCTION ISSUE:

SHEET NO.: 10 OF 10

S APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, HOWARD COUNTY, MD