HOWARD COUNTY

Capital Project #D-1159

Hickory Ridge Channel Rehabilitation Project

Storm Water Management Division Bureau Of Environmental Services

ACRES WALTER ACRES A

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MDSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO ANY WORK BEING DONE.
- 3. THIS PLAN IS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS /BUREAU OF ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313–1880 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK
- 5. SURVEY OF THIS SITE WAS PERFORMED BY AB CONSULTANTS, INC-AUGUST 2008 AND MAY 2009
- 6. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL, WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. BENCHMARKS SHOWN HEREON WERE PROVIDED BY AB CONSULTANTS INC.
- 7. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT SINCE THE PROJECT WILL NOT ADD IMPERVIOUS AREA TO THE EXISTING STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY.
- OBSTRUCTIONS SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF THE CONTRACTOR ONLY AND McCORMICK TAYLOR DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE CORRECTNESS OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INFORMATION GIVEN THE CONTRACTOR MUST VERIFY SUCH INFORMATION TO HIS OWN SATISFACTION.
- 9. THE EXISTING INFORMATION SHOWN ON THESE PLANS WAS TAKEN FROM THE BEST AVAILABLE SOURCES AND SHALL BE VERIFIED BEFORE STARTING CONSTRUCTION. THE HOWARD COUNTY DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE COMPLETENESS OR THE CORRECTNESS OF THE SHOWN INFORMATION.
- 10. THE CONTRACTORS SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT THE EXISTING UTILITIES AND MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE. ANY DAMAGE INCURRED DUE TO THE CONTRACTORS'S OPERATION SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY. ALL UTILITIES SHALL HAVE A CLEARANCE BY A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES VERTICALLY AND A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET HORIZONTALLY.
- 11. SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR DISCOVER DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE PLANS AND FIELD CONDITIONS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY McCORMICK TAYLOR IMMEDIATELY TO RESOLVE THE SITUATION.
- 12. ALL PIPE ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE INVERT ELEVATIONS.
- 13. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSTRUCTION MEANS, METHODS, TECHNIQUES, SEQUENCES, PROCEDURES, AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS AND PROGRAMS.
- 14. SITE DEVELOPMENT DETAILS ARE REFERENCED FROM THE AS-BUILT PLANS FOR THE VILLAGE OF HICKORY RIDGE, SECTION 6 AREA 5 (F-90-97).
- 15. A JOINT PERMIT APPLICATION AND MDE DAM SAFETY PERMIT HAS BEEN SUBMITTED TO THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT FOR THIS PROJECT (TRACKING NUMBER 200962646)

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HEDGE /TREE LINE -----

FLOW LINE -----

PIPE PROFILE

TITLE SHEET SITE PLAN

THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD

AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

CONIFEROUS TREE ________

LIGHT POLF ————————

Mulh St. </24/10

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

LICENSE NO. 25819, EXPIRATION DATE: 2/5/2011

DESIGN CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRATICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS. THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

9210
DESIGNER'S SIGNATURE

MARYLAND
REGISTRATION 25819 CHRIS BROOKS, P.E.
NUMBER PRINTED NAME

OWNER'S DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATION

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. IALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

5/18/10 HOWAN E Sattan OWNER / DEVELOPER SIGNATURE



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

V. P. Dalal 9/14/10

SR REGULATORY AND COMPLIANCE ENGINEER

Howard & Saltzman Chief Stormwater Management
PRINTED NAME AND TITLE DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS DATE CHIEF, BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

Amal@all. 5/18/10

MANAGEMENT DIVISION

McCormick Engineers & Planners Taylor Since 1946 Taylor

509 South Exeter Street 4th Floor Baltimore, Maryland 21202 (410) 662-7400

Howard County M A R Y L A N D

Storm Water Management Division
Bureau of Environmental Services
6751 Columbia Gateway Drive, Suite 514
Columbia, Maryland 21046–3143
(410) 313–6146



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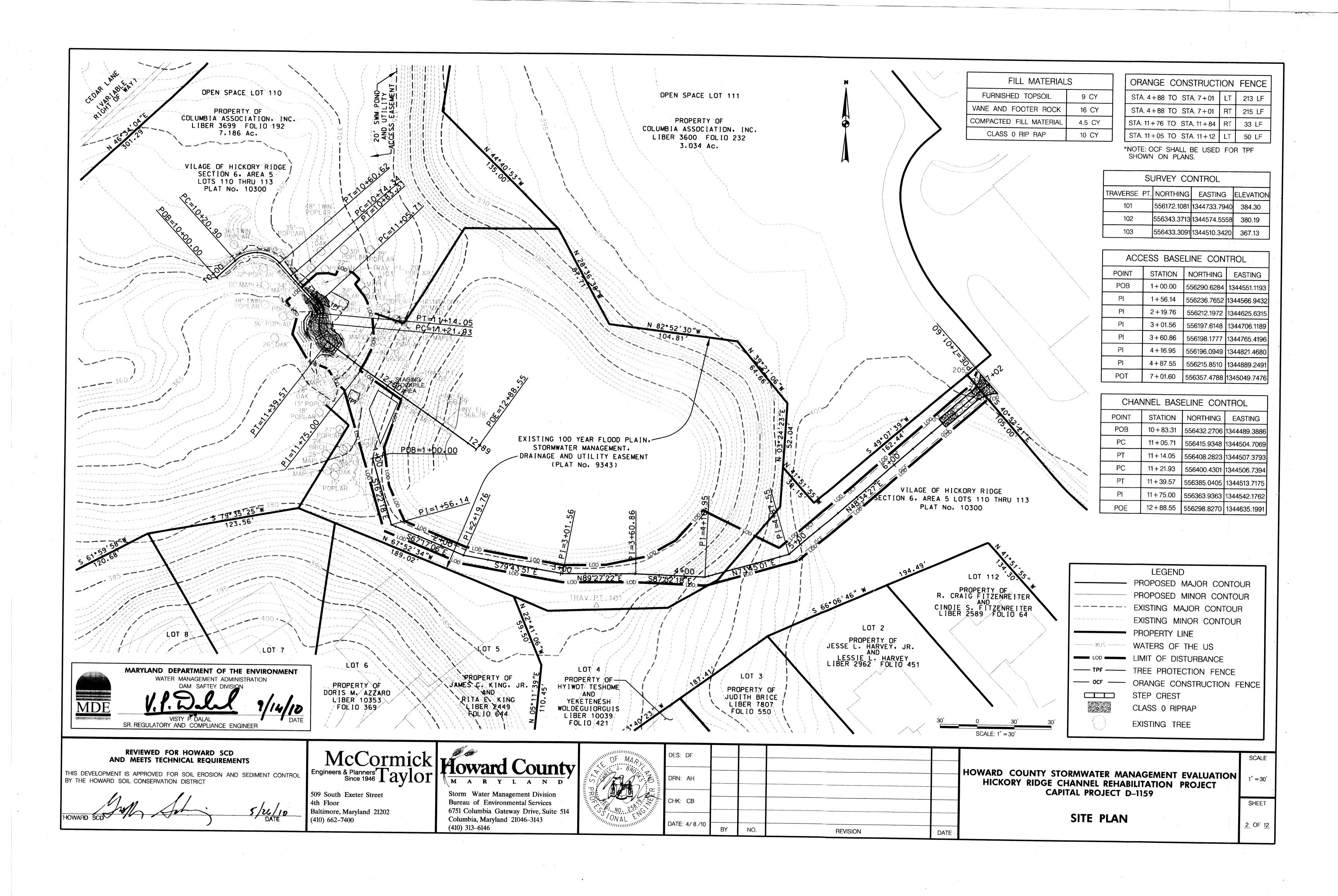
HOWARD COUNTY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT EVALUATION HICKORY RIDGE CHANNEL REHABILITATION PROJECT CAPITAL PROJECT D-1159

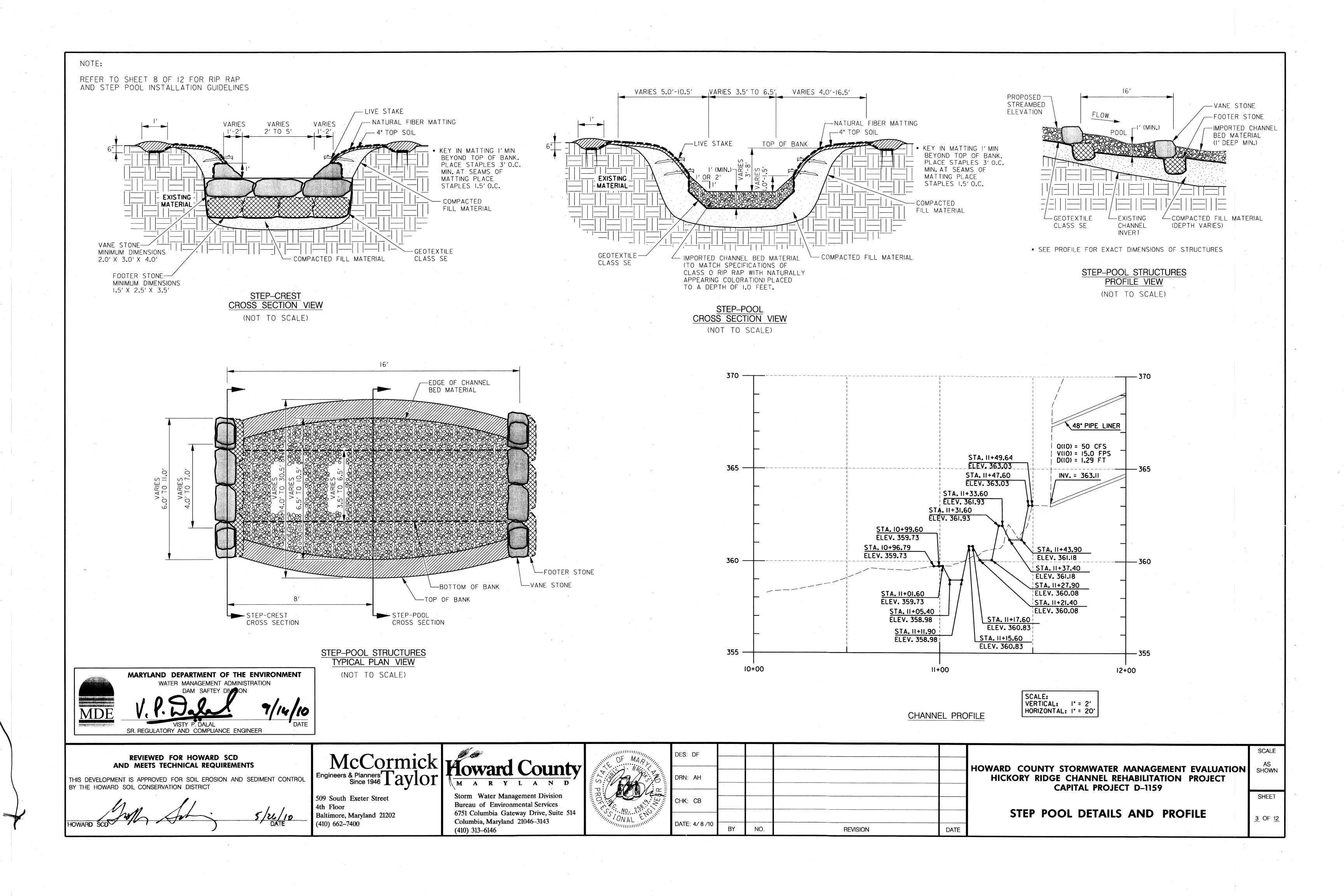
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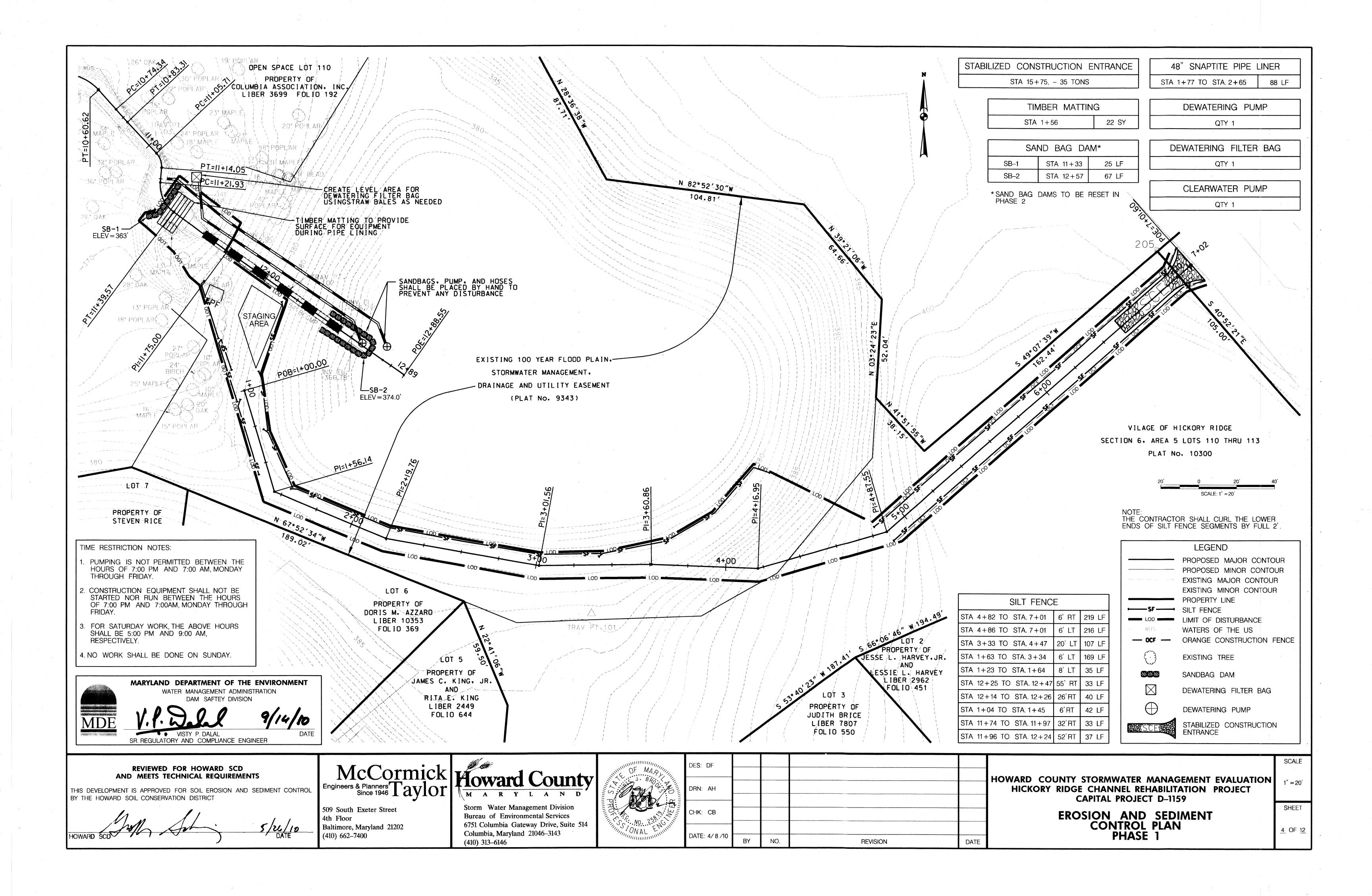
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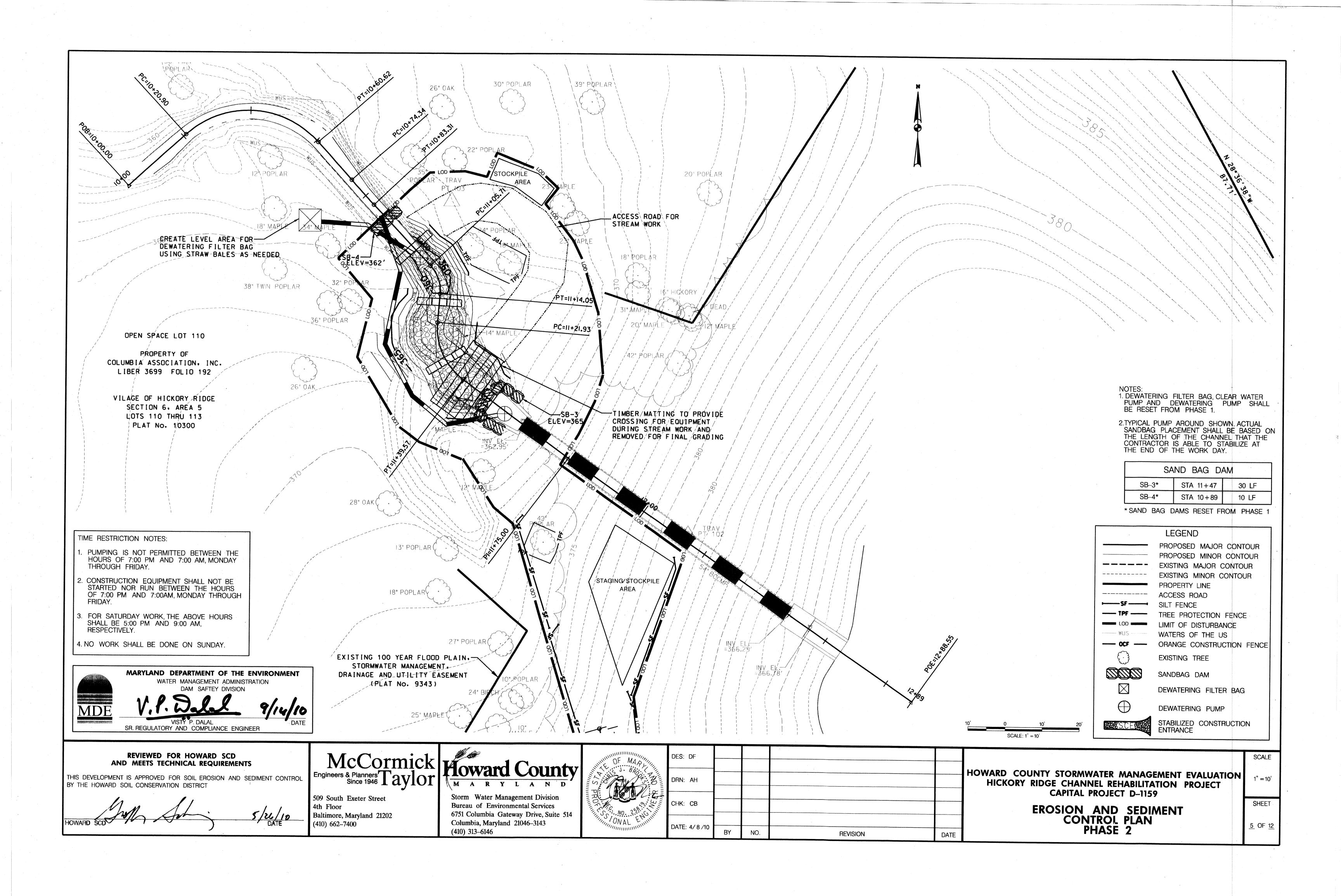
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SHEET









EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL - GENERAL NOTES

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS LIKELY TO BE RE-DISTURBED WHERE A SHORT-TERM VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: - LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISKING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: - APPLY 600 LBS/ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ. FT.).

SEEDING: - FOR PERIODS MARCH 1 - APRIL 30 AND FROM AUGUST 15 - OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 2-1/2 BUSHEL PER ACRE OF ANNUAL RYE (3.2 LBS/1000 SQ. FT.). FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 - AUGUST 14, SEED WITH 3 LBS / ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS (.07 LBS/1000 FT.). FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 16 - FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY APPLYING 2 TONS/ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING, OR USE SOD.

MULCHING: - APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS/ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SQ, FT.) OF UNROTTED WEED-FREE, SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL. NO ASPHALT EMULSION SHALL BE USED FOR ANCHORING. ONLY A NON-TOXIC, LATEX BACKING MATERIAL IS ALLOWED.

REFER TO THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR ADDITIONAL RATES AND METHODS NOT COVERED.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT, MDE DAM SAFETY PERMIT AND MDE PERMIT (TRACKING NUMBER 200962646).
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST FIVE (5) DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION (410) 313-1880 A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF UTILITIES (410) 313-4900 AND MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT INSPECTOR AT (301) 665-2850, FIVE (5) DAYS BEFORE ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY.
- 3. ORANGE HIGH VISIBILITY FENCE SHALL BE MANUALLY INSTALLED WHERE INDICATED ON THE PLANS. THIS SHALL BE COMPLETED BY AND INSPECTED AT THE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING. (1 DAY)
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE AN ON-SITE PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WHICH SHALL INCLUDE. BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO. THE COUNTY PROJECT MANAGER. THE ENGINEER. AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM HOWARD COUNTY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION. (1 DAY)
- 5. CONSTRUCT THE FOLLOWING PERIMETER CONTROLS AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN: STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND SILT FENCE, CLEARING ONLY THE AREA NEEDED TO INSTALL THE E&S CONTROLS, (1 DAY)
- 6. DURING A 5 DAY DRY FORECAST FROM THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE, INSTALL THE TIMBER MATTING, SB-1, SB-2, CLEAR WATER PUMP AND DEWATERING PUMP PER PHASE 1. (1 DAY)
- 7. COMPLETE PHASE 1 PIPE LINING. (5 DAYS)
- B. STABILIZE DISTURBED AREA IN PHASE 1. (1 DAY)
- 9. WITH PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR AND DURING A 5 DAY DRY FORECAST FROM THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE, REMOVE CLEAR WATER PUMP, DEWATERING PUMP SB-1 AND SB-2. INSTALL AND RESET SAND BAG DAMS AT SB-3 AND SB-4 AND PUMP AROUND AS SHOWN ON PLANS FOR PHASE 2. (1 DAY)
- 10. COMPLETE PHASE 2. FILL EXISTING CHANNEL WITH SPECIFIED MATERIAL AND.
 GRADE CHANNEL PER THE PLAN FROM DOWNSTREAM TO UPSTREAM. (5 DAYS)
- 11. STABILIZE DISTURBED AREA IN PHASE 2. (1 DAY)
- 12. INSTALL LANDSCAPING PER PLAN. (3 DAYS)
- 13. REMOVE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ACCESS AND GRADE TO FINAL ELEVATIONS REMOVING ALL RUTS. (2 DAYS)
- 14. WHEN AREAS ARE FULLY STABILIZED, AND UPON PERMISSION FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE THE REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND STABILIZE ANY DISTURBED AREAS. (1 DAY)

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

IN-CHANNEL PUMPING NOTES

- 1. THE DISTURBED LENGTH SHALL NOT EXCEED THAT WHICH CAN BE COMPLETED IN ONE DAY. AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY, THE WORK AREA MUST BE STABILIZED AND THE PUMP AROUND REMOVED FROM THE CHANNEL. REFER TO THE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR MCWC 1.2: PUMP-AROUND PRACTICE WHICH ARE INCLUDE ON THE PLANS.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SIZE THE PUMP AND DIVERSION HOSES TO ACCOMMODATE A MINIMUM OF 206 GAL/MIN AND THE FLOWS ANTICIPATED DURING CONSTRUCTION IN THE CHANNEL SECTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING AND MAINTAINING A CONSTRUCTION PHASE DEWATERING SYSTEM, INCLUDING A TEMPORARY SYSTEM OF PUMPS, DRAINAGE DITCHES AND, SANDBAG/ STONE DIVERSIONS, AS REQUIRED TO REMOVE WATER FROM ANY SOURCE, INCLUDING GROUND WATER, AND MAINTAIN WORKABLE, DRY CONDITIONS IN THE WORK AREA.
- 4. NO CLAIMS WILL BE CONSIDERED FOR DELAYS RELATED TO WET CONDITIONS OR DETERIORATED SUB GRADE RESULTING FROM THE LACK OR PROPER MAINTENANCE OF AN EFFECTIVE TEMPORARY DEWATERING SYSTEM, DISTURBANCE OF THE SUB GRADE DUE TO POOR CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES, OR FROM CONSTRUCTION WORK DURING UNFAVORABLE WEATHER CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE AWARE OF WEATHER FORECASTS AND RAIN PREDICTIONS SO AS TO BE PROPERLY PREPARED TO MAINTAIN OR SHUT DOWN OPERATIONS WHEN APPROPTRIATE

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PERMANANT SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO IMMEDIATE FURTHER DISTURBANCE WHERE A PERMANENT LONG-LIVED VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISKING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: IN LIEU OF SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS, USE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULES:

- 1. PREFERRED APPLY 2 TONS/ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/1000 SQ. FT.) AND 600 LBS/ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ.FT) BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISK INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL. AT TIME OF SEEDING. APPLY 400 LBS/ACRE 30-0-0 UREAFORM FERTILIZER (9 LBS/1000 SQ. FT).
- 2. ACCEPTABLE APPLY 2 TONS/ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/1000 SQ, FT.) AND 1000 LBS/ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (23 LBS/1000 SQ, FT.) BEFORE SEEDING, HARROW OR DISK INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL.

SEEDING - FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 - APRIL 30, AND AUGUST 1 - OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 60 LBS / ACRE (1.4 LBS/1000 SQ. FT.)

OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE, FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 - JULY 31, SEED WITH 60 LBS KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE PER ACRE

AND 2 LBS/ACRE (0.05 LBS/100 SQ. FT.) OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS, DURING THE PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 - FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT

SITE BY: OPTION 1 - TWO TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING.

OPTION 2 - USE SOD. OPTION 3 - SEED WITH 60 LBS/ACRE KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH 2 TONS/ACRE WELL

ANCHORED STRAW.

MULCHING - APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SQ, FT.) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL. NO ASPHALT EMULSION SHALL BE USED FOR ANCHORING. ONLY A NON-TOXIC, LATEX TACKING MATERIAL IS ALLOWED.

MAINTENANCE - INSPECT ALL SEEDING AREAS AND MAKE NEEDED REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND RESEEDINGS.

HOWARD COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1. A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LICENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1855).
- 2. ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO.
- 3. FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN A) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1. B) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.
- 4. ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.
- 5. ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50) AND MULCHING (SEC. 52), TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- 6. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

7. SITE ANALYSIS:

TOTAL AREA OF SITE

AREA DISTURBED

AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED

AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED

TOTAL CUT

TOTAL FILL

OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION

O.43 ACRES

O.43 ACRES

O.43 ACRES

44.4 CU. YDS.

39.9 CU. YDS.

SEE NOTE 12 BELOW

- 8. ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- 9. ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED. IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- 10. ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- 11. TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTH OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED BY THE END OF EACH WORK DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.
- 12. OFFSITE WASTE / BORROW SITE SHALL HAVE AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND PERMIT.

STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOIL

DEFINITION
PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL OVER A PREPARED SUBSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION.

TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE. SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH. SOILS OF CONCERN HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW NUTRIENT LEVELS LOW PH, MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL GRADATION.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

- I. THIS PRACTICE IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER SLOPES WHERE:
 - A. THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO PRODUCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

 B. THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO SUPPORT PLANTS OR FURNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT NUTRIENTS.
 - C. THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH.
 - D. THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH LIMESTONE IS NOT FEASIBLE.
- II. FOR THE PURPOSE OF THESE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND DESIGN FOR ADEQUATE STABILIZATION. AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 SHALL HAVE THE APPROPRIATE STABILIZATION SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

- I. TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM THE EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED THAT IT MEETS THE STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE SPECIFICATIONS. TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL TO BE SALVAGED FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA-SCS IN COOPERATION WITH MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENTAL STATION.
- II. TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING:
 - A. TOPSOIL SHALL BE A LOAM, SANDY LOAM, CLAY LOAM, SILT LOAM, SANDY CLAY LOAM, LOAMY SAND, OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENDED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. REGARDLESS, TOPSOIL SHALL NOT BE A MIXTURE OF CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND SHALL CONTAIN LESS THAN 5% BY VOLUME OF CINDERS, STONES, SLAG, COARSE FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL, STICKS, ROOTS, TRASH, OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAN 1-1/2" IN DIAMETER.
 - B. TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH AS BERMUDA GRASS, QUACKGRASS, JOHNSONGRASS, NUTSEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTLE, OR OTHERS AS SPECIFIED.
 - C. WHERE THE SUBSOIL IS EITHER HIGHLY ACIDIC OR COMPOSED OF HEAVY CLAYS, GROUND LIMESTONE SHALL BE SPREAD AT THE RATE OF 4-8 TONS/ACRE (200-400 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET) PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL. LIME SHALL BE DISTURBED UNIFORMLY OVER DESIGNATED AREAS AND WORKED INTO THE SOIL IN CONJUNCTION WITH TILLAGE OPERATIONS AS DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES.
- III. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS UNDER 5 ACRES:
 - A. PLACE TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED IN 20.0 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SECTION VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS.
- IV. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OVER 5 ACRES:
 - A. ON SOIL MEETING TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS, OBTAIN TEST RESULTS DICTATING FERTILIZER AND LIME AMENDMENTS REQUIRED TO BRING THE SOIL INTO COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING:
 - 1. PH FOR TOPSOIL SHALL BE BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.5. IF THE TESTED SOIL DEMONSTRATES A PH OF LESS THAN 6.0, SUFFICIENT LIME SHALL BE PRESCRIBED TO RAISE THE PH TO 6.5 OR HIGHER.
 - 2. ORGANIC CONTENT OF TOPSOIL SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN 1.5 PERCENT BY WEIGHT.
 - 3. TOPSOIL HAVING SOLUBLE SALT CONTENT GREATER THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION SHALL NOT BE USED.
 4. NO SOD OR SEED SHALL BE PLACED ON SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME AS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO PERMIT DISSIPATION OF PHYTO-TOXIC MATERIALS.
 - NOTE: TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST, AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL TOPSOIL.
 - B. PLACE TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED IN 20.0 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SECTION VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS.

V. TOPSOIL APPLICATION

- A. WHEN TOPSOILING, MAINTAIN NEEDED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIVERSIONS, GRADE
- STABILIZATION STRUCTURES, EARTH DIKES, SLOPE SILT FENCE AND SEDIMENT TRAPS AND BASINS.

 B. GRADES ON THE AREAS TO BE TOPSOILED, WHICH HAVE BEEN PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED, SHALL BE MAINTAINED,
- ALBEIT 4" 8" HIGHER IN ELEVATION.

 C. TOPSOIL SHALL BE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED IN A 4" 8" LAYER AND LIGHTLY COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4". SPREADING SHALL BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM
- OF ADDITIONAL SOIL PREPARATION AND TILLAGE. ANY IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOILING OR OTHER OPERATIONS SHALL BE CORRECTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS OR WATER POCKETS.

 D. TOPSOIL SHALL NOT BE PLACED WHILE THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION, WHEN THE

SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET OR IN A CONDITION THAT MY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING AND SEEDBED PREPARATION.

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

●● VISTY P. DALAL SR. REGULATORY AND COMPLIANCE ENGINEER

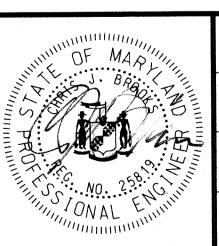


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DES: DF			:	
DRN: AH				
CHK: CB				
DATE: 4/8/10				
	BY	NO.	REVISION	DATE
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HOWARD COUNTY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT EVALUATION HICKORY RIDGE CHANNEL REHABILITATION PROJECT CAPITAL PROJECT D-1159

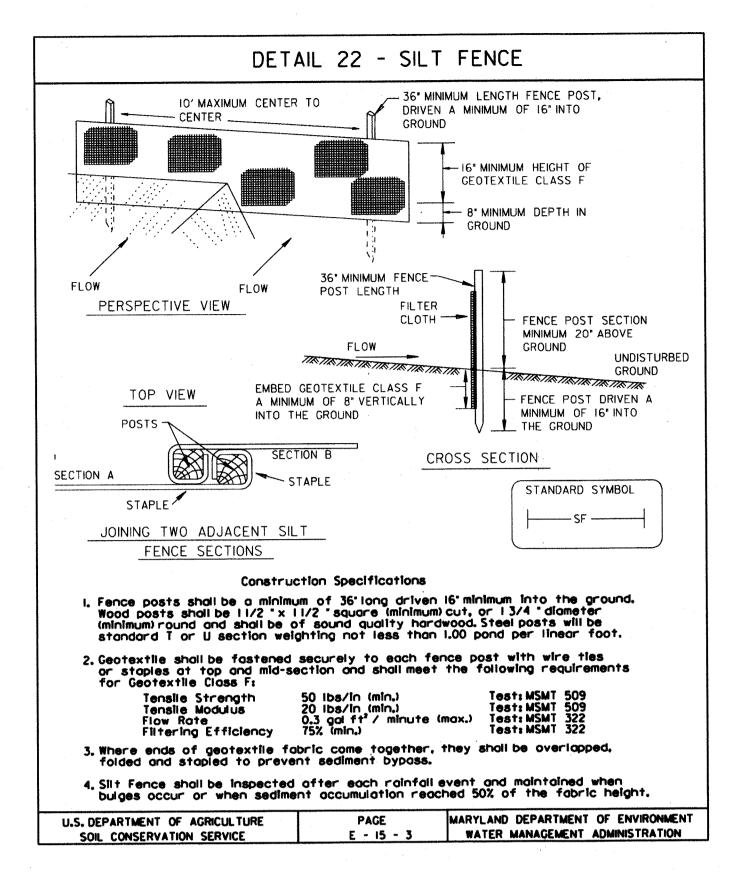
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

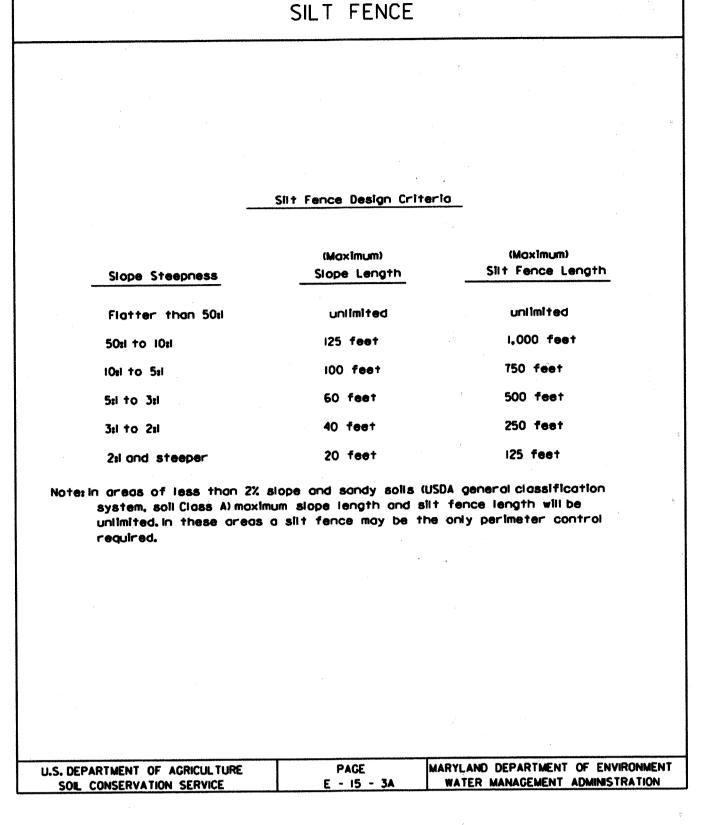
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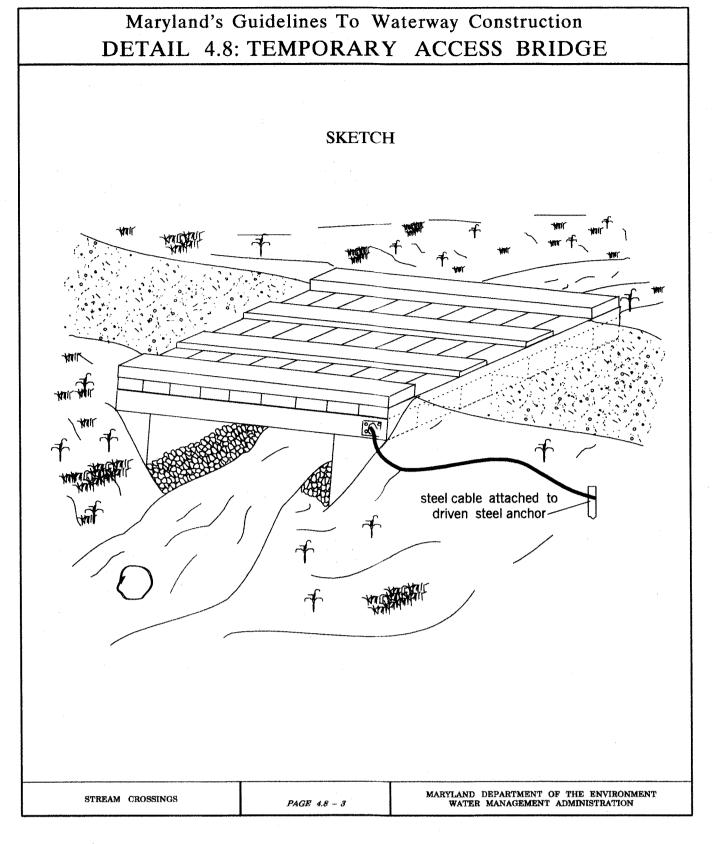
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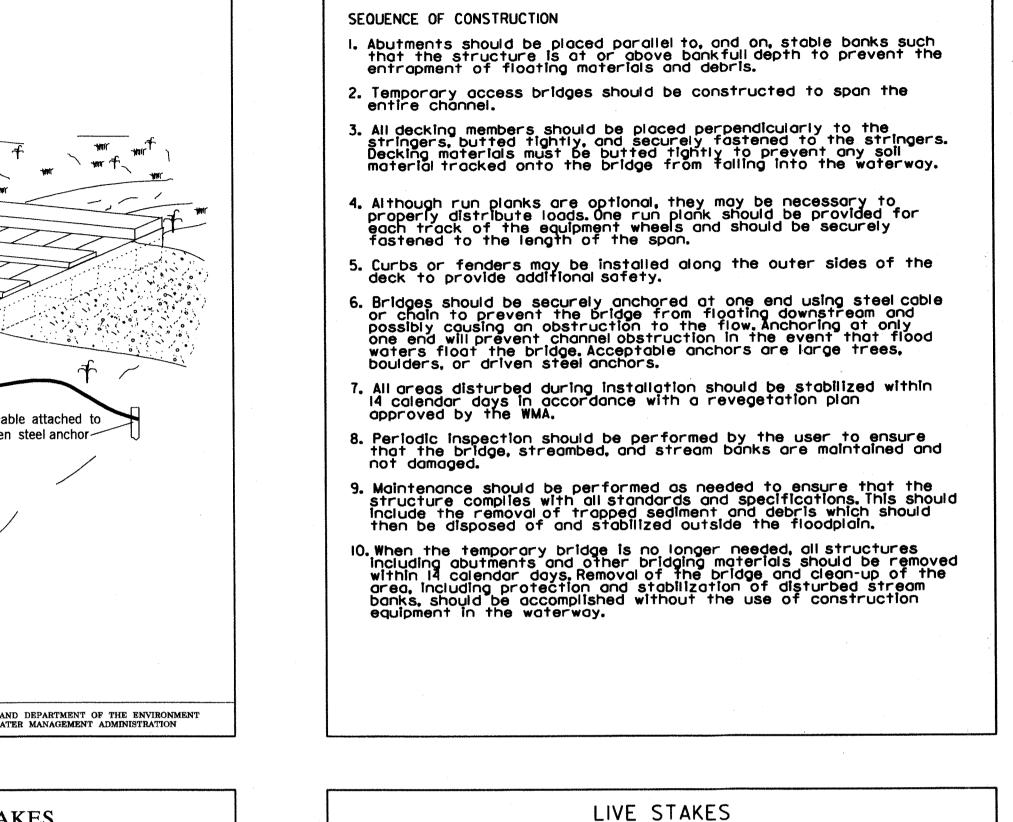
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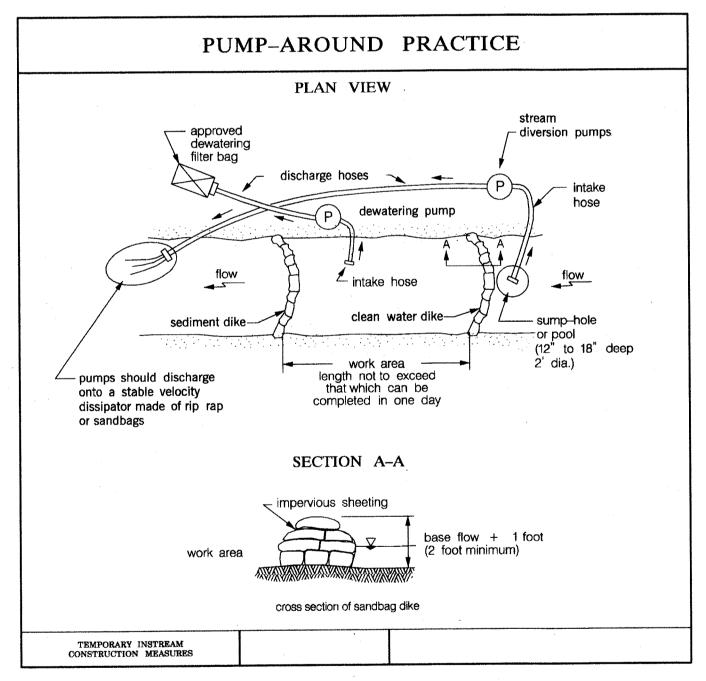


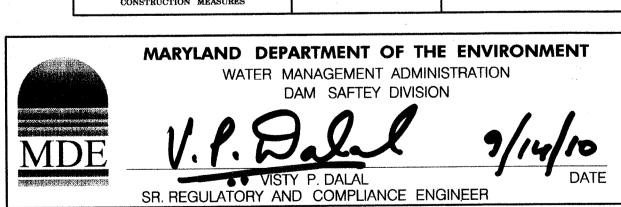




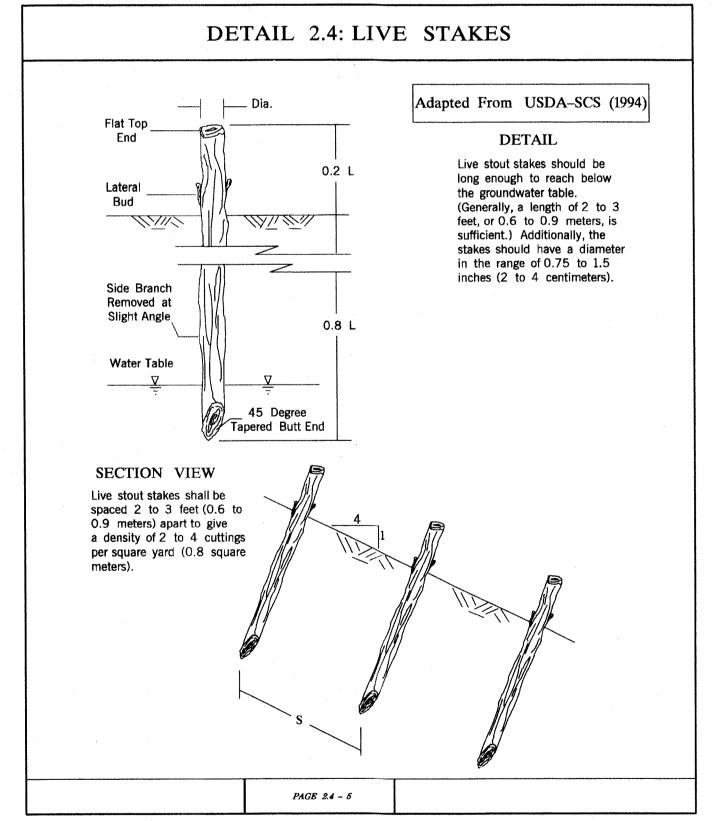


TEMPORARY ACCESS BRIDGE









INSTALLATION GUIDELINES Live stake installation should proceed as follows (refer to Detail 2.4): I. Live stake rooting areas should be soaked in barrels of water for 24 to 48 hours just prior to installation. 2. While keeping the bark of the live stakes intact, the side branches should be cleanly removed, the basal ends angled for easy insertion, 3. The cuttings should be implanted with the angled basal end down and buds oriented up at a minimum angle of 10 degrees to the horizontal so that rooting will not be restricted. All stakes should be positioned above the normal baseflow level. Project planners may need to study an aptly chosen vegetated reference reach for further guidance when installing live stakes. -In soft soils, the stakes can be inserted perpendicularly into the slope using a dead blow hammer; in hard soils, however, a steel rod should be employed to create a pilot hole before the stakes are planted. -Twenty percent of the live stake, and a minimum of two lateral buds, should be exposed above the slope so that green, leafy shoots will readily grow. -Split or otherwise damaged stakes should be discarded. 4. After the stakes have been inserted into the ground, soil should be tamped firmly ground their bases to encourage root growth. 5. Successive stakes should be arranged in a triangular configuration and spaced a distance of 2 to 3 feet (0.6 to 0.9 meters) apart, allowing for a typical density of 2 to 4 cuttings per square yard (0.8 square meters). Willow posts require additional room for growth and propagation and should be planted at 3 to 5-foot (I to I.5-meter) intervals. When inserted in arrays, the stakes should be spaced I2 to 18 inches (30 to 46 centimeters) apart to form chevron-like rows that point downstream. that point downstream. 6. Unstable slope toes should be reinforced against scouring and undercutting using live fascines or rock fill to give the live stakes the best opportunity to root and grow.

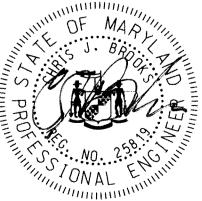
REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

509 South Exeter Street 4th Floor Baltimore, Maryland 21202 (410) 662–7400



Storm Water Management Division Bureau of Environmental Services 6751 Columbia Gateway Drive, Suite 514 Columbia, Maryland 21046-3143 (410) 313-6146



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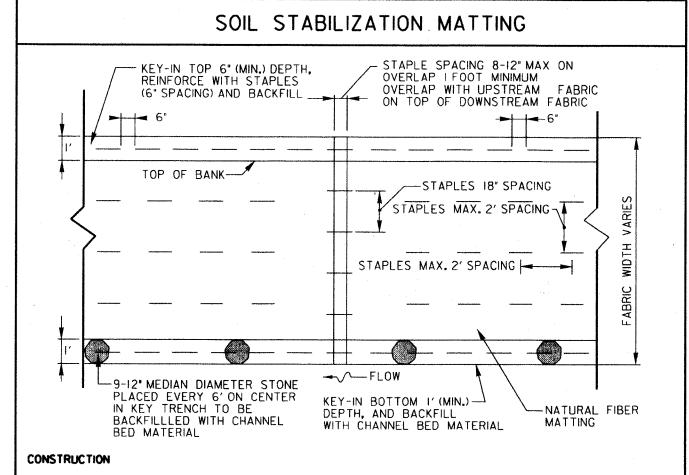
HOWARD COUNTY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT EVALUATION HICKORY RIDGE CHANNEL REHABILITATION PROJECT CAPITAL PROJECT D-1159

> **EROSION AND SEDIMENT** CONTROL DETAIL SHEET

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- I. The Contractor shall furnish Howard County with specifications and a source of soil stabilization matting for review and approval.
- Topsoil and Seeding shall be completed before the soil stabilization matting is installed.
 The matting shall be placed within 24 hours after seeding operations have been completed.
 Matting shall be laid smoothly and securely upon the seeded bed in the direction of water flow. Stretching shall be avoided.
- 3. Where more than one width of matting is required, the ends of each strip shall overlap at least 6 inches for both vertical and horizontal overlaps. Overlapping shall be done with the higher mat overlapping the lower mat and upstream matting overlapping downstream matting. Matting shall be firmly fastened in place with staples driven vertically into the soil and flush with the surface. Staples shall be placed a maximum of 2 feet apart along the edges and throughout the matting.
- 4. On all overlapping edges, staples shall be placed 18 inches apart. At all ends of matting, staples shall be placed 12 inches apart.
- 5. The Contractor shall excavate a 6 9/32 deep trench along all edges of the matting. The matting shall be placed into the trench, pinned, and the trench backfilled and tamped.

Soil Stabilization Matting will be measured and paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard actually covered. The payment will be full compensation for furnishing, placing, staples, fasteners, and for all material, labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

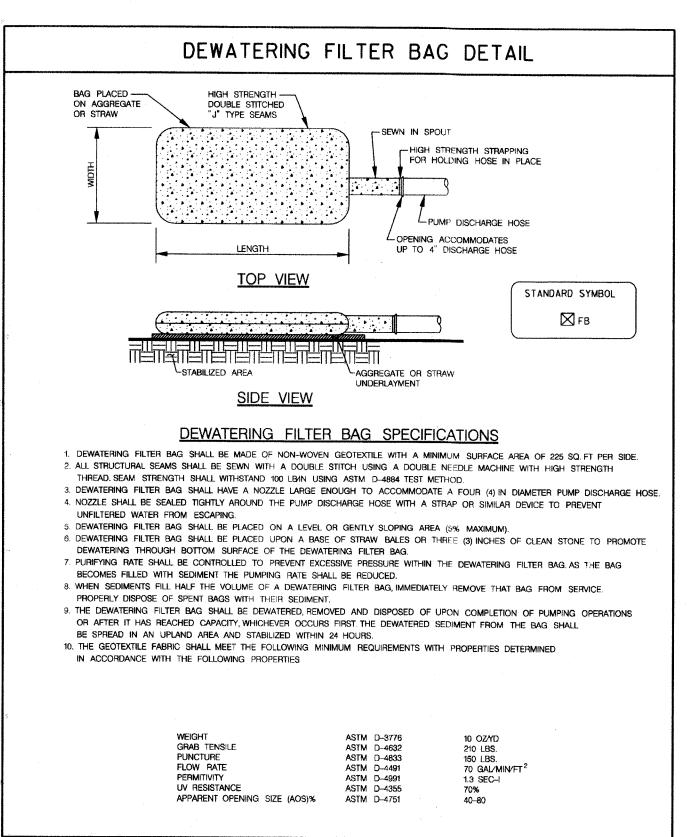
SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING

Soli stabilization matting shall be placed to the details on the Construction Plans and as directed by the Engineer.

I. Soil stabilization matting shall be Nedia Koir Mat 700 type matting, GeoCoir DeKoWe 900 type matting or an equivalent matting consisting of machine produced matting meeting the following minimum specifications:

Material	Woven Coir Matting 0.3 inches 20 oz/SY			
Thickness				
Weight				
Water Velocity	12 ft. / sec.			
Open Area	50%			

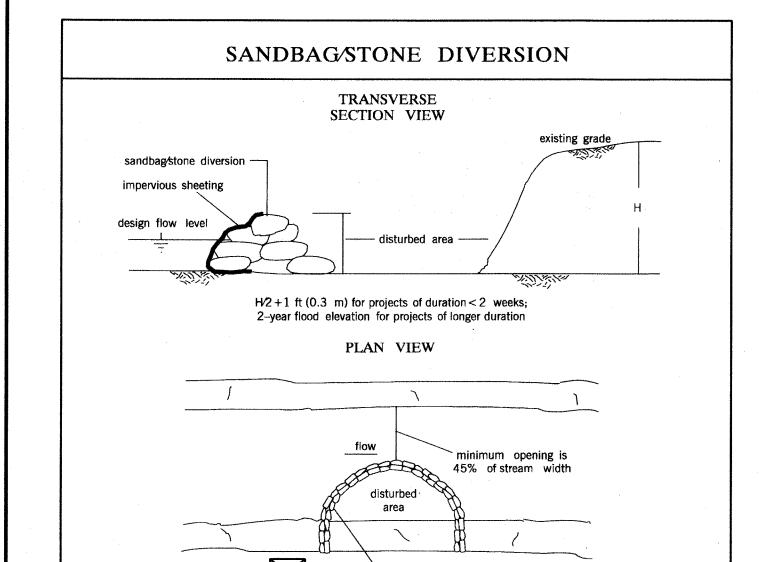
2. Staples for securing the soil stabilization matting shall be U steel wire with a minimum gage of 8. The U shaped staples shall average I to 1.5 inches wide. The length of the staples shall be 6 inches minimum.

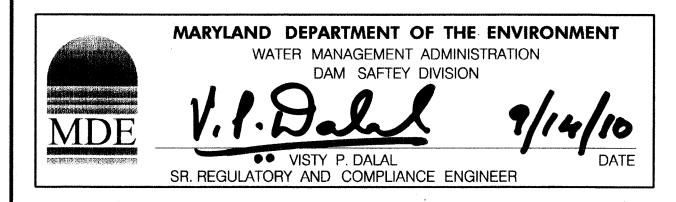


MGWC 2.1: RIPRAP INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

- All erosion and sediment control devices, including dewatering basins, should be implemented as the first order of business according to a plan approved by the WMA or local authority. Once a slope stabilization project is initiated, preparation and placement of the riprap should immediately follow the initial disturbance to minimize the chances for further slope degradation. The recommended construction procedure for riprap is as follows beginning with initial slope preparations (refer to Detail 2.1):
- 1. The contractor should install all sediment and erosion control devices as the first order of business.
- 2. Excavation should be made in reasonably close conformity with the existing stream slope and bed.
- 3. All fill in the subgrade should be compacted to a density approximating that of the surrounding undisturbed
- 4. Provisions must be made to anchor the riprap at the stream bed so as to provide protection against undermining. If this cannot be accomplished by creating a toe trench, an alternative method of protection must receive prior written approval from the WMA or local authority.
- 5. The filter layer or blanket should be placed immediately after slope preparation.
 - -The stone for granular filters should be spread in a uniform layer to the specified depth. Where more than one layer is employed, they should be spread such that there is minimal mixing.
 - -When cloth filters are used, special care should be taken not to damage the fabric during
- 6. Riprap placement should begin with the toe. The larger stones, as specified by the design gradation, should be placed in the toe and along the perimeter of the slope and channel protection. The riprap should be placed with suitable equipment in such a manner as to produce a reasonably graded mass of stones with zero drop height. The placing of stones that cause extensive segregation is not allowed. Where appropriate, a low flow channel shall be constructed through the riprap.
- 7. Any excavation voids existing along the edges of the completed slope and channel protection should be backfilled and compacted.
- 8. All disturbed areas should be permanently stabilized in accordance with an approved sediment and
- Note: The use of rock vanes (MGWC 3.3: Rock Vanes) should be considered to redirect high-velocity





Maryland's Guidelines To Waterway Construction DETAIL 1.5: SANDBAG/STONE DIVERSION

The work should consist of installing sandbag or stone flow diversions for the purpose of erosion control when construction activities occur within the stream channel.

Diversions are used to isolate work areas from flow during the construction of in-stream projects. Diversions which have an insufficient flow capacity can fall and severely erode the disturbed channel section under construction. Therefore, in-channel construction activities should occur only during periods of low rainfall. This temporary measure may not be practical in large channels.

MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS Materials for sandbag and stone stream diversions should meet the following requirements: • Riprap: Riprap should be washed and have a minimum diameter of 6 inches (0.15

• Sandbags: Sandbags should consist of materials which are resistant to ultra-violet radiation, tearing, and puncture and should be woven tightly enough to prevent leakage of the fill material (i.e., sand, fine gravel, etc.). • Sheeting: Sheeting should consist of polyethylene or other materials which are impervious and resistant to puncture and tearing.

INSTALLATION GUIDELINES All erosion and sediment control devices, including dewatering basins, should be implemented as the first order of business according to a plan approved by the WMA or local authority, installation should proceed from upstream to downstream during periods of low flow if necessary, slit fence or straw bales should be installed around the perimeter of

Sandbag/stone diversions can be used independently or as components of other stream diversion techniques. Installation of this measure should proceed as follows (refer to Detail

I. The diversion structure should be installed from upstream to downstream. 2. The height of the sandbag/stone diversion should be a function of the duration of the project in the stream reach. For projects with a duration less than 2 weeks, the height of the diversion should be one half the streambank height, measured from the channel bed, plus I foot (0.3 meters) or bankfull height, whichever is greater. For projects of longer duration, the top of the sandbag or stone diversion should correspond to bankfull height. For diversion structures utilizing sandbags, the stream bed should be hand prepared prior to placement of the base layer of sandbags in order to ensure a water tight fit. Additionally, it may be necessary to prepare the bank in a similar fashion.

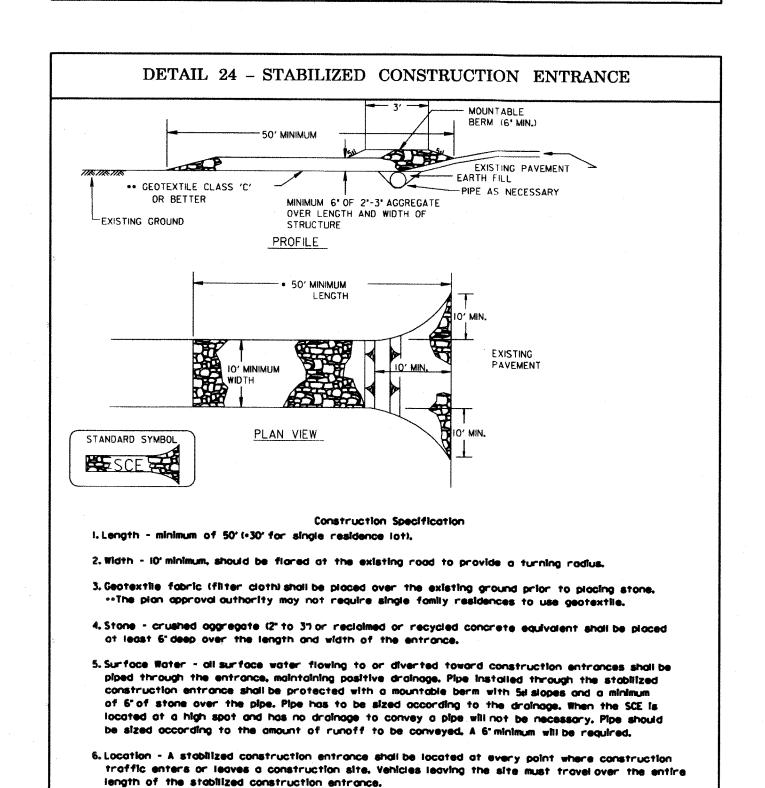
3. All excavated material should be deposited and stabilized in an approved area outside the 100-year floodplain unless otherwise authorized by the WMA. 4. Sediment-laden water from the construction area should be pumped to a dewatering

5. Sheeting on the diversion should be positioned such that the upstream portion covers the downstream portion with at least a I8-inch (0.45 meters) overlap. 6. Sandbag or stone diversions should not obstruct more than 45% of the stream width. Additionally, bank stabilization measures should be placed in the constricted section if accelerated erosion and bank scour are observed during the construction time or if project time is expected to last more than 2 weeks.

7. Prior to removal of these temporary structures, any accumulated sediment should be removed, deposited and stabilized in an approved area outside the 100-year floodplain unless authorized by the WMA.

8. Sediment control devices are to remain in place until all disturbed areas are stabilized in accordance with an approved sediment and erosion control plan and the inspecting authority approves their removal.

REVISED NOVEMBER 2000 PAGE 1.5 - 1,2 TEMPORARY INSTREAM CONSTRUCTION MEASURES MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



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MGWC 3.9: STEP POOLS INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

All erosion and sediment control devices, including dewatering basins. should be implemented as the first order of business according to a plan approved by the WMA or local authority. The proposed construction sequence for step pools is as follows (refer to Detail 3.9

- 1. The stream should be redirected by an approved temporary stream diversion (See Section 1: Temporary Instream Construction Measures. Maryland's Guidelines to Waterway Construction), the construction area should be dewatered, and any disturbed banks should be stabilized.
- 2. Step-pool units should be designed and constructed to have a characteristic step height, H, and step length, L, as shown in Detail 3.9, and all steps should be firmly anchored into the stream bank.
- 3. Step rocks shall be placed on footer rocks so that they rest on two halves of each footer rock below, and so that the step rock is offset in the upstream direction. Footer rocks should extend below the scour hole elevation.
- 4. As a general guideline, the ratio of the mean steepness, defined as the averaged value of step height over step length, to the channel slope. S. should lie in the range of 1 to 2 (Ix ((H/L)AVE/S)x 2). Typical spacings for step pools and cascades are provided in Detail 3.9(b) relating to alluvial channel morphologies.
- 5. Whenever practical, a reference reach with similar flow rates, bed and bank material characteristics, type and density of riparian vegetation, and channel gradient should be surveyed at low flows to determine appropriate values of H and L. At high discharges. step-pool characteristics may be obscured.
- 6. Once construction is completed, the diversion should be removed from upstream to downstream. Sediment control devices, including perimeter erosion controls, are to remain in place until all disturbed areas are stabilized in accordance with an approved sediment and erosion control plan and the inspection authority approves their removal.

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

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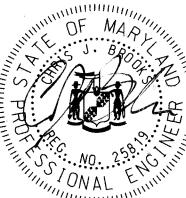


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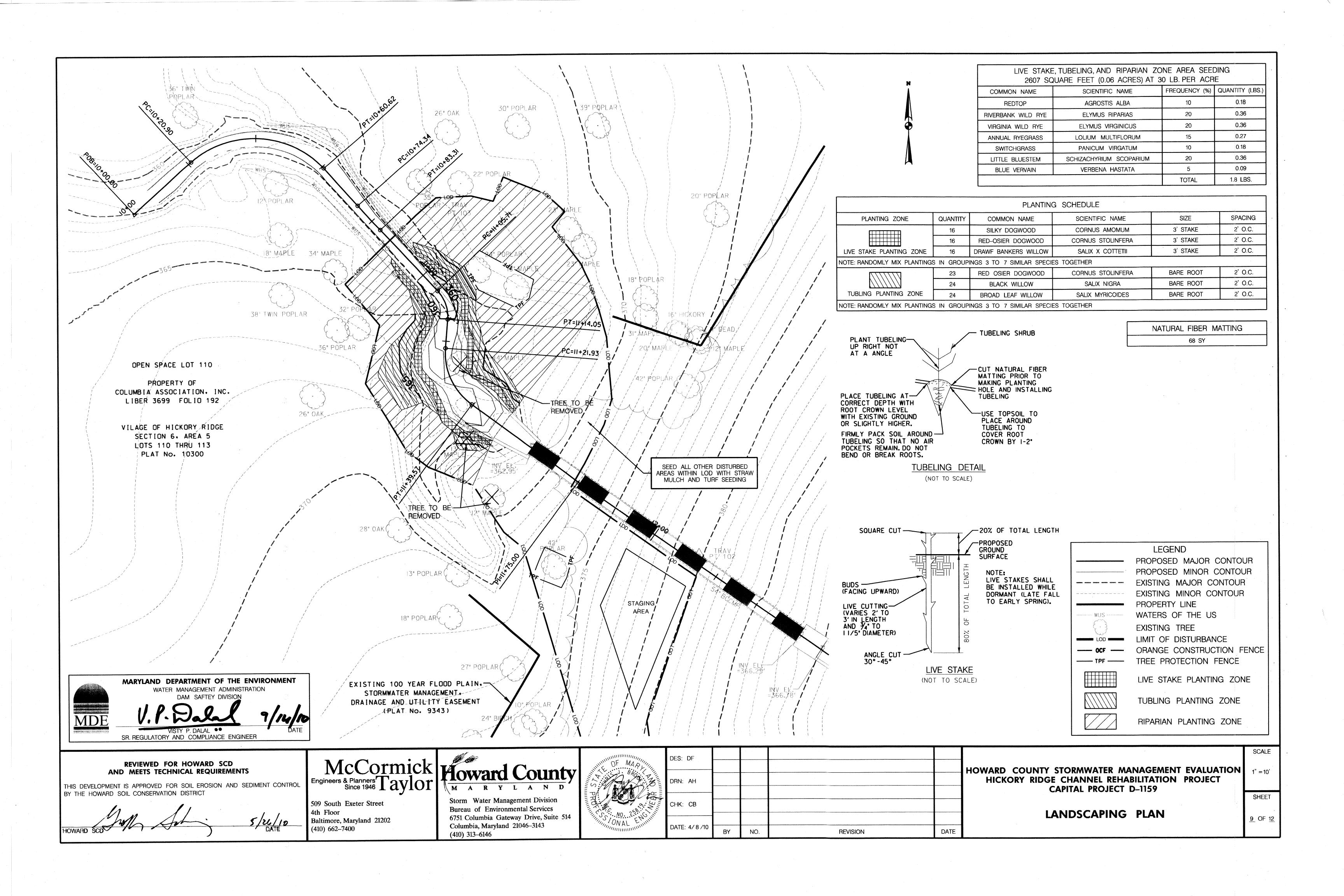
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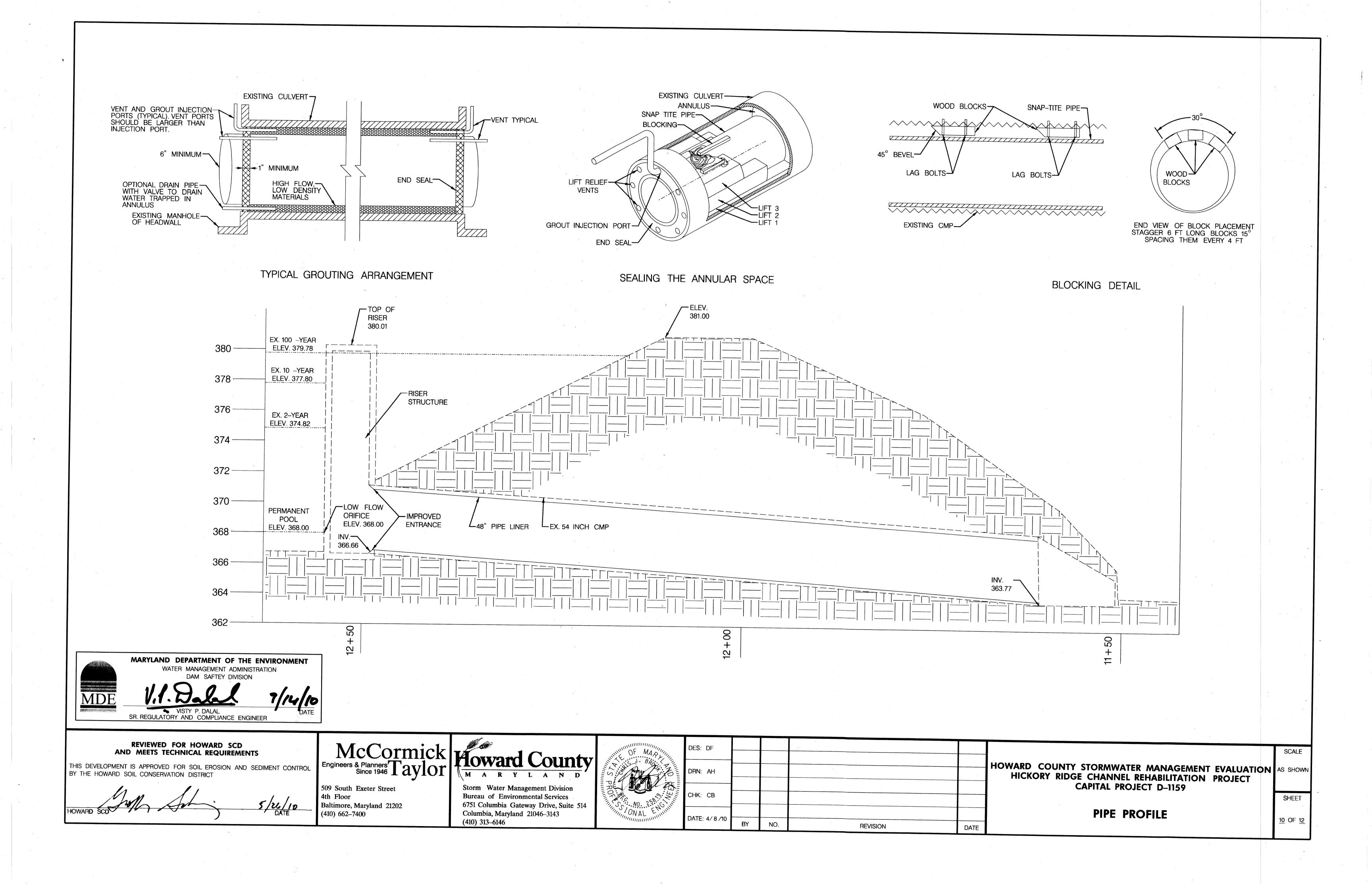
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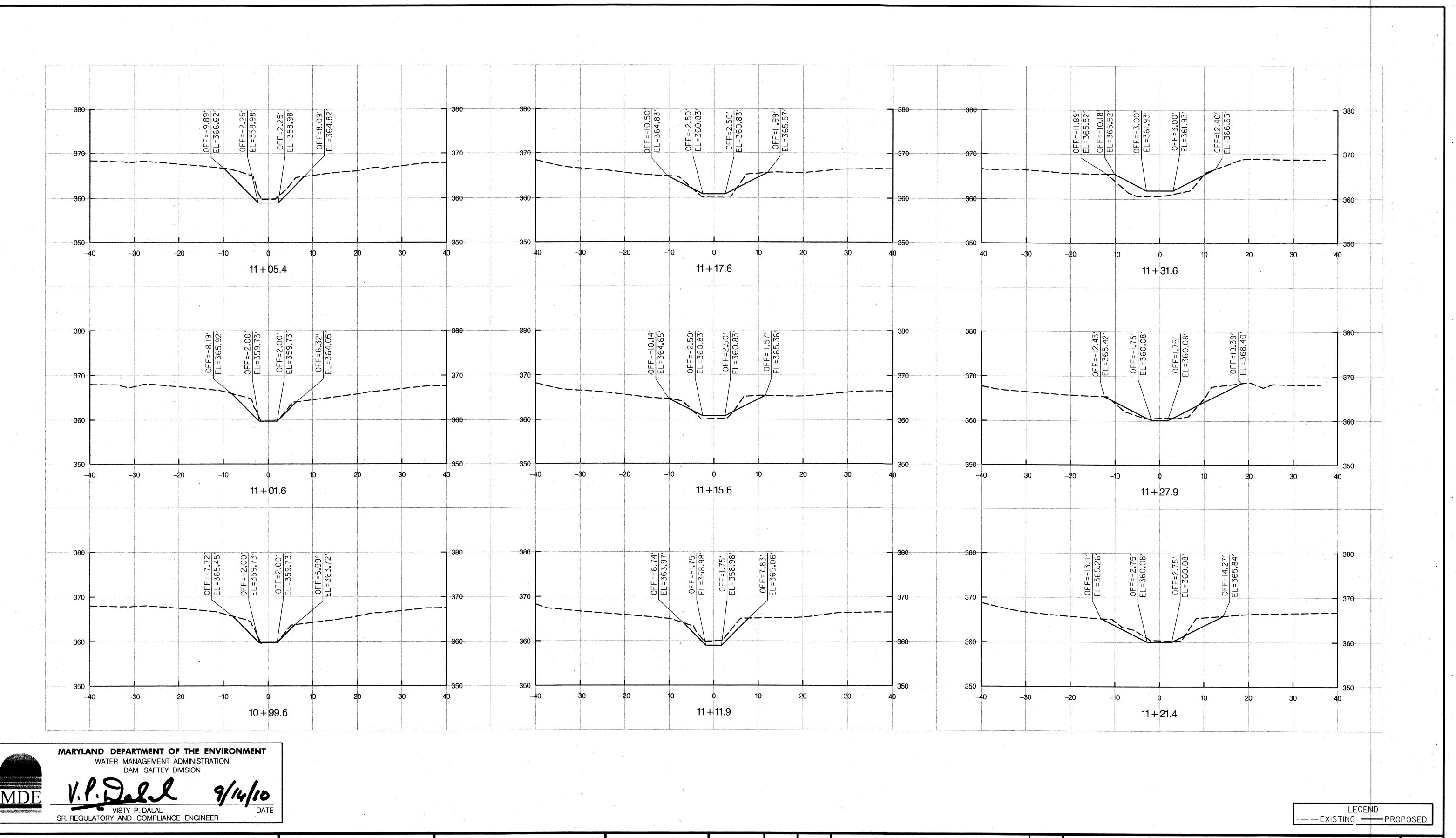
> **EROSION AND SEDIMENT** CONTROL DETAIL SHEET

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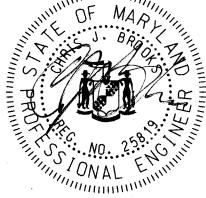
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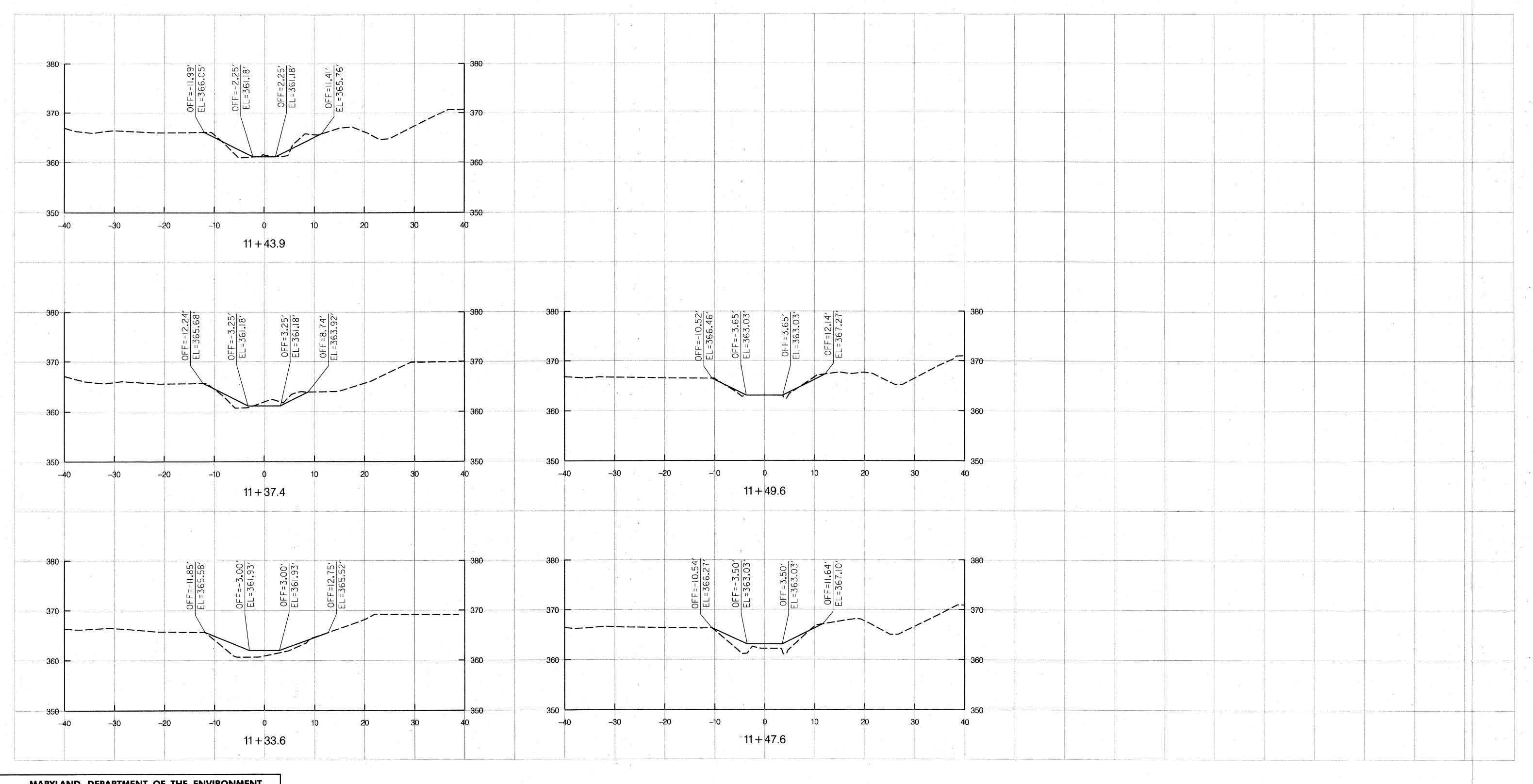


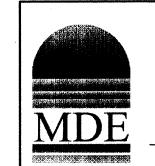
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HOWARD COUNTY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT EVALUATION 1" = 10' HICKORY RIDGE CHANNEL REHABILITATION PROJECT **CAPITAL PROJECT D-1159**

CROSS SECTIONS

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MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

VISTY P. DALAL
SR. REGULATORY AND COMPLIANCE ENGINEER

---EXISTING ----PROPOSED

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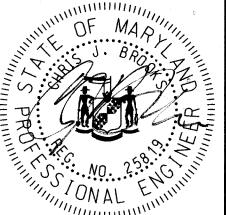
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<u>12</u> OF <u>12</u>