# GENERAL NOTES: EXISTING MAINS AND SERVICES AND MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE. ANY DAMAGE INCURRED SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE THE OWNER HAS CONTACTED UTILITY COMPANIES AND HAS MADE ARRANGEMENTS FOR BRACING OF THE POLES AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. IN THE EVENT

BGE (EMERGENCY) BUREAU OF UTILITIES COLONIAL PIPELINE CO.

INTO THE BELL OF PVC PIPE.

SANITARY SEWER NOTES:

NAME OF UTILITY CONTRACTOR:

CHIEF, BUREAU OF UTILITIES

1. ALL SEWER MAINS SHALL BE SDR-35 PVC UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FOR THIS CONTRACT WILL BE IMPLEMENTED IN ACCORDANCE

WITH SECTION 308 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS AND AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

3. MANHOLES SHOWN WITH 12" AND 16" WALLS ARE FOR BRICK MANHOLES ONLY.

5. HOUSE(S) WITH THE SYMBOL "C.N.S." INDICATED THAT THE CELLAR CANNOT BE SERVED

2. ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE 4'-0" UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

WITH DPW REQUIREMENTS PER SECTION 18.114(a) OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE.

2. TOPS OF ALL WATER MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 3'-6" COVER UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTE!

1. ALL WATER MAINS SHALL BE DR-18 C-900 PVC UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED

410-685-0123

1-800-257-777

11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS, HOWARD COUNTY, AT (410) 313-7450 AT LEAST FIVE WORKING DAYS BEFORE OPEN CUTTING OR

1-800-743-0033/410-224-9210

BORING/JACKING OF ANY COUNTY ROAD FOR LAYING WATER/SEWER MAINS OR HOUSE CONNECTIONS. THE APPROVAL OF THESE DRAWINGS WILL CONSTITUTE COMPLIANCE

WATER MAINS IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOLUME IV, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS FOR CONSTRUCTION. SEVENTEEN (17) POUND MAGNESIUM ANODES SHALL BE INSTALLED ON ALL VALVES AND DUCTILE IRON FITTINGS INCLUDING RESTRAINTS AND HARNESSES. TWELVE (12) POUND ZINC ANODES SHALL BE INSTALLED ON ALL

INSERTION OF THE SPIGOT INTO THE BELL. AFTER ASSEMBLY OF THE JOINT, THE INSERTION LINE SHALL REMAIN VISIBLE. DUAL INSERTION LINES ON GASKETED PVC PIPE

CONTRACTOR SHALL USE A VIBRATORY PLATE COMPACTOR OR OTHER APPROVED MEANS TO THOROUGHLY COMPACT THE #57 STONE ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGH

PVC HIGH DEFLECTION COUPLINGS SHALL BE LIMITED TO A TOTAL DEFLECTION OF 3-DEGREES (1½-DEGREE ON EITHER END OF THE COUPLING), SHALL BE RATED FOR

FIVE DEGREE SWEEPS SHALL BE BELL BY SPIGOT, RATED FOR A MINIMUM 225 PSI, DR18 MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF AWWA C900 AND SHALL BE MULTI FITTINGS

BELL JOINT ON BOTH SIDES OF THE HIGH DEFLECTION COUPLINGS AND 5-DEGREE SWEEPS. BELL STOPS SHALL BE PLACED AT THE PROPER INSERTION LINE FOR THE FITTINGS. THE BELL STOP SHALL BE MANUFACTURED OF DUCTILE IRON AND INCORPORATE AN EXPANSION RETENTION SPRING TO ALLOW FOR PIPE EXPANSION AND

12. WHEN PVC HIGH DEFLECTION COUPLINGS OR PVC 5-DEGREE SWEEPS ARE USED TO FACILITATE CHANGES IN HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL ALIGNMENTS OF AWWA C-900 PVC PIPELINES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL DEVICES FOR THE PREVENTION OF OVER-INSERTION OF THE PVC PIPE SPIGOTS OR PLAIN ENDS INTO THE PUSH ON

A MINIMUM 200 PSI MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF AWWA C900, SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM LAY LENGTH OF 9-INCHES AND SHALL HAVE CENTER STOPS. PVC HIGH

10. PROPER ASSEMBLY OF GASKETED PVC PIPE JOINTS: THE MANUFACTURER'S INSERTION LINE OF GASKETED PVC PIPE JOINTS INDICATES THE MAXIMUM DEPTH OF

# TROTTER ROAD WATER AND SEWER EXTENSION

# CAPITAL PROJECT W-8698 **CONTRACT NO. 34-4943**

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

# PROPOSED WATER AND SEWER EXTENSION CONTROL STATION 35DA LOCATION MAP

TYPE OF BUILDING: NA NUMBER OF PARCELS: 10 WATER HOUSE CONNECTIONS: 10 SEWER HOUSE CONNECTIONS: 10 DRAINAGE AREA: MIDDLE PATUXENT PRESSURE ZONE: 630-W WATER TEST GRADIENT: 908'

SURVEY INFORMATION TABLE

CONTROL ST	A. NORTHING	EASTING	ELEV.
35BB	560,790.46	1,336,537.26	394.27
35DA	558,918.63	1,333,137.30	350.82

SCALE: 1" = 600'

## PROJECT PURPOSE:

THIS CONTRACT IS TO PROVIDE PUBLIC WATER SERVICE AND PUBLIC SEWER SERVICE TO 10 PRIVATE PROPERTIES ON THE WEST SIDE OF TROTTER ROAD, FROM SOUTH WIND CIRCLE TO TALL TIMBER TRAIL, IT ALSO SERVES TO PROVIDE A CONNECTION LOOP IN THE WATER MAINS BETWEEN THE NORTHERN AND CENTRAL PORTIONS OF TROTTER ROAD.

## TRAFFIC CONTROL/ROAD RESTORATION NOTES:

1. ROADWAY IS COUNTY MAINTAINED. PROVIDE TRAFFIC CONTROL IN ACCORDANCE WITH SHA STANDARD DETAIL MD-1.04.02-09.

OWNERS/DEVELOPER CERTIFICATION:

- 2. ALL TEMPORARY RESTORATION SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE PRICE BID FOR GIVEN UTILITY, TEMPORARY RESTORATION WILL NOT BE MEASURED AND PAID FOR. MILL AND OVERLAY OF ENTIRE ROADWAY IS REQUIRED AS NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS.
- 3. SEE DRAWING C-1 FOR ROAD RESTORATION DETAIL. WHICH APPLIES TO BOTH WATER AND SEWER UTILITY.

#### HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT SIGNATURE BLOCK **DESIGN CERTIFICATION** THIS PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. "I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN HAS BEEN DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT MARYLAND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS, THAT IT REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY

6. HOUSE NUMBERS 5914. 5916. 5936. 5938. AND 5942 SHALL BE SERVED BY A FUTURE LOW PRESSURE SEWER SYSTEM (NOT IN THIS CONTRACT)

CONTRACTION, THE BELL STOPS SHALL BE SERIES 5000 MEGA-STOP, AS MANUFACTURED BY EBAA IRON, INC. OR APPROVED EQUAL.

4. MANHOLES DESIGNATED "WT" IN PLAN AND PROFILE SHALL HAVE WATERTIGHT FRAME AND COVER, STANDARD DETAILS G5.52.

DEFLECTION COUPLINGS SHALL BE CERTAINTEED PVC HIGH DEFLECTION (HD) STOP COUPLINGS OR EQUAL.

DESIGNER'S SIGNATURE Wilfried Hinz, V.P.

SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT."

CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF TRAINING AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT (MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT-OF-ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY. THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR MDE."

WES DAUB - PROJECT MANAGER

REVISION

## MDE REGISTRATION NO. P.E., RLS, OR R.L.A. DES: G.G. DRN: G.G. CHK: W.H.

WRA /1 AS-BUILTS

# TITLE SHEET

BLOCK NO.

TROTTER ROAD WATER AND SEWER EXTENSION AS SHOWN CAPITAL PROJECT NO. W-8698

> CONTRACT NO. 34-4943 5TH ELECTION DISTRICT

NOT IN CONTRACT PROPOSED POLYVINYL CHLORIDE REBAR AND CAP DROP HOUSE CONNECTION R&C RIGHT OF WAY GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER SANITARY SEWER HOUSE CONNECTION SILT FENCE SUPER SILT FENCE

WATER HOUSE CONNECTION

DRAWING/SHEET INDEX								
DWG. SHEET DESCRIPTION								
G-1	1	VICINITY MAP, TITLE, BILL OF MATERIALS, SHEET INDEX						
C-1	2	SEWER PLAN AND PROFILE						
C-2	3	WATER MAIN PLAN AND PROFILE						
SC-1	4	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, NOTES AND DETAILS						
SC-2	5	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS						
SC-3	6.	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS						

NOTE : SEE AS-BUILT LOT MEASUREMENTS AND SKETCHES SHEET 6 OF 6

**ABBREVIATIONS** 

CELLAR NOT SERVED

FI EVATION

FINISHED FLOOR

HORIZONTAL

LINEAR FOOT

NOT APPLICABLE

LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE

BILL OF MATI	ERIALS			
ITEM	QUANTITY	MATERIALS	AS-BUILT QUANTITY	MANUFACTURER
48" I.D. PRECAST CONCRETE MANHOLE < 6'	4 EACH	PRECAST CONC.	4	C.P.P.
48" I.D. PRECAST MANHOLE ADDITIONAL DEPTH > 6'	35 VF	PRECAST CONC.	35	C.P.P.
8" DIA. SDR 35 PVC SANITARY SEWER	317 LF	SDR-35 PVC	310,75	J.M. EAGLE
8" DIA. C-900 PVC SANITARY SEWER	555 LF	C-900 PVC	547	J.M. EAGLE
8" DIA. TYPE 'B' DROP CONNECTION	1 EACH	PVC	1	AMERICAST
4" DIA. SDR 35 SHC	22 LF	SDR-35 PVC	22	J.M. EAGLE
4" DIA. C-900 SHC	130 LF	C-900 PVC	130	J.M. EAGLE
4" DIA. SDR 35 DHC	32 LF	SDR-35 PVC	45	J.M. EAGLE
4" DIA, C-900 DHC	65 LF	C-900 PVC	<b>6</b> 5	J.M. EAGLE
4" DIA. C-900 TWIN DHC	42 LF	C-900 PVC	42	J.M. EAGLE
8" DIA. C-900 PVC DR18 WATER	950 LF	C-900 PYC	950.S	J.M. EAGLE
8" TAPPING SLEEVE AND VALVE (WATER)	1 EACH	RESILIENT SEAT	1	FORD METER BOX
FIRE HYDRANT (VOL. IV 961.07)	1 EACH	C502	t	AMERICAN FLOW CONTROL
1½" DIA. WHC (COPPER), 1" OUTSIDE METER SETTING, DETAIL W-3.28	210 LF	TYPE'K'COPPER	211	CAMBRIDGE
1½" DIA. WHC (COPPER), 1" TWIN OUTSIDE METER SETTING, DETAIL W-3.32	68 LF	TYPE'K' COPPER	72	CAMBRIDGE

## **LEGEND**

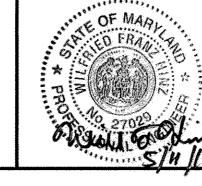
	EXISTING	PROPOSED	DESCRIPTION	
		•	BORING	
		,	CONTOURS	
Autom			CURB	
	-		SIGN	
			TREE	
-	S	<del></del> (\$)	SANITARY SEWER & MH	
⊣	$\triangleright$ $\downarrow_{\perp}$ $\longmapsto$		REDUCER, TEE, VALVE & FIRE HYDRANT	
		LOD	LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE	
_	W		WATER MAIN	
	G		GAS (UNDERGROUND)	
-	E	•	ELECTRIC (UNDERGROUND)	
	WM	<b>←</b>	WATER METER	
	(HMW)		WATER AIR RELEASE OR VALVE MANHOLE	
	(W)		WELL.	
(0	D		STORM DRAIN INLET W/ STORM DRAIN PIPE	
-	X		FENCE WIRE	
_	////		FENCE WOOD	
			PAVED ROADWAY	
			TRAVERSE POINT	
			BENCHMARK/SURVEY CONTROL POINT	
<del> </del>			PROPERTY LINE	
	MBI I	V	MAILBOX AS-BUI	
	Ø		POWER/UTILITY POLE WITH GUY WIRE	
	Ø—  ***  ***  ***  ***  ***  **  **  **		STREET LIGHT	
	EM		ELECTRIC METER	
	•		IRON PIPE FOUND	G
			<b>.</b>	

#### 'PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 27029, EXPIRATION DATE: 1/25/18."

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

State C Oen

WD DATE

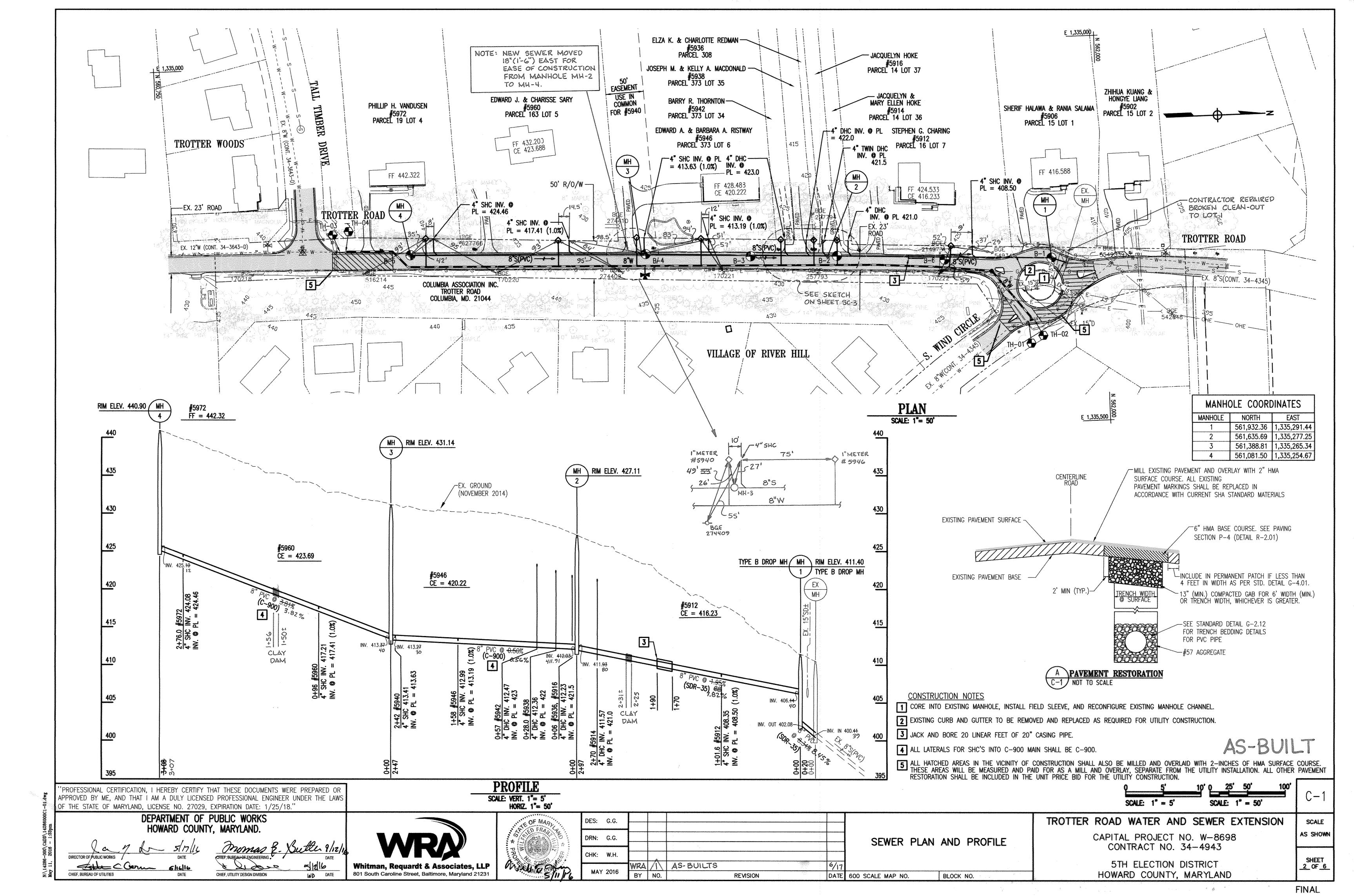


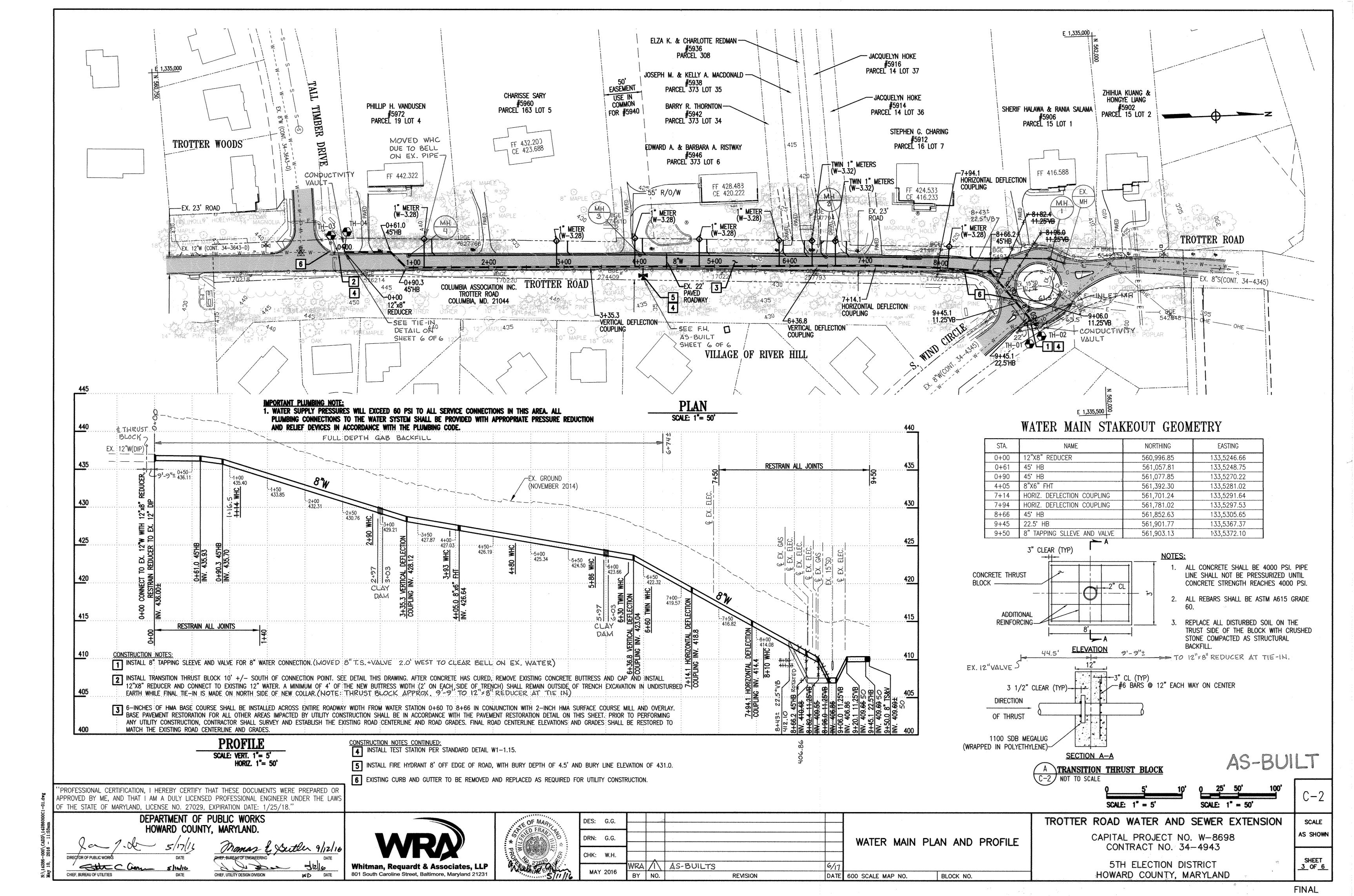
DATE 600 SCALE MAP NO

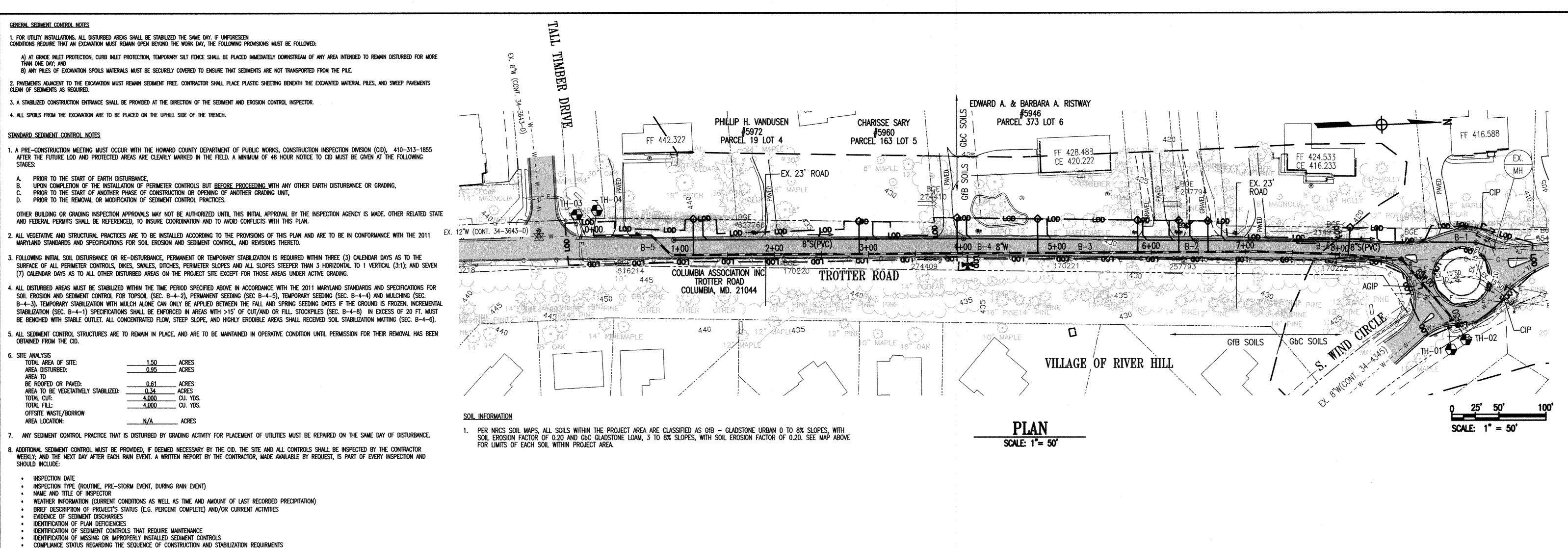
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

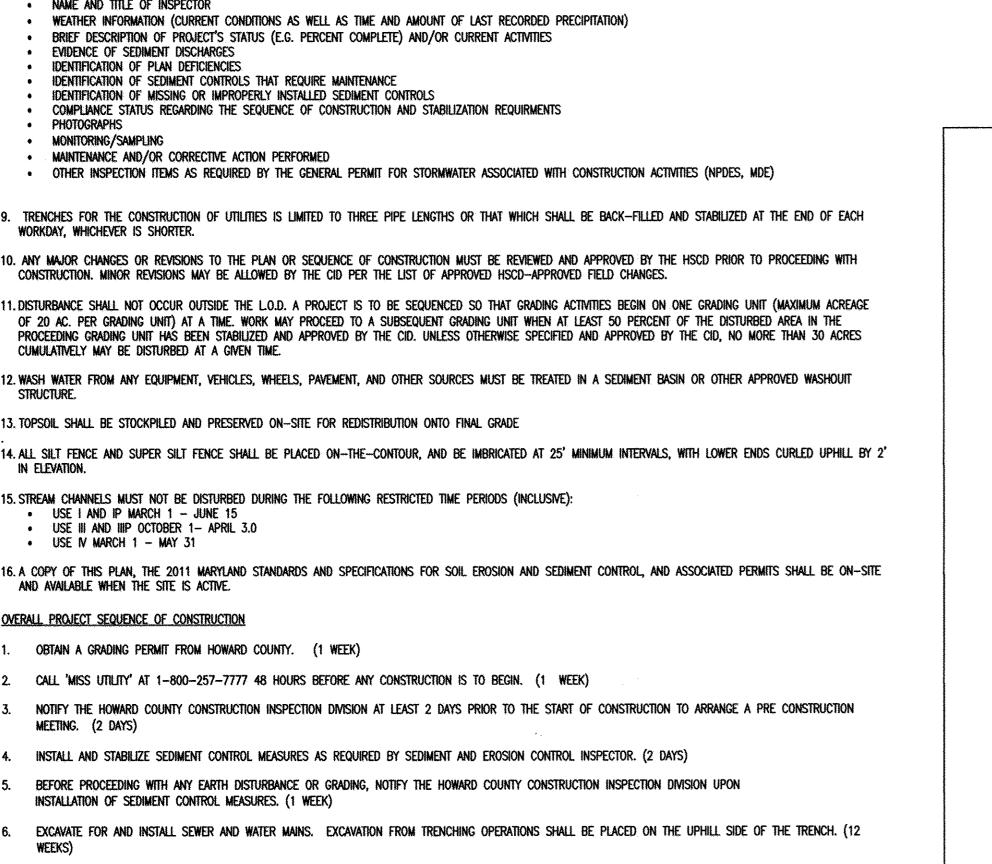
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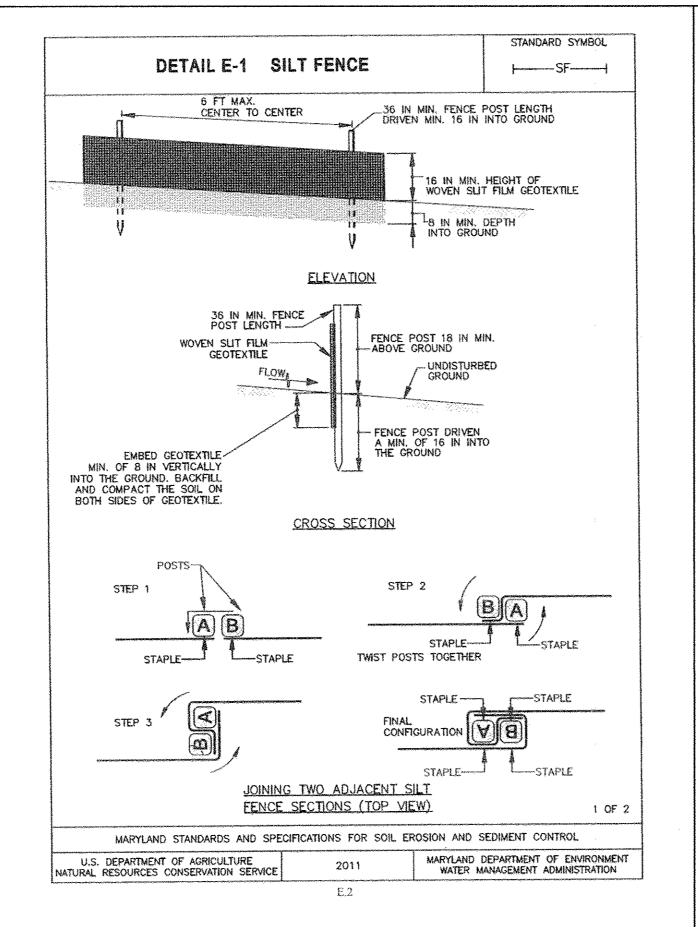
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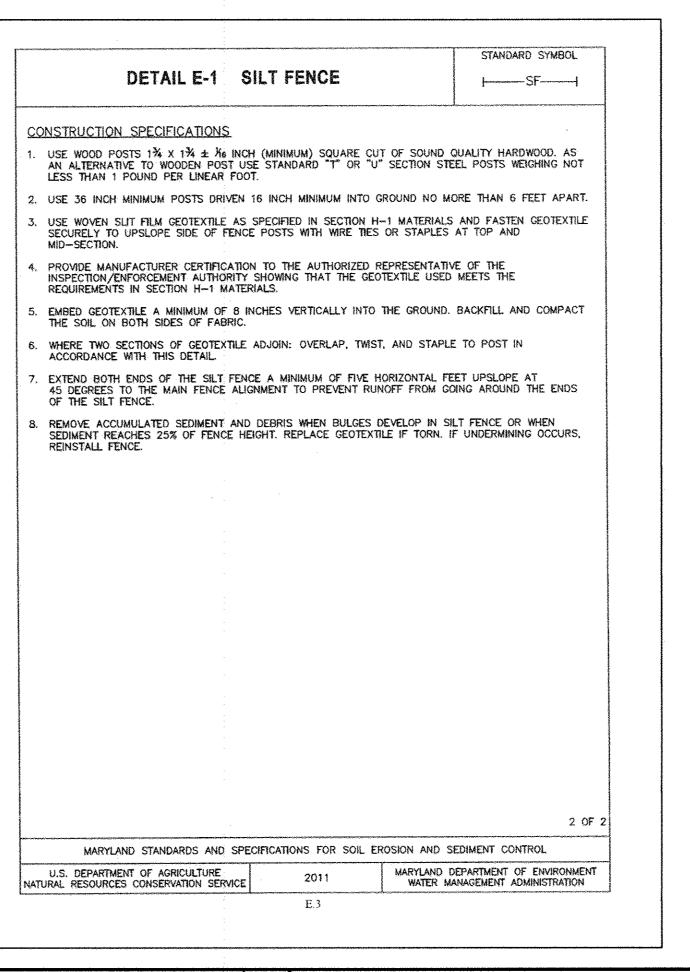








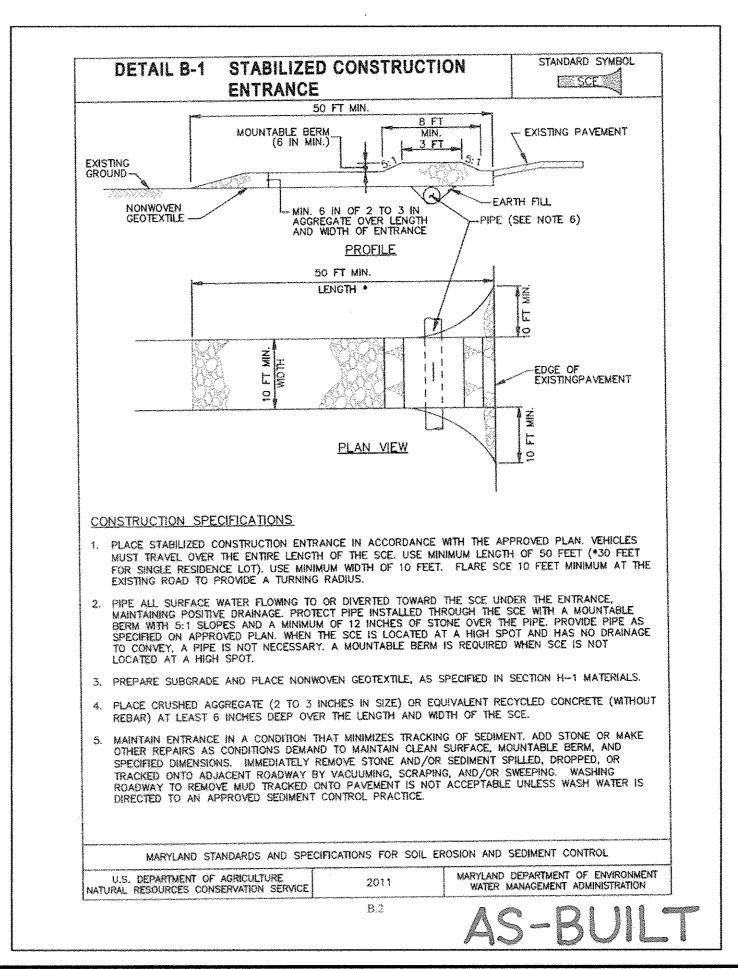




EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

PLAN, NOTES AND DETAILS

BLOCK NO.



PHOTOGRAPHS

STRUCTURE.

IN ELEVATION.

MONITORING/SAMPLING

MAINTENANCE AND/OR CORRECTIVE ACTION PERFORMED

CUMULATIVELY MAY BE DISTURBED AT A GIVEN TIME.

USE I AND IP MARCH 1 - JUNE 15

AND AVAILABLE WHEN THE SITE IS ACTIVE.

OVERALL PROJECT SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

(ON-GOING THROUGHOUT PROJECT)

CONTROL MEASURES. (2 DAYS)

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

CHIEF, BUREAU OF UTILITIES

MEETING. (2 DAYS)

OBTAIN A GRADING PERMIT FROM HOWARD COUNTY. (1 WEEK)

INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES. (1 WEEK)

USE IV MARCH 1 - MAY 31

USE III AND IIIP OCTOBER 1— APRIL 3.0

OTHER INSPECTION ITEMS AS REQUIRED BY THE GENERAL PERMIT FOR STORMWATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (NPDES, MDE)

CONSTRUCTION. MINOR REVISIONS MAY BE ALLOWED BY THE CID PER THE LIST OF APPROVED HSCD-APPROVED FIELD CHANGES.

13. TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED AND PRESERVED ON—SITE FOR REDISTRIBUTION ONTO FINAL GRADE

15. STREAM CHANNELS MUST NOT BE DISTURBED DURING THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTED TIME PERIODS (INCLUSIVE):

2. CALL 'MISS UTILITY' AT 1-800-257-7777 48 HOURS BEFORE ANY CONSTRUCTION IS TO BEGIN. (1 WEEK)

9. REMOVE CONTROLS AND PERMANENTLY STABILIZE ANY AREAS DISTURBED DURING REMOVAL OF CONTROLS. (2 DAYS)

OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 27029, EXPIRATION DATE: 1/25/18."

4. INSTALL AND STABILIZE SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS REQUIRED BY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR. (2 DAYS)

BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING, NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION UPON

NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION (CID, 410-313-1880) AND OBTAIN APPROVAL TO REMOVE EROSION AND SEDIMENT

VEGETATIVELY STABILIZE BACKFILLED TRENCH OR TEMPORARY STABILIZE ANY PAVED AREAS WITH TEMPORARY HOTMIX THAT IS DISTURBED AS WORK PROGRESSES.

CHIEF, UTILITY DESIGN DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR

APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS

Whitman, Requardt & Associates, LLP 801 South Caroline Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21231



DES: G.G. DRN: G.G. CHK: W.H. /RA|/IN| AS-BUILTS MAY 2016 DATE 600 SCALE MAP NO. REVISION

TROTTER ROAD WATER AND SEWER EXTENSION

CAPITAL PROJECT NO. W-8698 CONTRACT NO. 34-4943

5TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

4 OF 1

SC-

SCALE

AS SHOW

#### **B-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS**

#### SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

#### <u>Definition</u>

The process of preparing the soils to sustain adequate vegetative stabilization.

#### Purpose

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Where vegetative stabilization is to be established.

#### Criteria

#### A. Soil Preparation

- Temporary Stabilization
- a. Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.
- b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
- c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable

#### Permanent Stabilization

- a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are:
- i. Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0.
- ii. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm).
- iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
- iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight.
- v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.
- b. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above
- c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches.

B.12

- d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil
- e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

- 1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.
- 2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS.
- 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:
- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.
- b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.
- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.
- 4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design. 5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:
- a. Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments,
- gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1½ inches in diameter. b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
- c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

#### 6. Topsoil Application

- a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil.
- b. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.
- c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading

B.13

#### and seedbed preparation.

- C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)
- 1. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
- 2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer.
- 3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.
- 4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.
- 5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

#### **B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS**

#### <u>FOR</u>

## SEEDING AND MULCHING

#### Definition The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover.

#### <u>Purpose</u> To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

## To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading.

- Specifications
- a. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be available upon request to the inspector to verify type of seed and seeding rate.
- b. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground is frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws.
- c. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.
- d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has clapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

- a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.
- i. Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table B.1, Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding summaries.
- ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Roll the seeded area with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil

B.15

#### b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

- i. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.
- ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.
- c. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer). i. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed
- the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (phosphorous), 200 pounds per acre; K<sub>2</sub>O (potassium), 200 pounds per acre. ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by
- hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.
- iii. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption. iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil.

- 1. Mulch Materials (in order of preference)
- a. Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and reasonably bright in color, Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law and not musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty. Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is desired.
- b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.
- i. WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.
- ii. WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors. iii. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood
- cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.
- iv. WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic.
- v. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter, pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum.

- a. Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.
- b. When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre.
- c. Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied at a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

- a. Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon the size of the area and erosion hazard:
- i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should follow the contour.
- ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water. iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the
- manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is strictly iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer

B.17

recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4 to 15 feet wide and 300 to 3,000

## **B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS**

B.14

#### TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

## To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months.

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils.

## Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

### Criteria

- 1. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.
- 2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.
- 3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season.

### **Temporary Seeding Summary**

		one (from Figure e (from Table B.		Fertilizer Rate	Lime Rate	
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	(10-20-20)	Jime Nate
1	ANNUAL RYEGRASS (Lokum perenne ssp. multit)	40	MAR 1 - MAY 15 AUG 1 - OCT 15	0.5		
(COOL)	CEREAL RYE (SECALE CEREALE)	112	MAR 1- MAY 15 AUG 1 -NOV 15	1.0	436 lb/ac (10 lb/1000 sf)	2 tons/ac
2	FOXTAIL MILLET (Selaris Kalica)	30	WAY 16 - JULY 31	0.5		(90 lb/1000 sf)
(WARM)	PEARL MULLET (Pennisatun glaucum)	20	MAY 16 - JULY 31	0.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

B.18

## PERMANANT STABILIZATION

	Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3): 6b Seed Mixture: SWITCH GRA			Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)				Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K <sub>2</sub> O	Lime Nate
	SWITHGRASS	10	MAR 1 TO	1/4-1/2 in				
	CREEPING RED FESCUE	15	MAY 15 AND	1/4-1/2 in	45 pounds per acre	90 lb/ac	90 lb/ac	2 tons/ac
1 '	BUSH CLOVER	2		1/4-1/2 in	(1.0 lb/ 1000 sf)	(2 lb/ 1000 sf)	(2 lb/ 1000 sf)	(90 lb/ 1000 sf)
			MAY 16 TO JUNE 15	1/4-1/2 in	1000 017			

	Hardiness Zor Seed Mixture:	ne (from Figure	e B.3): <u>6b</u> CREEPING RED FESCUE		Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)			Lime Rate	
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K <sub>2</sub> O	Lime Rate	
CREEPING RED FESCUE WHITE 12 CLOVER		25	141D 1 TO	1/4-1/2 in		and the second			
	3	MAR 1 TO MAY 15 AND AUG 1 TO	1/4-1/2 in	/10 lb/	90 lb/ac (2 lb/ 1000 sf)	90 lb/ac (2 lb/ 1000 sf)	2 tons/ac (90 lb/ 1000 sf)		
	APPAREZIONA POR MARIA		1/4-1/2 in						
			OCT 15	1/4-1/2 in					

## MAINTENANCE FERTILIZATION FOR PERMANENT SEEDINGS USE SOIL TEST RESULTS OR RATES SHOWN BELOW

#### LB/1000 SF LB/AC SEEDING MIXTURE TYPE MOWING NOT CLOSER THAN 3" IF TALL FESCUE MAKES UP 70% 10-10-10 500 YEARLY OR AS NEEDED. 11.5 OCCASIONAL MOWING IS OR MORE OF COVER 9.2 DESIRED 30-10-10 400 DO NOT MOW CROWNVETCH CROWNVETCH 0-20-0 400 9.2 SPRING. THE YEAR FOLLOWING ESTABLISHMENT AND EVERY SERICEA LESPEDEZA 4-5 YEARS THEREAFTER BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL 5-10-10 11.5 FALL THE YEAR FOLLOWING NOT REQUIRED, NO CLOSER FAIRLY UNIFORM STAND OF TALL 500 THAN 4" IN THE FALL AFTER FESCUE AND SERICEA LESPEDEZA. establishment and every 4-5 YEARS THEREAFTER SEED HAS MATURED. I OR BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL WEEPING LOVEGRASS & SERICEA 5-10-10 500 11.5 SPRING, THE YEAR FOLLOWING NOT REQUIRED, NO CLOSER THAN 4" IN THE FALL AFTER LESPEDEZA FAIRLY UNIFORM establishment and every PLANT DISTRIBUTION. 4-5 YEARS THEREAFTER. SEED HAS MATURED. MOW NO CLOSER THAN 2" FOR RED & CHEWING FESCUE. 20-10-10 250 5.8 september, 30 days later. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, HARD DECEMBER, MAY 20, JUNE 30, RED FESCUE AND KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS, 3" FOR FESCUE. FESCUE MIXTURES

OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 27029, EXPIRATION DATE: 1/25/18." DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

B.16



DES: G.G.

DRN: G.G. CHK: W.H. WRA /1\ AS-BUILTS MAY 2016 BY NO. **REVISION** 

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL **DETAILS** 

TROTTER ROAD WATER AND SEWER EXTENSION

CAPITAL PROJECT NO. W-8698 CONTRACT NO. 34-4943

5TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SCALE

AS SHOWN

<u>5</u> OF <u>6</u>

CHIEF BURFAU OF UTILITIES

"PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR

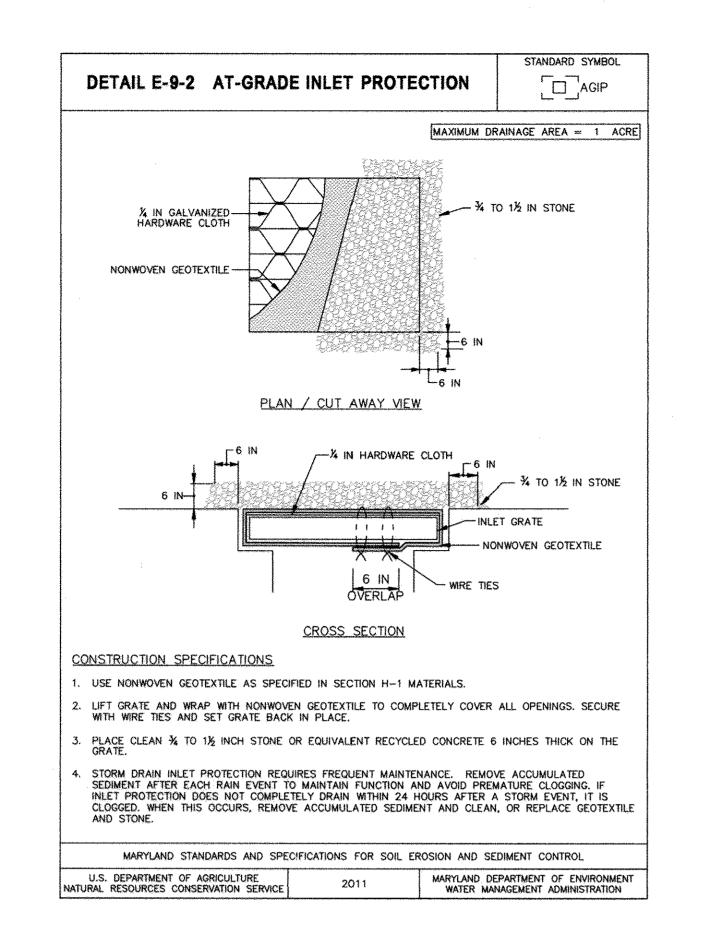
APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS

Whitman, Requardt & Associates, LLP 801 South Caroline Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21231

DATE 600 SCALE MAP NO. BLOCK NO.

AS-BUILT

FINAL



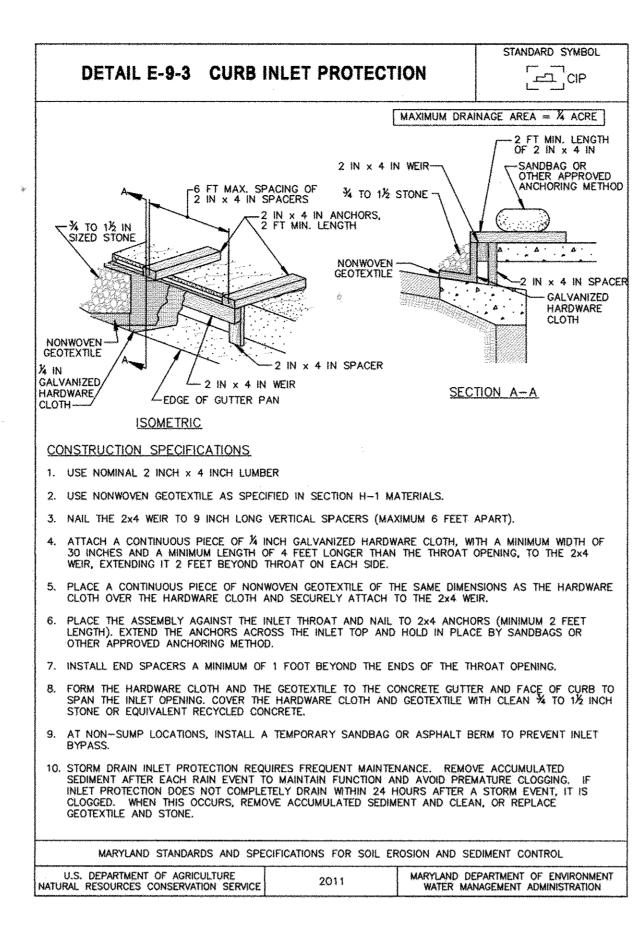
APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS

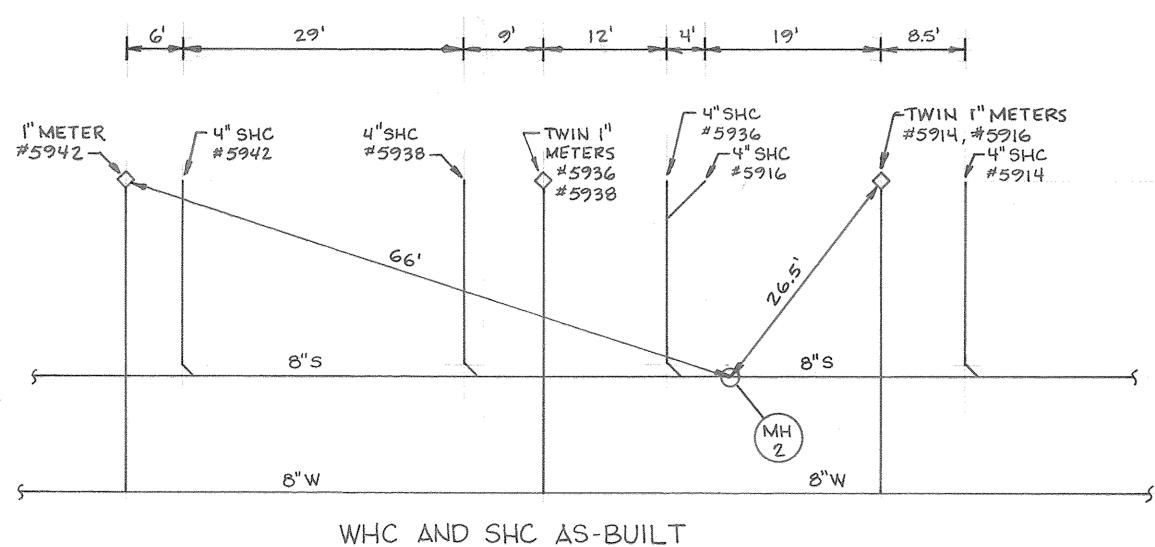
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

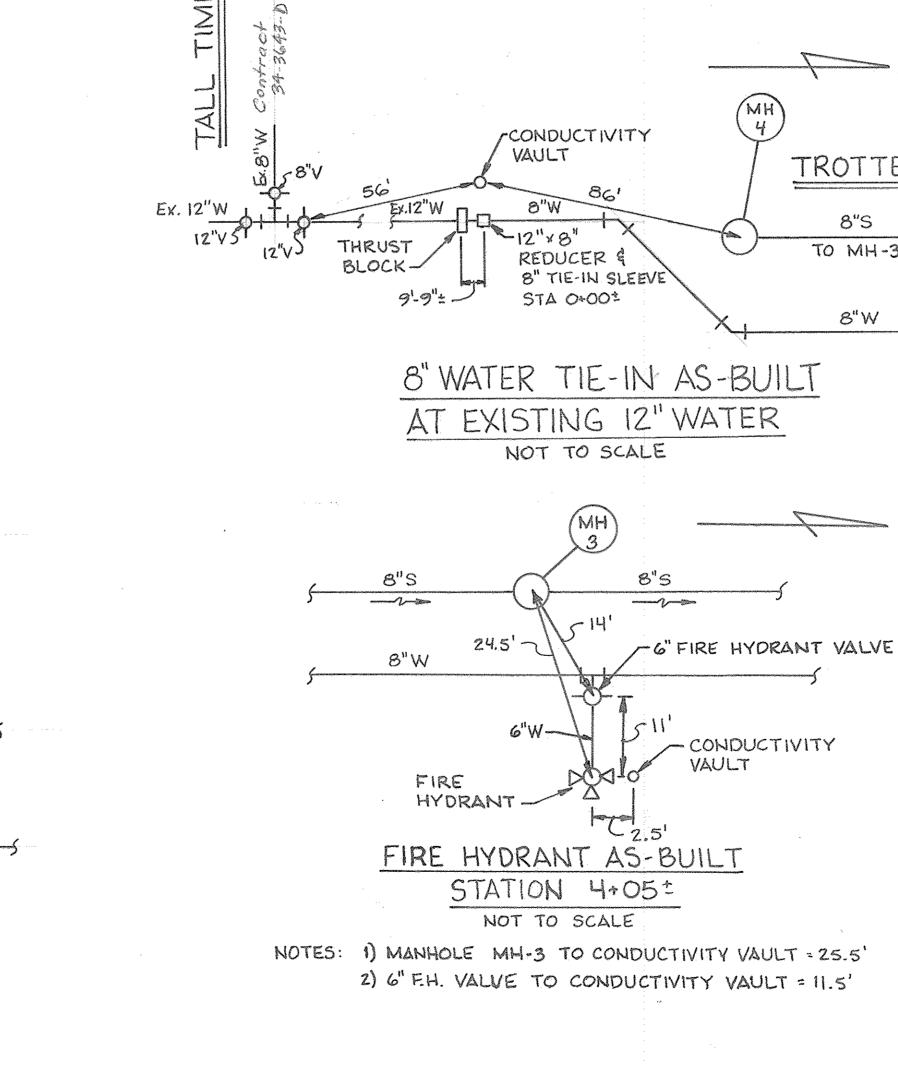
CHIEF, UTILITY DESIGN DIVISION

OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 27029, EXPIRATION DATE: 1/25/18."





5914, 5916, 5936, 5938, 5942 TROTTER ROAD



DETAIL E-2 SILT FENCE ON PAVEMENT

STAPLE-

OF GEOTEXTILE

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

OPENING OVER GEOTEXTILE.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

. USE NOMINAL 2 INCH X 4 INCH LUMBER.

REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.

4. SPACE UPRIGHT SUPPORTS NO MORE THAN 10 FEET APART.

WATER FROM ESCAPING BENEATH SILT FENCE INSTALLATION.

SEAL ALONG BOTTOM, REPLACE STONE IF DISPLACED.

SECURE BOARDS TO PAVEMENT WITH 40D 5 INCH MINIMUM LENGTH NAILS.

2. USE WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.

PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT THE GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE

PROVIDE A TWO FOOT OPENING BETWEEN EVERY SET OF SUPPORTS AND PLACE STONE IN THE

. KEEP SILT FENCE TAUT AND SECURELY STAPLE TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF UPRIGHT SUPPORTS. EXTEND GEOTEXTILE UNDER 2x4.

WHERE TWO SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE ADJOIN: OVERLAP, FOLD, AND STAPLE TO POST IN ACCORDANCE

PROVIDE A MASTIC SEAL BETWEEN PAVEMENT, GEOTEXTILE, AND 2x4 TO PREVENT SEDIMENT-LADEN

D. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN SILT FENCE OR WHEN

SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. MAINTAIN WATER TIGHT

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

---SFOP----I

-WOVEN SLIT

WOVEN SLIT FILM

GEOTEXTILE

-MASTIC SEAL

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

- CONDUCTIVITY

TO MH-3 ---

SECTION A-A

FILM GEOTEXTILE

AS-BUILT SCALE AS SHOWN

Whitman, Requardt & Associates, LLP 801 South Caroline Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21231

DES: G.G. DRN: G.G. CHK: W.H. WRA / AS-BUILTS
BY NO. MAY 2016 DATE 600 SCALE MAP NO. REVISION

**EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS** 

BLOCK NO.

TROTTER ROAD WATER AND SEWER EXTENSION CAPITAL PROJECT NO. W-8698

CONTRACT NO. 34-4943

5TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SHEET 6 OF 6