

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

NAME OF UTILITY CONTRACTOR: SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FOR THIS CONTRACT WILL BE IMPLEMENTED IN ACCORDANCE

WITH SECTION 219 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS AND AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT CERTIFICATION

OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 24478, EXPIRATION DATE: 10/28/15."

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

EP-15-013 **ENGINEERS/ARCHITECT DESIGN CERTIFICATION**

"I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT."

P.E. 24478 SIGNATURE REGISTRATION NUMBER

11/24/14 DATE

OWNERS/DEVELOPERS CERTIFICATION

12-3-2014

TITLE SHEET

8, 15, 16

	SHEET INDEX
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7	MANHOLE, ACCESS AND MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC DETAILS
8	ACCESS AND MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC DETAILS
9	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS
10	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

PROJECT PURPOSE:

THE SECTION OF THE ORIGINAL LITTLE PATUKENT INTERCEPTOR CONTAINED WITHIN THIS PROJECT, FROM MINAGE DOWN TO THE JUNCTION CHAMBER NOT WAS ORIGINALLY CONSTRUCTED IN 1966 UNDER CONTRACT NO. 121-5, 122-5, 123-5 5124-5. THE MANHOLE INVERTS AND RIM ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS WERE SURVEYED IN 2006, HAVING HORIZONTAL DATUM NAO '83/'91 AND VERTICAL DATUM NAVO '88. THE PURPOSE OF THIS PROJECT WAS TO COUNTERACT HE'S DETERIORATION AND EXCESSIVE INFILTRATION AND INFLOW OF THE ORIGINAL INTERCEPTOR BY CONSTRUCTING A STRUCTURAL CIPP LINING WITHIN ALL PIPES, TO REPLACE SECTIONS OF HANHOLES WITH NEW PRECAST RISERS AND TOP SLABS AS REQUIRED AND THEN APPLY A STRUCTURAL LINER TO ALL MANHOLES.

801 SOUTH CAROLINE STREET

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND



DRN: GG

REVISION DATE 600 SCALE MAP NO. 42 BLOCK NO. LITTLE PATUXENT INTERCEPTOR SEWER REHABILITATION CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6273

CONTRACT NO. 20-4881 **6TH ELECTION DISTRICT** HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SHEET _1_0F_10_

SCALE

AS SHOWN

SANITARY SEWER REHABILITATION NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS FOR CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE (CIPP) LINING REQUIREMENTS.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN AND CLOSED CIRCUIT TV (CCTV) INSPECT THE EXISTING SANITARY SEWER PRIOR TO CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE (CIPP) LINING TO VERIFY PIPE CHARACTÉRISTICS, AND IDENTIFY AND LOCATE ANY SEWER PIPE DEFECTS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER OF ANY DEFECT THAT COULD AFFECT THE INSTALLATION OF CIPP LINING. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR PIPE DEFECTS PER THE COUNTY'S DIRECTION PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE LINER. ANY DEBRIS, LARGE OBJECTS OR BLOCKAGES SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SEWER PRIOR TO LINING.
- 3. BY-PASS PUMPING SHALL BE CONDUCTED ACCORDING TO THE CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS. SANITARY SEWER SERVICE SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES. ALL KNOWN SEWER LINES THAT WILL REQUIRE BY-PASS PUMPING ARE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. THE PRIMARY INTERCEPTORS FLOW WILL BE DIVERTED INTO THE NEW PARALLEL INTERCEPTOR BY THE COUNTY PRIOR TO WORK COMMENCING.
- EACH SECTION OF CIPP LINING SHALL BE INSTALLED AND CURED IN ONE MOBILIZATION AND REACH FROM MANHOLE TO MANHOLE OR MULTIPLE MANHOLE TO MANHOLE SEGMENTS.
- 5. POST-INSTALLATION CCTV INSPECTION MUST BE CONDUCTED FOR EACH SANITARY SEWER LINE TO CHECK FOR LINER DEFECTS OR WRINKLING.
- 6. REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS FOR CIPP LINING SUGGESTED SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.

MANHOLE REHABILITATION NOTES:

- 1. REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS FOR MANHOLE REHABILITATION REQUIREMENTS.
- 2. EACH MANHOLE SHALL BE POWER-WASHED PRIOR TO ANY REHABILITATION WORK.
- 3. FLOW DIVERSION, BY-PASS PUMPING, OR FLOW-THROUGH PLUGS SHALL BE UTILIZED AT EACH MANHOLE TO ENSURE PROPER FUNCTION OF THE SEWER INTERCEPTOR. SANITARY SEWER SERVICE SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 4. POINT REPAIR/PATCH WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED AND CURED PRIOR TO ANY MANHOLE LINING.
- 5. INSTALLATION OF MANHOLE STEPS AND FRAME AND COVER, IF SHOWN, SHALL BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO LINING OF THE MANHOLE.
- MANHOLE LINING SHALL BE COMPLETED AND CURED IN ONE SETUP.
- 7. EACH MANHOLE THAT IS LINED SHALL PASS HOLIDAY "SPARK" TEST PRIOR TO ACCEPTANCE PER THE CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS.
- 8. REFER TO MANHOLE SCHEDULE ON SHEET 6 FOR SPECIFIC ITEMS FOR EACH MANHOLE.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF EXISTING MAINS ARE SHOWN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT EXISTING MAINS AND SERVICES AND MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE. ANY DAMAGE INCURRED SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- THE COORDINATES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS ARE BASED ON MARYLAND STATE REFERENCE SYSTEM NAD '83/'91 AS PROJECTED BY HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS. ALL VERTICAL CONTROLS ARE BASED ON NAVD '88. VERTICAL CONTROLS ON THE DRAWINGS ARE BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS.
- 3. ALL PIPE ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE INVERT ELEVATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS.
- 4. FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS, AND FOR MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS, USE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME IV. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS FOR CONSTRUCTION (LATEST EDITION). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A COPY OF VOLUME IV ON THE JOB.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES OR AGENCIES AT LEAST FIVE WORKING DAYS BEFORE STARTING WORK SHOWN ON THESE PLANS:

AT&T	1-800-252-1133
BGE (CONSTRUCTION SERVICES)	410-637-8713
BGE (EMERGENCY)	410-685-0123
BUREAU OF UTILITIES	. 410-313-4900
COLONIAL PIPELINE CO	410-795-1390
MISS UTILITY	
STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION (GENERAL)	410-531-5533
STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION (DISTRICT)	. 1-800-635-5119
VERIZON	/ 410-224-9210

- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ACQUIRING ANY ADDITIONAL STAGING AND/OR STOCKPILE AREAS THAT HE DEEMS NECESSARY.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPAIRING AND REPLACING ANY EXISTING FENCES, SIGNS, CONCRETE CURB, DRIVEWAYS, PAVING CURB AND GUTTER PAN, WALKWAYS, ETC., DAMAGED OR REMOVED DURING CONSTRUCTION. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE RETURNED TO THEIR ORIGINAL OR BETTER CONDITION.
- 8. MDE PERMIT TRACKING NO. 20076408/07-NT-3268.
- CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, RICK SHAGOGUE 240-409-4044, ONE WEEK PRIOR TO WORKING WITHIN SHA RIGHT-OF-WAY AT ROUTE 29, ROUTE 175, AND UTILIZING ACCESS AT ROUTE 108.
- 10. ALL WORK WITHIN THE GOLF COURSE SHALL BE PER STIPULATED ACCESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO INTERFERE WITH THE PLAY OF GOLF ON ANY PORTION OF THE COURSE DESIGNATED FOR PLAY.
- 11. FOR WORK IN OR ACCESS THROUGH WETLAND AREAS AND WET AREAS, CONTRACTOR SHALL UTILIZE SPECIALITY MATTING OR TIMBER MATTING.
- 12. MOST PORTIONS OF THE UTILITY EASEMENT ARE IN THE LITTLE PATUXENT RIVER 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN. MANY AREAS BECOME FLOODED IN A TWO YEAR STORM OR GREATER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMAIN MINDFUL OF THE WEATHER AND IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SECURING HIS EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION AND ALL FUEL TANKS OUTSIDE THE FLOOD ZONE IN THE EVENT OF IMPENDING STORMS.
- 13. THE WORK IN ROUTE 29 STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION RIGHT OF WAY TO BE COORDINATED WITH BRIAN PICKENS AT 301-674-4531.
- 14. WORK IN THE STATE HIGHWAY RIGHT OF WAY WILL BE PERFORMED UNDER AN AREA WIDE MAINTENANCE PERMIT, SHA-7-AW-0851-12.

LEGEND

PROPOSED

EXISTING

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CONTOUR

DESCRIPTION

CURB AND GUTTER

SIGN TREELINE

TREE

SANITARY INTERCEPTOR SEWER & MH

MANHOLE

RIM 312.86 (EX. MH MANHOLE TO BE REHABILITATED INV. 301.00 ###

REDUCER, TEE, VALVE & FIRE HYDRANT

WATER MAIN STORM DRAIN

GAS MAIN AND MH ELECTRICAL CONDUIT & MH

TELEPHONE CONDUIT & MH

CABLE TELEVISION FENCE WIRE

FENCE WOOD

LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE

SILT FENCE SUPER SILT FENCE

100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN

WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES

WETLAND BOUNDARY WETLAND BUFFER

STREAM BANK 25 FOOT BUFFER

PROPERTY LINE

PERMANENT EASEMENT

PROPOSED ACCESS

gagaga STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

'PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 24478, EXPIRATION DATE: 10/28/15."

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.



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•	NOVEMBED 2014			·	
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GENERAL NOTES AND LEGEND

8, 15, 16

600 SCALE MAP NO. 42 BLOCK NO.

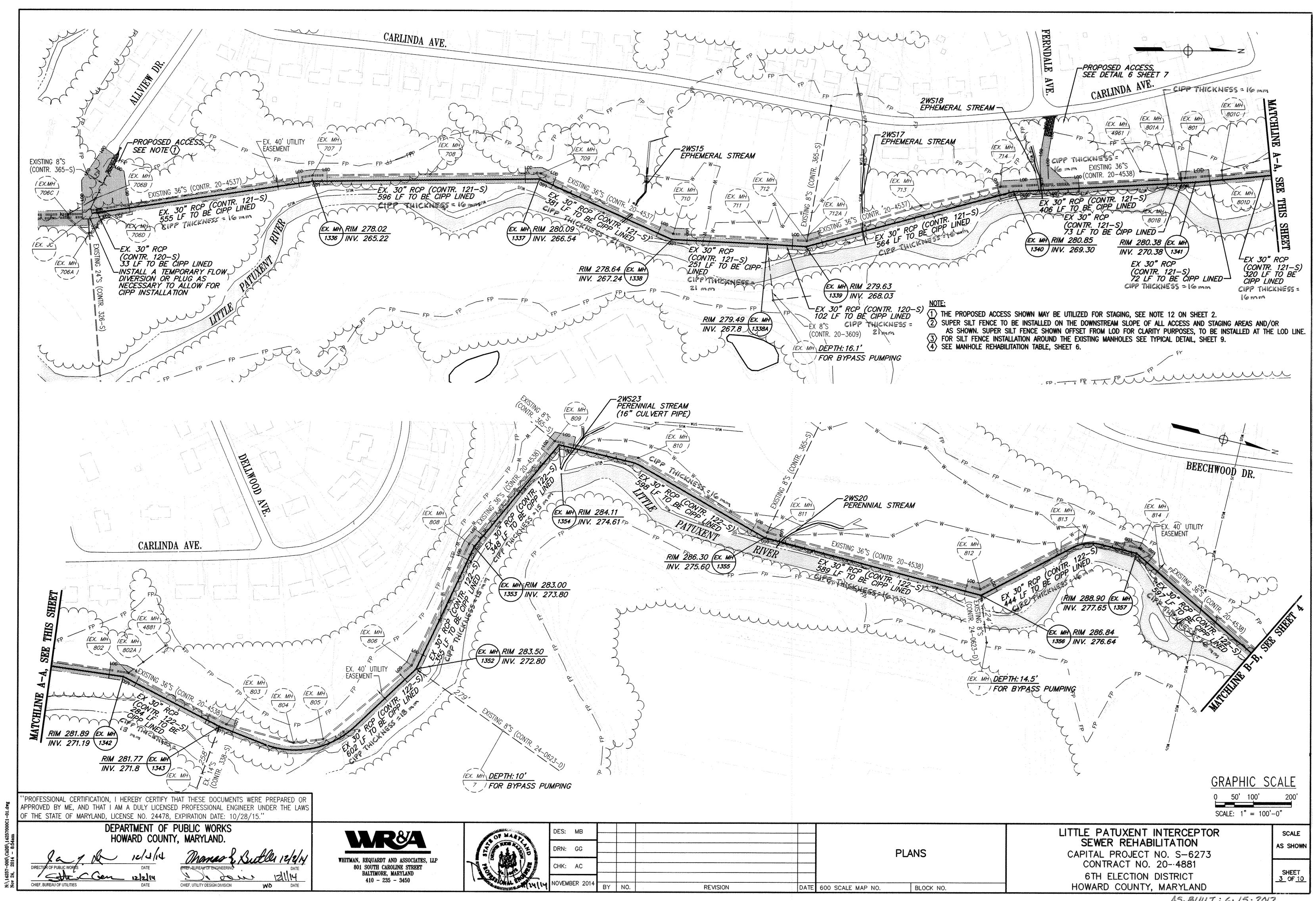
SEWER REHABILITATION CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6273 CONTRACT NO. 20-4881 **6TH ELECTION DISTRICT** HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

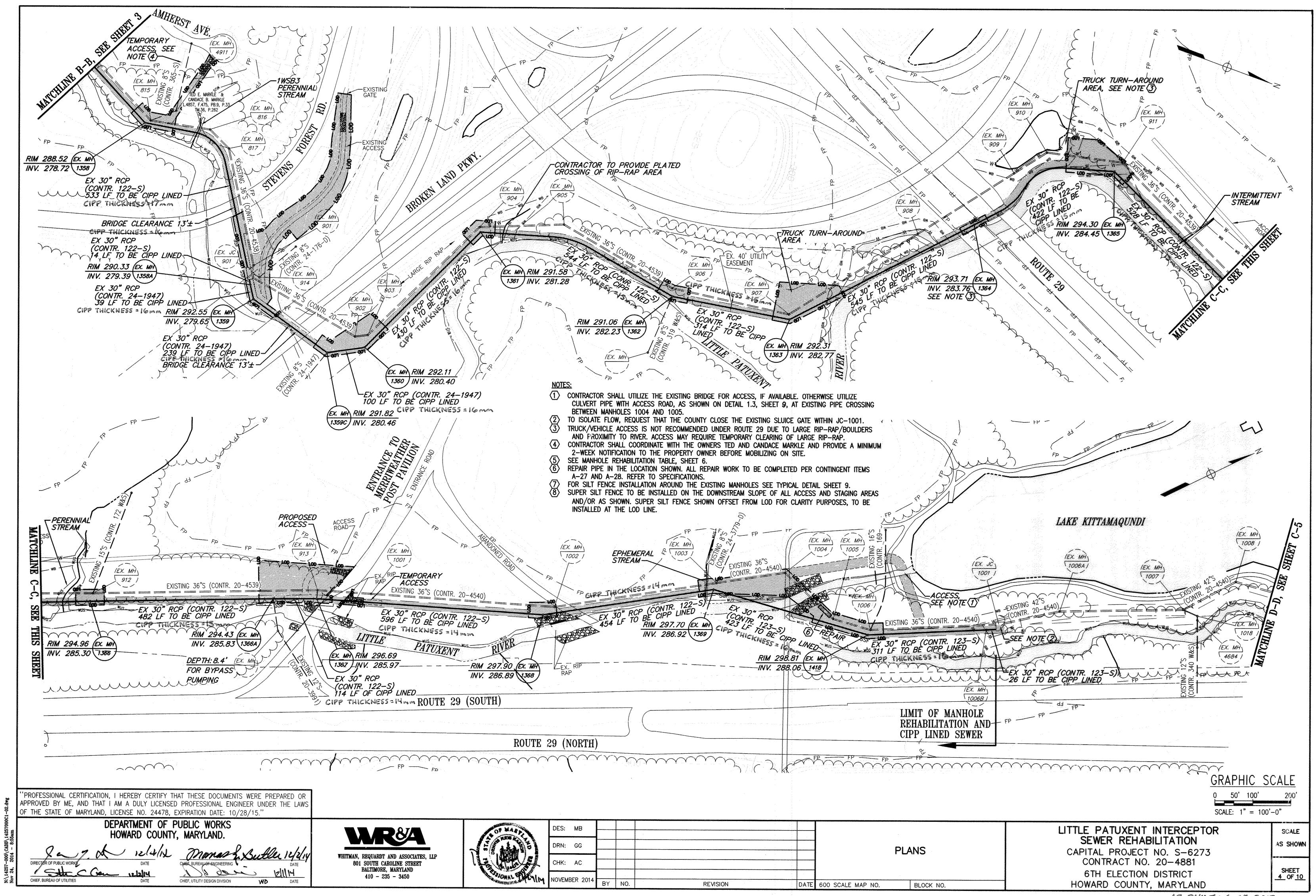
LITTLE PATUXENT INTERCEPTOR

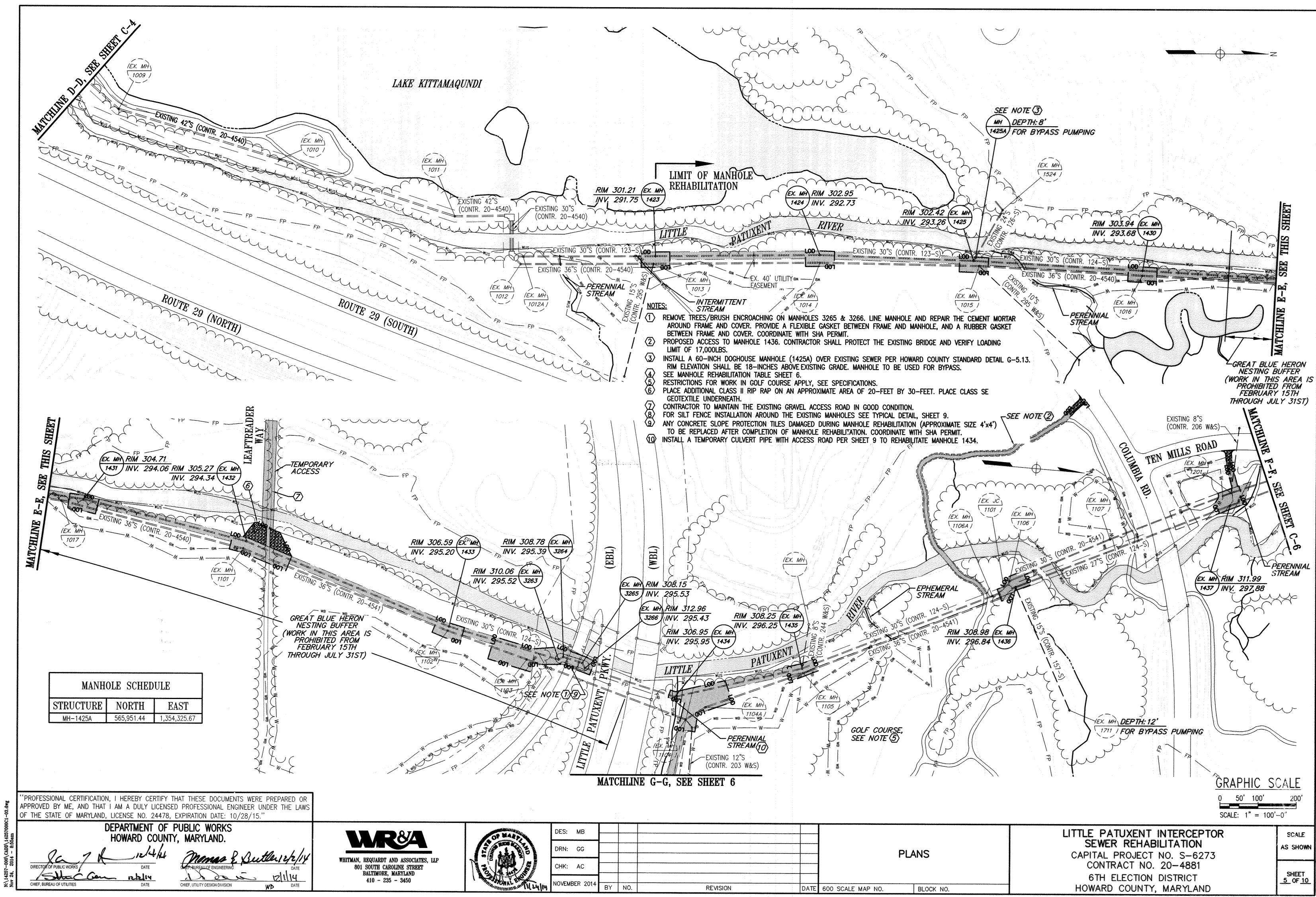
AS SHOWN SHEET 2 OF 10

SCALE

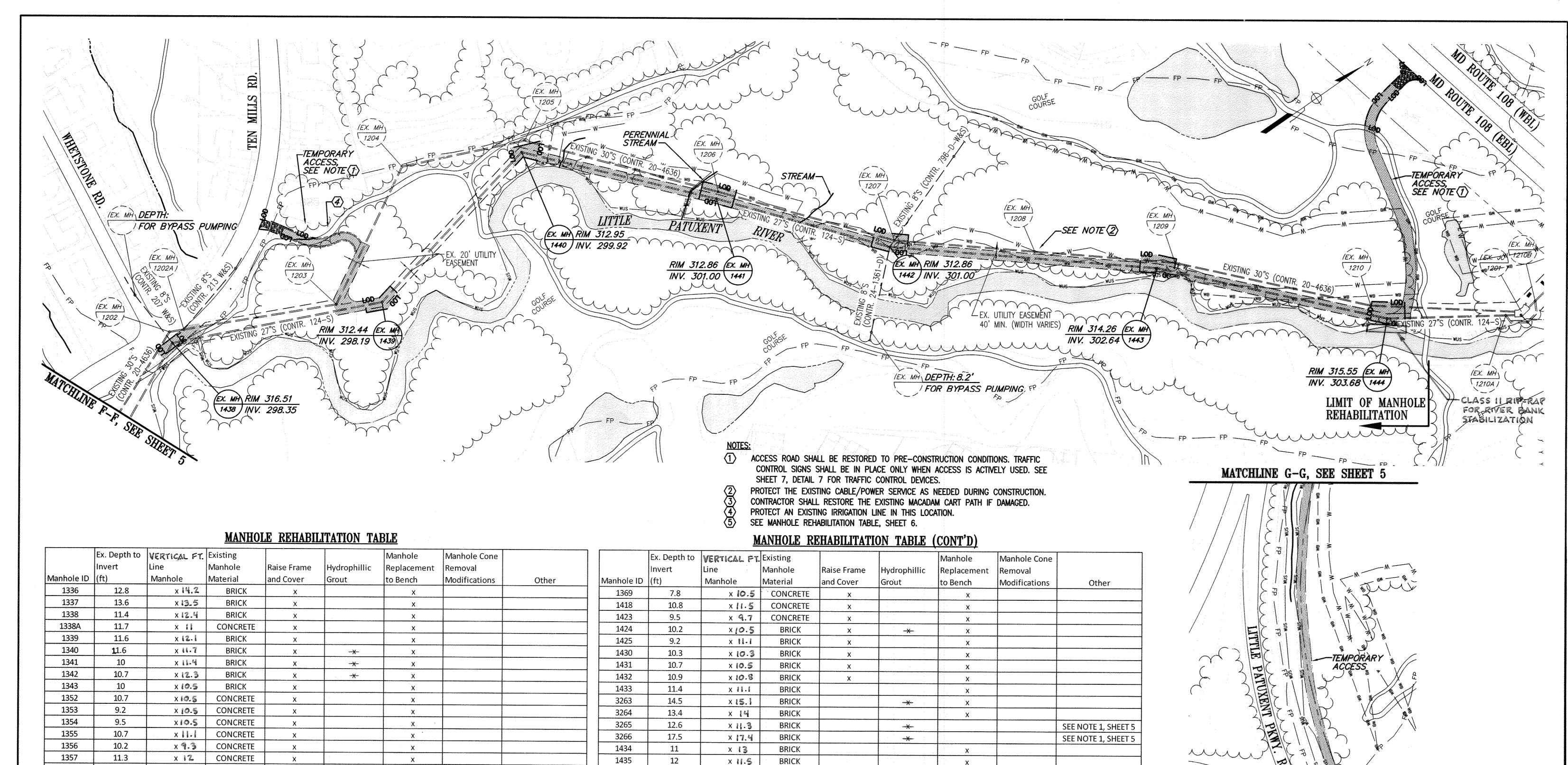
AS BUILT: 6-15:2017







AS-BUILT: 6-15-2017



	Manhole ID	(ft)	Manhole	Material	and Cover	Grout	to Bench	Modifications	Other
	1336	12.8	x 14.2	BRICK	X		×		
	1337	13.6	x 13.5	BRICK	X		x		
	1338	11.4	x 12.4	BRICK	X	-	×		
	1338A	11.7	X ii	CONCRETE	x		x		
	1339	11.6	x 12. 1	BRICK	X		×		
	1340	1 1.6	x 11.7	BRICK	x	- *	x		
	1341	10	X 8 8 - 4	BRICK	X	*	x		
	1342	10.7	x (2.3	BRICK	x	- X -	х		
	1343	10	x 10.5	BRICK	х		x		
	1352	10.7	x i0.5	CONCRETE	х		x		**************************************
	1353	9.2	x 10.5	CONCRETE	x		X		
	1354	9.5	x 10.5	CONCRETE	x		X	70° (10° 4) - 12° (20° 4) - 12° (20° 4)	
	1355	10.7	X 5 4 000	CONCRETE	X		x ·		
	1356	10.2	x 1.3	CONCRETE	X		×		
	1357	11.3	x 12	CONCRETE	×	:	X		
	1358	9.8	x 9.9	CONCRETE	×		x		
	1358A	10.9	x 13.2	CONC./BRICK	x		х		
	1359	12.9	X 11.2	CONC./BRICK	x	· ×	x		
	1359C	11.4	x 12	CONCRETE	X		X		
	1360	11.7	× 15.5	CONCRETE	Х		X	-	
	1361	10.3	x 13.8	CONCRETE	x		x		
	1362	8.8	x 10.9	CONCRETE	х		x		
	1363	9.5	x 11.3	CONCRETE	X		X		
	1364	10	x 4.7	CONCRETE	X	-X -	X	X	
	1365	9.9	x 10.6	CONCRETE	X		X		
:	1366	9.7	x 12.5	CONCRETE	x		X	·	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	1366A	8.6	x 10.8	CONCRETE	X	· X	×		
	1367	10.7	x 11.6	CONCRETE	X		x		
	1368	11	x 13.4	CONCRETE	x		X		

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

WD DATE .

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410 - 235 - 3450

1201	
THE WILL WILL WILL WILL WILL WILL WILL WIL	

1436

1437

1438

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1441

1442

1443

1444

1106A

1106

NOTES:

7555-

912

12.1

14.1

18.2

14.3

13

11.9

11.9

11.6

11.9

DRN: GG CHK: AC	DA
DRN: GG	-
DES: MB	-

CONC./BRICK

BRICK

BRICK

BRICK

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BRICK

BRICK

. THE LINER INSERTION MANHOLE LOCATIONS ARE TO BE INVESTIGATED AND SELECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

4. FINAL DEPTH TO INVERT WILL BE INCREASED WHERE RAISED FRAME AND COVER IS REQUIRED.

2. ANY BRICK REPAIR SHALL BE INCIDENTAL TO MANHOLE LINING. MANHOLE LINING SHALL BE PER SPECIFICATIONS.

x 10.3

x 12

x 19.2

x 13.5

X 13.2

x 11.4

x 12.3

x 11.7

x 13.2

100

3. SEE SPECIFICATIONS FOR HYDROPHILIC GROUT REQUIREMENTS.

PLAN AND MANHOLE SCHEDULES

BLOCK NO.

600 SCALE MAP NO.

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LITTLE PATUXENT INTERCEPTOR SEWER REHABILITATION CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6273 CONTRACT NO. 20-4881 **6TH ELECTION DISTRICT** HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SEE SHEET 8, DETAIL 10 FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

SCALE AS SHOWN SHEET 6 OF 10

AS. BUILT: 6.15.2017

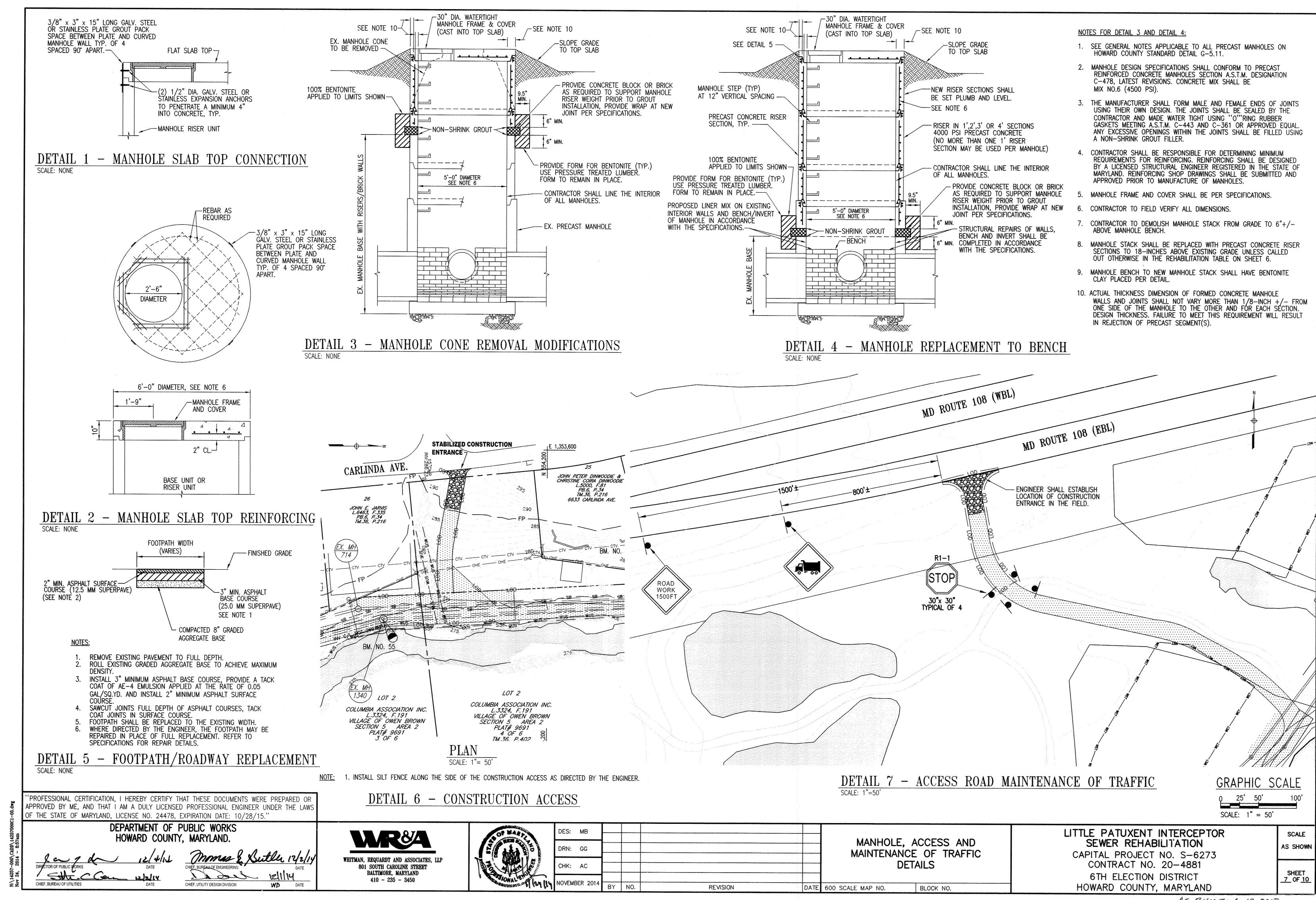
EX. GUARDRAIL TO BE REMOVED

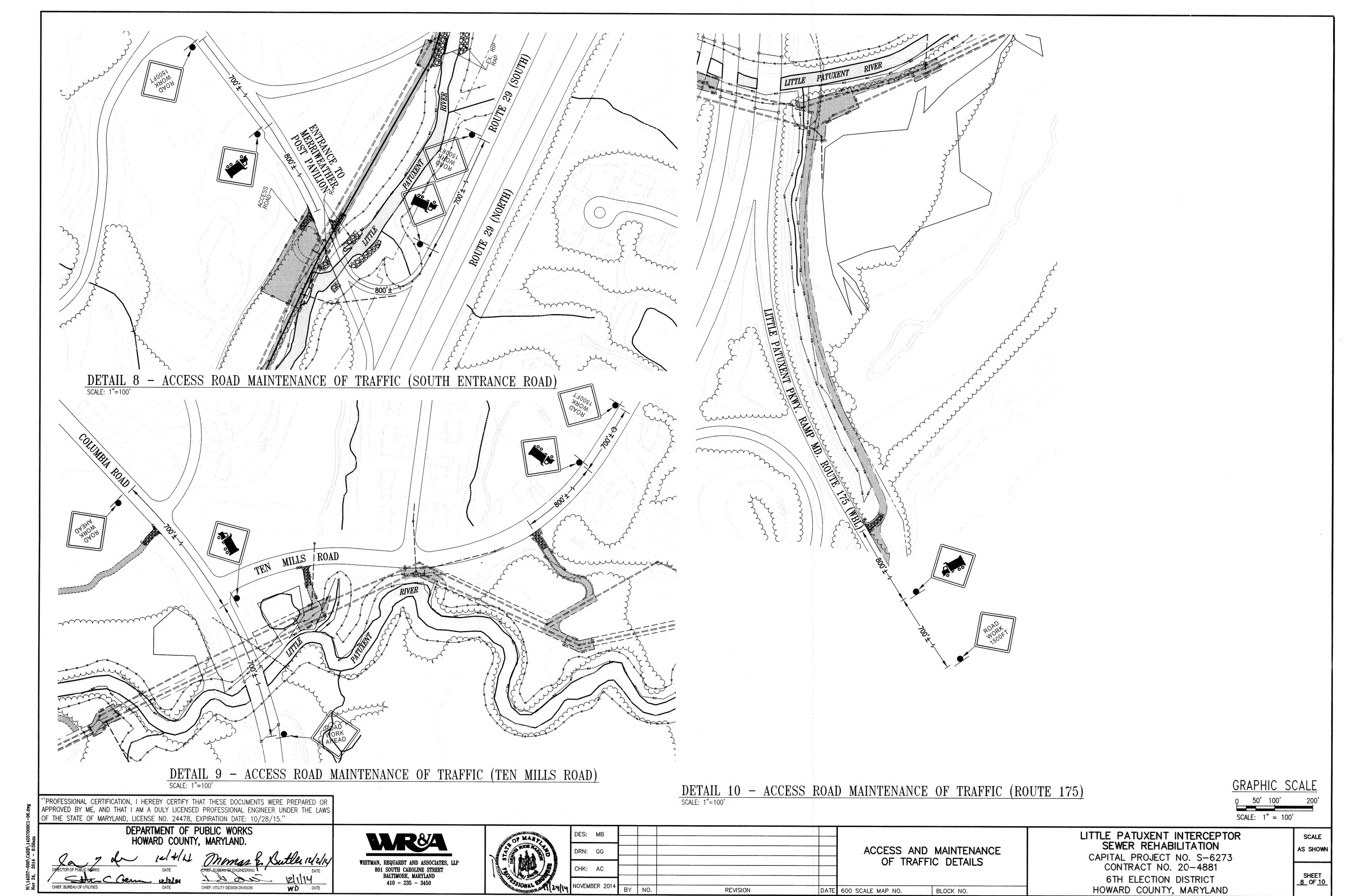
-AND REPLACED AT THE COMPLETION
OF CONSTRUCTION UTILIZE JERSEY
WALL ON STEEP SLOPE SIDE OF
-ACCESS ROAD.

GRAPHIC SCALE

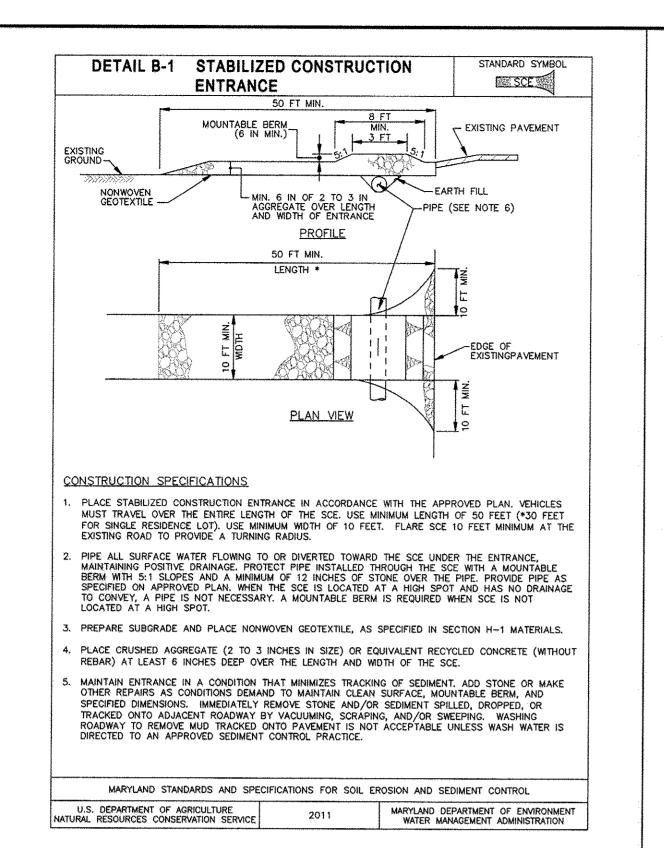
SCALE: 1" = 100'-0"

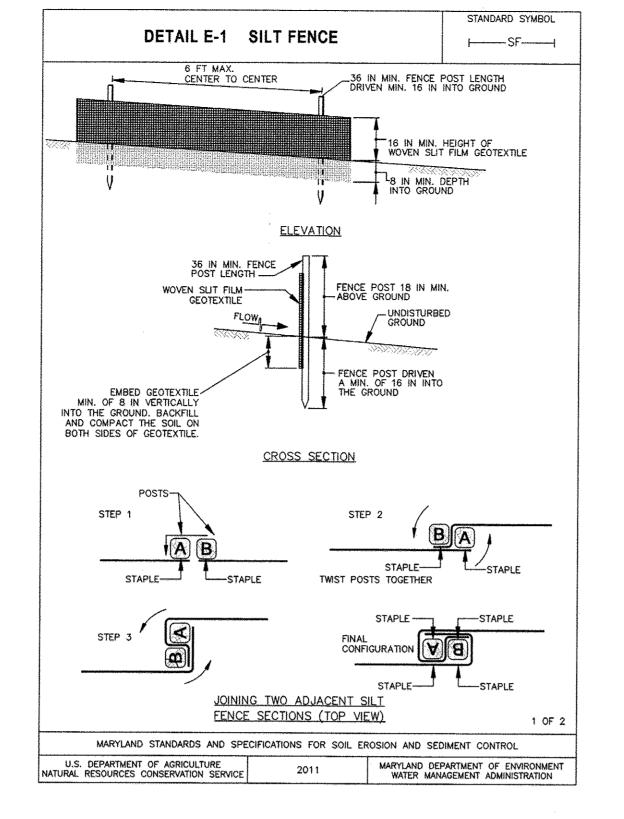
-EX. CHAIN LINK FENCE TO REMAIN IN PLACE DURING CONSTRUCTION.

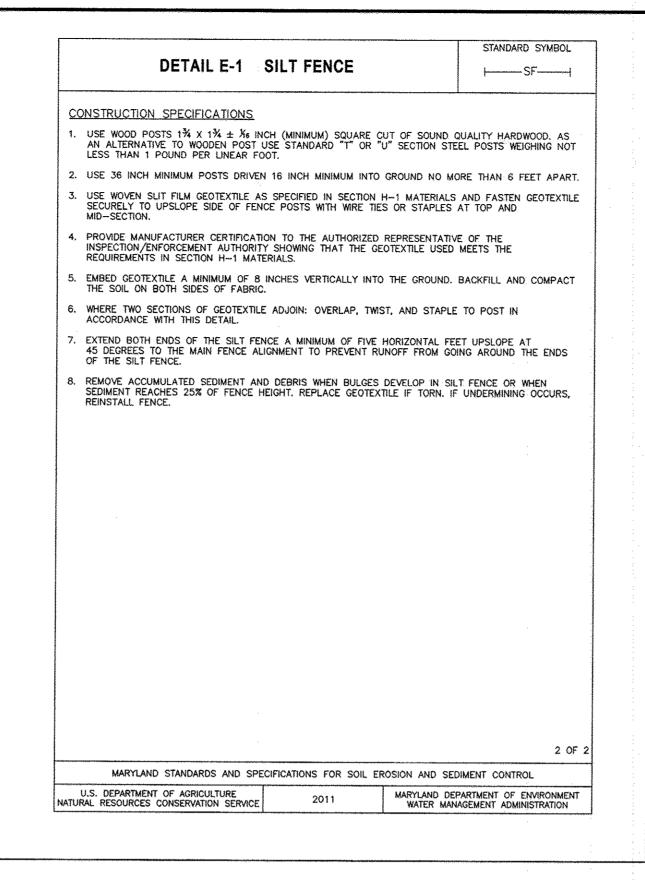


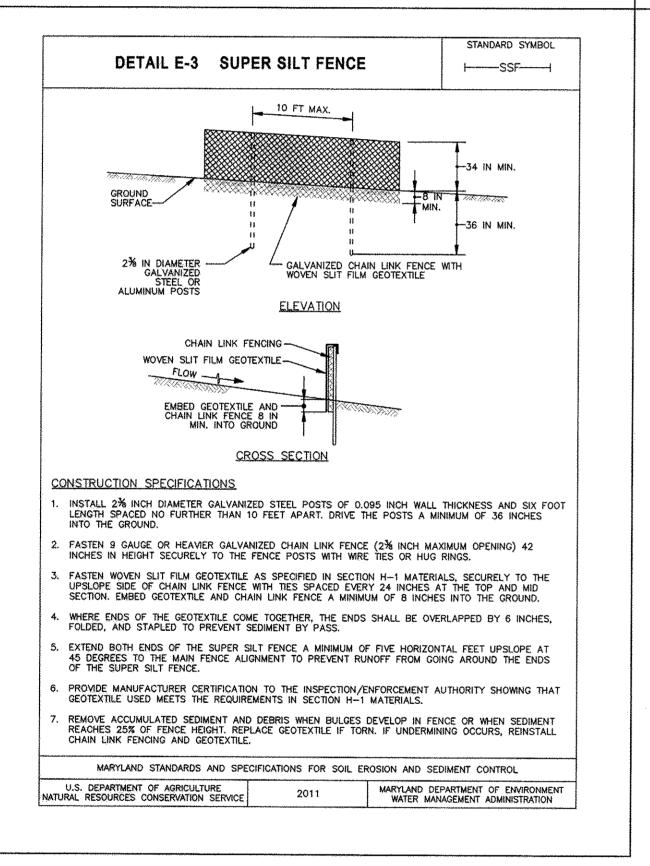


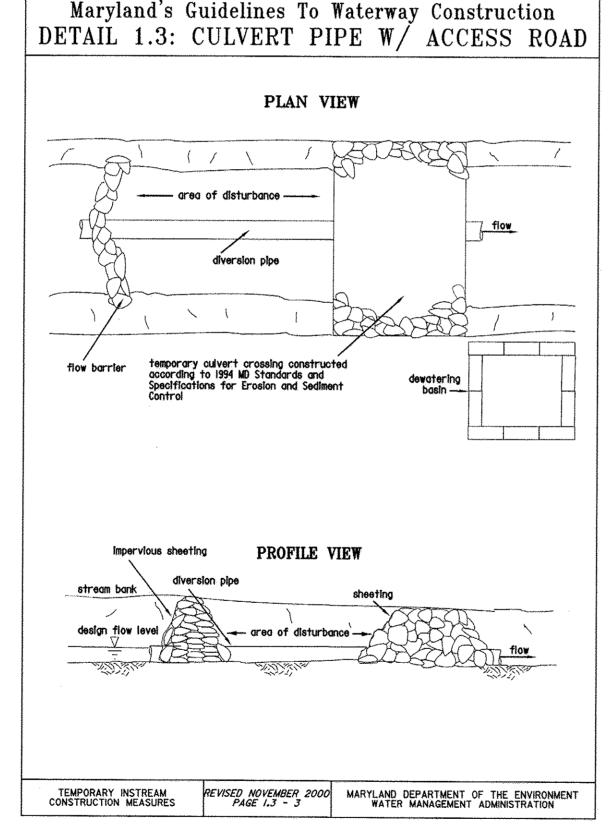
A5-BUILT: 6-15-2017

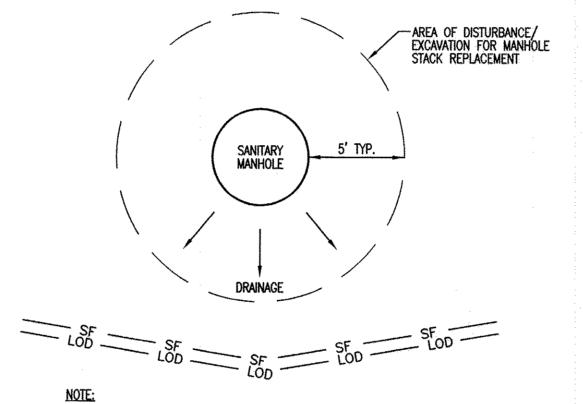






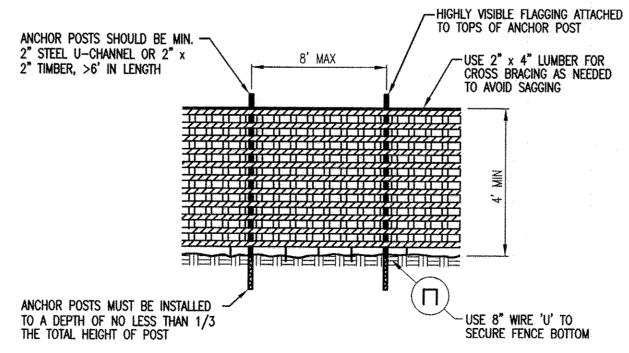






1. FOR MANHOLES REQUIRING EXCAVATION FOR STACK REPLACEMENT OR CIPP LINER INSTALLATION, SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE DOWNSTREAM SLOPE OF THE DISTURBED AREA.

TYPICAL DETAIL FOR EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR MANHOLE



DES: MB

1. BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH FENCE FOR FOREST PROTECTION DEVICE ONLY. 2. FENCE BOUNDARIES SHALL BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEVICE. 3. AVOID DAMAGE TO CRITICAL ROOT ZONE. DO NOT DAMAGE OR SEVER LARGE ROOTS

WHEN INSTALLING POSTS. 4. DEVICE SHALL BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. THE WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION REQUIRES THAT THESE NOTES, IN THEIR ENTIRETY, BE INCLUDED ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN. IT IS RECOGNIZED THAT EVERY NOTE MAY NOT APPLY TO ALL PROJECTS. THE REQUIREMENT OF ANY INDIVIDUAL NOTE NOT APPLICABLE TO THE SUBJECT PROJECT IS NOT BINDING UPON THE APPLICANT OR THE APPLICANT'S CONTRACTOR.

. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ADMINISTRATION (WMA) AT (410) 537-3510 SEVEN (7) DAYS BEFORE COMMENCING ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY AND, UNLESS WAIVED BY THE ADMINISTRATION, SHALL BE REQUIRED TO HOLD A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING BETWEEN PROJECT REPRESENTATIVES AND A REPRESENTATIVE OF WMA.

2. THE CONTRACTOR MUST NOTIFY WMA IN WRITING AND BY TELEPHONE AT THE FOLLOWING POINTS: A. THE REQUIRED PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING. B. FOLLOWING INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.

C. DURING THE INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT BASINS (TO BE CONVERTED INTO PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES) AT THE REQUIRED INSPECTION POINTS (SEE INSPECTION CHECKLIST ON PLAN). NOTIFICATION PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION OF EACH STEP IS MANDATORY. . PRIOR TO REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURE(S). . PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES.

F. PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE.

STANDARD EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES PER THE APPROVED PLAN AND CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE AND SHALL HAVE THEM INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY THE AGENCY INSPECTOR OR WMA INSPECTOR PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY OTHER LAND DISTURBANCES. MINOR SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE LOCATION ADJUSTMENTS MAY BE MADE IN THE FIELD WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE WMA INSPECTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS IS DIRECTED TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND SHALL NOT REMOVE ANY EROSION OR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURE WITHOUT PRIOR PERMISSION FROM WMA INSPECTOR AND AGENCY INSPECTOR. THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN PRIOR AGENCY AND WMA APPROVAL FOR CHANGES TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND / OR SEQUENCE OF

4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL POINTS OF CONSTRUCTION INGRESS AND EGRESS TO PREVENT THE DEPOSITION OF MATERIALS ONTO PUBLIC ROADS. ALL MATERIALS DEPOSITED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS SHALL BE

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT DAILY AND MAINTAIN CONTINUOUSLY IN AN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES UNTIL SUCH TIMES AS THEY ARE REMOVED WITH PRIOR PERMISSION FROM WMA INSPECTOR AND AGENCY INSPECTOR.

6. ALL SEDIMENT BASINS, TRAP EMBANKMENTS AND SLOPES, PERIMETER DIKES, SWALES AND ALL DISTURBED SLOPES STEEPER OR EQUAL TO 3:1 SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH SOD OR SEED AND ANCHORED STRAW MULCH, OR OTHER APPROVED STABILIZATION MEASURES, AS SOON AS POSSIBLE BUT NO LATER THAN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER ESTABLISHMENT. ALL AREAS DISTURBED OUTSIDE OF THE PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL SYSTEM MUST BE MINIMIZED. MAINTENANCE MUST BE PERFORMED AS NECESSARY TO ENSURE CONTINUED STABILIZATION. (REQUIREMENT FOR STABILIZATION MAY BE REDUCED TO THREE (3) DAYS FOR SENSITIVE AREAS.)

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL APPLY SOD OR SEED AND ANCHORED STRAW MULCH, OR OTHER APPROVED STABILIZATION MEASURES TO ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND STOCKPILES WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER STRIPPING AND GRADING ACTIVITIES HAVE CEASED IN THE AREA. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NECESSARY TO ENSURE CONTINUED STABILIZATION. (REQUIREMENT MAY BE REDUCED TO SEVEN (7) DAYS FOR

PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STABILIZE AND HAVE ESTABLISHED PERMANENT STABILIZATION FOR ALL CONTRIBUTORY DISTURBED AREAS USING SOD OR AN APPROVED PERMANENT SEED MIXTURE WITH REQUIRED SOIL AMENDMENTS AND AN APPROVED ANCHORED MULCH. WOOD FIBER MULCH MAY ONLY BE USED IN SEEDING SEASON WHERE THE SLOPE DOES NOT EXCEED 10% AND GRADING HAS BEEN DONE TO PROMOTE SHEET FLOW DRAINAGE. AREAS BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE DURING THE SEEDING SEASON SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, BUT NOT LATER THAN FOURTEEN (14) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER ESTABLISHMENT. WHEN PROPERTY IS BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE DURING THE MONTHS OF NOVEMBER THROUGH FEBRUARY, AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS FOUND TO BE IMPRACTICAL, TEMPORARY SEED AND ANCHORED STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO DISTURBED AREAS. THE FINAL PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF SUCH PROPERTY SHALL BE APPLIED BY MARCH 15 OR EARLIER IF GROUND

9. THE SITE'S APPROVAL LETTER, APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS, DAILY LOG BOOKS, AND TEST REPORTS SHALL BE AVAILABLE AT THE SITE FOR INSPECTION BY DULY AUTHORIZED OFFICIALS OF WMA AND THE AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR PROJECT.

10. SURFACE DRAINAGE FLOWS OVER UNSTABILIZED CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY EITHER PREVENTING DRAINAGE FLOWS FROM TRAVERSING THE SLOPES OR BY INSTALLING PROTECTIVE DEVICES TO LOWER THE WATER DOWNSLOPE WITHOUT CAUSING EROSION. DIKES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AT THE TOP OF A CUT OR FILL SLOPE UNTIL THE SLOPE AND DRAINAGE AREA TO IT ARE FULLY STABILIZED, AT WHICH TIME THEY MUST BE REMOVED AND FINAL GRADING DONE TO PROMOTE SHEET FLOW DRAINAGE. PROTECTIVE METHODS MUST BE PROVIDED AT POINTS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW WHERE EROSION IS LIKELY TO OCCUR.

11. PERMANENT SWALES OR OTHER POINTS OF CONCENTRATED WATER FLOW SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH SOD OR SEED WITH AN APPROVED EROSION CONTROL MATTING, RIP—RAP, OR BY OTHER APPROVED STABILIZATION

12. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED, WITH PERMISSION OF WMA INSPECTOR AND AGENCY INSPECTORS, WITHIN THIRTY (30) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION IN ALL CONTRIBUTORY DRAINAGE AREAS. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES USED TEMPORARILY FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL SHALL BE CONVERTED TO THE PERMANENT CONFIGURATION WITHIN THIS TIME PERIOD AS WELL.

13. NO PERMANENT CUT OR FILL SLOPE WITH A GRADIENT STEEPER THAN 3 MAINTENANCE AREAS. A SLOPE GRADIENT OF UP TO 2:1 WILL BE PERMITTED IN NONMAINTENANCE AREAS PROVIDED THAT THOSE AREAS ARE INDICATED ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN WITH A LOW-MAINTENANCE GROUND COVER SPECIFIED FOR PERMANENT STABILIZATION. SLOPE GRADIENT STEEPER THAN 2:1 WILL NOT BE PERMITTED WITH VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

14. FOR FINISHED GRADING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE GRADIENTS TO PREVENT WATER FROM PONDING FOR MORE THAN TWENTY FOUR (24) HOURS AFTER THE END OF A RAINFALL EVENT. DRAINAGE COURSES AND SWALE FLOW AREAS MAY TAKE AS LONG AS FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS AFTER THE END OF A RAINFALL EVENT TO DRAIN. AREAS DESIGNED TO HAVE STANDING WATER SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO MEET THIS

15. SEDIMENT TRAPS OR BASINS ARE NOT PERMITTED WITHIN 20 FEET OF A FOUNDATION THAT EXISTS OR IS UNDER CONSTRUCTION. NO STRUCTURE MAY BE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN 20 FEET OF AN ACTIVE SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN.

THE WMA INSPECTOR HAS THE OPTION OF REQUIRING ADDITIONAL SAFETY OR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, IF DEEMED NECESSARY.

17. ALL TRAP DEPTH DIMENSIONS ARE RELATIVE TO THE OUTLET ELEVATION. ALL TRAPS MUST HAVE A STABLE OUTFALL. ALL TRAPS AND BASINS SHALL HAVE STABLE INFLOW POINTS.

18. VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, REFER TO APPROPRIATE SPECIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING, PERMANENT SEEDING, MULCHING, SODDING, AND GROUND COVERS.

19. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE TRAP OR BASIN RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN THE SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO ONE QUARTER OF THE TOTAL DEPTH OF THE TRAP OR BASIN. TOTAL DEPTH SHALL BE MEASURED FROM THE TRAP OR BASIN BOTTOM TO THE CREST OF THE OUTLET.

20. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM TRAPS (AND BASINS) SHALL BE PLACED AND STABILIZED IN APPROVED AREAS, BUT NOT WITHIN A FLOODPLAIN, WETLAND OR TREE—SAVE AREA. WHEN PUMPING SEDIMENT LADEN WATER, THE DISCHARGE MUST BE DIRECTED TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE PRIOR TO RELEASE FROM THE SITE. A SUMP PIT MAY BE USED IF SEDIMENT TRAPS THEMSELVES ARE BEING PUMPED OUT.

21. ALL WATER REMOVED FROM EXCAVATED AREAS SHALL BE PASSED THROUGH A WMA APPROVED DEWATERING PRACTICE OR PUMPED TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN PRIOR TO DISCHARGE TO A FUNCTIONAL STORM DRAIN SYSTEM OR TO STABLE GROUND SURFACE.

22. SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR UTILITY CONSTRUCTION FOR AREAS OUTSIDE OF DESIGNED CONTROLS OR AS DIRECTED BY ENGINEER OR WMA INSPECTOR: A. CALL "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

B. EXCAVATED TRENCH MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED ON THE HIGH SIDE OF THE TRENCH.

C. TRENCHES FOR UTILITY INSTALLATION SHALL BE BACKFILLED, COMPACTED, AND STABILIZED AT THE END OF

EACH WORKING DAY. NO MORE TRENCH SHALL BE OPENED THAN CAN BE COMPLETED THE SAME DAY, D. TEMPORARY SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSTREAM OF ANY DISTURBED AREA INTENDED TO REMAIN DISTURBED FOR MORE THAN ONE DAY.

23. WHERE DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE ENGINEER OR INSPECTOR, SEDIMENT BASINS AND TRAPS MAY NEED TO BE SURROUNDED WITH AN APPROVED SAFETY FENCE. THE FENCE MUST CONFORM TO LOCAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS. THE DEVELOPER OR OWNER SHALL CHECK WITH LOCAL BUILDING OFFICIALS ON APPLICABLE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS. WHERE SAFETY FENCE IS DEEMED APPROPRIATE AND LOCAL ORDINANCES DO NOT SPECIFY FENCING SIZES AND TYPES, THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE USED AS A MINIMUM STANDARD: THE SAFETY FENCE MUST BE MADE OF WELDED WIRE AND AT LEAST 42 INCHES HIGH, HAVE POSTS SPACED NO FARTHER APART THAN 8 FEET, HAVE MESH OPENINGS NO GREATER THAN 2 INCHES IN WIDTH AND 4 INCHES IN HEIGHT WITH A MINIMUM OF 14 GAUGE WIRE. SAFETY FENCE MUST BE MAINTAINED AND IN GOOD CONDITION AT ALL

24. OFF-SITE SPOIL OR BORROW AREAS ON STATE OR FEDERAL PROPERTY MUST HAVE PRIOR APPROVAL BY WMA AND OTHER APPLICABLE STATE, FEDERAL, AND LOCAL AGENCIES; OTHERWISE APPROVAL MUST BE GRANTED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES. ALL WASTE AND BORROW AREAS OFF-SITE MUST BE PROTECTED BY SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND STABILIZED.

BLOCK NO.

STANDARD EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES (CONT.)

25. SITES WHERE INFILTRATION DEVICES ARE USED FOR THE CONTROL OF STORMWATER, EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM UNSTABILIZED AREAS FROM ENTERING THE STRUCTURE DURING CONSTRUCTION. SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES PLACED IN INFILTRATION AREAS MUST HAVE BOTTOM ELEVATIONS AT LEAST TWO (2) FEET HIGHER THAN THE FINISH GRADE BOTTOM ELEVATION OF THE INFILTRATION PRACTICE. WHEN CONVERTING A SEDIMENT TRAP TO AN INFILTRATION DEVICE, ALL ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF PRIOR TO FINAL GRADING OF INFILTRATION DEVICE.

. WHEN A STORM DRAIN SYSTEM OUTFALL IS DIRECTED TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN AND THE SYSTEM IS TO BE USED FOR TEMPORARILY CONVEYING SEDIMENT LADEN WATER, ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS IN NON-SUMP AREAS SHALL HAVE TEMPORARY ASPHALT BERMS CONSTRUCTED AT THE TIME OF BASE PAVING TO DIRECT GUTTER FLOW INTO THE INLETS TO AVOID SURCHARGING AND OVERFLOW OF INLETS IN SUMP AREAS.

27. SITE INFORMATION:

A. TOTAL AREA OF FACILITY (BASE, CAMPUS, PARK, ETC.) B. AREA DISTURBED

C. AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED E. TOTAL FILL

F. OFF-SITE WASTE / BORROW AREA LOCATION

7.0 ACRES N/A ACRES 1.500 CU YDS. 1,500 CU. YDS. N/A

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR WORKING IN NONTIDAL WETLANDS, WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS, AND 100-YEAR FLOODPLAINS

1. NO EXCESS FILL, CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL, OR DEBRIS SHALL BE STOCKPILED OR STORED IN NONTIDAL WETLANDS, NONTIDAL WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS, OR THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.

PLACE MATERIALS IN A LOCATION AND MANNER WHICH DOES NOT ADVERSELY IMPACT SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE WATER FLOW INTO OR OUT OF NONTIDAL WETLANDS, NONTIDAL WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS, OR THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.

DO NOT USE THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL AS BACKFILL IF IT CONTAINS WASTE METAL PRODUCTS, UNSIGHTLY DEBRIS, TOXIC MATERIAL, OR ANY OTHER DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCE. IF ADDITIONAL BACKFILL IS REQUIRED, USE CLEAN MATERIAL, OF WASTE METAL PRODUCTS, UNSIGHTLY DEBRIS, TOXIC MATERIAL, OR ANY OTHER

PLACE HEAVY EQUIPMENT ON MATS OR SUITABLY OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO NONTIDAL WETLANDS, NONTIDAL WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS, OR THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.

REPAIR AND MAINTAIN ANY SERVICEABLE STRUCTURE OR FILL SO THERE IS NO PERMANENT LOSS OF NONTIDAL WETLANDS, NONTIDAL WETLAND BUFFERS, OR WATERWAYS, OR PERMANENT MODIFICATION OF THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN IN EXCESS OF THAT LOST UNDER THE ORIGINALLY AUTHORIZED STRUCTURE OR FILL.

RECTIFY ANY NONTIDAL WETLANDS, WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS, OR 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN TEMPORARILY IMPACTED BY ANY CONSTRUCTION.

7. ALL STABILIZATION IN THE NONTIDAL WETLAND AND NONTIDAL WETLAND BUFFER SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING SPECIES: ANNUAL RYEGRASS (LOLIUM MULTIFLORUM), MILLET (SETARIA ITALICA), BARLEY (HORDEUM SP.), OATS (UNIOLA SP.), AND/OR RYE (SECALE CEREALE). THESE SPECIES WILL ALLOW FOR THE STABILIZATION OF THE SITE WHILE ALSO ALLOWING FOR THE VOLUNTARY REVEGETATION OF NATURAL WETLAND SPECIES. OTHER NON-PERSISTENT VEGETATION MAY BE ACCEPTABLE, BUT MUST BE APPROVED BY THE NONTIDAL WETLANDS AND WATERWAYS DIVISION. KENTUCKY 31 FESCUE SHALL NOT BE UTILIZED IN WETLAND OR BUFFER AREAS. THE AREA SHOULD BE SEEDED AND MULCHED TO REDUCE EROSION AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE BEEN

AFTER INSTALLATION HAS BEEN COMPLETED, MAKE POST-CONSTRUCTION GRADES AND ELEVATIONS THE SAME AS THE ORIGINAL GRADES AND ELEVATIONS IN TEMPORARILY IMPACTED AREAS.

9. TO PROTECT AQUATIC SPECIES, IN-STREAM WORK IS PROHIBITED AS DETERMINED BY THE CLASSIFICATION OF THE STREAM:

USE I WATERS: IN-STREAM WORK SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED DURING THE PERIOD MARCH 1 THROUGH JUNE 15, INCLUSIVE, DURING ANY YEAR.

USE III WATERS: IN-STREAM WORK SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED DURING THE PERIOD OCTOBER 1 THROUGH APRIL 30, INCLUSIVE, DURING ANY YEAR. USE IV WATERS: IN-STREAM WORK SHALL NOT BE CONDUCTED DURING THE PERIOD MARCH 1 THROUGH MAY 31

INCLUSIVE, DURING ANY YEAR.

10. STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM IMPERVIOUS SURFACES SHALL BE CONTROLLED TO PREVENT THE WASHING OF DEBRIS INTO THE WATERWAY.

11. CULVERTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AND ANY RIPRAP PLACED SO AS NOT TO OBSTRUCT THE MOVEMENT OF AQUATIC SPECIES, UNLESS THE PURPOSE OF THE ACTIVITY IS TO IMPOUND WATER.

<u>Project sequence of construction</u>

NOTIFY MISS UTILITY (1-800-257-7777) AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK.

2. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION (410-313-1855) AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING WORK ON-SITE. (1 DAY)

CLEAR AND GRUB FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND DEVICES ONLY. (7 DAYS)

. INSTALL ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AND DEVICES INCLUDING STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S). (10 DAYS)

5. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION UPON COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION WORK NOTED ABOVE. (1 DAY)

6. BEGIN REHABILITATION WORK (XXX DAYS)

CONNECT TO EXISTING UTILITIES WHERE APPLICABLE. (7 DAYS)

8. WITH PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE(S). (2 DAYS)

9. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS. (14 DAYS)

10. FOLLOWING APPROVAL FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION INSPECTOR, REMOVE ALL REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND STABILIZE ANY REMIANING AREAS. (7 DAYS)

DATE 600 SCALE MAP NO.

TREE PROTECTION FENCE

NO SCALE

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

LITTLE PATUXENT INTERCEPTOR SEWER REHABILITATION CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6273 CONTRACT NO. 20-4881 **6TH ELECTION DISTRICT**

SHEET 9 OF 10

AS SHOW

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 24478, EXPIRATION DATE: 10/28/15."

'PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR

APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CHIEF, UTILITY DESIGN DIVISION WD DATE

WR84 WHITMAN. REQUARDT AND ASSOCIATES, LLP 801 SOUTH CAROLINE STREET BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

410 - 235 - 3450



TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

WHERE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION IS TO BE ESTABLISHED

A. SOIL PREPARATION 1. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

A. SEEDBED PREPARATION CONSISTS OF LOOSENING SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES BY MEANS OF SUITABLE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, SUCH AS DISC HARROWS OR CHISEL PLOWS OR RIPPERS MOUNTED ON CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. AFTER THE SOIL IS LOOSENED. IT MUST NOT BE ROLLED OR DRAGGED SMOOTH BUT LEFT IN THE ROUGHENED CONDITION. SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER ARE TO BE TRACKED WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE

B. APPLY FERTILIZER AND LIME AS PRESCRIBED ON THE PLANS. C. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

2. PERMANENT STABILIZATION A. A SOIL TEST IS REQUIRED FOR ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. THE MINIMUM SOIL CONDITIONS

REQUIRED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE: I. SOIL PH BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.0.

II. SOLUBLE SALTS LESS THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION (PPM). III. SOIL CONTAINS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT CLAY BUT ENOUGH FINE GRAINED MATERIAL (GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) TO PROVIDE THE CAPACITY TO HOLD A MODERATE AMOUNT OF MOISTURE. AN EXCEPTION: IF LOVEGRASS WILL BE PLANTED, THEN A SANDY SOIL (LESS THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) WOULD BE **ACCEPTABLE**

IV. SOIL CONTAINS 1.5 PERCENT MINIMUM ORGANIC MATTER BY WEIGHT V. SOIL CONTAINS SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE TO PERMIT ADEQUATE ROOT PENETRATION

B. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS OR TOPSOIL IS REQUIRED IF ON-SITE SOILS DO NOT MEET THE ABOVE CONDITIONS. C. GRADED AREAS MUST BE MAINTAINED IN A TRUE AND EVEN GRADE AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN, THEN SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES.

D. APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN OR AS INDICATED BY THE RESULTS OF A SOIL

E. MIX SOIL AMENDMENTS INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS. RAKE LAWN AREAS TO SMOOTH THE SURFACE, REMOVE LARGE OBJECTS LIKE STONES AND BRANCHES. AND READY THE AREA FOR SEED APPLICATION. LOOSEN SURFACE SOIL BY DRAGGING WITH A HEAVY CHAIN OR OTHER EQUIPMENT TO ROUGHEN SURFACE WHERE SITE CONDITIONS WILL NOT PERMIT NORMAL SEEDBED PREPARATION. TRACK SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER WITH TRACKED EQUIPMENT LEAVING THE SOIL IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE. LEAVE THE TOP 1 TO 3 INCHES OF SOIL LOOSE AND FRIABLE. SEEDBED LOOSENING MAY BE UNNECESSARY ON NEWLY DISTURBED AREAS.

B. TOPSOILING

TOPSOIL IS PLACED OVER PREPARED SUBSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION. THE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH. SOILS OF CONCERN HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW NUTRIENT LEVELS, LOW PH, MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL GRADATION. 2. TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM AN EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED IT MEETS THE STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE

SPECIFICATIONS. TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL TO BE SALVAGED FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA-NRCS. 3. TOPSOILING IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER SLOPES WHERE A. THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO PRODUCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

B. THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO SUPPORT PLANTS OR

FURNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT NUTRIENTS. THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH. THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH LIMESTONE IS NOT FEASIBLE.

 AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND DESIGN. 5. TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS: SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

A. TOPSOIL MUST BE A LOAM, SANDY LOAM, CLAY LOAM, SILT LOAM, SANDY CLAY LOAM, OR LOAMY SAND, OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENDED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE A MIXTURE OF CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND MUST CONTAIN LESS THAN 5 PERCENT BY VOLUME OF CINDERS, STONES, SLAG, COARSE FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL, STICKS, ROOTS, TRASH, OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAN 1½ INCHES IN DIAMETER.

B. TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF NOXIOUS PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH AS BERMUDA GRASS, QUACK GRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, NUT SEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTLE, OR OTHERS AS SPECIFIED.

TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL TOPSOIL.

A. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE MAINTAINED WHEN APPLYING TOPSOIL

B. UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTE TOPSOIL IN A 5 TO 8 INCH LAYER AND LIGHTLY COMPACT TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4 INCHES. SPREADING IS TO BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM OF ADDITIONAL SOIL PREPARATION AND TILLAGE. ANY IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOILING OR OTHER OPERATIONS MUST BE CORRECTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS OR WATER POCKETS.

C. TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE PLACED IF THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION, WHEN THE SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING AND

C. SOIL AMENDMENTS (FERTILIZER AND LIME SPECIFICATIONS)

1. SOIL TESTS MUST BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE EXACT RATIOS AND APPLICATION RATES FOR BOTH LIME AND ERTILIZER ON SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. SOIL ANALYSIS MAY BE PERFORMED BY A RECOGNIZED PRIVATE OR COMMERCIAL LABORATORY. SOIL SAMPLES TAKEN FOR ENGINEERING PURPOSES MAY ALSO BE USED FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSES. 2. FERTILIZERS MUST BE UNIFORM IN COMPOSITION, FREE FLOWING AND SUITABLE FOR ACCURATE APPLICATION BY

APPROPRIATE EQUIPMENT. MANURE MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR FERTILIZER WITH PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. FERTILIZERS MUST ALL BE DELIVERED TO THE SITE FULLY LABELED ACCORDING TO THE APPLICABLE LAWS AND MUST BEAR THE NAME, TRADE NAME OR TRADEMARK AND WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCER. 3. LIME MATERIALS MUST BE GROUND LIMESTONE (HYDRATED OR BURNT LIME MAY BE SUBSTITUTED EXCEPT WHEN HYDROSEEDING) WHICH CONTAINS AT LEAST 50 PERCENT TOTAL OXIDES (CALCIUM OXIDE PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDE).

LIMESTONE MUST BE GROUND TO SUCH FINENESS THAT AT LEAST 50 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #100 MESH SIEVE AND 98 TO 100 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #20 MESH SIEVE.

4. LIME AND FERTILIZER ARE TO BE EVENLY DISTRIBUTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.

5. WHERE THE SUBSOIL IS EITHER HIGHLY ACIDIC OR COMPOSED OF HEAVY CLAYS, SPREAD GROUND LIMESTONE AT THE RATE OF 4 TO 8 TONS/ACRE (200-400 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET) PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL.

LAND GRADING

<u>DEFINITION</u>
RESHAPING THE EXISTING LAND SURFACE TO PROVIDE SUITABLE TOPOGRAPHY FOR BUILDING FACILITIES AND OTHER SITE

PURPOSE TO PROVIDE EROSION CONTROL AND VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT FOR EXTREME CHANGES IN GRADE.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EARTH DISTURBANCES OR EXTREME GRADE MODIFICATIONS ON STEEP OR LONG SLOPES.

DESIGN CRITERIA
THE GRADING PLAN SHOULD BE BASED ON THE INCORPORATION OF BUILDING DESIGNS AND STREET LAYOUTS THAT FIT AND STREET LAYOUTS THAT INFORMATION SUBMITTED MUST PROVIDE SUFFICIENT TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS AND SOIL INVESTIGATIONS TO DETERMINE LIMITATIONS THAT MUST BE IMPOSED ON THE GRADING OPERATION RELATED TO SLOPE STABILITY, ADJACENT PROPERTIES. DRAINAGE PATTERNS, MEASURES FOR WATER REMOVAL, AND VEGETATIVE TREATMENT. ETC.

MANY JURISDICTIONS HAVE REGULATIONS AND DESIGN PROCEDURES ALREADY ESTABLISHED FOR LAND GRADING THAT MUST BE FOLLOWED. THE PLAN MUST SHOW EXISTING AND PROPOSED CONTOURS FOR THE AREA(S) TO BE GRADED INCLUDING PRACTICES FOR EROSION CONTROL, SLOPE STABILIZATION, AND SAFE CONVEYANCE OF RUNOFF (E.G., WATERWAYS, LINED CHANNELS, REVERSE BENCHES, GRADE STABILIZATION STRUCTURES). THE GRADING/CONSTRUCTION PLANS ARE TO INCILIDE THE PHASING OF THESE PRACTICES AND CONSIDERATION OF THE FOLLOWING:

1. PROVISIONS TO SAFELY CONVEY SURFACE RUNOFF TO STORM DRAINS, PROTECTED OUTLETS OR STABLE WATER COURSES TO ENSURE THAT SURFACE RUNOFF WILL NOT DAMAGE SLOPES OR OTHER GRADED AREAS. ADEQUATE PROTECTION AGAINST SEDIMENTATION, EROSION, SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT, SUBSIDENCE, OR OTHER RELATED DAMAGES.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR PPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 24478, EXPIRATION DATE: 10/28/15."

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORK

HER BUREAU OF ENGINEERIN

LAND GRADING (CONT.)

2. CUT AND FILL SLOPES, STABILIZED WITH GRASSES, NO STEEPER THAN 2:L. (WHERE THE SLOPE IS TO BE MOWED, THE SLOPE SHOULD BE NO STEEPER THAN 3:L, BUT 4:L IS PREFERRED BECAUSE OF SAFETY FACTORS RELATED TO MOWING STEEP SLOPES.) SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:L REQUIRE SPECIAL DESIGN AND STABILIZATION CONSIDERATIONS TO BE SHOWN

3. BENCHING PER DETAIL B-3-1 WHENEVER THE VERTICAL INTERVAL (HEIGHT) OF ANY 2:L SLOPE EXCEEDS 20 FEET; FOR 3:L SLOPES, WHEN IT EXCEEDS 30 FEET; AND FOR 4:L SLOPES, WHEN IT EXCEEDS 40 FEET. LOCATE BENCHES TO DIVIDE THE SLOPE FACE AS EQUALLY AS POSSIBLE AND TO CONVEY THE WATER TO A STABLE OUTLET. SOILS, SEEPS, ROCK OUTCROPS, ETC. ARE TO BE TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION WHEN DESIGNING BENCHES.

A. PROVIDE BENCHES WITH A MINIMUM WIDTH OF SIX FEET FOR EASE OF MAINTENANCE.

B. DESIGN BENCHES WITH A REVERSE SLOPE OF 6:L OR FLATTER TO THE TOE OF THE UPPER SLOPE AND WITH A MINIMUM OF ONE FOOT IN DEPTH. GRADE THE LONGITUDINAL SLOPE OF THE BENCH BETWEEN 2 PERCENT AND 3 PERCENT, UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY APPROPRIATE DESIGN AND COMPUTATIONS.

C. THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE FLOW LENGTH WITHIN A BENCH IS 800 FEET UNLESS ACCOMPANIED BY APPROPRIATE DESIGN AND COMPUTATIONS.

4. DIVERSION OF SURFACE WATER FROM THE FACE OF ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES USING EARTH DIKES OR SWALES. CONVEY SURFACE WATER DOWN SLOPE USING A DESIGNED STRUCTURE, AND:

A. PROTECT THE FACE OF ALL GRADED SLOPES FROM SURFACE RUNOFF UNTIL THEY ARE STABILIZED.

B. DO NOT SUBJECT THE SLOPE'S FACE TO ANY CONCENTRATED FLOW OF SURFACE WATER SUCH AS FROM NATURAL DRAINAGE WAYS, GRADED SWALES, DOWNSPOUTS, ETC.

C. PROTECT THE FACE OF THE SLOPE BY SPECIAL EROSION CONTROL MATERIALS TO INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO. APPROVED VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION PRACTICES, RIPRAP OR OTHER APPROVED STABILIZATION METHODS.

5. SERRATED SLOPE AS SHOWN IN DETAIL B-3-2. THE STEEPEST ALLOWABLE SLOPE FOR RIPABLE ROCK IS 1.5:1. FOR NON ROCK SURFACES, THE SLOPES ARE TO BE 2:1 OR FLATTER. THESE STEPS WILL WEATHER AND ACT TO HOLD MOISTURE. LIME, FERTILIZER AND SEED THUS PRODUCING A MUCH QUICKER AND LONGER LIVED VEGETATIVE COVER AND BETTER SLOPE STABILIZATION.

6. SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE PROVISIONS. PROVIDE SUBSURFACE DRAINAGE WHERE NECESSARY TO INTERCEPT SEEPAGE THAT WOULD OTHERWISE ADVERSELY AFFECT SLOPE STABILITY OR CREATE EXCESSIVELY WET SITE CONDITIONS.

7. PROXIMITY TO ADJACENT PROPERTY. SLOPES MUST NOT BE CREATED CLOSE TO PROPERTY LINES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PROTECTION AGAINST SEDIMENTATION, EROSION, SLIPPAGE, SETTLEMENT, SUBSIDENCE, OR OTHER RELATED DAMAGES.

8. QUALITY OF FILL MATERIAL. FILL MATERIAL MUST BE FREE OF BRUSH, RUBBISH, LOGS, STUMPS, BUILDING DEBRIS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL. DO NOT PLACE FROZEN MATERIALS IN THE FILL NOR PLACE THE FILL MATERIAL ON A FROZEN FOUNDATION.

9. STABILIZATION. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS STRUCTURALLY OR VEGETATIVELY IN COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION B-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR STABILIZATION PRACTICES.

THE LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION OF BENCHING AND SERRATED SLOPES MUST BE MAINTAINED. BENCHES AND SERRATED SLOPES MUST CONTINUOUSLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

USING VEGETATION AS COVER TO PROTECT EXPOSED SOIL FROM EROSION.

TO PROMOTE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION ON EXPOSED SOIL.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES
ON ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT STABILIZED BY OTHER METHODS. THIS SPECIFICATION IS DIVIDED INTO SECTIONS ON INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION; SOIL PREPARATION, SOIL AMENDMENTS AND TOPSOILING; SEEDING AND MULCHING; TEMPORARY STABILIZATION: AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY
STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE USED TO PROMOTE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION ON EXPOSED SOIL. WHEN SOIL IS
STABILIZED WITH VEGETATION, THE SOIL IS LESS LIKELY TO ERODE AND MORE LIKELY TO ALLOW INFILTRATION OF RAINFALL, THEREBY REDUCING SEDIMENT LOADS AND RUNOFF TO DOWNSTREAM AREAS.

PLANTING VEGETATION IN DISTURBED AREAS WILL HAVE AN EFFECT ON THE WATER BUDGET, ESPECIALLY ON VOLUMES AND RATES OF RUNOFF, INFILTRATION, EVAPORATION, TRANSPIRATION, PERCOLATION, AND GROUNDWATER RECHARGE, OVER TIME, VEGETATION WILL INCREASE ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT AND IMPROVE THE WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF THE SOIL AND

VEGETATION WILL HELP REDUCE THE MOVEMENT OF SEDIMENT, NUTRIENTS, AND OTHER CHEMICALS CARRIED BY RUNOFF TO RECEIVING WATERS. PLANTS WILL ALSO HELP PROTECT GROUNDWATER SUPPLIES BY ASSIMILATING THOSE SUBSTANCES PRESENT WITHIN THE ROOT ZONF.

SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST REMAIN IN PLACE DURING GRADING, SEEDBED PREPARATION, SEEDING, MULCHING, AND VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT.

ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT INSPECT SEEDED AREAS FOR VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT AND MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS, AND RESEEDINGS WITHIN THE PLANTING SEASON.

1. ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION REQUIRES 95 PERCENT GROUNDCOVER.

2. IF AN AREA HAS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT GROUNDCOVER, RESTABILIZE FOLLOWING THE ORIGINAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LIME, FERTILIZER, SEEDBED PREPARATION, AND SEEDING.

3. IF AN AREA HAS BETWEEN 40 AND 94 PERCENT GROUNDCOVER, OVER-SEED AND FERTILIZE USING HALF OF THE RATES ORIGINALLY SPECIFIED.

4. MAINTENANCE FERTILIZER RATES FOR PERMANENT SEEDING ARE SHOWN IN TABLE B.6.

STANDARD STABILIZATION NOTE

FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1); AND FOURTEEN (14) DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.

SEEDING AND MULCHING

<u>DEFINITION</u>
THE APPLICATION OF SEED AND MULCH TO ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER.

PURPOSE TO PROTECT DISTURBED SOILS FROM EROSION DURING AND AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES
TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, SLOPES, AND ANY DISTURBED AREA NOT UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.

CRITERIA

A. SEEDING 1. SPECIFICATIONS

A. ALL SEED MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARYLAND STATE SEED LAW. ALL SEED MUST BE SUBJECT TO RE-TESTING BY A RECOGNIZED SEED LABORATORY. ALL SEED USED MUST HAVE BEEN TESTED WITHIN THE 6 MONTHS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF SOWING SUCH MATERIAL ON ANY PROJECT. REFER TO TABLE B.4 REGARDING THE QUALITY OF SEED. SEED TAGS MUST BE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST TO THE INSPECTOR TO VERIFY TYPE OF SEED AND SEEDING RATE.

B. MULCH ALONE MAY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES ONLY IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN. THE APPROPRIATE SEEDING MIXTURE MUST BE APPLIED WHEN THE GROUND THAWS.

C. INOCULANTS: THE INOCULANT FOR TREATING LEGUME SEED IN THE SEED MIXTURES MUST BE A PURE CULTURE OF NITROGEN FIXING BACTERIA PREPARED SPECIFICALLY FOR THE SPECIES. INOCULANTS MUST NOT BE USED LATER THAN THE DATE INDICATED ON THE CONTAINER. ADD FRESH INOCULANTS AS DIRECTED ON THE PACKAGE. USE FOUR TIMES THE RECOMMENDED RATE WHEN HYDROSEEDING. NOTE: IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO KEEP INOCULANT AS COOL AS POSSIBLE UNTIL USED. TEMPERATURES ABOVE 75 TO 80 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT CAN WEAKEN BACTERIA AND MAKE THE

SEEDING AND MULCHING (CONT.)

D. SOD OR SEED MUST NOT BE PLACED ON SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME HAS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO PERMIT DISSIPATION OF PHYTO-TOXIC MATERIALS.

2. APPLICATION

A. DRY SEEDING: THIS INCLUDES USE OF CONVENTIONAL DROP OR BROADCAST SPREADERS. I. INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SUBSOIL AT THE RATES PRESCRIBED ON TEMPORARY SEEDING TABLE B.1, PERMANENT

SEEDING TABLE B.3. OR SITE-SPECIFIC SEEDING SUMMARIES. II. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS. PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION. ROLL THE SEEDED AREA WITH A WEIGHTED ROLLER TO PROVIDE GOOD SEED TO SOIL CONTACT.

B. DRILL OR CULTIPACKER SEEDING: MECHANIZED SEEDERS THAT APPLY AND COVER SEED WITH SOIL I. CULTIPACKING SEEDERS ARE REQUIRED TO BURY THE SEED IN SUCH A FASHION AS TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 1/4 INCH OF SOIL COVERING. SEEDBED MUST BE FIRM AFTER PLANTING.

II. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION. C. HYDROSEEDING: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDES SEED AND FERTILIZER).

I. IF FERTILIZER IS BEING APPLIED AT THE TIME OF SEEDING, THE APPLICATION RATES SHOULD NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING: NITROGEN, 100 POUNDS PER ACRE TOTAL OF SOLUBLE NITROGEN; P205 (PHOSPHOROUS), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE; K20 (POTASSIUM), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE.

II. LIME: USE ONLY GROUND AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE (UP TO 3 TONS PER ACRE MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING). NORMALLY, NOT MORE THAN 2 TONS ARE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING AT ANY ONE TIME. DO NOT USE BURNT OR HYDRATED LIME WHEN HYDROSEEDING.

III. MIX SEED AND FERTILIZER ON SITE AND SEED IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION IV. WHEN HYDROSEEDING DO NOT INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SOIL.

1. MULCH MATERIALS (IN ORDER OF PREFERENCE) A. STRAW CONSISTING OF THOROUGHLY THRESHED WHEAT, RYE. OAT, OR BARLEY AND REASONABLY BRIGHT IN COLOR. STRAW IS TO BE FREE OF NOXIOUS WEED SEEDS AS SPECIFIED IN THE MARYLAND SEED LAW AND NOT MUSTY, MOLDY, CAKED, DECAYED, OR EXCESSIVELY DUSTY. NOTE: USE ONLY STERILE STRAW MULCH IN AREAS WHERE ONE SPECIES OF GRASS IS DESIRED.

B. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH (WCFM) CONSISTING OF SPECIALLY PREPARED WOOD CELLULOSE PROCESSED INTO A UNIFORM FIBROUS PHYSICAL STATE.

I. WCFM IS TO BE DYED GREEN OR CONTAIN A GREEN DYE IN THE PACKAGE THAT WILL PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATE COLOR TO FACILITATE VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE UNIFORMLY SPREAD SLURRY. II. WCFM. INCLUDING DYE, MUST CONTAIN NO GERMINATION OR GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS

III. WCFM MATERIALS ARE TO BE MANUFACTURED AND PROCESSED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH WILL REMAIN IN UNIFORM SUSPENSION IN WATER UNDER AGITATION AND WILL BLEND WITH SEED, FERTILIZER AND OTHER ADDITIVES TO FORM A HOMOGENEOUS SLURRY. THE MULCH MATERIAL MUST FORM A BLOTTER-LIKE GROUND COVER. ON APPLICATION. HAVING MOISTURE ABSORPTION AND PERCOLATION PROPERTIES AND MUST COVER AND HOLD GRASS SEED IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL WITHOUT INHIBITING THE GROWTH OF THE GRASS SEEDLINGS.

IV. WCFM MATERIAL MUST NOT CONTAIN ELEMENTS OR COMPOUNDS AT CONCENTRATION LEVELS THAT WILL BE PHYTO-TOXIC V. WCFM MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS: FIBER LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 10 MILLIMETERS, DIAMETER APPROXIMATELY 1 MILLIMETER. PH RANGE OF 4.0 TO 8.5, ASH CONTENT OF 1.6 PERCENT MAXIMUM AND WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF 90 PERCENT MINIMUM.

2. APPLICATION

A. APPLY MULCH TO ALL SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. B. WHEN STRAW MULCH IS USED, SPREAD IT OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE TO A UNIFORM LOOSE DEPTH OF 1 TO 2 INCHES. APPLY MULCH TO ACHIEVE A UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION AND DEPTH SO THAT THE SOIL SURFACE IS NOT EXPOSED. WHEN USING A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL, INCREASE THE APPLICATION RATE TO 2.5 TONS PER ACRE.

C. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER USED AS MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 1500 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER TO ATTAIN A MIXTURE WITH A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.

ANCHORING A. PERFORM MULCH ANCHORING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING APPLICATION OF MULCH TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER. THIS MAY BE DONE BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS (LISTED BY PREFERENCE), DEPENDING UPON THE SIZE OF THE AREA AND EROSION HAZARD:

I. A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS A TRACTOR DRAWN IMPLEMENT DESIGNED TO PUNCH AND ANCHOR MULCH INTO THE SOIL SURFACE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES. THIS PRACTICE IS MOST EFFECTIVE ON LARGE AREAS, BUT IS LIMITED TO FLATTER SLOPES WHERE EQUIPMENT CAN OPERATE SAFELY. IF USED ON SLOPING LAND, THIS PRACTICE SHOULD FOLLOW THE II. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MAY BE USED FOR ANCHORING STRAW. APPLY THE FIBER BINDER AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF

750 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER AT A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER. III. SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRO-TACK), DCA-70, PETROSET, TERRA TAX II, TERRA TACK AR OR OTHER APPROVED EQUAL MAY BE USED. FOLLOW APPLICATION RATES AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. APPLICATION OF LIQUID BINDERS NEEDS TO BE HEAVIER AT THE EDGES WHERE WIND CATCHES MULCH, SUCH AS IN

VALLEYS AND ON CRESTS OF BANKS. USE OF ASPHALT BINDERS IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED. IV. LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC NETTING MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. NETTING IS USUALLY AVAILABLE IN ROLLS 4 TO 15 FEET WIDE AND 300 TO 3,000 FEET LONG.

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

DEFINITION TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION.

PURPOSE
TO USE LONG-LIVED PERENNIAL GRASSES AND LEGUMES TO ESTABLISH PERMANENT GROUND COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS.

<u>CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES</u>
EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR 6 MONTHS OR MORE.

<u>CRITERIA</u>

A. SEED MIXTURES 1. GENERAL USE

A. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE B.3 FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3) AND BASED ON THE SITE CONDITION OR PURPOSE FOUND ON TABLE B.2. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S). APPLICATION RATES. AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE

B. ADDITIONAL PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR EXCEPTIONAL SITES SUCH AS SHORELINES, STREAM BANKS, OR DUNES OR FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES SUCH AS WILDLIFE OR AESTHETIC TREATMENT MAY BE FOUND IN USDA-NRCS TECHNICAL FIELD OFFICE GUIDE. SECTION 342 - CRITICAL AREA PLANTING. . FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREA OVER 5 ACRES, USE AND SHOW THE RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE SOIL TESTING AGENCY.

D. FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW MAINTENANCE, APPLY UREA FORM FERTILIZER (46-0-0) AT 3 1/2 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET (150 POUNDS PER ACRE) AT THE TIME OF SEEDING IN ADDITION TO THE SOIL AMENDMENTS SHOWN IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. 2. TURFGRASS MIXTURES A. AREAS WHERE TURFGRASS MAY BE DESIRED INCLUDE LAWNS, PARKS, PLAYGROUNDS, AND COMMERCIAL SITES WHICH WILL RECEIVE

A MEDIUM TO HIGH LEVEL OF MAINTENANCE. B. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED BELOW BASED ON THE SITE CONDITIONS OR PURPOSE, ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S), APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE PLAN. I. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS THAT RECEIVE INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT, IRRIGATION REQUIRED IN

THE AREAS OF CENTRAL MARYLAND AND EASTERN SHORE. RECOMMENDED CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS

SEEDING RATE: 1.5 TO 2.0 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight. II. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/PERENNIAL RYE: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN FULL SUN AREAS WHERE RAPID ESTABLISHMENT IS NECESSARY AND WHEN TURF WILL RECEIVE MEDIUM TO INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT. CERTIFIED PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CULTIVARS/CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEEDING RATE: 2 POUNDS MIXTURE PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS WITH EACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY

III. TALL FESCUE/KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN DROUGHT PRONE AREAS AND/OR FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW TO MEDIUM MANAGEMENT IN FULL SUN TO MEDIUM SHADE, RECOMMENDED MIXTURE INCLUDES: CERTIFIED TALL FESCUE CULTIVARS 95 TO 100 PERCENT, CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS 0 TO 5 PERCENT. SEEDING RATE: 5 TO 8 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET, ONE OR MORE CULTIVARS MAY BE BLENDED. IV. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/FINE FESCUE: SHADE MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS WITH SHADE IN BLUEGRASS LAWNS. FOR

ESTABLISHMENT IN HIGH QUALITY, INTENSIVELY MANAGED TURF AREA. MIXTURE INCLUDES: CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS

1000 SQUARE FEET. SELECT TURFGRASS VARIETIES FROM THOSE LISTED IN THE MOST CURRENT UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND PUBLICATION, AGRONOMY MEMO #77. "TURFGRASS CULTIVAR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MARYLAND".

CULTIVARS 30 TO 40 PERCENT AND CERTIFIED FINE FESCUE AND 60 TO 70 PERCENT, SEEDING RATE: 11/2 TO 3 POUNDS PER

CHOOSE CERTIFIED MATERIAL. CERTIFIED MATERIAL IS THE BEST GUARANTEE OF CULTIVAR PURITY. THE CERTIFICATION PROGRAM OF THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, TURF AND SEED SECTION, PROVIDES A RELIABLE MEANS OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AND ASSURES A PURE GENETIC LINE.

PERMANENT STABILIZATION (CONT.)

C. IDEAL TIMES OF SEEDING FOR TURF GRASS MIXTURES

WESTERN MD: MARCH 15 TO JUNE 1, AUGUST 1 TO OCTOBER 1 (HARDINESS ZONES: 5B, 6A) CENTRAL MD: MARCH 1 TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONE: 6B) SOUTHERN MD, EASTERN SHORE: MARCH 1 TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONES: 7A, 7B)

D. TILL AREAS TO RECEIVE SEED BY DISKING OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS TO A DEPTH OF 2 TO 4 INCHES, LEVEL AND RAKE THE AREAS TO PREPARE A PROPER SEEDBED. REMOVE STONES AND DEBRIS OVER 11/2 INCHES IN DIAMETER. THE RESULTING seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose no difficulty

E. IF SOIL MOISTURE IS DEFICIENT, SUPPLY NEW SEEDINGS WITH ADEQUATE WATER FOR PLANT GROWTH (1/2 TO 1 INCH EVERY 3 TO 4 DAYS DEPENDING ON SOIL TEXTURE) UNTIL THEY ARE FIRMLY ESTABLISHED, THIS IS ESPECIALLY TRUE WHEN SEEDINGS ARE MADE LATE IN THE PLANTING SEASON, IN ABNORMALLY DRY OR HOT SEASONS, OR ON ADVERSE SITES.

PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY

	HAR S	FERTILIZER RATE (10-20-20)						
MIX	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC)	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	N	P ₂ 0 ₅	K ₂ 0	LIME RATE
4	CREEPING RED FESCUE (30%) CHEWINGS FESCUE (30%) ROUGH BLUE GRASS (20%) CATALINA PERENNIAL RYEGRASS (20%)	200	3/1 - 5/15 AND 8/1 - 10/15	1 IN	90 LBS./AC (2.0 LB/ 1000 SF)	175 LBS./AC (4.0 LB/ 1000 SF)	175 LBS./AC (4.0 LB/ 1000 SF)	2 TONS/AC (100 LB/ 1000 SF)

B. SOD: TO PROVIDE QUICK COVER ON DISTURBED AREAS (2:1 GRADE OR FLATTER).

1. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS A. CLASS OF TURFGRASS SOD MUST BE MARYLAND STATE CERTIFIED. SOD LABELS MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE 10B FOREMAN

AND INSPECTOR. B. SOD MUST BE MACHINE CUT AT A UNIFORM SOIL THICKNESS OF 3/4 INCH, PLUS OR MINUS 1/4 INCH, AT THE TIME OF CUTTING. MEASUREMENT FOR THICKNESS MUST EXCLUDE TOP GROWTH AND THATCH. BROKEN PADS AND TORN OR UNEVEN ENDS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE

C. STANDARD SIZE SECTIONS OF SOD MUST BE STRONG ENOUGH TO SUPPORT THEIR OWN WEIGHT AND RETAIN THEIR SIZE AND SHAPE WHEN SUSPENDED VERTICALLY WITH A FIRM GRASP ON THE UPPER 10 PERCENT OF THE SECTION. D. SOD MUST NOT BE HARVESTED OR TRANSPLANTED WHEN MOISTURE CONTENT (EXCESSIVELY DRY OR WET) MAY ADVERSELY

E. SOD MUST BE HARVESTED, DELIVERED, AND INSTALLED WITHIN A PERIOD OF 36 HOURS. SOD NOT TRANSPLANTED WITHIN THIS PERIOD MUST BE APPROVED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST PRIOR TO ITS INSTALLATION.

2. SOD INSTALLATION A. DURING PERIODS OF EXCESSIVELY HIGH TEMPERATURE OR IN AREAS HAVING DRY SUBSOIL, LIGHTLY IRRIGATE THE SUBSOIL IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO LAYING THE SOD. B. LAY THE FIRST ROW OF SOD IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITH SUBSEQUENT ROWS PLACED PARALLEL TO IT AND TIGHTLY WEDGED

AGAINST EACH OTHER. STAGGER LATERAL JOINTS TO PROMOTE MORE UNIFORM GROWTH AND STRENGTH, ENSURE THAT SOD IS NOT STRETCHED OR OVERLAPPED AND THAT ALL JOINTS ARE BUTTED TIGHT IN ORDER TO PREVENT VOIDS WHICH WOULD CAUSE C. WHEREVER POSSIBLE, LAY SOD WITH THE LONG EDGES PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR AND WITH STAGGERING JOINTS. ROLL AND

TAMP, PEG OR OTHERWISE SECURE THE SOD TO PREVENT SLIPPAGE ON SLOPES. ENSURE SOLID CONTACT EXISTS BETWEEN SOD ROOTS AND THE UNDERLYING SOIL SURFACE. D. WATER THE SOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ROLLING AND TAMPING UNTIL THE UNDERSIDE OF THE NEW SOD PAD AND SOIL SURFACE BELOW THE SOD ARE THOROUGHLY WET. COMPLETE THE OPERATIONS OF LAYING, TAMPING AD IRRIGATING FOR ANY

PIECE OF SOD WITHIN EIGHT HOURS. 3. SOD MAINTENANCE A. IN THE ABSENCE OF ADEQUATE RAINFALL, WATER DAILY DURING THE FIRST WEEK OR AS OFTEN AND SUFFICIENTLY AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN MOIST SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES. WATER SOD DURING THE HEAT OF THE DAY TO PREVENT

B. AFTER THE FIRST WEEK, SOD WATERING IS REQUIRED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN ADEQUATE MOISTURE CONTENT. C. DO NOT MOW UNTIL THE SOD IS FIRMLY ROOTED. NO MORE THAN 1/3 OF THE GRASS LEAF MUST BE REMOVED BY THE INITIAL CUTTING OR SUBSEQUENT CUTTINGS. MAINTAIN A GRASS HEIGHT OF AT LEAST 3 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH VEGETATION FOR UP TO 6 MONTHS.

<u>PURPOSE</u>
TO USE FAST GROWING VEGETATION THAT PROVIDES COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES
EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR A PERIOD OF 6 MONTHS OR LESS. FOR LONGER DURATION OF TIME, PERMANENT STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE REQUIRED.

CRITERIA

WEEPING

LOVEGRASS

1. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR SEED MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE B.1 FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3), AND ENTER THEM IN THE TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY BELOW ALONG WITH APPLICATION RATES, SEEDING DATES AND SEEDING DEPTHS. IF THIS SUMMARY IS NOT PUT ON THE PLAN AND COMPLETED, THEN TABLE B.1 PLUS FERTILIZER AND LIME RATES MUST BE PUT ON THE PLAN.

2. FOR SITES HAVING SOIL TESTS PERFORMED, USE AND SHOW THE RECOMMENDED RATES BY THE TESTING AGENCY. SOIL TESTS ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING 3. WHEN STABILIZATION IS REQUIRED OUTSIDE OF A SEEDING SEASON, APPLY SEED AND MULCH OR STRAW MULCH ALONE AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION B-4-3.A.1.B AND MAINTAIN UNTIL THE NEXT SEEDING SEASON.

TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY HARDNESS ZONE 6E FERTILIZER RATE SEED MIXTURE LIME RATE APPLICATION SEEDING DEPTHS (10-20-20) SPECIES RATE (LB/AC) DATES 3/1 - 4/30ANNUAL RYE

8/15 - 11/1

5/1 - 8/14

1/2 IN

1/4 IN

1/2 IN

momas & Suttle 12/2/14

801 SOUTH CAROLINE STREET BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 410 - 235 - 3450

OF MAR

DES: MB DRN: GG CHK: AC NOVEMBER 2014 BY NO. REVISION

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

LITTLE PATUXENT INTERCEPTOR SEWER REHABILITATION CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6273

CONTRACT NO. 20-4881 **6TH ELECTION DISTRICT** HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

600 LBS./AC

(15 LB/

1000 SF)

2 TONS/AC

(100 LB/

1000 SF)

WHITMAN. REQUARDT AND ASSOCIATES, ILP

DATE 600 SCALE MAP NO BLOCK NO. AS SHOWN

SCALE