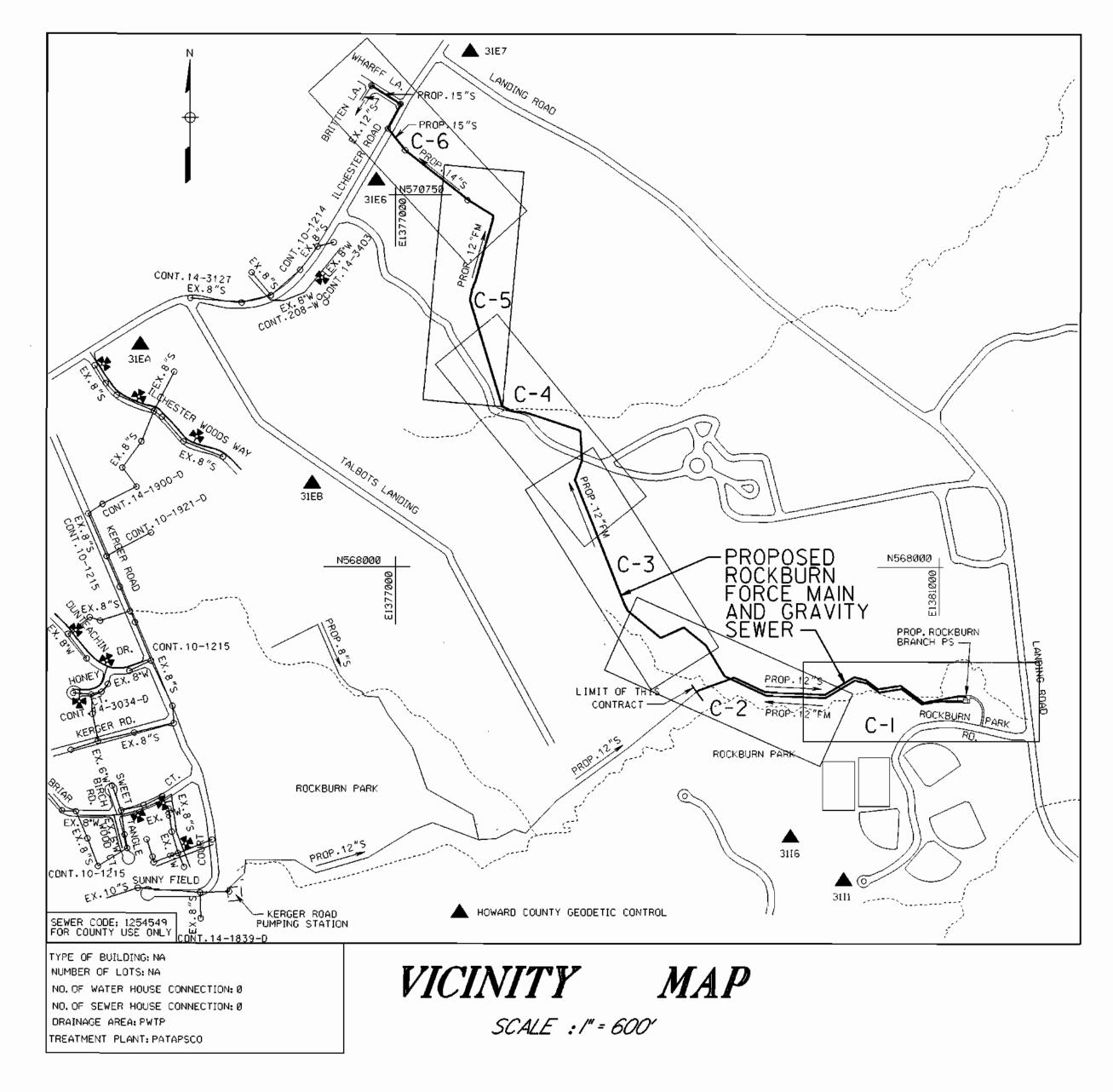
	QUA	NTITIES						
ITEM ESTIMATED AS- BUILT								
1121	E21IMH1CD	QUANTITIES	SUPPLIER					
12" DIP FORCE MAIN	6428 LF	6,421	D.I.P.	ATLANTIC STATES				
15" PVC SEWER	1267 LF	1,255	P.V.C.	J-M				
12" PVC SEWER	1769 LF	1.868.0	P.V.C.	J-M				
12" DIP SEWER	275 LF	267.0	D.I.P.	ATLANTIC STA.				
8" PVC SEWER	100 LF	92.0	P.V.C.	J.M.				
SAN MANHOLES TO 6'	15 EA	15EA.	PRECAST	ATLANTIC PRECAST				
SAN MANHOLES OVER 6' DEPTH	67 VF	G3.0 V.F.	PRECAST	ATCANTIC PRICAST				
TYPE "A" DROP CONNECTION	1 EA	1 <i>EA</i> .	PRECAST P.V.C.	" #				
COMB. AIR/VAC VALVE & VAULT	1 EA	1 EA.	· •					
SEWER FORCE MAIN BLOW-OFF	2 EA	ZEA.						
8" DIP WATER MAIN	825 LF	834		ATLANTIC STATE				
CORROSION MONITORING	L\$	L.5.	CAO. WELD	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
CONCRETE ENCASEMENT	695 LF		, , ,					

<u>INDEX</u>	_OF	DRAWINGS	

		INDEX OF DRAWINGS
SHEET NO.	DRAWING NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	G-1	TITLE SHEET, VICINITY MAP, QUANTITIES, INDEX OF DRAWINGS & GENERAL NOTES
2	C-1	PLAN AND PROFILE
3	C-2	PLAN AND PROFILE
4	C-3	PLAN AND PROFILE
5	C-4	PLAN AND PROFILE
6	C-5	PLAN AND PROFILE
7	C-6	PLAN AND PROFILE
8	SC-1	SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS
9	SC-2	SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS
10	SC-3	SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND SCHEDULES
11	CC-1	CORROSION MONITORING DETAILS

	LEGEND	
<u>NEW</u>		EXISTING
	UTILITY EASEMENT LINE	
	TEMP. CONSTR. EASEMENT. LIMET OF DISTURBANCE LINE	
L.O.D.	LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE	
	TEMP.CONSTR. EASEMENT	
	PROPERTY LINE	
	TRAFFIC, PROPERTY SIGN	-
	UTILITY POLE & GUY WIRE	<i>y</i> -<
	LICHT POLE	*
	BANK/SLOPE	;
	FENCE	x—x—x—x
	TREE/TREE LINE	0~~~
	CONTOUR	350
	W.L. CURVE P.I./TRAVERSE P.I.	
N566576.58 (NH) C	SEWER MANHOLE	③
(<u>\text{\tint}\text{\text{\tince{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tin}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\}\tin}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\te}\tint{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi\}\tittit{\text{\texi}\ti}\text{\text{\texi}\ti}\text{\text{\text{\ti}}}\tint{\text{\ti}}}}}}}}}}</u>	WATERTIGHT SEWER MANHOLE	
	SEWER CLEAN-OUT	Ο 00
(^V / ₂) −Φ	WATER VALVE	(w)
_	WATER METER	₩ M)
₩ (FH 7)	FIRE HYDRANT	\bowtie
AVV 6 O	COMBINATION AIR/VACUUM VALVE A	ND VAULT
Θ_{5} φ	BLOW-OFF VAULT TYPE	
	TREE TO BE SAVED (1F NOTED ON PLANS)	(SAVE)
	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE	
12"\\	WATER	_ _
	GAS	
***	UNDERGROUND TELE, CABLE	r
<u>12,*S</u>	SEWER	
8-2 ④	BORING	
	TEST PIT	
Q	BENCHMARK	
tity. 111.64	IRON PIN/IRON PIPE	■ JP
	CONCRETE MONUMENT	■ CM
	STONE	■ STONE
FOR SEDIMENT AND ER	OSION CONTROL LEGEND,	



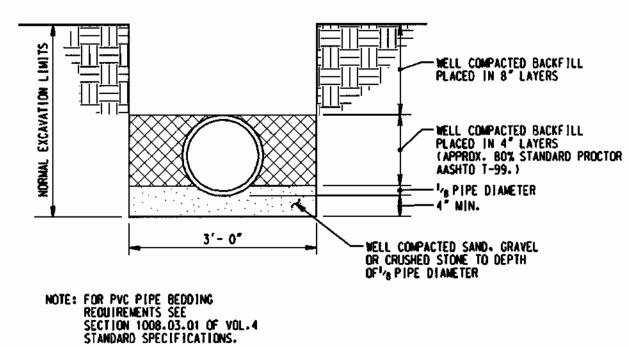
CONTRACT NO. 10-3696 CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6200 ROCKBURN FORCE MAIN AND GRAVITY SEWER FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

GENERAL NOTES

- APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF EXISTING MAINS ARE SHOWN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT EXISTING MAINS AND SERVICES AND MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SUPPLY. ANY DAMAGE INCURRED SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE ENGINEER AT THE
- THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC COUNTY CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUNENT NOS, 3116 AND 3111 WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 3. ALL VERTICAL CONTROLS ARE BASED ON U.S.G.S. DATUM.
- 4. ALL PIPE ELEVATIONS ARE INVERT ELEVATIONS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON PLANS.
- CLEAR ALL UTILITIES BY A MINIMUM OF 6" CLEAR ALL POLES BY 2'-0" MINIMUM. OR TUNNEL AS REQUIRED. THE OWNER HAS CONTACTED THE UTILITIES COMPANIES AND HAS MADE ARRANGEMENTS FOR BRACING OF POLES AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. IN THE EVENT THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK REQUIRES THE BRACING OF ADDITIONAL POLES, ANY COST INCURRED BY THE DWNER OF THE BRACING OF ADDITIONAL POLES OR DAMAGES SHALL BE DEDUCTED FROM MONEY OWED THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH UTILITY COMPANIES TO SCHEDULE THE BRACING OF THE POLES.
- FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN ON DRAWINGS. AND FOR MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS. USE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME IV, STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS FOR CONSTRUCTION (LATEST EDITION). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A COPY OF VOLUME IV ON THE JOB SITE.
- EXISTING UTILITIES IN THE VICINITY OF PROPOSED WORK FOR WHICH TEST PITS HAVE NOT BEEN DUG SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO HIS OWN SATISFACTION, ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING FACILITIES DUE TO THE CONTRACTOR'S NEGLIGENCE SHALL BE REPAIRED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE
- 8. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING UTILITIES OR AGENCIES AT LEAST FIVE WORKING DAYS BEFORE STARTING WORK SHOWN ON THESE PLANS:

BUREAU OF ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION, HOWARD CO. DPW410-313-	-1880
STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION410-531	-5533
BGE (CONTRACTOR SERVICES)410-850-	-4620
BGE (UNDERGROUND DAMAGE CONTROL)410-787-	
BUREAU OF UTILITIES, HOWARD CO. DPW	
MISS UTILITY	
AT&T410-865	
COLONIAL PIPELINE CO	-1390

- TREES AND SHRUBS ARE TO BE PROTECTED FROM DAMAGE TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE. TREES AND SHRUBS LOCATED WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION STRIP OR OUTSIDE THE UTILITY EASEMENT BUT WITHIN THE
- 10. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE TREES, STUMPS AND ROOTS ALONG LINE OF EXCAVATION. PAYMENT FOR SUCH REMOVAL SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE UNIT PRICE BID FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE MAIN.
- 11. ALL SANITARY SEWER PIPING SHALL BE PVC OR DIP UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON DRAWINGS.
- 12. ALL WATER AND SEWER MAIN PIPING SHALL BE DIP UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON DRAWINGS.
- 13. ALL WATER AND SEWER MAINS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 3'- 6" OF COVER UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 14. VALVES ADJACENT TO TEES SHALL BE STRAPPED TO TEES. 15. ALL MANHOLES SHALL BE 4'-0" INSIDE DIAMETER UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON DRAWINGS
- 16. MANHOLES DESIGNATED W.T. IN PLAN AND PROFILE SHALL HAVE WATERTIGHT FRAME AND COVER.
- 17. WHERE WATERTIGHT MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER IS USED . SET TOP OF FRAME 1'-6" ABOVE FINISHED GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON PLANS OR IN THE SPECIFICATIONS.
- 18. IN OPEN FIELD SET SEWER MANHOLE TOP OF FRAME 1'-0" ABOVE GROUND, UNLESS NOTED DIFFERENTLY ON
- CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. 19. ALL DIP FITTINGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA SPECIFICATIONS C-153; DUCTILE IRON COMPACT FITTINGS.
- 3-INCH THROUGH 12-INCH FOR WATER AND SEWER MAIN. 20. ALL CONSTRUCTION WITHIN WETLANDS WILL HAVE A PERMIT RELEASED AND APPROVED BY THE PROPER AGENCY
- 21. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT OPERATE ANY WATER VALVES ON THE EXISTING WATER SYSTEM. THE CONTRACTOR
- SHALL CONTACT HOWARD COUNTY DPW WATER & SEWER DIVISION IF OPERATION OF VALVES ARE NEEDED.
- 22. MANHOLES LOCATED WITHIN ROADWAY SHALL HAVE STANDARD HEAVY TRAFFIC MANHOLES FRAMES AND COVERS.
- 23. ALL FITTINGS ON WATER MAIN SHALL BE BUTTRESSED OR ANCHORED WITH CONCRETE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COUNTY STANDARD DETAILS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON DRAWINGS OR SPECIFICATIONS.
- 24. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS, HOWARD COUNTY, AT 410-313-2450 AT LEAST FIVE DAYS BEFORE OPEN CUT OF ANY COUNTY ROAD OR BORING/JACKING OPERATION IN COUNTY ROADS FOR LAYING WATER AND SEWER MAIN OR HOUSE CONNECTIONS. THE APPROVAL OF THESE DRAWINGS WILL CONSTITUTE COMPLIANCE WITH THE DPW REQUIREMENTS PER SECTION 18.114(d) OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE.
- 25. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD). ALL DEVISES AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT.
- 26. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM FIELD RUN SURVEY WITH ONE FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS PREPARED BY WHITMAN. REQUARDT AND ASSOCIATES, LLP DATED FEBRUARY, 1998.
- 27. PROPOSED WATER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT NO. 10-3696. WATER ZONE IS 550. (THERE IS NO EXISTING PUBLIC WATER
- 29. CONTRACTOR TO PROTECT EXISTING PROPERTY MARKERS FROM BEING DISTURBED. IF A DISTURBANCE OCCURS. REPLACEMENT MUST BE DONE BY A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR AT THE CONTRACTOR EXPENSE.
- 30. ALL WATER MAINS TO BE SPECIAL THICKNESS CLASS 52 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- THE FLOOD PLAIN SHOWN ON THESE PLANS: HOWARD COUNTY WATERSHED STUDY CFP 27-45/87. IS THE 100 YEAR ULTIMATE FLOOD PLAIN BOUNDARY AND WAS PREPARED BY SHELADIA ASSOCIATES, INC., DATED AUGUST 1987, FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES WATER RESOURCES ADMINISTRATION FLOOD MANAGEMENT DIVISION.



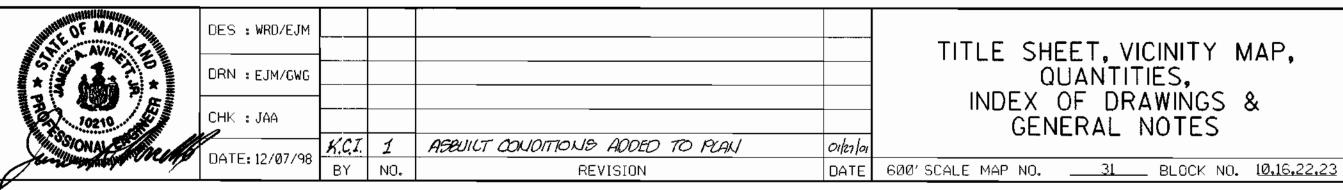
TRENCH DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

Whitman, Requardt and Associates, LLP

PREPARED BY :

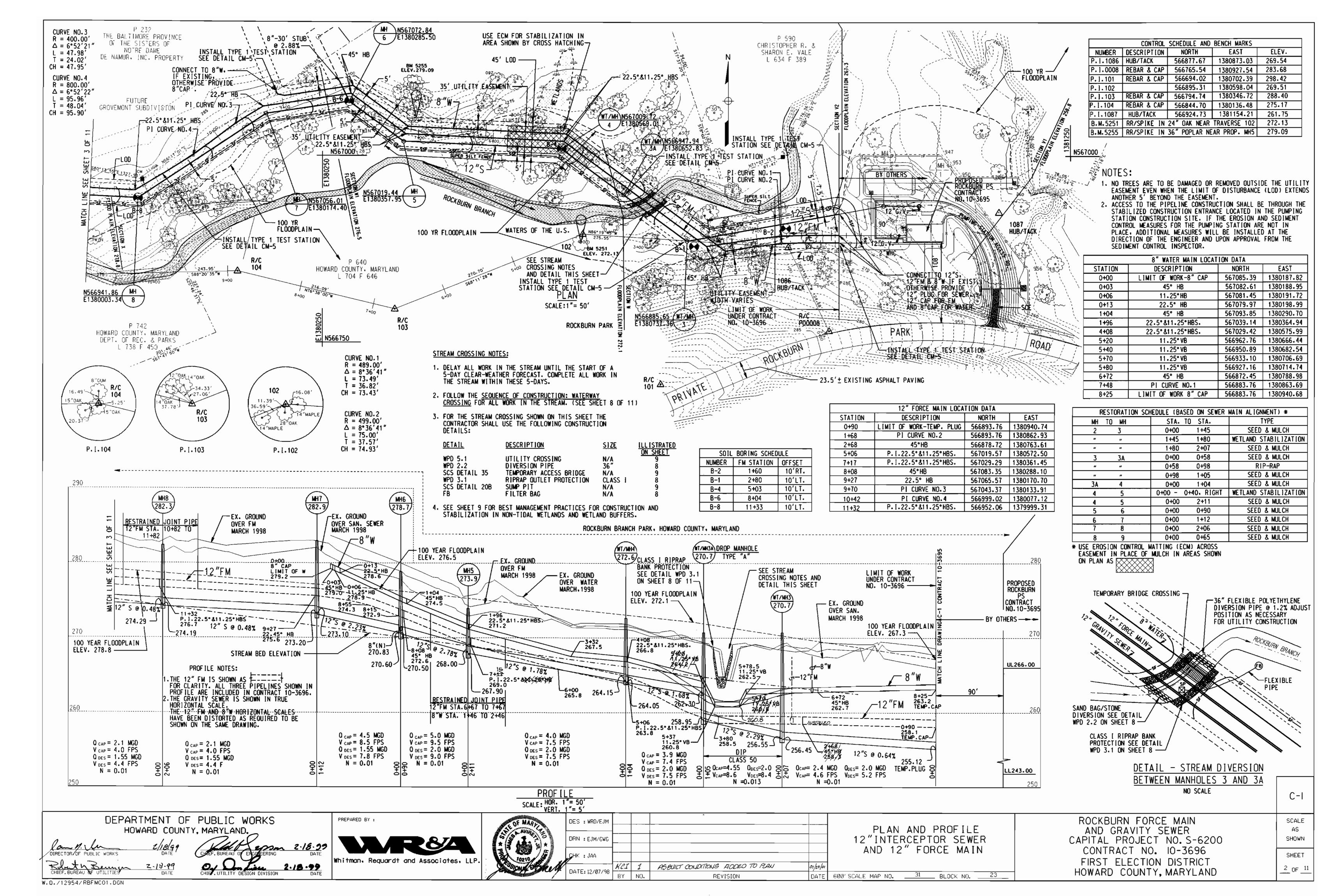


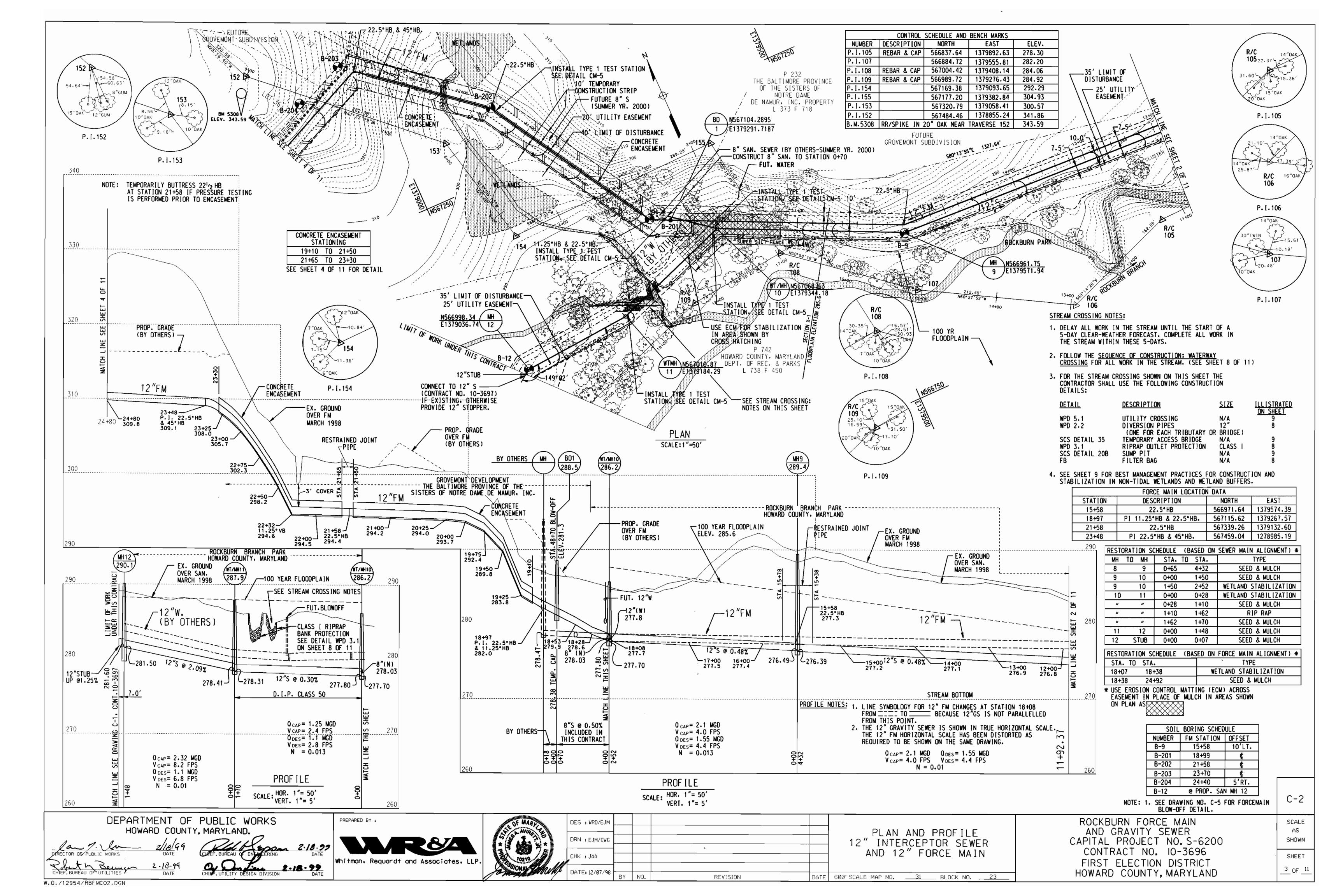
TITLE SHEET, VICINITY MAP, QUANTITIES, INDEX OF DRAWINGS & GENERAL NOTES

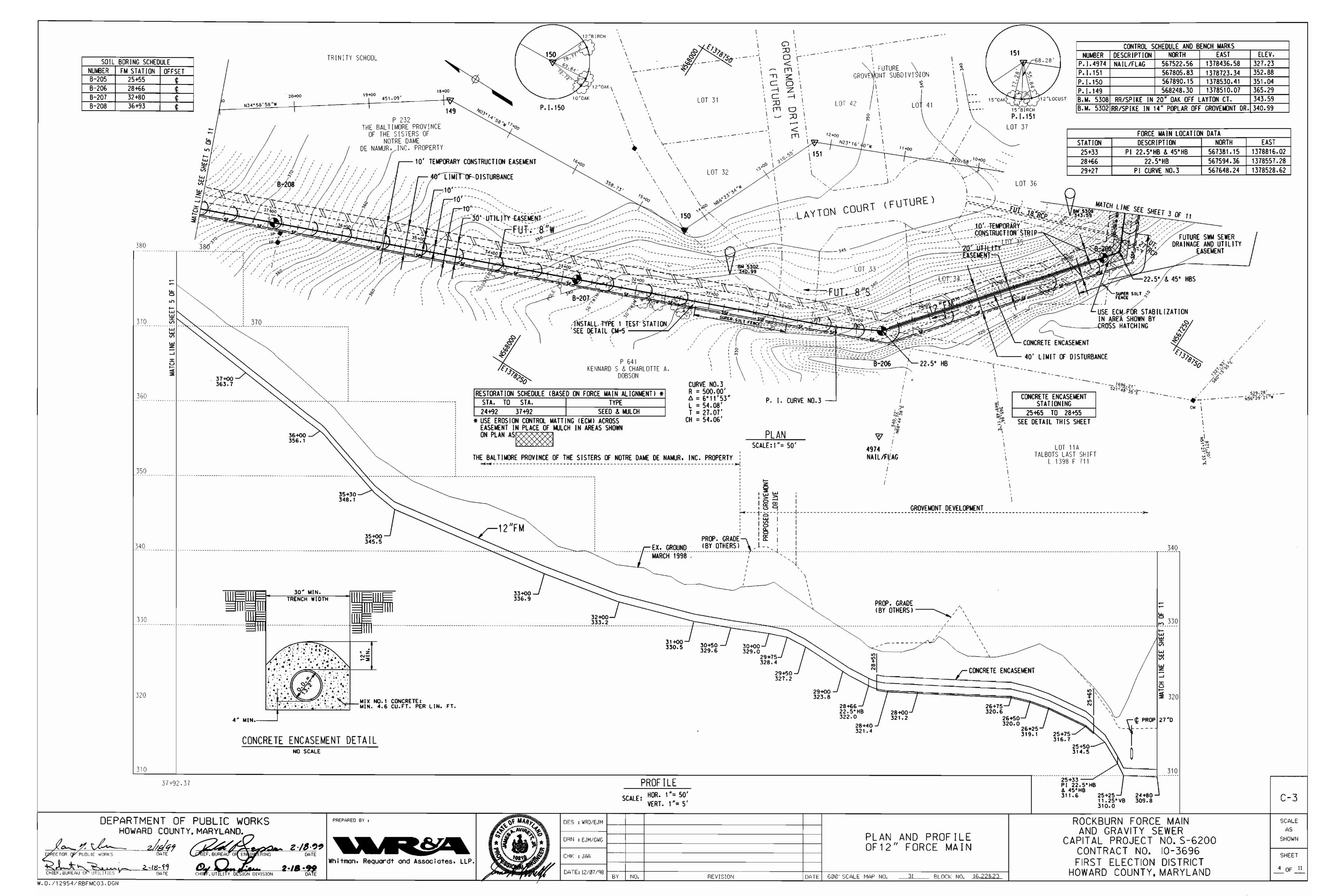
ROCKBURN FORCE MAIN AND GRAVITY SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6200 CONTRACT NO. 10-3696 FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

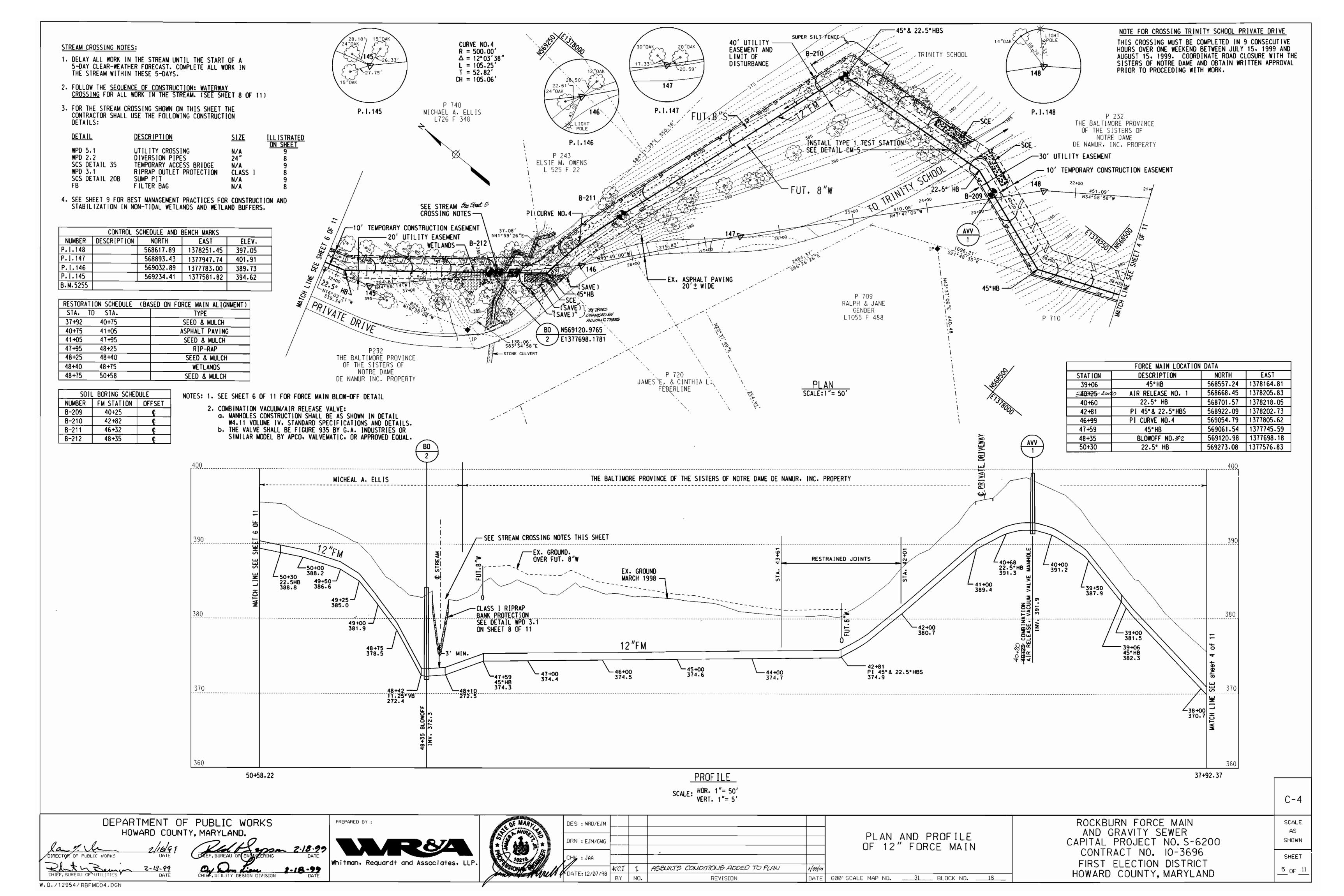
SCALE SHOWN SHEET

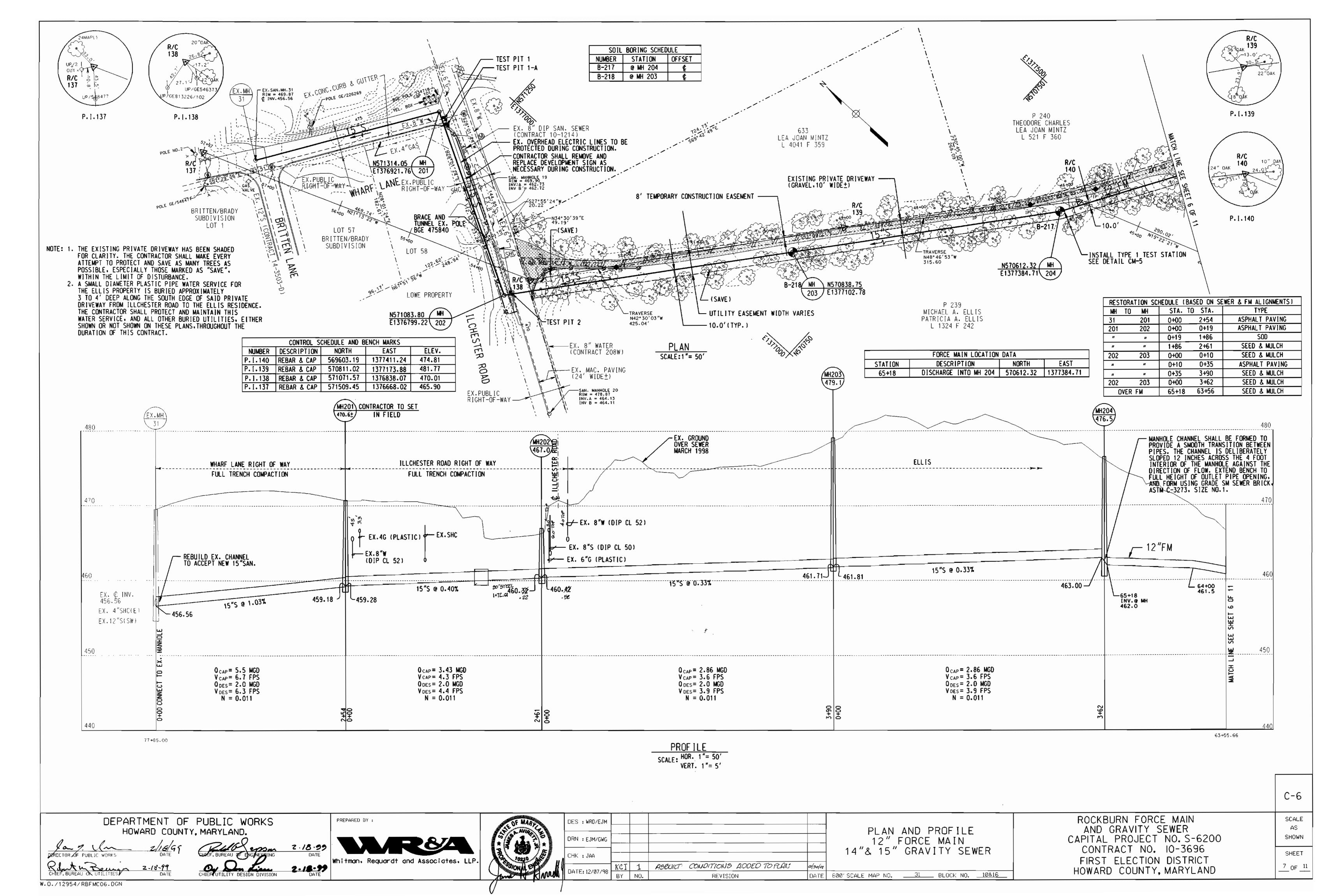
_1_OF _11_

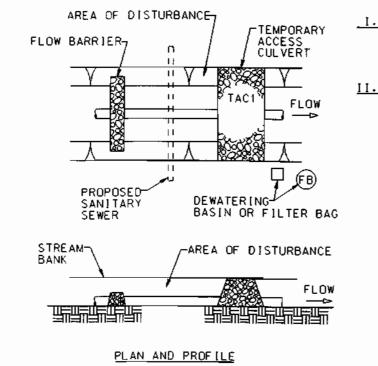








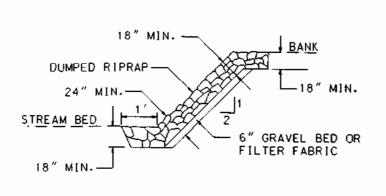




THE WORK SHALL CONSIST OF INSTALLING A FLOW DIVERSION STRUCTURE IN CONJUNCTION WITH A TEMPORARY CULVERT CROSSING DURING IN-STREAM CONSTRUCTION SUCH AS UTILITY CROSSINGS.

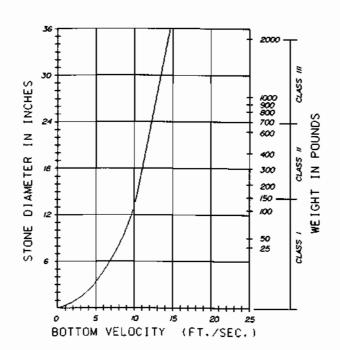
- CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS 1. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS THE FIRST ORDER OF BUSINESS.
- 2. PIPES MUST BE SIZED TO ACCOMMODATE NORMAL STREAM FLOW.
- 3. THE FLOW BARRIER SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF SANDBAGS. WASHED RIPRAP OR OTHER APPROVED MATERIAL AS PER WPD2.3. THE MATERIALS SHALL BE SIZED TO WITHSTAND NORMAL STREAM FLOW VELOCITIES.
- 4. THE HEIGHT OF THE FLOW BARRIER SHALL BE ONE HALF THE DISTANCE FROM STREAM BED TO STREAM BANK PLUS ONE FOOT.
- ALL DEWATERING OF THE CONSTRUCTION AREA SHALL BE PUMPED TO A DEWATERING BASIN (WPD1.1) OR FILTER BAG (SEE DETAIL THIS SHEET) PRIOR TO RE-ENTERING THE STREAM.
- THE TEMPORARY CULVERT CROSSING SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD DETAIL 36, "1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL".
- SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND THE INSPECTING AUTHORITY APPROVES THEIR

CULVERT PIPE WITH ACCESS ROAD WPD 2.1



* SIZE BASED ON BANKFULL VELOCITY

CROSS SECTION



SIZE RIPRAP PER STREAM VELOCITY

RIPRAP GRADATION

PERCENT OF TOTAL WEIGHT SMALLER THAN THE GIVEN SIZE

CLASS] 150 LB (70KG) 100 2 LB (1KG) 10 MAX. 700 LB (320KG) CLASS [] 20 LB (10KG) 10 MAX. 100 10 MAX. CLASS []] 2000 LB (910KG) 40 LB (20KG)

W.O./12954/RBFMSCO1.DGN

DESCRIPTION

THIS WORK SHALL CONSIST OF PROTECTING SLOPES AND CHANNELS FROM EROSION WITH COVERINGS OF STONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND

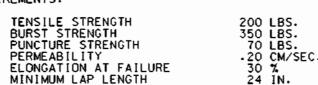
11. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

BEDDINGS:

BANK RUN GRAVEL SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

% LESS THAN	U.S. STANDARD SIEVE SIZE
100 85 - 100 60 - 100 35 - 70 20 - 50	2 1/2 IN. 1 IN. 1/2 IN. NO. 10 NO. 40
3 - 20	NO. 200

GEOTEXTILE FILTER FABRIC SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING



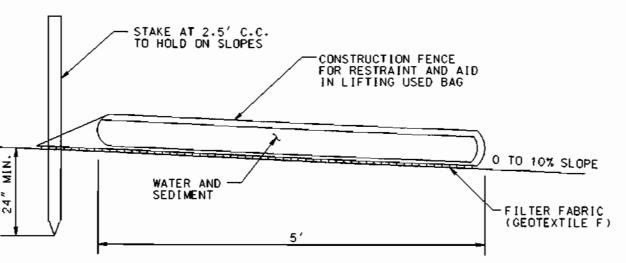
RIPRAP

RIPRAP BANK PROTECTION WPD 3.1

THE MAXIMUM WEIGHT OF STONE SHALL BE BASED UPON THE BANKFULL STREAM CHANNEL VELOCITY, USING THE GIVEN CHART. THE GRADATION OF THE STONE SHALL BE AS INDICATED. III. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS A FIRST ORDER OF BUSINESS.
- PROVISIONS MUST BE MADE TO ANCHOR THE RIPRAP AT THE STREAM BED SO AS TO PROVIDE PROTECTION AGAINST UNDERMINING. IF THIS CANNOT BE ACCOMPLISHED BY EXTENDING THE TOE TRENCH AS INDICATED IN CROSS SECTION, AN ALTERNATIVE METHOD OF PROTECTION MUST RECEIVED PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE ADMINISTRATION.
- EXCAVATION FOR RIPRAP SHALL BE IN REASONABLY CLOSE CONFORMITY WITH THE EXISTING STREAM SLOPE AND BED.
- A FILTER BEDDING IS REQUIRED UNDER ALL RIPRAP. BEDDING MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF EITHER A BANK RUN GRAVEL OR A GEOTEXTILE FILTER FABRIC MEETING THE SPECIFICATIONS OF II. 1B
- THE PLACEMENT OF RIPRAP SHALL BEGIN WITH THE TOE. THE LARGER STONES SHALL BE PLACED IN THE TOE AND ALONG THE OUTSIDE EDGES OF THE LIMITS OF THE SLOPE AND CHANNEL PROTECTION. THE RIPRAP SHALL BE PLACED WITH SUITABLE EQUIPMENT IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PRODUCE A REASONABLY GRADED MASS OF STONES WITH ZERO DROPHEIGHT. THE PLACING OF STONES THAT CAUSE EXTENSIVE SEGREGATION
- ANY EXCAVATION VOIDS EXISTING ALONG THE EDGES OF THE COMPLETED SLOPE AND CHANNEL PROTECTION SHALL BE BACKFILLED.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN.

FENCE TO RESTRAIN. IF STAKES CUT OPEN CORNER OF BAG AND CLAMP ON DEWATERING HOSE



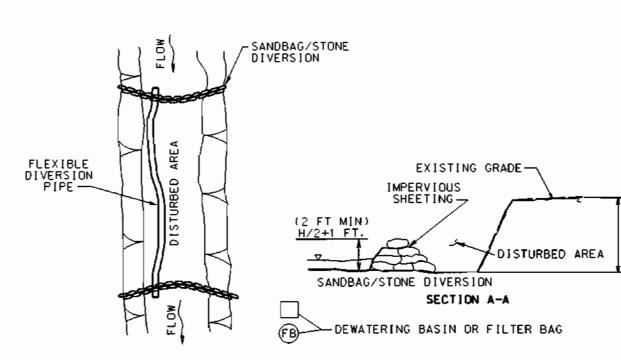
- 1. FILTER BAG SHALL BE PLACED ON A SLOPING OR LEVEL, WELL GRADED VEGETATED SITE SUCH THAT WATER WILL FLOW AWAY FROM DEVICE AND ANY WORK AREAS.
- 2. WIDTH AND LENGTH SHALL BE AS SHOWN.
- 3. THE FILTER BAG MUST BE STAKED IN PLACE AND SECURED TO THE PUMP DISCHARGE
- 4. FILTER BAG SHALL NOT BE USED FOR DISCHARGE FLOWS GREATER THAN 300 GPM.
- 5. DEVICE SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF AFTER BAG IS FILLED WITH SEDIMENT. SEDIMENT FROM BAG SHALL BE SPREAD IN AN UPLAND AREA.
- 6. FILTER FABRIC SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS FOR GEOTEXTILE

CLASS F: 50 LBS/IN (MIN.) 20 LBS/IN (MIN.) TENSILE MODULUS .3 GAL FT: /MINUTE (MAX.) FILTERING EFFICIENCY 75% (M1N.)

EST: MSMT 509 EST: MSMT 509 TEST: MSMT TEST: MSMT 327

FILTER BAG

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURE (FB



1. DESCRIPTION

THE WORK SHALL CONSIST OF INSTALLING A FLOW DIVERSION STRUCTURE WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TAKE PLACE WITHIN THE STREAM CHANNEL SUCH AS CULVERT CONSTRUCTION OR CULVERT REPLACEMENT.

2. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

1. SANDBAGS: SANDBAGS SHALL CONSIST OF MATERIAL WHICH ARE RESISTANT TO ULTRA-VIOLET RADIATION, TEARING AND PUNCTURE AND WOVEN TIGHTLY ENOUGH TO PREVENT LEAKAGE OF FILL MATERIAL (1.E., SAND, FINE GRAVEL, ETC.). STONE: STONE SHALL BE WASHED AND HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER OF 6 INCHES. SHEETING: SHEETING SHALL CONSIST OF POLYETHYLENE OR OTHER MATERIAL WHICH IS IMPERVIOUS AND RESISTANT TO PUNCTURE AND TEARING.

<u> 3. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS</u>

- 1. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS THE 1. ALL ERUSIUN AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DELIZED STATES TO SERVICE OF WORK.

 2. THE HEIGHT OF THE SANDBAG/STONE DIVERSION STRUCTURE SHALL BE ONE HALF THE DISTANCE FROM THE STREAM BED TO THE BANK PLUS ONE FOOT, AS INDICATED IN SECTION A:A. THE SANDBAGS SHALL BE PLACED ON A SMOOTH.
- PREPARED SURFACE
- PREPARED SURFACE.

 3. ALL EXCAVATED MATERIALS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN A SCD APPROVED DISPOSAL AREA OUTSIDE THE 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED ON THE PLANS BY THE WR&A.

 4. ALL DEWATERING OF THE CONSTRUCTION AREA SHALL BE PUMPED TO A FILTER BAG OR OTHERWISE APPROVED ON THE PLANS BY THE WR&A.

- OR OTHERWISE APPROVED ON THE PLANS BY THE WARA.

 5. SHEETING SHALL BE OVERLAPPED A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES.

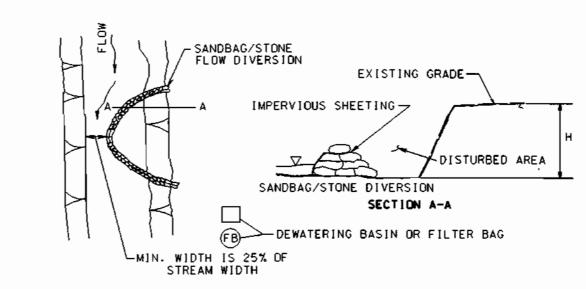
 6. THE DIVERSION PIPE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER OF SUFFICENT SIZE TO CONVEY THE NORMAL STREAM FLOW.

 7. IF NECESSARY, SILT FENCE OR STRAWBALES SHALL BE INSTALLED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE WORK AREA.

 8. SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE STABILIZED AND THE INSPECTING AUTHORITY APPROVES THEIR REMOVAL.
- REMOVAL.

 9. THE FLEXIBLE PIPE MAY BE MOVED WITHIN THE STREAM BED TO ACCOMMODATE UTILITY CONSTRUCTION. HOWEVER, IT SHALL BE RETURNED TO A SECURE POSITION CAPABLE OF FULL HYDRAULIC CAPACITY AT THE END OF EACH DAY.

* MODIFIED DIVERSION PIPE WPD 2.2 * DETAIL WPD 2.2 HAS BEEN MODIFIED TO SHOW A FLEXIBLE DIVERSION PIPE WITHIN THE STREAM INSTEAD OF EXCAVATED INTO THE BANK.



DESCRIPTION

THE WORK SHALL CONSIST OF INSTALLING FLOW DIVERSIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF EROSION CONTROL WHEN CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TAKE PLACE WITHIN THE STREAM CHANNEL SUCH AS BANK STABILIZATION OR BRIDGE ABUTMENT CONSTRUCTION.

2. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

- SANDBAGS: SANDBAGS SHALL CONSIST OF MATERIALS WHICH ARE RESISTANT TO ULTRA-VIOLET RADIATION. TEARING AND PUNCTURE AND WOVEN TIGHTLY ENOUGH TO PREVENT LEAKAGE OF FILL MATERIAL (I.E., SAND, FINE GRAVEL, ETC.).
 STONE: STONE SHALL BE WASHED AND HAVE A MINIMUM DIAMETER OF 6" INCHES.
 SHEETING: SHEETING SHALL CONSIST OF POLYETHYLENE OR OTHER MATERIAL WHICH IS IMPERVIOUS AND RESISTANT TO PUNCTURE AND TEARING.

3. CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

- 1. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS THE FIRST ORDER OF WORK.
 2. THE DIVERSION STRUCTURE SHALL BE INSTALLED FROM UPSTREAM TO DOWNSTREAM.
 3. THE HEIGHT OF THE DIVERSION STRUCTURE SHALL BE ONE HALF THE DISTANCE FROM STREAM BED TO STREAM BANK PLUS ONE FOOT, AS INDICATED ON THE CROSS SECTION VIEW

- FROM STREAM BED TO STREAM BANK PLUS ONE FOOT, AS INDICATED ON THE CROSS SECTION VIEW.

 4. ALL EXCAVATED MATERIALS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN A SCD APPROVED DISPOSAL AREA OUTSIDE THE 100- YERA FLOODPLAIN UNLESS OTHERWISE APPROVED ON THE PLANS BY THE WRA.

 5. ALL DEWATERING OF THE CONSTRUCTION AREA SHALL BE PUMPED TO A DEWATERING BASIN OR FILTER BAG PRIOR TO RE-ENTERING THE STREAM.

 6. SHEETING SHALL BE DVERLAPPED SUCH THAT THE UPSTREAM PORTION COVERS THE DOWNSTREAM PORTION WITH AT LEAST AN 18-INCH OVERLAP.

 7. SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN AND THE INSPECTION AUTHORITY APPROVES THEIR REMOVAL.

SANDBAG/STONE DIVERSION WPD 2.3

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

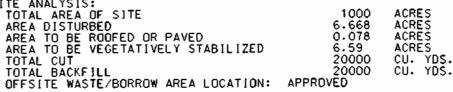
- A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LICENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION, (410-313-1855)
- ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR
- SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. AND REVISIONS THERETO. FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER

DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.

- 4. ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1. CHAPTER 7. THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL. STORM DRAINAGE.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDINGS. SOD. TEMPORARY SEEDING, AND MULCHING (SEC. G). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

7. SITE ANALYSIS: TOTAL AREA OF SITE AREA DISTURBED
AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED
AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED

BACKETLL



- ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF
- ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED. IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR
- 10. ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- 11. TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACKFILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER. IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING PIPE INSTALLATION, THE TRENCH SHALL BE BACKFILLED, COMPACTED AND [MMEDIATELY STABILIZED (MULCHED, SEEDED, AND OR SODDED MECHANICAL STABILIZATION) AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY. SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED IMMEDIATELY DOWNHILL OF ANY DISTURBED AREA INTENDED TO REMAIN DISTURBED LONGER THAN ONE (1) DAY.

REQUIRED SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. OBTAIN THE REQUIRED GRADING PERMIT. (10 DAYS)
- 2. NOTIFY MISS UTILITY 48 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK @ (1-800-257-7777). NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK @ 410-313-1870 (2 DAYS).
- 3. INSTALL THE REQUIRED SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AND STABILIZE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS INDICATED ON THESE PLANS. (5 DAYS)
- 4. CONSTRUCT PIPELINES AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, KEEPING ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE. SEE SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTE NO.11. ALL TREES SHALL BE PRESERVED AND PROTECTED OUTSIDE OF THE UTILITY EASEMENTS, ALTHOUGH THEY MAY BE WITHIN THE LIMITS OF
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHOWN HEREON, AFTER EACH RAINFALL
- AND ON A DAILY BASIS. (2 DAYS) 6. REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM ROADWAY AND DRESS STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS REQUIRED. (1 DAY)
- 7. FINE GRADE ALL AREAS DISTURBED BY PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION AND STABILIZE ACCORDING TO RESTORATION SCHEDULES ON EACH SHEET OF THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. FOR PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEEDING IN THE WETLANDS AND WETLAND BUFFERS, SEE NOTES 18 AND 19 UNDER BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES IN NON-TIDAL WETLANDS AND WETLAND BUFFERS ON SHEET 9 OF 11.
- 8. FOLLOWING SUCCESSFUL STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS, AND AFTER PERMISSION HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND STABILIZE REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS WITH PERMANENT SEEDING MIXTURE AND STRAW MULCH. (5 DAYS)

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION: WATERWAY CROSSING

- 1. OBTAIN THE REQUIRED PERMITS/APPROVALS FROM THE APPROPRIATE AGENCIES.
- 2. NOTIFY THE COMPLIANCE DIVISION OF THE MARYLAND WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION AT LEAST FIVE (5) DAYS PRIOR TO INITIATION OF CONSTRUCTION AND FIVE (5) DAYS AFTER WORK ENDS. THE BALTIMORE OFFICE IS (410) 631-3510.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTE THE TIME OF YEAR RESTRICTIONS ON WORK WITHIN THE STREAM SHOWN ON THE PERMITS.
- 4. INSTALL TEMPORARY ACCESS BRIDGE (DETAIL 35 ON SHEET 9 OF 11), EITHER THE DIVERSION PIPE OR THE SANDBAG/STONE DIVERSION (DETAILS WPD 2.2 AND 2.3 ON THIS SHEET), WHICHEVER IS CALLED FOR ON THE DRAWINGS, THE FILTER BAG (DETAIL THIS SHEET) AND THE SUMP PIT (DETAIL 20-B, SHEET 9 OF 11). THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR MUST APPROVE ALL CONTROLS BEFORE COMMENCING WORK.
- 5. INSTALL PIPELINE AND RIPRAP BANK PROTECTION (DETAIL THIS SHEET) ACCORDING TO THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS DURING A TIME OF FAVORABLE WEATHER FORECAST.
- 6. WITH MINIMAL DISTURBANCE REMOVE DIVERSION CONTROLS. BRIDGE AND FILTER BAG AND STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS.

SEDIMENT CONTROL LEGEND

—SF— SILT FENCE — SSF — SUPER SILT FENCE --- LOD LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE



FILTER BAG

SUMP PIT

EROSION CONTROL MATTING

SCALE

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

BY THE DEVELOPER:

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN, AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT, I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT".

PREPARED BY

BY THE ENGINEER:



DES: WRD/EJM DRN : EJM/GWO

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

ROCKBURN FORCE MAIN & GRAVITY SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6200 CONTRACT NO. 10-3696 FIRST ELECTION DISTRIC

A\$ SHOWN SHEET 8 _{OF} 11

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND. RECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

DIV. OF WATER AND SEWER

Z·/8·99

Whitman, Requardt and Associates, LLF

"I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS. THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

CHK : JAA

BY NO. REVISION

THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIRE-MENTS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

THESE PLANS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

600'SCALE MAP NO.

BLOCK NO.

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

VEGETATIVE STABLLIZATION

<u>Definition</u>

Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion.

Vegetative Stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and runoff to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

<u>Conditions Where Practice Applies</u>

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration (up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover, Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary soil stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc.

Effects on Water Quality and Quantity

Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration, evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent

Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present

Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials

A. Site Preparation

- i. install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary or permanent) such as diversions. grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.
- ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually
- iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

B. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

- i. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
- ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee
- iii.Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total exides (calcium exide plus magnesium exide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 - 100% will pass through a #20
- iv. Incorporate time and fertilizer into the top 3 5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

C. Seedbed Preparation

Temporary Seeding

a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope

b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 - 5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

ii. Permonent Seeding

- a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:
- 1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0
- . Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm). 3. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay but enough fine grained material (¢ 30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedeza is to be planted, then a sandy soil (* 30% silt plus clay)
- would be acceptable. 4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.
- . Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration. If these conditions cannot be met by soils an site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.
- b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding
- c. Apply sail amendments as per sail test or as included on the plans.
- d. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1 - 3" of soil should be loose and friable. seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly disturbed areas.

D. Seed Specifications

- i. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.
- Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.
- ii. Inoculant The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 - 80°F. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

E. Methods of Seeding

- Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer). broadcast or drop seeder, or a cultipacker seeder.
- a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous): 200 lbs/ac; K20 (potassium): 200 lbs/ac.
- b. Lime use only ground agricultural limestone. (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.
- c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.

ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.

- a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 25 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.
- b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

iii.Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

- a. Cultipacker seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least $\frac{1}{4}$ inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.
- b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

F. Mulch Specifications (In order of preference)

i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or out straw, reasonably bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.

ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

- WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a
- b. WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.
- c. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors.
- d. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed. fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter—like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the
- e. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic.
- f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm.. diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired.

Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

- If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch alone shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.
- ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seedbed areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre.
- iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.
- H. Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:
- i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the contour if possible.
- ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.
- iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders - such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.
- iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to

Section II - Temporary Seeding

Vegetation - annual grass or grain used to provide cover on disturbed areas for up to 12 months. For longer duration of vegetative cover, Permanent Seeding is required.

A. Seed Mixtures - Temporary Seeding

- i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 26 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below. along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plans and completed, then Table 26 must be put on the plans.
- ii. For sites having soil tests performed, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the testing agency shall be written in. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY

	SI	SEED MIXTURE (FOR HARDINESS ZONE 6-6) FROM TABLE 26			FERTILIZER RATE	LIME RATE		
NO.	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE([b/ac]	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	(10-10-10)			
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS	50	3/1 - 4/30 8/15 - 11/1	1/4"-1/2"				
					600 lb/ac (15 lb/1000 sf)	2 tons/ac (100 lb/1000 sf)		

Section III: Permanent Seeding

Seeding grass and legumes to establish ground cover for a minimum period of one year on disturbed areas generally receiving low maintenance.

A. Seed Mixtures - Permanent Seeding

- Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 25 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Permanent Seeding Summary below. along with application rates and seeding dates. Seeding depths can be estimated using Table 26. If this summary is not put on the construction plans and completed, then Table 25 must be put on the plans. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, streambanks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or gesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-SCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting, For special lawn maintenance areas, see Section IV Sod and V Turfgrass.
- ii. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the soil testing agency
- iii. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply ureaform fertilizer (46-0-0) at 31/2/bs./1000 sq. ft. (150 lbs/ac). in addition to the above soil amendments shown in the table below, to be performed at the time of seeding.

PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY

Seed Mixture (For Hardiness Zone 6-b) (From Table 25)					Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)			Lime Rate
NO.	Species	Application Rate (1b/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P205	K20	
2	KETUCKY BLUEGRASS 50%	150	3/1 - 5/15 8/15 - 11/15	1/4"-1/2"				
	CREEPING RED FESCUE 40%				90 b/ac (2.01b/ 1000 sf)	175 lb/ac (4 lb/ 1000 sf)	175 lbs/oc (4 lb/ 1000 sf)	2 tons/ac (100 lb/ 1000 sf)
	RED TOP 10%							

Section IV - Sod: To provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter).

A. General Specifications

- i. Class of turfgrass sod shall be Maryland or Virginia State Certified or Approved. Sod labels shall be made available to the job foreman and
- ii. Sod shall be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of $\frac{3}{4}$, plus or minus $\frac{1}{4}$, at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness shall exclude top growth and thatch. Individual pieces of sod shall be cut to the suppliers width and length. Maximum allowable deviation from standard widths and lengths shall be 5 percent. Broken pads and torn or uneven ends will not be acceptable.
- iii.Standard size sections of sod shall be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the section.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

AND SCHEDULES

- iv. Sod shall not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may adversely affect its survival.
- v. Sod shall be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this period shall be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation.

B. Sod Installation

- i. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, the subsoil shall be lightly irrigated immediately prior to laying the sod.
- ii. The first row of sod shall be laid in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to and tightly wedged against each other. Lateral joints shall be staggered to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would cause air drying of the roots.
- iii. Wherever possible, sod shall be laid with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Sod shall be rolled and tamped, pegged or otherwise secured to prevent slippage on slopes and to ensure solid contact between sod roots and the underlying soil surface.
- iv. Sod shall be watered immediately following rolling or tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. The operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod shall be completed within eight hours.

C. Sod Maintenance

- i. In the absence of adequate rainfall, watering shall be performed daily or as often as necessary during the first week and in sufficient quantities to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4". Watering should be done during the heat of the day to prevent wilting.
- ii. After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content.
- iii. The first mowing of sod should not be attempted until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf shall be removed by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Grass height shall be maintained between 2" and 3" unless otherwise specified.

SECTION IV - TURFGRASS ESTABLISHMENT

Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance. Areas to receive seed shall be tilled by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, leveled and raked to prepare a proper seedbed. Stones and debris over 11/2 inches in diameter shall be removed. The resulting seedbed shall be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose no difficulty.

NOTE: Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line.

A. Turfgrass Mixtures

- i. Kentucky Bluegrass Full sun mixture For use in areas that receive intensive management Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and eastern shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds/1000 square feet. A minimum of three bluegrass cultivars should be chosen ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.
- ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye Full sun mixture For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding rate: 2 pounds mixture/1000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from 10% to 35% of the mixture by weight.
- iii.Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass Full sun mixture For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes: certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 - 100%, certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 - 5%. Seeding rate: 5 to 8 lb/1000 sf. One or more cultivars may be blended.
- iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue Shade Mixture For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes: certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30-40% and certified Fine Fescue and 60-70%. Seeding rate: 11/2 3 lbs/1000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky bluegrass cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.

NDTE: Turfgrass varieties should be selected from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Mimeo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland".

B. Ideal times of seeding

(Hardiness Zones - 7a, 7b)

Western MD: March 15 - June 1, August 1 - October 1 (Hardiness Zones - 5b, 6a,

Central MD: March 1 - May 15. August 1 - October 15

(Hardiness Zone - 6b) Southern MD. Eastern Shore: March 1 - May 15, August 15 - October 15

C. Irrigation

If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2" - 1" every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse sites,

D. Repair and Maintenance

Inspect all seeded areas for failures and make necessary repairs. replacements, and reseedings within the planting season.

- i. Dince the vegetation is established, the site shall have 95% groundcover to be considered adequately stabilized.
- ii. If the stand provides less than 40% ground coverage, overseeding and fertilizing using half of the rates originally applied may be necessary.
- iii.lf the stand provides between 40% and 94% ground coverage, overseeding and fertilizing using half of the rates originally applied may be necessary.
- iv. Maintenance fertilizer rates for permanent seedings are shown in Table 24. For lawns and other medium to high maintenance turfgrass areas, refer to the University of Maryland publication "Lawn Care in Maryland"

SC-3

SCALE

AS

SHOWN

ROCKBURN FORCE MAIN & GRAVITY SEWER CAPITAL PROJECT NO. S-6200 CONTRACT NO. 10-3696 FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

Jepson 2.18.99

Whitman, Requardt and Associates, LLP.

PREPARED BY :



DES: WRD/EJM DRN : EJM/GWG CHK : JAA DATE :12/09/98 BY NO.

REVISION

DATE | 600' SCALE MAP NO. BLOCK NO.

₩.O./12954/R8FMSC03.DGN

SHEET 10 OF 11