SHEET INDEX REVISED PERCOLATION CERTIFICATION PLAN AND PRELIMINARY EQUIVALENT SKETCH PLAN & LANDSCAPE PLAN SCHEMATIC GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN PRELIMINARY FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN 8-9 DRAINAGE AREA MAP

Coordinate Table				
POINT NUMBER	NORTH	EAST		
113	542455.8097	1332769.3905		
122	541967.1353	1332072.0039		
126	542346.9524	1331595.2757		
145	541287.3885	1331155.598		
150	541022.8157	1331923.3468		
160	541722.3512	1332382.797		
161	541771.6678	1332320.291		
401	542626.0204	1332532.032		
406	541778.3431	1331359.325		
407	541718.3156	1331334.4160		
408	542100.1161	1331185.821		
409	542004.8377	1331141.5772		
428	541134,9571	1331597.930		

	MINIMUM LO	ts size cha	rt
LOT No.	GROSS AREA	PIPESTEM AREA	MINIMUM LOT SIZE
1	48,074 5Q.FT.	3,356 5Q.FT.	44,718 5Q.FT.
2	51,103 5Q.FT.	4,993 5Q.FT.	46,110 SQ.FT.
3	50,224 SQ.FT.	6,602 5Q.FT.	43,622 5Q.FT.
4	57,631 SQ.FT.	13,215 SQ.FT.	44,416 5Q.FT.
5	67,018 5Q.FT.	Ø,521 SQ.FT.	58,497 SQ.FT.
6	57,656 5Q.FT.	3,926 5Q.FT.	53,730 SQ.FT.
7	62,733 5Q.FT.	3,823 5Q.FT.	58,910 SQ.FT.
8	65,650 SQ.FT.	7,612 SQ.FT.	50,030 SQ.FT.
9	66,569 SQ.FT.	9,702 5Q.FT.	56,867 SQ.FT.

	roadway info	RMATION CH	ART
ROAD NAME	CLASSIFICATION	DESIGN SPEED	R/W WIDTH
DRIVEWAY 'A'	USE-IN-COMMON	- 1	24'
DRIVEWAY 'B'	USE-IN-COMMON	-	35'

LEGEND				
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION			
~~~492	EXISTING 2' CONTOURS			
- 490	EXISTING 10° CONTOURS			
102	PROPOSED CONTOUR			
+ 362.5	SPOT ELEVATION			
100	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE			
~~~~	existing treeline			
~~~~	PROPOSED TREELINE			
	PROPOSED PAVING			
$\otimes \otimes \otimes \otimes$	EXISTING PAVING to be removed			
GLB2 MLC2	SOILS LINES AND TYPE			
55F	SUPER SILT FENCE			
剧	STABILIZES CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE			
M	PROPOSED SWM DRYWELL (M-5)			
<u></u>	PROPOSED MICRO BIORETENTION (M-6)			
<del>* * *</del>	grass swale (M-0)			
	NON-ROOFTOP DISCONNECTION (N-2)			
	ROOFLEADERS			
_ <u></u>	Underdrain Pipe			
FEFT	15% TO 24.9% STEEP SLOPES			
	25% AND GREATER STEEP SLOPES			
	DRAINAGE AREA FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION AND BIORETENTION FACILITIES			
	DRAINAGE AREA FOR STORM DRAIN			
<b>1P</b>	TREE PROTECTION			
LYY	FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT			

#### DENSITY TABULATIONS

- 1. BASE DENSITY: 26.372 ACRES / 4.25 = 6.205 UNITS OR 6 SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED HOMES
- 2. MAXIMUM DENSITY (1 LOT PER 2 NET ACRES): 24.724 NET ACRES / 2 = 12.362 UNITS OR 12 SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED HOMES. net tract area = gross area - floodplain - steep slopes NET TRACT AREA = 26.372 ACRES - 1.208 AC. - 0.440 AC.
- 3. TOTAL NUMBER OF PROPOSED DWELLING UNITS = 9 CLUSTER LOTS + 1 BUILDABLE
- 4. DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO THIS SUBDIVISION PURSUANT TO THE DEO DENSITY TRANSFER PROVISION OF SECTION 106.8.2 OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS FOR THIS PROPERTY'S UNDERLYING RR ZONING DISTRICT. (10 PROPOSED - 6 BY-RIGHT = 4 DEO RIGHTS REQUIRED)

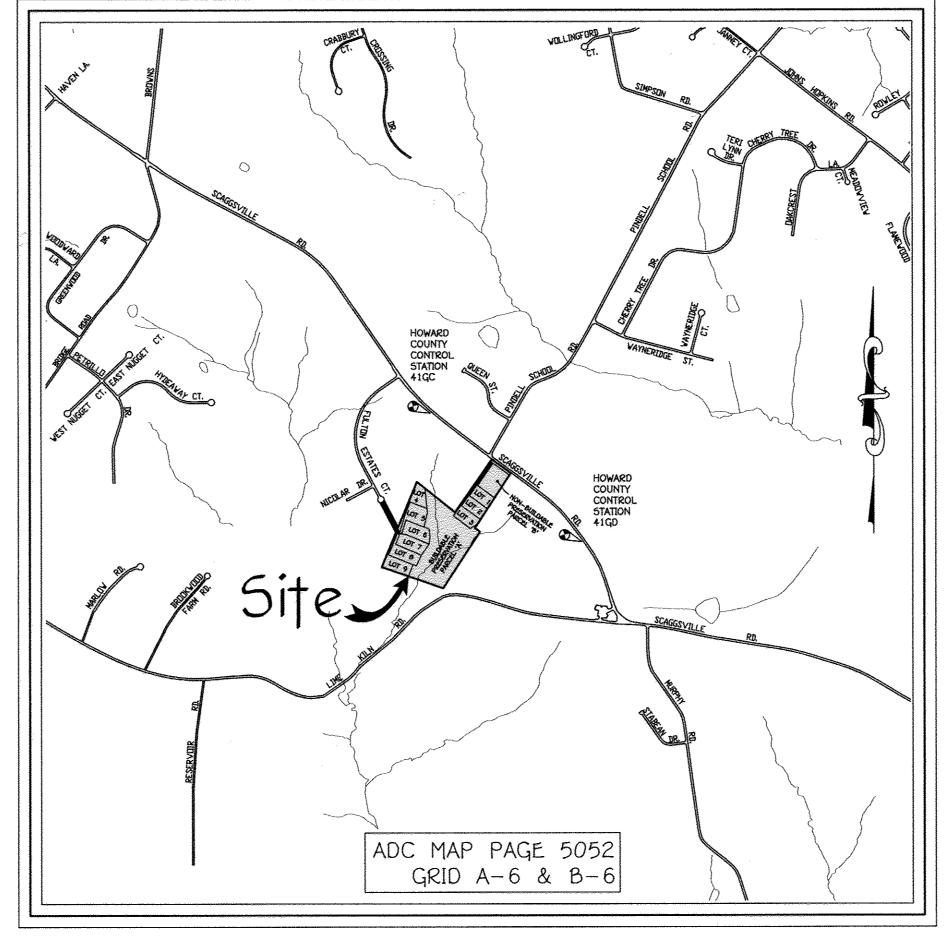
# PRELIMINARY EQUIVALENT SKETCH PLAN

# FULTON MANOR VALLEY

## LOTS 1 THRU 9, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' & NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

ZONING: RR-DEO

TAX MAP No. 41 GRID No. 19 PARCEL Nos. 78 AND 456

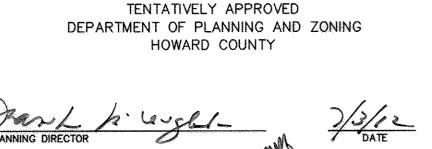


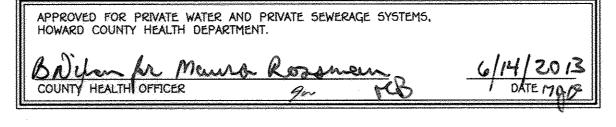
5CALE: 1" = 1200"

# FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

# FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

PLLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042





OWNER DEBRA E. TAYLOR P.O. BOX 535 FULTON, MARYLAND 21044 410-977-1327

DEVELOPER FAL DEVELOPMENT, LLC 5300 DORSEY HALL DRIVE, SUITE 102 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 443-367-0422

- 1. THIS SUBDIMISION PLAN IS SUBJECT TO THE AMENDED FIFTH EDITION OF THE SUBDIMISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AND THE 2004 ZONING REGULATIONS PER COUNCIL BILL NO. 45-2003 AND THE ZONING REGULATIONS AS AMENDED BY COUNCIL BILL NO. 75-2003. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION ON THESE LOTS OR PARCELS MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACK AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMISSION OF A BUILDING OR GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION.

  2. THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED RR-DEO PER THE 2/2/04 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN AND THE 'COMP LEADING AMENDMENTS SETECTIVE 7/28/06
- b. AREA OF FLOODPLAIN = 1.208 AC.+ c. Area of 25% or greater slopes = 0.440 ac. (outside floodplain)
- d. NET AREA OF TRACT = 24.724 AC.*
  e. AREA OF PROPOSED ROAD R/W = 0.213 AC.*
  f. AREA OF PROPOSED BUILDABLE LOTS = 12.099 AC.*
  g. AREA OF PROPOSED BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS = 12.072 AC.*
- h. AREA OF PROPOSED NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS = 1.997 AC. +

  1. NUMBER OF LOTS PROPOSED:
- a. BUILDABLE LOTS = 9 b. BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS = 1
- b. BUILDABLE PRESERVATION FARCELS 1

  c. NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS = 1

  5. RELATED DPZ FILE NUMBERS: ECP-12-040 AND WP-13-092

  6. PRIVATE WATER AND SEWER SHALL BE UTILIZED WITHIN THIS DEVELOPMENT.

  7. SOILS INFORMATION TAKEN FROM SOIL MAP No. 12, SOIL SURVEY, HOWARD COUNTY,
- THIS AREA DESIGNATES A PRIVATE EASEMENT OF AT LEAST 10,000 SQ.FT. AS REQUIRED BY THE MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT FOR INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE DISPOSAL. IMPROVEMENT OF ANY NATURE IN THIS AREA ARE RESTRICTED UNTIL PUBLIC SEWERAGE IS AVAILABLE. THESE EASEMENTS SHALL BECOME NULL AND VOID UPON CONNECTION TO A PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEM. THE COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER SHALL HAVE AUTHORITY TO GRANT
- VARIANCES FOR ADJUSTMENTS TO THE PRIVATE SEWERAGE EASEMENT. RECORDATION OF A MODIFIE
- MAY, 2011. 10. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN IS FROM HOWARD COUNTY GIS AND SUPPLEMENTED WITH FIELD RUN TOPO BY FISHER, COLLINS AND CARTER, INC. DATED MAY, 2011. 11. NO NOISE STUDY IS REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 12. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MDE STORM DRAIN DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUMES 1 8 II PRVISED 2009 LISE OF M-6 MICRO BIO-RETENTION, M-5 DRY WELLS, N-2 DISCONNECTION OF NON-ROOFTOP RUNOFF, AND M-8 GRASS CHANNELS ARE PROPOSED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 13. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY THE TRAFFIC GROUP DATED JUNE 25, 2012 AND WA
- APPROVED ON SEPTEMBER 18, 2012.

  14. THE FOREST STAND DELINEATION AND WETLAND DELINEATION FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY ECO-SCIENCE. PROFESSIONALS, INC. DURING DECEMBER, 2011 WITH REPORT DATED JANUARY 30, 2012.

  15. THIS PROPERTY IS LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.
- 16. FOR FLAG OR PIPESTEM LOTS, REFUSE COLLECTION, SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE ARE PROVIDED TO THE JUNCTION OF THE FLAG OR PIPESTEM AND THE ROAD R/W LINE AND NOT THE PIPESTEM LOT DRIVEWAY.

  17. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS
- BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL DATUM IS BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS: HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 41GC N 543290.6303 E 1331697.8125
- HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 41GD N 541496.6266 E 1333747,1759
- 20. THE LOTS SHOWN HEREON COMPLY WITH THE MINIMUM OWNERSHIP, WIDTH AND LOT AREA AS REQUIRED
- MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT. 21. ALL EXISTING WELLS AND SEPTIC FIELDS WITHIN 100 FEET OF SUBJECT PROPERTY HAVE BEEN SHOWN
- 22. ALL WELLS SHALL BE DRILLED PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT RECORDATION. IT IS THE DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SCHEDULE THE WELL DRILLING PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT SUBMISSION. IT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED GOVERNMENT DELAY IF THE WELL DRILLING HOLDS UP HEALTH DEPARTMENT SIGNATURE OF THE RECORD PLAT.
- 23. ANY CHANGES TO A PRIVATE SEWAGE AREA SHALL REQUIRE A REVISED PERC CERTIFICATION PLAN. 24. THE FOREST CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS PER SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL FOR THIS SUBDIVISION WILL BE FULFILLED BY ON-SITE REFORESTATION
- (PLANTING) OF 1.45 ACRES AND RETENTION OF 7.18 ACRES OF FOREST. THE TOTAL AREA ON-SITE
- 25. NO CEMETERIES OR HISTORIC SITES ARE LOCATED ON THIS PROPERTY.
  26. THERE ARE STEEP SLOPES OF 25% OR GREATER ON-SITE.
- 27. THERE ARE STEEP SLOPES OF 23% OK GREATER ON-SITE.

  27. THE PLUMBING FIXTURES WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE STABLE ON PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A'. ALSO, THE STABLES SEWER CONNECTION WILL BE SEALED WITH CONFIRMATION BY AN ENVIRONMENTAL SANITARIAN PRIOR TO RECORD PLAT SUBMITTAL.

  28. THERE ARE EXISTING STRUCTURES ON BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' TO REMAIN. EXISTING STRUCTURE ON NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B' TO BE REMOVED PRIOR TO RECORDATION OF FINAL PLAT.

  29. BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' IS PRIVATELY OWNED AND ENCUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH
- THE FULTON MANOR VALLEY HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. AND HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND. NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B' IS PRIVATELY OWNED AND ENCUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE
- FULTON MANOR VALLEY HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. AND HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

  30. LOTS 5 THRU 9 EXCEED THE 50,000 SQUARE FOOT MAXIMUM FOR CLUSTER LOTS. THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT APPROVED LARGER LOTS DUE TO PERCOLATION, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND WELL SETBACKS.
- 31. AN ADDRESS RANGE SIGN SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR LOTS 1-3 & PARCEL 'A' AT THE INTERSECTION O SCAGGSVILLE ROAD AND THE USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY AND FOR LOTS 4-9 AT THE INTERSECTION OF FULTON ESTATES COURT AND THE USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY. THE PRIVATE RANGE OF ADDRESS SIGNS SHALL BE FABRICATED AND INSTALLED BY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS AT THE DEVELOPERS/OWNERS EXPENSE CONTACT HOWARD COUNTY TRAFFIC DIVISION AT 410-313-2430 FOR DETAILS AND COST ESTIATE. THERE SHALL IF AN ADDRESS SIGN AT THE POINT WHERE EACH INDIVIDUAL DRIVEWAY INTERSECTS WITH THE USE-IN-COMMON
- 3. DISTANCES SHOWN ARE BASED ON SURFACE MEASUREMENT AND NOT REDUCED TO NAD '83 GRID. DENEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A USE AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT FOR ANY NEW
- DWELLINGS TO ENSURE SAFE ACCESS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING (MINIMUM)
- A) WIDTH 12 FEET (16 FEET SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE); B) SURFACE - SIX (6") INCHES OF COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING
- C) GEOMETRY MAXIMUM 15% GRADE, MAXIMUM 10% GRADE CHANGE AND 45-FOOT TURNING RADIUS;
  D) STRUCTURES (CULVERTS/BRIDGES) CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25-LOADING); E) DRAINAGE ELEMENTS - CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100 YEAR FLOOD WITH NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT DEPTH OVER SURFACE:
- F) STRUCTURE CLEARANCES MINIMUM 12 FEET; G) MAINTENANCE - SUFFICIENT TO ENSURE ALL WEATHER USE
- 35. THE FLOODPLAIN STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. ON NOVEMBER 14. 2011. AND WAS APPROVED ON OCTOBER 17. 2012.
- 36. ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION FOR THE FULTON MANOR VALLEY HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. WILL BE FILED WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS AND TAXATION. 37. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL, PRESERVATION PARCELS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO BE BUFFERED
- OR SCREENED FROM ADJACENT PROPERTIES. 38. THE USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY EASEMENT AND MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT FOR LOTS 1 THRU 3, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B' AND ALSO FOR LOTS 4 THRU 9
- SHALL BE RECORDED SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THE FINAL RECORD PLAT. 39. THIS SUBDIVISION IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 105.F AND 106.8.2 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS. THE DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS FOR 4 DEO UNITS ARE REQUIRED TO BE TRANSFERRED TO THIS
- 40. A LANDSCAPING SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$19,800.00 FOR PERIMETER LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS 61 SHADE TREES AND 10 EVERGREEN TREES OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND LANDSCAPE MANUAL IS TO BE POSTED WITH THE FINAL PLAN DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT FOR THIS SUBDIVISION. THE LANDSCAPE INFORMATION PROVIDED WITH THIS PLAN IS SCHEMATIC AND MAY BE REVISED DURING LATER STAGES IN THE
- PLANNING PROCESS. A COMPLETE LANDSCAPE PLAN WILL BE PROVIDED WITH THIS SUBDIVISION AT FINAL ROAD PLAN STAGE. IN ADDITION, 49 STREET TREES WILL BE REQUIRED WITH THIS PROJECT.

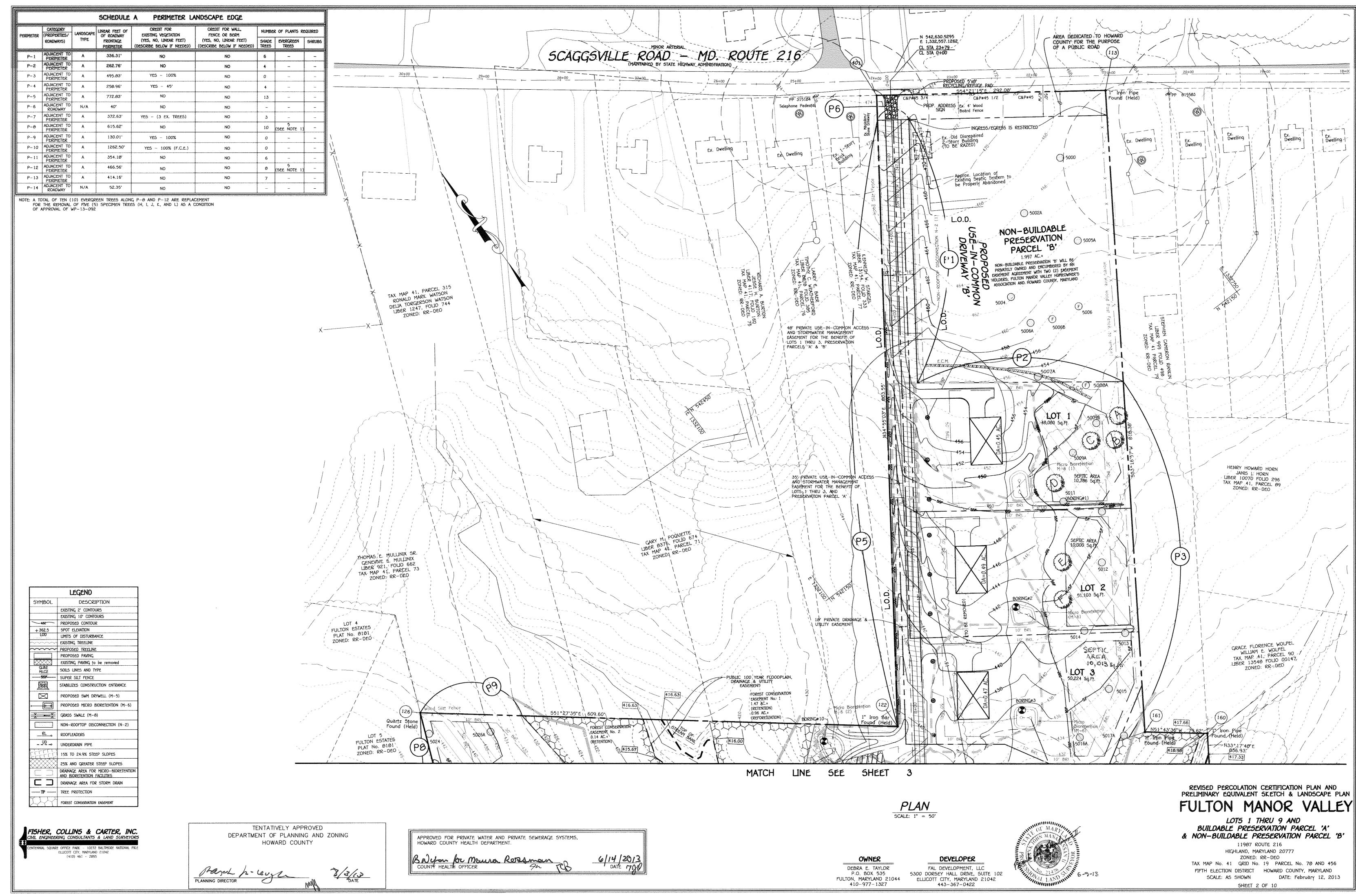
  41. THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS HAVE BEEN
- 42. A PRE-SUBMISSION COMMUNITY MEETING WAS HELD FOR THIS PROJECT ON JUNE 16, 201: 43. THE BIORETENTION FACILITY (F-6) LOCATED ON LOT 6 AND THE MICRO-BIORETENTION FACILITY LOCATED
- ON PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' WILL BE OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY THE HOMEOWNER'S ASSOCIATION. ALL OTHER FACILITIES WILL BE OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY THE OWNER ON WHICH THAT PARTICULAR
- 44. TRASH AND RECYCLING COLLECTION WILL BE PROVIDED AT SCAGGSVILLE ROAD AND FULTON ESTATES COURT WITHIN 5' OF THE COUNTY ROADWAY
- 45. THE PURPOSE OF PRESERVATION PARCELS: BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' IS DESIGNED TO ACCOMMODATE THE EXISTING DWELLING AND OUTBUILDINGS AS WELL AS THE STREAMS AND FORESTED AREA IN PROXIMITY TO THE STREAMS. THESE FEATURES ARE
- PREFERRED ON PRESERVATION PARCELS RATHER THAN ON RESIDENTIAL LOTS. THERE ARE NO COMMERCIAL FARM operations on this property and the open area in proposed preservation parcel a would not SUPPORT A FARM OPERATION. THEREFORE, THERE WILL BE NO CONFLICTS WITH AGRICULTURAL USE TRAFFIC ON THE COMMON DRIVEWAY. NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 8 PROVIDES A BUFFER FROM SCAGGSVILLE ROAD AND AN OPEN AREA IN
- PROXIMITY TO THE EXISTING HOUSES ON VERY NARROW LOTS BOTH EAST AND WEST OF THE PRESERVATION PARCEL. THIS PARCEL MAY BE PROPOSED AS A FUTURE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT TO PROVIDE FOR OFF-SITE PLANTING FOR ANOTHER PROJECT. THIS AREA PRESERVES THE VIEW FROM SCAGGSVILLE ROAD. 46. ANY VEGETATION WITHIN OR NEAR THE BOUNDARIES OF A SEPTIC RESERVE AREA (AKA, SEWERAGE OR SEPTIC EASEMENT) IS SUBJECT TO DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION DURING THE INSTALLATION OF SEPTIC SYSTEM DRAINFIELDS
- 47. ON JANUARY 22, 2013 THE PLANNING DIRECTOR APPROVED A WAIVER TO SECTION 16.1205(8)(7) FOR REMOVAL OF FIVE (5) OF THE SIXTEEN (16) SPECIMEN TREES IDENTIFIED ON THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING 1) THE DEVELOPER SHALL PLANT A TOTAL OF TEN (10) EVERGREEN TREES ALONG LANDSCAPE PERIMETERS
  - P-8 AND P-12 (SEE PERIMETER AS IDENTIFIED ON THE LANDSCAPE PLAN, SP-13-003) AS REPLACEMENT MITIGATION FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE FIVE (5) SPECIMEN TREES (TREES H, I, J, K & L) AS IDENTIFIED ON THE FOREST STAND DELINEATION PLAN AND THE WAIVER PETITION EXHIBIT AS "TO BE REMOVED". THESE TEN (10) EVERGREEN TREES WILL AUGMENT THE REQUIRED 10 PERIMETER SHADE TREES REQUIRED ALONG THESE PERIMETERS. THIS ADDITIONAL LANDSCAPING WILL PROVIDE AN ENHANCED LANDSCAPE BUFFER BETWEEN THE EXISTING 3 ACRES LOTS AND THE PROPOSED 1 ACRE CLUSTER LOTS.
- 2) THE REMOVAL OF ANY OF THE REMAINING ELEVEN (11) SPECIMEN TREES (TREES A. B. C. O. E. F. G. M. N. O & P) NOT DESIGNATED FOR REMOVAL UNDER THIS WAIVER PETITION WP-13-092, WOULD REQUIRE WAIVER PETITION APPROVAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.1205.(a00.7 OF THE SUBDIVISION AND THE LAND DEVELOPMENT REQULATIONS 48. NO VIABLE ANIMAL FARMING OPERATIONS WILL BE POSSIBLE ON PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A'.

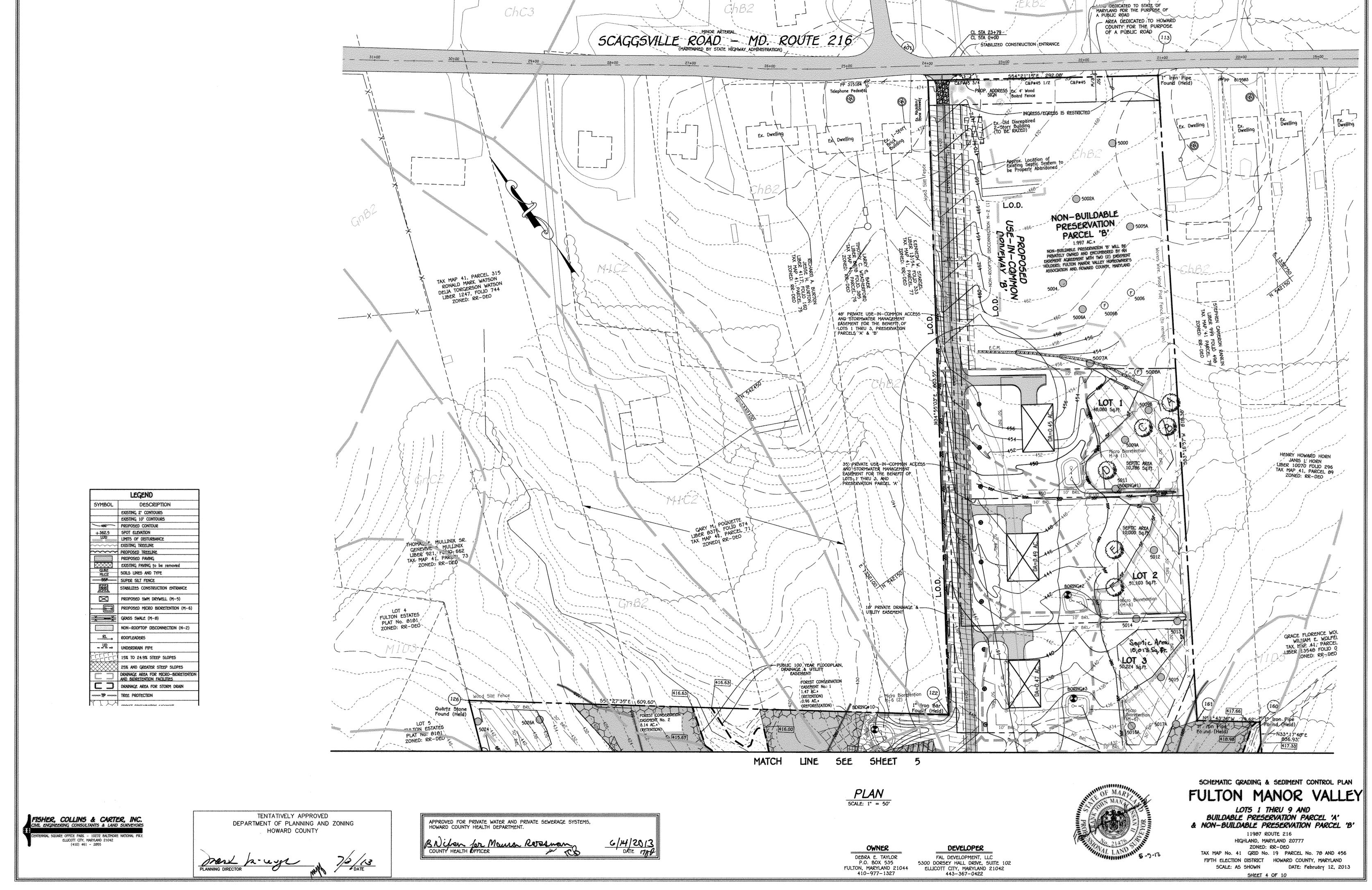
TITLE SHEET FULTON MANOR VALLEY

LOTS 1 THRU 9 AND BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' & NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

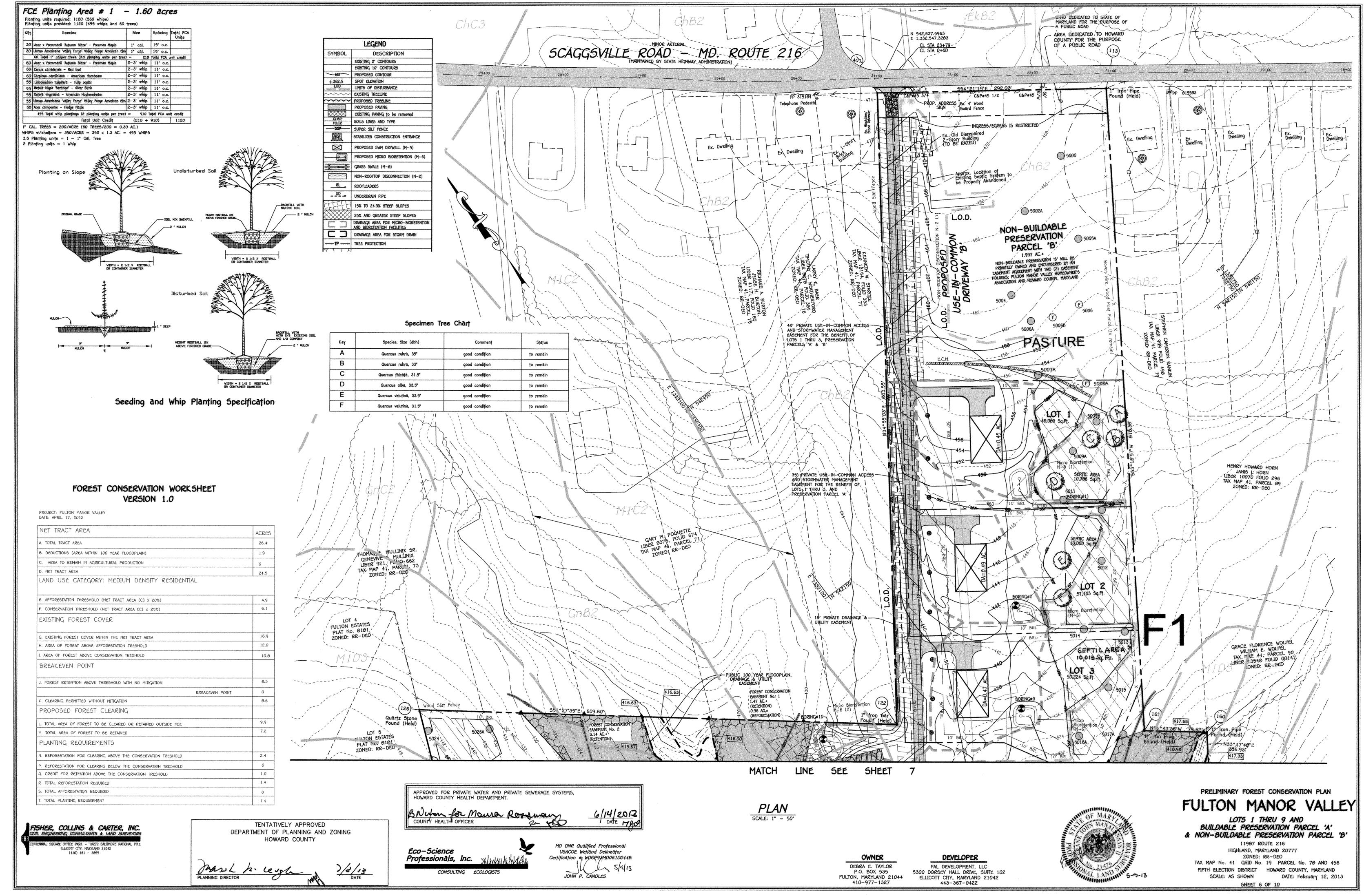
11987 ROUTE 216 HIGHLAND, MARYLAND 20777

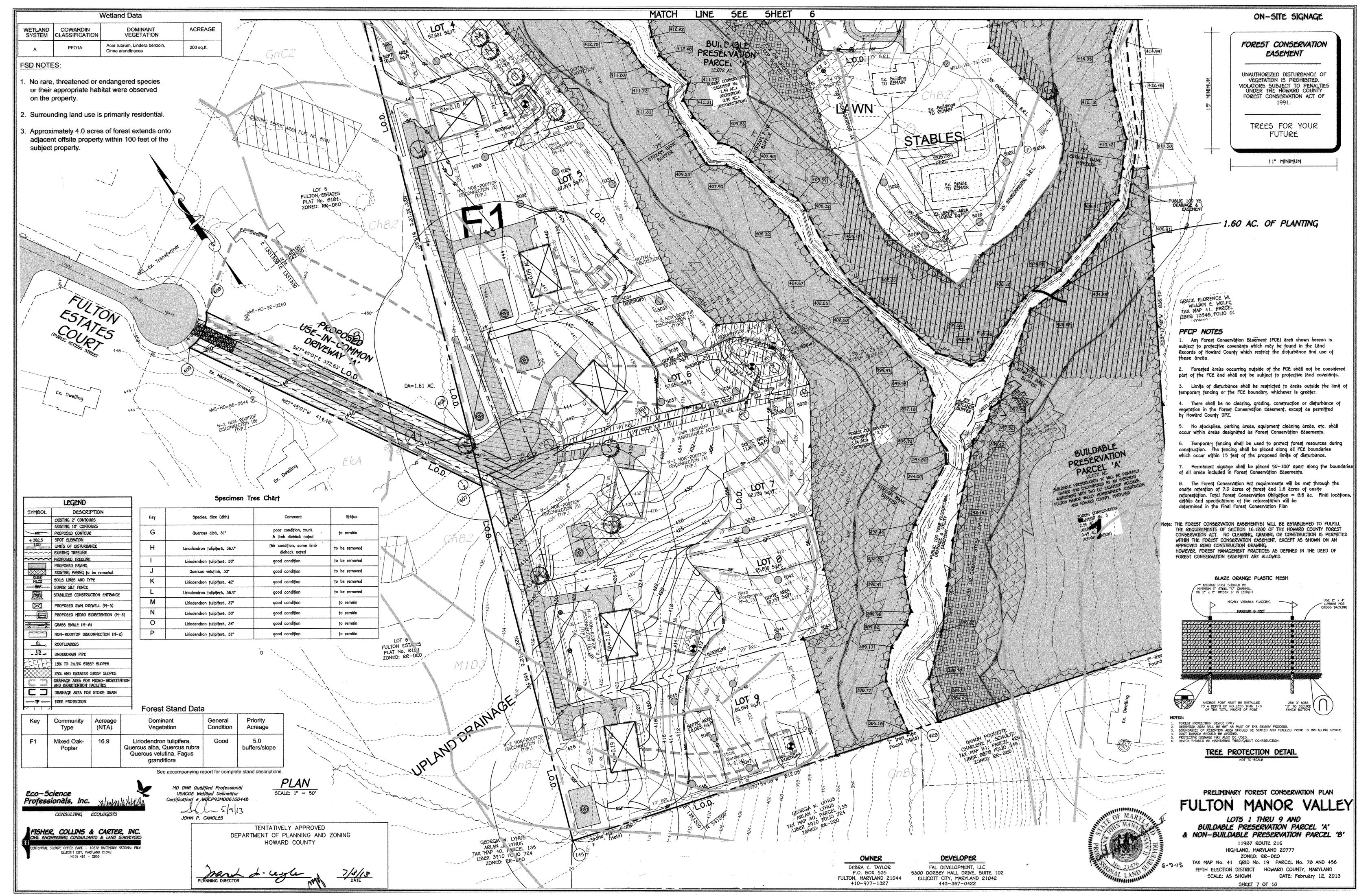
ZONED: RR-DEO TAX MAP No. 41 GRID No. 19 PARCEL No. 78 AND 456 FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: February 12, 2013 SHEET 1 OF 10





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t Generally only within 100-year floodplain areas

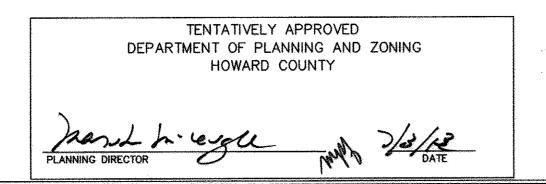
	DRAI	NAGE	AREA	DATA	
STRUCTURE NO.	DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	,C,	ZONED	% IMP
I- 1	A	0.13 AC.	0.39	RR-DEO	45%
I-2	В	1.30 AC.	0.39	RR-DEO	15%
		·			

#### Stormwater Management Summary Table

larget Pe=1.00 inches					
ESDV Summary Table					
AREA ID	E5Dv Req. Cu.F†.	E5Dv Pvd. Cu.F†.	% Impervious	Remarks	
Lot 1	423	<i>8</i> 69	23%	Micro-Bioretention	
Lot 2	407	739	20%	Micro-Bioretention	
Lot 3	39.4	831	20%	Micro-Biorețențion	
UIC Driveway to serve Lots 1 thru 3	1,247	1,629	68%	Micro-Bioretention	
Totale	2 471	4.068			

LEGEND			
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		
<u> </u>	EXISTING 2' CONTOURS		
	EXISTING 10' CONTOURS		
_48Z	PROPOSED CONTOUR		
+362.5	SPOT ELEVATION		
1.00	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE		
~~~	EXISTING TREELINE		
~~~	PROPOSED TREELINE		
	PROPOSED PAVING		
$\otimes \otimes \otimes$	EXISTING PAVING to be removed		
GLB2 MLC2	SOILS LINES AND TYPE		
55F	SUPER SILT FENCE		
	STABILIZES CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE		
Ø	PROPOSED SWM DRYWELL (M-5)		
<b>E3</b>	PROPOSED MICRO BIORETENTION (M-6)		
X=X	GRASS SWALE (M-8)		
	NON-ROOFTOP DISCONNECTION (N-2)		
RL	ROOFLEADERS		
	UNDERORAIN PIPE		
FFF	15% TO 24.9% STEEP SLOPES		
	25% AND GREATER STEEP SLOPES		
	DRAINAGE AREA FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION AND BIORETENTION FACILITIES		
	drainage area for storm drain		
<b>P</b>	TREE PROTECTION		

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.





**PLAN**5CALE: 1" = 50'

OWNER DEBRA E. TAYLOR P.O. BOX 535 FULTON, MARYLAND 21044 410-977-1327

DEVELOPER FAL DEVELOPMENT, LLC 5300 DORSEY HALL DRIVE, SUITE 102 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 443-367-0422

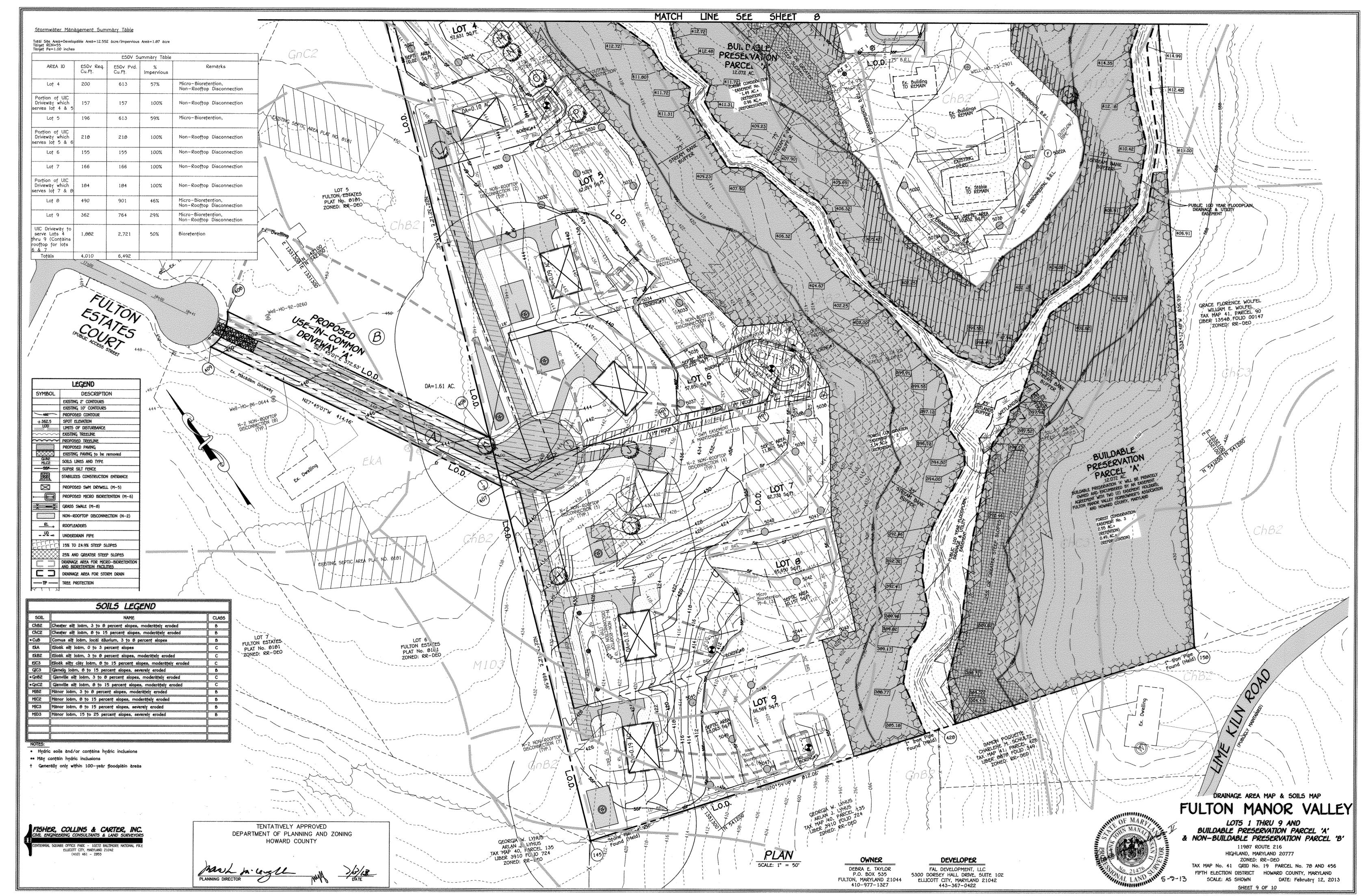


FULTON MANOR VALLEY

LOTS 1 THRU 9 AND BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' & NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

11907 ROUTE 216 HIGHLAND, MARYLAND 20777

ZONED: RR-DEO TAX MAP No. 41 GRID No. 19 PARCEL No. 78 AND 456 FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: February 12, 2013 SCALE: AS SHOWN SHEET Ø OF 10



### Infiltration and Filter System Construction Specifications

Infiltration and filter systems either take advantage of existing permeable soils or create a permeable medium such as sand for WC), and Re v. In some instances where permeability is great, these facilities may be used for Qp as well. The most common systems include infiltration trenches, infiltration basins, sand filters, and organic filters.

When properly planted, vegetation will thrive and enhance the functioning of these systems. For example, pre-treatment buffers will trap sediments that often are bound with phosphorous and metals. Vegetation planted in the facility will aid in nutrient uptake and water storage. Additionally, plant roots will provide arteries for stormwater to permeate soil for groundwater recharge. Finally, successful plantings provide desthetic value and wildlife habitat making these facilities more desirable to the public.

#### Design Constraints:

> Planting buffer strips of at least 20 feet will cause sediments to settle out before reaching the facility, thereby reducing the possibility of clogging.

> Determine areas that will be saturated with water and water table depth so that appropriate plants may be selected (hydrology will be similar to bioretention

facilities, see figure A.5 and Table A.4 for planting material guidance). > Plants known to send down deep taproots should be avoided in systems where filter fabric is

used as part of facility design. > Test soil conditions to determine if soil amendments are necessary.

> Plants shall be located so that access is possible for structure maintenance.

> Stabilize heavy flow areas with erosion control mats or sod.

> Temporarily divert flows from seeded areas until vegetation is established > See Table A.5 for additional design considerations.

#### Bio-retention

#### Soil Bed Characteristics

The characteristics of the soil for the bioretention facility are perhaps as important as the facility location, size, and treatment volume. The soil must be permeable enough to allow runoff to filter through the media, while having characteristics suitable to promote and sustain a robust vegetative cover crop. In addition, much of the nutrient pollutant uptake (nitrogen and phosphorus) is accomplished through absorption and microbial activity within the soil profile. Therefore, soils must balance their chemical and physical properties to support biotic communities above and below ground.

The planting soil should be a sandy loam, loamy sand, loam (USDA), or a loam/sand mix (should contain a minimum 35 to 60% sand, by volume). The clay content for these soils should be less than 25% by volume [Environmental Quality Resources (EQR), 1996; Engineering Technology Inc. and Biohabitats, Inc. (ETAB), 1993]. Soils should fall within the SM, ML, SC classifications or the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). A permeability of at least 1.0 feet per day (0.5"/hr) is required (a conservative value of 0.5 feet per day is used for design). The soil should be free of stones, stumps, roots, or other woody material over 1" in diameter. Brush or seeds from noxious weeds (e.g., Johnson Grass, Mugwort, Nutsedge, and Canada Thistle or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.) should not be present in the soils. Placement of the planting soil should be in 12 to 10 lifts that are loosely compacted (tamped lightly with a backhoe bucket or traversed by dozer tracks). The specific characteristics are presented in Table A.3.

#### Table A.3 Planting Soil Characteristics

Parameter	Value
pH range	5.2 to 7.00
Organic matter	1.5 to 4.0% (by weight)
Magnesium	35 lbs. per acre, minimum
Phosphorus (phosphate - P2O5)	75 lbs. per acre, minimum
Potassium (potash —1(K2O)	85 lbs. per acre, minimum
Soluble salts	500 ppm
Clay	10 to 25 %
Silt	30 to 55 %
5and	35 to 60%

#### Mulch Layer

The mulch layer plays an important role in the performance of the bioretention system. The mulch layer helps maintain soil moisture and avoids surface sealing, which reduces permeability. Mulch helps prevent erosion, and provides a microenvironment suitable for soil biota at the mulch/soil interface. It also serves as a pretreatment layer, trapping the finer sediments, which remain suspended after the primary pretreatment.

The mulch layer should be standard landscape style, single or double shredded hardwood mulch or chips. The mulch layer should be well aged (stockpiled or stored for at least 12 months), uniform in color, and free of other materials, such as weed seeds, soil, roots, etc. The mulch should be applied to a maximum depth of three inches. Grass clippings should not be used as a

#### Planting Guidance

Plant material selection should be based on the goal of simulating a terrestrial forested community of native species. Bioretention simulates an upland-species ecosystem. The community should be dominated by trees, but have a distinct community of understory trees, shrubs and herbaceous materials. By creating a diverse, dense plant cover, a bioretention facility will be able to treat stormwater runoff and withstand urban stresses from insects. disease, drought, temperature, wind, and exposure.

The proper selection and installation of plant materials is key to a successful system. There are essentially three zones within a bioretention facility (Figure A.5). The lowest elevation supports plant species adapted to standing and fluctuating water levels. The middle elevation supports plants that like drier soil conditions, but can still tolerate occasional inundation by water. The outer edge

is the highest elevation and generally supports plants adapted to dryer conditions. A sample of appropriate plant materials for bioretention facilities are included in Table A.4. The layout of plant material should be flexible, but should follow the general principals described in Table A.5. The objective is to have a system, which resembles a random, and natural plant layout, while maintaining optimal conditions for plant establishment and growth. For a more extensive bioretention plan, consult ETAB, 1993 or Claytor and Schueler, 1997.

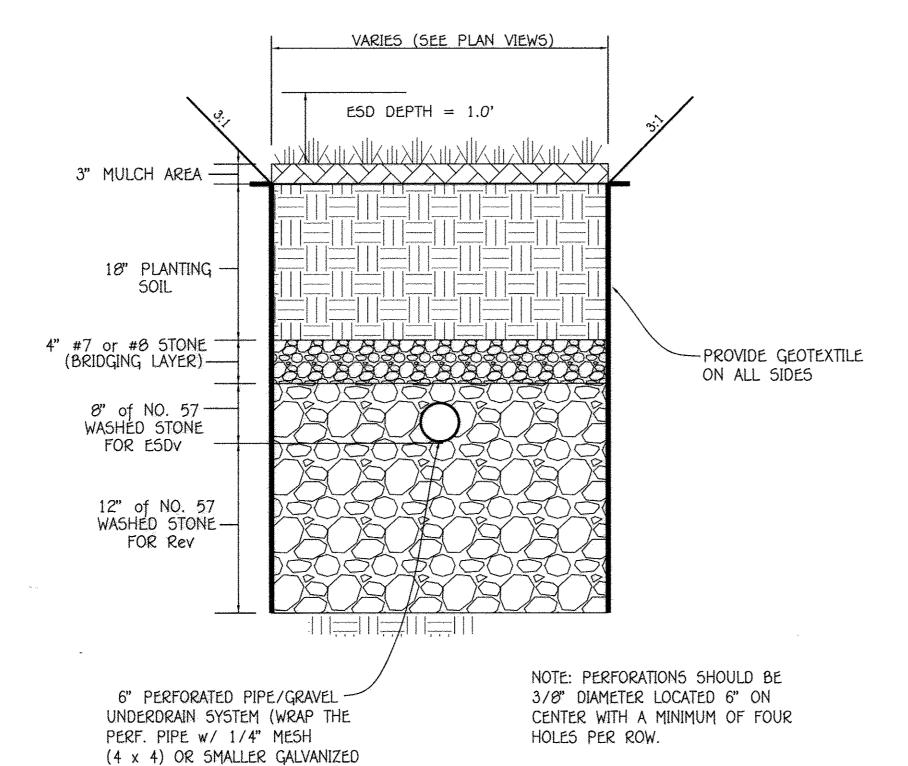
### Operation and Maintenance Schedule For Bio-Retention Areas (M-6)

1. The owner shall maintain the plant material, mulch layer and soil layer annually, maintenance of mulch and soil is limited to correcting areas of erosion or wash out. Any mulch replacement shall be done in the spring. Plant material shall be checked for disease and insect infestation and maintenance will address dead material and pruning. Acceptable replacement plant material is limited to the following: 2000 Maryland stormwater design manual volume II, table A.4.1 and 2.

2. The owner shall perform a plant in the spring and in the fall each year. during the inspection, the owner shall remove dead and diseased vegetation considered beyond treatment, replace dead plant material with acceptable replacement plant material. Treat diseased trees and shrubs and replace all deficient stakes and wires.

3. The owner shall inspect the mulch each spring. The mulch shall be replaced every two to three years, The previous mulch layer shall be removed before the new layer is applied.

4. The owner shall correct soil erosion on an as needed basis, with a minimum of once per month and after each heavy storm.

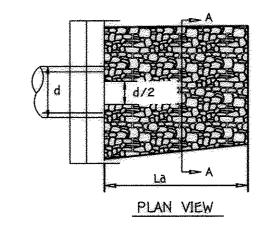


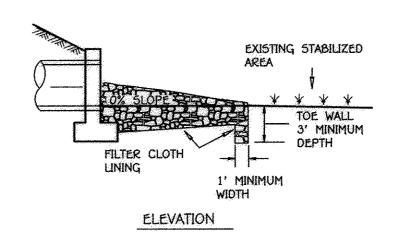
Micro Bio-Retention (M-6) Section

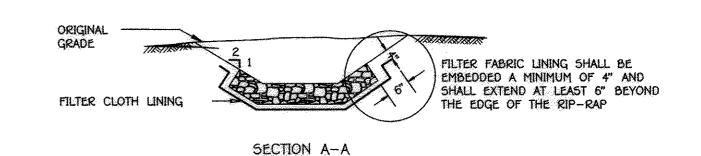
extend #7 or #8 stone up to top of bio-retention - PROVIDE 6" PVC 5CHEDULE 40 Typical Clean-Out Detail

6" dia. DOME GRATE

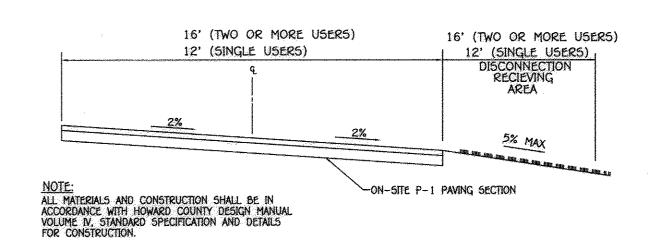
#### ROCK OUTLET PROTECTION III







NOTE: FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE GEOTEXTILE CLASS C



Typical Private Drive Cross Slope Section

### Operation & Maintenance Schedule For Privately Owned And Maintained Disconnection Of Nonrooftop Runoff (N-2)

1. Maintenance Of Areas Receiving Disconnection Runoff Is Generally No Different Than That Required For Other Lawn Or Landscaped Areas. The Areas Receiving Runoff Should Be Protected From Future Compaction Or Development Of Impervious Area. In Commercial Areas, Foot Traffic Should Be Discouraged As Well.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS

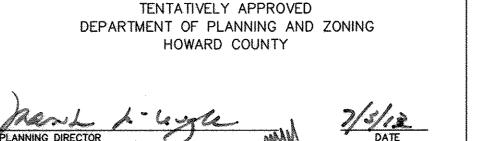
### FULTON MANOR VALLEY

LOTS 1 THRU 9 AND BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' & NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

11987 ROUTE 216 HIGHLAND, MARYLAND 20777 ZONED: RR-DEO

TAX MAP No. 41 GRID No. 19 PARCEL No. 78 AND 456 FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: February 12, 2013 SHEET 10 OF 10

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