

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- 1. A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits, Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction (313-1855).
- 2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECS. FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.
- 3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control stuctures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1 b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the
- 4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeters in accordance with Vol.1, Chapter 7, of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm
- 5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above, in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STAND—ARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seedings, sod, temporary seeding and mulching (Sec G). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination
- 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

7. SITE ANALY	'SIS: Total Area of Site:	0.84Ac.
	Area Disturbed:	6.6/ AC.
	Area to be roofed or paved:	1.83 AC.
	Area to be vegetatively stabilized:	4.78 AC.
	Total Cut:	
	Total Fill :	<u> </u>
	Oct. is W. T. 10 Anna Landblane	

- Offsite Waste/Borrow Area Location: * 8. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same
- day of disturbance. 9. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed neces-

and establishment of grasses.

- sary by the Howard County DPW Sediment Control Inspector. 10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is
- 11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which shall be back-filled and stabilized within one working day, whichever is shorter.
- 12. The total amount of silt fence = 2340 LF
 The total amount of super sitt fence = 702 LF
- * It is the responsibility of the contractor to identify the spoil/borrow site and notify and gain approval from the sediment control inspector of the site and it's grading permit number at the time of construction.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:	NO. OF DAY
1. Obtain grading permit.	
2. Install tree protection fence.	7
3. Install sediment and erosion control devices and stabilize.	14
4. Excavate for foundations, rough grade and temporarily stabiliz	e. 30
5. Construct structures, sidewalks and driveways.	60
6. Final grade and stabilize in accordance with Stds. and Specs.	14
7. Upon approval of the sediment control inspector, remove sediment and erosion control devices and stabilize.	7

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO IMMEDIATE FURTHER DISTURBANCE WHERE A PERMANENT LONG-LIVED VEGETATIVE

SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking. discing or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously

SOIL AMENDMENTS: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules:

- 1) Preferred—Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/ 100 sq.ft.) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs./ 1000 sq.ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil. At the time of seeding, apply 400 lbs. per acre 30-0-0 ureaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq.ft.)
- 2) Acceptable-Apply 2 tons per acre dolomatic limestone (92 lbs/ 1000 sq.ft.) and apply 1000 lbs. per acre 10-10-10- fertilizer (23 lbs./1000 sq.ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil.

SEEDING: For the periods March 1 thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs. per acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sa.ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31, seed with 60 lbs. Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs. per acre (.05 lbs./1000 sq.ft.) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28, protect site by: Option (1) 2 tons per acre well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) Use sod. Option (3) Seed with 60 lbs/acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored

MULCHING: Apply 1 1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq.ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sg.ft.) for anchoring.

MAINTENANCE: Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs, replacements and reseedings.

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously

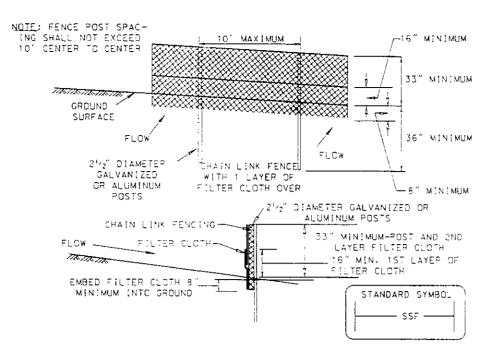
SOIL AMENDMENTS: Apply 600 lbs. per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs./1000 sq.ft).

SEEDING: For periods March 1 thru April 30 and from August 15 thru November 15, seed with 2 1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs./1000 sa.ft.) For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs. per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs./1000 sq.ft.). For the period November 1 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

MULCHING: Apply 1 1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs./1000 sq.ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq.ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq.ft.) for anchoring.

REFER TO THE 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR RATE AND METHODS NOT

DETAIL 33 - SUPER SILT FENCE



Construction Specifications

Fencing shall be 42 inches in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6 foot fence shall be used. substituting 42 inch febric and 6 foot length posts.

1. The poles do not need to set in concrete.

2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties or staples.

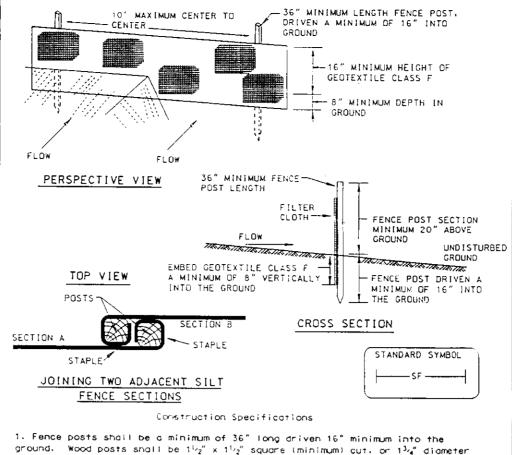
3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section. 4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of b" into the ground.

5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6" and folded.

6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when "bulges" develop in the silt fence.

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DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE



ground. Wood posts shall be $1^{1}/2'' \times 1^{1}/2''$ square (minimum) cut. or $1^{3}/4''$ diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be 2. Geotextile shall be fostened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements

for Geotextile Class F: 50 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Tensile Modulus 20 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Flow Rate 0.3 gai ft²/ minute (max.) Test: MSMT 322

folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass

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Filtering Efficiency Test: MSMT 322 3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

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DETAIL 24 - STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE BERM (6" MIN.) -- 50' MINIMUM --EXISTING PAVEMEN EARTH FILL PIPE AS NECESSARY XISTING PAVEMENT ** GEOTEXTILE CLASS 'C'-OR BETTER MINIMUM 6" OF 2"-3" AGGREGATE OVER LENGTH AND WIDTH OF LEXISTING GROUND STRUCTURE PROF ILE 10' MINIMUM PLAN VIEW STANDARD SYMBOL **数据SCE**類

Length - minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot).

. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

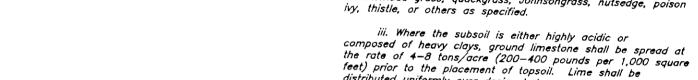
. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval outhority may not require single family residences to use menteytile.

Construction Specification

4. Stone — crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe ha to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT



distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures. II. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres: Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization

21.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

TOPSOIL

Definition

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetable growth.

levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or

is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish

c. The original soil to be vegetated contains

d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with

II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications,

consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas

having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate

Construction and Material Specifications

l. Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used

specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be

salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the

representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey

published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland

II. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil

i. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be

approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless,

topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured

cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger that 1 and 1/2" in

subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of

used if recommended by an agronomist or a soil scientist and

ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such

as Bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison

provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these

areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special

continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient

I. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material

The soil material is so shallow that the rooting

establishment of permanent vegetation.

unacceptable soil gradation.

material toxic to plant growth.

stabilization shown on the plans.

Agricultural Experimental Station.

must meet the following:

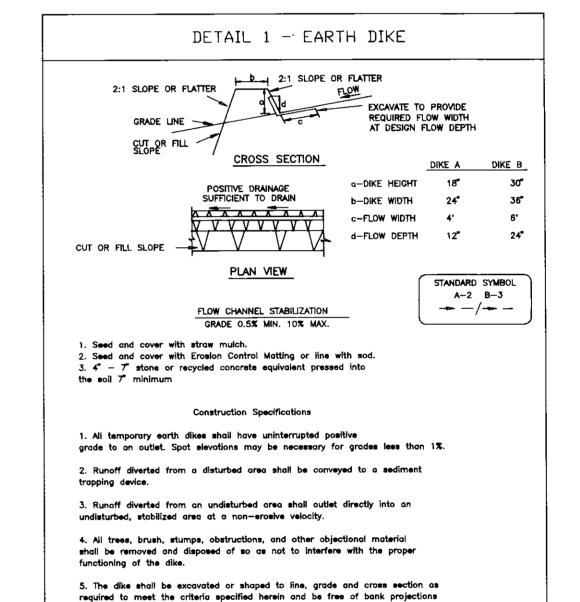
limestone is not feasible.

Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials. V. Topsoil Application When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade

Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins. ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" ~ 8" higher in elevation.

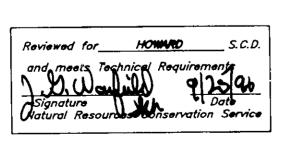
iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" -3" layer and lightly compacted to a minimumckness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a mann.r that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface esulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions

iv. Topsoil shall not be place while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.



THE HOWARD RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CORP. 10275 LITTLE PATUXENT PARKWAY COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

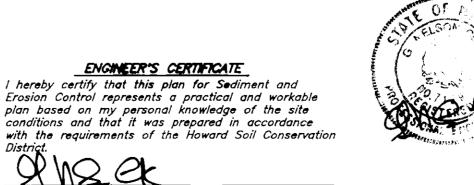
OWNER / DEVELOPER



THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

DEVELOPER'S DUILDER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan of development and plan for sediment and erosion control and that all responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation District or their authorized agents, as are deemed





or other irregularities which will impede normal flow. 6. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.

it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike.

7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that

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DATE

8-8-96

8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after

CLARK • FINEFROCK & SACKETT, INC. **ENGINEERS • PLANNERS • SURVEYORS** 7135 MINSTREL WAY: • COLUMBIA MD: 21045 • (410) 381 7500 BALTO: • (301) 621 8100 WASH SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS DESIGNED LOTS 134-147 & 222-234 ZAL COLUMBIA DRAWING DRAWN VILLAGE OF LONG REACH ZH5 of 5 SECTION 4 AREA 2 JOB NO. CHECKED SIXTH (6th) ELECTION DISTRICT M 96-106 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

GROFTON, MD 21114

2200 DEFENSE HIGHWAY SUITE 301

FOR: NV HOMES

SDP 97-15

FILE NO

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APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING