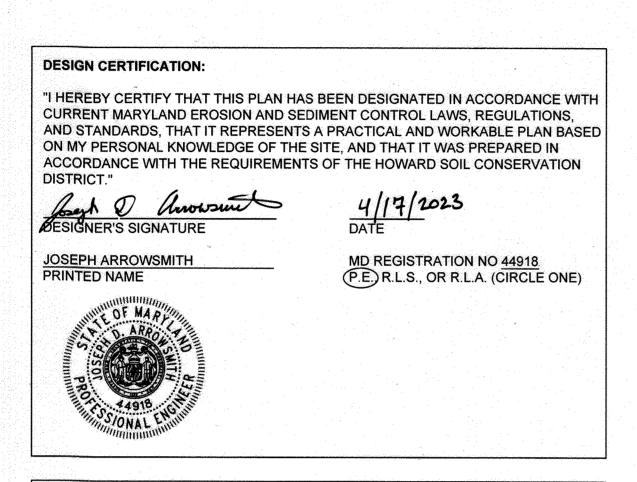


STANDARD SYMBOLS

	A Commence of the Commence of	
		LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE
	SS ————	EXISTING SANITARY LINE AND MA
	UGE	EXIOTING COL LINE
	——— GAS ————————————————————————————————	EXISTING GAS LINE EXISTING WATER LINE
	OHE	EXISTING OHE LINE
	-0 -	EXISTING UTILITY POLE
	.	EXISTING LIGHT POLE
		EXISTING GAS UTILITY
*		EXISTING TRAVERSE POINT
	₩ BM	BENCHMARK
	**************************************	EXISTING STORMWATER PIPE
	®	EXISTING STORMWATER MANHOL
		PROPERTY BOUNDARY
	g	
		EXISTING EASEMENT
	Variance and the second	EX. EDGE OF PAVEMENT
	X X	EXISTING FENCE
	mmmmm	SURVEYED TREELINE
		EVERGREEN TREE
		DECIDUOUS TREE
	35" TULIP POPLAR	SURVEYED SPECIMEN TREE
	T1	CRITICAL ROOT ZONE (SPECIMEN
	FCE	FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMEI
		SURVEYED NONTIDAL WETLAND
	WB WB	WETLAND BUFFER (25')
	wus	SURVEYED WATERS OF THE US
		EX. STRUCTURE
		EX. MAJOR CONTOUR
	369	EX. MINOR CONTOUR
	MaC	SOIL BOUNDARY
	GnB	SOIL BOUNDARY
	©	HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP
		HIGHLY ERODIBLE (>5%) SOILS
		HIGHLY ERODIBLE (>15%) SOILS
		STEEP (>20%) SLOPES
	370	PROPOSED CONTOUR
	100EX	EXISTING 100-YR WATER SURFACE (HYDRAULIC MODEL)
	100PR	PROPOSED 100-YR WATER SURFACE (HYDRAULIC MODEL)
		CLASS II RIPRAP
	\star	TREE REMOVAL
		MULCH ACCESS ROAD
		STAGING/STOCKPILE AREA
	OCF — TPF — TPF	ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCE TREE PROTECTION FENCE
	P	PUMP
	ØFB	FILTER BAG
	ДГ В	
		SANDBAG DIKE

TOWN & COUNTRY, SECTION 5, REVISED SECTION 4 HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC ELLICOTT CITY, MD



OWNER/DEVELOPER CERTIFICATION:

DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS, AND THE RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF TRAINING AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT (MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT-OF-ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR MDE."

OWNER'S DEVELOPER'S SIGNATURE

T. Dichard Litton, S.R., Authorized
Signatory
PRINTED NAME & TITLE

HOWARD SCD SIGNATURE BLOCK:

THIS PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

0<u>5/08/</u>23 T DATE

6/5/23

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Chief, Development Engineering Division

Chief, Division of Land Development

Date

5/25/23

Date

SCALE: 1"=500'

SITE ANALYSIS

TAX MAP/PARCEL/LOT: 17/355

DEED REF: 14115/00159

DISTRICT: 1

USE: HIGH DENSITY RESIDENTIAL R-A-15

PROPERTY AREA: 94.97 AC

WATERSHED: PATAPSCO RIVER L N BR (021309061017)

PROPERTY OWNER: HARBOR CROSSING GARDENS, LLC

LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE: 11,692 SF

TOTAL VEGETATED AREA: 10,745 SF

TEMPORARY STAGING AREA: 1,222 SF

CUT: 27 CY, FILL: 90 CY (DERIVED FROM AUTOCAD SURFACE)

OFFSITE WASTE LOCATION: SITE WITH ACTIVE GRADING PERMIT

API	PROVALS & TRACK	(ING	
AGENCY	APPROVAL OR TRACKING #	DATE APPLIED	DATE APPROVED
MDE WETLANDS/WATERWAY AUTHORIZATION	22-NT-3179	9/14/2022	10/7/2022
USACE AUTHORIZATION	202261218	9/14/2022	10/7/2022
HOWARD COUNTY REDLINE REVISION		12/20/2022	3/28/2023

VICINITY MAP

NERAL NOTES:

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE HARBOR GROUP MANAGEMENT AT 757-640-0800 AT LEAST FIVE (5) DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING WORK
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY MISS UTILITY AT 1.800.257,7777 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS BEFORE STARTING WORK.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS/BUREAU OF ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT 410-313-1880 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING WORK.
- 4. THE SYSTEM OF COORDINATES USED IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING DATUMS:
- HORIZONTAL: MARYLAND STATE PLANE NAD OF 1983/2011
- VERTICAL: NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM (NAVD) 1988
- 5. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY
- 6. TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS WERE PERFORMED BY ACCURATE INFRASTRUCTURE DATA, INC., UNDER SUBCONTRACT TO O'CONNELL AND LAWRENCE, INC IN MARCH AND APRIL 2022.
- 7. UTILITY SURVEY WAS PERFORMED BY O'CONNELL AND LAWRENCE, INC. IN MARCH 2022.
- 8. PROPERTY LINES AND EASEMENTS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE APPROXIMATE AND FOR REFERENCE ONLY
- SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR DISCOVER ANY DISCREPANCIES BETWEEN THE PLANS AND FIELD CONDITIONS, THE COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION IS TO BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY TO RESOLVE THE SITUATION. SHOULD THE CONTRACTOR MAKE FIELD CORRECTIONS OR ADJUSTMENTS WITHOUT NOTIFYING THE COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION, THEN THE CONTRACTOR ASSUMES ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THOSE CHANGES.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR IS SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR CONSTRUCTION MEANS, METHODS, TECHNIQUES, SEQUENCES, PROCEDURES, AND SAFE PRECAUTIONS AND PROGRAMS.
- 11. UTILITY LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE AND TAKEN FROM AVAILABLE PLANS, RECORDS, AND/OR FIELD RECONNAISSANCE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY MEASURES TO LOCATE AND PROTECT THE EXISTING UTILITIES AND MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE. ANY DAMAGE INCURRED DUE TO THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

12. UTILITY CONTACTS:

- BALTIMORE GAS AND ELECTRIC USIC SOUTH AND EAST HOWARD: 443.239.4412
- VERIZON CUSTOMER SERVICE: 800.922.0204
- COMCAST CUSTOMER SERVICE: 800.934.6489
- 12. THE WETLAND DELINEATION FOR THIS SITE WAS PERFORMED BY STRAUGHAN ENVIRONMENTAL IN MARCH 2022.
- 13. THE PROJECT HAS MDE PERMIT NUMBER 22-NT-3179.

PROJECT NOTES:

♦ HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL

- 1. THIS WORK TAKES PLACE IN USE I WATERS. IN-STREAM WORK IS PROHIBITED BETWEEN MARCH 1 AND JUNE 15 OF ANY CALENDAR YEAR INCLUSIVE.
- 2. AN AREA OF MINIMAL FLOOD HAZARD, ZONE X, IS LOCATED AT THE PROJECT LOCATION (FEMA FIRM 24027C0090D EFFECTIVE NOVEMBER 2013). AN AREA OF 1% HAZARD, ZONE AE, IS LOCATED AT THE PROJECT LOCATION (FEMA, 2022)
- 3. NATURAL RESOURCES DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN WERE FIELD VERIFIED BY STRAUGHAN ENVIRONMENTAL IN MARCH 2022.
- 4. THE SITE IS LOCATED IN THE PATAPSCO RIVER LOWER NORTH BRANCH WATERSHED. THIS PORTION OF THE WATERSHED IS IMPAIRED BY E. COLI, ARSENIC, TOTAL PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL NITROGEN, CHLORDANE, TOTAL SUSPENDED SEDIMENTS, CHANNELIZATION, AND SELENIUM AS DEFINED BY THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT. THE RECEIVING WATERS ARE NOT CLASSIFIED UNDER TIER II HIGH QUALITY WATERS.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTINUALLY MONITOR WEATHER FORECASTS DURING WORK ACTIVITIES AND SCHEDULE WORK DURING FAVORABLE
- CONDITIONS.

 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXERCISE CARE IN ACTIVITIES THAT INVOLVE CUTTING, FILLING, OR GRADING IN THE VICINITY OF TREES THAT ARE TO REMAIN.
 THESE ACTIVITIES SHALL BE PERFORMED IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT DISTURB THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE WITHIN THE DRIP LINE OF THE TREE.
- PROTECTIVE ORANGE FENCING SHALL BE INSTALLED ALONG THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE FOR MAINTAINED TREES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT STORE EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, AND/OR SUPPLIES BEYOND THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
 UPON COMPLETION OF THE WORK, BUT PRIOR TO DE-MOBILIZATION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL REMNANTS OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS
 FROM THE SITE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL RESTORE ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO A CONDITIONS
- 9. PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE PROPOSED WORK AREA AND ACCESS SHALL BE TAKEN BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 10. ALL MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF OFFSITE. REMOVED TREES AND BRUSH MAY BE REDISTRIBUTED ON SITE AT THE DISCRETION OF THE ENGINEER AND COLUMBIA ASSOCIATION REPRESENTATIVE.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE EXTREME CAUTION WHEN EXITING THE PROJECT SITE AND PAY CLOSE ATTENTION TO PEDESTRIANS WALKING NEAR THE PROJECT SITE.
- 12. WORKING HOURS ARE 7AM TO 7PM MONDAY THROUGH SATURDAY
- 13. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL AVOID TRACKING HEAVY EQUIPMENT OVER THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE OF SPECIMEN TREES. IF UNAVOIDABLE, SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE USED WHEN TRACKING OVER THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONES.
- 14. HOWARD COUNTY DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT APPROVED THE NECESSARY DISTURBANCE ON JANUARY 31, 2023, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS AND MITIGATION METHODS:
- 14.1. THE RETROFIT OF THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM AND STABILIZATION OF THE STREAM BANK SHALL ONLY DISTURB THOSE ENVIRONMENTAL AREAS AS STATED IN THE REQUEST AND AS DELINEATED ON THE HOWARD CROSSING EROSION PROJECT PLAN DATE NOVEMBER 2022. ANY DISTURBANCES TO REGULATED ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES BEYOND THIS REQUEST ARE NOT PERMITTED UNLESS THE APPLICANT SUBMITS A FORMAL REQUEST TO
- THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & ZONING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.116(c).

 14.2. THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED AND SEEDED OR PLANTED WITH NATIVE VEGETATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN PLANS.

GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION. COPIES OF THE APPROVED MDE PERMITS SHALL BE SUBMITTED WITH THE GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION.

14.2. THE DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED AND SEEDED OR PLANTED WITH NATIVE VEGETATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN PLAN
14.3. THE APPLICANT WILL BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY APPROVAL AND AUTHORIZATIONS BY THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE
ENVIRONMENT (MDE) AND THE U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS (USACE) FOR ACTIVITIES IN REGULATED AREAS PRIOR TO SUBMISSION OF A



THE PURPOSE OF THESE ADDITIONAL DESIGN SHEETS ARE TO FACILITATE REPAIR AND RESTORATION OF A FAILING STORM DRAIN OUTFALL VIA SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN REDLINE TO SDP-69-917 (TOWN & COUNTRY, SECTION 5, REVISED SECTION 4).

THE PROJECT IS ON HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC PROPERTY NORTH OF TOWN AND COUNTRY BLVD IN ELLICOTT CITY, MD. THE OWNER INTENDS TO PERFORM AN IN-KIND REPLACEMENT OF AN EXISTING REINFORCED CONCRETE STORM DRAIN SECTION AND ENDWALL. IN ADDITION, THE OWNER INTENDS TO STABILIZE AN ERODING STREAM BANK IMMEDIATELY ADJACENT TO THE STORM DRAIN OUTFALL USING IMBRICATED RIPRAP AND BANK GRADING.

1 HC-01



301.362.9200 | www.straughanenvironmental.com

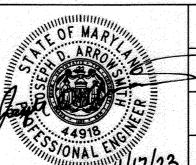
HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 999 WATERSIDE DRIVE SUITE 2300 NORFOLK, VA 23510 JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I, JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH CERTIFY THAT THESE
DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY OR APPROVED BY ME,
AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL
ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND.
LICENSE NO. 44918: EXPIRATION DATE: DECEMBER 22, 2023

JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E.

10245 OLD COLUMBIA ROAD
COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046
BUSINESS PH. 443.539.2548



DES: JW	//JA	BY	NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	
DES. W	VIJA	JA	Δ	REVISION TO SDP-69-914 TO ADDRESS OUTFALL REPAIR (LOCATION INDICATING), INCLUDING ADDITION OF SHEETS 2-11.	4/23	
DRN: JW	1					
						REVIS
CHK: JA						
DATE: 4/2	2023					NIADO2/NIA

TITLE SHEET

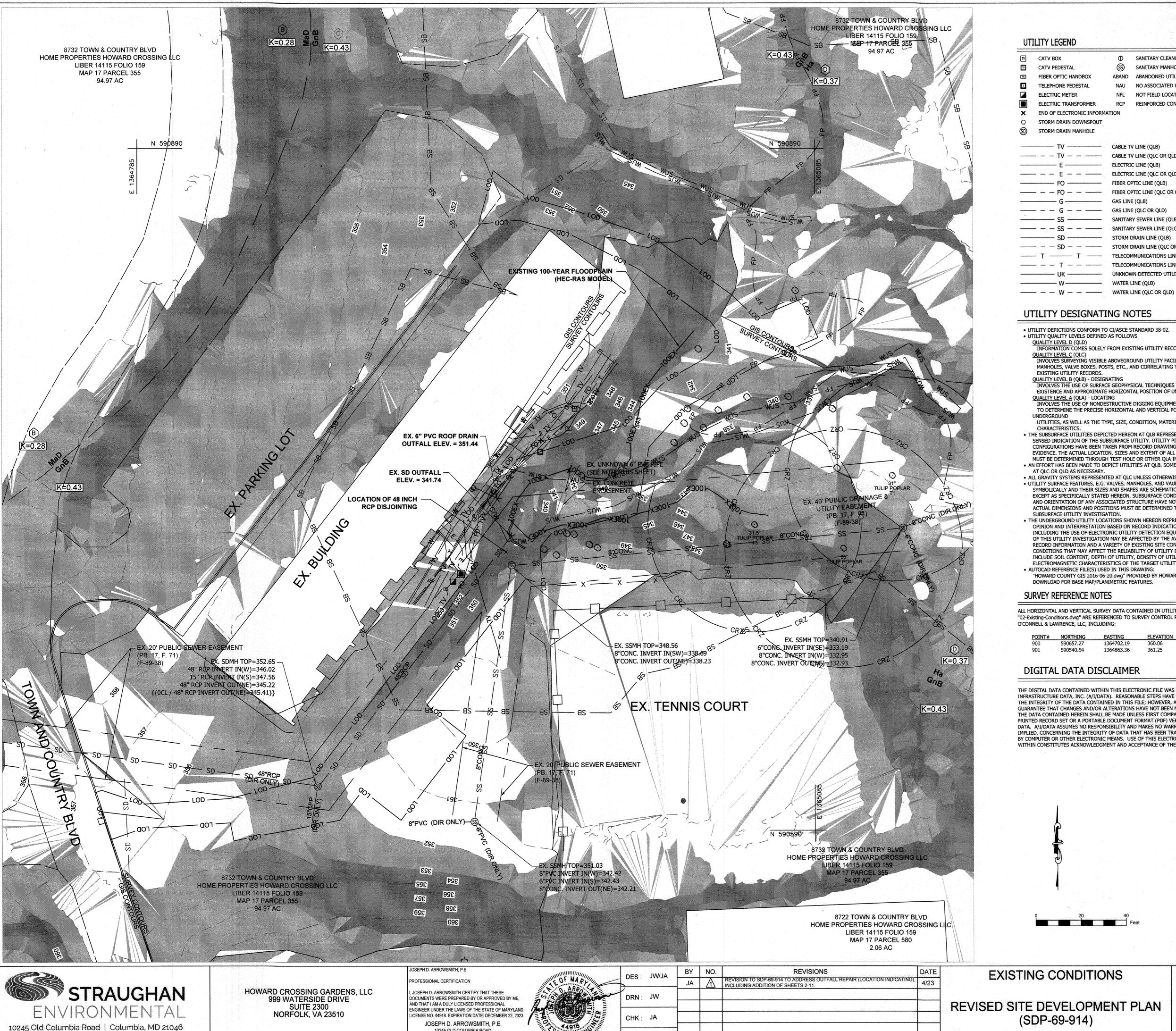
EVISED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP-69-914) TOWN & COUNTRY, SECTION 5, REVISED SECTION 4

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 8732 TOWN & COUNTRY BLVD ELLICOTT CITY, HOWARD COUNTY MD R-A-15 / TAX MAP 17 / PARCEL 355 DISTRICT 1 AS SHOWN
SHEET

SCALE

<u>02</u> OF <u>11</u>

NAD83/NAVD88



10245 OLD COLUMBIA ROAD

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046

BUSINESS PH. 443.539.2548

DATE: 4/2023

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UTILITY LEGEND

CATV BOX SANITARY CLEANOUT SANITARY MANHOLE CATV PEDESTAL FIBER OPTIC HANDBOX ABAND ABANDONED UTILITY NAU NO ASSOCIATED UTILITY DETECTED TELEPHONE PEDESTAL NFL NOT FIELD LOCATABLE ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER RCP REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE END OF ELECTRONIC INFORMATION STORM DRAIN DOWNSPOUT STORM DRAIN MANHOLE — TV — CABLE TV LINE (QLB) ----- CABLE TV LINE (QLC OR QLD) ELECTRIC LINE (QLB) — − − E − − — ELECTRIC LINE (QLC OR QLD) FIBER OPTIC LINE (QLB) —— — — FIBER OPTIC LINE (QLC OR QLD) GAS LINE (QLB) — — — — GAS LINE (QLC OR QLD) SANITARY SEWER LINE (QLB) - SS - - SANITARY SEWER LINE (QLC OR QLD) ---- STORM DRAIN LINE (QLB) ---- SD - - STORM DRAIN LINE (QLC OR QLD) T TELECOMMUNICATIONS LINE (QLB) - - TELECOMMUNICATIONS LINE (QLC OR QLD)

UTILITY DESIGNATING NOTES

EXISTING UTILITY RECORDS.

- UTILITY DEPICTIONS CONFORM TO CI/ASCE STANDARD 38-02. UTILITY QUALITY LEVELS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS
- QUALITY LEVEL D (QLD) INFORMATION COMES SOLELY FROM EXISTING UTILITY RECORDS
- INVOLVES SURVEYING VISIBLE ABOVEGROUND UTILITY FACILITIES, SUCH AS MANHOLES, VALVE BOXES, POSTS, ETC., AND CORRELATING THIS INFORMATION WITH

UNKNOWN DETECTED UTILITY/ CONDUCTOR (QLB)

- QUALITY LEVEL B (QLB) DESIGNATING INVOLVES THE USE OF SURFACE GEOPHYSICAL TECHNIQUES TO DETERMINE THE EXISTENCE AND APPROXIMATE HORIZONTAL POSITION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. QUALITY LEVEL A (QLA) - LOCATING INVOLVES THE USE OF NONDESTRUCTIVE DIGGING EQUIPMENT AT CRITICAL POINTS
- TO DETERMINE THE PRECISE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL POSITION OF UTILITIES, AS WELL AS THE TYPE, SIZE, CONDITION, MATERIAL, AND OTHER
- CHARACTERISTICS. THE SUBSURFACE UTILITIES DEPICTED HEREON AT QLB REPRESENT THE REMOTELY SENSED INDICATION OF THE SUBSURFACE UTILITY. UTILITY PIPE SIZES AND CONFIGURATIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN FROM RECORD DRAWINGS AND ACCESSIBLE FIELD EVIDENCE. THE ACTUAL LOCATION, SIZES AND EXTENT OF ALL SUBSURFACE UTILITIES MUST BE DETERMINED THROUGH TEST HOLE OR OTHER QLA INVESTIGATION METHODS.
- AN EFFORT HAS BEEN MADE TO DEPICT UTILITIES AT QLB. SOME UTILITIES ARE SHOWN AT QLC OR QLD AS NECESSARY. ALL GRAVITY SYSTEMS REPRESENTED AT QLC UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. • UTILITY SURFACE FEATURES, E.G. VALVES, MANHOLES, AND VAULTS, ARE SHOWN SYMBOLICALLY AND THEIR SIZES AND SHAPES ARE SCHEMATIC AND NOT TO SCALE.

EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY STATED HEREON, SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS SUCH AS SIZE

AND ORIENTATION OF ANY ASSOCIATED STRUCTURE HAVE NOT BEEN DETERMINED.

ACTUAL DIMENSIONS AND POSITIONS MUST BE DETERMINED THROUGH ADDITIONAL

- SUBSURFACE UTILITY INVESTIGATION. THE UNDERGROUND UTILITY LOCATIONS SHOWN HEREON REPRESENT A PROFESSIONAL OPINION AND INTERPRETATION BASED ON RECORD INDICATIONS AND FIELD EVIDENCE INCLUDING THE USE OF ELECTRONIC UTILITY DETECTION EQUIPMENT. THE RESULTS OF THIS UTILITY INVESTIGATION MAY BE AFFECTED BY THE AVAILABILITY OF UTILIT RECORD INFORMATION AND A VARIETY OF EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS. SITE CONDITIONS THAT MAY AFFECT THE RELIABILITY OF UTILITY DETECTION INCLUDE SOIL CONTENT, DEPTH OF UTILITY, DENSITY OF UTILITY CLUSTERS, AND
- AUTOCAD REFERENCE FILE(S) USED IN THIS DRAWING: "HOWARD COUNTY GIS 2016-06-20.dwg" PROVIDED BY HOWARD COUNTY GIS DOWNLOAD FOR BASE MAP/PLANIMETRIC FEATURES.

ELECTROMAGNETIC CHARACTERISTICS OF THE TARGET UTILITY.

SURVEY REFERENCE NOTES

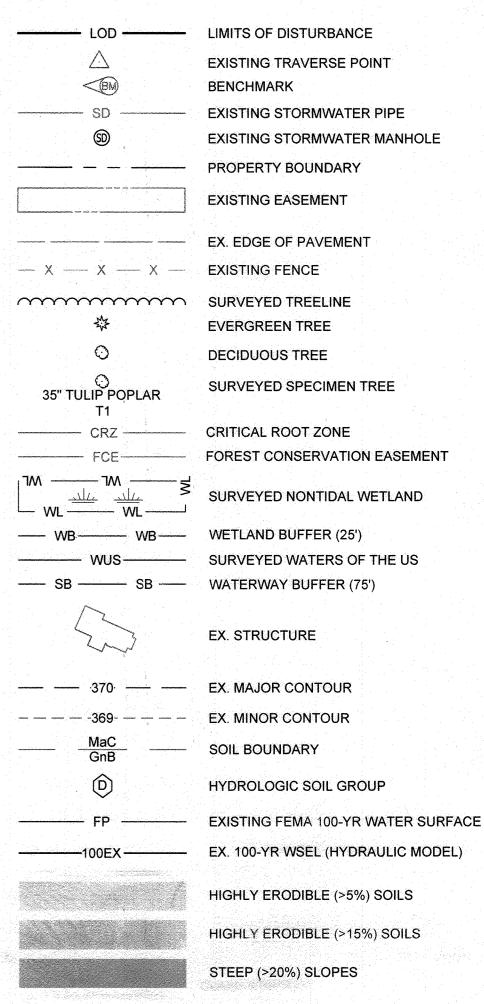
ALL HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL SURVEY DATA CONTAINED IN UTILITY MAPPING FILE "02-Existing-Conditions.dwg" ARE REFERENCED TO SURVEY CONTROL POINTS PROVIDED BY O'CONNELL & LAWRENCE, LLC, INCLUDING:

POINT#	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION
900	590657.27	1364702.19	360.06	REBAR & CAP
901	590540.54	1364863.36	361.25	REBAR & CAP

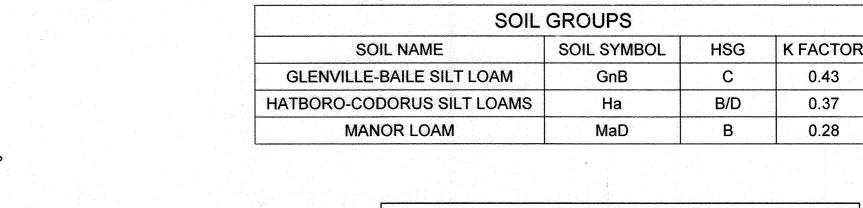
DIGITAL DATA DISCLAIMER

THE DIGITAL DATA CONTAINED WITHIN THIS ELECTRONIC FILE WAS PREPARED BY ACCURATE INFRASTRUCTURE DATA, INC. (A/I/DATA). REASONABLE STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE DATA CONTAINED IN THIS FILE; HOWEVER, A/I/DATA CANNOT GUARANTEE THAT CHANGES AND/OR ALTERATIONS HAVE NOT BEEN MADE. NO RELIANCE ON THE DATA CONTAINED HEREIN SHALL BE MADE UNLESS FIRST COMPARED TO EITHER A PRINTED RECORD SET OR A PORTABLE DOCUMENT FORMAT (PDF) VERSION OF THE ORIGINAL DATA. A/I/DATA ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY AND MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, CONCERNING THE INTEGRITY OF DATA THAT HAS BEEN TRANSMITTED OR RECEIVED BY COMPUTER OR OTHER ELECTRONIC MEANS. USE OF THIS ELECTRONIC FILE AND THE DATA WITHIN CONSTITUTES ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND ACCEPTANCE OF THESE CONDITIONS

EXISTING CONDITIONS LEGEND



NOTE: SITE SURVEY REVEALED AN EXISTING 6" PVC PIPE EXPOSED ABOVE GRADE BEFORE ENTERING INTO A CONCRETE ENCASEMENT ALONG THE STREAM BED. THE ELEVATION AND ALIGNMENT OF THE PIPE SUGGEST THAT THIS PIPE MAY BE A SEWER HOUSE CONNECTION BETWEEN THE BUILDING AND THE NEARBY 8" SANITARY SEWER LINE. THE UTILITY DESIGNATION (QLB) WAS UNABLE TO CONFIRM THE PURPOSE AND FUNCTION OF THIS PIPE.



APPROYED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING 5.16.23 Chief, Development Engineering Division 5/25/23 Chief, Division of Land Development Mary Kentall @ 15 123 Date

⚠ HC-02

TOWN & COUNTRY, SECTION 5, REVISED SECTION 4

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 8732 TOWN & COUNTRY BLVD ELLICOTT CITY, HOWARD COUNTY MD R-A-15 / TAX MAP 17 / PARCEL 355 DISTRICT 1

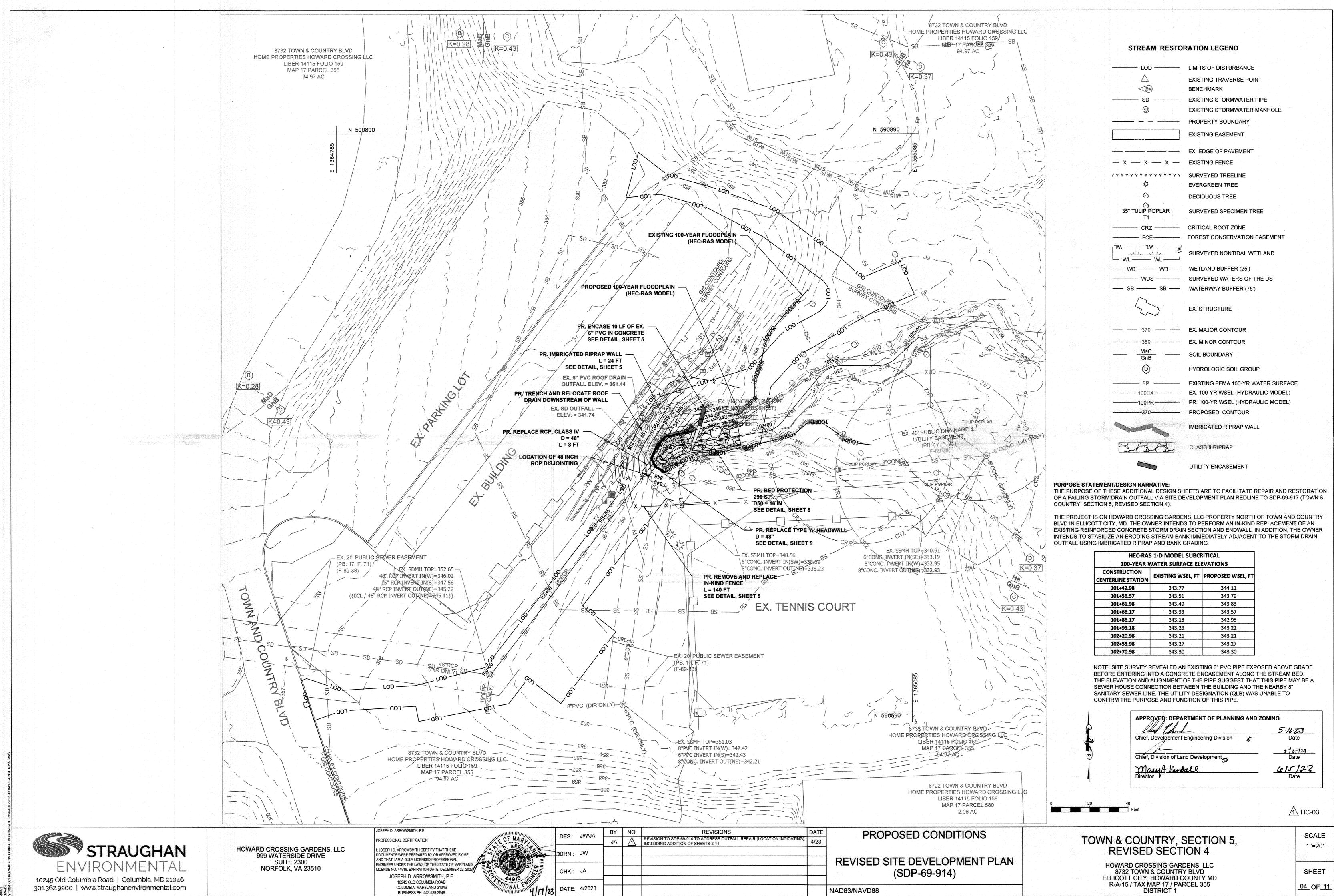
SCALE 1"=20" SHEET 03 OF 11

EXISTING CONDITIONS

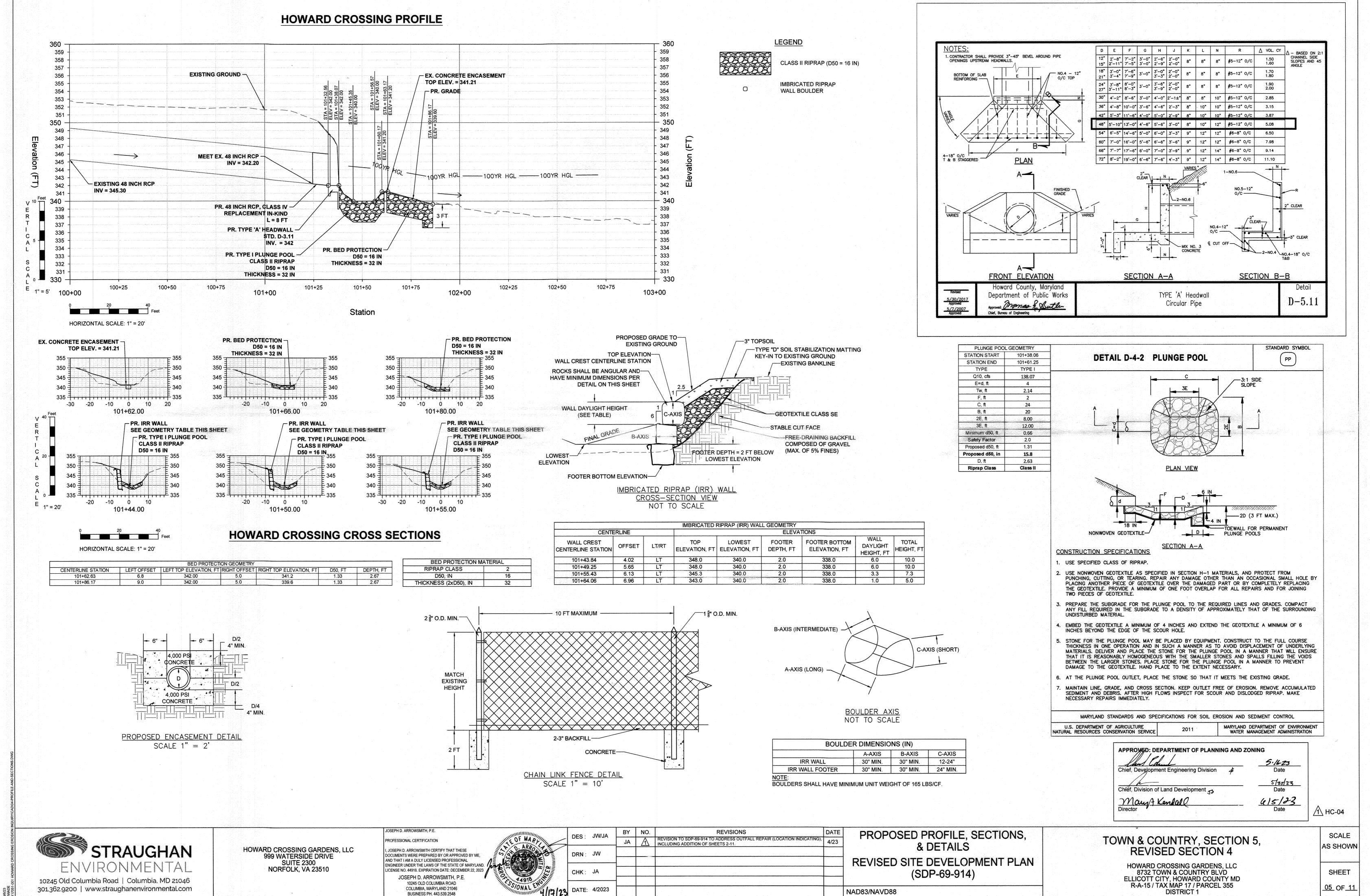
0 20 40 Feet

REVISED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP-69-914)

NAD83/NAVD88



SDP - 69 - 914



5DP-69-914

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT (HSCD) STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A pre-construction meeting must occur with the Howard County Department of Public Works, Construction Inspection Division (CID), 410-313-1855 after the future LOD and protected areas are marked clearly in the field. A minimum of 48 hour notice to CID must be given at the following stages:
 - a. Prior to the start of earth disturbance,
 - b. Upon completion of the installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading.
 - c. Prior to the start of another phase of construction or opening of another grading unit,
 - d. Prior to the removal or modification of sediment control practices.

Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made. Other related state and federal permits shall be referenced, to ensure coordination and to avoid conflicts with this plan.

- All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and revisions thereto.
- Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization is required within three (3) calendar days as to the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1); and seven (7) calendar days as to all other disturbed areas on the project site except for those areas under active grading.
- All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for topsoil (Sec. B-4-2), permanent seeding (Sec. B-4-5), temporary seeding (Sec. B-4-4) and mulching (Sec. B-4-3). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates if the ground is frozen. Incremental stabilization (Sec. B-4-1) specifications shall be enforced in areas with >15' of cut and/or fill. Stockpiles (Sec. B-4-8) in excess of 20 ft. must be benched with stable outlet. All concentrated flow, steep slope, and highly erodible areas shall receive soil stabilization matting (Sec. B-4-6).
- All sediment control structures are to remain in place, and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the CID.
- Site Analysis

Total Area of Site:	0.27	Acres
Area Disturbed:	0.27	Acres
Area to be roofed or paved:	0.000	Acres
Area to be vegetatively stabilized:	0.27	Acres
Total Cut:	27	Cu. Yds.
Total Fill:	90	Cu. Yds.
Offsite waste/borrow area location:	SITE WITH	ACTIVE GRADING PERMIT

- Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance.
- Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the CID. The site and all controls shall be inspected by the contractor weekly; and the next day after each rain event. A written report by the contractor, made available upon request, is part of every inspection and should include:
 - Inspection date
 - Inspection type (routine, pre-storm event, during rain event)
 - Name and title of inspector
 - Weather information (current conditions as well as time and amount of last recorded
 - Brief description of project's status (e.g., percent complete) and/or current activities
 - Evidence of sediment discharges • Identification of plan deficiencies

 - Identification of sediment controls that require maintenance • Identification of missing or improperly installed sediment controls
 - Compliance status regarding the sequence of construction and stabilization requirements
 - Photographs
 - Monitoring/sampling
 - Maintenance and/or corrective action performed
 - Other inspection items as required by the General Permit for Stormwater Associated with Construction Activities (NPDES, MDE).
- Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can and shall be back-filled and stabilized by the end of each workday, whichever is shorter.
- Any major changes or revisions to the plan or sequence of construction must be reviewed and approved by the HSCD prior to proceeding with construction. Minor revisions may allowed by the CID per the list of HSCD-approved field changes.
- Disturbance shall not occur outside the L.O.D. A project is to be sequenced so that grading activities begin on one grading unit (maximum acreage of 20 ac. per grading unit) at a time. Work may proceed to a subsequent grading unit when at least 50 percent of the disturbed area in the preceding grading unit has been stabilized and approved by the CID. Unless otherwise specified and approved by the HSCD, no more than 30 acres cumulatively may be disturbed at a given time.
- 12. Wash water from any equipment, vehicles, wheels, pavement, and other sources must be treated in a sediment basin or other approved washout structure.
- Topsoil shall be stockpiled and preserved on-site for redistribution onto final grade.
- All Silt Fence and Super Silt Fence shall be placed on-the-contour, and be imbricated at 25' minimum intervals, with lower ends curled uphill by 2' in elevation.
- Stream channels must not be disturbed during the following restricted time periods (inclusive):
 - Use I and IP March 1 June 15
 - Use III and IIIP October 1 April 30
 - Use IV March 1 May 31
- A copy of this plan, the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and associated permits shall be on-site and available when the site is active.

B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

Definition

To stabilize disturbed soils with permanent vegetation.

Purpose

To use long-lived perennial grasses and legumes to establish permanent ground cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for 6 months or more

Seed Mixtures

- 1. General Use
- a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table B.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be placed on the plan.
- b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting.
- c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil
- d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 ½ pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary.
- 2. Turfgrass Mixtures
- a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance.
- b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan.
- i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.
- ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where
- rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.
- iii, Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per
- iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1½ to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet.

Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland"

Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line

c. Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures

Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a)

Central MD: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b)

Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zones: 7a, 7b)

- d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 11/2 inches in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose no difficulty.
- e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2 to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse sites.

Permanent Seeding Summary

		one (from Figure (from Table E	re B.3): 6b 3.3): 1			Fertilizer Ra (10-20-20)	te	Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ 0	- Lime Nau
	Switch Grass	10	03/01 - 05/15 08/01 - 10/01	1/4- 1/2 in	45 pounds	00 11-/	00 11-/00	2 tomalas
1	Creeping Red Fescue	15	03/01 - 05/15 08/01 - 10/01	½- ½ in	per acre (1.0 lb/	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	2 tons/ac (90 lb/
	Partridge Pea	4	03/01 - 05/15 08/01 - 10/01	1/4- 1/2 in	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)

- B. Sod: To provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter)
 - 1. General Specifications
 - a. Class of turfgrass sod must be Maryland State Certified. Sod labels must be made available to the job foreman and inspector.
 - b. Sod must be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of \(^3\)/4 inch, plus or minus \(^1\)/4 inch, at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness must exclude top growth and thatch. Broken pads and torn or uneven ends will not be acceptable.
 - c. Standard size sections of sod must be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the
 - d. Sod must not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may
 - e. Sod must be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this period must be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its
 - Sod Installation
 - a. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, lightly irrigate the subsoil immediately prior to laying the sod.
 - b. Lay the first row of sod in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to it and tightly wedged against each other. Stagger lateral joints to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would cause air drying of the roots.
 - c. Wherever possible, lay sod with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Roll and tamp, peg or otherwise secure the sod to prevent slippage on slopes. Ensure solid contact exists between sod roots and the underlying soil surface.
 - d. Water the sod immediately following rolling and tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. Complete the operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod within eight hours.

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils

To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

- 1. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.
- 2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.
- 3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season.

Temporary Seeding Summary

		ne (from Figure e (from Table B.)	,		Fertilizer Rate	Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	(10-20-20)	Limit Rate
	Annual Ryegrass	40	03/01-05/15 08/01-10/15	1/2 IN		
	Pearl Millet	30	05/16-07/31	1/2 IN	436 lb/ac	2 tons/ac
					(10 lb/1000 sf)	(90 lb/1000 sf)

DESIGN CERTIFICATION:

Joseph O Chumana Designer's Signature

JOSEPH ARROWSMITH

PRINTED NAME

DISTRICT.

ESC GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STAY WITHIN THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE WITHIN THE WORKING AREA WHENEVER POSSIBLE.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE EXTRA PRECAUTION FOR TRANSPORTING MATERIALS FROM THE STORAGE AREA TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. CONTRACTOR SHALL MINIMIZE IMPACT ON THE EXISTING TREES, WETLANDS, U.S. WATERS, EXISTING UTILITY AND OTHER EXISTING FEATURES.
- 3. ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE THAT IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY IS TO BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- 4. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING A PUMP AROUND DURING ANY IN-STREAM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MONITORING WEATHER AND PLANNING IN-STREAM WORK SUCH THAT EACH SECTION OF STREAM DISTURBED SHALL BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE SAME DAY, UPON COMPLETION OF DAILY WORK, A STABLE OUTFALL/CONNECTION SHALL BE ESTABLISHED AND THE PUMP AROUND REMOVED. A STABLE OUTFALL IS DEFINED AS A COMPLETED STREAM RESTORATION STRUCTURE DOWNSTREAM OF WORK AREA (E.G. BED PROTECTION, PLUNGE POOL, ETC.) AS DETAILED ON SHEET 5. OTHERWISE, A TEMPORARY STABLE OUTFALL SHALL BE ESTABLISHED PER DETAIL ON SHEET 9.
- 5. WORK SHALL BE PERFORMED WHILE A STREAM PUMP AROUND OR DIVERSION IS ACTIVE. EVERY ATTEMPT SHALL BE MADE TO COMPLETE IN-STREAM CONSTRUCTION DURING A TIME PERIOD WITH NO FORECASTED PRECIPITATION FOR A PERIOD OF FIVE (5) DAYS. NO IN-STREAM CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED BETWEEN MARCH 1ST AND JUNE 15TH.
- 6. FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF DAILY WORK, ALL DISTURBANCE SHALL BE STABILIZED THE SAME DAY WITH WOODCHIP MULCH AND TEMPORARY SEED.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT INITIATION

- 1. CONDUCT ON-SITE PROJECT INITIATION MEETING WITH THE PROJECT ENGINEER AND CONSTRUCTION REPRESENTATIVE. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE WATER AND SCIENCE ADMINISTRATION'S COMPLIANCE PROGRAM AT LEAST FIVE (5) DAYS BEFORE STARTING AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES AND FIVE (5) DAYS AFTER COMPLETION AT 301-665-2850. VERIFY THE MDE PERMIT NUMBER. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT FROM HOWARD COUNTY.
- 2. NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-252-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SETUP (5 WORKDAYS)

- 3. MOBILIZE TO SITE AND INSTALL THE PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS INCLUDING (2 DAYS):
- i. STAKE LOCATION OF LOD, STRUCTURES, STOCKPILE
- ii. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
- iii. ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCING AROUND THE ENTIRE LOD, EXCLUDING STREAM CROSSINGS
- 4. FOLLOWING EROSION CONTROL SETUP, CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING ONSITE WITH THE PROJECT ENGINEER, CONSTRUCTION SUPERVISOR, AND HOWARD COUNTY CID INSPECTOR TO REVIEW THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REQUIREMENTS, SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE, PROJECT LAYOUT, AND TREE IMPACT BEFORE WORK BEGINS. THE STREAM IS USE CLASS I. NO IN-STREAM CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE ALLOWED BETWEEN MARCH 1ST AND JUNE 15TH. (1 DAY).
- 5. UPON APPROVAL, COMPLETE THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SETUP INCLUDING (2 DAYS):
- i. WOODCHIP ACCESS ROAD ii CLEARING AND GRUBBING
- iii. STREAM DIVERSION PUMP AROUND. MINIMUM 480 GPM (0.5 CFS CAPACITY).
- HEADWALL AND PIPE REPLACEMENT, IMBRICATED RIPRAP WALL, PLUNGE POOL AND STREAM BED PROTECTION INSTALLATION (25) WORKDAYS)
- 6. BEGIN WORK AFTER ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES ARE INSTALLED AND APPROVED BY THE CID INSPECTOR.
- 7. AFTER FIRST RECEIVING PERMISSION FROM THE CID INSPECTOR, REMOVE THE FAILED HEADWALL AND UPSTREAM PIPE. (3 DAYS)
- 8. INSTALL THE PIPE AND HEADWALL, AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. (2 DAYS)
- 9. INSTALL THE IMBRICATED RIPRAP WALL AND PLUNGE POOL AS INDICATED ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND DETAILS. CHINK GAPS BETWEEN BOULDERS WITH COBBLE MATERIAL. INSTALL THE BED PROTECTION AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. CHINK THE MATERIAL WITH
- 10. PLACE 3-INCHES OF COMPOST ON ALL DISTURBED AREAS DESIGNATED ON THE PLANS. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS ADJACENT TO THE STREAM WITH 3-INCHES OF COMPOST AND TYPE D TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING SLOPE APPLICATION. (1 DAY)
- SHALL REPAIR/RESTORE IN-KIND ANY DAMAGED SECTIONS OF ASPHALT TRAILS. INSTALL 3-INCHES COMPOST ON AREAS DISTURBED BY DEVICE REMOVAL. STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS WITH TYPE D TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING SLOPE APPLICATION. (1 DAY)

11. WITH APPROVAL OF THE CID INSPECTOR, REMOVE THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES, ACCESS, AND STAGING AREAS. CONTRACTOR

12. FOLLOWING COMPLETION AND CID INSPECTOR APPROVAL OF ALL WORK ITEMS, REMOVE ORANGE CONSTRUCTION FENCING AND WOODCHIP ACCESS ROAD. RESEED ANY LAWN AREAS IMPACTED BY ACCESS ROAD USE AND REMOVAL WITH TURFGRASS SEED MIX. (2

OWNER/DEVELOPER CERTIFICATION:

"I/WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ANY CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION, OR DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS AND THE RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF TRAINING AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT (MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT-OF-ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR MDE.

OWNER'S/DEVELOPER'S SIGNATURE T. Rehard Litton, JR, Authorized PRINTED NAME & TITLE

APPROYED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING 5.16.23 Chief, Development Engineering Division 5/25/23 Chief, Division of Land Development 6/5/23 Many A Kendall

1 HC-05

SCALE

N/A

SHEET

<u>06</u> OF <u>11</u>

TOWN & COUNTRY, SECTION 5,

8732 TOWN & COUNTRY BLVD

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC ELLICOTT CITY, HOWARD COUNTY MD R-A-15 / TAX MAP 17 / PARCEL 355 DISTRICT 1

ENVIRONMENTAL 10245 Old Columbia Road | Columbia, MD 21046 301.362.9200 | www.straughanenvironmental.com

STRAUGHAN

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 999 WATERSIDE DRIVE **SUITE 2300** NORFOLK, VA 23510

Rev. 8,2016

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. LICENSE NO. 44918. EXPIRATION DATE: DECEMBER 22, 2023 JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E. 10245 OLD COLUMBIA ROAD COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046 BUSINESS PH. 443.539.2548

OF MARL

DES: JW/JA DRN: JW CHK: JA

REVISION TO SDP-69-914 TO ADDRESS OUTFALL REPAIR (LOCATION INDICATING REVISION TO SDP-69-914 TO ADDRESS INCLUDING ADDITION OF SHEETS 2-11

REVISIONS

NOTES REVISED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP-69-914)

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

MD REGISTRATION NO. 44918

(P.E., R.L.S., OR R.L.A. (CIRCLE ONE)

REVISED SECTION 4

OSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E.

DATE: 4/2023

HOWARD SCD SIGNATURE BLOCK:

BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

DE LA CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

DE LA CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

THIS PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

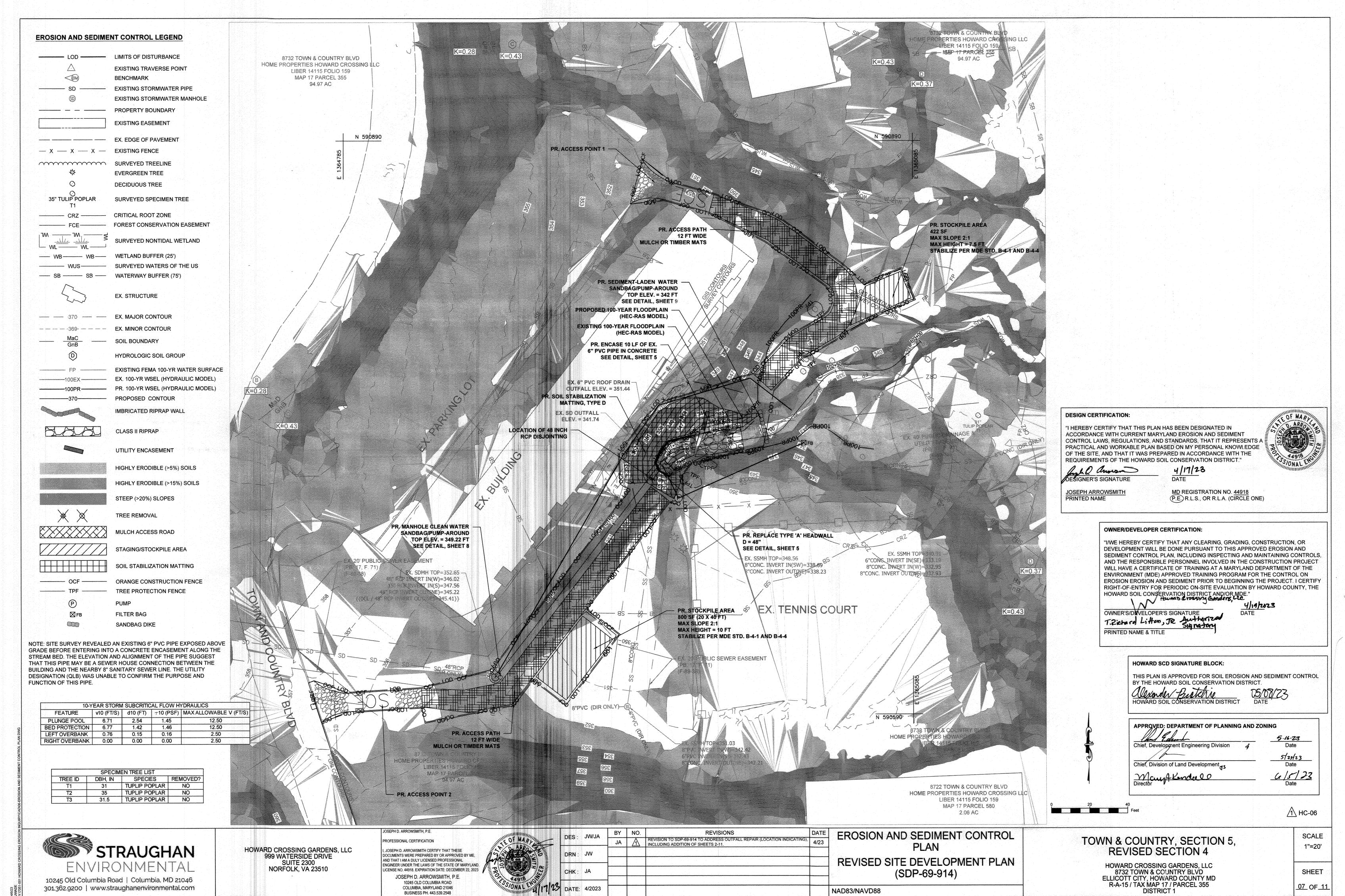
NAD83/NAVD88

'I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN HAS BEEN DESIGNATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

CURRENT MARYLAND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS, THAT IT REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED

ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE, AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

5DP-69-914



SDP-69-914

B-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

<u>FOR</u>

SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

The process of preparing the soils to sustain adequate vegetative stabilization.

Definition

Criteria

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Where vegetative stabilization is to be established.

A. Soil Preparation

1. Temporary Stabilization

- a. Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth
- parallel to the contour of the slope.

b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running

- 2. Permanent Stabilization
- a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are:
- i. Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0.
 - ii. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm).
 - iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
 - iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight.
 - v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.
- b. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above
- c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches.
- d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil
- e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

B. Topsoiling

- Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.
- Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS.
- 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:
- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.
- b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.
- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth. d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.
- 4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design.
- 5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:
- a. Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments,
- gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1½ inches in diameter. b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
- c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

Topsoil Application

- a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil
- b. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.
- c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading

and seedbed preparation.

C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

- 1. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
- 2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer.
- 3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.
- 4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.
- 5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

SEEDING AND MULCHING

Definition

The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover

Purpose

To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading.

Criteria

A. Seeding

- 1. Specifications
- a. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be available upon request to the inspector to verify type of seed and seeding rate.
- b. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground is frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws.
- c. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.
- d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

2. Application

Howard County, MD

FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL

ANCHOR POSTS MUST BE

INSTALLED TO A DEPTH OF

review process.

Technical Manual, 1991

NO LESS THAN 1/3 THE

TOTAL HEIGHT OF POST

- a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.
- i. Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table B.1, Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding summaries.
- ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Roll the seeded area with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil

Figure E-3:
Plastic Mesh Tree Protection Fence

MAXIMUM 8 FEET

FLAGGING ATTACHED TO TOPS

4 FEET

OF ANCHOR POSTS

USE 2"X4" LUMBER

-USE 8" WIRE 'U'

TO SECURE FENCE

February 2021

FOR CROSS BRACING

ANCHOR POSTS SHOULD BE

MINIMUM 2" STEEL U CHANNEI

OR 2"X2" TIMBER, 6' IN LENGTH

b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

- i. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.
- ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.
- c. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer).
- i. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P₂O₅ (phosphorous), 200 pounds per acre; K₂O (potassium), 200 pounds per acre.
- ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.
- iii. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption.
- iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil.

Mulching

1. Mulch Materials (in order of preference)

PUMP

INTAKE

HOSE

PUMP

INTAKE

INV = 346.02

IMPERVIOUS ·

SHEETING

- a. Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and reasonably bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law and not musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty. Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is desired.
- b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.
- i. WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.
- ii. WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors
- iii. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.
- iv. WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic.
- v. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter, pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum.

EX. MANHOLE SANDBAG/

PUMP-AROUND DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

1. PUMP AROUND PRACTICE TO BE USED IN EXISTING

STORM SEWER MANHOLE UPSTREAM OF OUTFALL

DURING CONSTRUCTION OF PROPOSED MANHOLE

STRUCTURE, PIPE, ENDWALL, AND PLUNGE POOL.

THIS PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

EX. MANHOLE

TOP ELEV = 352.65

SANDBAGS

MIN. TOP ELEV = 349.50

INV = 345.22

2. Application

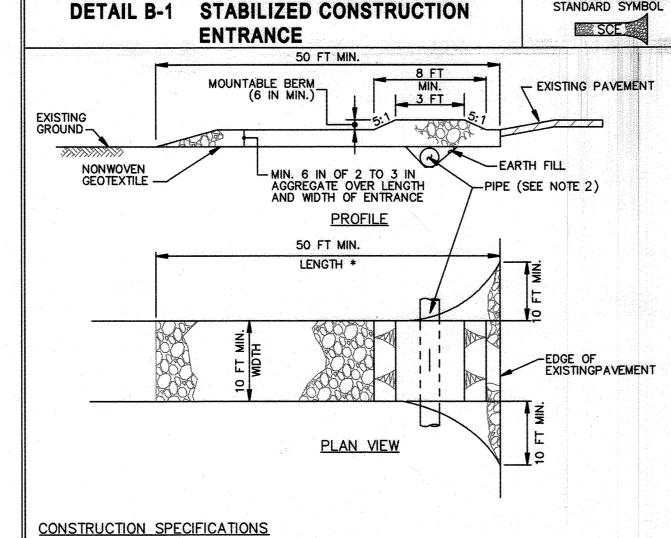
a. Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

this practice should follow the contour.

- b. When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre.
- c. Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied at a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

3. Anchoring

- a. Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon the size of the area and erosion hazard:
 - i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land,
 - ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.
 - iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is strictly
- iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4 to 15 feet wide and 300 to 3,000



- PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (*30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS.
- . PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE. PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE. PROVIDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY. A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS NOT LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT.
- 3. PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
- . PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE (WITHOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE.
- MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT MINIMIZES TRACKING OF SEDIMENT. ADD STONE OR MAKE OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRAPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT ATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DES: JW/JA DRN: JW CHK: JA DATE: 4/2023

REVISION TO SDP-69-914 TO ADDRESS OUTFALL REPAIR (LOCATION INDICATION) 4/23 INCLUDING ADDITION OF SHEETS 2-11.

REVISIONS

1. Blaze orange or blue plastic mesh fence for forest protection device, only.

3. Stake and flag boundaries of Retention Area prior to installing device.

5. Protection signs are required, see Figures E-1 and E-2.

6. Maintain device throughout construction.

2. Boundaries of Retention Area will be established as part of the Forest Conservation Plan

4. Avoid damage to critical root zone. Do not damage or sever large roots when installing

Source: Adapted from Prince George's County, Maryland: Woodland Conservation Manual and State Forest Conservation

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

HOWARD SCD SIGNATURE BLOCK:

BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

(SDP-69-914)

9.16-Z3 Chief, Development Engineering Division 5/25/23 Chief, Division of Land Development Date May A Kensalo Ce/5/22

1\ HC-07

TEMPORARY ORANGE CONSTRUCTION

FENCE AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER

5" MIN THICK LAYER OF WOODCHIP

REPLENISHED AS NEEDED DURING

THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD

UNDISTURBED GROUND

OR ASPHALT PATH

TOWN & COUNTRY, SECTION 5, REVISED SECTION 4 HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 8732 TOWN & COUNTRY BLVD

ELLICOTT CITY, HOWARD COUNTY MD

R-A-15 / TAX MAP 17 / PARCEL 355

DISTRICT 1

SHEET

08 OF 11

STRAUGHAN ENVIRONMENTAL 10245 Old Columbia Road | Columbia, MD 21046 301.362.9200 | www.straughanenvironmental.com

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 999 WATERSIDE DRIVE **SUITE 2300** NORFOLK, VA 23510

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

OSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E.

JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. CENSE NO. 44918. EXPIRATION DATE: DECEMBER 22, 2023 JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E. 10245 OLD COLUMBIA ROAD COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 2104 BUSINESS PH. 443,539,2548

REVISED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

NAD83/NAVD88

APPROVED; DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

→ WIDTH VARIES SEE PLAN

WOODCHIP ACCESS

DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

1. WOODCHIP ACCESS ROUTES TO BE VERIFIED BY ENGINEER AT

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEETING. REVISIONS TO THE

AND REQUIRE REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE ENGINEER.

ALIGNMENT THAT MINIMIZE TREE DISTURBANCE ARE ENCOURAGED

2. CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN WOODCHIP ACCESS THROUGHOUT

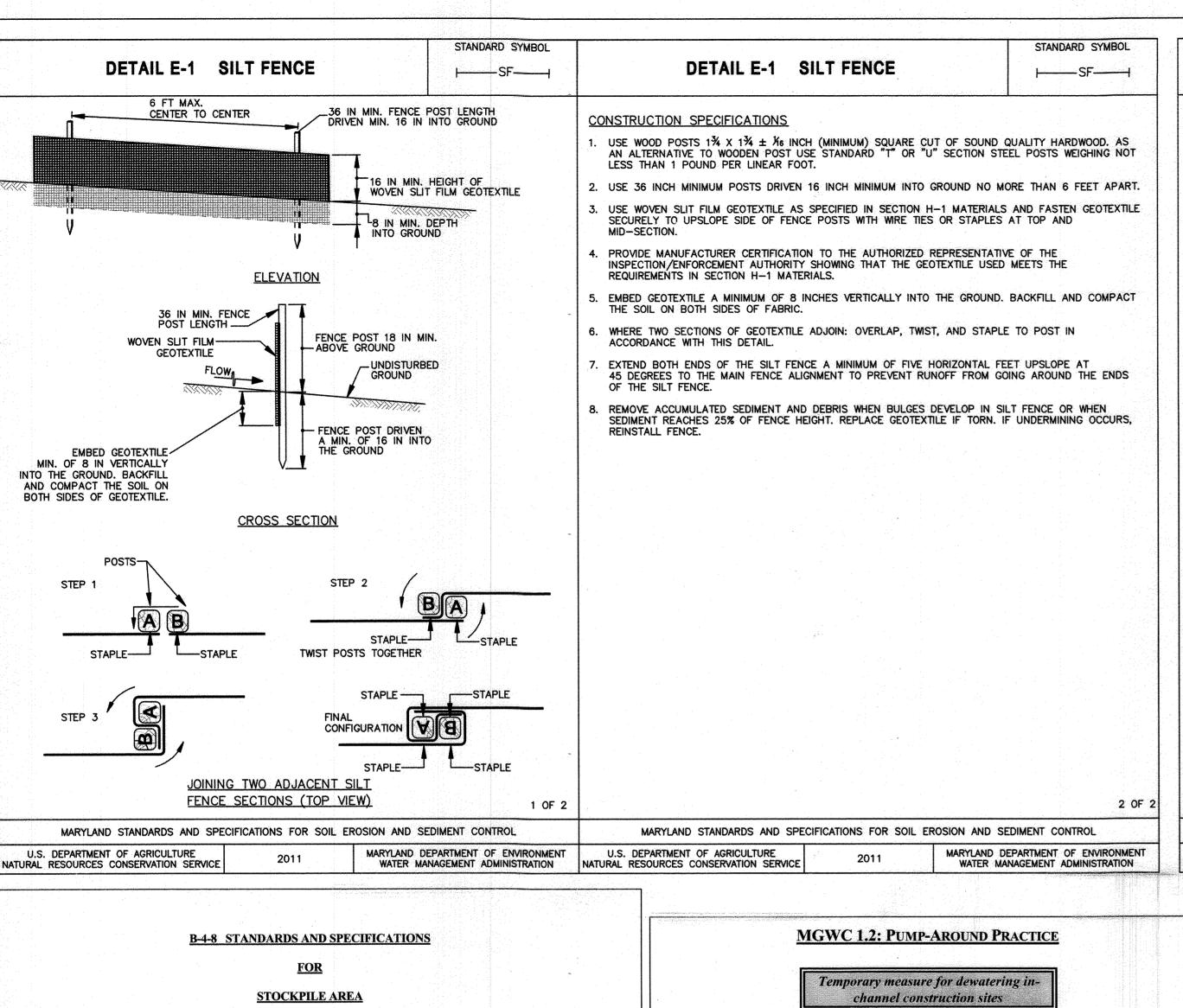
THE CONSTRUCTION PERIOD. UPON COMPLETION OF PROJECT,

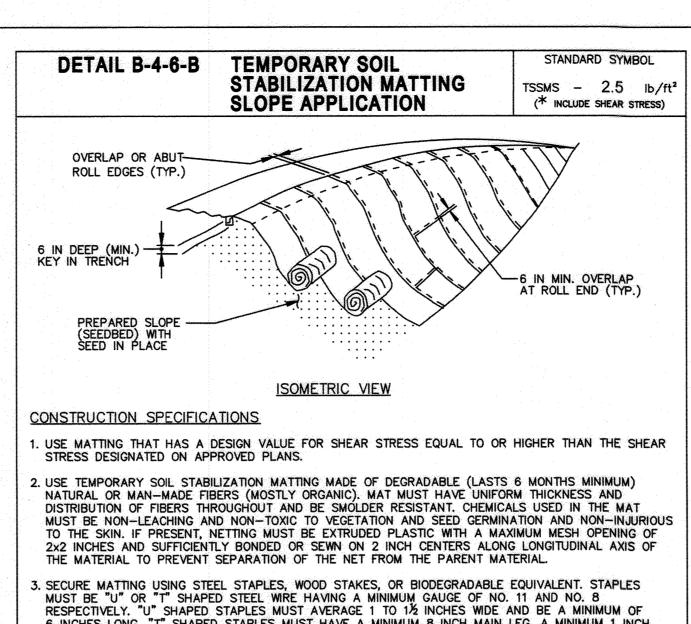
WOODCHIPS SHALL BE FULLY REMOVED IN ALL PLANTING ZONES.

NOTES:

SCALE AS SHOWN

5DP-69-914





6 INCHES LONG. "T" SHAPED STAPLES MUST HAVE A MINIMUM 8 INCH MAIN LEG, A MINIMUM 1 INCH SECONDARY LEG, AND A MINIMUM 4 INCH HEAD. WOOD STAKES MUST BE ROUGH-SAWN HARDWOOD, 12 TO 24 INCHES IN LENGTH, 1x3 INCH IN CROSS SECTION, AND WEDGE SHAPED AT THE BOTTOM

4. PERFORM FINAL GRADING, TOPSOIL APPLICATION, SEEDBED PREPARATION, AND PERMANENT SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATIONS. PLACE MATTING WITHIN 48 HOURS OF COMPLETING SEEDING OPERATIONS UNLESS END OF WORKDAY STABILIZATION IS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED EROSION &

5. UNROLL MATTING DOWNSLOPE. LAY MAT SMOOTHLY AND FIRMLY UPON THE SEEDED SURFACE. AVOID STRETCHING THE MATTING.

6. OVERLAP OR ABUT ROLL EDGES PER MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. OVERLAP ROLL ENDS BY 6 INCHES (MINIMUM), WITH THE UPSLOPE MAT OVERLAPPING ON TOP OF THE DOWNSLOPE MAT.

7. KEY IN THE UPSLOPE END OF MAT 6 INCHES (MINIMUM) BY DIGGING A TRENCH, PLACING THE MATTING ROLL END IN THE TRENCH, STAPLING THE MAT IN PLACE, REPLACING THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL, AND TAMPING TO SECURE THE MAT END IN THE KEY.

8. STAPLE/STAKE MAT IN A STAGGERED PATTERN ON 4 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS THROUGHOUT AND 2 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS ALONG SEAMS, JOINTS, AND ROLL ENDS.

9. ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN VEGETATION SO THAT REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE CONTINUOUSLY MET IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

PERMIT NO. 22-NT-3179/202261218

inclusive, during any year.

of the activity is to impound water.

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOR WORKING IN NONTIDAL WETLANDS, WETLAND BUFFERS, WATERWAYS, AND 100-YEAR FLOODPLAINS

No excess fill, construction material, or debris shall be stockpiled or stored in nontidal wetlands, nontidal wetland buffers waterways, or the 100-year floodplain.

Place materials in a location and manner which does not adversely impact surface or subsurface water flow into or out of

nontidal wetlands, nontidal wetland buffers, waterways, or the 100-year floodplain. Do not use the excavated material as backfill if it contains waste metal products, unsightly debris, toxic material, or any other deleterious substance. If additional backfill is required, use clean material free of waste metal products, unsightly debris,

PAGE 4 of 4

MINIMUM

LENGTH

toxic material, or any other deleterious substance. Place heavy equipment on mats or suitably operate the equipment to prevent damage to nontidal wetlands, nontidal wetland buffers, waterways, or the 100-year floodplain. Repair and maintain any serviceable structure or fill so there is no permanent loss of nontidal wetlands, nontidal wetland

buffers, or waterways, or permanent modification of the 100-year floodplain in excess of that lost under the originally authorized structure or fill. Rectify any nontidal wetlands, wetland buffers, waterways, or 100-year floodplain temporarily impacted by any construction.

All stabilization in the nontidal wetland and nontidal wetland buffer shall consist of the following species: Annual Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum), Millet (Setaria italica), Barley (Hordeum sp.), Oats (Uniola sp.), and/or Rye (Secale cereale). These species will allow for the stabilization of the site while also allowing for the voluntary revegetation of natural wetland species. Other non-persistent vegetation may be acceptable, but must be approved by the Nontidal Wetlands and Waterways Division. Kentucky 31 fescue shall not be utilized in wetland or buffer areas. The area should be seeded and mulched to reduce erosion after construction activities have been completed.

After installation has been completed, make post-construction grades and elevations the same as the original grades and elevations in temporarily impacted areas. 9) To protect aquatic species, in-stream work is prohibited as determined by the classification of the stream:

> Use I waters: In-stream work shall not be conducted during the period March 1 through June 15, inclusive, during Use III waters: In-stream work shall not be conducted during the period October 1 through April 30, inclusive

Use IV waters: In-stream work shall not be conducted during the period March 1 through May 31

Stormwater runoff from impervious surfaces shall be controlled to prevent the washing of debris into the waterway. Culverts shall be constructed and any riprap placed so as not to obstruct the movement of aquatic species, unless the purpose

TEMPORARY STABLE OUTFALL PLAN VIEW

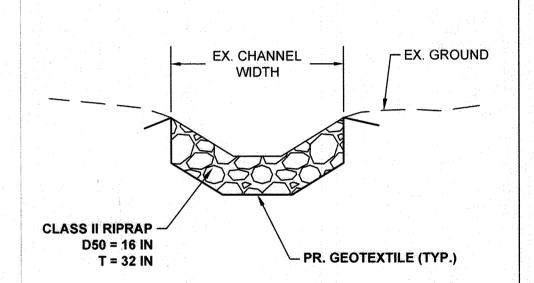
EX. CHANNEL

TEMPORARY STABLE

- DOWNSTREAM LIMIT

OUTFALL

OF WORK



TEMPORARY STABLE OUTFALL SECTION A-A

TEMPORARY STABLE OUTFALL DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

MAXIMUM SLOPE = 5% MINIMUM LENGTH = 5 FT

A mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures.

<u>Purpose</u>

Definition

To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion, sedimentation, and changes to drainage patterns.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use.

Criteria

- 1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the erosion and sediment control plan.
- 2. The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material and based on a side slope ratio no steeper than 2:1. Benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading.
- 3. Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice.
- 4. Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side.
- 5. Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence. Provisions must be made for discharging concentrated flow in a non-erosive manner.
- 6. Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment control practice must be used to intercept the discharge.
- 7. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization.
- 8. If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile to facilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminated material must be covered with impermeable

The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section B-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2:1 slopes, 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading.

TEMPORARY INSTREAM CONSTRUCTION MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

The work should consist of installing a temporary pump around and supporting measures to divert flow around instream construction sites.

IMPLEMENTATION SEQUENCE

Sediment control measures, pump-around practices, and associated channel and bank construction should be completed in the following sequence (refer to Detail 1.2):

- Construction activities including the installation of erosion and sediment control measures should not begin until all necessary easements and/or right-of-ways have been acquired. All existing utilities should be marked in the field prior to construction. The contractor is responsible for any damage to existing utilities that may result from construction and should repair the damage at his/her own expense to the county's or utility
- The contractor should notify the Maryland Department of the Environment or WMA sediment control inspector at least 5 days before beginning construction. Additionally, the contractor should inform the local environmental protection and resource management inspection and enforcement division and the provider of local utilities a minimum of 48 hours before starting construction.
- The contractor should conduct a pre-construction meeting on site with the WMA sediment control inspector, the county project manager, and the engineer to review limits of disturbance, erosion and sediment control requirements, and the sequence of construction. The contractor should stake out all limits of disturbance prior to the pre-construction meeting so they may be reviewed. The participants will also designate the contractor's staging areas and flag all trees within the limit of disturbance which will be removed for construction access. Trees should not be removed within the limit of disturbance without approval from the WMA or local authority.
- Construction should not begin until all sediment and erosion control measures have been installed and approved by the engineer and the sediment control inspector. The contractor should stay within the limits of the disturbance as shown on the plans and minimize disturbance within the work area whenever possible.
- Upon installation of all sediment control measures and approval by the sediment control inspector and the local environmental protection and resource management inspection and enforcement division, the contractor should begin work at the upstream section and proceed downstream beginning with the establishment of stabilized construction entrances. In some cases, work may begin downstream if appropriate. The sequence of construction must be followed unless the contractor gets written approval for deviations from the WMA or local authority. The contractor should only begin work in an area which can be completed by the end of the day including grading adjacent to the channel. At the end of each work day, the work area must be stabilized and the pump around removed from the channel. Work should not be conducted in the channel during rain events.

Sandbag dikes should be situated at the upstream and downstream ends of the work area as shown on the plans, and stream flow should be pumped around the work area. The pump should discharge onto a stable velocity dissipater made of riprap or sandbags.

PAGE 1.2 - 1

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT WATERWAY CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

MGWC 1.2: PUMP-AROUND PRACTICE

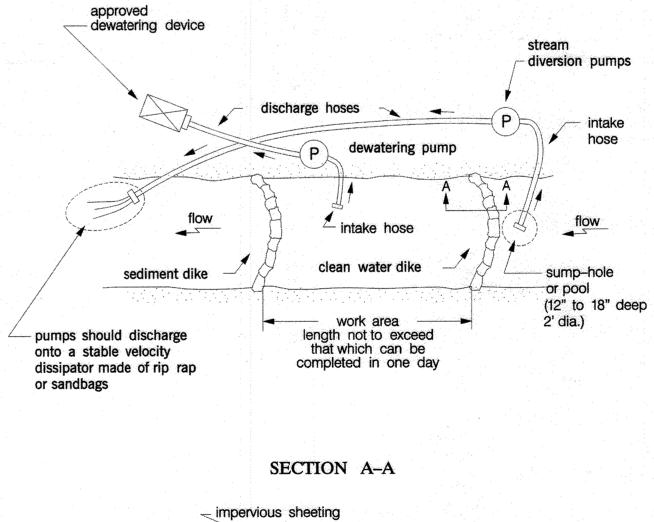
- 7. Water from the work area should be pumped to a sediment filtering measure such as a dewatering basin, sediment bag, or other approved source. The measure should be located such that the water drains back into
- 8. Traversing a channel reach with equipment within the work area where no work is proposed should be avoided. If equipment has to traverse such a reach for access to another area, then timber mats or similar measures should be used to minimize disturbance to the channel. Temporary stream crossings should be used only when necessary and only where noted on the plans or specified. (See Section 4, Stream Crossings, Maryland Guidelines to Waterway Construction).
- 9. All stream restoration measures should be installed as indicated by the plans and all banks graded in accordance with the grading plans and typical cross-sections. All grading must be stabilized at the end of each day with seed and mulch or seed and matting as specified on the plans.
- 10. After an area is completed and stabilized, the clean water dike should be removed. After the first sediment flush, a new clean water dike should be established upstream from the old sediment dike. Finally, upon establishment of a new sediment dike below the old one, the old sediment dike should be removed.
- 11. A pump around must be installed on any tributary or storm drain outfall which contributes baseflow to the work area. This should be accomplished by locating a sandbag dike at the downstream end of the tributary or storm drain outfall and pumping the stream flow around the work area. This water should discharge onto the same velocity dissipater used for the main stem pump around.
- 12. If a tributary is to be restored, construction should take place on the tributary before work on the main stem reaches the tributary confluence. Construction in the tributary, including pump around practices, should follow the same sequence as for the main stem of the river or stream. When construction on the tributary is completed, work on the main stem should resume. Water from the tributary should continue to be pumped around the work area in the main stem.
- 13. The contractor is responsible for providing access to and maintaining all erosion and sediment control devices until the sediment control inspector approves their removal.

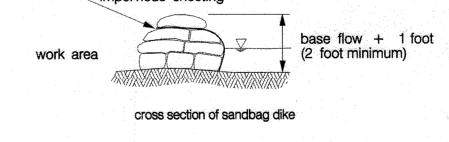
PAGE 1.2 - 2

14. After construction, all disturbed areas should be regraded and revegetated as per the planting plan.

Maryland's Guidelines To Waterway Construction DETAIL 1.2: PUMP-AROUND PRACTICE

PLAN VIEW





TEMPORARY INSTREAM CONSTRUCTION MEASURES

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

HOWARD SCD SIGNATURE BLOCK:

THIS PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. Ilexander Bratchie

APPROMED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING 5.16.23 Chief, Devélopment Engineering Division 5/25/23 Chief, Division of Land Development

Mary A Kendalo

@15/23

⚠ HC-08



999 WATERSIDE DRIVE **SUITE 2300** NORFOLK, VA 23510

OSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. LICENSE NO. 44918. EXPIRATION DATE: DECEMBER 22, 2023 JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E. 10245 OLD COLUMBIA ROAD COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046 BUSINESS PH. 443.539.2548



REVISED NOVEMBER 200

REVISIONS DES: JW/JA REVISION TO SDP-69-914 TO ADDRESS OUTFALL REPAIR (LOCATION INDICATI 4/23 INCLUDING ADDITION OF SHEETS 2-11. DRN: JW CHK: JA "4/17/23 DATE: 4/2023

TEMPORARY INSTREAM CONSTRUCTION MEASURES

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

REVISED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP-69-914)

TOWN & COUNTRY, SECTION 5, REVISED SECTION 4

ELLICOTT CITY, HOWARD COUNTY MD R-A-15 / TAX MAP 17 / PARCEL 355 DISTRICT 1

SCALE AS SHOWN

5DP-69-914

10245 Old Columbia Road | Columbia, MD 21046 301.362.9200 | www.straughanenvironmental.com

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC

NAD83/NAVD88

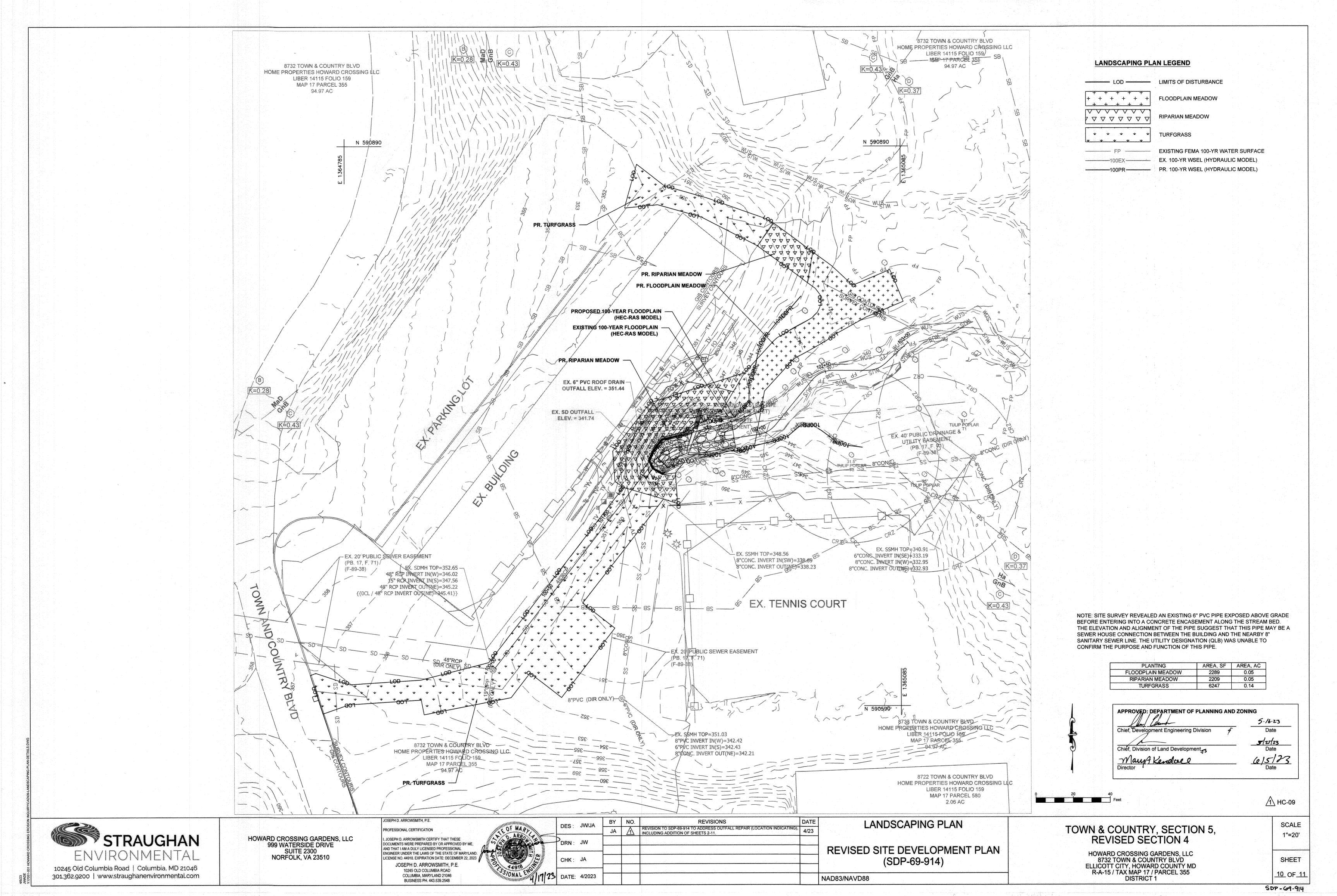
MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

WATERWAY CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

REVISED NOVEMBER 200

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 8732 TOWN & COUNTRY BLVD

SHEET <u>09</u> OF <u>11</u>



PLANTING AREA, AC	0.05			
TYPE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	% of mix	25 Lb/A0
	Carex vulpinoidea	Fox Sedge	20%	5.0
	Elymus virginicus	Virginia Wild Rye	30%	7.
At and the second	Elymus riparius	Riverbank Wild Rye	25%	6.2
Native mix	Dichanthelium clandestinum	Deer Tongue	15%	3.7
	Juncus effusus	Softrush	10%	2
			% of mix	10 Lb/A
	Impatiens capensis	Jewelweed	30%	3.0
	Verbena hastata	Blue vervain	30%	3.0
Forbs	Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive Fern	20%	2.0
	Thelypteris novaboracensis	New York Fern	20%	2.0
			% of mix	10 Lb/A
Temporary Seeding	Avena sativa	Cereal grain	100%	10
			RATE, LB/AC	4

PLANTING AREA, AC	0.05			
TYPE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	% of mix	35 Lb/A0
	Elymus hystrix	Bottlebrush Grass	25%	8.7
	Elymus virginicus	Virginia Wild Rye	25%	8.7
	Schizachryrium scoparium	Little bluestem	20%	7.
Native mix	Dichanthelium clandestinum	Deer Tongue -	15%	5.
	Tridens flavus	Purpletop	10%	3.
	Rudbeckia hirta	Black-eyed Susan	5%	1.
			% of mix	10 Lb/A
Temporary Seeding	Avena sativa	Cereal grain	100%	1
			RATE, LB/AC	4

PLANTING AREA, AC	0.14			
TYPE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	% of mix	150 Lb/A0
	Festuca rubra	Creeping Red Fescue	35%	52.5
	Festuca brevipila	Hard Fescue	25%	37.
Turfgrass mix	Poa pratensis	Kentucky Bluegrass	25%	37.
	Festuca ovina	Sheep Fescue	15%	22.5
*			% of mix	10 Lb/A
Temporary Seeding	Avena sativa	Cereal Grain	100%	10
			RATE, LB/AC	160

SEEDING SCHEDULE		
Seed Mixture	Spacing	Quantity (lbs.)
FLOODPLAIN MEADOW SEED MIX (2,289 s.f. / 0.05 ac.)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Wet Meadow Seed Mix (Table	1) 45 lbs/ac	2
UPLAND/RIPARIAN WET MEADOW SEED MIX (2,209 s.f. / 0.05 ac.)		
Upland/Riparian Meadow Seed Mix (Table :	2) 45 lbs/ac	2
TURFGRASS SEED MIX (6,247 s.f. / 0.14 ac.)		
Turfgrass Seed Mix (Table	3) 160 lbs/ac	23

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL TREE PROTECTION WORK SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI A300 STANDARDS, ANSI Z60 STANDARDS, SECTION 710 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY VOLUME IV DESIGN MANUAL: STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND ASSOCIATED PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. PLANTS MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR OTHER NATIVE SPECIES IF A CERTAIN SPECIES IS NOT AVAILABLE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE COUNTY OR COUNTY REPRESENTATIVE OF WHICH PLANTS ARE NOT AVAILABLE AND WHICH PLANTS ARE SELECTED FOR SUBSTITUTION BEFORE PLANTING. PRIOR APPROVAL FOR SUBSTITUTIONS FROM THE COUNTY OR COUNTY REPRESENTATIVE IS REQUIRED.
- 3. ALL SEED MATERIAL SHALL BE SOURCED WITHIN 100 MILES OF THE PROJECT SITE.
- 4. SEED MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO THE CURRENT EDITION OF THE AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK (ANSI Z60.1).
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROPERLY WATER ALL PLANTING AREAS THE DAY THEY ARE INSTALLED.
- 6. THE DESIGNATED REGULATORY AGENCY SHALL INSPECT THE SITE.
- 7. THE COUNTY OR COUNTY REPRESENTATIVE SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT, AT ANY STAGE OF THE OPERATION, TO REJECT ANY AND ALL WORK AND MATERIALS WHICH, IN HIS OR HER OPINION, DOES NOT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THESE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE INSPECTED TO BE FREE FROM DISEASE, DAMAGES, AND INSECT INFESTATION UPON DELIVERY TO THE SITE. ALL PLANTS SHOULD BE HEALTHY AND WELL STRUCTURED. PLANTS IN POOR CONDITION SHALL BE REJECTED, REMOVED FROM THE SITE, AND REPLACED WITH ACCEPTABLE MATERIALS.

PLANT INSTALLATION DATES

8. TEMPORARY/PERMANENT SEED MIXES INCLUDING COVER CROP SHALL BE APPLIED WITHIN 3 DAYS FOLLOWING FINAL GRADING AND BEFORE INSTALLATION OF MATTING, WHERE APPLICABLE, SEE PERMANENT SEEDING SCHEDULE, THIS SHEET.

PERMANENT SEEDING

- 9. SEEDING IS REQUIRED IN ALL LANDSCAPED AREAS FOR STABILIZATION AND HABITAT CREATION.
- 10. THREE SEED MIXES WILL BE USED THROUGHOUT THE PLANTING AREAS. ALL MIXES WILL CONSIST OF NATIVE PLANT SPECIES THAT CURRENTLY COLONIZE ON-SITE, IN ADDITION TO HIGH VALUE SPECIES FOR ENHANCEMENT OF OVERALL RIPARIAN HABITAT VALUE.
- 11.RIPARIAN MEADOW SEED SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL RIPARIAN MEADOW ZONES. THIS MIX SHALL CONTAIN COVER CROP SPECIES (NATIVE AND/OR NON-PERSISTENT ANNUALS) AND NATIVE GRASS AND FORBS.
- 12.FLOODPLAIN MEADOW SEED MIX SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL FLOODPLAIN MEADOW ZONES. THIS MIX SHALL CONTAIN COVER CROP SPECIES (NATIVE AND/OR NON-PERSISTENT ANNUALS) AND NATIVE GRASSES, SEDGES, FERNS, AND FLOWERING SPECIES.
- 13. TURFGRASS SEED MIX SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL TURFGRASS ZONES. THIS MIX SHALL CONTAIN COVER CROP SPECIES (NATIVE AND/OR NON-PERSISTENT ANNUALS) AND NATIVE TURFGRASSES AND SEDGES.

SEQUENCE

14. TEMPORARY/PERMANENT SEEDING SHALL BE APPLIED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF GRADING AND PRIOR TO INSTALLMENT OF MATTING, WHERE APPLICABLE.

Net Tract Area			
A. Total (Gross) Tract Area		A =	95.0
B. Area within 100-year Floodplain		B =	0.0
C. Other Deductions (Identify:	<u></u>)	C =	94.7
D. Net Tract Area		D =	0.3
Land Use Category			
Insert the number "1" under the appropriate land use (limit to only one entry)		
Resid. Resid. Resid. Inst./ Retail/Ind./	Mixed Use/		
Rural LD Rural MD Suburban Linear Office	PUD		
0 0 0 1 0	0	1	
E. Afforestation Threshold (Net Tract Area x	15%)	E =	0.0
F. Reforestation Threshold (Net Tract Area x	20%)	F=	0.1
	2070		
Existing Forest Cover		~	0.0
G. Existing Forest Cover within the Net Tract Area		G =	0.0
H. Area of Forest above Afforestation ThresholdI. Area of Forest above Reforestation Threshold		H =	0.0
		,	0.0
Break Even Point			_ !_
J. Break Even Point		J =	0.0
K. Forest Clearing Permitted without Mitigation		K =	0.0
Proposed Forest Clearing			
L. Total Area of Forest to be Cleared		L = :	0.0
M. Total Area of Forest to be Retained		M =	0.0
Planting Requirements Inside Watershed) 1 .	
N. Reforestation for Clearing above the Reforestation Threshold		N=	0.0
P Reforestation for Clearing below the Reforestation Threshold		P =	0.1
Q. Credit for Retention above the Reforestation Threshold		Q =	0.0
R. Total Reforestation Required		R=	0,1
S. Total Afforestation Required		S=	0.0
T Total Reforestation and Afforestation Requirement		T=	0.1
U 75% of Total Obligation (Retention + Planting)		U=	0.1
V Planting Required Onsite to meet 75% Obligation		V=	0.1
Planting Requirements Outside Watershed			
W. Total Planting within Development Site Watershed		W=	0.0
X. Total Afforestation Required		X=	0.0
Y. Remaining Planting within Watershed for Reforestation Credit		Y=	0.0
Z. Reforestation for Clearing above the Reforestation Threshold		Z=	0.0
AA. Reforestation for Clearing below the Reforestation Threshold		AA=	0.2
BB. Credit for Retention above the Reforestation Threshold		BB=	0.0
CC. Total Reforestation Required		CC=	0.2
DD. Total Afforestation and Reforestation Requirement		DD=	0.2
Date: 31-Jan-23			

Plan Number	Limits of Disturbance (SF)	Forest Conservation Obligation (AC)	
SDP-69-914	11,692	0.2	

NOTE: THE LOD AND FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION FOR ALL FUTURE PROJECTS ONSITE SHALL BE TRACKED UNTIL THE CUMULATIVE LOD EXCEEDS 40,000 SQUARE FEET.

Elen Educa		5.16.23
Chief, Development Engineering Division		Date
		5/25/23
Chief, Division of Land Development	Date	
Mary Lendoll		(015/3
Director		Date

SCALE AS SHOWN

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 8732 TOWN & COUNTRY BLVD R-A-15 / TAX MAP 17 / PARCEL 355

TOWN & COUNTRY, SECTION 5, REVISED SECTION 4

STRAUGHAN ENVIRONMENTAL 10245 Old Columbia Road | Columbia, MD 21046

301,362,9200 | www.straughanenvironmental.com

HOWARD CROSSING GARDENS, LLC 999 WATERSIDE DRIVE **SUITE 2300** NORFOLK, VA 23510

JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E. PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION I, JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. ICENSE NO. 44918. EXPIRATION DATE: DECEMBER 22, 2023 JOSEPH D. ARROWSMITH, P.E. 10245 OLD COLUMBIA ROAD COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046 BUSINESS PH. 443.539.2548

DES: JW/JA DRN: JW 17/25 DATE: 4/2023

LANDSCAPING NOTES AND DETAILS REVISIONS NAD83/NAVD88

REVISED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN (SDP-69-914)

ELLICOTT CITY, HOWARD COUNTY MD DISTRICT 1

SHEET