

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL_NOTES

- A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST OCCUR WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION (CID), 410-313-1855 AFTER THE FUTURE LOD AND PROTECTED AREAS ARE MARKED CLEARLY IN THE FIELD. A MINIMUM OF 48 HOUR NOTICE TO CID MUST BE GIVEN AT THE FOLLOWING STAGES:
 - PRIOR TO THE START OF EARTH DISTURBANCE UPON COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING.
 - PRIOR TO THE START OF ANOTHER PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION OR OPENING OF ANOTHER GRADING UNIT

D. PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL

OTHKR BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTI THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE. OTHER RELATED STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS SHALL BE REFERENCED, TO ENSURE COORDINATION AND TO AVOID CONFLICTS WITH THIS PLAN.

ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING T THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND REVISIONS THERETO.

FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORAR STABBLIZATION IS REQUIRED WITHIN THREE (3) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1); AND SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE EXCEPT FOR THOSE AREAS UNDER ACTIVE GRADING. ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR TOPSOIL (SEC. B-4-2). PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. B-4-5), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. B-4-4) AND MULCHING (SEC. B-4-3). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN. INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION (SEC. B-4-1) SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE ENFORCED IN AREAS WITH >15' OF CUT AND/OR FILL. STOCKPILES (SEC. B-4-8) IN EXCESS OF 20 FT. MUS BE BENCHED WITH STABLE OUTLET, ALL CONCENTRATED FLOW, STEEP SLOPE, AND HIGHLY ERODIRLE AREAS SHALL RECEIVE SOIL STARILIZATION MATTING (SEC. B-4-6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE, AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN

ACRES

ACRES

TOTAL AREA OF SITE: AREA DISTURBED:

AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED: AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED: OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION:

(1) REFER TO ITEM 11 BFLOW

ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE. ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED. IF DEFMED NECESSARY BY TH

MADE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST, IS PART OF EVERY INSPECTION AND SHOULD INCLUDE: INSPECTION DATE INSPECTION TYPE (ROUTINE, PRE-STORM EVENT, DURING RAIN EVENT) NAME AND TITLE OF INSPECTOR

CID. THE SITE AND ALL CONTROLS SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR WEEKLY

AND THE NEXT DAY AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT. A WRITTEN REPORT BY THE CONTRACTOR

- WEATHER INFORMATION (CURRENT CONDITIONS AS WELL AS TIME AND AMOUNT OF LAST RECORDED PRECIPITATION BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT'S STATUS (E.G., PERCENT COMPLETE) AND/OR CURRENT ACTIVITIES EVIDENCE OF SEDIMENT DISCHARGE
- IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN DEFICIENCIES IDENTIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROLS THAT REQUIRE MAINTENANCE IDENTIFICATION OF MISSING OR IMPROPERLY INSTALLED SEDIMENT CONTROLS COMPLIANCE STATUS REGARDING THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION AND STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS PHOTOGRAPHS
- MAINTENANCE AND/OR CORRECTIVE ACTION PERFORMED OTHER INSPECTION ITEMS AS REQUIRED BY THE GENERAL PERMIT FOR
- STORMWATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (NPDES, MDE). TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTH OR THAT WHICH CAN AND SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED BY THE END OF FACH WORKDAY. WHICHEVER IS SHORTER
- ANY MAJOR CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THE PLAN OR SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE HSCD PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION. MINOR REVISIONS MAY ALLOWED BY THE CID PER THE LIST OF HSCD~APPROVED FIFI D CHANGES. DISTURBANCE SHALL NOT OCCUR OUTSIDE THE L.O.D. A PROJECT IS TO BE SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING ACTIVITIES BEGIN ON ONE GRADING UNIT (MAXIMUM ACREAGE OF 20 AC PER GRADING UNIT) AT A TIME WORK MAY PROCEED TO A
- SUBSEQUENT GRADING UNIT WHEN AT LÉAST 50 PERCENT OF THE DISTURBED AREA IN THE PRECEDING GRADING UNIT HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE ID, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND APPROVED BY THE CID, NO MORE THAN 30 ACRES CUMULATIVELY MAY BE DISTURBED AT A GIVEN TIME. WASH WATER FROM ANY FOLIPMENT VEHICLES, WHEFLS PAVEMENT AND OTHER SOURCES MUST BE TREATED IN A SEDIMENT BASIN OR OTHER APPROVED WASHOUT TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED AND PRESERVED ON-SITE FOR REDISTRIBUTION ONTO
- ALL SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON-THE-CONTOUR, AND BE IMBRICATED AT 25' MINIMUM INTERVALS, WITH LOWER ENDS CURLED UPHILL BY 2' IN FLEVATION. STREAM CHANNELS MUST NOT BE DISTURBED DURING THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTED TIME PERIODS (INCLUSIVE):
- USE LAND IP MARCH 1 JUNE 1 USE III AND IIIP OCTOBER 1 - APRIL 30 USE IV MARCH 1 - MAY 31 A COPY OF THIS PLAN, THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR

SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND ASSOCIATED PERMITS SHALL BE ON-SITE AND AVAILABLE WHEN THE SITE IS ACTIVE.

B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS PERMANENT STABILIZATION

TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION.

TO USE LONG-LIVED PERENNIAL GRASSES AND LEGUMES TO ESTABLISH PERMANENT GROUND COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR 6 MONTHS OR MORE.

. GENERAL US A. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE 8.3 FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE 8.3) AND BASED ON THE SITE CONDITION OR PURPOSE FOUND ON TABLE 8.2. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. TH SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE PLAN B. ADDITIONAL PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR EXCEPTIONAL SITES SUCH AS SHORFLINES STREAM BANKS, OR DUNES OR FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES SUCH AS WILDLIFE OR

AESTHETIC TREATMENT MAY BE FOUND IN USDA-NRCS TECHNICAL FIELD OFFICE GUIDE, SECTION 342 - CRITICAL AREA PLANTING C. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREA OVER 5 ACRES, USE AND SHOW THE RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE SOIL TESTING AGENCY. D. FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW MAINTENANCE, APPLY UREA FORM FERTILIZER (46-0-0) AT 3-1/2 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET (150 POUNDS PER ACRE) AT THE TIME OF SEEDING IN ADDITION TO THE SOIL AMENDMENTS SHOWN IN THE PERMANENT

TURFGRASS MIXTURES A. AREAS WHERE TURFGRASS MAY BE DESIRED INCLUDE LAWNS, PARKS, PLAYGROUNDS AND COMMERCIAL SITES WHICH WILL RECEIVE A MEDIUM TO HIGH LEVEL OF MAINTENANCE B. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED BELOW BASED ON THE SITE CONDITIONS OR PURPOSE ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S) APPLICATION RATES AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED

KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS THAT RECEIVE INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT, IRRIGATION REQUIRED IN THE AREAS OF CENTRAL MARYLAND AND EASTERN SHORE, RECOMMENDED CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BI UFGRASS CUI TIVARS SEEDING RATE: 1.5 TO 2.0 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS WITH EACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY WEIGHT.

II. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/PERENNIAL RYE: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN FULL SUN AREAS WHERE RAPID ESTABLISHMENT IS NECESSARY AND WHEN TURF WILL RECEIVE MEDIUM TO INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT. CERTIFIED PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CULTIVARS/ CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEEDING RATE: 2 POUNDS MIXTURE PER 1000 SOUARE FEET, CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUFGRASS CULTIVARS WITH FACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY WEIGHT III TALL FESCUE/KENTLICKY BLUEGRASS FULL SUN MIXTURE FOR LISE IN DROUGHT

PRONE AREAS AND/OR FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW TO MEDIUM MANAGEMENT IN FUL SUN TO MEDIUM SHADE, RECOMMENDED MIXTURE INCLUDES: CERTIFIED TALL FESCUE CULTIVARS 95 TO 100 PERCENT, CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS 0 TO 5 PERCENT. SEEDING RATE: 5 TO 8 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. ONE OR MORE CULTIVARS MAY BE BLENDED IV. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/FINE FESCUE: SHADE MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS WITH

SHADE IN BLUEGRASS LAWNS. FOR ESTABLISHMENT IN HIGH QUALITY, INTENSIVELY MANAGED TURF AREA. MIXTURE INCLUDES: CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS 30 TO 40 PERCENT AND CERTIFIED FINE FESCUE AND 60 TO 70 PERCENT. SEEDING RATE: 1½ TO 3 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

SELECT TURFGRASS VARIETIES FROM THOSE LISTED IN THE MOST CURRENT UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND PUBLICATION, AGRONOMY MEMO #77, "TURFGRASS CULTIVAR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MARYLAND" CHOOSE CERTIFIED MATERIAL. CERTIFIED MATERIAL IS THE BEST GUARANTEE OF CULTIVAR PURITY. THE CERTIFICATION PROGRAM OF THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, TURF AND SEED SECTION, PROVIDES A RELIABLE MEANS OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AND ASSURES A PURE GENETIC

C. IDEAL TIMES OF SEEDING FOR TURF GRASS MIXTURES

WESTEM MD: MARCH 15 TO JUNE 1, AUGUST ITO OCTOBER 1 (HARDINESS ZONES: SB, 6A) CENTRAL MD: MARCH 1 TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONE: 6B) SOUTHERN MD, EASTERN SHORE: MARCH 1 TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15

D. TILL AREAS TO RECEIVE SEED BY DISKING OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS TO A DEPTH OF 2 TO 4 INCHES, LEVEL AND RAKE THE AREAS TO PREPARE A PROPER SEEDBED, REMOVE STONES AND DEBRIS OVER 11/4 INCHES IN DIAMETER. THE RESULTING SEEDBED MUST BE IN SUCH CONDITION THAT FUTURE MOWING OF GRASSES WILL POSE NO DIFFICULTY. IF SOIL MOISTURE IS DEFICIENT, SUPPLY NEW SEEDINGS WITH ADEQUATE WATER FOR PLANT GROWTH (1/2 TO 1 INCH EVERY 3 TO 4 DAYS DEPENDING ON SOIL TEXTURE) LINTIL THEY ARE FIRMLY ESTABLISHED. THIS IS ESPECIALLY TRUE WHEN SEEDINGS ARE MADE LATE IN THE PLANTING SEASON, IN ABNORMALLY DRY OR HOT SEASONS, OR ON ADVERSE SITES.

B. SOD: TO PROVIDE QUICK COVER ON DISTURBED AREAS (2:1 GRADE OR FLATTER).

A. CLASS OF TURFGRASS SOD MUST BE MARYLAND STATE CERTIFIED. SOD LABELS MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE JOB FOREMAN AND INSPECTOR. B. SOD MUST BE MACHINE CUT AT A UNIFORM SOIL THICKNESS OF 3/4 INCH, PLUS OR MINUS 1/4 INCH, AT THE TIME OF CUTTING. MEASUREMENT FOR THICKNESS MUST EXCLUDE TOP GROWTH AND THATCH. BROKEN PADS AND TOM OR UNEVEN ENDS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE C. STANDARD SIZE SECTIONS OF SOD MUST BE STRONG ENOUGH TO SUPPORT THEIR OWN WEIGHT AND RETAIN THEIR SIZE AND SHAPE WHEN SUSPENDED VERTICALLY WITH A FIRM

GRASP ON THE UPPER 10 PERCENT OF THE SECTION. D. SOD MUST NOT BE HARVESTED OR TRANSPLANTED WHEN MOISTURE CONTENT (EXCESSIVELY DRY OR WET) MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT ITS SURVIVAL. È. SOD MUST BE HARVESTÉD, DELIVERED, AND INSTALLED WITHIN A PERIOD OF 36 HOURS. OD NOT TRANSPLANTED WITHIN THIS PERIOD MUST BE APPROVED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST PRIOR TO ITS INSTALLATION.

2. SOD INSTALLATION A. DURING PERIODS OF EXCESSIVELY HIGH TEMPERATURE OR IN AREAS HAVING DRY SUBSOIL, LIGHTLY IRRIGATE THE SUBSOIL IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO LAYING THE SOD. B. LAY THE FIRST ROW OF SOD IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITH SUBSEQUENT ROWS PLACED PARALLEL TO IT AND TIGHTLY WEDGED AGAINST EACH OTHER. STAGGER LATERAL JOINTS TO PROMOTE MORE UNIFORM GROWTH AND STRENGTH, ENSURE THAT SOD IS NOT STRETCHED. OR OVERLAPPED AND THAT ALL JOINTS ARE BUTTED TIGHT IN ORDER TO PREVENT VOIDS WHICH WOULD CAUSE AIR DRYING OF THE ROOTS. C. WHEREVER POSSIBLE, LAY SOD WITH THE LONG EDGES PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR AND WITH STAGGERING JOINTS. ROLL AND TAMP, PEG OR OTHERWISE SECURE THE SOD TO PREVENT SLIPPAGE ON SLOPES. ENSURE SOLID CONTACT EXISTS BETWEEN SOD ROOTS AND THE UNDERLYING SOIL SURFACE. D. WATER THE SOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ROLLING AND TAMPING UNTIL THE UNDERSIDE OF

3. SOD MAINTENANCE A. IN THE ABSENCE OF ADEQUATE RAINFALL, WATER DAILY DURING THE FIRST WEEK OR AS OFTEN AND SUFFICIENTLY AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN MOIST SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES, WATER SOD DURING THE HEAT OF THE DAY TO PREVENT WILTING. B. AFTER THE FIRST WEEK, SOD WATERING IS REQUIRED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN

THE NEW SOD PAD AND SOIL SURFACE BELOW THE SOD ARE THOROUGHLY WET. COMPLETE

THE OPERATIONS OF LAYING, TAMPING AND IRRIGATING FOR ANY PIECE OF SOD WITHIN EIGHT

PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY

APPLICATION SEEDING SEEDING

ADEQUATE MOISTURE CONTENT C. DO NOT MOW UNTIL THE SOD IS FIRMLY ROOTED. NO MORE THAN 1/3 OF THE GRASS LEAF MUST BE REMOVED BY THE INITIAL CUTTING OR SUBSEQUENT CUTTINGS. MAINTAIN A GRASS HEIGHT OF AT LEAST 3 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3): ZONE 6b

SEED MIXTURE (FROM TABLE B.3): 9

SPECIES | RATE (LB/AC) | DATES

COOL SEASON T.F. 60 LB / AC MAR 1 TO

K.B. 40 LB / AC AUG 15 TO

R-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

THE PROCESS OF PREPARING THE SOILS TO SUSTAIN ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

WHERE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION IS TO BE ESTABLISHED.

1. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION A SEEDBED PREPARATION CONSISTS OF LOOSENING SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES BY MEANS OF SUITABLE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSTRUCTION FOUIPMENT SUCH AS DISC HARROWS OR CHISEL PLOWS OR RIPPERS MOUNTED ON CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. AFTER THE SOIL IS LOOSENED. IT MUST NOT BE ROLLED OR DRAGGED SMOOTH BUT LEFT IN THE ROUGHENED CONDITION. SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER ARE TO BE TRACKED WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE. B. APPLY FERTILIZER AND LIME AS PRESCRIBED ON THE PLANS

2. INCORPORATE LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS. 2. PERMANENT STABILIZATION

A. A SOIL TEST IS REQUIRED FOR ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OF 5 ACRES OR MORE, THE MINIMUM SOIL CONDITIONS REQUIRED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE: I. SOIL PH BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.0. II. SOLUBLE SALTS LESS THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION (PPM). III. SOIL CONTAINS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT CLAY BUT ENOUGH FINE GRAINED MATERIAL

(GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) TO PROVIDE THE CAPACITY TO HOLD À MODERATE AMOUNT OF MOISTURE. AN EXCÉPTION: IF LOVEGRASS WILL BE PLANTED, THEN A SANDY SOIL (LESS THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) WOULD IV. SOIL CONTAINS 1.5 PERCENT MINIMUM ORGANIC MATTER BY WEIGHT. V. SOIL CONTAINS SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE TO PERMIT ADEQUATE ROOT PENETRATION B. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS OR TOPSOIL IS REQUIRED IF ON-SITE SOILS DO NOT MEET

THE ABOVE CONDITIONS C. GRADED AREAS MUST BE MAINTAINED IN A TRUE AND EVEN GRADE AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN, THEN SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES D. APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN OR AS INDICATED BY THE RESULTS OF A SOIL TEST.

E. MIX SOIL AMENDMENTS INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER CUITABLE MEANS. RAKE LAWN AREAS TO SMOOTH THE SURFACE, REMOVE LARGE OBJECTS LIKE STONES AND BRANCHES, AND READY THE AREA FOR SEED APPLICATION. LOOSEN SURFACE SOIL BY DRAGGING WITH A HEAVY CHAIN OR OTHER EQUIPMENT TO ROUGHEN THE SURFACE WHERE SITE CONDITIONS WILL NOT PERMIT NORMAL SEEDBED. PREPARATION. TRACK SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER WITH TRACKED EQUIPMENT LEAVING THE SOIL IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE, LEAVE THE TOP 1 TO 3 INCHES OF SOIL LOOSE AND FRIABLE SEEDBED LOOSENING MAY BE UNNECESSARY ON NEWLY DISTURBED AREAS.

I. TOPSOIL IS PLACED OVER PREPARED SUBSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION. THE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE PH, MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL GRADATION. . TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM AN EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED IT MEFTS THE TANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE SPECIFICATIONS. TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF

REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA-3. TOPSOILING IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER SLOPES WHERE: A. THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO PRODUCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

TOPSOIL TO BE SALVAGED FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE

B. THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO SUPPORT PLANTS OR FLIRNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT C. THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH D. THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH LIMESTONE IS NOT FEASIBLE. 4. AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND

5. TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS: SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING A. TOPSOIL MUST BE A LOAM, SANDY LOAM, CLAY LOAM, SILT LOAM, SANDY CLAY LOAM OR LOAMY SAND. OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENDED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE A MIXTURE OF CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND MUST CONTAIN LESS THAN 5 PERCENT BY VOLUME OF CINDERS, STONES, SLAG, COARSE FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL, STICKS, ROOTS TRASH, OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAN 11/2 INCHES IN DIAMETER. B. TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF NOXIOUS PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH AS BERMUDA GRASS, QUACK GRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, NUT SEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTLE, OR OTHERS

C. TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL TOPSOIL. 6. TOPSOIL APPLICATION EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE MAINTAINED WHEN APPLYIN

B. UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTE TOPSOIL IN A 5 TO 8 INCH LAYER AND LIGHTLY COMPACT TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4 INCHES. SPREADING IS TO BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM OF ADDITIONAL SOIL PREPARATION AND TILLAGE. ANY IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOILING OR OTHER OPERATIONS MUST BE CORRECTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS OR WATER POCKETS TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE PLACED IF THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A EROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION, WHEN THE SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING AND SEEDBED PREPARATION.

C. SOIL AMENDMENTS (FERTILIZER AND LIME SPECIFICATIONS) SOIL TESTS MUST BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE EXACT RATIOS AND APPLICATION RATES FOR BOTH LIME AND FERTILIZER ON SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. SOIL ANALYSIS MAY BE PERFORMED BY A RECOGNIZED PRIVATE OR COMMERCIAL LABORATORY. SOIL SAMPLES TAKEN FOR ENGINEERING PURPOSES MAY ALSO BE USED FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSES. P. FERTILIZERS MUST BE UNIFORM IN COMPOSITION, FREE FLOWING AND SUITABLE FOR ACCURATE APPLICATION BY APPROPRIATE EQUIPMENT. MANURE MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR B. MULCHING FERTILIZER WITH PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. FERTILIZERS MUST ALL BE DELIVERED TO THE SITE FULLY LABELED ACCORDING TO THE

APPLICABLE LAWS AND MUST BEAR THE NAME, TRADE NAME OR TRADEMARK AND WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCER. 3. LIME MATERIALS MUST BE GROUND LIMESTONE (HYDRATED OR BURNT LIME MAY BE SUBSTITUTED EXCEPT WHEN HYDROSEEDING) WHICH CONTAINS AT LEAST 50 PERCENT TOTAL OXIDES (CALCIUM OXIDE PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDE). LIMESTONE MUST BE GROUND TO SUCH FINENESS THAT AT LEAST 50 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #100 MESH SIEVE AND 98 TO 100 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #20 MFSH SIEVE. 4. LIME AND FERTILIZER ARE TO BE EVENLY DISTRIBUTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS. 5. WHERE THE SUBSOIL IS EITHER HIGHLY ACIDIC OR COMPOSED OF HEAVY CLAYS, SPREAD GROUND LIMESTONE AT THE RATE OF 4 TO 8 TONS/ACRE (200-400 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET) PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL.

DETAIL B-1 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION SCE **FNTRANCE** EXISTING PAVEMENT -EARTH FILL -PIPE (SEE NOTE 6) **PROFILE** LENGTH * PLAN VIEW PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (*30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS. 2. PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE. PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE. PROVIDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY. A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS NOT LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT. . PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE (WITHOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE.

MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT MINIMIZES TRACKING OF SEDIMENT. ADD STONE OR MAKE OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR

TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRÁPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS IRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

2011

B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SEEDING AND MULCHING

THE APPLICATION OF SEED AND MULCH TO ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER.

GROWTH. SOILS OF CONCEM HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW NUTRIENT LEVELS, LOW TO PROTECT DISTURBED SOILS FROM EROSION DURING AND AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, SLOPES, AND ANY DISTURBED AREA NOT UNDER ACTIVE

1.SPECIFICATIONS

A. ALL SEED MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARYLAND STATE SEED LAW. ALL SEED MUST BE TO RE-TESTING BY A RECOGNIZED SEED LABORATORY. ALL SEED USED MUST HAVE BEEN TESTED WITHIN THE 6 MONTHS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF SOWING SUCH MATERIAL ON ANY PROJECT. REFER TO TABLE B.4 REGARDING THE QUALITY OF SEED. SEED TAGS MUST BE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST TO THE INSPECTOR TO VERIFY TYPE OF SEED AND SEEDING RATE. B. MULCH ALONE MAY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES ONLY IF THE PROUND IS FROZEN. THE APPROPRIATE SEEDING MIXTURE MUST BE APPLIED WHEN THE GROUND

C. INOCULANTS: THE INOCULANT FOR TREATING LEGUME SEED IN THE SEED MIXTURES MUST BE A PURE CULTURE OF NITROGEN FIXING BACTERIA PREPARED SPECIFICALLY FOR THE SPECIES. INOCULANTS MUST NOT BE USED LATER THAN THE DATE INDICATED ON THE CONTAINER, ADD FRESH INOCULANTS AS DIRECTED ON THE PACKAGE. USE FOUR TIMES THE RECOMMENDED RATE WHEN HYDROSEEDING. NOTE: IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO KEEP INOCULANT AS COOL AS POSSIBLE UNTIL USED. TEMPERATURES ABOVE 75 TO 80 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT CAN WEAKEN BACTERIA AND MAKE THE INOCULANT LESS EFFECTIVE. D. SOD OR SEED MUST NOT BE PLACED ON SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS

OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME HAS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO PERMIT DISSIPATION OF PHYTO-TOXIC MATERIALS. A. DRY SEEDING: THIS INCLUDES USE OF CONVENTIONAL DROP OR BROADCAST SPREADERS. I. INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SUBSOIL AT THE RATES PRESCRIBED ON TEMPORARY SEEDING

TABLE 8.1. PERMANENT SEEDING TABLE 8.3. OR SITE-SPECIFIC SEEDING SUMMARIES. . APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS. PERPENDICULAR TO FACH OTHER, APPLY HALF THE SEE RATE IN EACH DIRECTION. ROLL THE SEEDED AREA WITH A WEIGHTED ROLLER TO PROVIDE GOOD SEED TO SOIL CONTACT. B. DRILL OR CULTIPACKER SEEDING: MECHANIZED SEEDERS THAT APPLY AND COVER SEED WITH SOIL

I. CUI TIPACKING SEEDERS ARE REQUIRED TO BURY THE SEED IN SUCH A FASHION AS TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 1/4 INCH OF SOIL COVERING, SEEDBED MUST BE FIRM AFTER PLANTING. II. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION. C. HYDROSEEDING: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDES SEED AND FERTILIZER).

I. IF FERTILIZER IS BEING APPLIED AT THE TIME OF SEEDING, THE APPLICATION RATES SHOULD NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING: NITROGEN, 100 POUNDS PER ACRE TOTAL OF SOLUBLE NITROGEN; P205 (PHOSPHOROUS), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE; K20 (POTASSIUM), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE. II. LIME: USE ONLY GROUND AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE (UP TO 3 TONS PER ACRE MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING). NORMALLY, NOT MORE THAN 2 TONS ARE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING AT ANY ONE TIME. DO NOT USE BURNT OR HYDRATED LIME WHEN HYDROSEEDING. III. MIX SEED AND FERTILIZER ON SITE AND SEED IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION. IV. WHEN HYDROSEEDING DO NOT INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SOIL.

I. MULCH MATERIALS (IN ORDER OF PREFERENCE) A STRAW CONSISTING OF THOROLICHLY THRESHED WHEAT LYE OAT OR BARLEY AND REASONABLY BRIGHT IN COLOR, STRAW IS TO BE FREE OF NOXIOUS WEED SEEDS AS SPECIFIED IN THE MARYLAND SEED LAW AND NOT MUSTY, MOLDY, CAKED, DECAYED, OR EXCESSIVELY DUSTY. NOTE: USE ONLY STERILE STRAW MULCH IN AREAS WHERE ONE SPECIES OF GRASS IS DESIRED.

B. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH (WCFM) CONSISTING OF SPECIALLY PREPARED WOOD CELLULOSE PROCESSED INTO A UNIFORM FIBROUS PHYSICAL STATE I. WCFM IS TO BE DYED GREEN OR CONTAIN A GREEN DYE IN THE PACKAGE THAT WILL PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATE COLOR TO FACILITATE VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE UNIFORMLY SPREAD SLURRY. II. WCFM, INCLUDING DYE, MUST CONTAIN NO GERMINATION OR GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS. III. WCFM MATERIALS ARE TO BE MANUFACTURED AND PROCESSED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH WILL REMAIN IN UNIFORM SUSPENSION IN WATER UNDER AGITATION AND WILL BLEND WITH SFFD. FFRTIII7FR AND OTHER ADDITIVES TO FORM A HOMOGENEOUS SLURRY. THE MULCH MATERIAL MUST FORM A BLOTTER-LIKE GROUND COVER, ON APPLICATION, HAVING MOISTURE ABSORPTION AND PERCOLATION PROPERTIES AND MUST COVER AND HOLD GRASS SEED IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL WITHOUT INHIBITING THE GROWTH OF THE GRASS SEEDLINGS IV. WCFM MATERIAL MUST NOT CONTAIN ELEMENTS OR COMPOUNDS AT CONCENTRATION LEVELS THAT WILL BE V. WCFM MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS: FIBER LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 10 MILLIMETERS, DIAMETER APPROXIMATELY 1 MILLIMETER, PH RANGE OF 4.0 TO 8.5, ASH CONTENT OF 1.6 PERCENT MAXIMUM AND WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF 90 PERCENT MINIMUM.

A. APPLY MULCH TO ALL SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING B. WHEN STRAW MULCH IS USED, SPREAD IT OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE TO A UNIFORM LOOSE DEPTH OF 1 TO 2 INCHES. APPLY MULCH TO ACHIEVE A UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION AND DEPTH SO THAT THE SOIL SURFACE IS NOT EXPOSED. WHEN USING

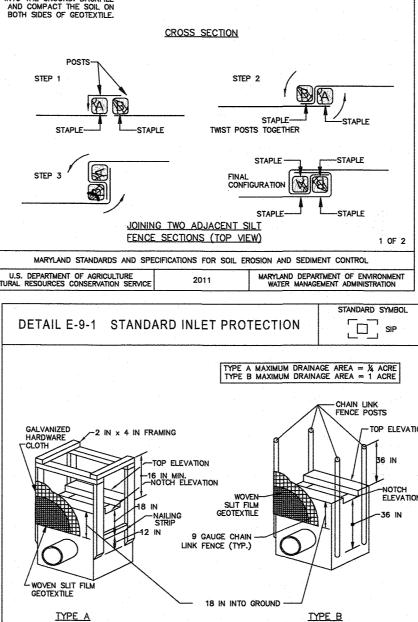
MULCH ANCHORING TOOL, INCREASE THE APPLICATION RATE TO 2.5 TONS PER ACRE. C. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER USED AS MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 1500 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER TO ATTAIN A MIXTURE WITH A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.

A. PERFORM MULCH ANCHORING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING APPLICATION OF MULCH TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER. THIS MAY BE DONE BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS (LISTED BY PREFERENCE). DEPENDING UPON THE SIZE OF THE AREA AND EROSION HAZARD: L A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS A TRACTOR DRAWN IMPLEMENT DESIGNED TO PLINCH AND ANCHOR MULCH INTO THE SOIL SURFACE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES. THIS PRACTICE IS MOST EFFECTIVE ON LARGE AREAS, BUT IS LIMITED TO FLATTER SLOPES WHERE EQUIPMENT CAN OPERATE SAFELY. IF USED ON SLOPING LAND, THIS PRACTICE SHOULD FOLLOW THE CONTOUR. II. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MAY BE USED FOR ANCHORING STRAW. APPLY THE FIBER BINDER AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 750 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER AT A MAXIMUM OF 50

TERRA TAX II, TERRA TACK AR OR OTHER APPRÒVED EQUAL MAY BE USED. FOLLOW APPLICATION RATES AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. APPLICATION OF LIQUID BINDERS NEEDS TO BE HEAVIER AT THE EDGES WHERE WIND CATCHES MULCH, SUCH AS IN VALLEYS AND ON CRESTS OF BANKS. USE OF ASPHALT BINDERS IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED IV. LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC NETTING MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. NETTING IS USUALLY AVAILABLE IN ROLLS 4 TO 15 FEET WIDE AND 300 TO 3,000 FEET

POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.

III. SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRO-TACK). DCA-70. PETROSEI



ISOMETRIC VIEW

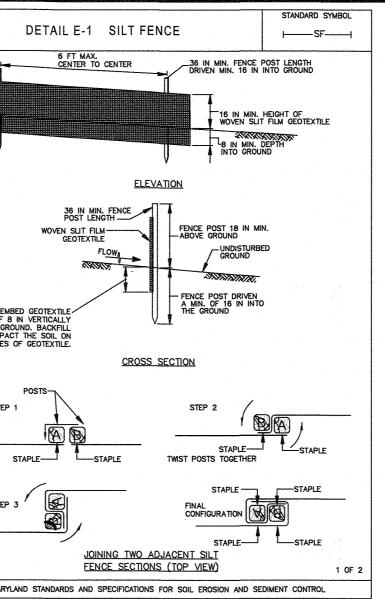
SECTION FOR TYPE A AND B

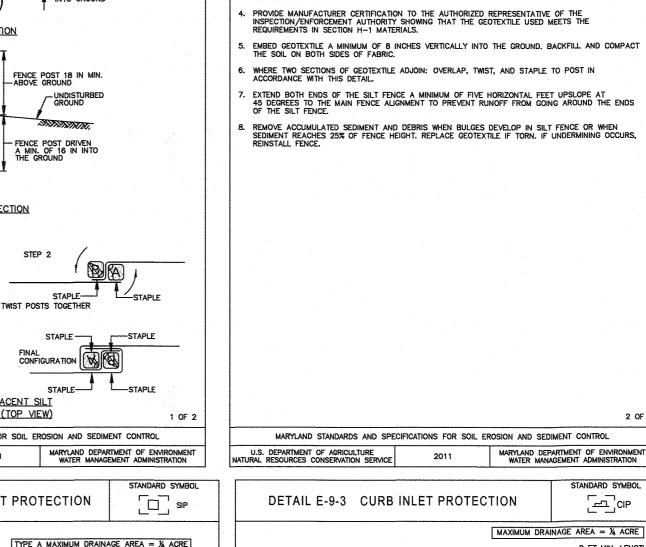
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

2011

COMPACT EARTH (TYP.)

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



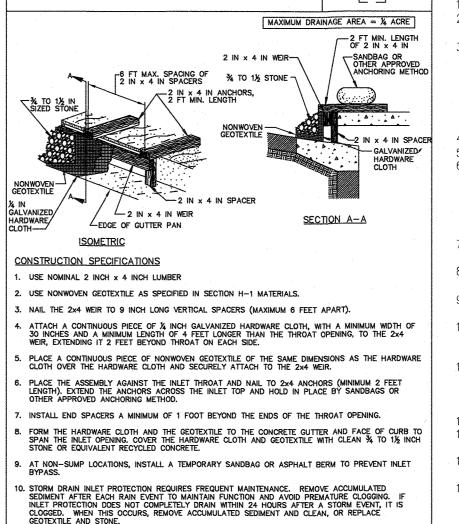


DETAIL E-1 SILT FENCE

USE WOOD POSTS $1\frac{1}{4}$ X $1\frac{1}{4}$ ± $\frac{1}{16}$ Inch (Minimum) square cut of sound quality hardwood. As all ternative to wooden post use standard "t" or "u" section steel posts weighing not less than 1 pound per linear foot.

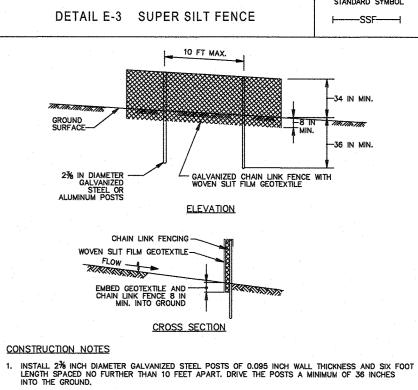
USE 36 INCH MINIMUM POSTS DRIVEN 16 INCH MINIMUM INTO GROUND NO MORE THAN 6 FEET APART

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS



MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

2011



WHERE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER, THE ENDS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 6 INCHES, FOLDED, AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BY PASS. EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE.

. PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT. (1 DAY) NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS (410-313-1880) AT LEAST 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK. (1 DAY) DRY UTILITIES (CABLE, GAS ELECTRIC) MUST BE INSTALLED AFTER ROAD

CONSTRUCTION AND PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF THE F-19-019

ANY F-19-019 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES IN PLACE SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM RECEIVING SEDIMENT LADEN WATERS FROM HOME CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.

STAKEOUT LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE. (1 DAY

MICRO BIO RETENTION AND BIOSWALE FACILITIES.

INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. (1 DAY) IN ACCORDANCE WITH DETAILS HEREON, INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN IN PLAN VIEW AND/OR UTILIZE THE EXISTING CONTROLS INSTALLED UNDER F-19-019 AS DIRECTED BY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

EXISTING GRADES SHOWN HEREON ARE THE PROPOSED GRADES FROM F-19-019

AFTER OBTAINING PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR TO PROCEED, ROUGH GRADE INDIVIDUAL LOT FOR HOUSE CONSTRUCTION. (1 DAY) STOCKPILING SHALL BE LIMITED TO ONLOT OR AS SHOWN HEREON. STOCKPILES SHALL BE STABILIZED AS DETAILED HEREON. (1 DAY)

9. CONSTRUCT HOUSES. THE FIRST FLOOR ELEVATIONS CANNOT BE MORE THAN 1' HIGHER OR 0.2' LOWER THAN THE ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN. (6 MONTHS) FINE GRADE LOT AS DETAILED HEREIN AND PER SPOT ELEVATIONS AS SHOWN TO BE

IN CONFORMANCE WITH STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SCHEME APPROVED FOR THE PROJECT. (1 DAY) UPON COMPLETION OF HOME CONSTRUCTION AND WITH PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, COMPLETE ANY REMAINING FINE GRADING, INSTALL ONLOT

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DRYWELL FACILITIES. ROOF GUTTER DOWNSPOUTS TO DIRECT ROOFTOP RUNOFF AS DIRECTED. (1 DAY)

ADD TOPSOIL PER THE SPECIFICATIONS SHOWN HEREON. (1 DAY) WITH ALL ONLOT DISTURBANCES COMPLETED, STABILIZE WITH PERMANENT SEEDING

MIXTURE AND STRAW MULCH OR EQUAL STABILIZATION. (1 DAY) 14. FINAL CONVERSION OF MICRO-BIORETENTION FACILITIES SHALL OCCUR WHEN THEIR

CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS STABILIZED. (A DAY 15. AFTER PERMISSION HAS BEEN GIVEN BY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE ANY REMAINING E/S CONTROLS AND STABILIZE THE DISTURBED AREAS FROM THE AFOREMENTIONED DISTURBANCES WITH PERMANENT SEEDING MIXTURE AND STRAW

NOTE: ANY CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE PLAN APPROVAL AUTHORITY PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION

MULCH. (1 DAY)

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

DEFINITION TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH VEGETATION FOR UP TO 6 MONTHS.

TO USE FAST GROWING VEGETATION THAT PROVIDES COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR A PERIOD OF 6 MONTHS OR LESS. FOR LONGER DURATION OF TIME, PERMANENT STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE REQUIRED.

1. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR SEED MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE 8.1

FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3). AND ENTER THEM IN THE TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY BELOW ALONG WITH APPLICATION RATES SEEDING DATES AND SEEDING DEPTHS. IF THIS SUMMARY IS NOT PUT ON THE PLAN AND COMPLETED, THEN TABLE 8.1 PLUS FERTILIZER AND LIME RATES MUST BE PUT ON THE PLAN. 2. FOR SITES HAVING SOIL TESTS PERFORMED, USE AND SHOW THE RECOMMENDED. RATES BY THE TESTING AGENCY. SOIL TESTS ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR TEMPORARY 3. WHEN STABILIZATION IS REQUIRED OUTSIDE OF A SEEDING SEASON, APPLY SEED AND MULCH OR STRAW MULCH ALONE AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION B-4-3.A.1.B AND MAINTAIN UNTIL THE NEXT SEEDING SEASON.

TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY

| JLL | RDINESS ZO ED MIXTURI | FERTILIZER RATE | LIME RATE | | | |
|------|--|-----------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| NO S | SPECIES | APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC) | SEEDING DATES | SEEDING DEPTHS | (10-20-20) | |
| 1 AN | OL SEASON INUAL 'EGRASS R EQUAL | 40 LB / AC | MAR 1 TO MAY 15 AUG 1 TO OCT 15 | 1/2 IN. | 436 LB/AC (10 LB PER 1000 SF) | 2 TONS/AC (90 LB PER 1000 SF) |
| FC | RM SEASON DXTAIL ILLET R EQUAL | 30 LB / AC | MAY 16 TO JUL 31 | 1/2 IN. | | - |

B-4-8 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS STOCKPILE AREA

A MOUND OR PILE OF SOIL PROTECTED BY APPROPRIATELY DESIGNED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.

TO PROVIDE A DESIGNATED LOCATION FOR THE TEMPORARY STORAGE OF SOIL THAT

CONTROLS THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND CHANGES TO DRAINAGE

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

STOCKPILE AREAS ARE UTILIZED WHEN IT IS NECESSARY TO SALVAGE AND STORE SOIL

THE STOCKPILE LOCATION AND ALL RELATED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE CLEARLY INDICATED ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN. THE FOOTPRINT OF THE STOCKPILE MUST BE SIZED TO ACCOMMODATE THE ANTICIPATED VOLUME OF MATERIAL AND BASED ON A SIDE SLOPE RATIO NO. STEEPER THAN 2:1. BENCHING MUST BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH RUNOFF FROM THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST DRAIN TO A SUITABLE SEDIMENT

CONTROL PRACTICE ACCESS THE STOCKPILE AREA FROM THE UPGRADE SIDE. CLEAR WATER RUNOFF INTO THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST BE MINIMIZED BY USE OF A DIVERSION DEVICE SUCH AS AN EARTH DIKE, TEMPORARY SWALE OR DIVERSION FENCE. PROVISIONS MUST BE MADE FOR DISCHARGING

WHERE RUNOFF CONCENTRATES ALONG THE TOE OF THE STOCKPILE FILL, AN

CONTAINING CONTAMINATED MATERIAL MUST BE COVERED WITH IMPERMEABLE

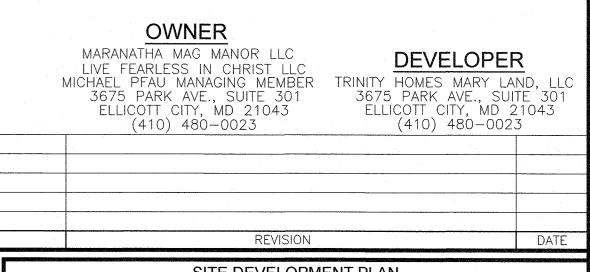
APPROPRIATE EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE MUST BE USED TO

CONCENTRATED FLOW IN A NON-EROSIVE MANNER.

INTERCEPT THE DISCHARGE. STOCKPILES MUST BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 3/7 DA STABILIZATION REQUIREMENT AS WELL AS STANDARD B-4-1 INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION AND STANDARD B-4-4 TEMPORARY STABILIZATION. IF THE STOCKPILE IS LOCATED ON AN IMPERVIOUS SURFACE. A LINER SHOULD BE PROVIDED BELOW THE STOCKPILE TO FACILITATE CLEANUP. STOCKPILES

MAINTENANCE

THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST CONTINUOUSLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION. SIDE SLOPES MUST BE MAINTAINED AT NO STEEPER THAN A 2:1 RATIO. THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST BE KEPT FREE OF EROSION. IF THE VERTICAL HEIGHT OF A STOCKPILE EXCEEDS 20 FEET FOR 2:1 SLOPES, 30 FEET FOR 3:1 SLOPES, OR 40 FEET FOR 4:1 SLOPES, BENCHING MUST BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-3 LAND GRADING.



SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

GRADING, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN - NOTES AND DETAILS MAGNOLIA MANOR

TAX MAP: 47 PARCELS: 163 & 465 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

VOGEL ENGINEERING

TIMMONS GROUP

3300 NORTH RIDGE ROAD, SUITE 110, ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 P: 410.461.7666 F: 410.461.8961 www.timmons.com DESIGN BY: DRAWN BY:

100 C

RHV CHECKED BY: DATE: SEPTEMBER 2020 AS SHOWN SCALE: W.O. NO.: 16-15

OFESSIONAL CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 16193 EXPIRATION DATE: 09-27-2022 10 SHEET 13

NOTES

DURING GRADING AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE THE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHOWN HEREON.

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: A. 3 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKËS, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1.

FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR

B. 7 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT. SITE.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION VDATE

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ANY CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION, OR DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT (MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT—OF—ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL

DESIGN CERTIFICATION

FERTILIZER

(10-20-20)

N P₂ O₅ K₂O

/4-1/2 IN.|(1 LB PER |(2 LB PER |(2 LB PER | (90 LB PER |

45 LB/AC 90 LB/AC 90 LB/AC 2 TONS/AC

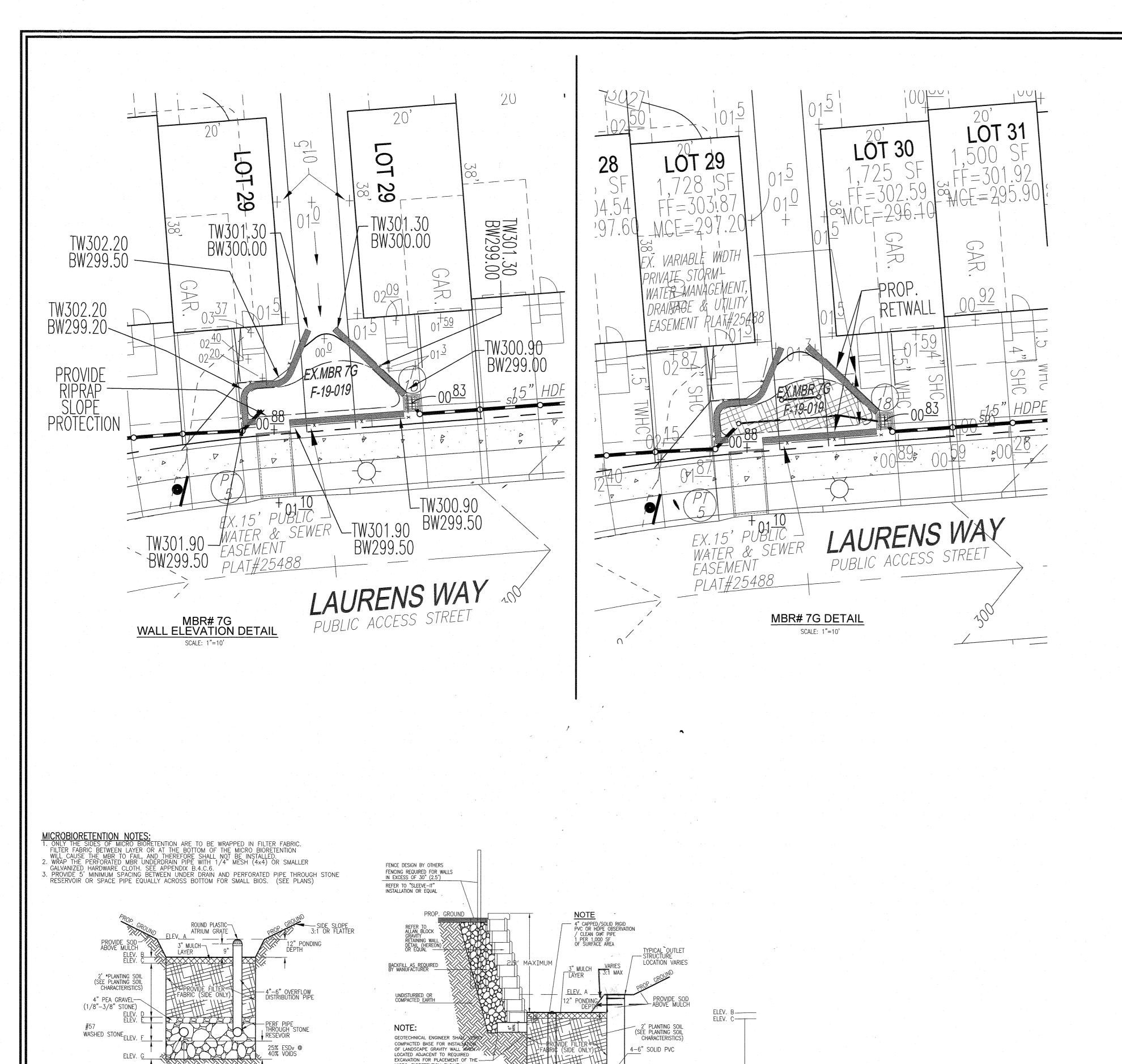
1000 SF) 1000 SF) 1000 SF) 1000 SF)

"I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN HAS BEEN DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT MARYLAND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS, THAT IT REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE, AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT."

MD REGISTRATION NO. 16193 (P.E.), R.L.S., OR R.L.A. (circle one)

BLOCK: 19 ZONING: R-SC

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAN



OUTFALL (SEE PROFILE)

ELEV. F

ELEV. G

MICRO-BIORETENTION FACILITY
TYPICAL SECTION

4-6" SLOTTED RIGID PVC OR PERFORATED / SCH 40 PVC PIPE OR HDPE © 0.00% — PERFORATED PIPE UNDER DRAIN SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH 1/4" GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH

-SEE PLAN VIEWS FOR OUTFALL STRUCTURE LOCATION

TYPICAL DETAIL MICRO-BIORETENTION W/ GRAVITY WALL

-STRUCTURAL DESIGN MAY BE REQUIRED DUE TO LOCATION ADJACENT TO MICRO-BIORETENTION FACILITY

SEE APPENDIX B.4.C

GRAVITY WALL NOTES:

-PROVIDE FENCING AS REQUIRED

MICRO-BIORETENTION (OVERFLOW) (M-6)

Q-BATE

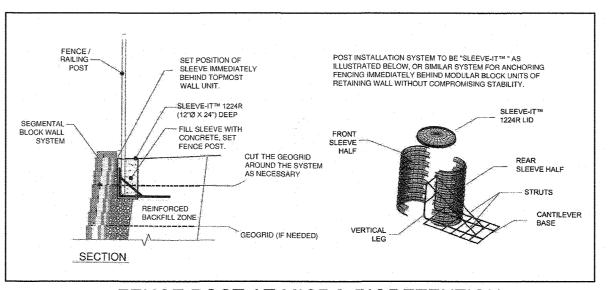
16-16-20 DATE

* SEE MBR DATA CHART SHEET 20, F-19-019.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

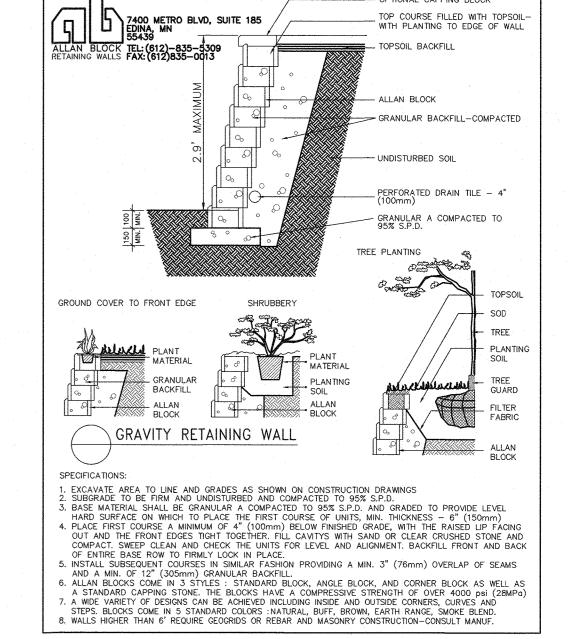
DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION N

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT



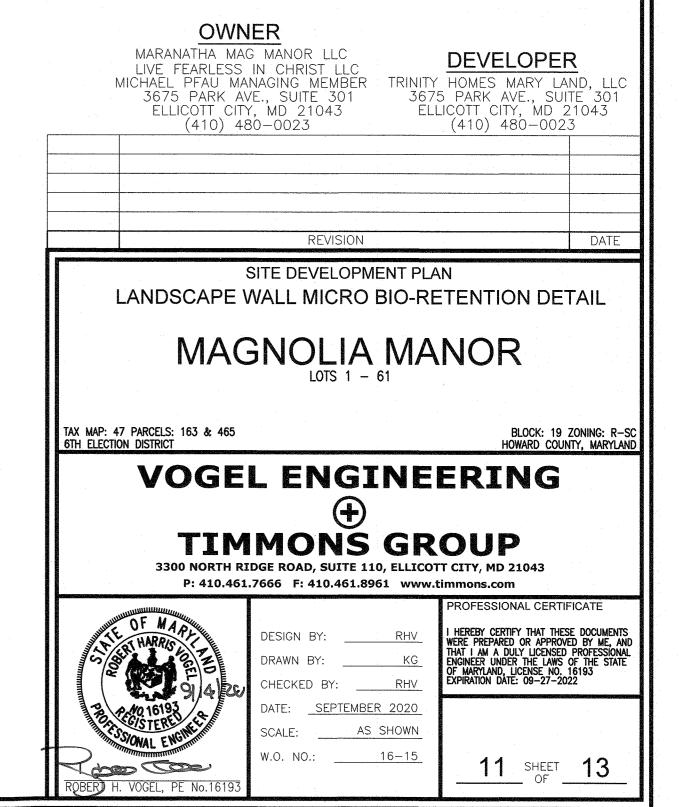
FENCE POST AT MICRO-BIORETENTION W/ GRAVITY WALL - INSTALLATION DETAIL OR EQUAL

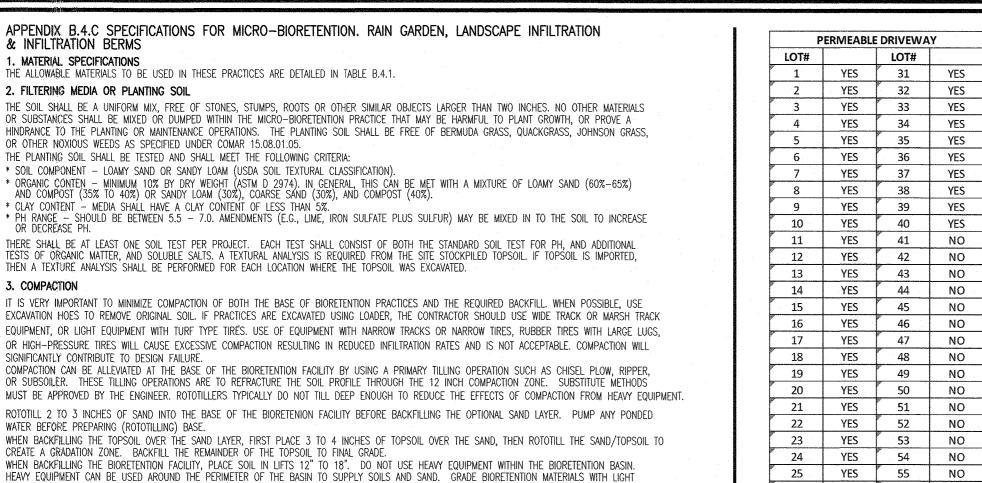
-FENCING IS REQUIRED FOR ALL WALLS WHERE THE WALL HEIGHT IS GREATER THAN 30" (2.5')
-FENCE DESIGN BY OTHERS



- OPTIONAL CAPPING BLOCK

TYP. GRAVITY WALL OR EQUAL





plantings are site-specific

PE Type 1 nonwoven

4" to 6" rigid schedule 40 | Slotted or perforated pipe; 3/8" perf. @ 6" on center, 4 holes per

galvanized hardware cloth

USDA soil types loamy sand or sandy loam; clay content < 5%

aged 6 months, minimum; no pine or wood chips

row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary

on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required

pressures); and analysis of potential cracking

TYPICAL SPILLWAY PROFILE

NOT TO SCALE

DETAILS OF WEIR OUTLET

MICRO-BIORETENTION

10-16-20

underneath pipes. Perforated pipe shall be wrapped with 1/4-inch

28 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place

standards requires design drawings sealed and approved by a

[H-10 or H-20]; allowable horizontal loading (based on soil

Sand substitutions such as Diabase and Graystone (AASHTO) #10 are not acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolomitic sand

substitutions are acceptable. No "rock dust" can be used for sand.

professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland

- design to include meeting ACI Code 350.R/89; vertical loading

or pre-cast) not using previously approved State or local

EQUIPMENT SUCH AS A COMPACT LOADER OR A DOZER/LOADER WITH MARSH TRACKS.

FOLLOWING THE NON-GRASS GROUND COVER PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS.

PIPES MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE MINIMUM PER EVERY 1000 SQUARE FEET OF SURFACE AREA)

THESE PRACTICES MAY NOT BE CONSTRUCTED UNTIL ALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED.

see Appendix A, Table A.4

loamy sand (60 - 65%) &

compost (35 – 40%)

sandy loam (30%),

compost (40%)

(ASTM D 2974)

AASHTO M-43

shredded hardwood

coarse sand (30%) &

Min. 10% by dry weight

pea gravel: ASTM-D-448

ornamental stone: washed

F 758. Type PS 28 or AASHTO

MSHA Mix No. 3; $f_c = 3500$

psi @ 28 days, normal weight

AASHTO-M-6 or ASTM-C-33 | 0.02" to 0.04"

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR MICROBIORETENTION / BIO-SWALE AREAS

MATERIAL SHALL BE CHECKED FOR DISEASE AND INSECT INFESTATION AND MAINTENANCE WILL ADDRESS DEAD MATERIAL AND PRUNING. ACCEPTABLE REPLACEMENT PLANT MATERIAL IS LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN

2. SCHEDIJLE OF PLANT INSPECTION WILL BE TWICE A YEAR IN SPRING AND FALL. THIS INSPECTION WILL INCLUDE REMOVAL OF DEAD AND DISEASED VEGETATION CONSIDERED BEYOND TREATMENT, TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASED TREES AND SHRUBS AND

3. MULCH SHALL BE INSPECTED EACH SPRING. REMOVE PREVIOUS MULCH LAYER BEFORE APPLYING NEW LAYER ONCE EVERY

TYPICAL SPILLWAY SECTION

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

NOT TO SCALE

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION \Q

CHIÉF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

4. SOIL EROSION TO BE ADDRESSED ON AN AS NEEDED BASIS WITH A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER MONTH AND AFTER HEAVY STORM EVENTS.

EROSION MATTING TO BOTTOM OF

. ANNUAL MAINTENANCE OF PLANT MATERIAL, MULCH LAYER AND SOIL LAYER IS REQUIRED. MAINTENANCE OF MULCH AND SOIL IS LIMITED TO CORRECTING AREAS OF EROSION OR WASH OUT. ANY MULCH REPLACEMENT SHALL BE DONE IN THE SPRING. PLANT

air-entrained; reinforcing to

meet ASTM-615-60

Appendix B.4. Construction Specifications for Environmental Site Design Practices

UNDERDRAINS SHOULD MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

RECOMMENDED PLANT MATERIAL FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICES CAN BE FOUND IN APPENDIX A, SECTION A.2.3.

COMPOST IS A BETTER ORGANIC MATERIAL SOURCE, IS LESS LIKELY TO FLOAT, AND SHOULD BE PLACED IN THE INVERT AND OTHER LOW

IS THE ONLY ACCEPTED MULCH. PINE MULCH AND WOOD CHIPS WILL FLOAT AND MOVE TO THE PERIMETER OF THE BIORETENTION AREA

DURING A STORM EVENT AND ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. SHREDDED MULCH MUST BE WELL AGED (6 TO 12 MONTHS) FOR ACCEPTANCE.

ROOTSTOCK OF THE PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE KEPT MOIST DURING TRANSPORT AND ON-SITE STORAGE. THE PLANT ROOT BALL SHOULD BE PLANTED SO

GRASSES AND LEGUME SEED SHOULD BE DRILLED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST ONE INCH. GRASS AND LEGUME PLUGS SHALL BE PLANTED

THE TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS PROVIDE FNOUGH ORGANIC MATERIAL TO ADEQUATELY SUPPLY NUTRIENTS FROM NATURAL CYCLING. THE PRIMARY

AREAS. MULCH SHOULD BE PLACED IN SURROUNDING TO A UNIFORM THICKNESS OF 2" TO 3". SHREDDED OR CHIPPED HARDWOOD MULCH

1/8TH OF THE BALL IS ABOVE FINAL GRADE SURFACE. THE DIAMETER OF THE PLANTING PIT SHALL BE AT LEAST SIX INCHES LARGER THAN THE DIAMETER OF THE PLANTING BALL. SET AND MAINTAIN THE PLANT STRAIGHT DURING THE ENTIRE PLANTING PROCESS. THOROUGHLY WATER GROUND BED COVER AFTER INSTALLATION.

TREES SHALL, BE BRACED USING 2" BY 2" STAKES ONLY AS NECESSARY AND FOR THE FIRST GROWING SEASON ONLY. STAKES ARE TO BE EQUALLY SPACED

FUNCTION OF THE BIORETENTION STRUCTURE IS TO IMPROVE WATER QUALITY. ADDING FERTILIZERS DEFEATS, OR AT A MINIMUM, IMPEDES THIS GOAL.
ONLY ADD FERTILIZER IF WOOD CHIPS OR MULCH ARE USED TO AMEND THE SOIL. ROTOTILL UREA FERTILIZER AT A RATE OF 2 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

* PIPE — SHOULD BE 4" TO 6" DIAMETER, SLOTTED OR PERFORATED RIGID PLASTIC PIPE (ASTMF 758, TYPE PS 28, OR AASHTO-M-278) IN A GRAVEL LAYER. THE PREFERRED MATERIAL IS SLOTTED, 4" RIGID PIPE (E.G., PVC OF HDPE).

* PERFORATIONS — IF PERFORATED PIPE IS USED, PERFORATIONS SHOULD BE 3/8" DIAMETER LOCATED 6" ON CENTER WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR HOLES PER ROW. PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH A 1/4" (NO. 4 OR 4x4) GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH.

* GRAVEL — THE GRAVEL LAYER (NO. 57 STONE PREFERRED) SHALL BE AT LEAST 3" THICK ABOVE AND BELOW THE UNDERDRAIN.

* THE MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE SHALL BE AT A MINIMUM 0.5% SLOPE.

* A RIGID, NON-PERFORATED OBSERVATION WELL MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE PER EVERY 1,0000 SQUARE FEET) TO PROVIDE A CLEAN-OUT PORT AND MONITOR

PERFORMANCE OF THE FILTER.

* A 4" LAYER OF PEA GRAVEL (1/8" TO 3/8" STONE) SHALL BE LOCATED BETWEEN THE FILTER MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINES IN TO THE UNDERDRAIN. THIS LAYER MAY BE CONSIDERED PART OF THE FILTER BED WHEN BED THICKNESS EXCEEDS 24".

THIS MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE FOR UNDERDRAIN SYSTEMS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 0.5%. OBSERVATION WELLS AND/OR CLEAN-OUT

NO. 8 OR NO. 9

stone: 2" to 5

AGGREGATE

PVC or SDR35

(3/8" to 3/4")

(1/8" TO 3/8")

Table B.4.1 Materials Specifications for Micro-Bioretention, Rain Gardens & Landscape Infiltration-

4. PLANT MATERIAL

5. PLANT INSTALLATION

ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE TREE BALL

6. UNDERDRAINS

7. MISCELLANEOUS

Material

Plantings

Mulch

Curtain drain

Geotextile

required)

Pea gravel diaphragm

Gravel (underdrains and

Poured in place concrete (if

REPLACEMENT OF ALL DEFICIENT STAKES AND WIRES.

GROUND -

UNDISTURBED

infiltration berms)

Underdrain piping

Planting soil

| PERMEABLE DRIVEWAY | | | Y | EPHENRY OR EQU | JAL | | | | | |
|--------------------|-----|------|-----|---|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| DT# | - | LOT# | | Eco Cobble Permeable Paver Installation Guidelines | | | | | | |
| 1 | YES | 31 | YES | Tar. | Layo | | | | | |
| 2 | YES | 32 | YES | Residential Driveways, Patios, and Walkways Aco The | exca | | | | | |
| 3 | YES | 33 | YES | MATERIALS NEEDED | local | | | | | |
| 4 | YES | 34 | YES | Open Graded Base: Should be a clean stone (i.e. # 2 stone and AASHTO #57), which | | | | | | |
| 5 | YES | 35 | YES | weighs approximately 120 pounds per cubic foot. Calculate the depth of stone using | | | | | | |
| 6 | YES | - 36 | YES | the average depth of the stone from the highest point to the lowest point (6-inch minimum depth for patios and walkways, 10-inch minimum depth for driveways). The | For | | | | | |
| 7 | YES | 37 | YES | maximum recommended depth of AASHTO #57 in the base is 4°. The remaining depth of the base material should be #2 stone. Calculate the project area and including an | | | | | | |
| 8 | YES | 38 | YES | additional 5% for losses. | 50-fo | | | | | |
| 9 | YES | 39 | YES | Bedding Layer: AASHTO #8 crushed stone is recommended. Calculate the volume | exca | | | | | |
| 10 | YES | 40 | YES | for a 2-inch bedding layer over the project area. Add an additional 20 percent for filling | wrap | | | | | |
| 11 | YES | 41 | NO | joints and losses. | any | | | | | |
| 12 | YES | 42 | NO | Pavers: Eco Pavers are sold by the square foot. Calculate the square footage needed | cont | | | | | |
| 13 | YES | 43 | NO | for your project and add 5% - 10% for cuts, waste, etc. | sunfa | | | | | |
| 14 | YES | 44 | NO | Edge Restraint: All exposed edges must be restrained. A 6" wide by 12" deep | Mira | | | | | |
| 1 [| VEC | AE. | NO | concrete curb is one recommended edge restraint system for a clean stone base | betw | | | | | |

____ 56 NO

57 NO

58 NO

YES 59 NO YES 60 NO 61 NO

YES

YES

YES

12" deep stone base construction. But edge restraints including pre-cast, DGA shoulders wrapped in nonwoven dealextile injustic edge restraint systems connected with poly mesh, and mortared options may also work based on the application. Calculate the linear feet of edge restraint required. The curb should be flush with the top of the pavers. EP tenry's Curbstone can also be wet set in concrete as an alternative.

f a dense graded stone base or shoulder is used a good quality plastic edge restrair that is 3-1/2" high may be used and held in place with 12" spikes placed at intervals of 12' on curved edges and as far apart as 24' on straight edges. The spikes should be nserted though the holes in the horizontal foot of the edge restraint and driven into the dense graded aggregate base pinning the edge restraint into place.

Separation Fabric: A non-woven fabric such as Mirafi 160N or Mirafi 140 N is recommended to be installed as a drainage and separation fabric between the # 2 stone open graded base and the natural subgrade soil. In addition, a layer of Mirafi 160N/140 N can be placed between the bedding Layer and the open grade base if needed.

Hammer, hard tooth garden rake, rubber hammer, level, tape measure, flat shovel, wheelbarrow, diamond blade wet saw, chalk line, plate compactor, stiff bristle street broom, wire cutters (or cutting bands on pavers), and 2-inch screed guide bars, and excavating equipment.

INSTALL PAVERS

Place the pavers in a running bond pattern, ensuring that the lugs interlock. Pavers can be cut with a wet saw as needed. To protect the pavers during compaction, place a medium such as a piece of separation fabric between the plate compactor and the pavers. Using a 3-5 HP (4,000 pound force) vibrating plate compactor, begin at the outside perimeter and work inward. Make at least 2 passes over the pavers with the

Fill paver voids with No. 8 stone level with the paver surface. Voids may be topped with

EP HENRY PRODUCT OR EQUAL

REFER TO HOWARD COUNTY

EPHENRY OR EQUAL TOP OF PVC LEVEL ASTM NO. 8, 9, OR 89 JOINT FILL ___ WITH TOP OF ASTM . NO. 57 STONE ASTM NO. 8 BEDDING . 2 IN. (50 MM) THICK 4 IN. PVC PIPE Min. 2% Slope --CONCRETE PAVERS -3 1/8 IN. (80 MM) THICK POP-UP DRAIN RECESS TOP 1/4 IN. ASTM NO. 57 BASE -INTO GRADE PLACE " **EDGE RESTRAINT** 41N. (100 MM) THICK elbow on Min 3 in (300 MM) MIN. --- WITH SPIKES MIN (75 MM) THICK ASTM NO. 2 SUBBASE -1 FT (300 MM) O.C COMPACTED AST MIN. 6 IN. (150 MM) SOIL WITH NO. 8 STON VEGETATIVE COVER THE PERSON NAMED IN WEEP HOLE -COMPACTED - AGGREGATE BASE - GEOTEXTILE · SOIL SUBGRADE COVER PIPE OPENING AND FASTEN 16 MESH OPTIONAL GEOTEXTILE DESIGN, MATERIAL AND CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES TO FOLLOW ICPI GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS.
 DAYLIGHT DRAIN PIPE TO ORAINAGE SWALE, USE POP-UP DRAIN IN YARD (AS SHOWN) OR CONNECT TO STORM SEWER.

APPLY WATERPROOF MEMBRANE VERTICALLY AGAINST HOUSE FOUNDATION PRIOR TO PLACING SUBBASE AND BASE. 4. ALL SOIL SUBGRADES SHALL SLOPE TOWARD STREET. 5. SUBGRADE SOIL MAXIMUM CROSS SLOPE IS 0.5%, MAXIMUM LONG! TUDINAL SLOPE IS 2% TOWARD STREET S. USE SOIL BERMS FOR LONGITUDINAL SOIL SUBGRADE SLOPES EXCEEDING 2% TOWARD STREET. 5% MAXIMUM SURFACE SLOPE 8. THICKER SUBBASSE AND/OR ADDITIONAL DRAIN PIPES MAY BE REQUIRED IF DRIVEWAY RECEIVES RUNOFF FROM ADJACENT IMPERVIOUS SURFACES OR ROOFS.

Figure 16. Typical cross section detail using a dense-graded base berm as a foundation for anchoring metal or plastic

LAYOUT OPTION 2

TYPICAL DOWNSPOUT

PLAN NOT TO SCALE SEE PLAN FOR ALL DIMENSIONS

SURCHARGE PIPE

____SPLASH BLOCK

GROUND WATER

ROOF DRAIN DRYWELL

PVC WYE TO SPLASH BLOCK

PVC PIPE

CLEANOUT. SEE

PERFORATED
PVC PIPE

D-9.01

EP HENRY PRODUCT

OR EQUAL

REFER TO HOWARD COUNTY
PERMEABLE PAVEMENT SPECIFICATIONS
AND OPERATION & MAINTENANCE

STANDARD DRYWELL DOWNSPOUT FITTINGS

2" X 3" X 4" 54D DOWNSPOUT ADAPTE

4" PYC MYE 450

4" SCHEDULE 40 PY

1. THE SNAP IN SCREEN IS REQUIRED TO PREVENT CLOGGING OF THE DRYMELL

MITH DEBRIS.
SEE FIGURE 32 "LIST OF POTENTIAL SUPPLIERS TO ACCOMPANY FIGURE 3
STANDARD DRYWELL DOWNSPOUT FITTINGS" FOR INFORMATION ON SOME
LOCAL RETAILERS THAT SUPPLY COMPONENTS FOR THIS SYSTEM.

TO DRYMEL

OVERFLOW WATER TO SPLASH BLOCK

Martin B. Covington III, PE ORIGINALLY EFFECTIVE APRIL, 2006 REVISED MARCH 19, 2008 DISTRIBUTED AT C.C. SURVEYORS MT(

--- 4" PVC SNAP-IN DRAIN (SCREE

INCOMING WATER FROM ROOFTOP

2" X 3" ROOF LEADER

2. Permeable Interlocking Concrete Pavements (PICP)

Layout the limits of the driveway and edge restraint system. Mark the limits of the

excavation on the ground. Before digging, always call your local utility companies to

PREPARE SUBGRADE SOILS

For best results, the finished subgrade should be level. Excavate the soil providing the

minimum recommended thickness at the lowest point of the driveway. For instance, a

at the lowest point and a depth of 22 inches of stone at the highest point. Extend the

excavation beyond the edges of the driveway to allow for the installation of the concrete edge restraints or a compacted dense graded aggregate (2-A Modified Stone) shoulder wrapped in Mirafi 160 N/140 N geotextile. The subgrade should be clean and free of

contact a professional engineer for further assistance. Do not compact the sub-grade soils, but dig the excavation in such a manner as to cause the least disturbance to the

Mirafi 160N/140 N geotextile fabric is recommended as a separation and drainage layer

remove any wrinkles. Where seams cannot be avoided, overlap the edges of the fabric

PREPARATION OF OPEN GRADED BASE

Open graded base materials must be free of fine materials allowing them to provide

maximum storage capacity of runoff and ensuring a free flowing path to the soil. Take care not to track soil onto the fabric or allow sediment to wash into the excavation

during construction, potentially dogging the system. The No. 2 stone sub-base (open-graded) needs to be installed before placing the # 57 stone.

in 6-inch lifts and compact. The material should be moist during installation. A 10-ton

AASHTO #2 and #57 stone are recommended for this installation. Place the #2 stone

steel drum static roller should be used for compaction. A vibratory plate compactor can

be used for smaller projects. There should be a minimum of four passes with the compactor or roller with no visible movement of the material. Continue installing the 3 2

between the open-graded stone base and natural subgrade soil. Place the geotextile material over the subgrade soil and up the sides of the excavation taking care to

surface of the sub-grade soil surface.

straight edge.

any organic materials such as topsoil and have adequate bearing capacity. The subsurface should be firm and not easily ruited. If the subgrade appears weak or damp,

50-foot long driveway with a 1/4" per foot slope will require a depth of 10 inches of stor

Infill Materials and Leveling Course - Openings shall be filled with ASTM C-33 graded sand or

Base Course - The base course shall be AASHTO No. 3 or 4 course aggregate with an assumed open pore space of 30% (n = 0.30).

stone in 6-inch lifts until the elevation is reached where 4 inches of AASHTO # 57 is required to bring the base to its finished elevation. The base should be smooth and level when completed and there should not be more than a 1/4" gap at any point along a edge restraints

Paver Blocks – Blocks should be either 3½ in. or 4 in. thick, and meet ASTM C 936 or CSA A231.2 requirements. Applications should have 20% or more (40% preferred) of the surface area open. Installation should follow manufacturer's instructions, except that infill and base course materials and dimensions specified in this Appendix shall be followed.

sandy loam. PICP blocks shall be placed on a one-inch thick leveling course of ASTM C-33

TYPICAL DOWNSPOUT

PVC REDUCER COUPLING (IF REQUIRED)

BUILDING FOUNDATION

NUFACTURED SAND IS NOT ACCEPTABLE IN 18"x18"x1/2" STEEL FOOT PLATE

artment of Public Work

. mornas & Sutle

DRYWELLS.
ALL PIPES SHOULD BE SCH. 40 PVC 4" MIN
DRYWELLS MUST BE A MINMAUM OF

"STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF

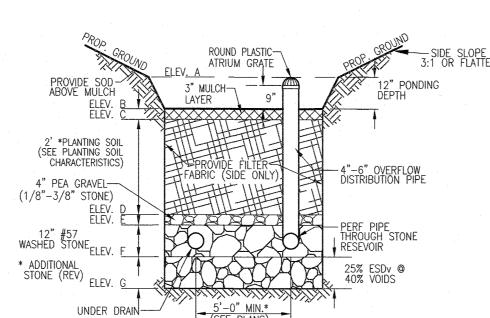
"30" FROM SEPTIC PIELL DOATION

"10" FROM WELL LOCATION
AND SHOULD BE LOCATED TO MINIMIZE ANY
BASSEMENT SEEPAGE.
TRENCH MAY NOT BE INSTALLED IN FILL.

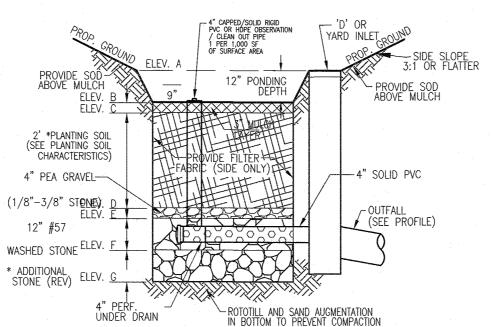
MICRO-BIORETENTION DATA CHART Ponding | Top of | Bottom | of Plant | of Pea | Depth of Invert of | Bottom Ponding Elevation Mulch of Mulch Mix Gravel Stone Size of Underdrain of Stone MBR Facility Depth (ft) ELEV. A ELEV. B ELEV. C ELEV. D ELEV. E Uft.) Underdrain (ft.) ELEV. F ELEV. G REMARKS 1 313.5 312.50 312.25 310.25 309.92 309.25 308.92 2-C | 1 | 309.00 | 308.00 | 307.75 | 305.75 | 305.42 | 1 | 0.33 304.75 304.42 1 | 305.13 | 304.13 | 303.88 | 301.88 | 301.55 | 300.88 | 300.55 1 | 305.13 | 304.13 | 303.88 | 302.38 | 302.05 | 0.33 301.38 | 301.05 | 18" PLANTING DEPTH 1 | 311.00 | 310.00 | 309.75 | 307.75 | 307.42 | 0.33 306.75 306.42 5-A 1 299 298.00 297.75 295.75 295.42 1 0.33 294.75 294.42 1 | 297.5 | 296.50 | 296.25 | 294.75 | 294.42 | 0.33 293.75 | 293.42 | 18" PLANTING DEPTH 300 | 299.00 | 298.75 | 296.75 | 296.42 | 1 | 0.33 295.75 295.42 7-H | 1 | 291.9 | 290.9 | 290.65 | 289.15 | 288.82 | 1 | 288.15 | 287.82 | 18" PLANTING DEPTH 8- 1 | 295.00 | 294.00 | 293.75 | 291.75 | 291.42 | 1 290.75 290.42 1 | 284.80 | 283.80 | 283.55 | 281.55 | 281.22 | 1 0.33 280.55 280.22 10-H | 1 | 282.20 | 281.20 | 280.95 | 279.45 | 279.12 | 1 | 0.33 | 278.45 | 278.12 | 18" PLANTING DEPTH 11-A 1 281.2 280.20 279.95 278.45 278.12 1 0.33 277.45 277.12 18" PLANTING DEPT 12-A 1 292.7 291.70 291.45 289.95 289.62 1 0.33 288.95 288.62 18" PLANTING DEPTH

*ONLY ON-LOT MBR 1C, 2C, 3A, 3B, 4A, ARE WITHIN THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE OF THIS PLAN. ALL OTHERS ARE CONSTRUCTED UNDER THE F-19-019 PLAN

15-F | 1 | 294.00 | 293.00 | 292.75 | 290.75 | 290.42 | 1 | 0.33 16-A 1 291.5 290.5 290.25 289.25 288.92 1 0.33 288.25 287.92 12" PLANTING DEPTH AND SHOWN IN CHART FOR INFORMATION ONLY.



MICRO-BIORETENTION (OVERFLOW) (M-6)



MICRO-BIORETENTION (UNDERDRAIN) (M-6) * SEE MBR DATA CHART SHEET 20, F-19-019.

CROBIORETENTION NOTES:

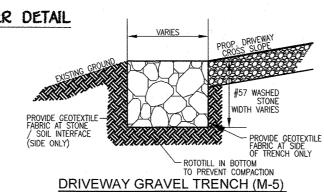
ONLY THE SIDES OF MICRO BIORETENTION ARE TO BE WRAPPED IN FILTER FABRIC BIORETENTION

FILTER FABRIC BETWEEN LAYER OR AT THE BOTTOM OF THE MICRO BIORETENTION
WILL CAUSE THE MBR TO FAIL, AND THEREFORE SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED.

2. WRAP THE PERFORATED MBR UNDERDRAIN PIPE WITH 1/4" MESH (4x4) OR SMALLER
GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH. SEE APPENDIX B.4.C.6.

3. PROVIDE 5' MINIMUM SPACING BETWEEN UNDER DRAIN AND PERFORATED PIPE THROUGH STONE RESERVOIR OR SPACE PIPE EQUALLY ACROSS BOTTOM FOR SMALL BIOS. (SEE PLANS)

GUTTER DRAIN FILTER DETAIL NOT TO SCALE



OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED STORMWATER DRY WELLS (M-5)

- 1. THE MONITORING WELLS AND STRUCTURES SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A QUARTERLY BASIS AND AFTER EVERY LARGE STORM EVENT.
- 2. WATER LEVELS AND SEDIMENT BUILD UP IN THE MONITORING WELLS SHALL BE RECORDED OVER A PERIOD OF SEVERAL DAYS TO INSURE TRENCH DRAINAGE.
- 3. A LOG BOOK SHALL BE MAINTAINED TO DETERMINE THE RATE AT WHICH THE FACILITY DRAINS.
- 4. WHEN THE FACILITY BECOMES CLOGGED SO THAT IT DOES NOT DRAIN DOWN WITHIN THE 72 HOUR TIME PERIOD, CORRECTIVE ACTION SHALL
- 5. THE MAINTENANCE LOG BOOK SHALL BE AVAILABLE TO HOWARD COUNTY FOR INSPECTION TO INSURE COMPLIANCE WITH OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CRITERIA.
- ONCE THE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INFILTRATION FACILITY HAVE BEEN VERIFIED, THE MONITORING SCHEDULE CAN BE REDUCED TO AN ANNUAL BASIS UNLESS THE PERFORMANCE DATA INDICATES THAT A MORE FREQUENT SCHEDULE IS REQUIRED.

| | | OI | N-LOT DRY | WELL - SIZ | ING CHA | \RT | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-----|-----------|------------|---------|-----|-------|-------|----|
| ESD | D DW NUMBER SURFACE STONE SAN | | | | | | | SAND | |
| DA | DRYWELL | LOT | LOCATION | OF DW'S | SIZE | | DEPTH | DEPTH | |
| and the second second second second second second second second second | # | # | | | FT | Χ | FT | FT | FT |
| DA-15 | 15A | 20 | R | 1 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-15 | 15B | 21 | R | 1 | 4.00 | Χ | 9.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-15 | 15C | 22 | R | 1 | 6.00 | X | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-15 | 15D | 23 | R | 1 | 4.00 | Χ | 9.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-15 | 15E | 24 | R | 1 | 6.00 | X | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-7 | 7E | 35 | R | 1 | 4.00 | Χ | 9.00 | -3 | 1 |
| DA-7 | 7D | 36 | R | 1 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-7 | 7C | 37 | R | 1 | 4.00 | Χ | 9.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-7 | 7B | 38 | R | 1 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-7 | 7A | 39 | R | 1 | 4.00 | Χ | 9.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-7 | 7F | 39 | F | 1 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-6 | 6A,6B,6C,6D | 46 | R-F | 4 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-2 | 2A, 2B | 48 | R | 2 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-1 | 1A, 1B | 49 | F | 2 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-3 | 3C | 50 | F | 1 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-8 | 8A, 8B | 51 | R | 2 | 6.00 | X | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-8 | 8C, 8D, 8E | 52 | R-F | 3 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-8 | 8F,8G,8H,8I | 53 | R-F | 4 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-9 | 9A, 9B | 54 | R-F | 2 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-9 | 9C, 9D | 55 | R | 2 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-9 | 9E, 9F, 9G | 56 | R-F | 3 | 6.00 | Х | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-9 | 9H | 57 | , R | 1 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| DA-10 | 10A, 10B | 57 | R-F | 2 | 6.00 | Х | 6.00 | -3 | 1 |
| DA-10 | 10C,10D,10E | 58 | R-F | 3 | 6.00 | Χ | 6.00 | 3 | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

DA-10 | 10F, 10G | 59 | R | 2 | 6.00 | X | 7.00 | 3 |

F=FRONT OF LOT

PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS CONSTRUCTION CRITERIA:

- THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DURING CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECTS WITH PERMEABLE PAVEMENT:
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL: FINAL GRADING FOR INSTALLATION SHOULD NOT TAKE PLACE UNTIL THE SURROUNDING SITE IS STABILIZED. IF THIS CANNOT BE ACCOMPLISHED, RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE DIVERTED AROUND PROPOSED PAVEMENT LOCATIONS.
- SUB SOILS SHALL NOT BE COMPACTED. CONSTRUCTION SHOULD BE PERFORMED SOIL COMPACTION: WITH LIGHTWEIGHT, WIDE TRACKED EQUIPMENT TO MINIMIZE COMPACTION. EXCAVATED MATERIALS SHOULD BE PLACED IN A CONTAINED AREA.
 - OVERDRAIN, UNDERDRAIN, AND DISTRIBUTION PIPES SHALL BE CHECKED DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS: TO ENSURE THAT BOTH THE MATERIAL AND PERFORATIONS MEET SPECIFICATIONS (SEE APPENDIX B. 4). THE UPSTREAM ENDS OF PIPES SHOULD BE CAPPED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. ALL UNDERDRAIN OR DISTRIBUTION PIPES USED SHOULD BE INSTALLED FLAT ALONG THE BED BOTTOM.
- SUBBASE AGGREGATE SHALL BE CLEAN AND FREE OF FINES. THE SUBBASE SHALL BE PLACED IN LIFTS AND LIGHTLY ROLLED ACCORDING TO THE SPECIFICATIONS (SEE APPENDIX B.4).

REGULAR INSPECTIONS SHALL BE MADE DURING THE FOLLOWING STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION:

- DURING EXCAVATION TO SUB GRADE
- DURING PLACEMENT AND BACKFILL OF ANY DRAINAGE OR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM(S). DURING PLACEMENT OF THE CRUSHED STONE SUBBASE MATERIAL.
- DURING PLACEMENT OF THE SURFACE MATERIAL UPON COMPLETION OF FINAL GRADING AND ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION.

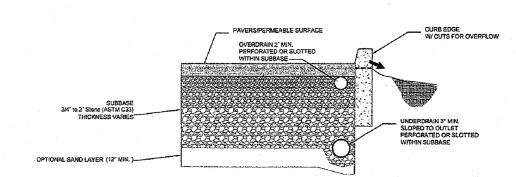
MAINTENANCE CRITERIA:

THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ESSENTIAL FOR MAINTAINING PERMEABLE PAVEMENT SYSTEMS:

- PAVEMENTS SHOULD BE USED ONLY WHERE REGULAR MAINTENANCE CAN BE PERFORMED. MAINTENANCE AGREEMENTS SHOULD CLEARLY SPECIFY HOW TO CONDUCT ROUTINE TASKS TO ENSURE LONG-TERM
- PAVEMENT SURFACES SHOULD BE SWEPT AND VACUUMED TO REDUCE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND ENSURE CONTINUED SURFACE POROSITY. SWEEPING SHOULD BE PERFORMED AT LEAST TWICE ANNUALLY WITH A COMMERCIAL CLEANING UNIT. WASHING SYSTEMS AND COMPRESSED AIR UNITS SHOULD NOT BE USED TO PERFORM SURFACE CLEANING
- DRAINAGE PIPES, INLETS, STONE EDGE DRAINS, AND OTHER STRUCTURES WITHIN OR DRAINING TO THE SUBBASE SHOULD BE CLEANED OUT AT REGULAR INTERVALS.
- TRUCKS AND OTHER HEAVY VEHICLES CAN GRIND DIRT AND GRIT INTO THE POROUS SURFACES, LEADING TO CLOGGING AND PREMATURE FAILURE. THESE VEHICLES SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM TRACKING AND SPILLING MATERIAL ONTO THE PAVEMENT.
- DEICERS SHOULD BE USED IN MODERATION. WHEN USED, DEICERS SHOULD BE NON-TOXIC AND ORGANIC AND CAN BE APPLIED EITHER AS CALCIUM MAGNESIUM ACETATE OR AS PRETREATED SALT. SNOW PLOWING SHOULD BE DONE CAREFULLY WITH BLADES SET ONE-INCH HIGHER THAN NORMAL. PLOWED SNOW PILES AND SNOW MELT SHOULD NOT BE DIRECTED TO PERMEABLE PAVEMENT.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED PERMEABLE PAVEMENT (A-2)

- A. THE INDIVIDUAL LOT OWNER SHALL PERIODICALLY SWEEP (OR VACUUM POROUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT) THE PAVEMENT SURFACES TO REDUCE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND ENSURE CONTINUED SURFACE POROSITY. SWEEPING SHOULD BE PERFORMED AT LEAST TWICE ANNUALLY WITH A COMMERCIAL CLEANING UNIT. WASHING OR COMPRESSED AIR UNITS SHOULD NOT BE USED TO PERFORM SURFACE CLEANING.
- THE INDIVIDUAL LOT OWNER SHALL PERIODICALLY CLEAN DRAINAGE PIPES, INLETS, STONE EDGE
- DRAINS AND OTHER STRUCTURES WITHIN OR DRAINING TO THE SUBBASE THE INDIVIDUAL LOT OWNER SHALL USE DEICERS IN MODERATION. DEICERS SHOULD BE
- NON-TOXIC AND BE APPLIED EITHER AS CALCIUM MAGNESIUM ACETATE OR AS PRETREATED SALT. THE INDIVIDUAL LOT OWNER SHALL ENSURE SNOW PLOWING IS PERFORMED CAREFULLY WITH BLADES SET ONE-INCH ABOVE THE SURFACE. PLOWED SNOW PILES AND SNOW MELT SHOULD NOT BE DIRECTED TO PERMEABLE PAVEMENT.



Typical Section w/Overdrain & Underdrain PERMEABLE SURFACE TYPICAL SECTION NOT TO SCALE

OWNER MARANATHA MAG MANOR LLC **DEVELOPER** LIVE FEARLESS IN CHRIST TRINITY HOMES MARY LAND, LLC 3675 PARK AVE., SUITE 301 MICHAEL PFAU MANAGING MEMBER 3675 PARK AVE., SUITE 301 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 (410) 480-0023(410) 480-0023

> SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN **ESD STORMWATER MANAGEMENT** NOTES & DETAILS

REVISION

MAGNOLIA MANOR

TAX MAP: 47 PARCELS: 163 & 465 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

BLOCK: 19 ZONING: R-S HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLANI

DATE

VOGEL ENGINEERING

TIMMONS GROUP 3300 NORTH RIDGE ROAD, SUITE 110, ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 P: 410.461.7666 F: 410.461.8961 www.timmons.com



DATE: SEPTEMBER 2020 SCALE: 16-15 W.O. NO.;

12 SHEET 13

SDP-20-030

