GENERAL NOTES

1.) THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS HAVE BEEN APPROVED.

2.) THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED PGCC PER THE 10-6-2013 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN.

3.) BOUNDARY IS BASED ON RECORD PLAT NO. 24898-24909 PREPARED BY NJR & ASSOCIATES, LLC.

4.) THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN ON THESE LOTS IS BASED ON MASS GRADING AS SHOWN ON APPROVED F-17-095 ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS.

5.) THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NOS. 161B AND 17AB WERE

6.) WATER IS PUBLIC. THE CONTRACT NUMBER IS 24-4979-D.

7.) SEWER IS PUBLIC. THE CONTRACT NUMBER IS 24-4979-D.

8.) THIS PROJECT IS LOCATED WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT. THE DRAINAGE AREA IS THE LITTLE PATUXENT. 9.) EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN ARE BASED ON APPROVED CONTRACT DRAWINGS AND ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS. 10.) THERE ARE NO WETLANDS, STREAMS, THEIR REQUIRED BUFFERS, 100—YEAR FLOODPLAIN OR 25% OR GREATER STÉEP SLOPES THAT ARE AT LEAST 20,000 S.F. OF CONTIGUOUS AREA LOCATED ON THESE LOTS.

11.) TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE, THERE ARE NO BURIAL GROUNDS, CEMETERIES OR HISTORIC STRUCTURES LOCATED ON THESE LOTS.

12.) STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR THESE LOTS WAS PREVIOUSLY PROVIDED UNDER F-17-095 BY THE USE OF (M-6) MICRO BIO-RETENTION AND (F-6) BIO-RETENTIONS PRACTICES. ALL FACILITIES ARE PRIVATELY OWNED AND

13.) DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A USE AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT FOR ANY NEW DWÉLLINGS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWINGMINIMUM REQUIREMENTS:

A) WIDTH - 12' (16' SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE).

B) SURFACE - 6" OF COMPACT CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING (1 $-\frac{1}{2}$ " MIN.). GEOMETRY - MAX. 15% GRADE, MAX. 10% GRADE CHANGE & MIN. 45' TURNING RADIUS. D) STRUCTURES(CULVERTS/BRIDGES) — CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25 LOAD) E) DRAINAGE ELEMENTS - CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN WITH NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT DEPTH OVER DRIVEWAY. G) MAINTENANCE - SUFFICIENT TO INSURE ALL WEATHER USE.

14.) FOR DRIVEWAY ENTRANCE DETAILS REFER TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME IV, STANDARD DETAIL R-6.03.

15.) FINANCIAL SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$3,900.00 FOR THE REQUIRED 13 STREET TREES AND 1 PARKING LOT SHADE TREE WAS PAID AS PART OF THE DEVELOPERS AGREEMENT UNDER F-17-095. THEY ARE TO BE PLANTED UNDER THIS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN. FINANCIAL SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$10,500.00 FOR THE REQUIRED PERIMETER LANDSCAPING AND RESIDENTIAL INTERNAL LANDSCAPING (26 SHADE TREES AND 18 EVERGREEN TREES) SHOWN ON THIS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN SHALL BE PAID AS PART OF THE GRADING PERMIT.

16.) THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE FOR FOREST CONSERVATION FOR THESE LOTS WAS PROVIDED UNDER F-17-095. 17.) THIS SUBDIVISION IS SUBJECT TO SECTION 18.122B OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE. PUBLIC WATER

AND/OR SEWER SERVICE HAS BEEN GRANTED UNDER THE TERMS AND PROVISIONS, THEREOF, EFFECTIVE 10-10-2018 ON WHICH DATE DEVELOPER AGREEMENT #F17095/24-4979-D WAS FILED AND ACCEPTED.

REGULATIONS, THE ZONING REGULATIONS EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 6, 2013, AND THE TURF VALLEY RESIDENTIAL SUBDISTRICT FDP, SECOND AMENDMENT. PER SECTION 126(H)(1) OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS, PLANNING BOARD APPROVAL OF THIS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS REQUIRED.

18.) THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO THE AMENDED FIFTH EDITION OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT

19.) PRIOR TO GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION, THE PROJECT SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.129 THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE.

20.) ANY DAMAGE TO THE COUNTY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE CORRECTED AT THE BUILDER'S EXPENSE.

21.) IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 128 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS, BAY WINDOWS, WINDOW WELLS, ORIELS, VESTIBULES, BALCONIES AND CHIMNEYS MAY ENCROACH 4 FEET INTO ANY SETBACK OR REQUIRED DISTANCE BETWEEN BUILDINGS PROVIDED THE FEATURE HAS A MAXIMUM WIDTH OF 16 FEE EXTERIOR STAIRWAYS OR RAMPS, ABOVE OR BELOW GROUND LEVEL (EXCLUDING THOSE ATTACHED TO A PORCH OR DECK) MAY ENCROACH 10 FEET INTO A FRONT SETBACK OR A SETBACK FROM A PROJECT BOUNDARY, 16 FEET INTO A REAR SETBACK, 4 FEET INTO A SIDE SETBACK OR REQUIRED DISTANCE BETWEEN BUILDINGS. OPEN OR ENCLOSED PORCHES OR DECKS AND THE STAIRWAYS OR RAMPS ATTACHED THERETO MAY ENCROACH 10 FEET INTO A FRONT OR REAR SETBACK, SETBACK FROM A PROJECT BOUNDARY OR A REQUIRED DISTANCE BETWEEN BUILDINGS.

22.) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS/BUREAU OF ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT 410-313-1880 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR

23.) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE.

24.) SHC ELEVATIONS SHOWN ARE LOCATED AT THE PROPERTY LINE.

RESIDENTIAL SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN PARK VIEW AT TURF VALLEY

PHASE I LOTS 1-17

LOT 11

LOT 12

1 inch = 100 ft.

SIDE ELEVATION

LOT 14

LOT 15

LOT 16

LOT 17

HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION TURF VALLEY POD E-1

PLAT #25042-25046

OPEN SPACE LOT 77 HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION TURF VALLEY POD E-1 PHASE TWO

PLAT #25042-25046

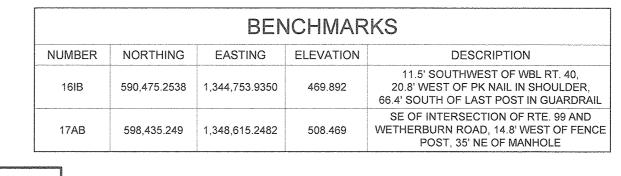
LOT 2

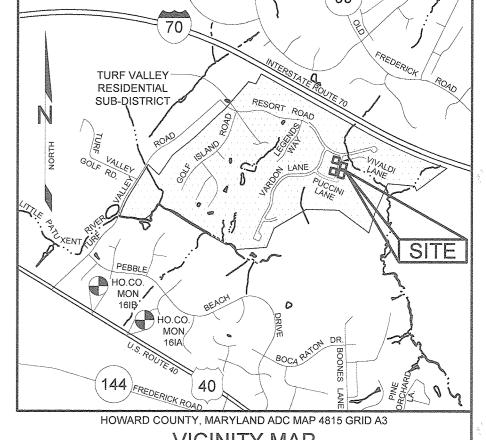
LOT :

LOT 4

LOT >

PUCCINI LANE





VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1"=2000'

	SHEET INDEX
SHEET	TITLE
1	TITLE SHEET
2	SITE DEVELOPMENT AND GRADING PLAN
3	LANDSCAPE PLAN
4	SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL PLAN & DETAILS
5	SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES

ADDRESS CHART								
LOT	STRE	ET ADDRESS						
1	2502	VIVALDI LANE						
2	2504	VIVALDI LANE						
3	2506	VIVALDI LANE						
4	2508	VIVALDI LANE						
5	2516	VIVALDI LANE						
6	2518	VIVALDI LANE						
7	2520	VIVALDI LANE						
8	2522	VIVALDI LANE						
9	2505	VIVALDI LANE						
10	2507	VIVALDI LANE						
11	2509	VIVALDI LANE						
12	2511	VIVALDI LANE						
13	2515	VIVALDI LANE						
14	2517	VIVALDI LANE						
15	2519	VIVALDI LANE						
16	2521	VIVALDI LANE						
17	2523	VIVALDI LANE						

SITE ANALYSIS DATA CHART

SITE ANALISIS DAI	ACIIANI
A.) TOTAL PROJECT AREA (TURF VALLEY POD E-1, PHASE 1)	_ 74.63 acres
B.) AREA OF PLAN SUBMISSION (BUILDABLE LOTS ONLY)	_ 1.59 acres
C.) LIMIT OF DISTURBED AREA	_ 2.17 acres
D.) PRESENT ZONING:	_PGCC (RESIDENTIAL SUBDISTRICT)
E.) PROPOSED USE OF SITE:	
F.) FLOOR SPACE ON EACH LEVEL OF BLDG PER USE _	SINGLE FAMILY ATTACHED _ N/A
G.) TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS ALLOWED AS SHOWN ON FINAL PLAT(S)	_17
H.) TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS PROPOSED	_17
I.) MAXIMUM NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES, TENANTS ON SITE PER USE	_ N/A
J.) NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES REQUIRED BY HO. CO. ZONING REGS AND/OR FDP CRITERIA	_ PROVIDED UNDER F-17-095
K.) NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES PROVIDED ONSITE (INCLUDES HANDICAPPED SPACES)	_ PROVIDED UNDER F-17-095

M.) AREA OF RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE REQUIRED____ N/A AREA OF RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE PROVIDED____ N/A N.) BUILDING COVERAGE OF SITE ____ _0.88 acres)

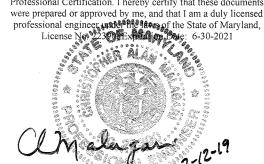
L.) OPEN SPACE ON-SITE ______N/A

BASED ON GENERIC BOX PERCENTAGE OF GROSS AREA_ __ 55.3% O.) APPLICABLE DPZ FILE REFERENCES: . ECP-11-052, S-11-004, P-16-001, SP-08-006, WP-15-111, F-17-095

NO. DATE REVISION Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these document

BENCHMARK ENGINEERS LAND SURVEYORS PLANNERS ENGINEERING, INC. 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE & SUITE 315 & ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (P) 410-465-6105 (F) 410-465-6644

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MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400

410-379-3385

BUILDER:

NV HOMES 9720 PATUXENT WOODS DRIVE COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046

PARK VIEW AT TURF VALLEY PHASE I LOTS 1-17 TAX MAP: 17, PARCEL: 706, GRID: 13

RESIDENTIAL - SINGLE FAMILY ATTACHED

ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND ZONED: PGCC SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

COVER SHEET DATE: JULY 12, 2019 BEI PROJECT NO. 2951-P1 AS SHOWN SHEET 1 of 5

PERMIT INFORMATION CHART SUBDIVISION NAME: TURF VALLEY POD E-1 24898-24909 PGCC

SECTION/AREA:

PHASE

TAX MAP NO

LOT/PARCEL #

LOTS 1-17

602201

SIDE ELEVATION

30.00'

OTHER - 34 FEET ACCESSORY STRUCTURES - 15 FEET LOT COVERAGE: 60% PLANNING BOARD OF HOWARD COUNTY MAXIMUM UNITS PER STRUCTURE (SFA): 8 UNITS MAXIMUM BUILDING LENGTH (SFA): 120 FEET MINIMUM LOT SIZE REQUIREMENTS (SFA): NONE MINIMUM LOT WIDTH AT BUILDING RESTRICTION LINE (SFA): NONE PERMITTED SETBACKS: FROM ARTERIAL ROADS: RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES_____50 FEET ACCESSORY USES_____ FROM COLLECTOR ROADS AND LOCAL STREETS: APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES ___ ACCESSORY USES_ FROM NON-PGGC ADJACENT RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS: RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES ___ ACCESSORY USES ___ FROM NON-PGGC ADJACENT NON-RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS: RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES _ ACCESSORY USES __

BULK REGULATIONS:

RECORDED AS PLAT NO. 20286-87)

(per 2nd AMENDMENT TO THE TURF VALLEY, RESIDENTIAL SUBDISTRICT, FDP

PERMITTED USES: ALL USES AS PER ABOVE MENTIONED FDP

MINIMUM DISTANCE BEWTEEN ATTACHED DWELLING UNITS

15 FEET

FACE TO FACE

FACE TO SIDE/REAR TO SIDE_

PROPOSED USE: SINGLE FAMILY ATTACHED (SFA) PERMITTED HEIGHT: SINGLE FAMILY ATTACHED - 34 FEET

HOUSE 'A' HOUSE 'A' OPTIONS HOUSE 'B' HOUSE 'B GARAGE GENERIC BOX (INTERIOR UNIT)

NOTE: ALL SURROUNDING PROPERTY

IS ZONED PGCC UNLESS OTHERWISE

NOTED IN THE PLAN VIEW

GENERIC BOX 'B' (END UNIT)

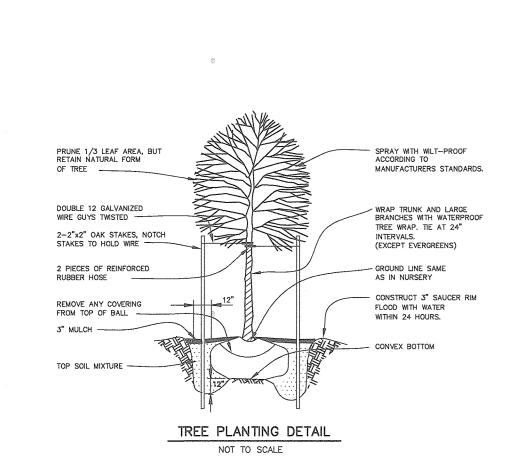
30.00' NOTE: BRICK SIDE ELEV: A, C, K, L M END UNIT ADDS 0.33' TO OVERALL LENGTH AND ALL FRONT پن 20.83° ELEV: B HOUSE

HOUSE 'B'

J:\2948 Turf Valley Pod E-1\dwq\SDP Phase 1\8000.dwq. 7/12/2019 12:58:49 PM

SDP-19-061





OPEN SPACE LOT 93

PLAT #24298-24300

FAIRWAYS AT TURE WALLEY

SIN SIN

S CA

42

OPEN SPACE LOT 73

TURF VALLEY POD E-1
PHASE ONE

PLAT #24898-24909

WOB

WOB

WOB

WOB

EX. PUBLIC 10' TRL MAINT. EASEMENT

EX. 15' PRIVATE SIDEWALK & PARKIN

EASEMENT

EX. 8' PUBLIC FI.

EVER LOT 3,810

STO HA

LOT 3,810

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257

LANDSCAPE NOTES:

1. THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL.

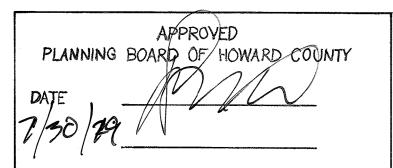
A. WHEN THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE CURB AND SIDEWALK IS 6 FEET OR GREATER, THE TREES SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND SHALL BE CENTERED BETWEEN THE CURB AND SIDEWALK. B. WHEN THE DISTANCE BETWEEN THE CURB AND SIDEWALK IS LESS THAN 6 FEET, TREES MAY BE PLANTED 3 FEET FROM THE SIDEWALK IN THE DIRECTION AWAY FROM THE ROAD. A 10-FOOT WIDE TREE MAINTENANCE EASEMENT SHALL BE REQUIRED IF THE RIGHT-OF-WAY IS LIMITED.

C. TREES SHALL BE PLANTED 6 FEET BEHIND CURB WHEN THERE ARE NO SIDEWALKS.). TREES TO BE PLANTED MINIMUM 30 FEET FROM SIGNS AND INTERSECTIONS WHEN PLANTED BETWEEN SIDEWALK AND CURB. TREES MAY NOT BE PLANTED WITHIN 5 FEET OF A STORM DRAIN INLET, OPEN SPACE ACCESS STRIP, OR 10 FEET OF A DRIVEWAY.

3. AT THE TIME OF INSTALLMENT, ALL SHRUBS AND OTHER PLANTINGS HEREWITH LISTED AND APPROVED FOR THIS SITE, SHALL BE OF THE PROPER HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL. IN ADDITION, NO SUBSTITUTIONS OR RELOCATION OF REQUIRED PLANTINGS MAY BE MADE WITHOUT PRIOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING. ANY DEVIATION FROM THIS APPROVED LANDSCAPE PLAN MAY RESULT IN DENIAL OR DELAY IN RELEASE OF LANDSCAPE SURETY UNTIL SUCH TIME AS ALL REQUIRED MATERIALS ARE PLANTED AND/OR REVISIONS ARE MADE TO APPLICABLE PLANS AND CERTIFICATIONS.

4. THE OWNER, TENANTS AND/OR THEIR AGENTS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE REQUIRED LANDSCAPING INCLUDING BOTH PLANT MATERIALS AND BERMS, FENCES AND WALLS. ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD GROWING CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPLACED WITH NEW MATERIALS TO ENSURE CONTINUED COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS. ALL OTHER REQUIRED LANDSCAPING SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MAINTAINED IN GOOD CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPAIRED OR REPLACED.

5. FINANCIAL SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$3,900.00 FOR THE REQUIRED 13 STREET TREES AND 1 PARKING LOT SHADE TREE WAS PAID AS PART OF THE DEVELOPERS AGREEMENT UNDER F-17-095. THEY ARE TO BE PLANTED UNDER THIS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN, FINANCIAL SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$10,500.00 FOR THE REQUIRED PERIMETER LANDSCAPING AND RESIDENTIAL INTERNAL LANDSCAPING (26 SHADE TREES AND 18 EVERGREEN TREES) SHOWN ON THIS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN SHALL BE PAID AS PART OF THE GRADING PERMIT.

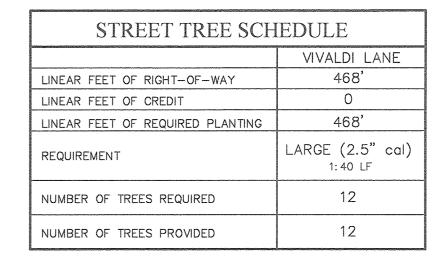


DEVELOPER'S/BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE

I/WE CERTIFY THAT THE LANDSCAPING SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE PLAN, SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AND LANDSCAPE MANUAL. I/WE FURTHER CERTIFY THAT UPON COMPLETION OF A LETTER OF LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION, ACCOMPANIED BY AN EXECUTED ONE-YEAR GUARANTEE OF PLANT MATERIALS, WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.

7-17-19 NV HOMES - CLINT CAGLE

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF	PLANNING AND ZONING
CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION	8/9/19. B DATE
CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT NA	8/13/19 DATE
Mally Jollie	8-13-19 DATE



RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PARKING LOT LANDSCAPING

	VIVALDI LANE
NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES	9
REQUIREMENT	LARGE (2.5" cal) 1:10 SPACES
NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED	1
NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED	1

NON-BUILDABLE BULK

PARCEL 'J'

TURF VALLEY POD E-1

PHASE TWO

PLAT #25042-25046

OPEN SPACE LOT 77

TURF VALLEY POD E-1

PHASE TWO

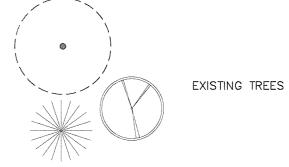
PLAT #25042-25046

TURF VALLEY POD E-1 PHASE TWO PLAT #25042-25046

PERIMET		OULE A		ΪE	
CATEGORY	SFA LOT SIDE TO ROAD	SFA LOT SIDE TO ROAD	SFA LOT SIDE TO ROAD		
LANDSCAPE TYPE	C 1:40 shade 1:20 evergreen	C 1:40 shade 1:20 evergreen	C 1:40 shade 1:20 evergreen		т
LINEAR FEET OF ROADWAY FRONTAGE/PERIMETER	125'	127'	125'		0 T
CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	NO	NO	NO		T O T A L S
CREDIT FOR WALL, FENCE OR BERM (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	NO	NO	NO		
NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTE) SHRUBS	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0		9 18 0 0
NUMBER OF PLANTS PROVIDED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTE) SHRUBS (10:1 SUBSTITUTE)	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0		9 18 0 0

SCHEDULE C RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT INTERNAL LANDSCAPING SFA APTS NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS 17 0 NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED (1:DU SFA; 1:3 DU APTS) NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED SHADE TREES OTHER (2:1 RATIO)

PE]	RIME	TER LANDSCA	APE PLAI	NTING LIST
SYMBOL	QUANTITY	NAME	REMARKS	DESCRIPTION
(e)	13	QUERCUS RUBRA (Red Oak)	2.5" — 3"cal.	STREET TREES AND PARKING LOT LANDSCAPING TO BE PLANTED ALONG VIVALDI LANE BY THE DEVELOPER
	17	TILIA CORDATA 'GREENSPIRE' (Greenspire Littleleaf Linden)	2.5" — 3"cal.	SHADE TREES FOR INTERNAL LANDSCAPING REQUIREMENT TO BE PROVIDED BY THE BUILDER.
	9	ACER RUBRUM 'RED SUBSET' (Red Sunset Red Maple)	2.5" — 3"cal.	SHADE TREES ALONG PERIMETER EDGES TO BE PROVIDED BY THE BUILDER.
	18	THUJA PLICATA GIANT ARBORVITAE 'GREEN GIANT'	5' — 6' ht.	EVERGREEN TREES ALONG PERIMETER EDGES TO BE PROVIDED BY THE DEVELOPER

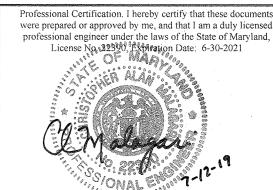


REVISION

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MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF URF VALLEY, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400

DATE

BUILDER:

NV HOMES 9720 PATUXENT WOODS DRIVE COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046 410-379-3385

RESIDENTIAL - SINGLE FAMILY ATTACHED PARK VIEW AT TURF VALLEY PHASE I LOTS 1 - 17

TAX MAP: 17, PARCEL: 706, GRID: 13 ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND ZONED: PGCC

LANDSCAPE PLAN

BEI PROJECT NO. 2951-P1 DATE: JULY 12, 2019 SCALE: AS SHOWN 3 of 5 SHEET

1----NO. OREN SPACE LOT 93 FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY PLAT #24298-24300 PLAT #24299

EX. 8" DIP WATER

#24-4671-D

EX. STREET

#24-4671-D

EX. 8" DIP WATER

#24-4671-D

EX. 8" PUBLIC WATER #24-5019-D

EX. 8" PUBLIC SEWER #24-5019-D

EX. 8" PUBLIC SEWER #24-5019-D 1 inch = 30 ft.

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\$ T

ST

LOT 13 4,416 SF

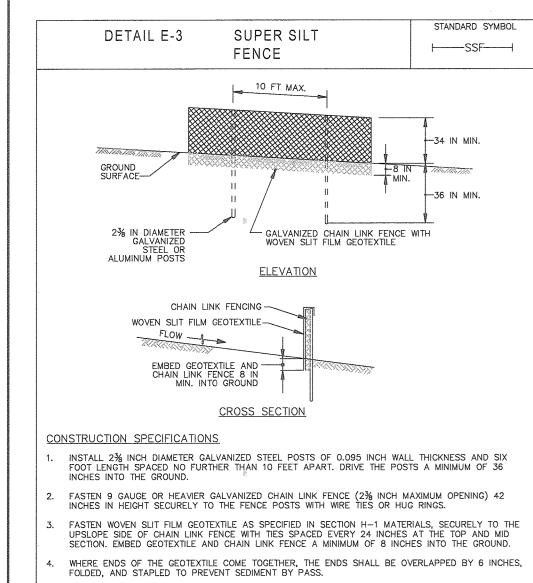
3,750

55

SF O

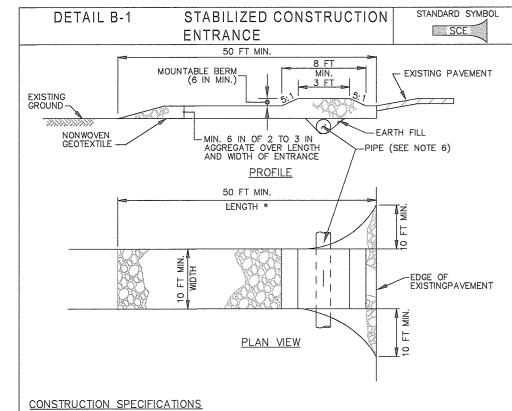
SF 7

15" SD ====== + 100



- EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS
- PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.
- REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL CHAIN LINK FENCING AND GEOTEXTILE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (*30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS.

PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE. PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE. PROVIDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY. A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS

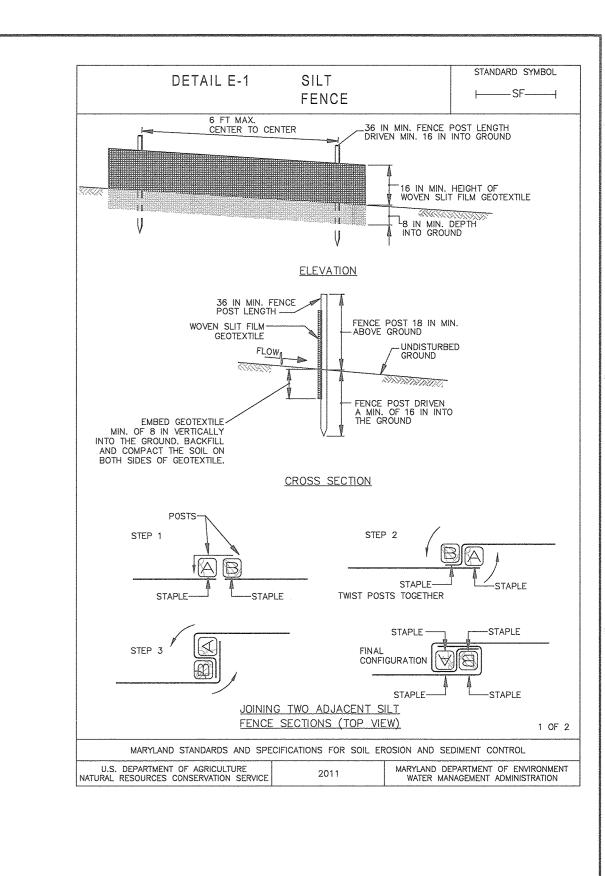
3. PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS. 4. PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE (WITHOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE.

OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRAPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. 7-12-19 DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT." DATE THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY PROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING





SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

NOTIFY SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION 48 HOURS PRIOR TO START OF WORK

SEQUENCE PERTAINS TO EACH INDIVIDUAL STICK AS PERMITS ARE ISSUED. NOT ALL BUILDINGS/STICKS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AT THE SAME TIME.

1. OBTAIN BUILDING/GRADING PERMIT. (DAY 1)

2. HOLD ON-SITE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING. (DAY 2)

3. INSTALL PERIMETER CONTROLS AROUND THE LOT STICK. (I.E. SUPER SILT FENCES AND STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE). (DAY 3)

4. EXCAVATE FOR FOUNDATION. (DAY 4-6)

5. POUR FOUNDATION AND BACKFILL. (DAY 7-10)

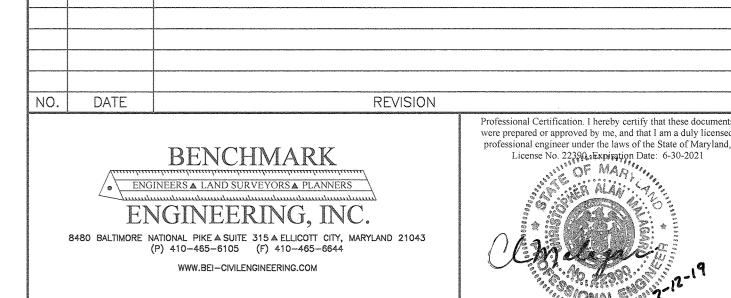
6. CONSTRUCT HOUSE STICK, INSTALL THE UTILITY CONNECTIONS UP TO EACH HOUSE WITHIN THE STICK (I.E. WATER AND SEWER HOUSE CONNECTIONS, ELECTRIC, ETC.). CONSTRUCT DRIVEWAYS. ONCE ROOFS OF THE HOUSES ARE COMPLETED, INSTALL THE ROOF DRAIN MANIFOLD SYSTEM, IF NECESSARY. (DAY 11-90)

6. CONSTRUCT SIDEWALK IN FRONT OF EACH LOT STICK AND FINAL GRADE LOT STICK AND STABILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDBED NOTES. (DAY 91-95)

7. UPON APPROVAL FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND STABILIZE ANY REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS. (DAY 96-100)

NRCS SOILS CHART							
SYMBOL HYDRIC GROUP KW MAP UNIT NAME							
YES	D	0.43	BAILE SILT LOAM, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES				
	В	0.28	GLADSTONE LOAM, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES				
	В	0.28	GLADSTONE LOAM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES				
	В	0.28	GLADSTONE LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES				
YES	С	0.43	GLENVILLE-BAILE SILT LOAM, 0 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES				
	YES	YES D B B B	YES D 0.43 B 0.28 B 0.28 B 0.28				

THIS PLAN IS FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL ONLY.



SCALE:

OWNER: MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400

BUILDER:

MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY, LIMITED PARTNERSHIF 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400

RESIDENTIAL - SINGLE FAMILY ATTACHED PARK VIEW AT TURF VALLEY PHASE I LOTS 1 - 17

TAX MAP: 17, PARCEL: 706, GRID: 13 ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND ZONED: PGCC SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

PLAN & DETAILS JULY 12, 2019 BEI PROJECT NO. 2951-P1 DATE:

AS SHOWN

SHEET 4 of 5 SDP-19-061

B-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

Conditions Where Practice Applies On all disturbed areas not stabilized by other methods. This specification is divided into sections on

stabilization; soil preparation, soil amendments and topsoiling; seeding and mulching; temporary stabilization and permanent stabilization.

Stabilization practices are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall,

Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and

increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances

Sediment control practices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching, and vegetative establishment.

Inspect seeded areas for vegetative establishment and make necessary repairs, replacements, and reseedings within the

planting season. Adequate vegetative stabilization requires 95 percent groundcover 2. If an area has less than 40 percent groundcover, restabilize following the original recommendations

3. If an area has between 40 and 94 percent groundcover, over-seed and fertilize using half of the rates originally specified.

B-4-1 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION

To provide timely vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as work progresses Conditions Where Practice Applies

1. Excavate and stabilize cut slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed

and apply seed and mulch on all cut slopes as the work progresses 2. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.1): a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to convey runoff

b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as

d. Perform final phase excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization

and apply seed and mulch on all slopes as the work progresses 2. Stabilize slopes immediately when the vertical height of a lift reaches 15 feet, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

3. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. 4. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.2) a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to divert runoff around

the fill. Construct silt fence on low side of fill unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

b. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner.

c. Place Phase 1 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. d. Place Phase 2 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize

e. Place final phase fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any nterruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

B-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Purpose

SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS The process of preparing the soils to sustain adequate vegetative stabilization.

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Conditions Where Practice Applies

Where vegetative stabilization is to be established Criteria A. Soil Preparation

Temporary Stabilization

Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.

Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Permanent Stabilization

A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are: i. Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0. ii. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable.

iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight. v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above

Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the

approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test.

Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil

Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by

3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where: a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce

vegetative growth The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.

The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible. 4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design. 5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria: a. Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of

stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 11/2 inches in diameter. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack

contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders,

grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil. Topsoil Application

Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be

corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

 Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.

2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer.

3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve. 4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of

soil by disking or other suitable means. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of

B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

SEEDING AND MULCHING

The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction. Conditions Where Practice Applies

To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading.

 Specifications a. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be available upon request to the inspector to verify type of seed and seeding rate.

b. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground is frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws. c. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less

d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders. i. Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table B.1. Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding summaries. ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Roll the seeded area with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil. i. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after

ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction

c. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and i. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble

nitrogen; P2O5 (phosphorous), 200 pounds per acre; K2O (potassium), 200 pounds per acre. ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when

iii. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption. iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil.

1. Mulch Materials (in order of preference)

a. Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and reasonably bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law and not musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty. Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is desired. b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state. i. WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will

provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry. ii. WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting

iii. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings. iv. WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at

concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic. v. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter

pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and

Application

 a. Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding. b. When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre c. Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied at a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per

water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum.

acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water. a. Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending

3.000 feet long.

upon the size of the area and erosion hazard: i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely If used on sloping land, this practice should follow the contour.

ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water. iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II,

Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is strictly prohibited. iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4 to 15 feet wide and 300 to

B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

To stabilize disturbed soils with permanent vegetation.

To use long-lived perennial grasses and legumes to establish permanent ground cover on disturbed soils. Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for 6 months or more.

 A. Seed Mixtures General Use

a Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table B.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be placed on the plan.

b Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office Guild, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting.

c For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil

d For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 ½ pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary. Turfgrass Mixtures

a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose

Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore, Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended. iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate:

1 ½ to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet. Notes: Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland" Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of

consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line. c. Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) Central MD:March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15

(Hardiness Zones: 7a, 7b) d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose no difficulty.

e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2 to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is not especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse sites.

B. Sod: to provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter). General Specifications a. Class of turfgrass must be Maryland State Certified. Sod labels must be made available to the job

foreman and inspector.

d. Sod must not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may adversely affect its survival. e. Sod must be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted

within this period must be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation. Sod Installation a. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, lightly irrigate the

b. Lay the first row of sod in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to it and tightly wedged against each other. Stagger lateral joints to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would cause air drying of the roots.

exists between sod roots and the underlying soil surface. d. Water the sod immediately following rolling and tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. Complete the operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod within eight hours.

Sod Maintenance a. In the absence of adequate rainfall, water daily during the first week or as often and sufficiently as necessary to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4 inches. Water sod during the heat of the day to prevent wilting.

c. Do not mow until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf must be removed by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Maintain a grass height of at least 3 inches unless

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

TEMPORARY STABLIZATION To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months

permanent stabilization practices are required.

Purpose To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils. Conditions Where Practice Applies Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time,

Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.

For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season.

B-4-8 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

STOCKPILE AREA

A mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures. To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion sedimentation, and changes to drainage patterns. Conditions Where Practice Applies

Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use. Criteria 1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the

erosion and sediment control plan. 2. The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material and based on a side slope ratio no steeper than 2:1. Benching must be provided in

accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading. 3. Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice.

Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side. 5. Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence. Provisions must be made for discharging concentrated flow in a non-erosive manner.

6. Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment control practice must be used to intercept the discharge. 7. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as

Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. 8 If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile to facilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminated material must be covered with impermeable sheeting.

Maintenance The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section B-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2:1 slopes, 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading.

H-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

DUST CONTROL

Controlling the suspension of dust particles from construction activities. To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces to reduce on and off-site damage including health and traffic hazards.

Conditions Where Practice Applies Areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment. Specifications

side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12 inches apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similar plows are examples of equipment that may produce the desired effect. Irrigation: Sprinkle site with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed. The site must not be irrigated to the point that runoff occurs.

aterial can be used to control air currents and soil blowing Chemical Treatment: Use of chemical treatment requires approval by the appropriate plan

Barriers: Solid board fences, silt fences, snow fences, burlap fences, straw bales, and similar

1. A pre-construction meeting must occur with the Howard County Department of Public Works, Construction Inspection Division (CID), 410-3133-1855 after the future LOD and protected areas are marked clearly in the field. A minimum of 48 hours notice to CID must

a. Prior to the start of earth disturbance.

b. Upon completion of the installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading,

c. Prior to the start of another phase of construction or opening of another grading d. Prior to the removal or modification of sediment control practices.

2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the <u>2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL</u>, and revisions thereto.

3. Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization is required within three (3) calendar days as to the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1) and seven (7) calendar days as to all other disturbed areas on the project site except for those areas under active grading.

4. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for topsoil (Sec. B-4-2), permanent seeding (Sec. B-4-5), temporary seeding (Sec. B-4-4) and mulching (Sec. B-4-3). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates if the ground is frozen. Incremental stabilization (Sec. B-4-1) specifications shall be enforced in areas with >15' of cut and/or fill. Stockpiles (Sec. B-4-8) in excess of 20 feet must be benched with stable outlet. All concentrated flow, steep slope, and highly erodible areas shall receive soil stabilization matting (Sec. B-4-6).

5. All sediment control structures are to remain in place, and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the CID.

6. Site Analysis:

Total fill:

1.59 Acres Total Area of Site: *CUT/FILL NUMBERS 2.17 Area Disturbed: Acres ARE ROUGH ESTIMATE 1.13 Acres FOR SEDIMENT Area to be roofed or paved: CONTROL PURPOSES 1.04 ONLY. CONTRACTOR Area to be vegetatively stabilized: Acres TO VERIFY. 5,667 * 6 Total cut: _ Cu Yds 5,667 *

_ Cu Yds

SITE WITH AN ACTIVE GRADING PERMIT Off-site waste/borrow area location: 7. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of

utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance 8. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the CID. The site and all controls shall be inspected by the contractor weekly; and the next day after each rain event. A written report by the contractor, made available upon request, is part of every inspection and should include:

Inspection type (routine, pre-storm event, during rain event)

 Name and title of inspector • Weather information (current conditions as well as time and an=mount of last recorded precipitation Brief description of project's status (e.g. percent complete) and/or current activities

 Evidence of sediment discharges oldentification of plan deficiencies • Identification of sediment controls that require maintenance eldentification of missing or improperly installed sediment controls

• Compliance status regarding the sequence of construction and stabilization requirements Photographs Monitoring/sampling Maintenance and/or corrective action performed Other inspection items as required by the General Permit for Stormwater Associated with

10. Any major changes or revisions to the plan or sequence of construction must be

reviewed and approved by the HSCD prior to proceeding with construction. Minor revisions

Construction Activities (NPDES, MDE). 9. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can and shall be back filled and stabilized by the end of each work day, whichever is shorter.

may be allowed by the CID per the list of HSCD-approved field changes. 11. Disturbance shall not occur outside the L.O.D. A project is to be sequenced so that grading activities begin on one grading unit (maximum acreage of 20 ac. per grading unit) a a time. Work may proceed to a subsequent grading unit when at least 50 percent of the disturbed area in the preceding grading unit has been stabilized and approved by the CID. Unless otherwise specified and approved by the HSCD, no more than 20 acres cumulatively

may be disturbed at a given time. 12. Wash water from any equipment, vehicles, wheels, pavement, and other sources must be treated in a sediment basin or other approved washout structure.

14. All silt fence and super silt fence shall be placed on—the—contour, and be imbricated at 25' minimum intervals, with lower ends curled uphill by 2' in elevation. 15. Stream channels must not be disturbed during the following restricted time periods

13. Topsoil shall be stockpiled and preserved on—site for redistribution onto final grade.

● Use I and IP March 1 - June 15 ● Use III and IIIP October 1 - April 30 ⊕ Use IV March 1 — May 31

16. A copy of this plan, the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and associated permits shall be on-site and available when

Permanent Seeding Summary

(Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)		
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac.)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P2O5	K20	
9	Fescue, Tall	60	Mar 1 to May 15 Aug 1 to Oct 15	1/4 - 1/2 in	45 pounds			
	Bluegrass, Kentucky 40		40 Mar 1 to May 15 Aug 1 to Oct 15	1/4 - 1/2 in	per acre (1.0 lb/	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	90 lb/ac 2 lb/	2 tons/ac (90lb/
				1/4 - 1/2 in	100 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)

	100.0		po. a. , o		to o talo medicion			
Diama Caracian	Seeding Rate 1/		Seeding Depth 2/	Recom	Recommended Seeding Dates by Plant Hardiness Zone 3/			
Plant Species	lb/ac	lb/ac lb/1000 ft2		5b and 6a	6b	7a and 7b		
Cool-Season Grasses								
Annual Ryegrass (Lolium perenne ssp. Multiflorum	40	1.0	0.5		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 31			
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	96	2.2	1.0		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 31			
Oats (Avena sativa)	72	1.7	1.0		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 31			
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	120	2.8	1.0		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 31			
Cereal Rye (Secale cereale)	112	2.8	1.0		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Nov 15			
Warm-Season Grasses								
Foxtail Millet (Serataria italica)	30	0.7	0.5		May 16 to Jul 31			

Cereal rye has allelopathic properties that inhibit the germination and growth of other plants. If it must be used as a nurse crop, seed at 1/3 of the rate listed above

Pearl Millet (Pennisetum glaucum

The planting dates listed are averages for each Zone and may require adjustment to reflect local conditions, especially near the boundaries of the zone.

Table B.1: Temporary Seeding for Site Stabilization

May 16 to Jul 31

Oats are the recommended nurse crop for warm-season grasses

Seeding rates for the warm season grasses are in pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS). Actual planting rates shall be adjusted to reflect percent seed germination and purity, as tested. Adjustments are usually not needed for the cool-season grasses Seeding rates listed above are for temporary seedings, when planted alone. When planted as a nurse crop with permanent seed mixes, use 1/3 of the seeding rate listed above for barley, oats, and wheat. For smaller-seeded grasses (annual ryegrass, pearl millet, foxtail millet), do not exceed more than 5% (by weight) of the overall permanent

seeding mix. Cereal rye generally should not be used as a nurse crop, unless planting will occur very late fall beyond the seeding dates for other temporary seedings.

1 inch = 30 ft.

NO. DATE REVISION BENCHMARK ENGINEERS A LAND SURVEYORS A PLANNERS ENGINEERING, INC

OWNER: MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF URE VALLEY, LIMITED PARTNERSHI 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400

MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF

URF VALLEY, LIMITED PARTNERSHI

1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE

LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093

410-825-8400

BUILDER:

8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE & SUITE 315 & ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043

(P) 410-465-6105 (F) 410-465-6644 WWW.BEI-CIVILENGINEERING.COM

SCALE:

PHASE I LOTS 1 - 17 TAX MAP: 17, PARCEL: 706, GRID: 13

NOTES BEI PROJECT NO. 2951-P1 JULY 12, 2019

SDP-19-061

necessary.

1. Construct and stabilize fill slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEI

INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

8-1379

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY

J:\2948 Turf Valley Pod E-1\dwg\SDP Phase 1\8023.dwg, 7/12/2019 1:01:00 PM

DATE

Using vegetation as cover to protect exposed soil from erosion To promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil

Effects on Water Quality and Quantity reducing sediment loads and runoff to downstream areas.

runoff, infiltration, evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Over time, vegetation 2.

Adequate Vegetative Establishment

for lime, fertilizer, seedbed preparation, and seeding.

4. Maintenance fertilizer rates for permanent seeding are shown in Table B.6.

Establishment of vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes.

Any cut or fill slope greater than 15 feet in height. This practice also applies to stockpiles. A. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes

around the excavation.

b. Sod must be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of ¾ inch, plus or minus ¼ inch, at the time of Mulches: See Section B-4-2 Soil Preparation, Topsoiling, and Soil Amendments, Section B-4-3 cutting. Measurement for thickness must exclude top growth and thatch. Broken pads and torn Seeding and Mulching, and Section B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. Mulch must be anchored to or uneven ends will not be acceptable c. Standard size sections of sod must be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their Vegetative Cover: See Section B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the section. Tillage: Till to roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. Begin plowing on windward

subsoil immediately prior to laying the sod.

c. Wherever possible, lay sod with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Roll and tamp, peg or otherwise secure the sod to prevent slippage on slopes. Ensure solid contact

b. After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content.

the site is active.

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these document were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland License No. 22390, Expiration Date: 6-30-2021

RESIDENTIAL - SINGLE FAMILY ATTACHED PARK VIEW AT TURF VALLEY

ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND **ZONED: PGCC** SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

> AS SHOWN SHEET 5 of 5