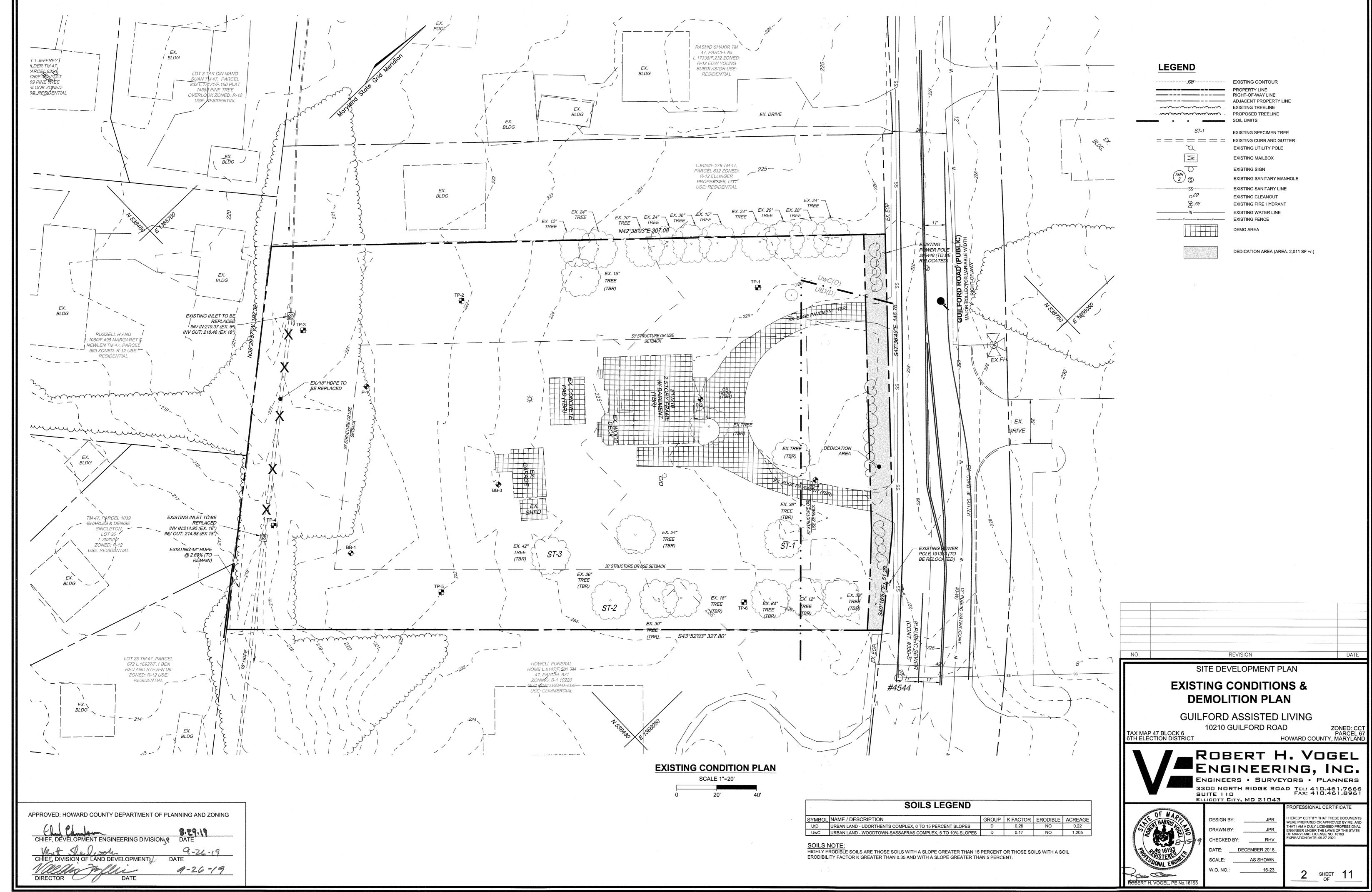
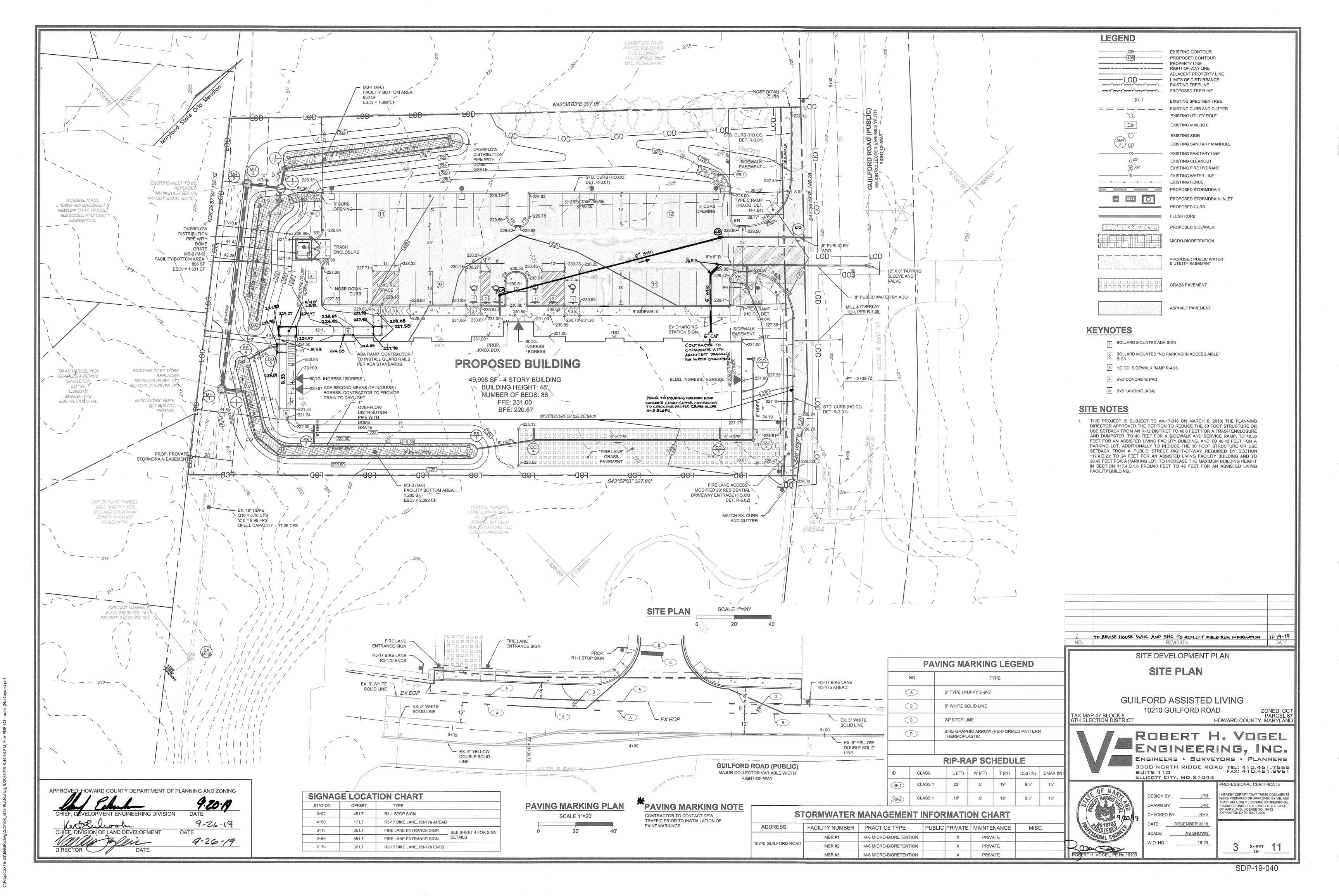
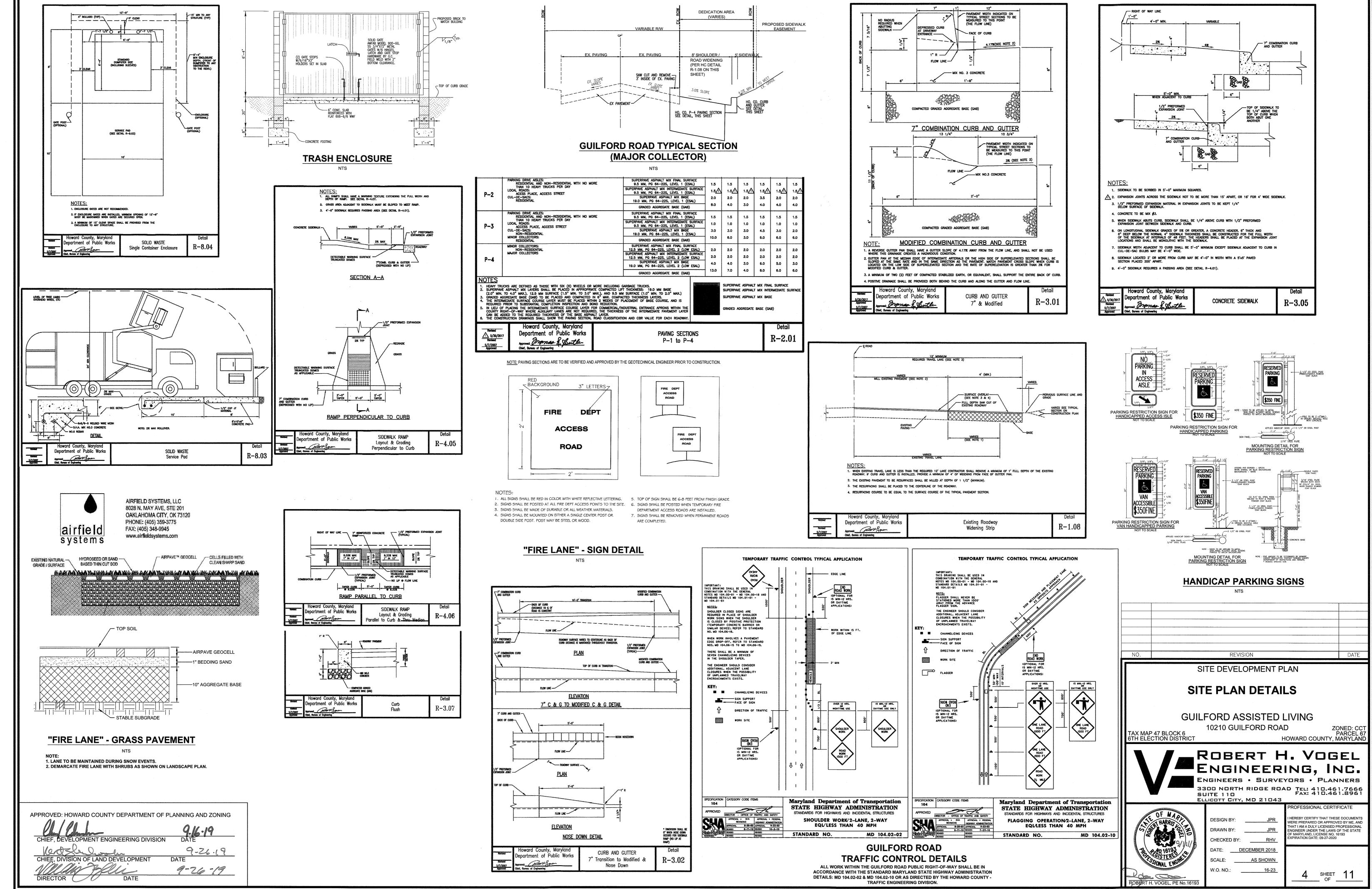
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I. THE OWNER SHALL MAINTAIN THE PLANT MATERIAL, MULTCH LAYER AND SOIL LAYER ANNUALLY. MAINTENANCE OF MULCH AND SOIL IS LIMITED TO CORRECTING AREAS OF EROSION OR WASH OUT. ANY MULCH REPLACEMENT SHALL BE DONE IN THE SPRING. PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE CHECKED FOR DISEASE AND INSECT INFESTATION AND MAINTENANCE WILL ADDRESS DEAD MATERIAL PRUNING. ACCEPTABLE REPLACEMENT PLANT MATERIAL IS LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: 2000 MARYLAND

STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME II, TABLE A.4.1 AND 2. 2. THE OWNER SHALL PERFORM A PLANT IN THE SPRING AND IN THE FALL OF EACH YEAR. DURING THE INSPECTION, THE OWNER SHALL REMOVE DEAD AND DISEASED VEGETATION CONSIDERED BEYOND TREATMENT, REPLACE DEAD PLANT

MATERIAL WITH ACCEPTABLE REPLACEMENT PLANT MATERIAL, TREAT DISEASED TREES AND SHRUBS, AND REPLACE ALL

- 3. THE OWNER SHALL INSPECT THE MULCH EACH SPRING. THE MULCH SHALL BE REPLACED EVERY TWO TO THREE YEARS. THE PREVIOUS MULCH LAYER SHALL BE REMOVED BEFORE THE NEW LAYER IS APPLIED.
- 4. THE OWNER SHALL CORRECT SOIL EROSION ON AN AS NEEDED BASIS, WITH A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER MONTH AND AFTER

APPENDIX B.4.C SPECIFICATIONS FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION, RAIN GARDEN, LANDSCAPE INFILTRATION & INFILTRATION BERMS

1. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS THE ALLOWABLE MATERIALS TO BE USED IN THESE PRACTICES ARE DETAILED IN TABLE B.4.1.

2. FILTERING MEDIA OR PLANTING SOIL

DEFICIENT STAKES AND WIRES.

THE SOIL SHALL BE A UNIFORM MIX, FREE OF STONES, STUMPS, ROOTS OR OTHER SIMILAR OBJECTS LARGER THAN TWO INCHES. NO OTHER MATERIALS OR SUBSTANCES SHALL BE MIXED OR DUMPED WITHIN THE MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICE THAT MAY BE HARMFUL TO PLANT GROWTH, OR PROVE A HINDRANCE TO THE PLANTING OR MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS. THE PLANTING SOIL SHALL BE FREE OF BERMUDA GRASS, QUACKGRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, OR OTHER NOXIOUS WEEDS AS SPECIFIED UNDER COMAR 15.08.01.05. THE PLANTING SOIL SHALL BE TESTED AND SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA: * SOIL COMPONENT - LOAMY SAND OR SANDY LOAM (USDA SOIL TEXTURAL CLASSIFICATION).

* ORGANIC CONTEN - MINIMUM 10% BY DRY WEIGHT (ASTM D 2974), IN GENERAL, THIS CAN BE MET WITH A MIXTURE OF LOAMY SAND (60%-65%) AND COMPOST (35% TO 40%) OR SANDY LOAM (30%), COARSE SAND (30%), AND COMPOST (40%). * CLAY CONTENT - MEDIA SHALL HAVE A CLAY CONTENT OF LESS THAN 5%. * PH RANGE - SHOULD BE BETWEEN 5.5 - 7.0. AMENDMENTS (E.G., LIME, IRON SULFATE PLUS SULFUR) MAY BE MIXED IN TO

THE SOIL TO INCREASE OR DECREASE PH. THERE SHALL BE AT LEAST ONE SOIL TEST PER PROJECT. EACH TEST SHALL CONSIST OF BOTH THE STANDARD SOIL TEST FOR PH, AND ADDITIONAL TESTS OF ORGANIC MATTER, AND SOLUBLE SALTS. A TEXTURAL ANALYSIS IS REQUIRED FROM THE SITE STOCKPILED TOPSOIL. IF TOPSOIL IS IMPORTED, THEN A TEXTURE ANALYSIS SHALL BE PERFORMED FOR EACH LOCATION WHERE THE TOPSOIL WAS EXCAVATED.

IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO MINIMIZE COMPACTION OF BOTH THE BASE OF BIORETENTION PRACTICES AND THE REQUIRED BACKFILL, WHEN POSSIBLE, USE EXCAVATION HOES TO REMOVE ORIGINAL SOIL. IF PRACTICES ARE EXCAVATED USING LOADER. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD USE WIDE TRACK OR MARSH TRACK EQUIPMENT, OR LIGHT EQUIPMENT WITH TURF TYPE TIRES. USE OF EQUIPMENT WITH NARROW TRACKS OR NARROW TIRES, RUBBER TIRES WITH LARGE LUGS, OR HIGH-PRESSURE TIRES WILL CAUSE EXCESSIVE COMPACTION RESULTING IN REDUCED INFILTRATION RATES AND IS NOT ACCEPTABLE. COMPACTION WILL SIGNIFICANTLY CONTRIBUTE TO DESIGN FAILURE.

COMPACTION CAN BE ALLEVIATED AT THE BASE OF THE BIORETENTION FACILITY BY USING A PRIMARY TILLING OPERATION SUCH AS CHISEL PLOW, RIPPER, OR SUBSOILER. THESE TILLING OPERATIONS ARE TO REFRACTURE THE SOIL PROFILE THROUGH THE 12 INCH COMPACTION ZONE. SUBSTITUTE METHODS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER, ROTOTILLERS TYPICALLY DO NOT TILL DEEP ENOUGH TO REDUCE THE EFFECTS OF COMPACTION FROM HEAVY EQUIPMENT.

ROTOTILL 2 TO 3 INCHES OF SAND INTO THE BASE OF THE BIORETENION FACILITY BEFORE BACKFILLING THE OPTIONAL SAND LAYER. PUMP ANY PONDED WATER BEFORE PREPARING (ROTOTILLING) BASE. WHEN BACKFILLING THE TOPSOIL OVER THE SAND LAYER, FIRST PLACE 3 TO 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL OVER THE SAND, THEN ROTOTILL THE SAND/TOPSOIL TO CREATE A GRADATION ZONE. BACKFILL THE REMAINDER OF THE TOPSOIL TO FINAL GRADE. WHEN BACKFILLING THE BIORETENTION FACILITY, PLACE SOIL IN LIFTS 12" TO 18". DO NOT USE HEAVY EQUIPMENT WITHIN THE BIORETENTION BASIN. HEAVY EQUIPMENT CAN BE USED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE BASIN TO SUPPLY SOILS AND SAND. GRADE BIORETENTION MATERIALS WITH LIGHT EQUIPMENT SUCH AS A COMPACT LOADER OR A DOZER/LOADER WITH MARSH TRACKS.

RECOMMENDED PLANT MATERIAL FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICES CAN BE FOUND IN APPENDIX A, SECTION A.2.3.

COMPOST IS A BETTER ORGANIC MATERIAL SOURCE, IS LESS LIKELY TO FLOAT, AND SHOULD BE PLACED IN THE INVERT AND OTHER LOW AREAS. MULCH SHOULD BE PLACED IN SURROUNDING TO A UNIFORM THICKNESS OF 2" TO 3". SHREDDED OR CHIPPED HARDWOOD MULCH. IS THE ONLY ACCEPTED MULCH. PINE MULCH AND WOOD CHIPS WILL FLOAT AND MOVE TO THE PERIMETER OF THE BIORETENTION AREA. DURING A STORM EVENT AND ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. SHREDDED MULCH MUST BE

ROOTSTOCK OF THE PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE KEPT MOIST DURING TRANSPORT AND ON-SITE STORAGE. THE PLANT ROOT BALL SHOULD BE PLANTED SO 1/8TH OF THE BALL IS ABOVE FINAL GRADE SURFACE. THE DIAMETER OF THE PLANTING PIT SHALL BE AT LEAST SIX INCHES LARGER THAN THE DIAMETER OF THE PLANTING BALL. SET AND MAINTAIN THE PLANT STRAIGHT DURING THE ENTIRE PLANTING PROCESS. THOROUGHLY WATER GROUND BED COVER AFTER INSTALLATION. TREES SHALL BE BRACED USING 2" BY 2" STAKES ONLY AS NECESSARY AND FOR THE FIRST GROWING SEASON ONLY. STAKES ARE TO BE EQUALLY SPACED ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE TREE BALL.

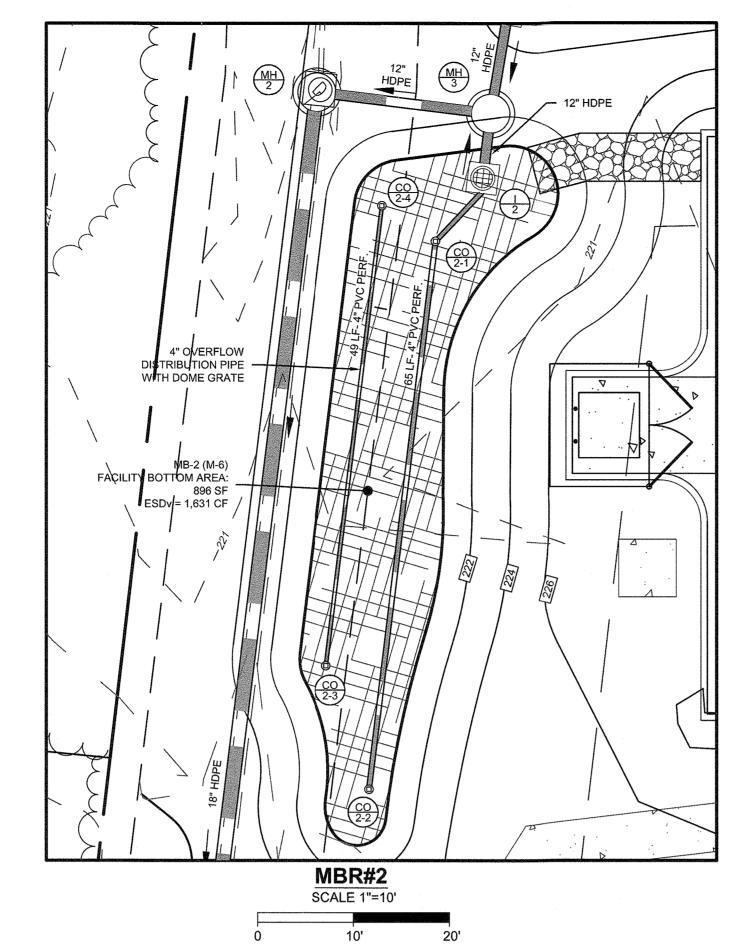
GRASSES AND LEGUME SEED SHOULD BE DRILLED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST ONE INCH. GRASS AND LEGUME PLUGS SHALL BE PLANTED FOLLOWING THE NON-GRASS GROUND COVER PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS. THE TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS PROVIDE ENOUGH ORGANIC MATERIAL TO ADEQUATELY SUPPLY NUTRIENTS FROM NATURAL CYCLING. THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF THE BIORETENTION STRUCTURE IS TO IMPROVE WATER QUALITY. ADDING FERTILIZERS DEFEATS, OR AT A MINIMUM, IMPEDES THIS GOAL. ONLY ADD FERTILIZER IF WOOD CHIPS OR MULCH ARE USED TO AMEND THE SOIL. ROTOTILL UREA FERTILIZER AT A RATE OF 2 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

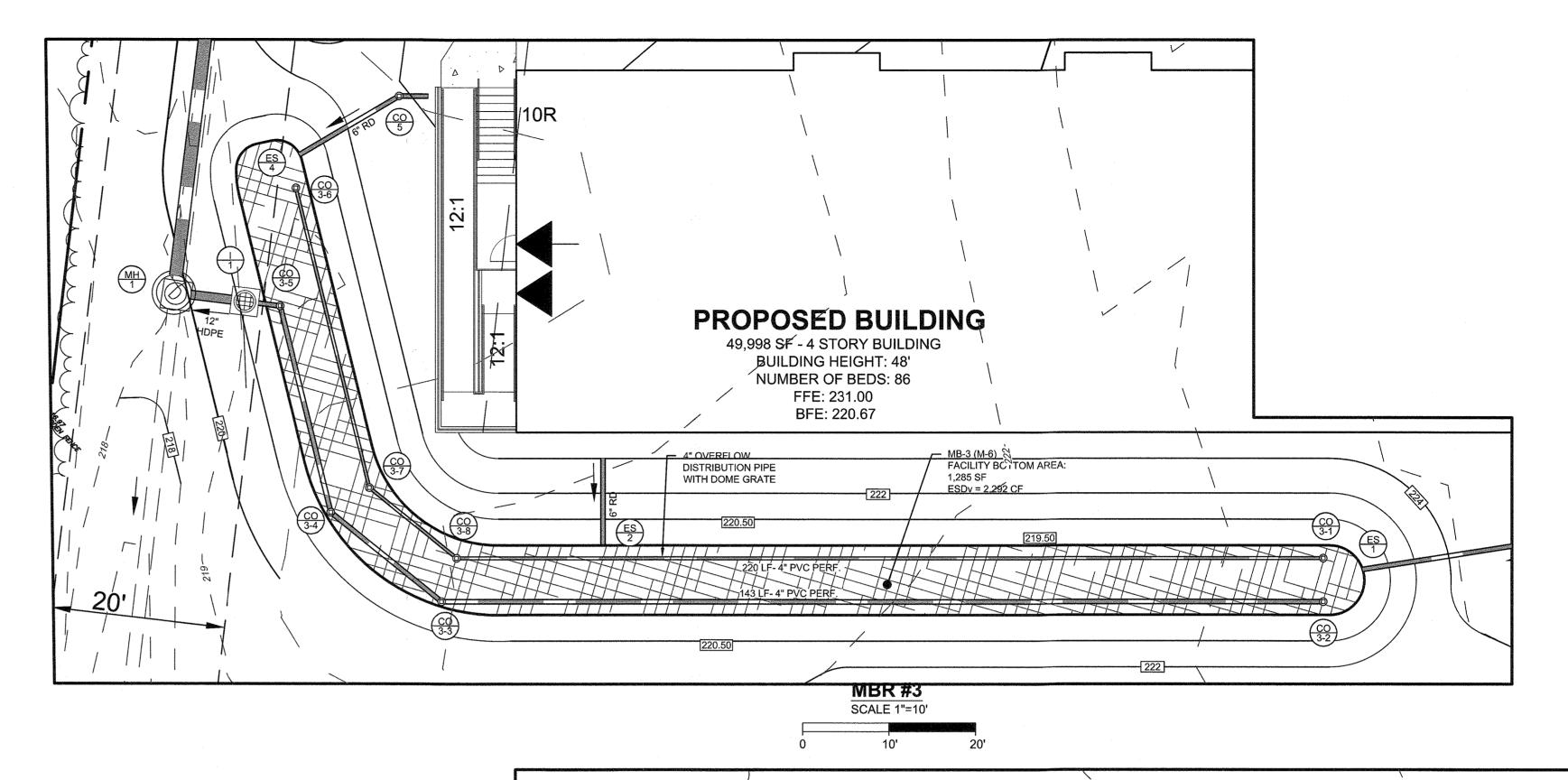
6. UNDERDRAINS

WELL AGED (6 TO 12 MONTHS) FOR ACCEPTANCE.

- UNDERDRAINS SHOULD MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA: * PIPE - SHOULD BE 4" TO 6" DIAMETER, SLOTTED OR PERFORATED RIGID PLASTIC PIPE (ASTMF 758, TYPE PS 28, OR AASHTO-M-278) IN A GRAVEL LAYER. THE PREFERRED MATERIAL IS SLOTTED, 4" RIGID PIPE (E.G., PVC OF HDPE).
- * PERFORATIONS IF PERFORATED PIPE IS USED, PERFORATIONS SHOULD BE 3/8" DIAMETER LOCATED 6" ON CENTER WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR HOLES PER ROW. PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH A 1/4" (NO. 4 OR 4x4) GALVANIZED HARDWARE
- * GRAVEL THE GRAVEL LAYER (NO. 57 STONE PREFERRED) SHALL BE AT LEAST 3" THICK ABOVE AND BELOW THE UNDERDRAIN.
- * THE MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE SHALL BE AT A MINIMUM 0.5% SLOPE.
- * A RIGID, NON-PERFORATED OBSERVATION WELL MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE PER EVERY 1,0000 SQUARE FEET) TO PROVIDE A CLEAN-OUT PORT AND MONITOR PERFORMANCE OF THE FILTER. * A 4" LAYER OF PEA GRAVEL (1/8" TO 3/8" STONE) SHALL BE LOCATED BETWEEN THE FILTER MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINES IN TO THE UNDERDRAIN. THIS LAYER MAY BE CONSIDERED PART OF THE FILTER BED
- WHEN BED THICKNESS EXCEEDS 24". THIS MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE FOR UNDERDRAIN SYSTEMS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 0.5%. OBSERVATION WELLS AND/OR CLEAN-OUT PIPES MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE MINIMUM PER EVERY 1000 SQUARE FEET OF SURFACE AREA).

THESE PRACTICES MAY NOT BE CONSTRUCTED UNTIL ALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED.





MB-1 (M-6)

ADDITIONAL STONE (REV) 25% ESDv @ 40% VOIDS

MICRO-BIORETENTION TYPICAL DETAIL

1. ONLY THE SIDES OF MICROBIORETENTION ARE TO BE WRAPPED IN

2. WRAP THE PERFORATED MBR UNDERDRAIN PIPE WITH 1/4" MESH

EQUALLY ACROSS BOTTOM FOR SMALL BIOS. (SEE PLANS)

FILTER FABRIC. FILTER FABRIC BETWEEN LAYER OR AT THE

BOTTOM OF THE MICROBIORETNTION WILL CAUSE THE MBR TO

PROVIDE 5' MINIMUM SPACING BETWEEN UNDER DRAIN AND

PERFERATED PIPE THROUGH STONE RESIVOIR OR SPACE PIPE

MICRO-BIORETENTION NOTES

FAIL, AND THERFORE SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED.

(4x4) OR SMALLER GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH.

5' MIN.----

3" MULCH LAYER -

4" - 6" OVERFLOW DISTRIBUTION PIPE

PROVIDE FILTER FABRIC

PERFORATED PIPE THRU STONE RESERVOIR

ROTOTILL AND SAND

AUGMENTATION IN

BOTTOM TO PREVENT

ELEV. E-

ELEV. G-

(SIDES ONLY)

Appendix B.4. Construction Specifications for Environmental Site Design Practices

Material	Specification	Size	Notes
Plantings	see Appendix A, Table A.4	n/a	plantings are site-specific
Planting soil [2' to 4' deep]	loamy sand (60 - 65%) & compost (35 - 40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%) & compost (40%)	n/a	USDA soil types loamy sand or sandy loam; clay content < 5%
Organic content	Min. 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974)		
Mulch	shredded hardwood		aged 6 months, minimum; no pine or wood chips
Pea gravel diaphragm	pea gravel: ASTM-D-448	NO. 8 OR NO. 9 (1/8" TO 3/8")	
Curtain drain	ornamental stone: washed cobbles	stone: 2" to 5"	
Geotextile		n/a	PE Type 1 nonwoven
Gravel (underdrains and infiltration berms)	AASHTO M-43	NO. 57 OR NO. 6 AGGREGATE (3/8" to 3/4")	
Underdrain piping	F 758, Type PS 28 or AASHTO M-278	4" to 6" rigid schedule 40 PVC or SDR35	Slotted or perforated pipe; 3/8" perf. @ 6" on center, 4 holes per row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary underneath pipes. Perforated pipe shall be wrapped with 1/4-inch galvanized hardware cloth
Poured in place concrete (if required)	MSHA Mix No. 3; f'e = 3500 psi @ 28 days, normal weight, air-entrained; reinforcing to meet ASTM-615-60	n/a	on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required: 28 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place or pre-cast) not using previously approved State or local standards requires design drawings sealed and approved by a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland - design to include meeting ACI Code 350.R/89; vertical loading [H-10 or H-20]; allowable horizontal loading (based on soil pressures); and analysis of potential cracking
Sand	AASHTO-M-6 or ASTM-C-33	0.02" to 0.04"	Sand substitutions such as Diabase and Graystone (AASHTO) #10 are not acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolomitic sand substitutions are acceptable. No "rock dust" can be used for sand.

FACILITY BOTTOM AREA ESDv = 1,669\CF 4" OVERFLOW **DISTRIBUTION PIPE** WITH DOME GRATE MBR#1 SCALE 1"=10' ROUND PLASTIC ATRIUM -4" CAPPED / SOLID RIGID PVC -- PROVIDE SOD LIGHT DUTY -OR HDPE OBSERVATION / ABOVE MULCH DOME CLEANOUT PIPE. 1 PER 1,000 SF OF SURFACE AREA ELEV. A-12" PONDING DEPTH - NYLOPLAST

DRAIN BASIN

SOLID

- OUTFALL

- 4" PERFORATED PVC UNDERDRAIN (PVC

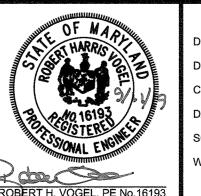
SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN STORMWATER MANAGEMENT **NOTES & DETAILS**

REVISION

GUILFORD ASSISTED LIVING 10210 GUILFORD ROAD

TAX MAP 47 BLOCK 6 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND ROBERT H. VOGEL ENGINEERING, INC.

ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • PLANNERS 3300 NORTH RIDGE ROAD TEL: 410.461.7666 FAX: 410.461.8961 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043



NGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 16193 XPIRATION DATE: 09-27-2020 AS SHOWN

DESIGN BY DRAWN BY CHECKED BY: DECEMBER 2018 SCALE: W.O. NO.:

__ SHEET ______1_1 SDP-19-040

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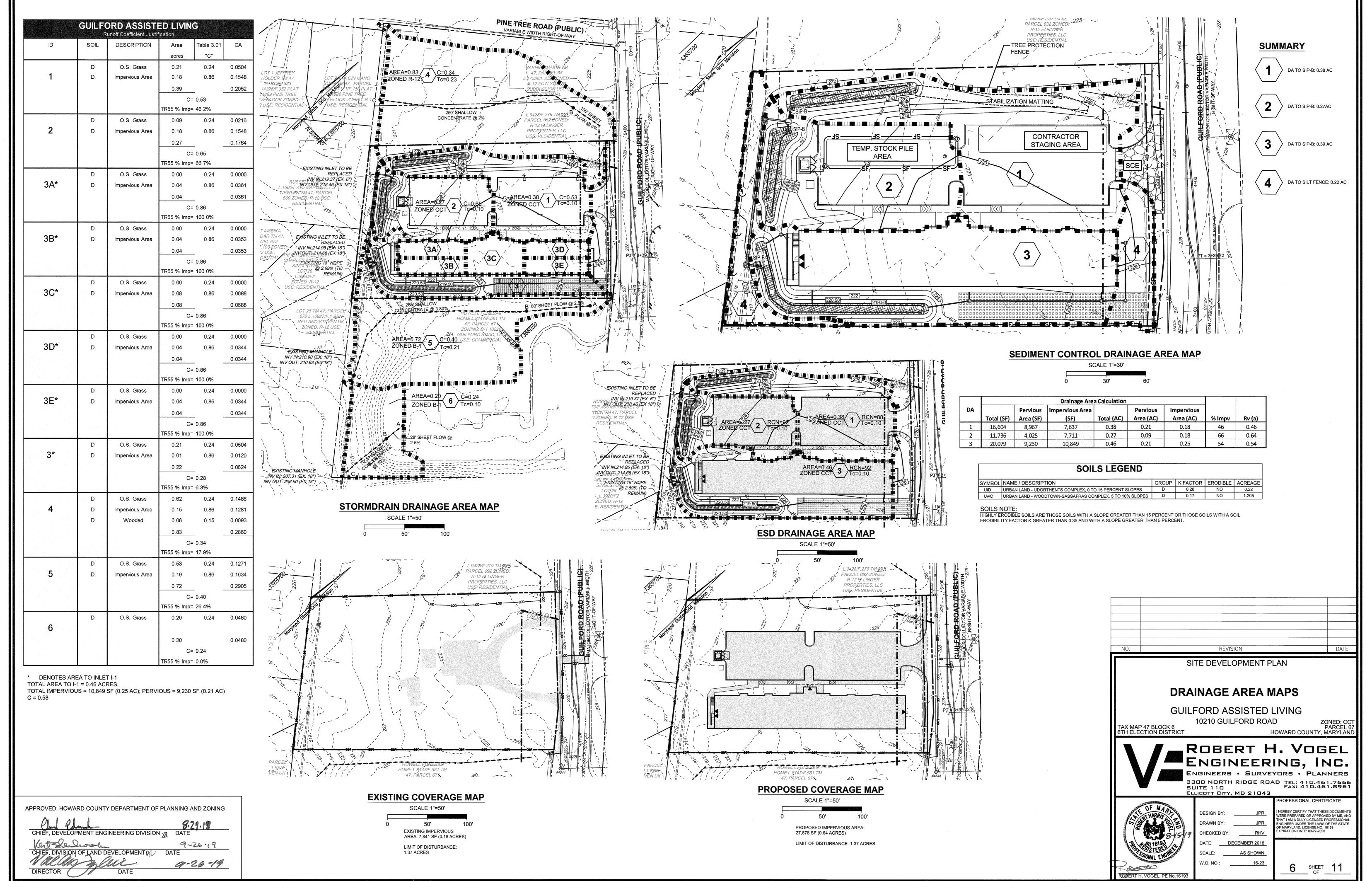
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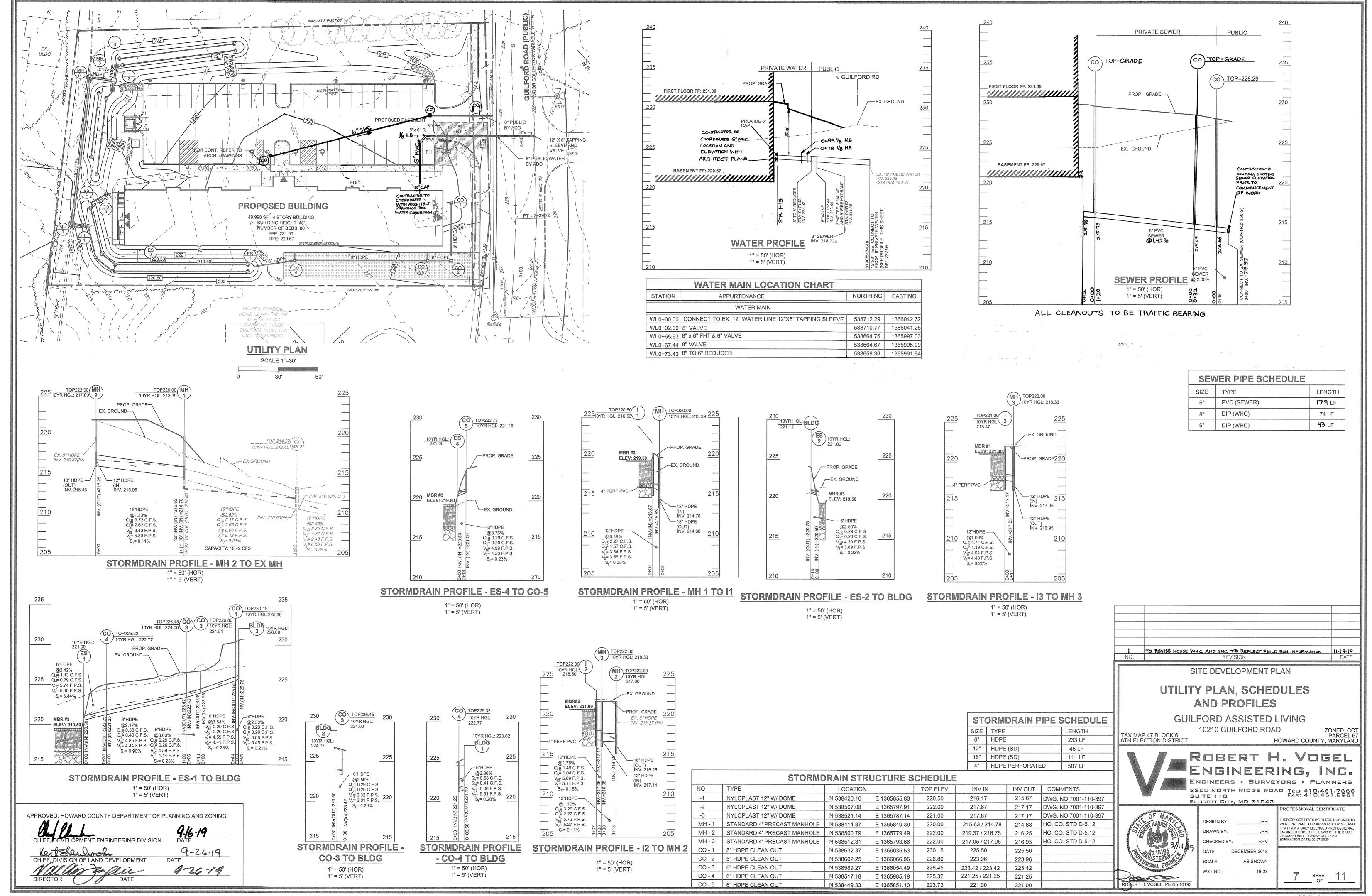
PARCEL

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION 9-26-19

COMPACTION MICRO-BIORETENTION DATA CHART Depth of **Ponding** Top of Size of **Bottom of** Bottom of **Bottom of** Bottom of **Bottom of** Ponding Depth of invert of **MBR Facility** Elevation Mulch Mulch **Planting Soil** Pea Gravel Underdrain Stone **REV Stone** Depth (ft) Stone (ft.) Underdrain Stone (ft.) ELEV. A ELEV. ELEV. D ELEV. E ELEV. F ELEV. C ELEV. G 1.0 222.00 MB-1 221.00 220.75 218.75 218.42 1.00 0.33 217.84 217.42 0.66 217.18 MB-2 1.0 222.00 217.84 217.42 221.00 220.75 218.75 218.42 1.00 0.33 0.75 217.09 MB-3 1.0 220.50 219.50 217.25 216.92 0.33 216.34 219.25 1.00 215.92 0.66 215.68

DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT 9-26-19





CLEARING AND STRIPPING
VEGETATION, TOPSOIL AND ROOTS MUST BE REMOVED IN THE PROJECT AREA PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. CLEARING AND STRIPPING SHOULD EXTEND
SEVERAL FEET BEYOND THE DEVELOPMENT AREA IF POSSIBLE AND SHOULD BE PERFORMED IN A MANNER AS TO MINIMIZE DISRUPTION OF THE
SUBGRADE SOILS. DEPRESSIONS MADE BY CLEARING OPERATIONS SHALL BE FILLED WITH SUITABLE MATERIAL AND COMPACTED TO CONFORM TO THE
ADJACENT SURFACE. GRADES SHALL BE SLOPED AT NO STEEPER THAN 1 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (1:1). ALL CLEARED AND GRUBBED MATERIAL
SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OUTSIDE AND BELOW THE LIMITS OF THE PROJECT AREA.

INSPECTION AND SUBGRADES
WE RECOMMEND THAT ALL SUBGRADES BE INSPECTED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OR AN EXPERIENCED ENGINEERING TECHNICIAN. SUBGRADES
SHOULD BE TESTED TO CHECK WHETHER ANY UNSTABLE AREAS EXIST. ANY UNSTABLE ZONES THAT ARE IDENTIFIED THAT CANNOT BE RECOMPACTED
SHOULD BE UNDERCUT TO A DEPTH, WITHIN THE AREA MARKED BY THE INSPECTING ENGINEER. THE DEPTHS AND EXTENT OF UNDERCUTS SHALL BE
DETERMINED BY THE INSPECTING GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. DEEPER UNDERCUTS SHOULD BE AVOIDED, AND IT IS REQUESTED THAT KEI BE
EXTENDED AN OPPORTUNITY TO REVIEW THE CONDITIONS WARRANTING ANY DEEPER UNDERCUTS BEFORE UNDERCUTTING COMMENCES, UNDERCUT
VOLUME SHALL BE BACKFILLED TO GRADE WITH COMPACTED ENGINEERED FILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS IN THIS REPORT. EXPOSED
SUBGRADES MUST BE SLOPED TO FACILITATE SURFACE RUNOFF AWAY FROM CONSTRUCTION AREA AND TO PREVENT PONDING OF SURFACE
WATER DOES OCCUR, IT SHOULD BE REMOVED BY PUMPING, DITCHING OR AS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE INSPECTING GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
DURING PERIODS OF ANTICIPATED INCLEMENT WEATHER, EXPOSED SURFACES SHALL BE GRADED AND SEALED TO PRECLUDE INFILTRATION OF
SURFACE WATER. SUBGRADES, WHICH BECOME DISTURBED DUE TO INCLEMENT
WEATHER OR CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC AND REQUIRE OVER-EXCAVATION, SHOULD BE REWORKED AT NO ADDITIONAL COST TO THE PROJECT.

FILL MATERIAL AND COMPACTION
THE PROJECT NEAR SURFACE SOILS GENERALLY CONSISTED OF NATURALLY OCCURRING SOILS CONSISTING OF POORLY GRADED SAND WITH SILT AND
GRAVEL (SP-SM), SILTY SAND (SM), SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL-ML), SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) AND FAT CLAY (CH). BASED ON
THE RESULTS OF OUR TEST BORINGS AND ON THE RESULTS OF OUR LABORATORY TESTS, ON-SITE COARSE-GRAINED SOILS SUCH AS SILTY SAND (SM)
AND GRADED SAND WITH SILT AND GRAVEL (SP-SM) THAT IS FREE OF ORGANICS AND DEBRIS IS CONSIDERED SUITABLE FOR REUSE AS COMPACTED
ENGINEERED FILL BUT THE SOILS WITH HIGH PLASTIC CHARACTERISTICS ARE CONSIDERED UNSUITABLE FOR BACKFILL OR FOR REUSE AS COMPACTED
ENGINEERED FILL FOR STRUCTURAL SUPPORT. IMPORTED FILL WILL BE REQUIRED FOR USE AS COMPACTED ENGINEERED FILL AT LOCATIONS WHERE
THESE SOILS ARE ENCOUNTERED. IF IMPORTED FILL IS REQUIRED AT THE SITE, WE RECOMMEND THAT THE MATERIAL HAVE LOW EXPANSIVE CHARACTERISTICS. THE MATERIAL SHOULD HAVE LESS THAN 50 PERCENT PASSING THE NO. 200 SIEVE, LIQUID LIMIT OF 40 OR LESS AND PLASTICITY INDEX LESS THAN 10. WE RECOMMEND THAT THE FILL MATERIAL BE PLACED IN LIFTS HAVING A MAXIMUM LOOSE LIFT THICKNESS COMMENSURATE WITH THE EQUIPMENT BEING UTILIZED TO PERFORM THE COMPACTION. IN NO CASE SHOULD THOSE LIFTS EXCEED EIGHT (8) INCHES. EACH LIFT SHOULD BE UNIFORMLY COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95% OF THE LABORATORY MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY AASHTO T180 BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY REQUIREMENTS. FILL SELECTION, PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION
THE PROJECT NEAR SURFACE SOILS GENERALLY CONSISTED OF NATURALLY OCCURRING SOILS CONSISTING OF POORLY GRADED SAND WITH SILT AND
GRAVEL (SP-SM), SILTY SAND (SM), SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL-ML), SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) AND FAT CLAY (CH), BASED ON
THE RESULTS OF OUR TEST BORINGS AND ON THE RESULTS OF OUR LABORATORY TESTS, ON-SITE COARSE-GRAINED SOILS SUCH AS SILTY SAND (SM)
AND GRADED SAND WITH SILT AND GRAVEL (SP-SM) THAT IS FREE OF ORGANICS AND DEBRIS IS CONSIDERED SUITABLE FOR REUSE AS COMPACTED
ENGINEERED FILL BUT THE SOILS WITH HIGH PLASTIC CHARACTERISTICS ARE CONSIDERED UNSUITABLE FOR BACKFILL OR FOR REUSE AS COMPACTED
ENGINEERED FILL FOR STRUCTURAL SUPPORT. IMPORTED FILL WILL BE REQUIRED FOR USE AS COMPACTED ENGINEERED FILL AT LOCATIONS WHERE
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IF IMPORTED FILL IS REQUIRED AT THE SITE, WE RECOMMEND THAT THE MATERIAL HAVE LOW EXPANSIVE CHARACTERISTICS. THE MATERIAL SHOULD HAVE LESS THAN 50 PERCENT PASSING THE NO. 200 SIEVE, LIQUID LIMIT OF 40 OR LESS AND PLASTICITY INDEX LESS THAN 10. WE RECOMMEND THAT THE FILL MATERIAL BE PLACED IN LIFTS HAVING A MAXIMUM LOOSE LIFT THICKNESS COMMENSURATE WITH THE EQUIPMENT BEING UTILIZED TO PERFORM THE COMPACTION. IN NO CASE SHOULD THOSE LIFTS EXCEED EIGHT (8) INCHES. EACH LIFT SHOULD BE UNIFORMLY COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95% OF THE LABORATORY MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY AASHTO T180 BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY REQUIREMENTS.

FOUNDATIONS
THE SITE IS TYPICALLY UNDERLAIN BY WHAT APPEARS TO BE NATURALLY OCCURRING DEPOSITS OF POORLY GRADED SAND WITH SILT AND GRAVEL (SP-SM), SILTY SAND (SM), SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL-ML), SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) AND FAT CLAY (CH), ALL OF WHICH, BASED UPON THE RESULTS OF OUR TEST BORINGS, ARE CURRENTLY JUDGED TO HAVE SUFFICIENT STRENGTH TO SUPPORT CONVENTIONAL SPREAD FOOTING FOUNDATIONS FOR MODERATELY LOADED STRUCTURES SIMILAR TO THE CONFIGURATION OF THE PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION. THE MINIMUM BEARING ELEVATION WAS ASSUMED TO BE APPROX. 3 FEET BELOW THE PROPOSED FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION. SPREAD FOOTINGS SUPPORTED BY APPROVED NATURALLY OCCURRING MATERIALS OF STRATUM A ARE CONSIDERED FEASIBLE FOR SUPPORT OF THE BUILDINGS. OUR CURRENT STUDY, INCORPORATING THE SPT N-VALUES AND THE SOIL CLASSIFICATIONS, INDICATES THAT CONVENTIONAL SPREAD FOOTING FOUNDATIONS SHOULD BE DESIGNED USING A MAXIMUM NET ALLOWABLE SOIL DESIGN BEARING PRESSURE NOT IN EXCESS OF 3,000 POUNDS PER SQUARE FOOT FOR FOUNDATIONS BEARING ON APPROVED NATURALLY OCCURRING SOILS OF STRATUM A OR DENSER MATERIALS. TO REDUCE THE POSSIBILITY OF LOCALIZED SHEAR FAILURES, STRIP FOOTINGS SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES WIDE, WHILE COLUMN FOOTINGS SHOULD BE A MINIMUM OF 30 INCHES SQUARE. PERIMETER FOOTING SUBGRADE FOUNDATION SHOULD BE AT LEAST 30 INCHES BELOW THE FINAL EXTERIOR GRADE FOR FROST PROTECTION. VARIABLE BEARING CONDITIONS MAY OCCUR AT THE PROJECT SITE; THEREFORE, WE RECOMMEND THAT THE FOOTINGS BE PROPERLY REINFORCED TO PROVIDE THEM WITH GREATER BENDING CAPACITY.

GROUND-SUPPORTED SLABS
BASED ON THE SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS, FLOOR SLAB-ON-GRADE FOR THE BUILDING ADDITIONS CAN BE SUPPORTED BY APPROVED COMPACTED EXISTING SITE SOILS. WE RECOMMEND A MODILLUS OF SUBGRADE REACTION (K) OF 100 POUNDS PER CUBIC INCH (PCI) FOR APPROVED SUBGRADES (K VALUE CONSIDERS A 1-FT BY 1-FT SQUARE PLATE). A MINIMUM 6-INCH THICK LYPER OF FREE DRAINING AGGREGATE IS RECOMMENDED TO BE PLACED BELOW THE FLOOR SLAB TO SERVE AS A CAPILLARY MOISTURE BARRIER. A POLYETHYLENE MEMBRANE OR SIMILAR VAPOR BARRIER SHOULD BE PLACED OVER THE AGGREGATE TO PREVENT CONCRETE CONTAMINATION. SLAB SUBGRADES ARE OFTEN DISTURBED AFTER FINAL GRADING DUE TO ONGOING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, UTILITY INSTALLATIONS, AND WEATHER CONDITIONS. WE RECOMMEND THAT SUBGRADES THAT BECOME SATURATED OR LOSE THEIR SUPPORT CAPABILITIES BE REMOVED AND REPLACED WITH NEW SELECTED COMPACTED ENGINEERED FILL.

GROUNDWATER AND DRAINAGE
IT IS ANTICIPATED THAT THE BELOW GRADE WALLS MAY BE SUBJECTED TO GROUNDWATER THAT IS PERCHED/TRAPPED BEHIND THE WALL OVER THE DENSE SOIL LAYER. TO AVOID PRODUCING HYDROSTATIC PRESSURES ON THE WALLS, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT THE BELOW GRADE WALL SHOULD BE PERMANENTLY DRAINED ALONG THE ENTIRE EXTERIOR OF THE SUBLEVEL WALL BY THE INSTALLATION OF A 2-FOOT THICK LAYER OF GRAVEL BEHIND THE WALL THAT TIES INTO A 6-INCH PERFORATED PVC PIPE AT THE BOTTOM OF THE WALL. FILTER FABRIC SHOULD BE USED BEHIND THE GRAVEL LAYER TO PREVENT CLOGGING OF THE GRAVEL WITH FINES. SOLID OUTLET PIPES CONNECTED TO THE PERFORATED PIPE SHALL BE EXTENDED TO A SAFE DAYLIGHT POINT AWAY FROM THE WALL! GROUNDWATER MAY BE ENCOUNTERED IN THE EXCAVATIONS DURING CONSTRUCTION. IN ADDITION, SEASONAL WEATHER FLUCTUATIONS AND OTHER CLIMATIC CONDITIONS COULD CAUSE A CHANGE IN THE OBSERVED WATER TABLE. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD BE PREPARED TO DEWATER THE EXCAVATIONS DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD MAINTAIN THE INTEGRITY OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS BY KEEPING THE EXCAVATION DRY BY PRECLUDING INTRUSION OF SURFACE RUNOFF OR GROUNDWATER INTO THE SUBGRADE OR BACKFILL SOILS. A POSITIVE SLOPE SHOULD ALWAYS BE MAINTAINED TO CONVEY WATER AWAY FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ADEQUATELY CONTROLLING WATER PRESENT IN EXCAVATIONS. THE METHOD OF DEWATERING SHOULD BE LEFT TO THE CONTRACTOR.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BY INFILTRATION ESTIMATED INFILTRATION RATES AND TEST DEPTHS ARE PRESENTED IN TABLE 5 BELOW. TABLE 5: ESTIMATED INFILTRATION RATE

Boring	Depth of Test (ft)	Field Infiltration Rate (inch/hour)	USDA Textural Classification	Minimum USDA Infiltration Rate (in./hr)
TP-1	6.0	0.0	LOAM	0.52
TP-2	6.0	0.0	SILT LOAM	0.27
TP-3	6.0	0.0	SILTY CLAY LOAM	0.06
TP-4	6.0	1.2	LOAMY SAND	2.41
TP-5	6.0	0.0	SILTYCLAY	0.04

BASED ON THE 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL, APPENDIX D.1, A MINIMUM FIELD INFILTRATION RATE OF 0.52 INCHES PER HOUR IS REQUIRED FOR INFILTRATION PRACTICES. LOWER INFILTRATION RATES PRECLUDE THE USE OF INFILTRATION PRACTICES. INFILTRATION PRACTICES ARE ALSO PRECLUDED IF GROUNDWATER OR BEDROCK ARE ENCOUNTERED WITHIN 4 FEET OF THE BOTTOM OF THE PROPOSED FACILITY.

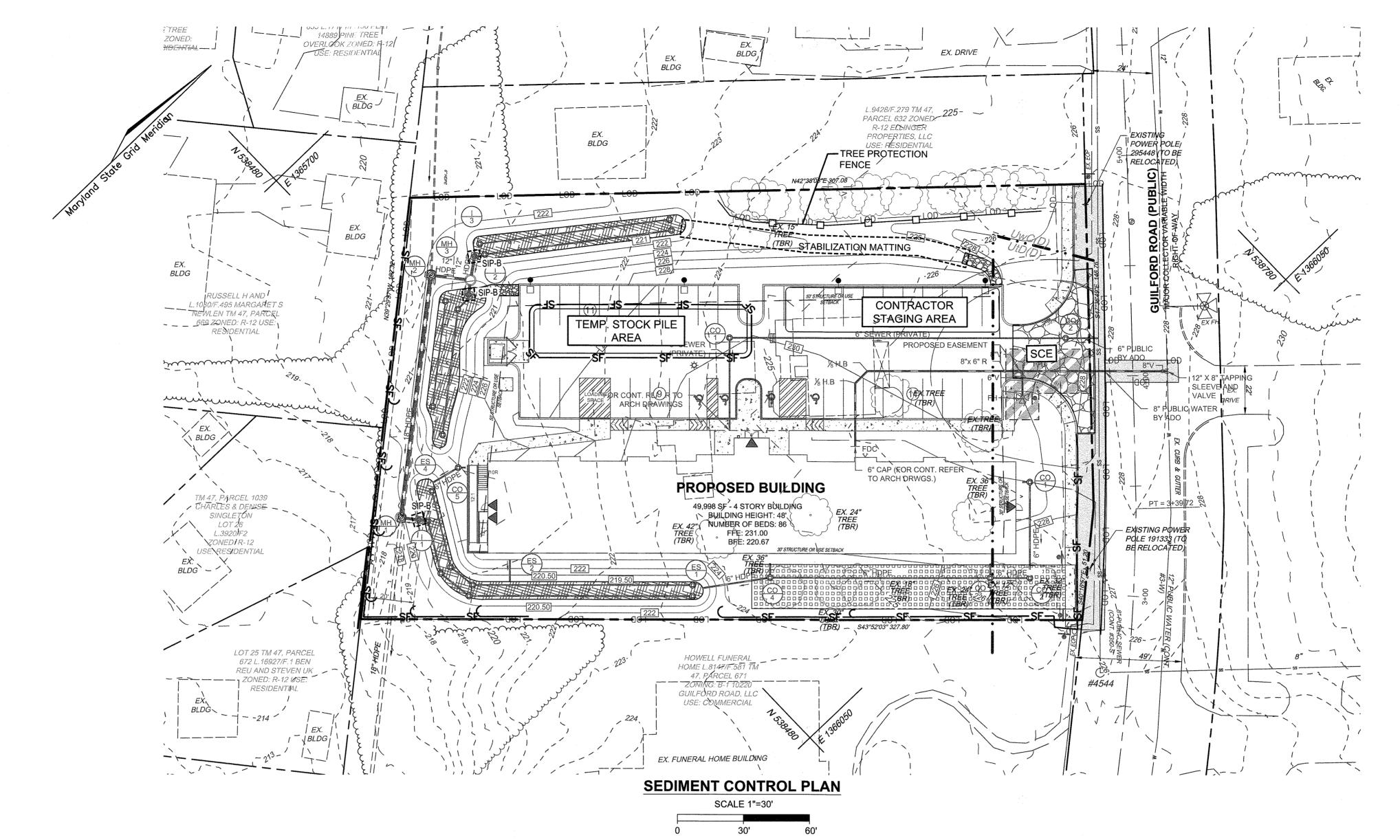
FOR DESIGN PURPOSES, WE RECOMMEND USING THE LOWER VALUE OF THE AVERAGE FIELD INFILTRATION RATE AND MINIMUM USDA INFILTRATION RATE ASSOCIATED WITH THE TEXTURAL CLASSIFICATION. THE FIELD AND LABORATORY TEST RESULTS INDICATE THAT INFILTRATION PRACTICES MAY NOT BE FEASIBLE AT THE TEST DEPTH AND AT ALL TEST LOCATION EXCEPT FOR TP-4 BASED ON THE INFILTRATION RATES LESS THAN THE REQUIRED RATE OF 0.52 INCH PER HOUR. SWM FACILITIES AT THESE LOCATIONS WILL LIKELY REQUIRE PARTIAL INFILTRATION DESIGN AND/OR AN UNDERDRAIN SYSTEM. INFILTRATION MAY BE FEASIBLE AT THE TEST DEPTH AND AT THE LOCATION OF TP-4 BASED ON ACCEPTABLE FLOW RATE HIGHER THAN BEQUIRED MINIMUM IN 62 INCH DEP HOUR OF DATA HIGH AND AS ORASED ON ACCEPTABLE FLOW RATE HIGHER THAN BEQUIRED MINIMUM 152 INCH DEP HOUR OF DATA HIGH AND AS ORASED ON ACCEPTABLE FLOW RATE HIGHER THAN REQUIRED MINIMUM 0.52 INCH PER HOUR OBTAINED AND ALSO BASED ON GROUNDWATER OF

PAVEMENT AREAS
THE FOLLOWING FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE BASED ON OUR OBSERVATION AT THE SITE, AN INTERPRETATION OF THE FIELD DATA
OBTAINED DURING THE SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION, AND OUR EXPERIENCE. SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS IN UNEXPLORED LOCATIONS MAY VARY FROM
THOSE ENCOUNTERED. THE TRAFFIC LOAD FOR PARKING LOTS WAS ASSUMED AS LIGHT-DUTY WITH OCCASIONAL DELIVERY OR TRASH TRUCK LOADS BASED ON OUR PREVIOUS EXPERIENCES WITH THE SIMILAR PROJECTS. IF THE TRAFFIC LOADING IS DIFFERENT FROM OUR ASSUMPTION, WE REQUEST THE CORRECT INFORMATION BE ADVISED TO US TO RE-EVALUATE OUR RECOMMENDATIONS. DETERMINATION OF AN APPROPRIATE PAVEMENT CROSS SECTION IS DEPENDENT ON THE PROPOSED TRAFFIC LOADS, TRAFFIC FREQUENCIES, SOIL/SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS, AND CONSTRUCTION CONSTRAINTS. THE SUBSURFACE EXPLORATION AIDS THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER IN DETERMINING THE SOIL STRATUM APPROPRIATE FOR PAVEMENT SUPPORT. THIS DETERMINATION INCLUDES CONSIDERATIONS WITH REGARD TO BOTH ALLOWABLE SUPPORT AND COMPRESSIBILITY OF THE SOIL STRATA. IN ADDITION, SINCE THE METHOD OF CONSTRUCTION GREATLY AFFECTS THE SOILS INTENDED FOR PAVEMENT SUPPORT, CONSIDERATION MUST BE GIVEN TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF SUITABLE METHODS OF SITE PREPARATION, FILL COMPACTION, AND OTHER ASPECTS OF CONSTRUCTION ALL PAVEMENT SUBGRADE AREAS SHOULD BE PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS PROVIDED IN APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THIS REPORT. IN PARTICULAR, PAVEMENT SUBGRADES SHOULD BE HEAVILY PROOF-ROLLED DIRECTLY PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF THE CROSS SECTION TO LOCATE ANY ISOLATED AREAS OF SOFT OR LOOSE SOILS REQUIRING UNDERCUTTING AND/OR STABILIZATION.

IT IS ANTICIPATED THAT THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT AREAS WILL BE UNDERLAIN BY APPROVED NATURALLY OCCURRING SOIL OR NEWLY PLACED, CONTROLLED COMPACTED FILL MATERIALS. THE SUBGRADE MATERIALS WILL MAINLY CONSIST OF SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL) AND SILTY SAND (SM) BASED ON THE SOIL TEST BORINGS. THE PRELIMINARY PAVEMENT SECTION RECOMMENDATIONS PRESENTED HEREIN IS BASED ON THE ASSUMPTION OF CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO (CBR) FOR THE PAVEMENT SUBGRADE ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE. FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT SECTION RECOMMENDATION:
LIGHTLY LOADED VEHICLES SUCH AS PASSENGER CARS AND LOADING TRUCKS ARE ANTICIPATED TO BE TRAVERSING ALONG THE PROPOSED FACILITY.
THE FOLLOWING PAVEMENT CROSS SECTION IS RECOMMENDED:
1.5-INCH HMA SUPERPAVE FINAL SURFACE (9.5 MM, PG 64-22)
1.0-INCH HMA SUPERPAVE INTERMEDIATE SURFACE (9.5 MM, PG 64-22)
2.0-INCH HMA SUPERPAVE BASE (19.0 MM, PG 64-22)
8.0-INCH GRADED AGGREGATE BASE (GAB)

RIGID PAVEMENT SECTION RECOMMENDATION:
THE FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT SECTIONS MAY NOT BE SUITABLE FOR THE SUPPORT OF HEAVY STATIC LOADS NOR DOES THE DESIGN ACCOUNT FOR DYNAMIC LOADING, SUCH AS THOSE PRODUCED IN AREAS WHERE STOPPING, STARTING, AND TURNING ARE PERFORMED BY RELATIVE HEAVY VEHICLES. WHERE SUCH CONDITIONS ARE ANTICIPATED (E.G. DUMPSTER PADS, LOADING AREAS, ETC.) THE USE OF RIGID CONCRETE PAVEMENT OR PAD IS SUGGESTED. ALL CONSTRUCTION JOINTS WITHIN THE CONCRETE PAVEMENT/PAD AND BETWEEN THE ASPHALT AND CONCRETE PAVEMENT/PAD SHOULD BE TIGHTLY SEALED AND MAINTAINED AS SUCH TO AVOID WATER ACCESSING THE SUBGRADE. BASED UPON THE FIELD AND LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS, A MODULUS OF SUBGRADE REACTION (K) OF 100 PCI MAY BE USED TO DESIGN THE REQUIRED CONCRETE SLAB. THE FOLLOWING HEAVY DUTY RIGID PAVEMENT CROSS SECTION IS RECOMMENDED: 7-INCH REINFORCED CONCRETE PAVEMENT

A BASE COURSE SHOULD BE PROVIDED UNDER THE RIGID PAVEMENT TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL STRUCTURAL STRENGTH AND TO PROVIDE A MORE UNIFORM BEARING SURFACE FOR THE PAVEMENT. THE BASE COURSE SHALL ALSO BE USED TO REPLACE SOFT AND HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE SOILS PRESENT AT THE SITE AND TO PROVIDE DRAINAGE FOR THE ROADBED AND TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SURFACE FOR THE OPERATION OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT DURING ADVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS. THE BASE COURSE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 6 INCHES OVER THE SUBGRADE. AS THE BUSINEERING CHARACTERISTICS OF THE ON-SITE SOILS VARY THROUGHOUT THE SITE, CBR
TESTS SHOULD BE PERFORMED WITHIN THE PROPOSED PAVEMENT AREAS AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION IN ORDER TO PERMIT PROPER PAVEMENT DESIGN. IF SOFT OR LOOSE SOILS ARE IDENTIFIED AT PROPOSED SUBGRADE ELEVATIONS OF THE PAVEMENT, THESE MATERIALS SHOULD BE UNDERCUT AND REPLACED WITH PROPERLY COMPACTED STRUCTURAL FILL. THE DEPTHS OF THE UNDERCUT SHOULD BE DETERMINED BY AN ONSITE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. THE PAVEMENT SECTIONS PROVIDED ABOVE HAS BEEN DEVELOPED FOR POST CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC CONDITIONS. SINCE THE SUPPORTIVE QUALITIES OF THESE PAVEMENT SECTIONS FOR THEIR RESPECTIVE USES ARE RELIANT ON FULL CONSTRUCTION OF THE SUBBASE, BASE, AND SURFACE COURSES AS PRESENTED, PARTIAL CONSTRUCTION OF ANY PAVEMENT AND SUBGRADE FAILURES. ALL PAVEMENT MATERIALS, PAVEMENT CROSS SECTIONS WHERE APPLICABLE, AND CONSTRUCTION SHOULD COMPLY WITH REQUIREMENTS OF MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION.



NOTES

- 1. SILT FENCE IS TO BE REPLACED WITH SUPER SILT FENCE AT THE DIRECTION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- 2. SILT FENCE SHALL BE CURLED UPHILL NO MORE THAN 35 FEET APART
- 3. DOUBLE ROWS OF SUPER SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED AT THE DIRECTION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- 4. LOCATE STOCKPILE AS DIRECTED BY THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. STOCKPILES EXCEEDING 15 FEET IN HEIGHT SHALL BE BENCHED.
- 5. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE IMMEDIATE REPAIR OF ANY EARTH DIKES INTERRUPTED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 6. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SECTION A-3; FOR THE PURPOSES OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, STEEP SLOPES ARE DEFINED AS THOSE WITH GRADIENTS OF 20 PERCENT OR MORE (USDA NRCS SOIL SURVEY MANUAL, OCTOBER, 1993). HIGHLY ERODIBLE SOILS ARE THOSE SOILS WITH A SLOPE GREATER THAN 15 PERCENT OR THOSE SOILS WITH A SOIL ERODIBILITY FACTOR K GREATER THAN 0.35 AND WITH A SLOPE GREATER THAN 5 PERCENT. CERTAIN PROJECTS (E.G. THOSE LOCATED IN THE CHESAPEAKE AND ATLANTIC COASTAL BAYS CRITICAL AREA) MAY BE SUBJECT TO A MORE RESTRICTIVE DEFINITION FOR STEEP SLOPES OR HIGHLY ERODIBLE SOILS.
- 7. EITHER PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION IS TO BE APPLIED AT THE DIRECTION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR REGARDLESS OF DAYS/DATES IN THE STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND/OR SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS.
- 8. APPROVAL OF THIS ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPT PLAN (ECP) BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT DOES NOT GRANT APPROVAL OF THE PROPOSED SEDIMENT CONTROL SCHEME. THE FINAL PLAN SHALL INCLUDE A SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION WHICH SHALL DETAIL SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROLS AND PHASING AND ADDRESS THE PROJECT TEMPORARY STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS.

DESIGN CERTIFICATION:

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

LEGEND

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----- EXISTING CONTOUR

ADJACENT PROPERTY LINE PROPOSED TREELINE

PROPOSED STORMDRAIN

LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE

SILT FENCE

PROPOSED CONTOUR

EXISTING SPECIMEN TREE EXISTING CURB AND GUTTER

EXISTING UTILITY POLE

EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE EXISTING SANITARY LINE

PROPOSED STORMDRAIN INLET

EXISTING MAILBOX

EXISTING CLEANOUT EXISTING FIRE HYDRANT

EXISTING WATER LINE EXISTING FENCE

PROPOSED CURB

PROPOSED SIDEWALK

MICRO-BIORETENTION

PROPOSED PUBLIC WATER

STANDARD INLET PROTECTION

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

SAME DAY STABILIZATION AREAS

& UTILITY EASEMENT

EXISTING SIGN

PROPERTY LINE

RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE

GRADING & EROSION AND

SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN **GUILFORD ASSISTED LIVING**

10210 GUILFORD ROAD TAX MAP 47 BLOCK 6 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

ROBERT H. VOGEL ENGINEERING, INC.

ENGINEERS . SURVEYORS . PLANNERS 3300 NORTH RIDGE ROAD TEL: 410.461.7666 SUITE 110 FAX: 410.461.8961 SUITE 110 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043

DRAWN BY:

Care Care

ROBERT H. VOGEL, PE No.16193

DESIGN BY: CHECKED BY: DATE: SCALE: W.O. NO.:

IEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS RE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND FAT LAM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 16193 PIRATION DATE: 09-27-2020 DECEMBER 2018 AS SHOWN

> SHEET 11 ___ OF ___

ZONED: CO

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION \ DATE CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT DATE 9-26-19

APPROXED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

OWNER, DEVELOPER CERTIFICATION:

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ANY CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION, OR DEVELOPMENT
WILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS, AND THAT ALL
RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE
A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT
(MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION AND
SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT—OF—ENTRY FOR
PERIODIC ON—SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL
CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR MDE." OWNER/DEVELOPER SIGNATURE David Bing Ye Xu

DESIGNER'S SIGNATURE MD REGISTRATION NO. 16193 (P.E., R.L.S., OR R.L.A. (circle one)

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

HIGHLY ERODIBLE SOILS ARE THOSE SOILS WITH A SLOPE GREATER THAN 15 PERCENT OR THOSE SOILS WITH A SOIL ERODIBILITY FACTOR K GREATER THAN 0.35 AND WITH A SLOPE GREATER THAN 5 PERCENT.

UwC URBAN LAND - WOODTOWN-SASSAFRAS COMPLEX, 5 TO 10% SLOPES D

SOILS LEGEND

L NAME / DESCRIPTION GROUP K FACTOR ERODIBLE ACREAGE
URBAN LAND - UDORTHENTS COMPLEX, 0 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES D 0.28 NO 0.22

SYMBOL NAME / DESCRIPTION

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST OCCUR WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION (CID), 410-313-1855 AFTER THE FUTURE LOD AND PROTECTED AREAS ARE MARKED CLEARLY IN THE FIFTD. A MINIMUM OF 48 HOUR NOTICE TO CID MUST BE GIVEN AT THE FOLLOWING STAGES: PRIOR TO THE START OF EARTH DISTURBAN
- A. UPON COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH STURBANCE OR GRADING, B. PRIOR TO THE START OF ANOTHER PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION OR OPENING
- C. PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED LINT

OF ANOTHER GRADING LINE

THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE. OTHER RELATED STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS SHALL BE REFERENCED. TO ENSURE COORDINATION AND TO AVOID CONFLICTS WITH THIS PLAN.

- ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND REVISIONS THERETO.
- FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION IS REQUIRED WITHIN THREE (3) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1); AND SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE EXCEPT FOR THOSE AREAS UNDER ACTIVE GRADING. ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE
- IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR TOPSOIL (SEC. B-4-2), PERMANENT SEEDING SEC. B-4-5), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. B-4-4) AND MULCHING (SEC. B-4-3). TEMPORARY STARILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN. INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION (SEC. B-4-1) SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE ENFORCED IN AREAS WITH >15' OF CUT AND/OR FILL STOCKPILES (SEC. R-4-8) IN EXCESS OF 20 FT MUST BE BENCHED WITH STABLE OUTLET. ALL CONCENTRATED FLOW, STEEP SLOPE, AND HIGHLY ERODIBLE AREAS SHALL RECEIVE SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING (SEC. B-4-6). ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE, AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEFN OBTAINED FROM THE CID.

TOTAL AREA OF SITE ACRES AREA DISTURBED: __ ACRES AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED: __ ACRES AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED: 3,975 CU. YDS. TOTAL* OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION:

(1) REFER TO ITEM 11 BELOW

PHOTOGRAPHS

ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED. IF DEFMED NECESSARY BY THE CID. THE SITE AND ALL CONTROLS SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR WEEKLY

AND THE NEXT DAY AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT, A WRITTEN REPORT BY THE CONTRACTOR

- MADE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST, IS PART OF EVERY INSPECTION AND SHOULD INCLUDE: INSPECTION DATE INSPECTION TYPE (ROUTINE, PRE-STORM EVENT, DURING RAIN EVENT)
- NAME AND TITLE OF INSPECTOR WEATHER INFORMATION (CURRENT CONDITIONS AS WELL AS TIME AND AMOUNT OF LAST RECORDED PRECIPITATION)
- BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT'S STATUS (E.G., PERCENT COMPLETE) AND/OR CURRENT ACTIVITIES
- IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN DEFICIENCIES IDENTIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROLS THAT REQUIRE MAINTENANCE IDENTIFICATION OF MISSING OR IMPROPERLY INSTALLED SEDIMENT CONTROLS COMPLIANCE STATUS REGARDING THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION AND STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS
- MONITORING/SAMPLING MAINTENANCE AND/OR CORRECTIVE ACTION PERFORMED OTHER INSPECTION ITEMS AS REQUIRED BY THE GENERAL PERMIT FOR
- STORMWATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (NPDES, MDE). TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH CAN AND SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED BY THE END OF
- EACH WORKDAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER ANY MAJOR CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THE PLAN OR SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE HSCD PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH
- CONSTRUCTION. MINOR REVISIONS MAY ALLOWED BY THE CID PER THE LIST OF ISCD-APPROVED FIELD CHANGES. DISTURBANCE SHALL NOT OCCUR OUTSIDE THE L.O.D. A PROJECT IS TO BE
- SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING ACTIVITIES BEGIN ON ONE GRADING UNIT (MAXIMUM ACREAGE OF 20 AC. PER GRADING UNIT) AT A TIME, WORK MAY PROCEED TO A SUBSEQUENT GRADING UNIT WHEN AT LEAST 50 PERCENT OF THE DISTURBED AREA IN THE PRECEDING GRADING UNIT HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE CID. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND APPROVED BY THE CID, NO MORE THAI
- 30 ACRES CUMULATIVELY MAY BE DISTURBED AT A GIVEN TIME. 12. WASH WATER FROM ANY EQUIPMENT, VEHICLES, WHEFLS, PAVEMENT AND OTHER Sources must be treated in a sediment basin or other approved washout
- 13. TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED AND PRESERVED ON-SITE FOR REDISTRIBUTION ONTO 14. ALL SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON-THE-CONTOUR. AND
- BE IMBRICATED AT 25' MINIMUM INTERVALS, WITH LOWER ENDS CURLED UPHILL BY 2' IN ELEVATION. 15. STREAM CHANNELS MUST NOT BE DISTURBED DURING THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTED
- TIME PERIODS (INCLUSIVE): USE I AND IP MARCH 1 - JUNE 15 USE III AND IIIP OCTOBER 1 - APRIL 30
- USE IV MARCH 1 MAY 31 A COPY OF THIS PLAN, THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND ASSOCIATED PERMITS SHALL BE ON-SITE AND AVAILABLE WHEN THE SITE IS ACTIVE. REV. 8/2015

ITEM 11, REGARDING PROJECT DISTURBANCE IS NO LONGER A REQUIREMENT OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, HOWEVER REMAINS A REQUIREMENT OF HOWARD COUNTY. * ESTIMATE ONLY; CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY QUANTITIES TO HIS OWN SATISFACTION.

** TO BE DETERMINED BY CONTRACTOR, WITH PRE-APPROVAL OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, WITH AN APPROVED AND ACTIVE GRADING PERMIT

SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OWNER/DEVELOPER CERTIFICATION: MILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL FROSION AND

PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS AND THAT RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT (MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT—OF—ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR MDE." OWNER/DEVELOPER SIGNATURE

DESIGN CERTIFICATION: PLAN HAS BEEN DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURREN ARYLAND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS, THA REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDG F THE SITE, AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS O

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION D DATE

SION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT DATE

9-26-19

(P.E), R.L.S., OR R.L.A. (circle one)

B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS PERMANENT STABILIZATION

TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION

TO USE LONG-LIVED PERENNIAL GRASSES AND LEGUMES TO ESTABLISH PERMANENT GROUND COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR 6 MONTHS OR MORE.

A. SFED MIXTURES

A. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE 8.3 FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE 8.3) AND BASED ON THE SITE CONDITION OR PURPOSE FOUND ON TABLE 8.2. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S), APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. TH SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE PLAN. B. ADDITIONAL PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR EXCEPTIONAL SITES SUCH AS SHORELINES

STRFAM BANKS. OR DUNES OR FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES SUCH AS WILDLIFE OR AESTHETIC TREATMENT MAY BE FOUND IN USDA-NRCS TECHNICAL FIELD OFFICE GUIDE, SECTION 342 - CRITICAL AREA PLANTING. C. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREA OVER 5 ACRES, USE AND SHOW THE RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE SOIL TESTING AGENCY. D. FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW MAINTENANCE, APPLY UREA FORM FERTILIZER (46-0-0) AT 3-1/2 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET (150 POUNDS PER ACRE) AT THE TIME

OF SEEDING IN ADDITION TO THE SOIL AMENDMENTS SHOWN IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. 2. TURFGRASS MIXTURES A. AREAS WHERE TURFGRASS MAY BE DESIRED INCLUDE LAWNS, PARKS, PLAYGROUNDS, AND COMMERCIAL SITES WHICH WILL RECEIVE A MEDIUM TO HIGH LEVEL OF MAINTENANCE. B. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED BELOW BASED ON THE

- SITE CONDITIONS OR PURPOSE. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S), APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE PLAN. I. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS THAT RECEIVE INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT. IRRIGATION REQUIRED IN THE AREAS OF CENTRAL MARYLAND
- AND EASTERN SHORE. RECOMMENDED CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS SEEDING RATE: 1.5 TO 2.0 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEFT, CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS WITH EACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY WEIGHT. II. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/PERENNIAL RYF: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN FULL SUN AREAS WHERE RAPID ESTABLISHMENT IS NECESSARY AND WHEN TURF WILL RECEIVE
- CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEEDING RATE: 2 POUNDS MIXTURE PER 1000 SOUARE FEET, CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS WITH EACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY WEIGHT. III. TALL FESCUE/KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN DROUGHT PRONE AREAS AND/OR FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW TO MEDIUM MANAGEMENT IN FULL SUN TO MEDIUM SHADE. RECOMMENDED MIXTURE INCLUDES; CERTIFIED TALL FESCUE CULTIVARS 95 TO 100 PERCENT, CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS 0 TO 5 PERCENT. SEEDING RATE: 5 TO 8 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. ONE OR MORE

MEDIUM TO INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT, CERTIFIED PERFNNIAL RYFGRASS CULTIVARS/

CULTIVARS MAY BE BLENDED. IV. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/FINE FESCUE: SHADE MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS WITH SHADE IN BLUEGRASS LAWNS. FOR ESTABLISHMENT IN HIGH QUALITY, INTENSIVELY MANAGED TURF AREA. MIXTURE INCLUDES; CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS 30 TO 40 PERCENT AND CERTIFIED FINE FESCUE AND 60 TO 70 PERCENT.

SELECT TURFGRASS VARIETIES FROM THOSE LISTED IN THE MOST CURRENT UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND PUBLICATION, AGRONOMY MEMO #77. "TURFGRASS CULTIVAR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MARYLAND" CHOOSE CERTIFIED MATERIAL CERTIFIED MATERIAL IS THE BEST GUARANTEE OF CULTIVAR PURITY THE CERTIFICATION PROGRAM OF THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. TURE AND SEFD SECTION, PROVIDES A RELIABLE MEANS OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AND ASSURES A PURE GENETIC

SEEDING RATE: 11/2 TO 3 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

C. IDEAL TIMES OF SEEDING FOR TURF GRASS MIXTURES

- WESTEM MD: MARCH 15 TO JUNE 1, AUGUST ITO OCTOBER 1 (HARDINESS ZONES: 5B, 6A) - CENTRAL MD: MARCH 1 TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONE: 6B) - SOUTHERN MD, EASTERN SHORE: MARCH 1 TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONES: 7A, 7B)

TILL AREAS TO RECEIVE SEED BY DISKING OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS TO A DEPTH OF 2 TO 4 INCHES, LEVEL AND RAKE THE AREAS TO PREPARE A PROPER SEEDBED. REMOVE STONES AND DEBRIS OVER 11/4 INCHES IN DIAMETER. THE RESULTING SEEDBED MUST BE IN SUCH CONDITION THAT FUTURE MOWING OF GRASSES WILL POSE NO DIFFICULTY IF SOIL MOISTURE IS DEFICIENT, SUPPLY NEW SEEDINGS WITH ADEQUATE WATER FOR PLANT GROWTH (1/2 TO 1 INCH EVERY 3 TO 4 DAYS DEPENDING ON SOIL TEXTURE) UNTIL THEY ARE FIRMLY ESTABLISHED. THIS IS ESPECIALLY TRUE WHEN SEEDINGS ARE MADE LATE IN THE PLANTING SEASON, IN ABNORMALLY DRY OR HOT SEASONS, OR ON ADVERSE SITES.

B. SOD: TO PROVIDE QUICK COVER ON DISTURBED AREAS (2:1 GRADE OR FLATTER).

A. CLASS OF TURFGRASS SOD MUST BE MARYLAND STATE CERTIFIED. SOD LABELS MUST BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE JOB FOREMAN AND INSPECTOR. B. SOD MUST BE MACHINE CUT AT A UNIFORM SOIL THICKNESS OF 3/4 INCH, PLUS OR MINUS ¼ INCH, AT THE TIME OF CUTTING, MEASUREMENT FOR THICKNESS MUST EXCLUDE TOP GROWTH AND THATCH. BROKEN PADS AND TOM OR UNEVEN ENDS WILL NOT BE C. STANDARD SIZE SECTIONS OF SOD MUST BE STRONG ENOUGH TO SUPPORT THEIR OWN WEIGHT AND RETAIN THEIR SIZE AND SHAPE WHEN SUSPENDED VERTICALLY WITH A FIRM GRASP ON THE UPPER 10 PERCENT OF THE SECTION. D. SOD MUST NOT BE HARVESTED OR TRANSPLANTED WHEN MOISTURE CONTENT (EXCESSIVELY DRY OR WET) MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT ITS SURVIVAL.

. SOD MUST BE HARVESTÉD, DELIVERED, AND INSTALLED WITHIN A PERIOD OF 36 HOURS. SOD NOT TRANSPLANTED WITHIN THIS PERIOD MUST BE APPROVED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST PRIOR TO ITS INSTALLATION. A. DURING PERIODS OF EXCESSIVELY HIGH TEMPERATURE OR IN AREAS HAVING DRY SUBSOIL, LIGHTLY IRRIGATE THE SLIRSOIL IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO LAYING THE SON B. LAY THE FIRST ROW OF SOD IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITH SUBSEQUENT ROWS PLACED

PARALLEL TO IT AND TIGHTLY WEDGED AGAINST EACH OTHER. STAGGER LATERAL JOINTS TO PROMOTE MORE UNIFORM GROWTH AND STRENGTH. ENSURE THAT SOD IS NOT STRETCHED OR OVERLAPPED AND THAT ALL JOINTS ARE BUTTED TIGHT IN ORDER TO PREVENT VOIDS WHICH WOULD CAUSE AIR DRYING OF THE ROOTS C. WHEREVER POSSIBLE, LAY SOD WITH THE LONG EDGES PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR AND WITH STAGGERING JOINTS. ROLL AND TAMP, PEG OR OTHERWISE SECURE THE SOD TO PREVENT SLIPPAGE ON SLOPES. ENSURE SOLID CONTACT EXISTS BETWEEN SOD ROOTS AND THE

UNDERLYING SOIL SURFACE D. WATER THE SOD IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING ROLLING AND TAMPING UNTIL THE UNDERSIDE OF THE NEW SOD PAD AND SOIL SURFACE BELOW THE SOD ARE THOROUGHLY WET, COMPLETE THE OPERATIONS OF LAYING, TAMPING AND IRRIGATING FOR ANY PIECE OF SOD WITHIN EIGHT

3. SOD MAINTENANCE A. IN THE ABSENCE OF ADEQUATE RAINFALL, WATER DAILY DURING THE FIRST WEEK OR AS OFTEN AND SUFFICIENTLY AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN MOIST SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 4 B. AFTER THE FIRST WEEK, SOD WATERING IS REQUIRED AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN ADEQUATE MOISTURE CONTENT.

C. DO NOT MOW UNTIL THE SOD IS FIRMLY ROOTED. NO MORE THAN 1/3 OF THE GRASS LEAF MUST BE REMOVED BY THE INITIAL CUTTING OR SUBSEQUENT CUTTINGS. MAINTAIN A GRASS HEIGHT OF AT LEAST 3 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3): ZONE 6b

SEED MIXTURE (FROM TABLE B.3):

NO SPECIES RATE (LB/AC) DATES

COOL SEASON TALL FESCUE T.F. 60 LB / AC MAR 1 TO MAY 15

P.R. 20 LB / AC

WARM/COOL DT 15 LB / AC MAR 1 TO

SEASON GRASS MIX CRF 20 LB / AC MAY 15 <><2

CREEPING RED FESCUE & CWR. 5 LB / AC CANADA WILD RYF

K.B. 40 LB / AC AUG 15 TO OCT 15

PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY

DEPTHS

FOR ALTERNATES, REFER TO THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL - PAGES B.26 - B.32

NOTE:

APPLICATION SEEDING SEEDING

(10-20-20)

45 LB/AC 90 LB/AC 90 LB/AC 2 TONS/AC

1000 SF) 1000 SF) 1000 SF) 1000 SF)

P₂ 0₅

1/4-1/2 IN. (1 LB PER (2 LB PER (2 LB PER (90 LB PER

EITHER PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY

STABILIZATION IS TO BE APPLIED AT THE

DIRECTION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL

IN THE STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL

INSPECTOR REGARDLESS OF DAYS/DATES

NOTES AND/OR SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS.

SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

DEFINITION

<u>PURPOSE</u>

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES WHERE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION IS TO BE ESTABLISHED.

A. SOIL PREPARATION

A. SEEDBED PREPARATION CONSISTS OF LOOSENING SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES BY MEANS OF SUITABLE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, SUCH AS DISC HARROWS OR CHISEL PLOWS OR RIPPERS MOUNTED ON CONSTRUCTION FOUIPMENT IN THE ROUGHENED CONDITION. SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER ARE TO BE TRACKED WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE B. APPLY FERTILIZER AND LIME AS PRESCRIBED ON THE PLANS.

C. INCORPORATE LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS. PERMANENT STABILIZATION A. A SOIL TEST IS REQUIRED FOR ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. THE

I. SOIL PH BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.0. II. SOLUBLE SALTS LESS THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION (PPM). III. SOIL CONTAINS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT CLAY BUT ENOUGH FINE GRAINED MATERIAL (CREATER THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) TO PROVIDE THE CAPACITY TO HOLD

PLANTED, THEN A SANDY SOIL (LESS THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE. IV. SOIL CONTAINS 1.5 PERCENT MINIMUM ORGANIC MATTER BY WEIGHT. V. SOIL CONTAINS SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE TO PERMIT ADEQUATE ROOT PENETRATION.

C. GRADED AREAS MUST BE MAINTAINED IN A TRUE AND EVEN GRADE AS SPECIFIED ON

D. APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN OR AS INDICATED BY THE RESULTS OF A SOIL TEST E. MIX SOIL AMENDMENTS INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER LIKE STONES AND BRANCHES. AND READY THE AREA FOR SEED APPLICATION. LOOSEN THE SURFACE WHERE SITE CONDITIONS WILL NOT PERMIT NORMAL SEFDRED PREPARATION, TRACK SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER WITH TRACKED FOLIPMENT LEAVING TI

. TOPSOIL IS PLACED OVER PREPARED SUBSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION. THE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH. SOILS OF CONCEM HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW NUTRIENT LEVELS, LOW PH, MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL GRADATION.

2. TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM AN EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED IT MEETS THE STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE SPECIFICATIONS, TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL TO BE SALVAGED FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA-3. TOPSOILING IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER SLOPES WHERE:

PRODUCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH. B. THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH O SUPPORT PLANTS OR FLIRNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT

D. THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH LIMESTONE IS NOT FEASIBLE. 4. AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND 5. TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS: SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING A. TOPSOIL MUST BE A LOAM, SANDY LOAM, CLAY LOAM, SILT LOAM, SANDY CLAY LOAM

CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND MUST CONTAIN LESS THAN 5 PERCENT BY VOLUME OF CINDERS, STONES, SLAG, COARSE FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL, STICKS, ROOTS, TRASH, OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAN 11/2 INCHES IN DIAMETER. B. TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF NOXIOUS PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH AS BERMUDA GRASS, QUACK GRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, NUT SEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTLE, OR OTHERS

AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL TOPSOIL. 6. TOPSOIL APPLICATION A. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE MAINTAINED WHEN APPLYING

MILIDDY CONDITION WHEN THE SURSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING AND SEEDBED PREPARATION.

C. SOIL AMENDMENTS (FERTILIZER AND LIME SPECIFICATIONS) I. SOIL TESTS MUST BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE EXACT RATIOS AND APPLICATION RATES FOR BOTH LIME AND FERTILIZER ON SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OF 5 ACRES OR MORE, SOIL ANALYSIS MAY BE PERFORMED BY A RECOGNIZED PRIVATE OR COMMERCIAL LABORATORY. SOIL SAMPLES TAKEN FOR ENGINEERING PURPOSES MAY ALSO BE USED FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSES. FERTILIZERS MUST BE UNIFORM IN COMPOSITION, FREE FLOWING AND SUITABLE FOR ACCURATE APPLICATION BY APPROPRIATE EQUIPMENT. MANURE MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR FERTILIZER WITH PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. FERTILIZERS MUST ALL BE DELIVERED TO THE SITE FULLY LABELED ACCORDING TO THE APPLICABLE LAWS AND MUST BEAR THE NAME, TRADE NAME OR TRADEMARK AND WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCER. 3. LIME MATERIALS MUST BE GROUND LIMESTONE (HYDRATED OR BURNT LIME MAY BE

SIEVE AND 98 TO 100 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #20 MESH SIEVE. TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.

R-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

THE PROCESS OF PREPARING THE SOILS TO SUSTAIN ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION. TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

AFTER THE SOIL IS LOOSENED, IT MUST NOT BE ROLLED OR DRAGGED SMOOTH BUT LEFT

MINIMUM SOIL CONDITIONS REQUIRED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE:

A MODERATE AMOUNT OF MOISTURE. AN EXCEPTION: IF LOVEGRASS WILL BE

B. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS OR TOPSOIL IS REQUIRED IF ON-SITE SOILS DO NOT MEET THE ABOVE CONDITIONS.

APPROVED PLAN, THEN SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO

SUITABLE MEANS. RAKE LAWN AREAS TO SMOOTH THE SURFACE, REMOVE LARGE OBJECTS SURFACE SOIL BY DRAGGING WITH A HEAVY CHAIN OR OTHER EQUIPMENT TO ROUGHEN SOIL IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE, LEAVE THE TOP 1 TO 3 INCHES OF SOIL LOOSE AND FRIABLE,

SEEDBED LOOSENING MAY BE UNNECESSARY ON NEWLY DISTURBED AREAS. SEEDING AND MULCHING

A. THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO

C. THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH.

OR LOAMY SAND. OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENDED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE A MIXTURE OF

. TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED

. UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTE TOPSOIL IN A 5 TO 8 INCH LAYER AND LIGHTLY COMPACT TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4 INCHES. SPREADING IS TO BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM OF ADDITIONAL SOIL PREPARATION AND TILLAGE. ANY IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOILING OR OTHER OPERATIONS MUST BE CORRECTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS OR WATER POCKETS. C. TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE PLACED IF THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR

SUBSTITUTED EXCEPT WHEN HYDROSEEDING) WHICH CONTAINS AT LEAST 50 PERCENT TOTAL OXIDES (CALCIUM OXIDE PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDE) LIMESTONE MUST BE GROUND TO SUCH FINENESS THAT AT LEAST 50 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #100 MESH 4. LIME AND FERTILIZER ARE TO BE EVENLY DISTRIBUTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THE 5. WHERE THE SUBSOIL IS EITHER HIGHLY ACIDIC OR COMPOSED OF HEAVY CLAYS, SPREAD GROUND LIMESTONE AT THE RATE OF 4 TO 8 TONS/ACRE (200-400 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET) PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL.

DETAIL B-1 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION SCE **ENTRANCI** - EXISTING PAVEMENT MIPT -1 ANNA T -EARTH FILI -PIPE (SEE NOTE 6) PROFILE 50 FT MIN. LENGTH PLAN VIEW CONSTRUCTION NOTES PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (*30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS. PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE. PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE. PROVIDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY. A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS NOT LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT. PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS. PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE (WITHOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE. MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT MINIMIZES TRACKING OF SEDIMENT. ADD STONE OR MAKE OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRAPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

2011

B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

THE APPLICATION OF SEED AND MULCH TO ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER.

TO PROTECT DISTURBED SOILS FROM EROSION DURING AND AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, SLOPES, AND ANY DISTURBED AREA NOT UNDER ACTIVE

1.SPECIFICATIONS

A. ALL SEED MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARYLAND STATE SEED LAW. ALL SEED MUST BE SUBJECT TO RE-TESTING BY A RECOGNIZED SEED LABORATORY, ALL SEED USED MUST HAVE REEN TESTED WITHIN THE 6 MONTHS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF SOWING SUCH MATERIAL ON ANY PROJECT. REFER TO TABLE B.4 REGARDING THE QUALITY OF SEED. SEED TAGS MUST BE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST TO THE INSPECTOR TO VERIFY TYPE OF SEED AND SEEDING RATE. B. MULCH ALONE MAY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES ONLY IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN. THE APPROPRIATE SEEDING MIXTURE MUST BE APPLIED WHEN THE GROUND

. INOCULANTS: THE INOCULANT FOR TREATING LEGUME SEED IN THE SEED MIXTURES MUST BE A PURE CULTURE OF NITROGEN FIXING BACTERIA PREPARED SPECIFICALLY FOR THE SPECIES. INOCULANTS MUST NOT BE USED LATER THAN THE DATE INDICATED ON THE CONTAINER. ADD FRESH INOCULANTS AS DIRECTED ON THE PACKAGE. USE FOUR TIMES THE RECOMMENDED RATE WHEN HYDROSEEDING. NOTE: IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO KEEP INOCULANT AS COOL AS POSSIBLE UNTIL USED. TEMPERATURES ABOVE 75 TO 80 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT CAN WEAKEN BACTERIA AND MAKE THE INOCULANT LESS EFFECTIVE D. SOD OR SEED MUST NOT BE PLACED ON SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME HAS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO

APPLICATION A. DRY SEEDING: THIS INCLUDES USE OF CONVENTIONAL DROP OR BROADCAST SPREADERS. . INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SUBSOIL AT THE RATES PRESCRIBED ON TEMPORARY SEEDING TABLE 8.1, PERMANENT SEEDING TABLE 8.3, OR SITE-SPECIFIC SEEDING SUMMARIES. II. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS. PERPENDICULAR TO FACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION. ROLL THE SEEDED AREA WITH A WEIGHTED ROLLER TO PROVIDE GOOD SEED TO SOIL CONTACT. B. DRILL OR CULTIPACKER SEEDING: MECHANIZED SEEDERS THAT APPLY AND COVER SEED WITH SOIL I. CULTIPACKING SEEDERS ARE REQUIRED TO BURY THE SEED IN SUCH A FASHION AS TO PROVIDE

AT LEAST 1/4 INCH OF SOIL COVERING. SEEDBED MUST BE FIRM AFTER PLANTING. II. APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN FACH DIRECTION C. HYDROSEEDING: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDES SEED AND I. IF FERTILIZER IS BEING APPLIED AT THE TIME OF SEEDING, THE APPLICATION RATES SHOULD NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING: NITROGEN, 100 POUNDS PER ACRE TOTAL OF SOLUBLE NITROGEN;

P205 (PHOSPHOROUS), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE; K20 (POTASSIUM), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE. II. LIME: USE ONLY GROUND AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE (UP TO 3 TONS PER ACRE MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING). NORMALLY, NOT MORE THAN 2 TONS ARE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING AT ANY ONE TIME. DO NOT USE BURNT OR HYDRATED LIME WHEN HYDROSEEDING III. MIX SEED AND FERTILIZER ON SITE AND SEED IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION. IV. WHEN HYDROSEEDING DO NOT INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SOIL.

I. MULCH MATERIALS (IN ORDER OF PREFERENCE)

PERMIT DISSIPATION OF PHYTO-TOXIC MATERIALS.

A. STRAW CONSISTING OF THOROUGHLY THRESHED WHEAT, LYE, OAT, OR BARLEY AND REASONABLY BRIGHT IN COLOR. STRAW IS TO BE FREE OF NOXIOUS WEED SEEDS AS SPECIFIED IN THE MARYLAND SEED LAW AND NOT MUSTY, MOLDY, CAKED, DECAYED, OR EXCESSIVELY DUSTY. NOTE: USE ONLY STERILE STRAW MULCH IN AREAS WHERE ONE SPECIES OF GRASS IS DESIRED. B. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH (WCFM) CONSISTING OF SPECIALLY PREPARED WOOD CELLULOSE PROCESSED INTO A UNIFORM FIBROUS PHYSICAL STATE WCFM IS TO BE DYED GREEN OR CONTAIN A GREEN DYE IN THE PACKAGE THAT WILL PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATE COLOR TO FACILITATE VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE UNIFORMLY SPREAD SLURRY.

II. WCFM. INCLUDING DYE. MUST CONTAIN NO GERMINATION OR GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS III. WCFM MATERIALS ARE TO BE MANUFACTURED AND PROCESSED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH WILL REMAIN IN UNIFORM SUSPENSION IN WATER UNDER AGITATION AND WILL BLEND WITH SEED, FERTILIZER AND OTHER ADDITIVES TO FORM A HOMOGENEOUS SLURRY. THE MULCH MATERIAL MUST FORM A BLOTTER-LIKE GROUND COVER, ON APPLICATION, HAVING MOISTURE ABSORPTION AND PERCOLATION PROPERTIES AND MUST COVER AND HOLD GRASS SEED IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL WITHOUT INHIBITING THE GROWTH OF THE GRASS SEEDLINGS. IV. WCFM MATERIAL MUST NOT CONTAIN ELEMENTS OR COMPOUNDS AT CONCENTRATION LEVELS THAT WILL BE V. WCFM MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS: FIBER LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 10 MILLIMETERS, DIAMETER APPROXIMATELY 1 MILLIMETER, PH RANGE OF 4.0 TO 8.5, ASH CONTENT OF 1.6

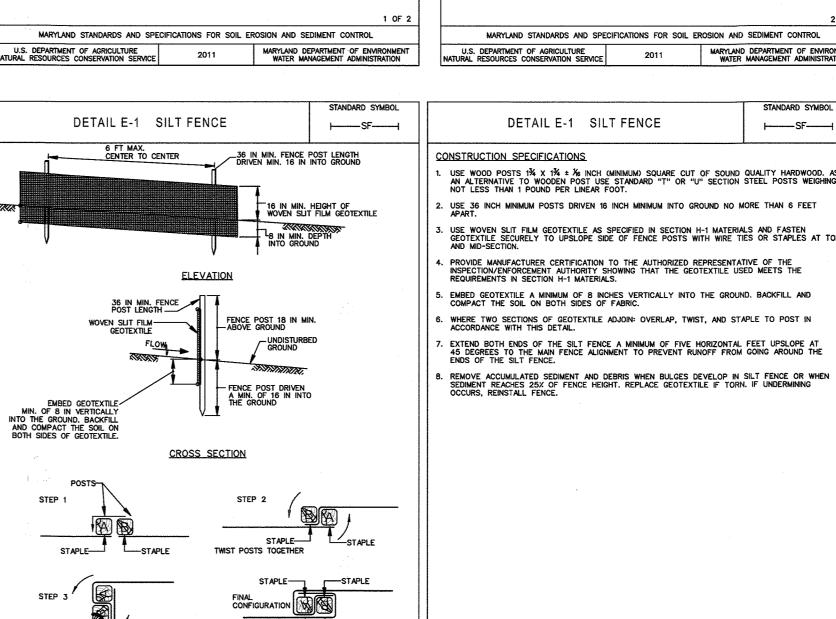
PERCENT MAXIMUM AND WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF 90 PERCENT MINIMUM.

A. APPLY MULCH TO ALL SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. B. WHEN STRAW MULCH IS USED, SPREAD IT OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE TO A UNIFORM LOOSE DEPTH OF 1 TO 2 INCHES. APPLY MULCH TO ACHIEVE A UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION AND DEPTH SO THAT THE SOIL SURFACE IS NOT EXPOSED. WHEN USING

MULCH ANCHORING TOOL, INCREASE THE APPLICATION RATE TO 2.5 TONS PER ACRE. C. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER USED AS MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 1500 POUNDS PER ACRE, MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER TO ATTAIN A MIXTURE WITH A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.

A. PERFORM MULCH ANCHORING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING APPLICATION OF MULCH TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER. THIS MAY BE DONE BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS (LISTED BY PREFERENCE), DEPENDING UPON THE SIZE OF THE AREA AND EROSION HAZARD: I. A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS A TRACTOR DRAWN IMPLEMENT DESIGNED TO PUNCH AND ANCHOR MULCH INTO THE SOIL SURFACE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES. THIS PRACTICE IS MOST EFFECTIVE ON LARGE AREAS, BUT IS LIMITED TO FLATTER SLOPES WHERE EQUIPMENT CAN OPERATE SAFELY. IF USED ON SLOPING LAND, THIS PRACTICE SHOULD FOLLOW THE CONTOUR. II. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MAY BE USED FOR ANCHORING STRAW. APPLY THE FIBER BINDER AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 750 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER AT A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER. III. SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRO-TACK), DCA-70, PETROSET

TERRA TAX II, TERRA TACK AR OR OTHER APPRÒVED EQUAL MAY BE USED. FOLLOW APPLICATION RATES AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. APPLICATION OF LIQUID BINDERS NEEDS TO BE HEAVIER AT THE EDGES WHERE WIND CATCHES MULCH, SUCH AS IN VALLEYS AND ON CRESTS OF BANKS. USE OF ASPHALT BINDERS IV. LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC NETTING MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. NETTING IS USUALLY AVAILABLE IN ROLLS 4 TO 15 FEET WIDE AND 300 TO 3,000 FEET



. USE 36 INCH MINIMUM POSTS DRIVEN 16 INCH MINIMUM INTO GROUND NO MORE THAN 6 FEET 5. USE WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS AND FASTEN GEOTEXTILE SECURELY TO UPSLOPE SIDE OF FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES AT TOP I. PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT THE GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE . EMBED GEOTEXTILE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES VERTICALLY INTO THE GROUND. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE SOIL ON BOTH SIDES OF FABRIC. WHERE TWO SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE ADJOIN: OVERLAP, TWIST, AND STAPLE TO POST IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DETAIL. Z. EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN SILT FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL FENCE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

DETAIL E-9-1 STANDARD INLET PROTECTION

USE WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS.

EXCAVATE COMPLETELY AROUND THE INLET TO A DEPTH OF 18 INCHES BELOW THE NOTCH ELEVATION.

FOR TYPE A, USE NOMINAL 2 INCH X 4 INCH CONSTRUCTION GRADE LUMBER POSTS, DRIVEN 1 FOOT INTO THE GROUND AT EACH CORNER OF THE INLET. PLACE NAIL STRIPS BETWEEN THE POSTS ON TH

ENDS OF THE INLET. ASSEMBLE THE TOP PORTION OF THE 2X4 FRAME AS SHOWN, STRETCH & INCH GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH TIGHTLY AROUND THE FRAME AND FASTEN SECURELY, FASTEN GEOTEXTILE SECURELY TO THE HARDWARE CLOTH WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION, EMBED GEOTEXTILE AND HARDWARE CLOTH A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES BELOW THE WEIR CREST, THE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE MUST MEET AT A POST, BE OVERLAPPED AND FOLDED, THEN EXCENTINE TO THE DOET.

FOR TYPE B, USE 2% INCH DIAMETER GALVANIZED STEEL POSTS OF 0.095 INCH WALL THICKNESS AI 6 FOOT LENGTH, DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES BELOW THE WEIR CREST AT EACH CORNER OF TISTRUCTURE. FASTEN 9 GAUGE OR HEAVIER CHAIN LINK FENCE, 42 INCHES IN HEIGHT, SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES. FASTEN GEOTEXTILE SECURELY TO THE CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AND CHAIN LINK FENCE A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES BELOW THE WEIR CREST.

STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION REQUIRES FREQUENT MAINTENANCE. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMEN AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT TO MAINTAIN FUNCTION AND AVOID PREMATURE CLOGGING. IF INLET PROTECTION DOES NOT COMPLETELY DRAIN WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER A STORM EVENT, IT IS CLOGGED. WHEN THIS OCCURS, REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND CLEAN, OR REPLACE GEOTEXTILE AND

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

STAPLE-

JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT

FENCE SECTIONS (TOP VIEW)

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION DEFINITION TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH VEGETATION FOR UP TO 6 MONTHS.

MAINTAIN UNTIL THE NEXT SEEDING SEASON.

TO USE FAST GROWING VEGETATION THAT PROVIDES COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

DETAIL E-9-1 STANDARD INLET PROTECTION

TOP ELEVATION

-16 IN MIN. -NOTCH ELEVATION

LINK FENCE (TYP.)

ISOMETRIC VIEW

SECTION FOR TYPE A AND B

18 IN INTO GROUND -

-2 IN x 4 IN FRAMIN

WOVEN SLIT FILM

TYPE A

TYPE A MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1/4 ACRE
TYPE B MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1 ACRE

TYPE B

EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR A PERIOD OF 6 MONTHS OR LESS. FOR LONGER DURATION OF TIME, PERMANENT STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE REQUIRED. 1. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR SEED MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE 8.1

FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3), AND ENTER THEM IN THE TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY BELOW ALONG WITH APPLICATION RATES SEEDING DATES AND SEEDING DEPTHS. IF THIS SUMMARY IS NOT PUT ON THE PLAN AND COMPLETED, THEN TABLE 8.1 PLUS FERTILIZER AND LIME RATES MUST BE PUT ON THE PLAN 2. FOR SITES HAVING SOIL TESTS PERFORMED, USE AND SHOW THE RECOMMENDED RATES BY THE TESTING AGENCY. SOIL TESTS ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR TEMPORARY 3. WHEN STABILIZATION IS REQUIRED OUTSIDE OF A SEEDING SEASON, APPLY SEED AND MULCH OR STRAW MULCH ALONE AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION B-4-3.A.1.B AND

TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY

	HARDINESS Z SEED MIXTUR	FERTILIZER RATE	LIME RATE				
NO	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC)	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	(10-20-20)		
1	COOL SEASON ANNUAL RYEGRASS OR EQUAL	40 LB / AC	MAR 1 TO MAY 15 AUG 1 TO OCT 15	1/2 IN.	436 LB/AC (10 LB PER 1000 SF)	2 TONS/AC (90 LB PEI 1000 SF	
2	WARM SEASON FOXTAIL MILLET OR EQUAL	30 LB / AC	MAY 16 TO JUL 31	1/2 IN.			

FOR ALTERNATES, REFER TO THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PAGE B.20, TABLE B.1, SHOWN ON SHEET X

B-4-8 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS STOCKPILE AREA

A MOUND OR PILE OF SOIL PROTECTED BY APPROPRIATELY DESIGNED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

TO PROVIDE A DESIGNATED LOCATION FOR THE TEMPORARY STORAGE OF SOIL THAT CONTROLS THE POTENTIAL FOR EROSION, SEDIMENTATION, AND CHANGES TO DRAINAGE

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES STOCKPILE AREAS ARE UTILIZED WHEN IT IS NECESSARY TO SALVAGE AND STORE SOIL

THE STOCKPILE LOCATION AND ALL RELATED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE CLEARLY INDICATED ON THE FROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN. THE FOOTPRINT OF THE STOCKPILE MUST BE SIZED TO ACCOMMODATE THE ANTICIPATED VOLUME OF MATERIAL AND BASED ON A SIDE SLOPE RATIO NO STEEPER THAN 2:1. BENCHING MUST BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-3 LAND GRADING.

RUNOFF FROM THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST DRAIN TO A SUITABLE SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE. ACCESS THE STOCKPILE AREA FROM THE UPGRADE SIDE CLEAR WATER RUNOFF INTO THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST BE MINIMIZED BY USE OF A DIVERSION DEVICE SUCH AS AN EARTH DIKE, TEMPORARY SWALE OR DIVERSION FENCE. PROVISIONS MUST BE MADE FOR DISCHARGING CONCENTRATED FLOW IN A NON-FROSIVE MANNER. WHERE RUNOFF CONCENTRATES ALONG THE TOE OF THE STOCKPILE FILL, AN APPROPRIATE EROSION/SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE MUST BE USED TO

INTERCEPT THE DISCHARGE. STOCKPILES MUST BE STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 3/7 DAY STABILIZATION REQUIREMENT AS WELL AS STANDARD B-4-1 INCREMENTAL Tabilization and Standard B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. 8. IF THE STOCKPILE IS LOCATED ON AN IMPERVIOUS SURFACE, A LINER SHOULD BE PROVIDED BELOW THE STOCKPILE TO FACILITATE CLEANUP. STOCKPILES CONTAINING CONTAMINATED MATERIAL MUST BE COVERED WITH IMPERMEABLE

THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST CONTINUOUSLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION. SIDE SLOPES MUST BE MAINTAINED AT NO STEEPER THAN A 2:1 RATIO. THE STOCKPILE AREA MUST BE KEPT FREE OF EROSION. IF THE VERTICAL HEIGHT OF A STOCKPILE EXCEEDS 20 FEET FOR 2:1 SLOPES, 30 FEET FOR 3:1 SLOPES OR 40 FEFT FOR 4:1 SLOPES, BENCHING MUST BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-3 LAND GRADING

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

DEVELOPER / CONTRACTOR SHALL REQUEST A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE

CLEAR AND GRUB FOR THE INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER CONTROLS. - (1 DAY)

DEMOLISH EXISTING BUILDING AND MILL EXISTING DRIVEWAY. - (5 DAYS)

APPROPRIATE ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION. - (1 DAY)

NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS (410-313-1880) AT LEAST

INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND PERIMETER CONTROLS AS SHOWN HEREON

WITH PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, PROCEED WITH THE INSTALLATION OF

NLET PROTECTION AS SHOWN HEREON OR AS DIRECTED BY THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON THE SEDIMENT

COMPLETE ANY REMAINING GRADING REQUIRED TO PLACE FRONT OF ASSISTED LIVING PARKING

INSTALL PROPOSED CURB AND GUTTER AND TIE INTO SIDEWALK AS NECESSARY. - (2 DAYS)

STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS BEHIND CURBING PLACED TO FINAL GRADE WITH PERMANENT

SEEDING MIXTURE AND STRAW MULCH OR AS DIRECTED BY THE SEDIMENT CONTRIOL

16. OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR TO PROCEED TO REAR OF

17. PLACE NEW CURB AREAS TO SUBGRADE AND/OR WITH CONTRIBUTING AREA STABILIZED SAW

2. COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF MICRO-BIORETENTIONS AND ASSOCIATED UNDERDRAINS.

23. WITH ALL PARKING LOT IMPROVEMENTS IN PLACE, PREPARE PARKING LOT FOR COMPLETE

UPON STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE SEDIMENT

APPROVED BY THE PLAN APPROVAL AUTHORITY PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.

NOTE: ANY CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE REVIEWED AND

CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND STABILIZE DISTURBANCES

LOT MICRO-BIORETENTION FACILITIES. MICRO-BIOS TO RECIEVE RUNOFF FROM CLEAN

CUT EXISTING PARKING BAYS, POUR CURBING AND COMPLETE CONSTRUCTION OF PARKING

19. INSTALL P-2 PAVEMENT SUBBASE, EXCAVATE FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION FACILITIES, STORM DRAIN

SYSTEM RUNS FROM I-1 TO MH-1, MH-2 TO MH-3, I-2 TO MH-3, AND I-3 TO MH-3, STONE

RESERVOIR, STONE SUBBASE AND ALL ASSOCIATED UNDER & OVER DRAIN INSTALLATION. - (5 DAYS)

AND EROSION CONTROLS SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS.

10. AFTER OBTAINING PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR TO PROCEED

STORM DRAIN SYSTEM FROM RUN MH-1 TO MH-2. PROCEED WITH THE INSTALLATION OF THE WATER

AND SEWER UTILITIES WHICH INCLUDES SAW CUTTING EXISTING PARKING LOT PAVEMENT AND INSTALL I

OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT. - (1 DAY)

24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK. - (1 DAY)

STAKEOUT LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE. - (2 DAYS)

AND STABILIZE DISTURBANCES. - (2 DAYS)

AREA TO SUBGRADE. - (2 WEEKS)

BEGIN CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDING.

14. INSTALL P-2 PAVEMENT SUBBASE. - (5 DAYS)

20. COMPLETE BUILDING CONSTRUCTION. — (16 WEEKS)

1. COMPLETE INSTALLATION P-2 PARKING LOT. - (5 DAYS)

15. COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF P-2 PARKING LOT. - (5 DAYS)

PARKING LOT WITH STABILIZED DRAINAGE AREAS. - (5 DAYS)

24. INSTALL CLEAN SURFACE COAT AND PARKING LOT STRIPING - (5 DAYS)

WITH PERMANENT SEEDING MIXTURE AND STRAW MULCH. - (5 DAYS)

INSPECTOR. – (2 DAYS)

OVERLAY - (5 DAYS)

STANDARD SYMBOL

-----SF-----

2 OF

INSTALL SIDEWALK. - (5 DAYS)

INSTALL LANDSCAPING - (5 DAYS)

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN **GRADING & EROSION AND** SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN NOTES AND **DETAILS**

10210 GUILFORD ROAD

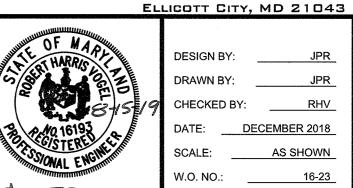
GUILFORD ASSISTED LIVING

SUITE 110

TAX MAP 47 BLOCK 6 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

ROBERT H. VOGEL ENGINEERING, INC.

ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • PLANNERS



DESIGN BY: DRAWN BY: ____ AS SHOWN

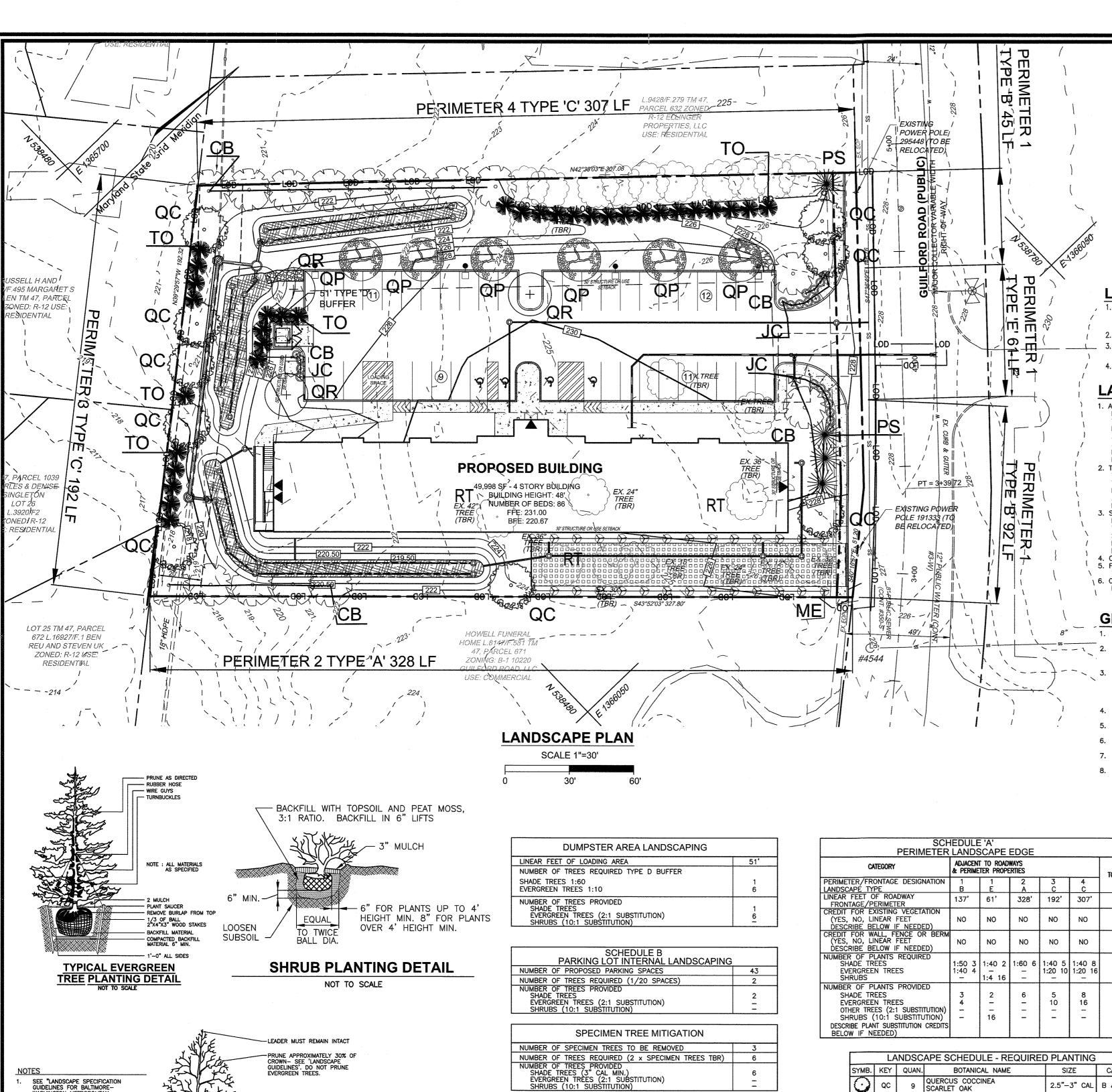
3300 NORTH RIDGE ROAD TEL: 410.461.7666 FAX: 410.461.8961 PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATE ERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND HAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONA NGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 16193 PIRATION DATE: 09-27-2020

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

ROBERT H. VOGEL, PE No.16193

CHECKED BY: DATE: DECEMBER 2018 SCALE: W.O. NO.:

SHEET 11



"FIRE LANE" ACCESS SCREENING TABLE

DPZ'S POLICIES GOVERNING THE PLACEMENT OF LANDSCAPING AND STREET

TREES IN PROXIMITY TO BGE'S POWER LINES OR TRANSMISSION RIGHT-

OF-WAY ARE BASED ON BGE'S PUBLISHED "PLANTING ZONE CONCEPT" WHICH

STIPULATES THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE SIZE OF PLANT MATERIALS FOR THREE DEFINED ZONES. AS THE DISTANCE FROM BGE EQUIPMENT INCREASES, SO

DOES THE SIZE OF THE ALLOWABLE PLANT MATERIALS. THESE THREE ZONES

8-15-19

DISTANCE FROM THE BGE POWER LINE MAXIMUM HEIGHT

NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES

AREA DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:

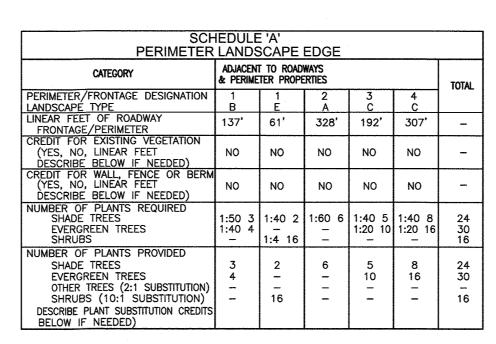
I/WE CERTIFY THAT THE LANDSCAPING SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WILL BE DONE

BY AN EXECUTED ONE (1) YEAR GUARANTEE OF PLANT MATERIALS, WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.

SIGNATURE OF DEVELOPER

AND THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL. I/WE FURTHER CERTIFY THAT UPON COMPLETION, A CERTIFICATION OF LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION, ACCOMPANIED

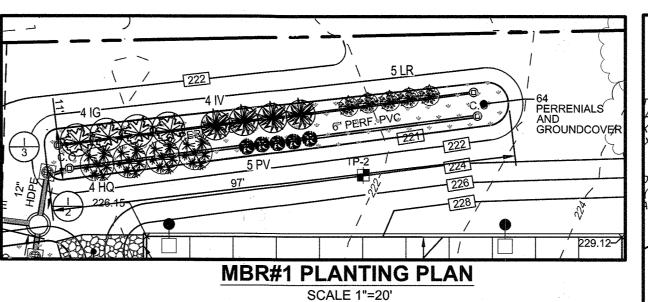
ACCORDING TO THE PLAN, SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE



		LA	NDSC	APE SCHEDULE - REQUIRED PLANTING				
	SYMB.	KEY	QUAN.	BOTANICAL NAME	SIZE	CAT		
	\odot	QC	9	QUERCUS COCCINEA SCARLET OAK	2.5"-3" CAL	В & В		
	**	PS	4	PINUS STROBUS EASTERN WHITE PINE	6-8' HGT	B & B		
,	*	то	32 THUJA OCCIDENTALS 'GREEN EMERALD' WHITE CEDAR		6-8' HGT	B & B		
	×	QR	2	QUERCUS RUBRA NORTHERN RED OAK	2.5"-3" CAL	B & B		
	5	СВ	16	CARPINUS BETULUS 'FASTIGIATA'	2.5"-3" CAL	B & B		
	③	JC	16	JUNIPERUS CHINENSIS COMPACT PFITZER JUNIPER	2'-2-1/2' HGT	B & B		
(FIRE LANE)	\bigcirc	ME	28	EUONYMOUS KIAUTSCHOVICUS MANHATTAN EUONYMOUS	1 GAL.	B & B		
SPECIMEN TREE REPLACEMENT	8	QP	6	QUERCUS PALUSTRIC PIN OAK	3" CAL	B & B		
	TO	TAL	113					

REFER TO WP 19-064 - 3" CALIPER NATIVE SHADE TREES REQUIRED

GREEN YELLOW	UP TO 20 FEET BETWEEN 20 FEET AND 45 FEET	25 FEET 40 FEET			
RED	BEYOND 45 FEET	ABOVE 40 FEET	SPECIMEN TRE	EE - REPLACEMENT	CALCULATIONS
			NO. TO BE REMOVED	NO. REPLACEMENT	NO. PROVIDE
				REQUIRED	
			2	8	8
DEVELOPER'S/BUILD	ER'S CERTIFICATE	Assertation of the Control of the Co			3" CAL.



LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE NOTES:

1. ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE FULL AND HEAVY, BE WELL FORMED AND SYMMETRICAL, CONFORM TO THE MOST CURRENT AAN SPECIFICATIONS AND BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HRD PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS.

2. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO DIGGING. 3. FINAL LOCATION OF PLANT MATERIAL MAY NEED TO VARY TO MEET FINAL FIELD CONDITIONS. TREES SHALL NOT BE PLANTED IN THE BOTTOM OF DRAINAGE SWALES.

4. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY PLANT QUANTITIES PRIOR TO BIDDING, IF PLAN DIFFERS FROM LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE, THE PLAN SHALL GOVERN.

LANDSCAPE NOTES

1. AT THE TIME OF PLANT INSTALLATION, ALL SHRUBS AND TREES LISTED AND APPROVED ON THE LANDSCAPE PLAN, SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROPER HEIGHT REQUIREMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL. IN ADDITION, NO SUBSTITUTIONS OR RELOCATIONS OF THE REQUIRED PLANTINGS MAY BE MADE WITHOUT PRIOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING, ANY DEVIATION FROM THE APPROVED LANDSCAPE PLAN MAY RESULT IN DENIAL OR DELAY IN THE RELEASE OF LANDSCAPE SURETY UNTIL SUCH TIME AS ALL REQUIRED MATERIALS ARE PLANTED AND/OR REVISIONS ARE MADE TO THE APPLICABLE PLANS. THE OWNER, TENANT AND/OR THEIR AGENTS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE REQUIRED LANDSCAPING INCLUDING BOTH PLANT MATERIALS AND BERMS, FENCES AND WALLS. ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD GROWING CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPLACED WITH NEW MATERIALS TO ENSURE CONTINUED COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS. ALL OTHER REQUIRED LANDSCAPING SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MAINTAINED IN GOOD CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPAIRED OR REPLACED. SHOULD ANY TREE DESIGNATED FOR PRESERVATION FOR WHICH LANDSCAPING CREDIT IS GIVEN, DIE PRIOR TO RELEASE OF BONDS, THE OWNER WILL BE REQUIRED TO REPLACE THE TREE WITH THE EQUIVALENT SPECIES OR WITH A TREE WHICH WILL OBTAIN THE SAME HEIGHT, SPREAD, AND GROWTH CHARACTERISTICS. THE REPLACEMENT TREE MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES IN CALIPER AND INSTALLED AS REQUIRED IN THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE

4. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO DIGGING.
5. FINAL LOCATION OF PLANT MATERIAL MAY NEED TO VARY TO MEET FINAL FIELD CONDITIONS.
TREES SHALL NOT BE PLANTED IN THE BOTTOM OF DRAINAGE SWALES. 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY PLANT QUANTITIES PRIOR TO BIDDING. IF PLAN DIFFERS FROM LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE, THE PLAN SHALL GOVERN.

GENERAL NOTES:

THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL.
FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE REQUIRED LANDSCAPING HAS BEEN POSED AS PART OF THE DPW DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF \$16,620 FOR 33 SHADE TREES @ \$300.00 EACH, 36 EVERGREEN TREES © \$150.00 EACH AND 44 SHRUBS © \$30.00 EACH.
THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO THE AMENDED FIFTH EDITION OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND
DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION OF THESE LOTS MUST
COMPLY WITH SETBACK AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF
SUBMISSION OF THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN, WAIVER PETITION, OR BUILDING AND

GRADING PERMITS.
THERE ARE NO BURIAL GROUNDS, CEMETERIES, OR HISTORIC STRUCTURES LOCATED ON THIS PROPERTY 5. NO LANDSCAPING TO BE INSTALLED WITHIN ANY PUBLIC EASEMENT FOR WATER, SEWER, OR STORMDRAIN. 6. ANY EXISTING STREET TREES DAMAGED OR DESTROYED DURING CONSTRUCTION WILL BE ANT EXISTING STREET TREES DAMAGED OR DESTROYED DURING CONSTRUCTION WILL BE REPLACED BY THE CONTRACTOR.

7. 0.20—ACRE OF FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION FOR THIS PROJECT WILL BE SATISFIED BY OFF—SITE PLANTING RETENTION. FOREST BANK: CATTAIL CREEK SDP 14—031.

8. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO WP—19—114 ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE OF SECTION 16.1205(a)(7) AND (10), APPROVED ON JUNE 26, 2019 FOR THE REMOVAL OF THREE (3)

GROUNDCOVER

SCALE 1"=20'

MBR#2 PLANTING PLAN

1 LHAVE CON TO MAKE

FOREST CONSERVATION WORKSHEET

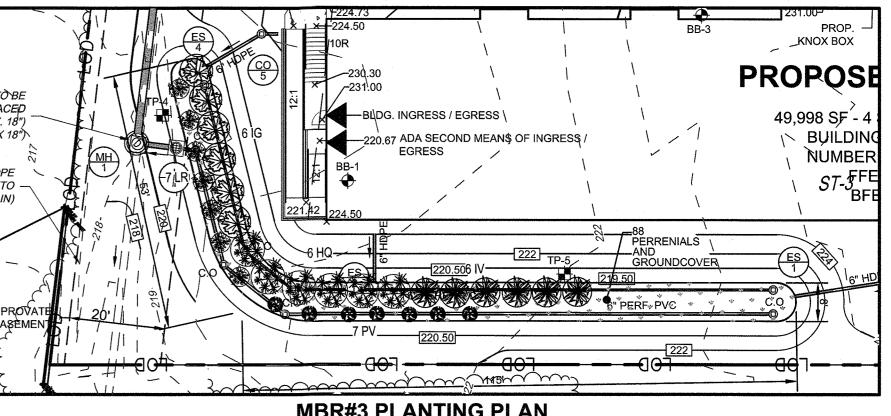
Version 1.0

Project: 10210 Guilford Road Date: June 7, 2018

NET TRACT AREA	
A *** 1 1 c	Acres
A. Total tract area	1.4
B. Area within 100 Year Floodplain	0
C. Area of existing impervious surface/unchanged use D. Net Tract Area	0
D. Net tract Area	1.4
LAND USE CATEGORY:	
ARA MDR IDA HDR MPD CIA	
X	
E. Afforestation Threshold (percentage) 15	0.2
F. Conservation Threshold (percentage) 20	0.3
EXISTING FOREST COVER:	
G. Existing forest cover (excluding floodplain)	0
H. Area of forest above afforestation threshold	0
Area of forest above conservation threshold	0
BREAK EVEN POINT:	NA.
Forest retention above threshold with no mitigation	
Break-Even Poir	<u> 11 </u>
K. Clearing permitted without mitigation	
PROPOSED FOREST CLEARING	
Talda Company	
L. Total area of forest to be Cleared or Retained Outside FCE M. Total area of forest to be Retained in FCE	
W. Total area of torest to be ketained in FUE	
PLANTING REQUIREMENTS	
	0
N. Reforestation for clearing above Conservation Threshold	0
P. Reforestation for clearing below Conservation Threshold	V
P. Reforestation for clearing below Conservation Threshold Q. Credit for retention above conservation threshold	0
P. Reforestation for clearing below Conservation Threshold	
P. Reforestation for clearing below Conservation Threshold Q. Credit for retention above conservation threshold	0

Specimen Tree Chart

Key (X#)	Species	Size (In.dbh)	CRZ (feet radius)	Comments
1	Willow oak	36	54.	Good condition, to be removed
2	Loblolly pine	34	51	Good condition, to be removed
3	Willow oak	46.5	69.75	Good condition, to be removed



MBR#3 PLANTING PLAN SCALE 1"=20'

"MICRO-BIORETENTION/RAINGARDEN" **PLANTING SCHEDULE NOTES:**

- 1. ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE FULL AND HEAVY, BE WELL FORMED AND SYMMETRICAL, CONFORM TO THE MOST CURRENT AAN SPECIFICATIONS AND BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HOWARD COUNTY PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO
- FINAL LOCATION OF PLANT MATERIAL MAY NEED TO VARY TO MEET FINAL FIELD CONDITIONS. TREES SHALL NOT BE PLANTED IN THE BOTTOM OF DRAINAGE SWALES. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY PLANT QUANTITIES PRIOR TO BIDDING. IF PLAN DIFFERS
- FROM LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE, THE PLAN SHALL GOVERN. MICROBIORETENTION AREAS ARE TO BE PLANTED BASED ON A MINIMUM DENSITY OF
- 1000 STEMS PER PLANTED ACRE (.0229 STEMS PER SQUARE FOOT). ABOVE PLANTING RATIOS ARE TO BE APPLIED TO THE AREAS PROVIDED IN THE ESDV SUMMARY 6. FILTER AREA SHALL BE 50% COVERED BY PLANTINGS AT FULL GROWTH

BIORETENTION PLANTING SCHEDULE (SHRUB/ORNIMENTAL GRASSES)								
EGEND/KEY	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME/COMMON NAME			IZE	REMARKS		
₩ IG	14	ILEX GLABRA 'SHAMROCK' INKBERRY HOLLEY	1 G	ALLON				
NI 💮	14	ITEA VIRGINICA 'HENRY'S GARNETT' VIRGINIA SWEETSPIRE	1 GALLON		_			
HQ	14	HYDRANGEA QUERCIFOLIA OAKLEAF HYDRANGEA	1 G	ALLON	_			
LR	17	LEUCOTHEO RACEMOSA FETTERBUSH	1 GAL.					
PV	17	PANICUM VIRGATUM SWITCHGRASS	1	GAL.	_			
BIORETENTION PERENNIALS/GROUNDCOVER PLANTING SCHEDULE								
LEGEND	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME/COMMON NAME	SIZ	ZE REMARKS				
107		BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS FALSE INDIGO		POT	12"-15" O.C. FOR SIDES AND BOTTOM OF MBR, MIX ALL VARIETIES IN A NATURALIZED RANDOM			
The state of the s	107	ACORUS GRAMINEUS 'OGON' GOLDEN VARIEGATED SWEET FLAG		QT.	PATTERN THROUGHOUT, PLANT IN GROUPS OF NO LESS THAN 9 PLANT: PER CLUMP			

REVISION DATE

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

LANDSCAPE & FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN, NOTES AND DETAILS

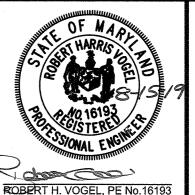
GUILFORD ASSISTED LIVING

10210 GUILFORD ROAD HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAN



ROBERT H. VOGEL ENGINEERING, INC. ENGINEERS . SURVEYORS . PLANNERS

3300 NORTH RIDGE ROAD TEL: 410.461.7666
FAX: 410.461.8961 SUITE 110 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043



TAX MAP 47 BLOCK 6 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

DESIGN BY:		JPR
DRAWN BY:		JPR
CHECKED BY	Y:	RHV
DATE:	DE	CEMBER 2018
SCALE: _		AS SHOWN
W.O. NO.:	_	16-23

THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 16193 EXPIRATION DATE: 09-27-2020 10 SHEET 11

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATE

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENT

WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND

PLACE UPRIGHT STAKES PARALLEL TO WALKS & BUILDINGS.

KEEP MULCH 1" FROM TRUNK

SEE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS
FOR ADDITIONAL PLANTINGS
WHICH EXCEED HOWARD COUNTY
MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.

TREE PLANTING AND STAKING

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

DECIDUOUS TREES UP TO 2-1/2" CALIPER

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION DAT

DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT DATE

CUT BURLAP & ROPE FROM TOP OF BALL

-- PLANTING MIX- SEE PLANTING NOTES

9-26.19

9-26-19

NOT TO SCALE

-LOOSENED SUBSOIL

___3" DEPTH MULCH

∠2" EARTH SAUCER

