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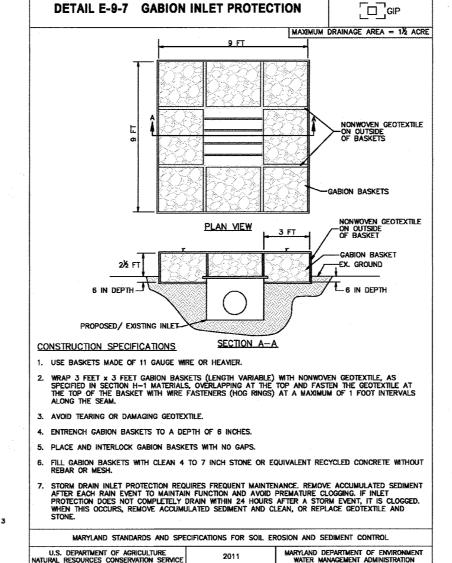
OF 2 IN x 4 IN

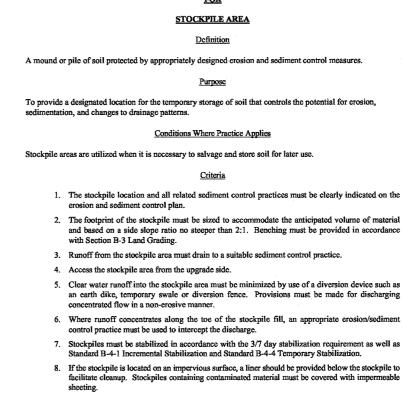
MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1/4 ACRE

DETAIL E-9-3 CURB INLET PROTECTION

DETAIL E-2 SILT FENCE ON PAVEMENT

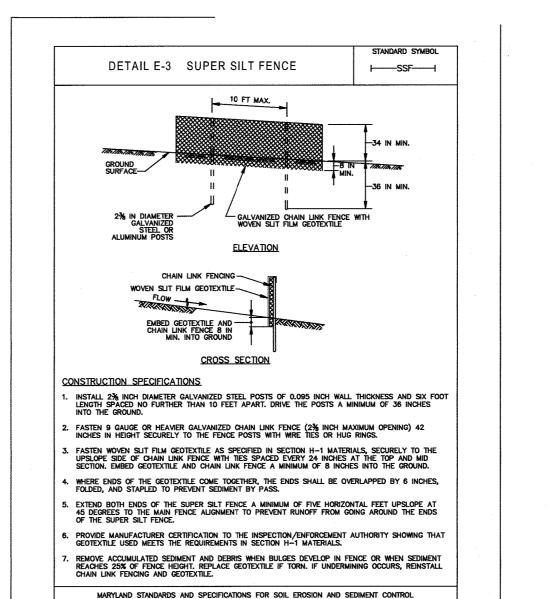
⊢—SFOP—





The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section B-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slones must be maintained at no steeper than a 2: ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of crosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2: slopes, 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3

B.43

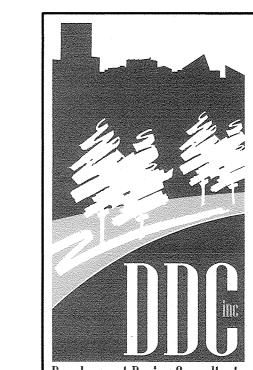


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
VATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

2011

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DATA SOURCES: EXISTING OFFSITE TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN PER HOWARD COUNTY OIT/GIS, BASED ON MARYLAND COORDINATE SYSTEM, NAD-83(1991), NAVD-88. EXISTING ONSITE TOPOGRAPHY AND BOUNDARY SHOWN PER FIELD RUN SURVEY PERFORMED BY DDC, INC COMPLETED IN OCTOBER 2016. EXISTING SOILS SHOWN PER USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY.



192 East Main Street Westminster, MD 21157 410.386.0560 410.386.0564 (Fax) DDC @ DDCinc.us

www.DDCinc.us

Landscape Architects

velopment Design Consulants DEVELOPER: ICON 7951 POOL 2, LLC 2 NORTH RIVERSIDE PLAZA

SUITE 2350 CHICAGO, IL 60606 (312)940-5285

OWNER:

SITE ADDRESS: 7951 OCEANO AVENUE JESSUP, MD 20794

> MARYLAND WHOLESALE FOOD CENTER PARCEL 'C' PROPOSED WAREHOUSE

6TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MD **REVISIONS**

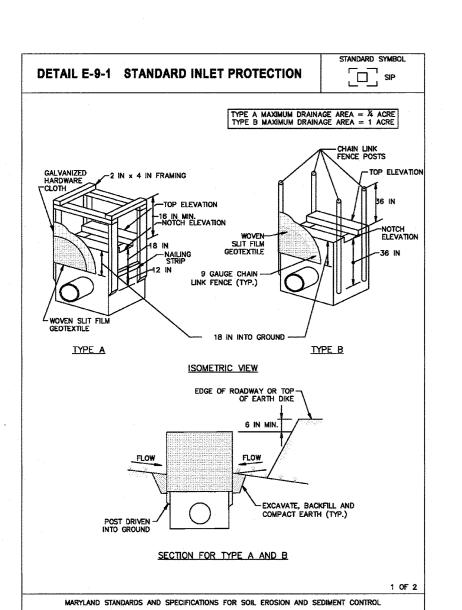
W. RICHARD DEMARIO PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER 21998

I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professiona engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 21998, Expiration Date: 06/06/20 05/31/18 DATE

DRN. REV. DATE DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES DES. BY: BKC TAX ACC. #: 1406488315 DRN. BY:BKC/CJ TAX MAP: 43 CHK. BY: PGC BLOCK / GRID: 21 DATE: 05/31/18 PARCEL#: 666 DDC JOB#: 16019.1 SHEET NUMBER: ZONE / USE: M-2 6 of 16 DWG. SCALE:N/A

THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET

STANDARD SYMBOL DETAIL E-9-1 STANDARD INLET PROTECTION TYPE A MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1/4 ACRE TYPE B MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1 ACRE . USE WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION $H\!-\!1$ MATERIALS. WOVEN SLIT FILM TYPE B ISOMETRIC VIEW 6 IN MIN. SECTION FOR TYPE A AND B MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL



2011

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND

SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL AND CONSERVATION

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

2. EXCAVATE COMPLETELY AROUND THE INLET TO A DEPTH OF 18 INCHES BELOW THE NOTCH ELEVATION FOR TYPE A, USE NOMINAL 2 INCH X 4 INCH CONSTRUCTION GRADE LUMBER POSTS, DRIVEN 1 FOOT INTO THE GROUND AT EACH CORNER OF THE INLET. PLACE NAIL STRIPS BETWEEN THE POSTS ON THE

2011

CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION

WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL

BY THE DEVELOPER:

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

B-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS Definition - The process of preparing the soils to sustain adequate vegetative stabilization. Purpose - To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Conditions Where Practice Applies - Where vegetative stabilization is to be established, Criteria A. Soil Preparation

Temporary Stabilization

a. Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plaus or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are: i. Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0.

Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable. iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight. v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches.

d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

B. Topsoiling
1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.
The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards

as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce

vegetative growth.

b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.

I. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design.

I. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:

a. Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1½ inches in diameter.

b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, auack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.

c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agranomist or coil substitutes and approved by the appropriate approved by the appropriate approved by the contraction of the proposition of the contraction of the proposition of the proposition of the contraction of the proposition of the contraction of the proposition of the proposition

soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in 6. Topsoil Application Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil b. Disformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.
c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy

condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications) Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for

both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.

2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer. 3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve. 4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 nches of soil by disking or other suitable means. 5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200–400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEEDING AND MULCHING Definition - The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover Purpose - To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction. Conditions Where Practice Applies - To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading.

A. Seeding
1. Specifications a. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed a. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be available upon request to the inspector to verify type of seed and seeding rate.

b. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground is frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws.

c. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective. d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.
i. Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary
Seeding Table B.1, Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding
summaries. ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Roll the seeded area with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with

i. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting. ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and

fertilizer).
i. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous), 200 pounds per acre; K20 (potassium), 200 pounds per acre. ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without nterruption iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil

BY THE DEVELOPER:

SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

Michael & Sheere

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND

EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL

ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL

ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD

OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I

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CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Mulch Materials (in order of preference)
a. Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and
reasonably bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in
the Maryland Seed Law and not musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively
dusty. Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is

b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.

i. WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.
ii. WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting

factors. 'iii. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner and proce that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.
iv. WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic.
v. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of pproximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter, pH range of 0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and water holding capacity of

2 Application a. Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

b. When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre. c. Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied at a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

3. Anchoring
a. Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon the size of the area and erosion hazard: i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should follow the ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is strictly prohibited. iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4 to 15 feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION Definition - To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months. Purpose - To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils Conditions Where Practice Applies – Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and compléted, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.
2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season.

B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PERMANENT STABILIZATION Definition - To stabilize disturbed soils with permanent vegetation.

Purpose - To use long-lived perennial grasses and legumes to establish permanent ground cover on disturbed soils Conditions Where Practice Applies - Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for 6 months or

Criteria A. Seed Mixtures

a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table B.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be placed on the plan.

b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 – Critical Area Planting. c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary.

2. Turfgrass Mixtures

a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance.

b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the

i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight. bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended. iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1½ to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet.

Notes: Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current Univ. of Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar

Heal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures

Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1

(Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a)

Central MD: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15

(Hardiness Zone: 6b)

Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15

(Hardiness Zónes: 7a, 7b) d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1% inches in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose no difficulty.

e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (½ to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the

planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse sites.

Id: To provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter).

General Specifications General Specifications

a. Class of turfgrass sod must be Maryland State Certified. Sod labels must be made available to the job foreman and inspector.

b. Sod must be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of ¾ inch, plus or minus ¼ inch, at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness must exclude top growth and thatch. Broken pads and torn or uneven ends will not be acceptable.

c. Standard size sections of sod must be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the unper 10 percent of the section.

er 10 percent of the section. Sod must not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may adversely affect its survival.
e. Sod must be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this period must be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation.

CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL

REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY

PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT

WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF

THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

2. Sod Installation

a. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil. lightly irrigate the subsoil immediately prior to laying the sod. b. Lay the first row of sod in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to it and tightly wedged against each other. Stagger lateral joints to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would cause air drying of the roots.

c. Wherever possible, lay sod with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Roll and tamp, peg or otherwise secure the sod to prevent slippage on slopes. Ensure solid contact exists between sod roots and the underlying soil surface d. Water the sod immediately following rolling and tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. Complete the operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod within eight hours.

3. Sod Maintenance a. In the absence of adequate rainfall, water daily during the first week or as often and sufficiently as necessary to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4 inches. Water sod during the heat of the day to prevent wilting. b. After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content.

c. Do not mow until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf must be removed by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Maintain a grass height of at least 3 inches unless otherwise specified.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

Scope: Planting permanent, long lived vegetative cover on graded and/or cleared areas and areas that have been in temporary vegetation for more than 6 months.

Standards: The following notes shall conform to Section B-4 of the "2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL" published jointly by the Maryland Department of Environment – Water Management Administration, the National Resource Conservation Service and the Maryland Association of Soil Conservation Districts.

The seed bed shall be prepared by loosening the soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches and incorporating the lime and fertilizer into this loosened layer of soil. See section B-4-2.

For sites over 5 ac. soil tests will be performed. Soil tests will be conducted by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Minimum soil conditions shall meet the requirements of section B-4-2-A-2-a, otherwise soil amendments or topsoil will need to be applied. Topsoiling may occur when soil conditions meet the minimum requirements as stated in section B-4-2-B. Soil amendments must meet the requirements as set forth in section B-4-2-C and must be applied as indicated by the soils tests.

For sites of 5 ac. or less of disturbance, the following fertilizer and lime rates shall apply. Fertilizer shall consist of a mixture of 10-20-20 and be applied at the following rates: N = 45 lb. per acre (1 lb. per 1000 sq.ft.) P205 = 90 lb. per acre (2 lb. per 1000 sq.ft.) K20 = 90 lb. per acre (2 lb. per 1000 sq.ft.) Lime shall be applied at a rate of 2 tons per acre (90 lb. per 1000 sq.ft.

Seed type, turfgrass or sod application shall meet the requirements in section B-4-5. Seed tass shall be made available to the inspector to verify the type and application rate of seed used. Mulch type and its application will meet the requirements in section B-4-3 a, b and c, and will be applied along with seed or immediately after seeding

Seeding mixtures shall be selected from or will be equal to those on Table B-3.

Permanent Seeding Summary

HARDINESS ZONE (from Figur Seed Mixture (from Table				ure B.3): = B.1):	3.3): FERTILIZER): (10-20-			LIME RATE	
NO.	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC)	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	N	P20s	K20		то
1	Annual Ryegrass	40	2/15-4/30 8/15-11/30	1/4 - 1/2 in.	45 pounds	90 lb/ac	90 lb/ac	·	7.
2	Foxtail Millet	30	5/1-8/14	1/4 - 1/2 in.	per acre (1.0 1b/1000	(2 1b/1000 s.f.)	(2 1b/1000 s.f.)	2 TONS/AC (90 LB/1000 SF)	-
					s.f.)	5.1.7	9.1.)		

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

Scope: Planting short term (no more than 6 Months) vegetation to temporarily stabilize any areas where soil disturbance has occurred, until the area can be permanently stabilized with vegetative or non-vegetative practices.

Standards: The following notes shall conform to Section B-4 of the@2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL" published jointly by the Maryland Department of Environment - Water Management Administration, the

The seed bed shall be prepared by loosening the soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches and incorporating the lime and fertilizer into this loosened layer of soil. See section B-4-2

For temporary stabilization, fertilizer shall consist of a mixture of 10-20-20 and be applied at a rate of 436 lb. per acre (10 lb. per 1000 sq. ft.) and will meet the requirements in section B-4-2. Lime shall be applied at a rate of 2 tons per acre (90 lb. per sq. ft.) and shall meet the requirements in section B-4-2 and B-4-4

Seed type and application shall meet the requirements in section B-4-3 Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify the type and rate of seed used. Mulch type and its application will meet the requirements in section B-4-3 a, b and c and will be applied along with the seed or immediately after seeding

Seeding mixtures shall be selected from or will be equal to those on Table B.1 (page B.20). Temporary Seeding Summary

HARDINESS ZONE (from Figure B.3):

Seed Mixture (from Table B.1):					FERTILIZER RATE	LIME RATE	
NO.	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC)	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	(10-20-20)		
	Tall Fescue 85%	125	3/1 to 5/15 8/15 to 11/15	1" 2		2 TONS/AC (90 LB/1000 SF)	
1	Perennial Ryegrass 10%	15	3/1 to 5/15 8/15 to 11/15	111 2	436 LB/AC (10 LB/1000 SF)		
	Kentucky Bluegrass 5%	10	3/1 to 5/15 8/15 to 11/15	1"			

Sequence of Construction

- 1. Obtain a Grading Permit. (1 day)
- Notify "Miss Utility" at least 48 hours before beginning any work at 1-800-257-7777. Notify Howard County Department of Inspections, Licenses, and Permits, Sediment Control Division at 410-313-1855 at least 24 hours before starting any work. (2 days)
- Contractor shall block existing entrance at Oceano Avenue Station 21+00 with chain link fence. Concurrently install SCE at Oceano Avenue Station 23+50. SCE initial width shall match existing curb width.
- 4. Install GIP (1 location), SIP (5 locations), and SSF along Tar Bay Drive, Oceano Avenue and Along Southern
- Demolish existing slab, paving, sidewalks and other features as shown on the demolition plan.
- 6. Complete debris removal.
- Concurrent with Step 6, install utilities, curbs, parking lots, and all site work (except M-2 SGM). Install new building.
- Transition inlet protection to new inlets as the work progresses.
- 9. Complete footer and slab. Relocate SSF as needed, keeping entire site enclosed
- 10. Grade parking lot and surrounding areas. Temporarily block new entrance at Oceano Avenue Station 26+00 with Chain Link Fence. Pave remaining areas and stabilize all disturbed areas.
- 12. Install Roof Leader Header, M-1, M-2, M-3, \$ M-4. Provide temporary roof leader diversion to I-6 with plugs on all Forebay pipes.
- 13. Install M-2 SGW in accordance with sequence on Sheet 12.
- 14. Once M-2 SGW is in place, remove plugs from roof leader header, place SGW into service.
- 15. Dust control will be provided for all disturbed areas. Refer to "2011 Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control", pg H.22, for acceptable methods and specifications for dust control (ongoing) (18 to 24 weeks).
- 16. With all disturbed areas stabilized, and with permission from the sediment control inspector, remove
- 17. Notify Howard County Office of Inspections and Permits for a final inspection of the completed site. (2

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST OCCUR WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION (CID) 410-313-1855 AFTER THE FUTURE LOD AND PROTECTED AREAS ARE MARKED CLEARLY IN THE FIELD. A MINIMUM OF 48 HOUR NOTICE TO CID MUST BE

GIVEN AT THE FOLLOWING STAGES:

a. PRIOR TO THE START OF EARTH DISTURBANCE,

b. UPON COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING c. PRIOR TO THE START OF ANOTHER PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION OR

OPENING OF ANOTHER GRADING UNIT, d. PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES.

OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE. OTHER RELATED STATE AND FEDERAL PERMITS SHALL BE REFERENCED. TO ENSURE COORDINATION AND TO AVOID CONFLICTS WITH THIS PLAN.

- 2. ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND REVISIONS THERETO.
- 3. FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION IS REQUIRED WITHIN THREE (3) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1); AND SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE EXCEPT FOR THOSE AREAS UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR TOPSOIL (SEC. B-4-2), PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. B-4-5), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. B-4-4) AND MULCHING (SEC. B-4-3). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN. INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION (SEC. B-4-1) SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE ENFORCED IN AREAS WITH N5' OF CUT AND/OR FILL. STOCKPILES (SEC. B-4-8) IN EXCESS OF 20 FT. MUST BE BENCHED WITH STABLE OUTLET. ALL CONCENTRATED FLOW, STEEP SLOPE, AND HIGHLY ERODIBLE AREAS SHALL RECEIVE SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING (SEC. B-4-6).
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE, AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE CID.

6.	SITE ANALYSIS:
	TOTAL AREA OF SITE
	AREA DISTURBED
	AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED:
	AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED:
7	TOTAL CUT:
	TOTAL FILL:

10.56 ACRES 6.73 ACRES 7.63 ACRES 2.93 ACRES 100 CU.YDS. 100 CU.YDS.

OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION: * THE NUMBERS SHOWN ARE FOR REVIEWING AGENCIES ONLY CONTRACTOR VERIFY QUANTITIES

ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.

8. ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE CID. THE SITE AND ALL CONTROLS SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR WEEKLY; AND THE NEXT DAY AFTER EACH

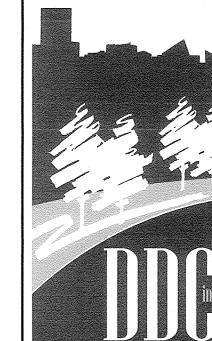
RAIN EVENT. A WRITTEN REPORT BY THE CONTRACTOR, MADE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST, IS PART OF EVERY INSPECTION AND SHOULD INCLUDE: . INSPECTION DATE

- . INSPECTION TYPE (ROUTINE, PRE-STORM EVENT, DURING RAIN EVENT) . NAME AND TITLE OF INSPECTOR
- . WEATHER INFORMATION (CURRENT CONDITIONS AS WELL AS TIME AND
- AMOUNT OF LAST RECORDED PRECIPITATION) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT'S STATUS (E.G., PERCENT COMPLETE)
- AND/OR CURRENT ACTIVITIES . EVIDENCE OF SEDIMENT DISCHARGES
- . IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN DEFICIENCIES . IDENTIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROLS THAT REQUIRE MAINTENANCE
- . IDENTIFICATION OF MISSING OR IMPROPERLY INSTALLED SEDIMENT CONTROLS
- · COMPLIANCE STATUS REGARDING THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION AND STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS
- PHOTOGRAPHS
- MONITORING/SAMPLING
- MAINTENANCE AND/OR CORRECTIVE ACTION PERFORMED · OTHER INSPECTION ITEMS AS REQUIRED BY THE GENERAL PERMIT FOR STORMWATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (NPDES,
- 9. TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH CAN AND SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED BY THE END OF EACH WORKDAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.
- 10. ANY MAJOR CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THE PLAN OR SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE HSCD PRIOR T PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION. MINOR REVISIONS MAY ALLOWED BY THE CID PER THE LIST OF HSCD-APPROVED FIELD CHANGES.
- 11. DISTURBANCE SHALL NOT OCCUR OUTSIDE THE L.O.D. A PROJECT IS TO BE SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING ACTIVITIES BEGIN ON ONE GRADING UNIT (MAXIMUM ACREAGE OF 20 AC. PER GRADING UNIT) AT A TIME. WORK MAY PROCEED TO A SUBSEQUENT GRADING UNIT WHEN AT LEAST 50 PERCENT OF THE DISTURBED AREA IN THE PRECEDING GRADING UNIT HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE CID. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND APPROVED BY THE HSCD, NO MORE THAN 30 ACRES CUMULATIVELY MAY BE DISTURBED AT A GIVEN TIME.
- 12. WASH WATER FROM ANY EQUIPMENT, VEHICLES, WHEELS, PAVEMENT, AND OTHER SOURCES MUST BE TREATED IN A SEDIMENT BASIN OR OTHER APPROVED WASHOUT STRUCTURE.
- 13. TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED AND PRESERVED ON-SITE FOR REDISTRIBUTION ONTO FINAL GRADE.
- 14. ALL SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON-THE-CONTOUR, AND BE IMBRICATED AT 25' MINIMUM INTERVALS, WITH LOWER ENDS CURLED UPHILL BY 2' IN ELEVATION.
- 15. STREAM CHANNELS MUST NOT BE DISTURBED DURING THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTED TIME PERIODS (INCLUSIVE):
- USE I AND IP MARCH 1 JUNE 15
- . USE III AND IIIP OCTOBER 1 APRIL 30 • USE IV MARCH 1 - MAY 31
- 16. A COPY OF THIS PLAN, THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND

ASSOCIATED PERMITS SHALL BE ON-SITE AND AVAILABLE WHEN THE SITE

DATA SOURCES

EXISTING OFFSITE TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN PER HOWARD COUNTY OIT/GIS, BASED ON MARYLAND COORDINATE SYSTEM, NAD-83(1991), NAVD-88. EXISTING ONSITE TOPOGRAPHY AND BOUNDARY SHOWN PER FIELD RUN SURVEY PERFORMED BY DDC. INC COMPLETED IN OCTOBER 2016. EXISTING SOILS SHOWN PER USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY.



192 East Main Street Westminster, MD 21157 410.386.0560 410.386.0564 (Fax) DDC@DDCinc.us

www.DDCinc.us

DEVELOPER:

Landscape Architects

Planners

Surveyors

evelonment lesian Consulants OWNER: ICON 7951 POOL 2, LLC 2 NORTH RIVERSIDE PLAZA SUITE 2350 CHICAGO, IL 60606

SITE ADDRESS: 7951 OCEANO AVENUE JESSUP, MD 20794

(312)940-5285

MARYLAND WHOLESALE FOOD CENTER PARCEL 'C' PROPOSED WAREHOUSE

6TH ELECTION DISTRICT Professional Certification I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional REVISIONS engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 21998, Expiration Date: 06/06/20 05/31/18

DATE

W. RICHARD DEMARIO **PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER 21998**

DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES DRN. REV. DAT PLAT #: 6096 DES. BY: BKC TAX ACC, #: 1406488315 DRN. BY:BKC/CJ TAX MAP: 43 CHK. BY: PGC BLOCK / GRID: 21 DATE: 05/31/18 PARCEL#: 666 DDC JOB#: 16019.1 ZONE / USE: M-2

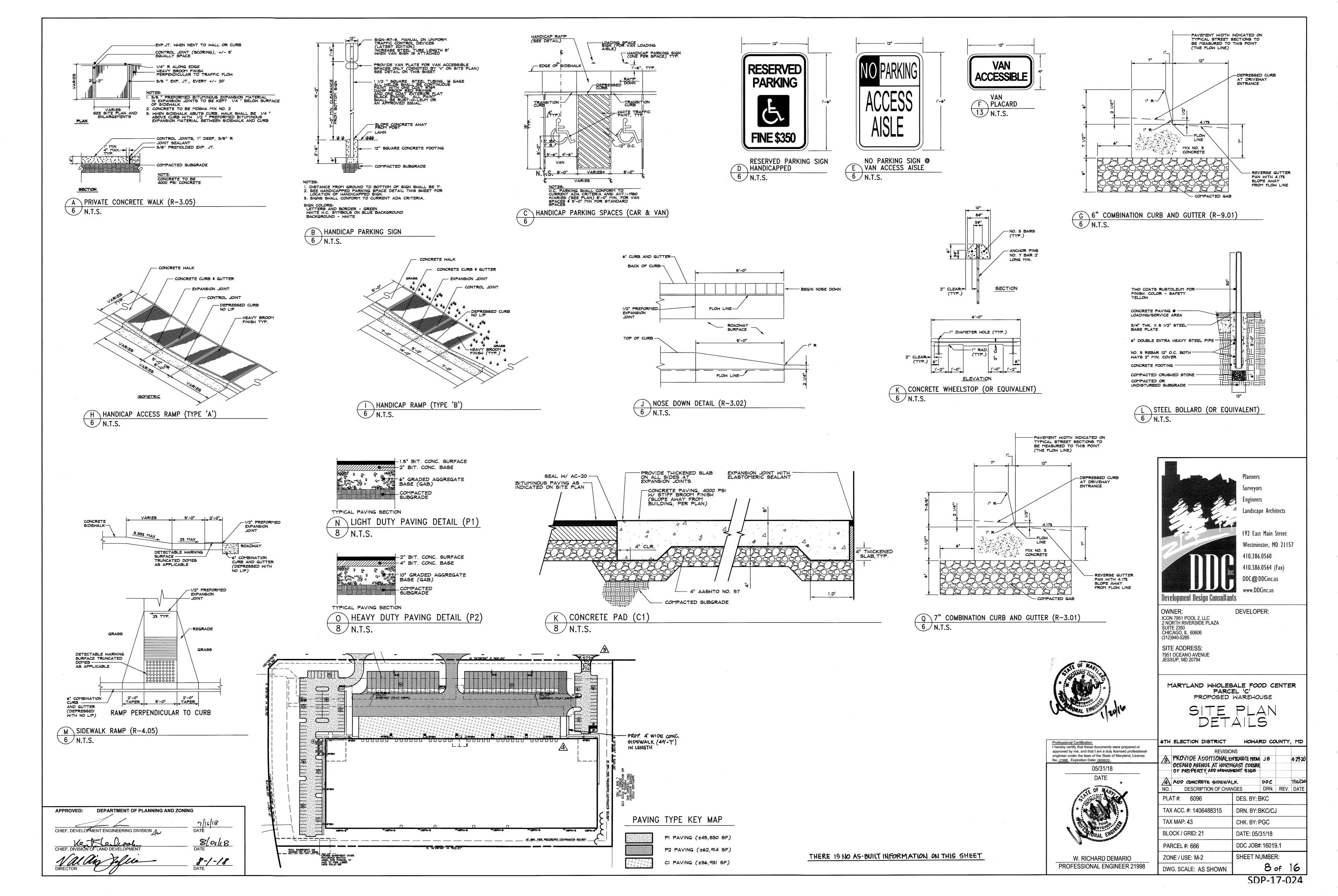
> 7 of 16 SDP-17-024

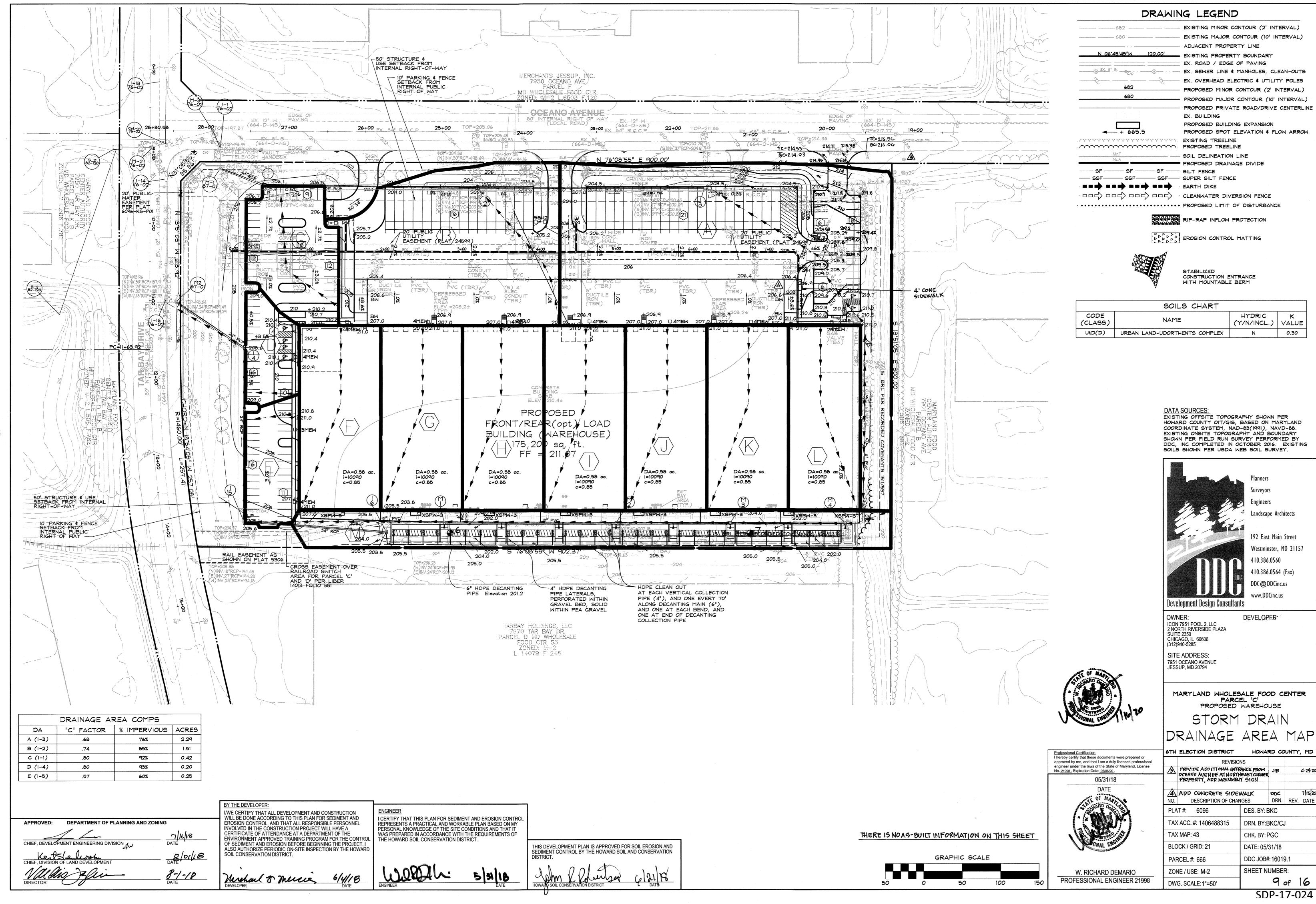
HOWARD COUNTY, ME

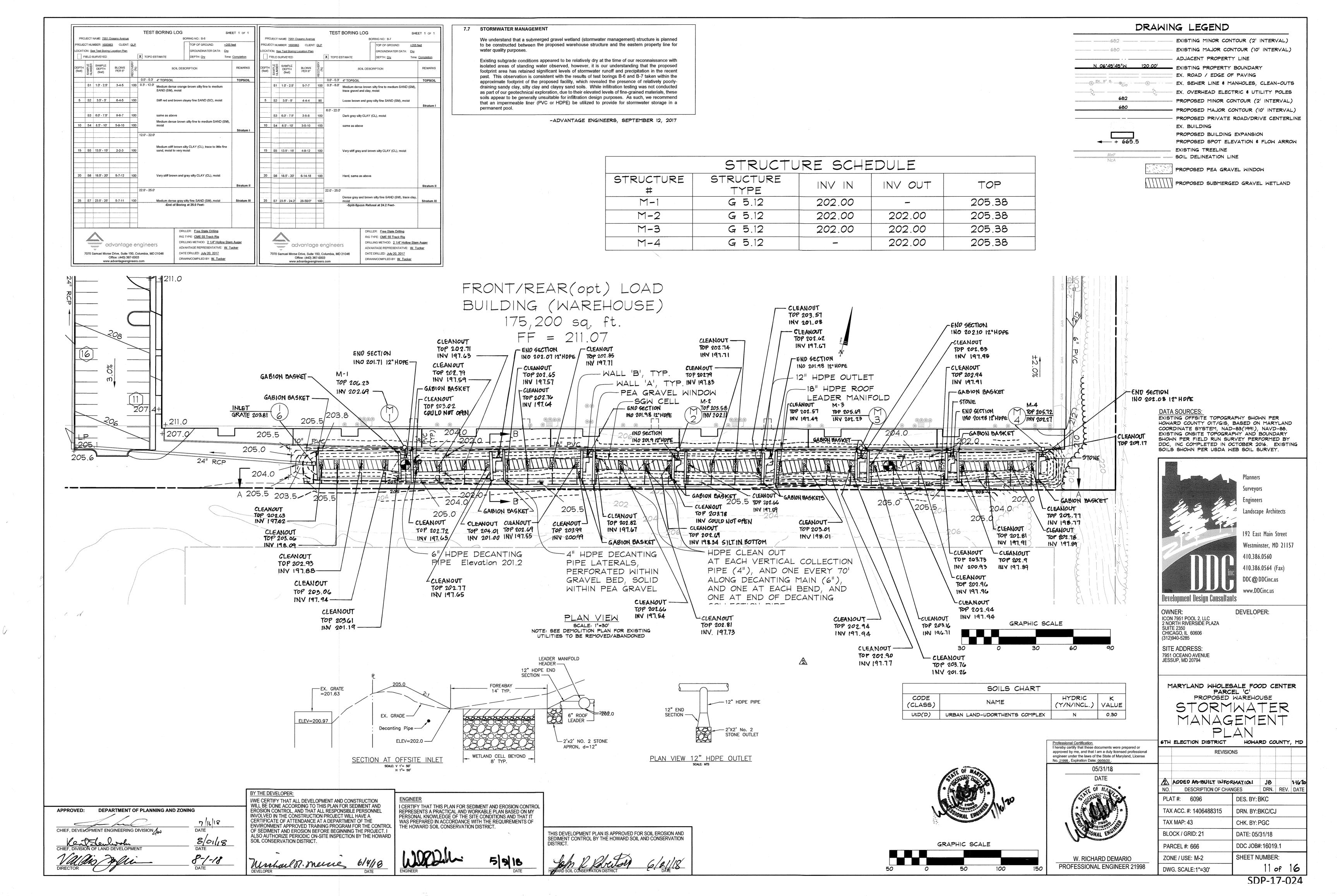
THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET

DWG. SCALE: N/A

SHEET NUMBER:







SWM SUMMARY TABLE			Required Inspection Schedu	ule for Submerger	d Gravel Wetland		Materials Specifications for Submerged Gravel Wetland			
	M-2 SUBMERGED GRAVEL		Teaph ea Hispection Sched	Tradition of the section of the sect		Material	Specification	Size	Notes	
	WETLANDS			DEVELOPER'S/ENGINEER'S APPROV		Plantings	see Appendix A, Table A.4	n/a	plantings are site-specific, see landscape plan	
ACILITY OWNERSHIP/MAINT.	PRIVATE					loamy sand (60-65%) \$				
OWNER NAME	MARYLAND WHOLESALE FOOD CENTER		STAGE	M-2 SUBMERGEI	GRAVEL WETLANDS	Planting soil (2' to 4' deep)	compost (35-40%) or	n/a	USDA soil types loamy sand or sandy loam; clay content <5%	
DRAINAGE AREA TO FACILITY(Ac)	4.02			INITIALS	DATE	(2 to 4 deep)				
SDV REQUIRED (cu-ft) 65% ESDV REQUIRED	12,034		1. Installation of sediment control, site built,			Organic content Pea gravel	Min. 15% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974)			
TORAGE ABOVE MEDIA	7,822	15,219	stabilized with 2" stand of dense grass.	JRL	9-15-2019		pea gravel: ASTM-D-448	NO. 8 OR NO. 9 (1/8" TO 3/8")	·	
65% ESDV PROVIDED ORAGE ABOVE (cu-ft)	7,936		2. Installation of Type 'A' and 'B' walls.	JRL	9-16-2019 TO 9-30-2019	Gravel Bed		NO. 57 OR NO. 6		
TORAGE IN FOREBAY	1,203		3. Excavation for SGW, install PVC or HDPE Liner	JRL	9-16-2019 TO 9-30-2019		AASHTO M-43	AGGREGATE (3/8" to 3/4")		
(cu-ft) 10% ESDV PROVIDED STORAGE IN FOREBAY (cu-ft)	2,128	2,156	4. Installation of 48" gravel layer with 4" PVC observation wells and decanting pipes.	JRL	9-16-2019 TO 9-30-2019	Underdrain piping	F 758, Type PS 28 or AASHTO M-278	4" and 6" rigid schedule 40 PVC or SDR35	underneath pipes. Fertorated pipe shall be wrapped with 1/4	
Pe REQUIRED (in)	1.0" REDEVELOPMENT		5. Installation of 18" #8/#9 stone layer		9-16-2019 TO				galvanized hardware cloth.	
Pe PROVIDED (in)	1.0" REDEVELOPMENT		where applicable, and 12" wetland soil mix where applicable.	JRL	9-30-2019	Impervious Liner	DURA-SKRIM String Reinforced Polyethylene- RPE	Black, 10 mil, 25' length	or Equivalent	
5Dv PROVIDED (cu-ft)	16,413		6. Install Lanscaping	CLSI	11-13-2019	I-6, SUMP INLET	N°E		ROOF LEADER MANIFOLD	
·			7. Stormwater management as-built mylars signed, sealed and submitted to county.	WRD		© ELEV 203.0, OVERTOPPING BERM © ELEV 206.5	OVERTOPPING WALL A @ ELEV 205.0	SGW OVERTOPPING WA		

Engineer's name: W. Richard DeMario Phone number: (410) 386-0560

<u>Compaction</u>

It is very important to minimize compaction of both the base of bioretention practices and the required backfill. When possible, use excavation hoes to remove original soil. If practices are excavated using a loader, the contractor should use wide track or marsh track equipment, or light equipment with turf type tires. Use of equipment with narrow tracks or narrow tires, rubber tires with large lugs, or high pressure tires will cause excessive compaction resulting in reduced infiltration rates and is not acceptable. Compaction will significantly contribute to design failure.

Compaction can be alleviated at the base of the bioretention facility by using a primary tilling operation such as a chisel plow, ripper, or subsoiler. These tilling operations are to refracture the soil profile through the 12 inch compaction zone. Substitute methods must be approved by the engineer. Rototillers typically do not till deep enough to reduce the effects of compaction from

Rototill 2 to 3 inches of sand into the base of the bioretention facility before backfilling the optional sand layer. Pump any ponded water before preparing (rototilling) base.

When backfilling the topsoil over the sand layer, first place 3 to 4 inches of topsoil over the sand, then rototill the sand/topsoil to create a gradation zone. Backfill the remainder of the topsoil to

When backfilling the bioretention facility, place soil in lifts 12" to 18". Do not use heavy equipment within the bioretention basin. Heavy equipment can be used around the perimeter of the basin to supply soils and sand. Grade bioretention materials with light equipment such as a compact loader or a dozer/loader with marsh tracks.

2. Plant Material

Recommended plant material for micro-bioretention practices can be found in Appendix A, Section

Plant Installation

Compost is a better organic material source, is less likely to float, and should be placed in the invert and other low areas. Mulch should be placed in surrounding to a uniform thickness of 2" to 3". Shredded or chipped hardwood mulch is the only accepted mulch. Pine mulch and wood chips will float and move to the perimeter of the bioretention area during a storm event and are not acceptable. Shredded mulch must be well aged (6 to 12 months) for acceptance.

Rootstock of the plant material shall be kept moist during transport and on-site storage. The plant root ball should be planted so 1/8th of the ball is above final grade surface. The diameter of the planting pit shall be at least six inches larger than the diameter of the planting process. Set and maintain the plant straight during the entire planting process. Thoroughly water ground bed cover

Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing season only Stakes are to be equally spaced on the outside of the tree ball.

Grasses and legume seed should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be planted following the non-grass ground cover planting specifications.

The topsoil specifications provide enough organic material to adequately supply nutrients from natural cycling. The primary function of the bioretention structure is to improve water quality. Adding fertilizers defeats, or at a minimum, impedes this goal. Only add fertilizer if wood chips or mulch are used to amend the soil. Rototill urea fertilizer at a rate of 2 pounds per 1000 square feet.

<u>Underdrains</u> Underdrains should meet the following criteria:

-Pipe - Should be 4" to 6" diameter, slotted or perforated rigid plastic pipe (ASTMF 758, Type PS 28, or AASHTO-M-278) in a gravel layer. The preferred material is slotted, 4" rigid pipe (e.g., PVC or HDPE)

-Perforations - If perforated pipe is used, perforations should be 3/8" diameter located 6" on center with a minimum of four holes per row. Pipe shall be wrapped with a 1/4" (No. 4 or 4x4) galvanized hardware cloth. -Gravel - The gravel layer (No. 57 stone preferred) shall be at least 3" thick above and below the

-The main collector pipe shall be at a minimum 0.5% slope. -A rigid, non-perforated observation well must be provided (one every 1,000 square feet) to provide a clean-out port and monitor performance of the filter.

-A 4" layer of pea gravel (1/8" to 3/8" stone) shall be located between the filter media and underdrain to prevent migration of fines into the underdrain. This layer may be considered part of the filter bed when bed thickness exceeds 24".

The main collector pipe for underdrain systems shall be constructed at a minimum slope of 0.5%, Observation wells and/or clean-out pipes must be provided (one minimum per every 1000 square feet

Miscellaneous

These practices may not be constructed until all contributing drainage area has been stabilized.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION, RAIN GARDENS, LANDSCAPE INFILTRATION & INFILTRATION BERMS

The allowable materials to be used in these practices are detailed in Table B.4.1.

2. Filtering Media or Planting Soil

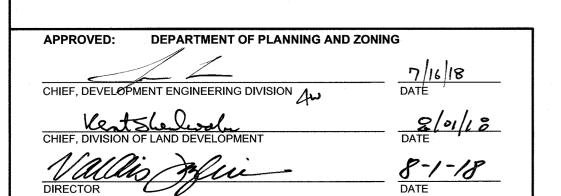
The soil shall be a uniform mix, free of stones, stumps, roots or other similar objects larger than two inches. No other materials or substances shall be mixed or dumped within the micro-bioretention practice that may be harmful to plant growth, or prove a hindrance to the planting or maintenance operations. The planting soil shall be free of Bermuda grass, Quackgrass, Johnson grass, or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.

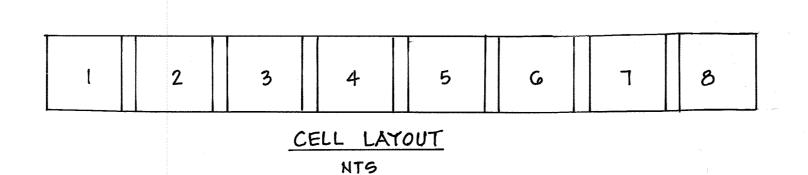
The planting soil shall be tested and shall meet the following criteria:

-Soil Component - Loamy Sand or Sandy Loam (USDA Soil Textural Classification) -Organic Content - Minimum 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974). In general, this can be met with a mixture of loamy sand (60%-65%) and compost (35% -40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%), and compost (40%).

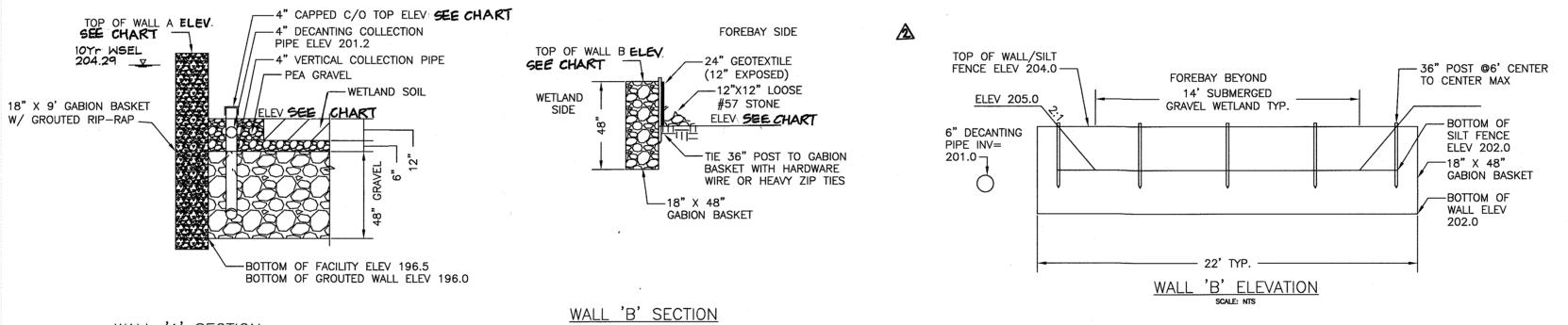
-Clay Content - Media shall have a clay content of less than 5%. -pH Range - Should be between 5.5 - 7.0. Amendments (e.g., lime, iron sulfate plus sulfur) may be mixed into the soil to increase or decrease pH.

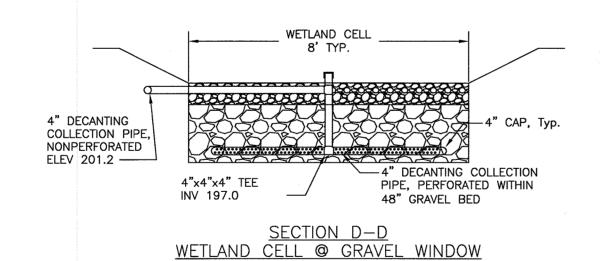
There shall be at least one soil test per project. Each test shall consist of both the standard soil test for pH, and additional tests of organic matter, and soluble salts. A textural analysis is required from the site stockpiled topsoil. If topsoil is imported then a texture analysis shall be performed for each location where the topsoil was

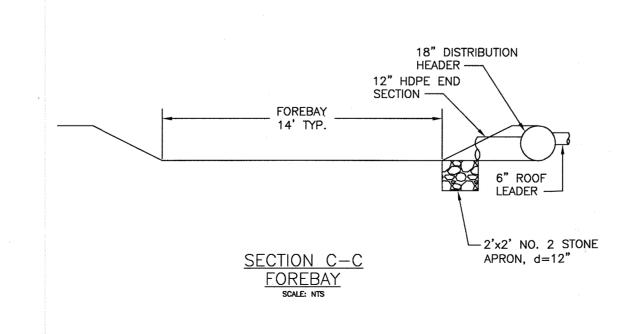


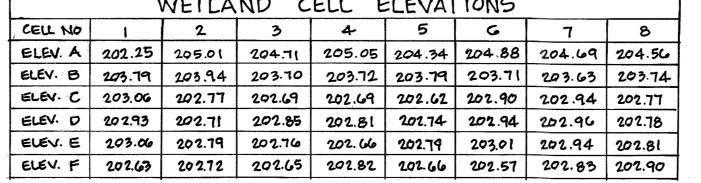


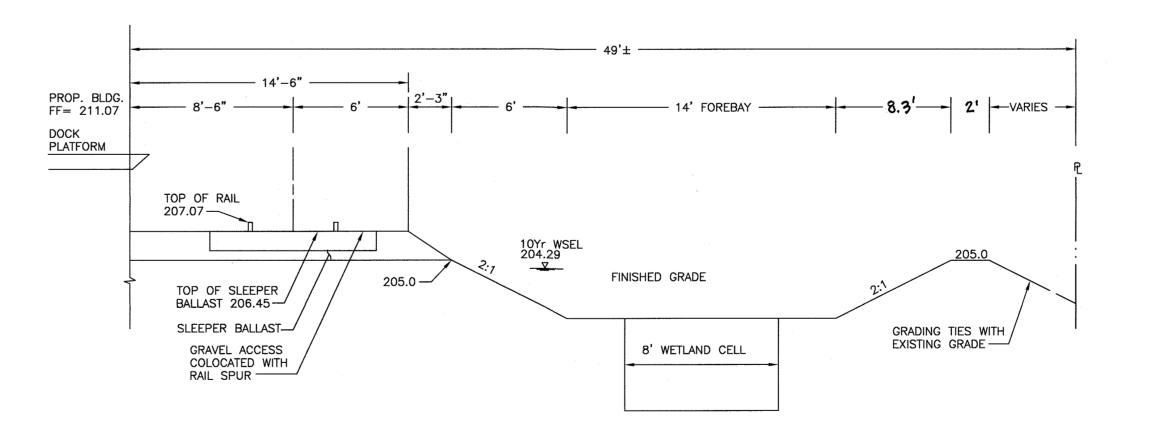
TYPICAL CELL WETLAND CELL TYPE 'A' WALL, TYP. TYPE 'B' WALL, TYP. ELEV. B -TYPE 'A' WALL, TYP. ELEV. WETLAND CELL VARIES FOREBAY FOREBAY VARIES DESIGN PONDING 4' #8 OR #9 PEA -204.29 DEPTH 2 FT. ∇ 15'-4" - 4' GRAVEL WINDOW 12" WETLAND SOIL MIX-12" WETLAND SOIL MIX-4' #8 OR #9 PEA GRAVEL WINDOW--ELEV. C relev 1 ELEV 202.0 BOTTOM OF FACILITY -LINER FOR SWM EXISTING GROUND -48" GRAVEL BED ELEV 196.5 -SUBMERGED GRAVEL WETLAND SCALE: NTS











SECTION B-B

HYDRAULIC SCHEME OF M-2

WETLAND CELL ELEVATIONS

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED SUBMERGED GRAVEL WETLANDS (M-2)

a. During the first year of operation, the Owner shall inspect the facility after every heavy storm and replace vegetation as needed. Tasks includes removing any debris and all sediment in 1-6, M-1, M-2, M-3 and M-4.

b. The Owner shall remove sediment accumulated in the pretreatment areas as necessary. Refresh 24" Geotextile Within Forebay at Wall B.

c. Signs of uneven flow within the wetland may mean that the gravel or underdrain is clogged. The gravel or underdrain shall be removed, cleaned, and replaced,

d. The Owner shall ensure a dense stand of wetland vegetation is maintained through the life of the facility and replace vegetation as needed.

e. The Owner shall ensure the pea gravel windows within each wetland cell are free from debris.

f. The Owner shall repair erosion at inflow points

REQUIRED SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION FOR

M-2 Submerged Gravel Wetland

1. Notify engineer prior to beginning work on submerged gravel wetland. 2. Install site sediment control. Build site and stabilize with a minimum of 2" stand of dense grass. (2 months)

3. Divert roof leaders away from SGW. 4. Install Type 'A" and 'B' Walls, 18" Roof Leader Manifold, 12" Outlet

- and No.2 Stone Apron. (2 Days) 5. Excavate Wetland Cells and Install PVC or HDPE Liner. (3 days)
- 6. Install 48" gravel layer with 4" PVC observation wells and decanting pipes (3 Days)
- 7. Install 18" #8 or #9 pea gravel layer, and 12" wetland soil mix. (2
- 8. Connect 6" Decanting Pipe With 4" Laterals, Complete Grading
- Without Contaminating Wetland Soil Mix or Pea Gravel Windows. (1
- 9. Connect 6" Decanting Pipe to 1-6, Connect Roof Leaders to 18 HDPE Roof Leader Manifold. Install Plantings per Landscape Plan.

10. The Engineer must submit signed and sealed stormwater management as-built mylars within 30 days of completion of these facilities to Howard County Construction Inspection Division.

> ALL PERFORATED PIPES ARE TO BE WRAPPED IN 1/4" MESH GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH.

ALL PIPES IN FILL ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED PER AASHTO T-180 SPECIFICATIONS.

DATA SOURCES:

EXISTING OFFSITE TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN PER HOWARD COUNTY OIT/GIS, BASED ON MARYLAND COORDINATE SYSTEM, NAD-83(1991), NAVD-88. EXISTING ONSITE TOPOGRAPHY AND BOUNDARY SHOWN PER FIELD RUN SURVEY PERFORMED BY DDC, INC COMPLETED IN OCTOBER 2016. EXISTING SOILS SHOWN PER USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY.



OWNER: ICON 7951 POOL 2, LLC 2 NORTH RIVERSIDE PLAZA CHICAGO, IL 60606

SITE ADDRESS: 7951 OCEANO AVENUE JESSUP, MD 20794

(312)940-5285

6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

DWG. SCALE: AS SHOWN

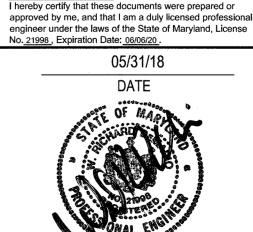
MARYLAND WHOLESALE FOOD CENTER PARCEL 'C' PROPOSED WAREHOUSE

REVISIONS

410.386.0564 (Fax)

DDC@DDCinc.us

DEVELOPER:



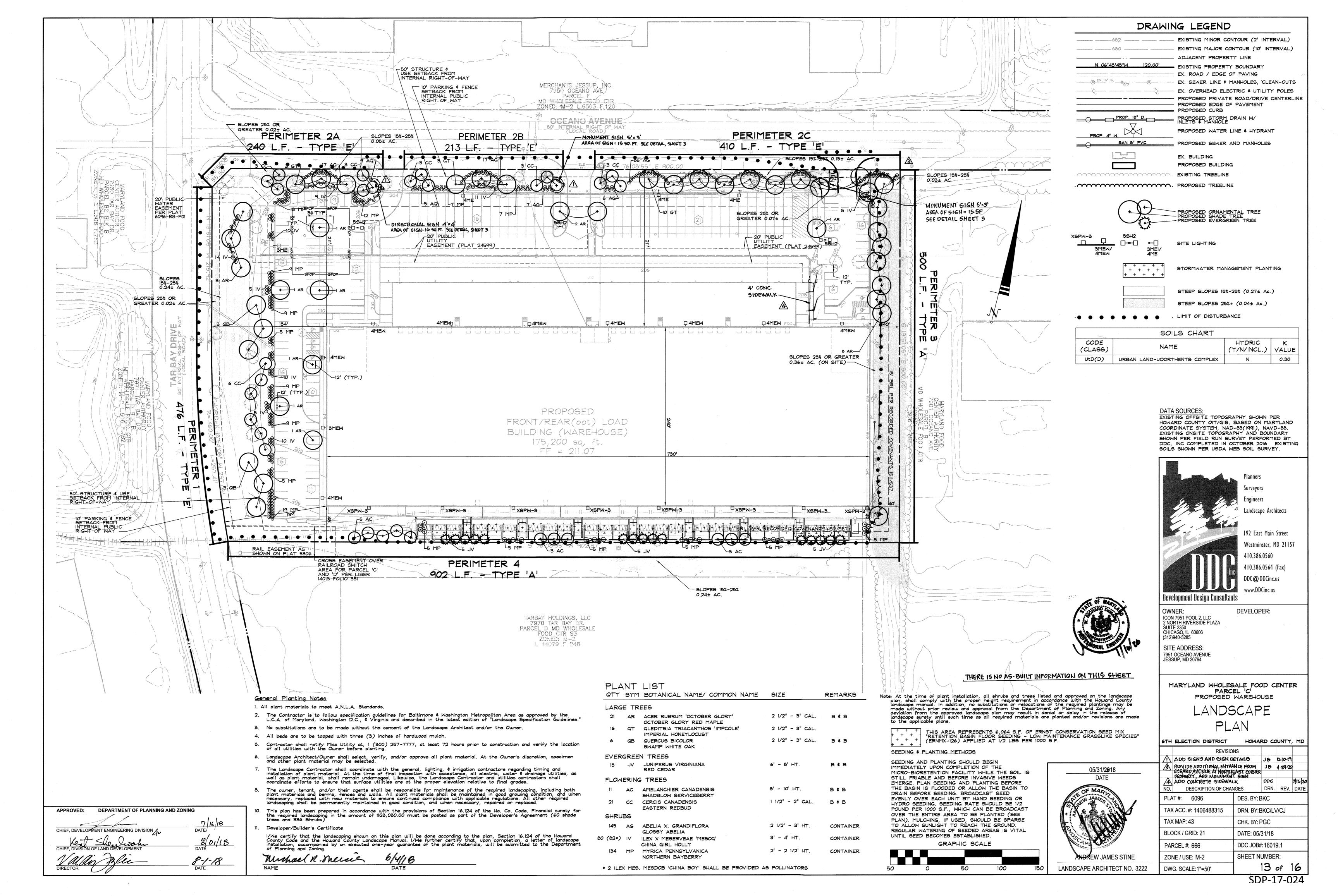
Professional Certification

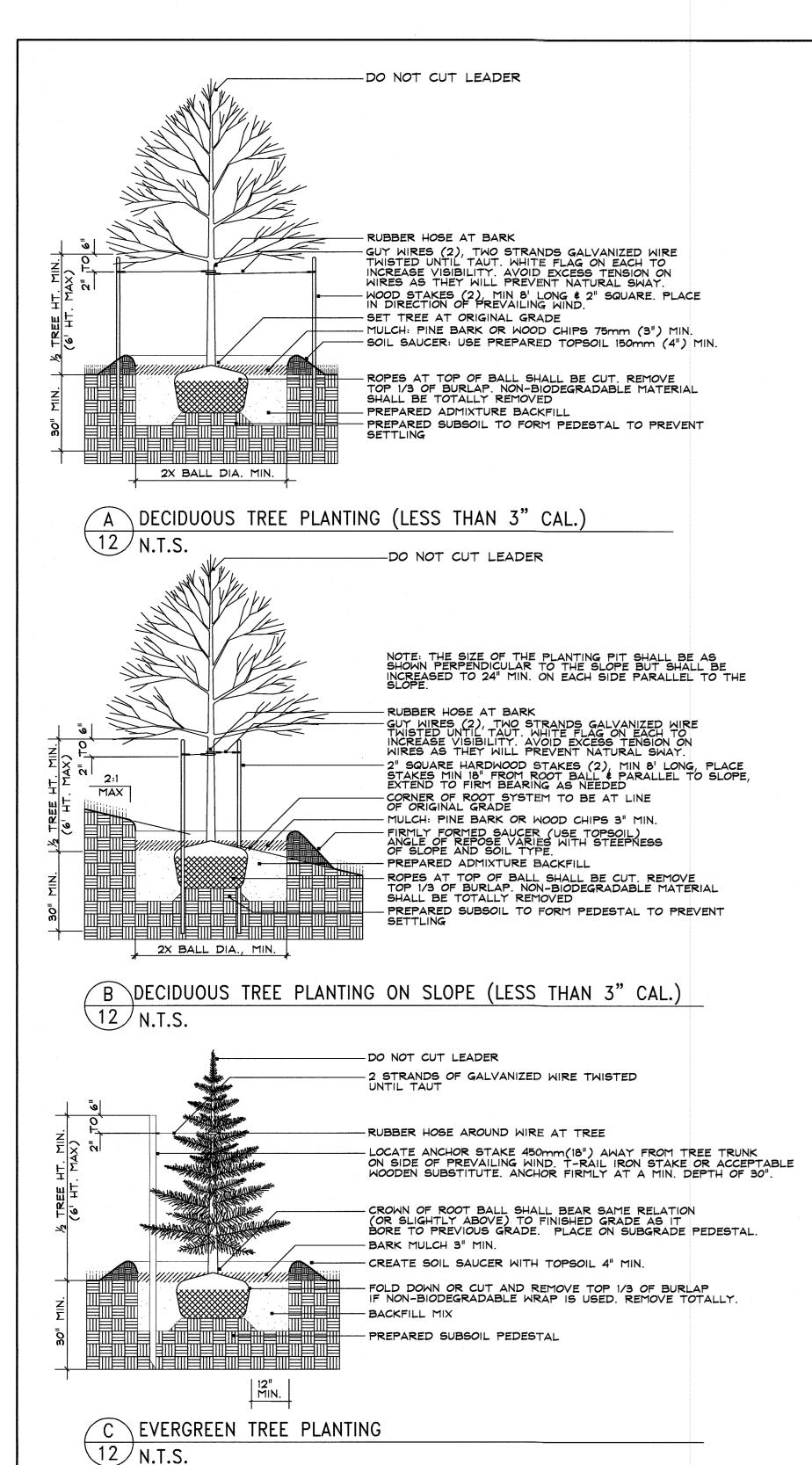
W. RICHARD DEMARIO PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER 21998 ADDED AS BUILT INFORMATION JB DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES DRN. REV. DATE PLAT #: 6096 DES. BY: WRD TAX ACC. #: 1406488315 DRN. BY:CJ TAX MAP: 43 CHK. BY: PGC BLOCK / GRID: 21 DATE: 05/31/18 PARCEL #: 666 DDC JOB#: 16019.1 SHEET NUMBER: ZONE / USE: M-2

SDP-17-024

12 of 16

HOWARD COUNTY, MD





DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

7 16 18 DATE

-DO NOT CUT LEADER -2 STRANDS OF GALVANIZED WIRE TWISTED UNTIL TAUT -RUBBER HOSE AROUND WIRE AT TREE -2" SQUARE HARDWOOD STAKES (2), MIN 8' LONG, PLACE STAKES MIN 18" FROM ROOT BALL & PARALLEL TO SLOPE, EXTEND TO FIRM BEARING AS NEEDED -CROWN OF ROOT BALL SHALL BEAR SAME RELATION (OR SLIGHTLY ABOVE) TO FINISHED GRADE AS IT BORE TO PREVIOUS GRADE. PLACE ON SUBGRADE PEDESTAL. -BARK MULCH 3" MIN. -CREATE SOIL SAUCER WITH TOPSOIL 4" MIN. -FOLD DOWN OR CUT AND REMOVE TOP 1/3 OF BURLAP IF NON-BIODEGRADABLE WRAP IS USED. REMOVE TOTALLY. -BACKFILL MIX -PREPARED SUBSOIL PEDESTAL NOTE: THE SIZE OF THE PLANTING PIT SHALL BE AS SHOWN PERPENDICULAR TO THE SLOPE BUT SHALL BE INCREASED TO 24" MIN. ON EACH SIDE PARALLEL TO THE SLOPE.

D EVERGREEN TREE PLANTING ON SLOPE

Supplemental Landscape Notes \$ Specifications

- The Contractor shall review architectural/engineering plans to become thoroughly familiar with the grading
- The Contractor shall insure that his work does not interrupt established or projected drainage patterns.
- 3. During planting operations, excess waste materials shall be promptly and frequently removed from the site 4. All equipment and tools shall be placed so as not to interfere or hinder the pedestrian and/or vehicular
- traffic flow. No vehicles, equipment, tools, etc. shall be placed on or within any indicated tree protection zone. No staging, storing or stockpiling of supplies or material within indicated tree protection zones.
- 5. The contractor is responsible for verifying the location of all existing utilities. If utility lines are encountered in the excavation of tree pits, other locations for trees shall be made by the contractor without additional compensation. No changes of location shall be made without the approval of the Landscape Architect.
- 6. Every possible safeguard shall be taken to protect building surfaces, equipment, and furnishings. The Contractor shall be responsible for any damage or injury to persons or property which may occur as a result of negligence in the execution of the work.
- 7. In the event of a variation between quantities shown on the plant list and the plans, the plans shall govern. The Contractor is responsible for verifying all plant quantities prior to the commencement of work. Sod quantity takeoffs are the responsibility of the Contractor. All discrepancies shall be reported to the Landscape Architector clarification prior to bidding. The Contractor shall furnish plant material in sizes
- 8. Transport and handle plants so that foliage, roots, or root balls are protected from breakage, sun, and winds. Root stock of the plant material shall be kept moist during transport from the source to the job site and until planted. Tops or roots of plants allowed to dry out or which have been damaged and/or disturbed root balls will be rejected.
- 9. The Contractor shall stake all material located on the site for review and/or adjustment by the Landscape Architect or the Owner prior to planting. All locations are to be approved by the Landscape Architect or Owner's Representative before excavation.
- 10. The Contractor is responsible for testing project soils. The Contractor is to provide a certified soils report to the owner. The contractor shall verify that the soils on site are acceptable for the proper growth of the proposed plant material. Should the Contractor find poor soil conditions, the contractor shall be required to provide soil amendments as necessary. These amendments shall include, but not be limited to, fertilizers, lime and topsoil. Proper planting soils must be verified prior to planting materials.
- 11. All plant material (nursery stock) to conform to American Nursery \$ Landscape Association's (A.N.L.A.) latest edition of "American Standard for Nursery Stock" (ANSI Z60.1), particularly with regard to size, growth, size of ball, and density of branch structure.
- 12. All plants shall be identified in accordance with "Hortus Third, by the Staff of the L. H. Bailey Hortorium, Cornell University, 1976.
- 13. Plants shall have normal, well developed branches and vigorous, fibrous root systems. They shall be healthy
- 14. No substitutions shall be made without written consent of the Owner and/or Landscape Architect

and free from disease, decay, sun scald, abrasions, insect pests or infestations and other damage

- 15. The Landscape Architect or Owner shall have the right, at any stage of the operations, to reject any and all work and materials which, in his or her opinion, does not meet the requirements of these plans and specifications. All rejected material shall be removed from the site by the Contractor.
- 16. All plant material should be backfilled with soil (amended as necessary) in layers to two-thirds of the depth of the planting pit. Soil should then be tamped and watered thoroughly at low pressure before being backfilled to proper grade. The planting pit should be flooded again, once backfilling is completed, so that
- backfill is thoroughly saturated and settled.
- 17. If the soil is wet or compacted, all containerized and balled nursery stock should be planted such that the top one-third of the ball is above the existing grade.
- 18. The top two-thirds of wire baskets on root balls should be removed.
- 19. All tree and shrub planting beds are to be topped with three inches of hardwood mulch. No mulch shall be placed against trunks and/or stems. All groundcovers and seedlings should be mulched to a depth of one to two inches.
- 20. All soils disturbed during installation of plant material shall be treated by incorporating composted organic material within the top four to six (4-6) inches.
- 21. All planting beds adjacent to lawn, sod, or seeded areas shall be spade edged to a depth of three inches.
- 22. The Contractor shall dispose of stumps and major roots of all plants to be removed. Any depressions caused by removal operations shall be refilled with fertile, friable, soil placed and compacted so as to reestablish proper grade for new planting and/or lawn areas.23. The Contractor shall insure adequate vertical drainage in all plant beds and planters.
- 24. Upon completion of all landscaping, an acceptance of the work shall be held. The Contractor shall notify the Landscape Architect or the Owner for scheduling of the inspection at least seven (7) days prior to the
- 25. Maintenance shall begin after each plant has been installed and shall continue 90 days after initial acceptance by the Landscape Architect or the Owner's Representative. Maintenance shall include mowing of turf, watering, pruning, weeding, fertilizing, mulching, replacement of sick or dead plants, and other care necessary for the proper growth of the plant material. The Contractor shall be responsible for the use of all equipment, labor and material necessary to perform maintenance operations and any injury to plant material caused by such equipment, labor and material shall be corrected and repaired by the Contractor at any additional expense to the owner.
- 26. All trees shall be guaranteed for timelve (12) months from the date of acceptance. All shrubs and ground covers shall be guaranteed for twelve (12) months from the date of acceptance.
- 27. All disturbed areas on the site not planted with shrubs or ground cover shall be fine graded and seeded or
- 28. All sod shall be obtained from areas having growing conditions familiar to areas to be covered. Areas to be sodded shall be raked of stones and debris. Debris and stones over one inch (1") shall be removed from the site. All damaged sod will be rejected. All sod must be placed with staggered joints, tightly butted, with no inequalities in grade. Place all sod rows at right angle to slope (where applicable).

SCHEDULE A PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE

CATEGORY	AI	DJACENT to	ROADWAY	s	ADJACENT to PERIMETER PROPERTIES		TOTAL
LANDSCAPE TYPE 'A'					P-3	P-4	
LINEAR FEET OF PERIMETER					500 L.F.	902 L.F.	
LANDSCAPE TYPE 'E'	P-1	P-2A	P-2B	P-2C			
LINEAR FEET OF PERIMETER	476 L.F.	240 L.F.	213 L.F.	410 L.F.			
CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
CREDIT FOR BERM (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES SHRUBS	12 0 119	6 0 60	6 0 54	11 0 103	900	16 0 0	60 0 336
NUMBER OF PLANTS PROVIDED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTION) SHRUBS (DESCRIBE PLANT SUBSTITUTION CREDITS BELOW IF NEEDED)	9* 0 6 119	3* 0 6 60	3* 0 6 54	10* 0 3 98*	9 00 0	0* 15 11 30	34 15 32 361

* NOTE: P-1 SUBSTITUTED 6 ORNAMENTAL TREES FOR 3 SHADE TREES. P-2A SUBSTITUTED 6 ORNAMENTAL TREES FOR 3 SHADE TREES.

P-2B SUBSTITUTED 6 ORNAMENTAL TREES FOR 3 SHADE TREES P-2C SUBSTITUTED 3 ORNAMENTAL TREES FOR 1 SHADE TREE AND 5 SHRUBS.
P-4 SUBSTITUTED 15 EVERGREEN TREES, 11 ORNAMENTAL TREES AND 30 SHRUBS FOR

16 SHADE TREES.

PARKING LOT INTERNAL LANDSCAPING

NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES	172
NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED	9
NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED SHADE TREES OTHER TREES (2 : 1 SUBSTITUTION)	9 0
NUMBER OF ISLANDS REQUIRED	Я
NUMBER OF ISLANDS PROVIDED	11

SCHEDULE C LIGHTING

TYPE	QTY	FIXTURE	MOUNTING HEIGHT
XSPW-3	8	XSPW-A-0-3-M-G-U-S	PLATE MOUNTED AT 10 FT
3MEW	1	OSQ-HO-A-NM-3ME-40L-57K-UL-SV W/ OSQ-HO-DASV & WM-DM B4	WALL MOUNTED AT 37 FT
3ME1	1	OSQ-HO-A-NM-3ME-40L-57K-UL-SV W/ OSQ-HO-DASV	POLE MOUNTED AT 33 FT
4MEW	9	OSQ-HO-A-NM-4ME-40L-57K-UL-SV W/ OSQ-HO-DA & WM-DM	WALL MOUNTED AT 37 FT
4ME	3	OSQ-HO-A-NM-4ME-40L-57K-UL-SV W/ OSQ-HO-DASV	POLE MOUNTED AT 33 FT
5SH2	- 3	OSQ-HO-A-NM-5SH-40L-57K-UL-SV W/ OSQ-HO-DASV	POLE MOUNTED AT 33 FT

PS Series

Crown-Weld® Square Straight Steel Poles

Product Description

Non-tapered square steel poles are supplied with a welded base with cover, four galvanized anchor bolts, masonite mounting template and pole cap (except tenon mount). Each anchor bolt is provided with two washers and two nuts. Steel pole base has slotted holes. Per National Electrical Code requirements, pole is standard with a 2°x 6° hand hole, located 18° above the bottom of cole base. A #10-32 stainless-steel weld stud with grounding lug is located inside the piole, opposite the hand hole, A hand hole cover is supplied but shipped separately. In addition, 4' x 27' and 4' x 30' poles include an internal 5/16' steel reinforced sleeve welded inside the bottom 24' of the pole, as well as a reinforcement welded around the hand hole for added strength. The hand hole location on reinforced poles is 12' above the bottom of the pole base.

CONSTRUCTION & MATERIALS

Square, non tapered pole of structural steel tubing (ASTM A 500) with a minimum yield of 46,00 p.s.i. Welded to a formed carbon steel base plate with a minimum yield strength of 36,000 p.s.i. Exclusive Colorfast DeltaGuard® finish leatures an E-Coat epoxy primer with an ultra-durable powder topcoat, providing

REGULATORY & VOLUNTARY QUALIFICATIONS

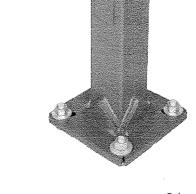
- National Electrical Code Requirements UL Listed in US for electrical ground bonding
- CSA Certified in Canada for ground bonding and structural strength

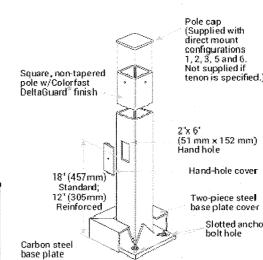
· 7 years on pole/7 years on Colorfast Delta Guard® finish

"See into flegiting are one reasons y for warming term

Acces sories GFI Outliet Accessory - 120V White Finish NEC-GFEOZ - Bronze Finish REC-GRISV - Silver Finish REC-GERBX - Black Filmish .

T (800) 236-6800 F (262) 504-5415





Ordering Information

Product				Mounting Configuration	Co for Options
P\$3\$10C 19'x3'x 0.125' P\$3\$15C 15'x3'x 0.125' P\$3\$20C 20'x3'x 0.125' P\$4\$10C 10'x4'x 0.125' P\$4\$12C 12'x4'x 0.125'	P\$48150 15 x # x 0 125" P\$48170 17 x # x 0 125" P\$48200 20 x # x 0 125" P\$48220 27 x # x 0 125" P\$48225 27 x # x 0 135"	PS4S25C 25'x4'x0.125' PS4S25S 25'x4'x0.188' PS4S27H 27'x4'x0.125' PS4S30H 30'x4'x0.125'	P\$4\$30H 30 x4"x0 188" P\$55255 25 x5"x0 188" P\$55305 30 x6"x0 188" P\$65305	1 Sage 1 2 Twin @ 189 1 3 Twin @ 99 1 5 Triple 1 6 Quad 1 Tenon i	BK Black BZ Bronate SV Silver WH White

US: www.cree.com/lighting

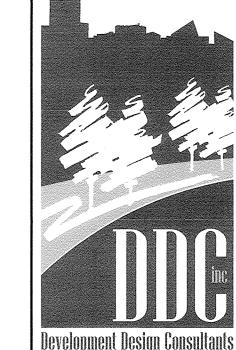
Bev. Date: V1 12/14/2015

Canada: www.cree.com/canada

T (800) 473-1234 F (800) 890-7507

THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET

DATA SOURCES: EXISTING OFFSITE TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN PER HOWARD COUNTY OIT/GIS, BASED ON MARYLAND COORDINATE SYSTEM, NAD-83(1991), NAVD-88. EXISTING ONSITE TOPOGRAPHY AND BOUNDARY SHOWN PER FIELD RUN SURVEY PERFORMED BY DDC, INC COMPLETED IN OCTOBER 2016. EXISTING SOIL'S SHOWN PER USDA WEB SOIL SURVEY.



Landscape Architects

Westminster, MD 21157 410.386.0560 410.386.0564 (Fax) DC@DDCinc.us www.DDCinc.us

DEVELOPER:

192 East Main Street

OWNER: ICON 7951 POOL 2, LLC 2 NORTH RIVERSIDE PLAZA

SUITE 2350 CHICAGO, IL 60606 (312)940-5285 SITE ADDRESS

7951 OCEANO AVENUE JESSUP, MD 20794

> MARYLAND WHOLESALE FOOD CENTER PARCEL 'C' PROPOSED WAREHOUSE

HOWARD COUNTY, MD 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT REVISIONS

05/31/2018 DATE

DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES PLAT #: 6096 TAX ACC. #: 1406488315 TAX MAP: 43 BLOCK / GRID: 21 PARCEL#: 666 ZONE / USE: M-2 LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT NO. 3222 DWG. SCALE: AS SHOWN

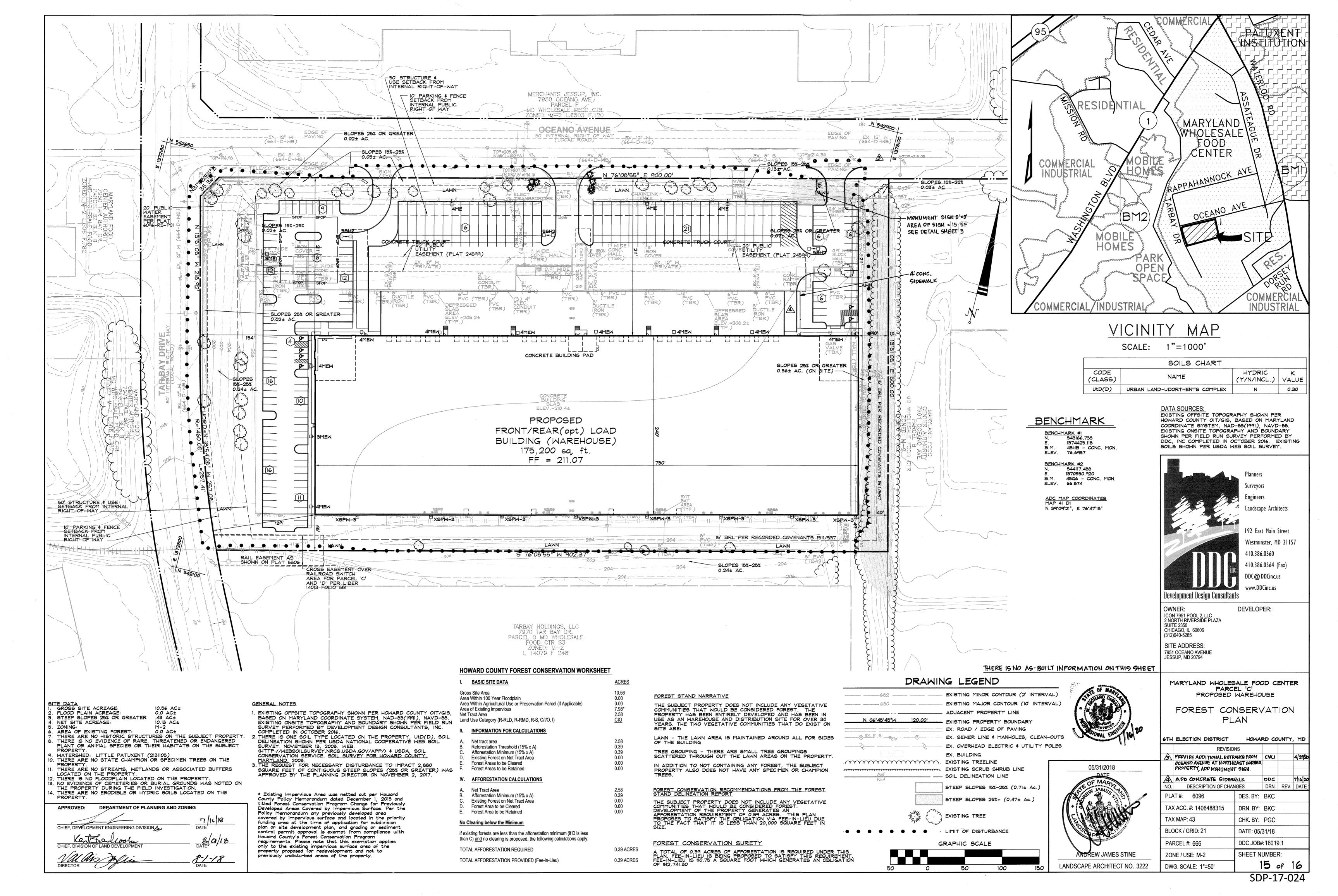
CHK. BY: BKC DATE: 05/31/18 DDC JOB#: 16019.1 SHEET NUMBER: 14 of 16

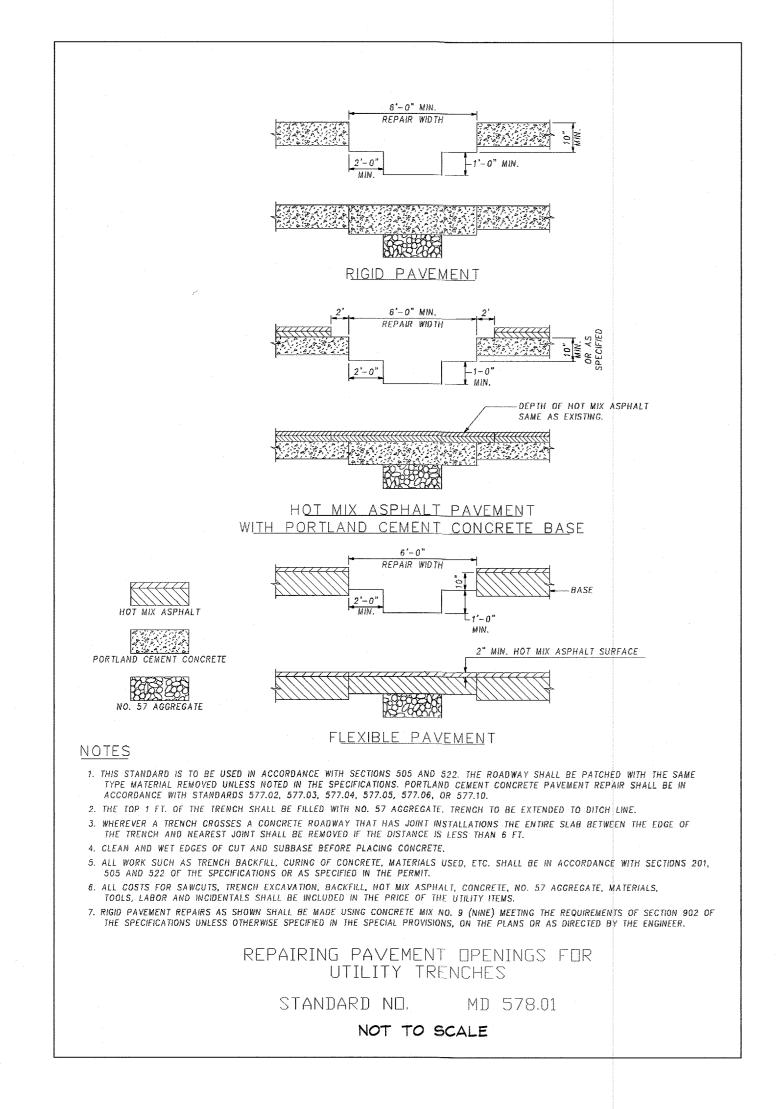
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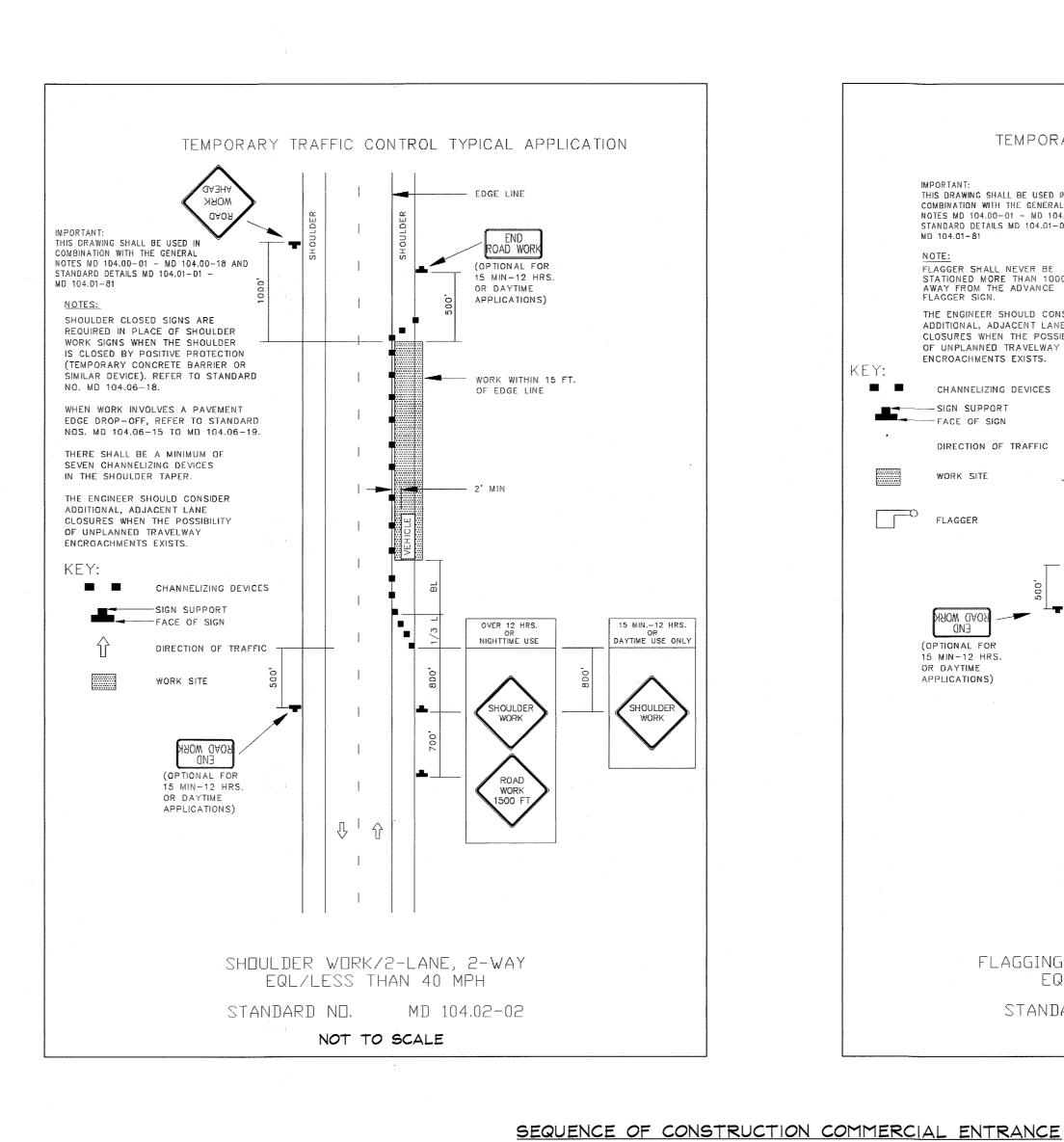
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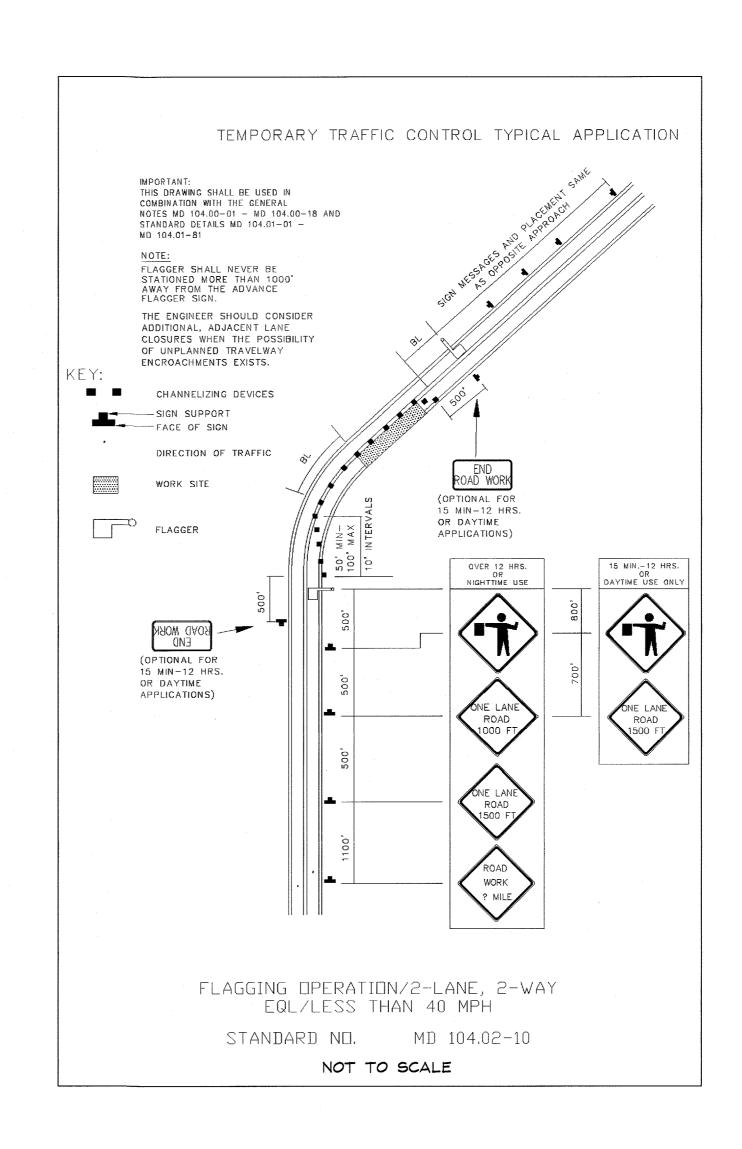
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DRN. REV. DATE

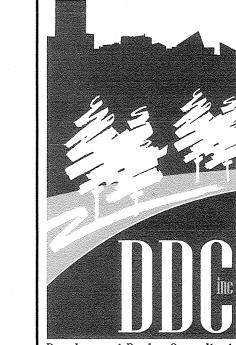








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Landscape Architects

192 East Main Street Westminster, MD 21157 410.386.0560 410.386.0564 (Fax) DDC@DDCinc.us

DEVELOPER:

ICON 7951 POOL 2, LLC 2 NORTH RIVERSIDE PLAZA SUITE 2350 CHICAGO, IL 60606 (312)940-5285

SITE ADDRESS: 7951 OCEANO AVENUE JESSUP, MD 20794

MARYLAND WHOLESALE FOOD CENTER PARCEL 'C' PROPOSED WAREHOUSE

MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC PLAN

Professional Certification I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 21998, Expiration Date: 06/06/20

W. RICHARD DEMARIO PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER 21998

6TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MD REVISIONS DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES DRN. REV. DATE DES. BY: BKC PLAT #: 6096

TAX ACC. #: 1406488315 DRN. BY: BKC TAX MAP: 43 CHK. BY: PGC BLOCK / GRID: 21 DATE: 05/31/18 PARCEL#: 666 DDC JOB#: 16019.1 SHEET NUMBER: ZONE / USE: M-2 16 of 16 DWG. SCALE: AS SHOWN

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

NOTE: ROADSIDE EXCAVATION SHALL ADHERE TO SHA STANDARDS FOR PAVEMENT EDGE DROP-OFFS.

INSTALL WORK ZONE WARNING SIGNS AS DIRECTED BY TRAFFIC

INSTALL WEST ENTRANCE AND NEW CURB TO EAST ENTRANCE.

6. MILL FOR EDGE OF ROAD REPAIR PER MDSHA STD DETAIL MD 578.01

104.02-02 \$ MD 104.02-10 (ON THIS SHEET). EASTBOUND LANE WORK

2. INSTALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH MD

SHIFT SCE TO WEST ENTRANCE IF NEEDED. INSTALL WEST COMMERCIAL ENTRANCE

REMOVE SIGNS AND TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

(ON THIS SHEET) AS NEEDED.

CONTROL MANAGER.

THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET