

. ADO TEMORA HOUSE TYPE WITH OPT. 2' EXT. & OPT. FROAT LOAD GAR. 19/5 ADD WORTHINGTON HOUSE TYPE & ROOFING PLAN 2/14/17 10 29 15 ADD ADDITIONAL HOUSE TYPE - TEMORA G/24/15 REVIOUS HOUSE TYPES AND CHANERIC BOX

DATE

beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the Howard Soil

Signature of Developer John G. Rice

Signature of Developer: David T. Maerter

OWNER/DEVELOPER MR. JOHN G. RICE MR. DAVID T. MAERTEN 5874 MONTGOMERY ROAD

ELKRIDGE, MARYLAND 21075

(240) 882-3049

PROJECT SECTION HARRIS ACRES ZONE TAX/ZONE | ELEC. DIST. BLOCK NO.

LOTS NO. 5, 6 & 8

5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK.

8. COORDINATES BASED ON NAD '83, MARYLAND COORDINATE SYSTEM AS PROJECTED BY HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL

THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN. THE REMAINDER OF THE EXISTING GRAVEL DRIVEWAY SHALL BE IMPROVED TO MEET THE MINIMUM

12. AT THE TIME OF SUBDIVISION, A FEE IN LIEU OF PROVIDING OPEN SPACE HAS BEEN PAID IN THE AMOUNT OF \$4500.00

13. THERE IS AN EXISTING DWELLING/STRUCTURE(S) LOCATED ON LOT 7 TO REMAIN. NO NEW BUILDINGS, EXTENSIONS OR

14. A PRIVATE USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY ACCESS AND MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT FOR SHARED DRIVEWAY FOR LOTS 5 THRU &

10. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO THE AMENDED FIFTH EDITION OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS PER DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION ON THESE LOTS MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACK AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE

19. IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 128 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS, BAY WINDOWS, CHIMNEYS OR EXTERIOR STAIRWAYS NOT MORE THAN 16' FEET IN WIDTH MAY PROJECT NOT MORE THAN 4 FEET INTO ANY SETBACKS, PORCHES OR DECKS OPEN OR ENCLOSED MAY PROJECT NOT MORE THAN 10 FEET INTO THE FRONT OR REAR YARD SETBACKS. THE 15' MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN STRUCTURES DOES NOT APPLY TO THOSE REFERENCED FEATURES NOR BETWEEN OPEN DECKS AND A DWELLING STRUCTURE OR ANOTHER DECK. AS AN ADVISORY, THE 15' DISTANCE DOES APPLY TO THE SECOND STORY

20. DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A USE AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT FOR ANY NEW DWELLINGS TO INSURE

21. ALL RESIDENTIAL DWELLING UNITS SHALL HAVE A 1 1/2" CONNECTION WITH A 1"OUTSIDE METER SETTING, STD. DET. W-3.28. 22. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL VOLUMES 1 AND II, IT WAS DETERMINED THAT THIS PROJECT MET THE CRITERIA OUTLINED IN THE MDE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS GUIDANCE FOR IMPLEMENTATION FOR ACCEPTANCE OF THE 2000 DESIGN CRITERIA AND GRANTED A WAIVER. THIS PLAN RECEIVED FINAL APPROVAL (F-06-001) ON AUGUST 4, 2006. THIS PLAN IS ALSO SUBJECT TO THE EXPIRATION OF THIS

A). SECTION 16.132(A)(2)(I)(A) WHICH REQUIRES CONSTRUCTION OF ONE SIDE OF THE ROAD UP TO ONE-HALF OF THE

D). SECTION 16.135(A) WHICH REQUIRES INSTALLATION OF STREET LIGHTING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN MANUAL E). SECTION 16.136 WHICH REQUIRES THE INSTALLATION OF STREET TREES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LANDSCAPE

25. THE EXISTING 3/4" WHC FOR LOT 7 SHALL BE REMOVED IN ITS ENTIRETY FOLLOWING CONNECTION OF THE EXISTING DWELLING ON LOT 7 TO THE EXISTING 4" WATER INSTALLED UNDER CONTRACT NO. 14-3446-D. THE EXISTING SERVICE CONNECTION FROM THE EXISTING MAIN ALONG OLD MONTGOMERY ROAD SHALL BE ABANDONED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES

26. PER LETTER DATED DECEMBER 13, 2013, HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS GRANTED APPROVAL TO THE REQUEST FOR A WAIVER OF BASEMENT GRAVITY SEWER SERVICE FOR LOTS 5, 6 AND 8. A NOTE STATING THAT "GRAVITY SEWER SERVICE, FIRST FLOOR ONLY. BASEMENT SEWER SERVICE TO BE PROVIDED BY PRIVATE ON-SITE PUMP." HAS BEEN

9-W, SEWER CONTR. NO.10-1133, W&S CONTR. NO.14-3446-D, WP-06-137, F-06-055, F-05-148, F-85-147, F-06-081, Plat #6300, Plat #17391, Plat #22043, L. 8772-F.218.

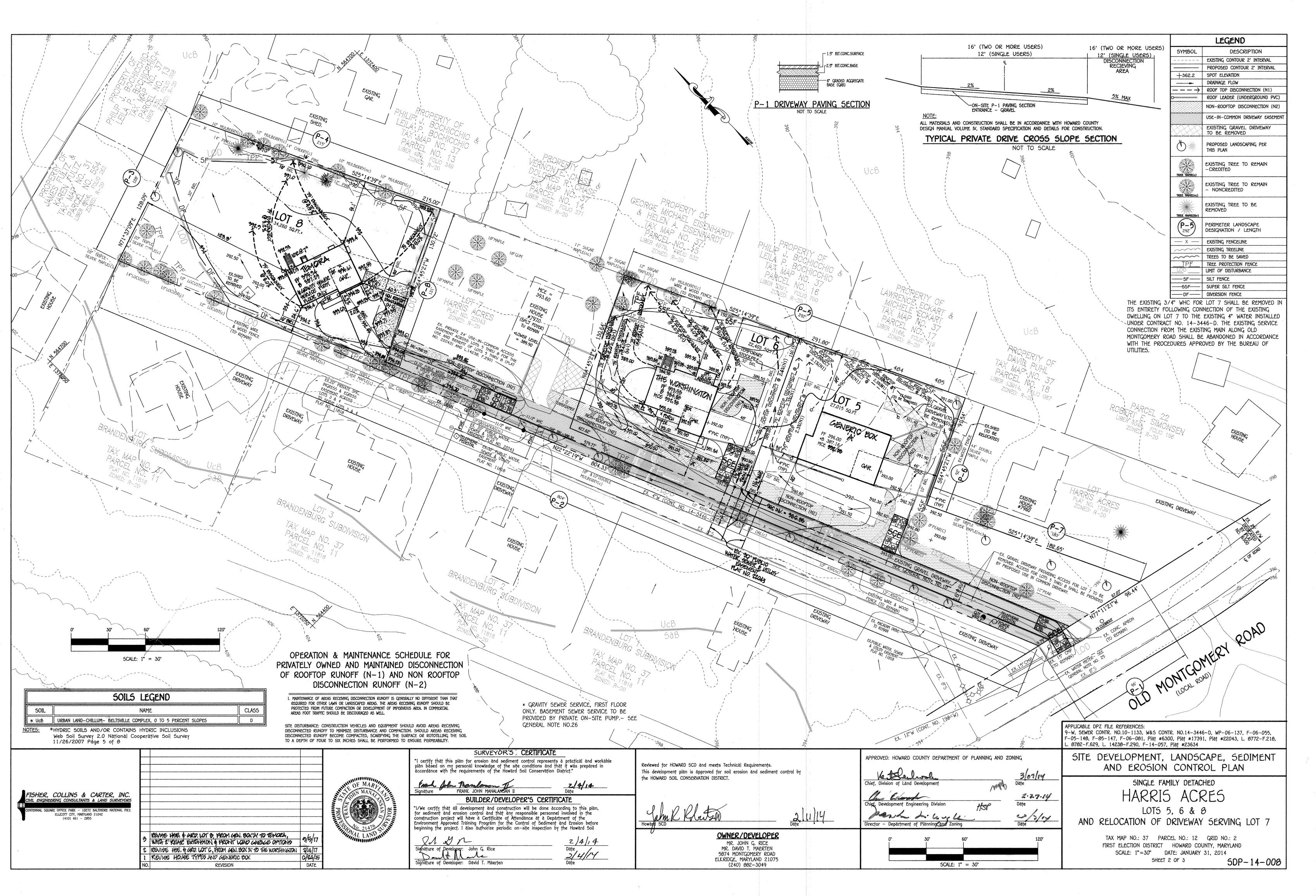
AND RELOCATION OF DRIVEWAY SERVING LOT 7

TAX MAP NO.: 37 PARCEL NO.: 12 GRID NO.: 2 FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND 5CALE: 1"=30" DATE: JANUARY 31, 2014

22043, 22634 R-20

SHEET 1 OF 3

5DP-14-008



#### A. Soil Preparation 1. Temporary Stabilization

a. Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.

- b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
- c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Permanent Stabilization
- a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are:
- i. Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0.
- ii. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm).
- iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
- iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight. v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.
- b. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above conditions.
- c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches.
- d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test. e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving

the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to

3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

#### B. Topsoiling

- 1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.
- 2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS.
- 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:
- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.
- b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.
- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible
- 4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design.
- Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:
- used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders.
- stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1 1/2 inches in diameter. b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
- c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil. 6. Topsoil Application
- a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil.
- b. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.
- c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

## C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

- 1. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or
- commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses. 2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer.
- 3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 90 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.
- 4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.
- 5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

# TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES (B-4-4)

To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months.

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

- 1. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table 8.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.
- 2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.
- 3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season.

REVISION

#### Temporary Seeding Summary

	ne (from Figure 8. (from Table B.1):	Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)	Lime Rate			
Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths			
BARLEY	96	3/1 - 5/15,	1"	436  b/ac (10  b/ 1000 sf)	2 †ons/āc (90 lb/ 1000 sf)	
OAT5	72	8/15 - 10/15	1"			
RYE	112		1"			

#### PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES (B-4-5) A. Seed Mixtures

### 1. General Use

a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 8.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table 8.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be placed on the plan.

b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting.

c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil testing agency. d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary

#### 2. Turfgrass Mixtures

a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance.

b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan.

i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent. Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended.

iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1 1/2 to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet.

Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turforass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland"

Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line

c. Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) Central MD: March 1 to May 15. August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zones: 7a, 7b)

rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in diameter The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future moving of grasses will pose no difficulty. e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth ( 1/2 to 1 inch

every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when

d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and

seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse sites.

			Permanent Se	eding Sum	mgrY			
Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3):6b Seed Mixture (from Table B.3):8					Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)			Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K <sub>2</sub> 0	
é	TALL FESCUE	100	Mar. 1-May 15 Aug. 15-Oct. 15	1/4-1/2 in.	45 lbs. per acre	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	(90 lb/
,					(1.0 lb/ 1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)

- B. Sod: To provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter).
- a. Class of turforass sod must be Maryland State Certified. Sod labels must be made available to the job foreman and
- b. Sod must be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness to % inch, plus or minus % inch, at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness must exclude top growth and thatch. Broken pads and torn or uneven ends will not be
- c. Standard size sections of sod must be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the section.
- d. Sod must not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry of wet) may adversely affect its
- e, Sod must be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this period 2. Sod Must liberal pproved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation.
- a. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, lightly irrigate the subsoil immediately prior to laying the sod. b. Lay the first row of sod in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to it and tightly wedged against each other. Stagger lateral joints to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or
- overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would cause air drying of the roots. c. Wherever possible, lay sod with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Roll and tamp, peg or otherwise secure the sod to prevent slippage on slopes. Ensure solid contact exists between sod roots and the
- underlying soil surface. d. Water the sod immediately following rolling and tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. Complete the operations of laying, tamping, and irrigating for any piece of sod within eight
- 3. Sod Maintenance

DATE

- a. In the absence of adequate rainfall, water daily during the first week or as often and sufficiently as necessary to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4 inches. Water sod during the heat of the day to prevent wilting. b. After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content.
- c. Do not mow until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf must be removed by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Maintain a grass height of at least 3 inches unless otherwise specified.

# SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE "I certify that this plan for erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable

prature FRANK JOHN MANALANSAN II

BUILDER/DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan, for sediment and erosion control and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the

Signature of Developer: John G. Rice Signature of Developer:

Reviewed for HOWARD 5CD and meets Technical Requirements This development plan is approved for soil erosion and sediment control by the HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

OWNER/DEVELOPER

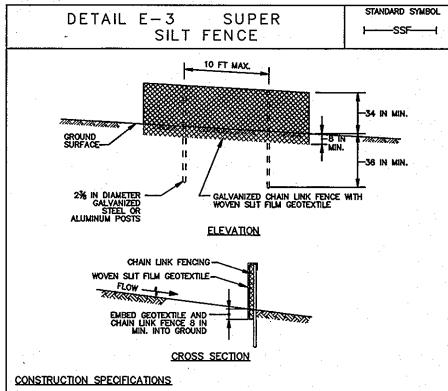
120' SCALE: 1" = 30'

STANDARD SYMBOL DETAIL B-1 STABILIZED EX SCE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE -EARTH FILL **PROFILE** 50 FT MIN. PLAN VIEW

1. PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (\*30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS. 2. PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE, PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE, PROVIDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN, WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY, A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS NOT LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT. PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE. AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS. . PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE WITHOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE. 5. MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT MINIMIZES TRACKING OF SEDIMENT. ADD STONE OR MAKE OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRAPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL



- FASTEN 9 GAUGE OR HEAVIER GALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE (2% INCH MAXIMUM OPENING) 42 INCHES IN HEIGHT SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR HUG RINGS.
- 5. FASTEN WOVEN SUT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS, SECURELY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AND CHAIN LINK FENCE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES INTO THE GROUND.
- WHERE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER, THE ENDS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 6 INCHES, FOLDED, AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BY PASS.
- REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN, IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL CHAIN LINK FENCING AND GEOTEXTILE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

2011

WARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

ELEVATION V WOVEN SUT FILM-CROSS SECTION STAPLE-TWIST POSTS TOGETHER. STAPLE -STAPLE----JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT FENCE SECTIONS (TOP VIEW) CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS USE 36 INCH MINIMUM POSTS DRIVEN 16 INCH MINIMUM INTO GROUND NO MORE THAN 6 FEET APART. . Use woven slit film geotextile as specified in section H=1 materials and fasten geotextile Securely to upslope side of fence posts with wire ties or staples at top and Mid—Section. EMBED GEOTEXTILE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES VERTICALLY INTO THE GROUND, BACKFILL AND COMPACT IL ON BOTH SIDES OF FABRIC.

DETAIL E-1 SILT FENCE

6 FT MAX. CENTER TO CENTER

STANDARD SYMBOL

⊢—SF——

2011 DETAIL C-9 ├── DF ──── I DIVERSION FENCE MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 2 ACRES 10 FT MAX. GROUND SURFACE CHAIN LINK FENCE COVERED WITH IMPERMEABLE SHEETING EXTEND IMPERMEABLE SHEETING OR PROVIDE SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING 4 FT MIN. ALONG FLOW SURFACE FLOW -

WHERE TWO SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE ADJOIN: OVERLAP, TWIST, AND STAPLE TO POST IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DETAIL.

SECTION CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS USE 42 INCH HIGH, 9 GAUGE OR THICKER CHAIN LINK FENCING (2% INCH MAXIMUM OPENING). 2. USE 2% Inch diameter galvanized steel posts of 0.095 inch wall thickness and six foot Ength spaced no further than 10 feet apart. The posts do not need to be set in concrete . FASTEN CHAIN LINK FENCE SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES. 5. EXTEND SHEETING A MINIMUM OF 4 FEET ALONG FLOW SURFACE AND EMBED END A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES INTO GROUND, SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF IMPERMEABLE SHEETING ALONG FLOW SURFACE. 8. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF SHEETING ADJOIN EACH OTHER, OVERLAP BY 6 INCHES AND FOLD WITH SEAM FACING DOWNGRADE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

## SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

OBTAIN A GRADING PERMIT AND HOLD PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH COUNTY INSPECTOR. (2 WEEKS) NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-800-257-7777. NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/ INSPECTION AT 410-313-1330 AT LEAST 24 HOURS BEFORE INSTALL THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TREE PROTECTION FENCE, SUPER SILT FENCE, SILT FENCE AND

DIVERSION FENCE. (3 DAYS) CLEAR AND GRUB TO THE LOD. (1 WEEK) INSTALL TEMPORARY SEEDING. (3 DAYS)

CONSTRUCT PROPOSED DRIVEWAY TO SERVE LOTS 5-0 - SEE GENERAL NOTES NO.10 AND NO.20, (1 WEEK) CONSTRUCT BUILDINGS.. (6-12 MONTHS) FINE GRADE SITE AND INSTALL PERMANENT SEEDING. (2 WEEKS)

B-4-0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

<u>Definition</u>

A mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the erosion and sediment control plan.

Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use.

Benching must be provided in accordance with Section 8-3 Land Grading.

4. Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side.

material must be covered with impermeable sheeting.

6) SITE ANALYSIS:

TOTAL CUT TOTAL FILL

TOTAL AREA OF SITE

AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED

THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.

OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION

THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.

AUTHORITY PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.

STABILIZED BY THE END OF EACH WORKDAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.

AREA DISTURBED

3. Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice

CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (410-313-1855)

FOR STOCKPILE AREAS

To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion, sedimentation, and changes to drainage patterns

2. The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material and based on a side slope ratio no steeper than 2:1.

5. Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence.

Provisions must be made for discharging concentrated flow in a non-erosive manner.

6. Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment control practice must be used to intercept the discharge.

7. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard

0. If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile to facilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminate

The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section 8-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of

a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2:1 slopes, 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1) A MINIMUM OF 40 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LICENSES AND PERMITS,

BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT

WITHIN: a) 3 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES

[EMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. B-4-4) AND MULCHING (SEC. B-4-3). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.

2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO

3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 8-4-5).

5) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL

2.14 ACRES

0.46 ACRES

1.68 ACRES

910 CU.YD5.

1,712 CU.YD5.

7) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE THAT IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON

UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY

10) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AN

11) ANY CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE PLAN APPROVAL

12) A PROJECT IS TO BE SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING ACTIVITIES BEGIN ON ONE GRADING UNIT (MAXIMUM ACREAGE OF 20 ACRE

PER GRADING UNIT) AT A TIME. WORK MAY PROCEED TO A SUBSEQUENT GRADING UNIT WHEN AT LEAST 50 PERCENT OF THE

DISTURBED AREA IN THE PROCEEDING GRADING UNIT HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND APPROVED BY THE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, NO MORE THAN 30 ACRES CUMULATIVELY MAY BE

OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL

PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

8) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL

ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2011

GREATER THAN 3:1, b) 7 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.

ALL FINAL GRADES AND STABILIZATION SHOULD BE COMPLETED BEFORE ANY REMOVAL OF CONTROLS. WHEN ALL CONTRIBUTING AREAS TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES HAVE BEEN STABILIZED AND WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED. (3 DAYS) NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Ve & Sheulwood hief. Division of Land Development 2.27.14 pirector - Department of Planning and Zoning

SEDIMENT/EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

9-W. SEWER CONTR. NO.10-1133, W&S CONTR. NO.14-3446-D, WP-06-137, F-06-055.

F-05-148, F-85-147, F-06-081, Plat #6300, Plat #17391, Plat #22043, L. 8772-F.218,

APPLICABLE OPZ FILE REFERENCES:

L. 8782-F.629, L. 14238-F.290, F-14-057, Plat #23634

SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED HARRIS ACRES

LOTS 5, 6 & 8 AND RELOCATION OF DRIVEWAY SERVING LOT 7

> TAX MAP NO.: 37 PARCEL NO.: 12 GRID NO.: 2 FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND 5CALE: 1" = 30' DATE: JANUARY 31, 2014

> > 5DP-14-008 SHEET 3 OF 3

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. QUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PI (410) 461 - 2855

plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District."

2/4/14

Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on—site inspection by the Howard Soil

Date / 4/14

MR. JOHN G. RICE MR. DAVID T. MAERTEN 5074 MONTGOMERY ROAD ELKRIDGE, MARYLAND 21075 (240) 882-3049