

#### Conditions Where Practice Applies Conditions Where Practice Applie Conditions Where Practice Applies --- ¾ TO 1½ IN STONE To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading Where vegetative stabilization is to be established. On all disturbed areas not stabilized by other methods. This specification is divided into sections on stabilization; soil preparation, soil amendments and topsoiling; seeding and mulching; temporary DIKE TYPE stabilization: Temporary Stabilization a. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of o - DIKE HEIGHT 18 IN MIN. 30 IN MIN. GALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH WOVEN SLIT FILM CEOTEXTILE subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been Effects on Water Quality and Quantity suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or b - DIKE WIDTH 24 IN MIN. 36 IN MIN. Stabilization practices are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be c - FLOW WIDTH 4 FT MIN. 6 FT MIN. any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to d - FLOW DEPTH 12 IN MIN. 24 IN MIN. be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. available upon request to the inspector to verify type of seed and seeding rate. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans. b. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground is Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws. c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILEc. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure suitable means. SEED WITH STRAW MULCH AND TACK. (NOT ALLOWED FOR CLEAR WATER DIVERSION.) culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must runoff, infiltration, evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Over time, vegetation not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil SEED WITH SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING OR LINE WITH SOD. increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are: Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0. above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less CROSS SECTION Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm). receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF ALL TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS, OBSTRUCTIONS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONAB MATERIAL SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH PROPER FUNCTION OF EARTHDIKE. 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or INSTALL 2% INCH DIAMETER GALVANIZED STEEL POSTS OF 0.095 INCH WALL THICKNESS AND SIX FOOT LENGTH SPACED NO FURTHER THAN 10 FEET APART. DRIVE THE POSTS A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES INTO THE GROUND. chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt Sediment control practices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching, permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials. plus clay) would be acceptable. and vegetative establishment. FASTEN 9 GAUGE OR HEAMER GALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE (2% INCH MAXIMUM OPENING) 42 INCHES IN HEIGHT SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR HUG RINGS. iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight. a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders Construct flow channel on an uninterrupted, continuous grade, adjusting the loca due to field conditions as necessary to maintain positive drainage. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration. Inspect seeded areas for vegetative establishment and make necessary repairs, replacements, and i. Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AS REQUIRED ON APPROVED PLAN B.1, Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding summaries. reseedings within the USE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS planting season. ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the WHERE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER, THE ENDS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 6 INCHES, FOLDED, AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BY PASS. in each direction. Roll the seeded area with a weighted roller to provide good 1. Adequate vegetative stabilization requires 95 percent groundcove LIFT GRATE AND WRAP WITH NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE TO COMPLETELY COVER ALL OPENINGS. SECURE WITH WIRE TIES AND SET GRATE BACK IN PLACE. approved plan, then scanfied or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches 2. If an area has less than 40 percent groundcover, restabilize following the original recommendations EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results PLACE CLEAN % TO 1% INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE 6 INCHES THICK ON THE for lime, fertilizer, seedbed preparation, and seeding. b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil. If an area has between 40 and 94 percent groundcover, over-seed and fertilize using half of the rates STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION REQUIRES FREQUENT MAINTENANCE. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT TO MAINTAIN FUNCTION AND AVOID PREMATURE CLOGGING, IF INLET PROTECTION DOES NOT COMPLETELY DRAIN WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER A STORM EVENT, IT IS CLOGED. WHEN THIS OCCURS, REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND CLEAN, OR REPLACE GEOTEXTILE AND STONE. i. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after 4. Maintenance fertilizer rates for permanent seeding are shown in Table B.6. branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment seeding rate in each direction B-4-1 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION i. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should DETAIL E-9-3 CURB INLET not exceed the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble SILT FENCE SILT FENCE Establishment of vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The nitrogen; P2O5 (phosphorous), 200 pounds per acre; K2O (potassium), PROTECTION purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low 200 pounds per acre. To provide timely vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as work progresses. MAXINUM DRAINAGE AREA - % ACRE 36 IN MIN. FENCE POST LENGTH DRIVEN MIN. 16 IN INTO GROUND moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be Conditions Where Practice Applies USE WOOD POSTS 1% X 1% $\pm$ $\chi_{\rm B}$ Inch (Minimum) square cut of sound quality hardwood. An alternative to wooden post use standard "t" or "u" section steel posts weighing not less than 1 pound per linear foot. applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by Any cut or fill slope greater than 15 feet in height. This practice also applies to stockpiles. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type USE 36 INCH MINIMUM POSTS DRIVEN 16 INCH MINIMUM INTO GROUND NO MORE THAN 6 FEET A. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes 16 IN MIN. HEIGHT OF WOVEN SUIT FILM GEOTEXTILE FE FT MAX. SPACING OF 1/2 STONEcan be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by iii. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption Excavate and stabilize cut slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed USE WOVEN SUIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS AND FASTEN GEOTEXTILE SECURELY TO UPSLOPE SIDE OF FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES AT TOP AND MID-SECTION. iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil. 2 IN x 4 IN ANCHORS, and apply seed and mulch on all cut slopes as the work progresses. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where: Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.1): a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to convey runoff a. Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and reasonably ELEVATION around the excavation The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize EMBED GEOTEXTILE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES VERTICALLY INTO THE GROUND. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE SOIL ON BOTH SIDES OF FABRIC. plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients Maryland Seed Law and not musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dust c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is desired. FENCE POST 18 IN MIN. WHERE TWO SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE ADJOIN: OVERLAP, TWIST, AND STAPLE TO POST IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DETAIL. WOVEN SLIT FILM b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible. d. Perform final phase excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previous Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design processed into a uniform fibrous physical state. -UNDISTURBE GROUND EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE END: OF THE SILT FENCE. seeded areas as necessar L-2 IN V 4 IN WEIR Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria: i. WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will SECTION A-A Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the LEDGE OF GUTTER PAN REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN SILT FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT, REPLACE CEOTEXTILE IF TORN, IF UNDERMINING OCCUPRENSTALL FENCE. Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any ISOMETRIC sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of ii. WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS the application of temporary stabilization. contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders USE NOMINAL 2 INCH x 4 INCH LUMBER stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than iii. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a 1. Construct and stabilize fill slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed USE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform and apply seed and mulch on all slopes as the work progresses NAIL THE 2x4 WEIR TO 9 INCH LONG VERTICAL SPACERS (MAXIMUM 6 FEET APART) Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, 2. Stabilize slopes immediately when the vertical height of a lift reaches 15 feet, or when the grading ATTACH A CONTINUOUS PIECE OF $\chi$ inch galvanized hardware cloth, with a minimum width of 30 inches and a minimum length of 4 feet longer than the throat opening, to the 2x4 weir, extending it 2 feet beyond throat on each side. grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified. fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The operation ceases as prescribed in the plans. mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil 3. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. natural topsoil. cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting 4. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.2): Topsoil Application the growth of the grass seedlings. PLACE THE ASSEMBLY AGAINST THE INLET THROAT AND MAIL TO 2x4 ANCHORS (MINIMUM 2 FEE LENGTH). EXTEND THE ANCHORS ACROSS THE INLET TOP AND HOLD IN PLACE BY SANDBAGS OF OTHER APPROVED ANCHORING METHOD. a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to divert runoff around Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil. iv. WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at the fill. Construct silt fence on low side of fill unless other methods shown on the plans Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic. thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or /. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length b. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter, intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and c. Place Phase 1 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum. corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets. AT NON-SUMP LOCATIONS, INSTALL A TEMPORARY SANDBAG OR ASPHALT BERM TO PREVENT INLE d. Place Phase 2 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, e. Place final phase fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as a. Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding. when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental b. When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a to proper grading and seedbed preparation FENCE SECTIONS (TOP VIEW Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications) uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be application rate to 2.5 tons per acre. MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL application of temporary stabilization. performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for c. Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied at a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per 2011 engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses. acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pound **B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS** Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of wate **B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS** appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the 3. Anchoring a. Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind TEMPORARY STABLIZATION appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled PERMANENT STABILIZATION or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months. warranty of the producer. upon the size of the area and erosion hazard: To stabilize disturbed soils with permanent vegetation. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor NOTIFY SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION 48 HOUR when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils. To use long-lived perennial grasses and legumes to establish permanent ground cover on disturbed soils. OF INSPECTION, LICENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will Conditions Where Practice Applies Conditions Where Practice Applies 1.) OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve. If used on sloping land, this practice should follow the contour. START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION, (313-1850). Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for 6 months or more. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net permanent stabilization practices are required. 2.) INSTALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROLS, CLEANWATER DIKE RUNNING WEST, SUPER SILT FENCE ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO soil by disking or other suitable means. dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water. 1. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone 5.) REMOVE EXISTING ONSITE STRUCTURES AND CLEAR & GRUB SITE. CURRENT "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, . General Use Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of CONTROL", REVISIONS THERETO. 4.) INSTALL STORMORAIN BYPASS SYSTEM 1-9, M-2 TO E-2 AND STABILIZE DISTURBED a Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 8.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and H-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AREA TO INLETS PER TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES. INSTALL CLEANWATER DIKE TO Zone (from Figure 8.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table 8.2. Enter FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY specified by the manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan. INLET 9. FOR DUST CONTROL selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The 2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: A) # CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL 5.) GRADE SITE AND BEGIN CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDING. Summary is to be placed on the plan. PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding. Use of asphalt binders is strictly prohibited b Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or 6.) WITH SITE GRADED INSTALL STORM DRAIN SYSTEM I-6 TO E-1 AND REMAINING SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, B) # DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED 3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer Controlling the suspension of dust particles from construction activities for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE. 7 STORM DRAIN AND PROVIDE INLET PROTECTION. INSTALL WATER AND SEWER recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4 to 15 feet wide and 300 to alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season. CONNECTIONS AND FIRE HYDRANT Field Office Guild, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting. 3.000 feet long. To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces to reduce on and off-site damage including ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED 7.) AS BUILDING IS BEING CONSTRUCTED INSTALL CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER AND c For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil health and traffic hazards. B-4-8 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD BEGIN INSTALLING IMPERVIOUS PAVEMENT. DO NOT INSTALL PERMEABLE PAVEMENT testing agency. COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE. UNLESS CONTRIBUTING AREAS ARE STABILIZED. A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHOULD Conditions Where Practice Applies FOR d For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 ½ pounds per 1000 ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED Areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment. STOCKPILE AREA BE PRESENT WHEN PERMEABLE PAVEMENT IS INSTALLED. square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown **Specifications** 8.) WITH CURB AND GUTTER INSTALLED CONSTRUCT SIDEWALKS AND DUMPSTER PADS. in the Permanent Seeding Summary. ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 4994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS Mulches: See Section B-4-2 Soil Preparation, Topsoiling, and Soil Amendments, Section B-4-3 A mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures. Turforass Mixtures FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDINGS (SEC. 51) SOD 9.) FINAL GRADE AND STABILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERMANENT SEEDBED Seeding and Mulching, and Section B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. Mulch must be anchored to a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites (SEC: 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50) AND MULCHING (SEC: 52): TEMPORARY NOTES. CONSTRUCT ON LOT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES (MBR 1 & 2) To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion, prevent blowing. which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance. STABILIZÁTION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHÈN RECOMMENDED SEEDING Vegetative Cover: See Section B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. sedimentation, and changes to drainage patterns. b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose. DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES. Tillage: Till to roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. Begin plowing on windward Conditions Where Practice Applies Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. 10.) INSTALL LANDSCAPING PER LANDSCAPE PLAN. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use. side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12 inches apart, spring-toothed harrows, and The summary is to be placed on the plan. MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS 11.) WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT similar plows are examples of equipment that may produce the desired effect. i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive managemen BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. Irrigation: Sprinkle site with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed. The site must CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND 1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the Imgation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified STABILIZE ANY REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS. not be irrigated to the point that runoff occurs. erosion and sediment control plan. Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a SITE ANALYSIS: **ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE** Barriers: Solid board fences, silt fences, snow fences, burlap fences, straw bales, and similar 2. The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material minimum of three Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total 3.19 ACRES naterial can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. and based on a side slope ratio no steeper than 2:1. Benching must be provided in TOTAL AREA OF SITE (THIS SUBMISSION) THEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL mixture by weight. Chemical Treatment: Use of chemical treatment requires approval by the appropriate plan accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading. ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid EROSION CONTROL MATTING SHALL BE PLACED IN SWALES WHERE DEEMED NECESSARY UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED OR SOLID SOD SHOULD 1.88 ACRES 3. Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice. AREA DISTURBED establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side. Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 0.90 ACRES **B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PERMANENT STABILIZATION(CONTINUED)** AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED 5. Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars with each ranging from Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence. Provisions must be made for discharging 0.98 ACRES 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight. AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches concentrated flow in a non-erosive manner. iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses 2200 cy 6. Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes: TOTAL CUT will pose no difficulty. control practice must be used to intercept the discharge. Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (½ to 1 inch 2200 cy 7. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as TOTAL FILL percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended. every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is not Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. v.Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. \* especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION NO. DATE 8. If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes Certified Kentucky seasons, or on adverse sites. \*IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO IDENTIFY THE SPOIL/BORROW to facilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminated material must be covered with Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: A.Sod: to provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter). 1/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL impermeable sheeting. TE AND NOTIFY AND GAIN APPROVAL FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR THE SITE AND ITS GRADING PERMIT NUMBER AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION. 1 1/2 to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet. 1. General Specifications BENCHMARK Notes: Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland NVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT a. Class of turfgrass must be Maryland State Certified. Sod labels must be made available to the job The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland" Choose foreman and inspector. accordance with Section B-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON—SITE INSPECTION certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program ENGINEERS A LAND SURVEYORS A PLANNERS b. Sod must be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of % inch, plus or minus % inch, at the time of Y THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT." 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of cutting. Measurement for thickness must exclude top growth and thatch. Broken pads and torn or feet for 2:1 slopes, 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE. consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line. ENGINEERING, INC. uneven ends will not be acceptable DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, BY: MECASS CLATES LLC, SI) & MEMBER DEVELOPER LAKESHOR 51, LLC, SI) & MEMBER DE accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading. c. Ideal Times of Seeding for Turi Grass Mixtures c. Standard size sections of sod must be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE A SUITE 315 A ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the section. HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR Central MD:March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) (P) 410-465-6105 (F) 410-465-6644 d. Sod must not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 WWW.BEI-CIVILENGINEERING.COM 10. ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE adversely affect its survival. (Hardiness Zones: 7a, 7b) INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE e. Sod must be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY within this period must be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation. HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING, OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE a. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, lightly irrigate the INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE. subsoil immediately prior to laying the sod. b. Lay the first row of sod in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to it and tightly TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS wedged against each other. Stagger lateral joints to promote more uniform growth and strength. OR THAT WHICH CAN BE BACK FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, LAKESHORE I. LLC Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent WHICHEVER IS SHORTER. PPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING voids which would cause air drying of the roots. C/O SECURITY DEVELOPMENT Wherever possible, lay sod with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE No As-Built information is required on this sheet Roll and tamp, peg or otherwise secure the sod to prevent slippage on slopes. Ensure solid contact SUITE 415 exists between sod roots and the underlying soil surface. ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 d. Water the sod immediately following rolling and tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. Complete the operations of laying, tamping and rofessional Certification. I hereby certify that these irrigating for any piece of sod within eight hours. documents were prepared or approved by me, and that **DEVELOPER:** 3. Sod Maintenance I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws a. In the absence of adequate rainfall, water daily during the first week or as often and sufficiently as necessary to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4 inches. Water sod during the heat of the day to of the State of Maryland. SECURITY DEVELOPMENT, LLC CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT GRADING. SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL DETAILS prevent wilting. PO BOX 417 License No 21443 Expiration Date: 12-21-16 After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content. ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21041 DATE:

SEEDING AND MULCHING

The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover.

To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction

AT-GRADE INLET

PROTECTION

DETAIL C-1 EARTH DIKE

DETAIL E-9-2

**B-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS** 

**VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION** 

Using vegetation as cover to protect exposed soil from erosion

much bear

PAI796 ROMANIK dwg/8000V4.Jwg, 5/1/2014 1:20:22 PM, cogle

**B-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS** 

SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

c. Do not mow until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf must be removed by

the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Maintain a grass height of at least 3 inches unless

The process of preparing the soils to sustain adequate vegetative stabilization

AS-BUILT

410-465-4244

DETAIL E-3 SUPER SILT FENCE

**DETAIL B-1 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE** 

PROFILE

PLAN VIEW

PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE, PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERN WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE. PROMDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HICH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY. A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS NOT LOCATED AT A HICH SPOT.

PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS

MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT MINIMIZES TRACKING OF SEDIMENT. ADD STONE OR MAKE OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRAPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRUMINOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND MIDTH OF THE SCE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

2011

PREPARE THE SUBGRADE FOR GEOTEXTILE OR STONE FILTER (% TO 1½ INCH MINIMUM STONE FOR 5 INCH MINIMUM DEPTH) AND RIPRAP TO THE REQUIRED LINES AND GRADES. COMPACT ANY FILL REQUIRED IN THE SUBGRADE TO A DENSITY OF APPROXIMATELY THAT OF THE SURROUNDING UNDISTURBED MATERIAL.

EXTEND GEOTEXTILE AT LEAST 6 INCHES BEYOND EDGES OF RIPRAP AND EMBED AT LEAST 4 INCH AT SIDES OF RIPRAP.

WHERE NO ENDWALL IS USED, CONSTRUCT THE UPSTREAM END OF THE APRON SO THAT THE WIDTH IS TWO TIMES THE DIAMETER OF THE OUTLET PIPE, AND EXTEND THE STONE UNDER THE OUTLET BY A MINIMUM OF 18 INCHES.

CONSTRUCT APRON WITH 0% SLOPE ALONG ITS LENGTH AND WITHOUT OBSTRUCTIONS. PLACE STONI SO THAT IT BLENDS IN WITH EXISTING GROUND.

DAY 1

DAY 2-6

DAY 7-14

DAY 15-21

ON-GOING

DAY 22-36

DAY 37-127

DAY 128-135

DAY 135-150

DAY 151-157

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these docume

BEI PROJECT NO. 1796

4 of 10

nal engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland

ition Date: 6.30.15.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

**ROCK OUTLET** 

PROTECTION III

ROPIII

SECTION A-A

SECTION B-B

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

PLAN VIEW

INSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

PROFILE

RIPRAP AND STONE MUST CONFORM TO THE SPECIFIED CLASS.

MAY 2014

AS SHOWN

REVISION

SCALE:

SDP-13-055

SHEET

SECTION 3

3200 PINE ORCHARD LANE

TAX MAP: 24 & 17, GRID: 1 & 19, PARCEL: 647 & P/O 130

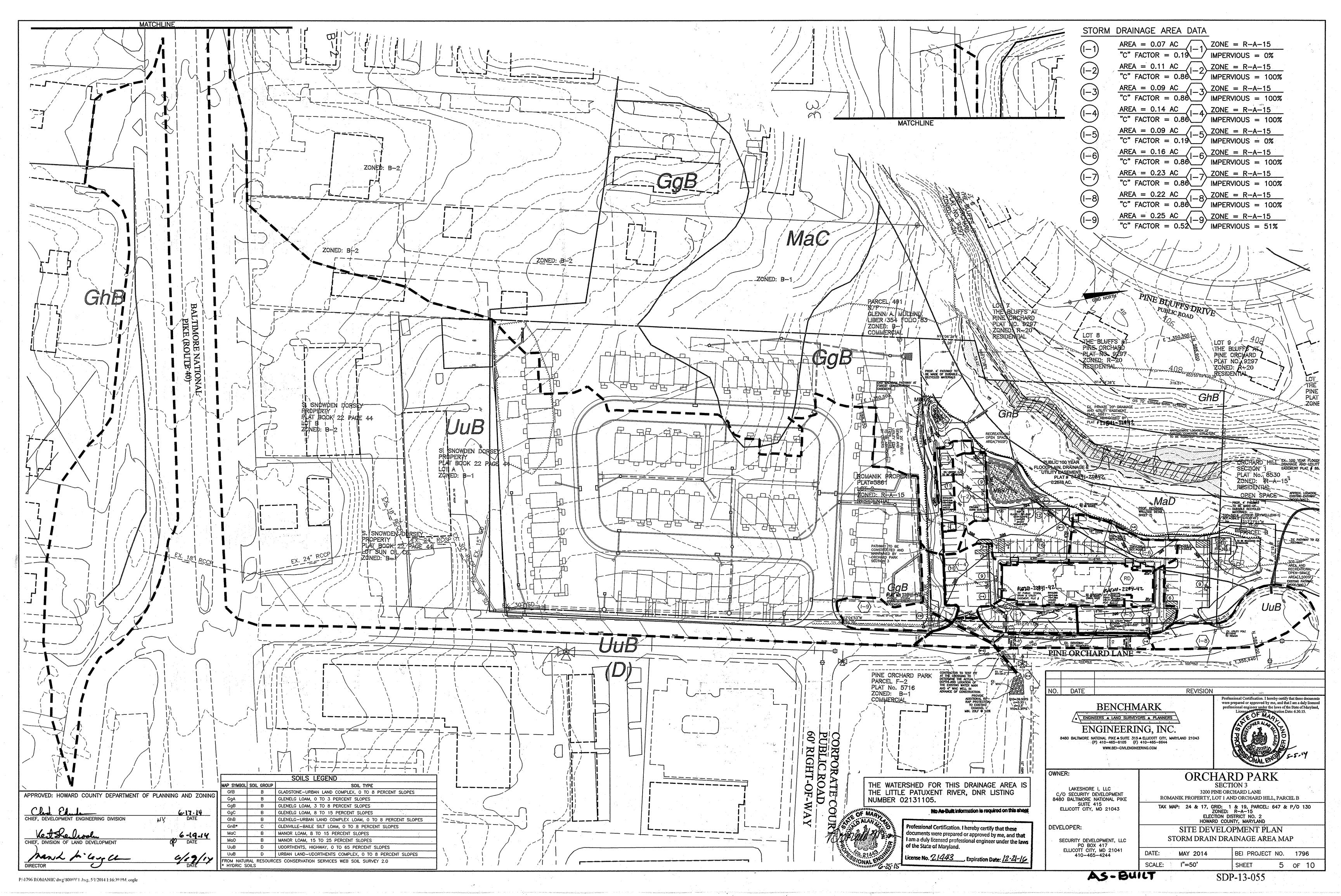
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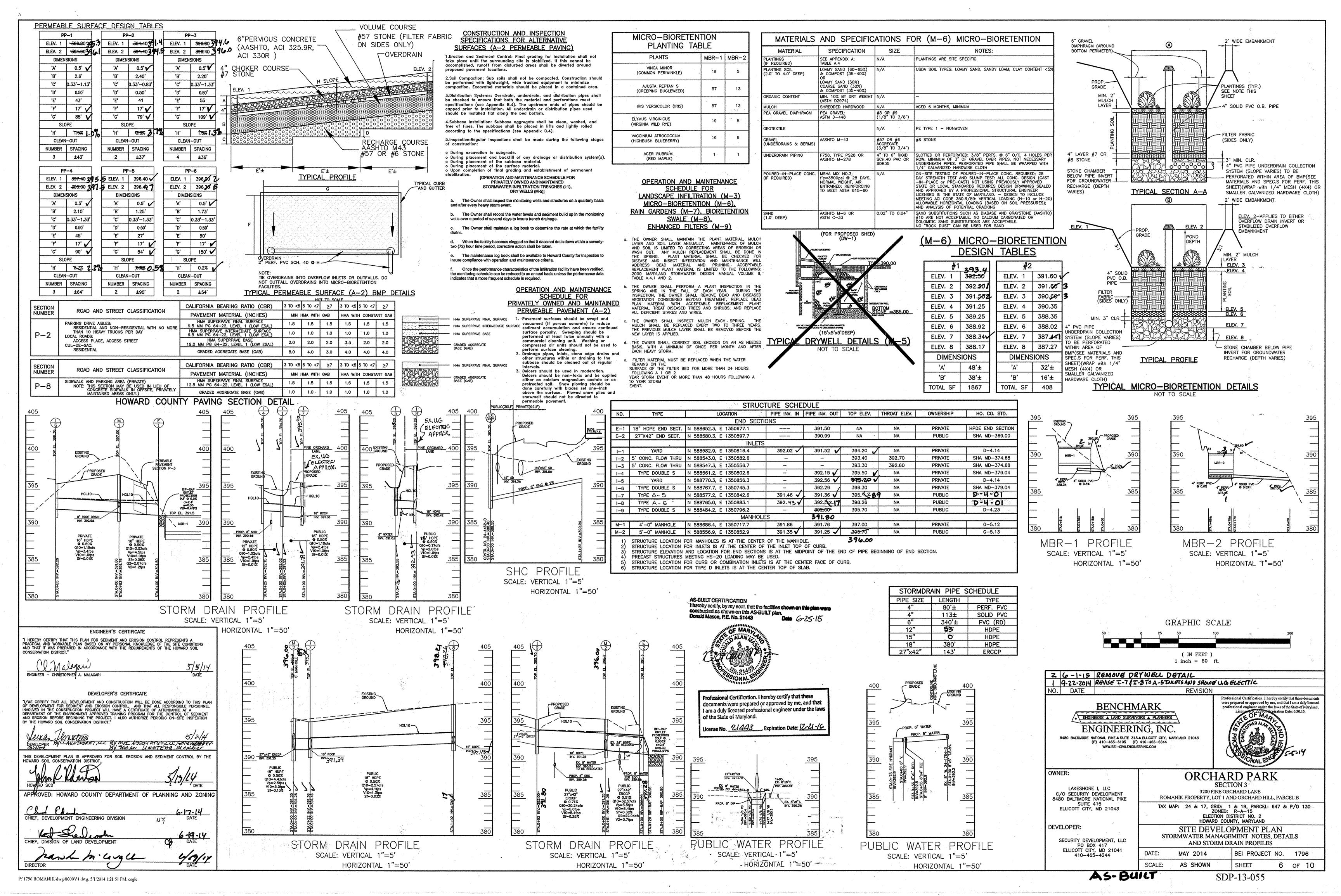
**ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2** 

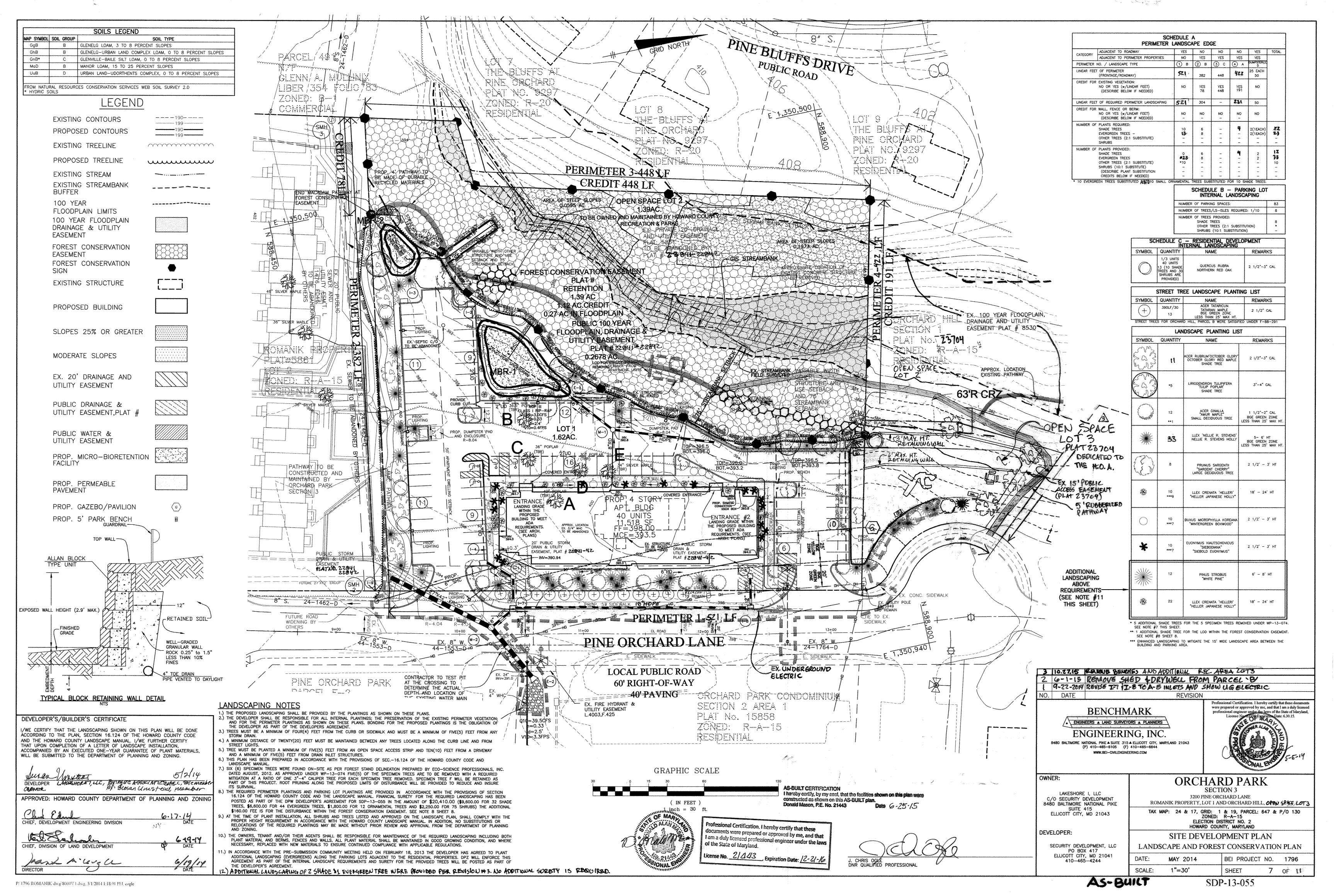
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

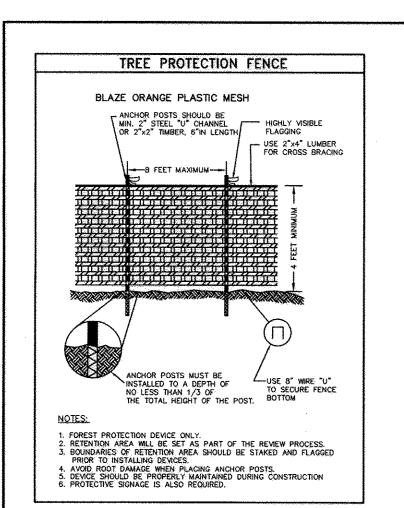
SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

ROMANIK PROPERTY, LOT 1 AND ORCHARD HILL, PARCEL B









**FOREST CONSERVATION NOTES:** 

1. ANY FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT (FCE) AREA SHOWN HEREON IS SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE COVENANTS WHICH MAY BE FOUND IN THE LAND RECORDS OF HOWARD COUNTY WHICH RESTRICT THE DISTURBANCE AND USE OF THESE AREAS.

2. THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE. FOREST CONSERVATION ACT. NO CLEARING, GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS; HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION

3. LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHALL BE RESTRICTED TO AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF TEMPORARY FENCING OR THE FCE BOUNDARY, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. 4. THERE SHALL BE NO CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION OR DISTURBANCE

OF VEGETATION IN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT, EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY HOWARD COUNTY DP7 5. NO STOCKPILES, PARKING AREAS, EQUIPMENT CLEANING AREAS, ETC. SHALL

6. TEMPORARY FENCING SHALL BE USED TO PROTECT FOREST RESOURCES DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE FENCING SHALL BE PLACED ALONG ALL FCE BOUNDARIES WHICH OCCUR WITHIN 15 FEET OF THE PROPOSED LIMITS OF

OCCUR WITHIN AREAS DESIGNATED AS FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS

7. PERMANENT SIGNAGE SHALL BE PLACED 50-100' APART ALONG THE BOUNDARIES OF ALL AREAS INCLUDED IN FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.

8. THE TOTAL FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION AMOUNT HAVE BEEN MET BY THE ON-SITE RETENTION OF 1.12 AC. WITHIN A FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT. A \$160,00 FEE IS REQUIRED FOR THE DISTURBANCE WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT TO REMOVE THE EXISTING STRUCTURE THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE IS 400SF (400\*\$0.40/SF). THIS FEE WILL BE ADDED TO THE LANDSCAPE SURETY. PLANTING OF 2" CALIBER TREES IS REQUIRED FOR THE DISTURBANCE AT 100 PER ACRE OF LOD. SEE LANDSCAPE PLANT LIST SHEET 7.

TORTOT COMMENCE IN THE STATE OF THE STATE OF

	FOREST CONSERVATION WORKSHEET ORCHARD PARK SECTION 3		
	Computations by: JCO BEI JOB No. 1796 Date:	10/9/2013	
	NET TRACT AREA:		
2-1/2"			
FOREST	- A. Total tract area	3.30 ac.	
CONSERVATION REFLECTIVE	B. Other deductions: (floodplain)	0.27 ac.	
AREA SHEETING	C. Net Tract Area	3.03 ac.	
TREES FOR YOUR OR SPECIFIED DECAL DECAL	LAND USE CATEGORY:	······································	
FUTURE \	Select category (AR, MDR, ID, HDR, MPD, CI)	HDR	
DUMPING,	(2) I See the second of the se		
MACHINERY, OR STORAGE OF	D. Afforestation Threshhold → 15% x "F" =	0.45 ac.	
MATERIALS, CUTTING OR	E. Conservation threshhold → 20% x "F" =	0.61 ac.	
DISTURBANCE OF VEGETATION OR		- Control of the Cont	
SOIL IN THES AREA	EXISTING FOREST COVER:	tanta no mono agrama agrama tangga angga angga agramaga an agramaga a	
IS STRICTLY		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
PROHIBITED Howard County Code, Title 16 Subtitle 12	F. Existing forest cover  G. Area of forest above afforestation threshold	2.00 ac.	
	H. Area of forest above conservation threshold	1. <b>55</b> ac. 1.31 ac.	
VIOLATORS ARE S	The first of bridge conservation the strong conservation and the strong conservation a	a ta a a salar a salar a ta t	
JBJECT TO FINES AS IMPOSED BY THE HOWARD COUNTY FOREST ONSERVATION ACT	BREAK EVEN POINT:		
HOWARD COUNTY 5 2			
	I. Forest retention above threshold with no mitigation	0.88 ac.	
±0.50	J. Clearing permitted without mitigation	1.12 ac.	
r more information or to			
eport violations, please call Howard County	PROPOSED FOREST CLEARING:	and the second s	
Department of Recreation	K. Total area of forest to be cleared		
and Parks, Natural BURIAL DEPTH	L. Total area of forest to be retained	0. <b>§</b> 8 ac. 1.12 ac.	
MARK - MARK	The standing of the second of the second sec	1.12 dv.	
410-313-4725 TTY 410-313-4665	PLANTING REQUIREMENTS:		
		and the second s	
	M. Reforestation for clearing above conservation threshold —	0.2 <b>2</b> ac.	
Trayyard	N. Reforestation for clearing below conservation threshold	0,00 ac.	
Howard	O. Credit for retention above conservation threshold	<b>0-51</b> /ac.	
V_	P. Total reforestation required	0.00 ac.	
MARKER DET	AIL Q. Total afforestation required R. Credit for landscaping - may not exceed 20% of "S."	0.00 ac.	
	R. Credit for landscaping - may not exceed 20% of "S."  S. Total reforestation and afforestation required	0.00 ac.	
AL SDECIEICATIONS	Figure 1 Constitution of the constitution of t	0.00 ac.	
CAL SPECIFICATIONS	2.640		
Materials: Number 3690 Scotcheal	~,		
non-reflective substrate.	44///// <del>/idelalalalalalala</del>		

# FCE CARSONITE MARKER

MARKER - SECTION VIEW

Color: Dark green text and border on beige background.

DEVELOPER'S/BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

FOREST	CONSERVATION	EASEMENT CHART
EASEMENT #	AREA	TYPE
4	1.39 AC. (1.12 AC.	. CREDIT) RETENTION

I/WE CERTIFY THAT THE LANDSCAPING SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WILL BE DONE

ACCORDING TO THE PLAN, SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL. I/WE FURTHER CERTIFY

ACCOMPANIED BY AN EXECUTED ONE-YEAR GUARANTEE OF PLANT MATERIALS,

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

THAT UPON COMPLETION OF A LETTER OF LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION.

WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.

### Specimen Tree Data

Key	Species, Size (dbh)	CRZ diameter	Comments/Condition
Α	Tulip poplar, 40"	120'	good condition
В	Tulip poplar, 36.5"	110'	good condition
C	Tulip poplar, 36"	108'	good condition
D	Tulip poplar, 30*	90'	good condition
E	Silver Maple, 34"	102'	good condition
F	Black gum, 42*	126'	good condition

#### FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Preconstruction Phase

The edge of the woods to be protected will be marked (staked or flagged) in the field per the limits of forest conservation easement shown in the approved site development plan prior to the start of construction activity. All areas within protective easement are to be considered "off limits' to any construction activities. The optional protective fencing shall be installed at the outside edge of forested areas and should be combined with sediment control devices when possible. The limit of the critical root zone and therefore the location of the protective devices is to be determined as follows:

Edge of Forested Area - 1 foot of protective radius/inch of DBH or an eight foot protective radius, whichever is greater.

Critical Root Zone for the forest on this site is an average of 12 feet from the trunk of the tree. Critical root zones for Specimen Tree 'F' 63'.

Construction activities expressly prohibited within the preservation areas are:

Placing or stockpiling backfill or top soil in protected Felling trees into protected areas Driving construction equipment into or through protected

Burning in or in close proximity to protected greas Stacking or storing supplies of any kind Concrete wash-off areas. Conducting trenching operations Grading beyond the limits of disturbance Parking vehicles or construction equipment Removal of root mat or topsoil

Siting and construction of: Utility lines Access roads Impervious surfaces Stormwater management devices Staging areas

- 3) Protective fencing (see Figure "Protective Fencing") shall be the responsibility of the general contractor. The general contractor shall affix signs to the fencing at 25' minimum intervals indicating that these areas are "Forest Retention Area" (see Figure "Signage"). The general contractor shall take great care to assure the restricted areas are not violated and theat root systems are protected from smothering, flooding, excessive wetting from dewatering operations, off-site runoff, spillage, and drainage or solutions containing materials hazardous to tree roots.
- 4) The general contractor shall be responsible for any tree damaged or destroyed within the preservation areas whether caused by the contractor, his agents, employees, subcontractors, or licensees.
- 5) Foot traffic shall be kept to a minimum in the protective
- All trees which are not to be preserved within fifty feet of any tree preservation areas are to be removed in a manner that will not damage those trees that are designated for preservation. It is highly recommended that tree stumps within this fifty foot area be around out with a stump grinding machine to minimize damage.
- 7) The general contractor shall designate a "wash out" area onsite for concrete trucks which will not drain toward a protected area.
- 8) A pre-construction meeting shall be held with local authorities before any disturbance has taken place on site.

### FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Construction Phase

Forest and tree conditions should be monitored during construction and corrective measures taken when appropriate.

The following shall be monitored:

- Soil compaction Root injury - prune and monitor; consider crown
- reduction Limb injury – prune and monitor Flooded conditions - drain and monitor; correct problem
- Drought conditions water and monitor; correct problem Other stress signs - determine reason, correct, and

FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Post Construction Phase

The following measures shall be taken:

removed after construction.

- 1) Corrective measures if damages were incurred due to negligence:
  - a) Stress reduction
  - Removal of dead or dying trees. This may be done only if trees pose an immediate safety hazard.
- 2) Removal of temporary structures:
- No burial of discarded materials will occur onsite within the conservation area.
- No open burning within 100 feet of a wooded area
- All temporary forest protection structures will be
- Remove temporary roads by removing stone or broadcasting mulch; pre-construction elevation should be maintained.
- e) Aerate compacted soil.
- Replant disturbed sites with trees, shrubs and/or herbaceous plants.
- g) Retain signs for retention areas or specimen trees.
- h) A County official shall inspect the entire site.
- 3) Future protection measures:
  - Howard County and the developer shall arrange for the dedication of an appropriate forest conservation easement at a later date.

### FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Preconstruction Phase Stress Reduction and Protection of Specimen Trees

Isolated from Forest Retention Areas and General Forest Retention Areas (as they may apply) Isolated specimen trees that are to be preserved will be examined to

determine if stress reduction techniques are needed. Protective measures and their evaluation criteria are provided on this plan only if they are employed herein.

#### Root Pruning

**Evaluation Criteria** 

Will the critical root zone be affected by construction activities such as grade changes, digging for foundations and roads or utility installation?

#### **Design Considerations**

- a) Prune prior to construction as shown on the plan (see Figure "Root Pruning Detail.")
- Prune root with a clean cut using proper pruning equipment such as a vibratory knife. Exact location of pruning trench should be identified, and immediately backfilled to cover exposed roots after pruning
- with soil removed other topsoil, peat moss, or other suitable material or with other high organic soil. For trees over 15" in diameter, root pruning may be done up
- to one year in advance of construction. Tree(s) will be monitored for signs of stress.

# Crown Reduction or Pruning

**Evaluation Criteria** 

Has the root system been significantly reduced (>30%) or are there dead, damaged, or diseased limbs?

#### **Design Considerations**

- a) Reduce only at specified times of the year: Flowering trees — only after flowering and before bud Non-Flowering trees - in late winter, early spring or mid summer
- b) No more than 1/3 of the crown should be removed at one time using acceptable pruning methods (see Figure "Crown Reduction Detail")
- c) Monitor for signs of stress

### Watering

**Evaluation Criteria** 

Will construction activities after the hydrology of the site? Has or will root pruning occur?

#### **Design Considerations**

Water only as necessary Monitor for signs of stress (see Figure "Tree Planting and Maintenance Calendar")

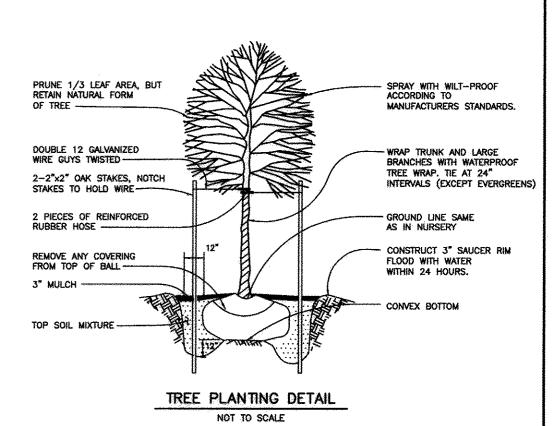
#### Fertilizing

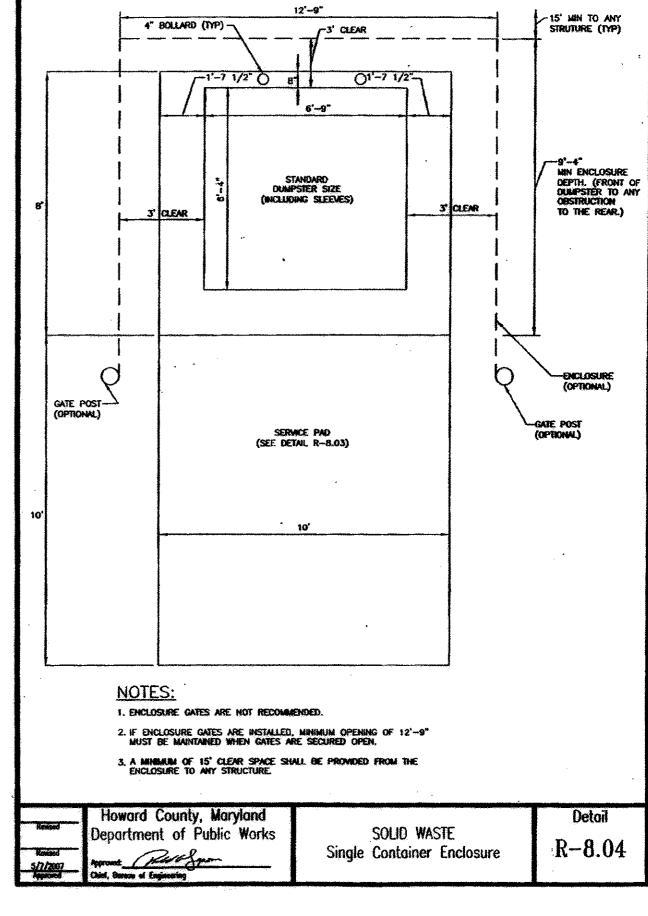
**Evaluation Criteria** 

Is or will be tree(s) be under stressful conditions? Has or will root pruning occur?

#### Design Considerations

- Use low nitrogen and slow release fertilizers. Apply in late fall or early spring (see Figure "Tree Planting and Maintenance and Calendar")
- For small trees (<3" in diameter), use punch hole method or pressurized injection method (see Figure "Application of
- Fertilizers by injection.") d) For larger trees (>3" diameter), use punch hole method or pressurized injuction method (see Figure "Application of
- Fertilizers by Injection.") Do not apply fertilizer any closer than 3' from tree trunk
- for pressurized injection method. f) Monitor for signs of stress.





### No Ae-Built information is required on this sheet



rofessional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland. License No. 21443 Expiration Date: 12-21-16

3 10.27.15 REMOVE BENCHES, ADD APORTIONAL REL AREA. LOT 3 NO. DATE Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documen were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly license BENCHMARK professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 22390, Expiration Date: 6.30.15. ENGINEERS & LAND SURVEYORS & PLANNERS ENGINEERING, INC 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE & SUITE 315 & ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (P) 410-465-6105 (F) 410-465-6644 WWW.BEI-CIVILENGINEERING.COM

C/O SECURITY DEVELOPMENT 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE

SECTION 3 3200 PINE ORCHARD LANE ROMANIK PROPERTY, LOT 1 AND ORCHARD HILL, OPEN SPIKE LOT >

DEVELOPER: SECURITY DEVELOPMENT, LLC PO BOX 417 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21041 410-465-4244

LAKESHORE I, LLC

SUITE 415

ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043

OWNER:

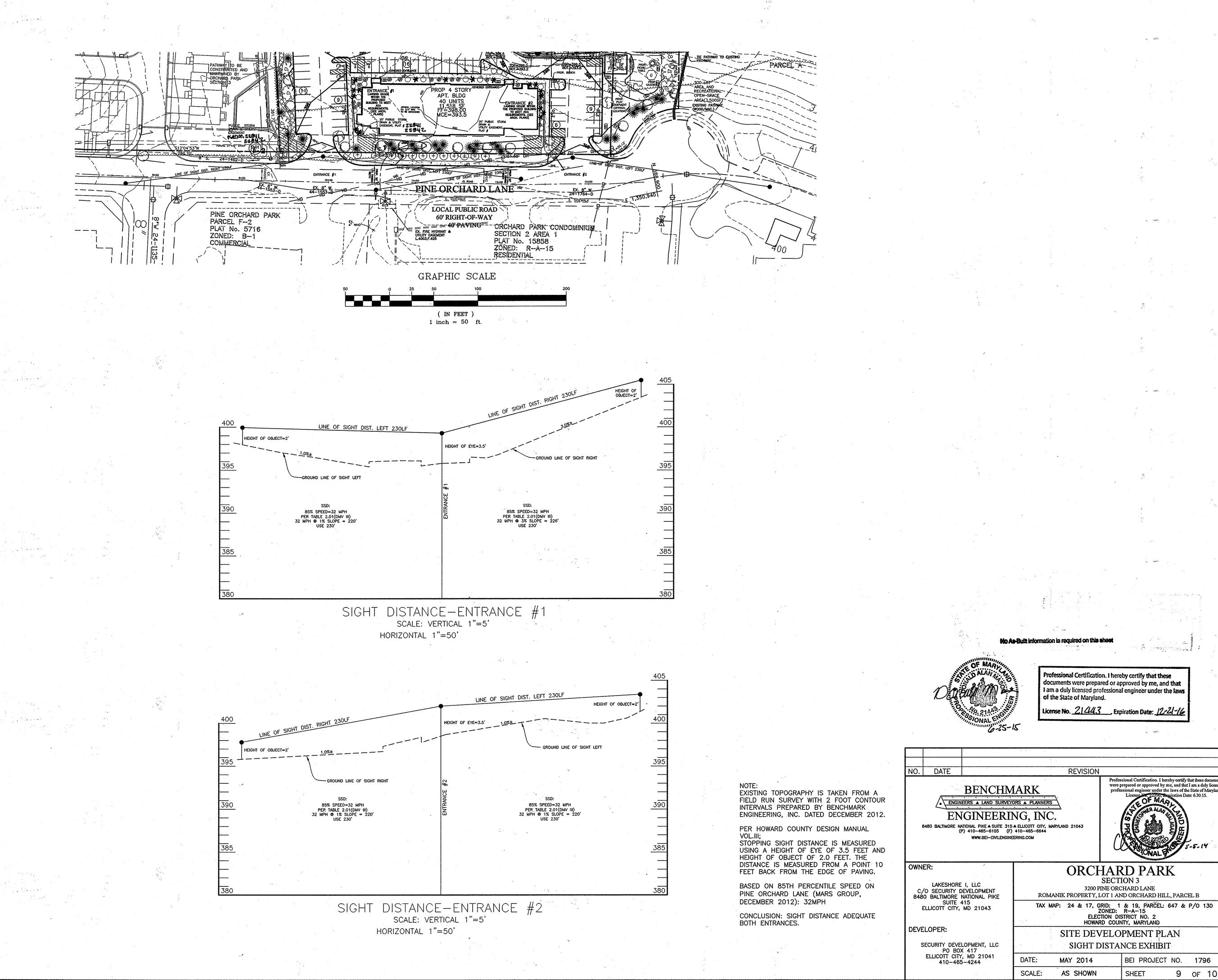
TAX MAP: 24 & 17, GRID: 1 & 19, PARCEL: 647 & P/O 130 ZONED: R-A-15 **ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2** HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN FOREST CONSERVATION NOTES AND DETAILS BEI PROJECT NO. 1796 MAY 2014 SCALE: AS SHOWN SHEET 8 OF 11

P#1796 ROMANIK dwg/8000 V Ldwg, 5/1/2014 1:22:21 PM, engle

By: Susan Umstead, member

AS-BUILT

SDP-13-055



APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Chil Ed. L. CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

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SDP-13-055

SHEET

ORCHARD PARK SECTION 3

3200 PINE ORCHARD LANE

SIGHT DISTANCE EXHIBIT

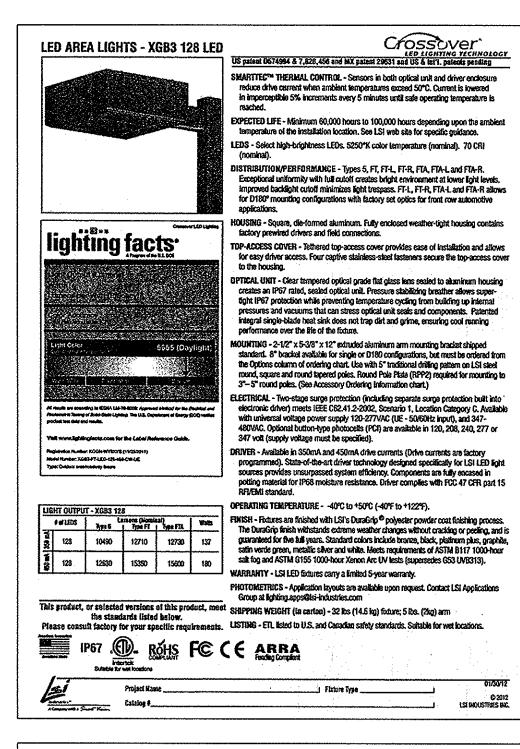
Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed

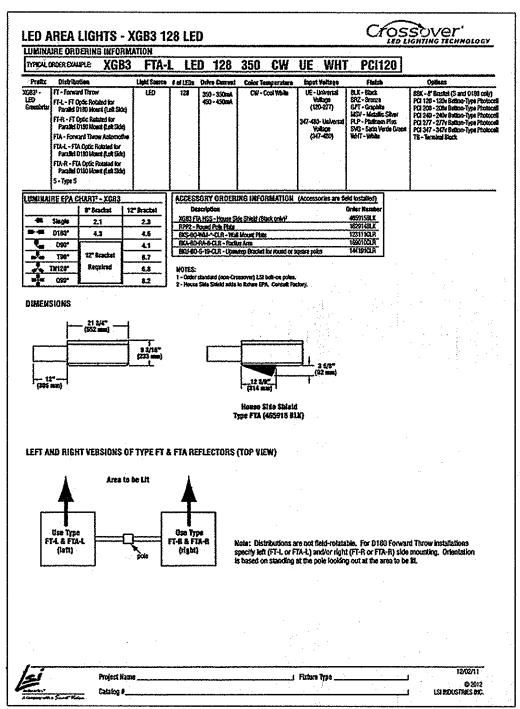
professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland,

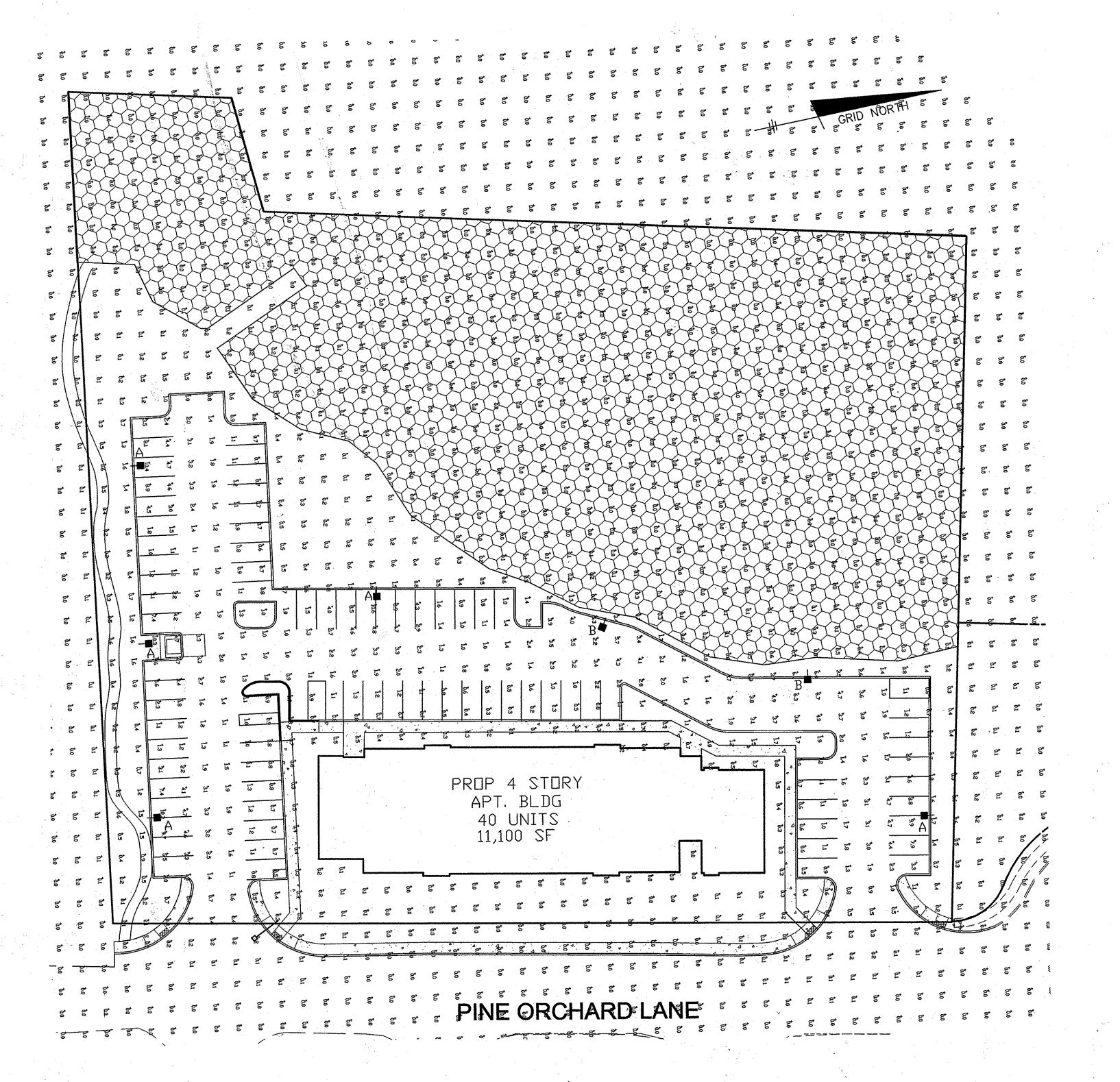
BEI PROJECT NO. 1796

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REVISION







		OFFSITE L	IGHT LOCATION
STREET NAME	LOCATION	OFFSET	FIXTURE/POLE TYPE
PINE ORCHARD LANE	AS SHOWN	7'±	150 WATT HPS VAPOR PREMIER POST-TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14' BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE

## ONSITE LIGHTING ONLY

Total Project Watts Total Watts = 964 Luminoire Schedule

Lummoire Schedule	3 ·	*			•		<b>b</b>	*
Symbol	Qty	Label	Arrangement	Description	LLF	Lumens/Lamp	Arr. Lum. Lumens	Arr. Wotts
	4	Α	SINGLE	XGB3-FT-LED-128-350-CW-UE-S-20'POLE + 2'BASE	1.000	N.A.	12706	136
	2	В	SINGLE	XGB3-3-LED-128-350-CW-UE-S-20'POLE + 2'BASE	1.000	N.A.	11794	142

			÷		4		· ·
Calculation Summary					-		,
Label	CalcType	Units	Avg	Max	Min	'Avg/Min	Max/Min
ALL CALC POINTS	Illuminance	Fc	0.39	10.6	0.0	N.A.	N.A.
INSIDE CURB	Illuminance	Fc	2.16	10.6	0.2	10.80	53.00

NOTES:

BASED ON THE INFORMATION PROVIDED, ALL DIMENSIONS AND LUMINAIRE LOCATIONS SHOWN REPRESENT RECOMMENDED POSITIONS. THE ENGINEER AND/OR ARCHITECT MUST DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF THE LAYOUT TO EXISTING OR FUTURE FIELD CONDITIONS.

THIS LIGHTING PLAN REPRESENTS ILLUMINATION LEVELS CALCULATED FROM LABORATORY DATA TAKEN UNDER CONTROLLED CONDITIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ILLUMINATING ENGINEERING SOCIETY (IES) APPROVED METHODS, ACTUAL PERFORMANCE OF ANY MANUFACTURER'S LUMINAIRES MAY VARY DUE TO CHANGES IN ELECTRICAL VOLTAGE, TOLERANCE IN LAMPS/LED'S AND OTHER VARIABLE FIELD CONDITIONS. CALCULATIONS DO NOT INCLUDE OBSTRUCTIONS SUCH AS BUILDINGS, CURBS, LANDSCAPING, OR ANY OTHER ARCHITECTURAL ELEMENTS UNLESS NOTED.

ALL OUTDOOR LIGHTING SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ZONING SECTION 134. ALL PROPOSED EXTERIOR LIGHTING SHALL BE DIRECTED/REFLECTED AWAY FROM ALL ADJACENT PUBLIC ROADS AND RESIDENTIAL ZONING DISTRICTS. LIGHT TRESPASS ONTO ANY PROPERTY ZONED OR USED FOR RESIDENTIAL PURPOSES SHALL BE LIMITED TO 0.5 FOOT CANDLES.

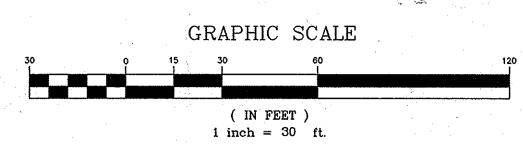
LIGHT TRESPASS GREATER THAN 0.5 FOOT CANDLES IS ALLOW TO ENCROACH ONTO PARCEL 'B' IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 128.A.10 OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS FOR INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT.

#### No As-Built information is required on this sheet



rofessional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland.

License No. 21443 Expiration Date: 12-21-16





American Innovation Through Technolog A SmartV\*c\*~> for the Future 10000 ALLIANCE RD. CINCINNATI, DHID 45242 USA (513) 793-3200 \* FAX (513) 793-6023

OWNER: ORCHARD PARK LAKESHORE I, LLC C/O SECURITY DEVELOPMENT 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE SUITE 415 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 **DEVELOPER:** SECURITY DEVELOPMENT, LLC

PO BOX 417 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21041 410-465-4244 DATE:

3200 PINE ORCHARD LANE TAX MAP: 24, GRID: 1, PARCEL: 647
ZONED: R-A-15
ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN LIGHTING PHOTOMETRIC PLAN MAY 2014 BEI PROJECT NO. 1796

1"=30'

SECTION 3

SCALE: AS-BUILT

SDP-13-055

SHEET

10 of 10

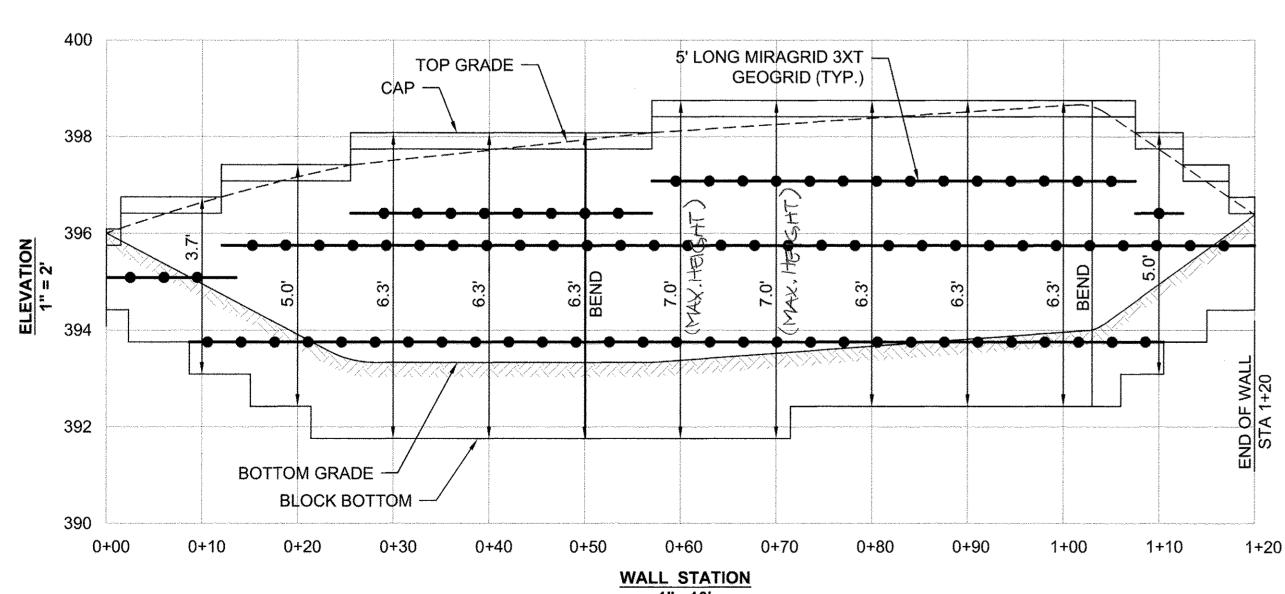
CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

6-17-14

# DRAINAGE AND UTILITY EASEMENT PLAT # 8530 APPROX. LOCATION EXISTING PATHWAY PATHWAY WQOD/MAC.) \_\_\_\_\_\_ /BOI. ≥391.8 TOP=392.1 BOJ.=389.2 -382 307.=388.4RETAINING WAL \_GUARDRAIL ∃STA. 1+00 STA. 0+00 STA. 1+20 TW = 398.08 $\Gamma W = 396.$ BW = 393.33TW = 396.0BW = 396.0LIGHTIM PINE ORCHARD LANE EX. UTILITY POLE #815949 O REMAIN WALL LOCATION PLAN



1" = 20'

# 1" =10' WALL ELEVATION

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

DIRECTOR

# **SPECIFICATIONS** MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALL

### **PART 1: GENERAL**

#### 1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. WORK SHALL CONSIST OF FURNISHING AND CONSTRUCTION OF A MODULAR RETAINING WALL SYSTEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS AND IN REASONABLY CLOSE CONFORMITY WITH THE LINES, GRADES, DESIGN, AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE
- B. WORK INCLUDES PREPARING FOUNDATION SOIL, FURNISHING AND INSTALLING LEVELING PAD, UNIT SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS.
- LENGTHS DESIGNATED ON THE CONSTRUCTION

#### 1.02 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

B. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL MATERIALS FROM DAMAGE DUE TO JOB SITE CONDITIONS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S INCORPORATED INTO THE WORK.

#### **PART 2: PRODUCTS**

#### 2.01 MODULAR CONCRETE RETAINING WALL UNITS

- A. MODULAR CONCRETE UNITS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING ARCHITECTURAL REQUIREMENTS:
- FACE COLOR COLOR MAY BE SPECIFIED BY THE OWNER.
- FACE FINISH SCULPTURED ROCK FACE IN ANGULAR TRI-PLANER OR FLAT CONFIGURATION. OTHER FACE FINISHES WILL NOT BE ALLOWED WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL OF OWNER.
- BOND CONFIGURATION RUNNING WITH BONDS NOMINALLY LOCATED AT MIDPOINT VERTICALLY ADJACENT UNITS, IN BOTH STRAIGHT AND CURVED ALIGNMENTS. EXPOSED SURFACES OF UNITS SHALL BE FREE OF CHIPS.
- CRACKS OR OTHER IMPERFECTIONS WHEN VIEWED FROM A DISTANCE OF 10 FEET UNDER DIFFUSED LIGHTING. B. MODULAR CONCRETE MATERIALS SHALL CONFORM TO
- SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEGMENTAL RETAINING WALL UNITS. C. MODULAR CONCRETE UNITS SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING STRUCTURAL AND GEOMETRIC REQUIREMENTS MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM C1372 - STANDARD

COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH = 3000 PSI MINIMUM: ABSORPTION = 8% MAXIMUM (6% IN NORTHERN STATES) FOR STANDARD WEIGHT AGGREGATES;

APPROPRIATE REFERENCES:

DIMENSIONAL TOLERANCES = ±1/8" FROM NOMINAL UNIT DIMENSIONS NOT INCLUDING ROUGH SPLIT FACE, ±1/16" UNIT HEIGHT - TOP AND BOTTOM PLANES; UNIT SIZE - 8" (H) X 18" (W) X 12" (D) MINIMUM;

#### UNIT WEIGHT - 75 LBS/UNIT MINIMUM FOR STANDARD WEIGHT AGGREGATES;

NORMAL PRESSURE; AT 2 PSI NORMAL FORCE.

INTER-UNIT SHEAR STRENGTH - 1000 PLF MINIMUM AT 2 PSI

GEOGRID/UNIT PEAK CONNECTION STRENGTH - 1000 PLF

D. MODULAR CONCRETE UNITS SHALL CONFORM TO THE

FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTABILITY REQUIREMENTS: (IF

VERTICAL SETBACK = 1/8"± PER COURSE (NEAR VERTICAL)

OR 1"+ PER COURSE PER THE DESIGN; ALIGNMENT AND

GRID POSITIONING MECHANISM - FIBERGLASS PINS, TWO

MAXIMUM HORIZONTAL GAP BETWEEN ERECTED UNITS

THERMOSET ISOPTHALIC POLYESTER RESIN-PROTRUDED

FIBERGLASS REINFORCEMENT RODS OR EQUIVALENT TO

HORIZONTALLY ADJACENT UNITS. STRENGTH OF SHEAR

SHALL BE APPLICABLE OVER A DESIGN TEMPERATURE OF

GEOGRID IN THE PROPER DESIGN POSITION DURING GRID

PROVIDE CONNECTION BETWEEN VERTICALLY AND

CONNECTORS BETWEEN VERTICAL ADJACENT UNITS

CONNECTORS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF HOLDING THE

A. SHEAR CONNECTORS SHALL BE 1/2 INCH DIAMETER

10 DEGREES F TO + 100 DEGREES F. B. SHEAR

- DRAINAGE FILL AND BACKFILL TO THE LINES AND GRADES
- C. WORK INCLUDES FURNISHING AND INSTALLING GEOGRID SOIL REINFORCEMENT OF THE TYPE, SIZE, LOCATION, AND

- A. CONTRACTOR SHALL CHECK ALL MATERIALS UPON DELIVERY TO ASSURE THAT THE PROPER TYPE, GRADE, COLOR, AND CERTIFICATION HAS BEEN RECEIVED.
- RECOMMENDATIONS. DAMAGED MATERIALS SHALL NOT BE

- A. MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF A COMPACTED #57 CRUSHED STONE BASE AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS
  - 2.04 UNIT DRAINAGE FILL

APPLICABLE)

PER UNIT MINIMUM;

SHALL BE - 1/2 INCH.

2.02 SHEAR CONNECTORS (IF APPLICABLE)

PRE-TENSIONING AND BACKFILLING.

2.03 BASE LEVELING PAD MATERIAL

A. UNIT DRAINAGE FILL SHALL CONSIST OF #57CRUSHED

#### 2.05 REINFORCED BACKFILL

. REINFORCED BACKFILL SHALL TYPE SM, BE FREE OF DEBRIS AND MEET THE FOLLOWING GRADATION TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D-422 AND MEET OTHER PROPERTIES SHOWN ON THE PLAN:

SIEVE SIZE	PERCENT PASSING
2 INCH	100-75
3/4 INCH	100-75
NO. 40	0-60

PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) <10 AND LIQUID LIMIT <35 PER ASTM

MATERIAL CAN BE SITE EXCAVATED SOILS WHERE THE ABOVE REQUIREMENTS CAN BE MET. UNSUITABLE SOILS FOR BACKFILL (HIGH PLASTIC CLAYS OR ORGANIC SOILS) SHALL NOT BE USED IN THE REINFORCED SOIL MASS.

#### 2.06 GEOGRID SOIL REINFORCEMENT

NO. 200

A. GEOSYNTHETIC REINFORCEMENT SHALL CONSIST OF GEOGRIDS MANUFACTURED SPECIFICALLY FOR SOIL

REINFORCEMENT APPLICATIONS AND SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM HIGH TENACITY POLYESTER YARN.

#### 2.07 DRAINAGE PIPE

A. THE DRAINAGE PIPE SHALL BE PERFORATED CORRUGATED HDPE PIPE MANUFACTURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXCAVATION

A. CONTRACTOR SHALL EXCAVATE TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS. OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSPECTING AND APPROVING THE EXCAVATION PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF LEVELING MATERIAL OR FILL SOILS.

#### 3.02 BASE LEVELING PAD

- A. LEVELING PAD MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED TO THE LINES AND GRADES SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 6 INCHES AND EXTEND LATERALLY A MINIMUM OF 6" IN FRONT AND BEHIND THE MODULAR WALL UNIT.
- B. LEVELING PAD SHALL BE PREPARED TO INSURE FULL CONTACT TO THE BASE SURFACE OF THE CONCRETE

#### 3.03 MODULAR UNIT INSTALLATION

- A. FIRST COURSE OF UNITS SHALL BE PLACED ON THE LEVELING PAD AT THE APPROPRIATE LINE AND GRADE ALIGNMENT AND LEVEL SHALL BE CHECKED IN ALL DIRECTIONS AND INSURE THAT ALL UNITS ARE IN FULL CONTACT WITH THE BASE AND PROPERLY SEATED.
- B. PLACE THE FRONT OF UNITS SIDE-BY-SIDE. DO NOT LEAVE GAPS BETWEEN ADJACENT UNITS. LAYOUT OF CORNERS AND CURVES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- C. INSTALL SHEAR/CONNECTING DEVICES PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- D. PLACE AND COMPACT DRAINAGE FILL WITHIN AND BEHIND WALL UNITS. PLACE AND COMPACT BACKFILL SOIL BEHIND DRAINAGE FILL. FOLLOW WALL ERECTION AND DRAINAGE FILL CLOSELY WITH STRUCTURE BACKFILL.
- E. MAXIMUM STACKED VERTICAL HEIGHT OF WALL UNITS. PRIOR TO UNIT DRAINAGE FILL AND BACKFILL PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION, SHALL NOT EXCEED THREE COURSES.

#### 3.04 STRUCTURAL GEOGRID INSTALLATION

- A. GEOGRID SHALL BE ORIENTED WITH THE HIGHEST STRENGTH AXIS PERPENDICULAR TO THE WALL ALIGNMENT.
- B. GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE PLACED AT THE STRENGTHS, LENGTHS, AND ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DESIGN DRAWINGS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- C. THE GEOGRID SHALL BE LAID HORIZONTALLY ON COMPACTED BACKFILL AND ATTACHED TO THE MODULAR WALL UNITS. PLACE THE NEXT COURSE OF MODULAR CONCRETE UNITS OVER THE GEOGRID. THE GEOGRID SHALL BE PULLED TAUT, AND ANCHORED PRIOR TO BACKFILL PLACEMENT ON THE GEOGRID.

D. GEOGRID REINFORCEMENTS SHALL BE CONTINUOUS THROUGHOUT THEIR EMBEDMENT LENGTHS AND PLACED SIDE-BY-SIDE TO PROVIDE 100% COVERAGE AT EACH LEVEL. SPLICED CONNECTIONS BETWEEN SHORTER PIECES OF GEOGRID OR GAPS BETWEEN ADJACENT PIECES OF GEOGRID ARE NOT PERMITTED.

#### 3.05 REINFORCED BACKFILL PLACEMENT

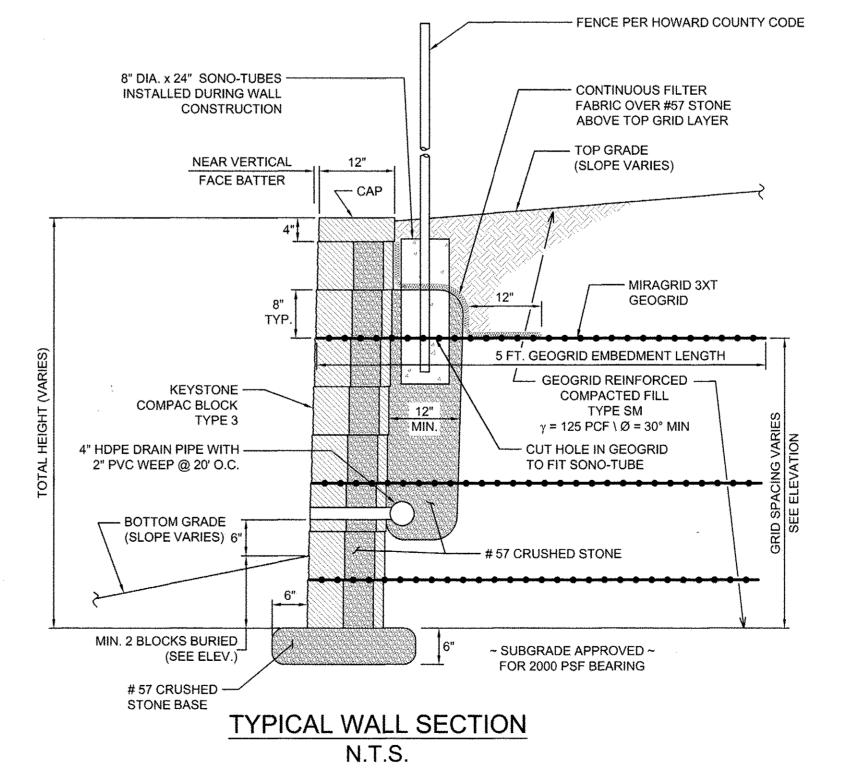
- A. REINFORCED BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED, SPREAD, AND COMPACTED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT MINIMIZES THE DEVELOPMENT OF SLACK IN THE GEOGRID AND INSTALLATION DAMAGE.
- REINFORCED BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN LIFTS NOT TO EXCEED 6 INCHES WHERE HAND COMPACTION IS USED, OR 8 - 10 INCHES WHERE HEAVY COMPACTION EQUIPMENT IS USED. LIFT THICKNESS SHALL BE DECREASED TO ACHIEVE THE REQUIRED DENSITY AS REQUIRED.
- REINFORCED BACKFILL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DENSITY AS DETERMINED BY ASTM D698. THE MOISTURE CONTENT OF THE BACKFILL MATERIAL PRIOR TO AND DURING COMPACTION SHALL BE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED THROUGHOUT EACH LAYER AND
- SHALL BE + 3% TO 3% OF OPTIMUM. D. ONLY LIGHTWEIGHT HAND-OPERATED EQUIPMENT SHALL BE ALLOWED WITHIN 3 FEET FROM THE TAIL OF THE MODULAR CONCRETE UNIT.
- E. TRACKED CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SHALL NOT BE OPERATED DIRECTLY UPON THE GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT. A MINIMUM FILL THICKNESS OF 6 INCHES IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO OPERATION OF TRACKED VEHICLES OVER THE GEOGRID. TRACKED VEHICLE TURNING SHOULD BE KEPT TO A MINIMUM TO PREVENT TRACKS FROM DISPLACING THE FILL AND DAMAGING THE GEOGRID.
- RUBBER TIRED EQUIPMENT MAY PASS OVER GEOGRID REINFORCEMENT AT SLOW SPEEDS, LESS THAN 10 MPH. SUDDEN BRAKING AND SHARP TURNING SHALL BE AVOIDED.
- AT THE END OF EACH DAY'S OPERATION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SLOPE THE LAST LIFT OF REINFORCED BACKFILL AWAY FROM THE WALL UNITS TO DIRECT RUNOFF AWAY FROM WALL FACE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ALLOW SURFACE RUNOFF FROM ADJACENT AREAS TO ENTER THE WALL CONSTRUCTION

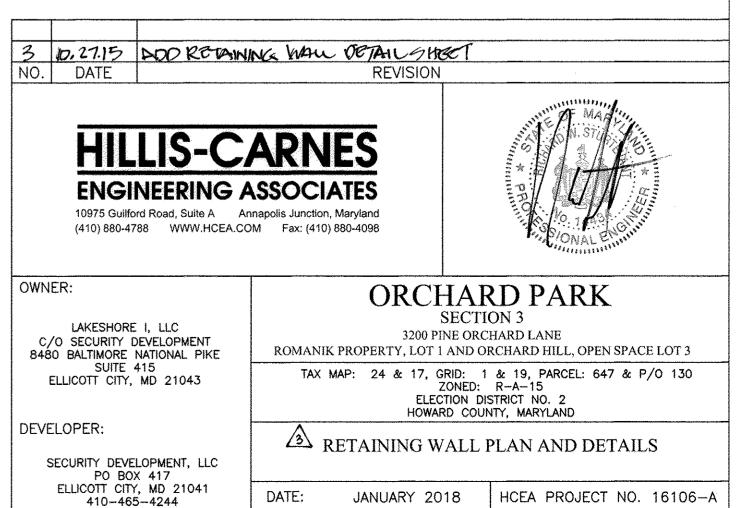
#### 3.06 CAP INSTALLATION

A. CAP UNITS SHALL BE GLUED TO UNDERLYING UNITS WITH AN ALL-WEATHER ADHESIVE RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

#### 3.07 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- THE OWNER SHALL ENGAGE INSPECTION AND TESTING SERVICES, INCLUDING INDEPENDENT LABORATORIES, TO PROVIDE QUALITY ASSURANCE AND TESTING SERVICES DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- AS A MINIMUM. QUALITY ASSURANCE TESTING SHOULD INCLUDE FOUNDATION SOIL INSPECTION, SOIL AND BACKFILL TESTING, VERIFICATION OF DESIGN PARAMETERS, AND OBSERVATION OF CONSTRUCTION FOR GENERAL COMPLIANCE WITH DESIGN DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.





AS SHOWN

SCALE:

SHEET

11 of 11