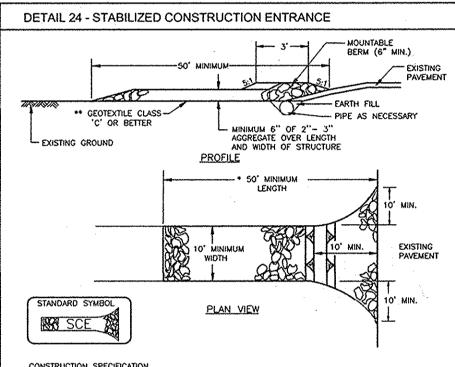


STAPLES AT TOP AND MID-SECTION AND SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS FOR GEOTEXTILE CLASS F: 50 LBS/IN (MIN.) TENSILE STRENGTH TEST: MSMT 509 TENSILE MODULUS 20 LBS/IN (MIN.) TEST: MSMT 509 0.3 GAL FT MINUTE (MAX.)

FILTERING EGGECIENCY 75% (MIN.) 3. WHERE ENDS OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC COME TOGETHER, THEY SHALL BE OVERLAPPED, FOLDED AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BYPASS. 4. SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT AND MAINTAINED WHEN BULGES OCCUR OR WHEN SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION REACHES 50% OF THE FABRIC HEIGHT

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



- CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION 1. LENGTH - MINIMUM OF 50' (* 30' FOR A SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT).
- WIDTH 10' MINIMUM, SHOULD BE FLARED AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS. 3. GEOTEXTILE FABRIC (FILTER CLOTH) SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE EXISTING GROUND PRIOR TO PLACING STONE. ** THE PLAN APPROVAL AUTHORITY MAY NOT REQUIRE SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCES TO USE GEOTEXTILE.

4. STONE - CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2" TO 3") OR RECLAIMED OR RECYCLED CONCRETE

- 5. SURFACE WATER ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE PIPED THROUGH THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE. PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5-1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 6" OF STONE OVER THE PIPE PIPE HAS TO BE SIZED ACCORDING TO THE DRAINAGE. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE WILL NOT BE NECESSARY. PIPE SHOULD BE SIZED ACCORDING TO THE AMOUNT OF RUNOFF TO BE CONVEYED. A 6" MINIMUM WILL BE REQUIRED.
- 6. LOCATION A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE LOCATED AT EVERY POINT WHERE CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC ENTERS OR LEAVES A CONSTRUCTION SITE. VEHICLES LEAVING THE SITE MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

Plant Species	Seeding Rate 1		Seeding Depth 27	Recommended Seeding Dates by Plant Hardiness Zone *		
	lb/ac	IP/1000 Lt,	(inches)	5h and 6a	6b	7a and 7h
Cool-Season Grasses	G. Gras		SA SPACE			
Annual Ryegrass (Lolium perenne ssp. multiflorum)	40	0.1	0.5	Mar 15 to Visy 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Viar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	96	2.2	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar I to May 15; Aug I to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30
Oals (Avena sativa)	72	1.7	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar I to May 15; Aug I to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30
Wheat (Triticion aestivan)	120	2.8	1,0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Sep 30	Mar I to May IS; Aug I to Oct 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Nov 30
Cereal Rye (Secule vereale)	112	2.8	1.0	Mar 15 to May 31; Aug 1 to Oct 31	Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Nov 15	Feb 15 to Apr 30; Aug 15 to Dec 15
Warm-Season Grasses			1000			
Foxtail Millet (Setaria italica)	30	0.7	0.5	Jun I to Jul 31	May 16 to Jul 31	May 1 to Aug 14
Pearl Miller (Fermisetum glaucum)	20	0.5	0.5	Jun 1 to Jul 31	May 16 to Jul 31	May 1 to Aug 14

17 Seeding rates for the warm-season grasses are in pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS). Actual planting rates shall be adjusted to reflect percent seed germination and purity, as tested. Adjustments are usually not needed for the cool-season grasses.

Seeding rates listed above are for temporary seedings, when planted above. When planted as a muse crop with permanent seed mixes, use 1/3 of the seeding rate listed above for barley, oals, and wheat. For smaller-seeded grasses (annual ryegrass, pearl millet, foxfail millet), do not exceed more than 5% (by weight) of the overall parmament seeding mix. Cereal rye generally should not be used as a marse crop, unless planting will occur in very late full beyond the seeding dates for other temperary seedings. Cereal type has allelopathic properties that inhibit the germination and growth of other plants. If it must be used as a muse crop, seed at 1/3 of the rate listed above.

Oats are the recommended nurse crop for warm-season grasses

2/ For sandy soils, plant seeds at twice the depth listed above. W The planting dates listed are averages for each Zone and may require adjustment to reflect local conditions, especially near the boundaries of the zone.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1. A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPT OF INSPECTION, LICENSE AND PERMITS SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1855).
- ALL VEGETATION AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. AND REVISIONS THERETO.
- 3. FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORAR' STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: (A) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, (B) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE
- 4. ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 7, HOWARD COUNTY
- 5. ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING, SOD, TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING (SEC. G). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE SHALL BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SÉEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND
- 6. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

7. SITE ANALYSIS TOTAL AREA AREA DISTURBED AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED. OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION

ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.

ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES. APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH

ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY

1. TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.

THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.

* TO BE DETERMINED BY CONTRACTOR, WITH PRE-APPROVAL OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR WITH AN APPROVED AND ACTIVE GRADING PERMIT

CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS 1. TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM THE EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED THAT IT MEETS THE STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE SPECIFICATIONS. TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL TO BE SALVAGED FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA-SCS IN COOPERATION WITH MARYLAND

II. TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS - SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING:

I. TOPSOIL SHALL BE A LOAM, SANDY LOAM, CLAY LOAM, SILT LOAM, SANDY CLAY LOAM, LOAMY SAND. OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENDED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR A SOIL SCIENTIST AND PPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. TOPSOIL SHALL NOT BE A MIXTURE OF CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND SHALL CONTAIN LESS THAN 5% BY VOLUME OF CINDERS, STONES, SLAG, COARSE FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL, STICKS, ROOTS, TRASH, OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAT 1 AND 1/2" IN

II. TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH S BERMUDA GRASS, QUACKGRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, NUTSEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTLE, OR OTHERS AS SPECIFIED. III. WHERE THE SUBSOIL IS EITHER HIGHLY ACIDIC OF

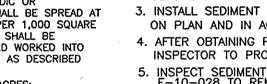
COMPOSED OF HEAVY CLAYS, GROUND LIMESTONE SHALL BE SPREAD AT THE RATE OF 4-8 TONS/ACRE (200-400 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE TEET) PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL. LIME SHALL BE TRIBUTED UNIFORMLY OVER DESIGNATED AREAS AND WORKED INTO SOIL IN CONJUNCTION WITH TILLAGE OPERATIONS AS DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES. II. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS UNDER 5 ACRES:

PLACE TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND APPLY SOIL MENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED IN 20.0 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SECTION I - VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS.

₹ 4 20.29°

THE POTOMAC II - LOT 39

W/ SIDING YENGER SCALE:1"=30"



6. CONSTRUCT HOUSES. THE FIRST FLOOR ELEVATIONS CANNOT BE MORE THAN 1' HIGHER OR 0.2' LOWER THAN THE ELEVATIONS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN.

WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES.

SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE THE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE

PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLIED

SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1.

TREPLACE

THE CHEISEATE LOT 38 W/SIPING VEHEER SCALE: ["=30"

21.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOI

DEFINITION PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL OVER A PREPARED SUBSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION.

TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETABLE GROWTH SOILS OF CONCERN HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW NUTRIENT LEVELS. LOW PH. MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL GRADATION.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES THIS PRACTICE IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER A. THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO PRODUCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH. B. THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO SUPPORT PLANTS OR FURNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT NUTRIENTS. THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH.

LIMESTONE IS NOT FEASIBLE. FOR THE PURPOSE OF THESE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND DESIGN FOR ADEQUATE STABILIZATION. AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 SHALL HAVE THE APPROPRIATE STABILIZATION SHOWN ON THE PLANS.

D. THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH

The Chelseall-Lot 3

W/ CULT. STONE &

SIDING VENEER

SCALE: 1'=30'

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION . OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT.

- 2. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS (410-313-1880) AT LEAST 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK.
- 3. INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON PLAN AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH DETAILS. (5 DAYS) 4. AFTER OBTAINING PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL
- (2 WEEKS) INSPECTOR TO PROCEED, ROUGH GRADE SITE. 5. INSPECT SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FROM
- F-10-028 TO REMAIN PER SDP. REPAIR AS NEEDED

7. UPON STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND

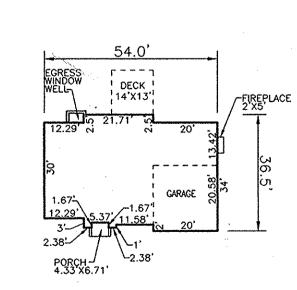
(6 MONTHS) (2 DAYS)

DURING GRADING AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL, THE CONTRACTOR ON THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHOWN FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE

A. 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, SWALES, DITCH PERIMETER SLOPES

B. 14 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS

AMESBURY



AMESBURY II SCALE: 1"=30"

- III. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OVER 5 ACRES: I. ON SOIL MEETING TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS, OBTAIN TEST RESULTS DICTATING FERTILIZER AND LIME AMENDMENTS REQUIRED TO BRING THE SOIL INTO COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING:
- A. PH FOR TOPSOIL SHALL BE BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.5. IF THE TESTED SOIL DEMONSTRATES A PH OF LESS THAN 6.0, SUFFICIENT LIME SHALL BE PRESCRIBED TO RAISE
 - THE PH TO 6.5 OR HIGHER. B. ORGANIC CONTENT OF TOPSOIL SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN 1.5 PERCENT BY WEIGHT.
- C. TOPSOIL HAVING SOLUBLE SALT CONTENT GREATER THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION SHALL NOT BE USED. D. NO SOD OR SEED SHALL BE PLACED ON SOIL SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME HAS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO PERMIT DISSIPATION OF
- NOTE: TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL TOPSOIL
- II. PLACE TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS SPECIFIED IN 20.0 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION-SECTION I-VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS. V. TOPSOIL APPLICATION

WHEN TOPSOILING, MAINTAIN NEEDED EROSION AND

SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIVERSIONS, GRADE STABILIZATION STRUCTURES, EARTH DIKES, SLOPE SILT FENCE AND SEDIMENT TRAPS AND BASINS. II. GRADES ON THE AREAS TO BE TOPSOILED, WHICH HAVE BEEN PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED, SHALL BE MAINTAINED, ALBEIT 4"

- 8" HIGHER IN ELEVATION. III. TOPSOIL SHALL BE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED IN A 4" -8" LAYER AND LIGHTLY COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4". SPREADING SHALL BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM OF ADDITIONAL SOIL PREPARATION AND TILLAGE. ANY IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOILING OR OTHER OPERATIONS SHALL BE

IV. TOPSOIL SHALL NOT BE PLACE WHILE THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION. WHEN THE SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING AND SEEDBED PREPARATION.

CORRECTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS

SOIL PROTECTION ZONE NOTES

OR WATER POCKETS.

- I. THE SOIL PROTECTION ZONE INCLUDE ALL AREAS CONTAINED INSIDE THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE.
- WHERE POSSIBLE, THE SOIL PROTECTION ZONE SHALL EXTEND TO THE DRIP LINE OF SPECIMEN TREES. FOR OTHER GROUPS OF TREES, THE ZONE SHALL BE THE DRIP LINE OF 40% OF THE HEIGHT OF THE TREE, WHICHEVER IS GREATER.
- NO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE SOIL PROTECTION ZONE.
- 4. IF SOIL HAS BEEN COMPACTED OR GRADING HAS TAKEN PLACE IN THE VICINITY OF THE SOIL PROTECTION ZONE, ROOT PRUNING SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED PER ROOT PRUNING DETAIL, SHOWN ON THIS PLAN.
- ROOT PRUNING SHALL OCCUR PRIOR TO THE BEGINNING OF
- WHERE THE SOIL PROTECTION ZONE MUST ENCROACH INSIDE THE CRITICAL ROOT ZONE OF A TREE, SOIL DISTURBANCE SHAL BE MITIGATED WITH VERTICAL MULCHING, OR RADIAL TRENCHING.
- PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHALL BE MARKED AND THE DETERMINE WHICH TREES WILL NEED PREVENTATIVE TREATMENT OF REMOVAL.
- TREE MAINTENANCE AND REMOVAL SHALL BE UNDERTAKEN BY A QUALIFIED MD TREE EXPERT TO ENSURE DAMAGE TO SURROUNDING TREES IS MINIMIZED. BRUSH AND LIMBS REMOVED FOR CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CHIPPED AND SPREAD AT THE EDGE OF THE SOIL PROTECTION ZONE TO A DEPTH OF 6 INCHES. THIS SHALL OCCUR OUTSIDE THE SOIL PROTECTION ZONE WHERE COMPACTION COULD IMPACT OTHERWISE UNPROTECTED CRITICAL ROOT ZONE.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO IMMEDIATI FURTHER DISTURBANCE WHERE A PERMANENT LONG-LIVED VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY

- SOIL AMENDMENTS: IN LIEU OF SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS, USE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULES: 1) PREFERRED-APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/100 SQ.FT.) AND 600 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS./ 1000 SQ.FT.) BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL. AT THE TIME OF SEEDING, APPLY 400 LBS. PER ACRE
- 30-0-0 UREAFORM FERTILIZER (9 LBS/1000 SQ.FT.) 2) ACCEPTABLE-APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMATIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/ 1000 SQ.FT.) AND APPLY 1000 LBS. PER ACRE 10-10-10- FERTILIZER (23 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL. SEEDING: FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 THRU APRIL 30, AND AUGUST 1 THRU

OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 60 LBS. PER ACRE (1.4 LBS/1000 SQ.FT.) OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE. FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THRU JULY 31, SEED WITH 60 LBS. KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE PER ACRE AND 2 LBS. PER ACRE (.05 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS. DURING THE PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 THRU FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY: OPTION (1) 2 TONS PER ACRE WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING. OPTION (2) USE SOD. OPTION (3) SEED WITH 60 LBS/ACRE KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH 2 TONS/ACRE WELL ANCHORED

MULCHING: APPLY 1 1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SO. FT.) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING.
SANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING
TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ.FT.) OF EMULSIFIED
ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS
PER ACRE (8 GAL/1000 SQ.FT.) FOR ANCHORING. MAINTENANCE: INSPECT ALL SEEDED AREAS AND MAKE NEEDED REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND RESEEDINGS.

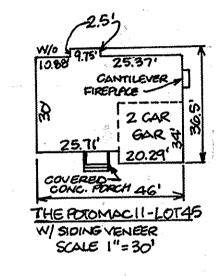
TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

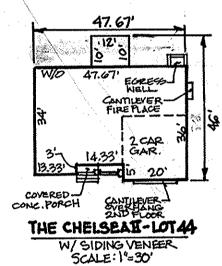
SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY

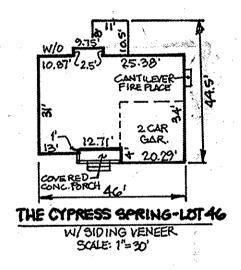
SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY 600 LBS. PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS./1000 SQ.FT). SEEDING: FOR PERIODS MARCH 1 THRU APRIL 30 AND FROM AUGUST 15 THRU NOVEMBER 15, SEED WITH 2 1/2 BUSHEL PER ACRE OF ANNUAL RYE (3.2 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THRU AUGUST 14, SEED WITH 3 LBS. PER ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS (.07 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.). FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 1 THRU FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY APPLYING 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS PO

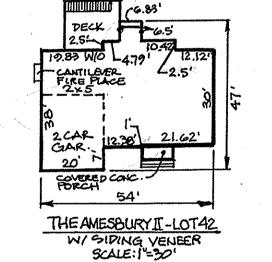
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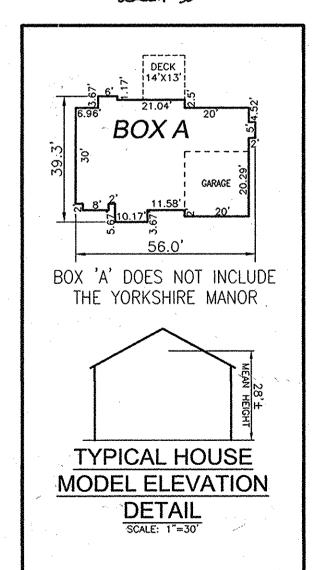
REFER TO THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR

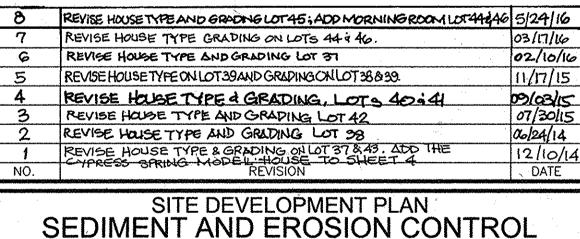










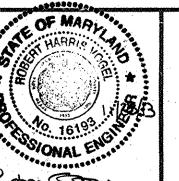




1ST ELECTION DISTRICT PZ REFERENCES: SP-05-06, PB CASE 374, WP-05-38, SDP-09-061, F-10-028, L 386/F 658, L 8232/F 574, L 8344/F 670, 4518/F 458, \$14-3208, \$10-3391, F-12-081, F-13-037, WP-13-167



NGINEERING, INC. ENGINEERS . SURVEYORS . PLANNERS 8407 MAIN STREET TEL: 410.461.7666 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 FAX::410.461.8961



DESIGN BY: DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: EXPIRATION DATE: 09-27-2014 DATE: NOVEMBER, 2013 SCALE: AS SHOWN W.O. NO.:

OWNER / DEVELOPER / CONTRACT PURCHASER TRINITY HOMES AT CYPRESS SPRINGS, L.L.

Chair Com ROBERT H. VOGEL, PE No. 1619

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 16193 SHEET 5

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

2.16.13 CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION 1-28-14 HEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT with p. ce-54-DATE THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

DETAIL 33 - SUPER SILT FENCE

1. FENCING SHALL BE 42" IN HEIGHT AND CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

FOR A 6' FENCE SHALL BE USED, SUBSTITUTING 42" FABRIC AND 6' LENGTH

4. FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE EMBEDDED A MINIMUM OF 8" INTO THE GROUND.

DEVELOP IN THE SILT FENCE, OR WHEN SILT REACHES 50% OF FENCE HEIGHT

LATEST MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY DETAILS FOR CHAIN LINK FENCING. THE SPECIFICATION

2. CHAIN LINK FENCE SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES

THE LOWER TENSION WIRE, BRACE AND TRUSS RODS, DRIVE ANCHORS AND POST CAPS ARE NOT

3. FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO THE CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH TIES SPACED

5. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER, THEY SHALL BE OVERLAPPED

7. FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO EACH FENCE POST WITH WIRE TIES OR

50 LBS/IN (MIN.) 20 LBS/IN (MIN.)

CONERED -

25.21

n ZCAR

THE POTOMAC II-LOT 40

SCALE: 1"=30"

THE CYPRESS SPRING-LOT 41

W/ CULT. STONE & SIDING VENEER SCALE: 1"=30"

W/GIDING VEHEER

PAGE

0.3 GAL/FT /MINUTE (MAX.)

STAPLES AT TOP AND MID SECTION AND SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS FOR

6. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NEEDED AND SILT BUILDUPS REMOVED WHEN "BULGES"

SHALL NOT EXCEED 10' CENTER TO CENTER

GROUND SURFACE

CHAIN LINK FENCING

EMBED FILTER CLOTH 8"---

MINIMUM INTO GROUND

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

* IF MULTIPLE LAYERS ARE REQUIRED TO ATTAIN 42

GEOTEXTILE CLASS F:

FLOW RATE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FILTER CLOTH-

REQUIRED EXCEPT ON THE ENDS OF THE FENCE.

EVERY 24" AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION.

21/2" DIAMETER: GALVANIZED OR ALUMINUM

10' MAXIMUM

* MINIMUM

STANDARD SYMBOL

----- SSF -----

TEST: MSMT 322

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN

WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

BY THE ENGINEER:

THE AMESBURY II - LOT47

W/CULT- STONE & SIDING VENEER

1/35/13 DATE

3675 PARK AVENUE, SUITE 301 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (410) 480-0023

TAX MAP 38 BLOCK S PARCELS 42, 44, 45 AND 4

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PROJECTS WITHIN 4 MILES OF THE BWI AIRPORT

References to ITEM #s noted below are found in Maryland Aviation Administration's manual entitled Specifications for Performing Landscaping Activities for the Maryland Aviation Administration dated May 2001

SOIL TESTS

- 1. Following initial soil disturbances or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within seven calendar days for the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes greater than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1) and fourteen days for all other disturbed or
- graded areas on the project site.

 2. Occurrence of acid sulfate soils (grayish black color) will require covering with a minimum of 12 inches of clean soil with 6 inches minimum capping of top soil. No stockpiling of material is allowed. If needed, soil tests should be done before and after a 6-week incubation period to allow oxidation of sulfates.
- 3. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative
 - a. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.

recommended by a certified agronomist.

- b. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm). c. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay but enough fine grained material (> 30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity
- to hold a moderate amount of moisture. d. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight. e. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root
- f. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance ITEM 901 or amendments made as

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c. A granular or pellet form suitable for application by blower equipment.

The rate of application will be based on results of soil tests performed by the University of Maryland Soil Testing Laboratory. By law, persons applying fertilizer to State-owned land shall follow the recommendations of the University of Maryland as set forth in the "Plant Nutrient Recommendations Based on Soil Tests for Turf Maintenance" and the "Plant Nutrient Recommendations Based on Soil Tests for Sod Production" (see Appendix B). Application of the fertilizer shall be in a manner that is consistent with the recommendations of the University of Maryland Cooperative Extension.

CONSTRUCTION METHODS AND EQUIPMENT

903-3.1 GENERAL. This section provides approved methods for the application of and includes standards for seedbed preparation, methods of application, and equipment to be used during the process. Lime and fertilizer shall be applied to seeded areas before the seed is spread. The mixture of seed will be determined for sites based on environmental conditions as described in Paragraph 903-2.1.3.

903-3.2 ADVANCE PREPARATION. Areas designated for seeding shall be properly prepared in advance of seed application. The area shall be tilled and graded prior to application of lime and fertilizer, and the surface area shall be cleared of any stones larger than 1 inch in diameter, sticks, stumps, and other debris that might interfere with sowing of seed, growth of grasses, or subsequent maintenance of grass-covered areas. Damage caused by erosion or other forces that occur after the completion of grading shall be repaired prior to the application of fertilizer and lime. The Contractor will repair such damage, which may include filling gullies, smoothing irregularities, and repairing other incidental damage before beginning the application of fertilizer and ground limestone.

If an area to be seeded is sparsely sodded, weedy, barren and unworked, or packed and hard, all grass and weeds shall first be cut or otherwise satisfactorily disposed of, and the soil then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth not less than 5 inches (125 mm). Clods shall be broken and the top 3 inches (75 mm) of soil shall be worked into a satisfactory condition by discing or by use of cultipackers, rollers, drags, harrows, or other appropriate means.

An area to be seeded shall be considered a satisfactory seedbed (without requiring additional treatment) if it has recently been thoroughly loosened and worked to a depth of not less than 5 inches; the top 3 inches of soil is loose, friable, and is reasonably free from large clods, rocks, large roots, or other undesirable matter; appropriate amounts of fertilizer and lime have been added; and, if it has been shaped to the required grade immediately prior to seeding. For slope areas steeper than 3:1 (three horizontal to one vertical), the subsoil shall be loose to a depth of 1 inch.

After completion of tilling and grading, lime and fertilizer shall be applied within 48 hours according to the specified rate (Paragraphs 903-2.2 and 2.3) and methods

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SEEDING

ITEM 903 SEEDING

DESCRIPTION

903-1.1 GENERAL. This item provides specifications for seeding of areas as designated on plans or as directed by the MAA Engineer. The species, mixtures, and methods of application provided in this item have been designed to reduce the attractiveness of airport grounds to wildlife. Only MAA-approved species, mixtures, and rates of application provided in this item may be used to establish vegetation. All activities associated with seeding including soil preparation, seed application, fertilization, and maintenance shall also conform to these approved standards.

MATERIALS

903-2.1 SEED. All seed shall comply with the Maryland Seed Law (Agricultural Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland). Only MAA-approved species, mixtures, and rates of application provided in this item may be used to establish vegetation. See will be sampled and tested by an inspector from the Turf and Seed Section, Maryland Department of Agriculture (MDA), Annapolis, Maryland. All lawn and turf seed and nixtures shall be free from the following state-listed restricted noxious weeds:

bentgrass (Agrostis spp.)1, redtop (Agrostis gigantea) ' wild onion (Allium canadense wild garlic (Allium vineale), bindweed (Calstegia spp.), dodder (Cuscuta spp.), Bermuda grass (Cynodon dactylon) rchardgrass (Dactylis glomerata) tall fescue (Festuca arundinacea) meadow fescue (Festuca pratensis) velvetgrass (Holcus lanatus),

com cockle (Agrostemma githago).

annual bluegrass (Poa annua), rough bluegrass (Poa trivialis) timothy (Phleum pratense), an lohnson grass (Sorgum halepense)

Restricted noxious-weed seed may not exceed 0.5 percent by weight of any seed mixture In addition, all seeds sold in Maryland shall be free from the following listed prohibited

These species may be included as a labeled component of a mixture when each is present in excess of five

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(Paragraphs 903-3.3.1 and 903-3.3.2) approved by MAA. The seeding mixture shall be applied within 48 hours after application of lime and fertilizer. To firm the seeded areas, cultipacking shall occur immediately after seeding.

903-3.3 METHODS OF APPLICATION. Lime, fertilizer, and seed mixes shall be applied by either the dry or wet application methods that have been approved by MAA

903-3.3.1 DRY APPLICATION METHOD

a. Liming. If soil test results indicate that lime is needed, the following procedures will be used: following advance preparation of the seedbed, lime shall be applied prior to the application of any fertilizer or seed and only on seedbeds that have been prepared as described in paragraph 903-3.2. The lime shall be uniformly spread and worked into the top 2 inches of soil, after which the seedbed shall be properly graded again.

b. Fertilizing. Following advance preparations (and liming if necessary), fertilizer shall be spread uniformly at the specified rate to provide no less than the minimum quantity stated in Paragraph 903-2.3.

c. Seeding. Seed mixtures shall be sown immediately after fertilization of the seedbed. The fertilizer and seed shall be lightly raked to a depth of 1 inch for newly graded and disturbed areas.

d. Rolling. After the seed has been properly covered, the seedbed shall be mmediately compacted using a cultipacker or an approved lawsroller.

903-3.3.2 WET APPLICATION METHOD/HYDROSEEDING

a. General. The Contractor may elect to apply seed and fertilizer as per Paragraphs c and d of this section in the form of an aqueous mixture by spraying over the previously prepared seedbed using methods and equipment approved by MAA. The rates of application shall be as specified in Paragraphs 903-2.1 through 903-2.3.

b. Spraying Equipment. The spraying equipment shall have a container or water tank equipped with a liquid level gauge capable of reading increments of 50 gallons or less over the entire range of the tank capacity. The liquid level gauge shall be mounted so as to be visible to the nozzle operator at all times. The container or tank shall also be equipped with a mechanical power-driven agitator capable of keeping all the solids in the mixture in complete suspension

The spraying equipment shall also include a pressure pump capable of delivering 100 gallons per minute at a pressure of 100 pounds per square inch. The

noxious weeds: balloonvine (Cardiospermum halicacabum), quackgrass (Elytrigic repens), sicklepod (Senna obtusifolia), sorghum (Sorghum spp.), Canada thistle (Cirsium arvense), plumeless thistle (Carduus spp.-includes musk thistle and curled thistle), and serrated tussock (Nassella trichotoma)

903-2.1.1 APPROVED SPECIES. The following table contains species that are approved by MAA for use in seed mixtures. Purity requirements and germination requirements are also provided.

	Purity* Not Less than %	Minimum % Germination ^b	Pure Live Seed Factor
ertified Turf-Type Tall escue Festuca arundinacea)	98	90	1.13
ertified Kentucky Bluegrass Poa pratensis)	90	80	1.39
ard Fescue Festuca longifolia)	98	90	1.13
hewings Red Fescue Festuca rubra commutata)	98	90	1.13
nnual Ryegrass olium multiflorum)	95	85	1.24
erennial Ryegrass	90	80	1.39
owl Meadow Grass Poa palustris)	90	80	1.39
ittle Bluestem	62	94	1.71

903-2.1.2 PURITY. All seed shall be free of all state-designated noxious weeds listed in Paragraph 2.1.1 and conform to MAA specifications. To ensure compliance, MAA requires sampling and testing of seed by the Turf and Seed Section, Maryland Department of Agriculture (MDA). The Contractor shall furnish the MAA Engineer with duplicate signed copies of a statement by the Turf and Seed Section certifying that each lot of seed has been laboratory tested within six months of date of delivery. This statement shall include the following information:

- name and address of laboratory,
- date of test, lot number.
- the results of tests as to name, percentages of purity and of germination, percentage of weed content for the seed furnished.
- and, in the case of a mixture, the proportions of each kind of seed.

pressure pump assemblage shall be configured to allow the mixture to flow through the tank when not being sprayed from the nozzle. All pump passages and pipelines shall be capable of providing clearance for 5/8-inch solids. Th power unit for the pump and agitator shall have controls mounted so as to be accessible to the nozzle operator. A pressure gauge shall be connected to and mounted immediately behind the nozzle.

manner that it can be rotated through 360 degrees horizontally and inclined vertically from at least 20 degrees below to at least 60 degrees above the horizontal. There shall be a quick-acting, three-way control valve connecting the recirculating line to the nozzle pipe and mounted so that the nozzle operator can control and regulate the amount of flow of mixture to be supplied so that mixtures may be properly sprayed over a distance varying from 20 feet to 100 feet. One shall be a close-range ribbon nozzle, one a medium-range ribbon nozzle, and one a long-range jet nozzle. For ease of removal and cleaning, all nozzles shall be connected to the nozzle pipe by means of quick-release couplings. In order to reach areas inaccessible to the regular equipment, an extension hose at least 50 feet in length shall be provided to which the nozzles

c. Mixtures. Lime shall be applied separately in the quantity specified, prior to of water. After lime has been applied, the tank should be emptied and rinsed with fresh water. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed together in the relative proportions specified, but the resulting concentration should not exceed 220 pounds of mixture per 100 gallons of water and should be applied within 30 minutes to prevent fertilizer burn of the seeds.

All water used shall be obtained from fresh water sources and shall be free from injurious chemicals and other toxic substances harmful to plant life. Brackish water shall not be used at any time. The Contractor shall identify all sources of water to the MAA Engineer at least two weeks prior to use. The Engineer may take samples of the water at the source or from the tank at any time and have a laboratory test the samples for chemical and saline content. The Contractor shall not use any water from any source that is disapproved by the Engineer following

All mixtures shall be constantly agitated from the time they are mixed until they are finally applied to the seedbed. All such mixtures shall be used within 30 minutes from the time they were mixed or they shall be wasted and disposed of at a location acceptable to the Engineer.

d. Spraying. Lime shall be sprayed upon previously prepared seedbeds on which the lime, if required, shall have been worked in already. The mixtures

The nozzle pipe shall be mounted on an elevated supporting stand in such a

the fertilizing and seeding operations. Lime should be added to and mixed with water at a concentration not to exceed 220 pounds of lime for every 100 gallons

Seed shall be furnished in standard containers with the seed name, lot number, net weight, percentages of purity, germination rate and hard seed, and percentage of maximum weed seed content clearly marked. All seed containers shall be tagged with a MDA supervised mix program seed tag.

903-2.1.3 MIXTURES AND APPLICATION RATES. Only seed mixtures and application rates described in this item may be used unless otherwise approved by the MAA Engineer. Seed mixtures shall meet criteria detailed in Paragraph 903-2.1.2. Seed mixtures have been formulated to minimize the attractiveness of areas to wildlife of common landscape scenarios. The appropriate seed mixture for application will be designated based on environmental conditions and may vary from site to site. All planting rates listed are in pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS) per acre.

Seed mixtures, application scenarios, and rates for permanent cool-season grasses are as

- a. Seed Mixture No. 1 relatively flat areas (grade less than 4:1) subject to conditions and regular mowing (Application rate = 234 lbs PLS/acre); b. Seed Mixture No. 2 - sloped areas (grade greater than 4:1) not subject to
- mowing (Application rate = 115 lbs PLS/acre); and c. Seed Mixture No. 3 - wetlands and their associated buffer zones (Application

Seed Mixture No. 1: Relatively flat areas regularly mowed and exposed to normal conditions (Application rate = 234 lbs PLS/acre

131 lbs PLS/acre).

Seed	Rate of Application (lbs of LS/acre)
85% Certified Turf-Type Tall Fescue	192
10% Certified Kentucky Bluegrass	28
5% Perennial Ryegrass	14
Supplemental Seed Annual Ryegrass	25

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shall be applied using a high-pressure spray which shall always be directed upward into the air so that the mixtures will fall to the ground in a uniform spray. Nozzles or sprays shall never be directed toward the ground in such a manner that might produce erosion or runoff. Particular care shall be exercised to ensure that the application is made uniformly, at the prescribed rate, and to guard against misses and overlapped areas. Predetermined quantities of the mixture shall be used in accordance with specifications to cover specified sections of known areas. To checks the rate and uniformity of application, the applicator will observe the degree of wetting of the ground or distribute test sheets of paper or pans over the area at intervals and observe the quantity of material deposited thereon.

On surfaces that are to be mulched as indicated by the plans or designated by the MAA Engineer, seed and fertilizer applied by the spray method need not be raked into the soil or rolled. However, on surfaces on which mulch is not to be used, the raking and rolling operations will be required after the soil has dried

903-3.4 MAINTENANCE OF SEEDED AREAS. The contractor shall protect seeded areas against traffic or other use by warning signs or barricades, as approved by the Engineer. Surfaces gullied or otherwise damaged following seeding shall be repaired by regrading and reseeding as directed. The Contractor shall mow, water as directed, and otherwise maintain seeded areas in a satisfactory condition until final inspection and acceptance of the work.

When either the dry or wet application method outlined above is used for work performed out of season, the Contractor will be required to establish a good stand of grass of uniform color and density to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If at the time when the contract has been otherwise completed it is not possible to make an adequate determination of the color, density, and uniformity of such stand of grass, payment for the unaccepted portions of the areas seeded out of season will be withheld until such time as these requirements have been met.

MULCHING

Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding. During the time periods when seeding is not permitted, mulch shall be applied immediately after

Mulch shall be applied as per ITEM 905.

Seed Mixture No. 2: Sloped areas not subject to regular mowing (Application rate = 115

		Rate of Applicat
Seed		(lbs of PLS/acre)
75% Hard Fescue	t and the second	85
20% Chewings Fescue		23
5% Kentucky Bluegrass		7
Supplemental Seed		

Seed Mixture No. 3 - Wetland areas and their associated buffer zones (Application rate =

PLS/acre)	,	Rate of Application
Seed		(lbs of PLS/acre)
60%	Fowl Meadow Grass	83
30%	Chewings Fescue	34
10%	Perennial Ryegrass	. 14

903-2.1.4 SEEDING SEASONS. Application of seed and seed mixtures shall occur within a specified seeding season unless otherwise approved by the MAA Engineer. No seed or seed mixtures are to be applied on frozen ground or when the temperature is at or below 35 degrees Farenheit (7.2 degrees Centigrade). Under these conditions, a layer of mulch should be applied in accordance with Item 905, Mulching, to stabilize the site, and permanent seeding should occur in the subsequent seeding season. Seed application may occur during the seeding season dates listed below. Seeding performed after October 20 should be a temporary cover of annual ryegrass and followed by overseeding of the appropriate seed mixture during the spring seeding season.

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TEMPORARY SEEDING

100 pounds of dolomitic limestone per 1,000 square feet. 15 pounds of 10-10-10 per 1,000 square feet.

Mûlch shall be applied as per ITEM 905.

No fills may be placed on frozen ground. All fill to be placed in approximately horizontal layers, each layer having a loose thickness of not more than 8 inches. All fill in roadways and parking areas is to be classified Type 2 as per Anne Arundel County Code -- Article 21, Section 2-308, and compacted to 90% density; compaction to be determined by ASTM D-1557-66T (Modified Proctor). Any fill within the building area is to be compacted to a minimum of 95% density as determined by methods previously mentioned. Fills for pond embankments shall be compacted as per MD-378 Construction Specifications. All other fills shall be compacted sufficiently so

SODDING

Installation of sod should follow permanent seeding dates. Seedbed preparation for sod shall be as noted above. Lime and fertilizer per permanent seeding specifications and lightly irrigate soil prior to laying sod. Sod is to be laid on the contour with all ends tightly abutting. Joints are to be staggered between rows. Water and roll or tamp sod to insure positive root contact with the soil. All slopes steeper than 3:1, as shown, are to be permanently sodded or protected with an approved erosion control netting. Additional watering for establishment may be required. Sod is not to be installed on frozen ground. Sod shall not be transplanted when moisture content (dry or wet) and/or extreme temperature may adversely affect its survival. In the absence of adequate rainfall, irrigation should be performed to ensure establishment of sod.

Install sod as per ITEM 904.

Permanent Cool-Season Grasses March 1 to April 20 and August 1 to October 20, inclusive emporary Cover of Annual Rye/Redtop | March 1 to April 30 and August 1 to November 30, inclusive May 1 to July 31, inclusive. Rate of application should be 13.6 lbs. Grasses (Little Bluestem only)

Seeding seasons are based on typical years and can be subject to variation, which may be modified by the MAA Engineer based on seasonal trends.

If the time required to complete any of the operations necessary under this item, within the specified planting season or any authorized extensions thereof, extends beyond the Contract period, then such time will be charged against the Contract time, and liquidated damages will be enforced with respect to this portion of work.

903-2.2 LIME. Lime shall consist of ground limestone and contain at least 85 percent total carbonates. Lime shall be ground to a fineness so that at least 90 percent will pass through a No. 20 mesh sieve and 50 percent will pass through a No. 100 mesh sieve. Dolomitic lime or a high magnesium lime shall contain at least 10 percent magnesium oxide. Lime shall be applied by approved methods detailed in Section 903-3.3 of this item. The rate of application will be based on results of soil tests.

903-2.3 FERTILIZER. Fertilizer shall be standard commercial fertilizer (supplied separately or in mixtures) and meet the requirements of applicable state and federal laws (O-F-241) as well as standards of the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists. Nitrogen-Phosphorus-Potassium (N-P-K) concentrations shall be determined from analysis of soil samples. (Approved fertilizer rate: 21 pounds of 10-10-10 per 1,000 square feet.) Methods of fertilizer application shall conform to standards described in ection 903-3.3 of this item. Fertilizer shall be furnished in standard containers that are clearly labeled with name, weight, and guaranteed analysis of the contents (percentage of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and water-soluble potash). Mixed fertilizers shall not contain any hydrated lime or cyanamide compounds. Fertilizers failing to meet the specified analysis may be approved by the MAA Engineer, providing sufficient materials are applied to conform with the specified nutrients per unit of measure without

The fertilizers may be supplied in the following forms:

additional cost to MAA.

- a. A dry, free-flowing fertilizer suitable for application by a common fertilizer
- b. A finely ground fertilizer soluble in water, suitable for application by power

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Sediment control plans for mining operations must include the following seeding dates For seeding dates of: February 1 through April 30 and August 15 through October 31, use seed mixture of tall fescue at the rate of 2 pounds per 1,000 square feet and red top at the minimum rate of 0.5 pounds per 1,000 square feet.

NOTE: Use of this information does not preclude meeting all of the requirements of the current Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control.

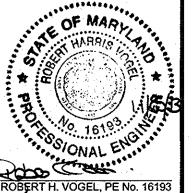
SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN **HCSCD/MAA NOTES & DETAILS CYPRESS SPRINGS - PHASE 3**

REVISION

DPZ REFERENCES: SP-05-06, PB CASE 374, WP-05-38, SDP-09-061, F-10-028, L 386/F 658, L 8232/F 574, L 8344/F 670, L 4518/F 458, \$14-3208, \$10-3391, F-12-081, F-13-037, WP-13-167

ROBERT H. VOGEL Engineering, Inc. ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • PLANNERS 8407 MAIN STREET TEL: 410.461.7666 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 FAX: 410.461.8961

SDP 13-042



DESIGN BY: DRAWN BY CHECKED BY: NOVEMBER, 2013 AS SHOWN SCALE: W.O. NO.:

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONA ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 16193 EXPIRATION DATE: 09-27-2014

SHEET

SDP-13-042

THE PROPOSED PROJECT IS LOCATED IN HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND ON TAX MAP 38, BLOCK 3, PARCEL 42,44,45 & 46. THE PROPOSED PROJECT IS LOCATED NEAR THE BALTIMORE WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL THURGOOD MARSHALL

CONTROL DURING CONSTRUCTION. FILTERING DEVICE TO A CLEAR WATER OUTFALL WITHIN 24 HOURS FOLLOWING ANY RAINFALL EVENT.

ANY DEVIATION TO PLANT SPECIES AND VEGETATION USED ON THESE PLANS NEED APPROVAL FROM HCSCD/MAA. THE PLANT SPECIES USED ON THIS SITE ARE TO AVOID ITS POTENTIAL TO ATTRACT WILDLIFE THAT COULD POSE STRIKE HAZARD

BWI AIRPORT NOISE ZONE:

5. THE ALLOWABLE HEIGHT FOR ANY PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STRUCTURES TALLER THAN 277 FEET ABOVE MEAN SEA LEVEL NEED OBSTRUCTION ANALYSIS REVIEW AND PERMIT FOR

6. THE STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES WITHIN 10,000 FEET OF ACTIVE RUNWAYS OR WITHIN 5 MILES OF AN APPROACH SURFACE MUST DRAIN WITHIN 24 HOURS FOLLOWING . THE 1 OR 2 YEAR STORM EVENTS AND WITHIN 48 HOURS FOLLOWING. THE 10 OR 100 YEAR STORM

AIRPORT (BWI), APPROXIMATELY 14,000 FEET NORTH OF RUNWAY 15R-33L.

HCSCD/MAA NOTES

2. SEDIMENT TRAPS AND BASINS MUST BE DRAINED COMPLETELY THROUGH A

1. SEDIMENT BASINS AND TRAPS ARE PROPOSED FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION

3. LANDSCAPING & STORM WATER POND LANDSCAPING ON SITE:

THE SITE FOR THIS PROJECT IS LOCATED OUTSIDE THE BOUNDARIES OF THE AIRPORT NOISE ZONE.

THE AIRPORT ZONE.

OWNER / DEVELOPER / CONTRACT PURCHASER TRINITY HOMES AT CYPRESS SPRINGS, L.L. 3675 PARK AVENUE, SUITE 301 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (410) 480-0023

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING