

# 20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION DEFINITION

USING VEGETATION AS COVER FOR BARREN SOIL TO PROTECT IT FROM FORCES THAT CAUSE EROSION.

PURPOSE FIGERATIVE STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS ARE USED TO PROMOTE THE ESTAP

VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS ARE USED TO PROMOTE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION ON EXPOSED SOIL WHEN SOIL IS STABILIZED WITH VEGETATION, THE SOIL IS LESS LIKELY TO ERODE AND MORE LIKELY TO ALLOW INFILTRATION OF RAINFALL, THEREBY REDUCING SEDIMENT LOADS AND RUN-OFF TO DOWNSTREAM AREAS, AND IMPROVING WILDLIFE HABITAT AND VISUAL RESOURCES.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

THIS PRACTICE SHALL BE USED ON DENUDED AREAS AS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS AND MAY BE USED ON HIGHLY ERODIBLE OR CRITICALLY ERODING AREAS. THIS SPECIFICATION IS DIVIDED INTO TEMPORARY SEEDING, TO QUICKLY ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER FOR SHORT DURATION O(UP TO ONE YEAR), AND PERMANENT SEEDING, FOR LONG TERM VEGETATIVE COVER. EXAMPLES OF APPLICABLE AREAS FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING ARE TEMPORARY SOIL STOCKPILES, CLEARED AREAS BEING LEFT IDLE BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION PHASES, EARTH DIKES, ETC. AND FOR PERMANENT SEEDING ARE LAWNS, DAMS, CUT AND FILL SLOPES AND OTHER AREAS AT FINAL GRADE, FORMER STOCKPILE AND STAGING AREAS, ETC.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY

PLANTING VEGETATION IN DISTURBED AREAS WILL HAVE AN EFFECT ON THE WATER BUDGET, ESPECIALLY ON VOLUMES AND RATES OF RUNOFF, INFILTRATION EVAPORATION, TRANSPIRATION, PERCOLATION, AND GROUNDWATER RECHARGE. VEGETATION, OVER TIME, WILL INCREASE ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT AND IMPROVE THE WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF THE SOIL AND SUBSEQUENT PLANT GROWTH.

VEGETATION WILL HELP REDUCE THE MOVEMENT OF SEDIMENT, NUTRIENTS, AND OTHER CHEMICALS CARRIED BY RUNOFF TO RECEIVING WATERS. PLANTS WILL ALSO HELP PROTECT GROUNDWATER SUPPLIES BY ASSIMILATING THOSE SUBSTANCES PRESENT WITHIN THE ROOT ZONE.

SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MUST REMAIN IN PLACE DURING GRADING, SEEDBED PREPARATION, SEEDING, MULCHING AND VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT TO PREVENT LARGE QUANTITIES OF SEDIMENT AND ASSOCIATED CHEMICALS AND NUTRIENTS FROM WASHING INTO SURFACE WATERS.

SECTION 1 — VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS

A. SITE PREPARATION

I. INSTALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES (EITHER TEMPORARY OF PERMANENT) SUCH AS DIVERSIONS, GRADE STABILIZATION STRUCTURES, BERMS, WATERWAYS, OR SEDIMENT CONTROL BASINS.

II. PERFORM ALL GRADING OPERATIONS AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE SLOPE. FINAL GRADING AND SHAPING IS NOT USUALLY NECESSARY FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING.

III. SCHEDULE REQUIRED SOIL TESTS TO DETERMINE SOIL AMENDMENT COMPOSITION AND APPLICATION RATES FOR SITES

HAVING DISTURBED AREA OVER 5 ACRES.

B. SOIL AMENDMENTS (FERTILIZER AND LIME SPECIFICATIONS)

I. SOIL TESTS MUST BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE EXACT RATIOS AND APPLICATION RATES FOR BOTH LIME AND FERTILIZER ON SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OVER 5 ACRES. SOIL ANALYSIS MAY BE PERFORMED BY THE

UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND OR A RECOGNIZED COMMERCIAL LABORATORY. SOIL SAMPLES TAKEN FOR ENGINEERING

PURPOSES MAY ALSO BE USED FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSES.

II. FERTILIZERS SHALL BE UNIFORM IN COMPOSITION, FREE FLOWING AND SUITABLE FOR ACCURATE APPLICATION BY APPROVED EQUIPMENT. MANURE MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR FERTILIZER WITH PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. FERTILIZERS SHALL ALL BE DELIVERED TO THE SITE FULLY LABELED ACCORDING TO THE APPLICABLE STATE FERTILIZER LAWS AND SHALL BEAR THE NAME, TRADE NAME OR TRADEMARK AND WARRANTEE

OF THE PRODUCER.

III. LIME MATERIALS SHALL BE GROUND LIMESTONE (HYDRATED OR BURNT LIME MAY BE SUBSTITUTED) WHICH CONTAINS AT LEAST 50% TOTAL OXIDES (CALCIUM OXIDE PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDE). LIMESTONE SHALL BE GROUND TO SUCH FINENESS THAT AT LEAST 50% WILL PASS THROUGH A #100 MESH SIEVE AND 90-100% WILL PASS THROUGH A #20 MESH SIEVE.

IV. INCORPORATE LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE TOP 3-5" OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.

I. TEMPORARY SEEDING

A. SEEDBED PREPARATION SHALL CONSIST OF LOOSENING SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3" TO 5" BY MEANS OF SUITABLE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, SUCH AS DISC HARROWS OR CHISEL PLOWS OR RIPPERS MOUNTED ON CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. AFTER THE SOIL IS LOOSENED IT SHOULD NOT BE ROLLED OR DRAGGED SMOOTH, BUT LEFT IN THE ROUGHENED CONDITION. SLOPED AREAS (GREATER THAN 3:1) SHOULD BE TRACKED LEAVING THE SURFACE IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE.

B. APPLY FERTILIZER AND LIME AS PRESCRIBED ON THE PLANS.

C. IN CORPORATE LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE TOP 3-5" OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.

II. PERMANENT SEEDING

A. MINIMUM SOIL CONDITIONS REQUIRED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT:

1. SOIL PH SHALL BE BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.0.

C. SEEDBED PREPARATION

2. SOLUBLE SALTS SHALL BE LESS THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION (PPM).

3. THE SOIL SHALL CONTAIN LESS THAN 40% CLAY, BUT ENOUGH FINE GRAINED MATERIAL (>30% SILT PLUS CLAY) TO PROVIDE THE CAPACITY TO HOLD A MODERATE AMOUNT OF MOISTURE. AN EXCEPTION IS IF LOVEGRASS OR SERECIA LESPEDEZAS IS TO BE PLANTED, THEN A SANDY SOIL (<30% SILT

PLUS CLAY) WOULD BE ACCEPTABLE.
4. SOIL SHALL CONTAIN 1.5% MINIMUM ORGANIC MATTER BY WEIGHT.
5. SOIL MUST CONTAIN SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE TO PERMIT ADEQUATE ROOT PENETRATION.

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6. IF THESE CONDITIONS CANNOT BE MET BY SOILS ON SITE, ADDING TOPSOIL IS REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 21 STANDARD AND SPECIFICATION FOR TOPSOIL.

B. AREAS PREVIOUSLY GRADED IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A TRUE AND EVEN GRADE, THEN SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF 3-5" TO PERMIT BONDING OF THE TOPSOIL TO THE SURFACE AREA AND TO CREATE HORIZONTAL EROSION CHECK SLOTS TO PREVENT TOPSOIL TO THE SURFACE AREA AND TO CREATE HORIZONTAL EROSION CHECK SLOTS TO PREVENT TOPSOIL FROM SLIDING DOWN A SLOPE.

C. APRILY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS PER SOIL TEST OR AS INCLUDED ON THE PLANS

C. APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS PER SOIL TEST OR AS INCLUDED ON THE PLANS.

D. MIX SOIL AMENDMENTS INTO THE TOP 3-5" OF TOPSOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS. LAWN AREAS SHOULD BE RAKED TO SMOOTH THE SURFACE, REMOVE LARGE OBJECTS LIKE STONES AND BRANCHES, AND READY THE AREA FOR SEED AND APPLICATION. WHERE SITE CONDITIONS WILL NOT PERMIT NORMAL SEEDBED PREPARATION, LOOSEN SURFACE SOIL BY DRAGGING WITH A HEAVY CHAIN OR OTHER EQUIPMENT TO ROUGHEN THE SURFACE. STEEP SLOPES (STEEPER THAN 3:1) SHOULD BE TRACKED BY A DOZER LEAVING THE SOIL IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE. THE TOP 1-3" OF SOIL SHOULD BE LOOSE AND FRIABLE. SEEDBED LOOSENING MAY NOT BE NECESSARY ON

Newly disturbed areas.

SEED SPECIFICATIONS

I. ALL SEED MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARYLAND STATE SEED LAW. ALL SEED SHALL BE SUBJECT TO RE-TESTING BY A RECOGNIZED SEED LABORATORY. ALL SEED USED SHALL HAVE BEEN TESTED WITHIN THE 6 MONTHS

IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF SOWING SUCH MATERIAL ON THIS JOB.

NOTE: SEED TAGS SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE INSPECTOR TO VERIFY TYPE AND RATE OF SEED USED.

II. INOCULANT - THE INOCULANT FOR TREATING LEGUME SEED IN THE SEED MIXTURES SHALL BE A PURE CULTURE OF NITROGEN-FIXING BACTERIA PREPARED SPECIFICALLY FOR THE SPECIES. INOCULANTS SHALL NOT BE USED LATER THAN THE DATE INDICATED ON THE CONTAINER. ADD FRESH INOCULANT AS DIRECTED ON PACKAGE. USE FOUR TIMES THE RECOMMENDED RATE WHEN HYDROSEEDING. NOTE: IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO KEEP INOCULANT AS COOL AS POSSIBLE UNTIL USED. THE PERFECTIVES ABOVE 75°-80° F. CAN WEAKEN BACTERIA AND MAKE THE INOCULANT LESS EFFECTIVE.

E. METHODS OF SEEDING

1. HYDROSEEDING: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDES SEED AND FERTILIZER), BROADCAST
OR DROP SEEDED, OR A CULTIPACKER SEEDER.

A. IF FERTILIZER IS BEING APPLIED AT THE TIME OF SEEDING, THE APPLICATION RATES AMOUNTS WILL NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING: NITROGEN; MAXIMUM OF 100 LBS. PER ACRE TOTAL OF SOLUBLE NITROGEN; P205 (PHOSPHOROUS): 200 LBS/AC; K20 (POTASSIUM): 200 LBS/AC.

B. LIME — USE ONLY GROUND AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE, (UP TO 3 TONS PER ACRE MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING). NORMALLY, NOT MORE THAN 2 TONS ARE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING AT ANY ONE TIME. DO NOT USE BURNT OR HYDRATED LIME WHEN HYDROSEEDING.

C. SEED AND FERTILIZER SHALL BE MIXED ON SITE AND SEEDING SHALL BE DONE IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.

II. DRY SEEDING: THIS INCLUDES USE OF CONVENTIONAL DROP OR BROADCAST SPREADERS.

A. SEED SPREAD DRY SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SUBSOIL AT THE RATES PRESCRIBED ON THE

A. SEED SPREAD DRY SHALL BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SUBSOIL AT THE RATES PRESCRIBED ON THE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARIES OR TABLES 265 OR 26. THE SEEDED AREA SHALL THEN BE ROLLED WITH A WEIGHTED ROLLER TO PROVIDE GOOD SEED TO SOIL CONTACT.

B. WHERE PRACTICAL, SEED SHOULD BE APPLIED IN TWO DIRECTIONS PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION.

III. DRILL OR CULTIPACKER SEEDING: MECHANIZED SEEDERS THAT APPLY AND COVER SEED WITH SOIL.

A. CULTIPACKING SEEDERS ARE REQUIRED TO BURY THE SEED IN SUCH A FASHION AS TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 1/4 INCH OF SOIL COVERING. SEEDBED MUST BE FIRM AFTER PLANTING.

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APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION.

F. MULCH SPECIFICATIONS (IN ORDER OF PREFERENCE)

I. STRAW SHALL CONSIST OF THOROUGHLY THRESHED WHEAT, RYE OR OAT STRAW, REASONABLE BRIGHT IN COLOR, AND SHALL NOT BE MUSTY, MOLDY, CAKED, DECAYED, OR EXCESSIVELY DUSTY AND SHALL BE FREE OF NOXIOUS WEED SEEDS AS SPECIFIED IN THE MARYLAND SEED LAW.

II. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH (WCFM)

REVISION

A. WCFM SHALL CONSIST OF SPECIALLY PREPARED WOOD CELLULOSE PROCESSED INTO A UNIFORM FIBROUS PHYSICAL STATE.

B. WCFM SHALL BE DYED GREEN OR CONTAIN A GREEN DYE IN THE PACKAGE THAT WILL PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATE COLOR TO FACILITATE VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE UNIFORMLY SPREAD SLURRY.

C. WCFM, INCLUDING DYE, SHALL CONTAIN NO GERMINATION OR GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS.

D. WCFM MATERIALS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED AND PROCESSION ON SUCH A MANNER THAT THE

WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH WILL REMAIN IN UNIFORM SUSPENSION IN WATER UNDER AGITATION AND WILL BLEND WITH SEED, FERTILIZER AND OTHER ADDITIVES TO FORM A HOMOGENEOUS SLURRY. THE MULCH MATERIAL SHALL FORM A BLOTTER-LIKE GROUND COVER, ON APPLICATION, HAVING MOISTURE ABSORPTION AND PERCOLATION PROPERTIES AND SHALL COVER AND HOLD GRASS SEED IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL WITHOUT INHIBITING THE GROWTH OF THE GRASS SEEDLINGS.

E. WCFM MATERIAL SHALL CONTAIN NO ELEMENTS OR COMPOUNDS AT CONCENTRATION LEVELS THAT

WILL BE PHYTOL-TOXIC.

F. WCFM MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS: FIBER LENGTH TO APPROXIMATELY 10 MM., DIAMETER APPROXIMATELY 1 MM., PH RANGE OF 4.0 TO 0.5, ASH CONTENT OF 1.6% MAXIMUM AND WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF 90% MINIMUM.

NOTE: ONLY STERILE STRAW MULCH SHOULD BE USED IN AREAS WHERE ONE SPECIES OF GRASS IS DESIRED.

G. MULCHING SEEDED AREAS - MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO ALL SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING.

I. IF GRADING IS COMPLETED OUTSIDE OF THE SEEDING SEASON, MULCH ALONG SHALL BE APPLIED AS PRESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION AND MAINTAINED UNTIL THE SEEDING SEASON RETURNS AND SEEDING CAN BE PERFORMED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH THESE SPECIFICATIONS.

II. WHEN STRAW MULCH IS USED, IT SHALL BE SPREAD OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS/ACRE. MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO A UNIFORM LOOSE DEPTH OF BETWEEN 1" AND 2". MULCH APPLIED SHALL ACHIEVE A

UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION AND DEPTH SO THAT THE SOIL SURFACE IS NOT EXPOSED. IF A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS
TO BE USED, THE RATE SHOULD BE INCREASED TO 2.5 TONS/ACRE.

III. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER USED AS A MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 1,500 LBS. PER ACRE. THE
WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER SHALL BE MIXED WITH WATER, AND THE MIXTURE SHALL CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF 50 LBS.

OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.

H. SECURING STRAW MULCH (MULCH ANCHORING): MULCH ANCHORING SHALL BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING MULCH APPLICATION TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER. THIS MAY BE DONE BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS (LISTED BY PREFERENCE), DEPENDING UPON SIZE OF AREA AND EROSION HAZARD:

I. A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS A TRACTOR DRAWN IMPLEMENT DESIGNED TO PUNCH AND ANCHOR MULCH

INTO THE SOIL SURFACE A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) INCHES. THIS PRACTICE IS MOST EFFECTIVE ON LARGE AREAS, BUT IS LIMITED TO FLATTER SLOPES WHERE EQUIPMENT CAN OPERATE SAFELY. IF USED ON SLOPING LAND, THIS PRACTICE SHOULD BE USED ON THE CONTOUR IF POSSIBLE.

II. WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MAY BE USED FOR ANCHORING STRAW. THE FIBER BINDER SHALL BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 750 POUNDS/ACRE. THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER SHALL BE MIXED WITH WATER AND

THE MIXTURE SHALL CONTAIN A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.

III. APPLICATION OF LIQUID BINDERS SHOULD BE HEAVIER AT THE EDGES WHERE WIND CATCHES MULCH, SUCH AS IN VALLEYS AND CREST OF BANKS. THE REMAINDER OF AREA SHOULD BE APPEAR UNIFORM AFTER BINDER APPLICATION. SYNTHETIC BINDERS - SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRO-TACK), DCA-70 PETROSET, TERRA TAX II, TERRA TACK AR OR OTHER APPROVED EQUAL MAY BE USED AT RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE

MANUFACTURER TO ANCHOR MULCH.

IV. LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC NETTING MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOM—
MENDATIONS. NETTING IS USUALLY AVAILABLE IN ROLLS 4' TO 15' FEET WIDE AND 300 TO 3,000 FEET LONG.

I. INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION - CUT SLOPES
I. ALL CUTS SLOPES SHALL BE DRESSED, PREPARED, SEEDED AND MULCHED AS THE WORK PROGRESSES. SLOPES
SHALL BE EXCAVATED AND STABILIZED IN EQUAL INCREMENTS NOT TO EXCEED 15'.

II. CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE (REFER TO FIGURE 3 BELOW):

A. EXCAVATE AND STABILIZE ALL TEMPORARY SWALES, SIDE DITCHES, OR BERMS THAT WILL BE

USED TO CONVEY RUNOFF FROM THE EXCAVATION.

B. PERFORM PHASE 1 EXCAVATION, DRESS, AND STABILIZE.

C. PERFORM PHASE 2 EXCAVATION, DRESS AND STABILIZE. OVERSEED PHASE 1 AREAS AS NECESSARY.

D. PERFORM FINAL PHASE EXCAVATION, DRESS AND STABILIZE. OVERSEED PREVIOUSLY SEEDED

AREAS AS NECESSARY.

NOTE: ONCE EXCAVATION HAS BEGUN THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONTINUOUS FROM GRUBBING THROUGH THE COMPLETION OF GRADING AND PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND PERMANENT SEED AND MULCH. ANY INTERRUPTIONS INT HE OPERATION OF COMPLETING THE OPERATION OUT OF THE SEEDING SEASON WILL NECESSITATE THE APPLICATION OF TEMPORARY STABILIZATION.

I. EMBANKMENTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN LIFTS AS PRESCRIBED ON THE PLANS.

II. SLOPES SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY WHEN THE VERTICAL HEIGHT OF THE MULTIPLE LIFTS REACHES

15", OR WHEN THE GRADING OPERATION CEASES AS PRESCRIBED IN THE PLANS.

III. AT THE END OF EACH DAY, TEMPORARY BERMS AND PIPE SLOPE DRAINS SHOULD BE CONSTRUCTED ALONG THE TOP EDGE OF THE EMBANKMENT TO INTERCEPT SURFACE RUNOFF AND CONVEY IT DOWN THE SLOPE IN A NON-EROSIVE MANNER TO

A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.

IV. CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE: REFER TO FIGURE 4 (BELOW).

A. EXCAVATE AND STABILIZE ALL TEMPORARY SWALES, SIDE DITCHES, OR BERMS THAT WILL BE USED

TO DIVERT RUNOFF AROUND THE FILL. CONSTRUCT SLOPE SILT FENCE ON LOW SIDE OF FILL AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 5, UNLESS OTHER METHODS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ADDRESS THIS AREA.

8. PLACE PHASE 1 EMBANKMENT, DRESS AND STABILIZE.

J. INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION OF EMBANKMENTS - FILL SLOPES

C. PLACE PHASE 2 EMBANKMENT, DRESS AND STABILIZE.

D. PLACE FINAL PHASE EMBANKMENT, DRESS AND STABILIZE. OVERSEED PREVIOUSLY SEEDED AREAS AS NECESSARY.

NOTE: ONCE THE PLACEMENT OF FILL HAS BEGUN THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONTINUOUS FROM GRUBBING THROUGH THE COMPLETION OF AND PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) GRADING AND PERMANENT SEED AND MULCH. ANY INTERRUPTIONS IN THE OPERATION OR COMPLETING

## SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT
2. INSTALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN ON PLAN
3. CLEAR AND GRUB TO LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE
4. INSTALL TEMPORARY SEEDING
5. CONSTRUCT BUILDINGS
6. FINE GRADE SITE AND INSTALL PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPE
7. REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AS UPLAND AREAS ARE STABILIZED
7. DAYS

AND PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY E/S CONTROL INSPECTOR.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1) A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY

DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313–1855).

2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE. WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECS. FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS PREMADENT.

3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.
4) ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING

SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.

5) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN

GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.

6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER

7) SITE ANALYSIS:
TOTAL AREA OF SITE
AREA DISTURBED
AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED
AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED
TOTAL CUT

TOTAL FILL

6,000 SQUARE FEET 4,750 SQUARE FEET 2,795 SQUARE FEET 1,955 SQUARE FEET 320 CU. YOS.

OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION STOCK PILING WILL NOT BE PERMITTED ON SITE.

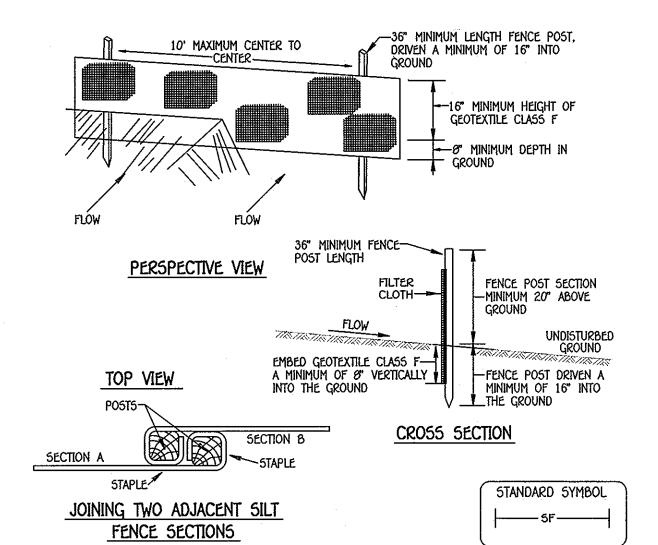
B) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING

ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.

9) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.

11) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.



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#### CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. FENCE POSTS SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 36" LONG DRIVEN 16" MINIMUM INTO THE GROUND. WOOD POSTS SHALL BE 11/2" X 11/2" SQUARE (MINIMUM) CUT, OR 13/4" DIAMETER (MINIMUM) ROUND AND SHALL BE OF SOUND QUALITY HARDWOOD. STEEL POSTS WILL BE STANDARD T OR U SECTION WEIGHTING NOT LESS THAN 1.00 POND PER LINEAR FOOT.

2. GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO EACH FENCE POST WITH WIRE

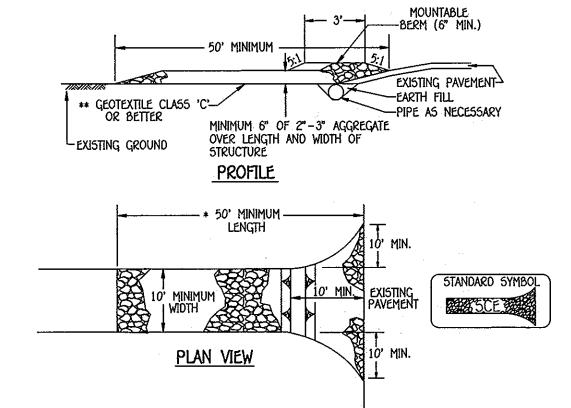
2. GEOTEXTILE SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO EACH FENCE POST WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES AT TOP AND MID-SECTION AND SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS FOR GEOTEXTILE CLASS F:

TENSILE STRENGTH 50 LBS/IN (MIN.) TEST: MSMT 509
TENSILE MODULUS 20 LBS/IN (MIN.) TEST: MSMT 509
FLOW RATE 0.3 GAL FT/MINUTE (MAX.)<sup>2</sup> TEST: MSMT 322
FILTERING EFFICIENCY 75% (MIN.) TEST: MSMT 322
3. WHERE ENDS OF GEOTEXTILE FABRIC COME TOGETHER, THEY SHALL BE
OVERLAPPED, FOLDED AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BYPASS.

OVERLAPPED, FOLDED AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BYPASS.

4. SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT AND MAINTAINED WHEN BULGES OCCUR OR WHEN SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION REACHED 50% OF THE FABRIC HEIGHT.

NOT TO SCALE



## CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

LENGTH - MINIMUM OF 50' (\*30' FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT).
 WIDTH - 10' MINIMUM, SHOULD BE FLARED AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS.
 GEOTEXTILE FABRIC (FILTER CLOTH) SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE EXISTING GROUND PRIOR TO PLACING STONE. \*\*THE PLAN APPROVAL AUTHORITY MAY NOT REQUIRE SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCES TO USE GEOTEXTILE.
 STONE - CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2" TO 3") OR RECLAIMED OR RECYCLED CONCRETE

EQUIVALENT SHALL BE PLACED AT LEAST 6" DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE ENTRANCE.

5. SURFACE WATER - ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE PIPED THROUGH THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE. PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE PROTECTED WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 6" OF STONE OVER THE PIPE. PIPE HAS TO BE SIZED ACCORDING TO THE DRAINAGE. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY A PIPE WILL NOT BE NECESSARY. PIPE SHOULD BE SIZED ACCORDING TO THE AMOUNT OF RUNOFF TO BE CONVEYED. A 6" MINIMUM WILL BE REQUIRED.

LOCATION — A STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SHALL BE LOCATED AT EVERY POINT WHERE CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC ENTERS OR LEAVES A CONSTRUCTION SITE. VEHICLES LEAVING THE SITE MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
NOT TO SCALE





DATE

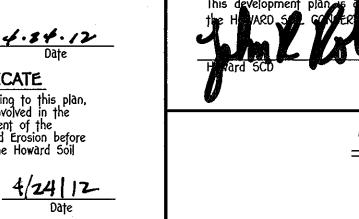
# "I certify that this plan for erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District."

BUILDER/DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan, for sediment and erosion control and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on—site inspection by the Howard Soil

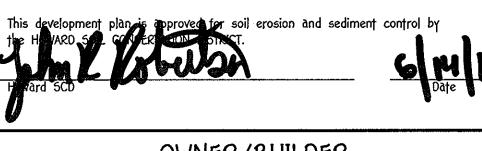
beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the Conservation District."

Signature of Developer





Reviewed for HOWARD SCD and meets Technical Requirements.



OWNER/BUILDER

KELLY AND JONATHAN JENSEN

622 LAUREL DRIVE PASADENA, MARYLAND 21122

Chief, Division of Land Development					6 22/12 Date		
Chief Development Engineering Division  Director - Department of Planing and Zoning					6/20/12 Odje 6/22/,		
PROJECT HARWOOD PAR		SECTION N/A		LOTS NO. 279 & 280			
PLAT	BLOCK NO.	ZONE	TAX	ELEC. DIST.		CENSUS TR.	١
P.B. 60 FOLIO 115	13	R-12	38	FIRST		601202	
WATER CODE SEWER CODE							I
A-02			2152209				

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

SEDIMENT/EROSION CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS

SINGLE FAMILY SEMI-DETACHED UNITS
HARWOOD PARK

LOTS 279 & 280 1038 PARCEL NO.: 0873 GRID

TAX MAP NO.: 0030 PARCEL NO.: 0073 GRID NO.: 0013
FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND
SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: FEBRUARY, 2012

5HEET 2 OF 2