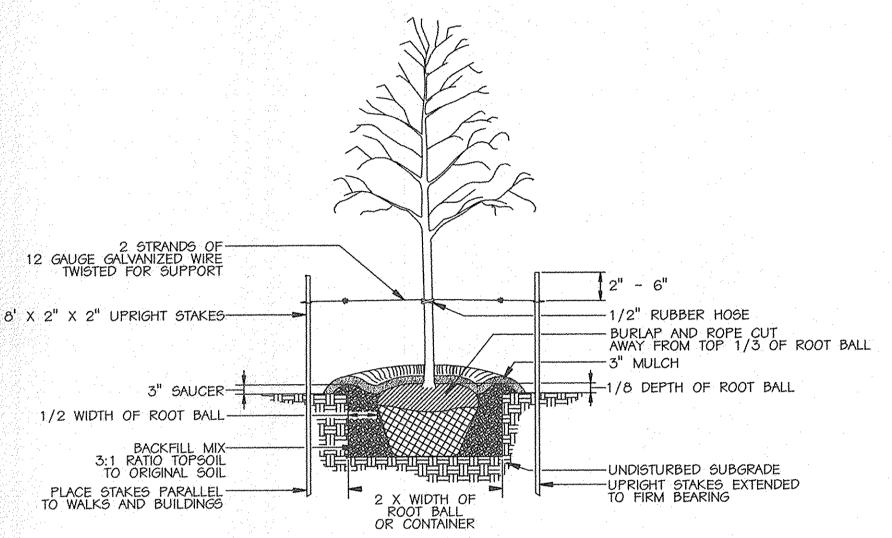


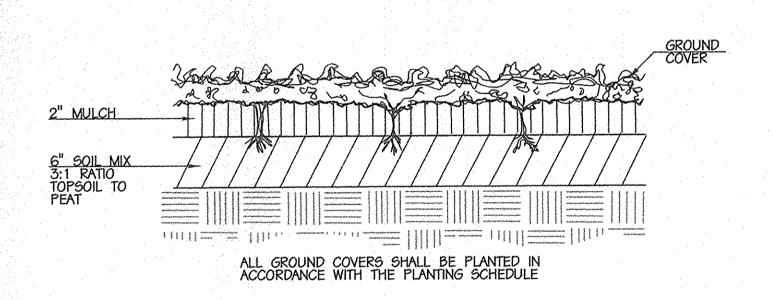
B & B AND CONTAINER GROWN NOT TO SCALE

and the same of th



DECIDUOUS TREE PLANTING DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



GROUND COVER PLANTING DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

PLANT MATERIALS AND PLANTING METHODS

- A. PLANT MATERIALS THE LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH AND INSTALL AND/OR DIG, BALL, BURLAP, AND TRANSPLANT ALL OF THE PLANT MATERIALS CALLED FOR ON DRAWINGS AND/OR LISTED IN THE PLANT SCHEDULE.
- PLANT NAMES USED IN THE PLANT SCHEDULE SHALL BE IDENTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "HORTUS THIRD", BY L.H. BAILEY, 1976.
- 2. PLANT STANDARDS
 ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE EQUAL TO OR BETTER THAN THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE "AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK". LATEST EDITION, AS PUBLISHED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN (HEREAFTER REFERRED TO AS AAN STANDARDS). ALL PLANTS SHALL BE TYPICAL OF THEIR SPECIES AND VARIETY SHALL HAVE A NORMAL HABIT OF GROWTH, AND SHALL BE FIRST QUALITY, SOUND, VIGOROUS, WELL-BRANCHES AND WITH HEALTH, WELL-FURNISHED ROOT SYSTEMS. THEY SHALL BE FREE OF DISEASE, INSECT PESTS AND MECHANICAL INJURIES.
- A. ALL PLANTS SHALL BE NURSERY GROWN AND SHALL HAVE BEEN GROWN UNDER THE SAME CLIMATIC CONDITIONS AS THE LOCATION OF THIS PROJECT FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS BEFORE PLANTING. NEITHER HEELED-IN PLANTS NOR PLANTS FROM COLD STORAGE WILL BE ACCEPTED.

 B. COLLECTED PLANTS OR TRANSPLANTED TREES MAY BE CALLED FOR BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND USED, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT LOCATIONS AND SOIL CONDITIONS WILL PERMIT PROPER BALLING.
- 3. PLANT MEASUREMENTS ALL PLANTS SHALL CONFORM TO THE MEASUREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THE PLANT SCHEDULE
- A. CALIPER MEASUREMENTS SHALL BE TAKEN SIX INCHES (6"), ABOVE GRADE FOR TREES UNDER FOUR-INCH (4") CALIPER AND TWELVE INCHES (12") ABOVE GRADE FOR TREES FOUR INCHES (4") IN CALIPER AND OVER.
- B. MINIMUM BRANCHING HEIGHT FOR ALL SHADE TREES SHALL BE SIX FEET (6'). C. MINIMUM SIZE FOR PLANTING SHADE TREES 2 1/2" - 3" CALIPER 12' - 14' IN

- C. MINIMUM SIZE FOR PLANTING MINOR SHADE TREES SHALL BE 2-1/2"-3" IN. CALIPER, 8-10' IN HEIGHT.

 E. MINIMUM SIZE FOR PLANTING ORNAMENTAL TREES SHALL BE 1-1/2"-1-3/4" CALIPER, 7-9' HEIGHT.

 CALIPER, 7-9' HEIGHT.

 CALIPER, 7-9' HEIGHT. G. CALIPER, HEIGHT, SPREAD AND SIZE OF BALL SHALL BE GENERALLY AS FOLLOWS:
- CALIPER DIAMETER DIAMETER DIAMETER DIAMETER DIAMETER DIAMETER DIAMETER
- ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL GENERALLY AVERAGE THE MEDIAN FOR THE SIZE RANGES INDICATED ABOVE AS INDICATED IN THE "AAN STANDARDS".
 H. MINIMUM SIZE FOR PLANTING SHRUBS SHALL BE, IN GENERAL, 18"-24" IN HEIGHT OR SPREAD, AS APPROPRIATE, EXCEPT THAT A LARGER SIZE MAY BE REQUIRED WHEN DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE PLANNING DIRECTOR OR DESIGNEE IN THE CASE OF PARTICULAR SPECIES OR PLANTING SITUATION.
- ALL PROPOSED PLANT MATERIAL THAT MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS IN SECTION B ABOVE ARE TO BE PLANTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING PLANTING METHODS DURING THE PROPER PLANTING SEASONS AS DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING:
- A PROFESSIONAL HORTICULTURALIST / NURSERYMAN SHALL BE CONSULTED TO DETERMINE THE PROPER TIME, BASES ON PLANT SPECIES AND WEATHER CONDITIONS, TO MOVE AND INSTALL PARTICULAR PLANT MATERIAL TO MINIMIZE STRESS TO THE PLANT. PLANTING OF DECIDUOUS MATERIAL MAY BO CONTINUES DURING THE WINTER MONTHS PROVIDED THERE IS NO FROST IN THE GROUND AND FROST-FREE TOP SOIL PLANTING MIXTURES ARE USED.
- 2. DIGGING ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE DUG, BALLED AND BURLAPPED (B+B, OR BARE ROOT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "AAN STANDARDS."
- 3. EXCAVATION OF PLANT PITS THE LANDSCAPING CONTRACTOR SHALL EXCAVATE ALL PLANT PITS, VINE PITS, HEDGE TRENCHES AND SHRUB BEDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING:
- ALL PITS SHALL BE GENERALLY CIRCULAR IN OUTLINE, VERTICAL SIDES. THE TREE PIT SHALL BE DEEP ENOUGH TO ALLOW OF THE ROOT BALL TO BE ABOVE THE EXISTING 1/8 GRADE. PLANTS SHALL REST ON UNNDISTURBED EXISTING SOIL OR WELL COMPACTED BACKFILL. THE TREE PIT MUST BE A MINIMUM OF NINE (9) INCHES LARGER ON EVERY SIDE THAT THE BALL OF THE TREE.
- B. IF AREAS ARE DESIGNATED AS SHRUB BEDS OR HEDGE TRENCHES, THEY SHALL BE EXCAVATED TO AT LEAST 18" DEPTH MINIMUM. AREAS DESIGNATED FOR GROUND COVERS AND VINES SHALL BE EXCAVATED TO AT LEAST 12" IN DEPTH MINIMUM.
- 4. STEAKING, GUYING SND WRAPPING SEE THE "LANDSCAPE SPECIFICATION GUIDELINES"
- 5. PLANT PRUNING, EDGING AND MULCHING A. EACH TREE, SHRUB OR VINE SHALL BE PRUNED IN AN APPROPRIATE MANNER TO ITS PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACCEPTED STANDARD PRACTICE. BROKEN OR BRUISED BRANCHES SHALL BE REMOVED WITH CLEAN CUTS MADE ON AN ANGLE FROM THE BARK RIDGE TO THE BRANCH COLLAR, NO FLUSH CUTS, TO MINIMIZE THE CUT AREA. ALL CUTS SHALL BE MADE WITH
- SHARP TOOLS. TRIM ALL EDGES SMOOTH. NO TREE WOUND DRESSING SHALL BE APPLIED. B. ALL TRENCHES AND SHRUB BEDS SHALL BE EDGED AND CULTIVATED TO THE LINES SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. THE AREAS AROUND ISOLATED PLANTS SHALL BE EDGED AND CULTIVATED TO THE FULL DIAMETER OF THE PIT. SOD WHICH HAS BEEN REMOVED AND STACKED SHALL BE USED TO TRIM THE EDGES OF ALL EXCAVATED AREAS TO THE NEAT LINES OF THE PLANT PIT SAUCERS, THE EDGES OF SHRUB AREAS, HEDGE TRENCHES AND VINE POCKETS.
- C. AFTER CULTIVATION, ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE MULCHED WITH A 2-3" LAYER OF TAN BARK, PEAT MOSS, OR ANOTHER APPROVED MATERIAL OVER THE ENTIRE AREA OF THE BED OR SAUCER.
- SEEDING AND SODDING A. ALL SEEDING AND SODDING SHALL BE AS PER "STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL IN URBANIZED AREAS" AS PUBLISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES.

			T over	DOOT	000000
KEY	QUANTITY	BOTANICAL / COMMON NAME	9IZE	ROOT	COMMENT
TREES	ò				
AR	1	ACER RUBRUM/ RED MAPLE	2"-2.5" CAL.	B & B	SPECIMAN SPECIMAN
BN	1	BETULA NIGRA/ RIVER BIRCH	4' - 6' HT.	B & B	SPECIMAN (MULTI STEM)
5RHU	B6				
N.	5	ITEA VIRGINICA/VIRGINIA SWEETSPIRE	12"-15" HT.	CONT.	
GROU	NDCOVERS				
AN	25	ASTER NOVI-BELGII PROFESSOR KIPPENBERG/ PROFESSOR KIPPENBERG ASTER	1 GAL.	CONT.	PLANT 1' O.C; SPACED EVENLY THROUGHOUT

* PLACE 62.5 CUBIC FEET SHREDDED HARDWOOD BARK MULCH, SPREAD EVENLY, OVER BIO-RETENTION FACILITIES. MULCH SHALL BE A CONSTANT THICKNESS OF 2-3 INCHES

SEQUENTIAL TIMETABLE

- . NOTIFY THE OWNER'S ENGINEER AND THE PRINCE GEORGE'S COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES, PROGRAMS AND PLANNING DIVISION, FOR A PRE- CONSTRUCTION MEETING TO FIELD VERIFY THE LIMITS OF CLEARING SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN AND AUTHORIZE INSTALLATION OF PROTECTION DEVICES.
- 2. INSTALL TEMPORARY FOREST PROTECTION FENCING (BLAZE ORANGE FENCE) AROUND THE FOREST AND TREE AREAS TO BE PROTECTED, AS INDICATED ON THIS PLAN. CONTACT THE QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL WHO PREPARED THIS PLAN TO SET THE FENCE LOCATION IN THE FIELD. INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND PROCEED WITH CLEARING AND GRADING
- 3. FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF ALL INSTALLATION MEASURES, THE OWNER SHALL REQUEST AN INSPECTION BY STAFF.
- 4. AFTER CONSTRUCTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED ALL SHORT-TERM PROTECTION DEVICES, AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED.

2-YEAR MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR BIO-RETENTION AREA

FIELD CHECK THE BIO-RETENTION AREA ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE: YEAR 1:

> SITE PREPARATION AND TREE PLANTING SURVIVAL CHECK ONCE ANNUALLY (SEPT. - NOVEMBER, SEE NOTE 1) WATERING IN NEEDED (2 X MONTH) CONTROL OF UNDESIREABLE VEGETATION AS NEEDED (1 X JUNE \$ 1 X IN SEPTEMBER MINIMUM)

YEAR 2:

REINFORCEMENT PLANTING IF NEEDED (SEE NOTE 2) SURVIVAL CHECK ONCE ANNUALLY (SEPT. - NOVEMBER) CONTROL OF UNDESIREABLE VEGETATION AS NEEDED (1 X MAY & 1 X IN AUGUST MINIMUM)

NOTES:

GRASS CHANNEL

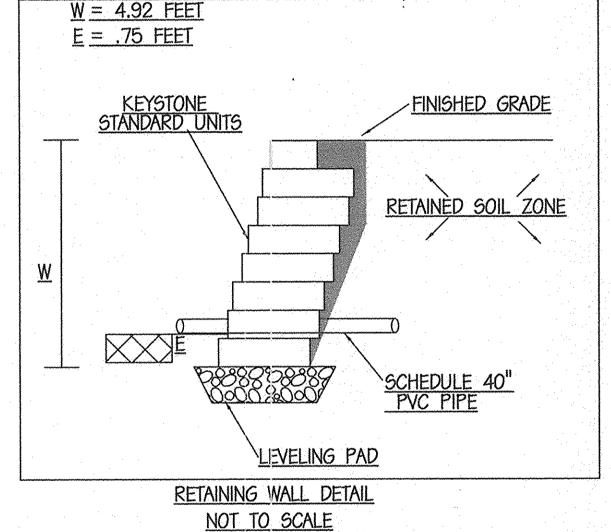
SLOPE

1) SURVIVAL CHECK: CHECK PLATED STOCK AGAINST PLANT SCHEDULE (OR AS-BUILT) BY WALKING THE SITE AND TAKING INVENTORY. PLANTS MUST SHOW VITALITY. SUBMIT FIELD DATA FORMS (CONDITION CHECK SHEETS) TO OWNER AFTER EACH INSPECTION. REMOVE AND REPLACE ALL DEAD PLANTS.

- 2) REINFORCEMENT PLANTING: REPLACE DEAD OR MISSING PLANTS IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY TO BRING THE TOTAL NUMBER OF LIVE PLANTS TO AT LEAST 100% OF THE NUMBER ORIGINALLY PLANTED. IF A PARTICULART SPECIESSUFFERS UNUSUALLY HIGH MORTALLITY, REPLACE WITH AN ALTERNATE PLANT TYPE (APPROVED BY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT AND HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW).
- 3) MISCELLANEOUS: FERTILIZATION OR WATERING DURING YEARS 1 AND 2 WILL BE DONE ON AN AS NEEDED BASIS. SPECIAL RETURN OPERATIONS OR RECOMMENDATIONS WILL BE CONDUCTED ON AN AS NEEDED BASIS. REMOVE PERIMETER FENCING AND SIGNAGE AFTER 2ND YEAR BASED ON DATE PLANTED.

LANDSCAPE SPECIFICATIONS

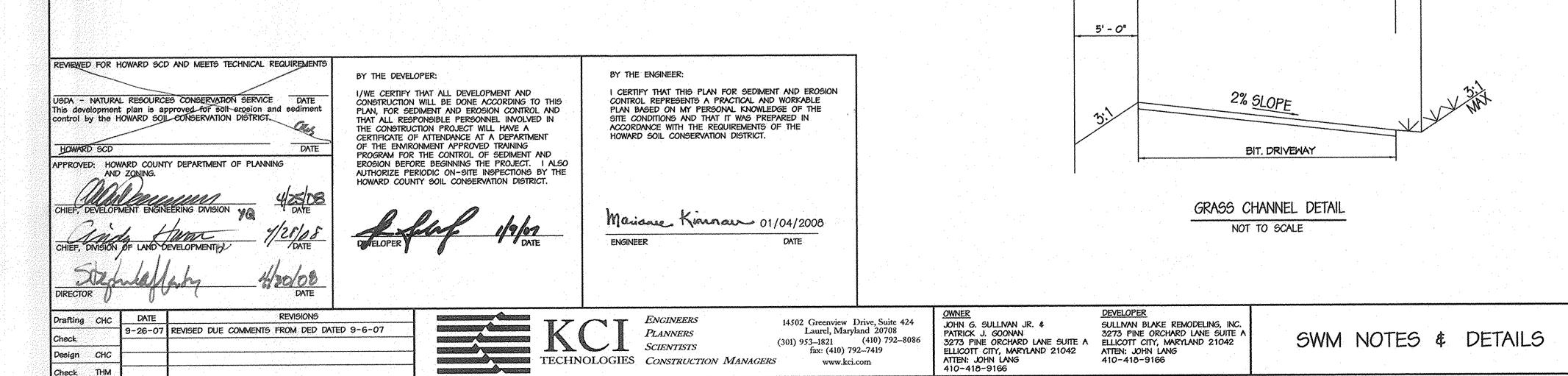
- 1. ALL PLANTS SHALL BE IDENTIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION
- OF HORTUS THIRD, BY "THE STAFF OF THE HORTORIUM"
- ALL NURSERY STOCK SHALL CONFORM TO AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN, INC., STANDARDS AS DESCRIBED IN AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK, CURRENT ANSI A-300 SPECIFICATIONS.

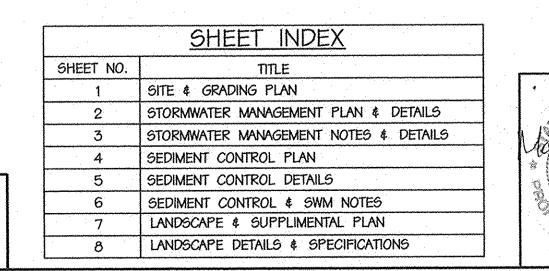


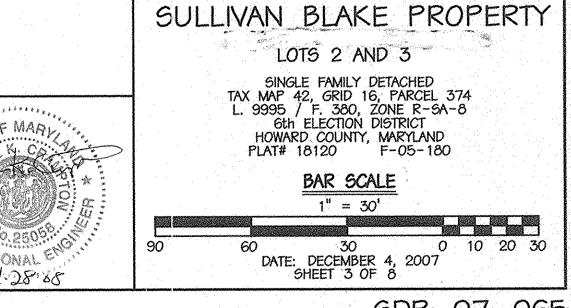
- THIS RETAINING WALL IS BASED ON PRODUCTS PROVIDED BY KEYSTONE RETAINING WALL SYSTEMS.
- 2. THIS SYSTEM WILL BE USING KEYSTONE STANDARD UNITS. (OR EQUAL)
- 3. LEVELING PAD CONSISTS OF #7 STONE WITH A DEPTH OF MINIMUM 1.0'
- 4. W PERTAINS TO WALL HEIGHT
- 5. E PERTAINS TO EMBEDMENT DEPTH.
- 6. ALL BACKFILL MATERIALS ARE COMPACTED TO 95% OF ITS MAX DRY DENSITY.
- 7. SETBACK PER UNIT IS 1".

OF MARL

- 8. CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE AND CONSTRUCT PER KEYSTONE SPECIFICATIONS, AND DESIGN. (OR EQUAL)
- 9. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE SHOP DRAWINGS OF RETAINING DESIGN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

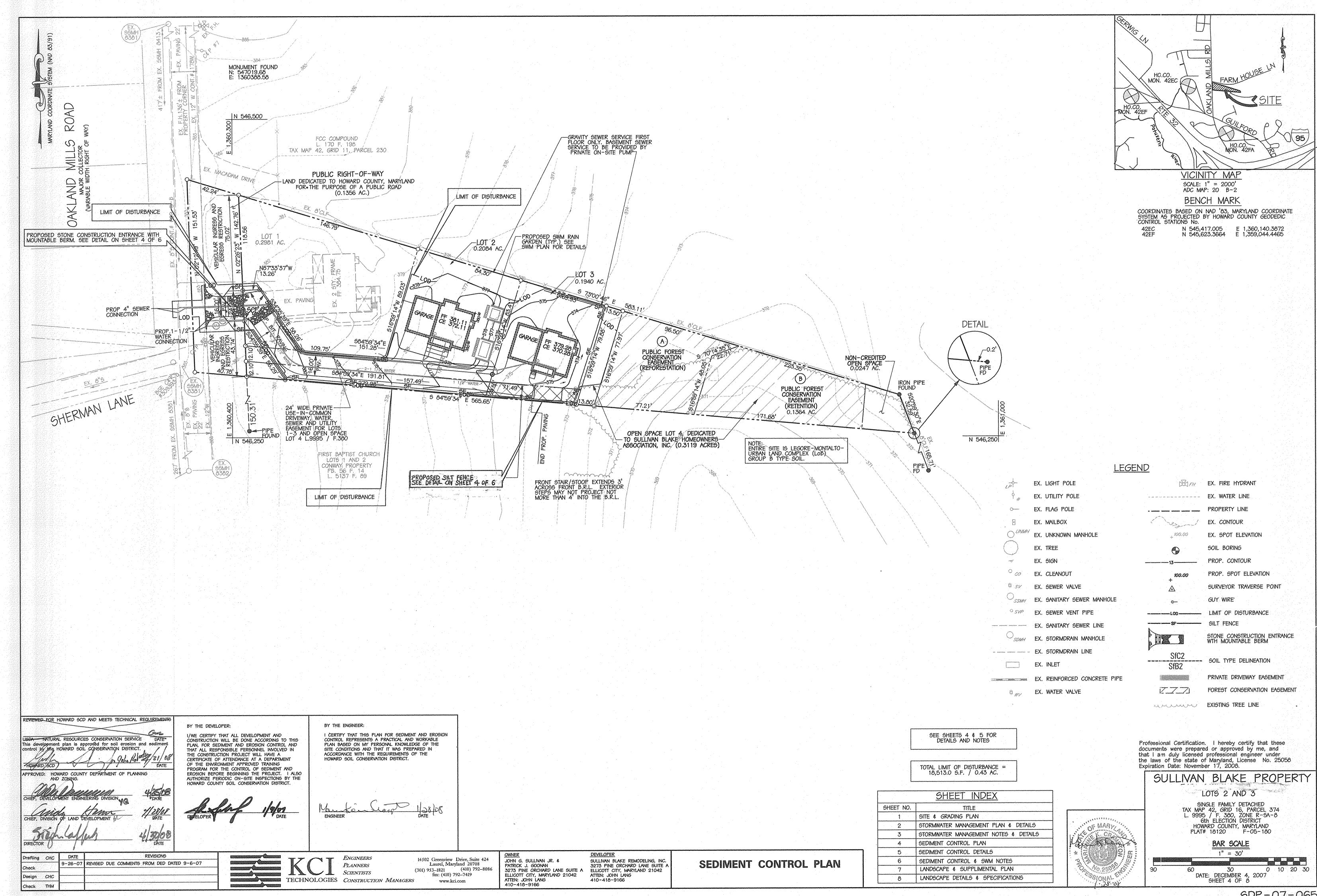


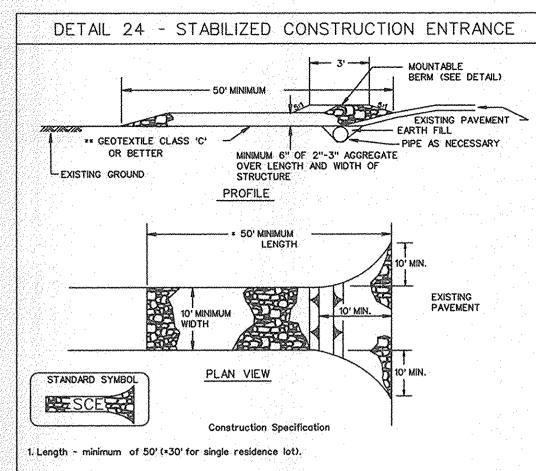




Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these

documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the state of Maryland, License No. 25058 Expiration Date: November 17, 2008.





2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile.

4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

6 Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point

where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travelover the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

Construction Specification 1. Length - minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot). 2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

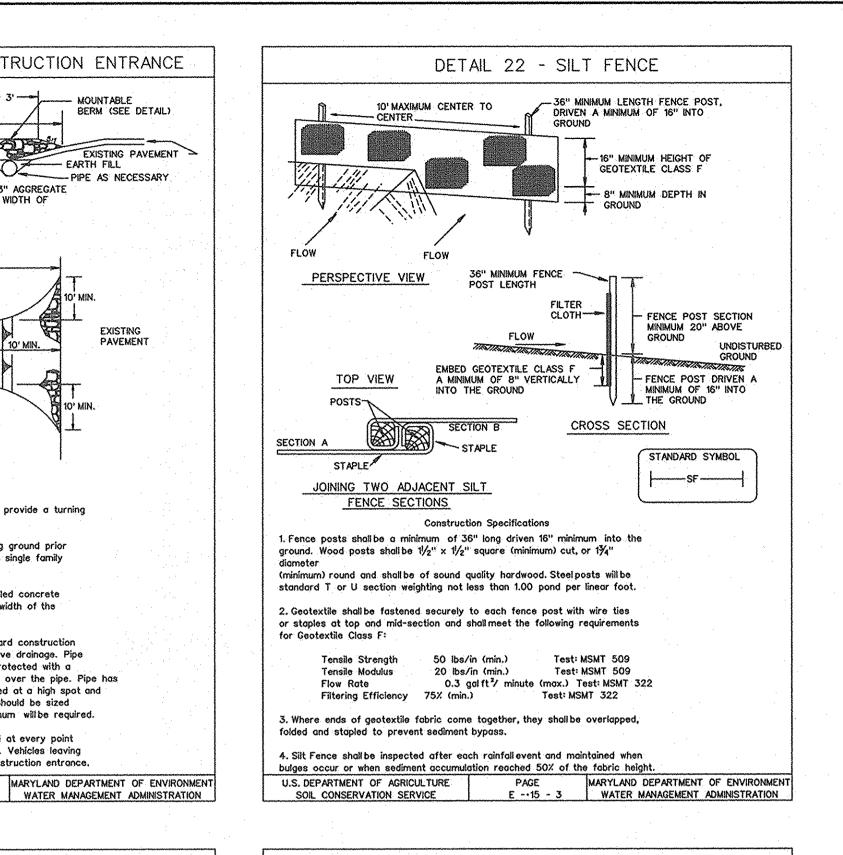
3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.



	SILT FENCE	
s	Silt Fence Design Criteria	
Slope Steepness	(Maximum) Slope Length	(Maximum) Silt Fence Length
Flatter than 50:1	unlimited	unlimited
50:1 to 10:1	125 feet	1,000 feet
10:1 to 5:1	100 feet	750 feet
5:1 to 3:1	60 feet	500 feet
3:1 to 2:1	40 feet	250 feet
2:1 and steeper	20 feet	125 feet
Note: In areas of less than 2% slope a system, soil Class A) maximum unlimited. In these areas a silt required.	slope length and silt fen	ce length will be
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	PAGE E - 45 - 3A	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

GENERAL NOTES

project site.

- 1. A minimum of 24 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction (880-3450).
- 2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.
- 3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calender days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1, b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the
- 4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1, Chapter 12, of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm
- 5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seedings (Sec. 51) sod (Sec. 54), temporary seeding (Sect. 50) and mulching (Sec. 52). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
- 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

7. Site Analysis: Total Area of Site Acres Area Disturbed Acres Area to be Roofed or Paved . Acres Area to be Vegetatively Stabilized Acres Total Cut Cubic Yards Total Fill Cubic Yards Offsite Waste/Borrow Area Location

- 8. Any sediment control practices which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance.
- 9. Additional sediment controls must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County Department of Public Works Sediment Control Inspector.
- 10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of the installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.

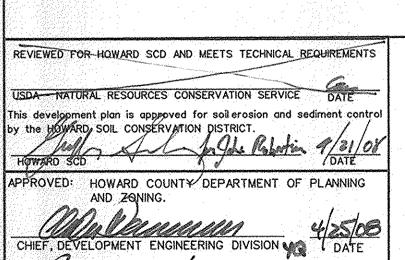
SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1. Obtain Grading Permit. 1 DAY 2. Notify Howard County Sediment Control Inspector for pre-construction 1 DAY meetings as required by note number one (No. 1) of the Standard Erosion and Control Notes shown on this sheet. Notify Miss Utility. 1 DAY 3. Install sediment control measures (i.e. sce & silt fence). 4. With inspectors approval, grade site within the limits of disturbance. 3 DAYS Remove existing foundation and existing gravel drive. 5. Construct house, garage, and rain gardens 3 MONTHS 1 WEEK Install sewer and water house connections. 7. Install driveway. 3 DAYS 1 DAY Stabilize all disturbed areas. 9. With inspector's aspproval, remove all sediment control measures and stabilize all areas disturbed by this process.

11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which shallbe backed-filled and stabilized by the end of each work day, whichever is shorter.

FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE GEOTEXTILE CLASS "C", OR BETTER MOUNTABLE BERM DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



Man-

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENTY

BY THE DEVELOPER:

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN, FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. IALSO

> AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

BY THE ENGINEER:

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE

PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE

SHEET INDEX SITE DEVELOPMENT & GRADING PLAN STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN & DETAILS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES & DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL & SWM NOTES LANDSCAPE PLAN LANDSCAPE DETAILS & SPECIFICATIONS

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the state of Maryland, License No. 25058 Expiration Date: November 17, 2008.

SULLIVAN BLAKE PROPERTY

LOTS 2 AND 3

SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED TAX MAP 42, GRID 16, PARCEL 374 L. 9995 / F. 380, ZONE R-6A-8 6th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND PLAT#18120 F-05-180 F-05-180

> DATE: SEPTEMBER 26, 2007 SHEET 5 OF 8

REVISIONS Drofting CHC Design CHC

PLANNERS TECHNOLOGIES CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS

14502 Greenview Drive, Suite 424 Laurel, Maryland 20708 (410) 792–8086 (301) 953-1821 fax: (410) 792-7419

OWNEROWNER/DEVELOPER JOHN G. SULLIVAN JR. & PATRICK J. GOONAN 3273 PINE ORCHARD LANE SUITE A ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 ATTEN: JOHN LANG 410-418-9166

SULLIVAN BLAKE REMODELING, INC 3273 PINE ORCHARD LANE SUITE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 ATTEN: JOHN LANG 410-418-9166

SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

1.78.08

Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials A. Site Preparation

- Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary or permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.
- ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.
- iii. Schedule required soil test to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres. B. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)
- i. Soil test must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be preformed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
- ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriat approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee of the producer.
- iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least (50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 - 100% will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.
- iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

C. Seedbed Preparation i. Temporary Seeding

- a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chiselplows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to
- b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
- c. incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative

- Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0 Soluble salts shall be less that 500 parts per million (ppm) The soil shall contain less that 40% clay but enough fine grained material (> 30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An
- planted, then an sandy soil (< 30% silt plus clay) would acceptable. Soil shall contain 1/5% minimum organic matter of weight. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit

exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedeza is to be

- adequate root penetration. 6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard
- b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 - 5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.
- c. Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.
- d. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 5" of topsoil by disking other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Where site conditions will note permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by o dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3" of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly

D. Seed Specifications

All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.

Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.

ii. Inoculant - The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75-80° F. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

. Methods of Seeding

i. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeder, or a cultipacker seeder.

a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of subule nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous): 200 lbs/ac; K20

b. Lime - use only ground agricultural limestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre

- may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated
- c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.
- ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders. a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 25 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to proved good seed to soil contact.

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

1 10 July 2/21/08

HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING

USDA - NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION OF

CHIEF, DIVISION/OF LAND DEVELOPMENT PA

by the HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

AND ZONING.

Moly

Drafting CHC

Design CHC

Check THM

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction

DATE

DATE

DATE

REVISIONS

BY THE DEVELOPER:

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND

THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A

OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING

CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS

PLAN, FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL AND

THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN

CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT

PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND

EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. IALSO

HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY THE

iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeder that apply and cover

- a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm
- b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

F. Mulch Specifications (In order of preference)

- i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonably bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.
- ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)
 - a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.
- b. WCFM shallbe dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly
- c. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors.
- d. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogenous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.
- e. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic.
- f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requires: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, as content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90%

Note: Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where one species

Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seedina

- i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch alone shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications
- ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acres. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre.
- iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acres. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

H. Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon

- size of area and erosion hazard: i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can
- ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acres. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

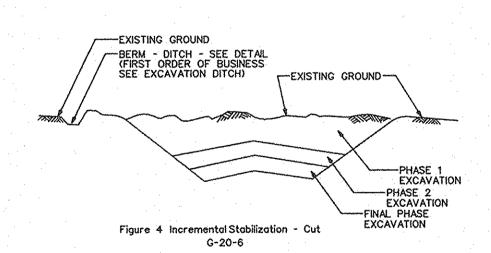
operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the contour

- iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders - such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax N, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch
- iv. Lightweight: plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15 feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

I. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes

i. All cut slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Slopes shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments

- ii. Construction sequence (refer to Figure 4, page G-20-6):
- a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.
- b. Perform phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize. c. Perform phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.
- Overseed phase 1 areas as necessary. d. Perform final phase excavation, dress, and stabilize.
 Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.



Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization

BY THE ENGINEER:

ICERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION

CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE

PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE

SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

J. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes

- Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.
- ii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches 15', or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.
- iii. At the end of each day, temporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner to a sediment

iv. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4, page G-20-7.

- a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct Slope Silt Fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.
- b. Place phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

d. Place finalphase embankment, dress and stabilize

Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.

- c. Place phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.
- Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

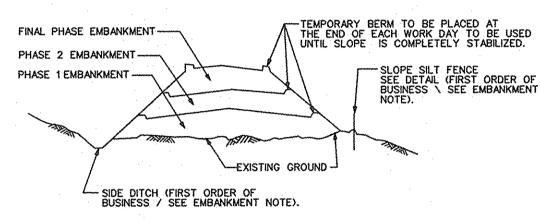


Figure 5 Incremental Stabilization - Fill G-20-7

Section II - Temporary Seeding Vegetation – annual grass or grain used to provide cover on disturbed areas for up 12 months. For longer duration of vegetative cover, Permanent Seeding is required.

A. Seed Mixtures ~ Temporary Seeding

- Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 26 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary, page G-20-8, along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plans and completed, then Table 26 must be put on the plans.
- ii. For sites having soil tests performed, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the testing agency shall be written in. Soil tests are not required for

Temporary Seeding Summary

	Seed Mixture	(Hardiness Zor From Table 2			Fertilizer	
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	Rate (10-10-10)	Lime Rate
	RYE PLUS FOXTAIL MILLET	150	2/1 TO 11/30	111		
					600 lb/ac (15 lb/1000 sf)	2 tons/ac (100 lb/1000 sf)
	A.					

Section III - Permanent Seeding

Seeding grass and legumes to establish ground cover for a minimum period of one year on disturbed areas generally receiving low maintenance.

A. Seed Mixtures - Permanent Seeding

- i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 25 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Permanent Seeding Summary below, along with application rates and seeding dates. Seeding depths can be estimated use Table 26. If this Summary is no put on the construction plans and completed, then Table 25 must be put on the plans. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-SCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 Critical Area Planting. For special lawn maintenance areas, see sections I(Typ) Sod and (Typ) Turfgrass.
- ii. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the soil testing agency shall be written in.

(46-0-0) at 31/2lbs/1000 s.f. (150 lbs/ac), in addition to the above soil amendments shown in the table, page G-20-9, to be performed at the time of seeding.

Permanent Seeding Summary

	Seed Mixture (F	lardiness Zor rom Table 2)		ertilizer Rat (10-20-20)		
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	* Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P205	K20	Lime Rate
	TALL FESCUE PEN. RYE GRASS KENT BLUEGRASS	125 15 10	3/1 TO 5/15 OR 8/15 TO 11/15	1 /2"	90 lb/ac (2.0 lb/	175 lb/ac (4 lb/		2 tons/ac (100 lb/
					1000 sf)	1000 sf)		1000 sf)

* FOR 5-16 to 8-14 add 10 lbs. OF Millet to Mixture *3

Section IV - Sod: To provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade A. General specifications

- Class of turfgrass sod shall be Maryland or Virginia State Certified or Approved. Sod labels shall be made available to the job foreman
- ii. Sod shall be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of \(\frac{7}{4} \), plus or minus/4", at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness shall exclude top growth and thatch. Individual pieces of sod shall be cut to the suppliers width and length. Maximum allowable deviation from standard widths and lengths shall be 5 percent. Broken pads and torn or uneven ends will not be acceptable
- iii. Standard size sections of sod shall be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the section.
- iv. Sod shall not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may adversely affect its survival.
- v. Sod shall be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this period shall be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation.

i. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, the subsoil shall be lightly irrigated immediately prior to

- ii. The first row of sod shall be laid in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to and tightly wedged against each other. Lateral joints shall be staggered to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would
- cause air drying of the roots. iii. Wherever possible, sod shall be laid with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Sod shall be rolled and tamped, pegged or otherwise secured to prevent slippage on slopes and to ensure solid contact between sod roots and the underlying soil surface.
- iv. Sod shall be watered immediately following rolling or tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. The operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod shall be completed within eight hours.

C. Sod Maintenance

B. Sod Installation

- i. In the absence of adequate rainfall, watering shall be performed daily or as often as necessary during the first week and in sufficient quantities to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4". Watering should be done during the heat of the day to prevent wilting.
- ii. After the first wee, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content
- iii. The first moving of should not be attempted until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf shall be removed by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Grass height shall be maintained between 2" and 3" unless otherwise specified.

Section IV- Turfgrass Establishment

Areas where turfarass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and Areas to receive seed shall be tilled by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, leveled and raked to prepare a proper seedbed. Stones and debris over 1/2 inches in diameter shall be removed. The resulting seedbed shall be in such condition that future moving of grasses will

Note: Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line.

A. Turfgrass Mixtures

- Kentucky Bluegrass Full sun mixture For use in greas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and eastern shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds/1000 square feet. A minimum of three bluegrass cultivars should be chosen ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.
- ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/PerennialRye Full sun mixture For use when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding rate: 2 pounds mixture/ 1000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from 10% to 35% of the mixture by weight.

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass - Full sun mixture - For use in drought prone

- areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 100%, certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 5%. Seeding rate: 5 to 8 lb/ 1000 s.f. One or more cultivars may be blended.
- iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue Shade mixture For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30-40% and certified Fine Fescue and 60-70%. Seeding rate: 1/2- 3 lbs/1000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky bluegrass cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight. Note: Turfgrass varieties should be selected from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Mimeo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar
- ecommendations for Maryland". B. Ideal times of seeding Western MD: March 15 - June 1, August 1 - October 1 (Hardiness Zones - 5b. 6a)
- Central MD: March 1 May 15, August 15 October 15 (Hardiness Zone 6b) Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 - May 15, August 15 - October 15 (Hardiness Zone - 7a, 7b)

If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2" - 1" every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse sites. D. Repairs and Maintenance

Inspect all seeded areas for failures and make necessary repairs, replacements,

- and reseedings within the planting season. i. Once the vegetation is established, the site shall have 95% groundcover to be considered adequately stabilized
- ii. If the stand provides less that 40% ground coverage, reestablish following original lime, fertilizer, seedbed preparation and seeding recommendations.

- iii. If the stand provides between 40% and 94% ground coverage, overseeding and fertilizing using half of the rates originally
- iv. Maintenance fertilizer rates for permanent seedings are shown in Table 24. For lawns and other medium to high maintenance turfgrass areas, refer to the University of Maryland publication "Lawn Care in

Maryland" Bulletin No. 171. 21.0 STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS

TOPSOIL Definition

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

Conditions Where Practice Applies I. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes

- The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.
- b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.
- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper

than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the

Construction and Material Specifications to the placement of topsoil.

- . Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.
- II. Topsoil Specifications Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the
 - i. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1/2" in diameter.
 - ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
 - iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior uniformly over designate areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures
- III. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres:
 - Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization Section I Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.
- IV. For site having disturbed areas over 5 acres:
- On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following: a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5
- b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.
- c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time as elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials, agronomist or soil
- ii. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization Section I Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

24.0 MATERIALS AND SPECIFICATIONS

TABLE 27 GEOTEXTILE FABRICS

scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in

CLASS	APPARENT OPENING SIZE MM. MAX.	GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH LB. MIN.	BURST STRENGTH PSI MIN.
· A	0.30**	250	500
В	0.60	200	320
C	0.39	200	320
D	0.60	90	145
£	0.30	90	145
P (SILT PENCE)	040 080 *	96	150

 US STD. SIEVE CW-02215 ** .50 MM, MAX, FOR SUPER SILT FENCE THE PROPERTIES SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES

APPARENT OPENING SIZE MSMT 323 -GRAB TENSILE STRENGHT ASTM D 1682 4"x8" SPECIMEN 1"x2" CLAMPS, 12"/ MIM. STRAIN RATE IN BOTH PRINCIPAL DIRECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILEFABRIC

THE FABRIC SHALL BE INERT TO COMMONLY ENCOUNTERED CHEMICALS AND HYDRCARBONS, AND WILL BE ROT AND MILDEW RESISTANT. IT SHALLBE MANUFACTTURED FROM FIBERS CONSISTING OF LONG CHAIN SYNHETIC POLYMERS, AND COMPPOSED OF A MINIMUM OF 85% BY WEIGHT OF POLYOLEPHINS, POLYESTERS, OR POLYAMIDES. THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL RESIST

IN ADDITION CLASSES A THROUGH E SHALL HAVE A 0.01 CM/SEC. MINIMUM PERMEABILITY WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MSMT 507, AND AN APPARENT MINIMUM ELONGATION OF 20 PERCENT (20%)WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH REQUIREMENTS LISTED ABOVE.

CLASS F GEATEXTILE FABRICS FOR ALL SILT FENCE SHALL HAVE A 50LB./IN. MINIMUM TENSILE STRENTH AND A 20 LB/IN MINIMUM TENSILE MODULES WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MSMT 509. MATERIAL SHALL ALSO HAVE A 0.3 GAL./FT.SQUARED/MIN. FLOW RATE ND SEVENTY-FIVE PERCENT (75%) MINIMUMFILTERING EFFICIENCY WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE GEOTEXTILE FABRICS USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE SILT FENCE SHALL RESIST DETERIORATION FROM ULTRAVIOLET EXPOSURE, THE FABRIC SHALL CONTAIN SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS OF ULTRAVIOLET RAY INHIBITORS AND STABILIZERS TO PROVIDE A

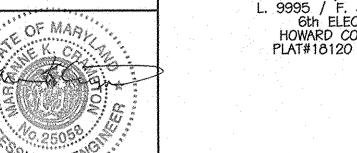
MINIMUM OF 12 MOUNTHS OF EXPECTED USABLE CONSTRUCTION LIFE AT A TEMPERTURE RANGE OF 0 TO 120 DEGREES F.

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the state of Maryland, License No. 25058

Expiration Date: November 17, 2008.

SHEET INDEX SHEET NO. TITLE SITE & GRADING PLAN STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN & DETAILS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES & DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS 6 SEDIMENT CONTROL & SWM NOTES LANDSCAPE PLAN LANDSCAPE DETAILS \$ NOTES

-BURST STRENGHT



SULLIVAN BLAKE PROPERTY

LOTS 2 AND

SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED TAX MAP 42, GRID 16, PARCEL 374 L. 9995 / F. 380, ZONE R-5A-8 6th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND PLAT#18120 F-05-180

When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins.

performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or

Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" - 8" higher in elevation.

iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be

iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen

condition that my otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and

Composted Sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe

amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements:

a. Composted Sludge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a

person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06.

b. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a pH of 7.0 to 8.0. If compost does not meet these requirements,

ii. Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb/1,000 square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate

he appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements

c. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 square feet

or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a

VI. Alternative for Permanent Seeding - Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and

amendments may be applied as specified below:

seedbed preparation.

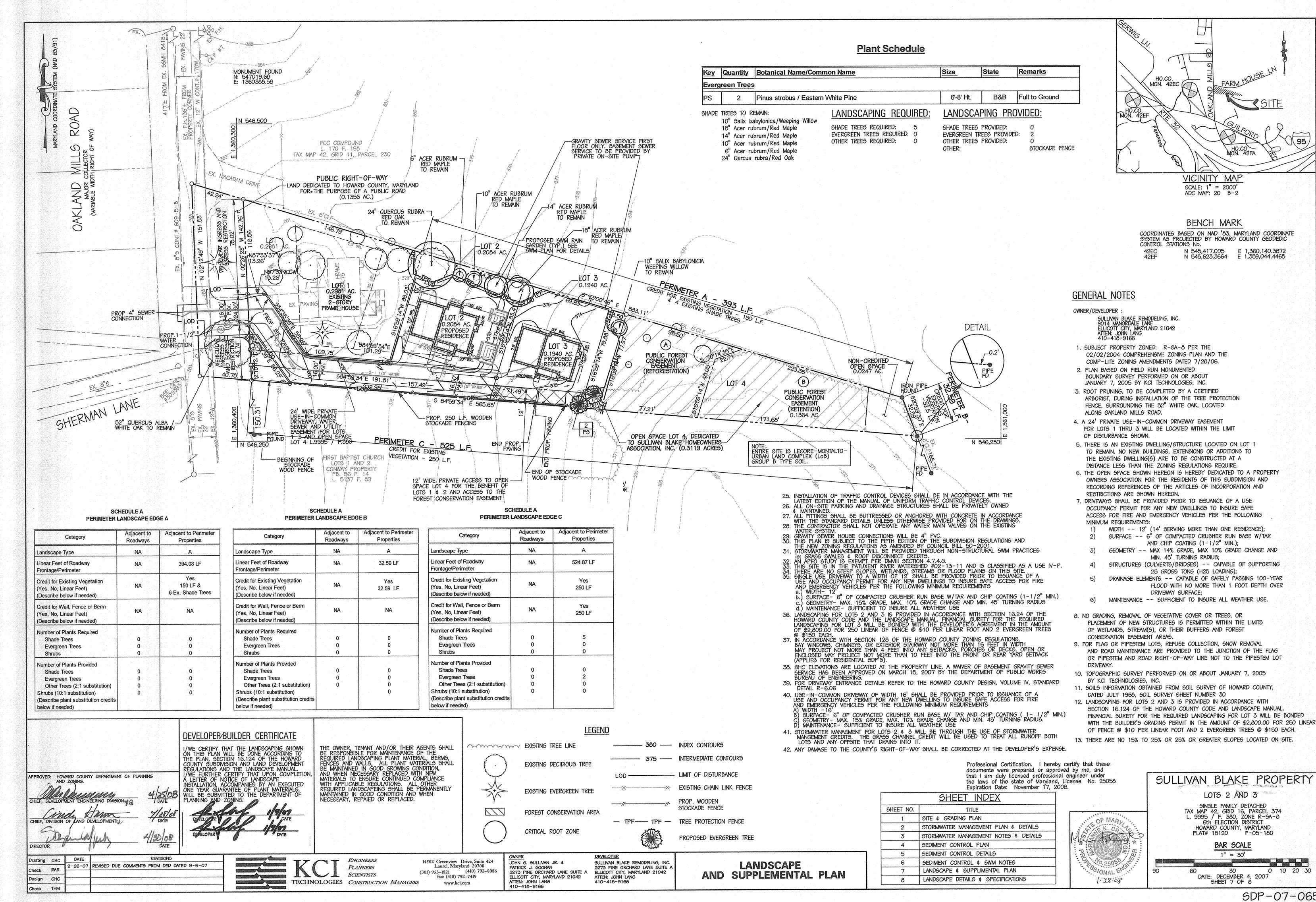
DATE: SEPTEMBER 26, 2007 SHEET 6 OF 8

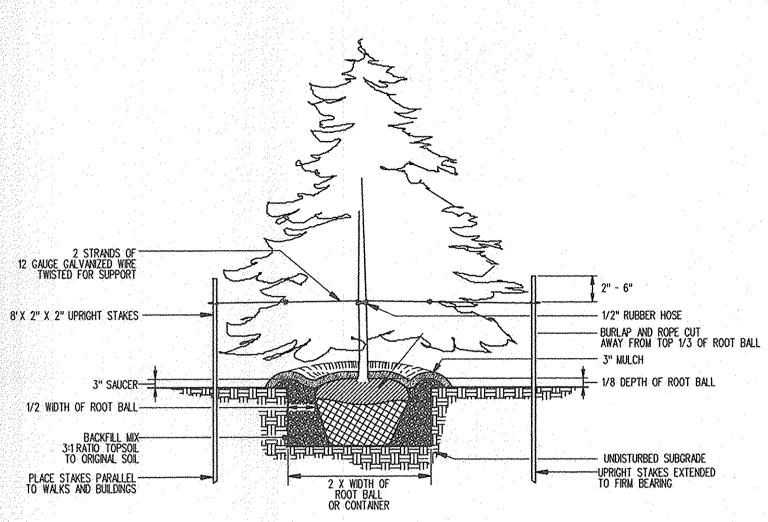
ENGINEERS JOHN G. SULLIVAN JR. & SULLIVAN BLAKE REMODELING, IN Laurel, Maryland 20708 PLANNERS PATRICK J. GOONAN 3273 PINE ORCHARD LANE SUITE (301) 953-1821 (410) 792-808 3273 PINE ORCHARD LANE SUITE A ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 fax: (410) 792-7419 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 ATTEN: JOHN LANG TECHNOLOGIES CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS ATTEN: JOHN LANG 410-418-9166 www.kci.com 410-418-9166

OWNER/DEVELOPER

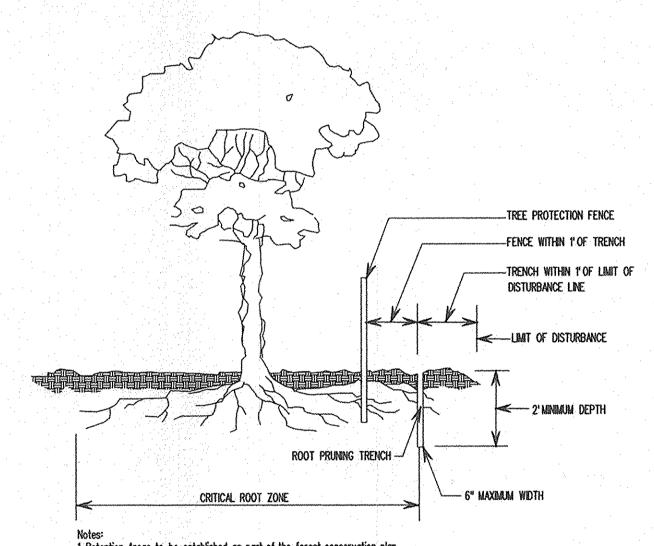
SEDIMENT CONTROL & SWM NOTES

SDP-07-065





EVERGREEN TREE PLANTING DETAIL



Retention Areas to be established as part of the forest conservation plan review process.

2. Boundaries of Retention Areas to be staked, flagged and/or fenced prior to

3. Exact location of trench should be identified.

REVISED DUE COMMENTS FROM DED DATED 9-6-07

4. Trench should be immediately backfilled with soil removed or organic soil.

5. Roots should be cleanly cut using vibratory knife or other acceptable

ROOT PRUNING DETAIL

APPROVED; HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING

Drafting CHC

DEVELOPER/BUILDER CERTIFICATE I/WE CERTIFY THAT THE LANDSCAPING SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE PLAN, SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL. I/WE FURTHER CERTIFY THAT UPON COMPLETIO A LETTER OF NOTICE OF LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION, ACCOMPANIES BY AN EXECUTED ONE YEAR GUARANTEE OF PLANT MATERIALS, WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.

THE OWNER, TENANT AND/OR THEIR AGENTS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE REQUIRED LANDSCAPING PLANT MATERIAL, BERMS, FENCES AND WALLS, ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD GROWING CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY REPLACED WITH NEW MATERIALS TO ENSURE CONTINUED COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS. ALL OTHER REQUIRED LANDSCAPEING SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MAINTAINED IN GOOD CONDITION AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPAIED OR REPLACED.

ENGINEERS

TECHNOLOGIES CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS

SPECIFICATIONS:

PLANT MATERIALS AND PLANTING METHODS

A. Plant Materials

The landscape contractor shall furnish and install and/or dig, ball, burlap, and transplant all of the plant materials called for on drawings and/or listed in the Plant Schedule.

Plant names used in the Plant Schedule shall conform to "Standardized Plant Names", latest edition.

2. Plant Standards All plant material shall be equal to or better than the requirements of the "USA Standard for Nursery Stock". latest edition, as published by the American Association of Nurserymen (hereafter referred to as AAN Standards). All plants shall be typical of their species and variety, shall have a normal habit of growth, and shall be first quality, sound, vigorous, well-branches and with health, wellfurnished root systems. They shall be free of disease, insect pests and mechanical injuries.

a. All plants shall be nursery grown and shall have been grown under the same climate as the location of this project for at least two years before planting. Neither heeled-in plants nor plants from cold storage will be

b. Collected plants or transplanted trees may be called for by the landscape architect and used, provided, however, that locations and soil conditions will permit proper balling.

3. Plant Measurements

All plants shall conform to the measurements specified in the Plant Schedule as approved by the A.C.

a. Caliper measurements shall be taken six inches (6") above grade for trees under four-inch (4") caliper and twelve inches (12") above grade for trees four inches (4" in caliper and over.

b. Minimum branching height for all trees shall be six feet (6'), maximum eight feet (8').

c. Minimum size for planting shade trees 2 1/2" - 3" caliper 12' - 14' in

height.

e. Caliper, height, spread and size of ball shall be generally as follows:

Caliper Height Spread Size of Ball 2 1/2" - 3" 12' - 14' 6' - 8' 28" diameter 3" - 3 1/2" 14' - 16' 6' - 8' 32" diameter 3 1/2" - 4" 14' - 16' 8' - 10' 36" diameter 4" - 4 1/2" 16' - 18' 8' - 10' 40" diameter 4 1/2" - 5" 16' - 18' 10' - 12' 34" diameter 5" - 5 1/2" 16' - 20' 10' - 12' 48" diameter 5 1/2" - 6" 18' - 20' 12' - 14' 52" diameter

Anchor posts should be minimum

2" steel U-channel or 2"X2" timber

at least 6' in length.

14502 Greenview Drive, Suite 424 Laurel, Maryland 20708

fax: (410) 792-7419

www.kci.com

(301) 953-1821

(410) 792-8086

the tops of the

put in the ground to

a depth of at least

JOHN G. SULLIVAN JR. & PATRICK J. GOONAN

ATTEN: JOHN LANG

410-418-9166

3273 PINE ORCHARD LANE SUITE

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

1/3 of the total height

TREE PROTECTION FENCE DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

SULLIVAN BLAKE REMODELING, INC

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

ATTEN: JOHN LANG

410-418-9166

3273 PINE ORCHARD LANE SUITE

Use 2"X4" lumber

Use on 8" wire "U" to secure the bottom

for cross bracing

All plant material shall generally average the median for the size ranges indicated above as indicated in the "AAN Standards".

Legible labels shall be attached to all shade trees, minor trees, specimen shrubs and bundles or boxes of other plant material giving the botanical and common names, size and quantity of each. Each shipment of plants shall bear certificates of inspection as required by Federal, State and County authorities.

5. Plant Inspection The AC may, upon request by the builder or developer, at least ten (10) days prior to the installation of any proposed plant material, inspect all proposed plant

B. Planting Methods

material at the source of origin.

All proposed plant material that meet the specifications in Section A (preceding page) are to be planted in accordance with the following planting methods during the proper planting seasons as described in the following:

The planting of deciduous trees, shrubs and vines shall be from March 1st to June 15th and from September 15th to december 15th. Planting of deciduous material may be continued during the winter months providing there is no frost in the ground and frost-free topsoil planting mixtures are used. The planting of evergreen material shall be from March 15th to June 15th and from August 15th to December 1st. No planting shall be done when ground is frozen or excessively moist. No frozen or wet topsoil shall be used at any time.

2. Digging All plant material shall be dug, balled and burlapped (B+B) in accordance with the "AAN Standards."

3. Excavation of Plant Pits

The landscaping contractor shall excavate all plant pits, vine pits, hedge trenches and shrub beds in accordance with the following schedule:

a. Locations of all proposed plant material shall be staked and approved in the field by the landscape architect before any of the proposed plant material is installed by the landscape contractor. b. All pits shall be generally circular in outline, vertical sides; depth shall not be less than 6" deeper than the root ball, diameter shall not be less than

two times the diameter of the root ball as set forth in the following c. If areas are designated as shrub beds or hedge trenches, they shall be excavated to at least 18" depth minimum. Areas designated for ground

covers and vines shall be excavated to at least 12" in depth minimum. d. Diameter and depth of tree pits shall generally be as follows:

Pit Pit Plant Size Root Ball Diameter Depth

 $2\frac{1}{2}$ " - 3" cal. 3" - 3½" cal. 32" $3\frac{1}{2}$ " - 4" cal. 72" 32" 4" - 4½" cal. 80" 36" $4\frac{1}{2}$ " - 5" cal. 44" 5" - 51/2" cal. 96" 44" 48"

A 20% compaction figure of the soil to be removed is assumed and will be allowed in calculation of extra topsoil. The tabulated pit sizes are for purposes of uniform calculation and shall not override the specified depths below the bottoms of the root balls.

4. Staking, Guying and Wrapping All plant material shall be staked or guyed, and wrapped in accordance with the following specifications:

a. Stakes: Shall be sound wood 2" x 2" rough sawn oak or similar durable woods, or lengths, minimum 7' - 0" for major trees and 5' - 0" minimum for minor trees.

b. Wire and Cable: Wire shall be #10 ga. galvanized or bethanized annealed steel wire. For trees over 3" caliper, provide 5/16" turn buckles, eye and eye with 4" takeup. For trees over 5" caliper, provide 3/16", 7 strand cable cadmium plated steel, with galvanized "eye" thimbles of wire and hose on trees up to 3" in caliper.

c. Hose: Shall be new, 2 ply reinforced rubber hose, minimum 1/2" I.D. "Plastic Lock Ties" or "Paul's tree Braces" may be used in place of wire and hose on trees up to 3" in caliper.

d. All trees under 3" in caliper are to be planted and staked in accordance with the attached "Typical Tree Staking Detail". All trees over 3" in caliper are to be planted and guyed in accordance with the attached "Typical Tree Guying Detail."

5. Plant Pruning, Edging and Mulching

a. Each tree, shrub or vine shall be pruned in an appropriate manner to its particular requirements, in accordance with accepted standard practice. Broken or bruised branches shall be removed with clean cuts flush with the adjacent trunk or branches. All cuts over 1" in diameter shall

be painted with an approved antiseptic tree wound dressing. b. All Trenches and shrub beds shall be edged and cultivated to the lines shown on the drawing. The areas around isolated plants shall be edged and cultivated to the full diameter of the pit. Sod which has been removed and stacked shall be used to trim the edges of all excavated areas to the neat lines of the plant pit saucers, the edges of shrub areas, hedge trenches and vine pockets.

c. After cultivation, all plant materials shall be mulched with a 4" layer of tan bark, peat moss, or another approved material over the entire area of the bed or saucer.

6. Plant Inspection and Acceptance

The AC shall be responsible for inspecting all planting projects on a periodic basis to assure that all work is proceeding in accordance with the approved plans and specifications.

7. Plant Guarantee

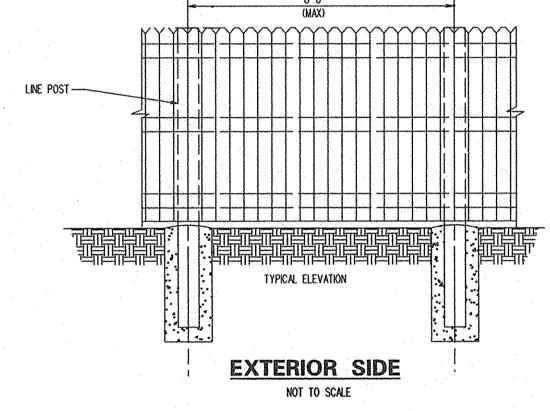
All Plant material shall be guaranteed for the duration of one full growing season, after final inspection and acceptance of the work in the planting project. Plants shall be alive and in satisfactory growing condition at the end of the guarantee period.

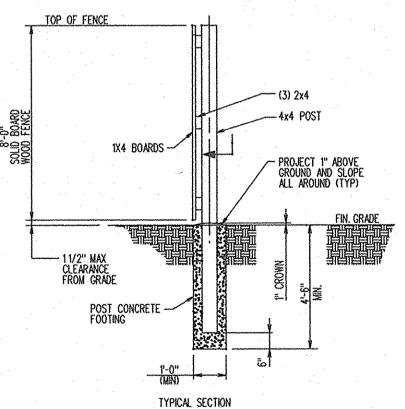
a. For this purpose, the "growing season" shall be that period between the end of the "Spring" planting season, and the commencement of the "Fall" planting season.

b. Guarantee for planting performed after the specified end of the "Sprina" planting season, shall be extended through the end of the next following "Spring" planting season.

SEEDING AND SODDING

A. All seeding and sodding shall be as per "Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control in Urbanized Areas" as published by the Department of Natural

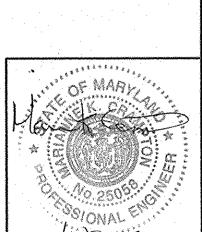




STOCKADE WOOD FENCE NOT TO SCALE

	SHEET INDEX
SHEET NO.	TITLE
1	SITE & GRADING PLAN
2	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN & DETAILS
3	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES & DETAILS
4	SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
5	SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS
6	SEDIMENT CONTROL & SWM NOTES
7	LANDSCAPE & SUPPLIMENTAL PLAN
8	LANDSCAPE DETAILS & SPECIFICATIONS

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the state of Maryland, License No. 25058 Expiration Date: November 17, 2008.



LOTS 2 AND 3 SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED TAX MAP 42, GRID 16, PARCEL 374 L. 9995 / F. 380, ZONE R-6A-8 6th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND PLAT# 18120 F-05-180 BAR SCALE NOT TO SCALE

SULLIVAN BLAKE PROPERTY

0 10 20 30 DATE: DECEMBER 4, 2007 SHEET 8 OF 8

LANDSCAPE **DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS**