

SDP-06-141

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO IMMEDIATE FURTHER DISTURBANCE WHERE A PERMANENT LONG-LIVED VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISKING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS

SOIL AMENDMENTS: IN LIEU OF SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS, USE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULES: 1) PREFERRED - APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRES DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/1000 SQ.FT.)
AND 600 LBS. PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ.FT.) BEFORE SEEDING.
HARROW OR DISK INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL. AT TIME OF SEEDING, APPLY
400 LBS. PER ACRE 30-0-0 UREAFORM FERTILIZER (9 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.).

2) ACCEPTABLE - APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) AND 1000 LBS. PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (23 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISK INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL.

SEEDING — FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 THRU APRIL 30, AND AUGUST 1 THRU OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 60 LBS. PER ACRE 1.4 LBS/1000 SQ.FT.) OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE. FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THRU JULY 31, SEED WITH 60 LBS. KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE PER ACRE AND 2 LOBS. PER ACRE (.05 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS. DURING THE PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 THRU FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY: OPTION (1) — 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING. OPTION (2) — USE SOD. OPTION (3) — SEED WITH 60 LBS./ACRE KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH 2 TONE/ACRE WELL ANCHORED STRAW.

MULCHING — APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS./1000 SQ.FT) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ.FT.) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL/1000 SQ.FT.) FOR ANCHORING.

MAINTENANCE - INSPECT ALL SEEDING AREAS AND MAKE NEEDED REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND RESEEDINGS. TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS LIKELY TO BE REDISTURBED WHERE A SHORT-TERM VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED. SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISKING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, FOR NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY 600 LBS. PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) SEEDING: FOR PERIODS MARCH 1 THRU APRIL 30 AND FROM AUGUST 15 THRU OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 2-1/2

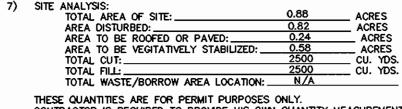
BUSHEL PER ACRE OF ANNUAL RYE (3.2 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THRU AUGUST 14, SEED WITH 3 LBS. PER ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS (.07 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.). FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 16 THRU NOVEMBER 28, PROTECT SITE BY APPLYING 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS./1000 SQ.FT.) OF UNROTTED WEED FREE SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GAL PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ.FT.) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR

REFER TO THE 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR ADDITIONAL RATES AND METHODS NOT COVERED.

STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1) A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LICENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF MAY
- ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT
- FOLLOWING INITIAL SCIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: A) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, B) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.
- ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1991 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR
 SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC.51), SOD (SEC.
 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50) AND MULCHING (SEC.52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH
 MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.



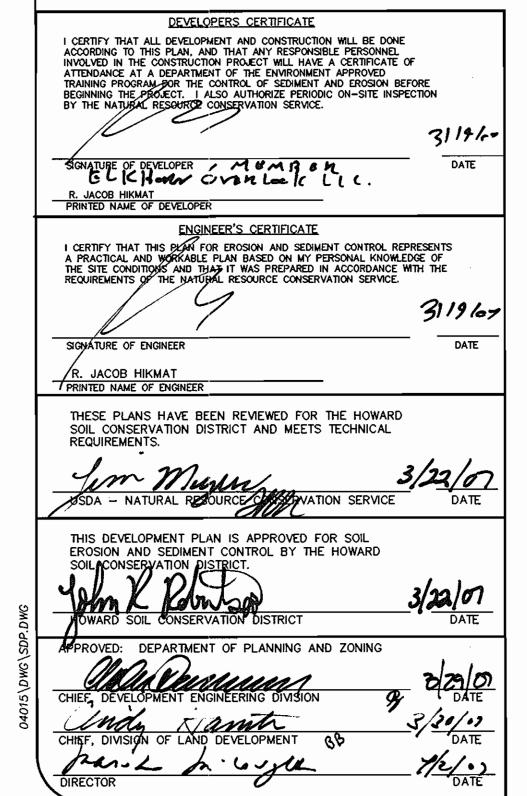
MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.

CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO PROVIDE HIS OWN QUANTITY MEASUREMENTS.

- ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- ADDITIONAL SEIMMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CON'TROL INSPECTOR.
- 10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- 11) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH CAN BE BACK FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER. STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOIL

PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL OVER A PREPARED SUBSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION.

TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH. SOILS OF CONCERN HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW NUTRIENT LEVELS, LOW pH, MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL GRADATION.





CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES THIS PRACTICE IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER SLOPES WHERE

- THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO PRODUCE VEGETATIVE
- b. THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO SUPPORT PLANTS OR FURNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT NUTRIENTS.
- c. THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH. d. THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH LIMESTONE IS NOT FEASIBLE.
- FOR THE PURPOSE OF THESE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND DESIGN FOR ADEQUATE STABILIZATION. AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 SHALL HAVE THE APPROPRIATE STABILIZATION SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
- TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM THE EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED THAT IT MEETS THE STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE SPECIFICATION. TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL TO BE SALVAGEO FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA—SCS IN COOPERATION WITH MARYLAND AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENTAL STATION.
- TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING TOPSOIL SHALL BE A LOAM, SANDY LOAM, CLAY LOAM, SILT LOAM, SANDY CLAY LOAM, LOAMY SAND. OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENCED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY. REGARDLESS, TOPSOIL SHALL NOT BE A MIXTURE OF CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND SHALL CONTAIN LESS THAN 5% BY VOLUME OF CINDERS, STONES, SLAG, COARSE FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL, STICKS, ROOTS, TRASH, OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAN 1 1/2" IN DIAMETER.
- TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH AS BERMUDA GRASS, QUACKGRASS, JOHNSON-SON GRASS, NUTSEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTILE, OR OTHERS AS SPECIFIED.
- iii. WHERE THE SUBSOIL IS EITHER HIGHLY ACIDIC OR COMPOSED OF HEAVY CLAYS, GROUND LIMESTONE SHALL BE SPREAD AT THE RATE OF 4-8 TONS/ACRE (200-400 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET) PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL. LIME SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED UNIFORMLY OVER DESIGNATED AREAS AND WORKED INTO THE SOIL IN CONJUNCTION WITH TILLAGE OPERATIONS AS DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING
- III. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS UNDER 5 ACRES:
 - PLACE TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED IN <u>20.0 VEGETATIVE</u> <u>STABILIZATION</u> SECTION I VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS.
 - FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OVER 5 ACRES: ON SOIL MEETING TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS, OBTAIN TEST RESULTS DICTATING FERTILIZER AND LIME

DISSIPATION OF PHYTO-TOXIC MATERIALS.

- - o. ph for topsoils shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a ph of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be perscribed to raise the ph to 6.5 or higher.
 - b. ORGANIC CONTENT OF TOPSOIL SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN 1.5 PERCENT BY WEIGHT. c. TOPSOIL HAVING SOLUBLE SALT CONTENT GREATER THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION SHALL NOT BE USED.
 - d. NO SOD OR SEED SHALL BE PLACED ON SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME HAS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO PERMIT

NOTE: TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL

- II. PLACE TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED IN <u>20.0 VEGETATIVE</u> STABILIZATION SECTION I VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS.
- WHEN TOPSOILING, MAINTAIN NEEDED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIVERSIONS, GRADE STABILIZATION STRUCTURES, EARTH DIKES, SLOPE SILT FENCE AND SEDIMENT TRAPS AND BASINS.
- ii. GRADES ON THE AREAS TO BE TOPSOILED, WHICH HAVE BEEN PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED, SHALL BE
- MAINTAINED, ALBEIT 4" 8" HIGHER IN ELEVATION.
- III. TOPSOIL SHALL BE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED IN A 4" TO 8" LAYER AND LIGHTLY COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4". SPREADING SHALL BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM OF ADDITIONAL SOIL PREPARATION AND TILLAGE. ANY IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOILING OR OTHER OPERATIONS SHALL BE CORRECTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS OR WATER POCKETS.
- iv. TOPSOIL SHALL NOT BE PLACED WHILE THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION, WHEN THE SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER
- GRADING AND SEEDBED PREPARATION. VI. ALTERNATIVE FOR PERMANENT SEEDING — INSTEAD OF APPLYING THE FULL AMOUNTS OF LIME AND COMMERCIAL FERTILIZER, COMPOSTED SLUDGE AND AMENDMENTS MAY BE APPLIED AS SPECIFIED BELOW:
 - COMPOSTED SLUDGE MATERIAL FOR USE AS A SOIL CONDITIONER FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OVER 5 ACRES SHALL BE TESTED TO PRESCRIBE AMENDMENTS AND FOR SITES HAVING AREAS UNDER 5 ACRES SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
 - o. COMPOSTED SLUDGE SHALL BE SUPPLIED BY, OR ORIGINATE FROM, A PERSON OR PERSONS WHO ARE PERMITTED (AT THE TIME OF ACQUISITION OF THE COMPOST) BY THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE
 - COMPOSTED SLUDGE SHALL CONTAIN AT LEASE 1 PERCENT NITROGEN, 1.5 PERCENT PHOSPHOURUS, AND 0.2 PERCENT POTASSIUM AND HAVE A Ph OF 7.0 TO 8.0. IF COMPOST DOES NOT MEET THESE REQUIREMENTS, THE APPROPRIATE CONSTITUENTS MUST BE ADDED TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO USE.
 - c. COMPOSTED SLUDGE SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 1 TON/1,000 SQUARE FEET. COMPOSTED SLUDGE SHALL BE AMENDED WITH A POTASSIUM FERTILLIZER APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 4 LB/1,000 SQUARE FEET, AND 1/3 THE NORMAL LIME APPLICATION RATE.

REFERENCES: GUIDELINE SPECIFICATIONS, SOIL PREPARATION AND SODDING. MD-VA, PUB. #1, COOPERATIVE EXTENSION SERVICE, UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTES. REVISED 1973.

TEMPORARY DUST CONTROL MEASURES

1. MULCHES - SEE STANDARDS FOR VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION WITH MULCHES ONLY. MULCH SHOULD BE CRIMPED OR TACKED TO PREVENT BLOWING.

2. VEGETATIVE COVER - SEE STANDARDS, FOR TEMPORARY VEGETATIVE COVER. 3. TILLAGE - TO ROUGHTN SURFACE AND BRING CLODS TO THE SURFACE. THIS IS AN EMERGENCY MEASURE WHICH SHOULD BE USED BEFORE SOIL BLOWING STARTS. BEGIN PLOWING ON WINDWARD SIDE OF

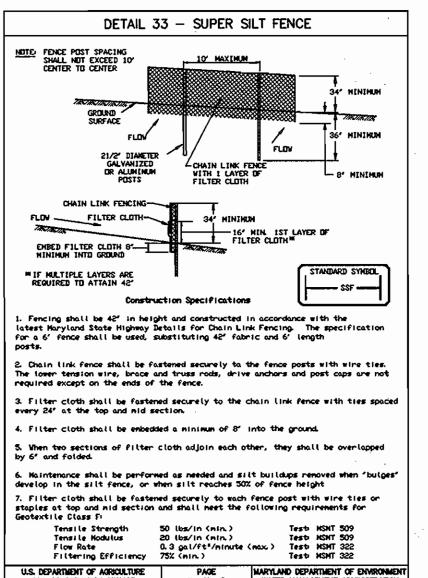
CHISEL-TYPE PLOWS APCED ABOUT 12" APART, SPRING-TOOTHED HARROWS, AND SIMILAR PLOWS ARE EXAMPLES OF EQUIPMENT WHICH MAY PRODUCE THE DESIRED EFFECT. 4. IRRIGATION - THIS IS GENERALLY DONE AS AN EMERGENCY TREATMENT. SITE IS SPRINKLED WITH WATER UNTIL THE SURFACE IS MOIST. REPEAT AS NEEDED. AT NO TIME SHOULD THE SITE BE IRRIGATED

5. BARRIERS — SOLID BOARD FENCES, SILT FENCES, SNOW FENCES, BURLAP FENCES, STRAW BALES, AND SIMILAR MATERIAL CAN BE USED TO CONTROL AIR CURRENTS AND SOIL BLOWING. BARRIERS PLACED AT RIGHT ANGLES TO PREVAILING CURRENTS AT INTERVALT OF ABOUT 10 TIMES THEIR HEIGHT ARE EFFECTIVE IN

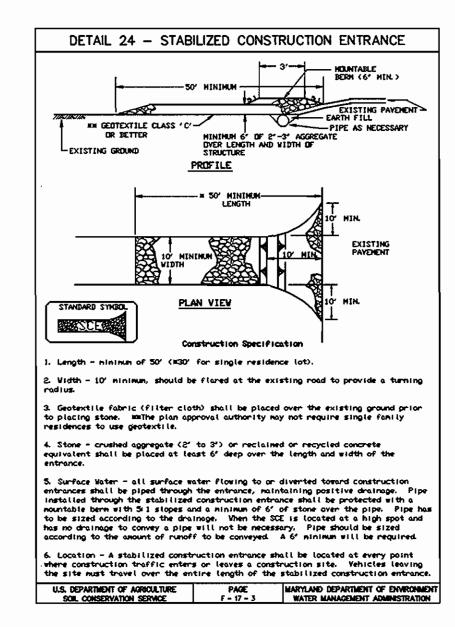
6. CALCIUM CHLORIDE -- APPLY AT RATES THAT WILL KEEP SURFACE MOIST. MAY NEED RETREATMENT.

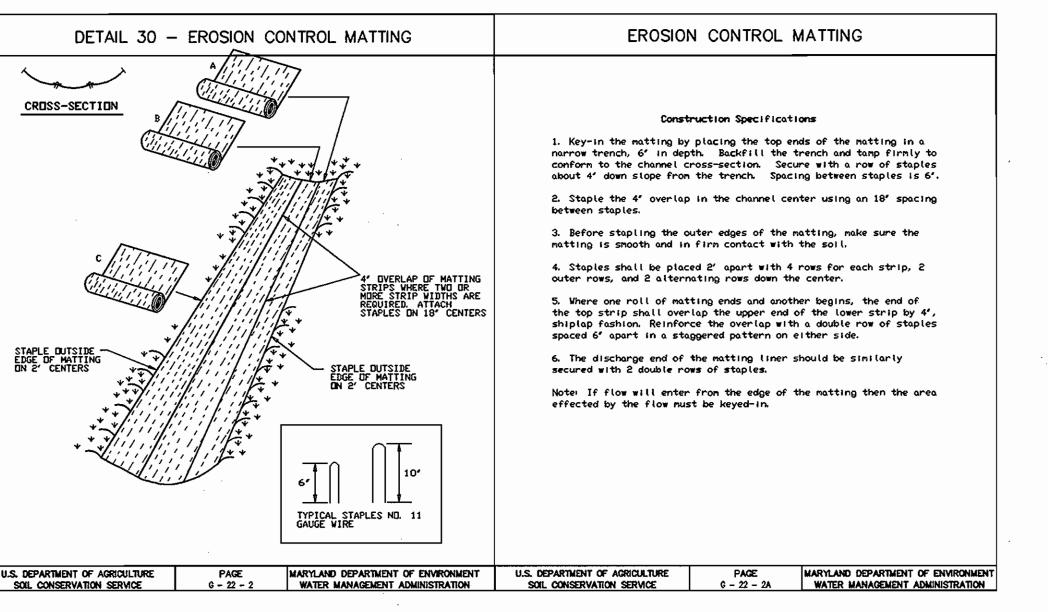
SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT (ONE DAY)
- 2. INSTALL TREE PROTECIVE FENCING. (ONE DAY) 3. CONSTRUCT STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AT LOCATION SHOWN. (ONE DAY)
- 4. CONSTRUCT SUPER SILT FENCE (TWO DAYS) 5. COMPLETE CONSTRUCTION AS SHOWN. (90 DAYS)
- 6. COMPLETE FINE GRADING OF SITE TO GRADES INDICATED.(TWO DAYS) 7. SEED AND MULCH ALL REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS. (TWO DAYS)
- 8. UPON STABILIZATION OF THE SITE AND WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND STABILIZE REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS. (ONE DAY)



	SUPE	R SILT FENCE	_
Besign Criteria			
Stope	Slope Steepness	Stope Length (maximum)	SILT Fence Length (Maximum)
0 - 10%	0 - 10 1	Unlimited	Untinited
10 - 20%	10 1 - 5 1	200 feet	1,500 feet
50 - 33%	51-31	100 feet	1,000 feet
33 - 50%	16-16	100 feet	500 feet
50% +	21+	50 feet	250 feet
.s. Department (soil conserva			LAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION





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