GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE BUREAU OF ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48-HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK.

4. PROJECT BACKGROUND:

TAX MAP #47. GRID 7 LOCATION: ZONING:

ELECTION DISTRICT: 6TH

BUILDABLE LOT AREA: 38.752 SF OR .89 AC TOTAL FOR LOTS 80, 86 + 94 OPEN SPACE AREA: O AC.

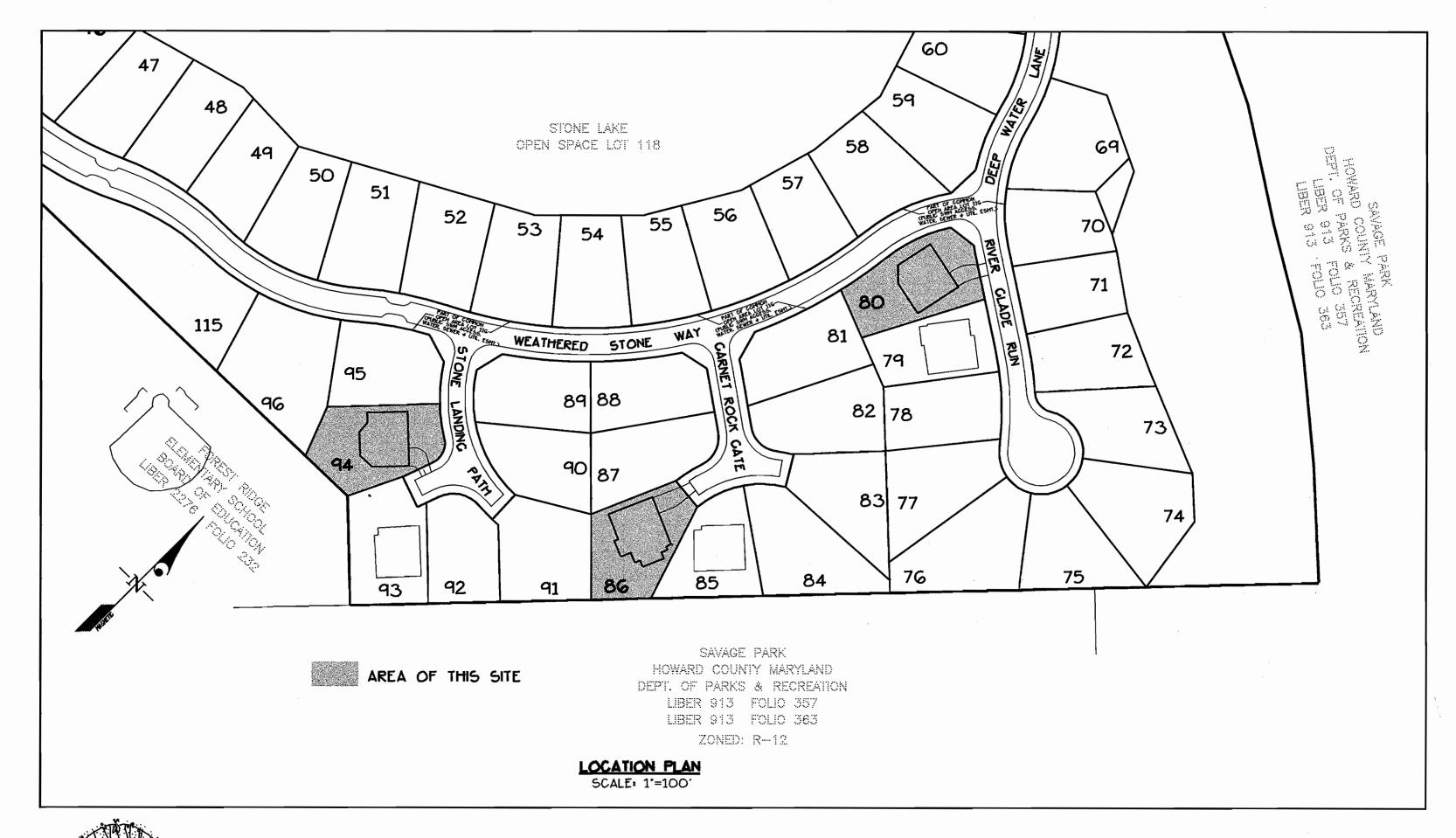
TOTAL AREA: 38.752 SF OR .89 AC. PLAT NO. 15538 + 15539

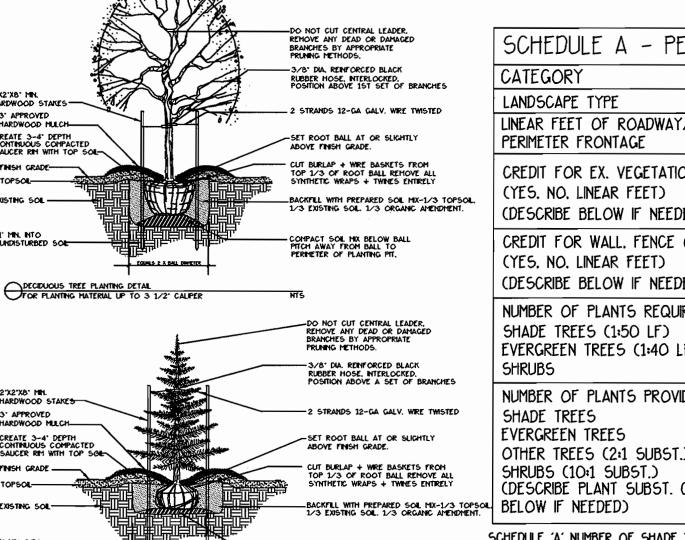
- 5. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS, AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTC). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT
- 6. ALL PLAN DIMENSIONS ARE TO THE FACE OF CURB OR FACE OF BUILDING UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED PERPENDICULAR OR RADIALLY BETWEEN ITEMS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 7. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY AND FEATURES WERE DERIVED FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRRAPHY BY DAFT, McCUNE + WALKER, SUMMER 1998 AND MASS GRADING INFORMATION FROM F-01-204.
- 8. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY CONTROL STATIONS 47 EA. + 47 E4.
- 9. PUBLIC WATER AND SEWER IS TO BE UTILIZED (PATAPSCO DRAINAGE AREA). CONTRACT NO. 34-3948-D.
- 10. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED BY A PRIVATE FACILITY UNDER F-01-204.THE PRIVATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT, DRAINAGE AND UTILITY EASEMENT IS OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION.
- 11. ALL STORM DRAINS SHOWN ARE PRIVATE AND ARE BUILT UNDER THE F-01-204 PLAN.
- 12. INFORMATION CONCERNING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES WAS OBTAINED FROM F-01-204 AND CONTRACT NO. 34-3948-D BUT THE CONTRACTOR MUST DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION BY DIGGING TEST PITS BY HAND AT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS WELL IN ADVANCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 13. BOTH THE NOISE AND TRAFFIC STUDIES WERE APPROVED AS PART OF SKETCH PLAN 5-00-13 APPROVED ON 10-10-2000.
- 14. ANY DAMAGE TO COUNTY OWNED RIGHT-OF-WAY TO BE CORRECTED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 15. OTHER HOWARD COUNTY FILES RELATED TO THIS SITE: 5-00-13.P-01-15.PB-345.WP-01-88.WP00-88.WP-00-126.WP-01-60.WP-01-94. F-01-177. PB 345, F-01-85, F-01-204 AND WP-02-50 AND CONTRACT # 34-3948-D.
- 16. FOREST CONSERVATION FOR THIS SITE IS PROVIDED UNDER F-01-177 + F-01-204.
- 17. FOR DRIVEWAY APRON, SEE HOWARD COUNTY STANDARD DETAIL No R-6.03 AND R-6.05.
- 18. LANDSCAPING AND REQUIRED STREET TREES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED ROAD CONSTRUCTION DRAWING, F-01-204. SURETY FOR FOR THE LANDSCAPING ON LOT 80 IS \$1500 SHALL BE PAID AT TIME OF GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION.
- 19. BENCH MARKS/CONTROL STATIONS: #47EA-N 535063.631 E 1357283.989 EL=315.28
- 20. IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 128 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS, BAY WINDOWS, CHIMNEYS OR EXTERIOR STAIRWAYS NOT MORE THAN 16 FEET IN WIDTH MAY PROJECT NOT MORE THAN 4 FEET INTO ANY SETBACKS: PORCHES OR DECKS. OPEN OR ENCLOSED MAY PROJECT NOT MORE THAN 10 FEET INTO THE FRONT OR REAR YARD SETBACK.
- 21. STONE LANDING PATH, WEATHERED STONE WAY, GARNET ROCK GATE AND RIVER GLADE RUN ARE PRIVATE ROADS AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE HOA.
- 22. SEWER CLEANOUTS SHALL BE FLUSH WITH PROPOSED DRIVEWAY SURFACE. IF A CONCRETE DRIVEWAY IS TO BE UTILIZED, PROVIDE A 12-INCH BY 12-INCH REINFORCED CONCRETE PANEL AROUND THE CLEANOUT WITH EXPANSION JOINT MATERIAL AS APPROPRIATE, IF IN THE FUTURE, CLEANOUT IS PAVED OVER DPW WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE TO DRIVEWAY WHEN ACCESSING CLEANOUT.
- 23. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOURTH EDITION OF THE
- HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS.
- 24. DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A USE AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT FOR ANY NEW DWELLINGS TO INSURE SAFE ACCESS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS:
 - A. WIDTH-12' (14' SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE);
 - B. SURFACE- 6° OF COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE W/TAR AND CHIP COATING (1-1/2° MIN.);
 - C. GEOMETRY- MAX. 15% GRADE, MAX. 10% GRADE CHANGE AND MIN. 45' TURNING RADIUS;
 - D. STRUCTURES (CULVERTS/BRIDGES) CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25 LOADING);
 - E. DRAINAGE ELEMENTS CAPABLE OF SAFETY PASSING 100-YEAR FLOOD WITH NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT DEPTH OVER DRIVEWAY SURFACE;
- F. MAINTENANCE SUFFICIENT TO ALL WEATHER USE. 25. ALL EASEMENTS (PUBLIC AND PRIVATE) SHOWN ON THESE PLANS ARE PER
- RECORDED PLAT No. 15538 + 15539. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 26. STONELAKE COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, INC. IS THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION RECORDED ON FEBRUARY 27, 2002 IN LIBER GO19 AT FOLIO 414. THE SDAT# 15 DOG48G757.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING + ZONING Director ATTING

GENERIC SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN STONE LAKE

LOTS 80, 86 AND 94





SCHEDULE A - PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE ADJACENT TO ROADWAYS LINEAR FEET OF ROADWAY/ LOT 80 151 LINEAR FEET CREDIT FOR EX. VEGETATION (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED) CREDIT FOR WALL, FENCE OR BERM (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED) NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED EVERGREEN TREES (1:40 LF) NUMBER OF PLANTS PROVIDED OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBST.) (DESCRIBE PLANT SUBST. CREDITS SCHEDULE 'A' NUMBER OF SHADE TREES FOR BONDING: 3 X \$300 = \$900 SCHEDULE 'A' NUMBER OF EVERGREEN TREES FOR BONDING: 4 X \$150 = \$600

TOTAL ESTIMATE FOR BONDING

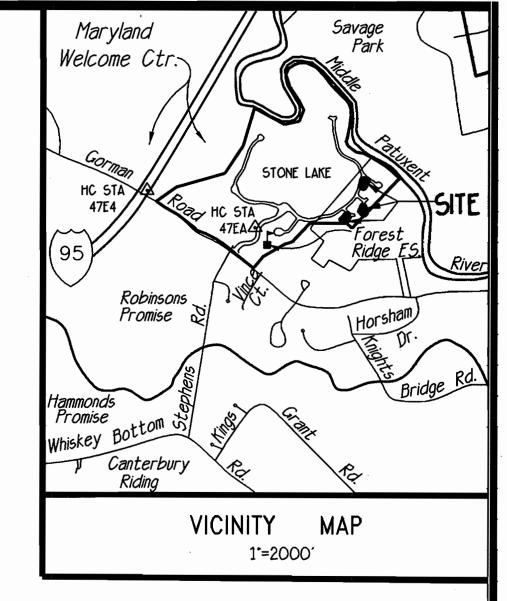
SITE ANALYSIS

- GENERAL SITE DATA
- A. PRESENT ZONING: R-ED
- B. PROPOSED USED FOR SITE AND STRUCTURE:
 - SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED
- C. TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS:
- AREA TABULATION
- A. SITE AREA: 0.89 AC. FOR 3 BUILDABLE LOTS
- B. AREA OF PLAN SUBMISSION: 0.89±AC.
- C. LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE: 0.92±AC.
- PARKING TABULATION:
- A. PARKING REQUIRED: 6 (2 SPACES PER UNIT)

ELECTION DISTRICT No. 6

B. PARKING PROVIDED: 6 GARAGE SPACES (2 SPACES PER UNIT) 6 DRIVEWAY SPACES (2 SPACES PER UNIT)

12 TOTAL SPACES (4 SP/UNIT)



SITE PLAN LEGEND
LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE/
⑩─────EX. STORM DRAIN
— §EX. SEWER MAIN
FIRE HYDRANT
OWATER VALVE
× ×BARBED WIRE FENCE
MOUNTABLE CURB
304EX CONTOUR
304PROP. CONTOUR
03.80PROP. SPOT ELEV.
CONC. WALK/PAVEMENT
EASEMENT SHADING

SHEET INDEX

SHEET NO.

COVER SHEET

HOUSE MODEL DETAILS + GENERIC BOX CHART

SITE, LANDSCAPE AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN



ADDRESS CHART STREET ADDRESS 80 8600 RIVER GLADE RUN 86 | 8608 GARNET ROCK GATE WATER CODE: SEWER CODE: 8606 STONE LANDING PAT SUBDIVISION NAME: STONE LAKE- LOTS 80.86 + 94 TAX MAP BLOCK ELEC. DIST. CENSUS TRACT ZONE R-ED

GLWGUTSCHICK LITTLE &WEBER, P.A. CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, LAND PLANNERS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 3909 NATIONAL DRIVE - SUITE 250 - BURTONSVILLE OFFICE PARK

BURTONSVILLE, MARYLAND 20866 TEL: 301-421-4024 BALT: 410-880-1820 DC/VA: 301-989-2524 FAX: 301-421-4186

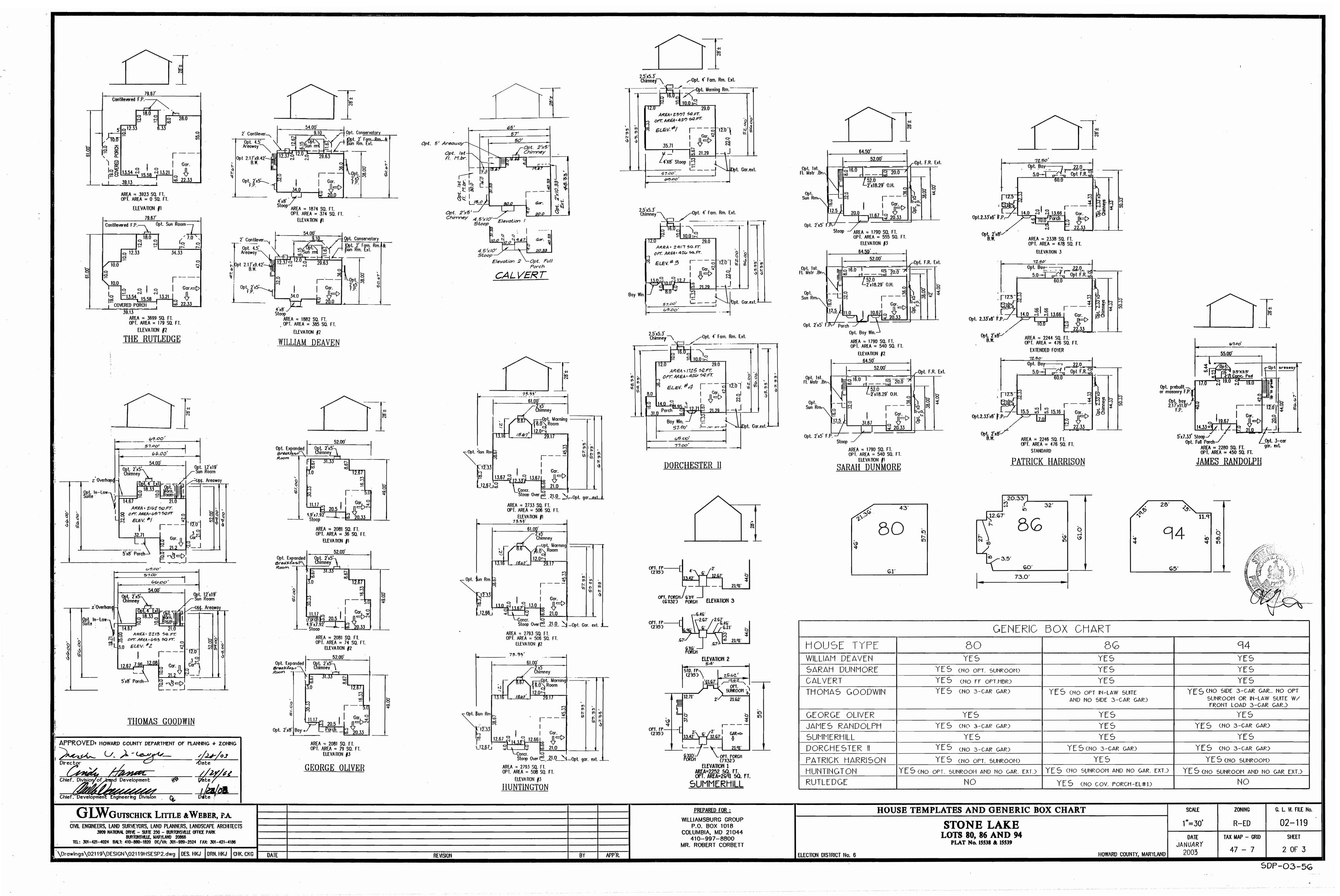
\Drawings\02119\DESIGN\COVER-1.dwg | DES. HKJ | DRN. HKJ | CHK. CKG | DATE BY

EVERGREEN TREE PLANTING DETAL

PREPARED FOR: WILLIAMSBURG GROUP P.O. BOX 1018 COLUMBIA, MD. 21044 410-997-8800 ATTN: MR. ROBERT CORBETT

COVER SHEET STONE LAKE LOTS 80, 86 AND 94 PLAT No.15538 & 15539

SCALE G. L. W. FILE No ZONING 1"=100' 02-119 TAX MAP - GRID SHEET **JANUARY** 1 OF 3 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



- 1. A minimum of 24 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Office of Inspection and Permits prior to the start of any construction. (410) 313-1855
- 2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.
- 3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance. permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes and perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1, b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.
- 4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1. Chapter 12, of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm
- 5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT. CONTROL for permanent seedings, sod, temporary seedings and mulching (Sec. G).
- Temporary stabilization. with mulch alone, can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
- 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

7. Site Analysis

o rainguo		
otal Area of Site :	.89±	Acres
rea Disturbed :		Acres
rea to be roofed or paved :		Acres
rea to be vegetatively stabilized:	.64±	
otal Cut :		Cu. Yds.
otal Fill :	1500	Cu. Yds.
CC -111- //	1000	OU. 1 US.

- Off-site waste/borrow area location 8. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance.
- 9. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County DPW Sediment Control
- 10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres. approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls. but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.
- 11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to 3 pipe lengths or that which shall be backfilled and stabilized within 1 working day. whichever is shorter.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared area not subject to immediate further

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding (unless

Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules

- 1) Preferred Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 square feet) and 600 bs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 bs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 unreaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq ft).
- 2) Acceptable Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq ft) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertitzer (23 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil.

Seeding: For the periods March 1 thru April 30. and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sq ft) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31, seed with 60 lbs Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs per acre (.05 lbs/1000 sq ft) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28. protect site by: Option (1) 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) Use sod. Option (3) Seed with 60 lbs/acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored straw.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

'Maintenance: Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs. replacements and reseedings.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING + ZONING

GLWGUTSCHICK LITTLE &WEBER, P.A.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, LAND PLANNERS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 3909 NATIONAL DRIVE - SUITE 250 - BURTONSVILLE OFFICE PARK

BURTONSVILLE, MARYLAND 20866 TEL: 301-421-4024 BALT: 410-880-1820 DC/VA: 301-989-2524 FAX: 301-421-4186 \Drawings\02119\DESIGN\02119SP3.dwg | DES. HKJ | DRN. HKJ | CHK. CKG

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking. discing or other acceptable means before seeding (unless previously loosened).

Soil Amendments: Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft).

Seeding: For periods March 1 thru April 30 and from August 15 thru October 15, seed with 2-1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs./1000 sq.ft.). For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000 sq ft). For the period November 16 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) of unrotted, weed-free, small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gal per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes, 8 ft or higher, use 348 gal per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for rate and methods not covered.

Dust Control

<u>Definition</u> Controlling dust blowing and movement on construction sites and roads.

<u>Purpose</u> To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, reduce on and off-site damage, health hazards, and improve traffic safety.

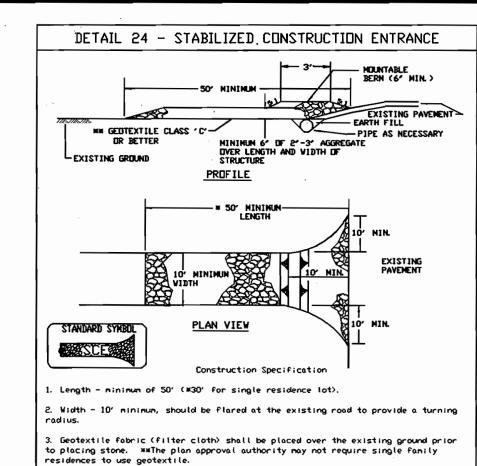
Conditions Where Practice Applies This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment.

<u>Specifications</u>

- 1. Mulches See standards for vegetative stabilization with mulches only. much should be crimped or tacked to prevent blowing.
- 2. Vegetative Cover See standards for temporary vegetative cover.
- 3. Tillage To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is an emergency measure which should be used before soil blowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12" apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similar plows are examples of equipment which may produce the desired effect.
- 4. Irrigation This is generally done as an emergency treatment. Site is sprinkled with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed At no time should the site be irrigated to the point that runoff begins to flow.
- 5. Barriers Solid board fences, silt fences, snow fences, straw bales, and similar material can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Barriers placed at right angle to prevailing currents at intervals at about ten times their height are effective in controlling soil blowing. 6. Calcium Chloride - Apply at rates that will keep surface moist. May need treatment.
- 1. Permanent Vegetation See standards for permanent vegetative cover, and permanent stabilization with sod. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable protection if
- 2. Topsoiling Covering with less erosive soil material. See standards for top soil.
- 3. Stone Cover surface with crushed stone or gravel.
- 1. Agriculture Handbook 346. Wind Erosion Forces in the United States and Their Use in Predicting Soil Loss.

REVISION

2. Aariculture Information Bulletin 354. How to Control Wind Erosion, USDA_ARS.



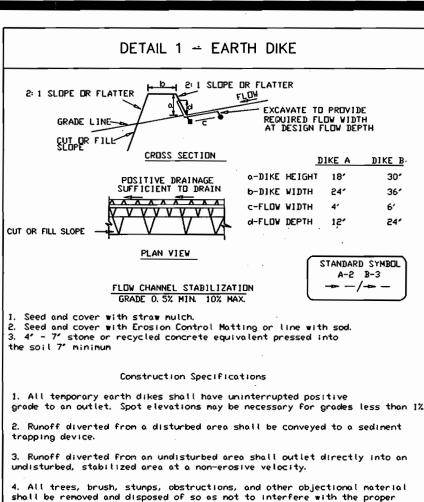
4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2' to 3') or reclained or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the

i. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a wountable bern with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe ho to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized

. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT F - 17 - 3 VATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

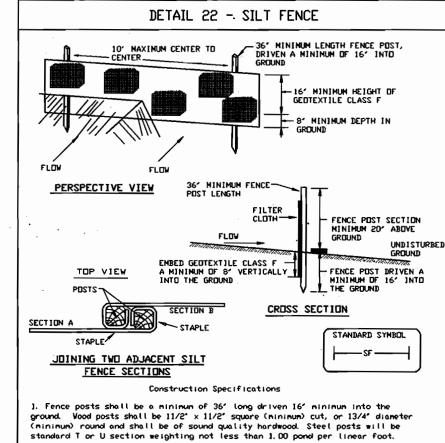
BY

SUIL CONSERVATION SERVICE



 All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectional material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper 5. The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections or other irregularities which will impede normal flow.

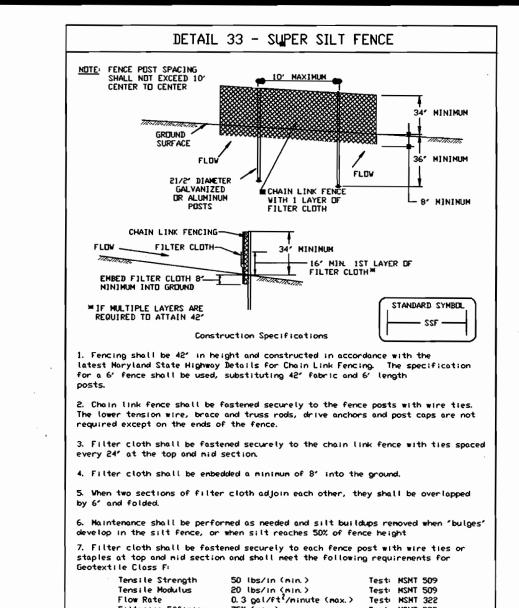
- Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.
- . All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that t will not interfere with the functioning of the dike. 8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after
- U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE A 1 6 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class $\mathbf{F}:$

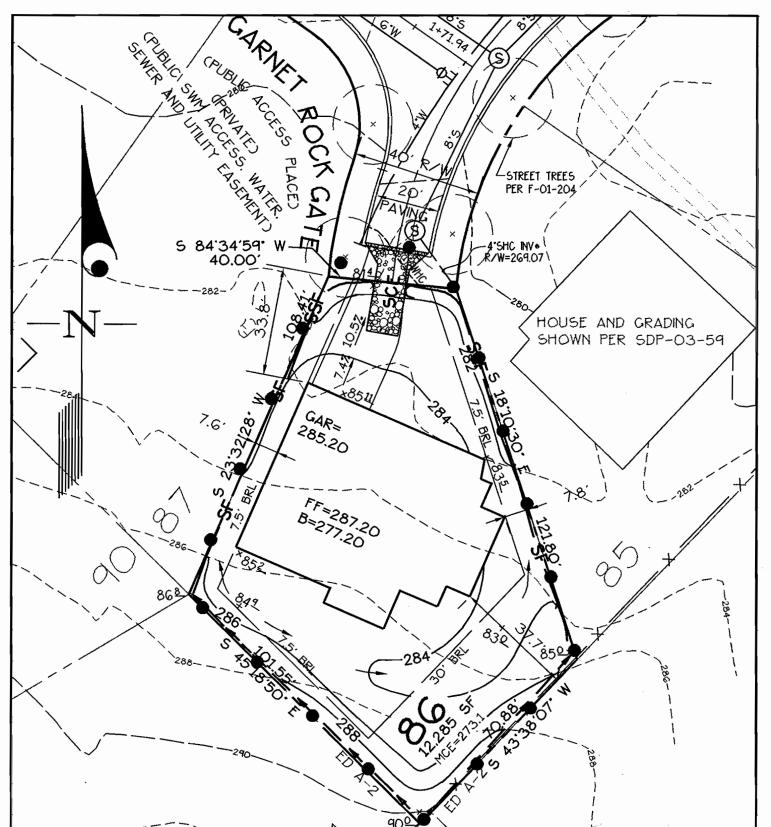
50 lbs/in (nin.) Tensile Modulus 20 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.) Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped,

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height. U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT E - 15 - 3 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



TYPICAL STAPLES NO. 11 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SDIL CONSERVATION SERVICE 6 - 22 - 2 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL 30 - EROSION CONTROL MATTING



2. INSTALL STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, EARTH DIDKE, SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. (2 DAYS) 3. BEGIN ROUGH GRADING. (1 WEEK) 4. CONSTRUCT HOUSE. (3 MONTHS) 5. FINE GRADE SITE AND STABILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT

NAME (BOTANICAL/COMMON)

OCTOBER GLORY RED MAPLE

PINUS STROBUS/EASTERN PINE

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

SEEDING NOTES AND REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES WITH PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. (1 WEEK) G. INSTALL SIDEWALK AND DRIVEWAY. (1 WEEK)

ACER RUBRUM 'OCTOBER GLORY'/ 3

PLANT LIST FOR LOT 80

1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT AND ARRANGE FOR AN ON SITE MEETING.(1 DAY)



COMMENTS

B + B

2 1/2-3° CAL

knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District

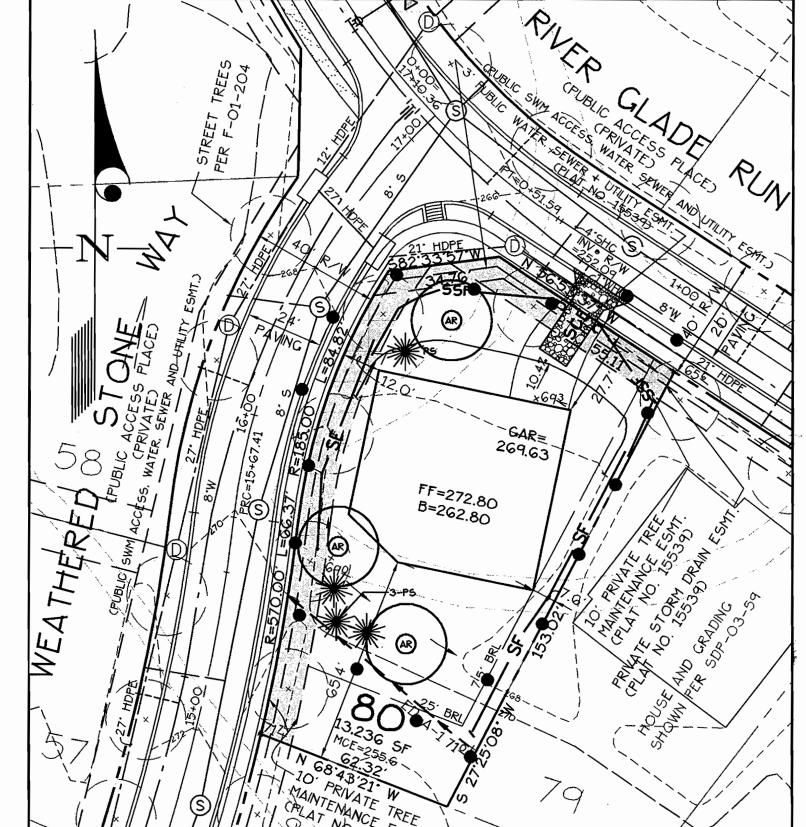
PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONME

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

1 certify that this plan for erosion and

sediment control represents a practical

and workable plan based on my personal



DEVELOPER'S/BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE I/We certify that all development and/or construction will be done in according to this plan. and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Maryland Department of the Enviornment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the HSCD.

1/8/03 Robert Corbett

These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil Conservation District and meet the technical

This Development Plan is approved for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control

SITE, LANDSCAPE AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

STONE LAKE LOTS 80, 86 AND 94 PLAT No. 15538 & 15539

SCALE ZONING 1"=30' R-ED TAX MAP - GRID JANUARY 47 - 7

SDP-03-56

3 OF 3.

OT 86 PREPARED FOR:

WILLIAMSBURG GROUP P.O. BOX 1018 COLUMBIA, MD 21044 410-997-8800 MR. ROBERT CORBETT

LOT 80

G. L. W. FILE No. 02-119 SHEET

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

ELECTION DISTRICT No. 6

- 1. A minimum of 24 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Office of Inspection and Permits prior to the start of any construction. (410) 313-1855
- 2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.
- 3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance. permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes and perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1. b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.
- 4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1. Chapter 12, of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm
- 5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seedings, sod, temporary seedings and mulching (Sec. G).
- Temporary stabilization, with mulch alone, can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
- 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

7. Site Analysis:

5 / Ling 510			
otal Area of Site	:	.89±	Acres
rea Disturbed	ŧ		Acres
rea to be roofed or paved	t	.28±	
rea to be vegetatively stabilize	d:	.64±	
otal Cut	:		Cu. Yds.
otal Fill	:		Cu Yde

8. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance.

Off-site waste/borrow area location:

- 9. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County DPW Sediment Control
- 10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres. approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.
- 11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to 3 pipe lengths or that which shall be backfilled and stabilized within 1 working day, whichever is shorter.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared area not subject to immediate further

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding Cunless

Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules

- 1) Preferred Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 square feet) and 600 bs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 unreaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq ft).
- 2) Acceptable Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq ft) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil.

Seeding: For the periods March 1 thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sq ft) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31. seed with 60 lbs Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs per acre (.05 lbs/1000 sq ft) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28. protect site by: Option (1) 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) Use sod. Option (3) Seed with 60 Ibs/acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored straw.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Maintenance: Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs. replacements and reseedings.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING + ZONING

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking. discing or other acceptable means before seeding (unless previously loosened).

5011 Amendments: Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft).

Seeding: For periods March 1 thru April 30 and from August 15 thru October 15, seed with 2-1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs./1000 sq.ft.). For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000 sq ft). For the period November 16 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) of unrotted, weed-free, small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gal per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes, 8 ft or higher, use 348 gal per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for rate and methods not covered.

Dust Control

Definition Controlling dust blowing and movement on construction sites and roads.

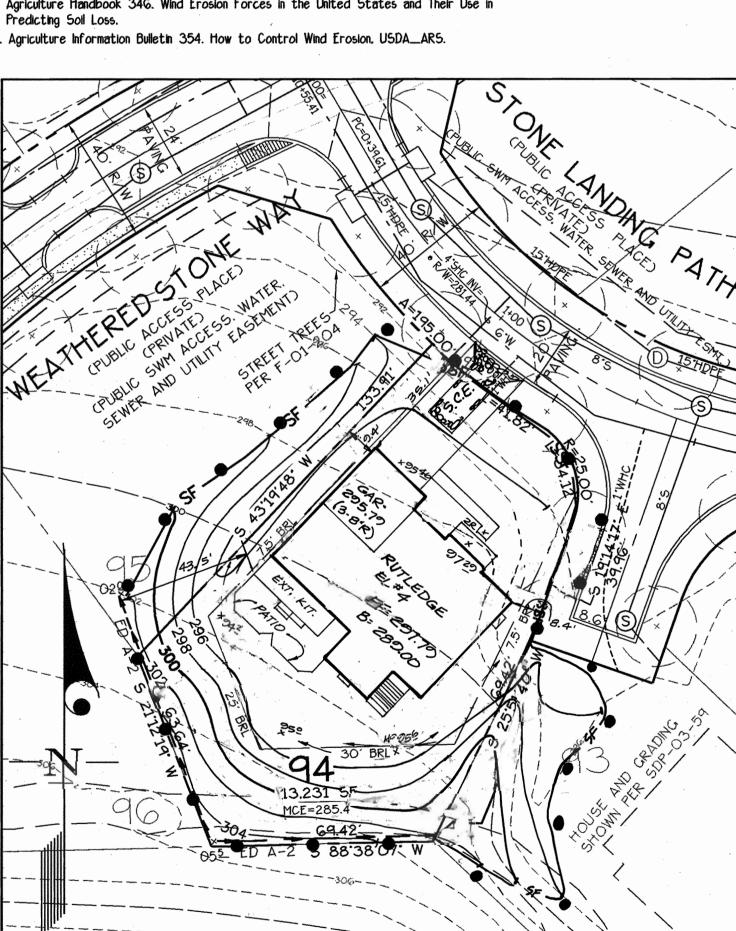
Purpose To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, reduce on and off-site damage. health hazards, and improve traffic safety.

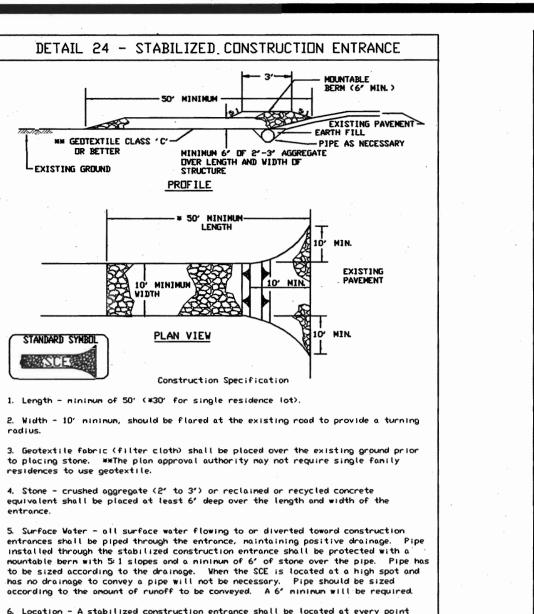
Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment.

Specifications Temporary Methods

- 1. Mulches See standards for vegetative stabilization with mulches only. much should be crimped or tacked to prevent blowing.
- 2. Vegetative Cover See standards for temporary vegetative cover.
- 3. Tillage To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is an emergency measure which should be used before soil blowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12° apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similar plows are examples of equipment which may produce the desired effect.
- 4. Irrigation This is generally done as an emergency treatment. Site is sprinkled with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed At no time should the site be irrigated to the point that runoff begins to flow.
- 5. Barriers Solid board fences, silt fences, snow fences, straw bales, and similar material can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Barriers placed at right angle to prevailing currents at intervals at about ten times their height are effective in controlling soil blowing. 6. Calcium Chloride - Apply at rates that will keep surface moist. May need treatment.
- 1. Permanent Vegetation See standards for permanent vegetative cover, and permanent stabilization with sod. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable protection if
- 2. Topsoiling Covering with less erosive soil material. See standards for top soil.
- 3. Stone Cover surface with crushed stone or gravel.
- 1. Agriculture Handbook 346. Wind Erosion Forces in the United States and Their Use in
- 2. Agriculture Information Bulletin 354. How to Control Wind Erosion, USDA_ARS.





where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance

SUIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT F - 17 - 3 VATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL 30 - EROSION CONTROL MATTING

TYPICAL STAPLES NO. 11

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SDIL CONSERVATION SERVICE 6 - 22 - 2 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

5 84'34'59' W-17

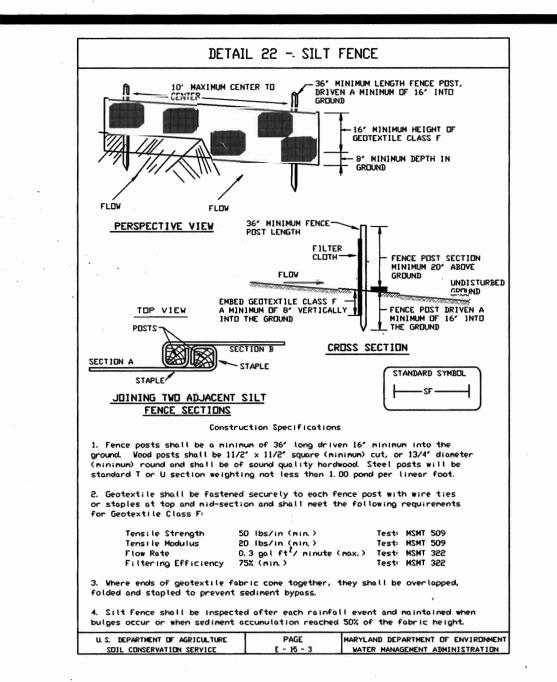
DETAIL 1 - EARTH DIKE 2: 1 SLOPE OR FLATTER CROSS SECTION DIKE A DIKE B a-DIKE HEIGHT 18' d-FLOW DEPTH 12' PLAN VIEW DEMYS DARGNATS A-2 B-3 --/--- Seed and cover with straw mulch.
 Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod.
 4' - 7' stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into Construction Specifications 1. All temporary earth dikes shall have uninterrupted positive grade to an outlet. Spot elevations may be necessary for grades less than 1%. 2. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shall be conveyed to a sediment 3. Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly into an undisturbed, stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity 4. All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectional material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper functioning of the dike. 5. The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, arade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections or other irregularities which will impede normal flow. 6. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment. 7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike. 8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SDIL CONSERVATION SERVICE A - 1 - 6 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

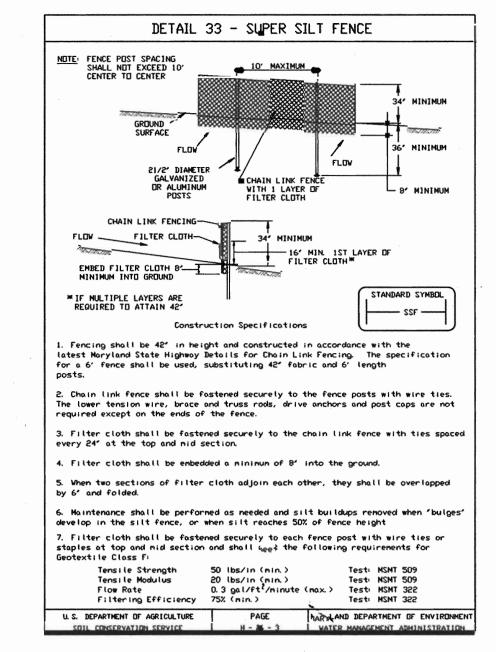
> -STREET TREES PER F-01-204

> > HOUSE AND GRADING

SHOWN PER SDP-03-59

ELECTION DISTRICT No. 6





SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT AND ARRANGE FOR AN ON SITE MEETING.(1 DAY)
- 2. INSTALL STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, EARTH DIDKE, SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. (2 DAYS)
- 3. BEGIN ROUGH GRADING. (1 WEEK)
- 4. CONSTRUCT HOUSE. (3 MONTHS)
- 5. FINE GRADE SITE AND STABILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES AND REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES WITH PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. (1 WEEK)
- G. INSTALL SIDEWALK AND DRIVEWAY. (1 WEEK)



PLANT LIST FOR LOT 80 SIZE

NAME (BOTANICAL/COMMON) ACER RUBRUM "OCTOBER GLORY"/ 3

OCTOBER GLORY RED MAPLE

COMMENTS 2 1/2-3' CAL B + B

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

1 certify that this plan for erosion and

sediment control represents a practical

and workable plan based on my personal

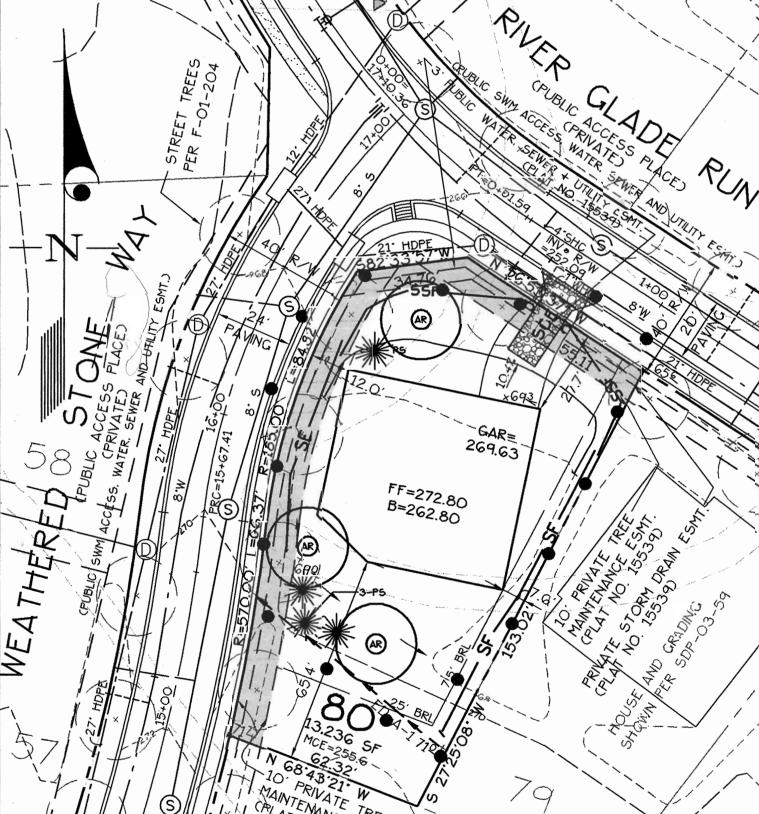
knowledge of the site conditions and that

it was prepared in accordance with the

requirements of the Howard Soil

Conservation District*

PINUS STROBUS/EASTERN PINE 6-8' HT. B + B



DEVELOPER'S/BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE 1/We certify that all development and/or construction will be done in according to this plan, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Maryland Department of the Enviornment: Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the HSCD."

118/03 Robert Corbett

These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil Conservation District and meet the technical

This Development Plan is approved for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control

80

GLWGUTSCHICK LITTLE & WEBER, P.A.

								-	
CIVIL EI	NGINEERS,	LAND	SURVEYORS,	LAND	PLANN	ERS, L	ANDSC	APE ARCH	ITECTS
3909 NATIONAL DRIVE — SUITE 250 — BURTONSVILLE OFFICE PARK BURTONSVILLE, MARYLAND 20866									
TEL: 301-421-4024 BALT: 410-880-1820 DC/VA: 301-989-2524 FAX: 301-421-4186									
Drawinas	\02119	\DES	IGN\0211	9SP3	.dwa	DES.	HKJ	DRN, HKJ	снк.

				ı
				ĺ
				ĺ
3-19-04	LOT 94 - REVISE TO SHOW AS BUILT CONDITIONS FOR GRADE CERTIFICATION	KJ		
DATE	REVISION	BY	APP'R	

PREPARED FOR: WILLIAMSBURG GROUP P.O. BOX 1018 COLUMBIA, MD 21044 410-997-8800

MR. ROBERT CORBETT

OT 86

SITE, LANDSCAPE AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

STONE LAKE LOTS 80, 86 AND 94 PLAT No. 15538 & 15539

1"=30' **JANUARY** 2003 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

ZONING G. L. W. FILE No 02-119 R-ED SHEET TAX MAP - GRID 47 - 73 OF 3

- 1. A minimum of 24 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Office of Inspection and Permits prior to the start of any construction. (410) 313-1855
- 2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.
- 3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance. permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures. dikes and perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1. b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.
- 4. All sectiment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1. Chapter 12. of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL. Storm
- 5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seedings, sod, temporary seedings and mulching (Sec. G).
- Temporary stabilization, with mulch alone, can only be clone when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
- 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

7. Site Analysis

Total Area of Site :	00.	
Area Disturbed :		Acres
Area to be roofed or paved :		Acres
•		Acres
Area to be vegetatively stabilized:	.64±	Acres
Total Cut		Cu. Yds.
Total Fill :	1500	Cu. Yds.
Off-site waste/borrow area location		

- 8. Any secliment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance.
- 9. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County DPW Sediment Control
- 10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres. approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other buildling or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.
- 11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to 3 pipe lengths or that which shall be backfilled and stabilized within 1 working day, whichever is shorter.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared area not subject to immediate further aisturbance where a permanent long-lived vegetative cover i

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding (unless

Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules

- 1) Preferred Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 square feet) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil. At time of seecling apply 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 unreaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq ft).
- 2) Acceptable Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq ft) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil.

Seeding: For the periods March 1 thru April 30. and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sq ft) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31. seed with 60 lbs Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs per acre (.05 lbs/1000 sq ft) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28. protect site by: Option (1) 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) Use sod. Option (3) Seed with 60 lbs/acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored stiraw.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) of unroltted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Maintenance: Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs. replacements and reseedings.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING + ZONING Development Engineering Division

GLWGUTSCHICK LITTLE & WEBER, P.A. CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, LAND PLANNERS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS

3909 NATIONAL DRIVE - SUITE 250 - BURTONSVILLE OFFICE PARK BURTONSVILLE, MARYLAND 20866 TEL: 301-421-4024 BALT: 410-880-1820 DC/VA: 301-989-2524 FAX: 301-421-4186

\Drawings\02119\DESIGN\02119SP3.dwg | DES. HKJ | DRN. HKJ | CHK. CKG

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking. discing or other acceptable means before seeding (unless previously loosened).

Soil Amendments: Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft).

Seeding: For periods March 1 thru April 30 and from August 15 thru October 15, seed with 2-1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs./1000 sq.ft.). For the period May 1 thru August 14. seed with 3 lbs per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000 sq ft). For the period November 16 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) of unrotted. weed-free. small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gal per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes, 8 ft or higher, use 348 gal per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for rate and methods not covered.

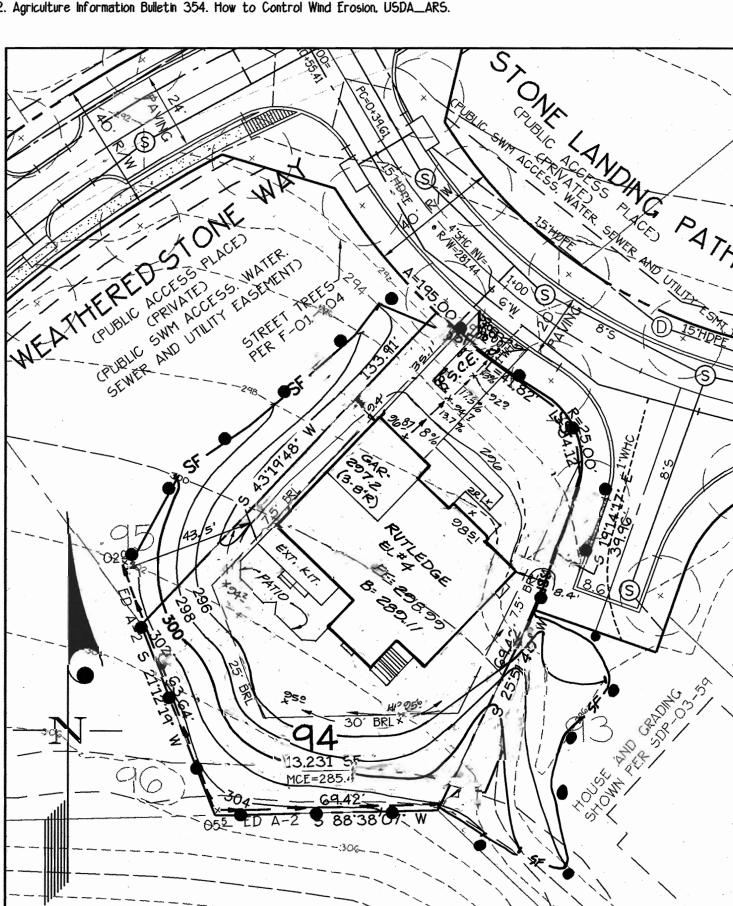
Dust Control

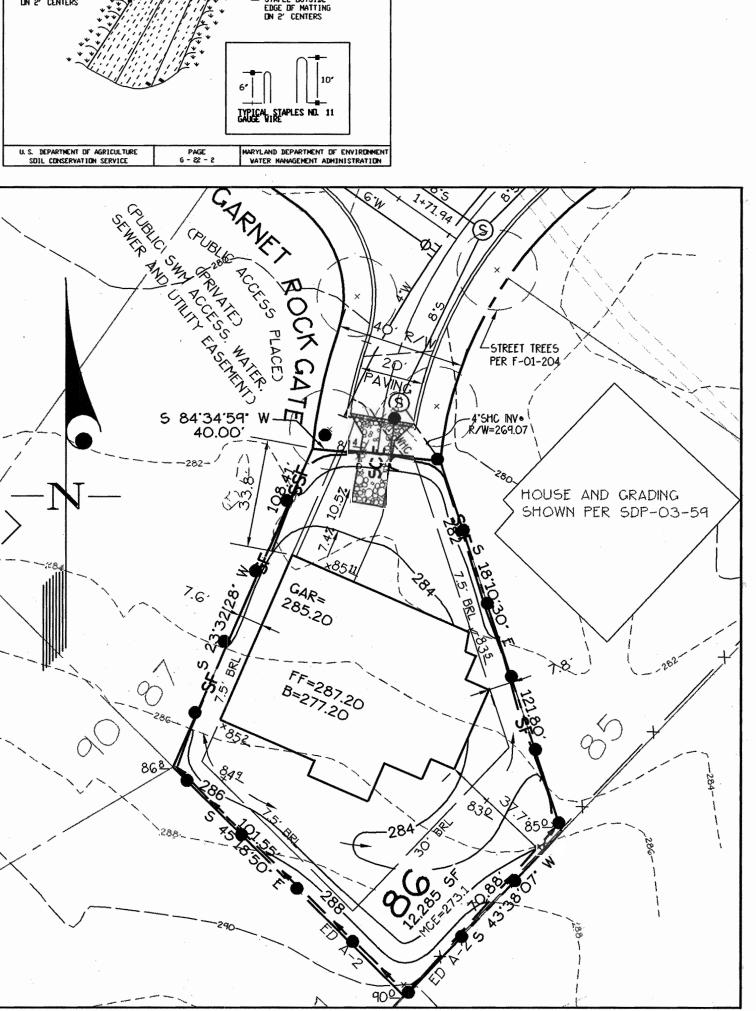
<u>Definition</u> Controlling dust blowing and movement on construction sites and roads.

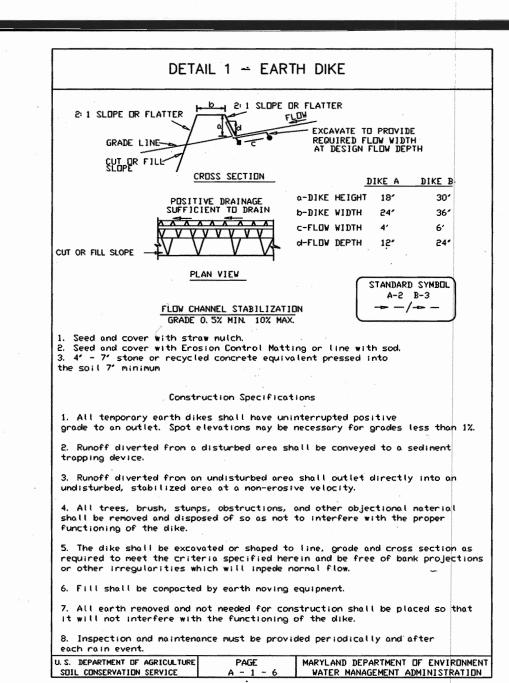
Purpose To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, reduce on and off-site damage. health hazards, and improve traffic safety. Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment.

- 1. Mulches See standards for vegetative stabilization with mulches only. much should be crimped
- or tacked to prevent blowing. 2. Vegetative Cover - See standards for temporary vegetative cover.
- 3. Tillage To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is an emergency measure which should be used before soil blowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12" apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similar plows are examples of equipment which may produce the desired effect.
- 4. Irrigation This is generally done as an emergency treatment. Site is sprinkled with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed At no time should the site be irrigated to the point that runoff begins to flow.
- 5. Barriers Solid board fences, silt fences, snow fences, straw bales, and similar material can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Barriers placed at right angle to prevailing currents at intervals at about ten times their height are effective in controlling soil blowing. G. Calcium Chloride - Apply at rates that will keep surface moist. May need treatment.
- 1. Permanent Vegetation See standards for permanent vegetative cover, and permanent stabilization with sod. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable protection if
- 2. Topschiing Covering with less erosive soil material. See standards for top soil.
- 3. Stone Cover surface with crushed stone or gravel.
- 1. Agriculture Handbook 346. Wind Erosion Forces in the United States and Their Use in Predicting Soil Loss.
- 2. Agriculture Information Bulletin 354. How to Control Wind Erosion, USDA_ARS.







PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT F - 17 - 3 VATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION DETAIL 30 - EROSION CONTROL MATTING

DETAIL 24 - STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

Construction Specification

. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe

installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable bern with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe has

to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point

where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving

the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entranc

ΒĀ

to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family

4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2' to 3') or reclained or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the

Length - minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot).

PROFILE

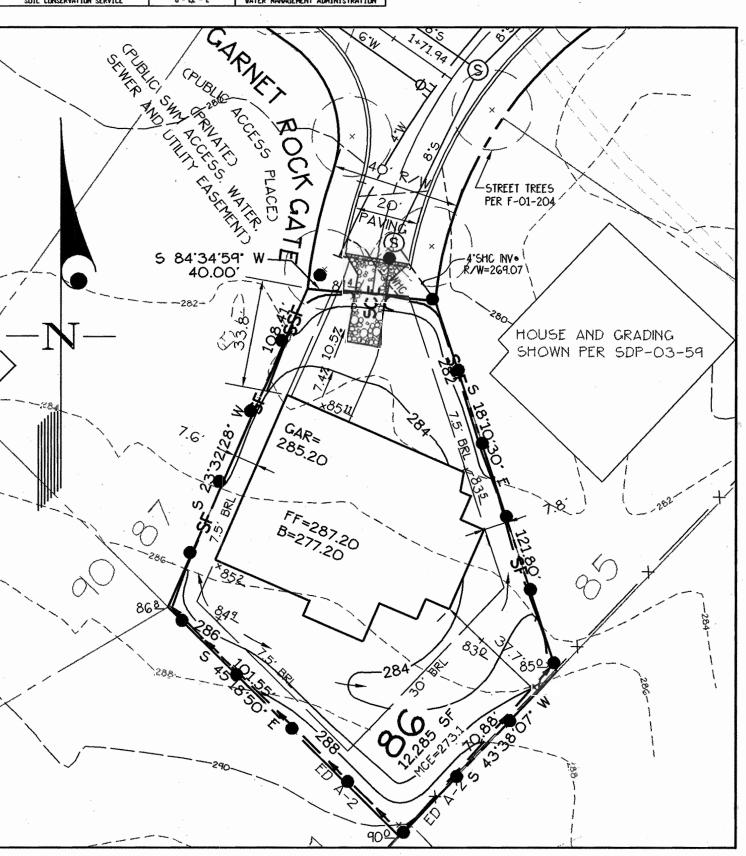
MINIMUM 6' OF 2'-3' AGGREGATE OVER LENGTH AND VIDTH OF STRUCTURE

** GEOTEXTILE CLASS 'C'-

STANDARD SYMBOL

SCE

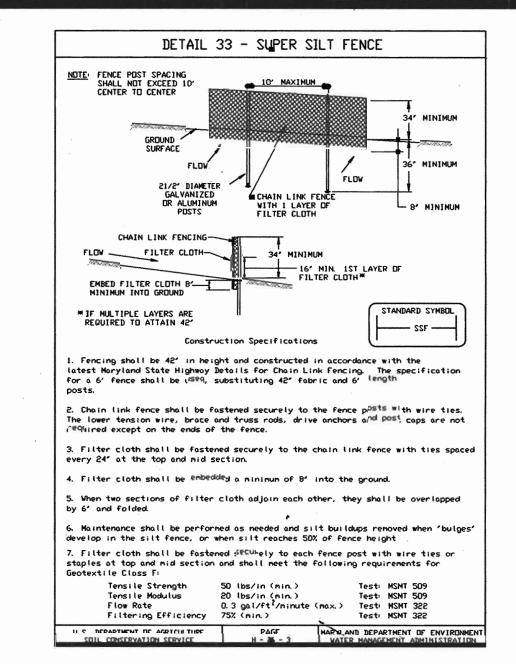
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE



OT 86

PERSPECTIVE VIEW FENCE POST SECTION
MINIMUM 20' ABOVE
GROUND EMBED GEDTEXTILE CLASS F - FENCE POST DRIVEN CROSS SECTION STANDARD SYMBOL -----SF -----. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36° long driven 16° minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be 2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirement: Tensile Strength 50 lbs/in (min.) Tensile Modulus 20 lbs/in (min.) 0.3 gal ft?/ minute (max.) Test: MSMT 328 . Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass. 4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height. U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
E - 15 - 3 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE



SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT AND ARRANGE FOR AN ON SITE MEETING.(1 DAY)
- 2. INSTALL STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, EARTH DIDKE, SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT
- FENCE AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. (2 DAYS)
- 3. BEGIN ROUGH GRADING. (1 WEEK) 4. CONSTRUCT HOUSE. (3 MONTHS)

V

ELECTION DISTRICT No. 6

5. FINE GRADE SITE AND STABILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES AND REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES WITH PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. (1 WEEK)

ACER RUBRUM "OCTOBER GLORY"/ 3

G. INSTALL SIDEWALK AND DRIVEWAY. (1 WEEK)



PLANT LIST FOR LOT 80 NAME (BOTANICAL/COMMON) COMMENTS

OCTOBER GLORY RED MAPLE

PINUS STROBUS/EASTERN PINE

2 1/2-3° CAL B + BB + B

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

1 certify that this plan for erosion and

sediment control represents a practical

and workable plan based on my personal

knowledge of the site conditions and that

it was prepared in accordance with the

requirements of the Howard Soil

Conservation District*

DEVELOPER'S/BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE "I/We certify that all develor" ment and/or construction will be done in according to this Plan, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Maryland Department of the Enviornment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the HSCD." Robert Corbett FF=272.80 B=262.80

These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil Conservation District and meet the technical

18:103

This Development Plan is approved for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control

SITE, LANDSCAPE AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

_OT 80

STONE LAKE LOTS 80, 86 AND 94 PLAT No. 15538 & 15539

SCALE ZONING G. L. W. FILE No. 02 - 1191"=30' R-EDSHEET TAX MAP - GRID **JANUARY** 47 - 7 3 OF 3 2003

05.25.04 LOT 94- REV. FF & GAR ELEV. & DIW SLOPE FOR FINAL GRADE CERTIFICATION AKU 13-19-04 LOT94-REVISE TO SHOW AS-BUILT CONDITIONS FOR GRADE CERTIFICATION HJ

REVISION

PREPARED FOR: WILLIAMSBURG GROUP P.O. BOX 1018 COLUMBIA, MD 21044 410-997-8800 MR. ROBERT CORBETT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

- 1. A minimum of 24 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Office of Inspection and Permits prior to the start of any construction. (410) 313-1855
- 2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.
- 3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance. permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes and perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1, b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.
- 4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1. Chapter 12, of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm
- 5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seedings, sod, temporary seedings and mulching (Sec. G).
- Temporary stabilization, with mulch alone, can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
- 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

7. Site Analysis: Total Area of Site

.89± Acres Area Disturbed .92 + Acres Area to be roofed or paved .28 + Acres Area to be vegetatively stabilized: .64± Acres Total Cut 1500 Cu. Yds.

Total fill 1500 Cu. Yds. Off-site waste/borrow area location: 8. Any sediment: control practice which is disturbed by grading

same: day of disturbance. 9. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed

activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the

- necessary by the Howard County DPW Sediment Control 10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres.
- approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance: or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.
- 11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to 3 pipe lengths or that which shall be backfilled and stabilized within 1 working day, whichever is shorter.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared area not subject to immediate further needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding (uniciss

Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one; of the following schedules

- 1) Preferred Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic lime stone (92 lbs/1000 square feet) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding. apply 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 unreaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq ft).
- 2) Acceptable Apply 2 tons per acre dokmittic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq ft) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil.

Seeding: For the periods March 1 thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sq ft) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31. seed with 60 lbs Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs per acre (.05 lbs/1000 sq ft) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28. protect site by: Option (1) 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) Use sod. Option (3) Seed with 60 lbs/acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored straw.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq. ft) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor much immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emissified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Maintenance: Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs. replacements and reseedings.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING + ZONING Development Engineering Division

GLWGUTSCHICK LITTLE & WEBER, P.A.

CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, LAND PLANNERS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 3909 NATIONAL DRIVE - SUITE 250 - BURTONSVILLE OFFICE PARK BIR TONSVILLE, MARYLAND 20866 TEL: 301-421-4024 BALT: 410-880-1820 DC/VA: 301-989-2524 FAX: 301-421-4186

\Drawings\02119\DESIGN\02119SP3.dwg | DES. HKJ | DRN. HKJ | CHK. CKG

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking. discing or other acceptable means before seeding (unless previously loosened).

50il Amendments: Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft).

Seeding: For periods March 1 thru April 30 and from August 15 thru October 15. seed with 2-1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs./1000 sq.ft.). For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000 sq ft). For the period November 16 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) of unrotted, weed-free, small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gal per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphall on flat areas. On slopes, 8 ft or higher, use 348 gal per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for rate and methods not covered.

Dust Control

<u>Definition</u> Controlling dust blowing and movement on construction sites and roads.

<u>Purpose</u> To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, reduce on and off-site damage, health hazards, and improve traffic safety. Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment.

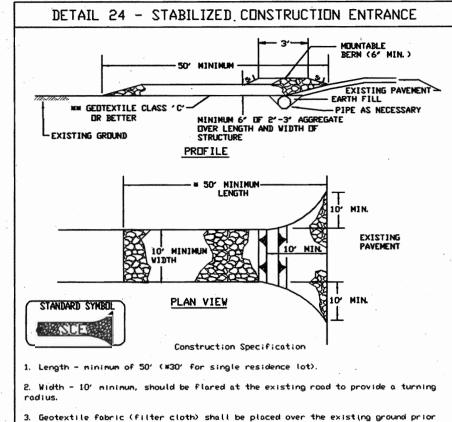
Specifications

Temporary Methods 1. Mulches - See standards for vegetative stabilization with mulches only. much should be crimped or tacked to prevent blowing.

- 2. Vegetative Cover See standards for temporary vegetative cover
- 3. Thinge To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is an emergency measure which should be used before soil blowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12" apart, spring-toothed harrows, and smillai plows are examples of equipment which may produce the desired effect.
- 4. Irrigation This is generally done as an emergency treatment. Site is sprinkled with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed At no time should the site be irrigated to the point that runoff begins to flow.
- 5. Barriers Solid board fences. silt fences. snow fences. straw bales. and similar material can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Barriers placed at right angle to prevailing currents at intervals at about ten times their height are effective in controlling soil blowing. 6. Calcium Chloride - Apply at rates that will keep surface moist. May need treatment. Permanent Methods
- 1. Permanent Vegetation See standards for permanent vegetative cover. and permanent stabilization with sod. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable protection if
- 2. Topsoiling Covering with less erosive soil material. See standards for top soil.
- 3. Stone Cover surface with crushed stone or gravel.
- Predicting Soil Loss.

1. Agriculture Handbook 346. Wind Erosion Forces in the United States and Their Use in

2. Agriculture Information Bulletin 354. How to Control Wind Erosion, USDA_ARS.



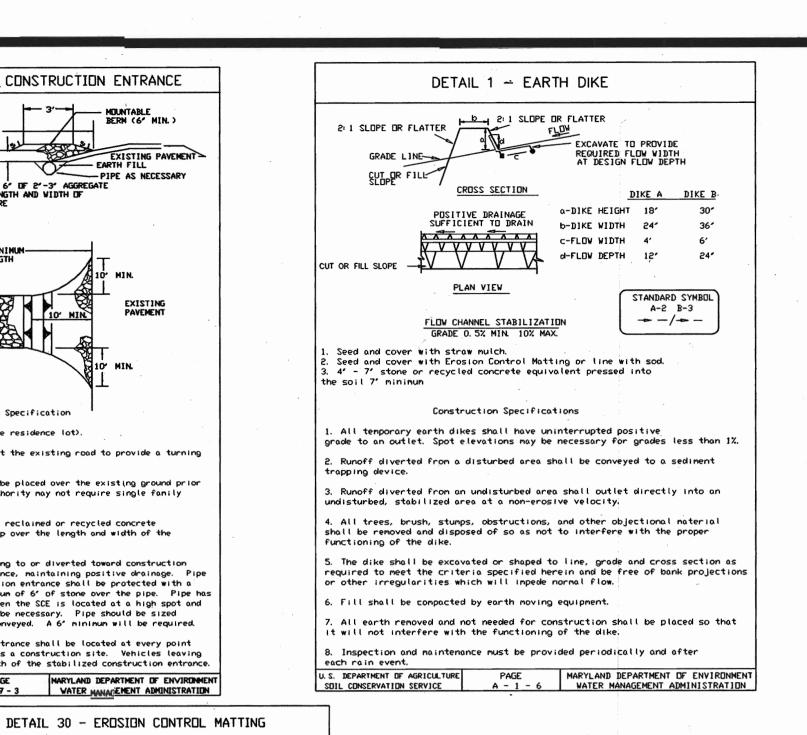
to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family

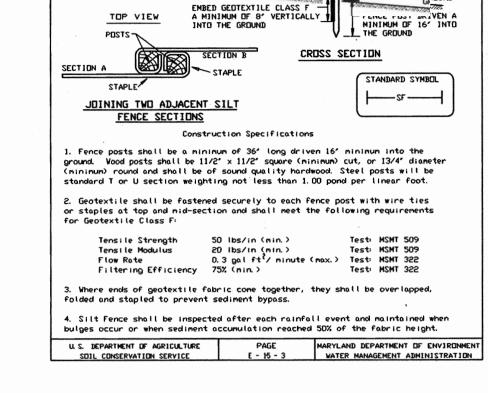
. Stone - crushed aggregate (2' to 3') or reclaimed or recycled concrete

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a untable bern with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe ho to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6' minimum will be required. 6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point

where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE F - 17 - 3 VATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

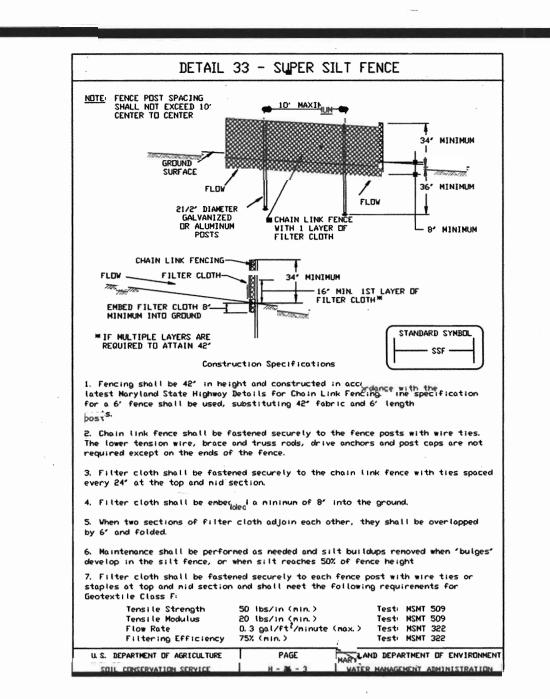
CROSS-SECTION





DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE

FENCE POST SECTION
MINIMUM 20' ABOVE
GROUND



SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

- 1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT AND ARRANGE FOR AN ON SITE MEETING.(1 DAY) 2. INSTALL STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, EARTH DIDKE, SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT
- FENCE AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. (2 DAYS) 3. BEGIN ROUGH GRADING. (1 WEEK)
- 4. CONSTRUCT HOUSE. (3 MONTHS)
- 5. FINE GRADE SITE AND STABILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES AND REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES WITH PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. (1 WEEK)
- G. INSTALL SIDEWALK AND DRIVEWAY. (1 WEEK)



ACER RUBRUM "OCTOBER GLORY"/ 3 OCTOBER GLORY RED MAPLE

2 1/2-3° CAL

COMMENTS B + B

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

1 certify that this plan for erosion and

sediment control represents a practical

and workable plan based on my personal

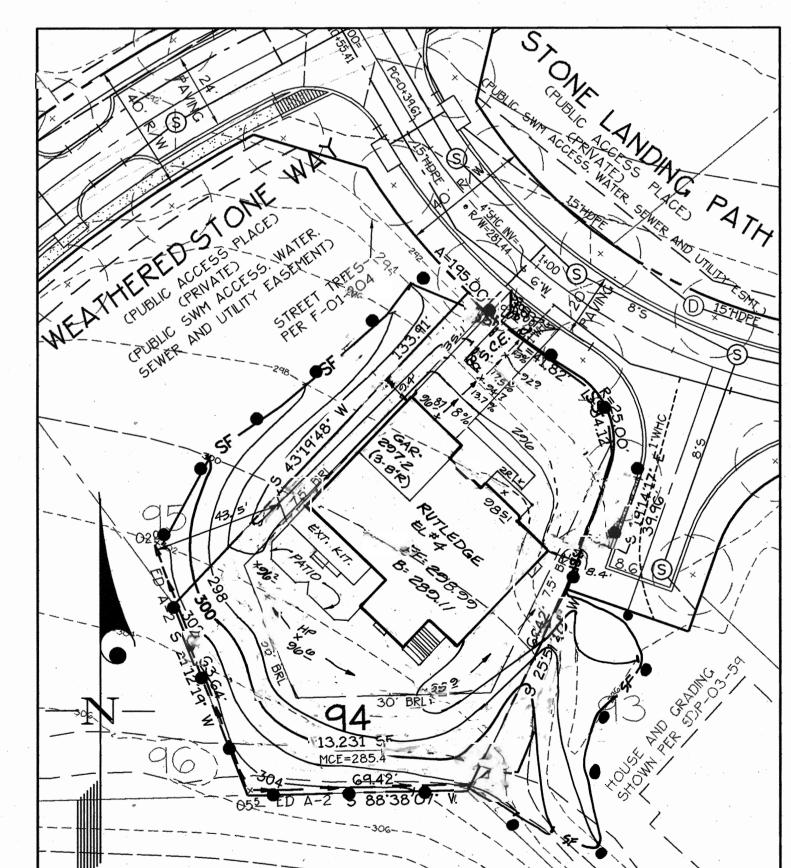
knowledge of the site conditions and that

it was prepared in accordance with the

requirements of the Howard Soil

Conservation District

Carlton ditscick. PE

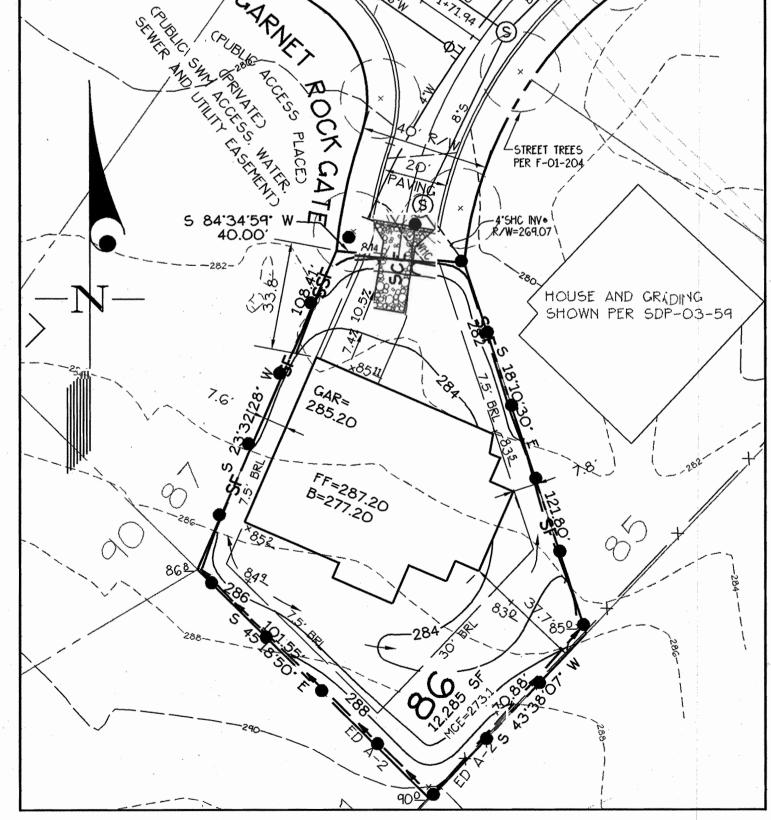


05-28-04 LOT 94- MINOR GRADING REVISION FOR FINAL GRADE CERTIFICATION

03-19-04 LOT 94 - REVISE TO SHOW ASBUILT CONDITIONS FOR GRADE CERTIFICATION

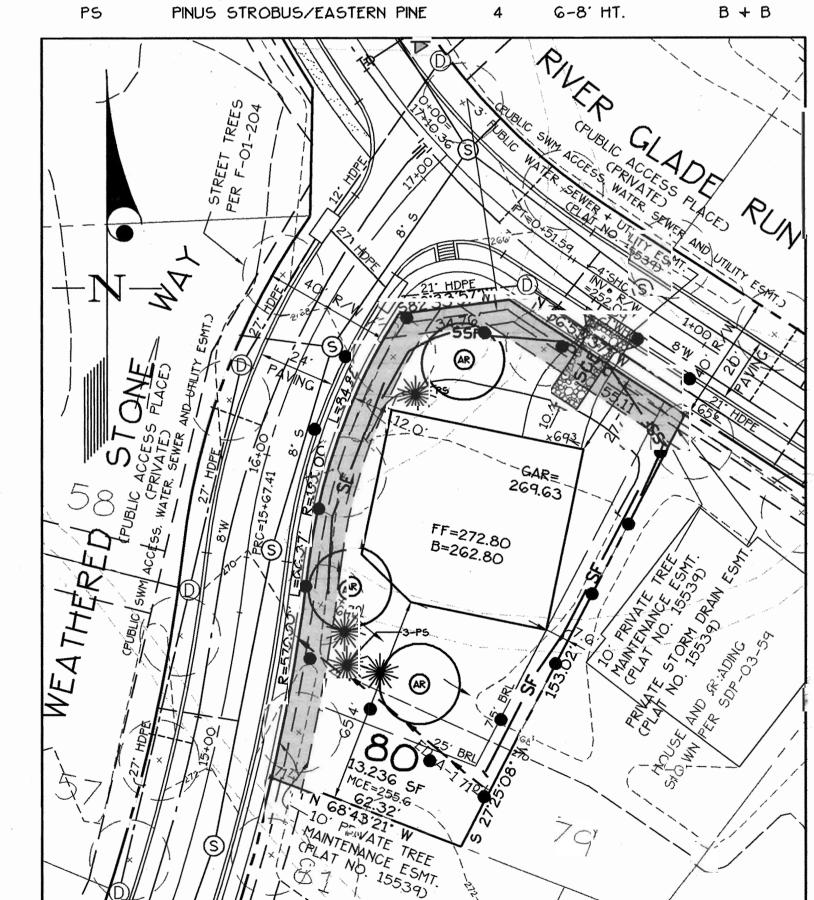
REVISION

05.25.04 LOT 94- REV. FF & GAR ELEV. & DIW SLOPE FOR FINAL GRADE CERTIFICATION



TYPICAL STAPLES NO. 11

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE G - 22 - 2 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



DEVELOPER'S/BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE 1/We certify that all development and/or construction will be done in according to this plan, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Maryland Department of the Enviornment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beninning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the HSCD."

1/8/03 Kobert Corbett Date

These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil Conservation District and meet the technical

This Development Plan is approved for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control

OT 86

HU

KU

HKJ BY

PREPARED FOR:

WILLIAMSBURG GROUP P.O. BOX 1018 COLUMBIA, MD 21044 410-997-8800 MR. ROBERT CORBETT

FLECTION DISTRICT No. 6

SITE, LANDSCAPE AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

OB TO_

STONE LAKE LOTS 80, 86 AND 94 PLAT No. 15538 & 15539

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

G. L. W. FILE No. ZONING SCALE 02 - 1191"=30' R-ED TAX MAP - GRID SHEET JANUARY 3 OF 3 47 - 7