

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits, Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction, (313—1855). All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the most current "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND
- SEDIMENT CONTROL", and revisions thereto. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1, b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded
- areas on the project site. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1, Chapter 7, of the
- HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm Drainage.

 All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (Section G) for permanent seeding, sod, temporary seeding, and mulching. Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
- All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

Site Analysis:

Total Area of Site Area Disturbed O.71 Acres
Area to be roofed or paved O.28 Acres
Area to be vegetatively stabilized O.43 Acres
Total Cut 360 Cu. Yds.
Totai Fill 360 Cu. Yds.

Offsite waste/borrow area location <u>N/A</u>
Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance. 'Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the 'nspection agency is made.

Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can be back filled and stabilized within one working day, whichever is shorter

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas not subject to immediate further disturbance where a permanent long-lived vegetative cover is needed

SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking, or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously

SOIL AMENDMENTS: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules: 1) PREFERRED — Apply 2 tons per acres dolamitic limestone (92 lbs/1000sq. ft.) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 ureaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000sq. ft.) 2) ACCEPTABLE -- Apply 2 tons per acres dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000sq ft.) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000

SEEDING — For the periods March 1 thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and 2 lbs. per acre (.05 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of Weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28, protect site by: Option (1) — 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) — Use sod. Option (3) — Seed with 60 lbs.per acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch 2 tons / acre well anchored

sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three

MULCHING — Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/ 1 1000sq. ft.) for anchoring.

MAINTENANCE — Inspect all seeding greas and make needed repairs, replacements

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-term

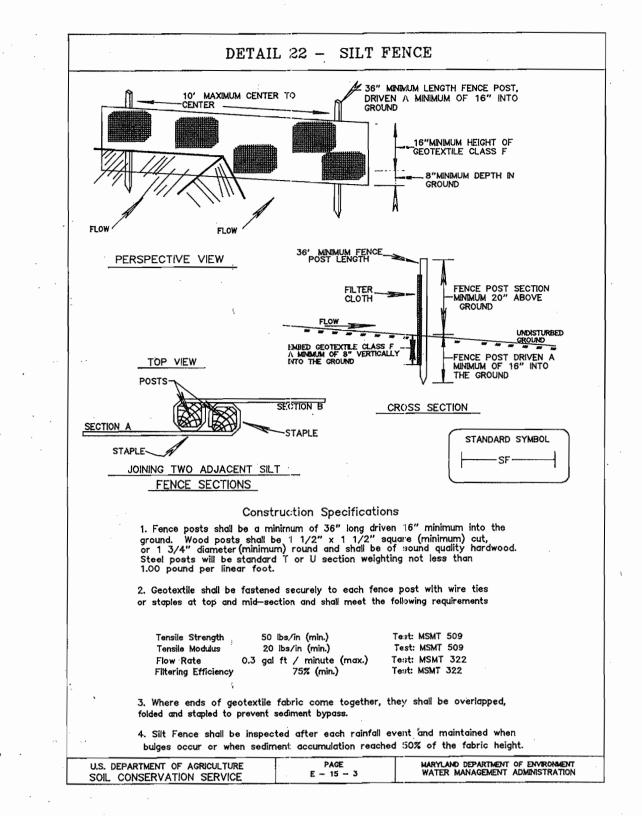
vegetative cover is needed. SEEDBED PREPARATION: — Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking, or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously

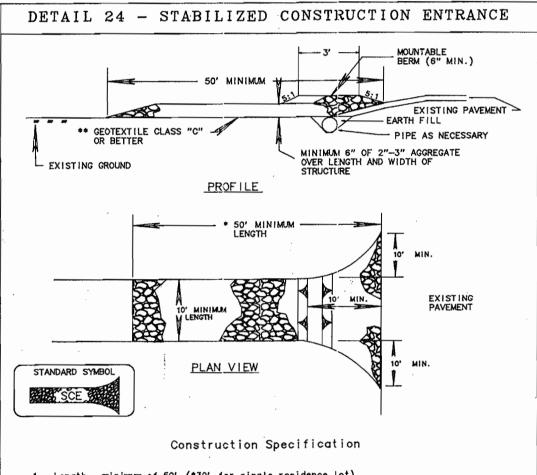
SOIL AMENDMENTS: - Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000sq.

SEEDING — For periods March 1 thru April 30, and from August 15 thru October 15 seed with 2-12 bushels per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs/1000sq. ft.) For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs. per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000sq. ft.). For the period November 16 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or

MULCHING — Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of unrotted weed free small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000sq. ft.) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for additional rates and methods not covered.





1. Length - minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot). 2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile.

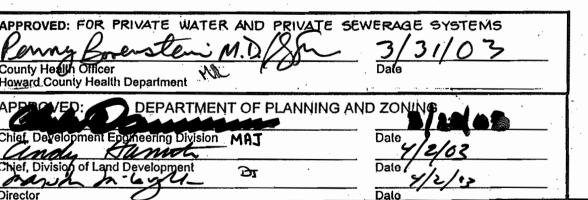
Stone — crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete
equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the
entrance.

5. Surface Water — all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amonut of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

8. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS.

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROISION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

"IZWE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND/OR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE JONE AC THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DE-PARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ONSITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED NECESSARY."

"I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SECUMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABEE PLAN BASES ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT HAWAS PROJECT IN ACCORDANCE WITH PEOUTOS.

CORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF TH

21.0 STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOIL

Definition

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent

Purpose

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where: a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant

d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the plans.

Construction and Material Specifications

Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA—SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental

Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the

Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay Loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 11/2" in diameter. ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as

iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres:

Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization

For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:

i. On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:

a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher. b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight. c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used. d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control

until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials. Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified aaronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil

ii. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization — Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

Topsoil Application

When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins. ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" — 8" higher in elevation. iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a

seedbed preparation. Alternative for Permanent Seeding — Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified below:

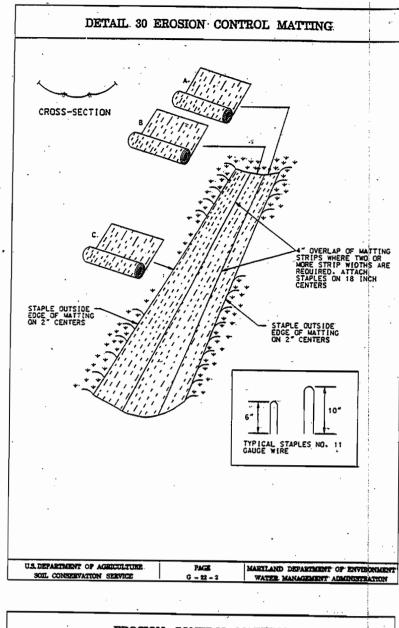
condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and

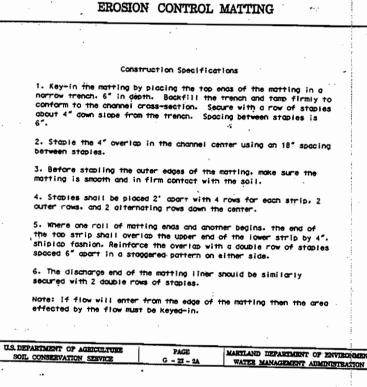
Composted Sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amenaments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements:

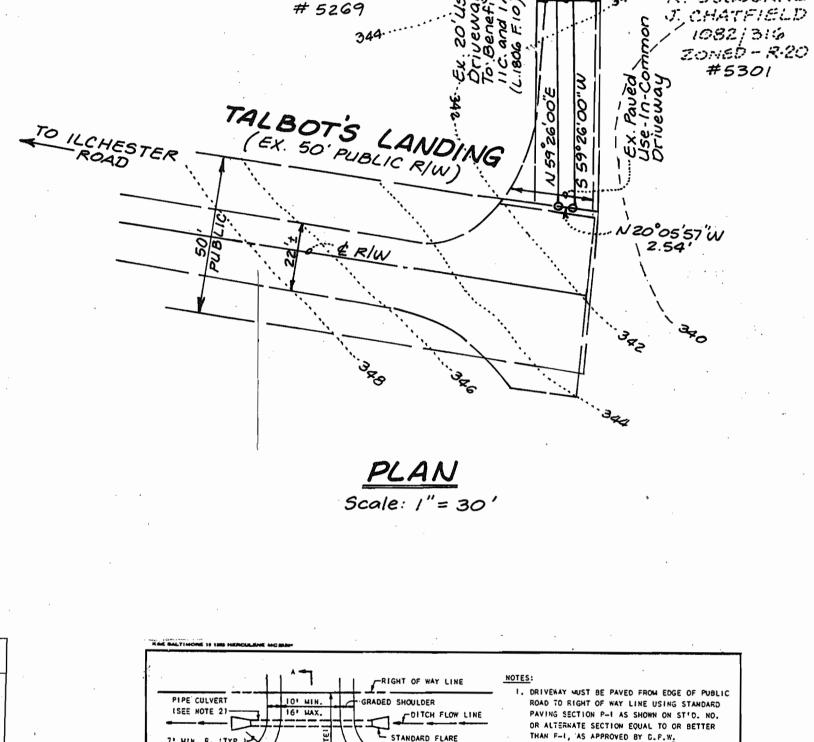
a. Composted sludge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06. b. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a Ph of 7.0 to 8.0. If compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use. c. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 sauare feet.

ii. Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb./1,000 square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate.

References:Guideline Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding. MD-VA, Pub. #1, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1973.







TALBOT'S LAST

LISA GATES

ZONED! R-20

SHIFT---

5688 / 580-346-

P 696 ... 348.

PIO LOT 9D

Ex. Use-In-Common

Driveway To Be Expanded To A Minimum

of 14 Ft. Width of Paving

TALBOTS LAST

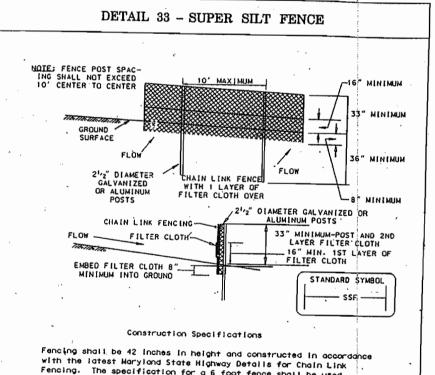
SHIFT

PLO LOT 2

R 668

R. OSBOURNE

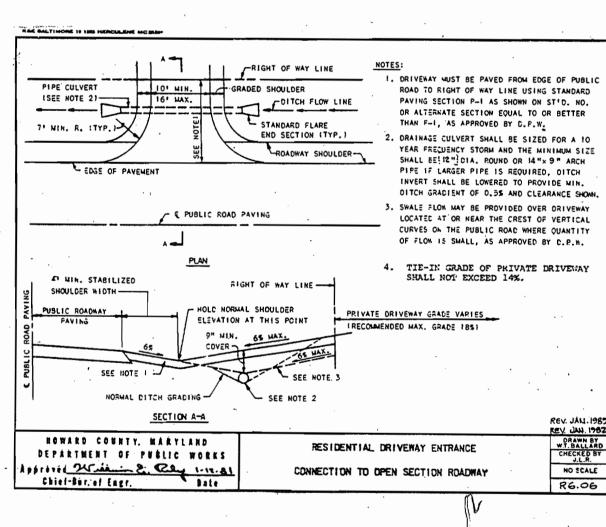
MATCH LINE SEE SHT. 10FZ

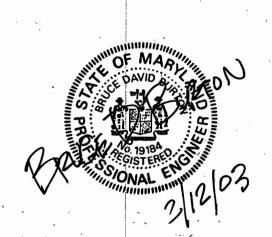


with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6 foot fence shall be used. substituting 42 Inch fabric and 6 foot length posts. 1. The poles do not need to set in concrete. 2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties or staples

3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section. 4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of $\mathfrak{b}^{\#}$ into the 5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6" and folded. 6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt bulldups

emoved when "bulges" develop in the silt fence U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE





LDE, INC. 9250 Rumsey Road, Suite 106, Columbia, MD. 21045 (410) 715-1070 (301) 596-3424 (410) 715-9540 (Fax) DESIGNED SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN DETAIL SHEET BDB As Shown TALBOT'S LAST DRAWN SHIFT DRA WING KBW 20f2

LOT 11 A CHECKED TAX MAP 31 BLOCK 22 P/O PARCEL 701 IST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD CO., MD. OWNER: Deborah I. Swint BUILDER: Cumberland FILE NO.

5/2002

9190 Canterbury Riding Development Corp. 16391 A.E. Mullinix Rd. Laurel, MD 20723 Woodbine MD 21797 (301) 854-6838

SDP 03-012

JOB NO.

02-015

SDP 03-012