

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES Apply to graded or cleared areas not subject to immediate further disturbance where a permanent long-lived vegetative cover is needed. Seedbed preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened. Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules: Preferred - Apply 2 tops/acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq. ft) and 600 lbs/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs/acre 30-0-0 urea form fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) Acceptable - Apply 2 tone/acre dolomitic limestone (92 lab/1000 sq. ft) and 1000 tbs/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil. Seeding - For the periods March 1 - April 30, and August 1 -October 15, seed with 60 lbs/acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 - July 31, seed with 60 lbs Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 (bs/acre (.05 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) of weeping love grass. Buring the period of October 16 - February 28, protect site by: fintion 1 - Two tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option a - Used sod. Option 3 - Seed with 60 lbs/acre Kentucky 30 Tall fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored straw Mulching - Apply 1 -1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 165/1000 sq. ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slope 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq. ft.) for anchoring. Maintenance - Inspect all seeding areas and make needed repairs, replacements and reseedings. TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be re-disturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed. Seedbed preparation: - Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened. Soil Amendments: - Apply 600 lbs/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) Seeding - For periods March 1 - April 30 and from August 15 - Batober 15, seed with 2 ? bushel per aare of annual rye (3.2 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) For the period May 1 - August 14, seed with 3 lbs/acre of weeping love grass (.07 lbs/100 sq ft.). For the period November 16 - February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons/acre of well-anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring or use sool. Mulching - Apply 1 ? to 2 tons/acre <70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) of unrotted weed-free, small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gal. Per acre (5 gal/1000 sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slope 8 ft. or higher, use 348 gal. Per acre (8 gal/1000 sq. ft.) for anchoring. Refer to the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSIOIN AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for additional rates and HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES 1. A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County department of Inspections, Licenses and construction (313-1855). 2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the most current MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL SEROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto Following initial solid disturbance or re-disturbance permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all'slopes greater than 3:1, b) 14 days as to all other disturbed on. graded areas on the project site All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol 1, Chapter 12 of the HOWAR COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL Storm Drainage. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOILS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seeding (Sec. 51), sod (Sec 54), temporary seeding (Sec.50) and mulching (Sec.52). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses. 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector. Site Analysis Total Area of Site 4.9996 Acres Area Disturbed 1.60 Acres Area to be roofed or paved 0.17 Acres

same day of disturbance.

Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed

necessary by the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector. 18. In all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres.

approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment

controls, but before proceeding with any other earth

inspection approvals may not be authorized until this

21.0 STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS

DEFINITION

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior

PURPOSE

growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content,

I. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or

supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

stabilization shown on the plans.

CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type car

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is

The original soil to be vegetated contains material

d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is

The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing

areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas

having stopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate

II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications,

not adequate to produce vegetative growth.

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative

low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to

plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.
CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

flatter slopes where:

toxic to plant growth.

not feàsible.

to establishment of permanent vegetation

11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited

to three pipe lengths or that which shall be back-filled and

stabilized by the end of each workday, whichever is shorter.

FOR TOPSOIL

disturbance or grading. Other building or grading

initial approval by the inspection agency is made.

iii Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or deeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsett is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and Alternative for Permanent Seeding - Instead of applying the full amounts of line and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified below. i. Composted sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements a. Composted sludge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06. b. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a Ph of 7.0 to 8.0 If compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 square feet. iv. Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb/1,000 Area to be vegetatively stabilized 1,43 Acres square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate Total Cut 500 Eu. Yds. : References: Guideline Specifications, Soil 500 Cu. Yds.± Preparation and Sodding. MD-VA, Pub. #i, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland Offsite waste/borrow area location Any sediment control practice, which is disturbed by grading and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1973 activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the

II. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as

Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if

recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved

shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and

by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil

iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed

prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be

shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones,

stag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or

ivy, thistle, or others as specified.

For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acrest

III. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres.

a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.8 and 7.5. If the

tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient

lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.

Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500

No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been

b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5

treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed

appropriate approval authority, may be use in lieu of

control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to

Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by

a qualified appropriate or soil scientist and approved by the

ii. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil

amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative

Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Material

other materials larger than 1 ?" in diameter.

in the following procedures

. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil

amendments as specified in 20.0 Venetative

Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative

i. On soil meeting Topsoil specifications,

bring the soil into compliance with the

parts per million shall not be used.

and Sediment Traps and Basins

albeit 4" - 8" higher in elevation.

permit disscipation of phyto-toxic materials.

i. When topsoiling maintain needed erosion and

sediment control practices such as diversions. Grade

Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have

been previously established, shall be maintained,

Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope silt Fence

fertilizer and lime amendments required to

obtain test results dictating

percent by weight.

natural topsoil.

V. Topsoil Application

Stabilization Methods, and Materials,

topsoil must meet the following:

DETAIL 17 - TYPES OF COUPLERS FOR CORRUGATED STEEL PIPE (ALL CONNECTOR BANDS REQUIRE NEOPRENE GASKETS) Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ZIDE AIEA END VIEW of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) BUTSIDE BIMETER OF CURRIGATES PIPE distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described PE DIAMETER 15° TD 48° END VIEW UNITABLE
SIMETER
OF
CURRUGATED
PIPE END VIEW SIDE VIEW **GASKE?** PIPE DIAMETER 54° TO 78 HUGGER TYPE COUPLING BAND FUR REFURNED END H.C.S.P. DR ANNULAR C.S.P. CONTINUOUS CORRUGATION ANNULAR BANE STILL CONSERVATION SERVICE

DETAIL 5 - RIP-RAP INFLOW PROTECTION STANDARD SYMBOL RRP PERSPECTIVE VIEW GEDTEXTILE-CROSS SECTION Construction Specifications 1. Rip-rap lined inflow channels shall be i' in depth, have a trapezoidal cross section with 2:1 or flatter side slopes and 3' (min.) bottom width. The channel shall be lined with 4' to 12' rip- rap to a depth of 18' 2. Filter cloth shall be installed under all rip-rap. Filter cloth shall be Geotextile Class C. 3. Entrance and exit sections shall be installed as shown on the detail 4. Rip-rap used for the lining may be recycled for permanent outlet protection if the basin is to be converted to a stormwater management 5. Gabion Inflow Protection may be used in flew of Rip-rap Inflow

7. Rip-rap Inflow Protection shall be used where the slope is between 4:1

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

and 10:1, for slopes flatter than 10:1 use Earth Dike or Temporary Swale

6. Rip-rap should blend into existing ground.

DETAIL 20A - REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION -HOOK AND CHAIN FOR REMOVE Perforated (removable)
12" - 36" pipe wrapped w/ 1/hardware cloth and Geotext STANDARD SYMBO **⊠** rps 0 0 0 000 0000 NTICIPATED WATE SURFACE ELEV 0000 2000 (0 0 0 0 9) (e e e e e 0009 80000 Per 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0000 ELEVATION (CUT AWAY) Construction Specifications The outer pipe should be 48" dia. or shall, in any case, be at least 4" greate in diameter than the center pipe. The outer pipe shall be wropped with 1/2" hordwi-cloth to prevent backfill moterial from entering the perforations. After installing the outer pipe, backfill around outer pipe with 2" aggregate or clean gravel. 3. The inside stand pipe (center pipe) should be constructed by perforating a corrugated or PVC pipe between 12" and 36" in diameter. The perforations shall be 1/2" X 6" slits or 1" diameter holes 6" on center. The center pipe shall be wrapped with 1/2" hardware cloth first, then wrapped again with Geotextile Class E

4. The center pipe should extend 12" to 18" above the anticipated water surface elevation or riser crest elevation when dewatering a basin.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE NARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SUBL CONSERVATION SERVICE D - 12 - 5 VATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

- PAVEMENT WIDTH INDICATED ON TYPICAL STREET SECTIONS TO BE MEASURED TO THIS POINT

DEPRESSED CURB AT DRIVEWAY ENTRANCES

By the Developer:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

S.H.A. MIX NO. 2 CONCRETE

STANDARD 7° COMBINATION CURB AND GUTTER

GUTTER PAN AT THE MEDIAN EDGE OF INTERMEDIATE ARTERIALS OR THE HIGH SIDE OF SUPERELEVATED SECTIONS SHALL BE SLOPED AT THE SAME RATE AND IN THE SAME DIRECTION AS THE PAVEMENT. MATCH PAVEMENT CROSS SLOPE WHEN CURB IS LOCATED ON THE LOW SIDE OF SUPERELEVATED SECTION AND THE RATE OF SUPERELEVATION IS GREATER THAN 3% FOR MODIFIED CURB AND GUTTER.

COMBINATION CURB AND GUTTER

R - 3.01

NO SCALE

DETAIL 24 - STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE STING PAVEMENT EARTH FIL PIPE AS NECESSARY ** GEDTEXTILE CLASS 'C'-MINIMUM 6' DF 2'-3' AGGREGATE OVER LENGTH AND WIDTH OF STRUCTURE EXISTING GROUND PROFILE NO. Length - minimum of 50' (#30' for single residence tot) . Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning 3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile. 4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the 5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction

entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a

mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe ha to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized econding to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6' minimum will be required. 6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Silt Fence Length

unlimited

1,000 feet

750 feet

500 feet

250 feet

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONME

E - 15 - 3A VATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

SILT FENCE

Slope Length

um limited

125 feet

100 feet

60 feet

20 feet

Note: In areas of less than 2% slope and sandy soils (USBA general classification

unlimited. In these areas a sitt fence may be the only perimeter control

Slope Steepness

Flatter than 50:

50:1 to 10:1

10:1 to 5:1

5:1 to 3:1

3:1 to 2:1

2:1 and steeper

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

TYPICAL SIDEWALK

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

1/We certify that all development and/or construction will be done

Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the

according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved

in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a

Silt Fence Design Criteria

PERSPECTIVE VIEW FENCE POST SECTION
MINIMUM 20' ABOVE
GROUND EMBED GEOTEXTILE CLASS F A HINJHUM OF 8' VERTICALLY INTO THE GROUND TOP VIEW PESTS CROSS SECTION STANDARD SYMBOL STAPLE/ SF-JOINING TWO ADJACENT SIL Construction Specifications 1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36' long driven 16' minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2' x 11/2' square (minimum) cut, or 13/4' diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard ? or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot 2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements Test: MSMT 509 Test: MSMT 509 Tensile Strength 50 (bs/in (min.) Tensile Modulus 28 tbs/in (min.) Flow Rate 0.3 gat ft*/ minute (max.) Test: MSMT 322 Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.) 3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass

DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE

4. Stit fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

VARIES 4' MIN.

DISTURBED AREA QUANITY TOTAL SITE AREA IS 4.9996 AC.± THE TOTAL AREA TO BE DISTURBED SHOWN ON THESE PLANS HAS BEEN DETERMINED TO BE APPROXIMATELY 2.16 AC ± AND THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF EXCAVATION AND FILL SHOWN ON THESE PLANS HAS BEEN COMPUTED TO BE APPROXIMATELY 3500 C.Y. OF EXCAVATION AND APPROXIMATELY 500 C.Y. OF FILL. Note: Earthwork cut and fill quantities and area of disturbance sediment control plan approval and are not to be used for DUST CONTROL DUST CONTROL METHOD FOR THIS SITE TO PREVENT BLOWING AND MOVEMENT OF DUST FROM EXPOSED SOIL SURFACES: CALCIUM CHLORIDE SHALL BE APPLIED TO EXPOSED SURFACES AT A RATE THAT WILL KEEP SURFACE MOIST UNTIL SOIL IS STABILIZED ACCORDING TO VEGETATIVE SPECS. FOR THIS SITE AND AREAS TO BE PAVED ARE COMPLETED.

- 1/2" PREFORMED BITUMINOUS EXPANSION MATERIAL T VARIABLE CR-6-/ 1'-5' DETAIL 'A' SIDEWALK TO BE SCRIBED IN 5' MAXIMUM SQUARES.

EXPANSION JOINTS ACROSS THE SIDEWALK NOT TO BE MORE THAN 15' APART.

1/2" PREFORMED BITUMINOUS EXPANSION MATERIAL IN EXPANSION JOINTS TO BE KEPT 1/4" BELOW SURFACE OF SIDEWALK.

. SIDEWALK TO BE SCRIBED IN 5 FOOT MAXIMUM SQUARES. EXPANSION JOINTS NOT TO BE MORE THAN 15' APART ONE-HALF INCH PREFORMED BITUMINOUS EXPANSION MATERIAL IN EXPANSION JOINTS TO BE KEPT 1/4" BELOW SURFACE OF SIDEWALK.

1/2" PREFORMED BITUMINOUS EXPANSION MATERIAL IN EXPANSION JOINTS TO BE KEP! 1/4" BELOW SURFACE OF SIDEWALK. CONCRETE TO BE MIX NO. 2.
WHEN SIDEWALK ABUTS CURB, WALK SHALL BE 1/4" ABOVE CURB WITH 1/2" PREFORMED BITUMINOUS EXPANSION MATERIAL. BETWEEN SIDEWALK AND CURB AND RESTING ON A COMPACTED CRUSHED STONE BASE. SEE DETAIL 'A' THIS SHEET. ON LONGITUDINAL SIDEWALK GRADES OF 5% OR GREATER, A CONCRETE HEADER, 6" THICK AND 6" DEEP BELOW THE NORMAL 4" SIDEWALK THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FOR THE FULL WIDTH OF THE SIDEWALK AT INTERVALS OF 48 FEET. THE HEADERS SHALL BE PLACED AT EXPANSION JOINT LOCATIONS AND SHALL BE MONOLITHIC WITH THE SIDEWALK.

CONCRETE SIDEWALK R - 3.05

NO SCALE

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

By the Engineer: I certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of

Bourabl Munn

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISIO

10/9/03

PLAT C.M.P. NO. 4795 TAX MAP: 7; PARCEL: 92; EX. ZONING: RC-DEC

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

VANMAR ASSOCIATES, INC. Engineers Surveyors Planners 310 South Main Street P.O. box 328 Mount Airy, Marylan

TOP OF DAY - VERTICAL DEWATERING DEVICE THE RISER CREST ELEVATION PERMANENT POOL ELEVATION EXISTI GROUND ELEVATION VERTICLE DEWATERING DEVICE -PLAN VIEW Perforotions in the dewatering device may not extend into the wet storage. The total area of the perforations must be greater than 2 films the crec of the internal crifice. The perforated partion of the dewatering device shall be wrapped with by horowore cloth and geotextile famile. The geotextile family shall meet the specifications for silt fence. 4. The devotering device must resist flotction with a factor of safety of 1-2 VATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

BASIN DRAWDOWN (Not to Scale)

VERTICAL DRAWDOWN DEVICE

MATCH EXISTING SHOE BOX HEAD WITH SHARP CUT OFF OPTICS – DARK BROWN FINISH 3'-0" MIN.

1. ALL LIGHTING SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF ZONING SECTION 134.D. 2. Full Cut- Off Shield Provided Typical light fixture

APPROVED: FOR PRIVATE WATER AND PRIVATE SEWERAGE SYSTEMS. HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 day of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District. Kev. Roge L. Ruker Signature of the Defeloper Print name below signature Rev. Roger L. Rinker THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL DATE REVISIONS

OWNER

PREPARED FOR: CALVARY LUTHERAN CHURCH 16151 OLD FREDERICK ROAD MOUNT AIRY, MARYLAND 2177

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS CALVARY LUTHERAN CHURCH CONNECTICUT ASPEN, INC. PROPERTY; LOT 1

SITUATED ON OLD FREDERICK ROAD FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT SCALE: AS SHOWN FEBRUARY, 2002

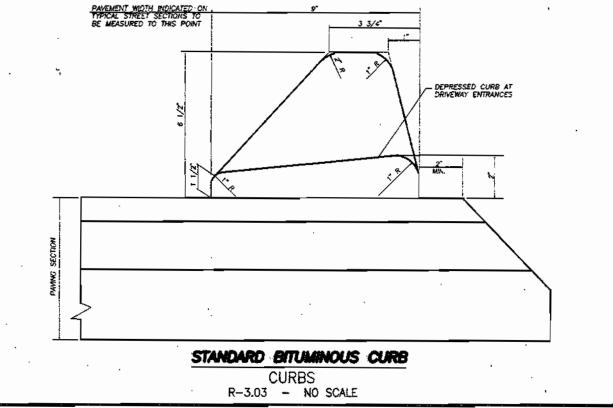
STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MATERIALS SCHEDULE MATERIALS . PLANTINGS PLANTINGS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC SEE APPENDIX A. TABLE A.4 N/A PLANTING SOIL SAND 35-60% 30-55% 10-25% AGED 6 MONTHS, MINIMUM SHREDDED HARDWOOD PEA GRAVEL; NO. 6 STONE; 2" TO 5" PEA GRAVEL DIAPHRAGM AND CURTAIN DRAIN PEA GRAVEL: ASTM-D-448 ORNAMENTAL STONE; WASHED COBBLES CLASS 'C' - APPARENT OPENING N/A SIZE (ASTM-D-4751), GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH (ASTM-D-4632), PUNCTURE RESISTANCE FOR USE AS NECESSARY BENEATH UNDERDRAINS ONLY (ASTM-D-4833) AASHTO M-43 F 758, TYPE PS 28 OR 4" TO 6" RIGID SCHEDULE 40 PVC OR SDR35 3/8" PERF. @ 6" ON CENTER, 4 HOLES PER ROW; MIN. OF OF GRAVEL OVER PIPES; NOT NECESSARY UNDERNEATH PIPES

ON-SITE TESTING OF POURED—IN-PLACE CONCRETE REQUIRED: 28

DAY STRENGTH AND SLUMP TEST; ALL CONCRETE DESIGN (CAST—IN-PLACE OR PRE—CAST) NOT USING PREVIOUSLY APPROVED STATE OR LOCAL STANDARDS REQUIRES DESIGN DRAWINGS SEALED AND APPROVED BY A PROFESSIONAL STRUCTURAL ENGINEER LICENSED IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND — DESIGN TO INCLUDE MEETING ACI CODE 350.R/89; VERTICAL LOADING (H—10 OR H—20); ALLOWABLE HORIZONTAL LOADING (BASED ON SOIL PRESSURES); AND ANALYSIS OF POTENTIAL CRACKING MSHA MIX NO. 3; fc±3500 psi ⊕ 28 DAYS, NORMAL WEIGHT, AIR-ENTRAINED; REINFORCING TO MEET ASTM-515-60 POURED IN PLACE CONCRETE (IF AASHTQ-M-6 OR ASTM-C-33 0.02" TO 0.04" SAND SUBSTITUTIONS SUCH AS DIABASE AND GRAYSTONE #10 ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. NO CALCIUM CARBONATED OR DOLOMITIC SAND SUBSTITUTIONS ARE ACCEPTABLE. NO "ROCK DUST" CAN BE USED FOR SAND.

be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS IN COOPERATION WITH Maryland Agricultural Experimental PAVEMENT MATERIALS SECTION ROAD AND STREET NUMBER CLASSIFICATION FULL DEPTH BIT. CONC. ALTERNATE GRANULAR BASE ALTERNATES 1" BIT. CONC. SURFACE _____ 4" BIT. CONC. BASE P-1 APARTMENTS AND COMMERCIAL-INDUSTRIAL ZONES WITH NO HEAVY TRUCKS " GRADED AGGREGATE **PAVING SECTIONS**

P-1 THROUGH P-4 R-2.01NO SCALE



POND SPECIFICATIONS

These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard for practice MD-378. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent version.

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1. All trees shall be cleared and grubbed within 15 feet of the toe of the embankment.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brust and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 25 foot radius around the injet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Material- The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL and must have at least 30% passing the #200 sieve. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if designed by a geotechnical engineer. Such special designs must have construction supervised by a geotechnical engineer. Materials used in the outer shell of the embankment must have the capability to support vegetation of the quality required to prevent

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into

Compaction- The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of. heavy equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball

it will not crumble, yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out. When required by the reviewing agency the minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99 (Standard Proctor).

Cut Off Trench- The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1:1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability

The core shall be parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The top width of the core shall be a minimum of four feet The height shall extend up to at least the 10 year water elevation or as shown on the plans. The side slopes shall be 1:1 or flatter. The core shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability. In addition, the core shall be placed concurrently with the outer shell of the embankment.

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

Structure backfill may be flowable fill meeting the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 313 as The mixture shall have a 100-200 psi; 28 day unconfined compressive strength. The flowable fill shall have a minimum pH of 4.0 and a minimum resistivity of 2,000 ohm—cm. Material shall be placed such that a minimum of 6° (measured perpendicular to the outside of the pipe) of flowable fill shall be under (bedding), over and, on the sides of the pipe. It only needs to extend up to the spring line for rigid conduits. Average slump of the fill shall be 7" to assure flowability of the material. Adequate measures shall be taken (sand bags, etc.) to prevent floating the pipe. When using flowable fill, all metal pipe shall be bituminous coated. Any adjoining soil fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material shall completely fill all voids adjacent to the flowable fill zone. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a structure or pipe unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe. Backfill material outside the structural backfill (flowable fill) zone shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified . for the core of the embankment or other embankment materials.

Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

Corrugated Metal Pipe- All of the following criteria shall apply

Materials- (Polymer Coated Steel Pipe) - Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of the pipe. This pipe and appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specifications M-245 & m-246 with watertight coupling bands or flanges.

Materials- (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe, when used with flowable fill fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant the need for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats

Materials— (Aluminum Pipe) — This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M— 196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges.

Aluminum Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 ype A. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats of asphalt. Hot dip galvanized bolts may be used for connections. The Ph of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

Coupling banks, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material and coatings as the pipe: Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.

Connections - All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene aasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be realled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the bandwidth. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 24" in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe with a circular 3/8 inch closed cell neoprene aasket. pre-punched to the flange bost circle, sandwiched between adjacent langes; a 12" wide standard lap type band with 12" wide 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12" wide hugger type band with 0-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2" greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 24" in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24 long annular corrugated band using a minimum of 4 (four) rods and lugs, 2 on each connecting pipe end. A 24" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed with 12 inches on the end of each pipe. Flanged joints with 3/8 inch closed cell gaskets the full width of the flange is also acceptable.

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seams with internal caulking or a neoprene bead.

- 4. Bedding- The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.
- 5. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- 6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Reinforced Concrete Pipe- All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe:

Materials- Reinforced concrete pipe shall have belt and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361.

- Bedding- Reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding/cradle for their entire length. This bedding/ cradle shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 50% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 6 inches. Where a concrete cradie is not needed for structural reasons, flowable fill may be used as described in the "Structure Backfill" section of this standard Grovet bedding is not permitted.
- 3. Laying pipe— Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must
- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as

shown on the drawings. Plastic Pipe - The following criteria shall apply for

plastic pipe:

Materials- PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241. Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe, couplings and fittings shall conform to the following: 4" - 10" inch pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M252 Type S, and 12" through 24" inch shall meet the

- 2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.
- Bedding- The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to

NOTE: TOP OF FENCE TO MATCH TOP OF GATE

- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as

Trainage Diaphragms

When a drainage diaphragm is used, a registered professional engineer will supervise the design and construction inspection.

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of ransportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 414, Mix

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 31

Geotextile shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 921.09, Class C.

Care of Water during Construction

Als work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the location being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Natural Resources Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Erosion and Sediment Control

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures.

LEVEL OF TREE LIMBS, OVERHEAD WIRES, ETC.

6" X 6" TREATED FENCE POSTS (TYPICAL)

TEST PIT LOG TEST PIT NO. B-1 SHEET 1 OF 1 DATE: 9/17/2002 PROJECT NO. 221099 SURFACE ELEVATION: ±662 GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION INSPECTOR: M. HOWARD AT DRY FT. AFTER STRATA REMARKS DEPTH DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS RED, CLAYEY SILT, LITTLE TO SOME MICA AND DECOMPOSED ROCK FRAGMENTS, TRACE FINE SAND, MOIST RED BROWN SILT (ML), TRACE FINE SAND AND PALE BROWN, RED DECOMPOSED ROCK, SAMPLED AS SILT, LITTLE SAND AND DECOMPOSED ROCK FRAGMENTS BOTTOM OF TEST PIT AT 6' BELOW GROUND SURFACE *BACKFILL AFTER COMPLETION

PROJECT NAME: Calvary Lutheran Church Mt. Airy, MD			TEST PIT NO. B-2 SHEET 1 OF 1
	0. 221099 ER OBSERVATI FT. AFTER	DATE: 9/17/2002 SURFACE ELEVATION: ±662 INSPECTOR: M. HOWARD	
DEPTH	STRATA CHANGE	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	REMARKS
5		FILL - SAMPLED AS RED CLAYEY SILT TO SILTY CLAY (ML-CL) TRACE FINE SAND, MOIST	
10		RED SILTY CLAY, TRACE FINE SAND, MOIST GRAY BROWN DECOMPOSED ROCK, SAMPLED AS SILT, LITTLE TO SOME SAND AND DECOMPOSED ROCK FRAGMENTS	SAMPLE WAS TAKEN FROM 6 FT. TO 7.5 FT. BGS. *BACKFILL AFTER COMPLETION
5		BOTTOM OF TEST PIT AT 10' BELOW GROUND SURFACE	

RYAN & ASSOCIATES						
PROJECT NA	ME: Calvary Mt. Air	Lutheran Church /, MD	TEST PIT NO. B-3 SHEET 1 OF 1			
	D. 221099 ER OBSERVATI FT. AFTER	ON* HOURS	DATE: 4/30/2002 SURFACE ELEVATION: ±663 INSPECTOR: M. HOWARD			
DEPTH	STRATA CHANGE	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	REMARKS			
5		PALE BROWN TO RED BROWN SILT TO CLAYEY SILT, TRACE FINE SAND, MICA AND DECOMPOSED ROCK FRAGMENTS, MOIST. RED DECOMPOSED ROCK, SAMPLED AS SILT, SOME FINE	SAMPLE WAS TAKEN FROM 2 FT. TO 5.5 FT. BGS. *BACKFILL AFTER			
10		SAND AND DECOMPOSED ROCK FRAGMENTS BOTTOM OF TEST PIT AT 9' BELOW GROUND SURFACE	COMPLETION			

GROUNDWATER OBSERVATION+

Test pit B-1

Date: 4/30/2002 Surface El: 674.0

12 Topsoil

AT DRY FT. AFTER__

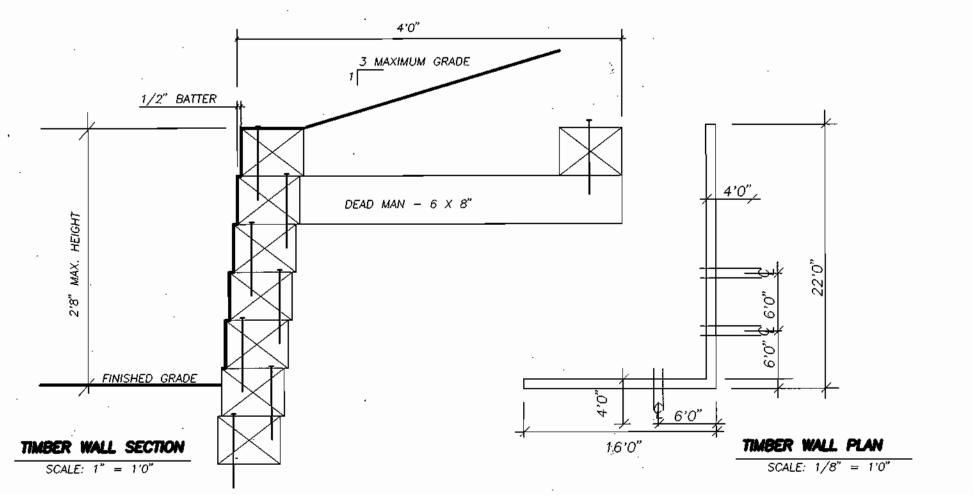
DEPTH

PIT LOG INSPECTOR: M. HOWARD

No groundwater encountered

Surface El: 572.0

10° Topsoil



8'-6"X11'X6" CONC. PAD

SCALE: 1"=4'-0"

GATE POST 6"X6" SQUARE GALV. STEEL TUBE FILLED W/CONCRETE

PAINT TO MATCH BUILDING PER ARCH, METAL SPECS.

	r observation* ft. after hours	TEST PIT	LOG INSPECTOR: M. HOWARD
DEPTH	Test plt 8-4 Date: 4/30/2002 Surface El: 670.0'	Test pit B-5 Date: 4/30/2002 Surface El: 677.0'	Test pit 8-6 Date: 4/30/2002 Surface Et: 683.0°
5	Firm, brown SOLT (ML) with mice, some fine sand little to some decomposed rock fragments, moist. Soil sample collected at 5' below ground surface. Bottom of test pit at 7' below ground surface. *No groundwater encountered	12" Topsoil Firm, brown SILT (ML), little decomposed rock fragments, trace fine sand, moistsome quartz fragments at 3'. Soil sample collected at 5' below ground surface. Bottom of test pit at 7' below ground surface. #No groundwater encountered	Firm, brown micaceous SiLT (ML), some decomposed rock fragments, trace fine and, moistsome quartz boulders at 3.3"-5". Dark red/brown decomposed rock, sampled as very dense SAND (SM), little silt and some rock, fragments. Bottom of test pit at Soil sample collected of 7" below ground surface. 7" below ground surface.

APPROVED: FOR PRIVATE WATER AND PRIVATE SEWERAGE SYSTEMS. HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT



ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal

knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance

notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional

engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of

with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have

I certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment

OWNER

MOUNT AIRY, MARYLAND 21771

By the Developer: I/We certify that all development and/or construction will be done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 day of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District.

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE:

Print name below signature Rev. Roger | THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND

CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Sourabh G. Munshi, Professional Engineer

SITE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS

CALVARY LUTHERAN CHURCH CONNECTICUT ASPEN, INC. PROPERTY; LOT 1

By the Engineer:

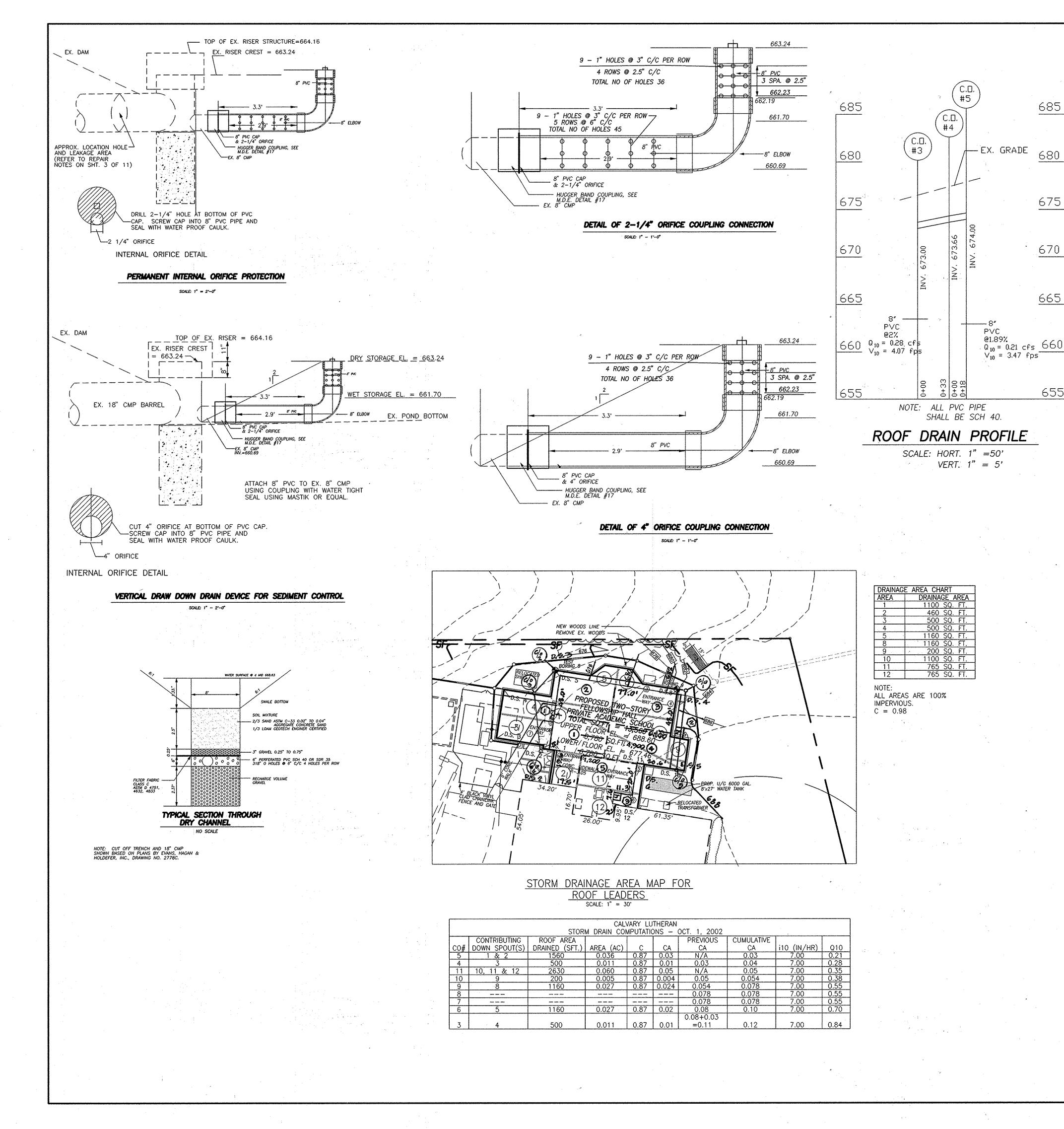
VANMAR ASSOCIATES, INC. Engineers Surveyors Planners 310 South Main Street P.O. box 328 Mount Airy, Maryland 21771 (301) 829 2890 (301)831 5015 (410) 549 2751

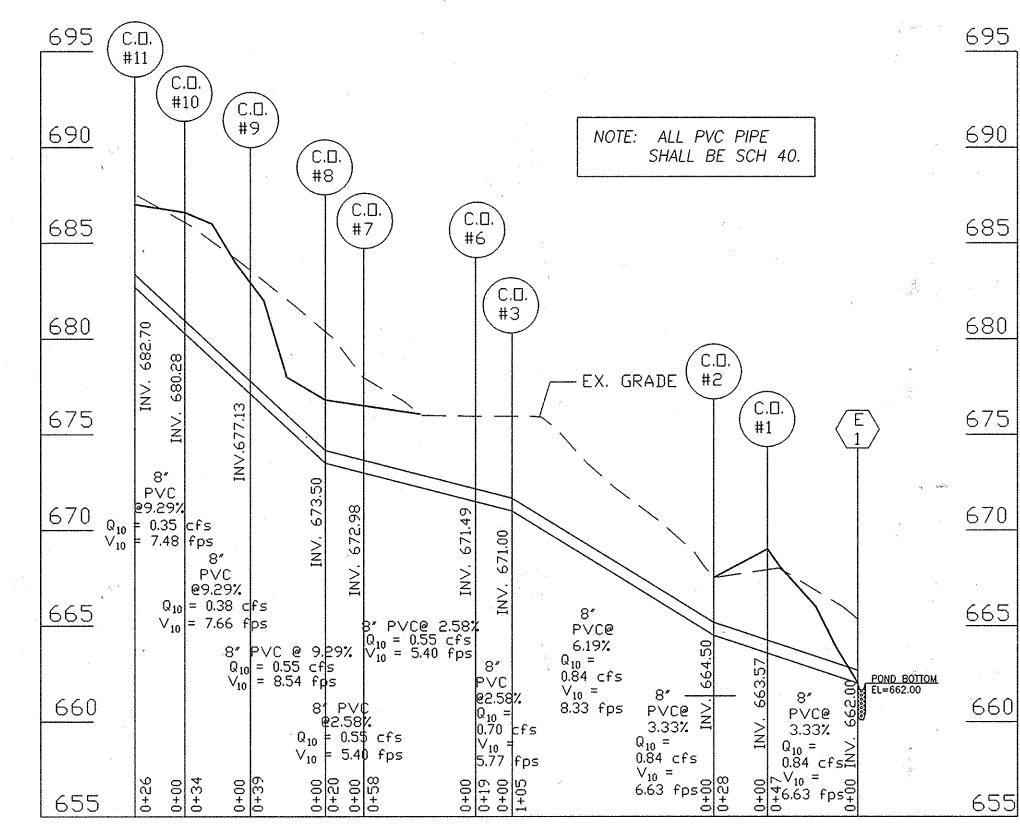
PREPARED FOR: CALVARY LUTHERAN CHURCH 16151 OLD FREDERICK ROAD

DATE REVISIONS

PLAT C.M.P. NO. 4795 TAX MAP: 7; PARCEL: 92; EX. ZONING: RC-DEO SITUATED ON OLD FREDERICK ROAD FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN FEBRUARY, 2002

SHEET 5 OF 11 SDP-02-081





ROOF DRAIN PROFILE

SCALE: HORT. 1" =50' VERT. 1" = 5

By the Engineer:

2'-0" 8" PVC @ 3.33%□ BOTTOM OF POOL 661.67 8" PVC @ 3.33%

685

675

670

<u>665</u>

OUTFLOW PROTECTION © E-1

ROOF LEADER

APPROVED: FOR PRIVATE WATER AND PRIVATE SEWERAGE SYSTEMS. HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT

HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER TAS DATE

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance

with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional

I certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE: By the Developer: I/We certify that all development and/or construction will be done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 day of completion. I also authorize periodic on—site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District.

STORM POND

Signature of the Daveloper

Print name below signature Rev. Roger L. Rinker THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

DATE REVISIONS 7/6/05 REV. BLOG DIM. 4 SQ FOOTAGE

PREPARED FOR:

OWNER

CALVARY LUTHERAN CHURCH 16151 OLD FREDERICK ROAD

MOUNT AIRY, MARYLAND 21771

engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. 9/5/03 Sourably munn Sourabh G. Munshi, Professional Engineer APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING CHIÉF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

SITE DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS CALVARY LUTHERAN CHURCH

park d'ayeli

CONNECTICUT ASPEN, INC. PROPERTY; LOT 1 PLAT C.M.P. NO. 4795 TAX MAP: 7; PARCEL: 92; EX. ZONING: RC-DEO

SITUATED ON OLD FREDERICK ROAD FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN FEBRUARY, 2002

VANMAR ASSOCIATES, INC. Engineers Surveyors Planners 310 South Moin Street P.O. box 328 Mount Airy, Maryland 21771 (301) 829 2890 (301)831 5015 (410) 549 2751

