

		CURVE	DATA	CHA	ART		
No.	STARTING STATION	ENDING STATION	RADIUS	LENGTH	DELTA	TANGENT	CHORD
Δî	⊕ டே STA. 0+56.68	② G. STA. 0+96.13	500.00	39.45	04*31'15"	19.74	S 14°03'52" W 39.44
£λ	③ €. STA. 1+16.43	پ و. STA. 1+56.27	500.00	39.45	04*33′58"	19.93	S 14" 05'14" W 39.84
£3	⑤ © STA. 0+74.41	இ டி. STA. 1+05.26	24.00	30.84	73'37'48"	17.96	N 5311'06" E 28.76
£4\	⑦ Ç. STA. 2+66.55	® € STA. 3+10.92	22.00	44.36	115°32'05	34.89	S 3243'58" E 37.22
£3	இ டி. STA. 3+36.23	б	17.00	19.13	64*27'55"	10.72	S 57*46'02" W 18.13
<u>&</u>	① © STA. 4+60.37	∰ Ç. STA. 4+88.97	22.00	28.60	74*29'23"	16.73	S 69°07'31" W 26.63
£λ	€ STA. 5+48.71	€ STA. 5+78.18	45.00	29.48	37 * 31'52 *	15.29	S 50'38'45" W 28.95
<u>&</u>	ரு டி. STA. 6+15.10	ரு டி. STA. 6+40.90	40.00	25.80	36"57'31"	13.37	S 87'53'27" W 25.36
<u></u>	€ STA. 10+36.9	2 (73) G. STA. 10+79.3	3 27.00	42.41	90,00,00,	27.00	N 61°22'12" E 38.18

PIPE SCHEDULE									
SIZE	TYPE	CLASS	LENGTH (ft.)						
4	PVC	SCH 40	56						
8	PVC	SCH 40	1084						
15	HDPE		546						
18	HDPE		394						
24	HDPE		121						
30	HDPE		778						

LEGEND							
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION						
	EXISTING CONTOUR 2' INTERVAL						
	EXISTING CONTOUR 10' INTERVAL						
	PROPOSED CONTOUR 2' INTERVAL						
	PROPOSED CONTOUR 10' INTERVAL						
+ 624	SPOT ELEVATION						
-SFSF-	SILT FENCE						
FF	FIRST FLOOR ELEVATION						
BE	BASEMENT ELEVATION						
₩	PROPOSED WALKOUT						
	SILT FENCE						
-xx -	TREE PROTECTION						
\sim	EXISTING TREE LINE						
L.O.D.	LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE						

EXISTING STREET TREE

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

TYLL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

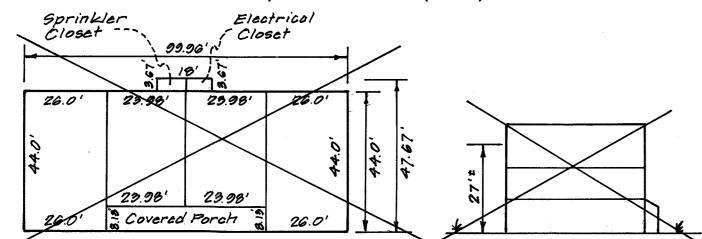
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2855

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT. (1 DAY)
 2. CLEAR AND GRUB SITE TO LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE. (1 WEEK)
 3. INSTALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS PER SHEETS 5 & 6 OF THE THIS INCLUDES INSTALLING THIS INCLUDES INSTALLING THE EARTH DIKES, TEMPORARY S.W.M. POND AND SUPER SILT FENCE AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN. (2 WEEKS)
- 4. MASS GRADE SITE TO SUBGRADE. (2 WEEKS)
- 5. INSTALL TEMPORARY SEEDING (3 DAYS)
 6. CONSTRUCT UTILITIES INCLUDING WATER, SEWER AND STORM DRAINS. CONSTRUCT ALL STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS LOCATED ABOVE E-1 AS INDICATED ON SHEETS 546 SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLANS. (3 WEEKS)
- 7. INSTALL CURBS, SIDEWALKS AND SUB-BASE. (2 WEEKS)
- 8. CONSTRUCT BUILDINGS. (1 YEAR)
 9. FINE GRADE SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SHEETS 249 CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, INSTALL REMAINING STORM DRAIN SYSTEM.
- INSTALL STORMFILTER SYSTEM UNTIL ALL AREAS UPHILL ARE STABILIZED WITH PERMANENT SEEDING, SEE BELOW. (3 WEEKS)

 10. REMOVE ANY SEDIMENT EROSION CONTROL DEVICES WHICH REMAIN ONSITE UPON APPROVAL OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, FINISH FINE GRADING OF SITE
- AND INSTALL PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPING. (3 WEEKS)

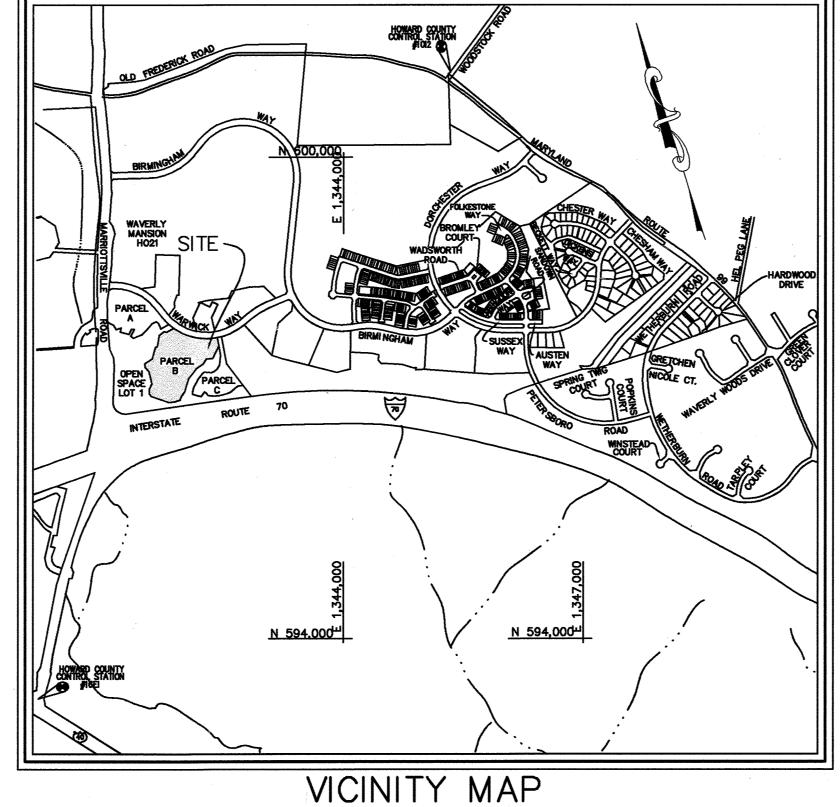
 11. ONCE THE SITE IS STABILIZED, INSTALL SURFACE SAND FILTER FOR
- WATER QUALITY CONTROL. (3 DAYS)
 12. REMOVE ANY REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AS UPLAND AREAS ARE STABILIZED WITH THE PERMISSION OF E/S CONTROL INSPECTOR. (ONGOING)



SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

11130 Considate Court, Unit 26, and will be for new driver education only. One parking space is for the Instructor. Students cannot drive. G.T.W.'S WAVERIY WOO

> SECTION 7 CONDOMINIUM BUILDINGS PARCEL 'B'



SCALE: 1"=1200'

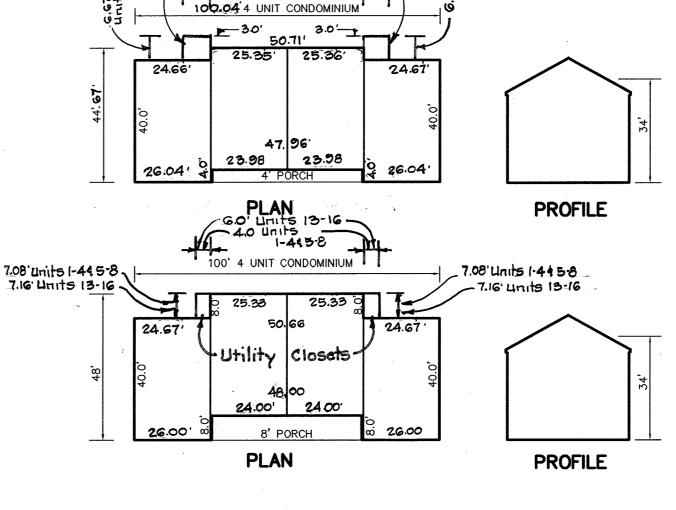
SPACE

LOT 1

PARCEL

PARCEL

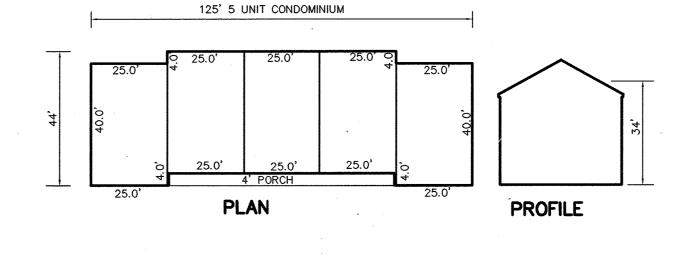
PLAN VIEW

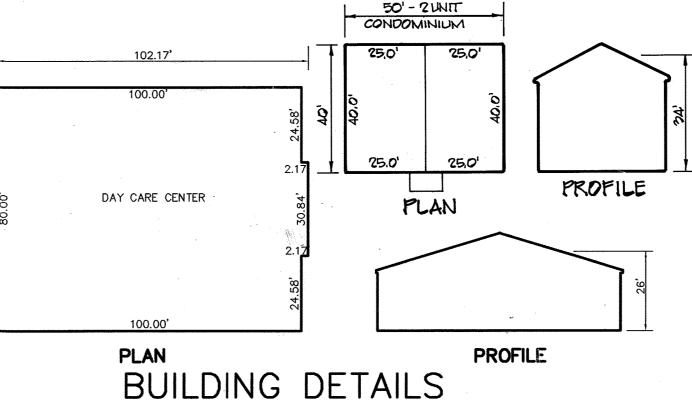


General Notes (continued)

. Utility Closets

28. The Driving School classroom will be located of





	SHEET INDEX
SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET, BUILDING FOOTPRINTS
2	PLAN VIEW; SITE IMPROVEMENT PLAN
3	PLAN VIEW; SITE IMPROVEMENT PLAN
4	HDCP. PARKING DETAILS
5	STAGE I GRADING PLAN / SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL
6	STAGE I GRADING PLAN / SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL
7	PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PROFILES
8	STAGE II GRADING PLAN / SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL
9	STAGE II GRADING PLAN / SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL
10	DRAINAGE AREA MAP
11	PRIVATE SEWER MAIN PROFILES
12	DETAIL SHEET, LIGHTING DETAILS
13	SURFACE SAND FILTER DETAILS
14.	TEMPORARY SWM PROFILES, DETAILS AND STORMFILTER SPECIFICATIONS
15	DETAIL SHEET, SWM NOTES AND DETAILS
16	LANDSCAPE PLAN
17	TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN
18	SURFACE SAND FILTER DETAILS

SCALE: 1"= 30'

- 1. SUBJECT PROPERTY ZONED PEC PER 10/18/93 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN.

- THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO HOWARD COUNTY FILES ZB 929-M, S 94-07, P 97-04, AND F 97-180. and WP 05-50.
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST (5) FIVE WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK.
- 6. BOUNDARY SURVEY PERFORMED BY: FISHER COLLINS AND CARTER INC. ON OR ABOUT AUGUST, 1990
- EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON IS FROM MASS GRADING PLAN
- 8. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL DATUM IS BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS: HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT 1012 N 601060.177 ELEV. = 445.577 E 1345336.7580
- HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT 16E1 N 593250.9322 ELEV. = 509.924 E 1340192,7110
- 9. ANY DAMAGE TO THE COUNTY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE CORRECTED AT THE DEVELOPER'S EXPENSE.
- 10. THIS PLAN IS FOR BUILDING SITING AND LOT GRADING ONLY. IMPROVMENTS SHOWN WITHIN THE RIGHTS-OF-WAY OF THIS S.D.P. ARE NOT USED FOR CONSTRUCTION. FOR CONSTRUCTION SEE APPROVED ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS F-95-173 & F-96-179
- AND / OR APPROVED WATER AND SEWER PLANS CONTRACT NO. 24-3640-D. 11. CONTRACTOR WILL CHECK SEWER HOUSE CONNECTION ELEVATION AT EASEMENT LINE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 12. SITE ANALYSIS DATA:
- A. TOTAL PROJECT AREA: 11.288 AC.± B. AREA OF PLAN SUBMISSION: 11.288 AC.±
- C. LIMIT OF DISTURBED AREA: 10.0 AC.±
- D. PRESENT ZONING: PEC
- E. PROPOSED USE FOR SITE AND STRUCTURES: CONDOMINIUM OFFICE BUILDINGS
- F. TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS ALLOWED: NA G. TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS PROPOSED: 30 TOWN HOUSE UNITS, 1 DAY CARE CENTER
- H. NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES REQUIRED: 30 TOWNHOUSE UNITS 60,000 SqFt / 3.3 PER 1000

 - SPACES REQUIRED: 198 A SEE GENERAL NOTE NO. 28

 1 DAY CARE CENTER 8000 Sqft 7 3 PER 1000
- . NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES PROVIDED: 222 TOTAL (FOR THIS PLAN) J. OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS ARE PROVIDED PER F-97-180
- K. BUILDING COVERAGE OF SITE: 0.1361 Acres 13. THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISION OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND LANDSCAPE MANUAL. FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE
- REQUIRED LANDSCAPING HAS BEEN POSTED AS PART OF THE DPW DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF \$19,080.00 FOR 53 SHADE TREES, 18 EVERGREEN TREES AND 16 SHRUBS.
- 14. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF
- 15. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" (MUTCD).
 ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF
- 16. ALL PLAN DIMENSIONS ARE TO FACE OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 17. THE ON-SITE WATER MAIN IS PUBLIC, AND WILL BE CONSTRUCTED UNDER CONTRACT NO. 24-3979-D
- 18. THE SEWER MAIN THAT RUNS THROUGH PARCEL 'B' IS PRIVATE.
- 19. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT QUANTITY CONTROL IS NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS SUBDIVISION. WATER QUALITY IS BEING PROVIDED BY A SURFACE SAND FILTER.
- 20. THE LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON CONTRACT NOs. 24-3850-D,
- AND 24-3692-D, AND F 97-180.
- 21. THERE IS NOT A FLOODPLAIN ON THIS SITE. 22. THERE ARE NO WETLANDS ON THIS SITE.
- 23. THERE IS NO TRAFFIC STUDY REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT, HOWEVER A TRAFFIC STUDY
- WAS PREPARED BY THE TRAFFIC GROUP, INC. AND A.P.F.O. REGULATIONS WERE COMPLIED WITH AND WAS APPROVED ON OCT. 21, 1993.
- 24. THIS PLAN SHALL BE SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE FIFTH EDITION OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AND THE AMENDED ZONING REGULATIONS.
- 25. THIS PLAN HAS HAD FOREST CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS SUBMITTED AND APPROVED UNDER F-97-180. A DESIGN MANUAL WAIVER FROM VOLUME 3, FIGURE 2.18 WITH REQUIRES THAT A 3 - CENTERED
- CURVE BE PROVIDED FOR ALL COMMERICIAL ENTRANCE TO ALLOW A 65 FOOT SIMPLE RADIUS CURVE WAS APPRVEF ON JUNE 3, 2002. BY THE DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION.
- 27. On January 14, 2005, WP05-59 was approved by the Planning Director TO WOIVE DECTION [6.196 m.l.(ii) of the Gubdivision Regulations to allow the extension of the Building Permit Application deadline date for

Units 5-8,9-12 \$13-16 to Johnary 14,2006. GENERAL NOTES CONTINUED THIS SHEET PARKING SPACE TABULATION COMMON PARKING SPACES = 208

HANDICAPPED SPACES = 1 PER 25 SPACES = 9 REQUIRED 14 PROVIDED TOTAL SPACES PROVIDED = 222

TRASH PICK-UP NOTES

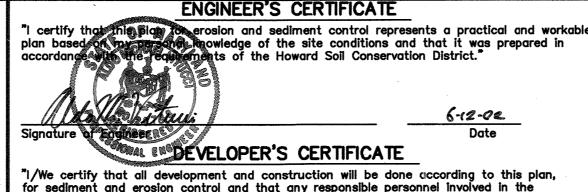
- A. Howard County or its Contractors will not be liable for repairs or damage to the roadway, pavement, etc. to the private roads in this development.
- B. Proper snow and ice removal must be maintained through the winter months to allow safe access for the collection vehicles. Improper snow or ice removal will result in missed trash or recycling collections.

UNIT NUMBER	STREET ADDRESS	UNIT NUMBER	STREET ADDRESS
1	11015 STRATFIELD COURT	16	11185 STRATFIELD COURT
2	11025 STRATFIELD COURT	17	11285 DOVEDALE COURT
3	11035 STRATFIELD COURT	18	11275 DOVEDALE COURT
4	11045 STRATFIELD COURT	19	11265 DOVEDALE COURT
5	11055 STRATFIELD COURT	20	11255 DOVEDALE COURT
6	11065 STRATFIELD COURT	21	11245 DOVEDALE COURT
7	11075 STRATFIELD COURT	22	11235 DOVEDALE COURT
8	11085 STRATFIELD COURT	23	11225 DOVEDALE COURT
9	11115 STRATFIELD COURT	24	11215 DOVEDALE COURT
10	11125 STRATFIELD COURT	25	11140 DOVEDALE COURT
11	11135 STRATFIELD COURT	26	11130 DOVEDALE COURT
12	11145 STRATFIELD COURT	27	11120 DOVEDALE COURT
13	11155 STRATFIELD COURT	28	11110 DOVEDALE COURT
14	11165 STRATFIELD COURT	29	11100 DOVEDALE COURT
15	11175 STRATFIELD COURT	DAY CARE FACILITY	2200 BRIGHTON RUN COURT
		30	DOVEDALE COURT

ADDRESS CHART

	WAVERLY PLACE - 4 UNIT BLOG UNITS 1-445-8								
12 02	REVISE THE PROPOSED STORM DRAIN OUT FALL & SEDIMENT								
	CONTROL SYSTEM PER RED LINE DATED 3/13/02		*i cer						
21/02	ADDED BUILDING DETAILS FOR THE QUINT CONDOMINIUM; REVISED GAN, NOTE #12, STEANALYSIS DATA, ITEMS GH&K ADDED UNIT 30 TO ADDESS CHART,	*	plan l						
	REVISE STREET NAME IN ADDRESS CHART		GCCOI						
25.04	Added additional 4 unit building for Units 1-8.								
14.04	Eliminated additional 4 unit bldg for Units 1-0.								
0-05	Added General Note 27 re: extension of Bldg		Signa						
	Permit Application deadline date for Units 5.8.		Ç.griu						

9-12 4 13-10 to January 14, 2006. -9-06 Add Utility Closets to Units 1-16 9-12-11 Added General Note No. 20 1. Pravisad General Note No. 28 To Reference General Mote No. 28; Included Unit No. And Address For Driving School. 3-02-20 REVISED S.W.M. TYPE FOR PARCEL B' DATE



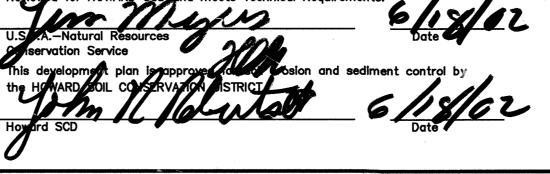
PARCEL

SPACE

LOT 1

505'41'42'E

6-12-02 DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan, for sediment and erosion control and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project lalso authorize periodic on—site inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation District." 6-12-02 many corlelled



OWNER/DEVELOPER WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION C/O LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT 8000 MAIN STREET ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (410) 480-9105

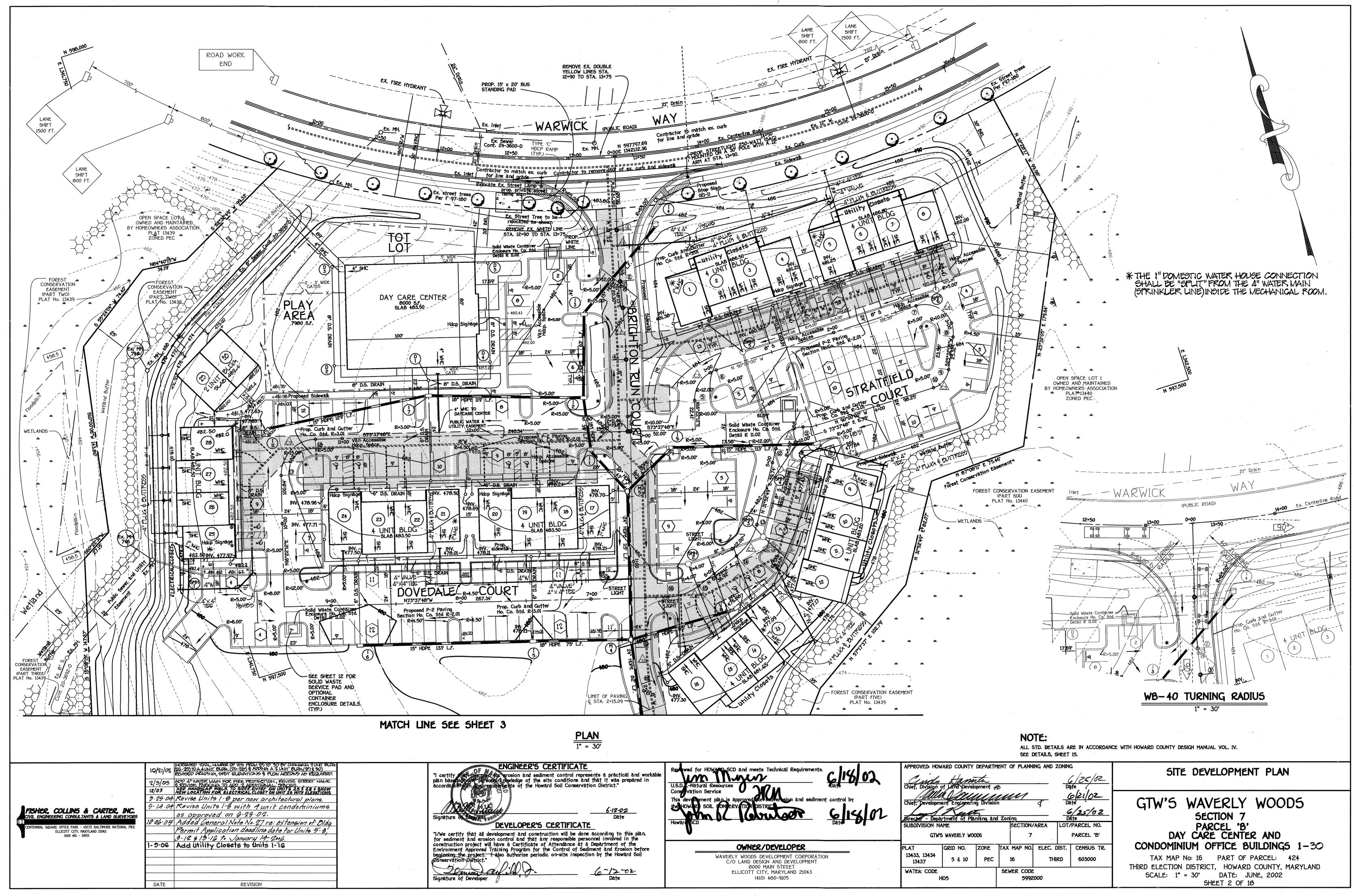
6/25/02 LOT/PARCEL NO. GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS PARCEL 'B' GRID NO. ZONE TAX MAP NO. ELEC. DIST. CENSUS TR 13433, 13434 PEC 603000 THIRD 13437 SEWER CODE WATER CODE 5992000

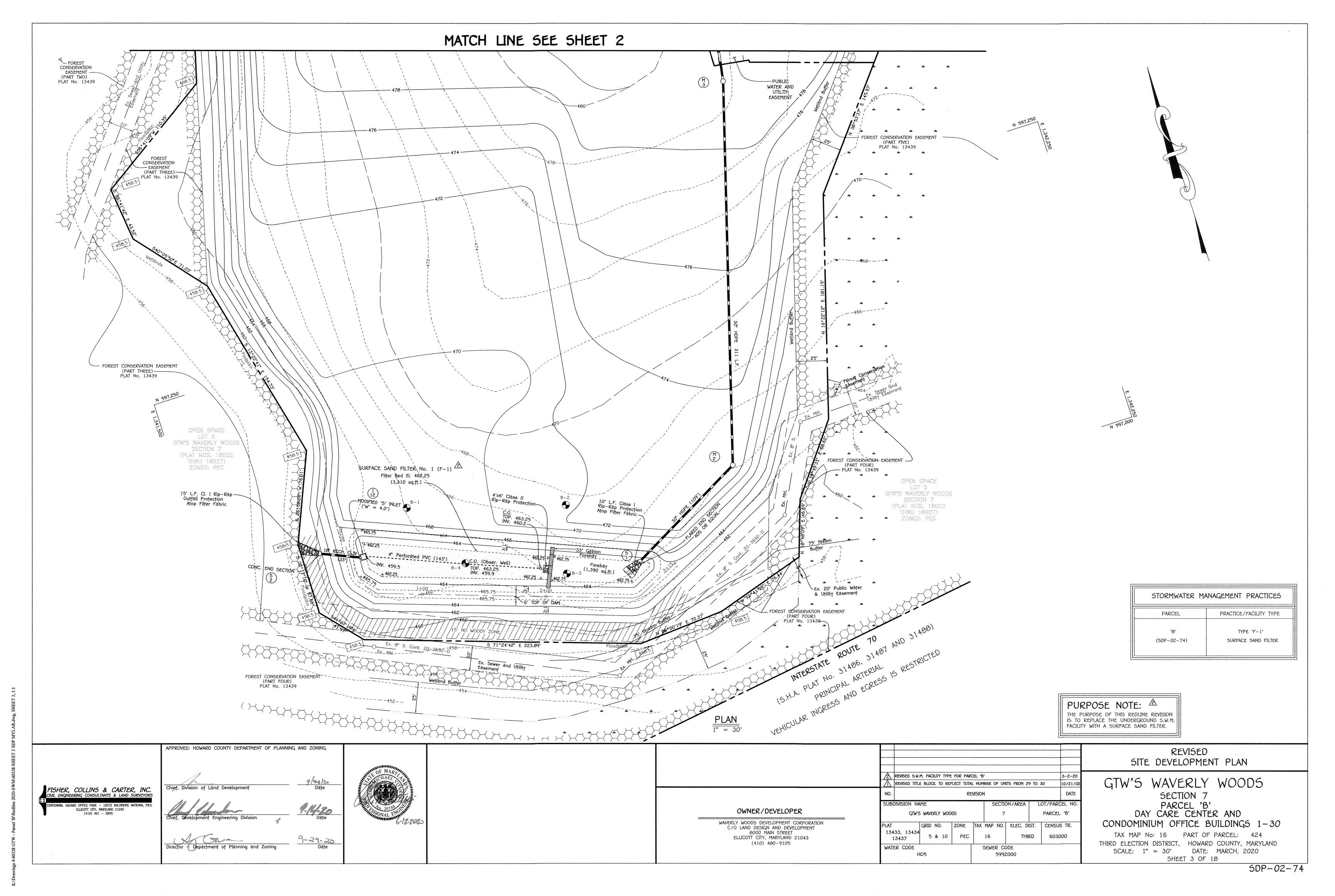
TITLE SHEET

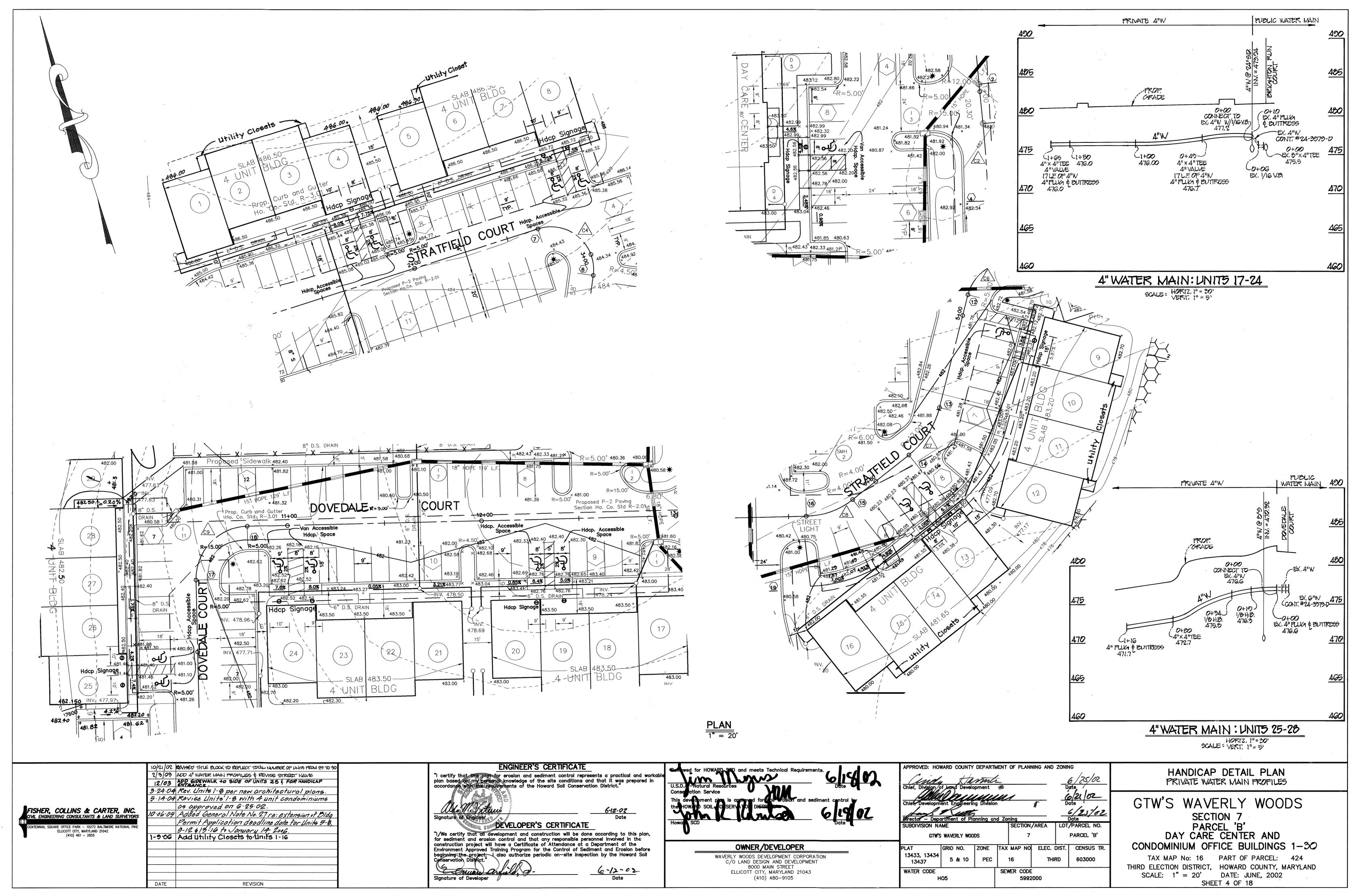
GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS SECTION 7

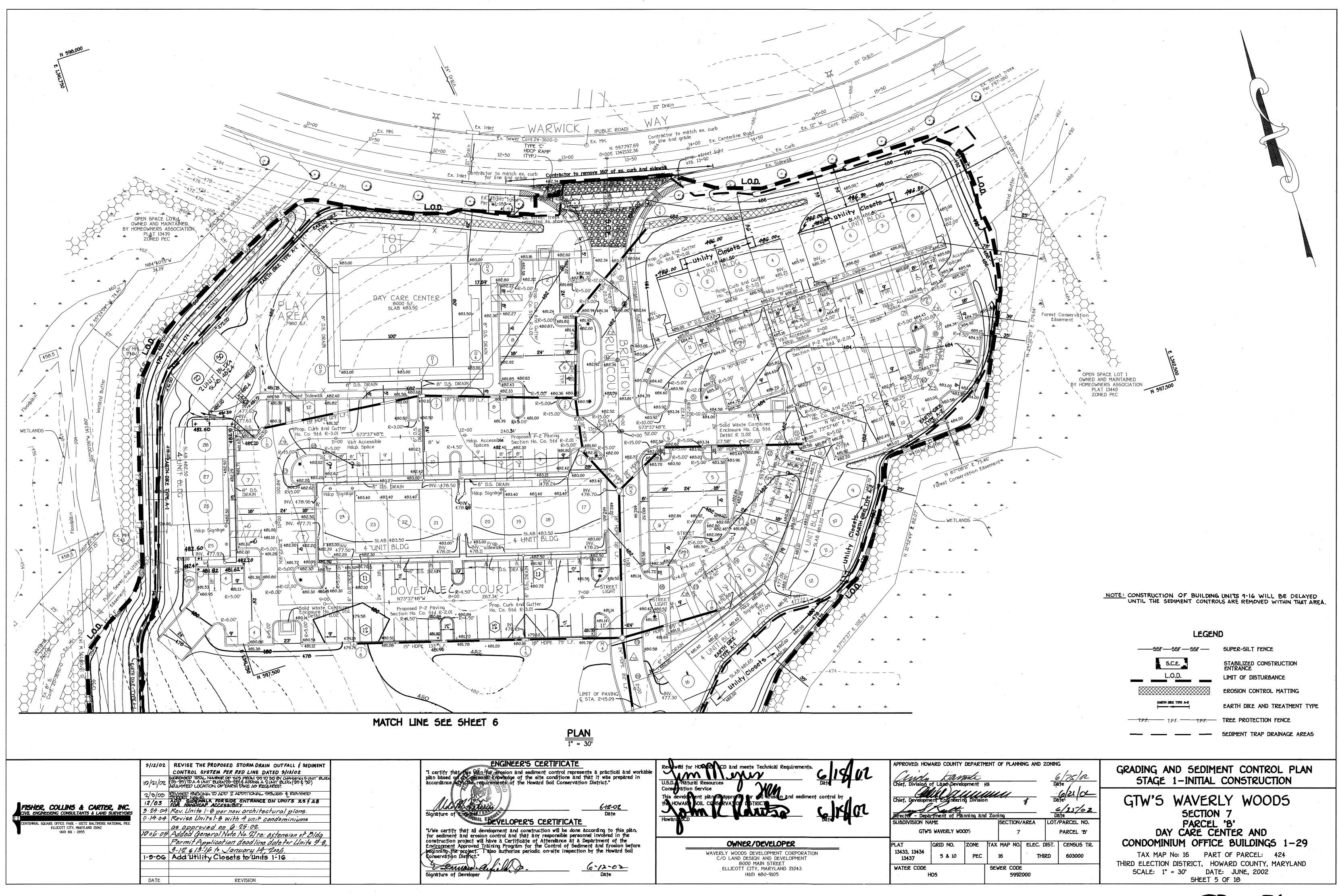
PARCEL 'B' DAY CARE CENTER AND CONDOMINIUM OFFICE BUILDINGS 1-30

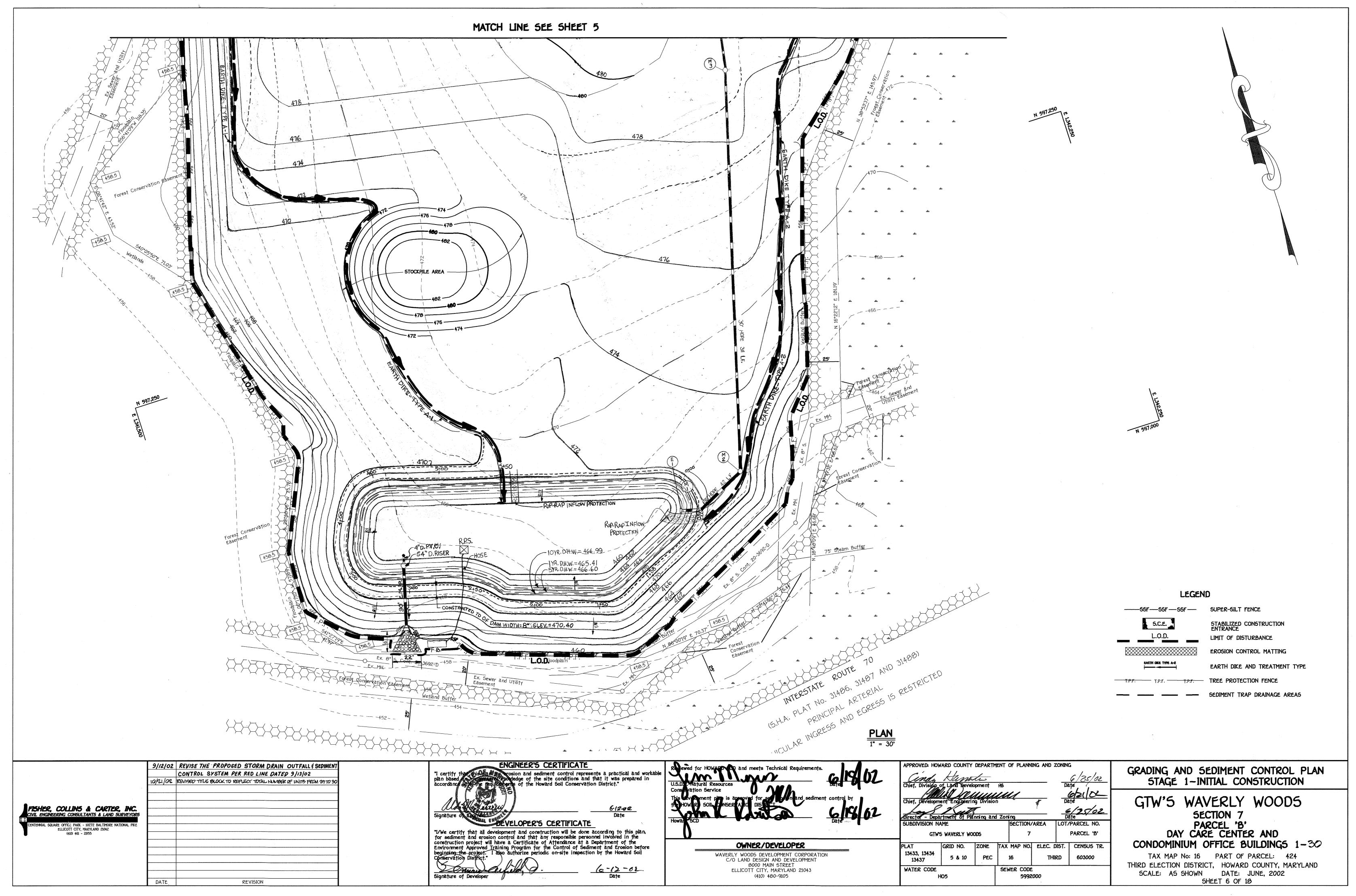
TAX MAP No: 16 PART OF PARCEL: 424 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT, HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: JUNE, 2002 SCALE: AS SHOWN SHEET 1 OF 18

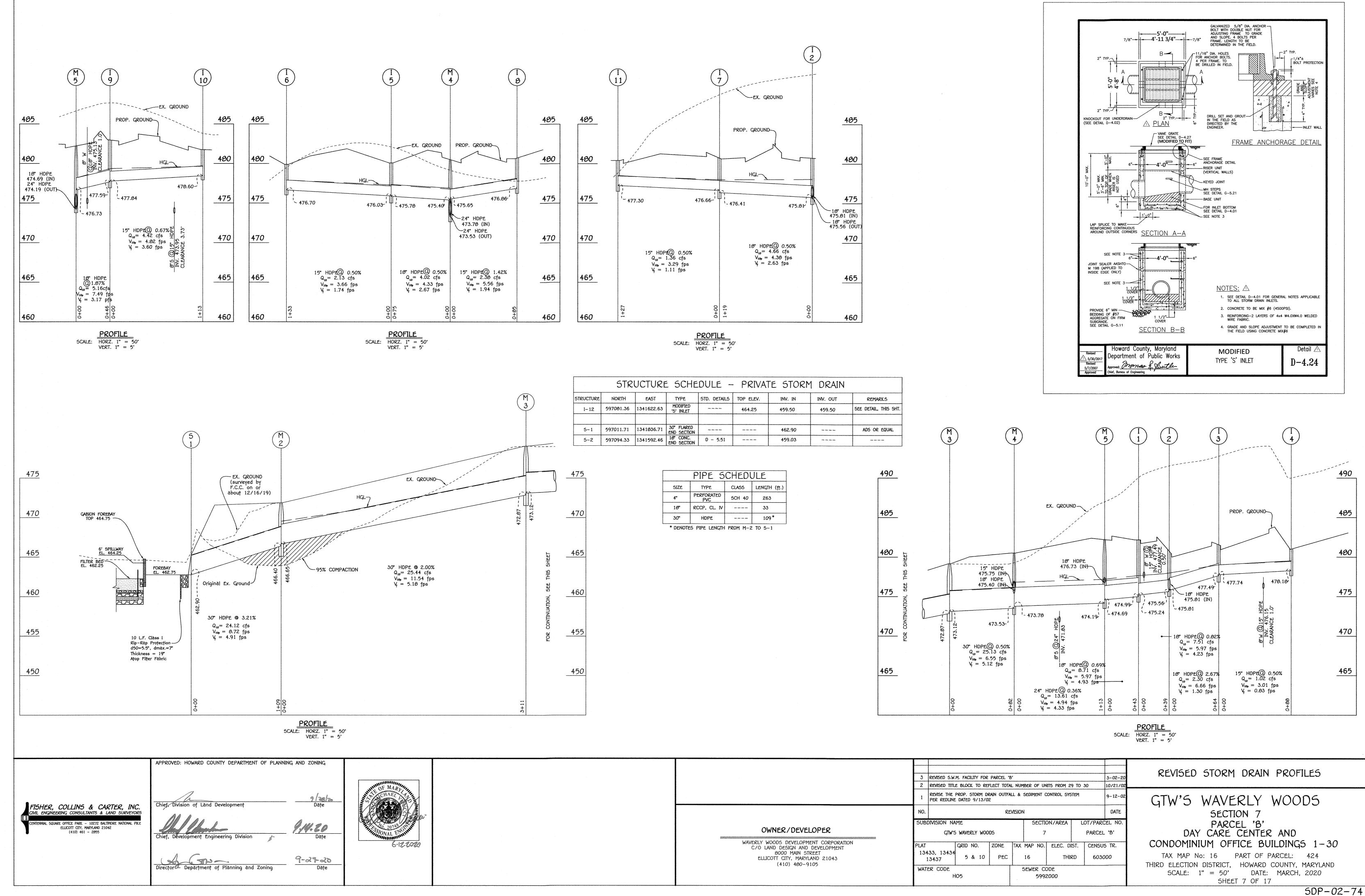


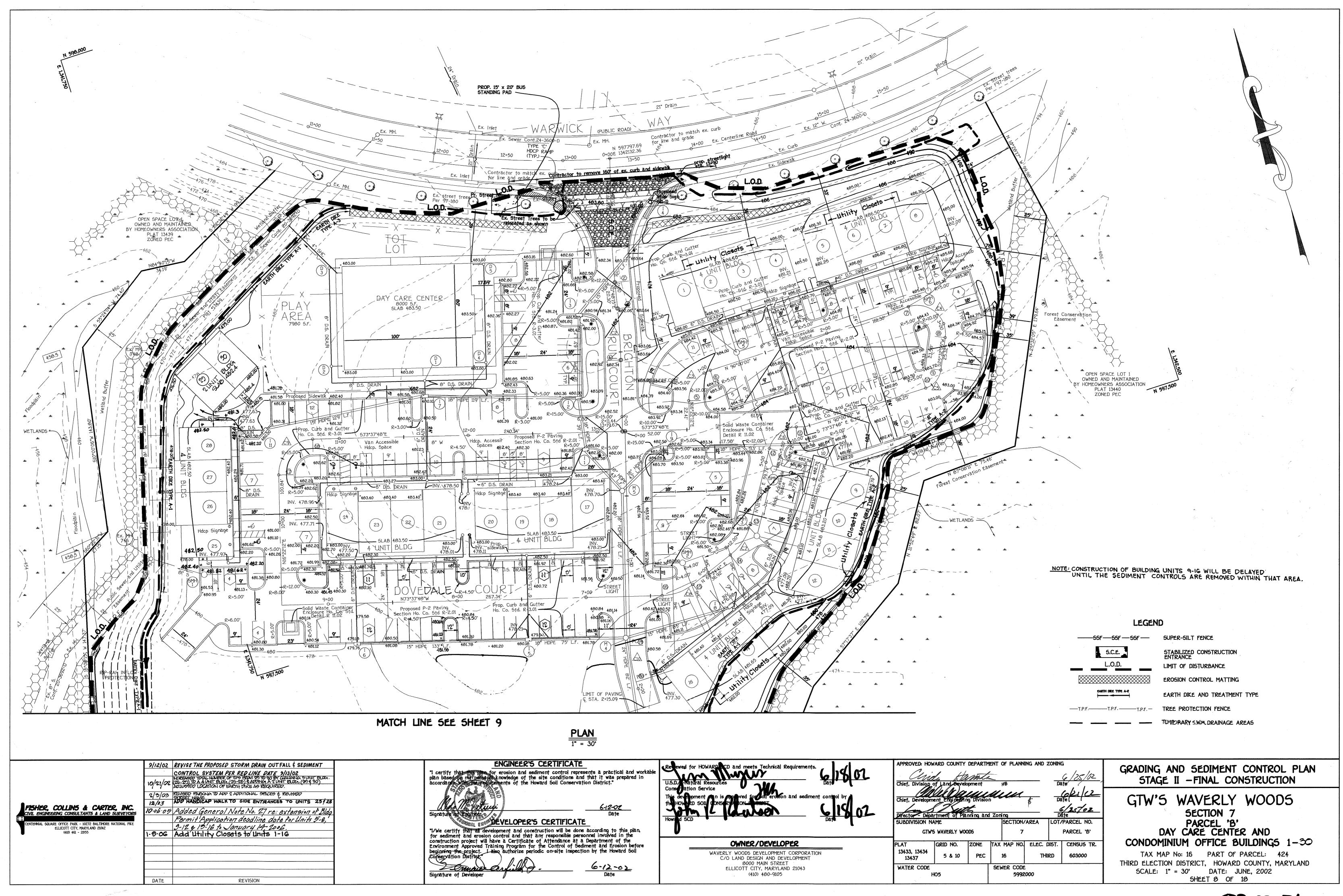


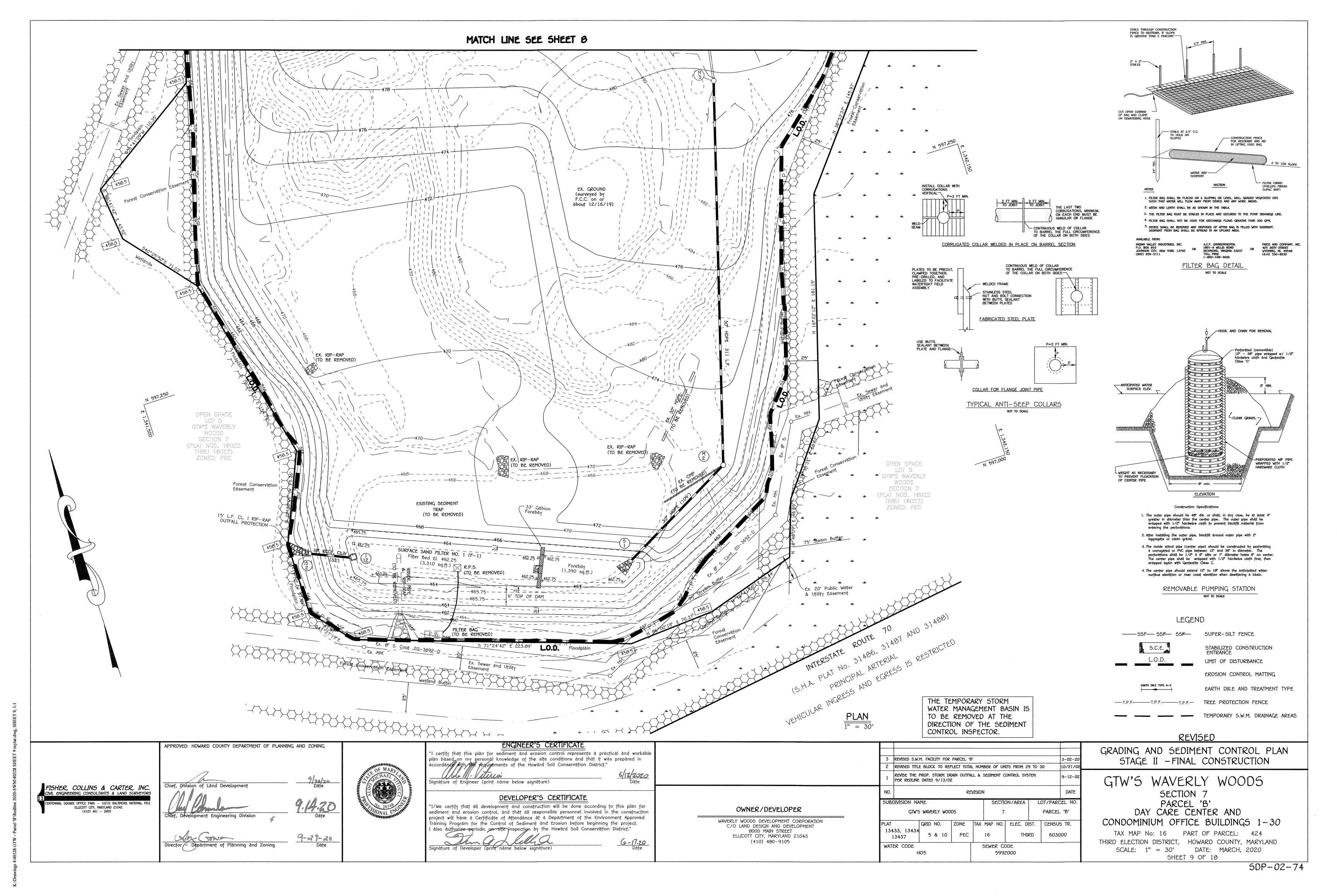


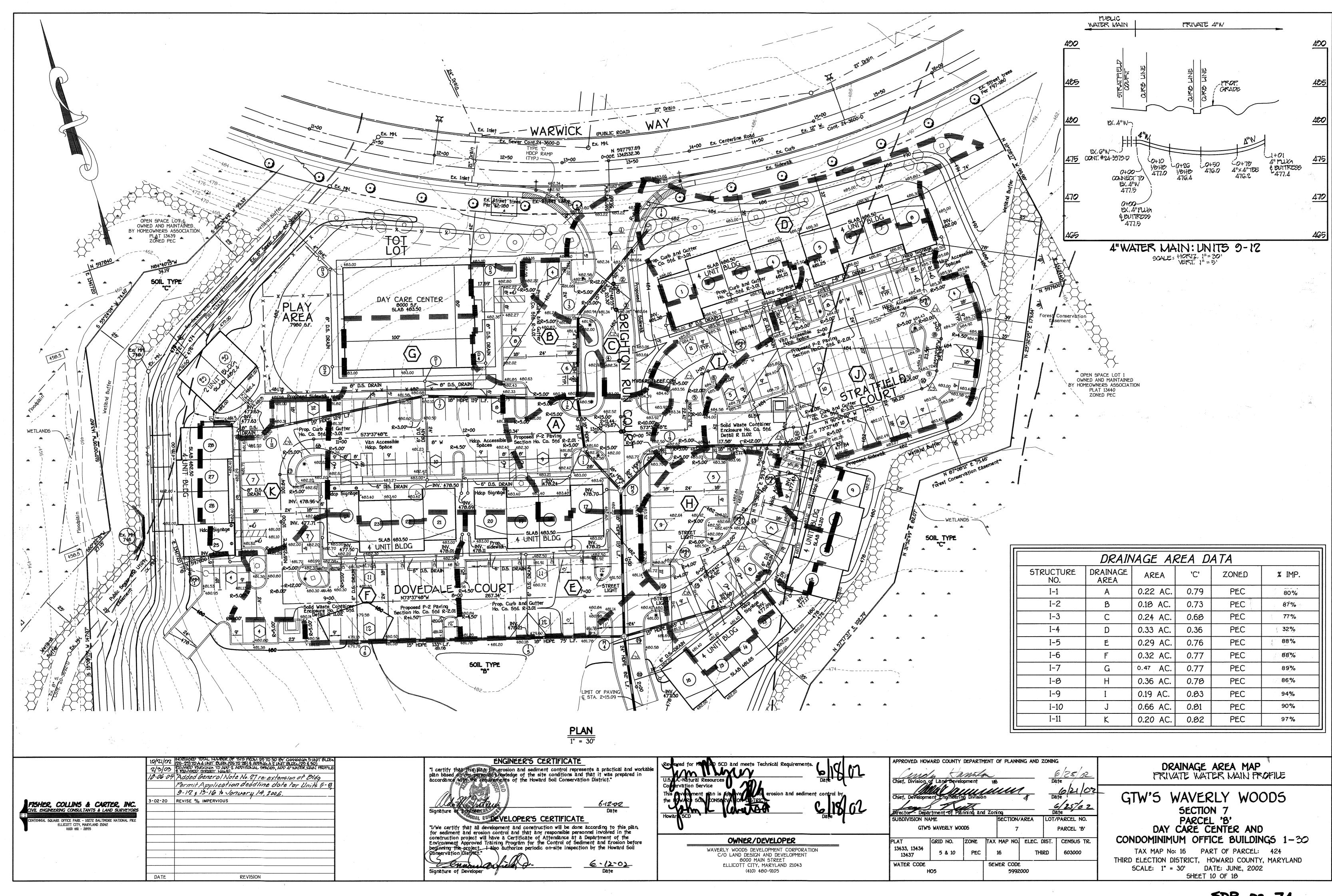


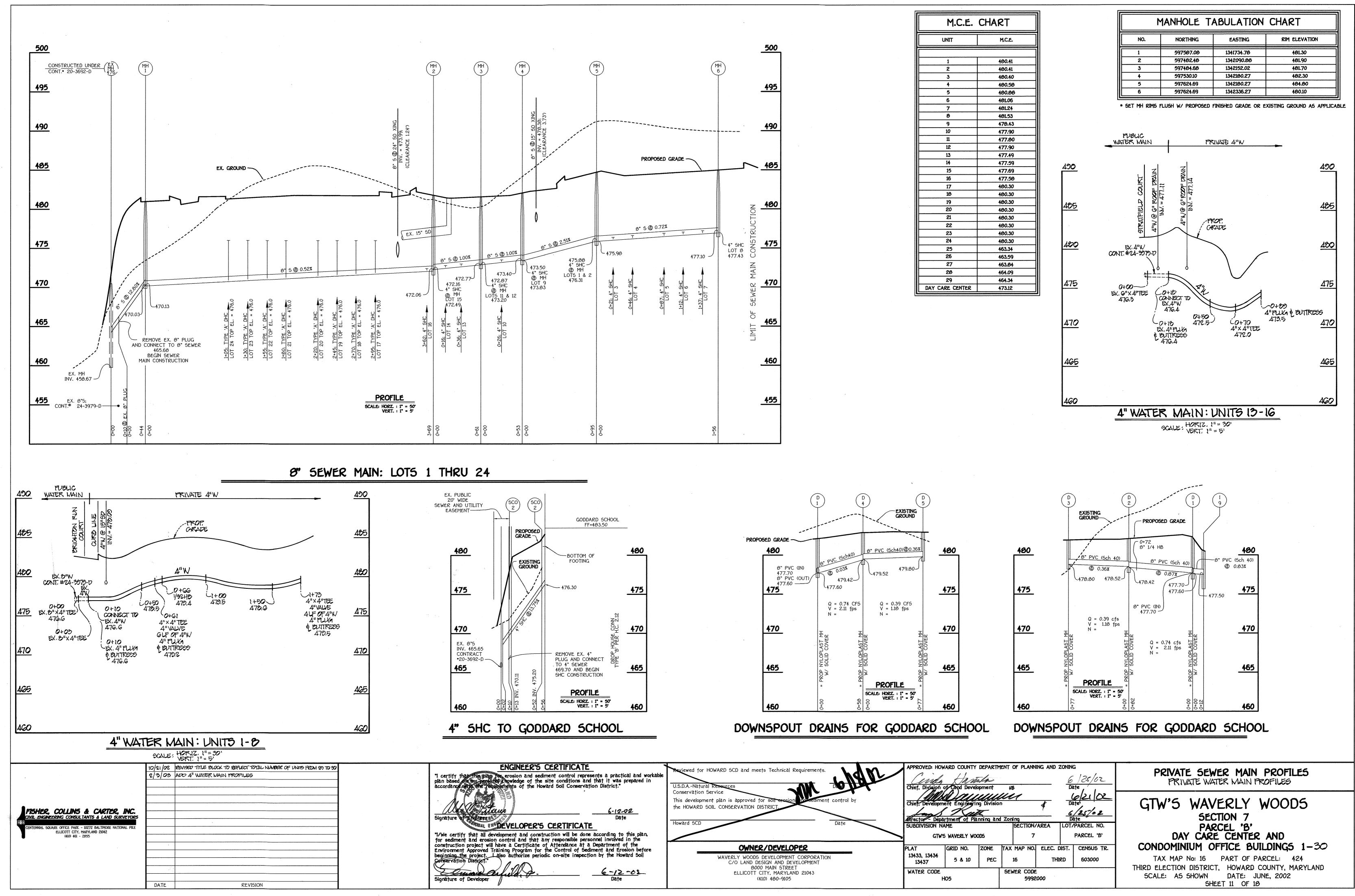


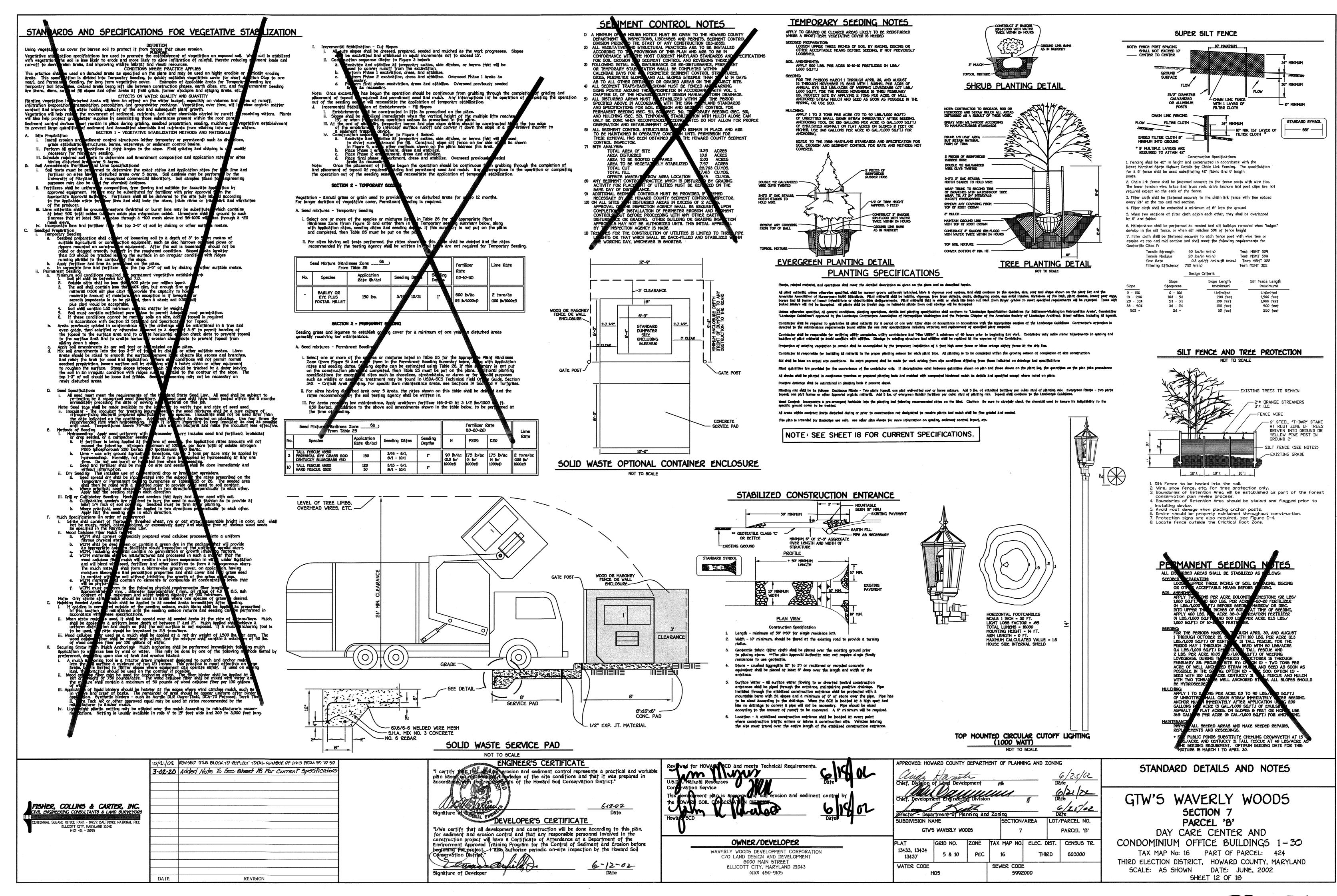


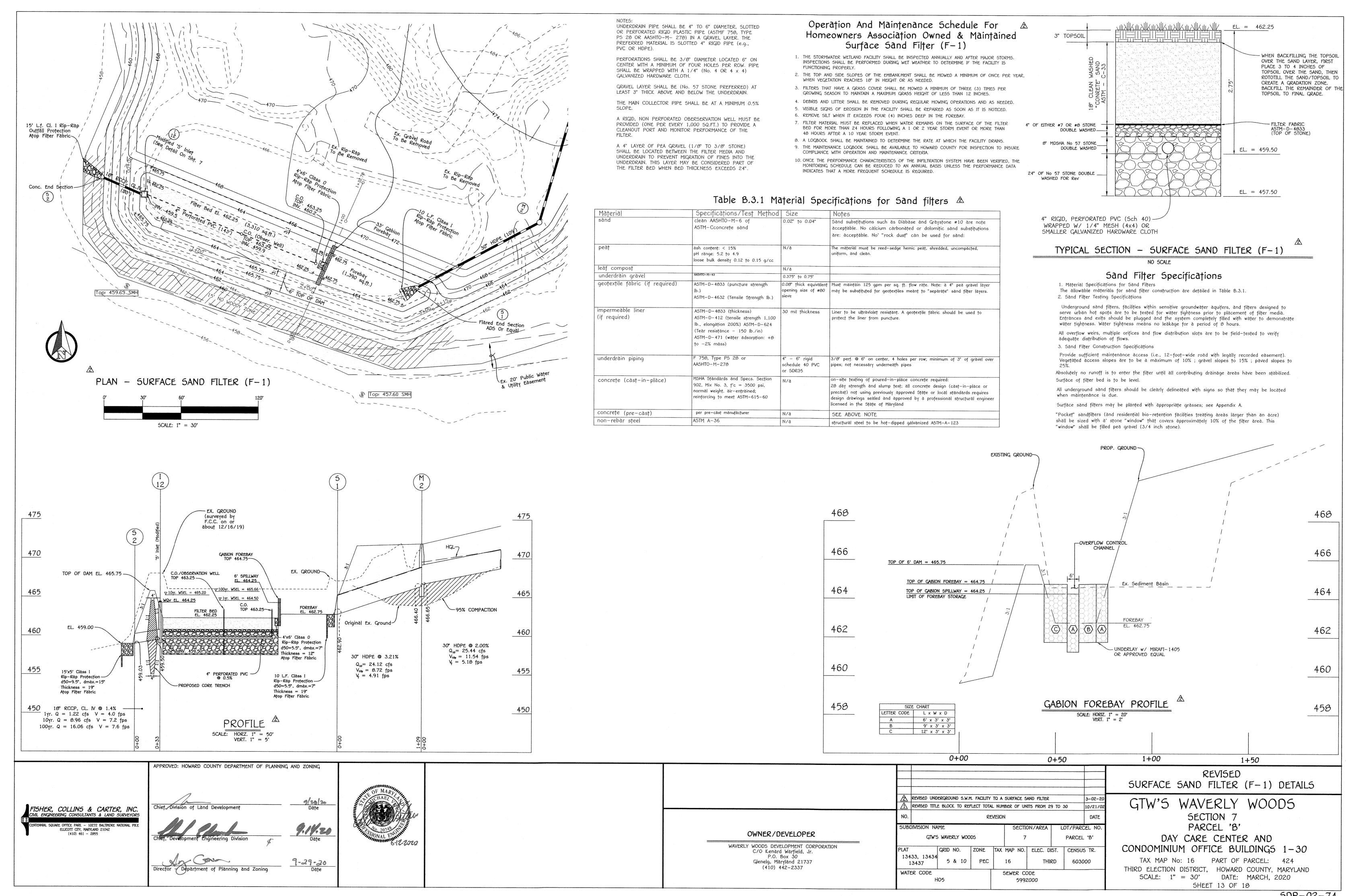












The Stormwater Management StormFilter® Specifications CAST-IN-PLACE UNIT

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Cast-In-Place StormFilter.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS A. Section [

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Contractor to submit shop drawings to engineer for review.

B. Contractor to submit to engineer for approval: concrete mix design: certificates of compliance for cement; and water quality test results for

C. Stormwater Management to submit Operation and Maintenance Manual to contractor upon request.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 INTERNAL COMPONENTS

All internal components including PVC manifold piping, filter cartridge(s), filter media (as specified on the plans in the StormFilter data block), flow spreader(s), and energy dissipator(s) shall be provided by Stormwater Management Inc., 12021-B NE Airport Way, Portland, OR 97220 (800/548-

A. PVC Manifold Piping: All internal PVC pipe and fittings shall meet ASTM D1785. Manifold piping shall be provided to the contractor pre-cut and partially glued and assembled.

B. Filter Cartridge: Filter cartridge bottom pan, inner ring, and hood shall be constructed from linear low-density polyethylene. Filter cartridge screen shall consist of galvanized 1" x 1/2" welded wire fabric (16 gauge minimum) with a bonded PVC coating. Internal parts shall consist of PVC or ABS pipe and fittings. Siphon-priming float shall be constructed from linear low-density polyethylene. Outer filter fabric shall be 10 x 8.5 clear fiberalass mesh. Inner filter fabric shall be 10 x 8.5 clear fiberalass mesh over Enkamat 7210 or woven polyethylene with a US Standard Sieve *20 opening size. All miscellaneous nuts, bolts, screws, and other fasteners shall be aluminum or stainless steel.

An orifice plate shall be supplied with each cartridge to restrict flow rate to a maximum of 15 gpm.

C. Filter Media: Filter media shall be by Stormwater Management or approved alternate. Filter media shall consist of one or more of the following, as specified in the StormFilter data block:

1. Perlite Media: Perlite media shall be made of natural siliceous volcanic rock free of any debris or foreign matter. The expanded perlite shall have a bulk density ranging from 6.5 to 8.5 lb/ft3 and particle sizes ranging from 0.06 to 0.50 inches.

2. CSF Leaf Media: CSF leaf media shall be made exclusively of fallen deciduous leaves with less than 5% by dry weight of woody or green yard debris materials. Filter media shall be granular and shall contain less than 0.5% foreign material such as glass or plastic contaminants. Media shall be dry at the time of installation.

The CSF leaf media shall have a bulk density ranging from 40 to 50 lb/ft3 and particle sizes ranging from 0.05 to 0.50 inches. Maximum level of dust for filter media shall be defined as: media passing through a US Standard Sieve *4 shall have no more than 10% (by mass of dry media) passing a US Standard Sieve *45.

3. Zeolite Media: Zeolite media shall be made of naturally occurring clinoptilolite, which has a geological structure of potassium-calciumsodium aluminosilicate.

The zeolite media shall have a bulk density ranging from 44 to 50 1b/ft3, particle sizes ranging from 0.125 to 0.25 inches, and a cation exchange capacity ranging from 1.0 to 2.2 meq/q.

4. Iron-Infused Media: Iron-infused media shall be made from phenolic resin mixed with iron particles and polymerized to form open cellular foam. The stock materials must be free of debris with the iron particles being non-reactive and non-greased.

The iron-infused media shall have a bulk density ranging from 20 to 30 lb/ft3 and particle sizes ranging from 0.0 to 0.5 inches.

5. Pleated Fabric Insert: Pleated fabric insert shall be constructed with a minimum of 75 sq-ft of fabric placed between two aluminum end caps with neoprene gaskets. The overall dimensions of the insert shall be 16.0" O.D. x 11.5" I.D. x 18.25" tall. The fabric shall meet the following specifications: 140 pleats measuring 2.125" x 18.25": 100% 3D PE/PET bicomponent fiber; thickness of 19 mils; Mullen Burst of 96 psi; and Coulter Porometer of 70 micron.

D. Flow Spreader: Flow spreader shall be constructed of spun LDPE.

E. Energy Dissipator: Energy dissipator shall be constructed of polyolefins. 2.2 CONTRACTOR-PROVIDED COMPONENTS

Specifications for all contractor-provided components are minimum requirements. If a higher standard is shown on the plans or described in another section of the technical specifications, then the higher standard shall

A. Sub-Base: Sub-base shall be six-inch minimum of ?-inch minus rock, 95% compaction. Compact undisturbed sub-grade materials to 95% of maximum density at +/-2% of optimum moisture content. Unsuitable material below sub-grade shall be replaced to engineer's approval.

B. Cast-In-Place Concrete: Concrete shall be 3000 psi minimum at 28-day strength, 3/4-inch round rock, 4-inch slump maximum, placed within 90 minutes of initial mixing.

C. Concrete Reinforcement: Reinforcement steel shall be 60 ksi minimum. deformed, free of rust, and clean.

D. Mortar: Mortar shall be composed of portland cement, sand and water. The proportion of cement to sand, as measured by volume, shall be one part cement to two parts sand. The mortar shall contain only enough water to permit placing and packing.

E. Grout: Grout shall be non-shrink and meet the requirements of Corps of Engineers CRD-C588. Specimens molded, cured and tested in accordance with ASTM C-109 shall have a minimum compressive strength of 6,200 psi. Grout shall not exhibit visible bleeding.

F. Doors: Doors shall have hot-dipped galvanized frame and covers. Covers shall have diamond plate finish. Each door to be equipped with a recessed lift handle and a locking latch with 3/8" pentahead hold-down bolts. Pentahead wrench to be provided for each set of doors, upon request. Doors shall meet H-20 loading requirements for incidental traffic minimum.

G. Frames and Covers: Frames and covers shall be gray cast iron and shall meet AASHTO H-20 loading requirements.

H. Ladders: Ladders shall be constructed of aluminum and steel reinforced copolymer polypropylene conforming to ASTM D-4101. Ladder shall bolt in place and be equipped with a pull-up ladder extender that shall extend a minimum of 24 inches above the top rung of ladder. Ladder shall meet all ASTM C-497 load requirements.

I. Steps: Steps shall be constructed of copolymer polypropylene conforming to ASTM D-4101. Steps shall be driven into preformed or drilled holes once concrete is cured. Steps shall meet the requirements of ASTM C-478 and AASHTO M-199.

J. Perforated Drain Pipe and Fittings: Drain pipe and fittings shall be AASHTO M252 Type 5 HDPE slotted (perforated). All pipe connections shall be made according to manufacturer's specifications.

K. Backfill: Backfill shall be 3/4-inch minus rock at 25/2 compaction. PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE FINISHING

A. Unexposed Wall Finish: Patch all rock pockets, form tie holes, and other irregularities with mortar. No further finishing will be required.

B. Exposed Wall Finish: Immediately after removal of forms, patch or point up all defects to a point 6" below exposed grade. After patches and pointings have set sufficiently, grind or fill all form marks, patches, and pointings to provide a smooth, even surface.

C. Horizontal Surfaces: All horizontal surfaces shall be floated and troweled to provide a smooth, even surface of uniform texture and appearance, free of unsightly bulges, depressions, and other imperfections.

1. Vault Floor: Concrete shall be placed to an elevation even with tops of tee fittings of manifold piping. Before concrete sets, broom surface of vault floor lightly with a fine brush to provide a finegrained, smooth, and sandy texture.

2. Vault Lid: Before concrete sets, broom exposed surface of vault to provide an even, medium-grained, no-slip texture.

D. PVC Manifold Piping: Shall be joined in accordance with ASTM C2564.

Contractor to complete assembly of manifold piping and secure to E. Inlet and Outlet Pipes: Contractor to grout all inlet and outlet pipes flush

with interior wall of vault. F. Filter Bay Connection Pipe(s): Contractor to grout filter bay connection

pipe(s) flush with face of baffle walls at cartridge bay, if required. G. Sanded PVC collar fittings shall be used on all PVC inlet, outlet, and

connection pipe penetrations. 3.2 INTERNAL BAFFLE WALLS

A. Contractor to grout all joints between internal baffle walls and vault structure, if required.

3.3 INTERNAL COMPONENTS

A. Flow Spreaders: Flow spreader frames shall be installed within 3/8-inch of dimensions shown on plans and set vertically. Flow spreader baffles to be connected to frames using hardware provided.

B. Energy Dissipators: Energy dissipators shall be bolted to concrete walls as shown on plans using three 5/16" x 2-1/2" hex nut sleeve anchors provided by the contractor.

3.4 CLEANUP

9/12/02 REVISE THE PROPOSED STORM DRAIN OUTFALL! SEDIMENT

A. Remove all excess materials, rocks, roots, or foreign material, leaving the site in a clean, complete condition approved by the engineer. All filter components shall be free of any foreign materials including concrete and excess sealant.

3.5 FILTER CARTRIDGES

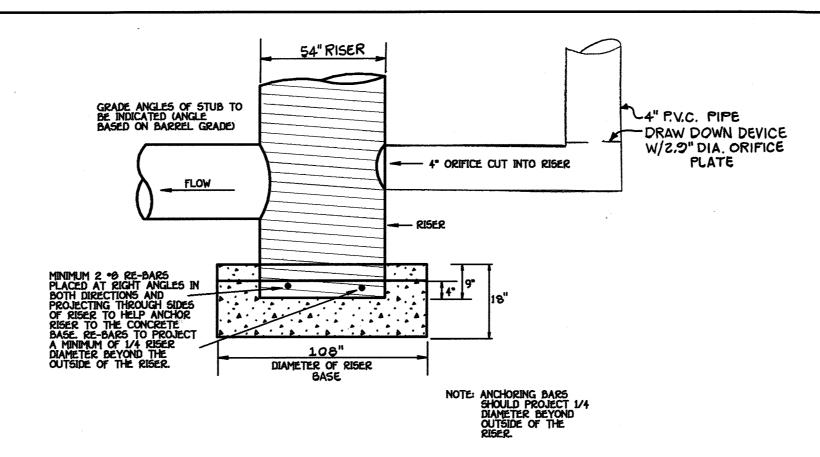
A. Filter cartridges shall not be installed until the project site is clean and stabilized. The project site includes any surface that contributes storm drainage to the StormFilter. All impermeable surfaces shall be clean and free of dirt and debris. All catch basins, manholes and pipes shall be free of dirt and sediments.

B. Contractor to notify Stormwater Management (800-548-4667) two weeks before filter cartridges are required on site. Stormwater Management will deliver filter cartridges complete with filter media. Plugs will be provided for all manifold fittings not equipped with a filter cartridge.

C. Contractor to install filter cartridges.

1. Filter Cartridges With CSF Media: Tape shall be cleanly and completely removed from manifold fitting openings. Spool pieces shall be inserted without glue into all manifold fittings to be equipped with a filter cartridge. Filter cartridges shall be placed over the spool pieces to contact the vault floor. Plugs shall be inserted without glue in all manifold fittings not equipped with a filter cartridge.

2. Filter Cartridges With All Other Types of Media: Tape shall be cleanly and completely removed from manifold fitting openings. Spool pieces shall be glued and inserted into all manifold fittings to be equipped with a filter cartridge. Filter cartridges shall be threaded onto the spool pieces until they contact the vault floor. Plugs shall be inserted without glue in all manifold fittings not equipped with a filter



Construction Specifications

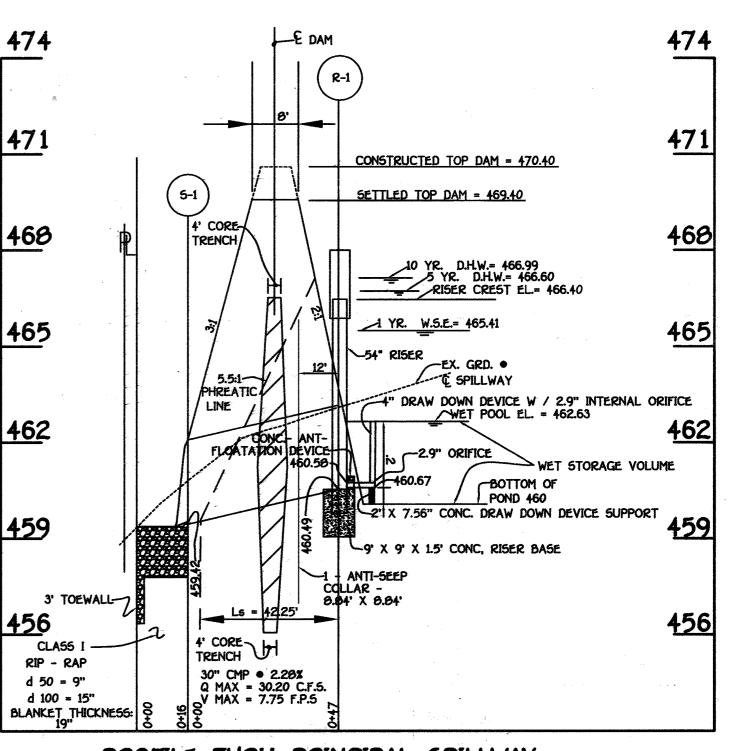
The riser shall have a base attached with a watertight connection and shall have sufficient weight to prevent flotation of the riser. Two approved bases for risers 10° or less in height are:

1. A concrete base 18" thick with the riser embedded 9" in the base

2. A 1/4" minimum thickness steel plate attached to the riser by a continuous weld around the circumference of the riser to form a watertight connection. The plate shall have 2' of stone, gravel, or compacted earth placed on it to prevent flotation. In either case, each side of the square base shall be

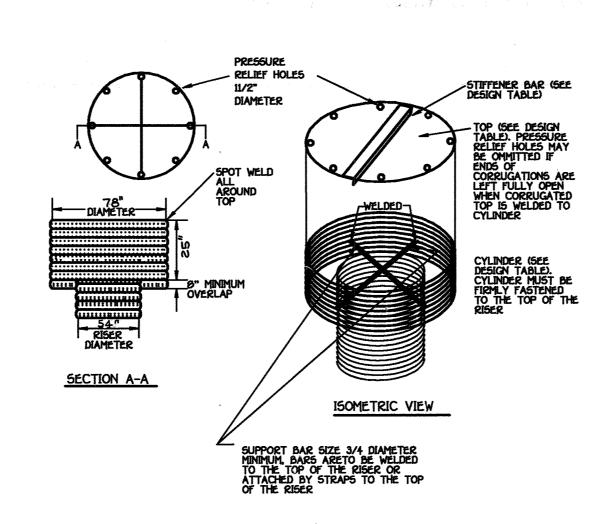
Note: For risers greater than ten feet high computations shall be made to design a base which will prevent floatation. The minimum factor of safety shall be 1.20 (downward forces = 1.20 x upward forces).

RISER BASE DETAIL



PROFILE THRU PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY 5CALE: 1" = 30' HOR.

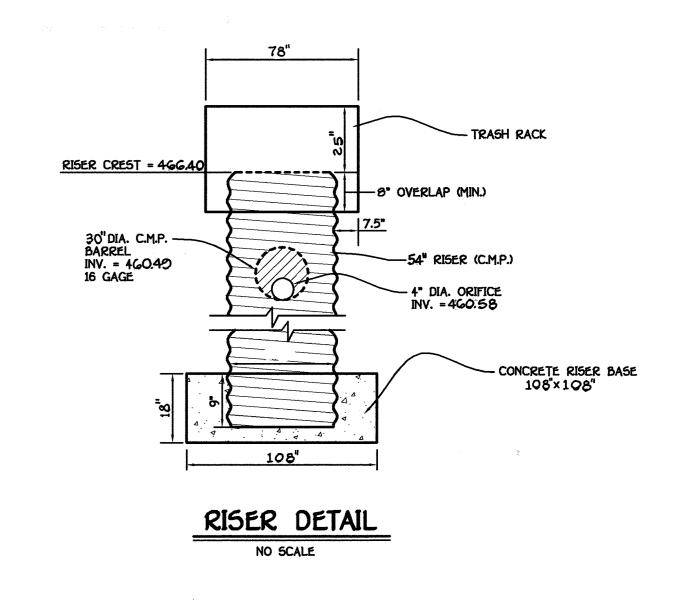
1" = 3' VERT.



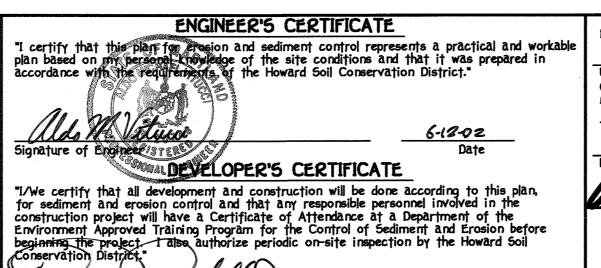
CONCENTRIC TRASH RACK AND ANTI-VORTEX DEVICE NO SCALE

Riser	Tri Cyli Diam.	ash Rad Inder Thick		Minimum Size	Minimum Top_	
Diam., in.	in		H, in.	Support Bar	Thickness	Stiffener
12	18	16	6	•6 rebar	16 ga.	
15	21	16	7	•6 rebar	16 gā.	
18	27	16	B	•6 rebar	16 ga.	_
21	30	16	11	•6 rebar	16 gā.	
24	36	16	13	•6 rebar	14 ga.	_
27	42	16	15	•6 rebar	14 ga.	-
36	54	14	17	⇔ rebār	12 ga.	_
42	60	14	19	•0 rebar	12 ga.	_
48	72	12	21	1-1/4" pipe or 1-1/4x1-1/4x1/4 angle	10 ga.	_
54	78	12	25	•	10 ga.	
60	90	12	29 ₅ ,	1-1/2" pipe or 1-1/2x1-1/2x1/4 angle	8 gā.	_
66	96	10	33	2" pipe or 2x2x3/16 angle	8 gå. w/stiffener	2x2x1/4 angle
72	102	10	36	•	8 gå. w/stiffener	2-1/2x2-1/2x 1/4 angle
78	114	10	39	2-1/2" pipe or 2x2x1/4 angle	8 gå. w/stiffener	2-1/2x2-1/2x 1/4 angle
64	120	10	42	2-1/2" pipe or 2-1/2x2-1/2x1/4 angle	8 ga. w/stiffener	2-1/2x2-1/2x 5/16 angle
5						

Note: The above trash rack and anti-vortex device information is only for corrugated metal pipe. Concrete risers must meet the requirements of MD 378.



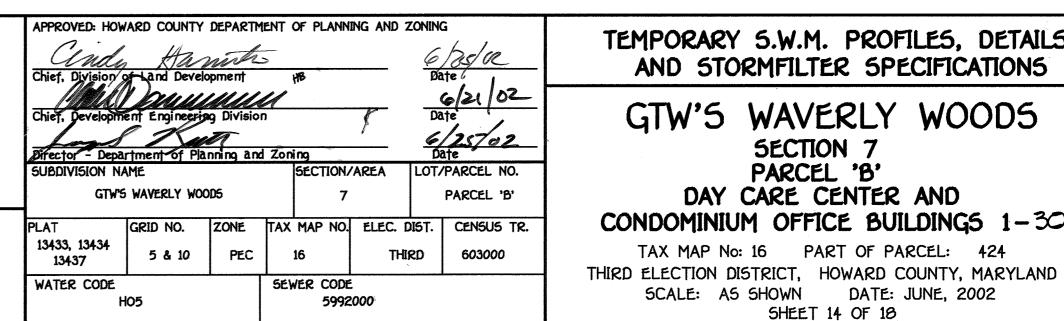
		CONTROL SYSTEM PER RED LINE DATED 9/13/02
	10/21/02	
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.		
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS		
CENTENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042		
(410) 461 - 2855		
	DATE	REVISION



6-12-02



(410) 480-9105

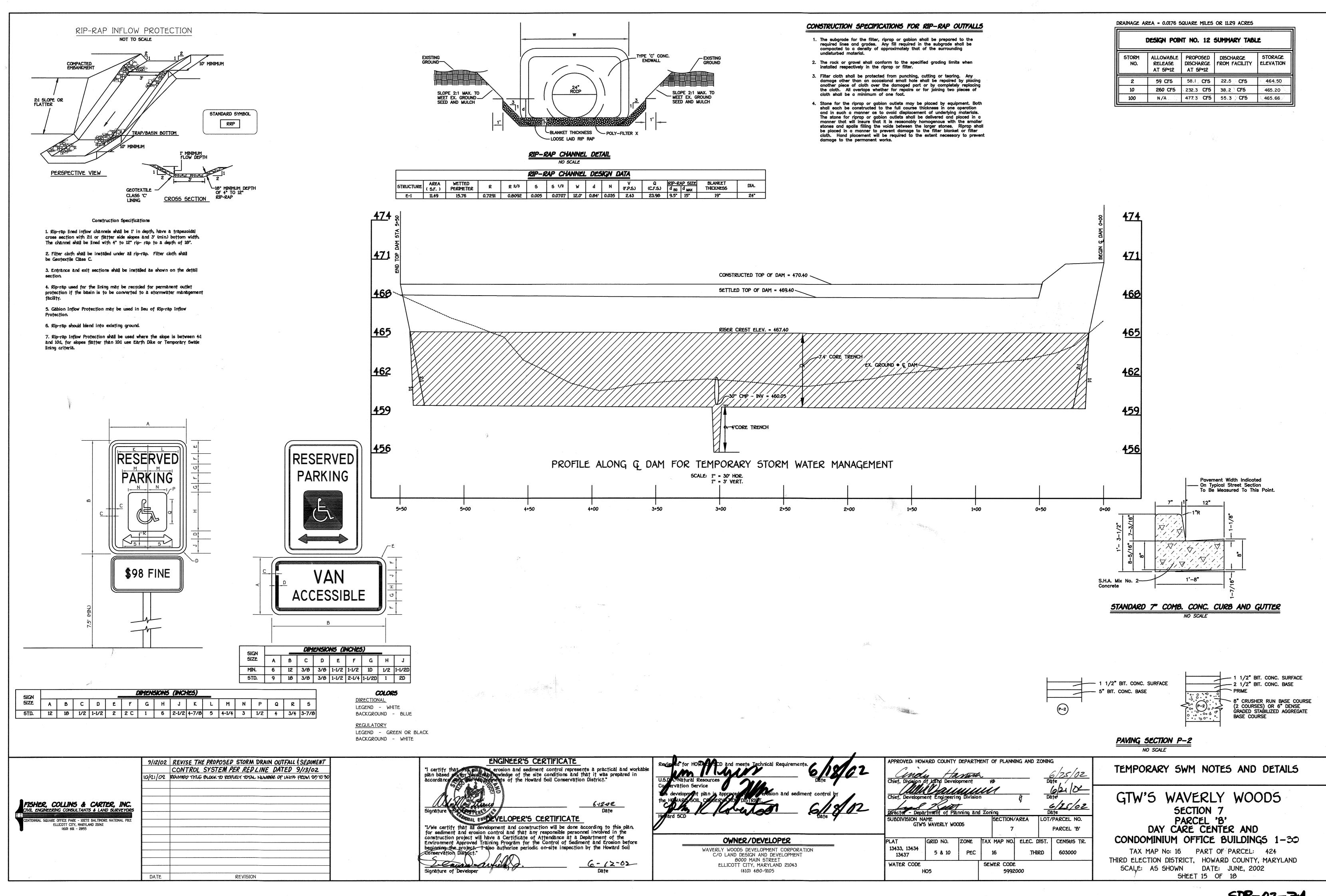


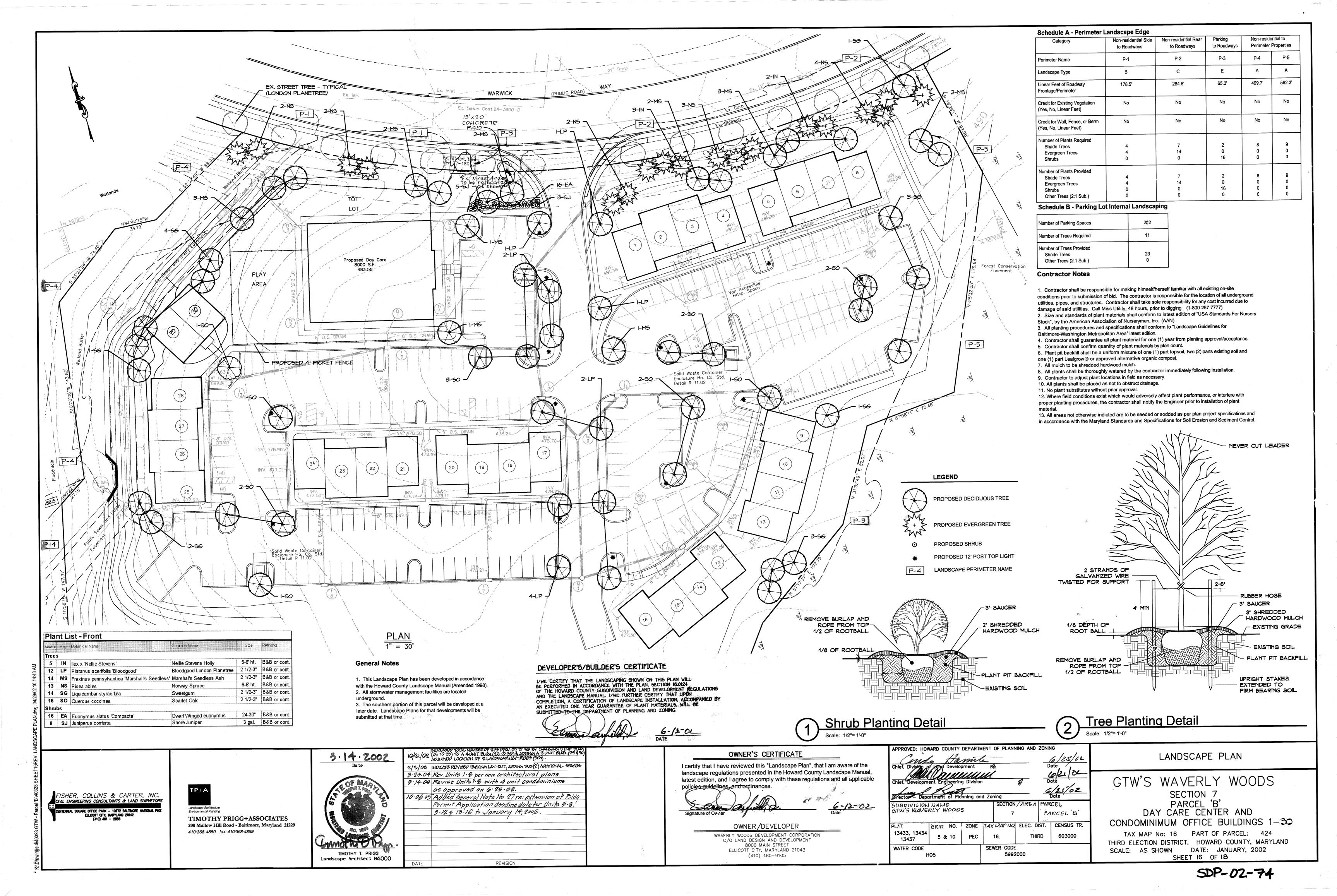
TEMPORARY S.W.M. PROFILES, DETAILS AND STORMFILTER SPECIFICATIONS

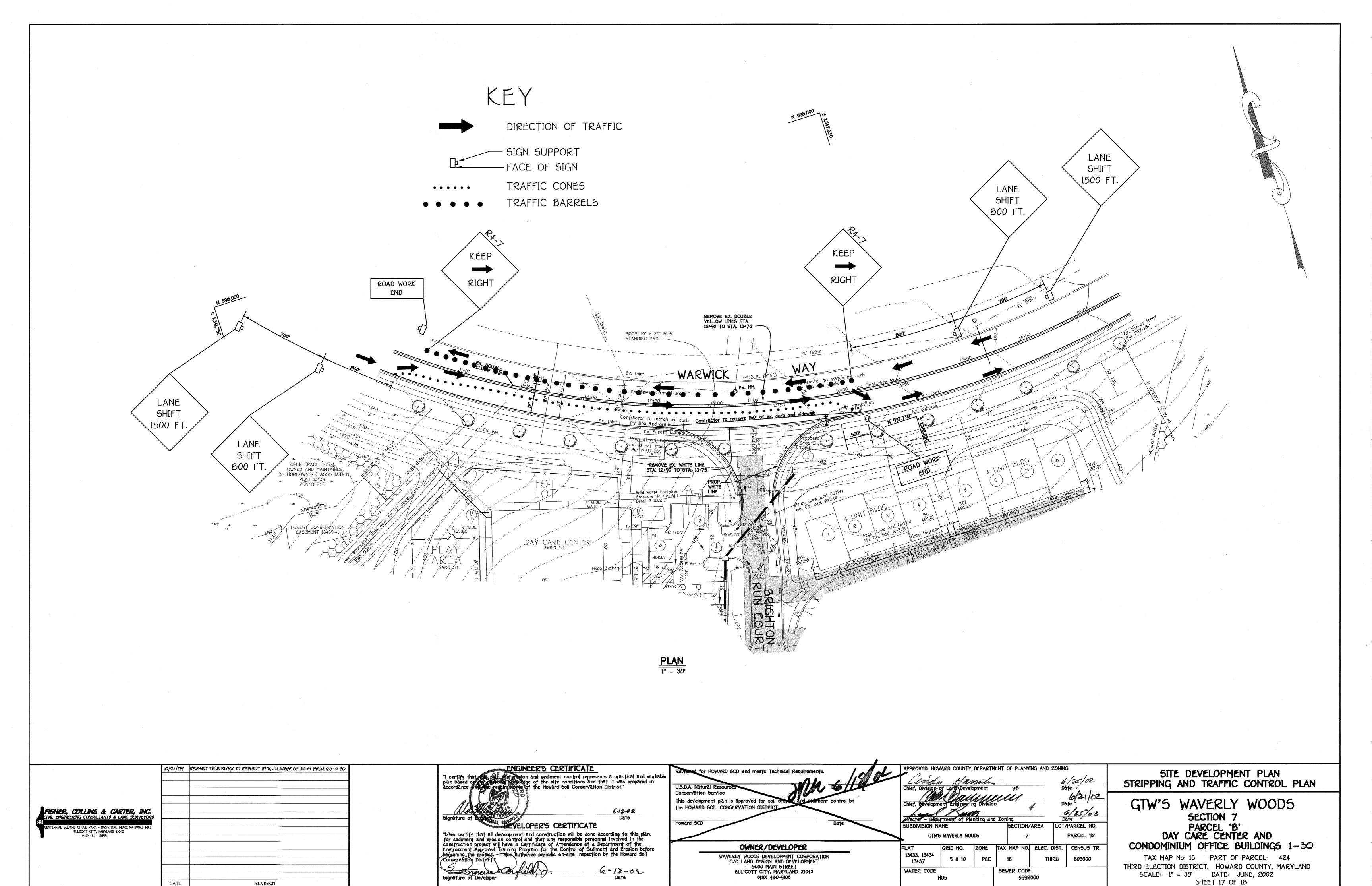
GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS SECTION 7 PARCEL 'B' DAY CARE CENTER AND

CONDOMINIUM OFFICE BUILDINGS 1-30 TAX MAP No: 16 PART OF PARCEL: 424

SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: JUNE, 2002 SHEET 14 OF 18







A. Soil Preparation 1. Temporary Stabilization

a. Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.

b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable mean Permanent Stabilization

a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are:

i. Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0. ii. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration

iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight.

b. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above conditions.

c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches.

d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test. e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas. B. Topsoiling

1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS.

3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth. b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish

c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.

d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible

4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design

5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:

à. Topsoil must be à loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority

Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass

nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.

c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil 6. Topsoil Application

a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil.

b. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.

c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation. C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

1. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer

on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical 2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate

equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer.

3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 90 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.

4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months.

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

VIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

ARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIK

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES (B-4-4)

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

1. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 8.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. I this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.

2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the

testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding. 3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding

	ne (from Figure B. (from Table B.1):		Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)	Lime Rate	
Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	-	
BARLEY	96	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"	436 lb/ac	2 tons/dc
OAT5	72	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"	(10 lb/ 1000 sf)	(90 lb/ 1000 sf)
RYE	112	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"		

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES (B-4-5)

A. Seed Mixtures

General Use

a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 8.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table 8.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be

b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office

c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil testing agency. d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 pounds per 1.000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary

2. Turforass Mixtures

a. Areas where turfarass may be desired include lawns, parks, playarounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance

b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan.

i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun greas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding

Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended. iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1 1/2 to 3

Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland"

Choose certified material. Certified material is the best quarantee of cultivar purity. The

certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides

a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line c. Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures Western MD: March 15 to June 1. August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) Central MD: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15

(Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zones: 7a, 7b) d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level

diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future moving of grasses will pose no e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2 to 1 inch

and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in

every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true

Permanent Seeding Summary

when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse

					9				
		e (from Figure B. (from Table B.3):				Fertiliz	er Rate (10-	20-20)	Lime Rate
No.	5pecies	Application Rate (lb/ac)		Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ 0	
8	TALL FESCUE	100	Mar. Aug.	1-May 15 1-Oct. 15	1/4-1/2 in.	45 lbs. per acre (1.0 lb/	(10)	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	2 tons/dc (90 lb/ 1000 sf)
						1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 5)

STANDARD STABILIZATION NOTE

FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MUST BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a.) THREE (3) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER DIKES. SWALES. DITCHES. PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1); AND b.) SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE NOT UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR STOCKPILE AREA

The mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures.

To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion, sedimentation, and changes to drainage patterns.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use.

1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the erosion and sediment control plan. The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material and

based on a side slope ratio no steeper tha 2:1. Benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Gradina. Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice. Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side.

Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence. Provisions must be made for discharging concentrated flow in a non-erosive manner.

Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment control practice must be used to intercept the discharge. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as

Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile to facilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminated material must be covered with impermeable

The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section B-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2:1 slopes, 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEEDING AND MULCHING (B-4-3)**Definition**

The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover

To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction

Conditions Where Practice Applies

To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading.

All seed must meet the requirement of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be available upon request to the inspector to verify type of seed and seeding rate.

Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground is frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws. c. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keetp inoculant as cook as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can

weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective. d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weedcontrol until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.

Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table B.1, Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding summaries. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Roll the seeded area with weighted roller to provide good seed to soil

b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in

Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer). If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P 0 (phosphorus), 200 pounds per acre; K O (potassium), 200 pounds per acre. ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by

iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil.

hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding. iii. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption

B. Mulching

Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and reasonably bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law and not musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty. Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is desired. b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into

uniform fibrous physical state. WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate colot to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.

WCFM, including dve, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings. WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at concentration levels that will by

WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter, pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum.

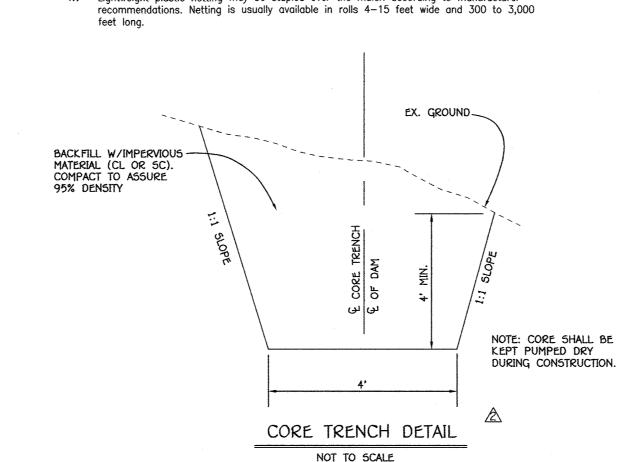
Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose death of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and death so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre. Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied to a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pounds

Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon the size of the grea and erosion hazard: i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on

sloping land, this practice should follow the contour. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of

50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water. iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is strictly prohibited iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer



B-4-1 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION

Definition

Establishment of vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes. Purpose To provide timely vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as work progresses.

Conditions Where Practice Applies Any cut or fill slope greater than 15 feet in height. This practice also applies to stockpiles.

A. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes 1. Excavate and stabilize cut slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all cut slopes as the work progresses. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.1): a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to convey runoff around the excavation.

b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as d. Perform final phase excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

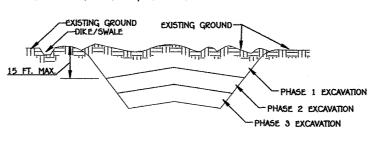


Figure B.1: Incremental Stabilization - Cut

d. Place Phase 2 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize.

B. Incremental Stabilization - Fill Slopes 1. Construct and stabilize fill slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all slopes as the work progresses. 2. Stabilize slopes immediately when the vertical height of a lift reaches 15 feet, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

3. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. 4. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.2): a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to divert runoff around

the fill. Construct silt fence on low side of fill unless other methods shown on the plans address b. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. c. Place Phase 1 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize.

e. Place final phase fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as

----/

15" RCCP, CL. N

1+00

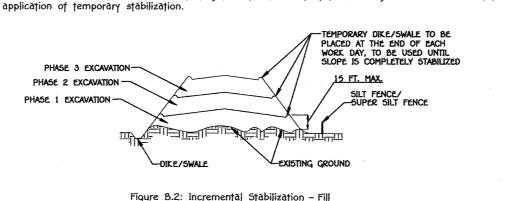
 $INV. = 459.4 \pm$

465

460

455

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the



APPROVED BY HOWARD COUNTY

OBSERVATION WELL ANCHOR DETAIL

- EX. GROUND

(surveyed by

/BOTTOM OF CORE TRENCH EL. 455.00/

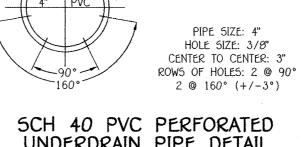
CENTERLINE OF DAM PROFILE

SCALE: HORZ. 1" = 50VERT. 1" = 5

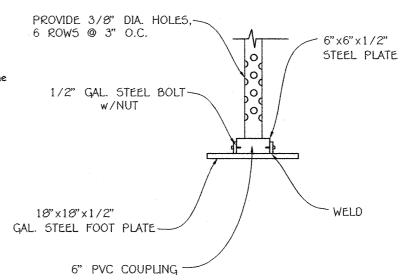
2+00

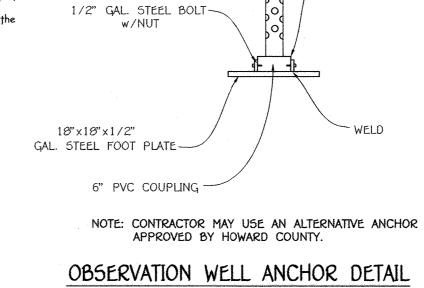
about 12/16/19)

√ 100γr. WSEL = 465.66



UNDERDRAIN PIPE DETAIL FOR HORIZONTAL DRAIN PIPE NO SCALE





HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT (HSCD) STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A pre-construction meeting must occur with the Howard County Department of Public Works, Construction Inspection Division (CID), 410-313-1855 after the future LOD and protected areas are marked clearly in the field. A minimum of 40 hour notice to CID must be given at the following stages: a. Prior to the start of earth

b. Upon completion of the installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with

any other earth disturbance or grading c. Prior to the start of another phase of construction or opening of another grading unit, d. Prior to

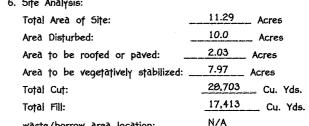
the removal or modification of sediment control practices. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made. Other related state and federal permits shall be referenced, to ensure coordination and to

2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and revisions thereto.

3. Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization is required within three (3) calendar days as to the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1); and seven (7) calendar days as to all other disturbed areas on the project site except for those areas under active grading.

4. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for topsoil (Sec. B-4-2), permanent seeding (Sec. B-4-5), temporary seeding (Sec. B-4-4) and mulching (Sec. B-4-3). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates if the ground is frozen. Incremental stabilization (Sec. B-4-1) specifications shall be enforced in areas with >15' of cut and/or fill. Stockpiles (Sec. B-4-0) in excess of 20 ft. must be benched with stable outlet. All concentrated flow, steep slope, and highly erodible areas shall receive soil stabilization matting (Sec. B-4-6).

5. All sediment control structures are to remain in place, and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the CID. 6. Site Analysis:



waste/borrow area location:

7. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired

8. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the CID. The site and all controls shall be inspected by the contractor weekly; and the next day after each rain event. A written report by the contractor, made available upon request, is part of every inspection and should include:

• Inspection type (routine, pre-storm event, during rain event) Name and title of inspector Weather information (current conditions as well as time and amount of last recorded precipitation) Brief description of project's status (e.g., percent complete) and/or current activities
Evidence of sediment discharges
Identification of plan deficiencies Identification of sediment controls that require maintenance • Identification of missing or improperly installed sediment controls • Compliance status regarding the sequence of construction and stabilization requirements Monitoring/sampling Maintenance and/or corrective action performed · Other inspection items as required by the General Permit for Stormwater Associated with Construction

9. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can and shall be back-filled and stabilized by the end of each workday, whichever is shorter. 10. Any major changes or revisions to the plan or sequence of construction must be reviewed and approved by the HSCD prior to proceeding with construction. Minor revisions may allowed by the CID per the list of HSCD-approved field changes.

11. Disturbance shall not occur outside the LO.D. A project is to be sequenced so that grading activities begin on one grading unit (maximum acreage of 20 ac. per grading unit) at a time. Work may proceed to a subsequent grading unit when at least 50 percent of the disturbed area in the preceding grading unit has been stabilized and approved by the HSCD. Unless otherwise specified and approved by the HSCD, no more than 30 acres cumulatively may be disturbed at a given time.

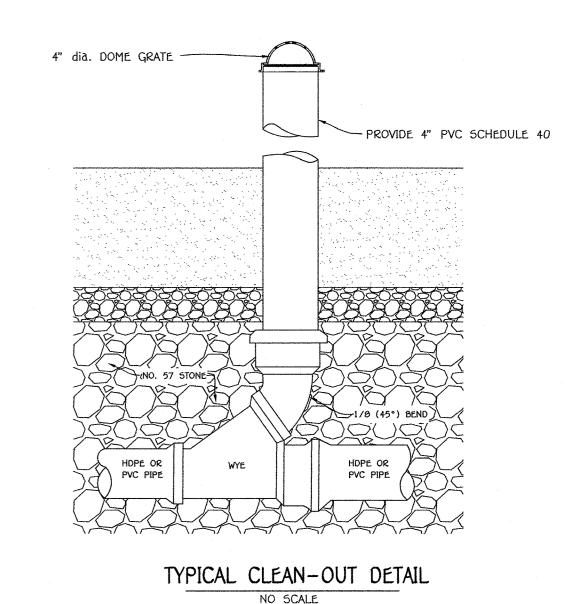
14. All Silt Fence and Super Silt Fence shall be placed on-the-contour, and be imbricated at 25' minimum

12. Wash water from any equipment, vehicles, wheels, pavement, and other sources must be treated in a sediment basin or other approved washout structure. 13. Topsoil shall be stockpiled and preserved on-site for redistribution onto final grade.

intervals, with lower ends curled uphill by 2' in elevation. 15. Stream channels must not be disturbed during the following restricted time periods • Use I and IP March 1 - June 15

• Use III and IIIP October 1 - April 30 Use IV March 1 - May 31 16. A copy of this plan, the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT

CONTROL, and associated permits shall be on-site and available when the site is active



PPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

9/28/2 Chief. Division of Land Development



ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATI certify that this plan for sediment and erosion control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District." 13/2020

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE /We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan for sediment and erosion control, and that all responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. also authorize periodic on site inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation District."

This development plan is approved for soil erosion and sediment control by the HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

0+00

OWNER/DEVELOPER WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION C/O LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT 8000 MAIN STREET ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (410) 480-9105

REVISED UNDERGROUND S.W.M. FACILITY TO A SURFACE SAND FILTER & ADDED NEW SEEDING AND STABILIZATION SPECS REVISED TITLE BLOCK TO REFLECT TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS FROM 29 TO 30 DATE REVISION SUBDIVISION NAME SECTION/AREA LOT/PARCEL NO GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS PARCEL 'B' GRID NO. ZONE TAX MAP NO. ELEC. DIST. CENSUS TR. 13433, 13434 5 & 10 PEC THIRD 603000 13437 WATER CODE SEWER CODE

3+00

SURFACE SAND FILTER (F-1) DETAILS

REVISED

GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS

SECTION 7

PARCEL 'B' DAY CARE CENTER AND CONDOMINIUM OFFICE BUILDINGS 1-30

TAX MAP No: 16 PART OF PARCEL: 424 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT, HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: 1" = 30' DATE: MARCH, 2020 SHEET 18 OF 18



ignature of Engineer (print name below signature)

of Developer (print name below signature)

H05 5992000

460

455

450

5DP-02-74