SHEET INDEX

SHEET	DESCRIPTION
1	COVER SHEET
2	SITE PLAN
3	GRADING PLAN
4	SEDIMENT/EROSION CONTROL PLAN & DA MAP
5	SEDIMENT/EROSION CONTROL DETAILS & NOTES
6	SEDIMENT/EROSION CONTROL DETAILS & NOTES
7	UTILITY PROFILES
8	UTILITY PROFILES
9	SITE AND LANDSCAPE DETAILS
10	LANDSCAPE PLAN
11	retaining wall
12	RETAINING WALL
13	RETAINING WALL

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All construction shall be performed in accordance with the latest standards and specifications of Howard County, plus MSHA standards and specifications if applicable
- 2. Approximate location of existing utilities are based solely on available records. Contractor shall verify the location of any utilities which may be impacted by the work. The contractor shall take all necessary precautions to protect the existing utilities and maintain uninterrupted service. Any damage incurred due to contractors operation shall be repaired immediately at the contractor's expense,
- 3. The contractor shall test pit existing utilities at least five (5) days before starting work shown on these drawings to verify their location and elevation. The contractor shall notify the engineer immediately if location of utilities is other than shown.
- 4. The contractor shall notify 'Miss Utility' at 1-800-257-7777 at least 48 hours prior to any excavation work being done, and shall notify the Department of Public Works/Bureau of Engineering/Construction inspection Division at (410) 313-1880 at least five (5) working days prior to the start of work.
- 5. Any damage caused by the Contractor to existing public right-of-way, existing paving, existing curb and gutter, existing utilities, etc. shall be repaired at the Contactors expense.
- 6. Topography per field survey by DMW Inc. dated 7/12/01.

7. Public water and sewer provided by contract No. 24-1770-0

- 8. All fill areas shall be compacted to a minimum of 95% of the maximum dry density as determined and verified in accordance with AASHTO T-180 -- standard. 9. Regional stormwater management and water quality are provided in a retention facility located on Benson Business Center Open Space Lot 1, per SDP 90-70. 10. There are no wetlands, floodplains, or streams, on this site; wetland buffers on site per Record Plat #9613 (F 90-154).
- 11. Traffic Study produced by Street Traffic Studies, Ltd, on October 17th, 2001
- 12. Operating existing valves, switches, services or start up of new services shall be coordinated with the owners representative.
- 13. The building will be provided with a sprinkler system.
- 14. Trench compaction for storm drains shall be in accordance with
- Howard County Design Manual IV, Std. No. G-2.01.
- 15. Unless otherwise noted, dimensions from curb are measured at face of curb.
- 16. Refer to architectural drawings for bullding dimensions.
- 17. The Contractor shall coordinate the location of all water, sewer, and drain house connections with the mechanical drawings.
- 18. The Contractor shall maintain 2.0 feet minimum cover over all utilities during construction.
- 19. Unless otherwise noted, all utility connections shall be capped or plugged five feet from buildings.
- 20. Electric, telephone, gas, cable, lighting, and retaining walls to be designed by others. Where those facilities are shown, they are for coordination purposes only.
- 21. All Spot Elevations are to the bottom face of curb unless otherwise noted
- 22. There are no known cemeteries or burlal grounds on this site. However, upon discovery of any evidence of burial or graves, the developer will be subject to Section 16.1305 of the Howard County Subdivision
- and Land Development Regulations.
- 23. All exterior lighting fixtures shall be installed in compliance with Section 134 of the Zoning Regulations.
- 24. No clearing, grading, or construction is permitted within the required wetlands, streams, or their buffers and forest conservation easement areas. Stream buffers were not required when plot was recorded; therefore, disturbance to the stream buffer does not require a waiver petition. 25. Boundary information shown hereon is based upon information obtained from available records only. It does not, therefore, reflect the results of a boundary survey.
- 26. This project is exempt from the forest conservation requirements per Section 16.1202(b)(1)(iv) of Howard County Code because it is part of a planned unit development (New Town) with preliminary plan approval prior to 12/31/92, and because the M-1 zoned portion of the site was recorded and graded prior to 12/31/92, SDP-90-70.
- 27. No Sight Distance Analysis is required as the east entrance is a right turn-in, with no egress, and the west entrance is on a cul-de-sac.
- 28. Drive entrance will be in accordance with Howard County Design Manual III Fig. 2.18
- 29. Traffic study has been approved.
- 30. This plan is subject to the Fourth Edition of the Subdivision Regulations.

SITE ANALYSIS DATA CHART

1. General Site Data

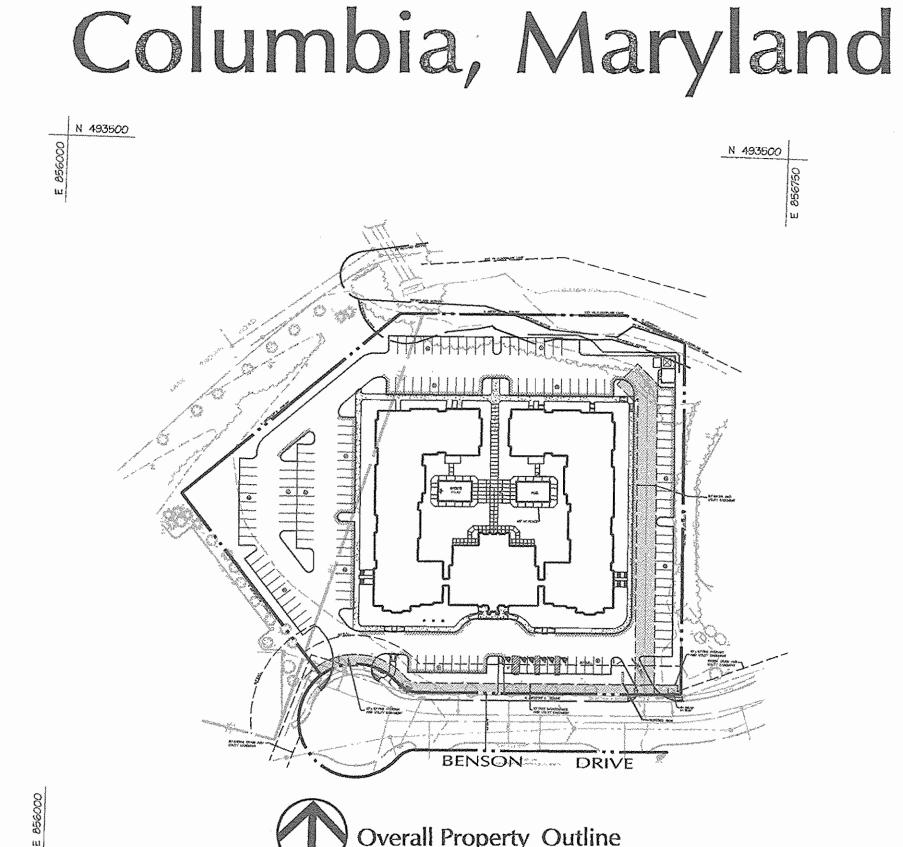
- a. Present Zoning: NT (Commercial) and M-1 b. Applicable DPZ File References: FDP Phase 202, 5-88-114, PB 242, P-90-20, SDP 90-70, F 90-154, F-02-120
- c. Proposed Use of Site or Structure(s): Hotel with 150 hotel rooms
- d. Proposed Water and Sewer Systems: X Public Private e. Any Other Information Which May be Relevant:

2. Area Tabulation

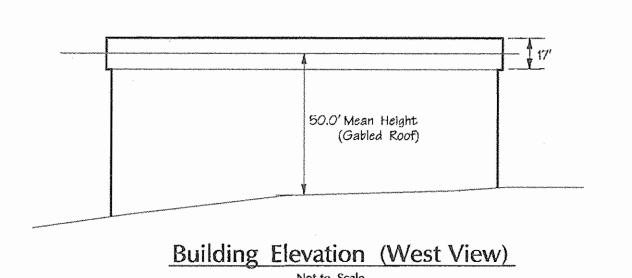
- a. Total Project Area: 3.8017 Acres
- b. Area of This Plan Submission: 3.8 Acres
 c. Limit of Disturbed Area: 3.7 Acres
- 3. Parking Space Data -- See Special Exception
- a. Floor Space on Each Level per Building(s) per Use: ±32,629 s.f. ±29,410 s.f. ±29,410 s.f. 3rd ±29,410 s.f. ±120,859 s.f.
- b. Maximum Number of Employees per Use: 15
- C. Number of Parking Spaces Required by ZonIng Regulations and Criteria: ____
 - 1 space/hotel room, 150 rooms = 150 spaces
- 1 space/5 employees, 15 employees = 3 spaces Total Required spaces = 153 spaces
- d. Total Number of Parking Spaces Provided On-Site:

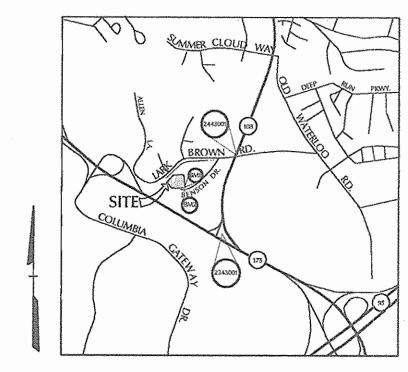
Number of Handicapped Parking Spaces Provided: _

Site Development Plan Homewood Suites at Benson Park, Parcel 'E'



N 492750





LOCATION MAP

BENCHMARKS

DESCRIPTION

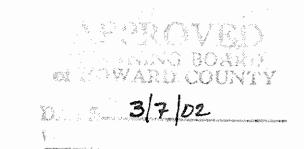
B.M. #1: REBAR AND CAP FOUND ("LS163") NORTHERN-MOST RIW OF BENSON DRIVE AT THE SOUTHEAST

CORNER OF PARCEL 'E' ELEV. 309.20

BM #2: REBAR AND CAP FOUND ALONG THE SOUTHERN-MOST RIW OF BENSON DRIVE (OPPOSITE BM #1) AT THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF PARCEL B ELEV. 309.18

ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERRED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM 1929 WITH LOCAL REFERENCE CONTROL PROVIDED BY GUTSCHICK, LITTLE, AND WEBER, PA.

	ADDRESS CHART
PARCEL NUMBERS	STREET ADDRESS
"E"	8320 BENSON DRIVE



1 1110	<u> </u>	CITAL COSITE DE 1,07 T	Tradance of 5014	1140		
CHIEF. D	ude	MENT ENGINEERING DIVISION HEAD DEVELOPMENT HE	•	4/24/02 DATE 4/24/02 DATE DATE		
Date	No.	Revision	n Description			
	Homewood Suites at Benson Park					
	PARCEL 'E'					
	OWNER/DEVELOPER The Artery Development Corporation Artery Hotel Development, L.L.C. 7200 Wisconsin Ave, Suite 1000 Bethesda, MD 20814					

APPROVED HOWARD COUNTY DEPT OF PLANNING & ZONING

3.75.02 Date

Daft · McCune · Walker, Inc. A Team of Land Planners, Landscape Architects, Engineers, Surveyors &

Environmental Professionals Fax 296 4705 BENSON BUSINESS CTV. PARCEL 'E' 15329 19/20 M-1/NT 37 6th

PEWER CODE 342 0000 E-08

COVER SHEET

200 East Pennsylvania Avenue

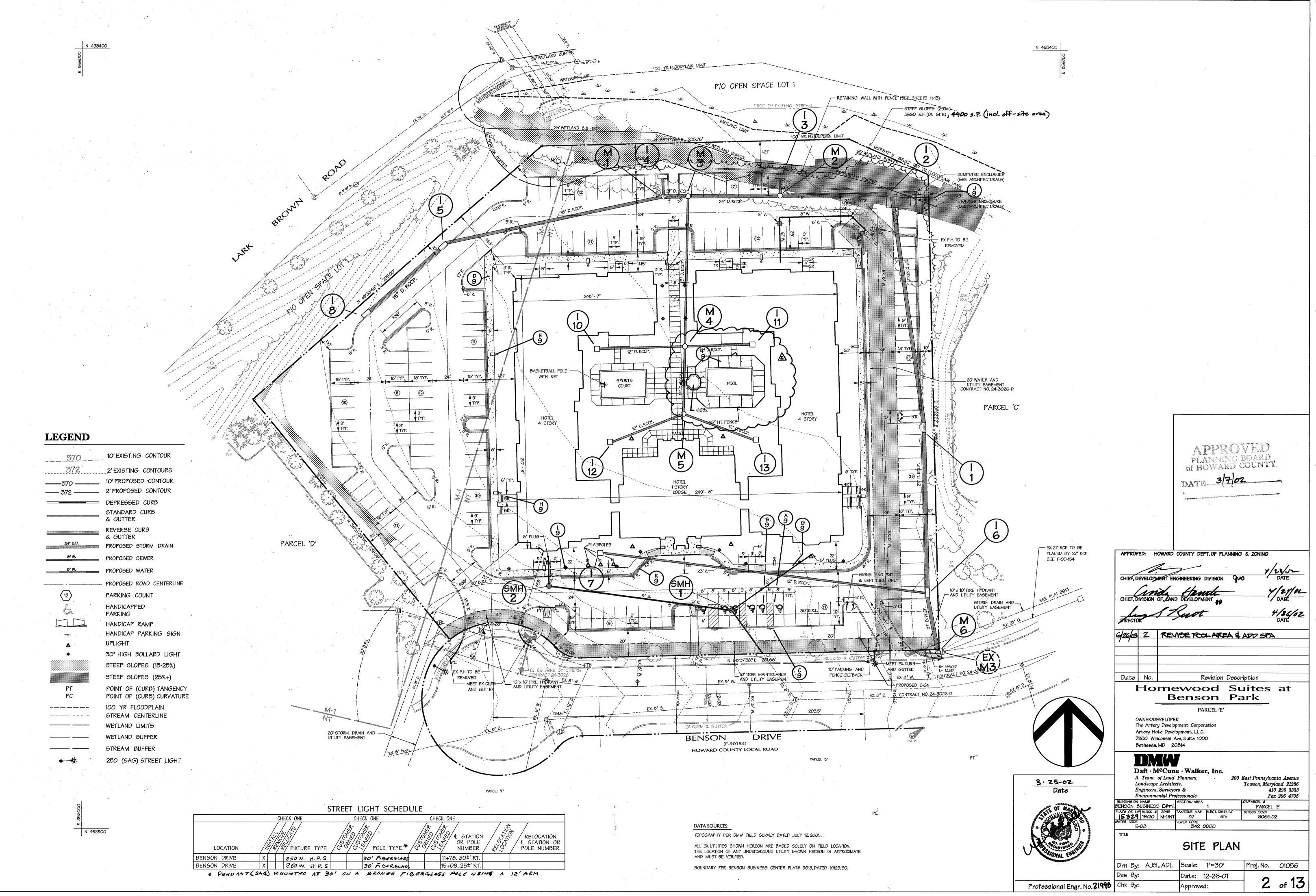
Towson, Maryland 21286

410 296 3333

Scale: AS NOTED Proj. No. 01056 Drn By: AJS Des By: Date: 12-17-01 of 13 Chk By:

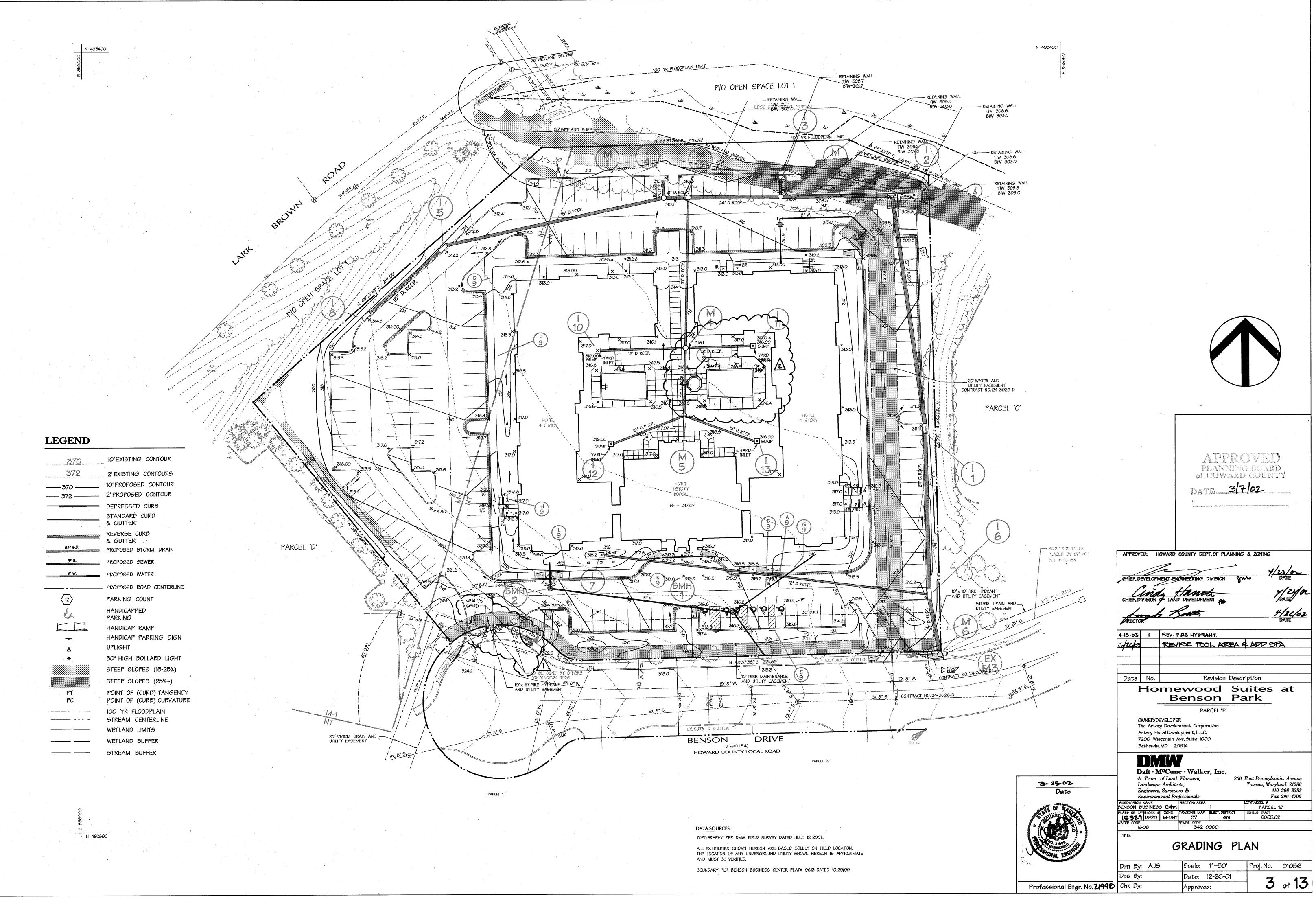
SDP-02-40

Mon Mar 25 11:31:37 2002 n:\01056\01056.cvr



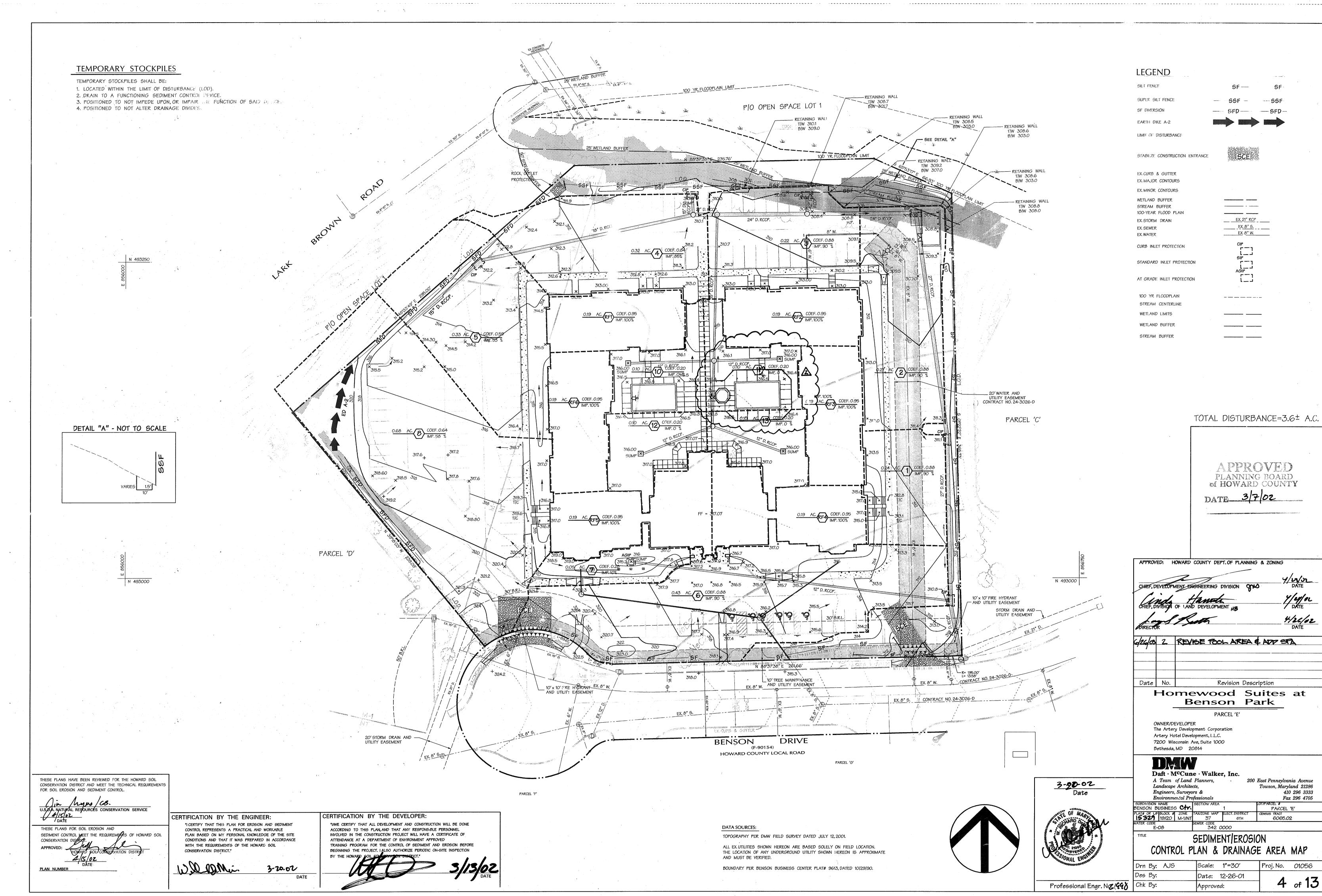
SDP-02-40

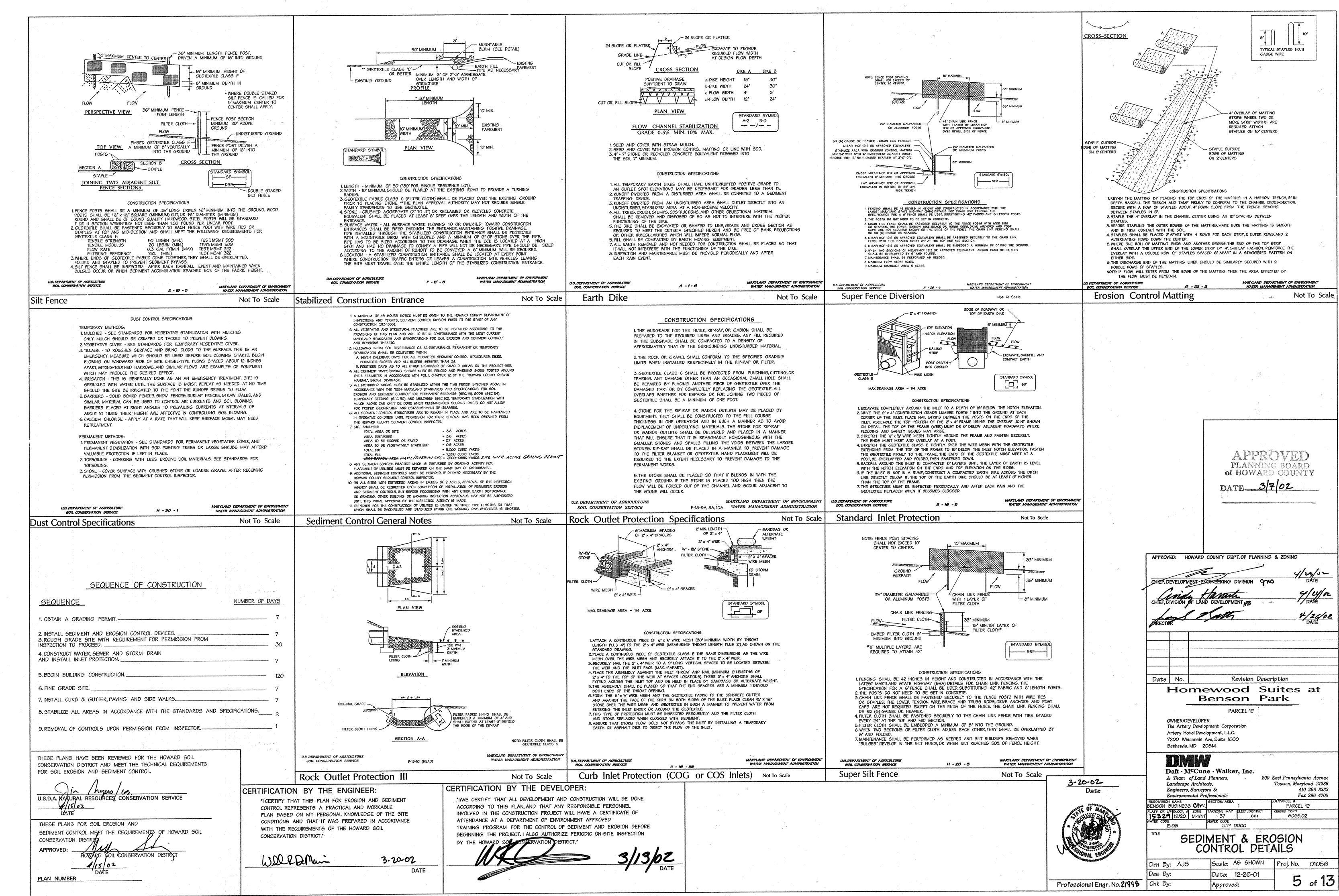
Mon Mar 25 11:28:19 2002 n:\01056\01056.sp2



SDP-02-40 Mon

Mon Mar 25 11:33:58 2002 n:\01056\01056gr1





SDP-02-40

Two Mar 12 1524:53 2002 m\01056\01056\dutase Wd +1:+Z:E Z0/ZI/E autas

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials

A. Site Preparation

- i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary or permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, vaterways, or sediment control basins.
- ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.
- iii. Schedule required soil test to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

B. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

Soil test must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.

- ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all'be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee of the producer.
- iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 - 100% will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.
- iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

C. Seedbed Preparation

Temporary Seeding

- a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" o '5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted o construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition.
 - Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the counter of the slope.
- b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
- c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

li. Permanent Seeding

- a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:
 - Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0 Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm) 3. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay but enough fine grained material (> 30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if
 - lovearass or serecia lespedeza is to be planted, then a sandy soil (< 30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
 - 4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate
 - root penetration. 6. If these conditions cannot be met by the soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.
- b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or other-wise loosened to a depth of 3 - 5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.
- c. Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.
- d. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soll in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1 - 3" of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly disturbed areas.

D. Seed Specifications

i. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.

Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.

ii. Inoculant - The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75-80 F can weaken bacteria and make the innoculant less effective.

E. Methods of Seeding

- i. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeder, or a culti
 - a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous): 200 lbs/ac.; K20 (potasslum): 200 lbs/ac.
 - b. Lime use only ground agricultural limestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one
 - c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.
- ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast
 - a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 25 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighed roller to provide good seed soil contact.
 - b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in
- III. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and
 - a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering.
 - Seedbed must be firm after planting.
 - b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in

F. Mulch Specifications (in order of preference)

- Straw snall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonably bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.
- ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)
 - a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.
 - b. WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.
 - c. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors.
 - d. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedings.
 - e. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic.
 - f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile straw much should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired.

G. Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas where one species of grass is desired.

> i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch alone shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.

II. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tonslacre. Mulch shall be applied in a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tonslacre.

iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

H. Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard

> I. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the contour

II. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys or on crest of banks. The remainder of area should appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders - such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.

iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

Section II - Temporary Seeding Vegetation - annual grass or grain used to provide cover on disturbed areas for up to 12 months. For longer duration of vegetative cover, Permanent Seeding is required.

	SEED MIX	TURE (HARDINESS FROM TABLE		FERTILIZER RATE	LIME RATE	
NO.	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC)	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	(10-10-10)	
1	ANNUAL RYEGRASS	50		14" -1/2"		
2	WEEPING LOVEGRASS	4		1/4" -1/2"	600 LB/AC (15 LB/1000 SF)	2 TONS/AC (100 LB/1000 SF)

Section III - Permanent Seeding

Seeding grass and legumes to establish ground cover for a minimum period of one year on disturbed areas generally receiving low maintenance.

Seed Mixture No. 3 (Hardiness Zone 7A)				Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)		Lime			
%	Species	Application Rate (Lb./Ac.)	Seeding * Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P205	K20	Rate	
85	Rebel II Tail Fescue	125			90	175	175	0 714	
10	Pennfine Perennial Ryegrass	15	3/1 - 5/15 8/15 - 11/15	14"-1/2"	Lb./Ac. (2 Lb./ 1000	Lb./Ac. (4 Lb./ 1000	Lb./Ac. (4 Lb./ 1000	2 Tons/Ac (100 Lb./ 1000 Sq.Ft.)	
5	Kenblue Kentucky Bluegrass	10			Sq.Ft.)	Sq.Ft.)	Sq.Ft.)		

* For 5-16 through 8-14 add two (2) pounds of Weeping Lovegrass per acre or ten (10) pounds of Millet per acre to seed mixture (i.e. Mix #3 shown). Section IV - Sod - To provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter).

A. General Specifications

- i. Class of turfgrass sod shall be Maryland or Virginia State Certified or Approved. Sod labels shall be made available to the job foreman and inspector.
- ii. Sod shall be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of 3/4", plus or minus 1/4", at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness shall exclude top growth and thatch. Individual pieces of sod shall be cut to the suppliers width and length. Maximum allowable deviation from standard widths and lengths shall be 5 percent. Broken pads and torn or uneven ends will not be

- III. Standard size sections of sod shall be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the section.
- iv. Sod shall not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may adversely affect its survival.

v. Sod shall be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this period shall be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its ristallation.

B. Sod Installation

- i. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, the subsoil shall be lightly irrigated immediately prior to laying the sod.
- II. The first row of sod shall be laid in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to and tightly wedged against each other. Lateral joints shall be staggered to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would cause air drying of the roots.
- iii. Wherever possible, sod shall be laid with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Sod shall be rolled and tamped, pegged or otherwise secured to prevent slippage on slopes and to ensure solld contact between sod roots and the underlying soil surface.
- Iv. Sod shall be watered immediately following rolling or tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soll'surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. The operations laying tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod shall be completed within eight

C. Sod Maintenance

- i. In the absence of adequate rainfall, watering shall be performed daily or as often as necessary during the first week and in sufficient quantities to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4". Watering should be done during the heat of the day to prevent
- II. After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content.
- iii. The first mowing of sod should not be attempted until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf shall be removed by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Grass height shall be maintained between 2" and 3" unless otherwise

Section V - Turfgrass Establishment

Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium high level of maintenance. Areas to receive seed shall be tilled by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, leveled and raked to prepare a prope seedbed. Stones and debris over 1½ inches in diameter shall be removed. The resulting seedbed

A. Turfgrass Mixtures

- 1. Kentucky Bluegrass Full sun mixture For use in areas that receive Intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and eastern shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds/1000 square feet. A minimum of three bluegrass cultivars should be chosen ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.
- ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye Full sun mixture For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding rate: 2 pounds mixture/1000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky Bluearass Cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from 10% to 35% of the mixture by weight.
- III. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass Full sun mixture For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 - 100%, certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars O - 5%. Seeding rate: 5 to 8 lb/ 1000 sf. One or more cultivars may be blended.
- lv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue Shade Mixture For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30-40% and certified Fine Fescue and 60-70%. Seeding rate: 11/2 - 3 lbs/1000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky Bluegrass cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.

Note: Turfgrass varieties should be selected from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Mimeo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland".

B. Ideal times of seeding

- Western MD: March 15 June 1, August 1 October 1 (Hardiness Zones - 5b, 6a)
- Central MD: March 1 May 15, August 15 October 15 (Hardiness
- Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 May 15, August 15 October 15 (Hardiness Zones - 7a, 7b)

C. Irrigation

if soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedlings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2" - 1" every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedlings are made lat in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on

D. Repairs and Maintenance

- Inspect all seeded areas for failures and make necessary repairs, replacements, and reseedings within the planting season.
- i. Once the vegetation is established, the site shall have 95% groundcover to be considered adequately stabilized.
- ii. If the stand provides less than 40% ground coverage, reestablish following original lime, fertilizer, seedbed preparation and seeding
- III. If the stand provides between 40% and 94% ground coverage, overseeding and fertilizing using half of the rates originally applied may be necessary.
- iv. Maintenance fertilizer rates for permanent seedings are shown in Table 24. For lawns and other medium high maintenance turfgrase areas, refer to the University of Maryland publication "Lawn Care in Maryland" Bulletin No. 171.

G - 20 - 1A Vegetative Stabilization

"I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT

PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE

CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE

JOR DeMani 3.20-02

CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE

WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL

CERTIFICATION BY THE ENGINEER

CONSERVATION DISTRICT."

CERTIFICATION BY THE DEVELOPER:

PLAN NUMBER

"IWE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE." ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN, AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE

CONSERVATION DISTRICT

BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION

THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF HOWARD SOIL

FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

U.S.D.A. NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

DATE

ii. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization- Section I- Vegetative Stabilization Methods and

V. Topsoil Application

TOPSOIL

Definition

vegetation.

unacceptable soil gradation.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Construction and Material Specifications

other materials larger 11/2 Inch in diameter.

operations as described in the following procedures.

II. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres:

III. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:

to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

may be used in lieu of natural topsol

Agricultural Experimental Station.

21.0 STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce

II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization.

Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown

I. Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be

in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland

II. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following:

I. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist

and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by

II. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.

iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tonslacre (200-400 pounds per 1,000

square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly

over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage

I. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and

b. Organic contents of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.

Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified

I. On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:

a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH

of less than '6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.

c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be

or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.)

agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority,

volume of cinders, stones, slags, coarse fragments, gravel sticks, roots, trash, and

salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section

b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to

support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.

d. The soll is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.

moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or

I. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

i. When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slop Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins.

ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4% - 8% higher in elevation.

iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 41 - 81 layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 41%. Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water packets.

iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

PLANNING BOARD of HOWARD COUNTY DATE 3/7/02

Y/ZY/OR

200 East Pennsylvania Avenue

PARCEL 'E

Towson, Maryland 21286

Proj. No. 01056

410 296 3333

Fax 296 4705

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PLANNING & ZONING

4/23/02 HIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT HE

Date No. Revision Description Homewood Suites at Benson Park

PARCEL 'E' OWNER/DEVELOPER The Artery Development Corporation Artery Hotel Development, L.L.C.

7200 Wisconsin Ave, Suite 1000

Bethesda, MD 20814

Daft · McCune · Walker, Inc.

A Team of Land Planners, Landscape Architects,

Engineers, Surveyors & Environmental Professional ENSON BUSINESS CAV.

> 6TH 6065.02 E-08 342 0000 SEDIMENT & EROSION

CONTROL NOTES Scale: AS SHOWN Drn By: AJS

Des By:

Professional Engr. No. 21998 Chk By:

pproved: #101056/01056/88/13se M4 31:33:E SØ\ZI/E euth

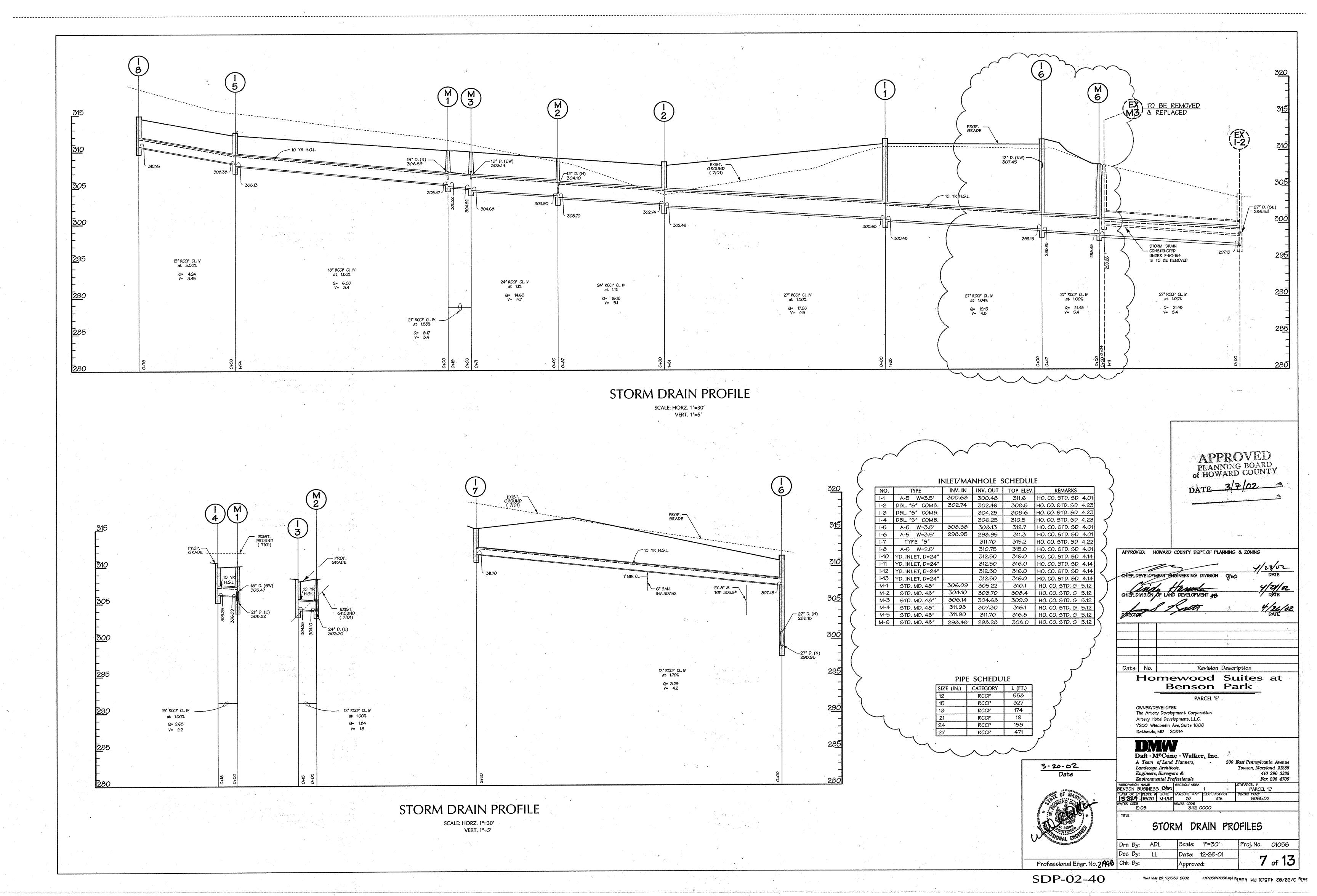
SDP-02-40

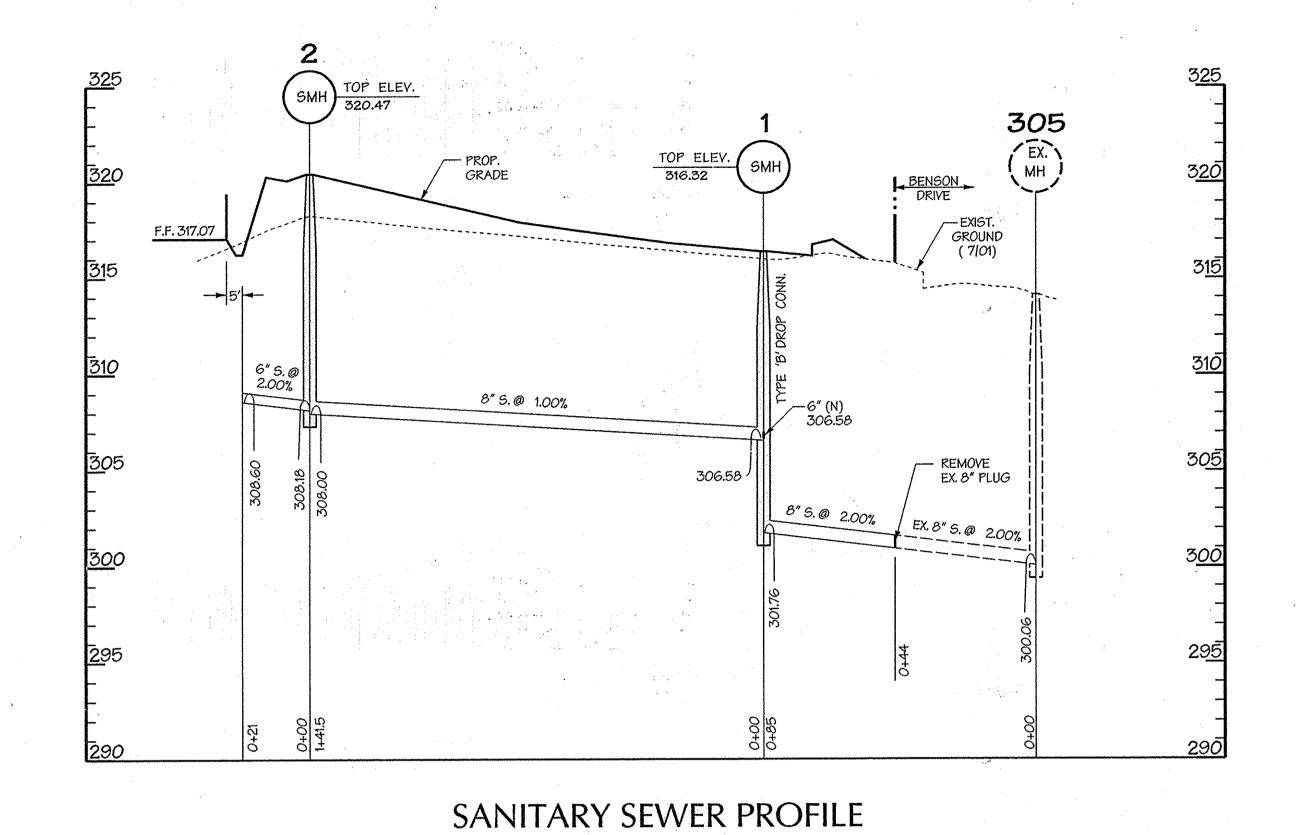
3-20-02

Date

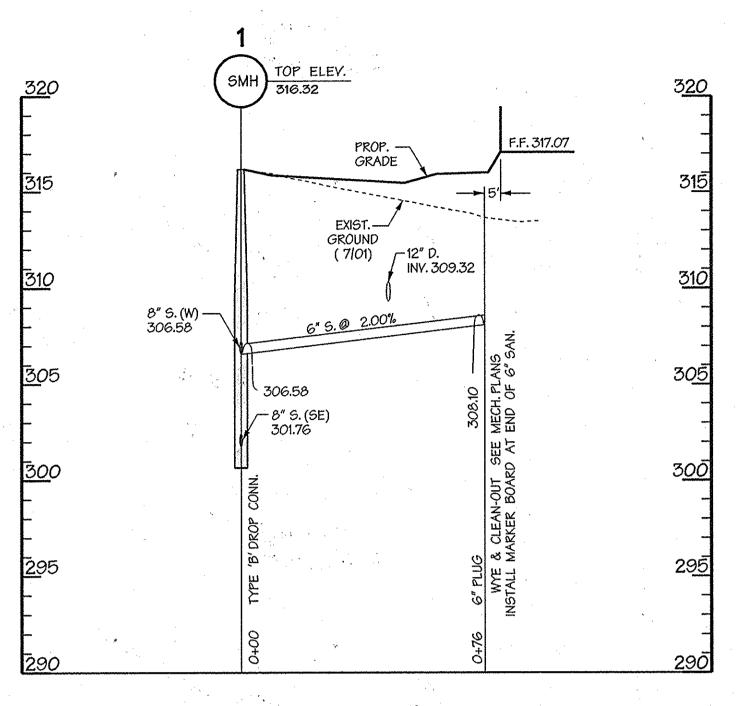
Tue Mar 12 15:25:42 2002

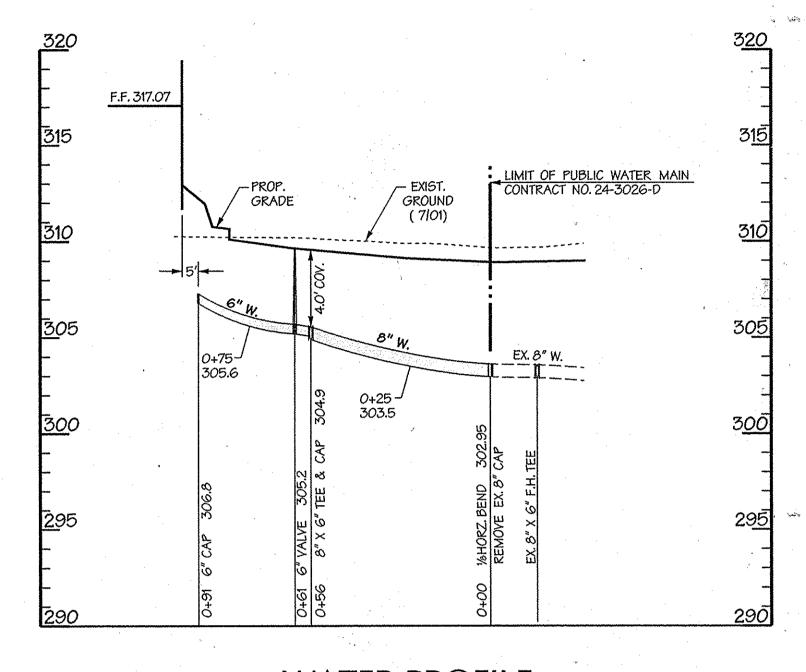
Date: 12-26-01





SCALE: HORZ. 1"=30' VERT. 1"=5'





SANITARY SEWER PROFILE

SCALE: HORZ. 1"=30' VERT. 1"=5'

WATER PROFILE SCALE: HORZ. 1"=30'

VERT. 1"=5'

APPROVED
PLANNING BOARD
of HOWARD COUNTY

Revision Description

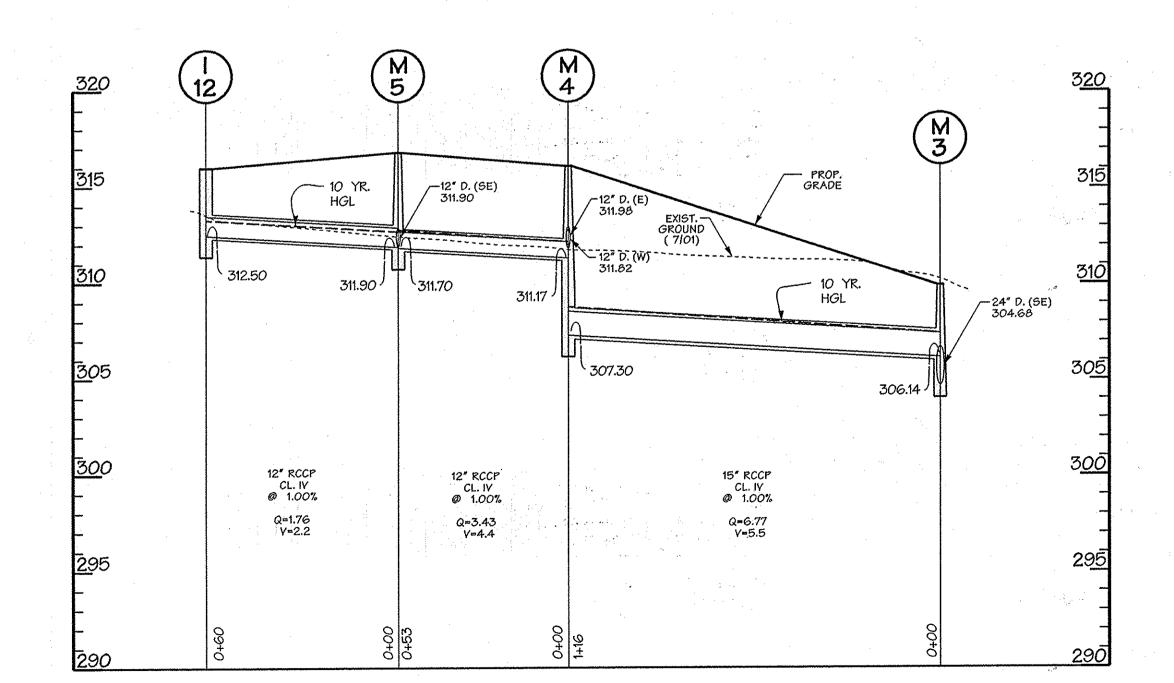
Homewood Suites at Benson Park

PARCEL 'E'

4/23/UZ DATE

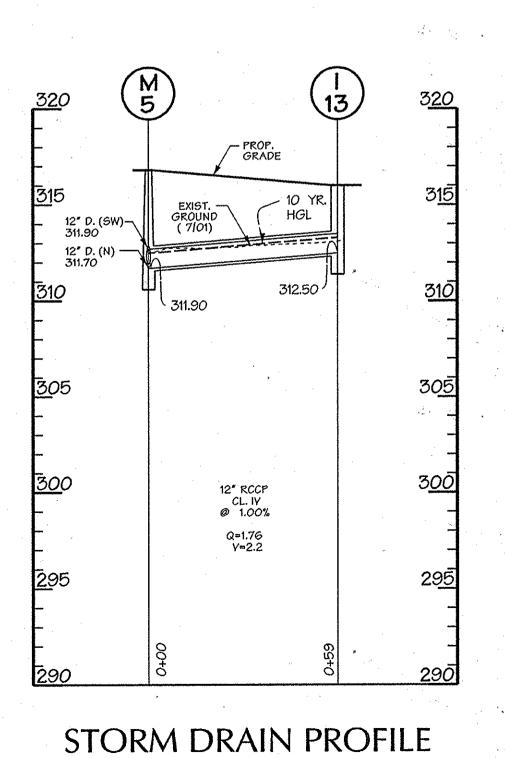
4/24/02 DATE

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PLANNING & ZONING



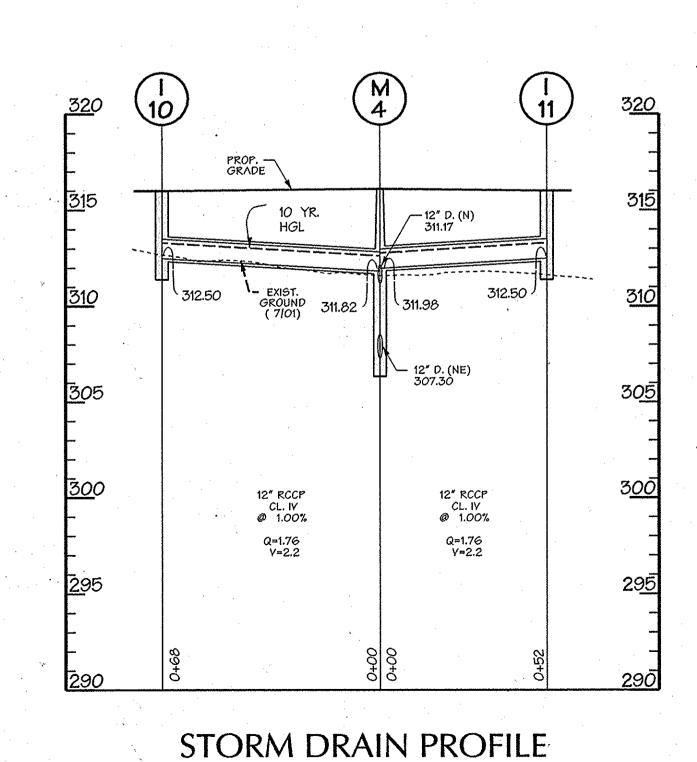
STORM DRAIN PROFILE

SCALE: HORZ. 1°=30′ VERT. 1"=5′



SCALE: HORZ. 1"=30'

VERT. 1"=5'



SCALE: HORZ. 1"=30' VERT. 1"=5'

3-20-02 Date

Bethesda, MD 20814 DMW Daft · McCune · Walker, Inc. A Team of Land Planners, Landscape Architects, Engineers, Surveyors & Environmental Professionals SUBDIVISION NAME
BENSON BUSINESS CANS

OWNER/DEVELOPER
The Artery Development Corporation
Artery Hotel Development, L.L.C.
7200 Wisconsin Ave, Suite 1000

Date No.

200 East Pennsylvania Avenue Towson, Maryland 21286 410 296 3333 Fax 296 4705 PLATA OR LIF BLOCK & ZÓNE TAXIZÓNE MAP ELECT. DISTRICT 15321 19/20 M-1/NT 37 61H

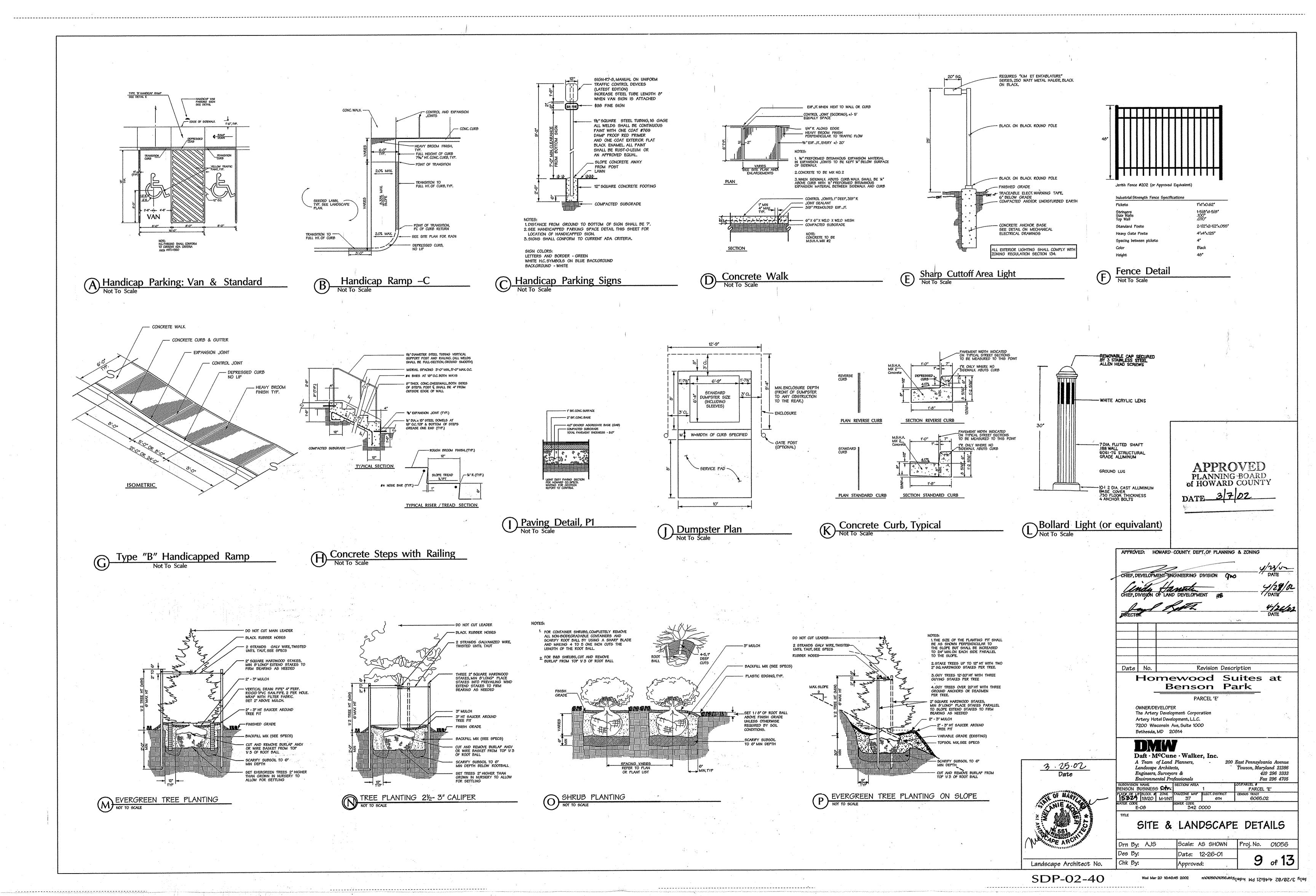
WATER CODE SEWER CODE 342 0000

UTILITY PROFILES

Drn By: WDE Scale: 1"=30' Proj. No. 01056 Des By: DFM Date: 10-25-01 Professional Engr. No 21498

SDP-02-40

Wed Mar 20 16:16:01 2002 1614 3/20/02 4:15:55 PM Kdelugaronosconom



PLANT LIST QTY SYM BOTANICAL NAME! COMMON NAME SIZE REMARKS LARGE TREES 8 & B 8' - 10' HT. Betula nigra 'Heritage' HERITAGE RIVER BIRCH B & B BN2 Betula nigra 'Heritage' 8' - 10' HT. SINGLE LEADER HERITAGE RIVER BIRCH 2 1/2" - 3" CAL. в & в 12' - 14' HT. 2 1/2" - 3" CAL. 12' - 14' HT. 2 1/2" - 3" CAL. 12' - 14' HT. FULL HEAD RED OAK EVERGREEN TREES 6' - 8' HT. llex x 'Nellie Stevens' 6' - 8' HT. 6' - 8' HT. 8 & B EASTERN WHITE PINE FLOWERING TREES 8' 10'HT. B & B SHADBLOW SERVICEBERRY SNOWDRIFT CRABAPPLE Lagerstromia indica 'Glendora White' 8' - 10' HT GLENDORA WHITE CREPE MYRTLE

Note: Four (4) Eastern White Pine added along north perimeter instead of Leyland Cypress, as requested by the Planning Board, because HRD determined that the pine trees would provide a larger buffer and survive longer.

General Planting Notes

All plant material to meet A.A.N. Standards.

2. and scape Contractor to follow landscape specification guidelines for Baltimore Washington Metro area approved by LCAMW. 3. No substitutions to be made without consent of Landscape Architect or Owner.

4. All beds to be topped with three inches of hardwood mulch. 5. Landscape Contractor to verify location of utilities with Owner before planting.

Landscape Contractor to Verry location of Utilities with Cwild before plantage.
 Landscape Architect/Owner shall select, verify and/or approve all plant material. At Owner's discretion, specimen and other plant material will be selected.
 Landscape Contractor shall coordinate plant bed filling operations and plant material installation with General Contractor and Utilities Contractor. At the time

of final inspection with acceptance, all electric, water, drainage, and tountain utilities, as well as all plant materials, shall remain undamaged. Likewise, Landscape Contractor and Utilities Contractor shall coordinate efforts to ensure that surface

utilities are at the proper elevation relative to final grades.

Contractor shall notify Miss Utility 72 hours prior to construction. 9. The owner, tenant, and/or their agents shall be responsible for maintenance of the required landscaping, including both plant materials and berms, fences and walls. All plant materials shall be maintained in good growing condition, and when necessary, replaced with new materials to ensure continued compliance with

applicable regulations. All other required landscaping shall be permanently maintained in good condition, and when necessary, repaired or replaced. 10. This plan has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 16.124 of the Ho. Co. code per the new town alternative compliance method. Financial surety for the required landscaping in the amount of \$8,310.00 must be posted as part of the grading permit (18 shade, 97 shrubs).

11. Developer's/Builder's Certificate

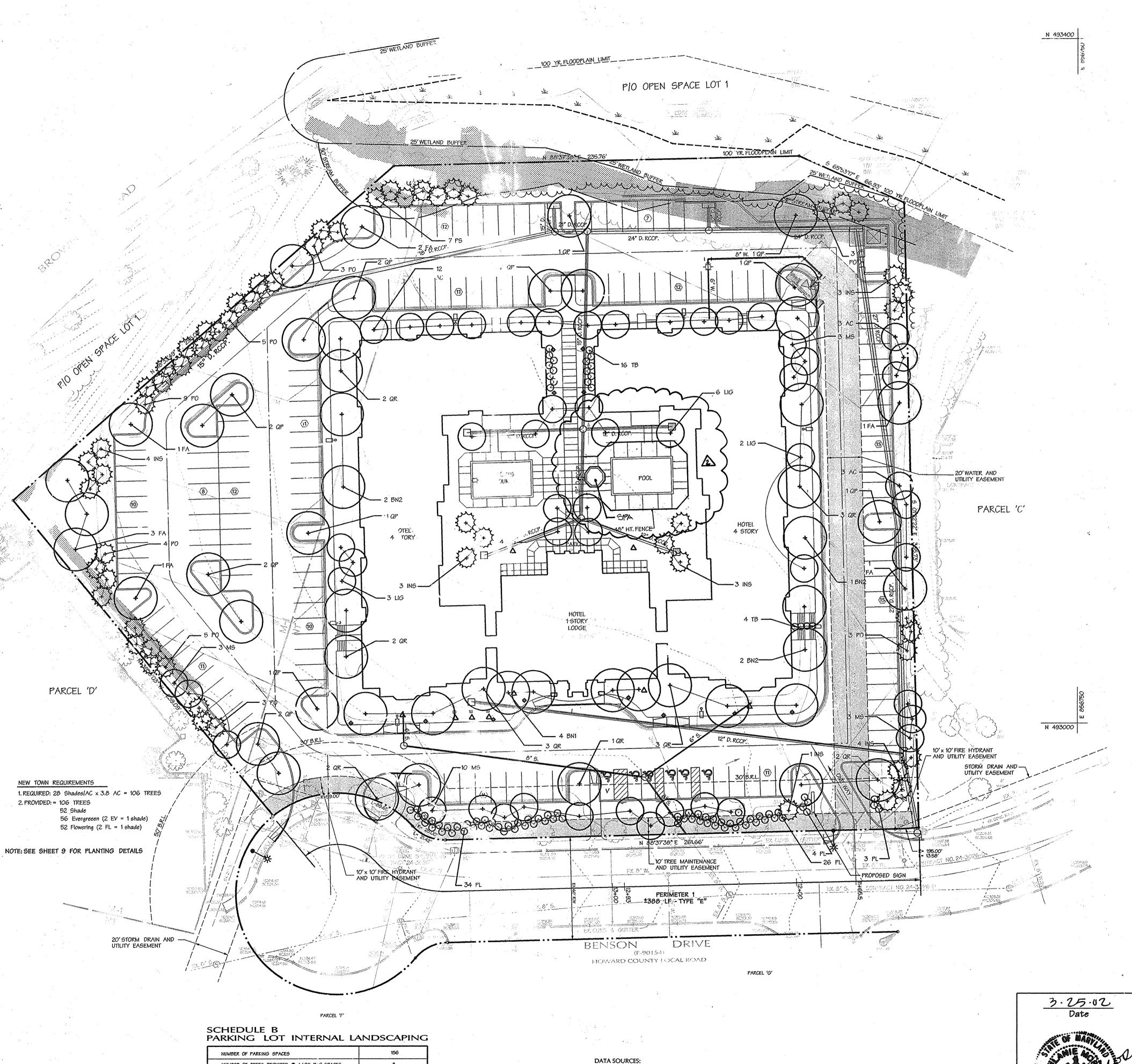
I/we certify that the landscaping shown on this plan will be done according to the plan, Section 16.124 of the Howard County code and the Howard County Landscape Manual. I/we further certify that upon completion, a certification of landscape installation, accompanied by an executed one-year guarantee of plant materials, will be submitted to the Department of Planning and Zoning.

SCHEDULE A

ARTERY HOTEL DEVELOPMENT GROUP

CATEGORY	ADJACENT to ROADWAYS	ADJACENT to PERIMETER PROPERTIES NIA ALL ADJOINING PROPERTIES ARE IN THE SAME SUBDIVISION		
LANDSCAPE TYPE: FRONTAGE/PERIMETER	PERIMETER 1 ±388 L.F. of LANDSCAPE TYPE "E"			
CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	N/A			
CREDIT FOR BERM (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	N/A	<u> </u>		
NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES SHRUBS	10 97			
NUMBER OF PLANTS PROVIDED * SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES OTHER TREES (2:15UBSTITUTION) SHRUBS (DESCRIBE PLANT SUBSTITUTION CREDITS BELOW IF NEEDED)	 5 16 67			

* NOTE: 2 EVERGREENS AND 13 FLOWERING TREES ARE SUBSTITUTED FOR 7 SHADE, AND 3 FLOWERING TREES ARE SUBSTITUTED FOR 30 SHRUBS, PROPOSED SHADE TREES WERE REPLACED PER HRD COMMENTS DATED 11/09/01.



TOPOGRAPHY PER DMW FIELD SURVEY DATED JULY 12, 2001.

ALL EX UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED SOLELY ON FIELD LOCATION. THE LOCATION OF ANY UNDERGROUND UTILITY SHOWN HEREON IS APPROXIMATE

BOUNDARY PER BENSON, BUSINESS CENTER PLAT# 9613, DATED 10/29/90.

NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED # 1/20 P.G.SPACES

NUMBER OF ISLANDS REQUIRED # 1 PER 20 PKG.SP.

NUMBER OF ISLANDS PROVIDED 6 1 PER 20 PKG.SP.

В

NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED SHADE TREES OTHER TREES (2 :1 SUBSTITUTION) LEGEND

2 AING CONTO 10 ROPOSED CONTOUR & GUTTER REVERSE CURB & GUTTER PROPOSED STORM DEAIN PROPOSED SEWER PROPOSED WATER PROPOSED ROAD CENT PLINE PARKING COUNT PARKING HANDICAP RAMP UPLIGHT 30" HIGH BOLLARD SHT STEEP SLOPES (15-25%) STEEF - OPES (25%+) PROPOSED PLANTING

250 (SAG) STREET LIGHT

4/16/02 DATE

200 East Pennsylvania Avenue

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT, OF PLANNING & ZONING 4/4/12

1/26/03 2 REVISE POOLAKEA & ADD SPA

Date No. Revision Description Homewood Suites at Benson Park

PARCEL 'E' OWNER/DEVELOPER The Artery Development Corporation Artery Hotel Development, L.L.C. 7200 Wisconsin Ave, Suite 1000

Bethesda, MD 20814 DNW

Daft · McCune · Walker, Inc. A Team of Land Planners, Landscape Architects, Engineers, Surveyors &

Towson, Maryland 21286 410 296 3333 Environmental Professional Fax 296 4705 UB SON NAME PARCEL 'E' LAT# OR LIF BLOCK # ZONE TAX/ZONE MAP ELECT. DISTRICT
15329 19/20 M-1/NT 37 61

SEWER CODE 342 0000 LANDSCAPE PLAN

Drn By: AJ3 Scale: 1"=30' Proj. No. 01056 Des By: Dave: 12-26-01 Approved:

Chk By:

E-08

SDP-02-40

Landscape Architect No.

WANDERDIDER PRITTED MY 81:04:E SONSIVE ONLY

ALLAN BLOCK

RETAINING WALL ELEVATION

Horizontal Scale: 1"=10'

Vertical Scale: 1"=10'

WALL NUMBER: NE corner of site

GENERAL NOTES

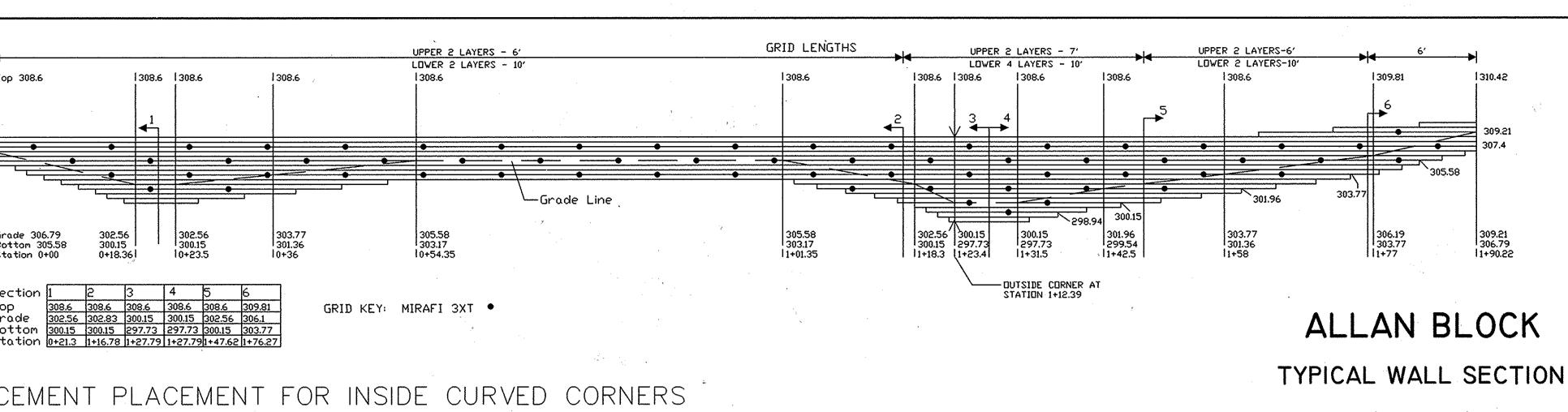
15# was used in the global stability calculations.

LOCATION:

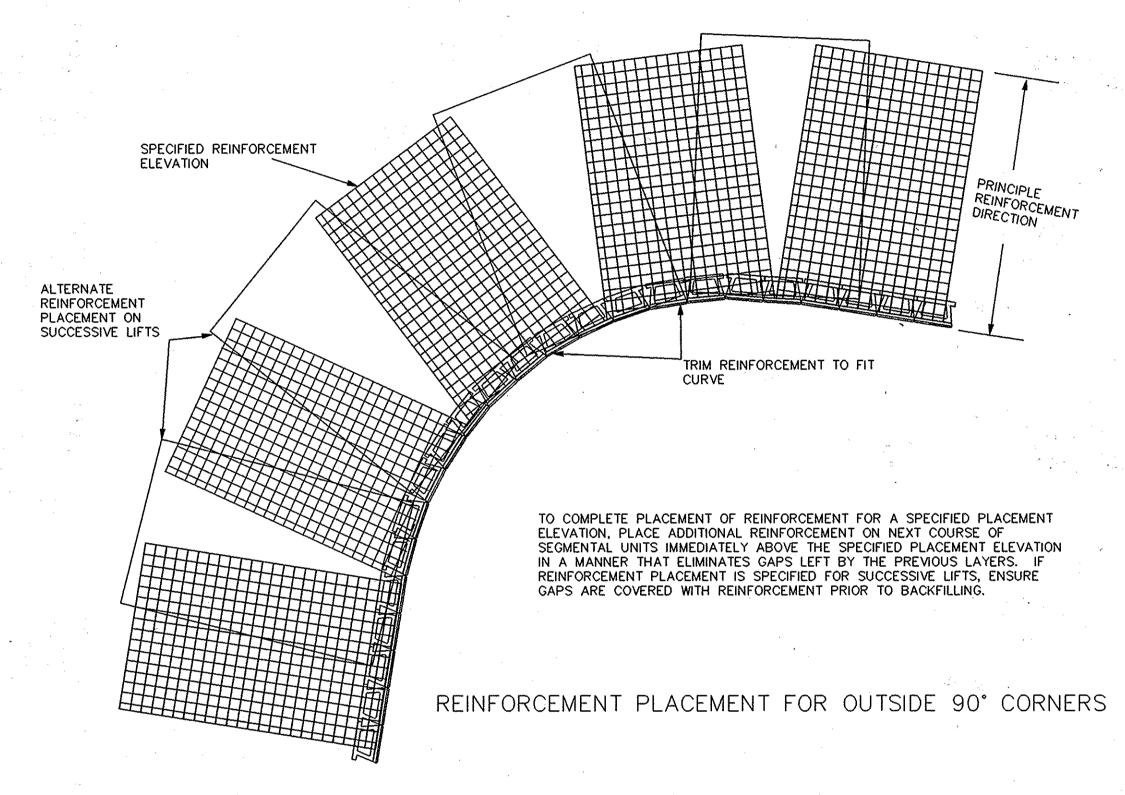
Columbia, Howard County, MD

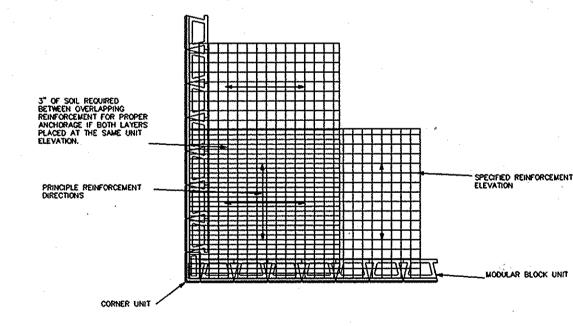
Allan Block

- 1. SOIL PARAMETERS: Based on the direction of Herbst/ Benson & Associates who performed geo-technical tests for the soils on this site, an internal angle of friction of 28° was used for this design. Herbst/Benson & Associates has indicated that the soils on this site consist of a clay/ sand/ silt mixture with a trace of gravel and have been classified as SM (silty sand). If soils must be imported for wall construction they shall be an ML (silt) or better material. CH (fat clay), CL (lean clay), MH (elastic silt) and OH/ OL/PT (organic) soils are not acceptable for wall construction. If these unsuitable soils are encountered they must be removed and replaced with soils meeting or exceeding the design friction angle of 28°. The site geo-technical engineer shall monitor this closely during the construction process. An assumed unit weight of 120 PCF was used. Fluctuations of 10 PCF higher or lower will not affect this design. A cohesion value of
- 2. CONSTRUCTION OVERSIGHT: The foundation soils must be examined by the site geo-technical engineer to assure that the actual foundation soil strength meets or exceeds that required in the "Bearing Capacity" section below. The construction of these walls must be performed under the observation of a Maryland Registered
- . **BEARING CAPACITY:** The footing sub-grade must be tested and have an allowable bearing capacity of 2,000 PSF prior to installation of the stone base. The actual highest bearing pressure exerted by this wall (including any slopes and surcharges above) is 1,841 PSF.
- 4. SLOPES & SURCHARGES: A 300 PSF live load surcharge has been applied for the proposed pavement & vehicles and dumpster pad above the wall. There are no proposed slopes above this wall.
- 5. WALL BATTER: A 6° batter (3/4" per course block setback) was used for the Allan Block units in this design.
- 6. GEO-GRIDS: The geo-grid used in this design is Mirafi 3XT which has a LTDS (long term design strength) of 1328. Any grid substitutions must have prior approval of Ryan & Associates.
- 7. CIVIL PLANS: This design package is based on the "Schematic Grading Plan" done by DMW dated 10-17-01.
- 1. WALL PROFILE: The elevation drawing was done to represent the grade changes necessary on the civil drawings. This profile drawing was done in exact block course increments of .604' (7.25") so it may differ slightly from the site plan elevations. Minor field changes may be necessary if the actual grades differ from the site plan. NOTE: the cap height of .333' (4") is not shown on the profile drawings. This height may have been used in some cases to achieve the desired TW elevations.
- 2. EMBEDMENT: 2 blocks increasing to 4 blocks from station 0+00 to 0+18 and 4 blocks from 0+18 to the end of the wall.
- 3. SPECIFICATIONS: Construction and materials must conform to the included "Ryan & Associates segmental retaining specifications and installation guidelines for Allan Block' and the Allan Block "Installation Guide for Retaining Walls".
- 4. BLOCK SYSTEM: This design is only valid for the Allan Block system. Each segmental wall system interacts differently with geo-grids; therefore substitutions of other block types are not permitted.
- 5. GLOBAL STABILITY: A global stability analysis was performed since a major portion of this wall rests on a front slope. The lower grids were lengthened until a factor of safety of 1.3 was met. (This analysis is included in the submitted 8 ½" X 11" structural calculations).
- 6. TANGENT ANGLES: The angle points as drawn at stations 0+18, 0+23, 1+01 and 1+18 on the civil plans should be built as radii (inside and outside curves) to prevent vertical joints.
- 7. STORM WATER STRUCTURES IN THE REINFORCED GEO-GRID ZONE: Storm water pipes and inlets I-2 and I-3 are shown on the civil plans behind this wall and are closer than the length of the geo-grid reinforcing. Their elevations are within the reinforced geo-grid zone of the wall. It is mandatory that this 27" pipe is an RCP (reinforced concrete pipe). It is acceptable to shorten the grid to meet these structures as they are encountered, however the grid layers above and below must be installed to their full design length. If the grid is shortened to the point where the wall installer's compaction equipment cannot properly compact the area between the wall and the structures, all #57 stone must be used between the wall and the structures and this confined area compacted with a vibratory plate compactor.
- 8. SAFETY RAIL: A 42" metal rail will be placed above this wall. Since this rail will be open (not subject to wind loads) it may be placed directly behind the wall. Wheel stops will need to be installed in approximately seven parking spaces to prohibit vehicles from overhanging the curb and impacting the rail.
- 9. DRAIN TILES: A rear drain tile must be placed at the rear of the reinforced geogrid zone on these walls per Howard County requirements. These drain pipes may be vented to daylight at the end(s) of the walls or through the wall faces at maximum 30' on

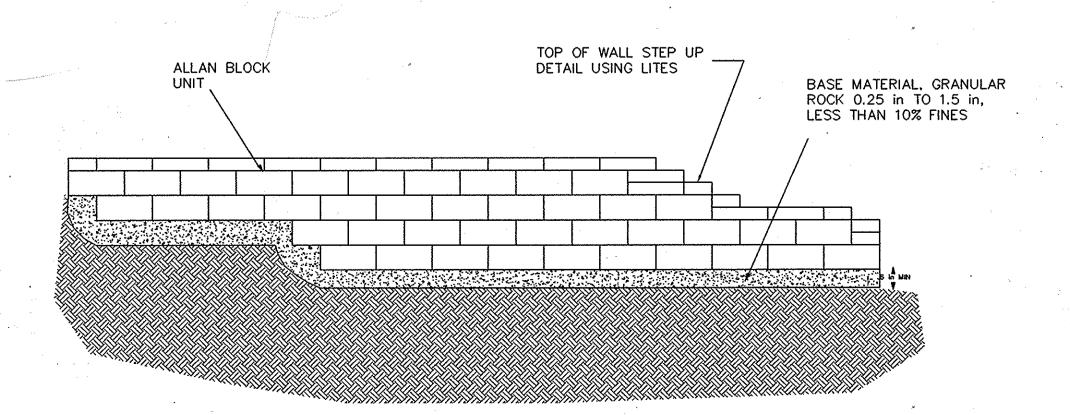


REINFORCEMENT PLACEMENT FOR INSIDE CURVED CORNERS



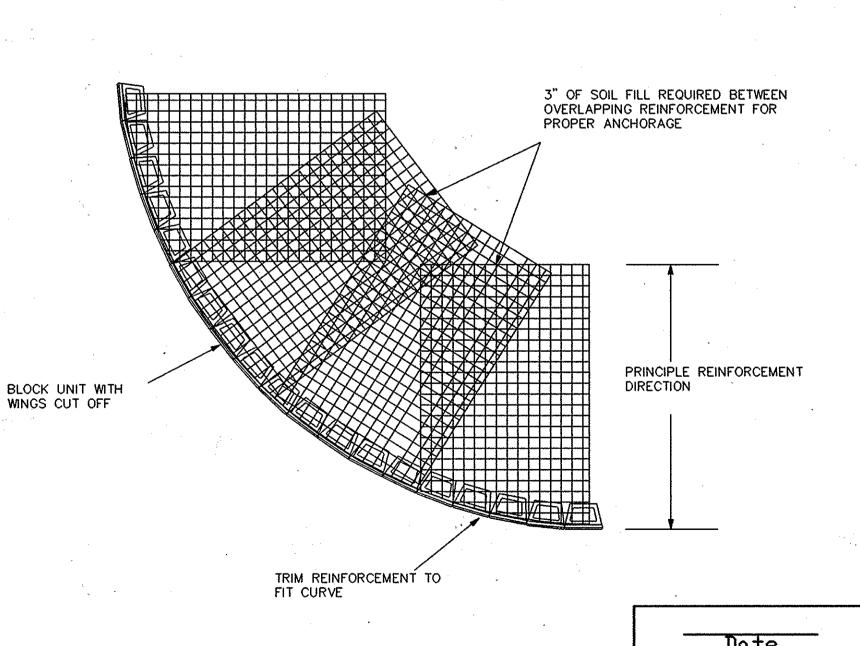


ALLAN BLOCK STEP DOWN TYPICAL DETAIL



OF REINFORCED ZONE RETAINED SOIL WATER IS
ENCOUNTERED OR
WHEN DIRECTED BY
THE SITE
GEO-TECHNICAL ENGINEER. (A
CHIMNEY DRAIN MAY
BE REQUIRED IN
CASES OF
CONTINUOUS WATER MANDATORY
4" PERFORATED DRAIN
TILE VENTED TO
DAYLIGHT OR THROUGH WALL FACE AT MAX 30' N. T. S.

REINFORCEMENT PLACEMENT FOR OUTSIDE CURVES



RYAN & ASSOCIATES
A Division of WiR Consulting, Inc.
RETAINING WALL DIVISION
717-477-8400 fax 717-477-8410 68 West King Street Shippensburg, PA 17257-0006

Professional Enor. No.

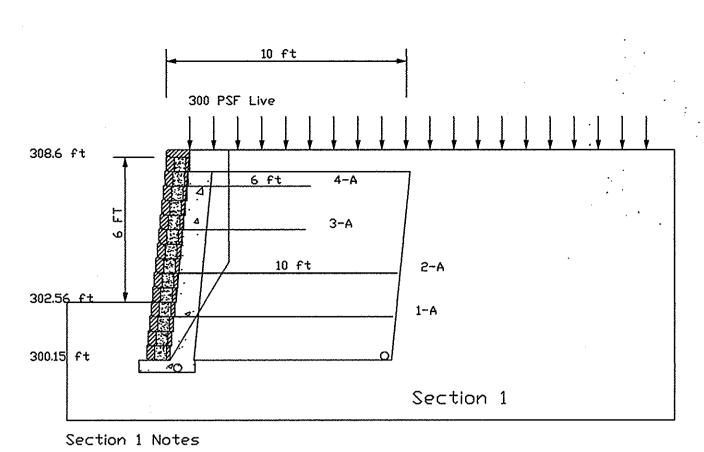
APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PLANNING & ZONING CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION DATE 4/24/02 DATE Revision Description Homewood Suites at Benson Park **OWNER** DEVELOPER: XXXX The Antery Development Corporation Antery Hotel Development, L.L.C. XXXX XXXX 7200 Wisconsin Ave, Suite 1000 XXXX Bethesda, MD 20814 DaftMcCumeWalker, Inc. 200 East Pennsylvania Avenue Towson, Maryland 21286 (410) 296–3333 Fax 296–4705

ab

ALLAN BLOCK RETAINING WALL DETAILS Drn. By: RSP Scale: As Shown Proj. No. 01056 Des. By: RSP Date: 10-25-01

11 of 13

Chk. By: WKR Approved SDP-02-40



BLOCK DIMENSIONS Total Wall Height = 8.46' Block Height = .604'Angle of Setback = 6° Depth of Block = .97' Length of Block - 1.469'

SOIL PARAMETERS

Unit Weight = 120 PCF Infill: Friction Angle = 28° Retained: Friction Angle = 28° Unit weight = 120 PCF Foundation: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF

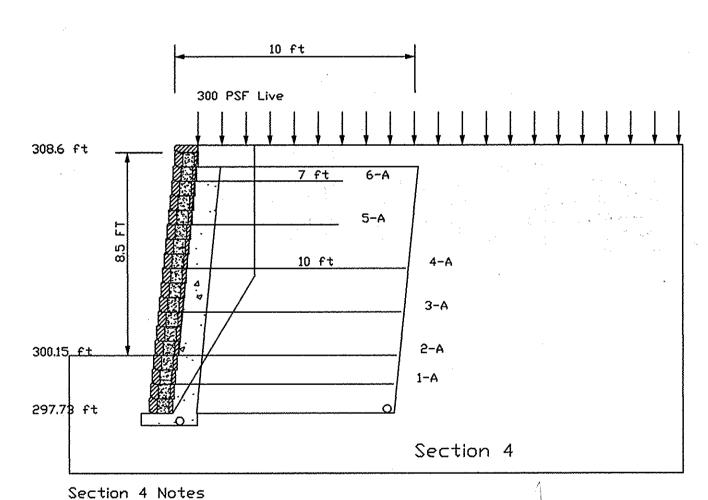
BEARING CAPACITY FACTOR OF SAFETY = 4.62

SAFETY FACTORS STATIC & SEISMIC

Minimum Sliding =1.5 Actual Sliding = 1.963 Minimum Overturning = 2.0 Actual Overturning = 4.064

A-Miragrid 3XT B-Miragrid 5XT C-Miragrid 7XT

MAXIMUM BEARING PRESSURE = 1,406 PSF



BLOCK DIMENSIONS Total Wall Height = 10.87' Angle of Setback = 6°

Block Height = .604'Depth of Block = .97'

SOIL PARAMETERS

Length of Block - 1.469'

Unit Weight = 120 PCF Infill: Friction Angle = 28° Retained: Friction Angle = 28° Unit weight = 120 PCF Foundation: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF

BEARING CAPACITY FACTOR OF SAFETY = 3.53

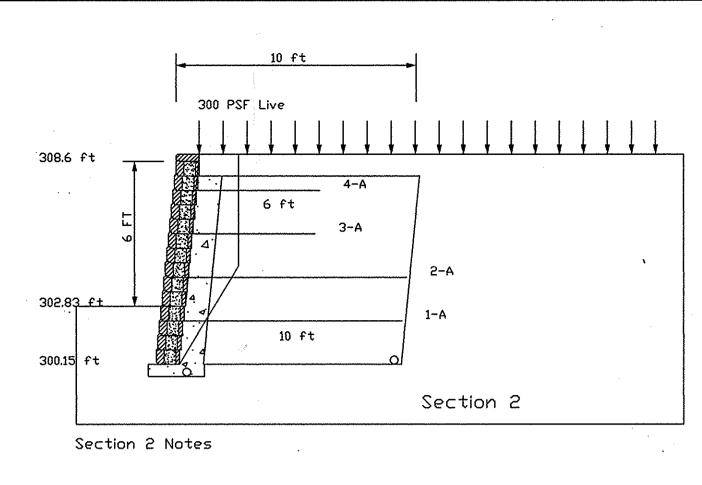
SAFETY FACTORS STATIC & SEISMIC

Minimum Sliding =1.5 Actual Sliding = 1.943 Minimum Overturning = 2.0 Actual Overturning = 3.792

GEOGRID LEGEND

A-Miragrid 3XT B-Miragrid 5XT C-Miragrid 7XT

MAXIMUM BEARING PRESSURE = 1,841 PSF



BLOCK DIMENSIONS

Total Wall Height = 8.46' Block Height = .604' Angle of Setback = 6° Depth of Block = .97'Length of Block - 1.469'

SOIL PARAMETERS

Infill: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF Retained: Friction Angle = 28° Unit weight = 120 PCF Foundation: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF

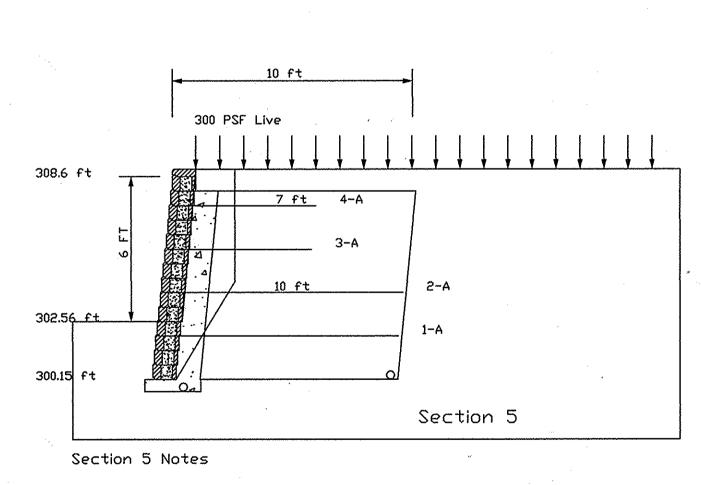
BEARING CAPACITY FACTOR OF SAFETY = 4.62

SAFETY FACTORS STATIC & SEISMIC

Minimum Sliding =1.5 Actual Sliding = 1.963 Minimum Overturning = 2.0 Actual Overturning = 4.064

A-Miragrid 3XT B-Miragrid 5XT C-Miragrid 7XT

MAXIMUM BEARING PRESSURE = 1,406 PSF



BLOCK DIMENSIONS

Total Wall Height = 8.46' Block Height = .604'Angle of Setback = 6° Depth of Block = .97' Length of Block - 1.469'

SOIL PARAMETERS

Infill: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF Unit weight = 120 PCF Retained: Friction Angle = 28° Foundation: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF

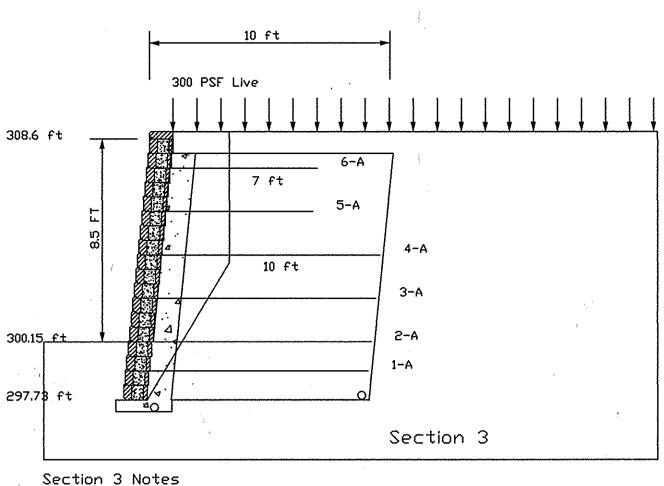
BEARING CAPACITY FACTOR OF SAFETY = 4.62

SAFETY FACTORS STATIC & SEISMIC

Minimum Sliding =1.5 Actual Sliding = 1.963 Minimum Overturning = 2.0 Actual Overturning = 4.064

A-Miragrid 3XT B-Miragrid 5XT C-Miragrid 7XT

MAXIMUM BEARING PRESSURE = 1,406 PSF



BLOCK DIMENSIONS

Total Wall Height = 10.87' Block Height = .604'Depth of Block = .97' Angle of Setback = 6° Length of Block - 1.469'

SOIL PARAMETERS

Infilli Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF Retained: Friction Angle = 28° Unit weight = 120 PCF Foundation: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF

BEARING CAPACITY FACTOR OF SAFETY = 3.53

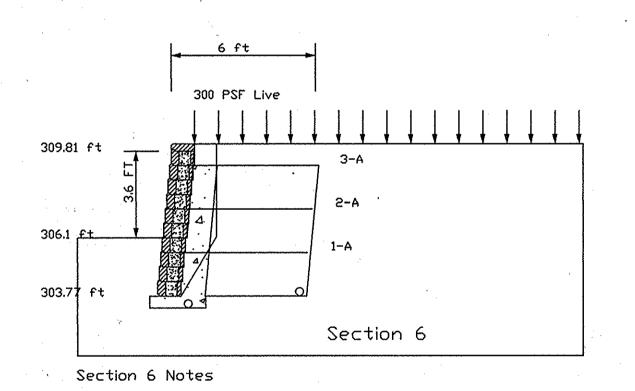
SAFETY FACTORS STATIC & SEISMIC

Minimum Sliding =1.5 Actual Sliding = 1.943 Minimum Overturning = 2.0 Actual Overturning = 3.792

GEOGRID LEGEND

A-Miragrid 3XT B-Miragrid 5XT C-Miragrid 7XT

MAXIMUM BEARING PRESSURE = 1,841 PSF



Total Wall Height = 6.046' Block Height = .604' Angle of Setback = 6° Depth of Block = .97' Length of Block - 1.469'

SOIL PARAMETERS

Infill: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF Retained: Friction Angle = 28° Unit weight = 120 PCF Foundation: Friction Angle = 28° Unit Weight = 120 PCF

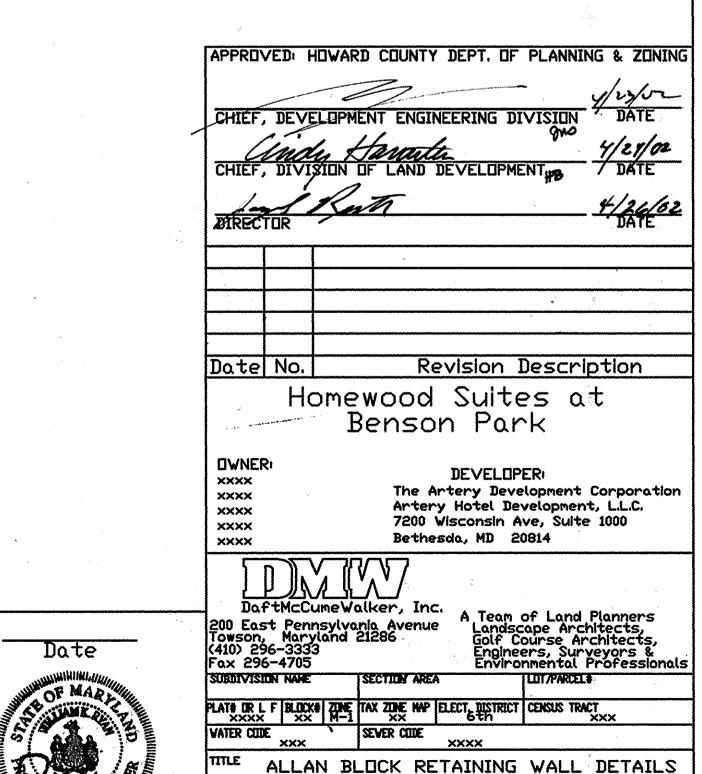
BEARING CAPACITY FACTOR OF SAFETY = 7.59

SAFETY FACTORS STATIC & SEISMIC Minimum Sliding =1.5 Actual Sliding = 2.353 Minimum Overturning = 2.0 Actual Overturning = 6.288

A-Miragrid 3XT B-Miragrid 5XT C-Miragrid 7XT

MAXIMUM BEARING PRESSURE = 856 PSF

RYAN & ASSOCIATES
A Division of WKR Consulting, Inc.
RETAINING WALL DIVISION 717-477-8400 fox 717-477-8410 68 Vest King Street P.II. Box 6 Shippensburg, PA 17257-0006 Professional Engr. No.



Scale: As Shown Proj. No. 01056

12 of 13

Date: 10-25-01

Drn. By: RSP

Des. By: RSP

Chk. By: WKR Approved:

SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEGMENTAL RETAINING WALL SYSTEMS

GENERAL PART 1:

1.01 Description

Work includes furnishing and installing segmental retaining wall (SRW) units to the lines and grades designated on the construction drawings. Also included is furnishing and installing appurtenant materials required for construction of the retaining wall as shown on the construction drawings.

1.02 Reference Standards

A.	ASTM C 140-	Sampling and Testing Concrete Masonry Units
B.	ASTM D 4595-	Tensile Properties of Geotextiles by the Wide-Width Strip Method.
C :	ASTM D 5262-	Test Method for Evaluating the Unconfined Creep Behavior of Geo-Grids
D.	GRI:GG1-	Single Rib Geogrid Tensile Strength
E.	GRI:GG5-	Geogrid Pullout
F.	ASTM D 698-	Moisture Density Relationship for Soils, Standard Method
G.	ASTM D 422-	Gradation of Soils
H.	ASTM 4318-	Atterberg Limits of Soil
I.	ASTM 3034-	Specification for Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Plastic Pipe
J.	ASTM D1248-	Specification for Corrugated Plastic Pipe

MATERIALS PART 2:

Segmental Retaining Wall Units

SRW units shall be machine formed, Portland Cement concrete blocks specifically designed for retaining wall applications. SRW unit currently approved for this project is:

Allan Block as manufactured by Nitterhouse Masonry Products

NOTE: Where Allan Block specifications and reference documents conflict with these specifications. these specifications hold precedence.

- SRW units shall be capable of being erected with the horizontal gap between adjacent units not exceeding 1/8". The units shall be uniformly square and not trapezoidal in shape.
- SRW units shall have a minimum 4" overlap of units on each successive course so that walls are nterlocked and continuous.
- SRW units shall be sound and free of cracks or other defects that would interfere with the proper placing of the unit or significantly impair the strength or permanence of the structure. Cracking or excessive chipping may be grounds for rejection. Units showing cracks longer than 1/2" shall not be used within the wall. Units showing chips visible at a distance of 30 feet from the wall shall not be used within the wall.
- Concrete used to manufacture SRW units shall have a minimum 28 days compressive strength of 3,000 psi and a maximum moisture absorption rate, by weight, of 8% as determined in accordance with ASTM C 140. Compressive strength test specimens shall conform to the saw-cut coupon provisions of Section 5.2.4 of ASTM C140 with the following exception: Coupon shall be taken from the least dimension of the unit of a size and shape representing the geometry of the unit as a whole.
- SRW units' molded dimensions shall not differ more than ± 1/8 inch from that specified, except height which shall be + 1/16 inch as measured in accordance with ASTM C140.

Ryan & Associates segmental retaining wall specifications and installation guidelines for Allan Block

2.02 Geosynthetic Reinforcement

A. Geosynthetic reinforcement shall consist of geogrids or geotextiles as indicated on the design plans. No grid substitutions shall be permitted without the approval of Ryan & Associates.

2.03 Leveling Pad

Unless otherwise noted on the cross sections, the leveling pad shall be 6" deep X 24" wide. Material for leveling pad shall consist of compacted sand, gravel, or a combination thereof. (Typical stone used for this pad is #57, CR6, 21A, etc.) The leveling pad should extend laterally at least a distance of 6 inches from the toe and heel of the lowermost SRW unit. In cases of poor bearing capacity or fill soils an enlarged, grid reinforced footer may be required. This typically consists of 1' deep X 4' wide with geogrid under and within the stone. Lean, un-reinforced concrete with strength of 1500 PSI and 6" deep may also be used as for the leveling pad.

2.04 Drainage Aggregate

Drainage aggregate shall be angular, clean stone or granular fill consisting of #57 or approved equal (i.e.- median stone size ½" to 1 ½"). Rounded, pea gravel is not permissible.

2.05 Drainage Pipe

- The drainage collection pipe shall be a 4" perforated or slotted PVC, or corrugated HDPE pipe.
- Drain pipes are mandatory and shall be vented to daylight at the end(s) of the wall or at a central low point of the wall. If this is not possible, vent through the wall above finished grade at maximum intervals of 30' O.C. In no case shall a continuous pipe be run for more than 300' without an outlet to

Reinforced (Infill) Soil: the reinforced geo-grid zone

- The soil used must meet or exceed the design friction angle noted on the design cross sections. The reinforced material shall be free of debris and organic material (i.e.- no trash, plants or root matter, top soil, etc.). Unless otherwise noted on the plans, the reinforced zone material shall not consist of CH (fat clay), MH (fat silt), or OH (organic) soils.
- Rocks may be used as infill material as long as their diameter is 6" or less. NOTE: when all gravel is used as infill the LTDS of the geo-grid must be reduced to account for additional installation damage from the large particles. Recycled concrete is permissible for infill.

Retained Soil: the area beyond the infill soil and extending to a distance of twice the exposed wall height

The soil used must meet or exceed the design friction angle noted on the design cross sections. Unless otherwise noted on the plans, the retained material shall not consist of CH (fat clay), MH (fat silt), or OH (organic) soils.

CONSTRUCTION

3.01

The Owner or Owner's Representative is responsible for verifying that the contractor meets all the requirements of the specification. This includes all submittals for materials and design, qualifications, and proper installation of wall system.

Ryan & Associates segmental retaining wall specifications and installation guidelines for Allan Block Page 3 of 6

Contractor's field construction supervisor shall have demonstrated experience and be qualified to direct

3.02 Excavation

- Contractor shall excavate to the lines and grades shown on the project plans. Contractor shall take precautions to minimize over-excavation. Over-excavation shall be filled with compacted infill material or as directed by the site Geo-technical Engineer.
- Contractor shall verify location of existing structures and utilities prior to excavation. Contractor shall ensure all surrounding structures are protected from the effects of wall excavation. Excavation support (shoring), if required, is the responsibility of the Contractor

3.03 Foundation Preparation

- Following excavation, the foundation soil shall be examined by the Owner's Geotechnical Engineer to assure that the actual foundation soil strength meets or exceeds the allowable design bearing strength (this parameter can be found in the design's General Notes). Soils not meeting the required strength shall be removed and replaced with select structural fill compacted to 95% of a standard proctor for the full depth.
- If large deposits of fill are encountered an enlarged, grid-reinforced footer may be required.

4.04 Leveling Pad Construction

- Leveling pad shall be placed as shown on the construction drawings with a minimum thickness of 6" and a minimum width of 24". The leveling pad should at a minimum extend laterally at least a distance of 6 inches from the toe and heel of the lower most SRW Unit.
- Soil leveling pad material shall be compacted with a vibratory plate compactor to provide a firm, levelbearing surface on which to place the first course of units. Compaction will be with mechanical plate compactors to achieve 95% of maximum standard proctor density (ASTM D 698). A thin layer (not to exceed ½") of well-graded sand or stone dust can be used to smooth the top of the leveling pad.

SRW Unit Installation

- All SRW units shall be installed at the proper elevation and orientation as shown on the wall profiles and details on the construction plans. The SRW units shall be installed in general accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The design engineer of record (Ryan & Associates) specifications and drawings shall govern in any conflict between the two requirements.
- First course of SRW units shall be placed on the leveling pad. The units shall be leveled side-to-side, front-to-rear and with adjacent units, and aligned to ensure intimate contact with the leveling pad. The first course is the most important to ensure accurate and acceptable results. No gaps shall be left between the front of adjacent units. Alignment may be done by means of a string line or offset from base line to the back of the units.
- Clean all excess debris from top of units and install next course.
- Lay out of curves and corners shall be installed in accordance with the plan details or in general accordance with SRW manufacturer's installation guidelines. Walls shall be interlocked by overlapping successive courses. Continuous vertical joints are not permitted unless glued. In general, all tangent angles shown on the civil drawings should be changed into curves to enhance the wall's strength and appearance. Inside and outside corners may be constructed without compromising the wall's integrity

Ryan & Associates segmental retaining wall specifications and installation guidelines for Allan Block Page 4 of 6

- Repeat procedures to extent of wall height.
- The wall face cant shall not differ more than + 2 degrees from that specified.
- Embedment shall follow the general rule of 1" buried for every 1' of wall exposed when the front slope is 4:1 or greater. For 3:1 front slopes a minimum of 21" shall be buried, and for 2:1 front slopes a minimum of 29" shall be buried.

Geosynthetic Reinforcement Placement

- All geosynthetic reinforcement shall be installed at the proper elevation and orientation as shown on the wall profiles and details on the final construction plans. Partial grid coverage is not acceptable- no gaps shall be present between grid sections.
- At the elevations shown on the plans, the geosynthetic reinforcement shall be laid horizontally on compacted infill and on top of the concrete SRW units. Embedment of the geosynthetic in the SRW units shall be consistent with SRW manufacturer's recommendations. Correct orientation of the geosynthetic reinforcement shall be verified by the Contractor to be in accordance with the geosynthetic manufacturer's recommendations. The highest strength direction of the geosynthetic must be perpendicular to the wall face.
- Geosynthetic reinforcement layers shall be one continuous piece for their entire embedment length. Overlap of the geosynthetic in the design strength direction (perpendicular to the wall face) is not permitted.
- Tracked construction equipment shall not be operated directly on the geosynthetic reinforcement. A minimum of 6 inches of backfill is required prior to operation of tracked vehicles over the geosynthetic. Turning should be kept to a minimum. Rubber-tired equipment may pass over the geosynthetic reinforcement at slow speeds (less than 5 mph).
- The geosynthetic reinforcement shall be in tension and free of wrinkles prior to placement of soil fill. The nominal tension shall be applied to the reinforcement and secured in place with staples, stakes or by hand tensioning until reinforcement is covered by six inches of fill.

4.07 Drainage Materials

- Drainage aggregate shall be installed to the line, grades, and sections shown on the final plans. Drainage fill shall be placed to the minimum thickness of 12" as shown on the construction plans behind units. Drainage fill shall also fill all voids between and within (if hollow) the units.
- Drainage collection pipes shall be installed to maintain gravity flow of water outside the reinforced soil zone. The drainage collection pipe shall daylight into a storm sewer manhole or along a slope at an elevation lower than the lowest point of the pipe within the aggregate drain (see section 2:05).
- C. All drainage zone aggregate, including the stone placed within the block cells shall be compacted with a vibratory plate compactor with a minimum of two passes.

4.08 Backfill Placement

The reinforced backfill shall be placed as shown in the construction plans in the maximum compacted lift thickness of 10 inches and shall be compacted to a minimum of 95% of standard proctor density (ASTM D 698) at a moisture content within 2% of optimum. The backfill shall be placed and spread in such a manner as to eliminate wrinkles or movement of the geosynthetic reinforcement and the SRW units. Compaction testing shall be done at 25%, 50%, 75%, and 100% of the wall height or as specified by the site geo-technical engineer.

Ryan & Associates segmental retaining wall specifications and installation guidelines for Allan Block Page 5 of 6

- Only a vibratory plate or small-scale vibratory smooth drum compactor equipment shall be allowed within 3 feet of the front of the wall face. Compaction within the 3 feet behind the wall face shall be achieved by at least three (3) passes of the lightweight mechanical plate compactor or roller. Heavy equipment (such as track hoes, ride on rollers, pans, etc.) must be kept back a minimum of 3' from the rear of the wall.
- At the end of each day's operation, the Contractor shall slope the last level of backfill away from the wall facing to direct water runoff away from the wall face.
- At completion of wall construction if final grading, paving, landscaping, and/or storm drainage installation adjacent to the wall is not placed immediately after wall completion, temporary grading shall be provided to ensure water runoff is not allowed to *collect or pond* behind the wall until final construction adjacent to the wall is completed.
- Filter fabric is neither required nor recommended behind the drainage layer. Installation of filter fabric has proven to result in poor wall construction and its benefit has not been proven when used with clays, silts, and mixed soils. The exception is when all sand is used for infill material since it is non-cohesive and could potentially slough, clogging the drainage layer.

4.09 SRW Caps

SRW caps shall be properly aligned and glued to underlying units with a flexible, high-strength concrete adhesive (adhesive should be designed for "concrete to concrete" applications). Rigid adhesive or mortar is not acceptable.

4.10 Water Applications

- When walls are installed in water applications (such as storm water ponds, streams, bulkheads, areas adjacent to flood plains, etc.) all granular material must be used as infill up to 1' above the 100 year flood elevation or the high water level. This material must be free draining and have less than 10% fines. The leveling pad and the reinforced zone (up to the extent of the stone infill) must be wrapped in filter fabric to prevent migration of fines. Rip rap stone is required in front of the bottom three course on walls installed in tidal waters. Rip rap may also be required to prevent scouring and erosion in front of walls installed in water sources prone to fluctuating water levels, and where pipes that frequently carry water exit through walls.
- 4.11 Rails, Fences, & Other Structures
 - Open rails and fences not subject to wind loads may be placed directly behind the wall as long as they are not subject to vehicular impact. Solid or semi-solid fences that are subject to wind loads must be kept back a minimum of 3' from the rear of the wall to prevent loading of the wall.
 - Guardrails subject to vehicular impact must be kept back a minimum of 3' to prevent loading of the wall. Guardrails may be placed closer than this 3' minimum only if a barrier (such as wheel stops, curbing, etc.) prevents impact.
 - Light posts and similar structures subject to wind loads must be kept back a minimum of 3' to prevent loading of the wall.
 - In cases where this 3' minimum cannot be met due to restraints on the site, additional analyses will need to be done to determine a method of stabilization. Ryan & Associates can be contracted to provide this design for an additional cost.

Storm Structures

RCP pipes may pass through the wall without compromising the design. The SRW units may be cut to

Ryan & Associates segmental retaining wall specifications and installation guidelines for Allan Block Page 6 of 6

- fit around the pipe and the void filled with non-shrink grout or type "M" mortar. A concrete collar may be cast around the structure if desired. When a collar is cast, the top of the collar shall line up with an even block course to maintain proper alignment and neat workmanship. Corrugated steel pipes may not be able to support the wall's weight and may require a concrete beam. Check load capabilities with the pipe manufacturer.
- When a pipe is located in or below the leveling pad a grade beam may be required. Ryan & Associates shall be consulted to determine the size, strength and reinforcing of the beam.
- Concrete storm structures may be located behind a wall and within the reinforced zone as dictated by the project's civil drawings. If the structure(s) cannot be moved out of the reinforced zone and the grid installed to the full design length the following shall apply. On small structures (such as manholes, collection boxes, concrete pipes less than 20" O.D., etc.) it is acceptable to shorten the grid from the design length and meet the structure. The area between the wall and structure must be filled with #57 stone or equal- not the site soil. On large structures and in cases where pipes parallel the wall for long distances, Ryan & Associates shall be consulted to determine the impact on the wall before allowing this to be done.

4.13 Construction Adjacent to Completed Wall

- The Owner or Owner's Representative is responsible for ensuring that construction adjacent to the wall by others does not disturb the wall or place temporary construction loads on the wall that exceed design loads, including loads such as water pressure, temporary grades, or equipment loading. Heavy paving or grading equipment shall be kept a minimum of three feet behind the back of the wall face. Equipment with wheel loads in excess of 150 psf live load shall not be operated with 10 feet of the face of the retaining wall during construction adjacent to the wall. Care should be taken by the General Contractor to ensure water runoff is directed away from the wall structure until final grading and surface drainage collection systems are completed.
- Care must be taken when installing appurtenances (such as transformers, generators, etc.) within the reinforced zone of the wall. The compaction integrity of the reinforced zone must be maintained, both below and beside (around) the appurtenance. Neglecting to do so may cause hydrostatic pressure and wall failure.

END OF SECTION

RYAN & ASSOCIATES

717-477-8400 fax 717-477-8410

68 Vest King Street

Shippensburg, PA 17257-0006

A Division of WiR Consulting, Inc. RETAINING WALL DIVISION

Date

Revised 01-02-01

Professional Engr. No.

200 East Pennsylvania Avenue Towson, Maryland 21286 (410) 296–3333 Fax 296-4705 SUBDIVISION NAME

Date No.

OWNER

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

SEVER CODE ALLAN BLOCK RETAINING WALL DETAILS

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PLANNING & ZONING

Homewood Suites at

Benson Park

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

Mily HAMMLE TELEPHENT IN

1/23/5~

Drn. By: RSP Scale: As Shown Proj. No. 01056 Des. By: RSP Date: 10-25-01 13 of 13 Chk. By: WKR Approved:

5DP-02-40

DaftMcCumeWalker, Inc.

Revision Description

The Artery Bevelopment Corporation

A Team of Land Planners Landscape Architects, Golf Course Architects,

ILUT/PARCELS

Artery Hotel Development, L.L.C.

7200 Wisconsin Ave, Suite 1000

DEVELOPER

Bethesda, MD 20814