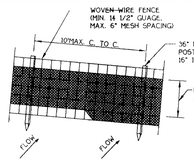
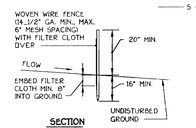


PERSPECTIVE VIEW

STANDARD SYMBOL



SECTION

CONSTRUCTION NOTES FOR FABRICATED SILT FENCE

1. WOVEN WIRE FENCE TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OF STAPLES.
2. FILTER CLOTH TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24" AT TOP AND MID SECTION
3. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER THEY SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY SIX INCHES AND FOLDED.
4. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NEEDED AND MATERIAL REMOVED WHEN "BULGES" DEVELOP IN THE SILT FENCE.

POSTS: STEEL EITHER T OR U TYPE OR 2" HARDWOOD

FENCE: WOVEN WIRE, 14. GA. 6" MAX. MESH OPENING

FILTER CLOTH: FILTER X, MIRAFI 100X, STABILINKA T14 ON OR APPROVED EQUAL

PREFABRICATED UNIT: GEOFAB, ENVIROFENCE, OR APPROVED EQUAL.

SILT FENCE

NOT TO SCALE

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A Minimum Of 48 Hours Notice Must Be Given To The Howard County Department Of Inspections, Licenses And Permits, Sediment Control Division Prior To The Start Of Any Construction (313-1855).
2. All Vegetative And Structural Practices Are To be Installed According To The Provisions Of This Plan And Are To Be In According To The Provisions Of This Plan And Are To Be In Conformance With The Most Current Maryland Standards And Specifications For Soil Erosion And Sediment Control And Revisions Thereto.
3. Following Initial Soil Disturbance Or Re-Disturbance, Permanent Or Temporary Stabilization Shall be Completed Within: A) 7 Calendar Days For All Perimeter Sediment Control Structures, Dikes, Perimeter Slopes And All Slopes Steeper Than 3:1, B) 14 Days As To All Other Disturbed Or Graded Areas On The Project Site. As To All Other Disturbed Or Graded Areas On The Project Site.
4. All Sediment Traps/Basins Shown Must Be Fenced And Warning Signs Posted Around Their Perimeter In Accordance With Vol. I, Chapter 12, Of The Howard County Design Manual, Storm Drainage, Chapter 12, Of The Howard County Design Manual, Storm
5. Drainage.

All Disturbed Areas Must Be Stabilized Within The Time Period Specified Above In Accordance With The 1994 Maryland Standards And Specifications For Soil Erosion And Sediment Control For Permanent Seeding (Sec. 51), Sod (Sec. 54), Temporary Seeding (Sec. 50), Permanent Seeding (Sec. 51), Sod (Sec. 54), Temporary Seeding (Sec. 50), And Mulching (Sec. 52). Temporary Stabilization With Mulch Alone Can Only Be Done When
6. Recommended Seeding Dates Do Not Allow For Proper Germination And Establishment Of Grasses.

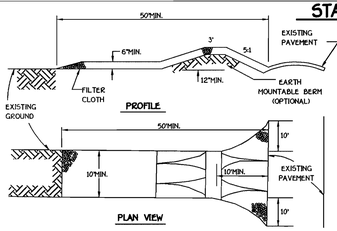
All Sediment Control Structures Are To Remain In Place And Are To Be Maintained In
7. Operative Condition Until Permission For Their Removal Has Been Obtained From The Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

Site Analysis:		
Total Area Of Site	0.40	Acres
Area Disturbed	0.25	Acres
Area To be Roofed Or Paved	0.10	Acres
Area To be Vegetatively Stabilized	0.18	Acres
Total Cut	342	Cu.Yds.
Total Fill	342	Cu.Yds.
Off-Site Waste/Borrow Area Location	---	Cu.Yds.

8. Any Sediment Control Practice Which is Disturbed By Grading Activity For Placement Of Utilities Must Be Repaired On The Same Day Of Disturbance.
9. Additional Sediment Controls Must Be Provided, If Deemed Necessary By The Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.
10. On All Sites With Disturbed Areas In Excess Of 2 Acres, Approval Of The Inspection
11. Agency Shall Be Requested Upon Completion Of Installation Of Perimeter Erosion And Sediment Controls, But Before Proceeding With Any Other Earth Approvals May Not Be Authorized Until This Initial Approval By The Inspection Agency Is Made.

Trenches For The Construction Of Utilities Is Limited To Three Pipe Lengths Or That Which Shall Be Back-Filled And Stabilized Within One Working Day, Whichever Is Shorter.

LEGEND	
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	EXISTING CONTOUR 2' INTERVAL
	EXISTING CONTOUR 10' INTERVAL
	PROPOSED CONTOUR 2' INTERVAL
	PROPOSED CONTOUR 10' INTERVAL
+ 624	SPOT ELEVATION
-SF--SF-	SILT FENCE
-SSF--SSF-	SUPER SILT FENCE
FF	FIRST FLOOR ELEVATION
BE	BASEMENT ELEVATION
WO	PROPOSED WALKOUT
- - - - - -	SILT FENCE
-X -X-	TREE PROTECTION
	EXISTING TREE LINE
L.O.D.	LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE
	EXISTING STREET TREE



PLAN VIEW

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. STONE SIZE - USE 2" STONE, OR RECLAIMED OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT.
2. LENGTH - AS REQUIRED, BUT NOT LESS THAN 50 FEET (EXCEPT ON A SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT WHERE A 30 FOOT MINIMUM LENGTH WOULD APPLY).
3. THICKNESS - NOT LESS THE SIX (6) INCHES.
4. WIDTH - TEN (10) FOOT MINIMUM, BUT NOT LESS THAN THE FULL WIDTH AT POINTS WHERE INGRESS OR EGRESS OCCURS.
5. FILTER CLOTH - WILL BE PLACED OVER THE ENTIRE AREA PRIOR TO PLACING OF STONE. FILTER WILL NOT BE REQUIRED ON A SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCE LOT.
6. SURFACE WATER - ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING OR DIVERTED TOWARD CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES SHALL BE PIPED ACROSS THE ENTRANCE. IF PIPING IS IMPRACTICAL, A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES WILL BE PERMITTED.
7. MAINTENANCE - THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN A CONDITION WHICH WILL PREVENT TRACKING OR FLOWING OF SEDIMENT ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOP-DRESSING WITH ADDITIONAL STONE AS CONDITIONS DEMAND AND REPAIR AND /OR CLEANOUT OF ANY MEASURES USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT. ALL SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, WASHED OR TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY MUST BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY.
8. WASHING - WHEELS SHALL BE CLEANED TO REMOVE SEDIMENT PRIOR TO ENTRANCE ONTO PUBLIC RIGHTS-OF-WAY. WHEN WASHING IS REQUIRED, IT SHALL BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH STONE AND WHICH DRAINS INTO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.
9. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND NEEDED MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PROVIDED AFTER EACH RAIN.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - 2

NOT TO SCALE

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED AS FOLLOWS:

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY TWO TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/ 1,000 SQ.FT.) AND 600 LBS. PER ACRE 0-20-20 FERTILIZER (14 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT.) BEFORE SEEDING HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL. AT TIME OF SEEDING, APPLY 400 LBS. PER ACRE 36-0-0 UREAFORM FERTILIZER (9 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT.) AND 500 LBS. PER ACRE (11.5 LBS./ 1,000 SQ.FT.) OF 10-20-20 FERTILIZER.

SEEDING: FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 THROUGH APRIL 30, AND AUGUST 1 THROUGH OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 100 LBS. PER ACRE (2.3 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT.) OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE. FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THROUGH JULY 31, SEED WITH 60 LBS./ACRE (1.4 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT.) KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND 2 LBS. PER ACRE (0.05 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT.) OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS. DURING THE PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 THROUGH FEBRUARY 28, PROJECT SITE BY: OPTION (1) - TWO TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING. OPTION (2) - USE SOD. OPTION (3) - SEED WITH 100 LBS./ACRE KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH TWO TONS/ACRE WELL ANCHORED STRAW. ALL SLOPES SHOULD BE HYDROSEEDED.

MULCHING: APPLY 1 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT.) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING 200 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL./1,000 SQ.FT.) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT ACRES. ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR HIGHER USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL./1,000 SQ.FT.) FOR ANCHORING.

MAINTENANCE: INSPECT ALL SEEDED AREAS AND MAKE NEEDED REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND RESEEDINGS.

* FOR PUBLIC PONDS SUBSTITUTE CHEMUNG CROWNVETCH AT 15 LBS./ACRE AND KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AT 40 LBS/ACRE AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING. OPTION (2) - USE SOD. OPTION (3) - SEED WITH 100 LBS./ACRE KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH TONS/ACRE WELL ANCHORED STRAW. ALL SLOPES SHOULD BE HYDROSEEDED.

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS LIKELY TO BE REDISTURBED WHERE A SHORT-TERM VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY 600 LBS. PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS./ 1,000 SQ.FT.)

SEEDING: FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 THROUGH APRIL 30, AND AUGUST 15 THROUGH NOVEMBER 15, SEED WITH 17 BUSHEL PER ACRE OF ANNUAL RYE (3.2 LBS./ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS (.07 LBS./ 1,000 SQ.FT. FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 16 THRU FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY APPLYING 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING, OR USE SOD.

MULCHING: APPLY 1 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS./1,000 SQ.FT.) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL./1,000 SQ.FT.) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT ACRES ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL./1,000 SQ.FT.) FOR ANCHORING.

REFER TO THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR RATE AND METHODS NOT COVERED.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT.
2. INSTALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN ON PLAN.
3. CLEAR AND GRUB TO LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AND MASS GRADE TO SUI -BASE.
4. INSTALL TEMPORARY SEEDING.
5. CONSTRUCT BUILDING AND DRIVEWAY
6. FINE GRADE SITE AND INSTALL PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPE.
7. REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AS UPLAND AREAS ARE STABILIZED AND PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY E/S CONTROL INSPECTOR.

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

DEFINITION

Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion.

PURPOSE

Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration (up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are berms, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former areas, staging areas, etc.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY

Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth.
Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone.
Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

SECTION I - VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS

A. Site Preparation
   i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.
   ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.
   iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.
B. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)
   i. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analyses may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
   ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee of the producer.
   iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98-100% will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.
   iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by discing or other suitable means.
C. Seeded Preparation
   i. Temporary Seeding
      a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.
      b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
      c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by discing or other suitable means.
   ii. Permanent Seeding
      a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:
         1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.
         2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).
         3. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if kaolinite or sericite bespedalite is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
         4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.
         5. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.
         6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.
      b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.
      c. Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.
      d. Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5" of topsoil by discing or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (greater than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3" of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly disturbed areas.
D. Seed Specifications
   i. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of seeding such material on this job.

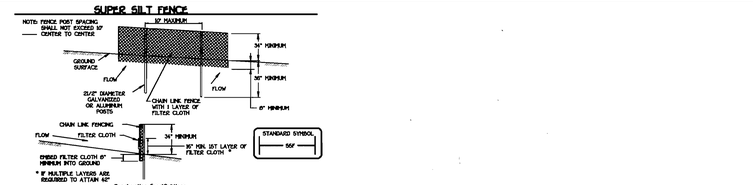
Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.

   ii. Inoculant - The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date specified on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on packages. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75°-80° F. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.
E. Methods of Seeding
   i. Seeding - Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeder, or a cultipacker seeder.
      a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen P205 (phosphorous) 200 lbs/ac; K20 (potassium) 200 lbs/ac.
      b. Lime - use only ground agricultural limestone, (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.
      c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.
   ii. Dry Seeding - This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.
      a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be raked with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.
      b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.
   iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding. Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.
      a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.
      b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction
F. Mulch Specifications (in order of preference)
   i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.
   ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)
      a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.
      b. WCFM shall be dred green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.
      c. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors.
      d. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.
      e. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will prove toxic.
      f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum, and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired.

G. Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.
   i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch along shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.
   ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre.
   iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.
H. Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods listed by preference, depending upon size of area and erosion hazard
   i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the contour if possible.
   ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.
   iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be applied uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders - such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70 Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.
   iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

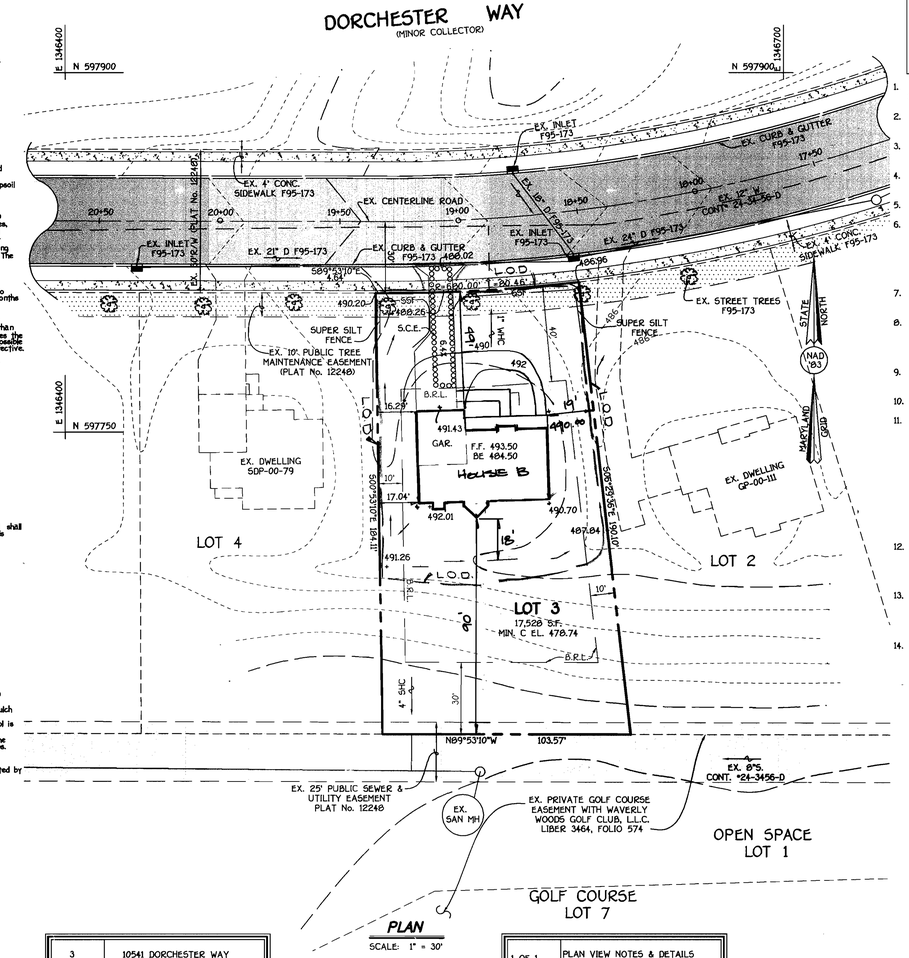
SUPER SILT FENCE



Construction Specifications

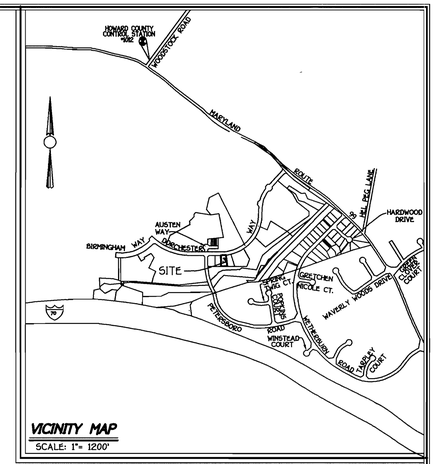
1. Fencing shall be 42" in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6' length posts.
2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence.
3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section.
4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 8" into the ground.
5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6" and folded.
6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when "bulges" develop in the silt fence, or when silt reaches 50% of fence height
7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

Tensile Strength	50 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Tensile Modulus	20 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Flow Rate	0.3 gal/ft /minute (max.)	Test: MSMT 322
Filtering Efficiency	75% (min.)	Test: MSMT 322



PLAN

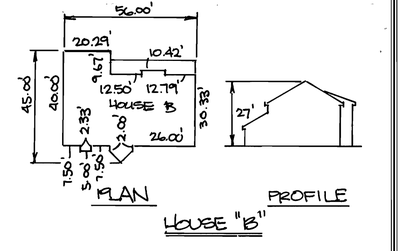
SCALE: 1" = 30'



VICINITY MAP

SCALE: 1" = 1200'

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410)-313-1880 AT LEAST (5) FIVE WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.
2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK.
3. SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED R-20 PER 10/18/93 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN AND IS SUBJECT TO S94-07, P94-04, WP95-23 AND F95-173.
4. BOUNDARY PERFORMED BY: FISHER, COLLINS AND CARTER, INC. ON OR ABOUT JANUARY, 1992.
5. TOPOGRAPHY IS BASED ON APPROVED ROAD DRAWINGS F-95-173.
6. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL DATUM IS BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS:
   HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT 16E1 N 593250.932
   E 1340192.711
   HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT 1012 N 601060.177
   E 1345336.758
7. ANY DAMAGE TO THE COUNTY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE CORRECTED AT THE DEVELOPER'S EXPENSE.
8. THIS PLAN IS FOR HOUSE SITING AND LOT GRADING ONLY. IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN WITHIN THE RIGHTS-OF-WAY OF THIS S.D.P. ARE NOT USED FOR CONSTRUCTION. FOR CONSTRUCTION SEE APPROVED ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS F95-173 AND/OR APPROVED WATER AND SEWER PLANS CONTRACT No. 20-3407-D.
9. CONTRACTOR WILL CHECK SEWER HOUSE CONNECTION ELEVATION AT EASEMENT LINE PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
10. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT OBLIGATIONS ARE FULFILLED UNDER F95-173.
11. SITE ANALYSIS DATA:
    A. TOTAL PROJECT AREA: 0.402 AC.±
    B. AREA OF PLAN SUBMISSION: 0.402 AC.±
    C. LIMIT OF DISTURBED AREA: 0.26 AC.±
    D. PRESENT ZONING: R-20
    E. PROPOSED USE FOR SITE AND STRUCTURES: SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED D.U.
    F. TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS ALLOWED: 1
    G. TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS PROPOSED: 1
    H. NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES REQUIRED: N/A (2 SPACES PER DWELLING UNIT)
    I. NUMBER OF PARKING SPACES PROVIDED: N/A
    J. OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS ARE PROVIDED - SEE F95-173.
    K. RECREATION OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS ARE PROVIDED - SEE F95-173.
12. CONTRACTOR TO USE HOWARD COUNTY STANDARD DETAIL R6.01 RESIDENTIAL DRIVEWAY ENTRANCE.
13. IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 128 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS BAY WINDOWS, CHIMNEYS OR EXTERIOR STAIRWAYS NOT MORE THAN SIXTEEN FEET IN WIDTH MAY PROJECT NOT MORE THAN FOUR FEET INTO ANY SETBACKS, PORCHES OR DECKS OPEN OR ENCLOSED MAY PROJECT NOT MORE THAN TEN FEET INTO THE FRONT OR REAR YARD SETBACKS.
14. THE FOREST CONSERVATION AND LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS FOR THIS PLAN WERE MET UNDER F95-173.



3	10541 DORCHESTER WAY	
LOT No.	STREET ADDRESS	
ADDRESS CHART		

1 OF 1	PLAN VIEW NOTES & DETAILS AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
SHEET No.	DESCRIPTION
SHEET INDEX	

04-23-01	REV. HOUSE MODEL & GRADING.
DATE	DESCRIPTION
	REVISION BLOCK

STATE OF MARYLAND — EARL D. COLLINS — No. 9757 — REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER — 11-30-00

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

"I certify that this plan for sediment and erosion control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District."

Earl D. Collins — 11-30-00
Signature of Engineer (print name below signature) — Date

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan for sediment and erosion control, and that all responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation District."

Steve Forney — 11-30-00
Signature of Developer (print name below signature) — Date

Reviewed by HOWARD SCD and meets Technical Requirements.

J.A. Wankel — 12/18/00
U.S.D.A.-Natural Resources Conservation Service — Date

This development plan is approved for soil erosion and sediment control by the HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

12/18/00
Howard SCD — Date

OWNER

WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
c/o LAND DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT, LLC
8000 MAIN STREET
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043

BUILDER

HAMILTON REED
c/o LAND DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT, LLC
8000 MAIN STREET
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Director, Department of Planning and Zoning — 12/20/00 Date
Chief, Division of Land Development — 12/20/00 Date
Chief, Development Engineering Division — 12/14/00 Date

SUBDIVISION			SECTION/AREA		LOT NO.
GTW's WAVERLY WOODS			4/1		3
PLAT NO.	BLOCK NO.	ZONE	TAX/ZONE	ELEC. DIST.	CENSUS TR.
12248	12	R-20	16	THIRD	6030
WATER CODE			SEWER CODE		
HO-5			5993000		

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN
NOTES & DETAILS AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

GTW's WAVERLY WOODS

SECTION 4, AREA 1
LOT 3

TAX MAP No.: 16 PARCEL No.: 21

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: OCTOBER 5, 2000

SHEET 1 OF 1

SDP-01-52

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS
CENTENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042
(410) 461 - 2855

K:\Drawings 4\40299 Waverly Woods-Lot 41 (Hamilton Reed)\Site Development Plan\40299 SDP L