and the state of t	SHEET INDEX
SHEET No.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	HIDDEN HAVEN COURT PLAN AND PROFILE
3	STREET TREE, GRADING, AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
4	DRAINAGE AREA MAP AND LANDSCAPE PLAN
5	STORM DRAIN PROFILES AND TYP. ROADWAY SECTION
6	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS
7	SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS

OLD MILL OVERLOOK

LOTS 1 THRU 12 AND PARCEL 'A' & 'B'

ZONED R-20

TAX MAP NO. 17 PARCEL NO. 29

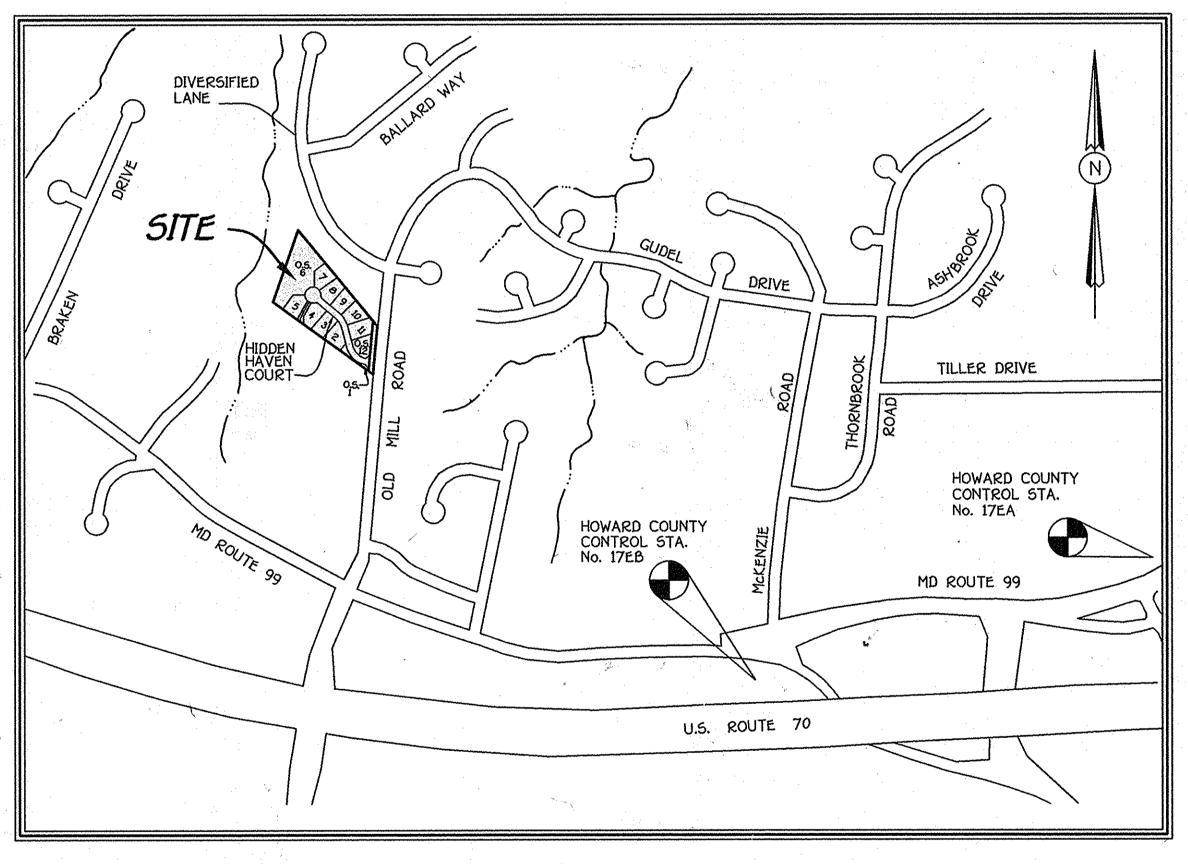
SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

		STREE	ТUG	HT CHART
DWG No.	STREET NAME	STATION	OFF- SET	FIXTURE/POLE TYPE
2	OLD MILL ROAD	<u>{</u>		150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED AT 30' ON RELOCATED BGE 18UE #234124 USING A 12' ARM.
2	HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	L.P. 5TA. 1+27	2'	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.

TRAI	FFIC	CONT	ROL SIGN	5
STREET NAME	STATION	OFFSET	Posted Sign	SIGN CODE
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	0+34	18'L	STOP	RI-1
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	1+65	12'R	SPEED LIMIT 25	R2-1
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	1+50	12'R	ROAD NARROWS	W5-1
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	3+15	12'R	ROAD NARROWS	W5-1
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	4+60	12'R	ROAD NARROWS	W5-1
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	2+00	12'L	ROAD NARROWS	W5-1
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	4+20	12°L	ROAD NARROWS	W5-1
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	5+15	12'L	ROAD NARROWS	W5-1

-			
	ROAD (CLASSIFICATION	CHART
-11	ROAD NAME	CLASSIFICATION	R/W WIDTH
Ш	HIDDEN HAVEN COLIET	PUBLIC ACCESS PLACE	40'



VICINITY MAP SCALE 1":600'

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

- WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT. 17EA N 594,357.629 E 1,357,519.340 UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NOS. 17EA AND 17E1

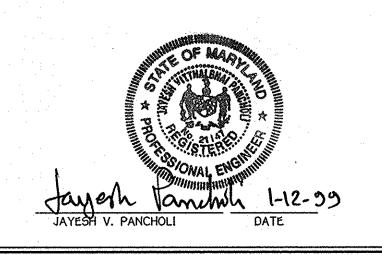
 - E 1,355,731.052
- 8. WATER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT No. 24-3746-D AND THE DRAINAGE AREA IS THE PATAPSCO.
- 9. SEWER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT No. 24-3746-D AND THE DRAINAGE AREA IS THE PATAPSCO. 10. S.W.M. WILL BE PROVIDED BY RETENTION FACILITY. FOR MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES, SEE MAINTENANCE
- 11. EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON CONT. Nos. 2739-5, 24-1742-D & 24-1752-D
- 12. THERE IS NO FLOODPLAIN ON THIS SITE.
- 13. THERE IS NO WETLANDS ON THIS SITE.
- 14. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY THE TRAFFIC GROUP, INC. AND WAS APPROVED BY HOWARD COUNTY ON 5/16/97 UNDER 597-13.
- 15. BACKGROUND INFORMATION:
 - A. SUBDIVISION NAME: OLD MILL OVERLOOK B. TAX MAP NO.: 17 C. PARCEL NO.: 29
 - D. ZONING: R-20
 - E. ELECTION DISTRICT: SECOND F. TOTAL TRACT AREA: 5.96 AC.+
 - G. NO. OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 9 H. NO. OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 3
 - I. OPEN SPACE REQUIRED: (MIN. LOT SIZE 14,000 SQ. FT.) = 5.96 AC. x 30% = 1.79 AC.* J. OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 1.92 AC.*
 - K. PRELIMINARY PLAN APPROVAL DATE: 6/10/98 (P98-18)
- L. PREVIOUS FILE Nos. : 597-13, P90-10 16. NO CEMETERIES EXIST ON THE PROPERTY.
- 17. FOREST STAND DELINEATION PROVIDED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS UNDER 597-13 DATED 5/16/97.
- 18. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT BALTIMORE GAS & ELECTRIC AND OBTAIN CONCURRENCE FROM B.G. & E. BEFORE ANY GRADING ACTIVITIES AROUND THE POLES / GUY WIRES ON OPEN SPACE LOT 1.
- 19. The Forest conservation obligation associated with this project will be met through the payment of a #37,897.20 fee-in-lied.

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

30501 TITLE SHEET.dwg

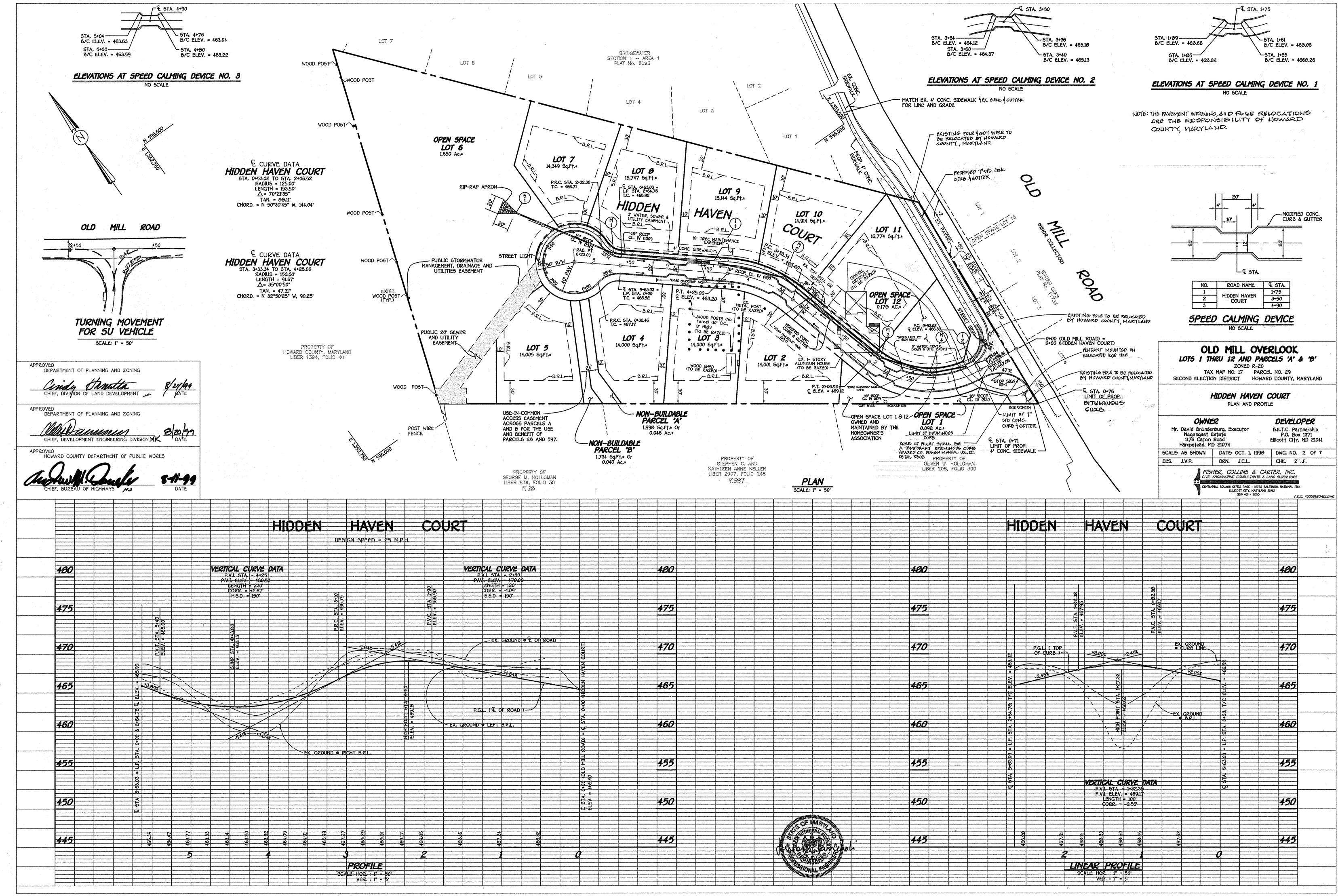
OWNER MR. DAVID BRANDENBURG, EXECUTOR NAGENGAST ESTATE 1176 CATON ROAD HAMPSTEAD, MARYLAND 21074

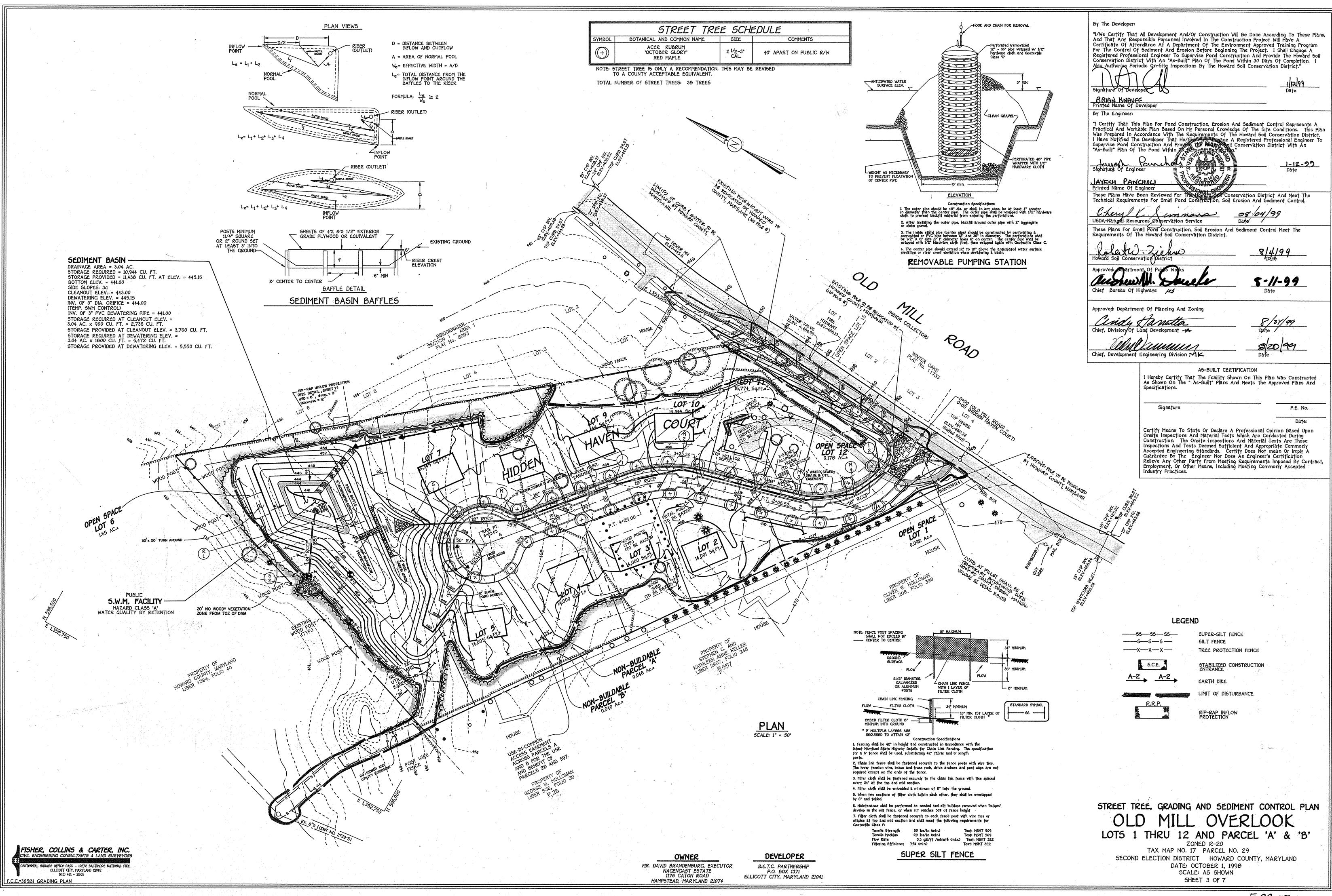
DEVELOPER B.E.T.C. PARTNERSHIP ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

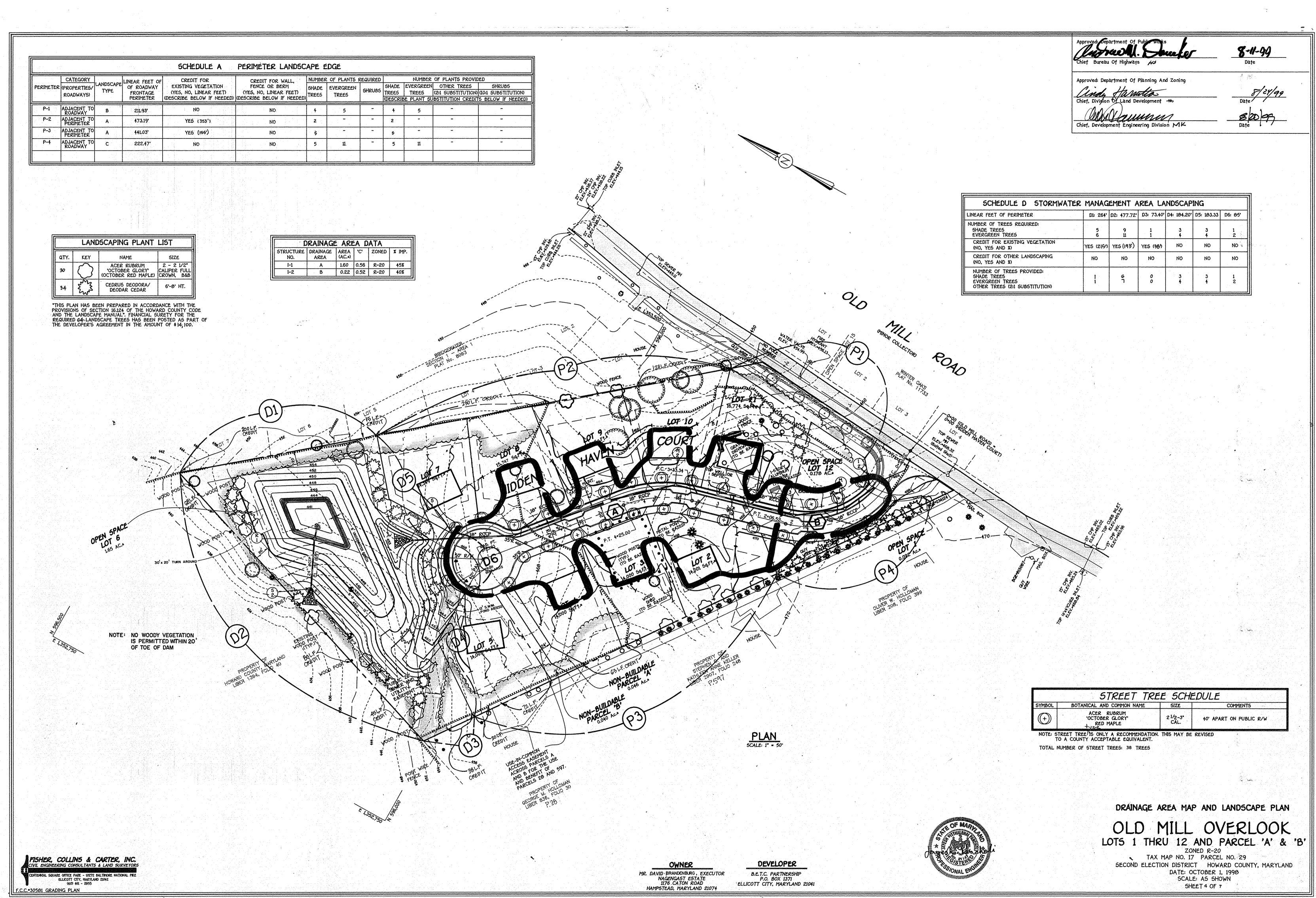


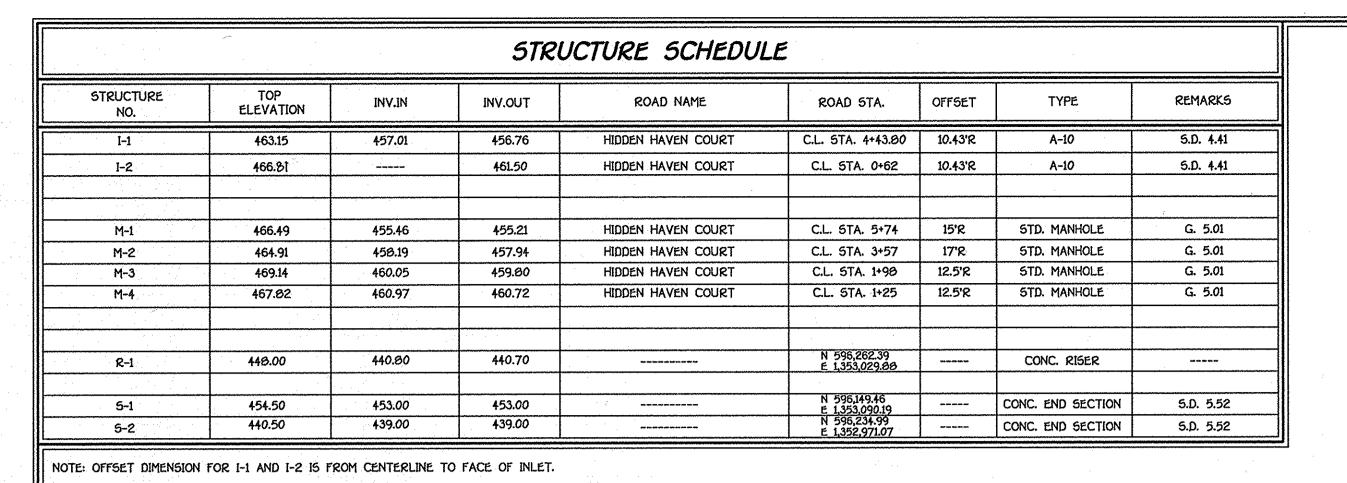
OLD MILL OVERLOOK

LOTS 1 THRU 12 AND PARCEL 'A' & 'B'





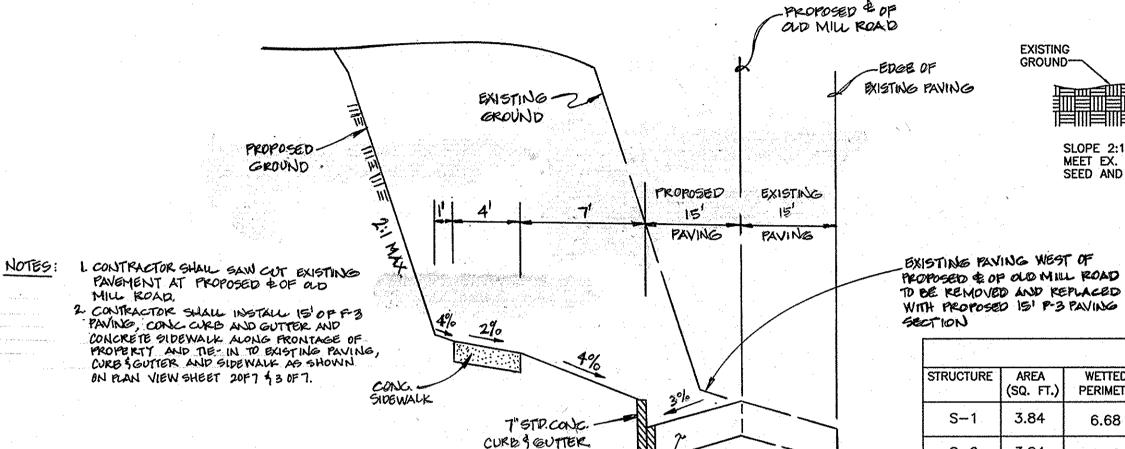




40' R/W 2' ROUNDING 7 Section 1 48 4' CONCRETE -SIDEWALK MODIFIED CONC. CURB AND GUTTER--TACK COAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL VOLUME IV. - BASE WILL BE PRIMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HOWARD COJUNTY DESIGN MANUAL VOLUME IV. - PAVING SECTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION NUMBER P-2 HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL VOLUME IS

TYPICAL ROADWAY SECTION

ROADWAY INFORMATION CHART								
ROAD NAME	CLASSIFICATION	Design speed	ZONING	& STATION LIMITS	R/W	PAVING SECTION		
HIDDEN HAVEN COURT	PUBLIC ACCESS PLACE	25 M.P.H.	R-20	0+00 TO 6+23.03	40'	P-2		



CONC. END - EXISTING GROUND R.C.C.P. SLOPE 2:1 MAX. TO MEET EX. GROUND SEED AND MULCH -BLANKET THICKNESS - LOOSE LAID RIP RAP

Approved: Department Of Public Works

Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Chief, Development Engineering Division MK

Chief, Division Of Land Development

8.11-91

RIP RAP CHANNEL DETAIL

GROUND-

SLOPE 2:1 MAX. TO

MEET EX. GROUND ___

SEED AND MULCH

				RIP-R	PAP CH	IANNEL	DESIC	an d	4 <i>TA</i>					*		
RUCTURE	AREA (SQ. FT.)	WETTED PERIMETER	R (FT.)	R 2/3	S (FT./FT.)	S 1/2	. : W ·	d	N	V (FPS)	Q (CFS)	D 50	SIZE D _{MAX}	BLANKET THICKNESS	Q10 (CFS)	DIĄ.
S-1	3.84	6.68	0.57	0.69	0.005	0.0707	4.0'	0.6'	0.035	2.07	7.95	9.5"	15"	19"	6.37	18"
S-2	3.84	6.68	0.57	0.69	0.005	0.0707	4.0'	0.6'	0.035	2.07	7.95	9.5"	15"	19"	1.26	18"

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR RIP-RAP OUTFALLS

- The subgrade for the filter, riprap or gabion shall be prepared to the required lines and grades. Any fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding undisturbed material.
- 2. The rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when installed respectively in the riprap or filter.
- 3. Filter cloth shall be protected from punching, cutting or tearing. Any damage other than an occasional shall hole shall be repaired by placing another piece of cloth over the damaged part or by completely replacing the cloth. All overlaps whether for repairs or for joining two pieces of
- 4. Stone for the riprop or gabion outlets may be placed by equipment. Both shall each be constructed to the full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid displacement of underlying materials. The stone for riprap or gabion outlets shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure that it is reasonably homogenous with the smaller stones and spalls filling the voids between the larger stones. Riprap shall be placed in a manner to prevent damage to the filter blanket or filter cloth. Hand placement will be required to the extent necessary to prevent damage to the permanent works.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED GRADING PERMITS, APPROVALS AND LICENSES FROM APPROPRIATE AGENCIES.
- 2. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION / INSPECTION DIVISION (410) 313-1970 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING WORK ON THESE PLANS. NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" 40 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-800-257-7777.
- 3. INSTALL ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCE FOR TREES TO BE UNDISTURBED AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. (2 DAYS)
- 4. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ONLY. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. (3 DAYS)
- INSTALL REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, SEDIMENT TRAP/S.W.M. FACILITY, EARTH DIKES AND SILT FENCE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. NO BLASTING WILL BE PERMITTED FOR EXCAVATION OF THE PROPOSED TRAP. WHERE NECESSARY, RIPPING AND SACK HAMMERING SHOULD BE UTILIZED IN THE EXCAVATION OF THE FACILITY WITH PERMISSION REQUIRED FROM THE INSPECTOR TO PROCEED. (10 DAYS)
- 6. CLEAR AND GRUB THE REMAINDER OF THE SITE. (5 DAYS)
- GRADE SITE TO THE PROPOSED SUB-GRADE AND INSTALL THE PROPOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEM. STABILIZE ALL SLOPES IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF GRADING. (4 WEEKS)
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS. REMOVE SEDIMENTS FROM TRAP WHEN CLEANOUT ELEVATION HAS BEEN REACHED. ALL SEDIMENTS MUST BE PLACED UPSTREAM OF AN APPROVED TRAPPING DEVICE.
- 9. CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER AND ROAD BASE COARSE. (10 DAYS)
- 10. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTORS TO
- 11. WHEN ALL CONTRIBUTING AREAS TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND TRAP HAVE BEEN STABILIZED AND WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, THE DEVICE MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR BACKFILLED AND THE REMAINING AREAS BROUGHT TO FINAL DESIGN GRADE. STABILIZE ALL REMAINING AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES. (10 DAYS)
- 12. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED

STORM DRAIN PROFILES AND TYP. ROADWAY SECTION OLD MILL OVERLOOK LOTS 1 THRU 12 AND PARCEL 'A' & 'B'

ZONED R-20 TAX MAP NO. 17 PARCEL NO. 29 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 1, 1998 SCALE: AS SHOWN SHEET 5 OF 7

	(§)	M			M M	(2)	M ACCORDANCE WITH HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL
					V		TIPICAL WIDENING SECTION ALONG OLD MILL ROAD NOT TO SCALE
480							480
475	PROP. GRADE			EXIST. DWELLING (TO BE RAZED)			475
470			EX. GROUND (11/6/97)				470
465		_10 YR.	H.G.L.	—10 YR. H.G.L.	1	G 03	460
455	GABION FILTER FOREBAY SEE DETAIL, SHEET 6		56.76	456.19	459.80 460.05 460.72 460.97	461.	<u>455</u>
450 RIP-RAP INFLOW		455.21	10" RCCP, CL IV • 1.00%	18" RCCP, CL IV • 1.00% Q = 0.66 cfs Vf = 0.37 fps Vp = 3.2 fps	18" RCCP, CL IV 100% Q = 0.66 cfs Vf = 0.37 fps Vp = 3.2 fps	CCP, CL IV 1.00% 0.72 cfs 0.41 fps 3.4 fps	450
445 GROUTED CUT-OFF WALLS—	18" RCCP, CL • 1.65% Q = 6.37 cfs Vf = 3.60 fps Vp = 7.4 fps ATOP FILTER FABRIC	18" RCCP, CL IV • 1.00% Q = 6.37 cfs Vf = 3.60 fps Vp = 7.4 fps	18" RCCP, CL IV • 1.00% Q = 0.66 cfs Vf = 0.37 fps Vp = 3.2 fps			1.5	445
440	RIP-RAP APRON Vp = 7.4 fps ATOP FILTER FABRIC d50 = 9.5" dmax. = 15" THICKNESS = 19"	1+34	1+30 0+00 0+93	00+0	1+61 0+00 0+67 0+60	0+53	440

PROFILE

SCALE: HORIZ. : 1" = 50" VERT. : 1" = 5"

MR. DAVID BRANDENBURG, EXECUTOR

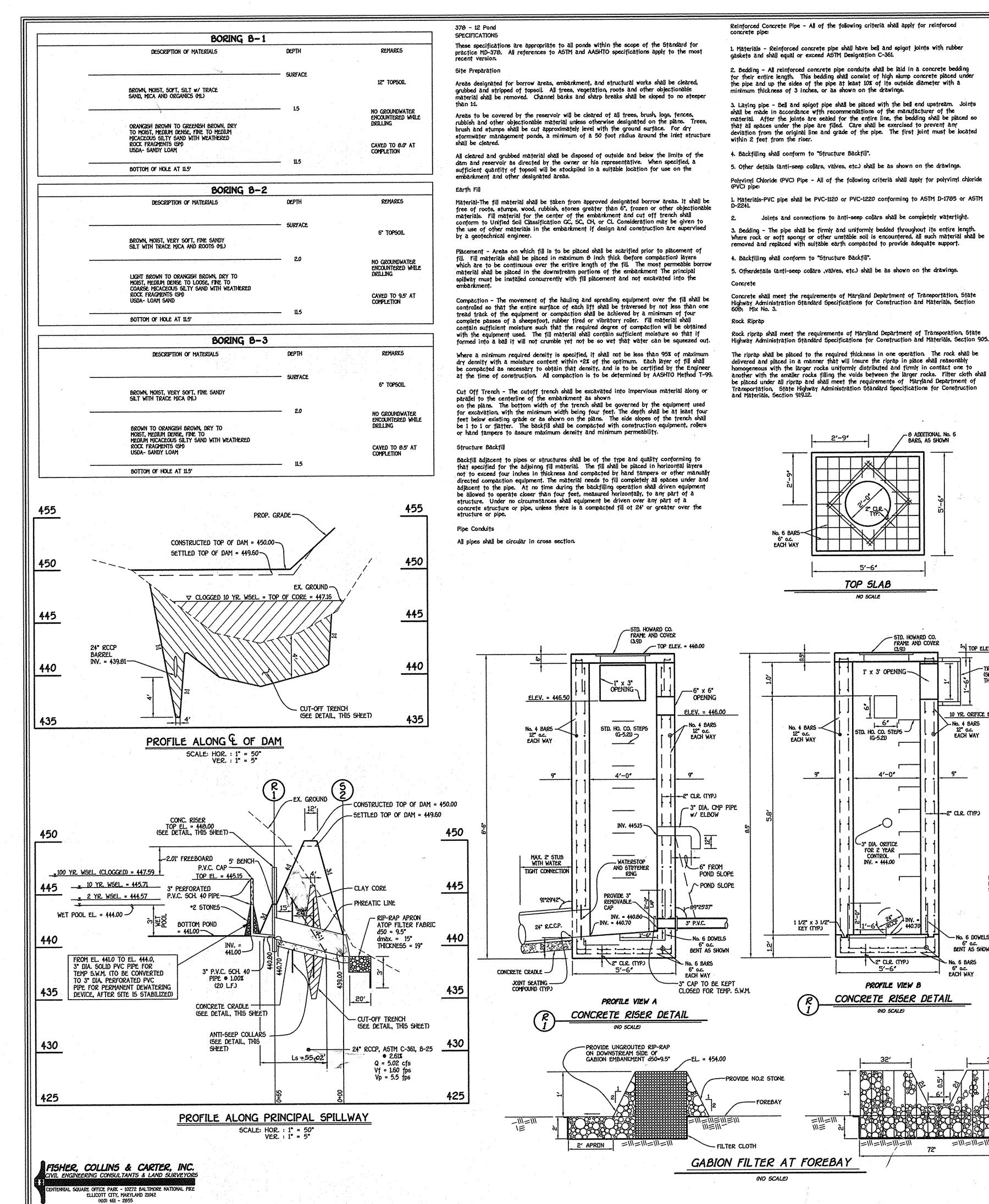
OWNER

NAGENGAST ESTATE 1176 CATON ROAD

HAMPSTEAD, MARYLAND 21074

DEVELOPER B.E.T.C. PARTNERSHIP P.O. BOX 1371 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21041

F.C.C. *30501 STORMDRAINS.DWG



F.C.C.+3050ISWMDETAILSLOWG

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber

2. Bedding - All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a

that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride

Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

5. Otherdetails (anti-seep collars valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place shall reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, journation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Erosion and Sediment Control Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

A. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE (PUBLIC FACILITY)

- Facility shall be inspected annually and after major storms. Inspections should be performed during wet weather to determine if the pond is functioning properly.
- Top and side slopes of the embankment shall be moved a minimum of two (2)
 times a year, once in June and once in September. Other side slopes, the bottom of
 the pond, and maintenance access should be moved as needed.
- Debris and litter next to the outlet structure shall be removed during regular mowing operations and as needed.
- 4. Visible signs of erosion in the pond as well as rip-rap putlet area shall be repaired as soon as it is noticed.
- B. NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

MAX. 2" STUB WITH WATERTIGHT -

TOP ELEV. = 448.00

10 YR. ORIFICE EL. = 445.00

-No. 4 BARS

BENT AS SHOW

=111=111=111

- Structural components of teh pond such as the dam, riser structure and the pipes shall be repaired upon the detection of any damage. The components should be inspected during maintenance operations.
- 2. Sediment should be removed when its accumulation significantly reduces the design storage, interferes with the function of the riser, when deemed necessary for aesthetic reasons, or when deemed necessary by the Howard County's Department of Public Works.

5TD. HO. CO. 5TEP5 (G-5.2D-

|---|| | ||---||

y.d %

P

PLAN VIEW

3.405

3.405'

ANTI-SEEP COLLAR

(4 REQUIRED)

PROVIDE ASPHALT JOINT -FILLER BETWEEN ALL CONC

SURFACES EXCEPT BETWEEN

GABION BASKETS (MACCAFFER)

 $Q = 3.1 \times 6 \times 0.5^{3/2}$

= 6.50 cfs (Q10 = 6.37 cfs)

-BOTTOM OF FOREBAY EL.= 453.00

900

ADDITIONAL No. 6 BARS

FOR CORNER TREATMENT (MIN. 10" LAP)

BA

TYPE A2 PIPE CRADLE SEE DETAIL, THIS SHIT

SECTION '8-B'

OWNER

MR. DAVID BRANDENBURG, EXECUTOR

NAGENGAST ESTATE 1176 CATON ROAD

HAMPSTEAD, MARYLAND 21074

No. 4 BARS 6" C/C EACH WAY OMN)

PROVIDE ASPHALT JOINT FILLER BETWEEN ALL CONC. SURFACES EXCEPT BETWEEN

TYPICAL SECTION THROUGH BARREL, CRADLE AND ANTI-SEEP COLLAR

NOTE: COLLARS SHALL

BE PLACED A MINIMUM

OF 2'-0" FROM PIPE

EX. GROUND -BACKFILL W/IMPERVIOUS MATERIAL (CL OR SC). COMPACT TO ASSURE NOTE: CORE SHALL BE KEPT PUMPED DRY DURING CONSTRUCTION.

2'-0"

A2 CRADLE

NOT TO SCALE

CORE TRENCH DETAIL

1. CONCRETE SHALL BE MSHA MIX No. 3 (FC > 3,500 P.S.L.) 2. REINFORCING STEEL: GRADE 60

FACE FORMS FOR WALLS OF OUTLET STRUCTURE SHALL UTILIZE L.M. SCOFIELD CO. T-9055 FORM LINERS

(RANDOM SPLIT-FACE ROCK) OPTIONAL PROVIDE ROUGH BROOM FINISH ON

5. ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE INSTALLED

6. ALL EXPOSED METAL SURFACES SHALL

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 6.07.03.59

BE PAINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTIO 6.07.03.60 OF THE MSHA STANDARDS AND

7. ALL REINFORCING SPLICES SHALL BE LAP SPLICES OF 30 BAR DIA. UNLESS OTHERWISE

OR EQUAL.

9. ALL EXPOSED EDGES OF CONCRETE TO BE

B. ALL FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE POLY FILTER-X

NOT TO SCALE

TOP SLAB

TRASH RACK DETAIL

EACH WAY-

~24" R.C.C.P. ¬

12,

l concrete shall be MSHA MIX No. 3 (FC > 3,500 P.S.L) PREINFORCING STEEL: GRADE 60 FOR WALLS OF STRUCTURE

SHALL UTILIZE L.N. SCOFIELD CO. T-9055 FORM LINERS (RANDOM SPLIT-FACE ROCK) OPTIONAL.

n accordance with Section 6.07.03.59 of the MSHA Standards and Specs. 6. ALL REINFORCING SPLICES SHALL BE LAP SPLICES OF 30 BAR DIA. UNLESS OTHERWISE

. PROVIDE ROUGH BROOM FINISH.

DEVELOPER

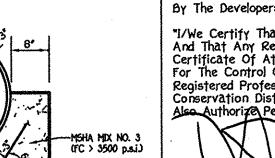
B.E.T.C. PARTNERSHIP P.O. BOX 1371

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21041

5. ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE INSTALLED

SECTION 'A-A'

Type a2 pipe cradle (see detail. This sheet)



"I/We Certify That All Development And/Or Construction Will Be Done According To These Plans, And That Any Responsible Personnel Involved in The Construction Project Will Have A Certificate Of Attendance At A Department Of The Environment Approved Training Program
For The Control Of Sediment And Erosion Before Beginning The Project. I Shall Engage A
Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Pond Construction And Provide The Howard Soil
Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plan Of The Pond Within 30 Days Of Completion. I Liso Authorized Periodic On-Site Inspections By The Howard Soil Conservation District."

signature Of

Printed Name Of Engineer

By The Engineer:

"I Certify That This Plan For Pond Construction, Erosion And Sediment Control Represents A Practical And Workable Plan Based On My Personal Knowledge Of The Site Conditions. This Plan Was Prepared In Accordance With The Requirements Of The Howard Soil Conservation District. I Have Notified The Developer That He/She Must Engage A Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Pond Construction And Provide Must Engage To Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plan Of The Pond Within the Days of Appropriate Plan Of The Pond Within the Parameters of the Parameters of the Pond Within the Parameters of th

Paradia 1-12-29 Journal h. Signature Of Engineer

Conservation District And Meet The These Plans Have Been Reviewed heyll. Immans USDA-Natural Resources Conservation Service

These Plans For Small-Pond Construction, Soil Erosion And Sediment Control Meet The Requirements Of The Howard Soil Conservation District.

Robertw. Bieles

Approved: Department Of Planning And Zonina

Chief, Division of Land Development -West Tournelle

Chief, Development Engineering Division MK

- 2" x 2" x 3/16" Tubing at 8"

WELDED AT AL JOINING SIDES

-1/4" FLAT BAR BOLTED AT

18'

NOTES: 1 FIELD MEASURE THE STRUCTURE

DIMENSIONS TO INSURE EXACT FIT OF TRASH RACK. 2. GALVANIZE ENTIRE TRASH RACK

AFTER FABRICATION. 3. PAINT BATTLESHIP GRAY.

8/4/99

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION 1 Hereby Certify That The Fcaility Shown On This Plan Was Constructed As Shown On The " As-Built" Plans And Meets The Approved Plans And

P.E. No. Sianature Date:

Certify Means To State Or Declare A Professional Opinion Based Upon Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Which Are Conducted During Construction. The Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Are Those Inspections And Tests Deemed Sufficient And Appropriate Commonly Accepted Engineering Standards. Certify Does Not mean Or Imply A Guarantee By The Engineer Nor Does An Engineer's Certification Relieve Any Other Party From Meeting Requirements Imposed By Contract, Employment, Or Other Means, Including Meeting Commonly Accepted Industry Practices.

OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Inspection of the pond(s) shown hereon shall be performed at least annually, in accordance with the checklist and requirements contained within USDA, SCS "Standards And Specifications For Ponds" (MD-370). The pond owner(s) and any heirs, successors, or assigns shall be responsible for the safety of the pond and the continued operation, surveillance, inspection, and maintenance thereof. The pond owner)s) shall promptly notify the Soil Conservation District of any unusual observations that may be indications of distress such as excessive seepage, turbid seepage,

GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH CONSTRUCTION

THE SITE SHOULD BE STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL AND ANY OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIALS FROM THE EMBANKMENT OR STRUCTURE AREA IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL CONSERVATION GUIDELINES. AFTER STRIPPING OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED THE EXPOSED SUBGRADE MATERIALS SHOULD BE PROOFROLLED WITH A LOADED DUMP TRUCK OR SIMILAR EQUIPMENT IN THE PRESENCE OF A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE. FOR AREAS THAT ARE NOT ACCESSIBLE TO A DUMP TRUCK, THE EXPOSED MATERIALS SHOULD BE OBSERVED AND TESTED BY A GEOTECHICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE UTILIZING A DYNAMIC CONE PENETROMETER. any excessively soft or loose materials identified by proofrolling or PENETROMETER TESTING SHOULD BE EXCAVATED TO SUITABLE FIRM SOIL, AND THEN GRADES RE-ESTABLISHED BY BACKFILLING WITH SUITABLE SOIL

A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHOULD BE PRESENT TO MONITOR PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION OF FILL FOR THE EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH IN ACCORDANCE WITH MARYLAND SOIL CONSERVATION SPECIFICATION 378 SOILS CONSIDERED SUITABLE FOR THE CENTER OF EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH SHALL CONFORM TO UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION GC, SC, CH OR CL. ALL FILL MATERIALS MUST BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MD SCS

		DESIGN	SUMMARY		:
Design Storm	ALLOWABLE RELEASE RATE	FACILITY INFLOW	FACILITY DISCHARGE	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION	STORAGE VOLUME (AC.FT.)
2 YEAR	0.39 CF5	2.89 CF5	0.13 CFS	441.57	0.1944
10 YEAR	0.35 CFS	6.20 CF5	0.30 CF5	445.71	0.2109
100 YEAR	N/A	15.04 CF5	1.26 CF5	446.01	0.5101
	A 71.04 1.00 7.00				

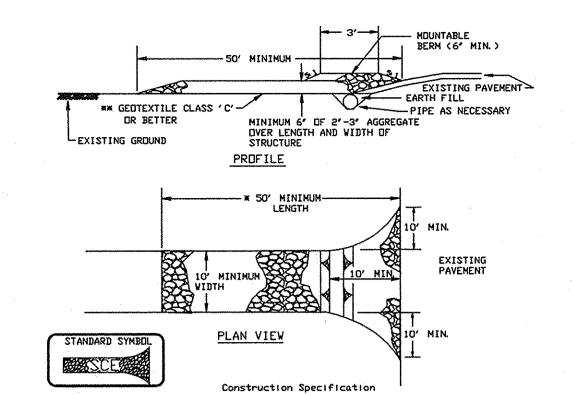
STORAGE - 0.5401 ACFT. x 5.01 = 3.14 ATERSHED AREA TO FACILITY (ACRES): 3.04 AC.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS

MILL OVERLOOK LOTS 1 THRU 12 AND PARCELS 'A' & 'B'

ZONED R-20 TAX MAP NO. 17 PARCEL NO. 29 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 1, 1998 SHEET 6 OF 7

F99-57

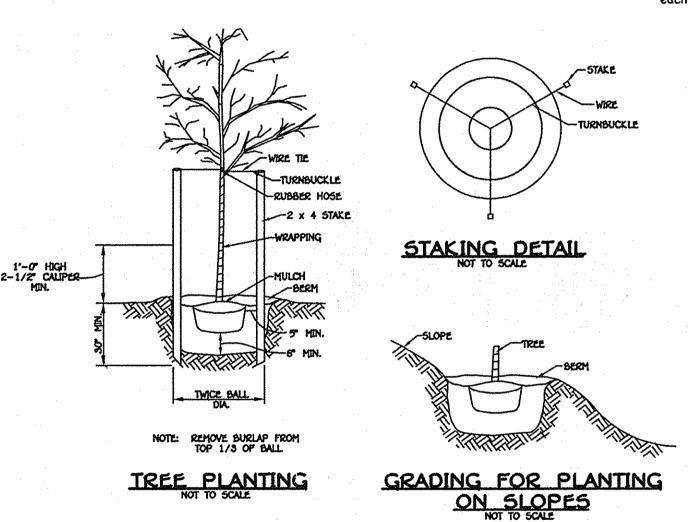


- 1. Leigth minimum of 50' (#30' for single residence lot). 2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning
- 3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile.
- 4. Stone crushed aggregate (2' to 3') or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6' minimum will be required

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - 2 NOT TO SCALE



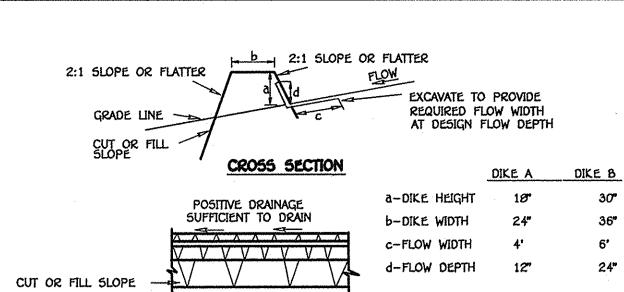
SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1) A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1855). 2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO. 3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT
- OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7
 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES,
 DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS
 AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE. ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING
- SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.

 5) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- 6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE O BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- 7) SITE ANALYSIS: TOTAL AREA OF SITE 5.00 ACRES AREA DISTURBED AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED 1.50 ACRES AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED 3.50 ACRES 6,000 CU.YDS
- 6,000 CU.YDS OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION N/A CU.YDS.

 8) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE
- SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
 ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED
 NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES. APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON
- COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- 11) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.





FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION GRADE 0.5% MIN. 10% MAX.

PLAN VIEW

1. Seed and cover with straw mulch. 2. Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod. 3. 4" - 7" stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into the soil 7" minimum

Construction Specifications

STANDARD SYMBOL

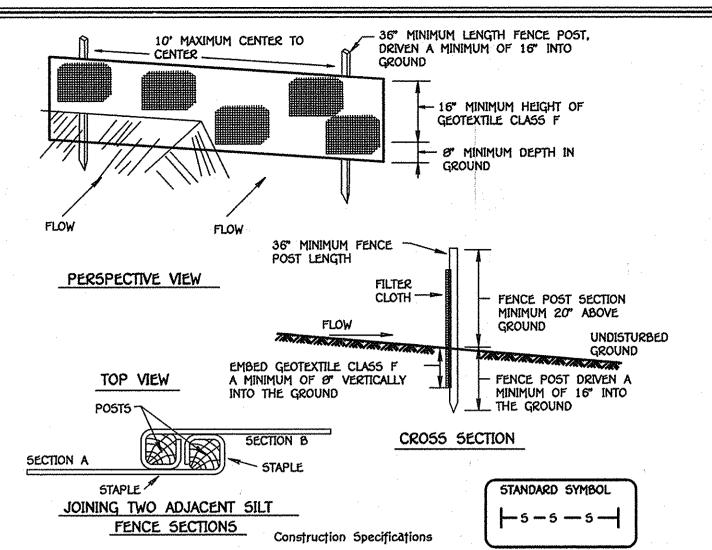
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A-2 B-3

- 1. All temporary earth dikes shall have uninterrupted positive grade to an outlet. Spot elevations may be necessary for grades less than 1
- 2. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shall be conveyed to a sediment trapping device.
- 3. Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly into an undisturbed, stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity.
- 4. All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectionable material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper functioning of the dike.
- 5. The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections or other irregularities which will impede
- 6. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.
- 7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike.
- 8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after each rain event.

EARTH DIKE

Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosic PURPOS



1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.

Test: MSMT 509

Test: MSMT 509

Test: MSMT 322

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

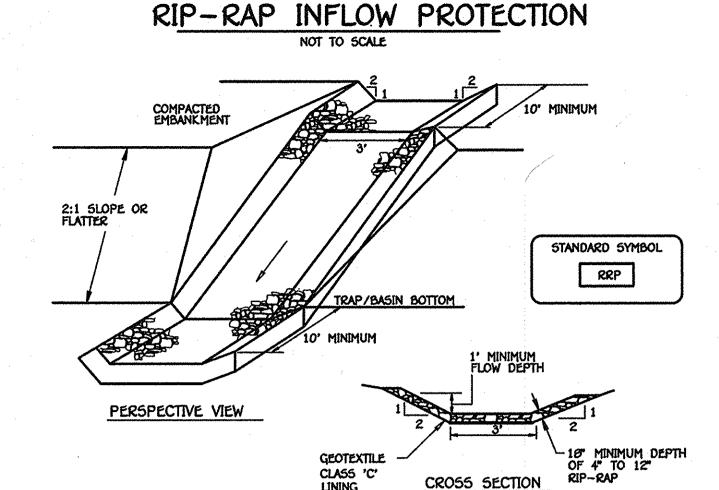
50 lbs/in (min.) Tensile Strength Tensile Modulus 20 |bs/in (min.) 0.3 gal ft / minute (max?) Flow Rate Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.)

Test: MSMT 322 3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE

NOT TO SCALE



Construction Specifications

1. Rip-rap lined inflow channels shall be 1' in depth, have a trapezoidal cross section with 2:1 or flatter side slopes and 3' (min.) bottom width. The channel shall be lined with 4" to 12" rip- rap to a depth of 18".

2. Filter cloth shall be installed under all rip-rap. Filter cloth shall be Geotextile Class C.

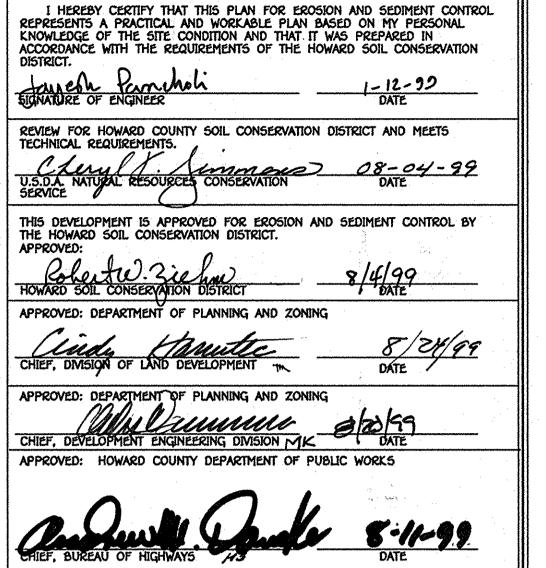
3. Entrance and exit sections shall be installed as shown on the detail

4. Rip-rap used for the lining may be recycled for permanent outlet projection if the basin is to be converted to a stormwater management

5. Gabion Inflow Protection may be used in lieu of Rip-rap Inflow

6. Rip-rap should blend into existing ground.

7. Rip-rap Inflow Protection shall be used where the slope is between 4:1 and 10:1, for slopes flatter than 10:1 use Earth Dike or Temporary Swale lining criteria.



DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE

DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF

PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED

ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING

Seed Specifications All seed must Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.

ii. Inoculant — The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture nitrogen—fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used late the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four trecommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as the container of the containt as cool as the container of the contain Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not

exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous); 200 lbs/ac; K20 (potassium): 200 lbs/ac.

Lime — use only ground agricultural limestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.

Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and

c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.

ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.

a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

Mulch Specifications (In order of preference)

Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

Mulch Specifications (In order of preference)

i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.

ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.

ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

a. WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green die in the package that will provide fibrous physical state.

b. WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green die in the package that will provide a contain a green die in the package that will provide the containe does a shall contain on germination or growth inhibiting factor.

c. WCFM materialis shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under adjation and will bend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a biotier-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.

e. Will branger about comtain no elements or compounds at content and the production of the grass seedlings.

e. Will branger about comtain no elements or compounds at content and the production of the grass seedlings.

f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm. diameter approximately 11 mm. ph range of 4.0 to 9.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacitry of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile state mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.

ii. When straw mulch is used, if shall be applied to all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tone/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform lose depth of between 1º and 2. Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tone/acre.

iii. When straw mulch is used, if shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

ii

of water.

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders — such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70 Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.

iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

incremental Stabilization — Cut Slopes

i. All cuts slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Slopes shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15'.

ii. Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.
 b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.
 c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as

necessary.
Perform final phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary. Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions int he operation of completing the out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes

i. Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

ii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

15", or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

iii. At the end of each day, temporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner to a sediment trapping device.

iv. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4 (below).

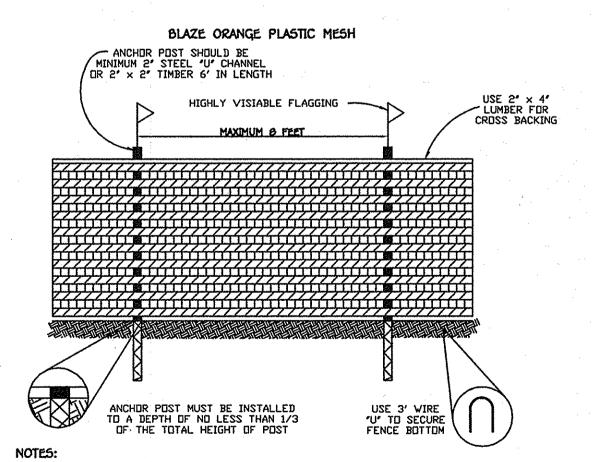
a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

b. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

c. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

d. Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize.

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.



FOREST PROTECTION DEVICE ONLY.
RETENTION AREA WILL BE SET AS PART OF THE REVIEW PROCESS.
BOUNDARIES OF RETENTION AREA SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEVICE.
ROOT DAMAGE SHOULD BE AVOIDED.
PROTECTIVE SIGNAGE MAY ALSO BE USED.
DEVICE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.

TREE PROTECTION DETAIL

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

LOTS 1 THRU 12 AND PARCELS 'A' & 'B' ZONED R-20 TAX MAP NO. 17 PARCEL NO. 29 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 1, 1998, SHEET 7 OF 7

Seedbed Preparation

iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 90—100% will pass through a #20

i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.

ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.

iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

i. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.

ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee of the producer.

20.0 STANDARDS AND SPISCIFICATIONS

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY

VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration O(up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc.

Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth.

Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone.

Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

SECTION 1 - VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS

Seedbed Preparation

i. Temporary Seeding

a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.

b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

c. In corporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

ii. Permanent Seeding

a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.

2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

3. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>30% sitt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% sitt plus clay) would be acceptable.

mesh sieve.
Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.

4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

5. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.

Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.

to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.

Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.

Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3" of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly disturbed areas.

OWNER MR. DAVID BRANDENBURG, EXECUTOR NAGENGAST ESTATE

1176 CATON ROAD

HAMPSTEAD, MARYLAND 21074

DEVELOPER B.E.T.C. PARTNERSHIP P.O. BOX 1371 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21041