#### SHEET INDEX SHEET No. TITLE SHEET OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE NATALIES WAY PLAN AND PROFILE, JOHN RANDOLPH COURT PLAN JOHN RANDOLPH COURT PLAN AND PROFILE STREET TREE, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN DRAINAGE AREA MAP AND LANDSCAPE PLAN STORM DRAIN PROFILES STORM DRAIN PROFILES CROSS-SECTIONS (OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD) CROSS-SECTIONS (OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD) STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN PROPOSED APFO MITIGATION PLAN COLUMBIA ROAD & OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD PLAN

## FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS

# THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK

## LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580)

ZONED: R-20

TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399

TRAF	FIC CC	NTROL	. SIGNS	
ROAD	C.L. STA.	OFFSET	POSTED SIGN	SIGN CODE
NATALIES WAY	0+45	16'L	STOP	R1-1
NATALIES WAY	1+00	14°L	STOP AHEAD	W3-12
NATALIES WAY	1+00	14°R	HILL 11.5%	W7-16
JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	0+30	14°R	5TOP	R1-1
		<b></b>		
		<b>†</b>		
		T		

R	ROAD CLASSIFICATION CHART					
ROAD	CLASSIFICATION	R/W WIDTH	C.L. STA.			
NATALIES WAY	ACCESS STREET	50°	0+00 TO 2+56.63			
NATALIES WAY	ACCESS STREET	40"	2+56.83 TO 4+34.66			
NATALIES WAY	ACCESS PLACE (PUBLIC)	40°	4+34.66 TO 6+72.36			
JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	ACCESS PLACE (PUBLIC)	40°	0+00 TO 3+74.16			

	STREET LIGHT CHART						
OWG. No.	STREET NAME	STATION	OFF- SET	FIXTURE/POLE TYPE			
3	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	· Q:+ 33	26'R	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED ON A 30-FOOT BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12: ARM			
3	NATALIES WAY	4+55	I5'∟	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.			
4	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	L.P. 5TA. 1+92	3'	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.			
3	NATALIES WAY	L.P. STA. I+10	3'	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.			
3	NATALIES WAY	C.L. 5TA. 5+25	9'R	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.			
4	JOHN RANDOLPH	C.L. STA. 2+50	9, L	IOO-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.			

NOTE: MINIMUM SPACING OF 20' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT

SITE Centennia Centennia Maxine Street
--

VICINITY MAP 5CALE 1" = 600"

## SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS / BUREAU OF ENGINEERING / CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY
- 4. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT.
- 5. STREET LIGHT PLACEMENT AND THE TYPE OF FIXTURE AND POLE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III (1993) AND AS MODIFIED BY "GUIDELINES FOR STREET LIGHTS IN RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS (JUNE 1993)".
- NOTE: MINIMUM SPACING OF 20' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE.
- 6. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM FIELD RUN SURVEY WITH TWO (2) FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. DATED MAY 2, 1998.
- 7. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT Nos. 24GB AND 24GC WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT.

24GC N 176439.5796 (meters) E 412127.2125 (meters)

- 9. WATER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT No. 24-3699-D AND THE DRAINAGE AREA IS THE LITTLE PATUXENT.
- 10. S.W.M. WILL BE PROVIDED BY A PUBLIC FACILITY LOCATED ON OPEN SPACE LOT 22. WATER QUALITY IS PROVIDED BY A WET POOL DESIGN AND QUANTITY MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED BY DETENTION.
- 11. EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON CONT. No. 801-W & 5 AND CONT. No. 24-3226-D.
- 12. THERE IS NO FLOODPLAIN ON THIS SITE.
- 13. THERE ARE NO WETLANDS ON THIS SITE.
- 14. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY STREET TRAFFIC STUDIES, DATED 11-27-96, AND WAS APPROVED ON 2/4/97 UNDER 597-03. AN ADENDUM TO THE TRAFFIC STUDY WAS SUBMITTED
- 15. BACKGROUND INFORMATION:
- A. SUBDIVISION NAME: THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK
  - 3. TAX MAP NO.: 24 C. PARCEL NO.: 399
  - D. ZONING: R-20 E. ELECTION DISTRICT: SECOND
  - F. TOTAL TRACT AREA: 14.215 AC. .
- G. NO. OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 23 H. NO. OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 3 \*I. OPEN SPACE REQUIRED: (MIN. LOT SIZE 16,000 SQ. FT.) = 11.249 x 20% = 2.250 AC.+
- J. OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 2.316 AC.+
- K. RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE REQUIRED: 20 LOTS x 200 SQ. FT. / LOT = 4,000 SQ. FT. L. RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 5,372 SQ. FT.
- M. PRELIMINARY PLAN APPROVAL DATE: 1-22-98 (P98-13) N. PREVIOUS FILE Nos. : F97-63, 597-03, P98-13 & WP98-126. 16. REFUSE COLLECTION, SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE TO BE PROVIDED AT THE
- JUNCTION OF THE PIPE / FLAG STEM AND THE ROAD R/W AND NOT ONTO THE PIPE / FLAG STEM DRIVEWAY.
- 17. NO CEMETERIES EXIST ON THE PROPERTY.
- 10. FOREST STAND DELINEATION PROVIDED BY EXPLORATION RESEARCH, INC. APPROVED ON 2/4/97 (597-03).
- 19. FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN APPROVED UNDER P90-13.
- \* 20, LOTS 31, 32 AND 33 ARE INCLUDED IN THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LOT LINE ADJUSTMENT. THE AREA OF LOTS 31 - 33 IS NOT COUNTED TOWARDS OPEN SPACE OBLIGATIONS.

MI	NIMUM L	OT SIZE	CHART
Lot No.	Gross Area	Pipestem Area	Minimum Lot Size
28	18,592 5q.Ft.	2,148 5q.Ft.	16,444 Sq.Ft.
29	10,343 5q.Ft.	2,161 5q.Ft.	16,182 Sq.Ft.

THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND Ø, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12500)

ZONED R-20 TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: AUGUST 7, 1998

SHEET I OF 17

FISHER, CULLINS & CARTER, INC. 'IVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

'entennial square office park - 10272 baltimore national Pi

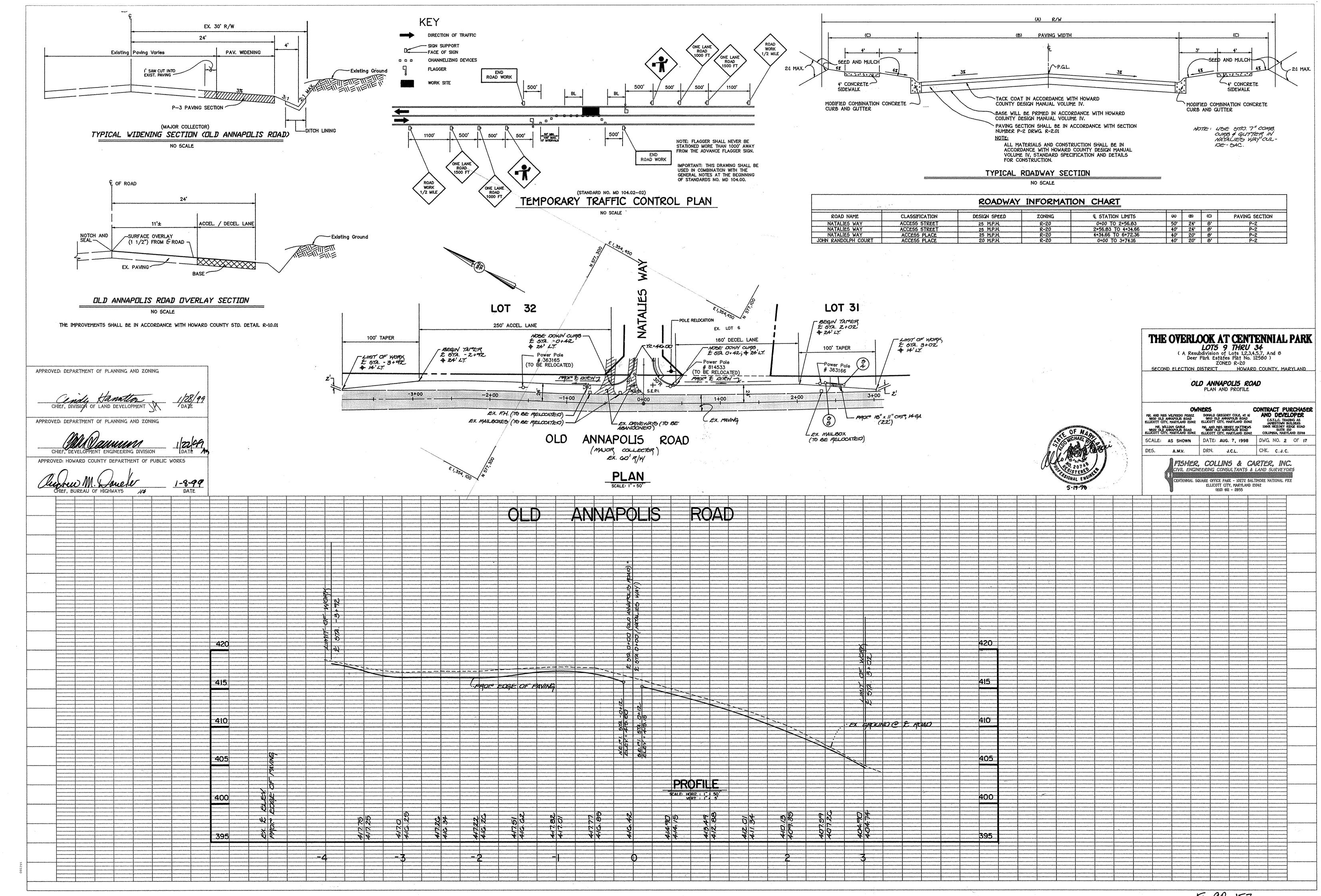
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2055

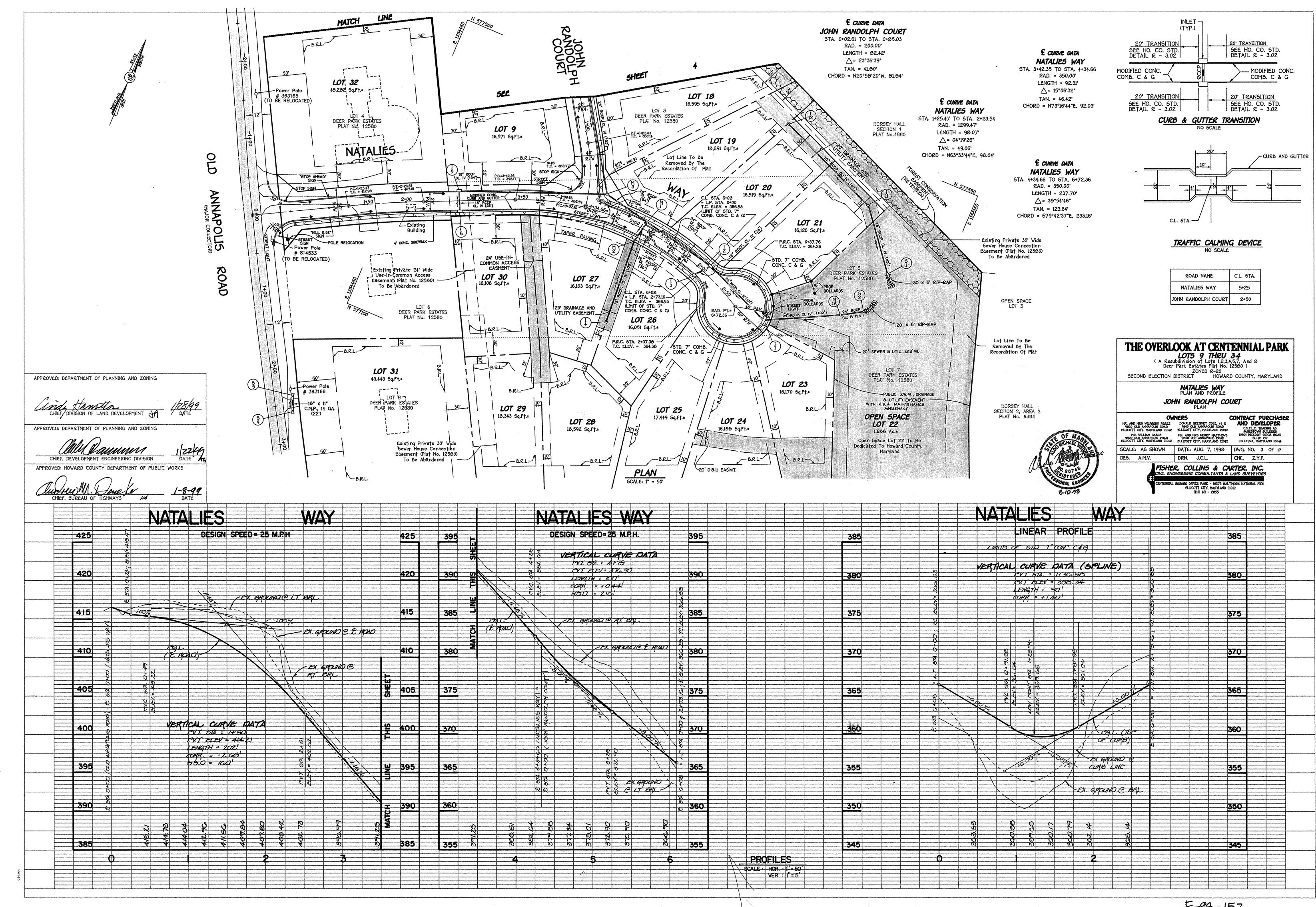
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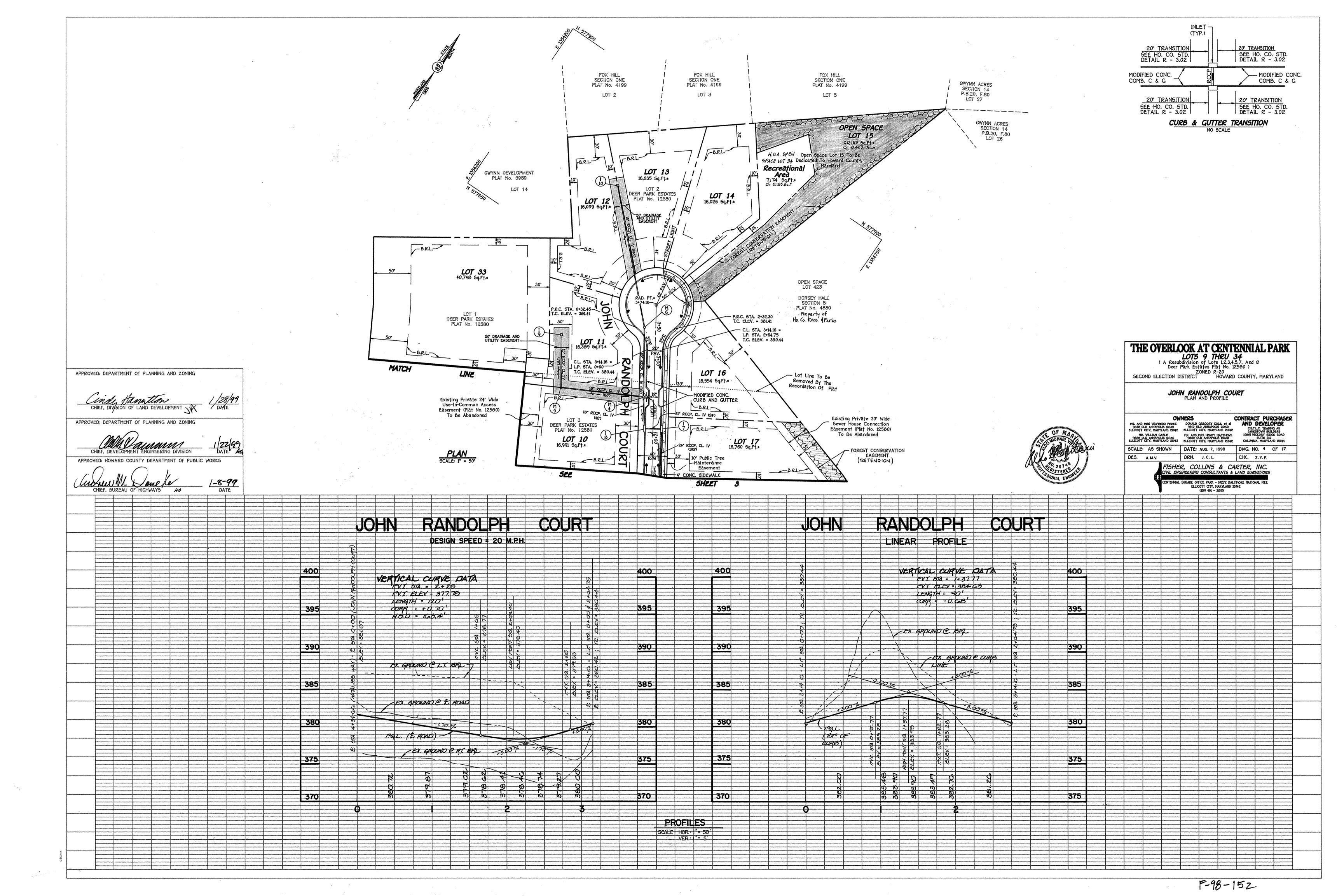
MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ 9030 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 9820 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

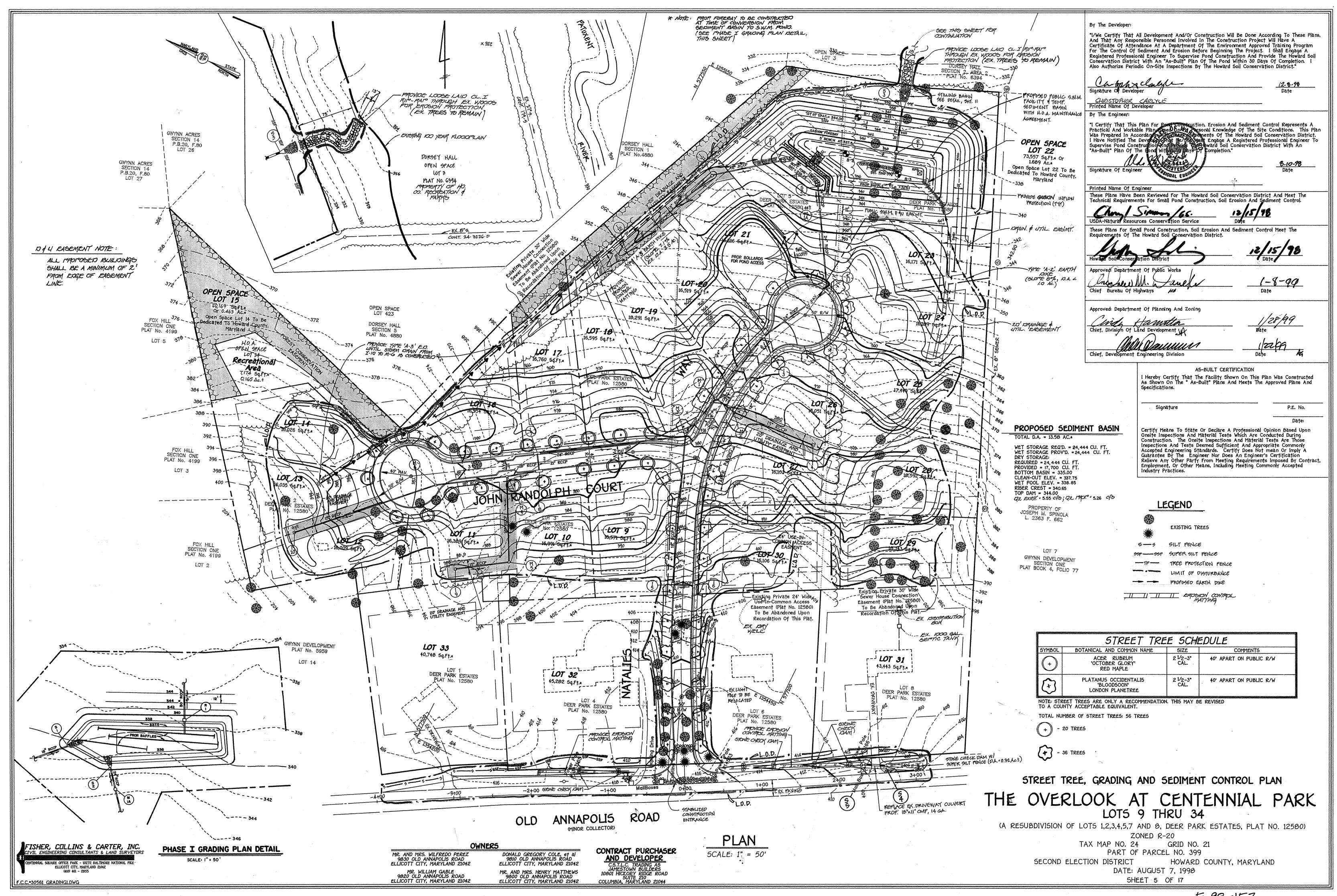
DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al 9810 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 9000 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 CONTRACT PURCHASER
AND DEVELOPER C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS 10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

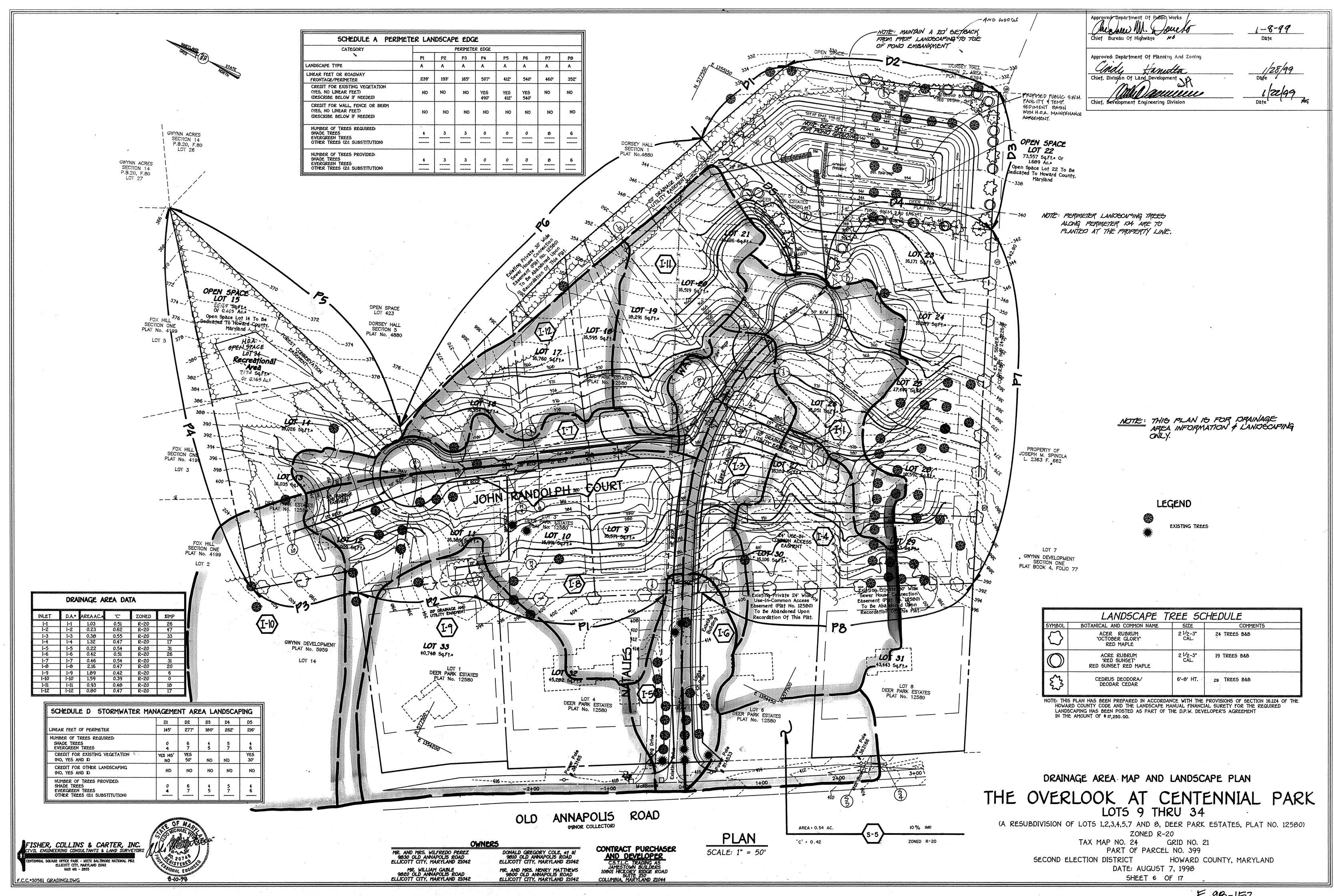








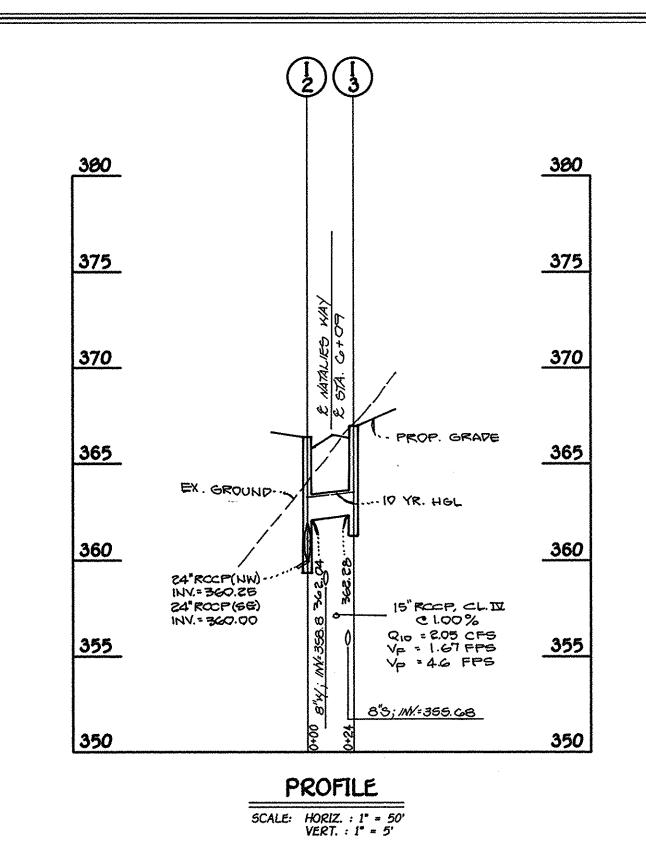




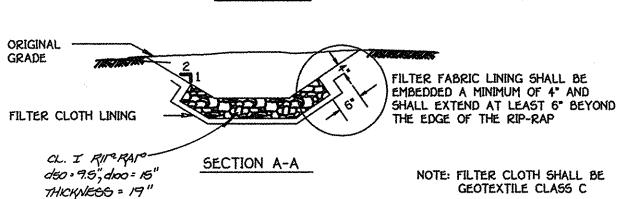
STRUCTURE SCHEDULE								
STRUCTURE NO.	TOP ELEVATION	INV.IN	тио. чи	ROAD NAME	ROAD STA.	OFFSET	TYPE	REMARK5
I-1	359.65	354.00	352.00	NATALIES WAY	L.P. 5TA. 1+23.94	******	A-10	5.D. 4.41
1-2	369.97	362.04, 360.25	360.00	natalies way	C.L. 5TA. 6+13	10.43'L	A-5	5.D. 4.40
I3	370.21	<del></del>	<b>3</b> 62. <b>26</b>	NATALIES WAY	C.L. STA. 6+05	10.43 <sup>1</sup> R	A-5	5.D. 4.40
[-4	* 375.00		37 <b>1.</b> 25	go que que anoma do modo do dos	N 577,209.96 E 1,354,769.39		'D' INLET	5.D. 4.39
I <b>-</b> 5	400,65	394.84	394.59	NATALIES WAY	C.L. STA. 2+70	12.43'L	A-5	5.D. 4.40
<b>l-6</b>	400.65		395.40	NATALIES WAY	C.L. STA. 2+70	12.43 R	A-5	5.D. 4.40
I-7	378.68	372.54	372.28	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	C.L. 5TA. 2+09.40	10.43 <sup>1</sup> R	A-10	5.D. 4.41
1-8	370.68	373.15	372.90	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	C.L. STA. 2+08.40	10.43 <sup>1</sup> L	A-10	5.D. 4.41
[-9	* 387.00		383,50		N 577,553.07 E 1,354,419.08	*	'D' INLET	5.D. 4.39
[-10	* 393.00	****	303.50		N 577,760.54 E 1,354,367.93		'D' INLET	5.D. 4.39
l-11	* 343.50	339.89	339. 64	Opin day also and other day days	N 577,402.99 E 1,355,023,07		'D' INLET	5.D. 4.39
I-12	* 350.50	**************************************	345.00		N 577,540,10 E 1,354,996.54	47444	'D' INLET	5.D. 4.39
M-1	376.60	370.00, 369.46	369.21	NATALIES WAY	C.L. STA. 5+16	10.5°L.	STD. MANHOLE	G. 5.01
M-1A	344.00	339.56	339.31		N 577,339.71 E 1,355,046.90		STD. MANHOLE	G. 5.01
M-2	379.50	370.17	369.92	NATALIES WAY	C.L. 5TA. 5+12	20°R	STD. MANHOLE	G. 5.01
M-3	380.00	370.85, 370.35	370.10	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	C.L. STA. 0+22	24'R	STD. MANHOLE	G. 5.01
M-4	-379.50	373.82, 373.82	373.57	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	C.L. 5TA. 2+51	14°L	STD. MANHOLE	G. 5.01
M-5	390.00	382.80	382,55		N 577,495,03 E 1,354,458,22	*****	STD. MANHOLE	G. 5.01
M-6	380.85	375.00	374.75	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	C.L. STA. 3+43.50	15'L	STD. MANHOLE	G. 5.01
5-1	340.31	338.81	338.81	44 (14 <del>24 (14 (14 (14 (14 (14 (14 (14 (14 (14 (1</del>	N 577,418.60 E 1,355,075.44		CONC. END SECTION	5.D. 5.52
5-2	340.81	338.81	338.81	**************************************	N 577, 351.81 E I, 355,068.86		CONC. END SECTION	5.D. 5.52
5-3	336.59	334.08	334.00		N 577,302.06		CONC. END SECTION	5.D. 5.52
5-4	406.17	405.25	405.25	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	C.L. STA. 2+61	21.5' L	METAL END SECTION	5.D. 5.61
<b>5-</b> 5	407.52	406.60	406.60	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	C.L. STA. 2+39	23.5° L	METAL END SECTION	5.D. 5.61
R-1	342.25	335.00	334.75	The region also also have been also have	N 577,286.21 E 1,355,164.21		CONC. RISER	

+ DENOTES THROAT ELEVATION

NOTE: OFFSET DIMENSION FOR 1-2, 1-3 & 1-5 THRU 1-8 IS FROM € TO FACE OF INLET



PLAN VIEW EXISTING STABILIZED 1' MINIMUM **WIDTH** ELEVATION



ROCK OUTLET PROTECTION III NO SCALE

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

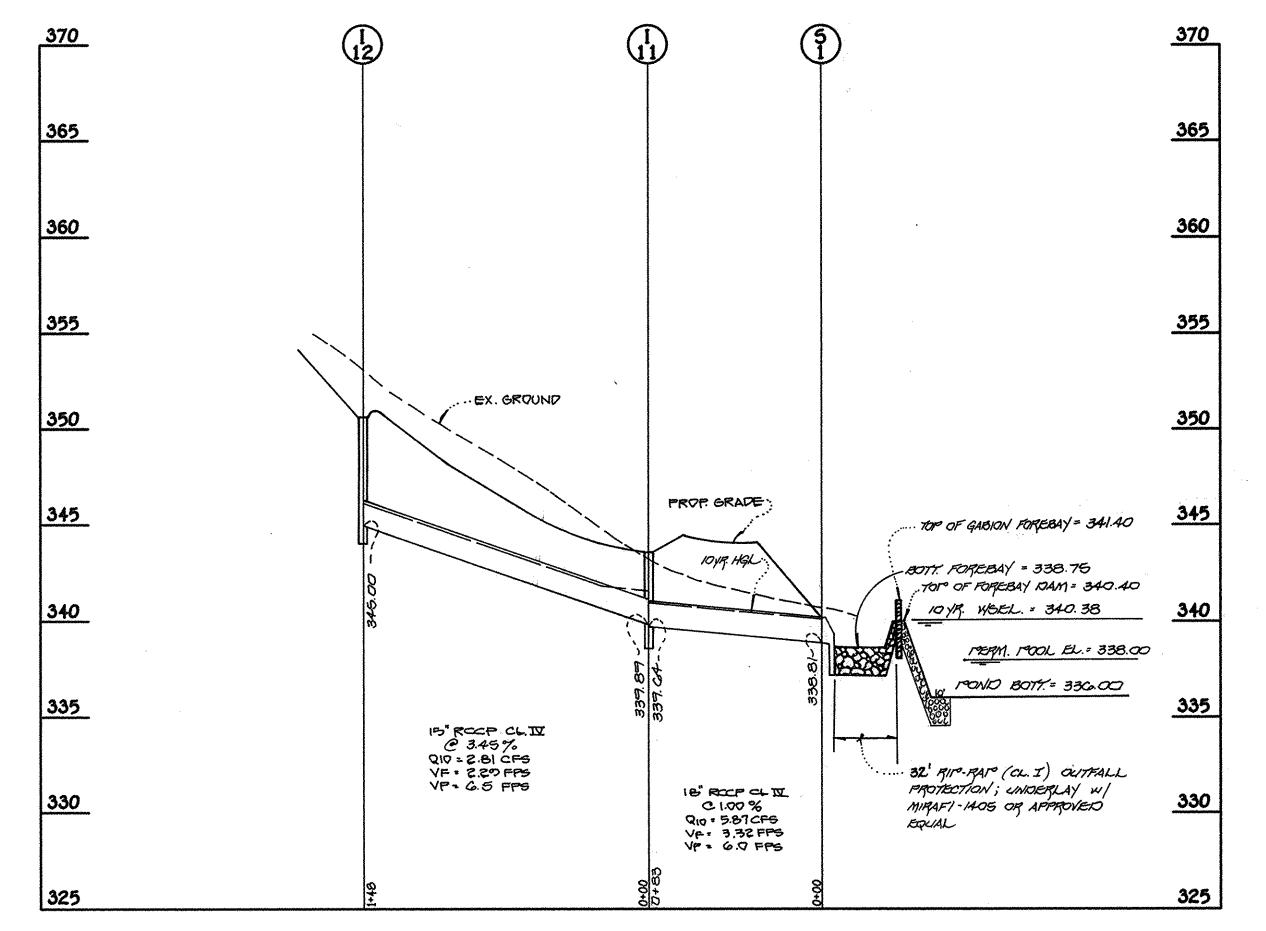
Chief Bureau Of Highways 43

Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

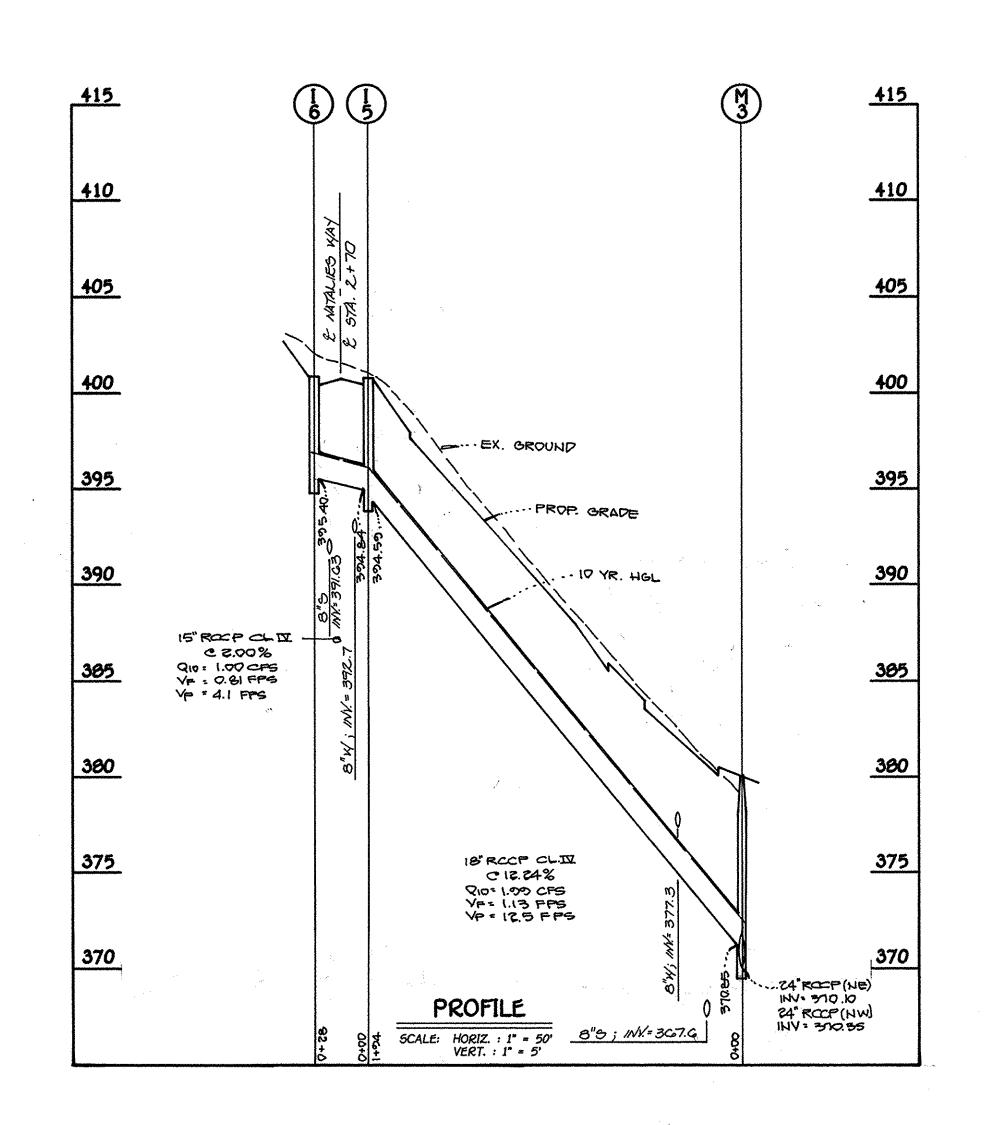
Chief, Division Of Land Development

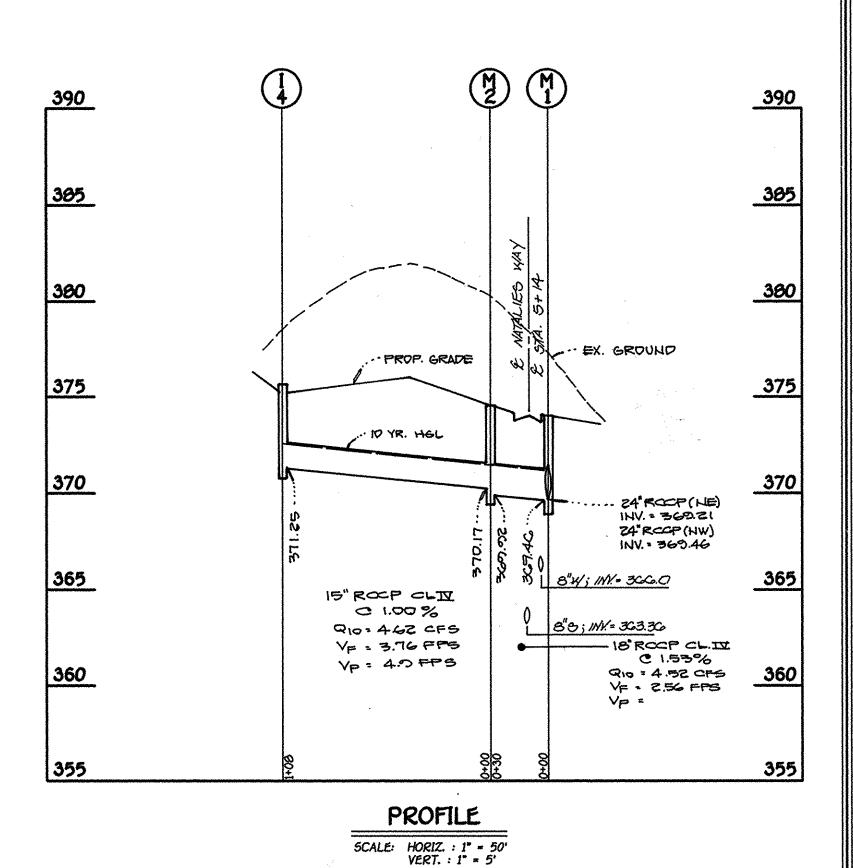
Chief, Development Engineering Division

- 1. The subgrade for the filter, riprap or gabion shall be prepared to the required lines and grades. Any fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding
- 2. The rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when installed respectively in the riprap or filter.
- 3. Geotextile shall be protected from punching, cutting or tearing. Any damage other than an occasional shall hole shall be repaired by placing another piece of cloth over the damaged part or by completely replacing the cloth. All overlaps whether for repairs or for joining two pieces of geotextile shall be a minimum of one foot.
- 4. Stone for the riprap or gabion outlets may be placed by equipment. Both shall each be constructed to the full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid displacement of underlying materials. The stone for riprap or gabion outlets shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure that it is reasonably homogenous with the smaller stones and spalls filling the voids between the larger stones. Riprap shall be placed in a manner to prevent damage to the filter blanket or filter cloth. Hand placement will be required to the extent necessary to prevent damage to the permanent works.
- The stone shall be placed so that it blends in with the existing ground. If the stone is placed too high then the flow will be forced out of the channel and scour adjacent to the stone will occur.



PROFILE SCALE: HORIZ. : 1" = 50' VERT. : 1" = 5'





## STORM DRAIN PROFILES

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12500)

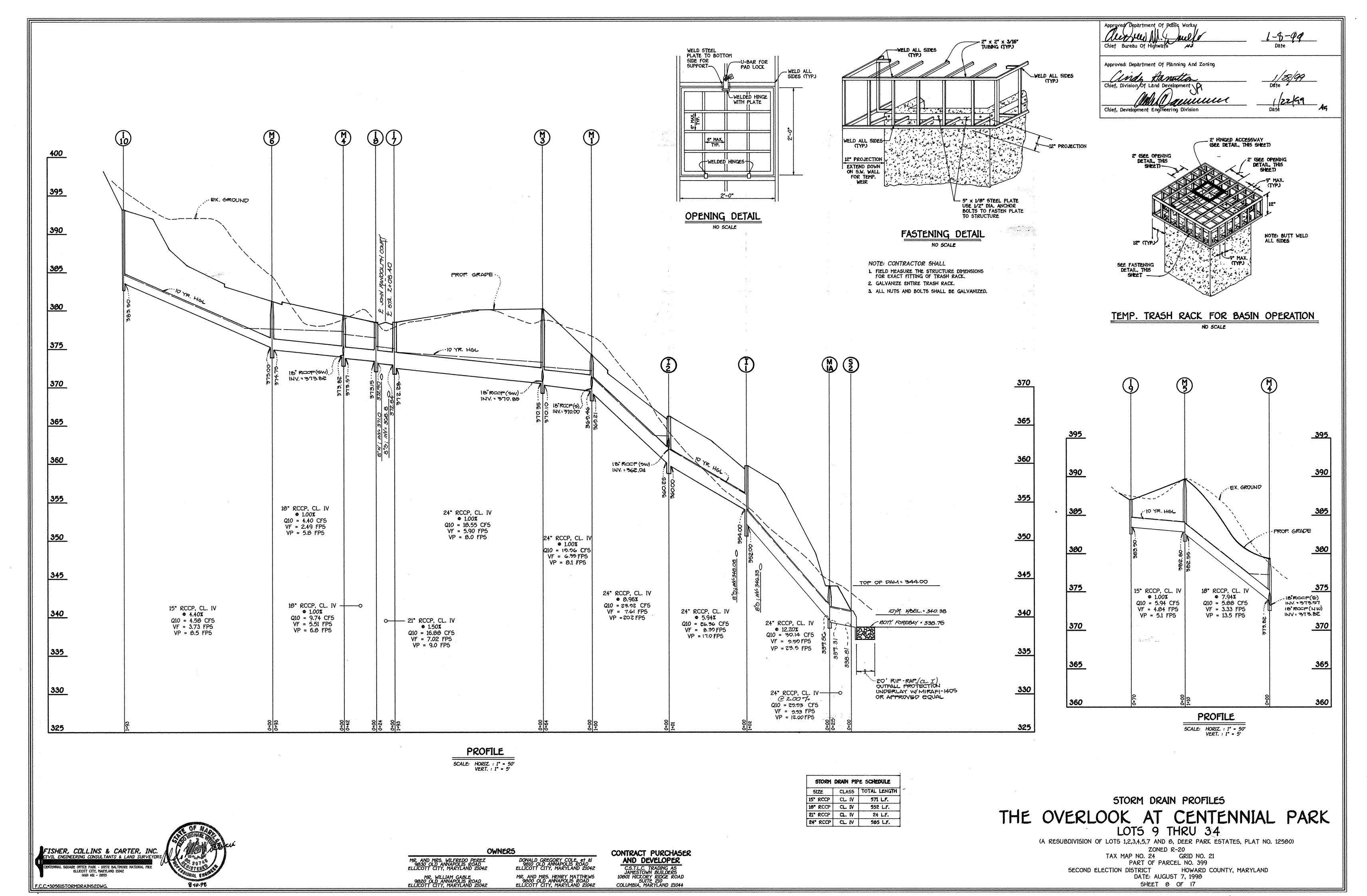
TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: AUGUST 7, 1998 SHEET 7 OF 17

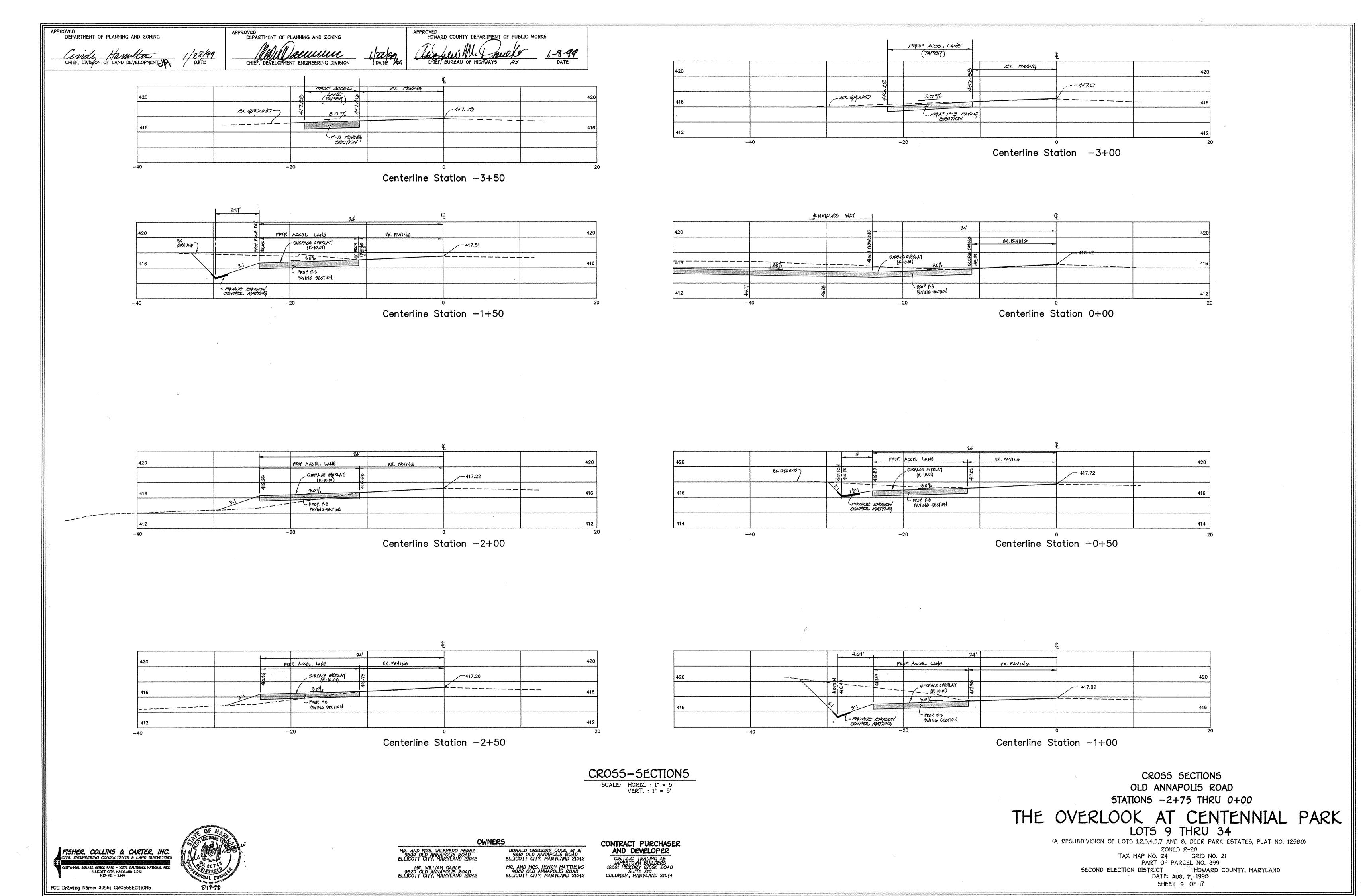
OWNERS

CONTRACT PURCHASER AND DEVELOPER C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS 10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD SUITE 210 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

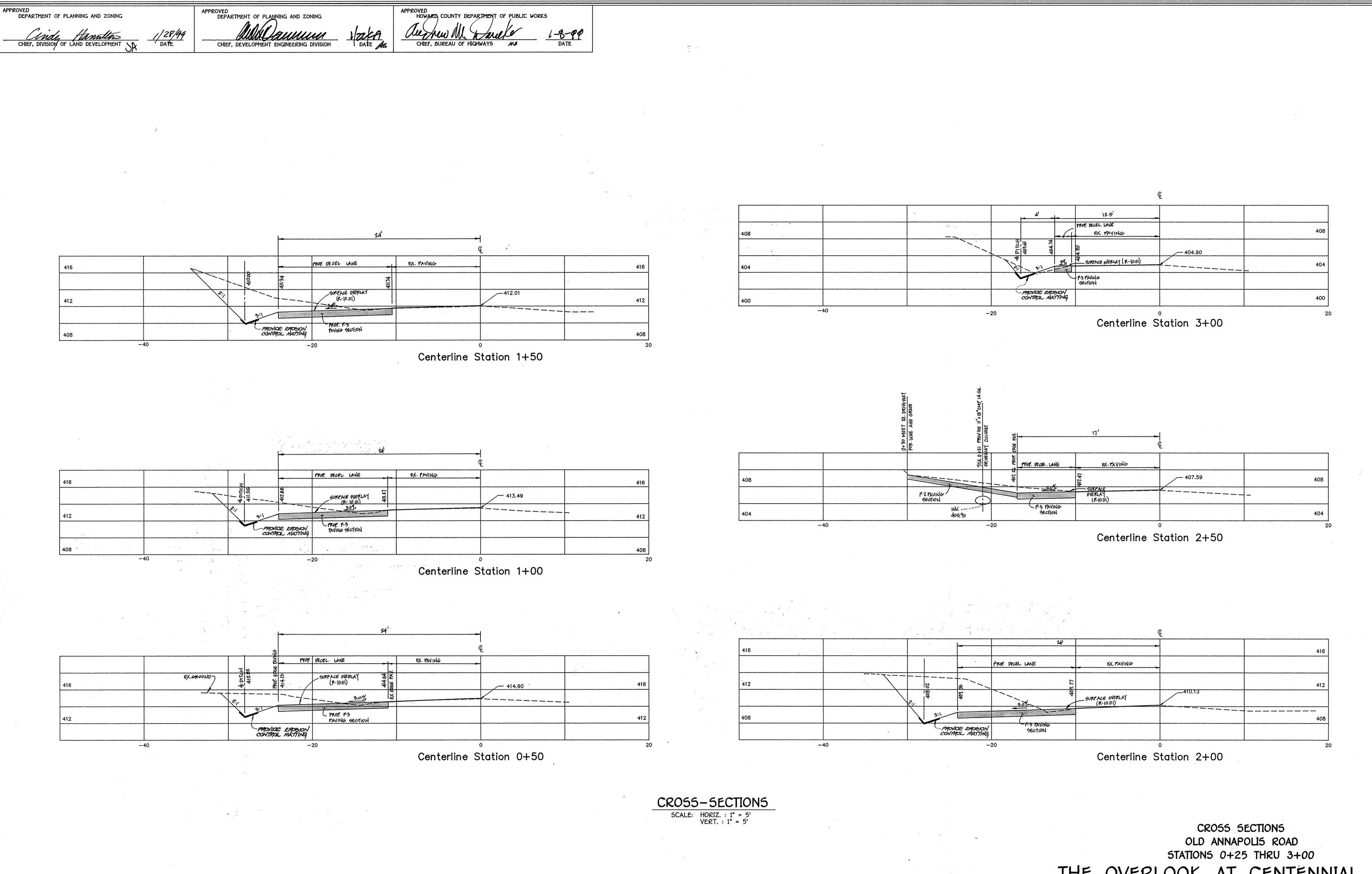
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS .C.C.•305615TORMDRAINSDWG.



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F-98-152



FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS RE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2055 FCC Drawing Name: 30561 CROSSSECTIONS2



OWNERS

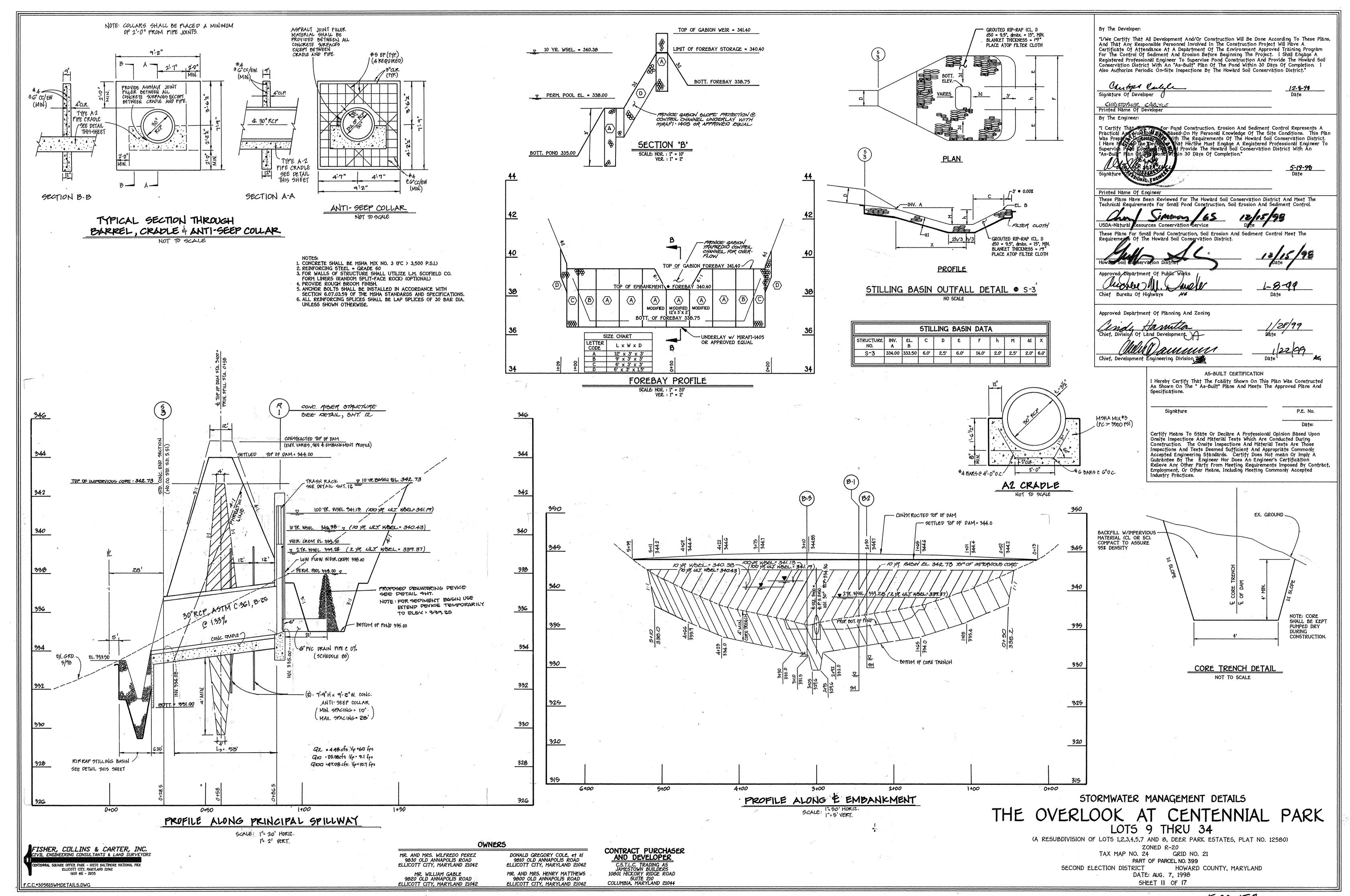
DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al 9010 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

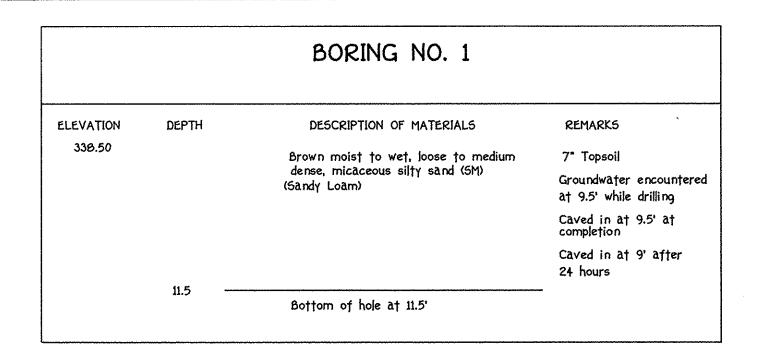
CONTRACT PURCHASER
AND DEVELOPER C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS 10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD SUITE 210 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK

LOTS 9 THRU 34 (A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580) ZONED R-20
TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21
PART OF PARCEL NO. 399
LECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

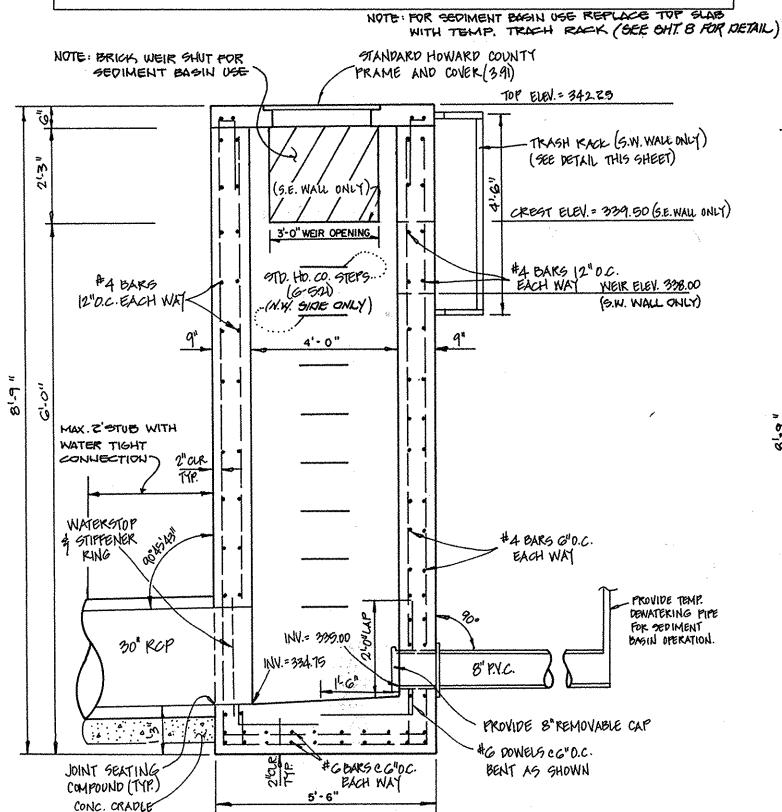
SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD DATE: AUG. 7, 1998 SHEET 10 OF 17





BORING NO. 2					
ELEVATION	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	REMARKS		
341.50		Brown moist to wet, loose to medium	7" Topsoil		
		dense, micaceous silty sand (SM) (Sandy Loam)	Groundwater encountered at 9.5' while drilling		
			Caved in at 9.5' at completion		
			Caved in at 9' after 24 hours		
	11.5	Bottom of hole at 11.5°	······		

BORING NO. 3					
ELEVATION	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	REMARKS		
341.50		Brown moist to wet, loose to medium	7" Topsoil		
	dense, micaceous silty sand (5M) (5andy Loam)	Groundwater encountered at 10.0' while drilling			
			Caved in to 5' at completion		
			Caved in at 5' after 24 hours		
	10.0	Bottom of hole at 10.0°	<del></del>		



PROFILE VIEW A

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

(410) 461 - 2055

F.C.C. • 305615WMDETAIL51.DWG

BAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PB

CONCRETE RISER DETAIL

NO SCALE

**SPECIFICATIONS** 

378 - 12 Pond

These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard for practice MD-370. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent version.

Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Earth Fill

Material-The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the critice length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

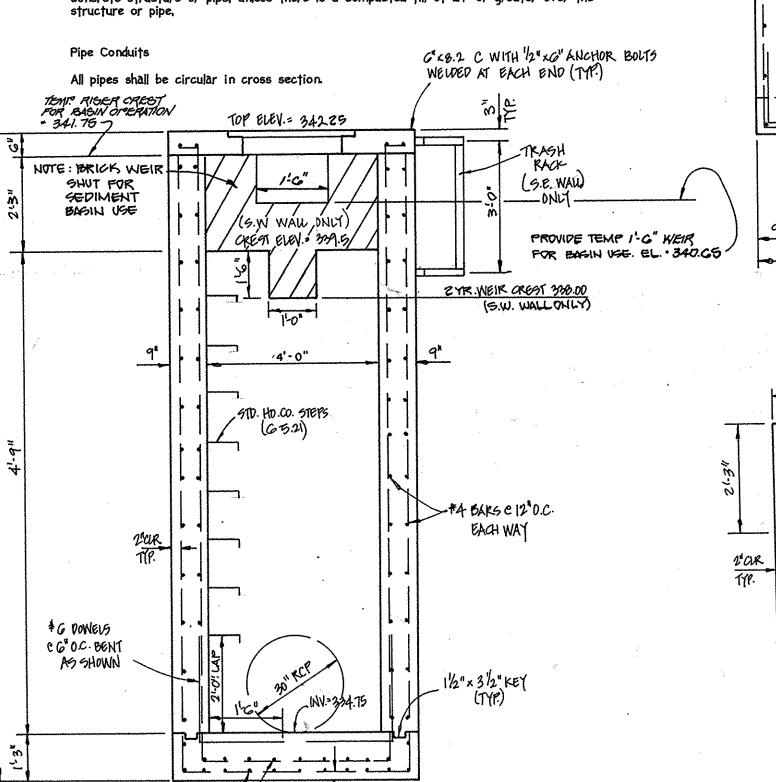
Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed info a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

Where a minimum required density is specified, it shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

Structure Backfill

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24' or greater over the structure or pipe,



PROFILE VIEW B

CONCRETE RISER DETAIL NO SCALE

OWNERS MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ 9030 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. WILLIAM GABLE 9820 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

CONTRACT PURCHASER DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al AND DEVELOPER 9810 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS 10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS 9800 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD COLUMBIA MARYLAND 2104 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361.

2. Bedding - All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe:

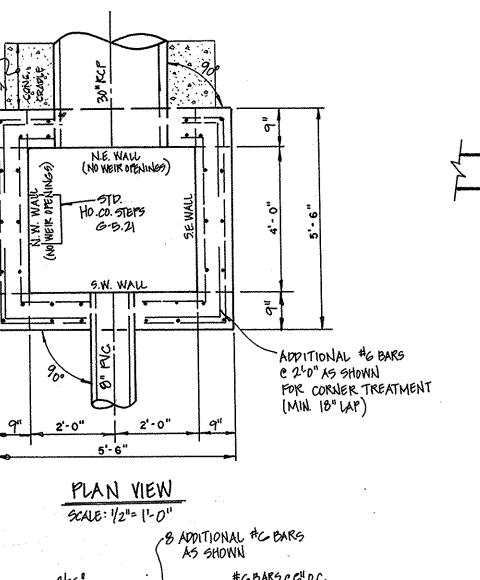
Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

5. Otherdetails (anti-seep collars ,valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transporation, State

delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place shall reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.



#GBARS COUDE EACH WAY TOP SLAB SCALE: 42"= 1'-0"

EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH CONSTRUCTION

THE SITE SHOULD BE STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL AND ANY OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIALS FROM THE EMBANKMENT OR STRUCTURE AREA IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL CONSERVATION GUIDELINES. AFTER STRIPPING OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, CONSERVATION GUIDELINES. AFTER STRIPPING OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, THE EXPOSED SUBGRADE MATERIALS SHOULD BE PROOFROLLED WITH A LOADED DUMP TRUCK OR SIMILAR EQUIPMENT IN THE PRESENCE OF A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE. FOR AREAS THAT ARE NOT ACCESSIBLE TO A DUMP TRUCK, THE EXPOSED MATERIALS SHOULD BE OBSERVED AND TESTED BY A GEOTECHICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE UTILIZING A DYNAMIC CONE PENETROMETER. ANY EXCESSIVELY SOFT OR LOOSE MATERIALS IDENTIFIED BY PROOFROLLING OR PENETROMETER TESTING SHOULD BE EXCAVATED TO SUITABLE FIRM SOIL, AND THEN GRADES RE-ESTABLISHED BY BACKFILLING WITH SUITABLE SOIL.

A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHOULD BE PRESENT TO MONITOR PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION OF FILL FOR THE EMBANCMENT AND CUTOFF TRENCH, IN ACCORDANCE WITH MARYLAND SOIL CONSERVATION SPECIFICATION 378 SOILS CONSIDERED SUITABLE FOR THE CENTER OF EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH SHALL CONFORM TO UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION GC, SC, CH OR CL. ALL. FILL MATERIALS MUST BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MD SCS

Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

#### Stabilization

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Erosion and Sediment Control Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

A. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

1. Facility shall be inspected annually and after major storms. Inspections should be performed during wet weather to determine if the pond is

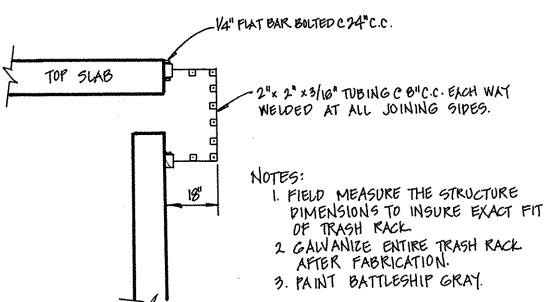
2. Top and side slopes of the embankment shall be moved a minimum of two (2) times a year, once in June and once in September. Other side slopes, the bottom of he pond, and maintenance access should be moved as needed. At no time shall the 3. Debris and litter next to the outlet structure shall be removed during regular

moving operations and as needed 4. Visible signs of erosion in the pond as well as rip-rap putlet area shall be repaired as soon as it is noticed.

B. NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

1. Structural components of teh pond such as the dam, forebox rises shocking and the paper shall be repaired upon the detectionof any damage. The components should be inspected during maintenance operations.

2. Sediment should be removed when it has accumulated a inches of depth within the forebay, or when deemed necessary by the Howard County's Department of Public Works.



NOTES

KEINFORCING STEEL: GRADE GO

PACE FORMS FOR WALLS OF OUTLET STRUCTURE SHALL UTILIZE

ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION G. 07.03.59

6. ALL EXPOSED METAL SURPACES SHALL BE PAINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH

DESIGN SUMMARY

			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
DESIGH STORM	ALLOWABLE RELEASE KATE	FACILITY INFLOW	PACILITY DIGCHARGE	Watek gurface Elevation	STOKAGE YOUME (AC.FT.)
2 YEAR	5.92 cfs	13.50 CF3	4.48CF3	339. <b>2</b> 8	0.781
10 YEAR	76.58CFS	35.36 CF3	25.58×15	340:38	0.558
100 YEAR	и/л	62.81 cf3	47.08 cfs	341.13	0.847

STRUCTURE CLASSIFICATION: LOW HAZAKO, CLASS 'A' POND STARAGE - HEIGHT PRODUCT: 0.652 Ac. Ft. x 10.00 = 6.52 WATERSHED AREA TO FACILITY (ACKES): ULTIMATE 136 ACKES LEVEL OF MANAGEMENT PROVIDED BY FACILITY: TWO AND TEN YEAR STORMS

By The Developer:

Signature of Developer

Printed Name Of Engineer

Chief Bureau Of Highways

Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Chief, Division of Land Development

Chief, Development Engineering Division,

Hanwill

Industry Practices.

sliding or slumping.

Requirement

"I/We Certify That All Development And/Or Construction Will Be Done According To These Plans,

Certificate Of Attendance At A Department Of The Environment Approved Training Program

Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plan Of The Pond Within 30 Days Of Completion. 1

Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Pond Construction And Provide The Howard Soil

"I Certify That This Place Point and Construction, Erosion And Sediment Control Represents A Practical And Workstle Plan Mases, On My Personal Knowledge Of The Site Conditions. This Plan Was Prepared In Construction Plan Requirements Of The Howard Soil Conservation District. I Have Notified the Reveloper Mat He/She Must Engage A Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Ponds Construction and Plans Of The Howard Soil Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plans Of The Republishing 30 Days Of Completion."

These Plans Have Been Reviewed For The Howard Soil Conservation District And Meet The

These Plans For Small Pond Construction, Soil Erosion And Sediment Control Meet The

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

I Hereby Certify That The Fcaility Shown On This Plan Was Constructed

As Shown On The " As-Built" Plans And Meets The Approved Plans And

Certify Means To State Or Declare A Professional Opinion Based Upon

Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Which Are Conducted During
Construction. The Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Are Those

Inspections And Tests Deemed Sufficient And Appropriate Commonly

Accepted Engineering Standards. Certify Does Not mean Or Imply A

Inspection of the pond(s) shown hereon shall be performed at least annually, in accordance with the checklist and requirements contained

Relieve Any Other Party From Meeting Requirements Imposed By Contract, Employment, Or Other Means, Including Meeting Commonly Accepted

OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

within USDA, SCS "Standards And Specifications for Ponds" (MD-370). The pond owner(s) and any heirs, successors, or assigns shall be responsible for the safety of the pond and the continued operation, surveillance, inspection, and maintenance thereof. The pond owner)s) shall promptly notify the Soil Conservation District of any unusual observations that may be indications of distress such as excessive seepage, turbid seepage,

Guarantee By The Engineer Nor Does An Engineer's Certification

Resources Conservation Service

12-8-98

1-8-99

P.E. No.

Date:

For The Control Of Sediment And Erosion Before Beginning The Project. I Shall Engage A

And That Any Responsible Personnel Involved in The Construction Project Will Have A

Also Authorize Periodic On-Site Inspections By The Howard Soil Conservation District."

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS

THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580)

TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399

SHEET 12 OF 17

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: AUG. 7, 1998

F-98-15Z

#6 BARGE G"OC

minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the drawings.

within 2 feet from the riser.

Materials-PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1705 or ASTM

3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

Rock Riprap

MAX.2 STUB

WITH WATER TIGHT CONNECTION

Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 905.

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be

TRASH RACK DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

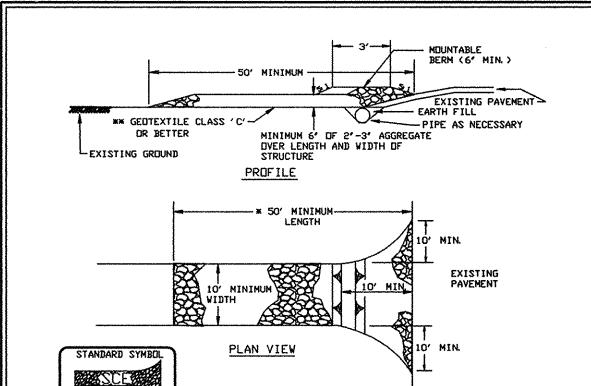
CONCRETE SHALL BE MSHA MIX #3(FC 7 3,500 PSI)

L.M. SCOPIELD CO. T- 9055 FORM LINERS (RANDOM SPLIT-FACE ROCK). OPTIONAL PROVIDE ROUGH BROOM FINISH ON TOP OF SLAB.

OF THE MISHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 6.07.03.60 OF THE MISHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS ALL REINFORCING SPLICES SHALL BE LAP SPLICES OF 30 BAR DIAMETERS UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE.

ALL FILTER PABIFIC SHALL BE POLT-FILTER 'X' OR EQUIVALENT. AU EXPOSED EDGES OF CONCRETE TO BE CHAMFERED 1/2" x 1/2".

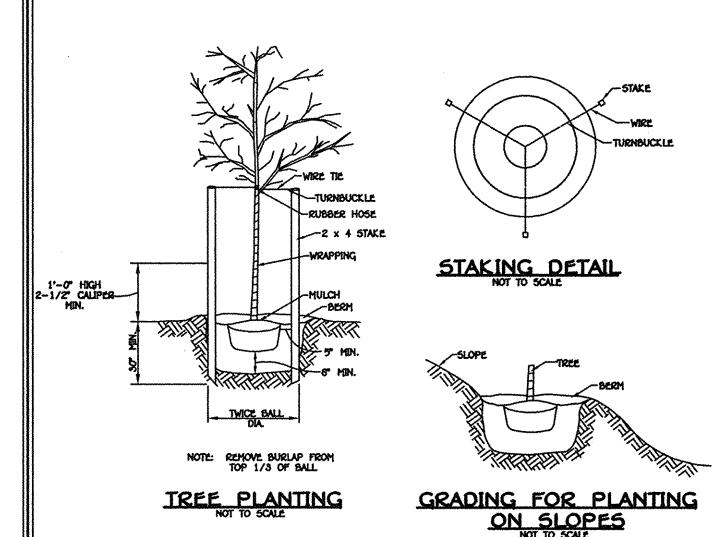


- 1. Length minimum of 50' (\*30' for single residence lot)
- 2. Vidth 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

Construction Specification

- 3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. \*\*The plan approval authority may not require single family
- 4. Stone crushed aggregate (2' to 3') or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the
- 5. Surface Vater all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6' minimum will be required.
- 6. Location A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.

#### STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - 2 NOT TO SCALE



#### SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1) A MINIMUM OF 40 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL
- DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313–1055). 2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED
- 2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO.

  3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7
  CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.

  4) ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING
- 4) ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.
- 5) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.

**ACRES** 

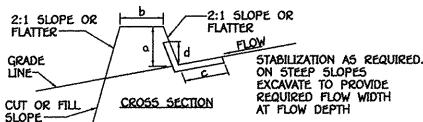
ACRES

- 6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT
- 7) SITE ANALYSIS: TOTAL AREA OF SITE AREA DISTURBED AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED 6.30 ACRES
- TOTAL CUT CU.YD5. OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION N/A CU.Y05. 8) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE
- SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.

  9) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED
- NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

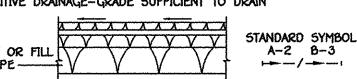
  10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- 11) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.





(5 ac. or less) (5-10 ac.) b-dike width c-FLOW WIDTH d-FLOW DEPTH

POSITIVE DRAINAGE-GRADE SUFFICIENT TO DRAIN



A-2 B-3 CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

 ALL DIKES SHALL BE COMPACTED BY EARTH-MOVING EQUIPMENT
 ALL DIKES SHALL HAVE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO AN OUTLET. . TOP WIDTH MAY BE WIDER AND SIDE SLOPES MAY BE FLATTER II

- DESIRED TO FACILITATE CROSSING BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC.

  4. FIELD LOCATION SHOULD BE ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO UTILIZE A STABILIZED SAFE OUTLET. 5. EARTH DIKES SHALL HAVE AN OUTLET THAT FUNCTIONS WITH A MINIMUM OF EROSION. RUNOFF SHALL BE CONVEYED TO A SEDIMENT
- BASIN WHERE EITHER THE DIKE CHANNEL OR THE DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THE DIKE ARE NOT ADEQUATELY STABILIZED. 6. STABILIZATION SHALL BE: (A) IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEED AND STRAW MULCH OR STRAW MULCH IF NOT IN SEEDING SEASON, (B) FLOW CHANNEL AS PER THE CHART

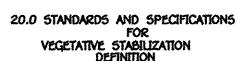
#### FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

TYPE OF TREATMENT	CHANNEL GRADE	DIKE A	DIKE B
1	.5-3.0%	SEED AND STRAW MULCH	SEED AND STRAW MULCH
2	3.1-5.0%	SEED AND STRAW MULCH	SEED USING JUTE, OR EXCELSIOR; 500; 2" STONE
3	5.1-0.0%	SEED WITH JUTE, OR SOD; 2" STONE	LINED RIP-RAP 4"-0"
4	8.1-20%	LINED RIP-RAP 4"-8"	ENGINEERING DESIGN

- A. STONE TO BE 2 INCH STONE, OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT, IN A LAYER AT LEAST 3 INCHES IN THICKNESS AND BE PRESSED INTO THE SOIL WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.
- B. RIP-RAP TO BE 4-0 INCHES IN A LAYER AT LEAST O INCHES THICKNESS AND PRESSED INTO THE SOIL C. APPROVED EQUIVALENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE MATERIALS.
- 7. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND REQUIRED MAINTENANCE MUST BE PROVIDED AFTER

EARTH DIKE

NOT TO SCALE



Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion.

PURPOSE

Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration O(up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth.

Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone.

Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

- SECTION 1 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS A. Site Preparation i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.

  ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.

  iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

  Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

  i. Soil tests must be performed to determine the evact ratios and application rates for both lime 3-d
- Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
- ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee
- iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 99-100% will pass through a #20 mesh sieve. Incorporate lime and tertilizer into the top 3—5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

- pineness that at least 50% will pass through a \$100 mesh sieve and 96-100% will pass through it mesh sieve.

  Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

  Seedbed Preparation

  I. Temporary Seeding

  I. Seedbed Preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the confour of the slope.

  D. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

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  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

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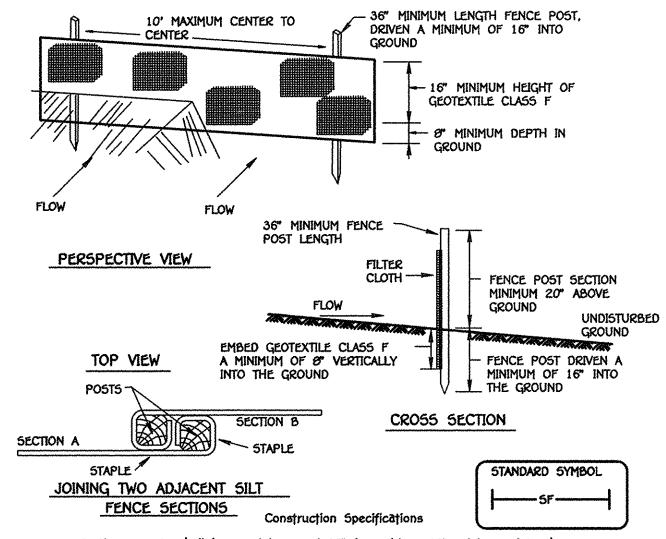
  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions of permanent vegetative establishment:

  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions of permanent vegetative establishment:

  II. Permanent Seeding in conditions of permanent vegetative establishment:

  II. Pe



1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

Tensile Strenath 50 lbs/in (min.) Test: M5MT 509 Tensile Modulus 20 |bs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 0.3 gal ft / minute (max?) Flow Rate Test: MSMT 322 Filtering Efficiency Test: MSMT 322 75% (min.)

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE

BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH MINIMUM 2' STEEL 'U' CHANNEL DR 2' × 2' TIMBER 6' IN LENGT USE 2" x 4" HIGHLY VISIABLE FLAGGING -LUMBER FOR CROSS BACKING USE 3' WIRE U' TO SECURE FENCE BOTTOM TO A DEPTH OF NO LESS THAN 1/3 NOTES: RETENTION AREA WILL BE SET AS PART OF THE REVIEW PROCESS.
BOUNDARIES OF RETENTION AREA SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEVICE. ROOT DAMAGE SHOULD BE AVOIDED.
PROTECTIVE SIGNAGE MAY ALSO BE USED.
DEVICE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. TREE PROTECTION DETAIL

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED MINEER'S CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFIED PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SHIP CONDITION AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT REVIEW FOR HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEETS THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

D. Seed Specifications Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed to include the inspector to verify type and rate of seed to include the inspector to verify type and rate of seed to include the include the included the included

OWNERS

MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ

9830 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

MR. WILLIAM GABLE

9820 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al

9810 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS

9800 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

CONTRACT PURCHASER

AND DEVELOPER

C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS

10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD

SUITE 210 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

Methods of Seeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder.

a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 libs, per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous); 200 libs/ac; k20 (potassium); 200 libs/ac.

b. Lime - use only ground agricultural timestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burn or hydrated time when hydroseeding.

c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.

ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.

a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

Mulch Specifications (in order of preference)

i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, molor, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.

ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

a. WCFM shall consist of thoroughly threshed wise in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facil d. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.

e. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phytol-toxic.

f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired.

Mulching Seeded Areas — Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch along shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.

ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Minch which is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Minch which is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre.

iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall comtain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the confour if possible.

ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as of water.

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders — such as Acrylic DLR (Agro—Tack), DCA—70 Petroset, Terra Ta:

II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch. iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

Incremental Stabilization — Cut Slopes

i. All cuts slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Slopes shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15'.

- Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

  a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.

  b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.

  c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as
- necessary. Perform final phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions int he operation of completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization. J. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes

- J. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments Fill Slopes

  i. Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

  ii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

  15°, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

  iii. At the end of each day, temporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-crosive manner to a sediment trapping device.

  iv. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4 (below).

  a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

  b. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

  c. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

  d. Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize.

  Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

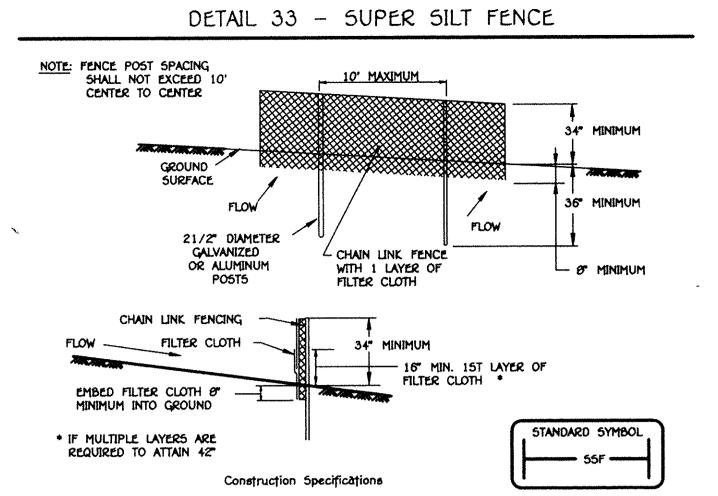
(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 0, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12500) ZONED R-20

TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: MAY 11, 1998 5HEET 13 OF 17

F.C.C.#30561SEDCUNDETAILS.DVG

F-98-15Z



1. Fencing shall be 42" in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6' length

2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence.

3. Fifter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section.

4. Fifter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of  $\theta^{\mu}$  into the ground.

5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6" and folded.

6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when "bulges" develop in the silt fence, or when silt reaches 50% of fence height

7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or stables at top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

> Tensile Strength Tensile Modulus Flow Rate

> > Filtering Efficiency

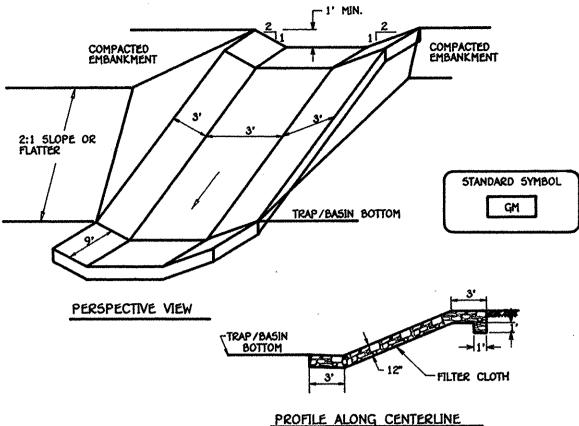
20 lbs/in (min.) 75% (min.)

DETAIL 30 - EROSION CONTROL MATTING

Test: MSMT 509 Test: MSMT 509 0.3 gal/ft /minute (max.) Test: MSMT 322 Test: M5MT 322

### GABION INFLOW PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE



#### Construction Specifications

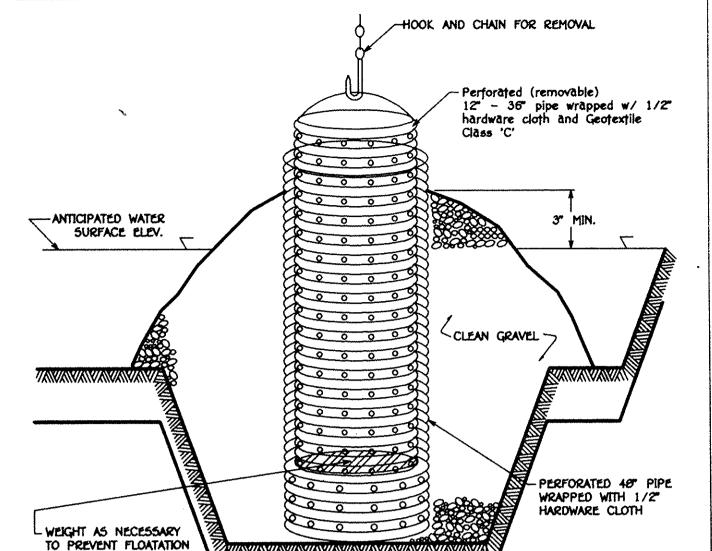
1. Gabion inflow protection shall be constructed of 9' x 3' x 9" gabion baskets forming a trapezoidal cross section 1' deep, with 2:1 side slopes,

2. Geotextile Class C shall be installed under all gabion baskets.

3. The stone used to fill the gabion baskets shall be 4" - 7".

4. Gabions shall be installed in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.

5. Gabion Inflow Protection shall be used where concentrated flow is present on slopes steeper than 4:1.



DETAIL 20A - REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION

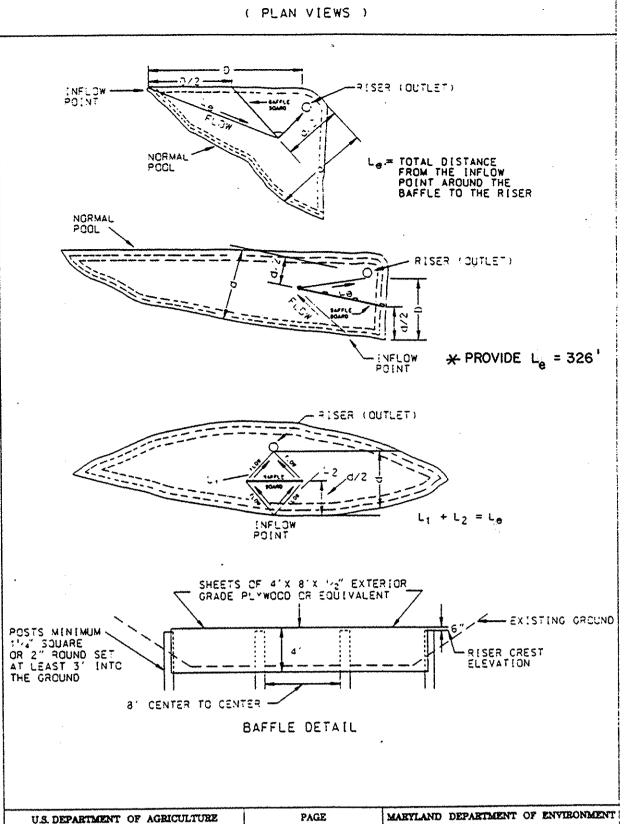
Construction Specifications

ELEVATION

OF CENTER PIPE

1. The outer pipe should be  $40^{\circ}$  dia. or shall, in any case, be at least  $4^{\circ}$  greater in diameter than the center pipe. The outer pipe shall be wrapped with  $1/2^{\circ}$  hardware cloth to prevent backfill material from entering the perforations.

3. The inside stand pipe (center pipe) should be constructed by perforating a corrugated or PVC pipe between 12" and 36" in diameter. The perforations shall be 1/2" X 6" slits or 1" diameter holes 6" on center. The center pipe shall be wrapped with 1/2" hardware cloth first, then wrapped again with Geotextile Class C. 4. The center pipe should extend 12" to 18" above the anticipated water surface elevation or riser crest elevation when dewatering a basin.



SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

THICK LAYER

AGGREGATE (WASHED)

STANDARD SYMBOL

DETAIL 18 SEDIMENT BASIN BAFFLES

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS. AS ARE DEEMED

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL CAND TO A PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SIPE CONDITION AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

REVIEW FOR HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS.

THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED GRADING PERHITS, APPROVALS AND LICENSES FORM APPROPRIATE AGENCIES. 2. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION DIVISION (410) 313-1870 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING WORK ON THESE PLANS. NOTIFY "1856 UTILITY" 40 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-800-257-7777.

3. INSTALL ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCE FOR TREES TO BE UNDISTURBED AS INDICATED ON THE

INSTALL REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, SEDIMENT BASIN/S.W.M. FACILITY, EARTH DIKES AND SILT FENCE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. NO BLASTING WILL BE PERMITTED FOR THE EXCAVATION of the proposed basin. Where necessary, ripping and sack hammering should be utilized

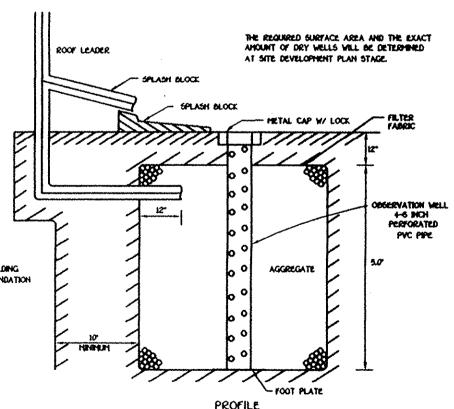
6. CLEAR AND GRUB THE REMAINDER OF THE SITE. (5 DAYS)

GRADE SITE TO THE PROPOSED SUB-GRADE AND INSTALL THE PROPOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS. STABILIZ ALL SLOPES IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF GRADING. (4 WEEKS)

B. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON ALL SEDDMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS. REMOVE SEDDMENTS FROM ALL TRAPS WHEN CLEANOUT ELEVATIONS ARE REACHED. ALL SEDIMENTS MUST BE PLACED UPSTREAM

12. WHEN ALL CONTRIBUTING AREAS TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND BASIN HAVE BEEN STABILIZED AND WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, THE DEVICE MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR BACKFILLED AND THE REMAINING AREAS BROUGHT TO FINAL DESIGN GRADE. STABILIZE ALL REMAINING AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES. GO DAYS)

13. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT.



TYPICAL DRY WELL CROSS SECTION INFILTRATION MANUAL

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK

ZONED R-20

PART OF PARCEL NO. 399

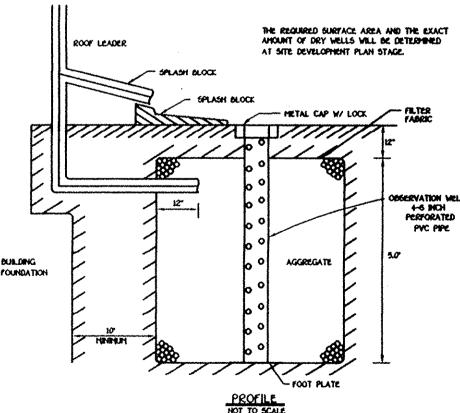
RELOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES WITHIN OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD. (5 DAYS) 4. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ONLY. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION

IN THE EXCAVATION OF THE FACILITY. WITH PERMISSION FROM THE INSPECTOR, AFTER ALL E'S CONTROLS ARE IN PLACE, THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROCEED GO DAYS), TO NOT CONSTRUCT FOREBAY AT THIS TIME,

9. INSTALL TRAFFIC MAINTENANCE DEVICES ALONG OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD

10. CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER AND ROAD BASE COARSE. ( 10 DAYS)

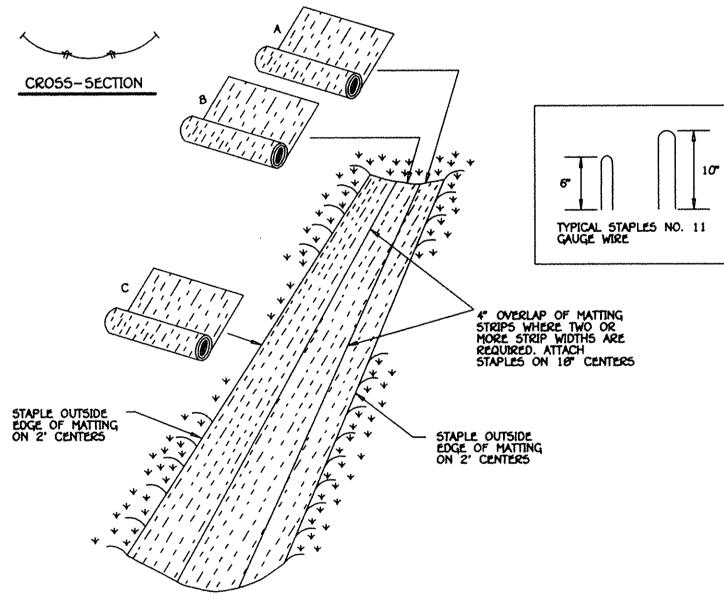
II. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND OBTAIN PERHISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTORS TO PROCEED.



LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND Ø, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12500) TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: AUG. 7, 1998 SHEET 14 OF 17



#### EROSION CONTROL MATTING

Construction Specifications Key-in the matting by placing the top ends of the matting in a narrow trench, 6" in depth. Backfill the trench and tamp firmly to conform to the channel cross-section. Secure with a row of staples

about 4" down slope from the trench. Spacing between staples is 6". 2. Staple the 4" overlap in the channel center using an 10" spacing between staples.

3. Before stapling the outer edges of the matting, make sure the matting is smooth and in firm contact with the soil. 4. Staples shall be placed 2' apart with 4 rows for each strip, 2

outer rows, and 2 alternating rows down the center. 5. Where one roll of matting ends and another begins, the end of the top strip shall overlap the upper end of the lower strip by 4",

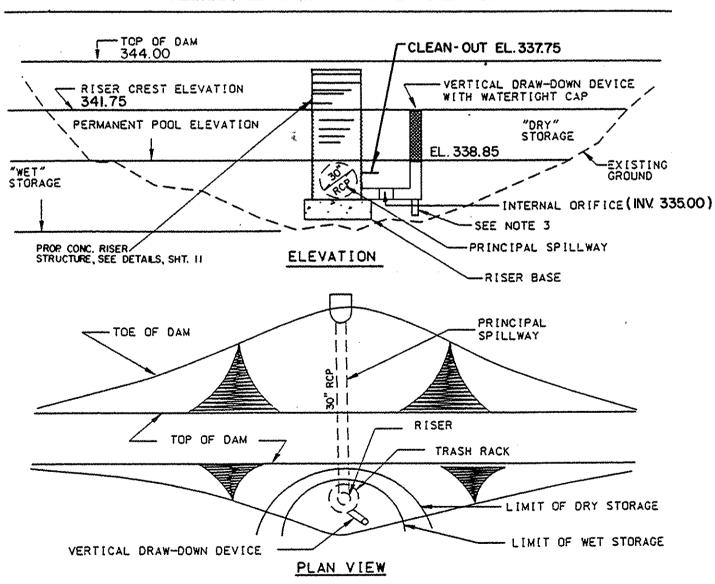
shiplap fashion. Reinforce the overlap with a double row of staples spaced 6" apart in a staggered pattern on either side. 6. The discharge end of the matting liner should be similarly

secured with 2 double rows of staples. Note: If flow will enter from the edge of the matting then the area

effected by the flow must be keyed-in.

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. IVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS tennial square office park - 10272 baltimore national pik

BASIN DRAWDOWN SCHEMATIC VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE



Construction Specifications

1. Perforations in the draw-down device may not extend into the wet storage. 2. The total area of the perforations must be greater than 4 times the area

3. The perforated portion of the draw-down device shall be wrapped with  $^{1}/2^{\prime\prime}$ hardware cloth and geotextile fabric. The geotextile fabric shall meet the specifications for Geotextile Class E.

acceptable preventative measure is to stake both sides of draw-down device with 1" steel angle. or 1' by 4" square or 2" round wooden posts set 3' minimum into the ground then joining them to the device by wrapping with 12 guage

Construction Specifications Swales and ditches shall be prepared in accordance with the construction specifications described in Section A-2. Standards and Specifications for Temporary Swale.

of the internal orifice.

4. Provide support of draw-down device to prevent sagging and floatation. An

4. The maximum height of the check dam at the center shall not exceed 2'. 5. The upstrecm side of the check dam shall be lined with approximately 1

to 11/2" aggregate.

GEOTEXTILE CLASS 'C' (optional)

.1% to 4%

7.1% to 10%

OWNERS MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ 9030 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

9010 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 9800 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD

CONTRACT PURCHASER AND DEVELOPER

SUITE 210 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

F-98-15Z

FCC. Deer Park\FINALS\30561SEDCONDETAILS2.DWG

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD

MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al

6. Accumulated sediment shall be removed when it has built up to 1/2 of the original height of the weir crest.

DETAIL 7 - STONE CHECK DAM

DITCH PROFILE

4'(MIN. WEIR)

CROSS SECTION

SPACING

use lined

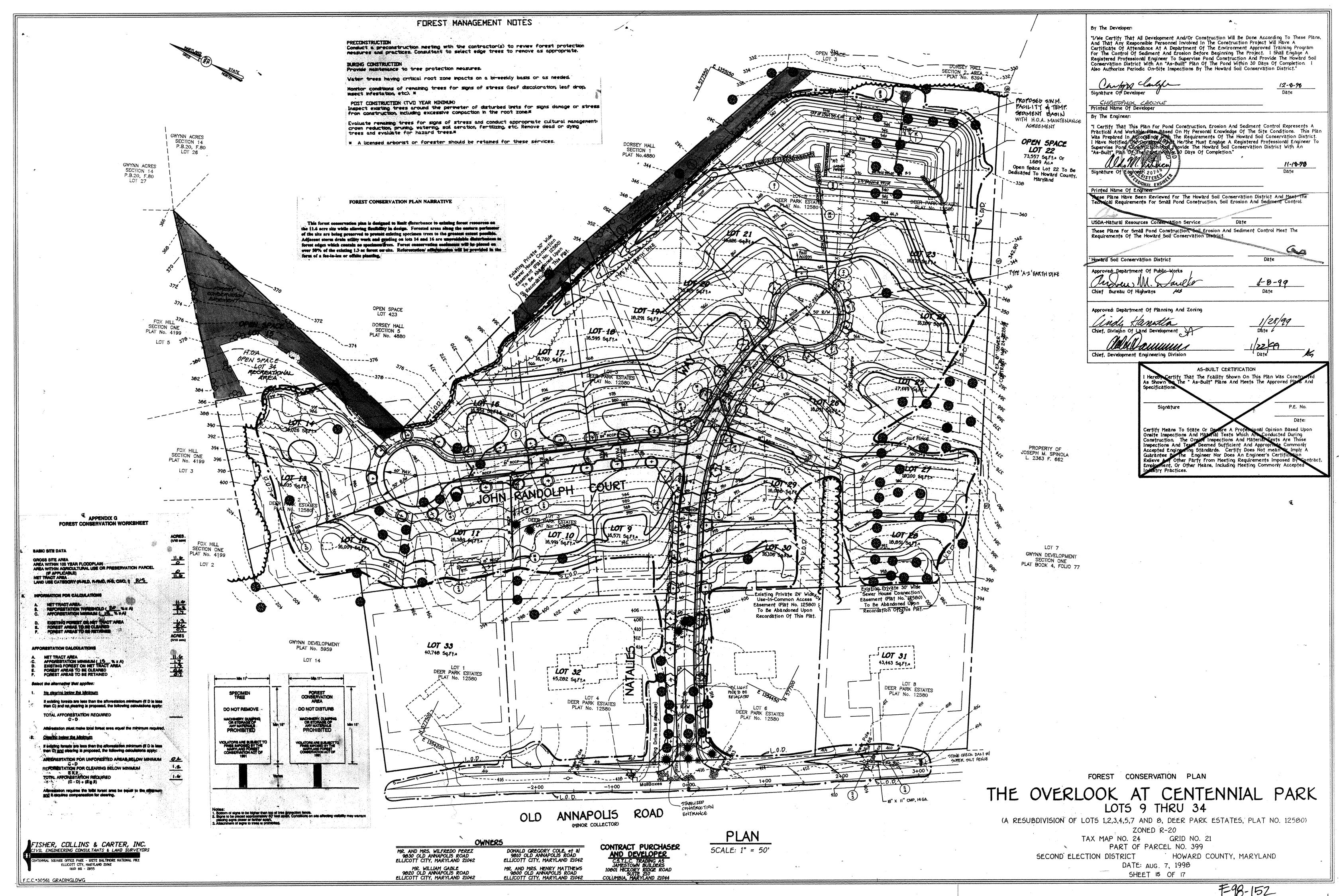
waterway design

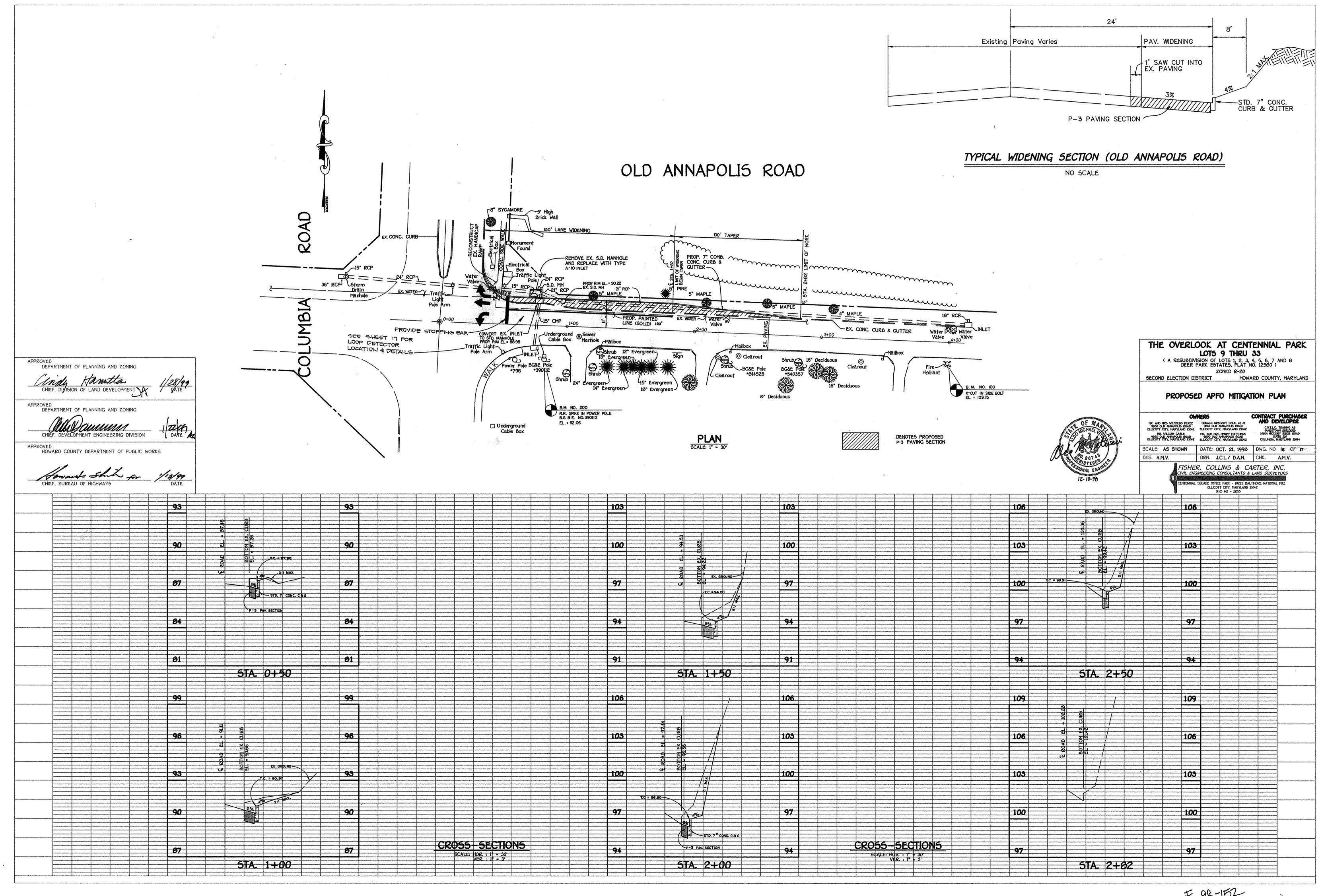
STANDARD STONE CHECK DAM DESIGN

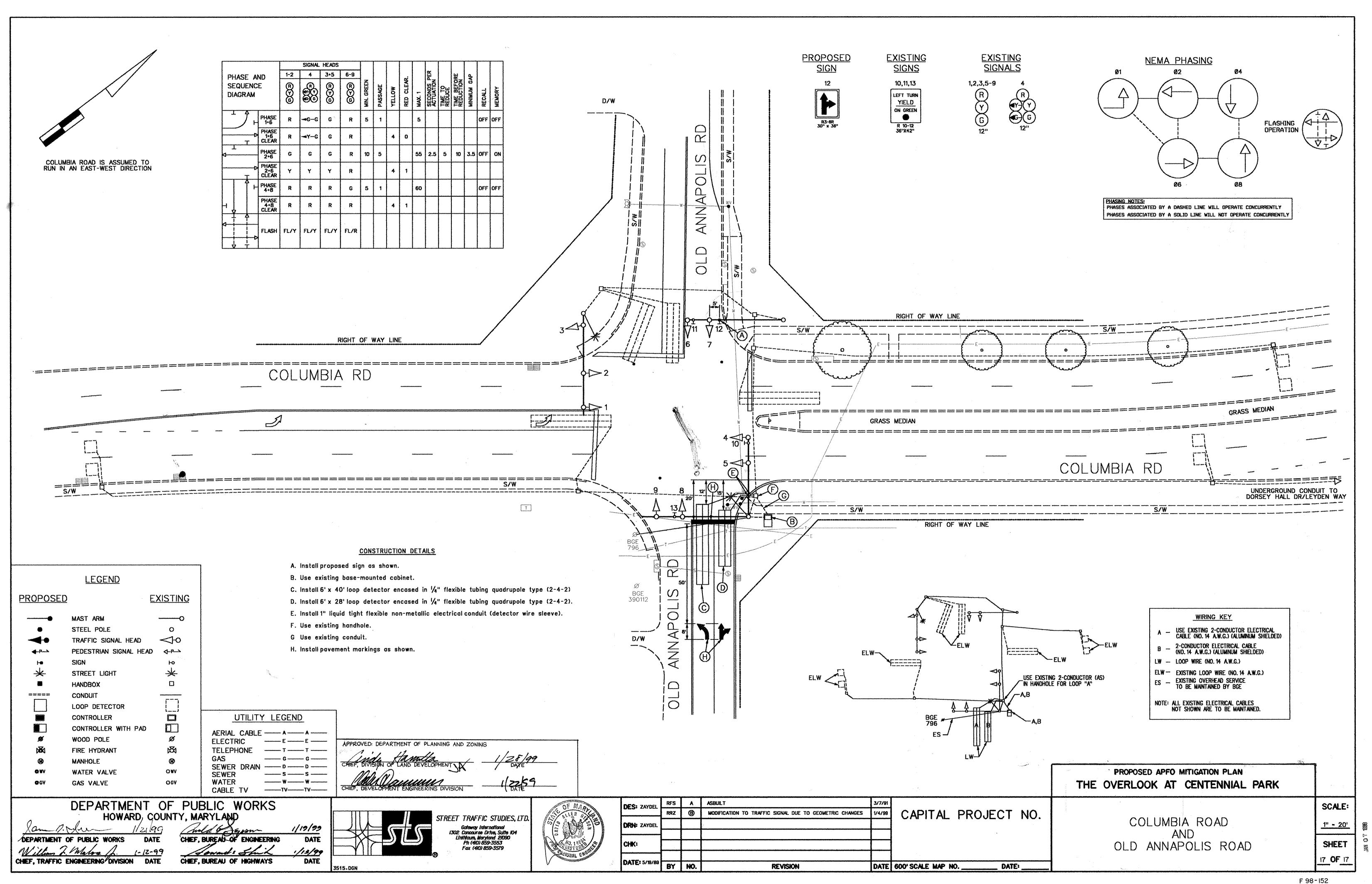
The check dam shall be constructed of 4"-7" stone. The stone shall be placed so that it completely covers the width of the channel and is keyed into the channel banks.

3. The top of the check dam shall be constructed so the the center is approximately 6" lower than the outer edges, forming a weir that water can flow across.

MR. WILLIAM GABLE 9020 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD







#### SHEET INDEX DESCRIPTION OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE NATALIES WAY PLAN AND PROFILE, JOHN RANDOLPH COURT PLAN JOHN RANDOLPH COURT PLAN AND PROFILE STREET TREE, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN DRAINAGE AREA MAP AND LANDSCAPE PLAN STORM DRAIN PROFILES STORM DRAIN PROFILES CROSS-SECTIONS (OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD) CROSS-SECTIONS (OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD) STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN PROPOSED APPO MITIGATION PLAN COLUMBIA ROAD & OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD PLAN

## FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK

LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580)

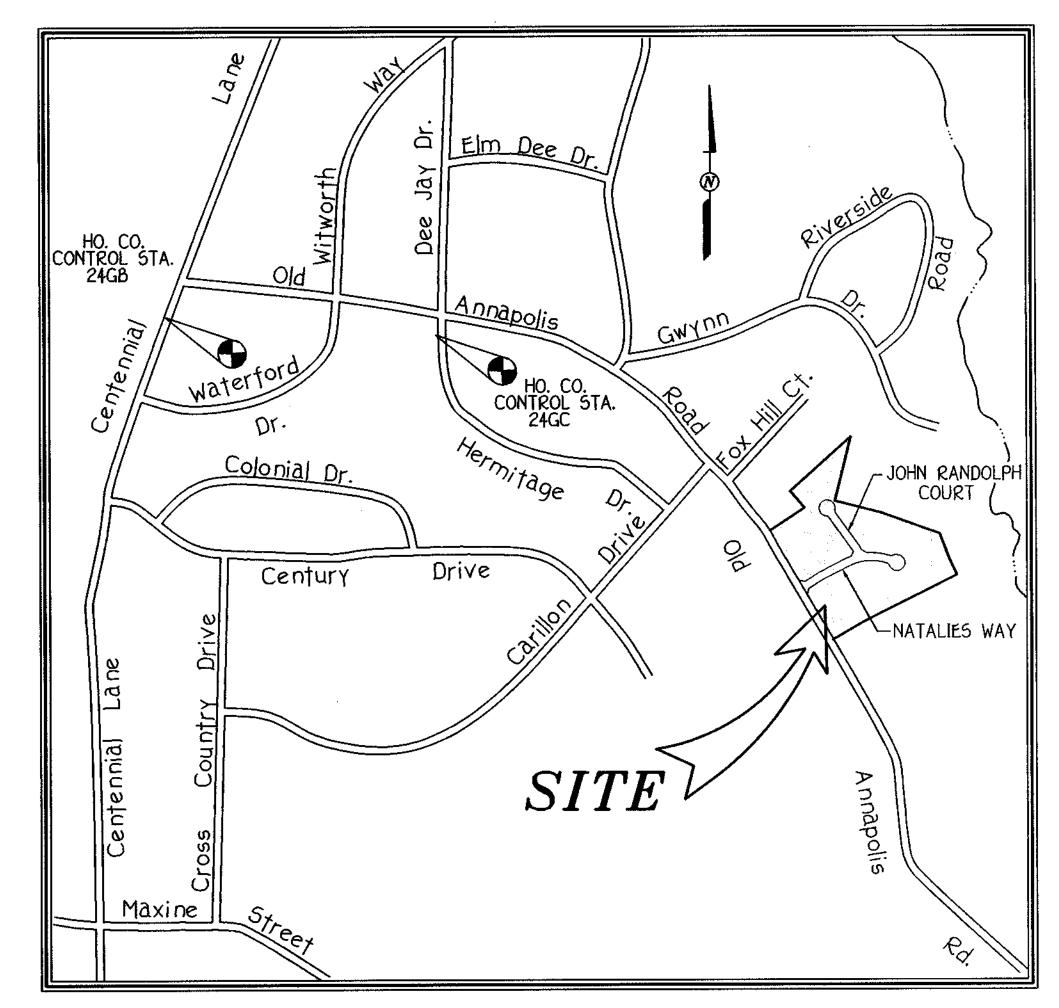
> ZONED: R-20 TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399

TRAF	FIC CC	NIKOL	. SIGNS	
ROAD	C.L. STA.	OFFSET	POSTED SIGN	SIGN CODE
NATALIES WAY	0+45	16'L	STOP	R1-1
NATALIES WAY	1+00	14'L	STOP AHEAD	W3-12
NATALIES WAY	1+00	14'R	HILL 11.5x	W7-16
JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	0+30	14°R	5TOP	R1-1
		<del> </del>		

RC	AD CLASSIFICA	TION CHA	RT
ROAD	CLASSIFICATION	R/W WIDTH	C.L. STA.
NATALIES WAY	ACCESS STREET	50°	0+00 TO 2+56.03
NATALIES WAY	ACCESS STREET	40°	2+56.03 TO 4+34.66
NATALIES WAY	ACCESS PLACE (PUBLIC)	40'	4+34.66 TO 6+72.36
JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	ACCESS PLACE (PUBLIC)	40'	0+00 TO 3+74.16

STREET LIGHT CHART						
DWG. No.	STREET NAME	STATION	OFF- SET	FIXTURE/POLE TYPE		
3	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	0+33	26' R	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED ON A 30-FOOT BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12: ARM		
3	NATALIES WAY	4+55	15'L	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		
4	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	LP. STA. 1+92	3'	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		
3	NATALLES WAY	LP. 5TA. 1+10	3'	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		
3	NATALIES WAY	C.L. 5TA. 5+25	9'R	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		
4	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	C.L. STA. 2+50	9'L	IOO-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		

NOTE: MINIMUM SPACING OF 20' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE.



VICINITY MAP SCALE 1" = 600'

## SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL, BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS / BUREAU OF ENGINEERING / CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY
- 4. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT.
- 5. STREET LIGHT PLACEMENT AND THE TYPE OF FIXTURE AND POLE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III (1993) AND AS MODIFIED BY "GUIDELINES FOR STREET LIGHTS IN RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS (JUNE 1993)".
- NOTE: MINIMUM SPACING OF 20' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE.
- 6. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM FIELD RUN SURVEY WITH TWO (2) FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS
- PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. DATED MAY 2, 1998.
- 7. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT Nos. 24GB AND 24GC WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT.

24GB N 176500.7269 (meters) £ 411615.5048 (meters) 24GC N 176439.5796 (meters)

- E 412127.2125 (meters) 8. WATER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT No. 24-3698-D AND THE DRAINAGE AREA IS THE LITTLE PATUXENT.
- 9. SEWER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT No. 24-3690-D AND THE DRAINAGE AREA IS THE LITTLE PATUXENT. 10. S.W.M. WILL BE PROVIDED BY A PUBLIC FACILITY LOCATED ON OPEN SPACE LOT 22. WATER QUALITY
- IS PROVIDED BY A WET POOL DESIGN AND QUANTITY MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED BY DETENTION.
- 11. EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON CONT. No. 801-W & 5 AND CONT. No. 24-3226-D. 12. THERE IS NO FLOODPLAIN ON THIS SITE.
- 13. THERE ARE NO WETLANDS ON THIS SITE.
- 14. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY STREET TRAFFIC STUDIES, DATED 11-27-96, AND WAS APPROVED ON 2/4/97 UNDER 597-03. AN ADENDUM TO THE TRAFFIC STUDY WAS SUBMITTED
- 15. BACKGROUND INFORMATION:
- A. SUBDIVISION NAME: THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK B. TAX MAP NO.: 24
- D. ZONING: R-20 e. Election district: Secon
- 7. TOTAL TRACT AREA: 14.215 AC. 4 G. NO. OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 23
- H. NO. OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 3 \* I. OPEN SPACE REQUIRED: (MIN. LOT SIZE 16,000 SQ. FT.) = 11.249 x 20% = 2.250 AC.\* J. OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 2.316 AC.+
- . RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE REQUIRED: 20 LOTS x 200 SQ. FT. / LOT = 4,000 SQ. FT. L. RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 5,372 SQ. FT.
- M. PRELIMINARY PLAN APPROVAL DATE: 1-22-98 (P98-13) N. PREVIOUS FILE Nos. : F97-63, 597-03, P90-13 & WP90-126.
- 16. REFUSE COLLECTION, SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE TO BE PROVIDED AT THE JUNCTION OF THE PIPE / FLAG STEM AND THE ROAD R/W AND NOT ONTO THE
- PIPE / FLAG STEM DRIVEWAY.
- 17. NO CEMETERIES EXIST ON THE PROPERTY. 18. FOREST STAND DELINEATION PROVIDED BY EXPLORATION RESEARCH, INC. APPROVED ON 2/4/97 (597-03).
- 19. FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN APPROVED UNDER P98-13.
- \* 20. LOTS 31, 32 AND 33 ARE INCLUDED IN THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LOT LINE ADJUSTMENT. THE AREA OF LOTS 31 - 33 IS NOT COUNTED TOWARDS OPEN SPACE OBLIGATIONS.

MII	<b>YIMUM</b>	LOT SIZE	CHART
Lot	Gross	Pipestem	Minimum
No.	Area	Area	Lot Size

29 18,343 5q.Ft. 2,161 5q.Ft. 16,182 5q.Ft.

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

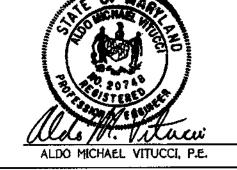
(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580)

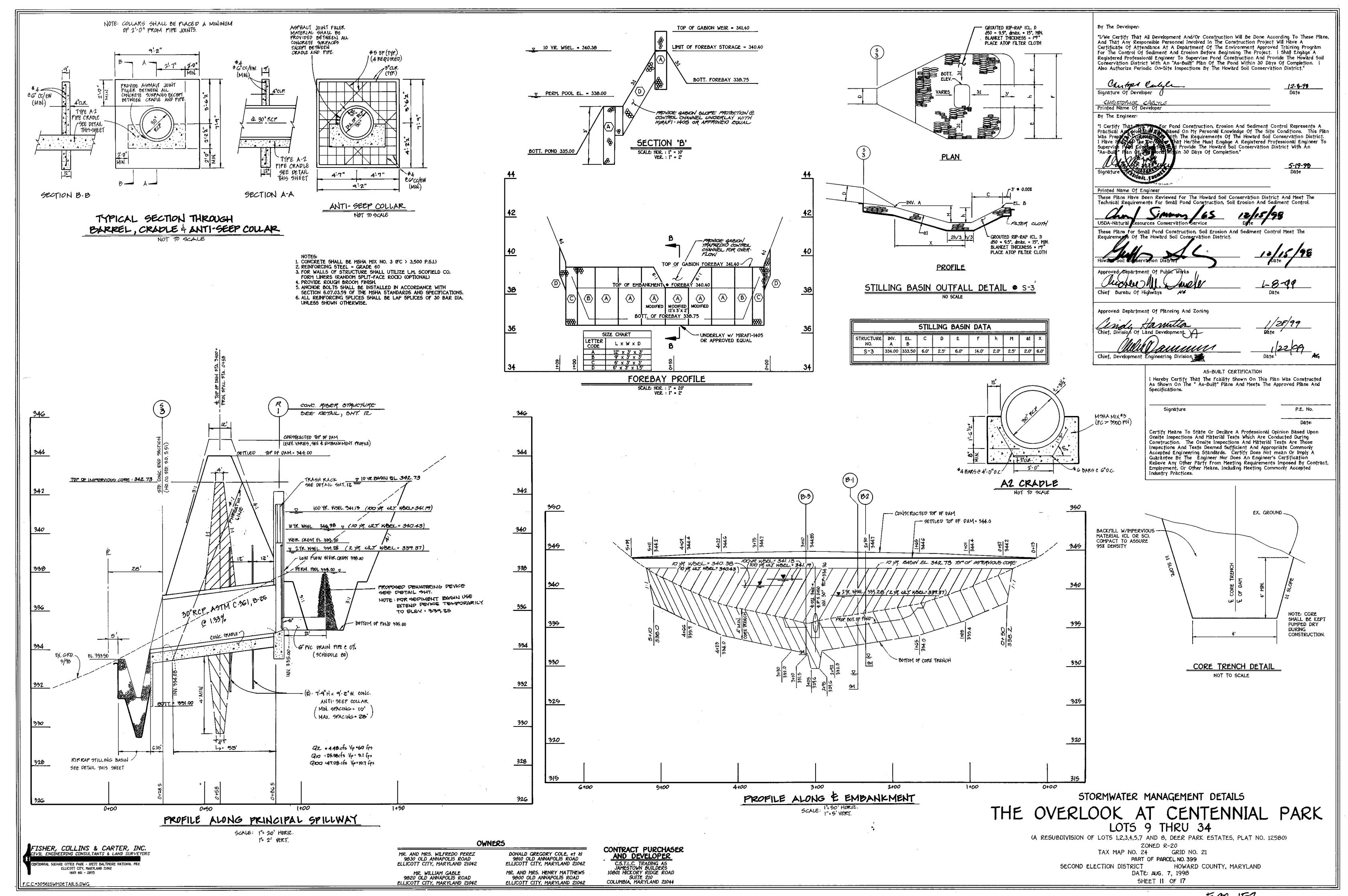
TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT DATE: AUGUST 7, 1998 SHEET I OF 17

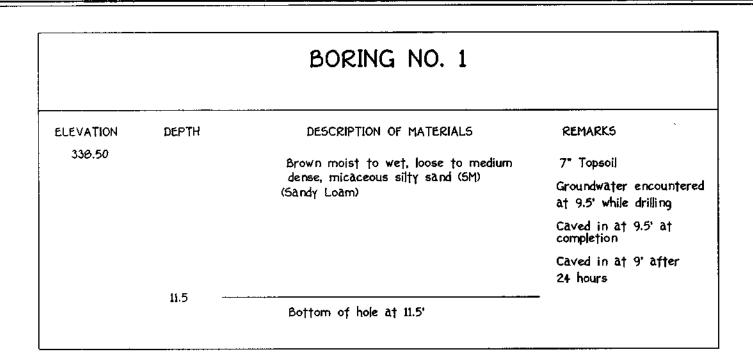
MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ MR. WILLIAM GABLE 9020 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al 9810 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS 9000 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

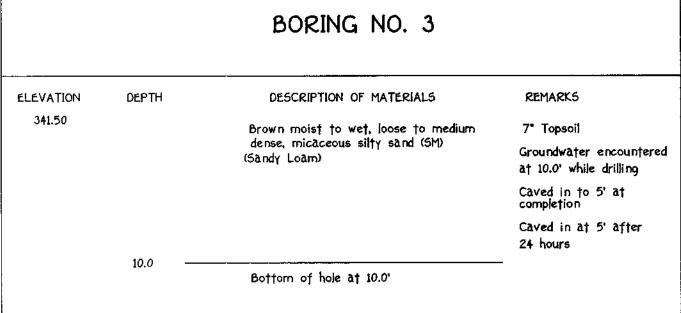
CONTRACT PURCHASER
AND DEVELOPER C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS

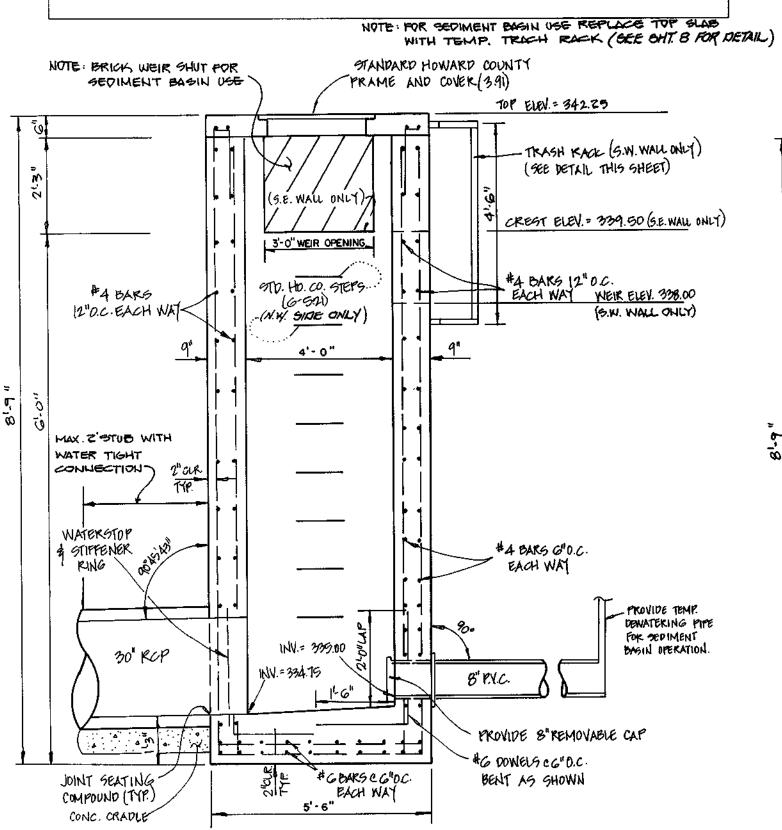






BORING NO. 2							
ELEVATION	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	REMARKS				
341.50		Brown moist to wet, loose to medium	7" Topsoil				
		dense, micaceous silty sand (SM) (Sandy Loam)	Groundwater encountered at 9.5' while drilling				
			Caved in at 9.5' at completion				
			Caved in at 9' after 24 hours				
	11.5	Bottom of hole at 11.5'	_				





PROFILE VIEW A CONCRETE RISER DETAIL NO SCALE

378 - 12 Pond

**SPECIFICATIONS** 

These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard for practice MD-378. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent version.

Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the injet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

#### Earth Fill

Material-The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the eritire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

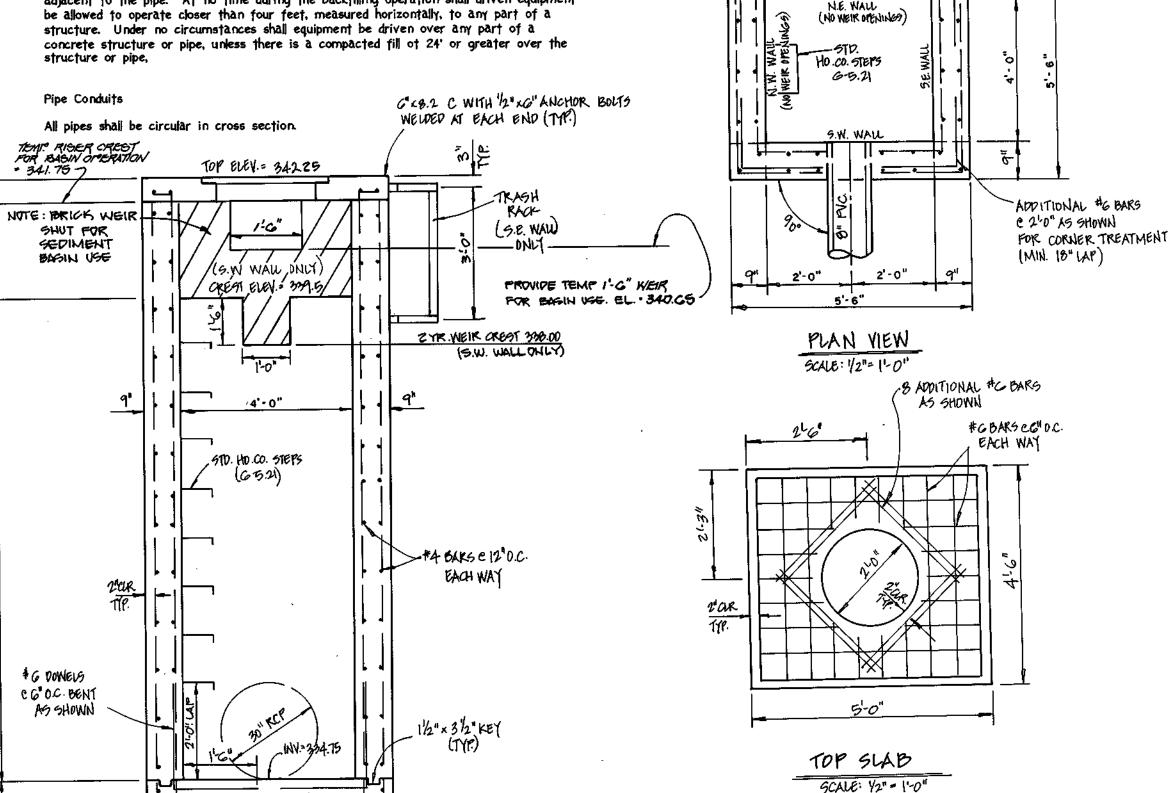
Where a minimum required density is specified, it shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown

on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

#### Structure Backfill

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24' or greater over the structure or pipe,



Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361.

2. Bedding - All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.

the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a

minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the drawings.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride

1. Materials-PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1705 or ASTM

Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Otherdetails (anti-seep collars ,valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section

Rock Riprap

WITH WATER

TIGHT CONNECTION

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transporation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 905.

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place shall reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

#### Stabilization

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Erosion and Sediment Control

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

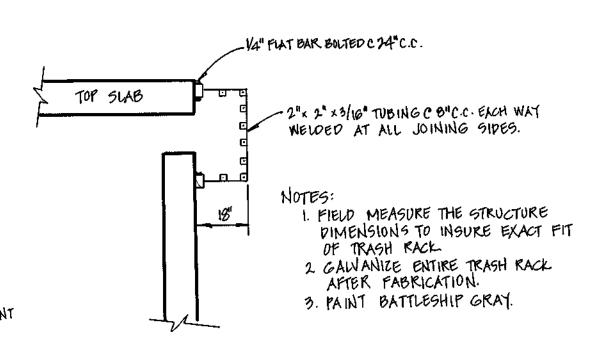
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

#### A. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

- 1. Facility shall be inspected annually and after major storms. Inspections should be performed during wet weather to determine if the pond is functioning properly.
- 2. Top and side slopes of the embankment shall be moved a minimum of two (2) times a year, once in June and once in September. Other side slopes, the bottom of the pond, and maintenance access should be moved as needed. At no time shall the tation exceed 18 inches in height.
- moving operations and as needed. 4. Visible signs of erosion in the pond as well as rip-rap putlet area shall be repaired as soon as it is noticed.

3. Debris and litter next to the outlet structure shall be removed during regular

- NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE
- Structural components of teh pond such as the dam, foreboy rises shoulting and the pipes shall be repaired upon the detectionof any damage. The components should be inspected during maintenance operations.
- 2. Sediment should be removed when it has accumalated 6 inches of depth within the foreboy, or when deemed necessary by the Howard County's Department of Public Works.



TRASH RACK DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

#### NOTES

- CONCRETE SHALL BE MISHA MIX #3 (FC 7 3,500 PSI)
- 2. KEINFORCING STEEL: GRADE 60
- 3. PACE FORMS FOR WALLS OF OUTLET STRUCTURE SHALL UTILIZE L.M. SCOPIELD CO. T- 9055 FORM LINERS (RANDOM SPUT-FACE ROCK). OPTIONAL
- 4. PROVIDE ROUGH BROOM FINISH ON TOP OF SLAB. 9. ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION G.07.03.59
- OF THE MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS
- G. ALL EXPOSED METAL SURFACES SHALL BE PAINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 6.07.03.60 OF THE MISHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS
- 7. ALL REINFORCING SPLICES SHALL BE LAP SPLICES OF 30 BAR DIAMETERS UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE.
- B. ALL FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE POLY-FILTER 'X' OR EQUIVALENT.
- 9. ALL EXPOSED EDGES OF CONCRETE TO BE CHAMFERED 1/2" x 1/2".

## design summart

Design Storm	ALLOWABLE RELEASE KATE	FACILITY INFLOW	PACILITY DISCHARGE	WATER SURFACE ELEVATION	STORAGE YOU'ME (AC.FH)
2 TEAK	5.92 cf5	13.50 CF3	4.48053	339.28	0.781
10 YEAR	<b>26.58</b> CF5	35.36 CF3	25.58CF5	340. <b>38</b>	O. 598
100 YEAR	н/л	62.BI CF3	47.08 cf3	341.13	0.847

STRUCTURE CLASSIFICATION: LOW HAZARD, CLASS 'A' POND STORAGE - HEIGHT PRODUCT: 0.652 Ac. ft. x 10.001= 6-52 WATERSHED AREA TO FACILITY (ACRES): ULTIMATE 136 ACRES LEVEL OF MANAGEMENT PROVIDED BY FACILITY: TWO AND TEN YEAR STORMS

By The Developer:

Signature Of Developer

By The Engineer:

Signature Of E

"I/We Certify That All Development And/Or Construction Will Be Done According To These Plans,

And That Any Responsible Personnel Involved In The Construction Project Will Have A

Also Authorize Periodic On-Site Inspections By The Howard Soil Conservation District."

Certificate Of Attendance At A Department Of The Environment Approved Training Program

For The Control Of Sediment And Erosion Before Beginning The Project. I Shall Engage A

Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Pond Construction And Provide The Howard Soil

"I Certify That This Plant Mond Construction, Erosion And Sediment Control Represents A Practical And Workstle Pan Massa. On My Personal Knowledge Of The Site Conditions. This Plan Was Prepared In Construction in Requirements Of The Howard Soil Conservation District. I Have Notified The Requirements of Engage A Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Ponds Construction and Provide The Howard Soil Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plant Of The Massack Matthews Of Completion."

Signature Of England Construction Construction Construction District With An "As-Built" Plant Of The Massack Matthews Of Completion."

These Plans Have Been Reviewed For The Howard Soil Conservation District And Meet The

These Plans For Small Pond Construction, Soil Erosion And Sediment Control Meet The

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

Hereby Certify That The Fcaility Shown On This Plan Was Constructed

As Shown On The " As-Built" Plans And Meets The Approved Plans And

Certify Means To State Or Declare A Professional Opinion Based Upon

Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Which Are Conducted During

Construction. The Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Are Those

Guarantee By The Engineer Nor Does An Engineer's Certification

Inspection of the pond(s) shown hereon shall be performed at least annually, in accordance with the checklist and requirements contained

within USDA, SCS "Standards And Specifications For Ponds" (MD-378).

for the safety of the pond and the continued operation, surveillance, inspection, and maintenance thereof. The pond owners shall promptly notify the Soil Conservation District of any unusual observations that

Inspections And Tests Deemed Sufficient And Appropriate Commonly Accepted Engineering Standards. Certify Does Not mean Or Imply A

Relieve Any Other Party From Meeting Requirements Imposed By Contract.

OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

The pond owner(s) and any heirs, successors, or assigns shall be responsible

may be indications of distress such as excessive seepage, turbid seepage,

Requirements Of The Howard Soil Consequation District.

Approved: Department Of Public Works

Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Chief, Division of Land Development

Chief, Development Engineering Division,

Specifications.

sliding or slumping.

Chief Bureau Of Highways

nd Construction, Erosion And Sediment Control Represents A

12-8-96

1-8-99

P.E. No.

Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plan Of The Pond Within 30 Days Of Completion. I

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS

# THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 0, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12500)

DATE: AUG. 7, 1998 SHEET 12 OF 17

F-98-15Z



FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

OWNERS MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ 9830 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

PROFILE VIEW B

CONCRETE RISER DETAIL

NO SCALE

MR. WILLIAM GABLE 9820 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

#6 BARGE 6 02

EACH WAY

DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al 9010 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS 9800 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS 10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

CONTRACT PURCHASER AND DEVELOPER

THE SITE SHOULD BE STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL AND ANY OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIALS FROM THE EMBANKMENT OR STRUCTURE AREA IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL CONSERVATION GUIDELINES. AFTER STRIPPING OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, HE EXPOSED SUBGRADE MATERIALS SHOULD BE PROOFROLLED WITH A LOADED DUMP ruck or similar equipment in the presence of a geotechnical engineer or THE EXPOSED MATERIALS SHOULD BE OBSERVED AND TESTED BY A GEOTECHICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE UTILIZING A DYNAMIC CONE PENETROMETER.

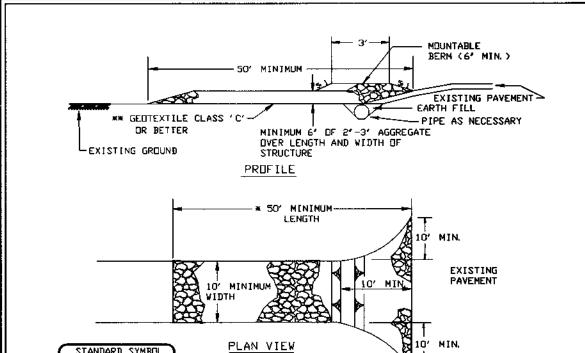
EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH CONSTRUCTION

ANY EXCESSIVELY SOFT OR LOOSE MATERIALS IDENTIFIED BY PROOFROLLING OR PENETROMETER TESTING SHOULD BE EXCAVATED TO SUITABLE FIRM SOIL, AND THEN GRADES RE-ESTABLISHED BY BACKFILLING WITH SUITABLE SOIL.

A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHOULD BE PRESENT TO MONITOR PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION OF FILL FOR THE EMBANCMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH. IN ACCORDANCE WITH MARYLAND SOIL CONSERVATION SPECIFICATION 370 Soils considered suitable for the center of embankment and cut-off trench shall conform to unified soil classification GC, SC, CH or CL. All fill materials must be placed and compacted in accordance with MD SCS

LOTS 9 THRU 34

TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



Construction Specification 1. Length - minimum of 50' (#30' for single residence lot)

SCE

2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

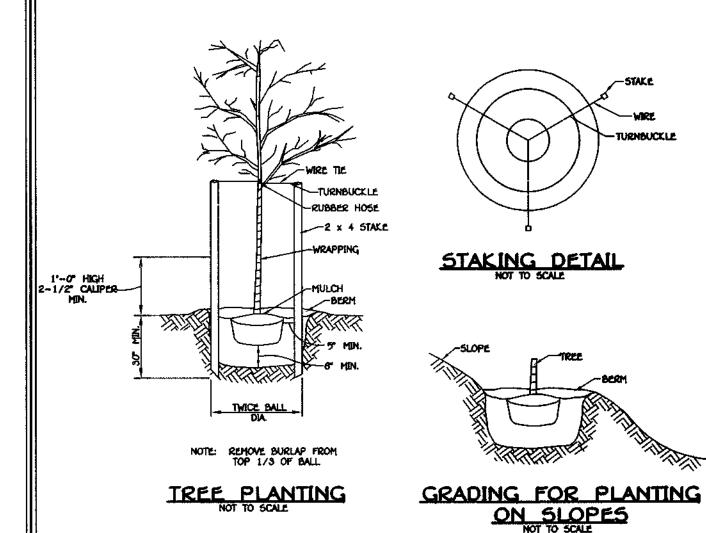
3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. \*\*The plan approval authority may not require single family

4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2' to 3') or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance

#### STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - 2 NOT TO SCALE



#### SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1) A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL
- DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1855) 2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO.

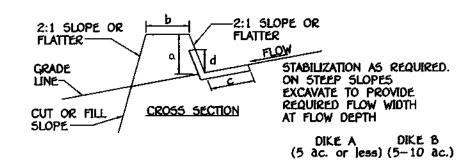
  3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT
- OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES
- DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS
  AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.

  4) ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING
- 51 ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE PENCED AND WARRING
  SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1,
  CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.

  5) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD
  SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS
  AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR
  PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50),
  AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MITH MULCH ALORE COMMENDED SEEDING DATES ON NOT ALLOW FOR PROPERTY. ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- 6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT
- CONTROL INSPECTOR. 7) SITE ANALYSIS: TOTAL AREA OF SITE ACRES AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED ACRES AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED ACRES 12,000 CU.Y05.
- CU.Y05. OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION N/A B) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- 9) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES,
- APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- 11) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.



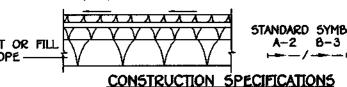
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b-DIKE WIDTH

C-FLOW WIDTH

POSITIVE DRAINAGE-GRADE SUFFICIENT TO DRAIN



1. ALL DIKES SHALL BE COMPACTED BY EARTH-MOVING EQUIPMENT.
2. ALL DIKES SHALL HAVE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO AN OUTLET.
3. TOP WIDTH MAY BE WIDER AND SIDE SLOPES MAY BE FLATTER IF DESIRED TO FACILITATE CROSSING BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC.

4. FIELD LOCATION SHOULD BE ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO UTILIZE /

STABILIZED SAFE OUTLET. 5. EARTH DIKES SHALL HAVE AN OUTLET THAT FUNCTIONS WITH A MINIMUM OF EROSION. RUNOFF SHALL BE CONVEYED TO A SEDIMENT BASIN WHERE EITHER THE DIKE CHANNEL OR THE DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THE DIKE ARE NOT ADEQUATELY STABILIZED.

6. STABILIZATION SHALL BE: (A) IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD STORY MILLS OF STARY MILLS.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEED AND STRAW MULCH OR STRAW MULCH II NOT IN SEEDING SEASON, (B) FLOW CHANNEL AS PER THE CHART

#### FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

GRADE TREATMENT SEED AND STRAW MULCH SEED AND STRAW MULCH SEED USING JUTE, OR EXCELSIOR; 500; 2" STONE SEED AND STRAW MULCH SEED WITH JUTE, OR SOD; LINED RIP-RAP 4"-8"

0.1-20% LINED RIP-RAP 4"-0"

A. STONE TO BE 2 INCH STONE, OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT, IN A LAYER AT LEAST 3 INCHES IN THICKNESS AND BE PRESSED INTO THE SOIL WITH

- CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. B. RIP-RAP TO BE 4-0 INCHES IN A LAYER AT LEAST Ø INCHES THICKNESS AND
- C. APPROVED EQUIVALENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE MATERIALS.

### 7. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND REQUIRED MAINTENANCE MUST BE PROVIDED AFTER

EARTH DIKE

20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

ENGINEERING DESIGN

DEFINITION vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion purpose Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to crode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration O(up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc. EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY

Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth.

Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone. Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

SECTION 1 - VECETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS

- i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions,
  grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.
   ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.

  iii. Schedule required soil tests to defermine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

  Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)
- Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)
   50il tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
   Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee of the producer.
- of the producer. iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98-100% will pass through a #20 mesh sieve. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3—5" of soil by disking or other suitable means
- iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

  Seedbed Preparation

  i. Temporary Seeding

  a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.

  b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

  c. In corporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

  ii. Permanent Seeding

  a. Minimum soil canditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

  1. Soil ph shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.

  2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

  3. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
- - serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.

    4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

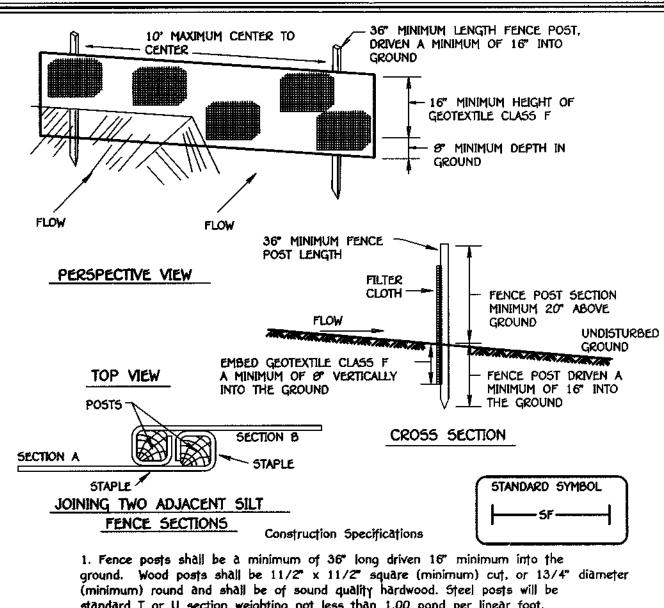
    5. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

    6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.

    Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil sliding down a slope.
  - to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check stots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.

    Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.

    Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5° of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3° of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly disturbed areas.



standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

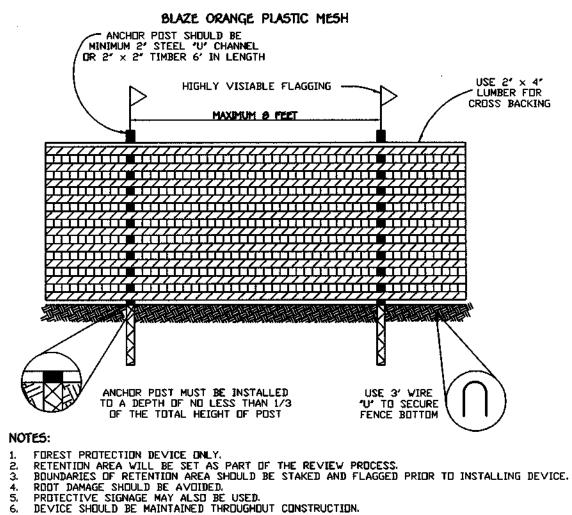
Test: M5MT 509 50 |bs/in (min.) Tensile Strength Test: MSMT 509 Tensile Modulus 20 |bs/in (min.) 0.3 gal ff / minute (max?) Test: MSMT 322 Flow Rate Test: M5MT 322 Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.)

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped. folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE

NOT TO SCALE



TREE PROTECTION DETAIL

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THI PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED NAMEER'S CERTIFICATE I HEREBY GENERAL THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PERCEPTION WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE OFFICE CONTROL AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROPERTY OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS. THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

tydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder.

- a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not
- a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous); 200 lbs/ac; K20 (potassium): 200 lbs/ac.
  b. Lime use only ground agricultural limestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.
  c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.
  ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.
  a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.
  b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.
  iii. Orill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.
- iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

  a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

  b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other.

  Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Apply half the seeding rate in e Mulch Specifications (In order of preference)
- i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.

  ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

  a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform
- WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.

  WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.

  WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors.

  WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having
- moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.

  WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phytol-toxic.
- e. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that

  f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pht range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

  Note: Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where ohe species of grass is desired.

  G. Mulching Seeded Areas Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

  i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch along shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.

  ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1° and 2°. Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre.

  iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

  Securing straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

  i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to fatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the confour if possible.

  ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to fatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If us

- of water.

  iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70 Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to another mulch.
- iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

- All cuts slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15'. ii. Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

  - a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.
    b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.
    c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as

necessary.
Perform final phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions int he operation of completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

- Incremental Stabilization of Embankments Fill Slopes

J. incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes

i. Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

ii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

15°, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

iii. At the end of each day, temporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-efosive manner to a sediment trapping device.

iv. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4 (below).

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

b. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

c. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

d. Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize.

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

### THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580) ZONED R-20

> TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT DATE: MAY 11, 1998

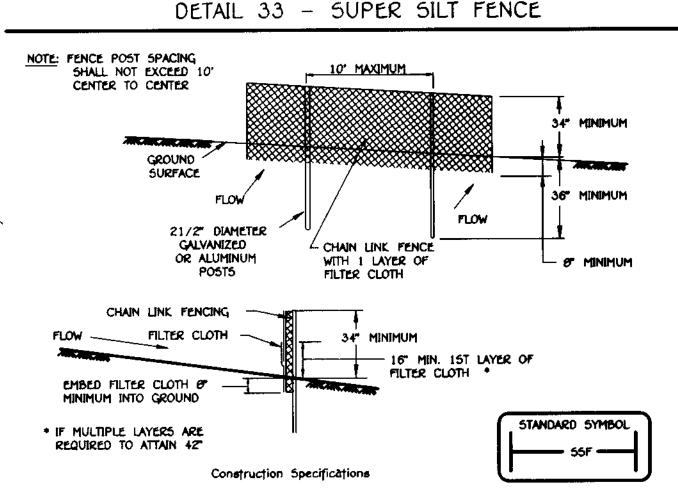
CONTRACT PURCHASER OWNERS AND DEVELOPER MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al 9830 DLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 9810 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. WILLIAM GABLE MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS 9800 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 9820 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS 10801 HICKURY RIDGE RUAD SUITE 210 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

F-98-15Z

SHEET 13 OF 17



1. Fencing shall be 42" in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6' length

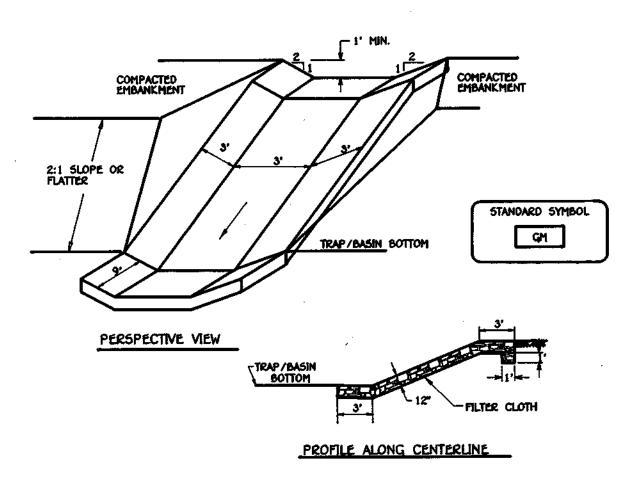
- 2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence.
- 3. Fifter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section.
- 4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 8" into the ground.
- 5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6" and folded
- 6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and sift buildups removed when "bulges" develop in the silt fence, or when silt reaches 50% of fence height
- 7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

Tensile Strength Tensile Modulus Flow Rate Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.)

-50 lbs/in (min.) 20 lbs/in (min.)

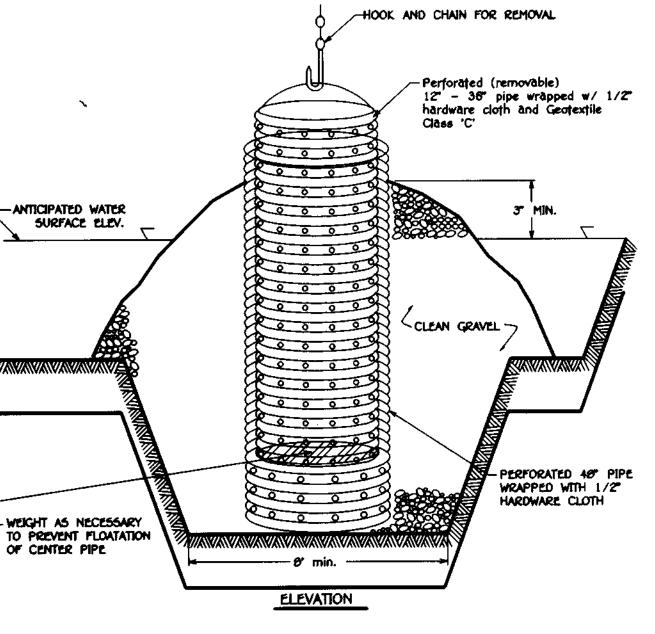
Test: M5MT 509 Test: M5MT 509 0.3 gal/ft /minute (max.) Test: M5MT 322 Test: M5MT 322

#### GABION INFLOW PROTECTION NOT TO SCALE



- 1. Gabion inflow projection shall be constructed of 9'  $\times$  3'  $\times$  9" gabion baskets forming a trapezoidal cross section 1' deep, with 2:1 side slopes
- 2. Geotextile Class C shall be installed under all gabion baskets.
- 3. The stone used to fill the gabion baskets shall be  $4^n 7^n$ .
- on slopes steeper than 4:1.

### DETAIL 20A - REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION



#### Construction Specifications

1. The outer pipe should be 467 dia, or shall, in any case, be at least 4" greater in diameter than the center pipe. The outer pipe shall be wrapped with 1/2" hardware cloth to prevent backfill material from entering the perforations.

## PISER (OUTLET) 30400 RISER COUTLET - 100 MICCO \* PROVIDE L = 326 - RISER (OUTLET) SHEETS OF 4'X 8'X 12" EXTERIOR GRADE PLYWOOD OR EQUIVALENT EXISTING GROUND POSTS MINIMUM -114 SQUARE OR 2" ROUND SET AT LEAST 3' INT THE GROUND 8' CENTER TO CENTER BAFFLE DETAIL

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

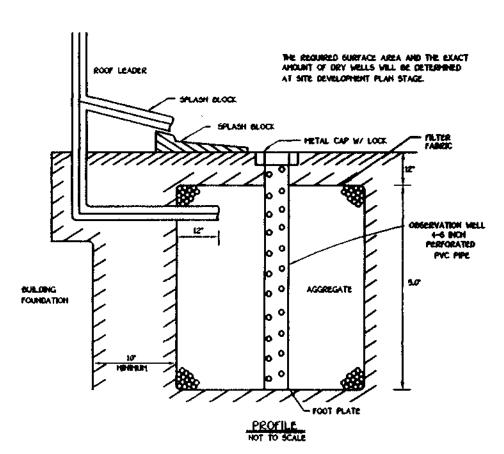
DETAIL 18 SEDIMENT BASIN BAFFLES ( PLAN VIEWS )

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS FAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL CAME TO TABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SIPE CONDITION AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERSONAL OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION REVIEW FOR HOWARD CONSTRUCT CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEETS technical require<u>ment</u>s. THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

#### SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1 OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED GRADING PERMITS, APPROVALS AND LICENSES FORM APPROPRIATE AGENCIES. 2. NOTHY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION DIVISION (410) 313-1870
- AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING WORK ON THESE PLANS, NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" 46 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-800-257-7777.
- 3. INSTALL ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCE FOR TREES TO BE UNDISTURBED AS INDICATED ON THE RELOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES WITHIN OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD. (5 DAYS)
- 4. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ONLY. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION
- 5. DISTALL REMAINING SEDDIENT CONTROL MEASURES, SEDIMENT BASIN/S.W.M. FACILITY, EARTH DIKES AND SILT FENCE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. NO BLASTING WILL BE PERMITTED FOR THE EXCAVATION OF THE PROPOSED BASIN, WHERE NECESSARY, RIPPING AND SACK HAMPIERING SHOULD BE UTILIZED IN THE EXCAVATION OF THE FACILITY. WITH PERMISSION FROM THE INSPECTOR, AFTER ALL ES CONTROLS ARE IN PLACE, THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROCEED GO DAYS). TO NOT CONSTRUCT FORESHY AT THIS TIME.
- 6. CLEAR AND GRUS THE REMAINDER OF THE SITE. (5 DAYS)
- grade site to the proposed sub-grade and install. The proposed storm drain systems, stabill ALL SLOPES IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF GRADING. (4 WEEKS)
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY HAINTENANCE ON ALL SECRIENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS. REMOVE SECRIFICATE FROM ALL TRAPS WHEN CLEANOUT ELEVATIONS ARE REACHED. ALL SEDIMENTS MUST BE PLACED UPSTREAM
- OF AN APPROVED TRAPPING DEVICE. 9. DISTALL TRAFFIC MAINTENANCE DEVICES ALONG OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD
- 10. CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER AND ROAD BASE COARSE. ( 10 DAYS)
- II. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND OBTAIN PERHISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTORS
- 12. WHEN ALL CONTRIBUTING AREAS TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND BASIN HAVE BEEN STABILIZED AND WITH THE PERHESSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DISPECTOR, THE DEVICE MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR BACKFILLED AND THE REMAINING AREAS BROUGHT TO FINAL DESIGN GRADE. STABILIZE ALL REMAINING AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERHANENT SEEDING NOTES. GO DAYS)
- 13. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT.



TYPICAL DRY WELL CROSS SECTION INFILTRATION MANUAL

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

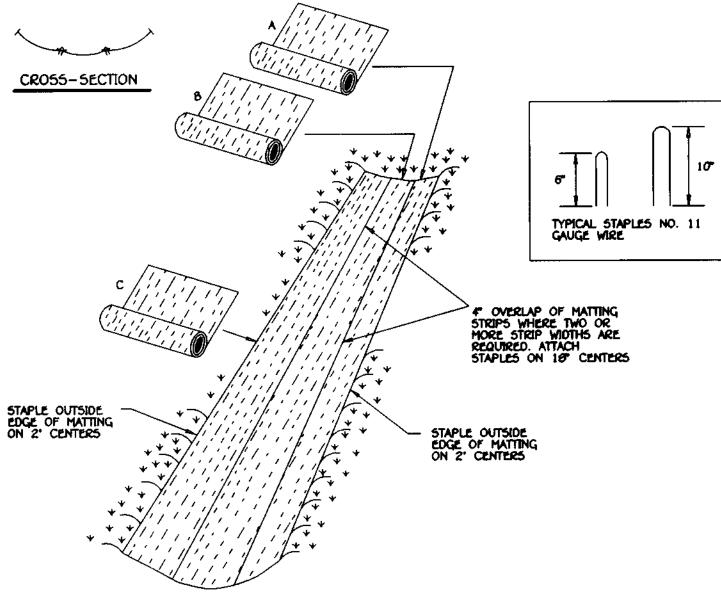
(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580)

ZONED R-20 TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT DATE: AUG. 7, 1998

SHEET 14 OF 17

DETAIL 30 - EROSION CONTROL MATTING



#### EROSION CONTROL MATTING

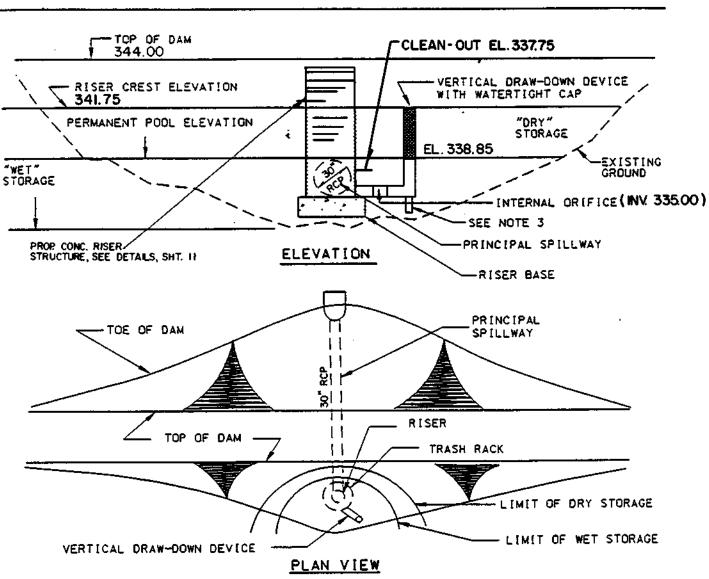
- Construction Specifications 1. Key-in the matting by placing the top ends of the matting in a narrow trench, 6" in depth. Backfill the trench and tamp firmly to conform to the channel cross-section. Secure with a row of staples
- about 4" down slope from the trench. Spacing between staples is 6". 2. Staple the 4" overlap in the channel center using an 10" spacing
- 3. Before stapling the outer edges of the matting, make sure the matting is smooth and in firm contact with the soil.
- 4. Staples shall be placed 2' apart with 4 rows for each strip, 2
- outer rows, and 2 alternating rows down the center. 5. Where one roll of matting ends and another begins, the end of the top strip shall overlap the upper end of the lower strip by 4°. shiplap fashion. Reinforce the overlap with a double row of staples
- spaced 6" apart in a staggered pattern on either side. 6. The discharge end of the matting liner should be similarly secured with 2 double rows of staples.

Note: If flow will enter from the edge of the matting then the area effected by the flow must be keyed-in

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. IVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS ELLICOTT CITY, HARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2055

FCC. Deer Park\FINALS\305615EDCONDETAIL52.DWG

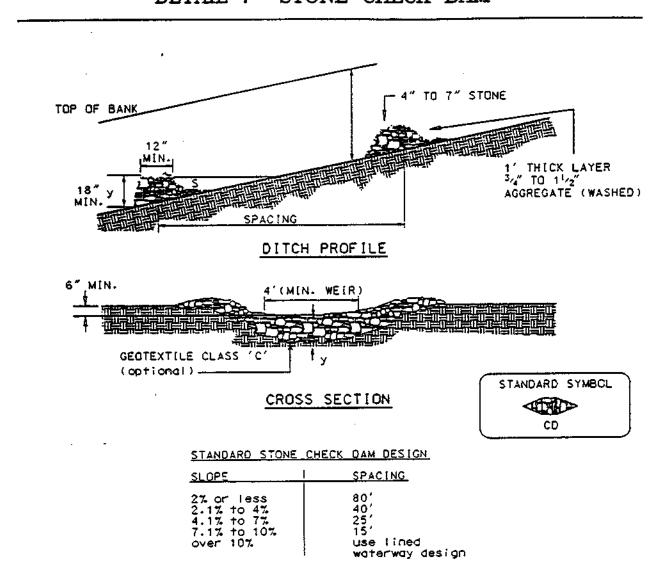
#### BASIN DRAWDOWN SCHEMATIC VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE



#### Construction Specifications

- 1. Perforations in the draw-down device may not extend into the wet storage.
- 2. The total area of the perforations must be greater than  $m{4}$  times the area of the internal orifice.
- 3. The perforated portion of the draw-down device shall be wrapped with  $^{1}2^{\prime\prime}$  hardware cloth and geotextile fabric. The geotextile fabric shall meet the specifications for Geotextile Class E.
- 4. Provide support of draw-down device to prevent sagging and floatation. An acceptable preventative measure is to stake both sides of draw-down device with 1" steel angle, or 1' by 4" square or 2" round wooden posts set 3' minimum into the ground then joining them to the device by wrapping with 12 guage minimum wire.

### DETAIL 7 - STONE CHECK DAM



#### Construction Specifications

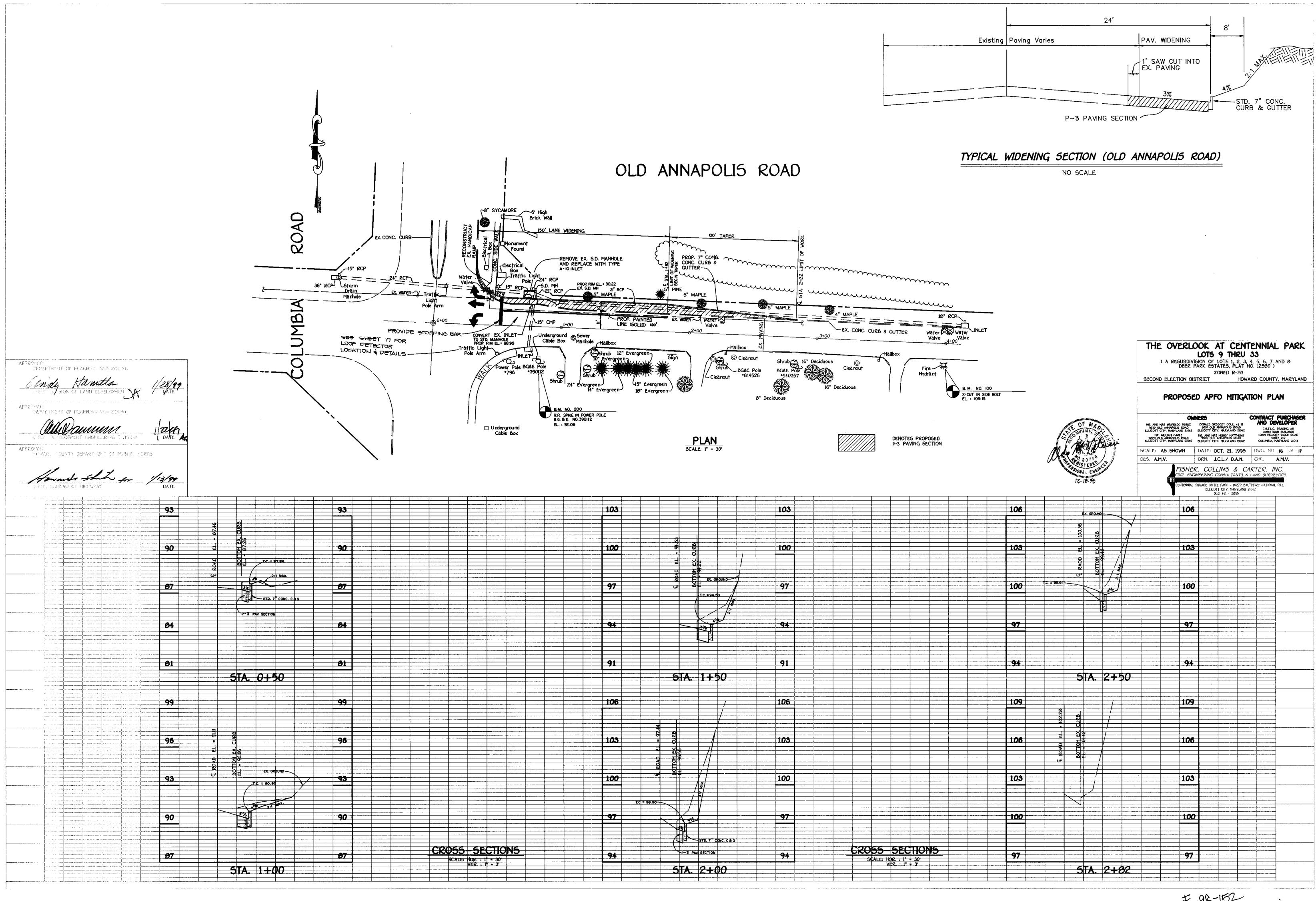
- Swales and ditches shall be prepared in accordance with the construction specifications described in Section A-2. Standards and Specifications for Temporary Swale.
- The check dam shall be constructed of 4"-7" stone. The stone shall be placed so that it completely covers the width of the channel and is keyed into the channel banks.
- The top of the check dam shall be constructed so the the center is approximately 6" lower than the outer edges, forming a weir that water can flow across.
- 4. The maximum height of the check dam at the center shall not exceed 2'.
- 5. The upstream side of the check dam shall be lined with approximately 1' of  $\frac{3}{4}$ " to  $\frac{1}{2}$ " correcate to 1½" aggregate.
- 6. Accumulated sediment shall be removed when it has built up to  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the original height of the weir crest.

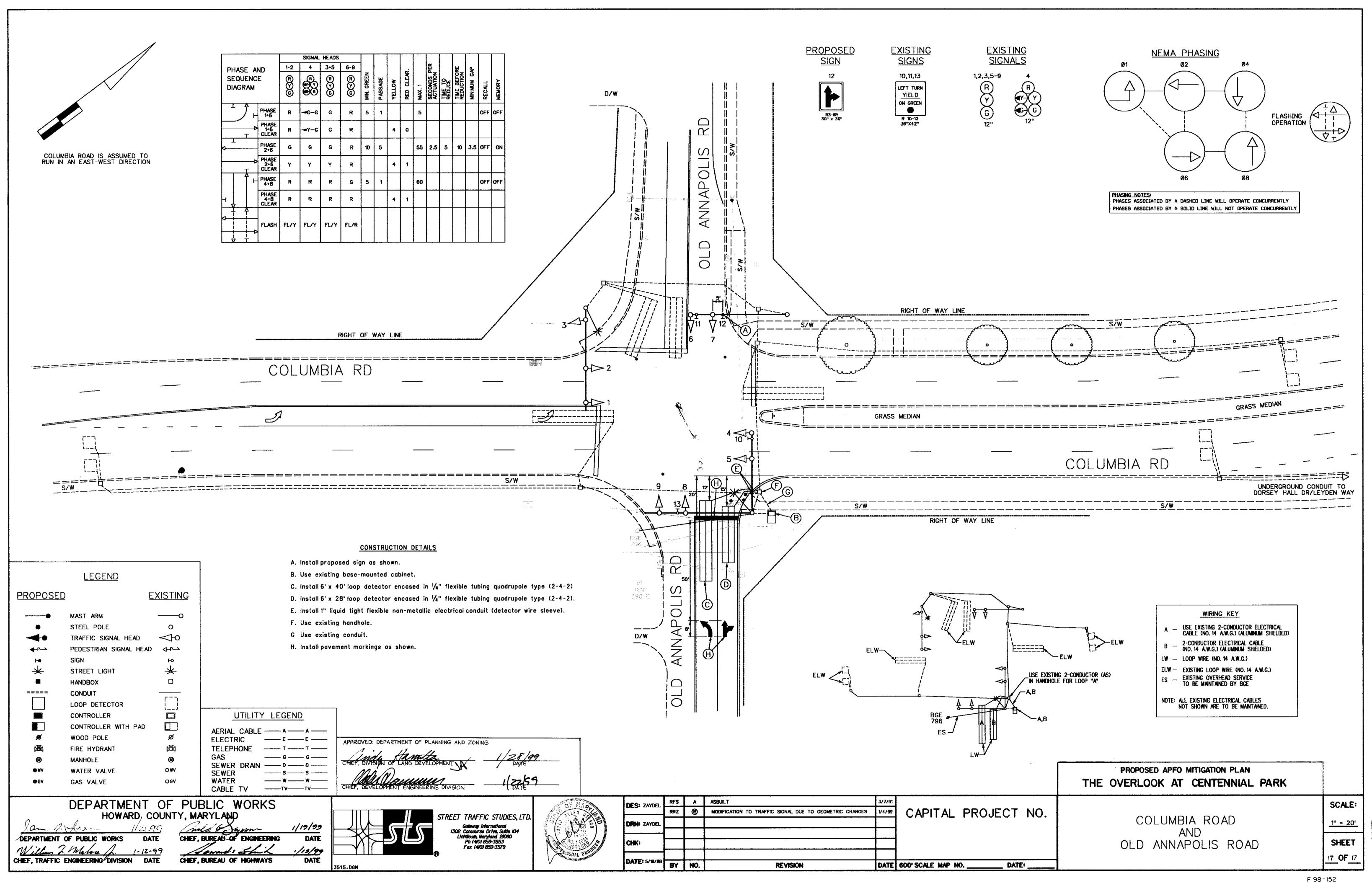
### OWNERS

MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ 9830 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. WILLIAM GABLE 9820 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al 9610 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS 9800 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

CONTRACT PURCHASER AND DEVELOPER C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS 10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD SUITE 210 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044





#### SHEET INDEX SHEET NO TITLE SHEET OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE NATALIES WAY PLAN AND PROFILE, JOHN RANDOLPH COURT PLAN JOHN RANDOLPH COURT PLAN AND PROFILE STREET TREE, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN DRAINAGE AREA MAP AND LANDSCAPE PLAN STORM DRAIN PROFILES STORM DRAIN PROFILES CROSS-SECTIONS (OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD) CROSS-SECTIONS (OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD) TORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN PROPOSED APFO MITIGATION PLAN COLUMBIA ROAD & OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD PLAN

## FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK

## LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580)

ZONED: R-20

TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399

			SIGN COD
)+ <b>4</b> 5	16'L	5TOP	R1-1
+00	14°L	STOP AHEAD	W3-12
+00	14'R	HILL 11.5X	W7-16
)+ <b>3</b> 0	14'R	STOP	R1-1
	+00 +00 0+30	+00 14'R	+00 14'R HILL 11.5X

ROAD CLASSIFICATION CHART								
ROAD CLASSIFICATION R/W WIDTH C.L. STA.								
NATALIES WAY	ACCESS STREET	50"	0+00 TO 2+56.63					
NATALIES WAY	ACCESS STREET	40'	2+56.03 TO 4+34.66					
natalies way	ACCESS PLACE (PUBLIC)	40'	4+34.66 TO 6+72.36					
JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	ACCESS PLACE (PUBLIC)	40'	0+00 TO 3+74.16					

STREET LIGHT CHART						
DWG. No.	STREET NAME	STATION	OFY- SET	FIXTURE/POLE TYPE		
3	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	0+33	26'R	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED ON A 30-FOOT BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12: ARM		
3	NATALES WAY	4+55	15'L	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		
4	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	L.P. 5TA. 1+92	3'	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		
3	NATALIES WAY	L.P. 5TA. 1+10	3'	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		
3	NATALIES WAY	C.L. 5TA. 5+25	9'8	100-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		
4	JOHN RANDOLPH COURT	C.L. STA. 2+50	9'L	IOO-WATT "TRADITIONAIRE" H.P.S. VAPOR FIXTURE POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.		

NOTE: MINIMUM SPACING OF 20' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE.

Colonial Dr.  SITE  Annapolis  Annapolis
--

VICINITY MAP 5CALE 1" = 600"

## SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

#### GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MISHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS / BUREAU OF ENGINEERING / CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 40 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE.
- 4. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT.
- 5. STREET LIGHT PLACEMENT AND THE TYPE OF FIXTURE AND POLE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III (1993) AND AS MODIFIED BY "GUIDELINES FOR STREET LIGHTS IN RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS (JUNE 1993)".
- NOTE: MINIMUM SPACING OF 20' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE.
- 6. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM FIELD RUN SURVEY WITH TWO (2) FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. DATED MAY 2, 1998.
- 7. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT Nos. 24GB AND 24GC WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT.

24GC N 176439.5796 (meters) E 412127.2125 (meters)

- 6. WATER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT No. 24-3698-D AND THE DRAINAGE AREA IS THE LITTLE PATUXENT.
- 9. SEWER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT No. 24-3698-D AND THE DRAINAGE AREA IS THE LITTLE PATUXENT. 10. S.W.M. WILL BE PROVIDED BY A PUBLIC FACILITY LOCATED ON OPEN SPACE LOT 22. WATER QUALITY
- IS PROVIDED BY A WET POOL DESIGN AND QUANTITY MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED BY DETENTION.
- 11. EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON CONT. No. 801-W & 5 AND CONT. No. 24-3225-D.
- 12. THERE IS NO FLOODPLAIN ON THIS SITE. 13. THERE ARE NO WETLANDS ON THIS SITE.
- 14. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY STREET TRAFFIC STUDIES, DATED 11-27-96, AND WAS APPROVED ON 2/4/97 UNDER 597-03. AN ADENDUM TO THE TRAFFIC STUDY WAS SUBMITTED
- 15. BACKGROUND INFORMATION:
- A. SUBDIVISION NAME: THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK B. TAX MAP NO.: 24
  - C. PARCEL NO.: 399 D. ZONING: R-20
  - E. ELECTION DISTRICT: SECOND f. Total tract area: 14.215 ac. 🛎
  - G. NO. OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 23 H. NO. OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 3
- \*I. OPEN 5PACE REQUIRED: (MIN. LOT 5IZE 16,000 SQ. FT.) = 11.249 x 20% = 2.250 AC.+ J. OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 2.316 AC.+
- K. RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE REQUIRED: 20 LOTS x 200 SQ. FT. / LOT = 4,000 SQ. FT. L. RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 5,372 SQ. FT.
- M. PRELIMINARY PLAN APPROVAL DATE: 1-22-90 (P90-13) N. PREVIOUS FILE Nos. : F97-63, 597-03, P98-13 & WP98-126.
- 16. REFUSE COLLECTION, SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE TO BE PROVIDED AT THE JUNCTION OF THE PIPE / FLAG STEM AND THE ROAD R/W AND NOT ONTO THE
- PIPE / FLAG STEM DRIVEWAY. 17. NO CEMETERIES EXIST ON THE PROPERTY.
- 18. FOREST STAND DELINEATION PROVIDED BY EXPLORATION RESEARCH, INC. APPROVED ON 2/4/97 (597-03). 19. FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN APPROVED UNDER P98-13.
- \* 20. LOTS 31, 32 AND 33 ARE INCLUDED IN THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF A LOT LINE ADJUSTMENT. THE AREA OF LOTS 31 - 33 IS NOT COUNTED TOWARDS OPEN SPACE OBLIGATIONS.

MI	NIMUM L	OT SIZE	CHART
Lot No.	Gross Area	Pipestem Area	Minimum Lot Size
28	18,592 5q.F†.	2,148 5q.F	t. 16,444 Sq.Ft.
29	18,343 5q.Ft.	2,161 5q.F	t. 16,182 5q.Ft

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND Ø, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12500)

TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: AUGUST 7, 1998 SHEET I OF 17

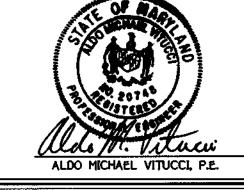
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. IVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYOR nnal square office park - 10272 baltimore national (410) 461 - 2055

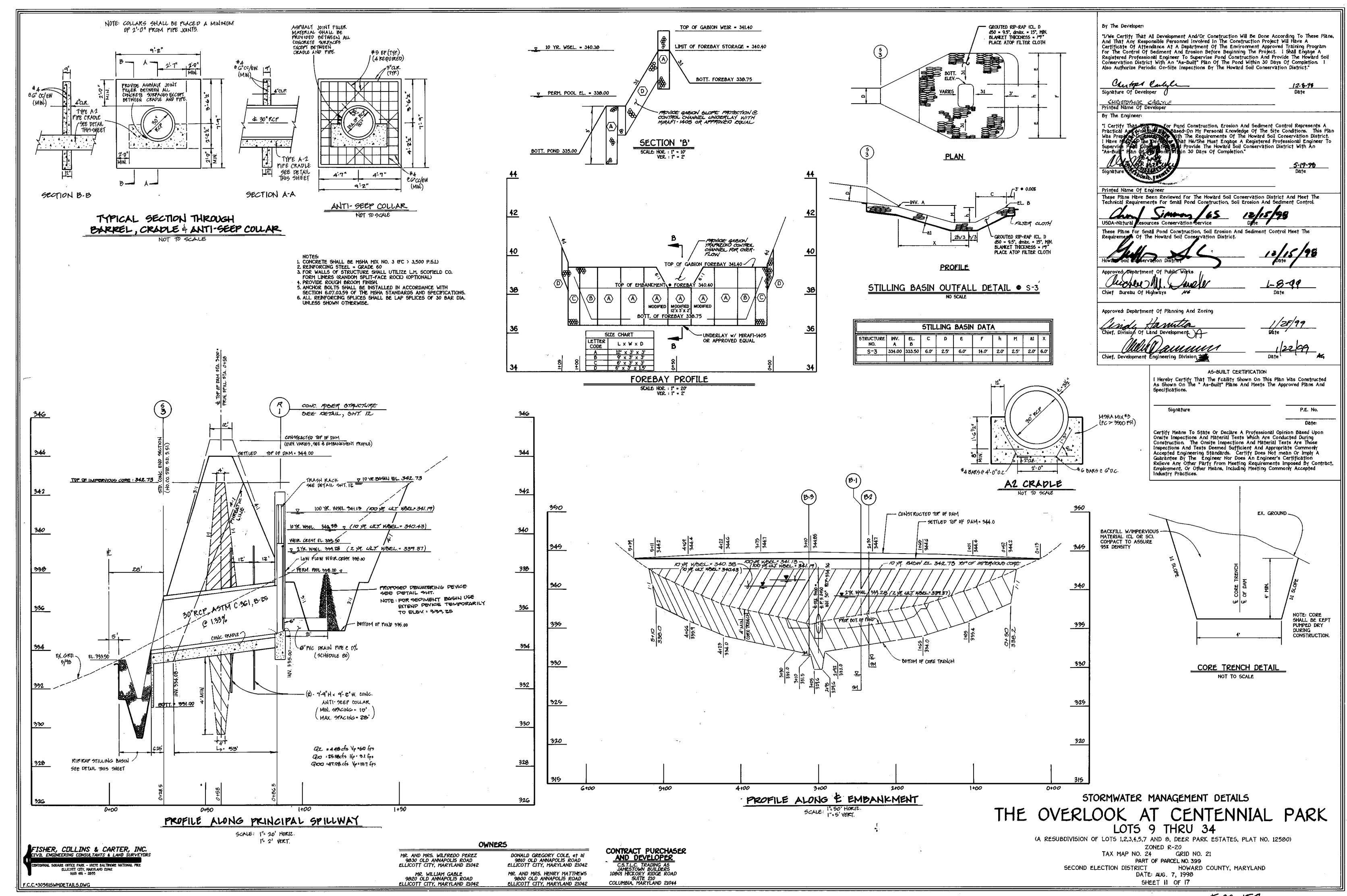
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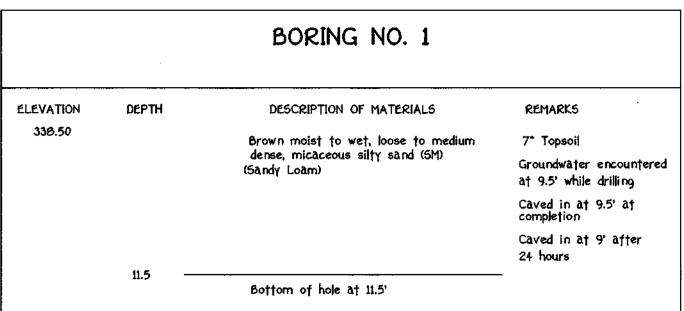
MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ 9830 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. WILLIAM GABLE 9620 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

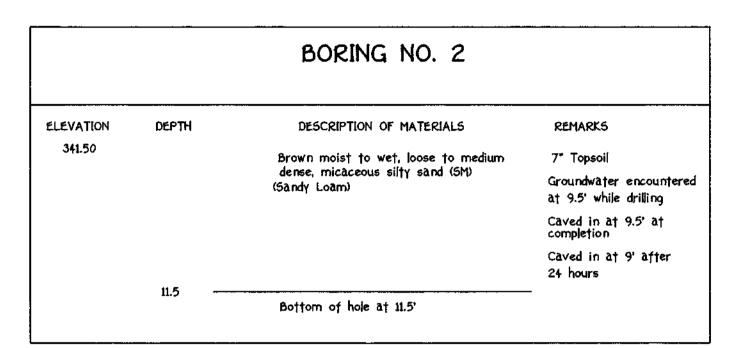
DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al 9010 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS 9000 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS 10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD

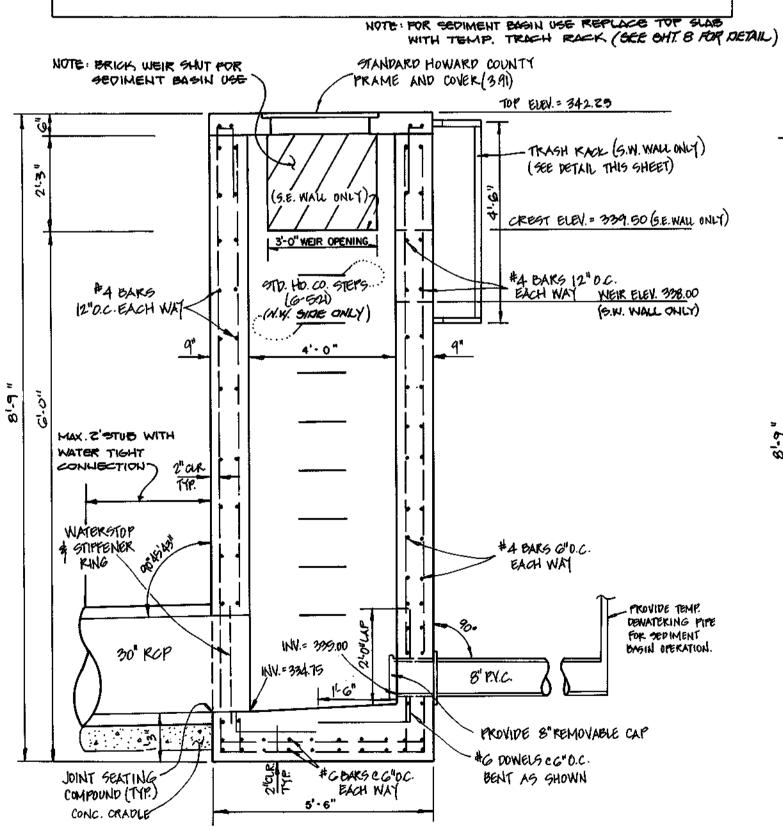








BORING NO. 3							
ELEVATION	DEPTH	DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS	REMARKS				
341.50		Brown moist to wet, loose to medium	7" Topsoil				
		dense, micaceous silty sand (SM) (Sandy Loam)	Groundwater encountered at 10.0° while drilling				
			Caved in to 5' at completion				
			Caved in at 5' after 24 hours				
	10.0	Bottom of hole at 10.0°	<del></del>				



PROFILE VIEW A

CONCRETE RISER DETAIL

NO SCALE

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

NTENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043

F.C.C. \*305615WMDETAILS1.DWG

378 - 12 Pond

**SPECIFICATIONS** These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard for practice MD-378. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most

Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Earth Fill

Material-The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the eritire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the

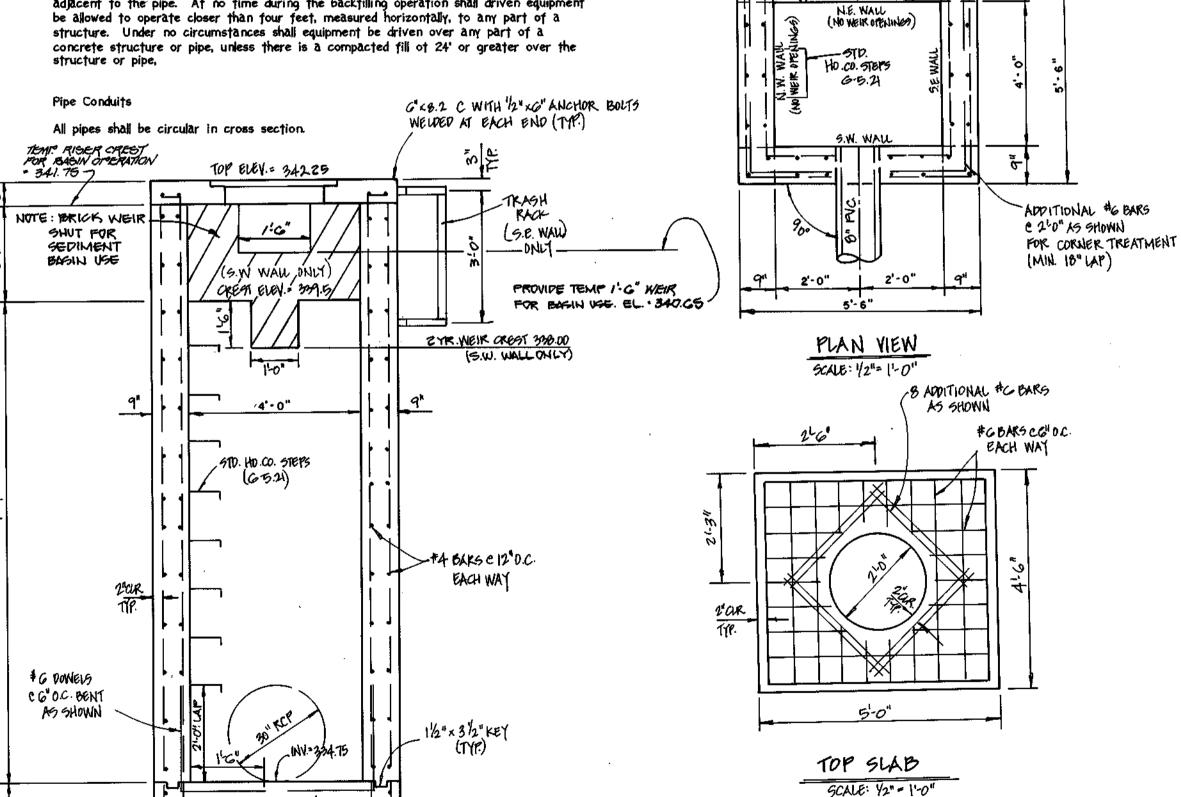
Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

Where a minimum required density is specified, it shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

Structure Backfill

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24' or greater over the



Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361.

2. Bedding - All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding

for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the drawings. 3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints

shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the loints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.

- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".
- 5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Polyviny! Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for polyviny! chloride

1. Materials-PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1705 or ASTM

Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".
- 5. Otherdetails (anti-seep collars ,valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section

Rock Riprap

MAX. 2' STUB

WITH WATER TIGHT CONNECTION

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transporation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 905.

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place shall reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

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Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Erosion and Sediment Control Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

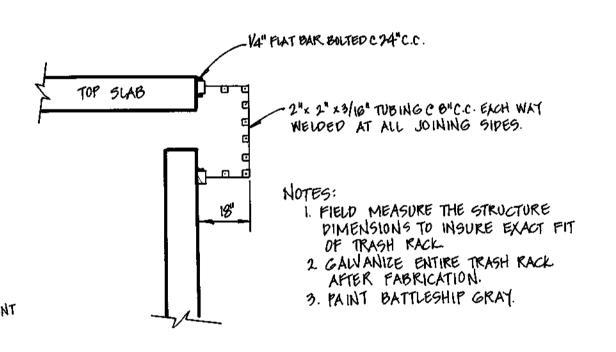
ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

- Facility shall be inspected annually and after major storms. Inspections should be performed during wet weather to determine if the pond is functioning properly.
- 2. Top and side slopes of the embankment shall be moved a minimum of two (2) times a year, once in June and once in September. Other side slopes, the bottom of the pond, and maintenance access should be moved as needed. At no time shall the regardation accord 18 inches in height.

  3. Debris and litter next to the outlet structure shall be removed during regular
- moving operations and as needed. 4. Visible signs of erosion in the pond as well as rip-rap putlet area shall
- NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

be repaired as soon as it is noticed.

- Structural components of teh pond such as the dam, foreboy risor elevative and the pripes shall be repaired upon the detectionof any damage. The components should be inspected during maintenance operations.
- 2. Sediment should be removed when it has accumulated 6 inches of depth within the foreboy, or when deemed necessary by the Howard County's Department of Public Works.



#### TRASH RACK DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

- CONCRETE SHALL BE MGHA MIX #3 (FC > 3.500 PGI)
- KEINFORCING STEEL: GRADE GO
- 3. PACE FORMS FOR WALLS OF OUTLET STRUCTURE SHALL UTILIZE L.M. SCOPIELD CO. T- 9055 FORM LINERS (RANDOM SPLIT-FACE ROCK), OPTIONAL
- 4. PROVIDE ROUGH BROOM FINISH ON TOP OF SLAB.
- 5. ANCHOR BOLTS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION G.07.03.59 OF THE MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS
- 6. ALL EXPOSED METAL SURFACES SHALL BE PAINTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
- SECTION 6.07.03. GO OF THE MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS 7. ALL REINFORCING SPLICES SHALL BE LAP SPLICES OF 30 BAR DIAMETERS
- UNLESS SHOWN OTHERWISE. ALL FILTER PABLIC SHALL BE POLY-FILTER 'X' OR EQUIVALENT.
- ALL EXPOSED EDGES OF CONCRETE TO BE CHAMFERED 1/2" x 1/2".

\*I/We Certify That All Development And/Or Construction Will Be Done According To These Plans,

Certificate Of Attendance At A Department Of The Environment Approved Training Program

For The Control Of Sediment And Erosion Before Beginning The Project. I Shall Engage A Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Pond Construction And Provide The Howard Soil Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plan Of The Pond Within 30 Days Of Completion. I

And That Any Responsible Personnel Involved In The Construction Project Will Have A

Also Authorize Periodic On-Site Inspections By The Howard Soil Conservation District."

By The Engineer:

By The Developer:

Rand Construction, Erosian And Sediment Control Represents A "I Certify That This Plant Windle Man Masca. On My Personal Knowledge Of The Site Conditions. This Plan Was Prepared In Acoustic Man Masca. On My Personal Knowledge Of The Site Conditions. This Plan Was Prepared In Acoustic Mark Mark Plant Requirements Of The Howard Soil Conservation District.

I Have Notified the Acoustic Mark Plant Engage A Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Ponds Construction and Engineer To Supervise Ponds Construction and Engineer To Supervise Plant Of The Mark Mark Soil Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plant Of The Mark Mark Soil Plant Of Completion."

5-19-70

Date

Printed Name Of Engineer

These Plans Have Been Reviewed for The Howard Soil Conservation District And Meet The

Resources Conservation Service

These Plans For Small Pond Construction, Soil Erosion And Sediment Control Meet The Requirements Of The Howard Soil Consequation District.

Chief Bureau Of Highways

Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Chief. Development Engineering Division,

Chief. Division of Land Development \ Hammun

Date:

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION Hereby Certify That The Fcaility Shown On This Plan Was Constructed As Shown On The " As-Built" Plans And Meets The Approved Plans And P.E. No. Signature

Certify Means To State Or Declare A Professional Opinion Based Upon Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Which Are Conducted During Construction. The Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Are Thos inspections And Tests Deemed Sufficient And Appropriate Commonly Accepted Engineering Standards. Certify Does Not mean Or Imply Guarantee By The Engineer Nor Does An Engineer's Certification Relieve Any Other Party from Meeting Requirements Imposed By Contract. mployment, Or Other Means, Including Meeting Commonly Accepted Industry Practices.

#### OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Inspection of the ponds) shown hereon shall be performed at least annually, in accordance with the checklist and requirements contained within USDA, SCS "Standards And Specifications for Ponds" (MD-370). The pond owner(s) and any heirs, successors, or assigns shall be responsible for the safety of the pond and the continued operation, surveillance, inspection, and maintenance thereof. The pond owner)s) shall promptly notify the Soil Conservation District of any unusual observations that may be indications of distress such as excessive seepage, turbid seepage, sliding or sharping sliding or slumping.

### design summary

Degich Storm	allowable Keleage Kate	FACILITY INFLOW	PACILITY DISCHARGE	Watek surface elevation	STORAGE YOUME (AC.FH)	
2 YEAR	5.98 CF5	13.50 CF3	4.48CF5	339.2 <del>B</del>	0.781	
10 YEAR	ZG.FBCF9	35.36 CF3	25.5BCF3	340.38	Q. <del>558</del>	
100 YEAR	и/л	62.BI CF3	47.08 cf3	34) .13	0.847	

# THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK

TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: AUG. 7, 1998

100 YEAR	N/A	62.BI CF3	47.98 cf3	341.13	0.847
BIKUCTURE CLA	GSIFICATION: LOW	HAZAKO CLASS 'A' I	POND		
WATERSHED AR	EATO FACILITY (A	G51 A: fi. × 10.001= G CRES): ULTIMATE 15 > B( FACILIT(: TWO	3G ACKES	DRM5	
		MWATER MA			

LOTS 9 THRU 34 (A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 0, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12500)

F-98-15Z

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

#6 BARGC 6"OĆ

EACH WAY

MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al 9830 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 9810 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS 9800 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD MR. WILLIAM GABLE 9820 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

OWNERS

<u>\_\_\_ \_\_\_ /\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_</u>

PROFILE VIEW B

CONCRETE RISER DETAIL

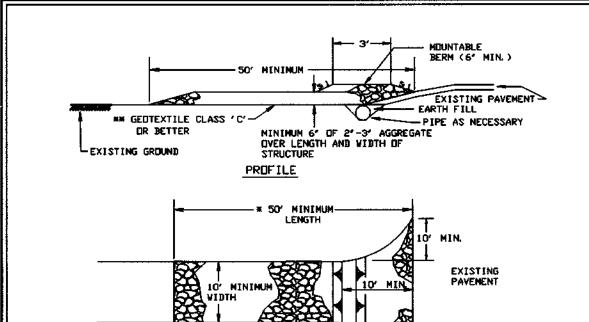
NO SCALE

CONTRACT PURCHASER AND DEVELOPER C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS 10001 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD SUITE 210 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

THE SITE SHOULD BE STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL AND ANY OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIALS FROM THE EMBANKMENT OR STRUCTURE AREA IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL CONSERVATION GUIDELINES. AFTER STRIPPING OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, THE EXPOSED SUBGRADE MATERIALS SHOULD BE PROOFROLLED WITH A LOADED DUMP TRUCK OR SIMILAR EQUIPMENT IN THE PRESENCE OF A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE. FOR AREAS THAT ARE NOT ACCESSIBLE TO A DUMP TRUCK, THE EXPOSED MATERIALS SHOULD BE OBSERVED AND TESTED BY A GEOTECHICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE UTILIZING A DYNAMIC CONE PENETROMETER. ANY EXCESSIVELY SOFT OR LOOSE MATERIALS IDENTIFIED BY PROOFROLLING OR PENETROMETER TESTING SHOULD BE EXCAVATED TO SUITABLE FIRM SOIL, AND THEN GRADES RE-ESTABLISHED BY BACKFILLING WITH SUITABLE SOIL. A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHOULD BE PRESENT TO MONITOR PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION OF FILL FOR THE EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH. IN ACCORDANCE WITH MARYLAND SOIL CONSERVATION SPECIFICATION

EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH CONSTRUCTION

376 SOILS CONSIDERED SUITABLE FOR THE CENTER OF EMBANCMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH SHALL CONFORM TO UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION GC, SC, CH OR CL. ALL FILL MATERIALS MUST BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MD SCS 378 SPECIFICATIONS.



Construction Specification 1. Length - minimum of 50' (#30' for single residence lot).

SCE

PLAN VIEW

2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. \*\*The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile.

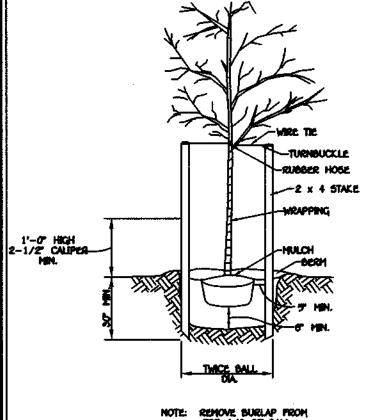
4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2' to 3') or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6° minimum will be required

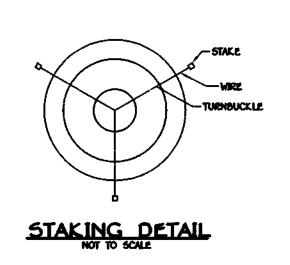
6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance

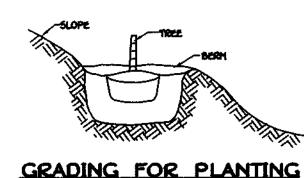
## STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - 2

NOT TO SCALE



TREE PLANTING





ON SLOPES

ACRES ACRES

### SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1) A MINIMUM OF 40 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY

1) A MINIMUM OF 40 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIMISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313–1055).

2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO.

3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: 8) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.

4) ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.

5) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOO (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.

6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED PROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT

CONTROL INSPECTOR. 7) SITE ANALYSIS: TOTAL AREA OF SITE AREA DISTURBED AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED

12,000 CU.YD5. OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION N/A CU.YDS.

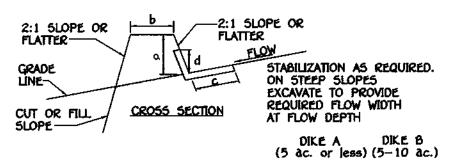
B) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.

9) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

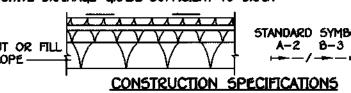
10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES,
APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON
COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT
CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH
DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION
APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL.

BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE. 11) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.





C-FLOW WIDTH d-FLOW DEPTH positive drainage—grade sufficient to drain



a-DIKE HEIGHT b-DIKE WIDTH

1. ALL DIKES SHALL BE COMPACTED BY EARTH-MOVING EQUIPMENT.
2. ALL DIKES SHALL HAVE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO AN OUTLET.
3. TOP WIDTH MAY BE WIDER AND SIDE SLOPES MAY BE FLATTER IF DESIRED TO FACILITATE CROSSING BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC.

4. FIELD LOCATION SHOULD BE ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO UTILIZE A 5. FIELD LOCATION SHOULD BE ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO UTILIZE A STABILIZED SAFE OUTLET.

5. EARTH DIKES SHALL HAVE AN OUTLET THAT FUNCTIONS WITH A MINIMUM OF EROSION. RUNOFF SHALL BE CONVEYED TO A SEDIMENT BASIN WHERE EITHER THE DIKE CHANNEL OR THE DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THE DIKE ARE NOT ADEQUATELY STABILIZED.

6. STABILIZATION SHALL BE: (A) IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEED AND STRAW MULICIPLOS STRAW MILLOW OF STRAW MULICIPLOS STRAW

SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEED AND STRAW MULCH OR STRAW MULCH II NOT IN SEEDING SEASON, (B) FLOW CHANNEL AS PER THE CHART

#### FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

TYPE OF REATMENT	CHANNEL CRADE	DIKE A	DIKE B
1	.5-3.0%	SEED AND STRAW MULCH	SEED AND STRAW MULCH
2	3.1-5.0%	SEED AND STRAW MULCH	SEED USING JUTE, OR EXCELSION; SOD; 2" STON
3	5.1-0.0%	SEED WITH JUTE, OR SOD; 2" STONE	LINED RIP-RAP 4"-6"

8.1-20% LINED RIP-RAP 4"-8" ENGINEERING DESIGN A. STONE TO BE 2 INCH STONE, OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT, IN A LAYER

AT LEAST 3 INCHES IN THICKNESS AND BE PRESSED INTO THE SOIL WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. B. RIP-RAP TO BE 4-0 INCHES IN A LAYER AT LEAST 0 INCHES THICKNESS AND

C. APPROVED EQUIVALENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE MATERIALS.

7. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND REQUIRED MAINTENANCE MUST BE PROVIDED AFTER

### EARTH DIKE

#### 20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

r barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to crode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration O(up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth.

Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone. Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

SECTION 1 — VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS

A. Site Preparation

Site Preparation

i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.

ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.

iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

50il Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

i. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.

ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee of the producer.

iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98—100% will pass through a #20

mesh sieve. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5° of soil by disking or other suitable means.

iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

Seedbed Preparation

i. Temporary Seeding

a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.

b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

c. In corporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

ii. Permanent Seeding

a. Minimum soil canditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

1. Soil ph shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.

2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

3. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>30% sitt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% sitt plus clay) would be acceptable.

serecià lespedezàs is to be planted, then à sandy soil (<30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.

4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

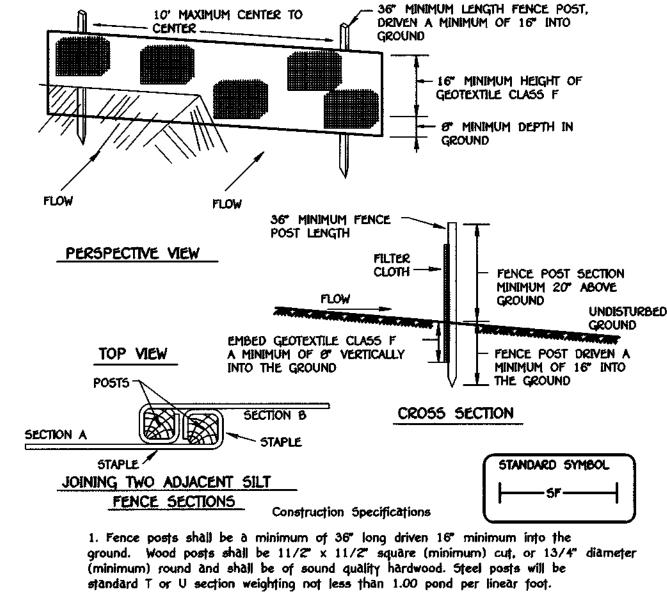
5. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.

Areàs previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.

Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.

Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3" of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly disturbed areas.



2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

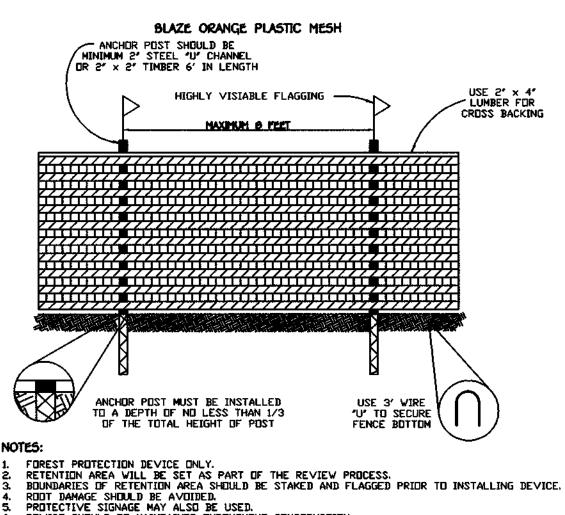
Tensile Strength 50 |bs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 20 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Tensile Modulus 0.3 gal ft / minute (max.) Test: M5MT 322 Flow Rate 75% (min.) Test: M5MT 322 Filtering Efficiency

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

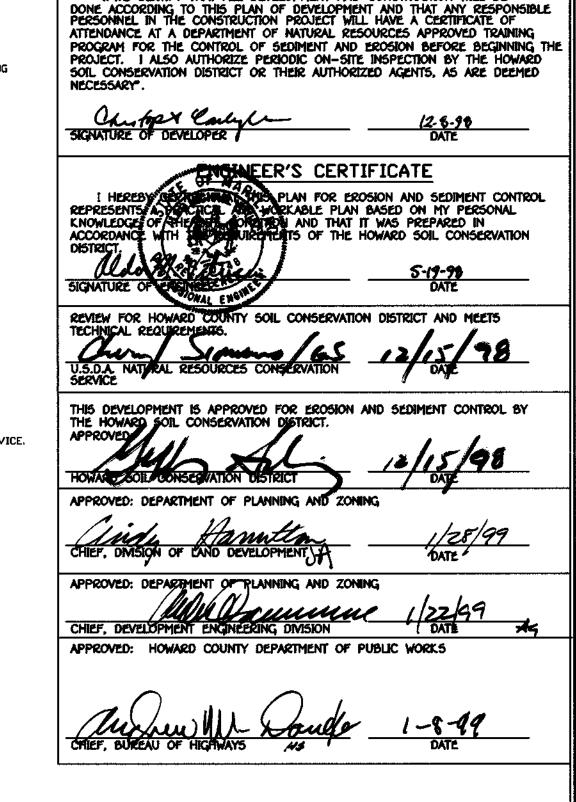
## DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE

NOT TO SCALE



ROOT DAMAGE SHOULD BE AVOIDED.
PROTECTIVE SIGNAGE MAY ALSO BE USED.
DEVICE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.

TREE PROTECTION DETAIL



DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE

tydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder. a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application

of water.

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders — such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70 Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.

iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

i. All cuts slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses.
shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15'.

ii. Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.

b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.

c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as

placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation of completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

J. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes

J. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes

i. Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

ii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

15°, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

iii. At the end of each day, temporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner to a sediment trappling device.

iv. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4 (below).

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

b. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

c. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

d. Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize.

Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

## THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL LOTS 9 THRU 34

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1.2.3.4.5.7 AND Ø, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12500) ZONED R-20

TAX MAP NO. 24 GRID NO. 21 PART OF PARCEL NO. 399 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: MAY 11, 1998

SHEET 13 OF 17

9830 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 9810 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. AND MRS. HENRY MATTHEWS 9800 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 MR. WILLIAM GABLE 10801 HICKORY RIDGE ROAD 9820 OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD ELLICOTT GITY, MARYLAND 21042

OWNERS

CONTRACT PURCHASER AND DEVELOPER C.S.T.L.C. TRADING AS JAMESTOWN BUILDERS

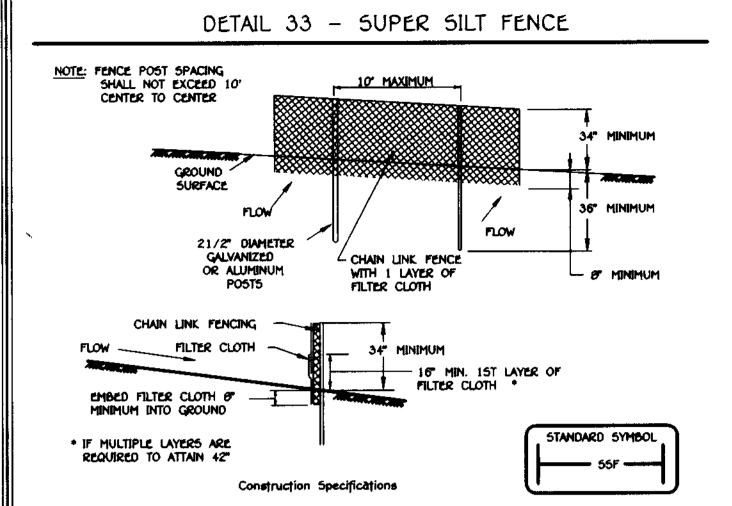
F-98-15Z

F.C.C.#30561SEDCONDETAILS.DVG

MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ

DONALD GREGORY COLE, et al

SUITE 210 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044



1. Fencing shall be 42" in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6' length

2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence.

3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link tence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section.

4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 6" into the ground.

5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped

6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when "bulges" develop in the silt fence, or when silt reaches 50% of fence height

7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for

> Tensile Strenath Tensile Modulus

CROSS-SECTION

STAPLE OUTSIDE EDGE OF MATTING ON 2" CENTERS

Filtering Efficiency

50 lbs/in (min.) 20 lbs/in (min.)

DETAIL 30 - EROSION CONTROL MATTING

EROSION CONTROL MATTING

Construction Specifications

narrow trench, 6" in depth. Backfill the trench and tamp firmly to conform to the channel cross-section. Secure with a row of staples

about 4" down slope from the trench. Spacing between staples is 6".

the top strip shall overlap the upper end of the lower strip by 4°. shiplap fashion. Reinforce the overlap with a double row of staples

Note: If flow will enter from the edge of the matting then the area

2. Staple the 4" overlap in the channel center using an 10" spacing

3. Before stapling the outer edges of the matting, make sure the

matting is smooth and in firm contact with the soil.

4. Staples shall be placed 2' apart with 4 rows for each strip, 2

spaced 6" apart in a staggered pattern on either side.

6. The discharge end of the matting liner should be similarly

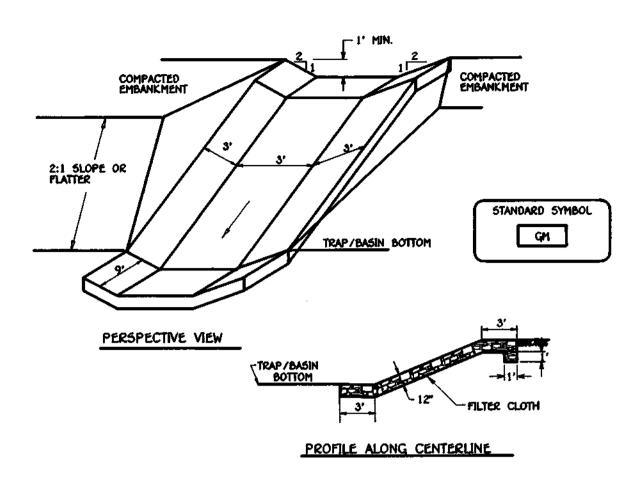
secured with 2 double rows of staples.

effected by the flow must be keyed-in.

outer rows, and 2 alternating rows down the center. 5. Where one roll of matting ends and another begins, the end of

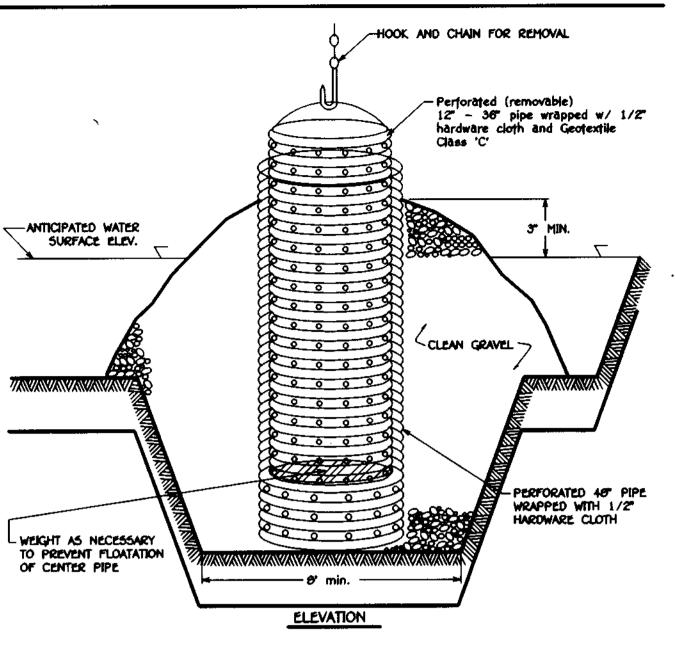
Test: MSMT 509 0.3 gal/ft /minute (max.) Test: MSMT 322 Test: MSMT 322

#### GABION INFLOW PROTECTION NOT TO SCALE



- 1. Gabion inflow protection shall be constructed of 9' x 3' x 9" gabion baskets forming a trapezoidal cross section 1' deep, with 2:1 side slopes,
- 2. Geotextile Class C shall be installed under all gabion baskets
- Gabions shall be installed in accordance with manufacturers recommendations
- 5. Gabion Inflow Protection shall be used where concentrated flow is present on slopes steeper than 4:1.

#### DETAIL 20A - REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION



Construction Specifications

1. The outer pipe should be  $46^{\circ}$  dia, or shall, in any case, be at least  $4^{\circ}$  greater in diameter than the center pipe. The outer pipe shall be wrapped with  $1/2^{\circ}$  hardware cloth to prevent backfill material from entering the perforations. 2. After installing the outer pipe, backfill around outer pipe with 2" aggregate or clean gravel.

3. The inside stand pipe (center pipe) should be constructed by perforating a corrugated or PVC pipe between 12" and 36" in diameter. The perforations shall be 1/2" X 6" slits or 1" diameter holes 6" on center. The center pipe shall be wrapped with 1/2" hardware cloth first, then wrapped again with Geotextile Class

# PESER (OUTLET) Le. TOTAL DISTANCE FROM THE INFLOW POINT AROUND THE BAFFLE TO THE RISER RISER (OUTLET) SAPPLE -\* PROVIDE L = 326 - PISER (OUTLET)

SHEETS OF 4'X 8'X 1/2" EXTERIOR GRADE PLYWOOD OR EQUIVALENT

BAFFLE DETAIL

8' CENTER TO CENTER -

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

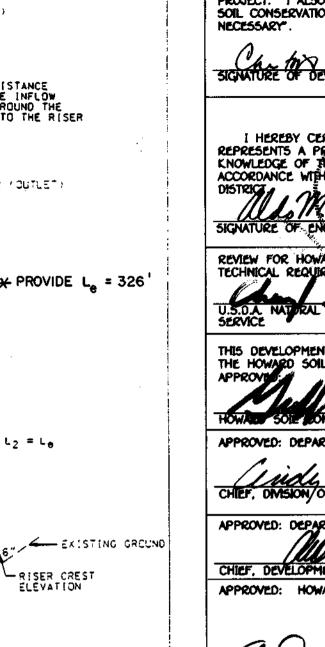
POSTS MINIMUM . STAND SE

AT LEAST 3'

THE GROUND

DETAIL 18 SEDIMENT BASIN BAFFLES

( PLAN VIEWS )



# DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THI PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS FAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PROSTREAM TO THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROSTREAM OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION REVIEW FOR HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS. THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION PISTRICT APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE

#### WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

- OBTAIN ALL REQUIRED GRADING PERHITS, APPROVALS AND LICENSES FORM APPROPRIATE AGENCIES.
- NOTHLY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION DIVISION (450) 313-1670 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING WORK ON THESE PLANS. NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" 40 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-600-257-7777.
- 3. DISTALL ALL TREE PROTECTION FENCE FOR TREES TO SE UNDISTURBED AS INDICATED ON THE RELOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES WITHIN OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD. (5 DAYS)
- 4. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ONLY. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION
- ENTRANCE. (3 DAYS) 5. INSTALL REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL MEABURES, SEDIMENT BASIN/S.W.M. FACILITY, EARTH DIKES AND SILT FENCE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. NO BLASTING WILL BE PERHITTED FOR THE EXCAYATION OF THE PROPOSED BASIN, WHERE NECESSARY, REPPRIG AND SACK HAMPERING SHOULD BE UTILIZED IN THE EXCAVATION OF THE FACILITY, WITH PERHISSION FROM THE INSPECTOR, AFTER ALL E/S CONTROLS ARE IN PLACE, THE CONTRACTOR MAY PROCEED. GO DAYS), TO NOT CONSTRUCT FORESAY AT THIS TIME,
- 6. CLEAR AND GRUB THE REMAINDER OF THE SITE. (5 DAYS) GRADE SITE TO THE PROPOSED SUB-GRADE AND INSTALL THE PROPOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS. STABILIZE ALL SLOPES IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF GRADING. (4 WEEKS)
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS. REMOVE SEDIMENTS FROM ALL TRAPS WHEN CLEANOUT ELEVATIONS ARE REACHED. ALL SEDIMENTS MUST BE PLACED UPSTREAM OF AN APPROVED TRAPPING DEVICE.
- 9. INSTALL TRAFFIC MAINTENANCE DEVICES ALONG OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD
- 10. CONSTRUCT CURB AND GUTTER AND ROAD BASE COARSE. ( 10 DAYS)
- 11. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTORS
- 12. WHEN ALL CONTRIBUTING AREAS TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND BASIN HAVE BEEN STABILIZED AND WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, THE DEVICE MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR
- 13. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF DISPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT

# BACKFILLED AND THE REMAINING AREAS BROUGHT TO FINAL DESIGN GRADE. STABILIZE ALL REMAINING AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERHANENT SCEDING NOTES. GO DAYS) THE REGURED SURFACE AREA AND THE EXACT AMOUNT OF DRY WELLS WILL BE DETERMINED AT SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN STAGE. BUILDING FOUNDATION

TYPICAL DRY WELL CROSS SECTION INFILTRATION MANUAL

### SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

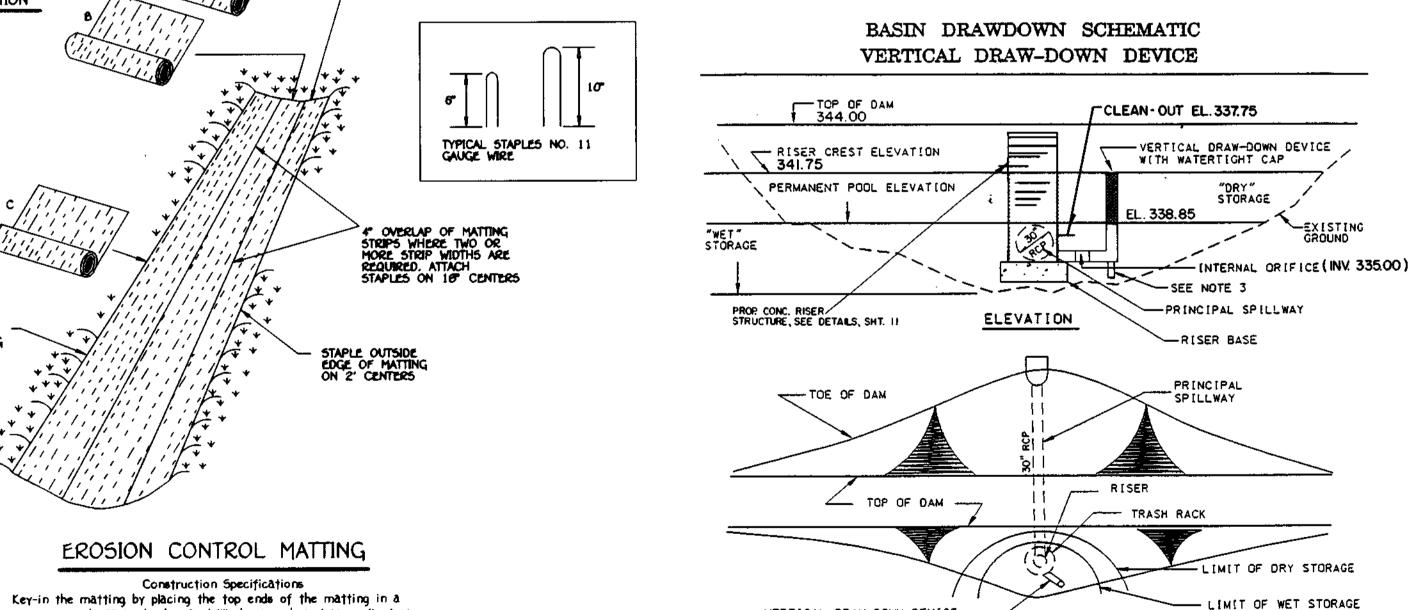
### THE OVERLOOK AT CENTENNIAL PARK LOTS 9 THRU 34

TAX MAP NO. 24

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1,2,3,4,5,7 AND 8, DEER PARK ESTATES, PLAT NO. 12580) ZONED R-20

GRID NO. 21

PART OF PARCEL NO. 399 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: AUG. 7, 1998 SHEET 14 OF 17



VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE

#### Construction Specifications

PLAN VIEW

- 1. Perforations in the draw-down device may not extend into the wet storage.
- 2. The total area of the perforations must be greater than 4 times the area of the internal orifice.
- 3. The perforated portion of the draw-down device shall be wrapped with  $^{1}\!\!\!\!/_{2}^{\prime\prime}$ hardware cloth and geotextile fabric. The geotextile fabric shall meet the specifications for Geotextile Class E.
- 4. Provide support of draw-down device to prevent sagging and floatation. An acceptable preventative measure is to stake both sides of draw-down device with 1" steel angle. or 1' by 4" square or 2" round wooden posts set 3' minimum into the ground then joining them to the device by wrapping with 12 guage minimum wire.

## THICK LAYER 3/4" TO 11/2" AGGREGATE (WASHED) DITCH PROFILE 4'(MIN. WE[R] GEOTEXTILE CLASS 'C' (optional) ----STANDARD SYMBOL CROSS SECTION STANDARD STONE CHECK DAM DESIGN SPACING

DETAIL 7 - STONE CHECK DAM

#### Construction Specifications

use lined waterway design

- Swales and ditches shall be prepared in accordance with the construction specifications described in Section A-2. Standards and Specifications for Temporary Swale.
- The check dam shall be constructed of 4"-7" stone. The stone shall be placed so that it completely covers the width of the channel and is keyed into the channel banks.
- The top of the check dam shall be constructed so the the center is approximately 6" lower than the outer edges, forming a weir that water can flow across.
- 4. The maximum height of the check dam at the center shall not exceed 2'.
- 5. The upstream side of the check dam shall be lined with approximately 1' of  $\frac{3}{4}$ " to  $\frac{1}{2}$ " aggregate.
- 6. Accumulated sediment shall be removed when it has built up to  ${
  m I}_2$  of the original height of the weir crest.

OWNERS MR. AND MRS. WILFREDO PEREZ

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PISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. IVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

between staples.

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FCC. Deer Park\FINALS\3056ISEDCONDETAIL52.DWG

