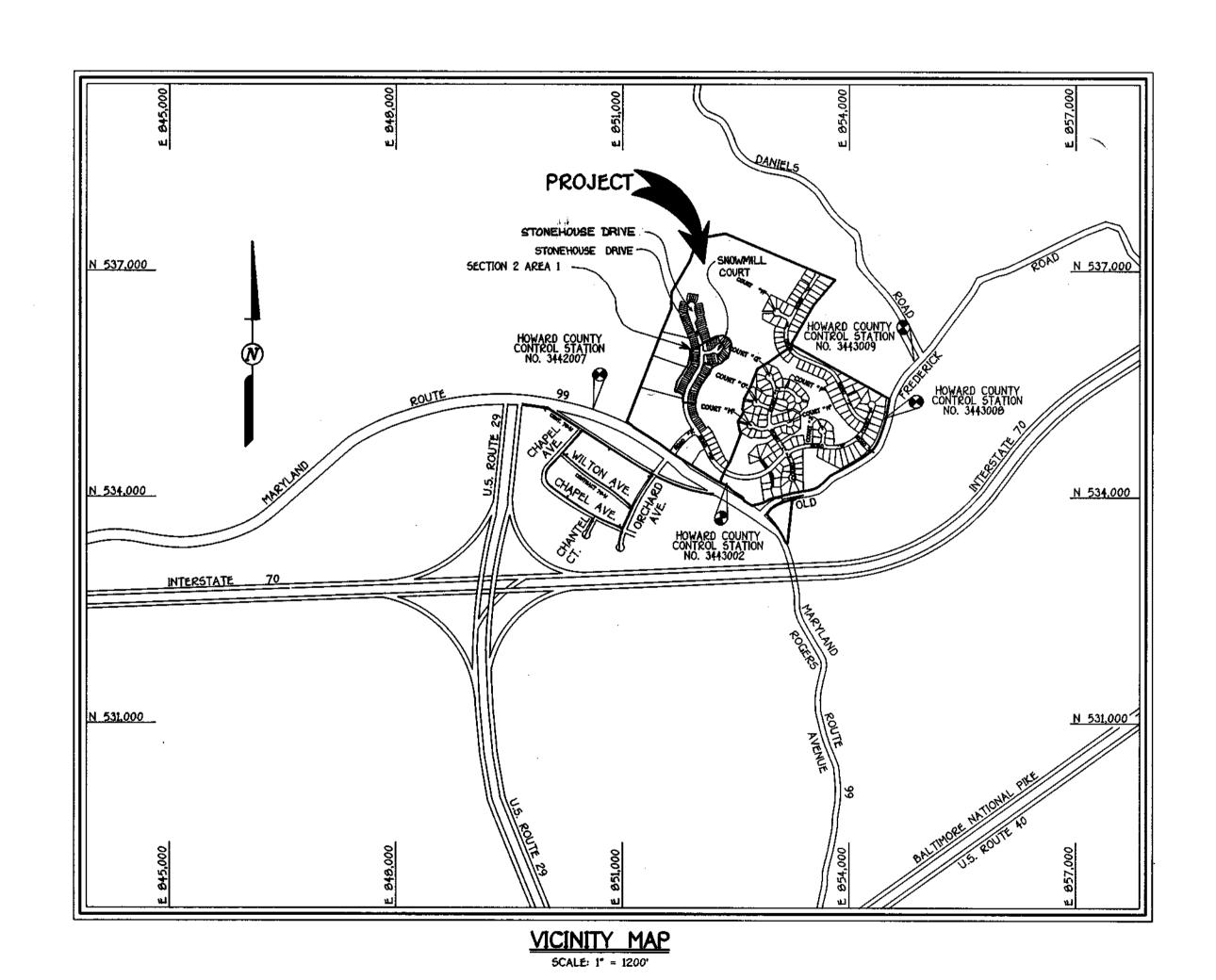
	SHEET INDEX					
SHEET No. SHEET						
1	TITLE SHEET					
2 STONEHOUSE DRIVE PLAN & PROFILE						
3	SNOWMILL COURT PLAN & PROFILE					
4-5	STREET TREE, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN					
6	GRADING & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN					
7-8	DRAINAGE AREA AND LANDSCAPE PLAN					
9	STORM DRAIN PROFILES & DETAILS					
10	SHALLOW MARSH NOTES DETAILS & PLANTING					
11-12	SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS					
13-16	FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN					

FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND WATER QUALITY PLANS FOR DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK

SECTION 2 AREA 1

LOTS 20 THRU 84
TAX MAP NO. 17 PARCEL NOS. 41 AND 547
SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL CONSTRUCTION IS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH
 - a. HOWARD COUNTY STANDARD SPECIFICATION AND DETAILS FOR
 - CONSTRUCTION.
 - SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS, AS AMENDED
 - SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.
 4. SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE 1993 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND
 - 4. SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE 1993 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR POND CONSTRUCTION (CODE 378)

 HE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE IZERIFTMENT OF PUBLIC MORKET IZIVISION
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC MORKS, DIVISION OF CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION AT 410-313-1880 AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS. PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST
- 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
 4. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON IS FROM AERIAL MAPS PROVIDED BY PHOTO SCIENCE OF
- 2. CONTOUR INTERVAL APRIL 13, 1989.
 5. THIS HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUM SHOWN ARE BASED ON THE FOLLOWING NAD'83
- HOWARD COUNTY CONTROL STATIONS:
 HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 3443000 N 535051.402 ELEV. = 479.13'
 - HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 3443009 N 535006.602 ELEV. = 464.01
 - HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 3443002 N 534193.678 ELEV. = 464.23'
- HOWARD COUNTY MONOPLENT NO. 3443002 N 534193.678 ELEV. = 484. E 852269.574
- HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 3443007 N 535080.370 ELEV. = 470.18' E 850670.146
- 6. NOISE STUDY WAS PROVIDED BY M.A. DIRCKS AND CO., INC. ON SEPTEMBER, 1993.
 7. FOREST DELINEATION AND WAS PROVIDED BY M.A. DIRCKS AND CO., INC. DATED JUNE, 1993.
- 6. The 100 yr. Floodplain as shown on these plans are based on the floodplain
- STUDY THAT WAS PROVIDED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

 9. THE WETLANDS STUDY WAS PREPARED BY ENVIRONMENTAL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS UNDER 5-95-10 JUNE 15, 1995.
- 10. THE TRAFFIC STUDY WAS PROVIDED BY The Traffic Group ON MARCH 1994.
- 11. THE SOILS INVESTIGATION REPORT WAS PREPARED BY G.T.A. INC. ON NOVEMBER 1995.

 12. THE SKETCH PLAN 5-95-18 WAS APPROVED ON 6/15/95. PRELIMINARY PLANS WERE WAVED UNDER WIP-97-02 ON AUGUST 12, 1996.
- 13. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUAL
 OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO
 THER PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT.
- 14. STREET LIGHT PLACEMENT AND THE TYPE OF FIXTURE AND POLE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III (1993) AND AS MODIFIED BY "GUIDELINES FOR STREET LIGHTS IN RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS (JUNE 1993)."
- 15. A MINIMUM SPACING OF 20' SHALL, BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE.
- 16. PUBLIC WATER AND PUBLIC SEWER WILL BE USED WITHIN THIS DEVELOPMENT.
- 17. EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON COUNTY RECORDS.
- 18. SECTION 16.116(a) OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS PROHIBITS CLEARING, GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY WITHIN THE REQUIRED WETLAND OR STREAM BANK BUFFERS. A WAIVER WF-95-94 WAS SUBMITTED LINCER 5-95-18.
- 19. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS WAS APPROVED ON APRIL 27, 1996 UNDER F-96-128. WATER QUALITY IS PROVIDED BY SHALLOW MARSH

BENCHMARKS

HOWARD COUNTY CONTROL NO. 3442007

HOWARD COUNTY CONTROL NO. 3443002

HOWARD COUNTY CONTROL NO. 3443006

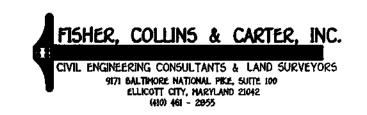
N 535080.370 E 650670.146 ELEV. 470.18

N 534193.676 E 652269.574 ELEV. 484.23

N 535051.402 E 854471.468 ELEV. 479.13

N 535006.602 E 854860.710 ELEV. 464.01

20. PREVIOUS FILE NUMBERS: F-96-37 F-96-67 F-96-128 AND SDP-96-22.



ROAD NAME

STONEHOUSE DR.

ROAD CLASSIFICATION CHART

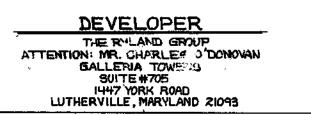
CUL-DE - SAC

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS







dayesh Runcholi 8-6-56

JAYESH V. PANCHOLI DATE

DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK

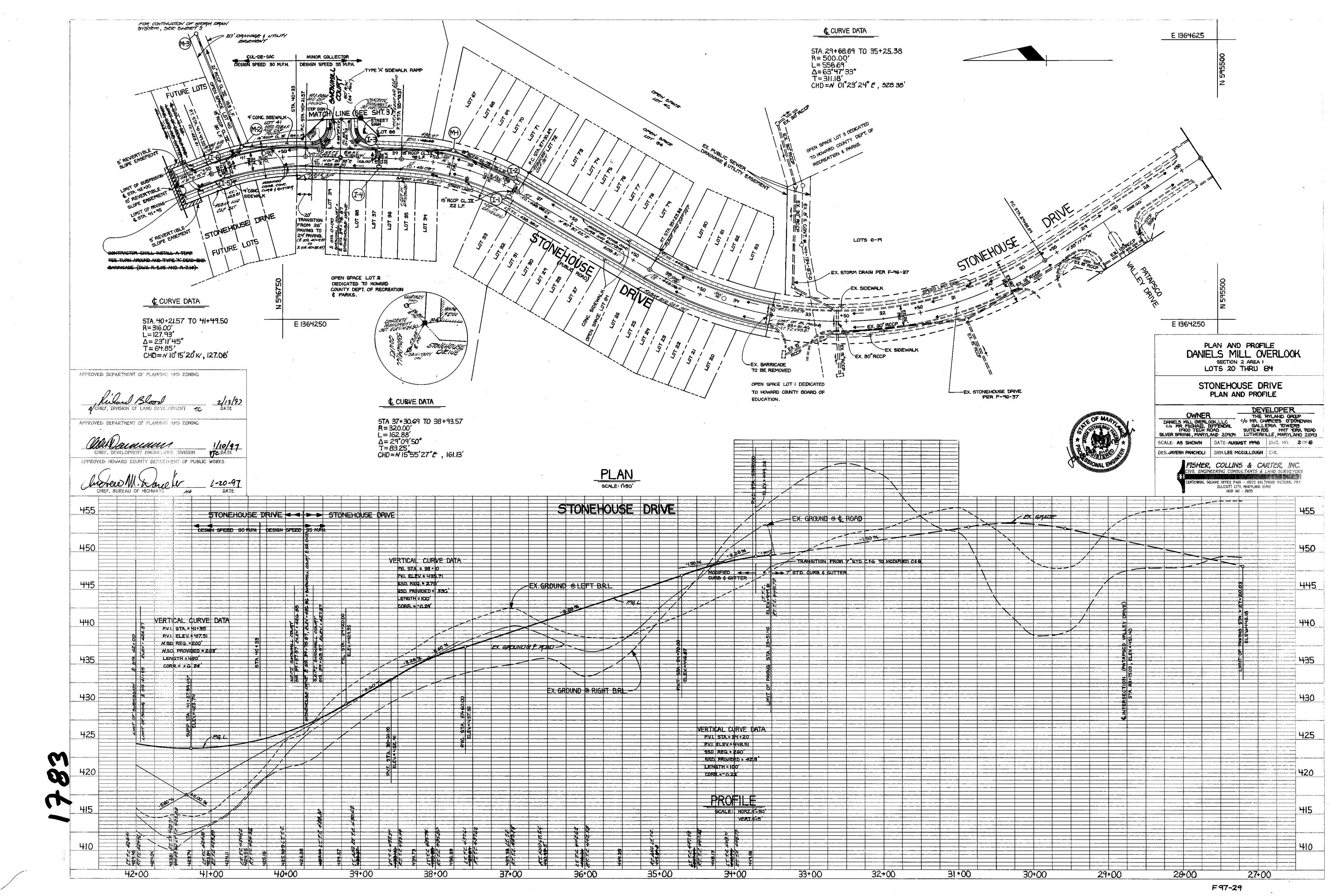
LOTS 20 THRU 84

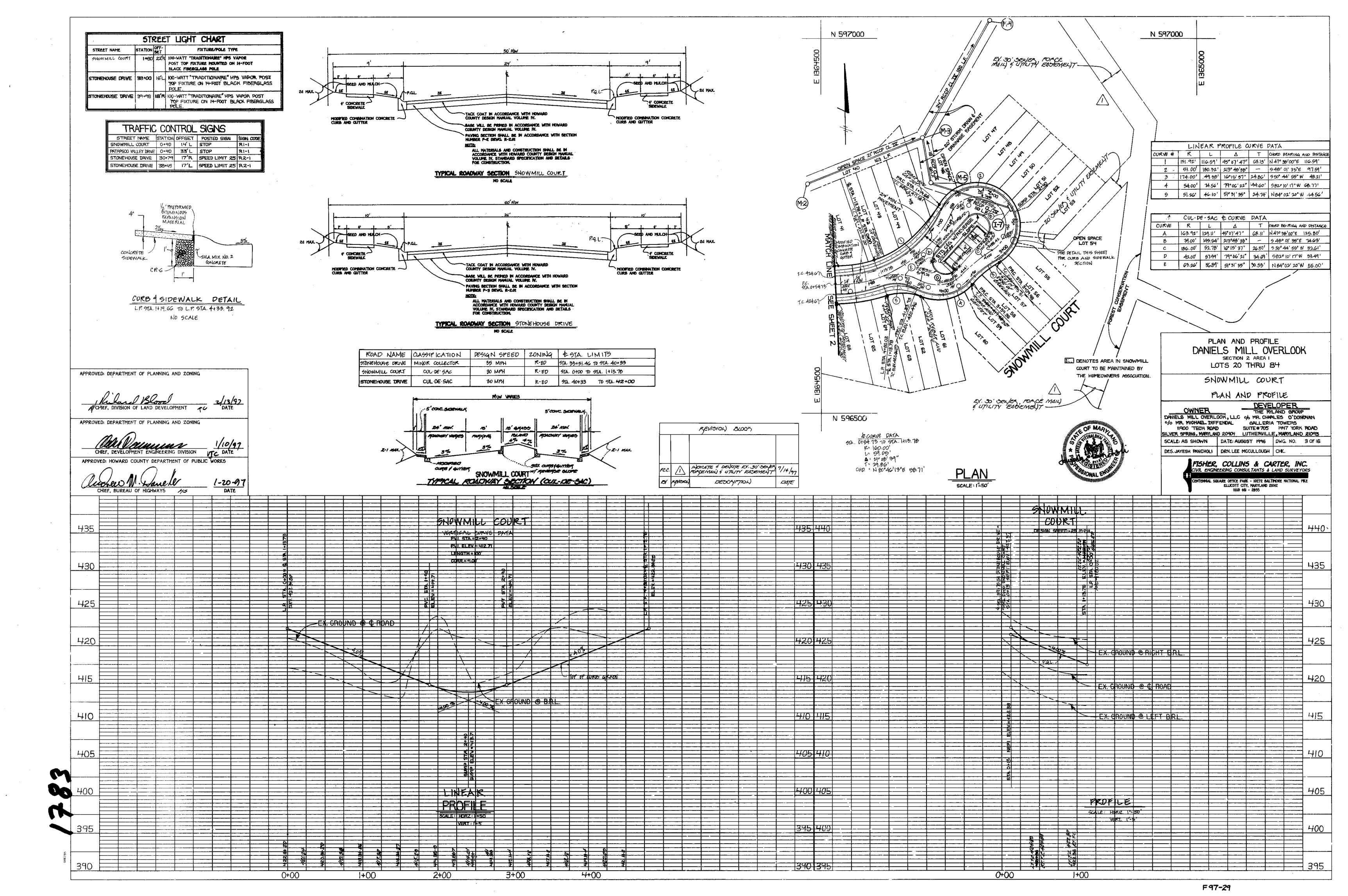
ZONED: R-ED

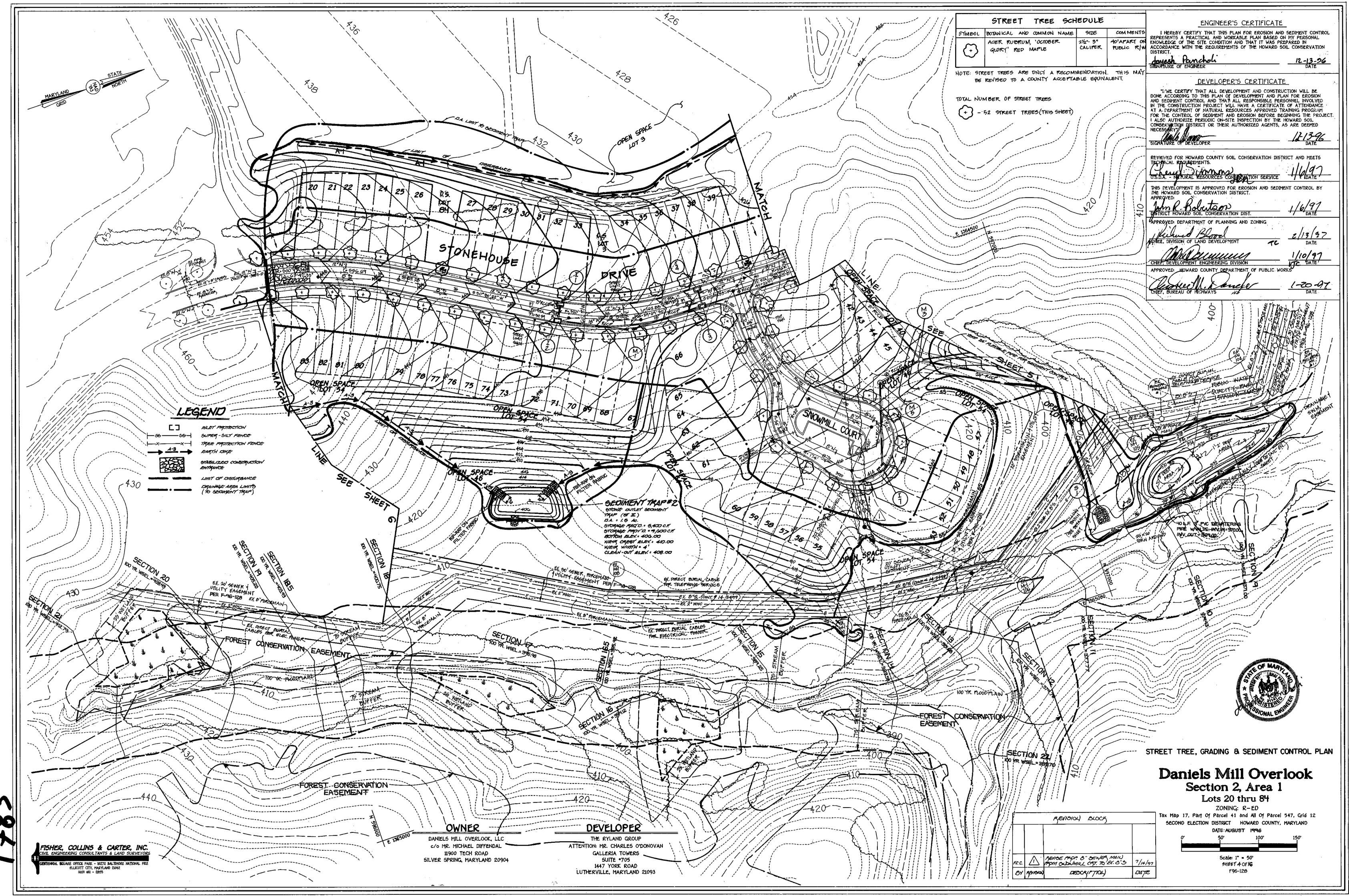
TAX MAP No. 17 PARCEL Nos. 41 and 547
SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

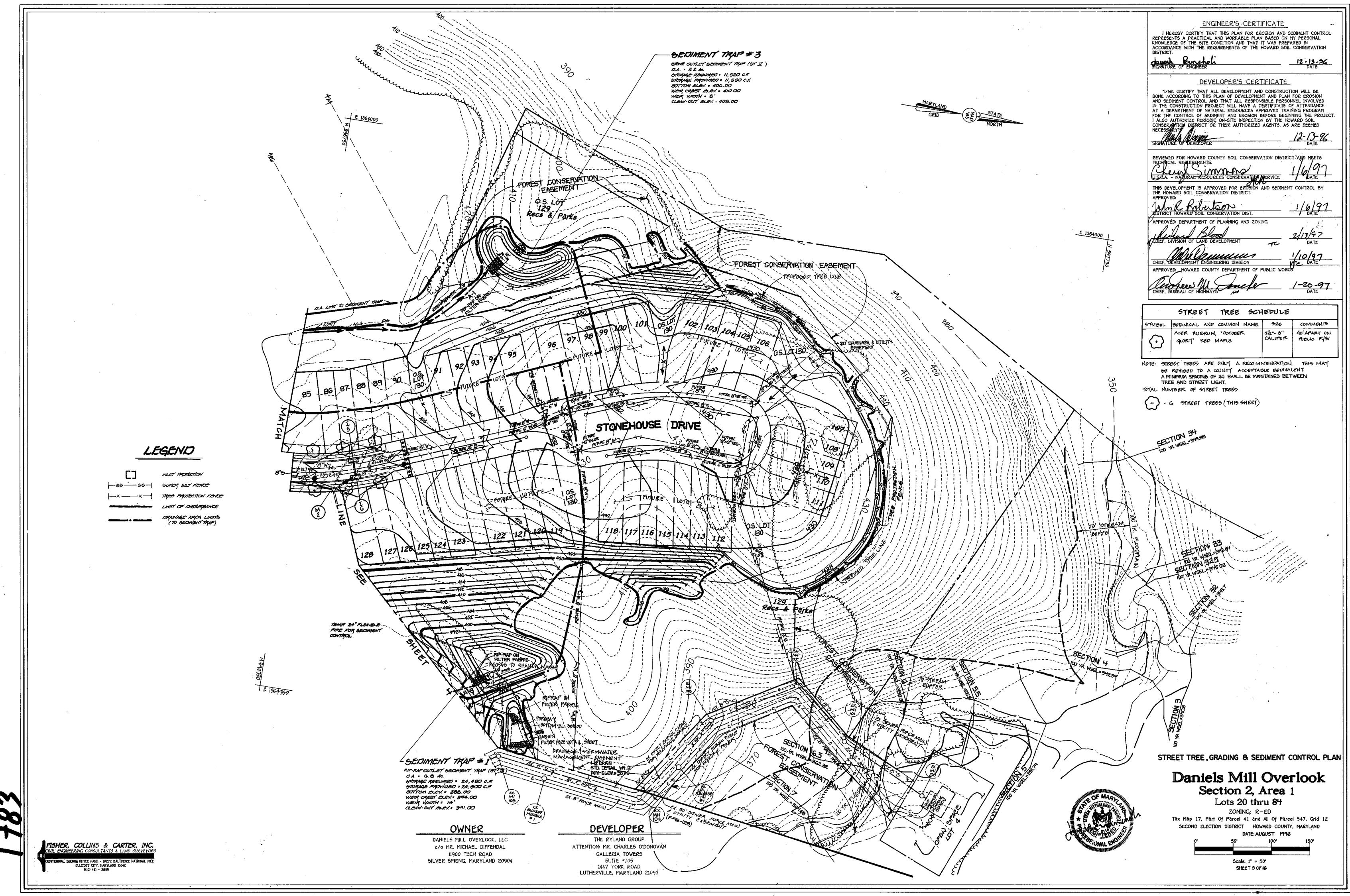
SHEET 1 OF 16

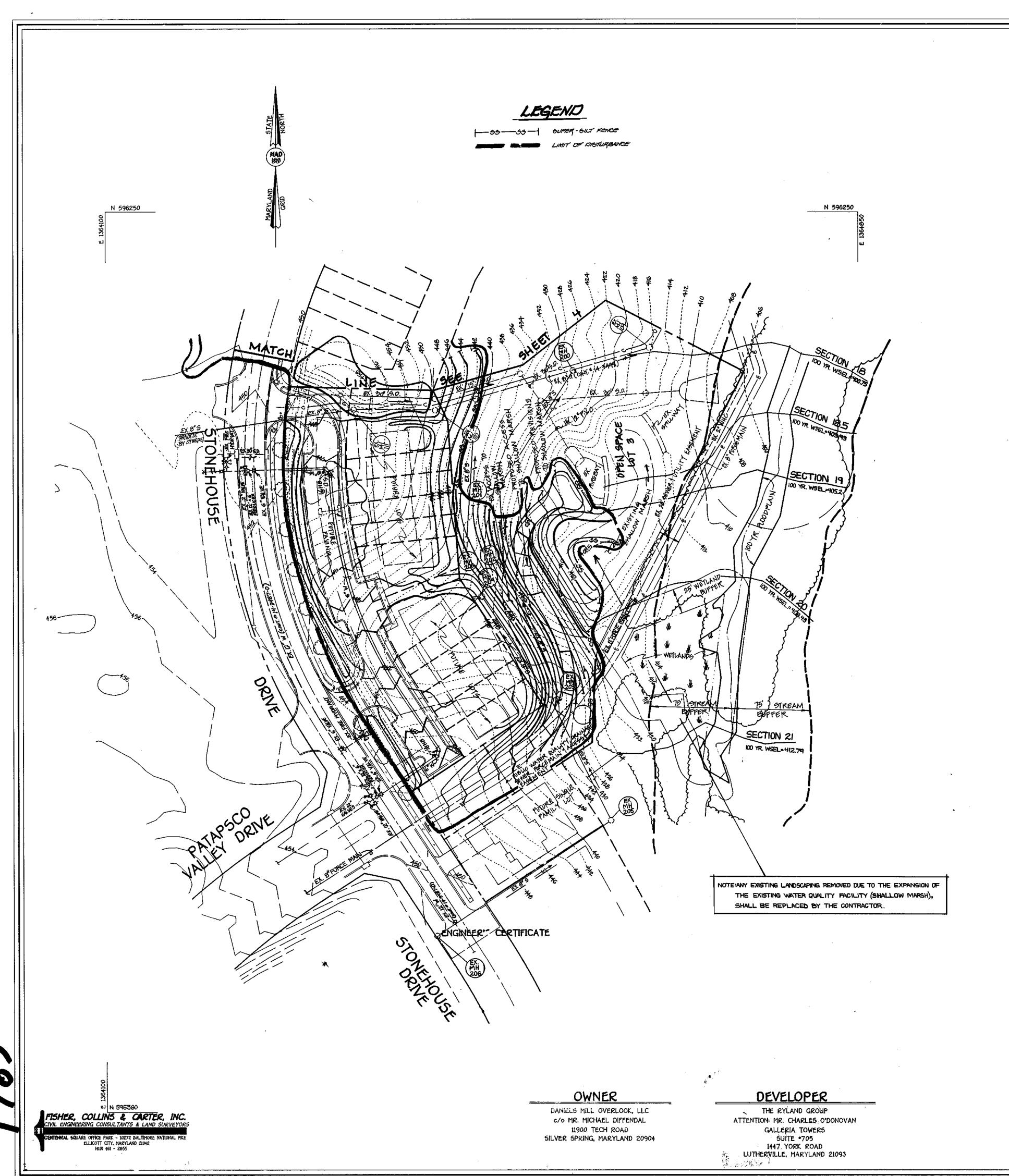
SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: AUGUST 1996







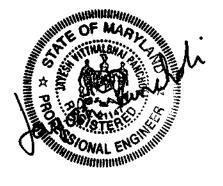




ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITION AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED NECESSARY REVIEWED FOR HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEETS
TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS.

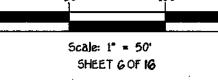
U.S.B.A. - NAJORAL RESOURCES CONSERVINGS SERVICE

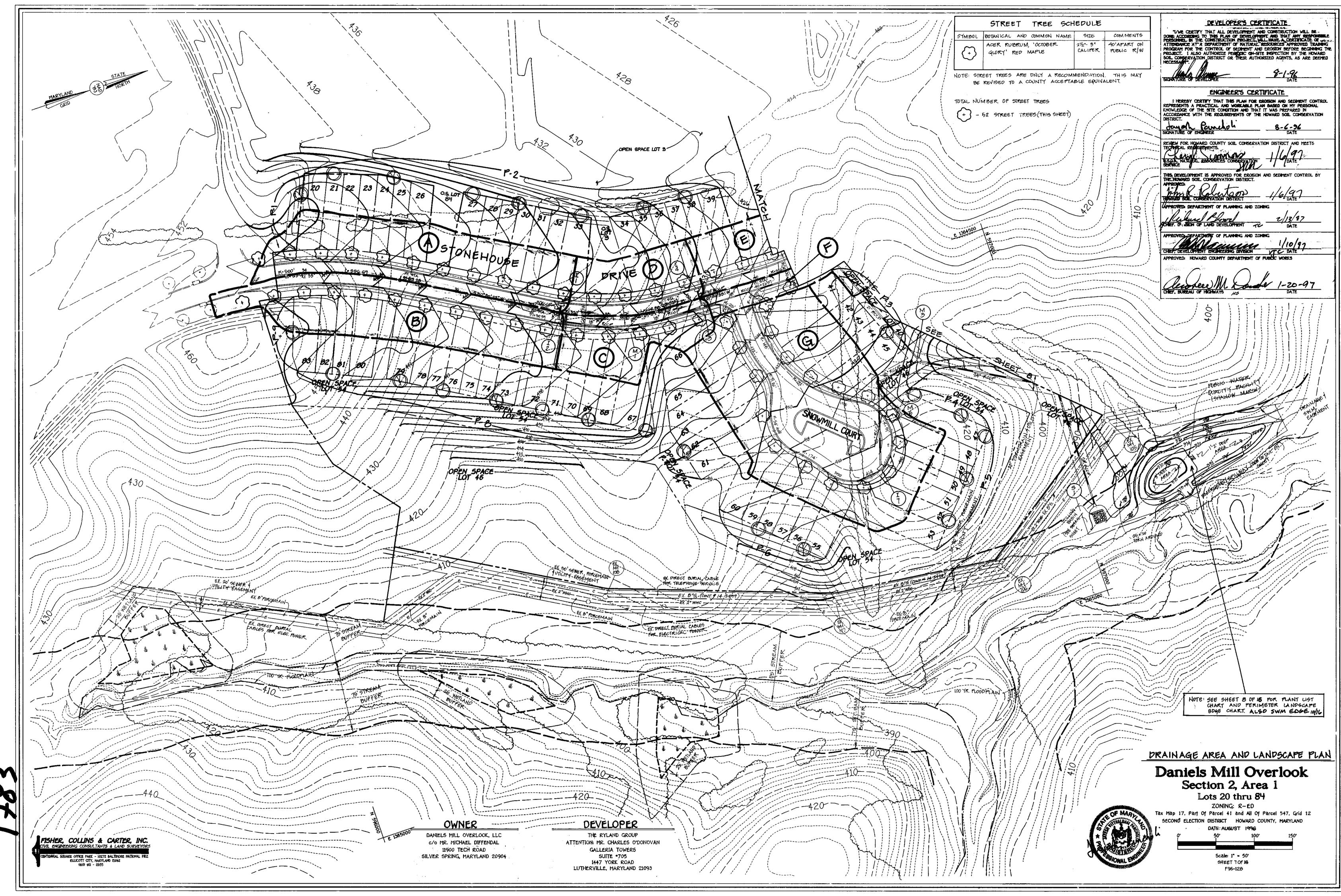
THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY
THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

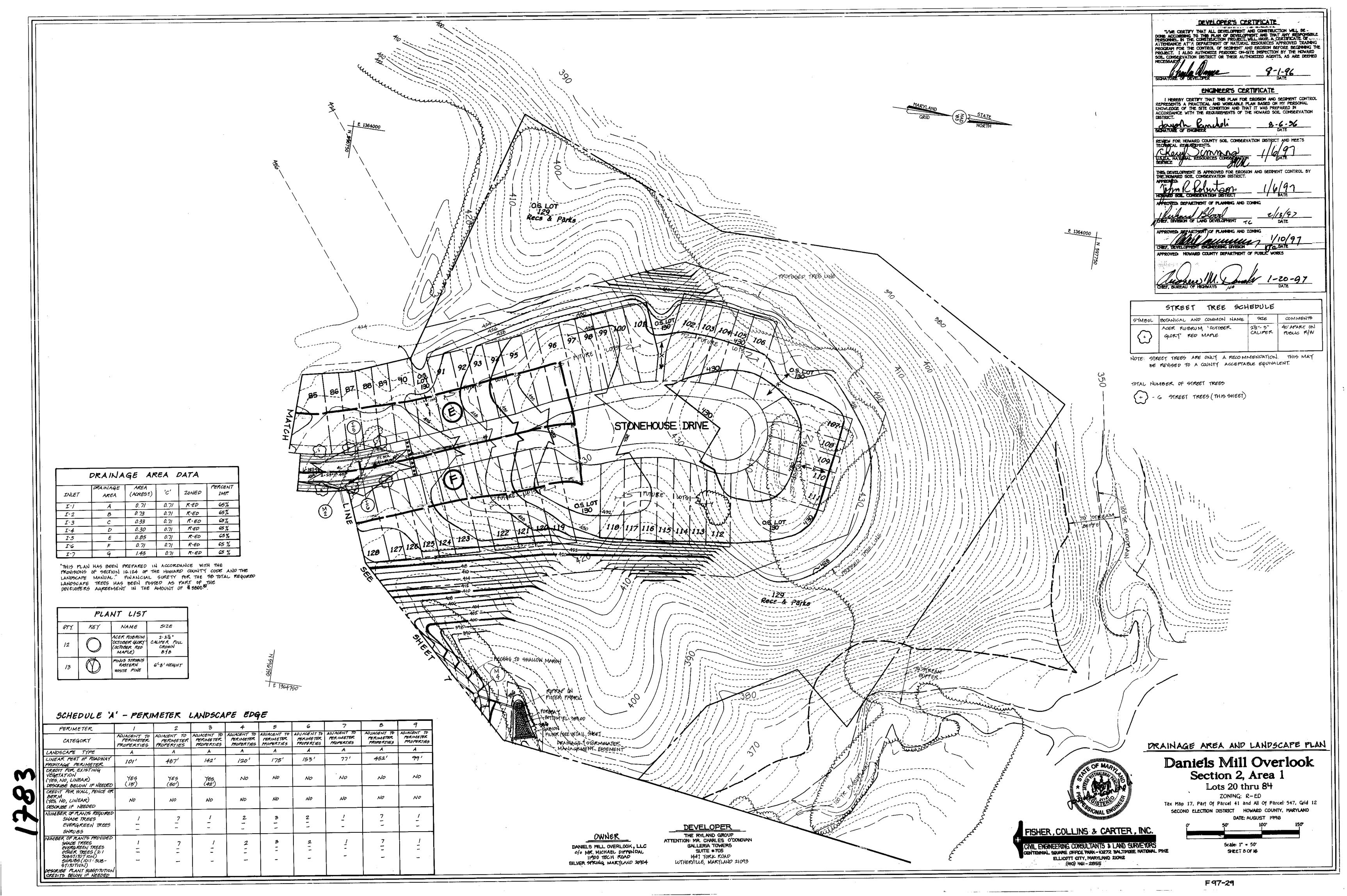


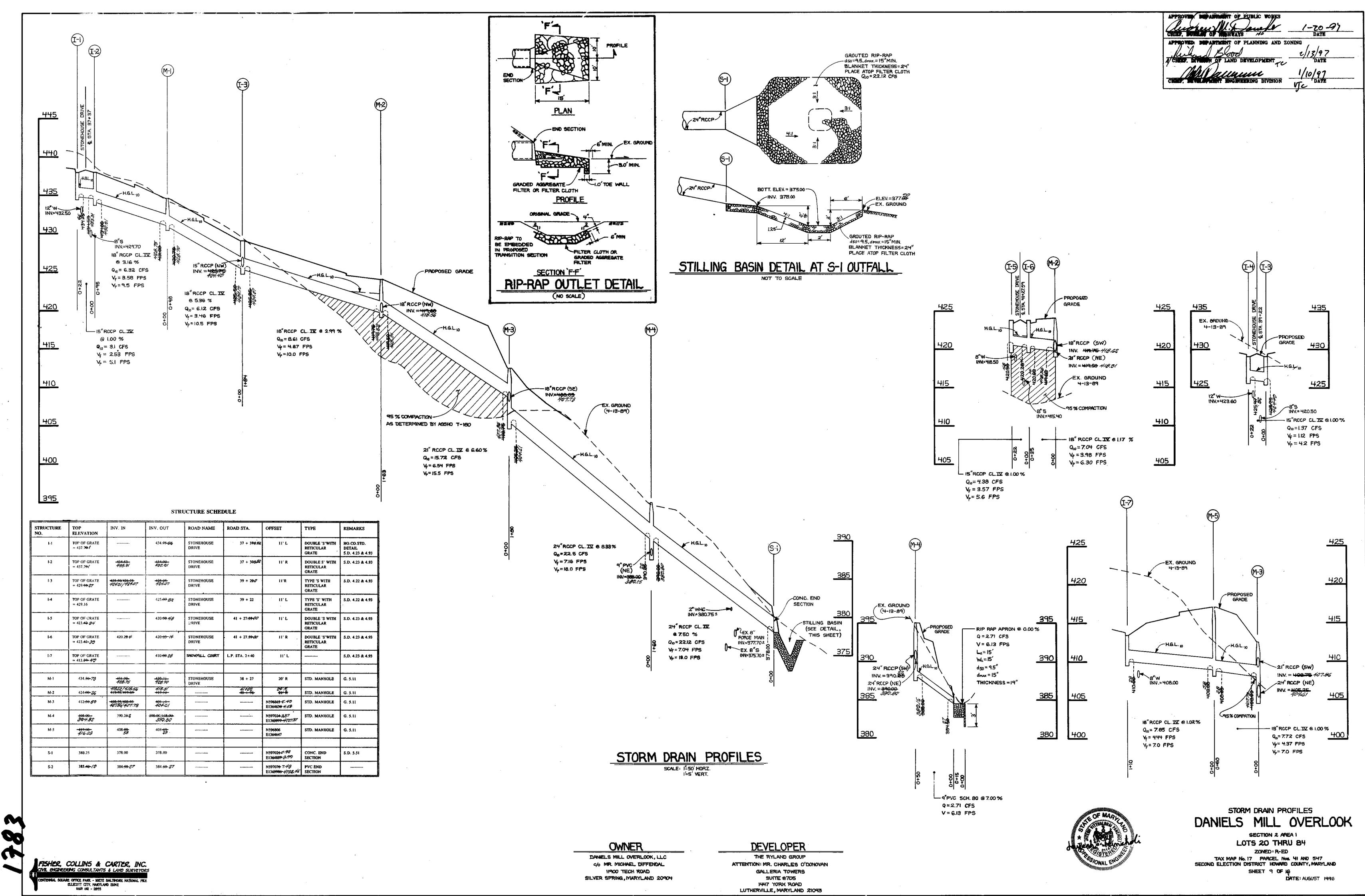
GRADING & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN

Daniels Mill Overlook Section 2, Area1 Lots 20 thru 84

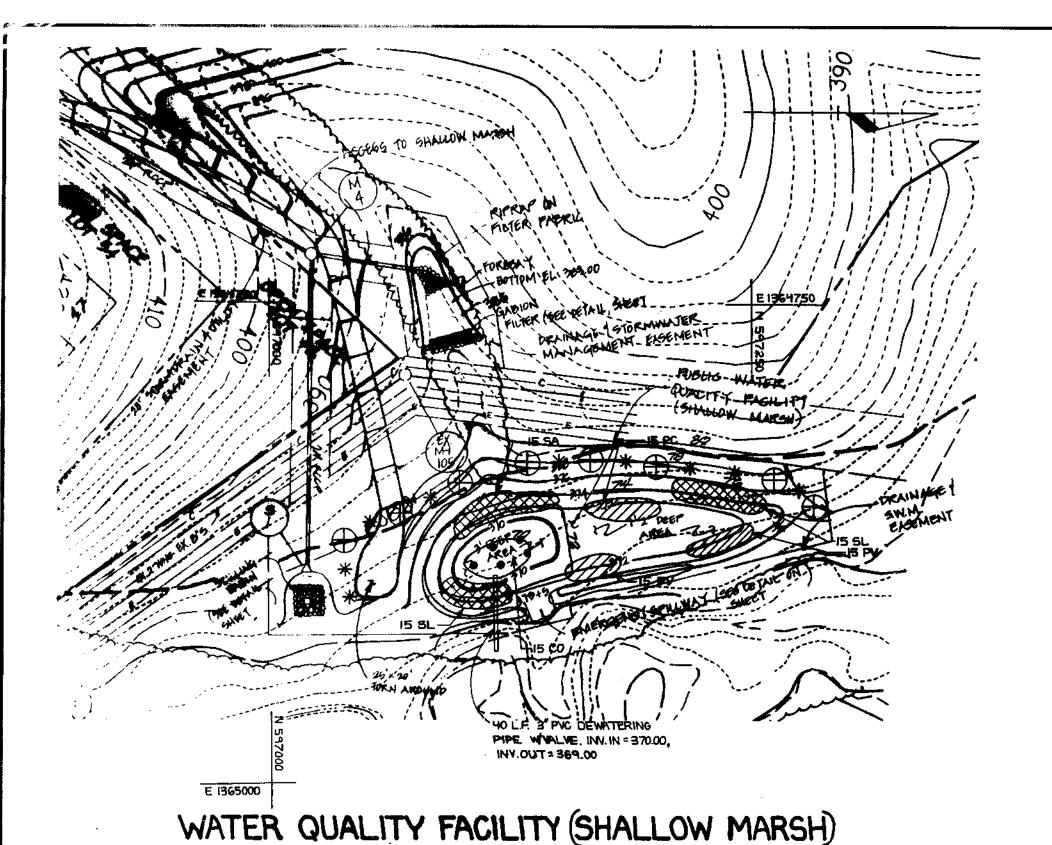








F97-29



SCHEDULE D STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AREA LANDSCAPING

LINEAR FEET OF PERIMETER	720 ′	
NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES	BASED ON 400 L.F. 8 (1/50) 10 (1/40)	
CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (NO. (TE) AND %)	320'	
CREDIT FOR OTHER LANDSCAPING (NO, (E) AND %)		
NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTION)	e SYMBOL IO ★	

PLANT LIST FOR WATER QUALITY FACILITY, SHALLOW MARSH					
KEY	QTY.	PLANT SPECIES	SIZE	REMARKS	
		PRIMARY WETLAND VE	GETATION		
SL	30	SAGGITTARIA LATIFOLIA DUCK POTATO	ROOTS	36" OC	
SA	15	SCIRPUS AMERICANUS	ROOTS	36" OC	

SECONDARY WETLAND VEGETATION

COMMON THREE SQUARE

co	15	CEPHALATHUS OCCIDENTALIS BUTTON BUSH	ROOTS	5 CLUMPS OF E
PV	30	PELTANDRA VIRGINICA ARROW - ARUM	ROOTS	36″ <i>o</i> c
PG	15	PONTEDERIA CORDATA	ROOTS	36" OC

1. ALL PLANT MATERIAL TO BE WET GROWN OR ADAPTED TO WETLAND CONDITIONS 2. ALTERATIONS TO THE PROPOSED GRADING SHOWN MAY AFFECT THE SUCCESS OF THE PLANT MATERIAL

3. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO

LAND DEVELOPMENT

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

"I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR POND CONSTRUCTION, EROSION AND

SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS, THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. I HAVE NOTIFIED THE DEVELOPER THAT HE/SHE MUST ENGAGE A

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO SUPERVISE POND CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I'WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND/OR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THESE PLANS OF DEVELOPMENT AND PLANS, AND THAT ANY

RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I SHALL ENGAGE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL

ENGINEER TO SUPERVISE POND CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN OF THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY

OF THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION."

HE HOMORO SOM CONSERVATION DISTRICT."

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FACILITY SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WAS CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN ON THE "AS-BUILT" PLANS AND MEETS THE APPROVED PLANS AND

CERTIFY MEANS TO STATE OR DECLARE A PROFESSIONAL OPENION BASED UPON ONSITE INSPECTIONS AND MATERIAL TESTS WHICH ARE CONDUCTED DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE ONSITE INSPECTIONS AND MATERIAL TESTS ARE THOSE INSPECTIONS AND TESTS DEEMED SUFFICIENT AND APPROPRIATE BY COMMONLY ACCEPTED ENGINEERING STANDARDS. CERTIFY DOES NOT MEAN OR IMPLY A GUARANTEE BY THE ENGINEER NO DOES AN ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION RELIEVE ANY OTHER PARTY FROM MEETING REQUIREMENTS IMPOSED BY CONTRACT, EMPLOYMENT, OR OTHER MEANS, INCLUDING MEETING COMMONLY ACCEPTED INDUSTRY PRACTICES.

OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

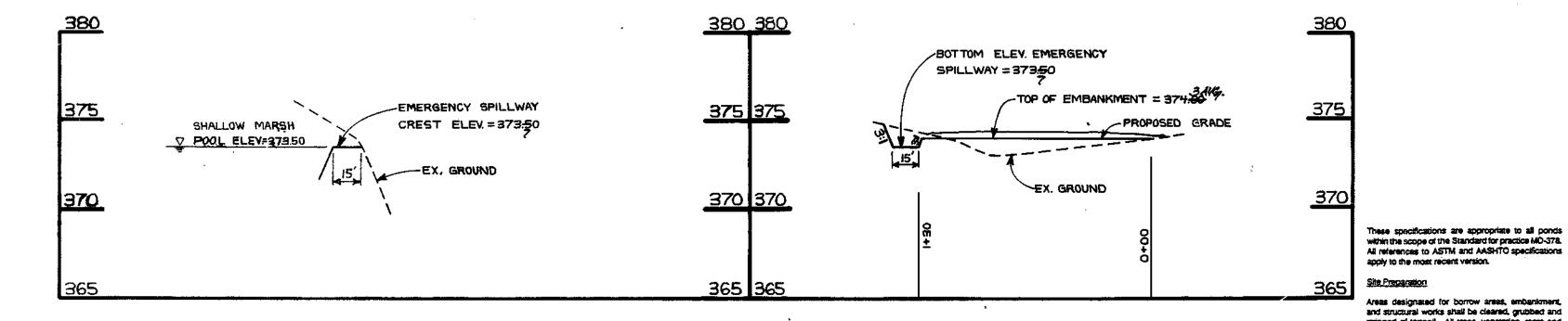
INSPECTION OF POND(S) SHOWN HEREON SHALL BE PERFORMED AT LEAST ANNUALLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHECKLIST AND REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED WITHIN USDA. SCS "STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PONDS" (MD-378), THE POND OWNERS(S) AND ANY HEIRS, SUCCESSORS, OR ASSIGNS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE POND AND THE CONTINUED OPERATION, SURVEILLANCE, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE THEREOF. THE POND OWNER(S) SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OF ANY UNUSUAL OBSERVATIONS THAT MAY BE INDICATIONS OF DISTRESS SUCH AS EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE, TURBID SEEPAGE, SLIDING OR SLUMPING.

HOMEOWNER'S ASSOCIATION MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SHALLOW MARSH

INSPECTION FOREBAY AFTER EACH STORM - IF SEDIMENT BUILDUP EXCEEDS FOUR (4) INCHES, NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS TO FACILITATE CLEANOUT OPERATIONS. REMOVAL OF ACCUMULATED PAPER, TRASH AND DEBRIS AFTER EVERY STORM

AS NECESSARY. ANNUAL INSPECTION AND REPAIR OF THE GARION STRUCTURES, AS NEEDED. VEGETATION GROWING ON THE EMBANKMENT TOP OR FACES IS NOT ALLOWED TO EXCEED 18 INCHES IN HEIGHT AN ANYTIME.

CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE IS REQUIRED ANYTIME THE FOREBAY DOES NOT DRAIN DOWN TO THE DESIGNED SURPACE ELEVATION WITHIN 60 HOURS. NOTE: THIS FACILITY IS TO BE JOINTLY MAINTAINED BY THE H.O.A. FOR DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK AND THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.



(MACCAPFERI GABIONS OR

APPROVED EQUAL)

BOTTOM OF FOREBAY

EL.= 383.00

PROFILE THRU EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AT SHALLOW MARSH

SCALE: 1 = 50 HORZ. 1"= 5" VERT.

GABION FILTER AT FOREBAY

(NO SCALE)

PROFILE ALONG SHALLOW MARSH **EMBANKMENT**

> SCALE: 1 = 50 HORZ. ı"=5'VERT.

compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roter. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material, shall corrain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumbte yet not be so wet

and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be disared of all trees, brush, loos, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be out

approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared. All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When in a suitable location for use on the embankment and

other designated areas.

placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire structure or pipe. length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the concurrently with #8 placement and not excavated

<u>Compection</u> - The movement of the hauling and shall apply for corrugated metal pipe: spreading equipment over the fill shall be corarolled

so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or appurtenances shall be galvanized and fully bituminous coated and shall conform to the A with watertight coupling bands. Any bituminous costing damaged or otherwise remove shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 arch (10 m2) on both sides of the pipe. The

moisture content within ±2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved 8 actifile adjacent to pipes of structures shall be of the 2. designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, type and quality conforming to that specified for the or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embantiment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CI_ Consideration may be given to the use of other — completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. <u>Piecement</u> - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be under no circumstances shall equipment be driven scarlfied prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24° or greater over the

WATER QUALITY CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS neoprene gasket; and a 12' wide hugger type

Polyvind Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following and maintain all temporary dikes, leves, cofferdams, band with 0-ring gaskets having a minimum criteria shall applily for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe: drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary diameter of 1/2" greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 24" in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24" long annutar corrugated band using rods and lugs. A 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell

> following coatings or an approved equal may be Cu-Loy. Coated confugated steel pine shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M-245 and M-246. Materials - (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appunenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with wateright coupling bands or flanges. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be

replaced with cold applied bituminous coating Materials - (Aluminum Pipe) - This pipe and its of AASHTO Specification M-196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer. Hot dip galvanized botts may be used for

shall be between 4 and 9. etc., must be composed of the same material as the cipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating nateriais at least 24 mils in thickness. completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around

manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled an adequase number of corrugations to accommodate the band width pipes less than 24° in diameter: flanges on both

ends of the pipe, a 12" wide standard tap type band with 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular

when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep

circular neoprene gasket will be installed on the end of each pipe for a total of 24°. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall Helically corrugated pipe shall have either

continuously welded seams or have lock seams h internal cautiong or a neoprene bead. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and rectace with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate

Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill." Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings

icrete placed under the pipe and up the sides

from the original line and grade of the pipe. The

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria | Department of Transportation, State Highway | Shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe: | Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 606, Mix No. 3 Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with nubber gaskets and Rock Riprag Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Bedding, All reinforced concrete pipe conducts Department of Transportation, State Highway

of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter. The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in with a minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as one operation. The rockshall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riorso in place shall be Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed uniformly, distributed and firmly in contact one to with the bell and upstream. Joints shall be made another with the smaller roo with the bell and upstream. Joints shall be made another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the accordance with recommendations of the mauricurer of the mannial. After the joints are sailed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed under all nigrap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway blaced to that till process underthe pine on filling. placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Administration S are shall be exercised to prevent any deviation and Materials, Section 919.12.

shall be laid in a officence bedding for their entire

Administration Standard Specifications for Const
length. This bedding shall consist of high stump

and Materials, Section 905.

first joint must be located within 2 feet from the Care of Water during Construction Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill" All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct

Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC- works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate 1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM Dand maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly served their purpose, all temporary protective works bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent or soft spongy or other unstable soil is ancountered, required to prevent obstruction in any degree with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate — works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream shall be accomplished in a manner and to the exen performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required

> excession at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be

drainage and left in a signify condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding,

refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the

manner that erosion will be controlled and water and pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measure. to be employed during the construction process.

SHALLOW MARSH NOTES, DETAILS AND PLANTING.

DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK SECTION 2 AREA I

> LOTS 20 THRU 84 ZONED : R-ED TAX MAP No. 17 PARCEL Nos. 41 AND 547 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SHEET 10 OF 16

OWNER

DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK, LLC % MR. MICHAEL DIFFENDAL 11900 TECH ROAD SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND 20904

THE RYLAND GROUP ATTENTION: MR. CHARLES O'DONOVAN GALLERIA TOWERS SUITE#705

DEVELOPER

1447 YORK ROAD LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. WIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS CLIARE OFFICE FARE - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PR

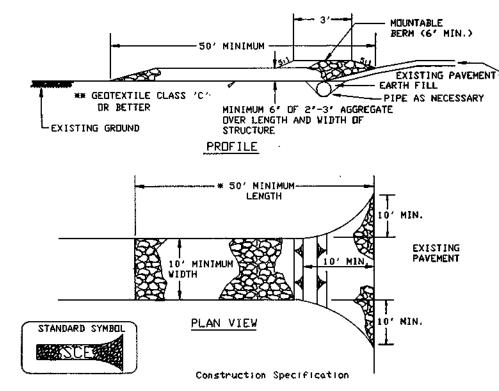
-PRIMADE UNDERGROUND RIP-RAP

SECTION 'E-E'

ON DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF

SAMON EMBANKMENT done 6"

DATE: AUGUST 1996



- 1. Length minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot).
- 2. Width 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile

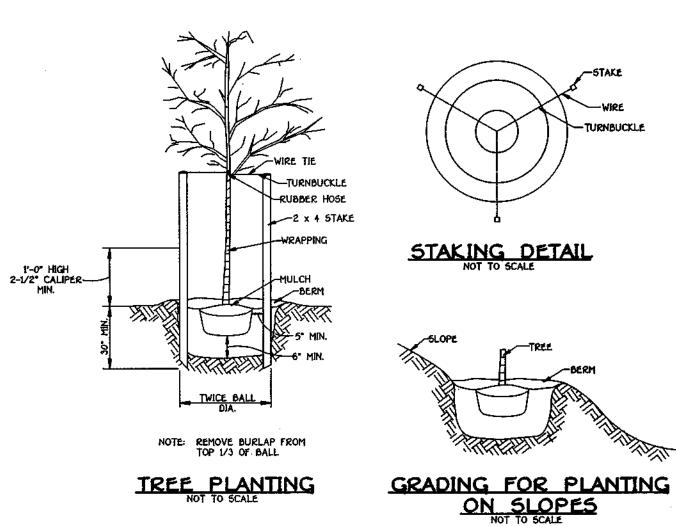
4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2' to 3') or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable bern with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6' minimum will be required.

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - 2

NOT TO SCALE

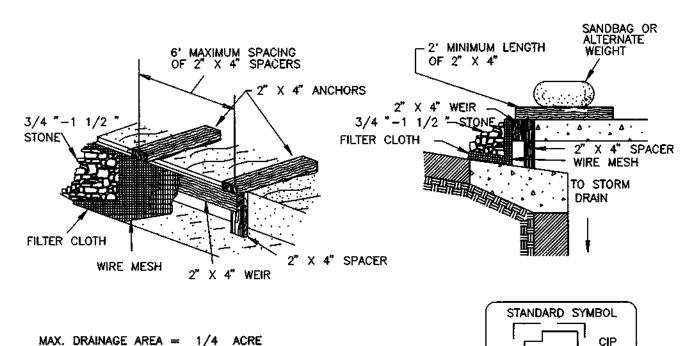


SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1) A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL
- DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1855). 2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED
- ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO. 3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7
- CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS
- AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE. 4) ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1
- CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE 5) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52), TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- 6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT
- 7) SITE ANALYSIS: TOTAL AREA OF SITE ACRES AREA DISTURBED AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED ACRES 14.9 ACRES 96,300 CU.YDS AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED
- OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION CU.YDS.

 8) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- 3) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES,
- APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- II) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.





Construction Specifications

1. Attach a continuous piece of wire mesh (30" minimum width by throat length plus 4') to the 2" x 4" weir (measuring throat length plus 2') as shown on the standard

2. Place a continuous piece of Geotextile Class E the same dimensions as the wire mesh over the wire mesh and securely attach it to the 2" x 4" weir.

3. Securely nail the 2" X 4" weir to a 9" long vertical spacer to be located between the weir and the inlet face (max. 4' apart). 4. Place the assembly against the inlet throat and nail (minimum 2' lengths of

2" x 4" to the top of the weir at spacer locations). These 2" x 4" anchors shall extend across the inlet top and be held in place by sandbags or alternate weight.

5. The assembly shall be placed so that the end spacers are a minimum 1' beyond both ends of the throat opening.

6. Form the 1/2 " x 1/2 " wire mesh and the geotextile fabric to the concrete gutter and against the face of the curb on both sides of the inlet. Place clean 3/4 " x 1 1/2" stone over the wire mesh and geotextile in such a manner to prevent water from entering the inlet under or around the geotextile.

7. This type of protection must be inspected frequently and the filter cloth and stone replaced when clogged with sediment.

8. Assure that storm flow does not bypass the inlet by installing a temporary earth or asphalt dike to direct the flow to the inlet.

STANDARD CURB INLET PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE

20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion. Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration Olup to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff. infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth. Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone. Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

- SECTION 1 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS A. Site Preparation Install crosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.
- Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding. iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites
- having disturbed area over 5 acres.

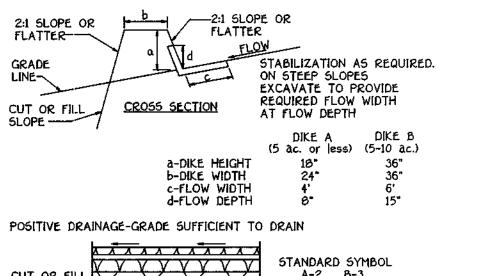
 B. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications) Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering
- purposes may also be used for chemical analyses. ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee
- iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a *100 mesh sieve and 98-100% will pass through a *20
- mesh sieve. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means. Seedbed Preparation
 i. Temporary Seeding
 - a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows of rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.
- Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans. c. In corporate time and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

 ii. Permanent Seeding

 a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

 1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.
 - Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm). The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% silt
 - plus clay) would be acceptable. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.
 Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.
 If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required
- in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from
- Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.

 Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches. and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3° of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on



CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS 1. ALL DIKES SHALL BE COMPACTED BY EARTH-MOVING EQUIPMENT ALL DIKES SHALL HAVE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO AN OUTLET. TOP WIDTH MAY BE WIDER AND SIDE SLOPES MAY BE FLATTER IF DESIRED TO FACILITATE CROSSING BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC. 4. FIELD LOCATION SHOULD BE ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO UTILIZE A

STABILIZED SAFE OUTLET. 5. EARTH DIKES SHALL HAVE AN OUTLET THAT FUNCTIONS WITH A MINIMUM OF EROSION. RUNOFF SHALL BE CONVEYED TO A SEDIMENT BASIN WHERE EITHER THE DIKE CHANNEL OR THE DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THE DIKE ARE NOT ADEQUATELY STABILIZED. 6. STABILIZATION SHALL BE: (A) IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEED AND STRAW MULCH OR STRAW MULCH IF

NOT IN SEEDING SEASON, (B) FLOW CHANNEL AS PER THE CHART

FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

TREATMENT	GRADE	<u>dike a</u>	DIKE B
1	.5-3.0%	SEED AND STRAW MULCH	SEED AND STRAW MULCH
2	3.1-5.0%	SEED AND STRAW MULCH	SEED USING JUTE, OR EXCELSIOR; SOD; 2" STONE
3	5.1-8.0%	SEED WITH JUTE, OR SOD; 2" STONE	LINED RIP-RAP 4"-8"
4	8.1-20%	LINED RIP-RAP 4"-8"	ENGINEERING DESIGN
AT LE CONST B. RIP-RA	AST 3 INCHE	S IN THICKNESS AND BE PRE UIPMENT. B INCHES IN A LAYER AT LEA	NCRETE EQUIVALENT, IN A LAYER SSED INTO THE SOIL WITH AST & INCHES THICKNESS AND

7. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND REQUIRED MAINTENANCE MUST BE PROVIDED AFTER

C. APPROVED EQUIVALENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE MATERIALS.

- ANCHOR POST SHOULD BE MINIMUM 2" STEEL "U" CHANNEL OR 2" x 2" TIMBER 6' IN LENGTH HIGHLY VISIABLE FLAGGING -MAXIMUM & FEET ANCHOR POST MUST BE INSTALLE O A DEPTH OF NO LESS THAN 1/ OF THE TOTAL HEIGHT OF POST NOTES:

BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH

PROTECTIVE SIGNAGE MAY ALSO BE USED.
DEVICE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. TREE PROTECTION DETAIL

ROOT DAMAGE SHOULD BE AVOIDED.

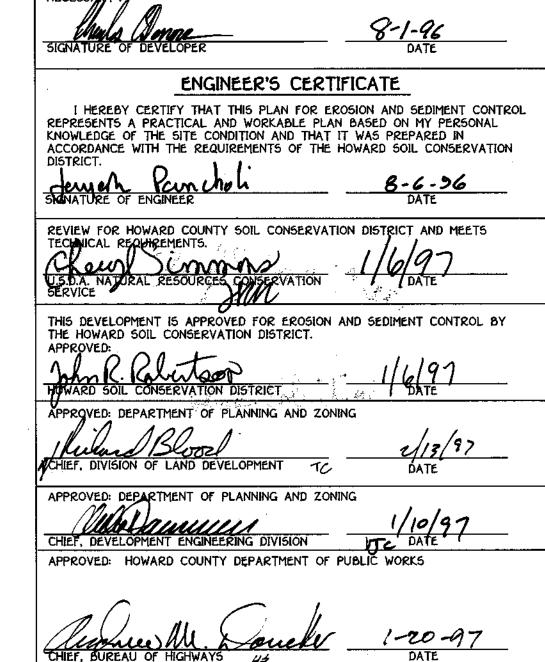
FOREST PROTECTION DEVICE ONLY.
RETENTION AREA WILL BE SET AS PART OF THE REVIEW PROCESS.
BOUNDARIES OF RETENTION AREA SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEVICE.

Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes

ii. Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

J. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes

a sediment trapping device.
iv. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4 (below).



DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE

PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD

SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF

EARTH DIKE NOT TO SCALE

Seed Specifications All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.

Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used ii. Inoculant - The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75°-60° f. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

E. Methods of Seeding Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder. a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not

exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous); 200 lbs/ac; K20 (potassium): 200 lbs/ac. Lime - use only ground agricultural limestone. (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one

time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.

ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders

Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Mulch Specifications (In order of preference)

Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law. ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform

fibrous physical state. WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitatio and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed

in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phytol-toxic. f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired. Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch along shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in

accordance with these specifications. ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre. iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the contour if possible.

i. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders - such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70 Petroset, Terra Tax II. Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.

Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

DEVELOPER

THE RYLAND GROUP

attention: Mr. Charles o'donova

TOP OF EMBANKMENT 3/4° TO 11/2° WEIR LENGTH SECTION B-B 1' THICKNESS) ELEVATION PERSPECTIVE VIEW WEIR CREST OUTLET ELEVATION - APRON (SEE NOTE) -- GEOTEXTILE -SMALL RIP-RAP 4" TO 7" Construction Specifications 1. Area under embankment shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of any vegetation and root mat. The pool area shall be cleared. 2. The fill material for the embankment shall be free of roots and other woody vegetation as well as over-sized stones, rocks, organic material or other objectionable material. The embankment shall be compacted by traversing with equipment while it is being 3. All cut and fill slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter. 4. The stone used in the outlet shall be small rip-rap 4" to 7" in size with a 1' thick layer of 3/4" to 11/2" washed aggregate placed on the upstream face of the outlet. Stone facing shall be as necessary to prevent clogging. Geotextile Class C may be substituted for the stone facing by placing it on the inside face of the stone outlet.

All cuts slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Slopes

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.
b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.

Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as

necessary.

Perform final phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions inthe operation of completing the operation

ii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

15, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

iii. At the end of each day, femporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge

of the embarranent to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-crosive manner to

Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the till. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

d. Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. any interruptions in the operation or completing the

shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15.

out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

DETAIL 9 - STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP - ST II

5. Sediment shall be removed and trap restored to its original dimensions when the sediment has accumulated to one half of the wet storage depth of the trap. Removed sediment shall be deposited

in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS

DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK

SECTION 2 AREA 1 LOTS 20 THRU 84

ZONED: R-ED TAX MAP No. 17 PARCEL Nos. 41 and 547 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: AUGUST 1996 SHEET II OF IC

30554DT1.DWG

F97-29

GALLERIA TOWERS *S*UITE #705 1441 YORK ROAD WITHERVILLE, MARTLAND 21093

DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK,LLC GO MR MICHAEL DIFFENDAL 11900 TECH ROAD silvek spring martland 20904

OWNER

Construction Specifications

Fencing shall be 42 inches in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6 foot fence shall be used. substituting 42 inch fabric and 5 foot length posts.

1. The poles do not need to set in concrete.

2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence

3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section. 4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 5" into the

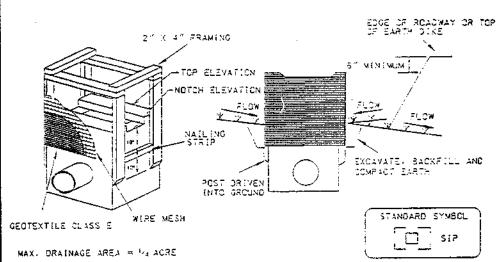
5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they snath be overlapped by 6" and foided.

6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when "bulges" develop in the silt fence.

Design Criteria

Signe	Slope Steepness	Sicpe Length (maximum)	Silt Fence Length (maximum)
o - 10%	0 - 10:1	Uni imited	Uniimited
10 - 20%	:0:1 - 5:1	200 feeт	1.500 feet
20 - 33%	5:1 - 3:1	100 feet	1.000 feet
33 - 50%	3:1 - 2:1	100 fеөт	500 feet
50% +	2:1 +	50 feer	250 feeт _.

SUPER SILT FENCE



Construction Specifications

1. Excarate completely around the injet to a depth of 13" below the

notch elevation. 2. Drive the 2" imes 4" construction grade lumber posts 1' into the ground at each corner of the inlet. Place noil strips between the posts on the ends of the inlet. Assemble the top portion of the 2" x 4" frame using the overlap joint shown on Detail 23A. The top of the frame (weir) must be 5" below adjacent roadways where flooding and safety issues may crise.

3. Stretch the $1/2^{\prime\prime}$ x $1/2^{\prime\prime}$ wire mesh tightly around the frame and fasten securely. The ends must meet and overlap at a

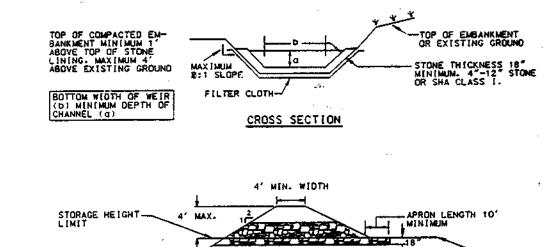
4. Stretch the Geotextile Class E tightly over the wire mesh with the geotixtile extending from the top of the frome to 18" below the inlet notch elevation. Fasten the geotextile firmly to the frame. The ends of the geotextile must meet at a post, be overlapped and folded, then fastened down.

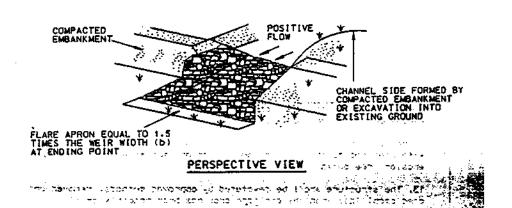
5. Backfill around the inlet in compacted 6" layers until the layer of earth is level with the notch elevation on the ends and top elevation on the sides.

6. If the inlet is not in a sump, construct a compacted earth dike across the ditch line directly below it. The top of the earth dike should be at least 6" higher than the top of the frame.

7. The structure must be inspected periodically and after each rain and the geotextile replaced when it becomes clogged.

STANDARD INLET PROTECTION NOT TO SCALE





NOTE: MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA# 10 00.

Construction Specifications

t. The great under embankment shall be aleared, grubbed and stripped of any

vegetation and root mat. The pool area shall be cleared. 2. The fill material for the embankment shall be free of roots or other woody vegetation as well as over-sized stones, rocks, organic material or other objectionable material. The embankment shall be compacted by traversing with equipment while it is being constructed. Maximum height of embankment shall

3. All out and fill slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter.

he 4's measured at centerline of embankments

4. Elevation of the top of any dike directing water into trap must equal or exceed the height of trop embankment.

5. Storage area provided shall be figured by computing the volume measured from top of excavation. (For storage requirements see Table 10).

6. Filter cloth shall be placed over the bottom and sides of the outlet channel prior to placement of stone. Section of fabric must overlap at least 1' with section nearest the entrance placed on top. Fabric shall be embedded at least 6" into existing ground at entrance of outlet channel.

7. Stone used in the cutlet channel shall be 4" - 7" placed 18" thick.

8. Dutlet - An outlet shall be provided, which includes a means of conveying the discharge in an erosion free manner to an existing stable channel. Protection against scour at the discharge end shall be provided as necessary.

9. Outlet channel must have positive drainage from the trap.

10. Sediment shall be removed and trap restored to its original dimensions when the sediment has accumulated to by of the wet starage depth of the trop (1350 cf/cc). Removed sediment shall be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.

11. The structure shall be inspected periodically after each rain and repaired

12. Construction of traps shall be carried out in such a manner that sediment "pollluffon its abated." "Once constructed," the "top and outside face of the embankment shall be stabilized with seed and mulch. Points of concentrated inflow shall be protected in accordance with Grade Stabilization Structure criteria. The remainder of the interior slopes should be stabilized (one time) with seed and mutch upon trap completion and monitored and maintained erosion free during the life of the trop-

13. The structure shall be devatered by approved methods, removed and the area stabilized when the drainage area has been properly stabilized.

RIP. RAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP NOT TO SCALE

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT (1 DAY).

NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" 48 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-800-257-7777 NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/ INSPECTION DIVISION (410)313-1870, 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK (1 DAY).

INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES: STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAPS, EARTH DIKES AND SILT FENCE STABILIZE TRAPS AND DIKES WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING. INSTALL, TREE PROTECTIVE DIVICES (FENCING AND SIGNAGE) (1 WEEK)

GRADE SITE TO SUBGRADE, STABILIZE AND INSTALL STORM DRAINS AND INSTALL INLET PROTECTIONS (3 WEEKS).

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAIN-

TENANCE ON ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS.

SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAPS ONCE THE CLEANOUT ELEVATIONS HAVE BEEN REACHED, SEDIMENT MUST BE PLACED UP HILL FROM THE TRAPS. SEE PLANS FOR CLEANOUT ELEVATIONS

(1 DAY). INSTALL ROAD BASE COURSE (5 DAYS).

INSTALL FOREBAY AND SHALLOW MARSH FACILITY (1 WEEK). REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM ROADWAYS AND DRESS STONE CONSTRUCTION

ENTRANCE AS REQUIRED AND STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS (2 DAYS).

REMOVE INLET PROTECTIONS AND FLUSH STORM DRAIN SYSTEM TO REMOVE ANY TRAPPED SEDIMENT.

APPLY TACK COAT TO SUB-BASE AND LAY SURFACE COURSE (4 DAYS). REMOVE ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES UPON SEDIMENT CONTROL

INSPECTORS APPROVAL (2 DAYS).

ALL DISTURBED AREAS DUE TO REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE GRADED AND STABILIZED BY PERMANENT SEEDING (2 DAYS).

> OWNER DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK, LLC C/O MR. MICHAEL DIFFENDAL 1900 TECH ROAD SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND 20904

DEVELOPER THE RYLAND GROUP ATTENTION: MR. CHARLES O'DONOVAN GALLERIA TOWERS SUITE #705 1447 YORK ROAD LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21095

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITION AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION DEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED NECESTIARY REVIEWED FOR HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEETS THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS CHIEF, BUREAU OF ENGINEERING DATE APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT, OF PUBLIC WORKS 1-20-9



SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK

SECTION 2 AREA 1 LOTS 20 THRU 84 ZONED: R-ED TAX MAP No. 17 PARCEL Nos. 41 and 547

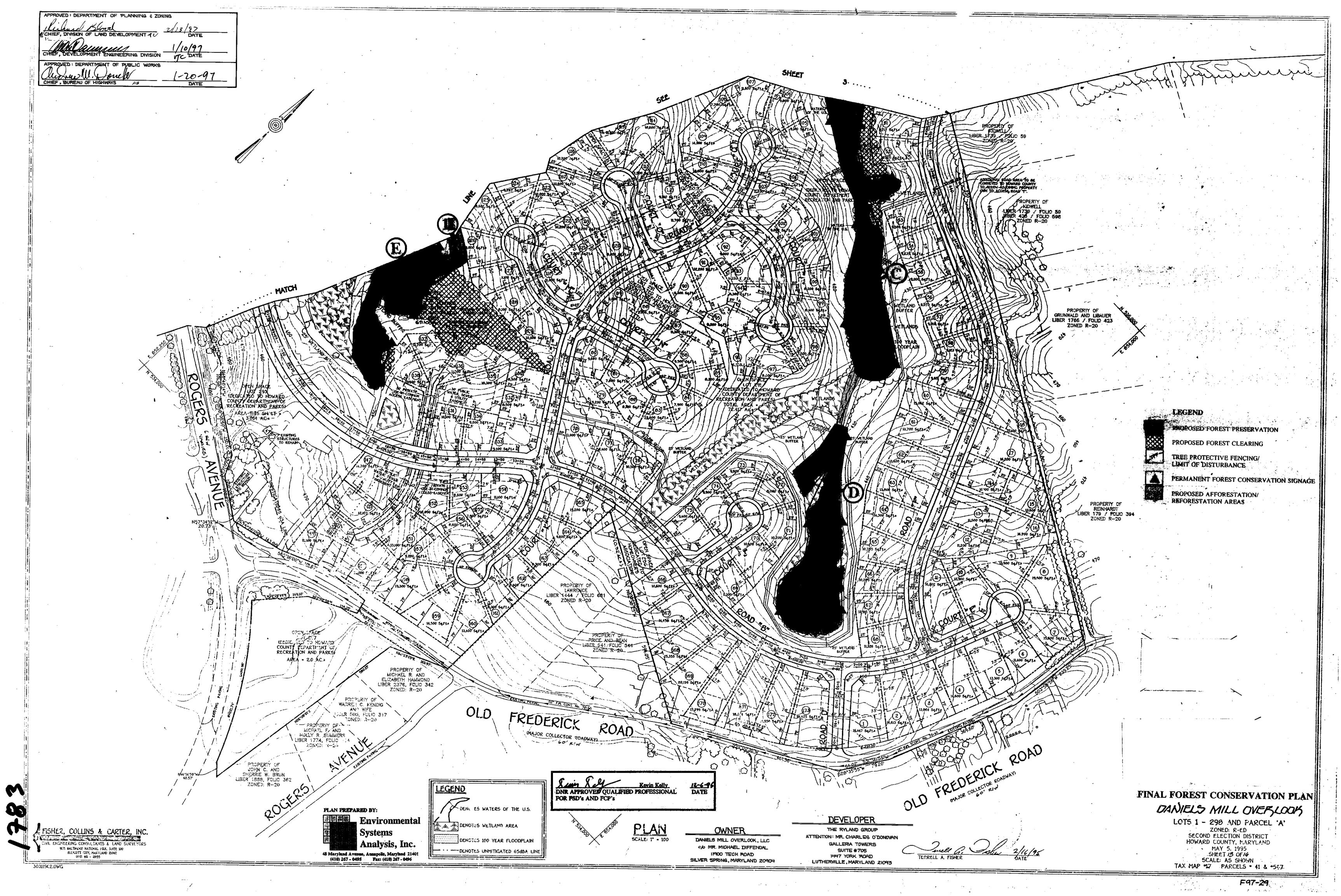
SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

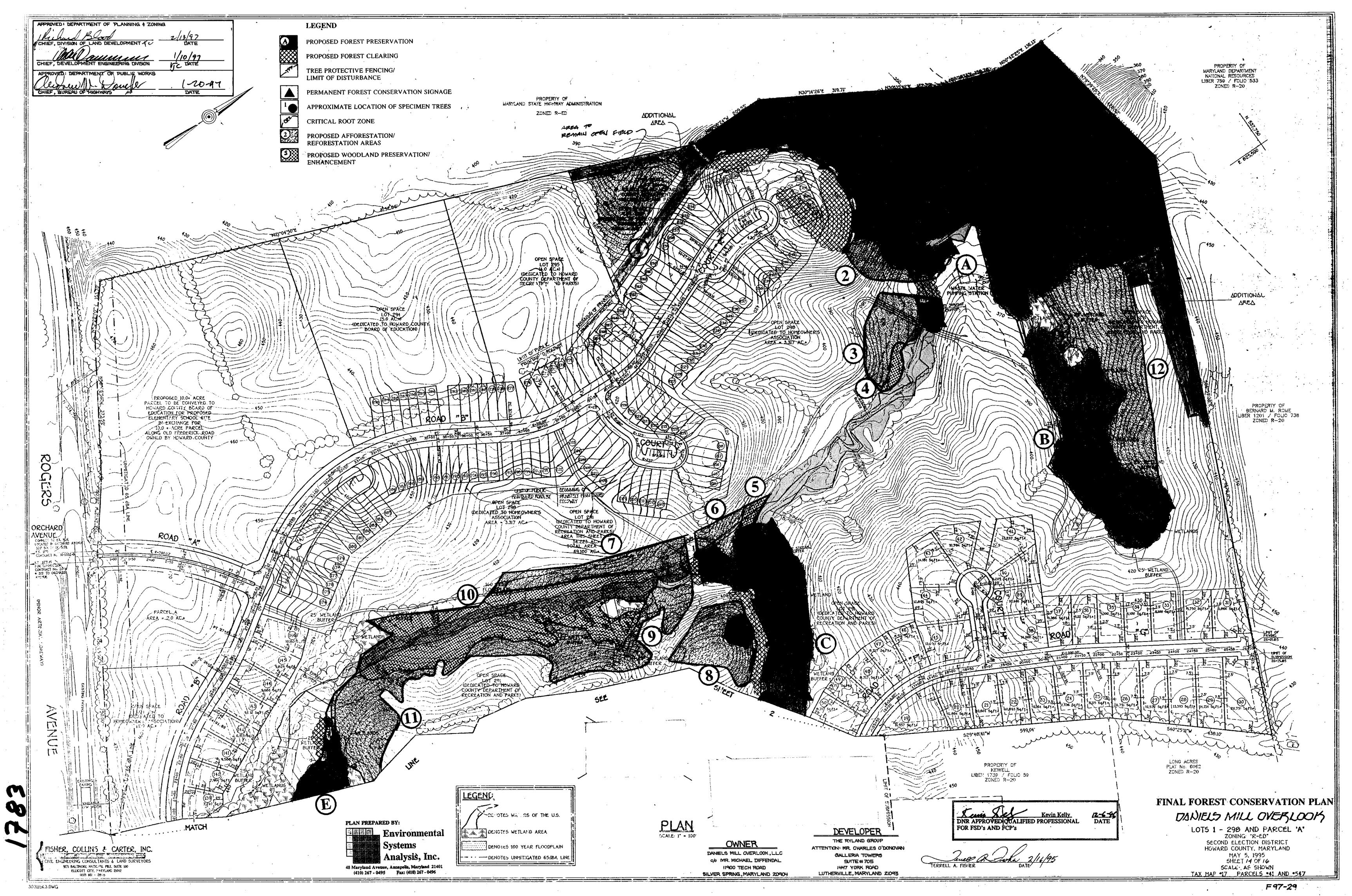
SHEET 12 OF 16 SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: AUGUST 1996



MISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

TVAL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS





NARRATIVE

Daniels Mill Overlook (the Stirn Property) is a 160.7 acre, residentially zoned property (R-ED), located off of Frederick Road in eastern Howard County. Forested acreage on the property totals 21.83 acres, with 3.38 acres located within the 100 year floodplain. To meet the forest conservation requirements for the property, the following strategy is proposed:

- 16.1 acres of existing forest located outside of the 100 year floodplain will be placed into a conservation easement.
- 7.02 acres of reforestation/afforestation will be performed and placed into a conservation
- 2.47 acres of existing wooded areas will be enhanced with the planting of trees and shrubs and placed into a conservation easement.

All preservation and afforestation/reforestation areas have been selected to buffer the existing streams stablilize slopes greater than 25%, and preserve and enhance large contiguous forest stands.

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. This forest conservation plan has been prepared in accordance with the requirements set forth by the Forest Conservation Act of Howard County. The preparation of this plan, the notes and details were prepared using the guidelines of the Howard County Forest Conservation Manual.
- Base sheet information was provided by Fisher, Collins and Carter, Inc. The Limits of Disturbance for Sections 1 and 2 of the development were taken from the final grading plans prepared by Fisher, Collins, and Carter, Inc.
- All appropriate bonds shall be posted prior to the issuance of any permits per Howard County Forest Conservation Act. These bonds will be retained as surety until all required activities have been satisfied.
- Reforestation planting and related work must be performed by a contractor who is knowledgeable and experienced in reforestation planting techniques and proper plant handling.

FOREST PROTECTION MEASURES

- After the limits of disturbance (LOD) and the location of all Tree Protection Devices (TPD's) have been staked and/or flagged in the field, an on-site pre-construction meeting shall be held. During this meeting. the limits of clearing specified on the approved plan shall be field-verified and authorization shall be given for the installation of TPD's with any necessary adjustments. This meeting shall include the owner or their representative, the on-site foremen in charge of land disturbance. ESA. Inc., and the appropriate county inspectors. Upon approval of the flagged or staked locations by Howard County, installation may begin. TPD installation shall be completed prior to installation of initial Sediment Controls. No cutting or clearing of trees may begin before final approval of TPD installation.
- If necessary, SPECIMEN TREE STRESS REDUCTION MEASURES shall be undertaken as specified
- Blaze orange fencing shall be the short-term forest protection device and will be located along the limit of clearing as identified on these plans. Refer to this plan set for the appropriate details and installation notes.
- Permanent signs shall be installed along the limits of tree clearing immediately after the short-term forest protection device has been installed. These signs shall have their own supports. They shall not be anchored or attached to the trees to be saved.
- Short-term forest protection devices and permanent signs shall be installed prior to any land clearing or grading and shall be maintained during the entire construction phase including fine grading and final
- Equipment, machinery, vehicles, materials, or debris shall not be allowed within the forest protection areas.
- After construction activities have been completed, an on-site inspection by Howard County will be conducted to evaluate the remaining trees for damage or impacts which may have occurred during the construction process. If trees along the forest perimeter are found to be damaged or dead as a direct result of the construction process, corrective action must be taken. The measures may include the following and must be carried out by a qualified tree professional:
 - Removal of dead or dying trees located within 20 feet of the limits of disturbance which are potentially hazardous. Dead or dying trees which are not potentially hazardous shall be left to provide wildlife habitat. Removal should be authorized by Howard County Pruning of dead or declining limbs

 - Soil aeration Fertilizing
 - Watering Wound repair
 - Clean-up retention areas
- Prior to removing the temporary forest protection devices, authorization from Howard County shall first
- When removing the temporary tree protection devices, care shall be taken to not disturb or clear additional area within the limit of disturbance. Hand removal of vines, excessive dead material and trash is permitted. The burial of discarded materials is not permitted on the site. Clearing for the purpose of sodding or planting grass is not permitted within the forest conservation area.
- 10. It is the responsibility of the present Owner to educate the occupants/owners of the new development about the proper use of the forest preservation areas, about the need for the Owner/Developer to carry out the post-construction management program, and the eventual transfer of long-term responsibilities to the new owners or occupants.
- A total of 2.56 acres of reforestation and 23.28 acres of forest preservation is proposed for long-term forest retention and will be subject to a recorded Conservation Easement. The forest conservation boundary is shown on this Forest Conservation Plan, and the forest conservation easement shall be depicted on the Final Plat and the Site Development Plan. These areas of forest preservation shall be permanently protected and recorded at record plat as non-developable open space.
- 12. A signed agreement detailing these post-construction activities shall be submitted for approval as part of the developers agreements for the project. The agreement shall also include bonding covering all costs of the necessary protection and management activities required by the post-construction program.

SPECIMEN TREE STRESS REDUCTION MEASURES

Two specimen trees were identified in the Forest Stand Delineation report prepared for the Stirn Property (Daniels Mill Overlook) by M.A. Dircks & Co., Inc. These specimen trees were not field located and their location on this Forest Conservation Plan is only approximate based on the Forest Stand Delineation Report. The species, DBH (diameter breast height), CRZ (critical root zone), and preservation recommendations for these two specimens are as follows:

SPECIMEN TREE TABLE				
Specimen # DBH CRZ Preservation Technique				
1	49*	49'	49'	Stress Reduction (see below)
2	63"	63'	No stress reduction recommended due to the extremely poor condition of the tree.	

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The CRZ of a tree is the zone in which approximately 95% of the tree's roots exist. The majority of the root systems of most trees will be found in the upper 12"-18" of the soil within the critical root zone. The total amount of a tree's roots are generally proportional to the volume of the tree's canopy.

The Critical Root Zone for both specimen trees equals one foot of root zone radius for every inch of trunk diameter measured at breast height. This is the CRZ formula for trees located within existing forest stands.

Sequence of Stress Reduction Measures

- 1. This protection measure applies to specimen trees #1 only.
- During the flagging of the Limits of Disturbance, every possible step shall be taken in the field to avoid disturbance to the CRZ of Specimen Tree #1. If avoidance is determined to be impossible, then root pruning shall be conducted.

Root pruning

- Trench the area 1' beyond the limit of disturbance and excavate with a 4-6" trencher, approximately 24" deep. Refer to this sheet for the Root Pruning Detail and Note.
- Immediately after trenching and cutting through all roots in the trench area, prune the root so as to provide good clean cuts. Backfill the trench with the excavated material or other high organic soil. Water the backfilled trench immediately, until trench overflows. Settled areas should be

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- 4. Apply 3" of mulch to the trees critical root zone within the limit of forest clearing.
- 5. Continue with the forest protection measures in the FOREST PROTECTION MEASURES section

filled with backfill until level with the existing ground.

REFORESTATION

- Names of plant material listed conform with names accepted by the nursery trade. The contractor is to provide stock true to botanical name. Varieties will not be accepted unless specified or approved by Environmental Systems Analysis, Inc.
- Plant stock shall meet or exceed the selection, sizing, transportation, and protection requirements of the American Standard for Nursery Stock published by the American Association of Nurserymen.
- All plant material shall be nursery grown and obtained within a 200 mile radius of the planting site.
- 4. 3' to 4' Container Stock shall meet the following criteria: 1/2" to 3/4" caliner with a top length of at least 36"; diameter of the root collar shall be at least 5/8"; roots shall be well-developed and completely fill container, but shall not encircle the plant.
- If leafed-out, all plant stock shall appear healthy with no foliage spots, discoloration, wilting or other evidence of the presence of disease or insects.
- 6. If any specified material can not be located or is unavailable, requests for the substitution of equivalent plant material must be submitted in writing to Environmental Systems Analysis, Inc. for evaluation and approval. Substitutions must be native to the Maryland Piedmont region.
- Source Quality Control plant materials are subject to inspection and approval upon delivery for conformity to specification requirements (i.e., size, quality, and variety). Such approval shall not impair the right of inspection during the progress of work or the right of rejection due to damage suffered in handling or transportation. Rejected plants shall be removed immediately from the site and replaced with acceptable plant material.

Product Specifications

A complete fertilizer in granular, packet or pellet form shall be used with a minimum analysis of 10% nitrogen. 6% phosphorus and 4% potassium. 35% to 80% of the total nitrogen shall be in a slow release form. Fertilizer shall be applied in the Fall after the first growing season if plant conditions indicate the

Organic Matter:

Leaf Compost - thoroughly shredded, well-composted leaf material, free of trash Peat Moss - Type I sphagnum peat moss; finely divided with a pH of 3.1 to 5.0 Composted Sewage Sludge - approved, screened, polymer-dewatered sewage sludge with a pH of 6.2 - 7.2

Backfill for all tree and 3' to 4' container stock shall be 2/3 existing soil mixed with 1/3 organic material

Material shall be well aged, fine shredded hardwood, dark brown in color, or approved equal. Material shall be mulching grade, uniform in size and free of foreign matter.

Pre-Planting Specifications

- 1. Allow six (6) weeks in advance to order materials and plants.
- Ideal planting weather is cloudy and cool. The recommended planting period is September 15th to November 15th. Planting may also be undertaken from March 15th to June 15th, however, the risk of drought stress is greater on woody plants installed in this spring window.
- Planting shall not take place in sub-freezing temperatures, when the soil is too wet or too dry, or under any environmental constraints generally accepted by the Landscape Contractor's Association (Maryland District of Columbia, and Virginia) as unsuitable for planting.
- All planting areas shall be stabilized prior to planting to minimize soil erosion. While soil stabilization and seeding are not part of these plan documents, the use of Tail Feecue (Festuca arundinacea) to stabilize reforestation areas shall be strictly forbidden.
- Reforestation areas shall be free of noxious weeds (e.g., Rosa multiflora) prior to planting. If noxious weeds are present, they should be removed or treated with a herbicide (e.g., "Roundup") according to the manufacturer's specifications.
- The landscape contractor shall notify ESA, Inc., (410) 267-0495, 48 hours prior to the start of construction to arrange a pre-planting meeting.
- Planting should occur within 24 hours of plant material delivery to the site. Plant materials left unplanted for more than 24 hours shall be protected from direct sun and weather and kept moist. Nursery stock shall not be left unplanted for more than 2 weeks.
- 8. When conditions detrimental to plant growth are encountered (e.g., rubble fill, poor drainage, obstructions), the landscape contractor shall notify the Owner's representative before planting.
- 9. The landscape contractor is responsible for the location of all existing underground utilities. Repair of utilities during planting shall be at the landscape contractor's expense.

Planting Specifications

- Planting and staking of all tree and container stock shall be conducted according to the latest edition of the Landscape Specification Guidelines published by the Landscape Contractors Association (Maryland, District of Columbia, and Virginia) along with the specifications contained in this plan set.
- 2. Tree stock shall be planted along the edge of each reforestation area to clearly mark the transition from maintained open space to no-maintenance reforestation areas.
- 3' to 4' and understory plant stock shall planted in a random pattern over the entire reforestation area with trees spaced no closer than 10 feet apart and shrubs no closer than 5' apart.
- Excavation for the planting of all container stock shall be accomplished using manual methods or equipment such as shovels, planting bars, dibble bars, or mattocks. Backfill shall be firmly tamped and thoroughly watered until the soil is saturated to eliminate any air
- pockets. Watering shall be performed even if it is raining. If considered necessary by the Owner's representative, container stock shall be sprayed with a suitable animal repellent mixture in the fall. A second application will be made in mid-winter if necessary.
- All tags, labels, strings, and wire shall be removed from the trees.
- Permanent signs identifying the reforestation areas (see detail on this sheet) shall be installed along the appropriate boundary lines of the forest conservation easements. These devices shall not be anchored or attached to existing or planted trees.

All plant material shall be guaranteed by the planting contractor to remain alive and in a healthy, vigorous condition for a period of one year following planting.

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- 2. At the end of the warranty period, inspection of the plant material will be made by the Owner's representative. Plant material which is dead or in an unhealthy condition shall be removed from the site and replaced at the expense of the planting contractor.
- A tree shall be considered dead when the main leader has died back, or 25% of the crown is dead.
- Plant material replacements shall be of the same type, size and variety as specified in the plant legend or as accepted in writing as substitutes before original planting. Plants shall be furnished, planted and mulched as specified herein and at the expense of the planting contractor.

WOODLAND PRESERVATION/ENHANCEMENT

Supplementary planting shall be performed within these areas to enhance the understory and canopy layers. Plants shall be installed in open areas within these woodlands where agressive shrubs have not colonized. A small portion of the plants scheduled for adjacent reforestation areas shall be used to enhance these woodlands. Planting within woodland preservation/enhancement areas shall be conducted according to the specifications and proceedures contained in the REFORESTATION section of these plans.

FOREST MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Two Year Post-Construction Management Plan

- The Owner of the Daniels Mill Overlook property is responsible for maintaining the designated reforestation/afforestation areas. - Maintenance may include some or all of the following: watering, fertilizing, pruning, removal of dead material and the control of pests and competing vegetation.
- The Owner is required to inspect the reforestation areas for a period of two years per the Howard County Forest Conservation Manual. These inspections shall be performed to evaluate the health and vigor of the plantings and to specify any actions needed to correct problems. The following inspection schedule shall be carried out:

Year 1 & 2: Two Inspections per year - inspect at the beginning of the growing season (May or June) and the end of the growing season (September or October).

At the end of the second year the survival rate shall be a minimum of 75% of the total number of trees planted under the approved Forest Conservation Plan. If the survival rate is below 75% of the total trees planted, plant material will be needed to guarantee the required survival rate.

- A signed agreement detailing these post-construction activities shall be submitted for approval as part of the developers agreements for the project. The agreement shall also include bonding covering all costs of the necessary protection and management activities required by the post-construction program.
- At the end of the management period the Owner or Owner's representative shall convey to the administrator of the Howard County Forest Conservation Program a certification that the required

Long Term Management Plan

Refer to the Howard County Forest Conservation Manual, Appendix J, for activities permitted within the forest conservation easement and long-term management practices.

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- The periodic removal of vines and or other invasive and non-native vegetation along the perimeter of the forest conservation area may be necessary to control the intrusion and development of such vegetation and maintain forest productivity.
- Woody vegetation located within 20' from the forest perimeter susceptible to windthrow and dead or diseased trees along the forest perimeter shall be selectively thinned if potentially hazardous.

Daniels Mill Overlook Forest Conservation Worksheet

Input Parameter:	Enter:
Tract Area	160.7
100-Year Floodplain Area	5.84
Other ROW/Easements to be Excluded from Net Tract Area	0
Disturbance within Floodplain to be added to Net Tract Area	0.053
Existing Forest Area within Net Tract Area	18.45
Afforestation Threshold Percentage	0.15
Conservation Threshold Percentage	0.2
Total Area of Forest to be Cleared	2.35

Calculated Parameters:	Enter:
Net Tract Area	154.913
Afforestation Threshold	23,23695
Conservation Threshold	30.9826
Area of Forest Above Afforestation Threshold	0
Area of Forest Above Conservation Threshold	· o
Break Even Point	N/A
Clearing Permitted with no Mitigation	0
Total Area of Forest to be Retained	16.1
Reforestation for Clearing Above Conservation Threshold	0
Reforestation for Clearing Below the Conservation Threshold	4.7
Credit for Retention Above the Conservation Threshold	0
Total Reforestation Required	4.7
Total Afforestation Required	4.78695
TOTAL Afforestation/Reforestation Required	9,48695

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OWNER

DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK.LLC 56 MR. MICHAEL DIFFENDAL 11900 TECH ROAD SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND 20904

DEVELOPER THE RYLAND GROUP ATTENTION: MR. CHARLES O'DONOVAN

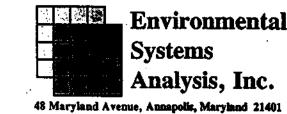
GALLERIA TOWERS

SUITE #705

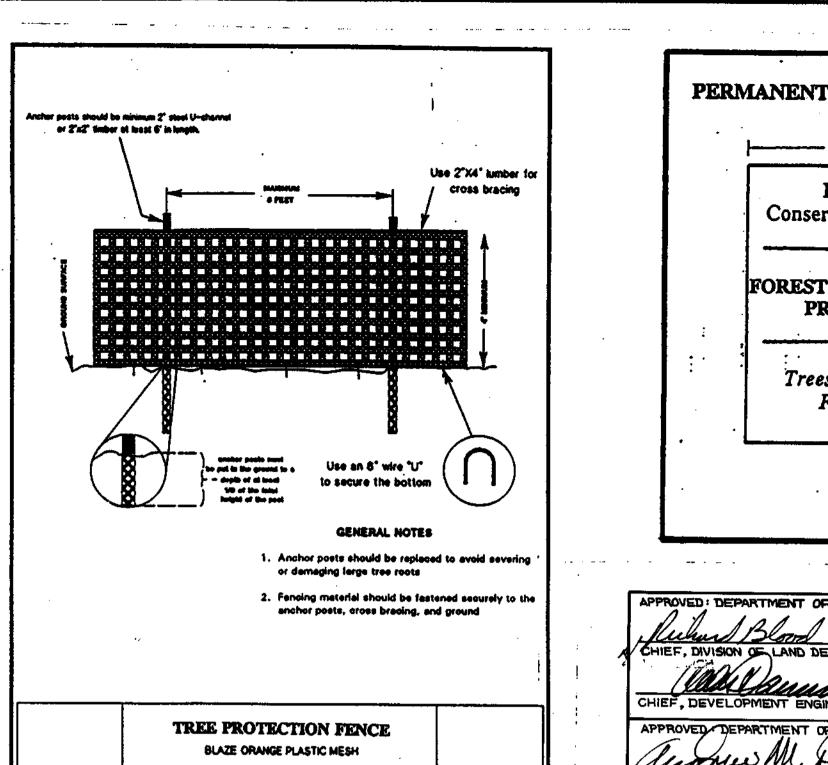
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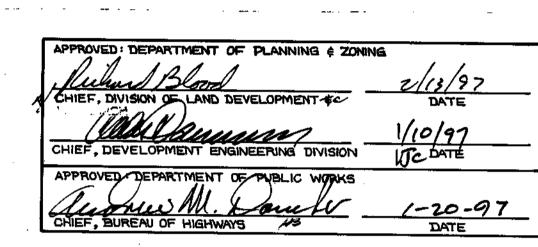
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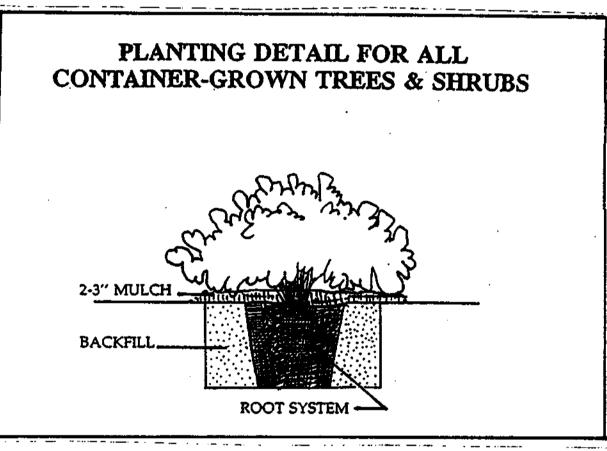
Kevin Kelly 12-6-96 DNR APPROVED OUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL FOR FSD's AND FCP's



(410) 267 - 0495 Fax: (410) 267 - 0496







FOREST CONSERVATION AREAS				
Area	Туре	Acreage	Notes	
Α	Forest Retention	10.93	Stream Buffer and Steep Slopes	
В	Forest Retention	2.19	Stream Buffer	
С	Forest Retention	3.46	Stream Buffer and Steep Slopes	
D	Forest Retention	1.38	Stream Buffer	
Е	Forest Retention	1.33	Stream Buffer	
1	Reforestation	0.43	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	
2	Reforestation	0.28	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	
3	Reforestation	0.57	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	
4	Woodland Enhancement	0.09	Stream Buffer	
5	Woodland Enhancement	0.06	Stream Buffer	
6	Reforestation	0.19	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	
7	Reforestation	0.68	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	
8	Reforestation	0.57	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	
9	Reforestation	1.07	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	
10	Woodland Enhancment	2.47	Stream Buffer	
11	Reforestation	0.92	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	
12	Reforestation	ر.3i	12' Random Spacing of Mixed Cont. Stock	

FINAL FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN DETAIL SHEET

PERMANENT SIGNAGE DETAIL

	MASTER PLANTING SCHEDULE					
-2-4	I" CALIPER TREES					
Qty	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Condition		
64	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal.	Cont. or B&I		
35	Betula nigra*	River Birch	1" cal.	Cont. or B&I		
23	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	1" cal.	Cont. or B&l		
8	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	i" cal.	Cont. or B&l		
36	Platanus occidentalis*	American Sycamore	i" cal.	Cont. or B&		
56	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	1" cal.	Cont. or B&l		
20	Quercus alba	White Oak	l" cal.	Cont. or B&		
21	Quercus palustris*	Pin Oak	I" cal.	Cont. or B&		
89	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&		
	3 ТО	4' CONTAINER STOC	K			
240	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.		
165	Betula nigra*	River Birch	3-4'	Cont.		
38	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	3-4'	Cont.		
80	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	3-4'	Cont.		
90	Platanus occidentalis*	American Sycamore	3-4*	Cont.		
227	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.		
135	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
100	Quercus palustris*	Pin Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
325	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
	Andrews Andrews Andrews Andrews	UNDERSTORY				
75	Aronia arbutifolia*	Red Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.		
70	Aronia melanocarpa	Black Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.		
40	Alnus serrulata*	Smooth Alder	24"-30"	Cont.		
JZS	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.		
95	Viburnum dentatum*	Arrowwood	24"-30"	Cont.		

* Wetland and Stream Buffer Species - to be located at lower elevations within reforestation areas.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	REFORESTATION AREA #1 (0.43 ACRE) 1" CALIPER TREES						
Qty	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Condition			
.5	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
5	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	l" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
5.	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
8	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
	3 ТО	4' CONTAINER STOC	K				
20	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.			
5	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	3-4'	Cont.			
10	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	3-4'	Cont.			
15	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.			
10	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4'	Cont.			
7 5	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4'	Cont.			
	A STATE OF THE STA	UNDERSTORY					
10	Aronia melanocarpa	Black Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.			
10	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.			
	Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood	24"-30"	Cont.			

REFORESTATION AREA #2 (0.28 ACRE) 1" CALIPER TREES						
4	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B		
3	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B		
7	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	i" cal.	Cont. or B&B		
	3 ТО	4' CONTAINER STO	оск			
10	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.		
6	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	3-4'	Cont.		
7	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.		
15	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
25	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
/ <u>-</u> :	<u> </u>	UNDERSTORY				
7	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.		
5	Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood	24"-30"	Cont.		

REFORESTATION AREA #3 (0.57 ACRE)						
	1	" CALIPER TREES	_			
Qty	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Condition		
5	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B		
10	Betula nigra	River Birch	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B		
3	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B		
6	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	l" cal.	Cont. or B&B		
6	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B		
	3 TO	4' CONTAINER STOC	CK			
10	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.		
30	Betula nigra	River Birch	3-4'	Cont.		
10	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	3-4'	Cont.		
10	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	3-4'	Cont.		
20	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	3-4'	Cont.		
10	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.		
10	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
20	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
5	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4*	Cont.		
		UNDERSTORY				
10	Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.		
10	Alnus serrulata	Smooth Alder	24"-30"	Cont.		
5	Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood	24"-30"	Cont.		

				,			
REFORESTATION AREA # 6 (0.19 ACRE) 1" CALIPER TREES							
3	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
3	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
4	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
	3 TO	4' CONTAINER STO	OCK				
5	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.			
5	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	3-4'	Cont.			
10	Liriodendron nulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.			
5	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4'	Cont.			
15	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4'	Cont.			
		UNDERSTORY					
10	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.			

	REFORESTATION AREA # 7 (0.68 ACRE)						
	1" CALIPER TREES						
Qty	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Condition			
10	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
5	Betula nigra	River Birch	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
5	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
10	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
5	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	i" cal.	Cont. or B&B			
	3 TO 4' CONTAINER STOCK						
20	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.			
40	Betula nigra	River Birch	3-4'	Cont.			
10	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	3-4'	Cont.			
15	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	3-4'	Cont.			
15	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.			
15	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4'	Cont.			
20	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	3-4'	Cont.			
		UNDERSTORY					
20	Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.			
10	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.			
15	Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood	24"-30"	Cont.			

REFORESTATION AREA # 8 (0.57 ACRE)						
	1	* CALIPER TREES				
Qty	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Condition		
5	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	1." cal.	Cont. or B&		
10	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	1" cai.	Cont. or B&		
15	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&		
	3 10	4' CONTAINER STOC	CK C			
20	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.		
15	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	3-4'	Cont.		
5	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	3-4'	Cont.		
30	Liriodendron udipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.		
10	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4*	Cont.		
40	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
		UNDERSTORY				
15	Aronia melanocarpa	Black Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.		
15	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.		

REFORESTATION AREA # 9 (1.07 ACRE)						
	1	" CALIPER TREES				
Qty .	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Condition		
10	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	i" cal.	Cont. or B&		
10	Betula nigra	River Birch	1" cal.	Cont. or B&		
5	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	i" cal.	Cont. or B&		
10	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	1" cal.	Cont. or B&		
5	Quercus alba	White Oak	i" cal.	Cont. or B&		
15	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&		
	3 TO	4' CONTAINER STO	CK			
25	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.		
50	Betula nigra	River Birch	3-4'	Cont.		
15	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	3-4'	Cont.		
30	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	3-4*	Cont.		
20	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.		
10	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
50	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4'	Cont.		
·		UNDERSTORY				
15	Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.		
10	Alnus serrulata	Smooth Alder	24"-30"	Cont.		
25	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.		
30	Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood	24"-30"	Cont.		

	REFORESTA	TION AREA # 11 (0.	.92 ACRE)	
· · · · ·	1	" CALIPER TREES		
Qty	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Condition
5	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal.	Cont. or B&l
10	Betula nigra	River Birch	1" cal.	Cont. or B&l
5.	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	l" cal.	Cont. or B&
10	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	i" cal.	Cont. or B&l
5	Quercus alba	White Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&
10	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&
	3 TO	4' CONTAINER STO	CK	
30	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.
45	Betula nigra	River Birch	3-4'	Cont.
15	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	3-4'	Cont.
15	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	3-4'	Cont.
20	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.
10	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4'	Cont.
20	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	3-4*	Cont.
40	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4'	Cont.
	1,000 - 1,000	UNDERSTORY		
15	Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.
10	Alnus serrulata	Smooth Alder	24*-30*	Cont.
10	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.
15	Viburnum dentatum	Arrowwood	24"-30"	Cont.

	REFORESTA	TION AREA # 12 (Z.	31ACRES)	
		" CALIPER TREES		
Qty	Botanical Name	Common Name	Size	Condition
Z 5	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B
10	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	i" cal.	Cont. or B&B
10	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	l" cal.	Cont. or B&B
ZO	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B
10	Quercus alba	White Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B
10	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B
30	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	1" cal.	Cont. or B&B
	3 TO	4' CONTAINER STOC	CK	
100	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	3-4'	Cont.
30	Cercis canadensis	Redbud	3-4'	Cont.
ಬ	Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	3-4'	Cont.
10	Platanus occidentalis	American Sycamore	3-4*	Cont.
100	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tulip Poplar	3-4'	Cont.
60	Quercus alba	White Oak	3-4'	Cont.
30	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	3-4'	Cont.
125	Quercus rubra	Red Oak	3-4'	Cont.
		UNDERSTORY		
15	Aronia arbutifolia	Red Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.
45	Aronia melanocarpa	Black Chokeberry	24"-30"	Cont.
10	Alnus serrulata	Smooth Alder	24"-30"	Cont.
35	Rhus copallina	Winged Sumac	24"-30"	Cont.
20	Vlburnum dentatum	Arrowwood	24"-30"	Cont.

DNR APPROVED QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL DATE FOR FSD's AND FCP's

OWNER DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK, LLC c/o MR. MICHAEL DIFFENDAL 11900 TECH ROAD

SILVER SPRING, MARYLAND 20904

DEVELOPER THE RYLAND GROUP ATTENTION: MR. CHARLES O'DONOVAN Galleria Towers Suite #705 1447 York Road Lutherville, Maryland 21093

FINAL FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN DETAIL SHEET DANIELS MILL OVERLOOK

Howard County, Maryland ale December 1996

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PLAN PREPARED BY: Environmental **Systems** Analysis, Inc. 48 Maryland Avenue, Annapolis, Maryland 21401 (410) 267 - 0495 Fax: (410) 267 - 0496