DESCRIPTION

ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON THE FOLLOWING TRAVERSE STATIONS ESTABLISHED BY "FISHER, COLLINS AND CARTER, INC." (NGVD 29 VERTICAL DATUM TR 906 N 504280.1630 E 838550.3680 ELEV. 381.500 TR 907 N 504400.670I E 838647.770I

AS-BUILT:

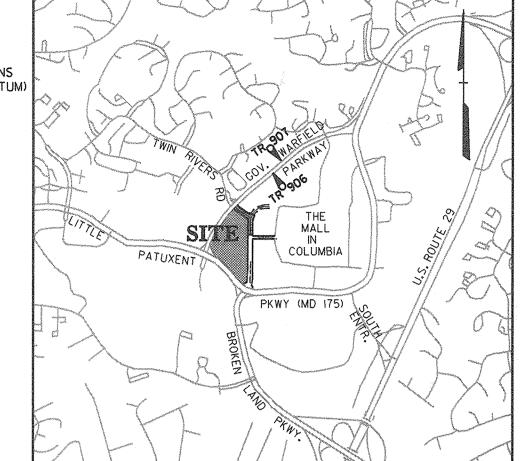
PROF. L.G. # 10849

SHANABERGER & LANE

8726 TOWN & COUNTRY BLVD.

SUITE 104

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043



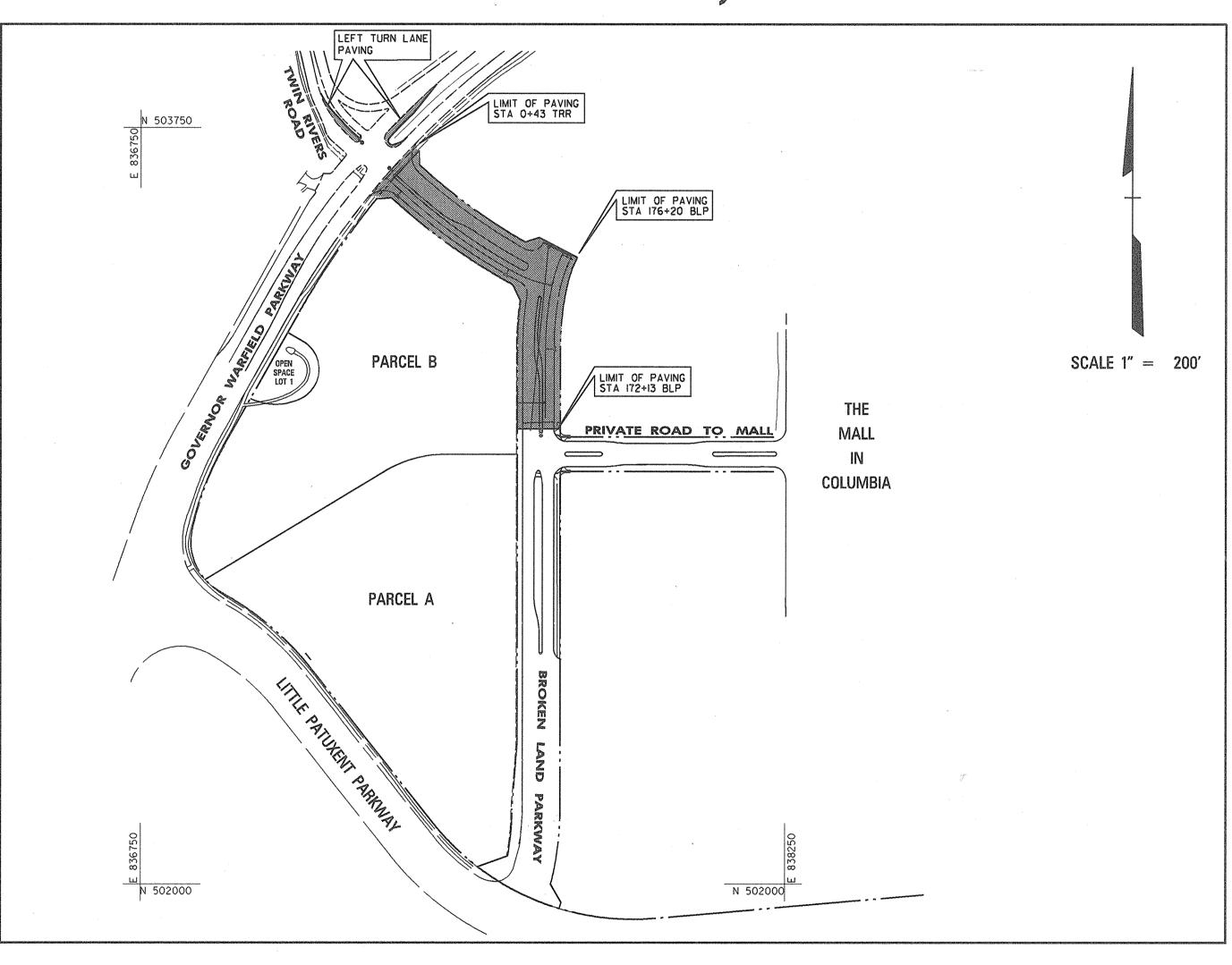
LOCATION MAP

SCALE: I" = 2000'

FINAL PLAN TOWN CENTER

SECTION 2 AREA 9 PHASE 224 PARCELS A & B; LOT 1

5th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



DRAINAGE AREA: MIDDLE PATUXENT
TREATMENT AREA: LITTLE PATUXENT WATER QUALITY
MANAGEMENT CENTER-SAVAGE
HOWARD COUNTY

7.01.2016	A Revined wheet Index	9+	DEV.
Date	Revision	By	Appr

I. All construction shall be in accordance with the latest standards and specifications of Howard County plus MSHA standards and specifications if applicable.

GENERAL NOTES

2. The contractor shall notify the Department of Public Works/Bureau of Engineering/Construction Inspection division at 410-313-1880 at least five (5) working days prior to the start of work.

3. The contractor shall notify "Miss Utility" at 1-800-257-7777 at least 48 hours prior to any excavation work being done.

4. Traffic controldevices, markings and signing shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). All street and regulatory signs be in place prior to the placement of any

5. Street light placement and the type of fixture and pole shallbe in accordance with the Howard County Design Manual, Volume III (1993) and as modified by "Guidelines for Street Lights in Residential Developments (June 1993)." A minimum spacing of 20' shall be maintained between any street light and any tree.

6. The existing topography is taken from survey with 2' contour intervals. Portions of the field run topography shown hereon have been compiled from prior topographic surveys by "Shanaberger & Lane" and "Fisher, Collins and Carter, Inc." in 1994. Allother topography shown is by "DMW" dated 1995.

7. The coordinates shown hereon are based upon the Howard County Geodetic Controlwhich is based upon the Maryland State Plane Coordinate System. Howard County Monument Nos. TR 101 and TR 102 were used for traverse control system for this project. Howard County Monument Nos. TR 906 and TR 907 were used to establish the elevations for this project

8. Water is Public. Contract No. is 24-3221-D and the drainage area is Little Patuxent.

9. Sewer is Public. Contract No. is 24-3221-D and the drainage area is Little Patuxent.

10.SWM quantity will be provided by regional facility located on west side of Broken Land Parkway, south of Little Patuxent Parkway. Water quality treatment for Broken Land Parkway extension is available at existing facility located northwest of Little Patuxent Parkway / Broken Land Parkway Intersection. See F -91-57 for Water Quality and F-85-131 for Water Quantity.

II. Existing utilities are based on Existing Construction Plans (Contract Nos.C-440-W and 24-3221-D)

12. There is no floodplain on this site.

13. No wetlands exist on this site per field determination by "Daft, McCune, Walker" on 8-17-94.

14. The traffic study for this project was prepared by Wells and Associates.

15. Sidewalk ramps shallmeet current ADA requirements.

16. Project background information:

Subdivision Name TOWN CENTER Tax Map: 36 Section/Area: Section 2, Area 9 Lot./Parcel: part of parcel 81 Zonina: NT Election District: 5th TotalTract Area: 19.0 acres Section area: n/a Number of Proposed Lots: 2 Preliminary Equivalent Sketch Plan Approval Date APRIL 24, 1996 DPZ Reference Number SP-96-09

17. Waiver Petition, File number WP - 96 - 74 was approved April II, 1996 waiving Section 16.145 (c)(16) which requires that the location of buildings, parking areas, internal streets, etc. be shown for apartment

projects on the sketch plan.

18. Vehicular ingress and egress to Broken Land Parkway will be permitted only at the points of access approved by the Department of Planning and Zoning and the Department of Public Works. Vehicular access to Governor Warfield Parkway, Little Patuxent Parkway and Twin Rivers Road is prohibited.

19. Proposed water and sewer are shown under contract # 24-3554-D

SHEET INDEX **DESCRIPTION** TITLE SHEET ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLAN STORM DRAIN PROFILES AND CONSRTUCTION DETAILS MASS GRADING PLAN DRAINAGE AREA MAP EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL STRIPING AND SIGNAGE PLAN

2) Professional Certification

SIGNAL MODIFICATION PLAN &

For Revision 3 Thereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licenned Professional Engineer under the Lawn of the ortate of Maryland.

License No. 12975 Expiration Date: May 26, 2018

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS 1-20-97

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PLANNING AND ZONING ACHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

Date No. Revision Description

TOWN CENTER

PARCELS A & B; LOT 1 OWNER /DEVELOPER:

THE HOWARD RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION THE ROUSE BUILDING

SECTION 2 , AREAS 9 , PHASE 224

10275 LITTLE PATUXENT PARKWAY COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

Daft McCune Walker, Inc. 200 East Pennsylvania Avenue Towson, Maryland 21286

A Team of Land Planners, Landscape Architects, Engineers, Surveyors & (410) 296-3333 Fax 296-4705

12-19-96

Professional Engr. No. 10551

TOWN CENTER		SECTION/AREA 2/9		LOT/PARCEL =		
PLAT® OR L/F	BLOCK &	ZONE NT	TAX/ZONE MAP 36	ELECT. DISTRICT 5th	CENSUS TRACT	
WATER CODE			SEWER CODE			
TITLE			<u> </u>			-
(787 87 87	N CERTS	m	
			IIIL	Æ SHEE	L	

F-97-19

Chk By

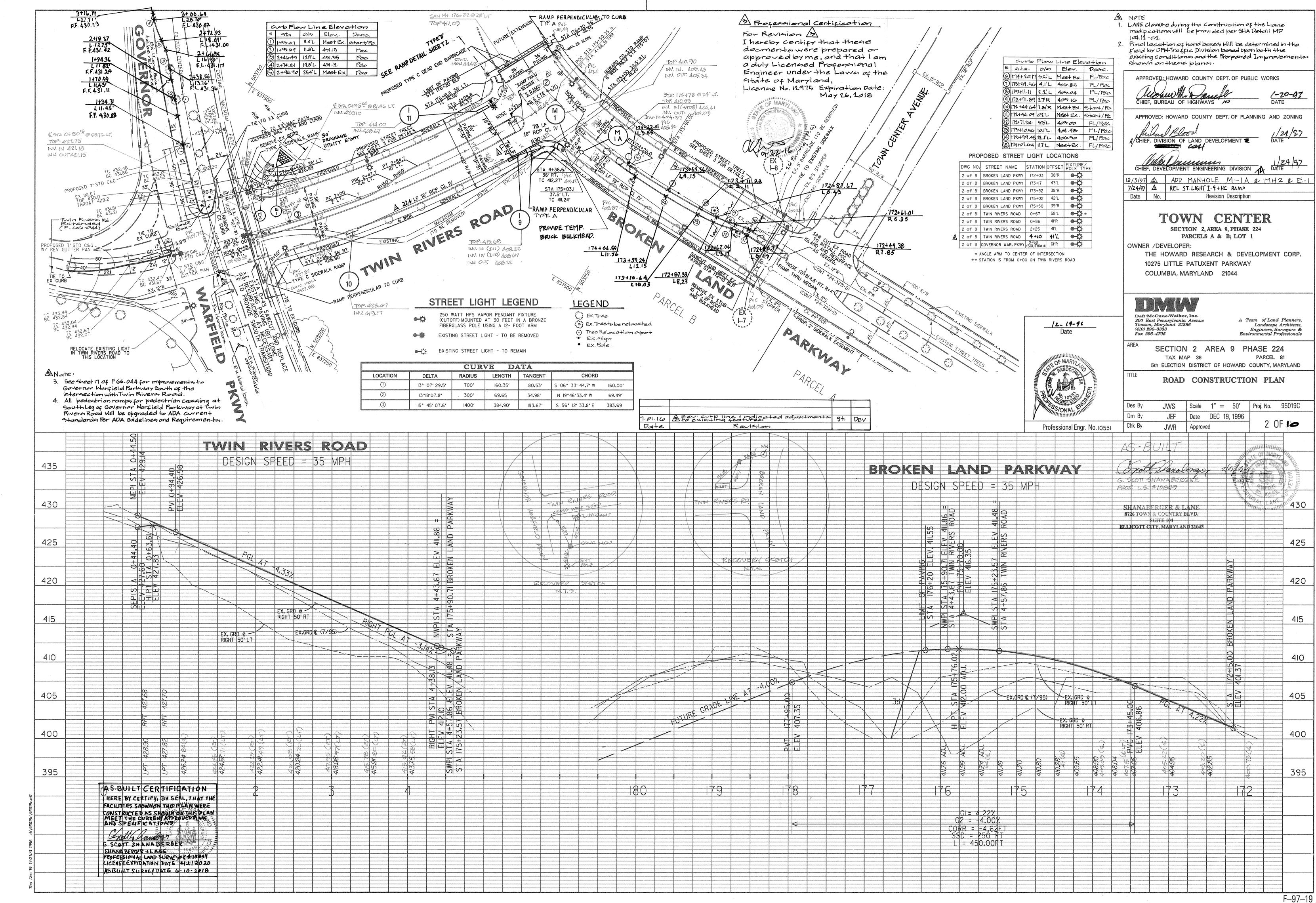
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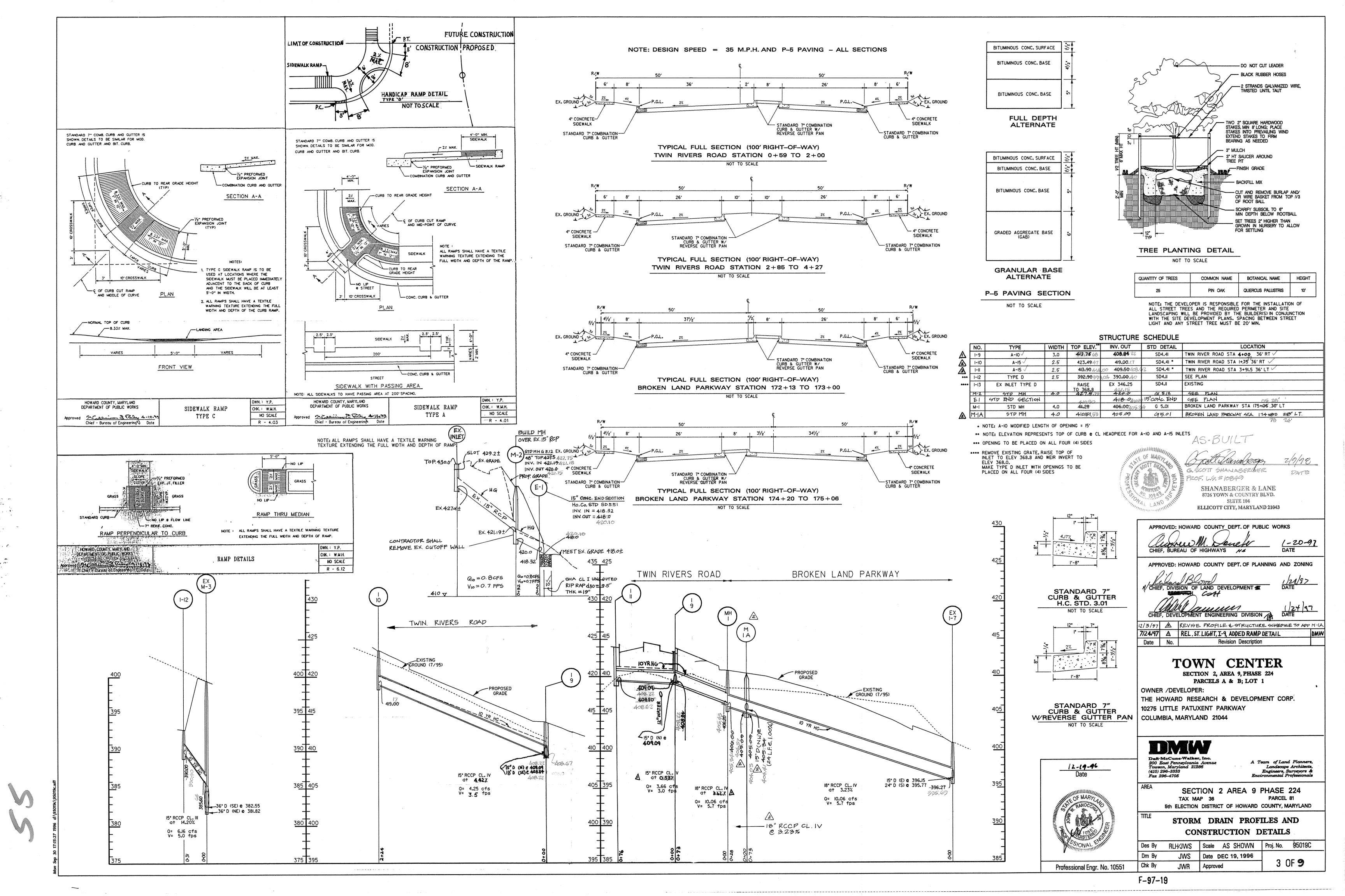
1 OF 10

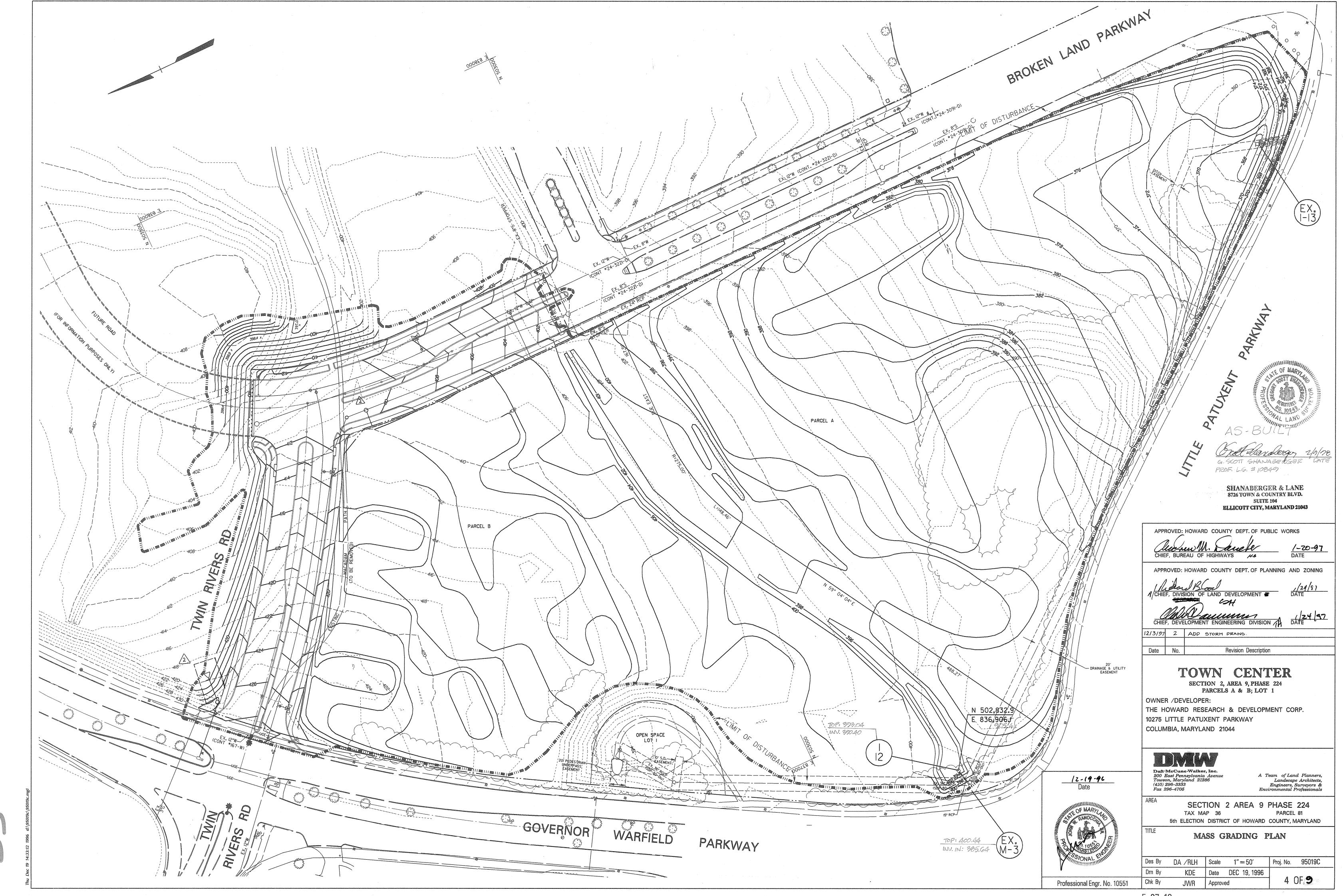
JWS | Date DEC 19, 1996

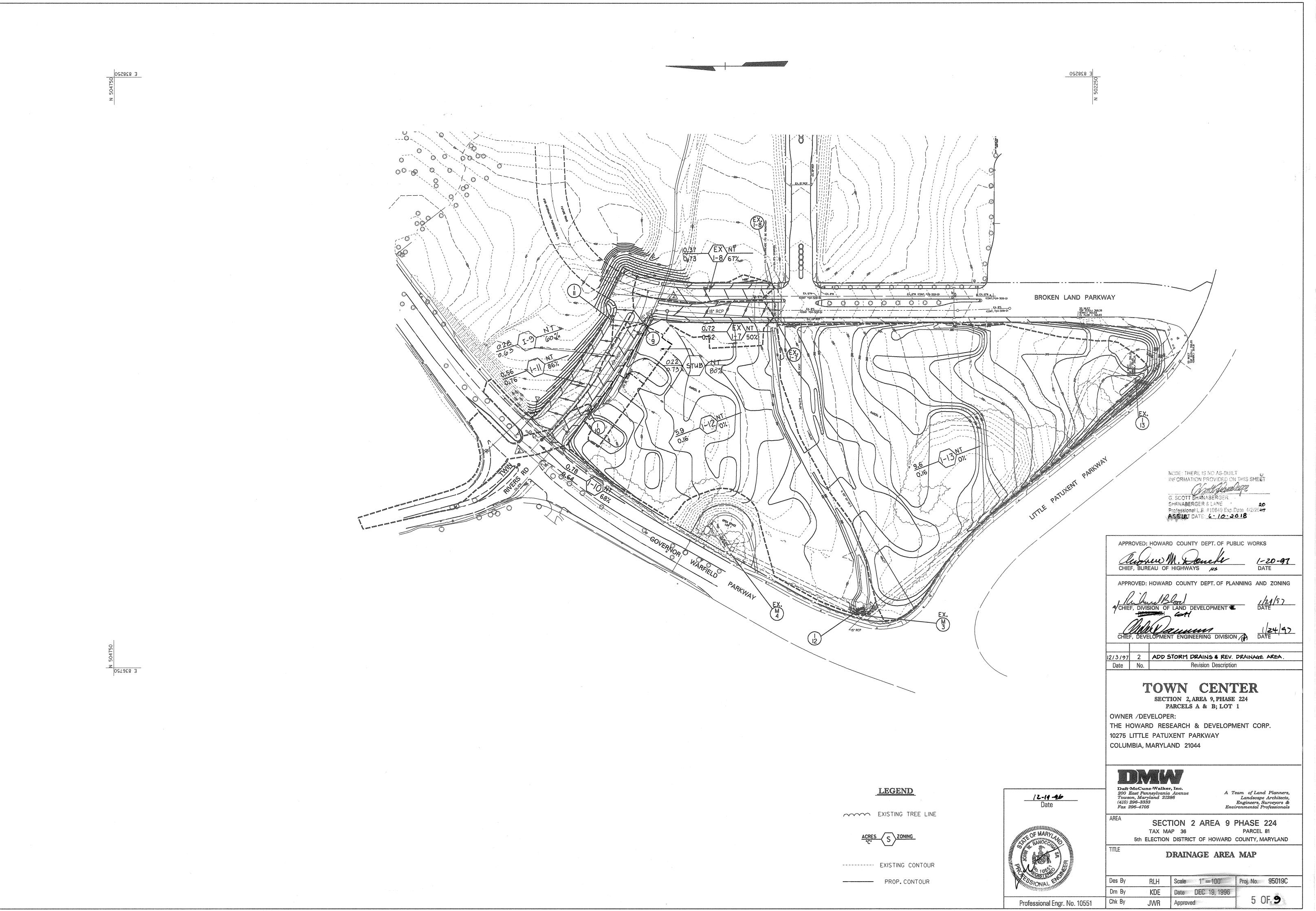
JWR | Approved

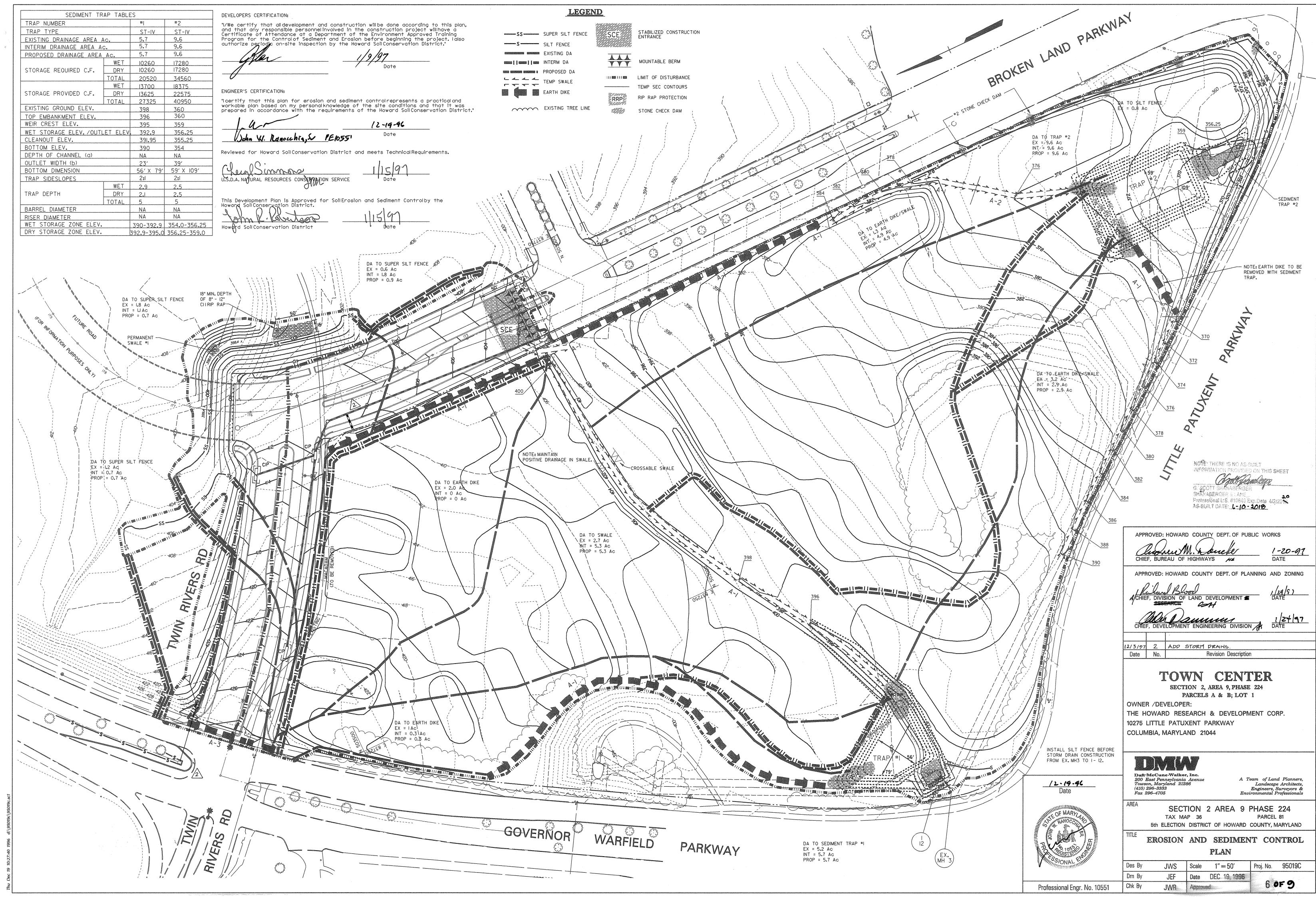
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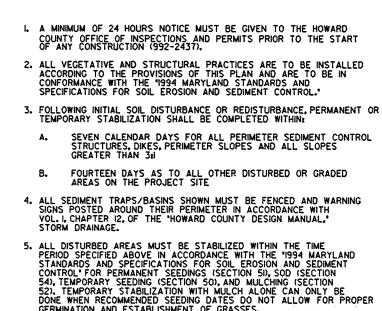










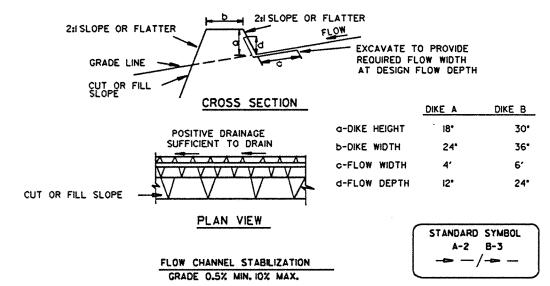


6. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 7. SITE ANALYSIS: BE ROOFED OR PAVED BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED

OFF-SITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION WASTE = N/A ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.

IO. ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.

HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL GENERAL NOTES



2. Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod. 3.4" - 7" stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into the soil 7° minimum

i. All temporary earth dikes shall have uninterrupted positive grade to an outlet. Spot elevations may be necessary for grades less than 1%. 2. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shall be conveyed to a sediment trapping device.

3. Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shalloutlet directly into an undisturbed, stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity.

4. All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectional material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper functioning of the dike.

5. The dike shallbe excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections

or other irregularities which will impede normal flow. 6. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.

7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike.

8. inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after each rain event. EARTH DIKE

NETE: THERE IS NO AS-RUILT

SMANABERGER & LANE

INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET

Professional L.S. #10849 Exp. Date 4/2/2016

AS-BUILT DATE: 6- 10- 2019

NOT TO SCALE

CROSS SECTION SIZING RIPRAP PER STREAM VELOCITY

in It/sec BASED ON SECON CONT. RIPRAP GRADATION 103 10 mas 700 to (320 kg) 20 to (10 kg) 100 10 max

Permanent Seeding Notes Apply to graded or cleared areas not subject to immediate further disturbance where a permanent

<u>Seedbed Preparation</u> - Loosen upper 3 inches of soliby raking, disking, or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened. Soil Amendments: in lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules:

i. Preferred - Apply 2 tons per acres dolomitic limestone (92 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) and 1,000 lbs. per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper 3 inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs. per acre 30-0-0 ureaform fertilizer (9 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.).

2. Acceptable - Apply 2 tones per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) and 1,000 lbs. per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk

Seeding - For the periods March Ithrough April 30, and August Ithrough October 15, seed with 60 lbs. per acre (1.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) of Rebel I Tall Fescue. For the period May I through July 31 seed with 60 lbs. Rebeill Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs. per acre (.05 lbs./l,000 sq.ft.) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 through February 28, protect site by : Option (0) - 2 tones per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) - Use sod. Option (3) - Seed with 60 lbs./acre Rebeill Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored straw.

Mulching - Apply 11/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs./1,000 sq.ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after applications using mulch anchoring toolor 218 gallons per acre (5 gal./1,000 sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on at areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal./1,00 sq. ft.)

Maintenance - inspect all seeding area and make needed repairs, replacements and reseeding.

Temporary Seeding Notes

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redistributed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed.

 $\underline{\textbf{Seedbed Preparation}} \text{ - Loosen upper 3 inches of soliby raking, disking, or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.}$ Soll Amendments - Apply 600 lbs. per acre 10-10-10- fertilizer (14 lbs./1000 sq. ft.)

Seeding - For the periods March ithrough April 30, and August ithrough October 15, seed with 2 1/2 bushelper acre of annualrye (3,2 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.). For the period May ithrough August 14, seed with 3 lbs.per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.). For the period November 16 through February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod Mulching - Apply 11/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after applications using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal./1,000 sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat

Refer to the 1983 Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control for

areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal./1,00 sq. ft.) for

SEEDING NOTES

DUST CONTROL SPECIFICATIONS

L Mulches - See Standards for vegetative stabilization with mulches only. Mulch should be crimped or tacked to prevent blowing.

Vegetative Cover - See standards for temporary vegetative cover. Tillage - To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is an emergency measure which should be used before sollblowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about i2 inches apart.spring-toothed harrows, and similar plows are examples of equipment which may produce the desired effect.

At no time should the site be irrigated to the point the runoff begins to flow.

5. Barriers - Solid board fences, snow fences, burlap fences, straw bales, and similar material can be used to control air curents and soli blowing. Barriers placed at right angles to prevailing currents at intervals of about 10 times their height are affective in controlling soil blowing.

Calcium Chloride - Apply at a rate that will keep surface moist. May need retreatment.

Permanent Vegetation - See standards for permanent vegetative cover, and permanent stabilization with sod. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable protection if left in place.

Topsolling - Covering with less erosive soil materials. See standards for topsolling.

Stone - Cover surface with crushed stone or coarse gravel.

TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS

For sites having distrubed areas over 5 acress I. On soil meeting Topsolispecifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the followings a. pH for topsollishalibe between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested solidemonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shallbe perscribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.

b. Organic content of topsolishalibe not less than 1.5 percent by weight. c. Topsolihaving soluble sait content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used. d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soll which has been treated with soll sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (I4days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

Note: Topsolisubstitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in fleu of natural topsoli. Place topsolitif required and apply soliamendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section 1- Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

> 1. Description This work shall consist of protecting slopes and channels from erosion with coverings of stone in accordance with the plans and specifications shown on this drawing. Material Specifications

> > A. Bank run gravei shall meet the following U.S. Standard 2 1/2 in 85 - 100 No. 10 B. Geatextile filter fabric shall meet the following

Burst Strength 350 lbs. Puncture Strength .02 cm/sec Elongation at Failure The maximum weight of stone shall be based upon the bankfull stream channel velocity, using the given chart. The gradation of the stone shall be as

1. The contractor shall install all sediment and erosion

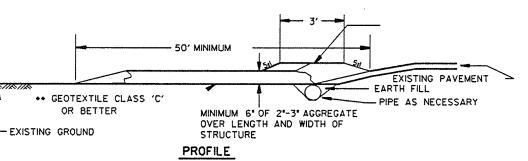
control devices as a first order of business. Provisions must be made to anchor the ripres at the stream bed so as to provide protection against under toe trench as indicated in Cross Section, an alternative method of protection must received prior written

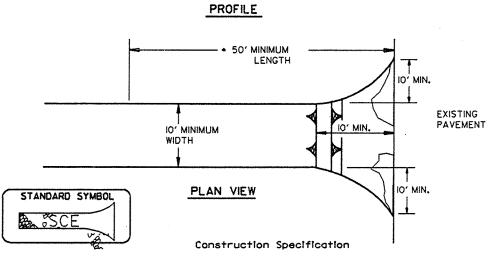
. Excavation for riprag shall be made in reasonably close conformity with the existing stream slope and bed. 4. A filter bedding is required under all riprap. Bedding meterial shall consist of either a bank run gravel or a geotextile filter fabric meeting the specifications of it. 18 above.

5. The placement of riprap shall begin with the toe. The larger stones shall be placed in the toe and along the outside edges of the limits of the stope and channel protection. The riprap shall be placed with suitable equipment in such a manner as to produce a reasonably graded mass of stones with zero drop height. The placing of stones that cause extensive segregation is

6. Any excavation voids existing along the edges of the completed slope and channel protection shall be

7. All disturbed areas shall be permanently stabilized in accordance with an approved sediment and erosion control





i. Length - minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot).

entrance.

FILTER CLOTH

WIRE MESH

MAX. DRAINAGE AREA = 1/4 ACRE

the weir and the inlet face (max. 4' apart).

entering the inlet under or around the geotextile.

earth or asphalt dike to direct the flow to the inlet.

and stone replaced when clogged with sediment.

CURB INLET PROTECTION (COG OR COS INLETS)

both ends of the throat opening.

2. Width - i0' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile.

4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2° to 3°) or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe Installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5d slopes and a minimum of 6° of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6° minimum will be required.

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travelover the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.

∠ 2" X 4" ANCHORS

2" X 4" SPACER

Construction Specifications

I. Attach a continuous piece of wire mesh (30° minimum width by throat length plus 4) to the $2^{\circ} \times 4^{\circ}$ well (measuring throat length plus 2) as shown on the standard

3. Securely nail the 2" X 4" weir to a 9" long vertical spacer to be located between

4. Place the assembly against the inlet throat and nail(minimum 2' lengths of

2" x 4" to the top of the well at spacer locations). These 2" x 4" anchors shall

extend across the inlet top and be held in place by sandbags or alternate weight.

6. Form the $\frac{1}{2}$ 'x $\frac{1}{2}$ ' wire mesh and the geotextile fabric to the concrete gutter and

5. The assembly shall be placed so that the end spacers are a minimum I'beyond

against the face of the curb on both sides of the inlet. Place clean $\frac{7}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$. stone over the wire mesh and geotextile in such a manner to prevent water from

7. This type of protection must be inspected frequently and the filter cloth

8. Assure that storm flow does not bypass the inlet by installing a temporary

mesh over the wire mesh and securely attach it to the 2" x 4" weir.

6' MAXIMIM SPACING OF 2" X 4" SPACERS

2" X 4" WEIR

-2' MINIMUM LENGTH

WIRE MESH

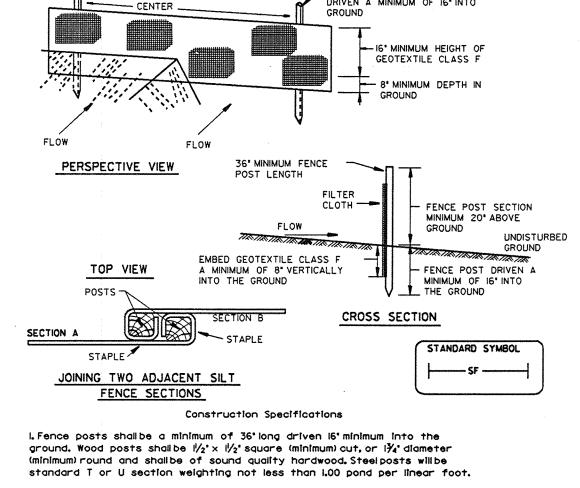
NOT TO SCALE

STANDARD SYMBOL

OF 2" X 4"

2" X 4" WEIR

FILTER CLOTH



IO' MAXIMUM CENTER TO

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F: Tensile Strength 50 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509

Tensile Modulus 20 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Flow Rate 0.3 galft / minute (max.) Test: MSMT 322 Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.) Test: MSMT 322

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped,

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height NOT TO SCALE SILT FENCE

CENTER TO CENTER DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 16" INTO TRANSTRANS V 21/2" DIAMETER CHAIN LINK FENC OR ALUMINUM WITH ILAYER OF CHAIN LINK FENCING FILTER CLOTH -34° MINIMUM --- 16" MIN, IST LAYER OF FILTER CLOTH EMBED FILTER CLOTH 8' MINIMUM INTO GROUND STANDARD SYMBOL * IF MULTIPLE LAYERS ARE REQUIRED TO ATTAIN 42" Construction Specifications I. Fencing shall be 42° in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42' fabric and 6' length 2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not

NOTE: FENCE POST SPACING

SHALL NOT EXCEED 10'

required except on the ends of the fence. 3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24° at the top and mid section.

IO' MAXIMUM

4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 8" into the ground.

5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped

6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and slit buildups removed when "buildes" 7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for

Geotextile Class F: 50 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 20 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509

Tensile Strength Tensile Modulus Flow Rate

0.3 gal/ft /filnute (max.) Test: MSMT 322 Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.) Test: MSMT 322

"I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation District."

SUPER SILT FENCE

DEVELOPERS CERTIFICATION:

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION

Howard Soll Conservation District

Date No.

NOT TO SCALE

EXISTING GROUND 21 OR FLATTER C MINIMUM DEPTH SWALE A SWALE B D MINIMUM C I'MIN. I'MIN. D 4' MIN. 6' MIN. CROSS SECTION OUTLET AS REQUIRED - 0.5% SLOPE MINIMUM PLAN VIEW DRAINAGE AREA = 10 dc (MAX) SLOPE = 10% (MAX) STANDARD SYMBOL

I. Seed and cover with straw mulch. 2. Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod. 3.4°-7° stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into soil in a minimum 7° layer.

Construction Specifications

I. All temporary swales shall have uninterrupted positive grade to an outlet. Spot elevations may be necessary for grades less than 1%. 2. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shallbe conveyed to a sediment trapping device.

3. Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly into an undisturbed stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity.

4. All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectional material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper functioning of the swale.

5. The swale shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections or other irregularities which will impede normal flow.

6. Fill, if necessary, shall be compacted by earth moving equipment. 7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the swale.

8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after each rain event.

PERMANENT SWALE

NOT TO SCALE

"Icertify that this plan for erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District." 12-19-96 John W. Ranowhia, S. Reviewed for Howard Soll Conservation District and meets Technical Requirements. U.S.D.A. NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE This Development Plan is Approved for SoliErosion and Sediment Controlby the Howard/SoliConservation District.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS HS

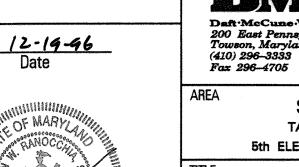
APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PLANNING AND ZONING

TOWN CENTER SECTION 2, AREA 9, PHASE 224

Revision Description

OWNER /DEVELOPER: THE HOWARD RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT CORP.

10275 LITTLE PATUXENT PARKWAY COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044



Towson, Maryland 21286 TAX MAP 36

SECTION 2 AREA 9 PHASE 224 5th ELECTION DISTRICT OF HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL **DETAILS**

JWS Scale AS SHOWN Proj. No. 95019C JEF Date DEC 19, 1996 7 OF **9** JWR

24.0 MATERIALS SPECIFICATIONS Table 27 Geotextile Fabrics

	ente estata presenta a constante en la constante		
CLASS	APPARENT OPENING SIZE MM. MAX.	GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH LB. MIN.	BURST STRENGTH PSI. MIN.
A	0.30	250 ·	500
8	0.60	200	320
С	0.30	200	320
D	0.60	90	145
E	0.30	90	145
F (SILT FENCE)	0.40-0.80*	90	190

The properties shall be determined in accordance with the following procedures:

-Apparent opening size MSMT 323

-Grab tensile strength ASTM D 1682: 4x8" specimen, 1x2" clamps, 12"/min. strain rate in both principal directions of geotextile fabric. **ASTM D 3786**

The fabric shall be inert to commonly encountered chemicals and hydrocarbons, and will be rot and mildew resistant. It shall be manufactured from fibers consisting of long chain synthetic polymers, and composed of a minimum of 85% by weight of polyolephins, polyesters, or polyamides. The geotextile fabric shall resist

with MSMT 507, and an apparent minimum elongation of 20 percent (20%) when tested in accordance with the grab tensile strength requirements listed above. Class F geotextile fabrics for silt fence shall have a 50 lb./in. minimum tensile strength and a 20 lb./in.

The fabric shall contain sufficient amounts of ultraviolet ray inhibitors and stabilizers to provide a minimum

of 12 months of expected usable construction life at a temperature range of 0 to 120 degrees F.

In addition, Classes A through E shall have a 0.01 cm./sec. minimum permeability when tested in accordance

minimum tensile modules when tested in accordance with MSMT 509. The material shall also have a 0.3 gai./ft.²/min. flow rate and seventy-five percent (75%) minimum filtering efficiency when tested in accordance Geotextile fabrics used in the construction of silt fence shall resist deterioration from ultraviolet exposure

Table 28 Stone Size

	SIZE RANGE	D ₇₀	₽,∞	AASHTO	WEIGHT
NUMBER 57*	3/8" - 1 1/2"	1/2*	1 1/2*	M-43	N/A
NUMBER 1	2" - 3"	2 1/2*	3*	M-43	N/A
RIP-RAP==	4" - 7"	5 1/2"	7*	N/A	N/A
CLASS I	N/A	9.5*	15"	N/A	150lb max
CLASS II	N/A	16*	24*	N/A	700lb max
CLASS III	N/A	23*	34*	N/A	2000lb max

* This classification is to be used on the inside face of stone outlets and check dams.

** This classification is to be used when ever small rip-rap is required. The State Highway Administration designation for this stone is Stone For Gabions (§905.01.04).

Stone For Gabion Baskets

BASKET T	HICKNESS		IDUAL STONES
INCHES	MM	INCHES	MM
6	150	3 - 5	75 - 125
9	225	4-7	100 - 175
12	300	4-7	100 - 175
18	460	4-7	100 - 175
36	910	4 - 12	100 - 300

NOTE: Recycled concrete equivalent may be substituted for all stone classifications. Recycled concrete equivalent shall be concrete broken into the sizes meeting the appropriate classification, shall contain no steel reinforcement, and shall have a density of 150 pounds per cubic foot.

Professional Engr. No. 10551

Chk By

F-97-19

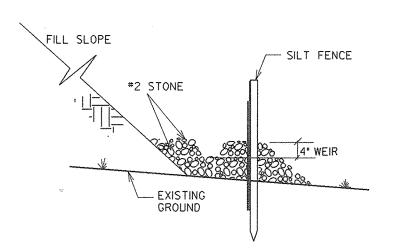
A Team of Land Planners

Landscape Architect

Engineers, Surveyors

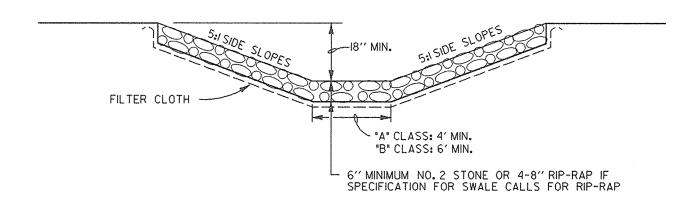
SUPER SILT FENCE
#2 STONE
12" HIGH
24" HIGH
50'-100' 0.C.

OR 4' MIN. VERTICAL CHANGE IN ELEV.



SECTION LIMITED USE WHERE SILT FENCE DOESN'T FOLLOW CONTOURS

#2 STONE CHECK DAM



CROSSABLE SWALE

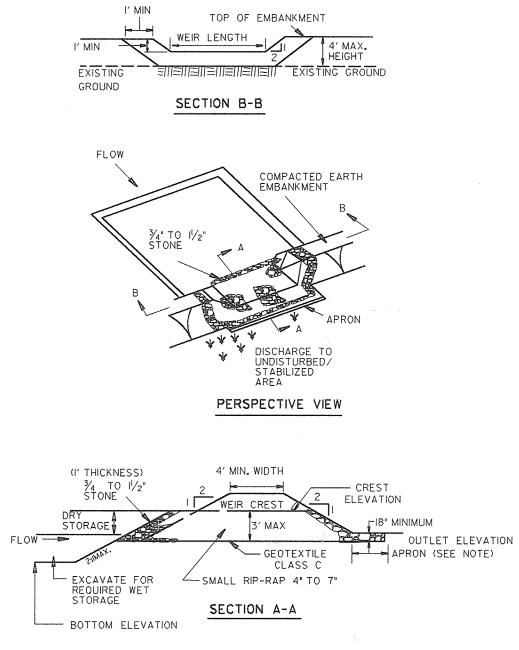
NOTE: THERE IS NO AS-BUILT

SHANABERGER & LANE

INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET

Professional L.S. #10849 Exp. Date 4/2/2018

AS-BUILT DATE: 6- 10 - 2018



NOTE: 5' MIN LENGTH UP TO 5 ACRES. OVER 5 ACRES USE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

STONE / RIP-RAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP - ST IV NOT TO SCALE

C - 9 - 16

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

C-9-16A

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

STONE / RIP-RAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP - ST IV NOT TO SCALE

STANDARD SYMBOL RRP TRAP/BASIN BOTTOM PERSPECTIVE VIEW GEOTEXTILE CLASS 'C'

Construction Specifications

I. Rip-rap lined inflow channels shall be I' in depth, have a trapezoidal cross section with 2:1 or flatter side slopes and 3' (min.) bottom width. The channel shall be lined with 4" to 12" rip- rap to a depth of 18".

2. Filter cloth shall be installed under all rip-rap. Filter cloth shall be Geotextile Class C.

3. Entrance and exit sections shall be installed as shown on the detail

4. Rip-rap used for the lining may be recycled for permanent outlet protection if the basin is to be converted to a stormwater management

5. Gabion Inflow Protection may be used in lieu of Rip-rap Inflow Protection.

6. Rip-rap should blend into existing ground.

7. Rip-rap Inflow Protection shall be used where the slope is between 4:1 and 10:1, for slopes flatter than 10:1 use Earth Dike or Temporary Swale lining criteria.

B - 6 - 2

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

2:ISLOPE OR FLATTER

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

RIP-RAP INFLOW PROTECTION

Constuction Specifications I. The area under embankment shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of any vegetation and root mat. The poolarea shall be cleared.

2. The fill material for the embankment shall be free of roots or other woody vegetation as well as over-sized stones, rocks, organic material or other objectionable material. The embankment shall be compacted by traversing with equipment while it is being constructed. Maximum height of embankment shall be 4', measured at centerline of embankment.

3. All cut and fill slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter.

4. Elevation of the top of any dike directing water into trap must equal or exceed the height of trap embankment.

5. Storage area provided shall be figured by computing the volume measured from top of excavation. (For storage requirements see Table 9).

6. Geotextile Class C shall be placed over the bottom and sides of the outlet channelprior to placement of stone. Section of fabric must overlap at least I' with section nearest the entrance placed on top. Fabric shall be embedded at least 6" into existing ground at entrance of outlet channel.

7.4" - 7" stone shall be used to construct the weir and 4" - 12" or Class I rip-rap shall be used to construct the outlet channel.

8. Outlet - An outlet shall include a means of conveying the discharge in an erosion free manner to an existing stable channel. Protection against scour at the discharge point shallbe provided as necessary.

9. Outlet channelmust have positive drainage from the trap.

10. Sediment shall be removed and trap restored to its original dimensions when the sediment has accumulated to $\frac{1}{2}$ of the wet storage depth of the trap (900 cf/ac). Removed sediment shall be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.

II. The structure shall be inspected periodically after each rain and repaired as needed.

12. Construction of traps shall be carried out in such a manner that sediment pollution is abated. Once constructed, the top and outside face of the embankment shall be stabilized with seed and mulch. Points of concentrated Inflow shall be protected in accordance with Grade Stabilization Structure criteria. The remainder of the interior slopes should be stabilized (one time) with seed and mulch upon trap completion and monitored and maintained erosion free during the life of the trap.

13. The structure shallbe dewatered by approved methods, removed and the area stabilized when the drainage area has been properly stabilized.

SEQUENCE OF OPERATION

I. Obtain all necessary permits for construction.

2. Notify Howard County Office of Inspections and Permits (410) 313-1855 a minimum of 48 hours prior to the start of any construction. (2 days)

3. Clear and grub for and install stabilized construction entrance. (Iday)

8. Mass grade site and provide dust control as needed. (3 weeks)

Clear and grub for and install permanent swale #land storm drain from MH3 to I-I2. Stabilize immediately. (6 days)

5. Clear and grub for and install Sediment Traps *1& *2. (2 weeks)

6. Clear and grub for and installerosion and sediment controlmeasures. Fillin existing swale under proposed intersection of Broken Land Parkway and Twin Rivers Road (3 weeks)

7. With the approval of ESC inspector, clear and grub the remainder of the site. (I week)

9. Install all utilities. Stabilize all non-active graded surfaces with temporary seeding. Provide inlets with protection, CIP. (4 weeks).

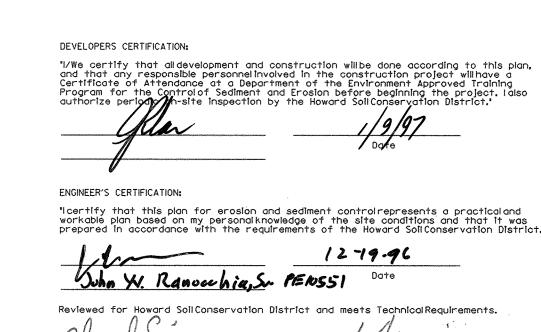
10. Fine grade all paved surfaces. Install curb and gutter. Apply road subbase. (2 weeks)

II. Fine grade all grass areas and stabilize with permanent seeding. (I week)

12. Pave roadway, install sidewalks. (2 weeks)

13. With the prior permission of the Sediment Controlinspector and the Howard County Sediment Control Division, remove all sediment control devices except swale and earth dikes that will remain to direct water into storm drain system. Fine grade and stabilize these areas. (2 weeks)

14. Install landscaping. (I week)



U.S.D.A. NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PUBLIC W	ORKS
CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS HS	<u>/-20-6</u> DATE
APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PLANNING	AND ZONIN
CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT	1/24/57
CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT	DATE
all Wanner	(/24/9
CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION	DATE

Date No. Revision Description

TOWN CENTER

SECTION 2, AREA 9, PHASE 224 PARCELS A & B; LOT 1

OWNER /DEVELOPER: THE HOWARD RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT CORP. 10275 LITTLE PATUXENT PARKWAY

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

200 East Pennsylvania Avenue Towson, Maryland 21286 (410) 296-3333 Fax 296-4705

A Team of Land Planners, Landscape Architects, Engineers, Surveyors & Environmental Professionals

SECTION 2 AREA 9 PHASE 224 TAX MAP 36

5th ELECTION DISTRICT OF HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND PAVEMENT STRIPNG DETAILS

JWS Scale AS SHOWN Proj. No. 95019C JEF | Date DEC 19, 1996 Professional Engr. No. 10551 JWR Approved

12-19-96

