

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard for practice MD-378. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent version.

#### Site Preparation

Areas designate for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper

Areas to be covered by the reservior will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservior as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

#### Earth Fill

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots. stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankement and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC. SC. CH. or CL. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankement if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by no less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill maerial shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed in a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

Where a minimum required density is specified, it shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within ±2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment being used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with the construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

#### Structure Backfill

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality of conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operated closer than four feet. measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

#### Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

#### Corrugated Metal Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated metal pipe:

1. Materials - (Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall be galvanized and fully bituminous coated and shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A with watertight coupling bands. Any bituminous damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Stee pipes with polymeric coatings shall have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of pipe. The following coatings or an approved equal may be used: Nexon, Plasti-Cote Blac-Klad, and Beth-cu-Loy. Coated corrugated steel pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M-245 and M-246.

Materials - (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound

Materials - (Aluminum Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-196 and M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer. Hot dip galvanized bolts may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

- 2. Coupling bands, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.
- 3. Connections All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connections shall use a rubber neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled and adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the band width. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 24" in diameter. flanges on both ends of the pipe, a 12" wide standard lap type band with 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12" wide hugger type band with O-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2" greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 24" in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24" long annular corrugated band using rods and lugs. A 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed on the end of each pipe for a total of 24".

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seams with internal caulking or a neoprene bead.

- 4. Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with such suitable earth compacted to provide adequate
- 5. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- 6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe:

- t. Materials Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361.
- 2. Bedding All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the drawings.
- 3. Laying pipe Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.

- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill"
- 5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe:

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following

- 1. Materials PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241.
- 2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.
- 3. Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provided adequate
- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- 5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications or Construction and Materials, Section 608, Mix No. 3

#### Rock Riprop

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Spedifications for Construction and Materials. Section 905.

The riprop shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place shall be reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

#### Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavtions. the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped. Stabilization

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming. fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

#### Erosion and Sediment Control

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

### PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

POSITIVE DRAMAGE -GRACE SUPPLIENT TO DRAW

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

CROSSING BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC.

FIELD LOCATION SHOULD BE ADJUSTED AS NEEDED TO UTILIZE A STABILIZED SAFE OUTLET.

EARTH DIKES SHALL HAVE AN OUTLET THAT FUNCTIONS WITH A MINIMUM OF EROSION. PLINCEF

SHALL BE CONVEYED TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE SUCH AS A SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT

BASIN HHERE EITHER THE DIKE CHANNEL OR THE DRAINAGE AREA ABOVE THE DIKE ARE NOT

APPOINTED.Y SCHALL HOTED.

FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

SEED AND STRAIN MULCH

LINED RIP-RAP 4-8"

A. STONE TO BE 2 INCH STONE, OR RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT, IN A LAYER AT LEAST 3 INCHES IN THICKNESS AND BE PRESSED INTO THE SOIL WITH CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.

B. RIP-PAP TO BE 4-8 INCHES IN A LAYER AT LEAST 8 INCHES THICKNESS AND PRESSED INTO

THE SOIL.

C., APPROVED EQUIVALENTS CAN BE SUBSTITUTED FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE MATERIALS.

7. PERIODIC INSPECTION AND REQUIRED MAINTENANCE MUST BE PROVIDED ASTER EACH RAIN EVENT.

5.1-8.0% SEED WITH JUTE, OR SOD;

ADEQUATELY STABILIZED.

6. STABILIZATION SHALL BE: (A) IN ACCORDANCE WITH STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEED AND STRAW MULCH OR STRAW MULCH IF NOT IN SEEDING SEASON, (B) FLOW CHANNEL AS PER THE CHART BELOW.

ALL BINES SHALL BE COMPACTED BY EARTH-HOVING EQUIPMENT,
BLL DIKES SHALL HAVE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO AN OUTLET,
TOP MIDTH MAY BE MIDER AND SIDE SLOPES MAY BE FLATHER IF DESIRED TO FACILITATE
PROSSING BY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC.

VYYYY

STABILIZATION AS **REQUIRED. ON** 

DINE B

LINED RIP-RAP 4-8"

ENGINEERING DESIGN

SEED AND STRAW MULCH

SEED USING JUTE, OR EXCELSION; SOD; 2" STONE

Apply to graded or cleared area not subject to immediate further disturbance where a permanent long-lived vegetative cover is

5-3,0%

3.1-5.07

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding funless

Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules

- 1) Preferred Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 square feet) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 unreaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq ft).
- 2) Acceptable -- Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq ft) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sq ft) before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper three inches of soil.

Seeding: For the periods March 1 thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sq ft) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31, seed with 60 lbs Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs per acre (.05 lbs/1000 sq ft) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28, protect site by: Option (1) 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) Use sod. Option (3) Seed with 60 Ibs/acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Maintenance: Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs. replacements and reseedings.

#### TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking. discing or other acceptable means before seeding (unless previously loosened).

Soil Amendments: Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq ft).

Seeding: For periods March 1 thru April 30 and from August 15 thru November 15, seed with 2-1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs./1000 sq.ft.). For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000 sq ft). For the period November 16 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

Mulching: Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sa ft) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gal per acre (5 gal/1000 sq ft) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes, 8 ft or higher, use 348 gal per acre (8 gal/1000 sq ft) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for rate and methods not covered.

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A minimum of 24 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Office of Inspection and Permits prior to the start of any construction. (301) 992-2437

2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance. permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes and perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1, b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.

4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning sians posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1, Chapter 12, of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm

5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seedings (Sec. 51), sod (Sec. 54), temporary seedings (Sec. 50) and mulching (Sec. 52). Temporary stabilization, with mulch alone, can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.

6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.

7.	Site Analysis:		
	Total Area of Site	: 22.75	Acres
	Area Disturbed	: 7.20	Acres
	Area to be roofed or paved	: 0.51	Acres
	Area to be vegetatively stabilized	: 7.001	Acres
	Total Cut	: 11,500	Cu. Yd
	Total Fill .	: 11,500	Cu. Yds
	Off-site waste/borrow area location: N/A		

8. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance.

9. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County DPW Sediment Control

10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres. approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.

Ellicott City Election District Nº 2

# SF-I STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP T OFTION: A one foot layer of 2" stone may be placed on the upstream side of the riprep in

STANDARD DRAWING

SILT FENCE

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

CONSTRUCTION NOTES FOR FABRICATED SILT FENCE

WOVEN WIRE PENCE (14 1/2 'GA, MIN., MAX. 6" MESH SPACING) WITH FILTER CLOTH OV

Moven wire fence to be fastened securely TO FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES.

2. FILTER CLOTH TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO

WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24" AT TOP AND MID SECTION.

3. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER THEY SHALL BE OVER-LAPPED BY SIX INCHES AND FOLDED.

4. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NEEDED AND MATERIAL REMOVED WHEN "BULGES" DEVELOP IN THE SILT FENCE

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ABRICULTURE

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

COLLEGE PARK, MARYLAND

POSTS: STEEL EITHER T OR U

FENCE: MOVEN WIRE, 14: GA. 6" MAX. MESH OPENING

FILTER CLOTH: FILTER X,
MIRAFI 100X, STABILINKA 1140N OR APPROVED

- CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR SI-V

  Ares under embankment shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of any vegetation and root The fill material for the embankment shall be free of roots and other woody vegetation as well as over-sized stones, rocks, organic material or other objectionable material. The embankment shall be compacted by traversing with equipment while it is being constructed.
- 3. All cut and fill slopes shall be 2:1 or flatter. 4. The stone used in the outlet shall be small riprap 4"-8" along with a 1' thickness of 2" aggregate placed on the up-grade side on the small riprap of embedded filter cloth in the
- 5. Sediment shall be removed and trap restored to its original dimensions when the sediment has accumulated to 4 the design depth of the trap.

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on

my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was

prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil

Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she

must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond

on "as-built" plan of the pand within 30 days of completion."

These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil Conservation

District and meet the technical requirements for small pond

construction, soil erosion and sediment control.

construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with

7 certify that this plan for pand construction, erosion and

6. The structure shall be inspected after each rain and repairs made as needed Construction operations shall be carried out in such a manner than erosion and water pollution is minimized.

8. The structure shall be removed and the area stabilized when the drainage area has been

Maximum Drainage Area: 5 Acres U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP COLLEGE PARK, MARYLAND

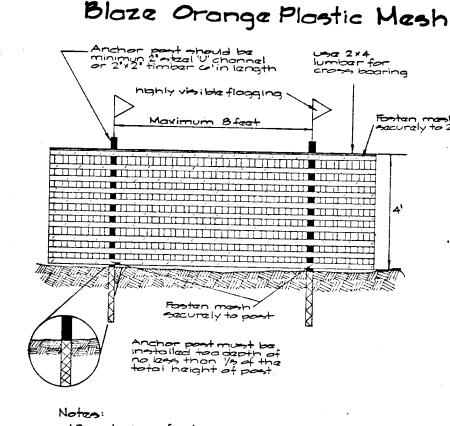
#### STANDARD SYMBOL PAVEMENT PROFILE Existing ground PLAN VIEW CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION Stone Size - Use 2" stone, or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent. Length - As required, but not less than 50 feet (except on a single residence lot where a 30 foot minimum length would apply). Thickness - Not less than six (6) inches. . Width - Ten (10) foot minimum, but not less than the full width at points where ingress or egress occurs Filter Cloth - Will be placed over the entire area prior to placing of stone Filter will not be required on a single family residence lot. Surface Water - All surface water flowing or diverted toward construction entrances hall be piped across the entrance. If piping is impractical, a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes will be permitted. Maintenance - The entrance shall be maintained in a condition which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way must Washing - Wheels shall be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance onto public rights-of-way. When washing is required, it shall be done on an area stabilized with stone and which drains into an approved sediment trapping

Periodic inspection and needed intenance shall be provided after each rain.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION Standard

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE College Perk, Md.

STABILIZE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



1. Boundaries of ratension area should be staked and flaged prior to installing device 2. Root damage should be avaided. 3. Pevice should be maintained throughout construction

DEVELOPER'S /BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE

7/We certify that all development and/or construction will be done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Ittendance at a Maryland Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered Professional Engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District.

MB II V-Pre 2-21-95

These Plans for small pond construction, soil erosion and sediment

control meet the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation

ST-Y

Includes As-Built 12997

Approved: Howard County Dept. of Public Works Olevonew M. Janeler 9-11-95 Chief, Bureau of Highwars HS Date Approved: Howard County Dept. of Planning & Zoni Chief Div of Land Oevelopment & Research Millemun 9/15/25 Chief, Development Engineering Div

## GEV GUTSCHICK LITTLE & WEBER, PA

CIVIL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 3909 NATIONAL DRIVE - SUITE 250 - BURTONSVILLE OFFICE PARK - BURTONSVILLE, MD. 20866 TELEPHONE: (301)421-4024 NO.VA. (301)989-2524 BALTO. (301)880-1820 FAX (301)421-4186

REVISION BY

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Storm Water Management, Sediment Control Notes & Details

Kingsbridge @ Burleigh Manor Lots 779-784, Parcel A& Parcel B

O AC DILLY INPERBANCE

SHE WAS ALL THE COURT

DRN.: MCF CHK.: CKG Howard County, Maryland

DES.: SCALE ZONING G. L.W. FILE NO PEY N/A P-20 74008 DATE TAX MAP No. SHEET 6 of 6 JULY 1005 23