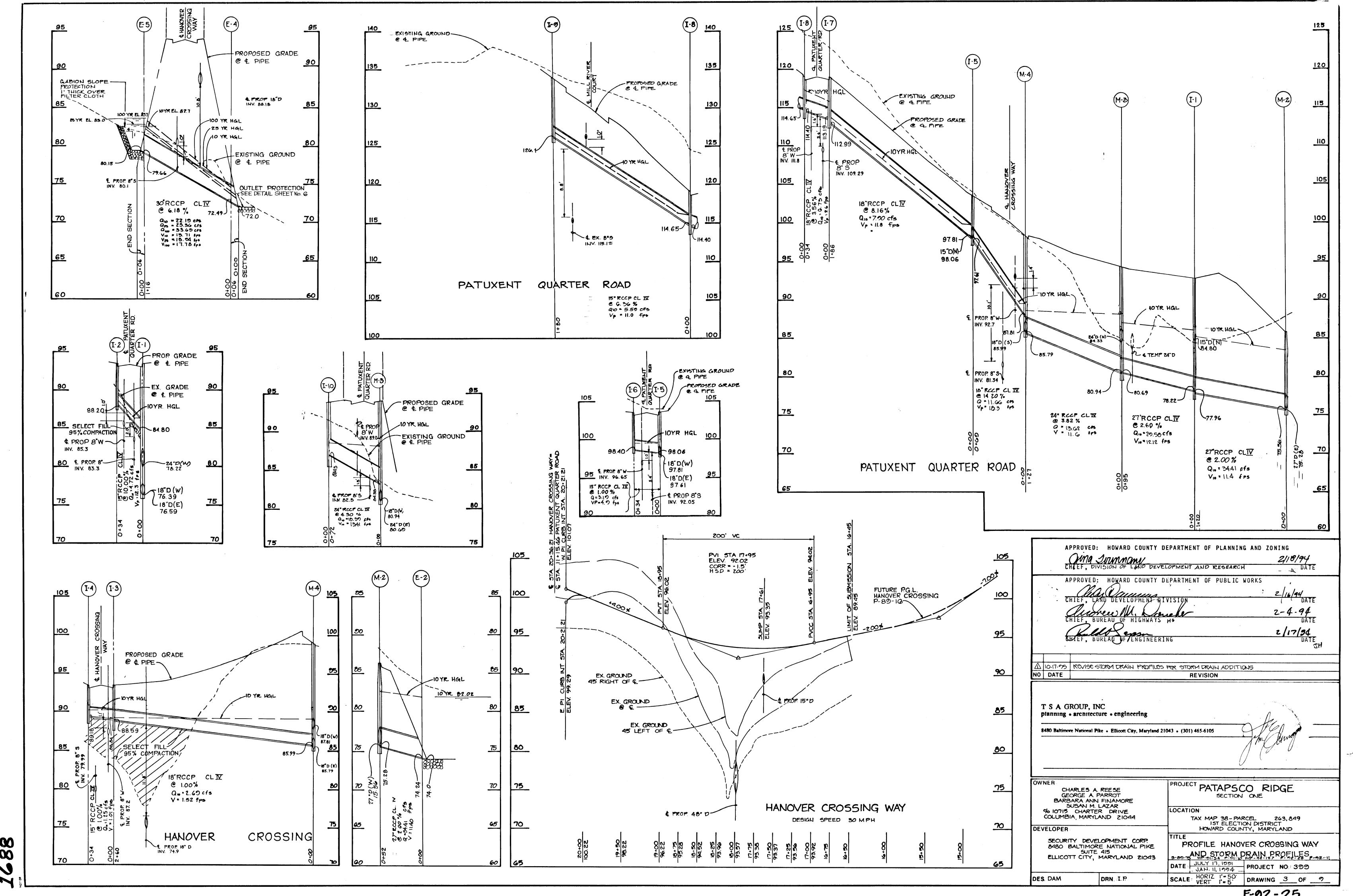
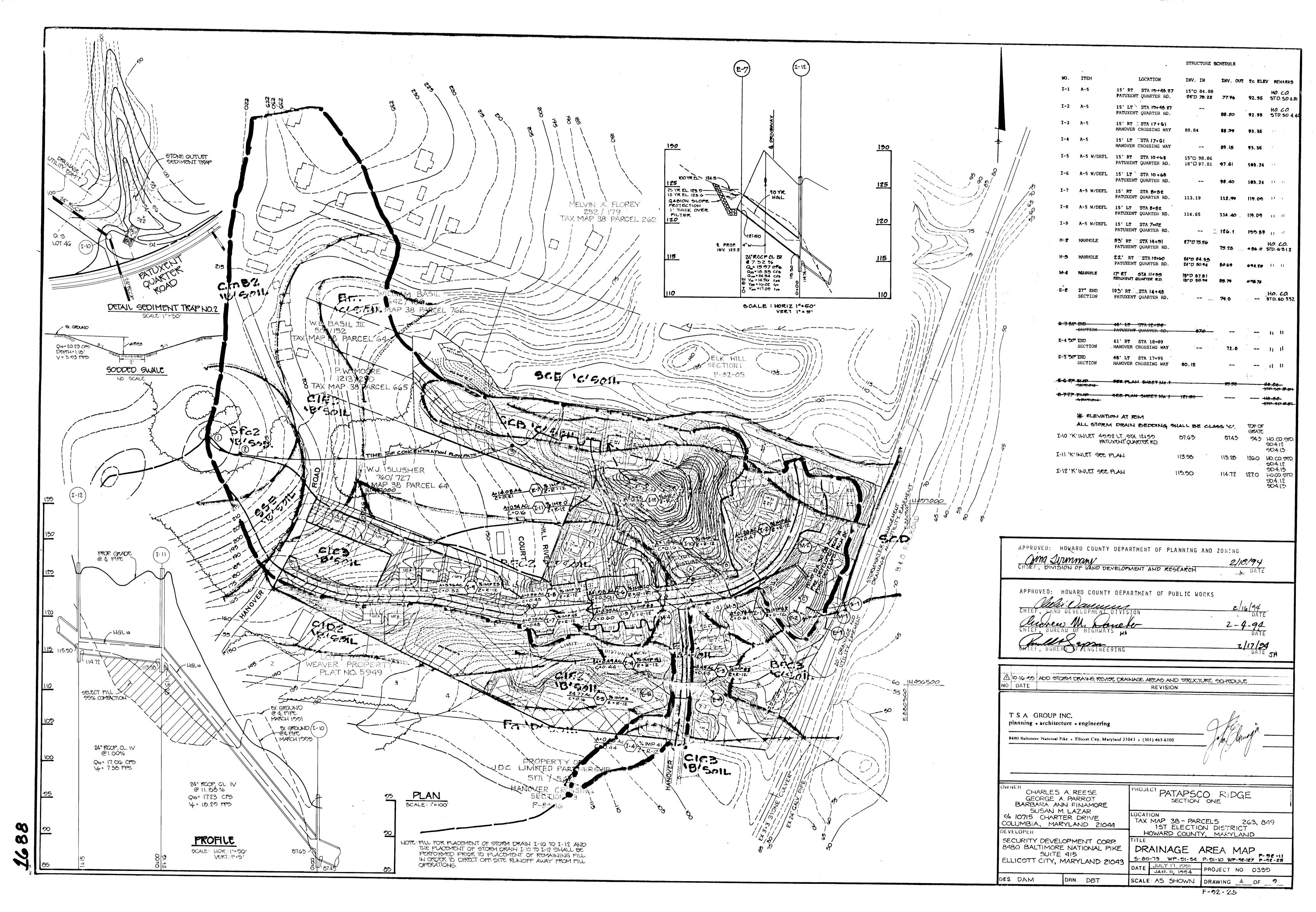
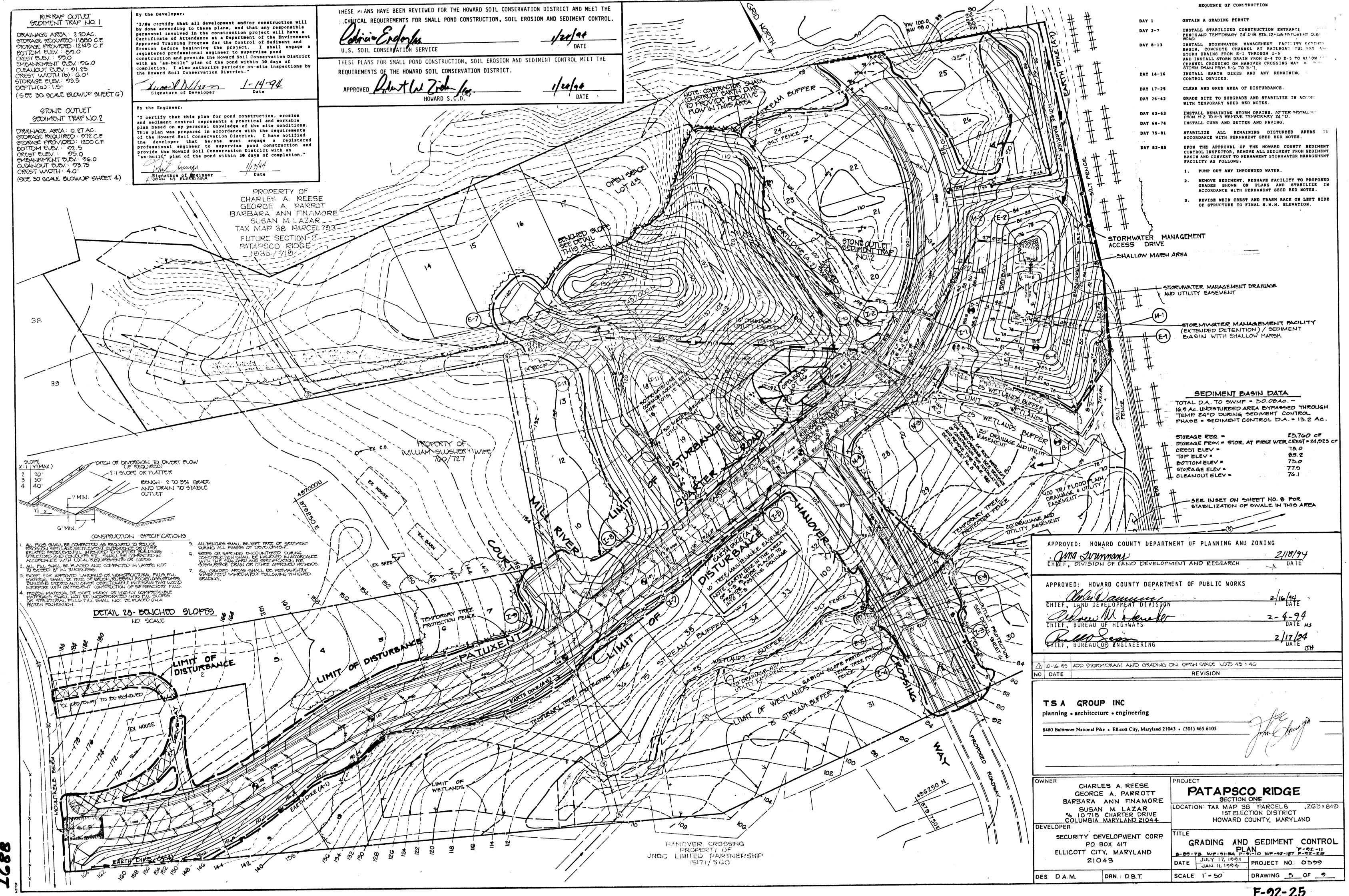


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PERMANENT SEEDBED PREPARATION

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING. DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING. IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED SOIL AMENDMENTS: IN LIEU OF SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS. USE ONE OF THE

1) PREFERRED - APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 1bs/1000 sq ft) AND 600 1bs PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 lbs/1000 sq ft) BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL. AT TIME OF SEEDING. APPLY 400 LBS PER ACRE 30-0-0 UREAFORM FERTILIZER (9 lbs/10000 sq ft)

FOLLOWING SCHEDULES:

2) ACCEPTABLE - APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 1bs/1000 sq ft) AND 1000 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (23 1bs/1000 sq ft) BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL.

SEEDING: FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 THRU APRIL 30 AND AUGUST 1 THRU OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 60 LBS PER ACRE (1.4 lbs/1000 sq ft) OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE. FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THRU JULY 31, SEED WITH 60 LBS OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE PER ACRE AND 2 LBS PER ACRE (.05 lbs/1000 sq ft) OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS. DURING THE PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 THRU FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY: OPTION (1) 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING. OPTION (2) USE SOD. OPTION (3) SEED WITH 60 LBS PER ACRE OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW.

MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 gal/1000 sq ft) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 gal/1000 sq ft) FOR ANCHORING.

MAINTENANCE: INSPECT ALL SEEDED AREAS AND MAKE NEEDED REPAIRS. REPLACEMENTS AND RESEEDINGS.

TEMPORARY SEEDBED PREPARATION

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS LIKELY TO BE REDISTURBED WHERE A SHORT-TERM VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING. IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY 600 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 1bs/1000 sq

SEEDING: FOR PERIODS MARCH 1 THRU APRIL 30 AND FROM AUGUST 15 THRU NOVEMBER T5 SEED WITH 2-1/2 BUSHELS PER ACRE OF ANNUAL RYE (3.2 lbs/1000 sq ft). FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THRU AUGUST 14. SEED WITH 3 LBS PER ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS (.07 lbs/1000 sq ft). FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 16 THRU FEBRUARY 28. PROTECT SITE BY APPLYING 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING, OR USE SOD.

MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq ft) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER - ACRE (5 gal/1000 sq ft) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES, 8 FT. OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 gal/1000 sq ft) FOR ANCHORING.

REFER TO THE 1983 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR RATE AND METHODS NOT COVERED.

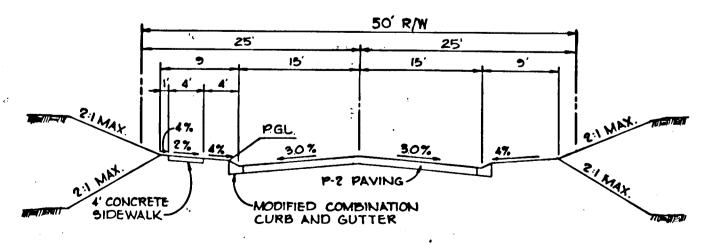
- according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the most current "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND
- 3) Pollowing initial soil disturbances or redisturbance, personent or temperary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 1:1, b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas
- 4) All sediment traps/basins shown must be ferred and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Volume 1, Chapter 12, of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm Drainage.

41 All disturbed areas must be etabilized within the time period

- permanent meeding (Section 51), sod (Section 54), temporary meeding (Section 50) and mulching (Section 52). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be done when recommended seeding dates do no allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
- 6) All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County
- 7) Site Analysis:

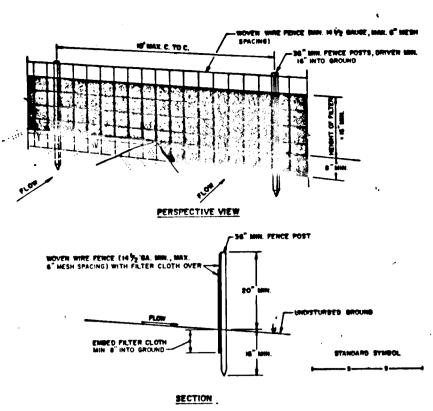
Total Area of Site

- 8) Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on th
- 9) Additional sediment control must be provided, if deeme
- proval of the imspection agency shall be requested upo completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspections
- 111 Prenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can be back filled and stabilized



TYPICAL SECTION

PATUXENT QUARTER ROAD (STA 0+43 TO STA 16+77) (LOCAL ROAD) HANOVER CROSSING WAY (STA 16+45 TO STA 19+93) (LOCAL ROAD) MILL RIVER COURT (STA 0+41 TO STA Q+80)



CONSTRUCTION NOTES FOR FABRICATED SILT FENCE

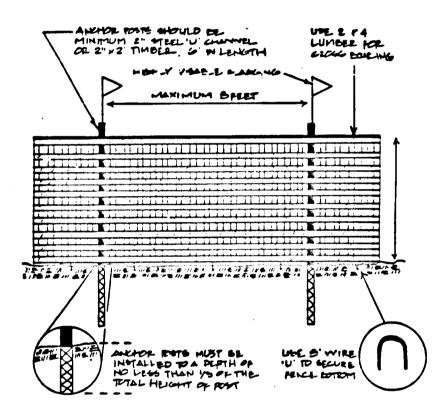
1. Moven wine fence to be fastened secured to fence posts with wire ties or staple 2. FILTER CLOTH TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO'-MOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24" AT TOP AND MID SECTION.

3, When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other they shall be over-lapped by six inches and folded. Maintenance shall be performed as Needed and material removed when "Bulges" develop in the silt fence.

NOT TO SCALE

Blaze Orange Plastic Mesh

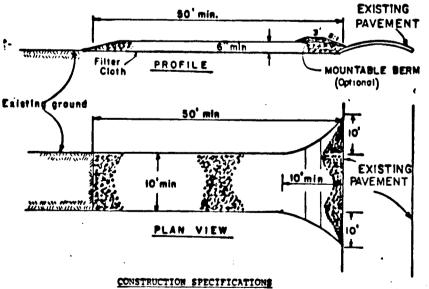
FENCE: MOVEN WIRE, 14: GA.



Forest protection device only.
Retention Area will be set as part of the review process. Boundaries of Retention Area should be stoked and flagged prior to installing device is a stoked and flagged prior to installing device.

TEMPORARY TREE PROTECTION FENCE DETAIL

STANDARD SYMBOL



1. Stone Size - Use 2" stone, or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent. Length - As required, but not less than 50 feet (except on a single resience lot where a 30 foot minimum length would apply).

Thickness - Not less than six (6) inches. Width - Ten (10) foot minimum, but not less than the full width at points where ingress or egress occurs. 5. Filter Cloth - Will be placed over the entire area prior to placing of stone Filter will not be required on a single family residence lot.

6. Surface Water - All surface water flowing or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped across the entrance. If piping is impractical, a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes will be permitted. Maintenance - The entrance shall be maintained in a condition which will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto public rights-of-way. This may require periodic top dressing with additional stone as conditions demand and repair and/or cleanout of any measures used to trap sediment. All sediment spilled, dropped, washed or tracked onto public rights-of-way must

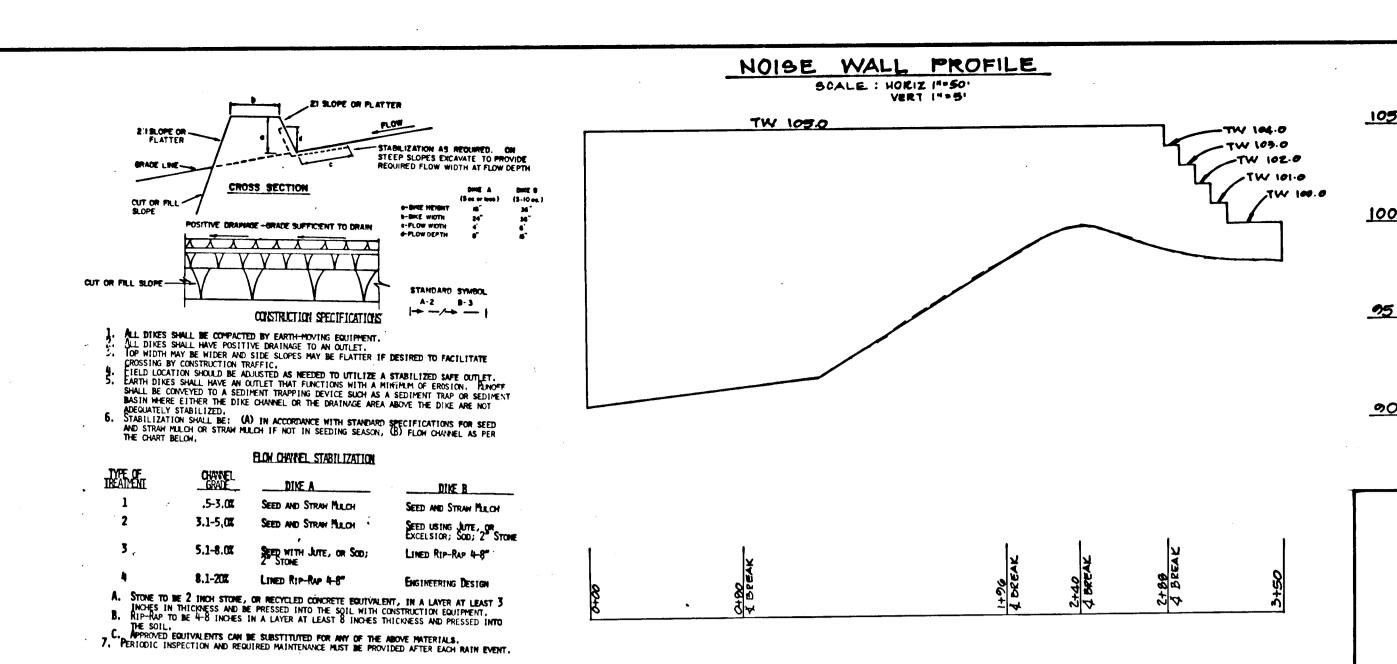
8. Washing - Wheels shall be cleaned to remove sediment prior to entrance ento public rights-of-way. When washing is required, it shall be done on an area stabilized with stone and which drains into an approved sediment trapping

9. Periodic inspection and needed maintenance shall be provided after each rain.

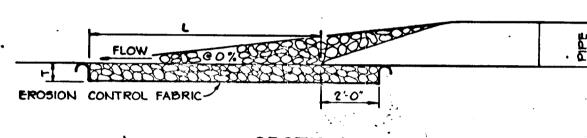
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION

ENTRANCE

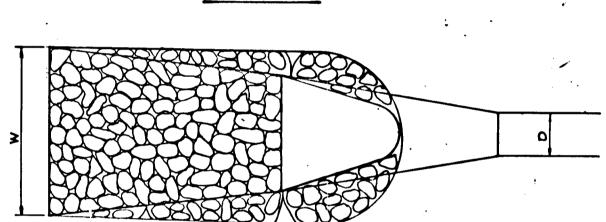
NOT TO SCALE



EARTH - DIKE



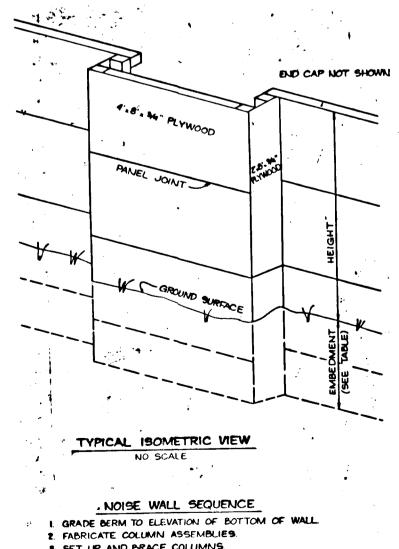
SECTION



PLAN

STRUCTURE	d - 50	LENGTH (L)	WIDTH (W)	THICKNESS
E-1	0.80	26	30	1.80
E-2	0.75	12	14	1.75
E-4	0.75	15	14	1.75
E 6	0.50	15	- 17	1 13
E-7	0.50	10	12	1.13

OUTLET PROTECTION DETAIL

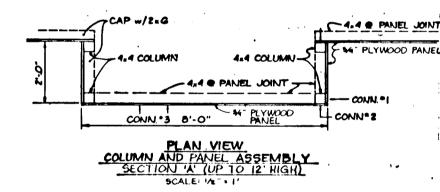


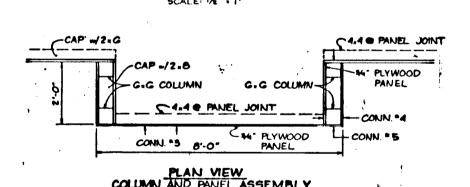
3. SET UP AND BRACE COLUMNS. 4. INSTALL PANELS TO JUST ABOVE FINISHED GROUND SURFACE. 5. GRADE BERM TO FINISHED ELEVATION. G BACKFILL EMBEDDED PORTION AND TAMP PRIOR TO NSTALLING PANELS ABOVE: FINISHED GROUND 7. INSTALL UPPER PANELS AND END CAP REMOVE BRACING

HANOYER ROAD CURB AND GUTTER

NOTE A - WHEN EXISTING TRAVEL LANE IS LESS THAN THE REQUIRED IZ LANE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ENOUGH OF THE EXISTING ROAD BED TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM BASE WIDENING OF 4 MOTE B - THE SURFACE OVERLAY SHALL BE CARRIED TO THE & OF THE ROAD AND NOTCHED AND SEALED NOTE C - SURFACE OVERLAY COURSE TO BE EQUAL TO SURFACE COURSE OF TYPICAL PAYING SECTION NOTE D - & OF ROAD TO BE MILLED AT DEPTH OF 1/2" # 1" WIDE USING A MILLING MACHINE

ROAD WIDENING DETAIL NO SCALE



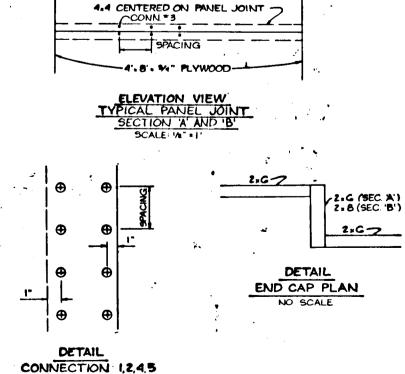


EMBEDMENT TABLE

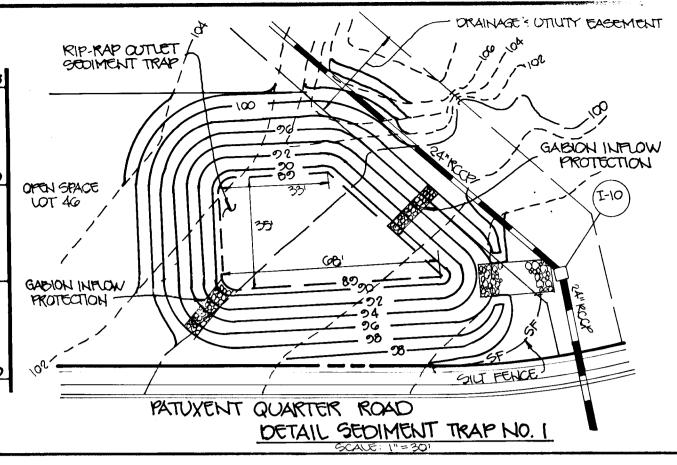
NOISE BARRIER DETAILS

1. 4.4 TO BE CENTERED AT ALL PANEL JOINTS AND INSTALLED FLUSH WITH TOP OR BOTTOM OF WALL. 2. END CAP TO BE LAID HORIZONTALLY AND FASTENED WITH GALVINIZED NAILS, STAGGERED AT 12" O.C.

1 ALL OTHER CONNECTIONS TO BE STANDARD DRYWALL SCREW, 3" MIN. LENGTH AS PER DETAIL AND SPACING TABLE. 4 ALL WOOD TO BE PRESSURE TREATED RATED "GROUND CONTACT"



CONNECTION SPACING TABLE



By the Developer:

"I/We certify that all development and/or construction will by done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District."

By the Engineer:

"I certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion."

Lowers Signature of Engineer JOHN M. ELORRIAGA

THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

U.S. SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

6.5.

THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT AND RESEARCH

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS M. Wanner 2/16/94 CHIEF. LAND DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

10-17-95 DELETE E-G PROM DETAIL, ADD SEDIMENT TRAP NO. I DETAIL NO DATE REVISION

TSA GROUP, INC. planning • architecture • engineering

8480 Baltimore National Pike . Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 . (301) 465-6105

CHARLES A. REESE GEORGE A. PARROT BARBARA ANN FINAMORE SUSAN M. LAZAR % 10715 CHARTER DRIVE COLUMBIA. MARYLAND 21044 DEVELOPER SECURITY DEVELOPMENT CORP.

8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043

DRN IP

SUITE 415

DES. DAM

PROJECT PATAPSCO RIDGE SECTION ONE

TAX MAP 38 - PARCEL 263, 849 1st ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND TITLE WP-92-127 F-92-25

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES 5-80-73 WP-01-54 AND DETAILS P-01-10 P-02-11 DATE JULY 17, 1991 PROJECT NO: 0399

DRAWING _G_OF _9_ SCALE: AS SHOWN F-92-25

She Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be oleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, rocts and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Earth FIII

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, tumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6°, frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire langth of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepstoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble yet not be so viet that water can be squeezed out.

Where a minimum required density is specified, it shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within $\pm 2\%$ of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

Structure Backfill

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that spe fied for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24° or greater over the structure or pipe.

Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

Corrugated Metal Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated metal pipe:

1. Materials - (Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall be galvanized and fully bituminous coated and shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A with watertight coupling bands. Any bituminous coating damaged or otherwise removed Rock Riprap shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating steel pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M- third the greatest dimension of the fragment. 245 and M-246.

Materials - (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the 1. Bulk specific gravity (saturated surface-dry basis) requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be 2 replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound.

Materials (Aluminum Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform this requirements of Bulk appearing gravity and absorption shall be determined coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum surfaces that shall be performed acrossing to ASTM C 88. are to be in contact with concrets shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer. Hot dip galvanized bolts may be used 'no connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

Coupling bands, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material as the pipe Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials ... least 24 mils in thickness.

3. Connections - All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep llars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner and to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be waterlight.

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the band width. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 48" in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe, a 12" wide standard lap type band with 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12° wide hugger type band with 0-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2" greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 48° in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24° long annular corrugated band using rods and lugs. A 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed on the end of each pipe for a total of 24°.

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seams.

4. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe:

Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361. An approved equivalent is AWWA Specification C-

Bedding - All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their rinting length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and mathe sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness and inches, or as shown on the drawings.

Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.

Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe:

Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or ?VC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-

2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

3. Bedding - The pipe st all be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be remover and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 608, Mix No. 3

compound. Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall. All rock shall be dense, sound, and free from cracks, have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 seams, and other defects conducive to accelerated mil) on both sides of the pipe. The following coatings weathering. The rock fragments shall be angular to or an approved equal may be used: Nexon, Plasti-subrounded in shape. The least dimension of an Cote, Blac-Klad, and Beth-Cu-Loy. Coated corrugated individual rock fragment shall be not less than one-

The rock shall have the following properties:

Absorption not more than three percent.

3. Soundness: Weight loss in five cycles not more than 20 percent when sodium sulfate is used.

AASHTO Specification M-193 (4 M-211 with watertight according to ASTM C 127. The test for soundness

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the ripract in place shall be reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

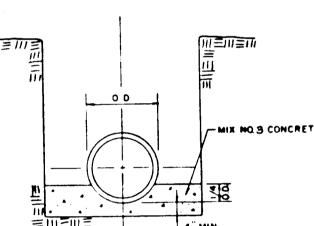
Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, renilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Erosion and Sediment Control

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

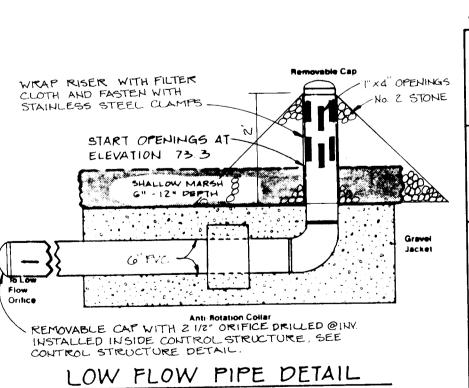


LOW CRADLE

-MIX NO.3 CONCRETE

POUR CONCRETE TO UNDISTURBED EARTH REMOVE SHEETING BEFORE POURING CONCRETE OR LEAVE LOWER PORTION OF SHEETING IN PLACE

CONCRETE CRADLE DETAIL



NO SCALE

TOP OF CONSTRUCTED FILL ELEV. 86.1 TOP OF SETTLED EMBANKMENT 85.2 10YR EL. 82.45 ASSUMING BLOCKED LOWFLOW 10 YR EL. 82.02 2 YR EL. 80.46 I YR. EL. 79.76 -EXISTING GROUND CORE TRENCH APPROXIMATE BOTTOM OF CORE TRENCH IS SHOWN (CONSTRUCTION ELEVATION TO BE DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER IN CL 48" RCCP THE FIELD) CORE TRENCH MATERIAL MUST BE CL OR CH ONLY

Boring # B-1

Approved By ES

7/9/10

8/12/13

8/10/13

Boring # ____B-2

Draws By ____CF

Approved By ES

4/8/14

s 35 10/29/42

SAMPLING NOTES

Cave in 17 %

6 55

6 88

SAMPLING NOTES

Security Development Group

DRILLING and SAMPLING INFORMATION

Date Star-ed 9/27/90 Hammer Wt. 140 | 1bs

Date Completed 9/27/90 Hammer Drop 30 in.

Drill Foreman Ken Kradz Spoon Sampler OD 2 in

Rock Core Dia. _____im.

Shelby Tube OD

Architect E gines.

Project Name Patapsco Ridge/SWA

Boring Method HSA

Project Location Howard County, Maryland

SOIL CLASSIFICATION

SURFACE ELEVATION

(SM-ML), trace to little clay (Sandy Loam)

(SM), trace clay. (Sandy Loam)

CLAY (CL). (Silty Clay Loam)

Orange-brown, moist, medium dense Silty SAND

Orange-brown, moist, medium dense Silty SAND

Brown, very moist, very stiff Sandy and Silty

d Orange-brown, very moist to saturated, medium

Terminated at 20 Ft.

Security Development Group

DRILLING and SAMPLING INFORMATION

Date Started 9/27/90 Hammer Wt. 140 lbs.

Date Completed 9/27/90 Hammer Drop 30 in.

Drill Foreman Ken Kradz Spoon Sampler OD 2 in.

Boring Method HSA Shelby Tube OD in.

Rock Core Dis.

Architect Engineer

Project Name Patapsco Ridge/SWM

Project Location Howard County, Maryland

SOIL CLASSIFICATION

SURFACE ELEVATION

Brown and tan, moist, very loose Silty SAND

Light bro n, very moist, loose Silty SAND (SM).

Light grey, moist, very stiff Silty CLAY (CL),

Orange and orange-brown, moist to very moist,

Terminated at 30 Ft

(SM-ML), trace clay (Sandy Loam)

(SM), little clay. (Sandy Loam)

race sand. (Silty Clay Loam)

little clay (Sandy Loam)

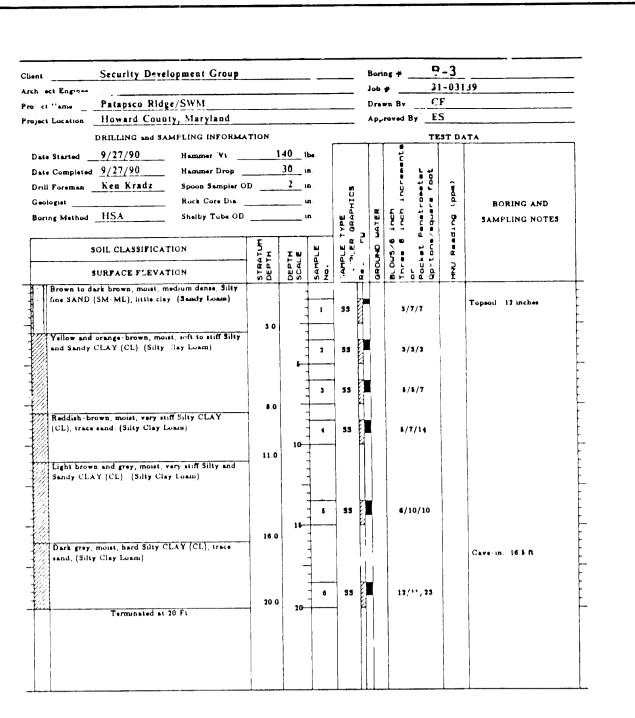
(Loamy Sand)

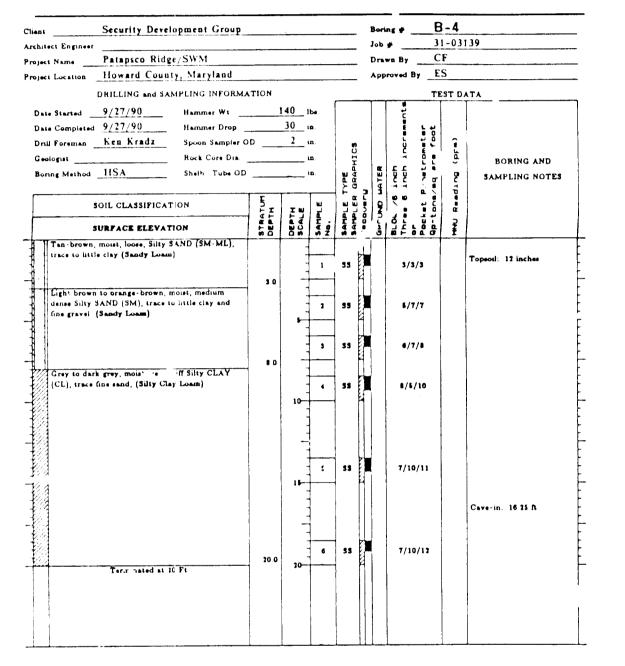
Orange-brown, moust, medium dense Silty SAND

dense Silty SAND (SM-SP). (Loamy Sand)

CL EMBANKMENT PROFILE

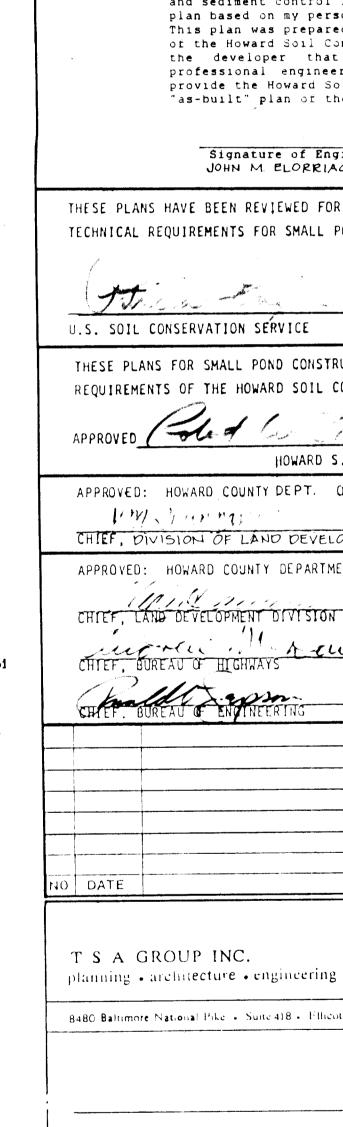
THE FACILITY

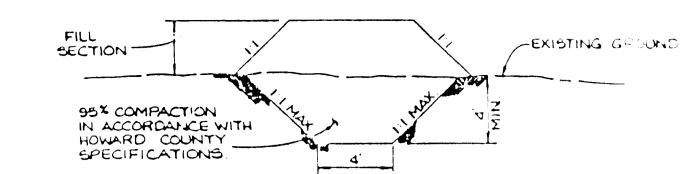




OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Inspection of the pond(s) shown hereon shall be performed at least annually, in accordance with the checklist and requirements contained within USDA, SCS "Standards And Specifications For Ponds" (MD-378). The pond owner(s) and any heirs, successors, or assigns shall be responsible for the safety of the pond and the continued operation, surveillance, inspection, and maintenance thereof. The pond owner(s) shall promptly notify the Soil Conservation District of any unusual observations that may be indications of distress such as excessive seepage, turbid seepage, sliding or slumping.





TRENCH SECTION NO SCALE

NOTE: 1. CORE TRENCH SHALL EXTEND TO IMPERVIOUS MATERIAL (CLICH) AS DETERMINED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OH SITE, AND MAY REQUIRE TO BE HAULED FROM AN OFFSITE LOCATION. 2. IF WATER IS ENCOUNTERD DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF

THE CORE TRENCH IT IS TO BE REMOVED BY FUMITING

By the Developer:

"I/We certify that all development and/or construction will by done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District."

Signature of Developer

By the Engineer:

"I certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion.

Signature of Engineer JOHN M. ELORRIAGA

THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MILT THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Date

DATE

DATE

DATE

thick	water grade of the control of the co	45.
SOLL CONSERV	ATION SERVICE	

THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET TH

REQUIREMENTS OF THE	HOWARD SOIL	. CONSERVATION	DISTRICT.		
ADDROVED A	16		<u> </u>	: 4	aje "

HOWARD S.C.D APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPT. OF PLANNING AND ZONING

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CHIEF,	DIV	1151	ON	OF	LAND	DEVELOPMENT	AND	RESEA

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

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CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS	
CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS	DATE
(Full trosm	2/11/3
CHIEF RIRFAIL OF ENGINEERING	DATE:

REVISION

8480 Baltimore National Pike . Suite 418 . Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 . (30)

OWNER
CHARLES A REESE
GEORGE A. PARROT
BAFBARA ANN FINAMORE
SUSAN M. LAZAR
%107'5 CHARTER DRIVE
COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044
DEVELOPER
SECURITY DEVELOPMENT COPP
8480 BALTIMORE NOTIONAL PIKE
SUITE 415
ELLICUTT CITY, MARYLAND 2104

SECTION DAE TAX MAP 38 - PARCEL 263 849 IST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY MARYLAND

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS POR 5-80-73 WP-01-54 P-01-10 WP-02-127 F-02-25 JULY 17, 1991 - PROJE

JAN-11, 1904 DRN. IP SCALE: AS SHOWN DRAWING ___ OF ____ DES. D. A.M.

F-92-25

