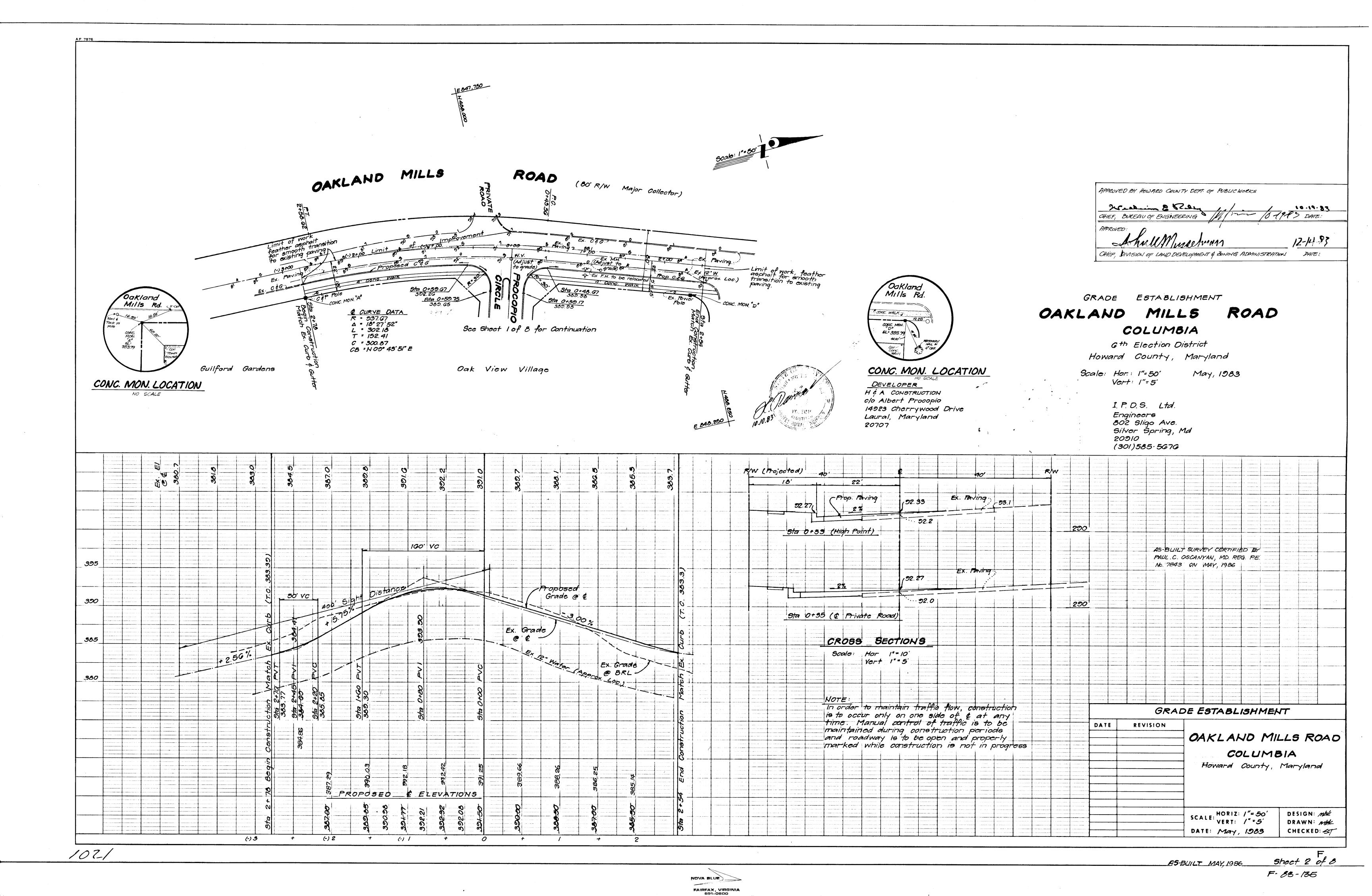
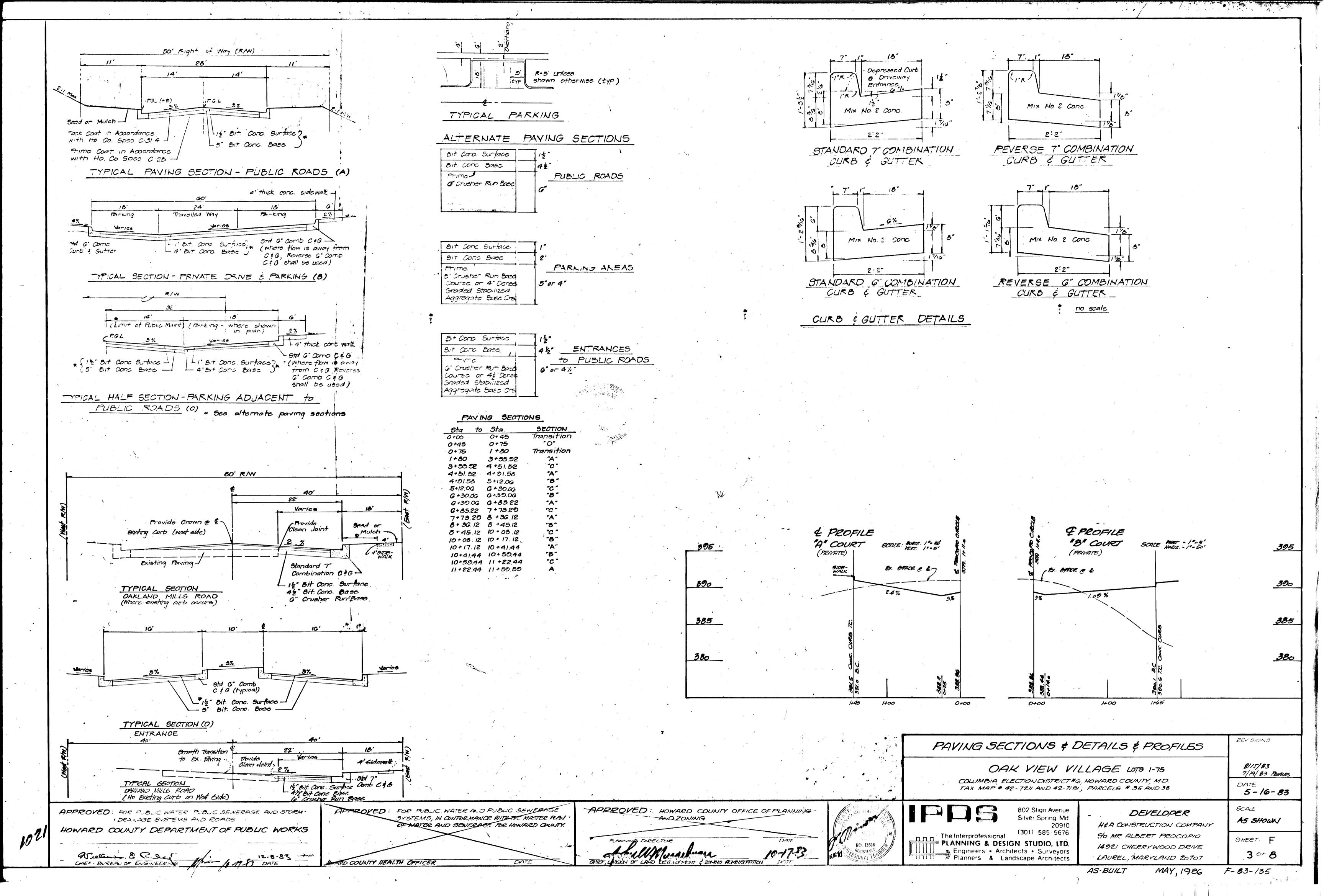
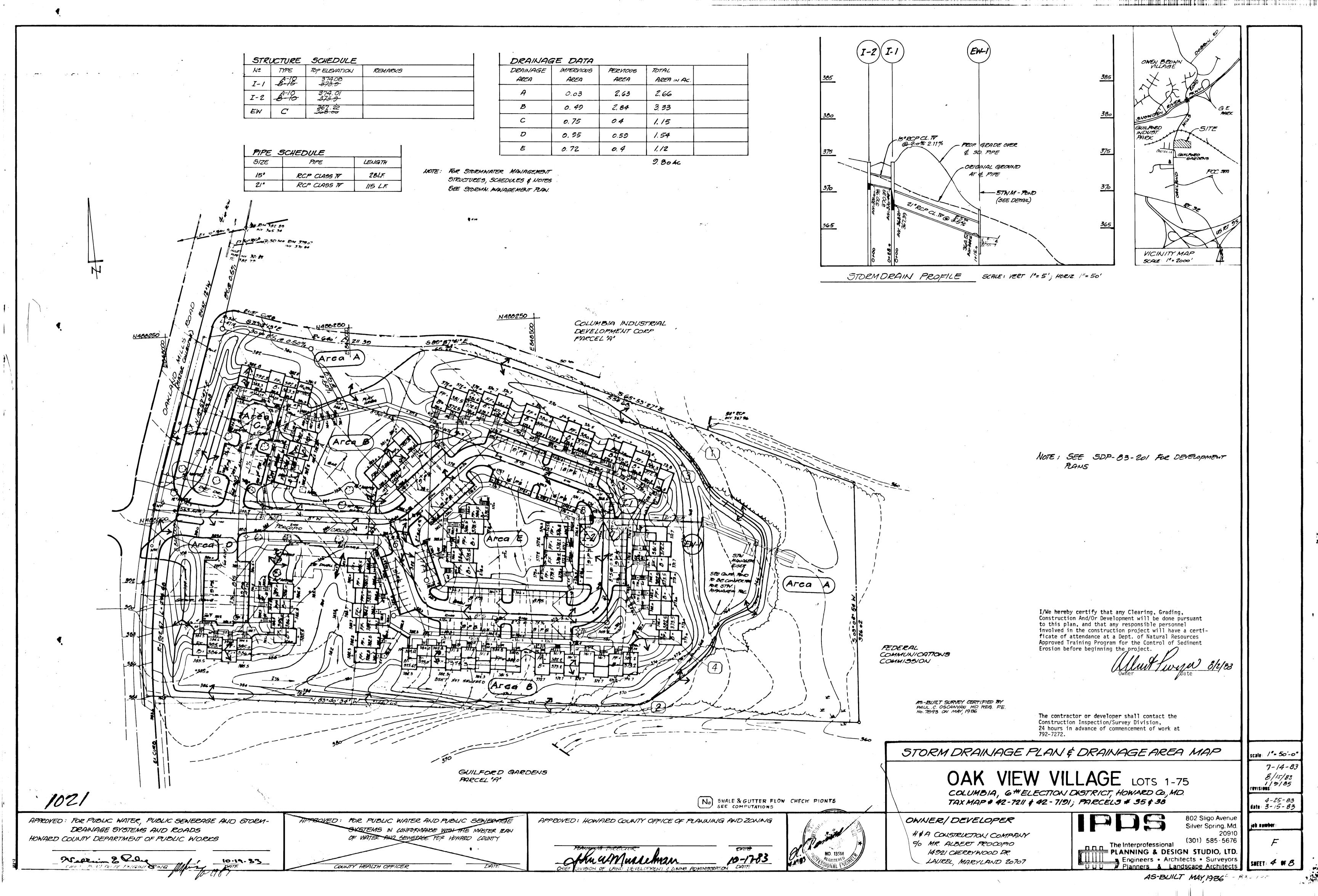


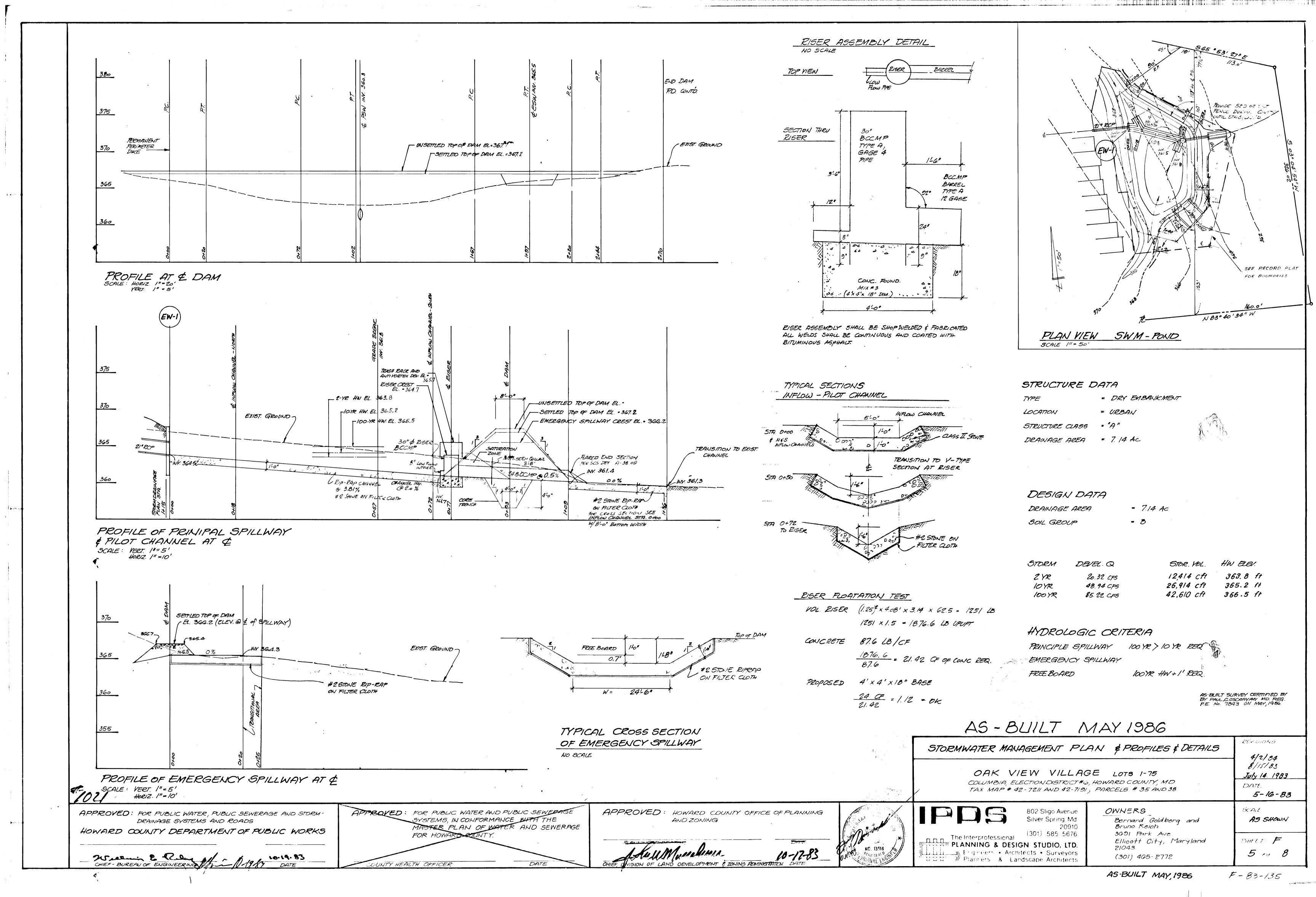
FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA 691-0800

F-83-135 AS-BUILT









CUNSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION

SITE PREPARATION

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no deeper

Areas to be covered by the pond or reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

II. EARTH FILL

MATERIAL

The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow area or areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, oversize stones, frozen or other objectionable materials. The embankment shall be constructed to an elevation which provides for anticipated settlement to the design elevation. The fill height all along the length of the embankment shall be increased above the design elevation (including freeboard) as shown on the plans.

PLACEMENT

- Application and the contract in

Caption and Caption

Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in 8-inch maximum thickness (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most porous borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment.

The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the extire surface of each lift shall be traversed by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction can be obtained with the equipment used. Compact to 95% of AASHTO T-99 density.

Where a minimum required density is specified, each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density and is to be certified by the Engineer.

CORE TRENCH

Where specified, a core trench shall be excavated along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be as shown on the drawings, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be I to I or flatter. The backfill material for the core trench shall be the most impervious material available and shall be compacted with equipment or rollers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability. Compact to 95% of AASHTO T-99 density.

III. STRUCTURAL BACKFILL

Backfill material shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe unless there is a compacted fill of twenty-four inches or greater over the structure or pipe.

IV. PIPE CONDUITS

A. CORRUGATED METAL PIPE

- 1. Materials -(Steel Pipe) This pipe and its appurtenances shall be galvanized and fully bituminous coated and shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A with water tight coupling bands. Any bituminous coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound.
- Connections All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around. Watertight coupling bands shall be used at all joints. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight.
- Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.
- Laying pipe The pipe shall be placed with inside circumferential laps pointing downstream and with the longitudinal laps at the sides.
- Backfilling shall conform to structural backfill as shown above.
- Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the

B. REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE

- Materials Reinforced concrete pipe shall have a rubber gasket joint and shall equal or exceed ASTM Specification C-361. An approved equivalent is AWWA Specification C-301.
- 2. Bedding All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 3°., or as shown on the drawings.
- Laying pipe Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and the grade of
- Backfilling shall conform to structural backfill as shown above.
- Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

V. CONCRETE STRUCTURES

Concrete structures shall meet minimum requirements set forth in the latest Maryland State Highway Administration "Specifications for Materials, Highways, Bridges, and incidental Structures", as amended.

A. CONCRETE

Article 20.07 (Portland Cement Concrete Mixtures), Mix No.3.

B. Article 20.10 (Reinforcement).

VI. STABILIZATION

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing mulching or sodding in accordance with the specifications shown hereon.

A. SOD

- Specifications Sod shall be "KY-31" Tall Fescue or Kentucky Bluegrass/ Fescue mixture or approved equal. Class of turfgrass sod shall be Maryland or Virginia state certified or approved sod.
- Site Preparation Where soil is acid or composed of heavy clays, ground lime-stone shall be spread at the rate of 100 lbs./1000 sq. ft. In all soils 5-10-5 fertilizer or approved equal shall be applied and mixed into the top 3" of soil with the required lime. Slow release nitrogen, at the rate of 3.5 1bs./1000sq. ft., shall be applied to the prepared soil immediately prior to sod installation. This material shall be approximately one-third immediately available and two-thirds water insoluble nitrogen. Urea formaldehyde (UF) and isobutylidene (IBDU) meet these standards.
- 3. Sod Installation-The first row of sod shall be laid in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to and tightly wedged against each other. Lateral joints shall be staggered to promote more uniform growth and strength. Insure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would cause air drying of the roots. On sloping areas where erosion may be a problem, sod shall be laid with long edges parallel to the contour and with staggered joints. Secure the sod by tamping and pegging or other approved methods. As sodding is completed in any one section, the entire area shall be rolled or tamped to insure solid contact or roots with the soil surface. Sod shall be watered immediately after rolling or tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. The operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod shall be completed within eight hours.

B. PERMANENT SEEDING

All disturbed areas shall be stabilized as follows:

- 1. Seedbed Preparation Loosen upper 3 inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding.
- 2. Soil Amendments Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone (185 lbs./1000 sq. ft.) and 600 lbs. per acre 0-20-20 fertilizer (14 lbs./1000 sq. ft.). Harrow or disc lime and fertilizer into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs. per acre (9.2 lbs./1000 sq. ft.) of 38-0-0 ureaform fertilizer and 500 lbs. per acre (11.5 lbs./1000 sq. ft.) of 10-20-20 fertilizer.
- 3. Seeding For the periods March 1, thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 87 lbs. per acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31, seed with 87 lbs. per acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and 2 lbs. per acre weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28, protect site by: Option (1) - 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed with 87 lbs. per acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch with 2 tons per acre well anchored straw.
- 4. Mulching Apply 1.5 to 2 tons per acre of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using 200 gallons per acre of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slope 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre for anchoring.
- 5. Maintenance Inspect all seeded areas and make needed repairs, replacements and reseeding.

TEMPORARY SEEDING

- 1. Seedbed Preparation Loosen upper 3 inches of soil by discing, raking or other acceptable means before seeding.
- 2. Soil Amendments Apply 600 lbs. per acre of 10-20-10 fertilizer.
- 3. Seeding For periods March 1 thru April 30, and from August 15 thru November 15, seed with 2.5 bushels per acre annual rye. For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs. per acre of weeping lovegrass.
- 4. Mulching Same as permanent seeding.

VII. EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized, as shown on these plans and as set forth in the latest "Standards & Specifications for Soil Erosion and Scliment Control in Developing Areas" of the Soil Conservation Service of Maryland, Howard County Soil Conservation District, as amended.

/III. FENCING

Fencing shall be 42" high chain link fence constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Administration Standard Details 690.01 and 690.02. The specifications for a 6'-0" fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6'-8" line posts.

IX. INSPECTION

Contractor shall notify the engineer a minimum of 5 working days prior to starting any work shown on these plans.

X. GENERAL

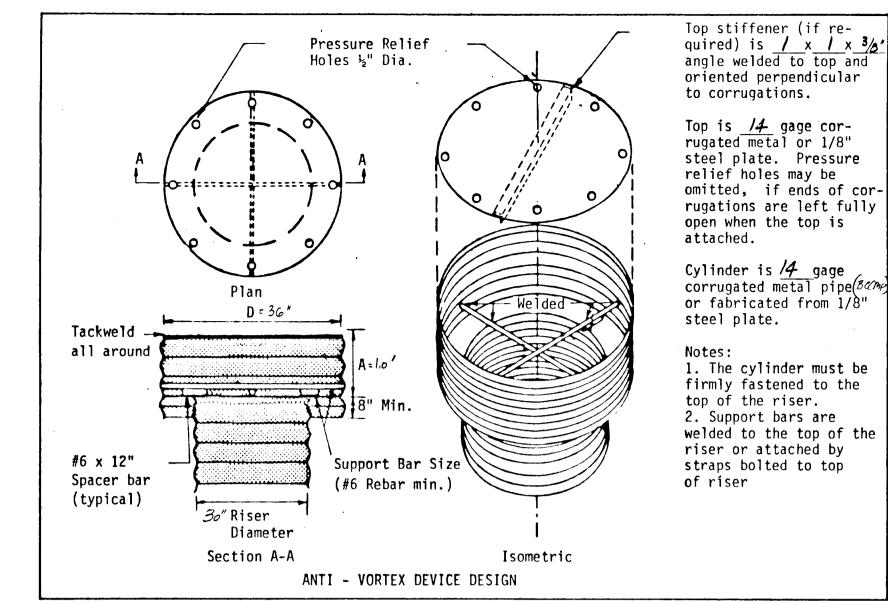
CUNTY HEALTH OFFICER

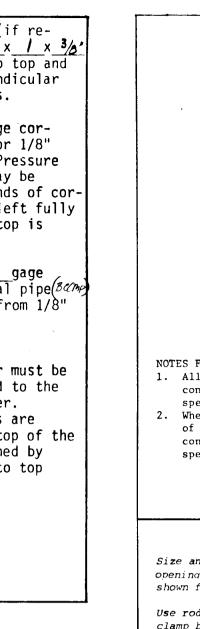
Unless otherwise noted, all materials and construction practices shall conform to the following:

1. "Standard Specifications and Details for Construction" of the Howard County Maryland Department of Public Works, as amended.

DATE

- 2. "Specifications for Materials, Highways, Bridges, and Incidental Structures" of the Maryland State Highway Administration, as amended.
- 3. "Standard and Specificatins for Ponds" of the Soil Conservation Service of Maryland (MD-378), July, 1981 and as amended.





Weld both sides Corrugated metal sheet welded to center of band B ♣ ELEVATION OF UNASSEMBLED COLLAR SECTION B-B NOTES FOR COLLARS: Unassembled collars shall be marked by 1. All materials to be in accordance with painting or tagging to identify matching construction and construction material specifications. 4. The lap between the two half sections When specified on the plans, coating and between the pipe and connecting band of collars shall be in accordance with shall be caulked with asphalt mastic at construction and construction material time of installation. 5. Each collar shall be furnished with two specifications. 1/2" diameter rods with standard tank lugs for connecting collars to pipe. DETAILS OF CORRUGATED METAL ANTI-SEEP COLLAR Weld 1 1/8"x1 1/8"x1/8" angles to collar or bend a 90° angle 1 1/8" wide as Size and spacing of slotted shown in drawing openings shall be the same as NOTE FOR BANDS AND COLLARS: shown for CM collar Modifications of the details Use rods and lugs to shown may be used providing equal watertightness is clamp bands securely maintained and detailed to pipe drawings are submitted and approved by the Engineer prior to delivery. Band of helical pipe Sheet metal collar shall be cut to fi corrugations of helical band, and Metal collar to be welded with a continuous weld. welded to center of helical pipe band NOTE: For details of fabrication dimensions, minimum gages, slotted holes, and notes, see detail above. DETAILS OF HELICAL PIPE ANTI-SEEP COLLAR NOTE: Two other types of anti-seep collars are: 1. Corrugated metal, similar to upper detail, except shop welded to a short (4 ft.) section of the pipe and connected with connecting bands to the pipe. PARTIAL ELEVATION 2. Concrete, six inches thick formed around the pipe with #3 rebar spaced 15" horizontally and vertically Ref: Engr. Field Manual

Collar to be of same gage as the

1/2" x 2" slotted holes for 3/8"

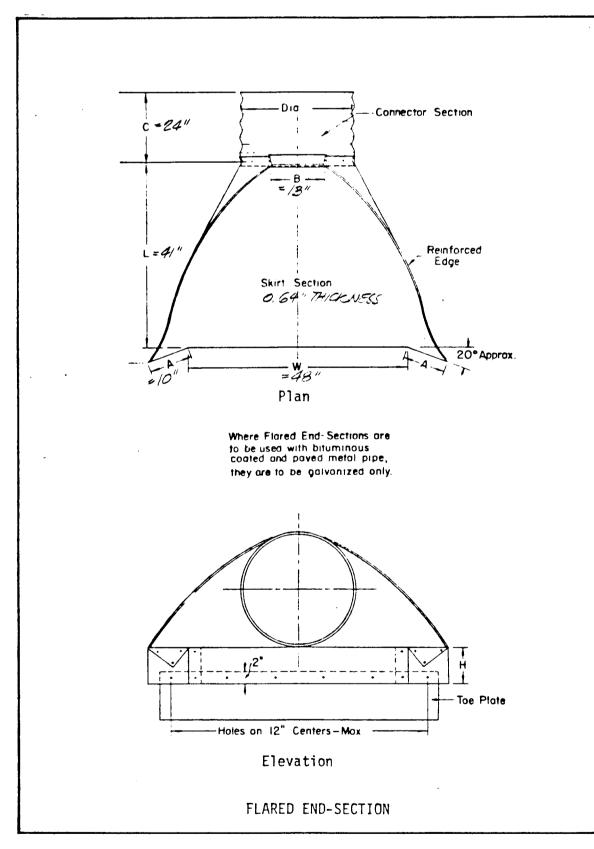
pipe with which it is used.

Install collar with

corrugations vertical

Continuous

Including Pipe B | Space | 2



The contractor or developer shall contact the Construction Inspection/Survey Division, 24 hours in advance of commencement of work at

I/We hereby certify that any Clearing, Grading, Construction And/Or Development will be done pursuant to this plan, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a certificate of attendance at a Dept. of Natural Resources Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment Erosion before beginning the project.

Chul Tweeper 8/2/83

802 Sligo Avenue Silver Spring, Md The Interprofessional

OAK VIEW VILLAGE

(301) 585 5676 PLANNING & DESIGN STUDIO, LTD.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SPECS & DETAILS

COLUMBIA, ELECTION DISTRICT #G, HOWARD COUNTY, MD TAX MAP # 42-7211 AND 42-7191, PARCELS # 35 AND 38 5-16-83 OWNERS SCALL Bernard Goldberg and Bruno Reich 3691 Park Ave Ellicott City, Maryland SHEE! F 21043 6 .. 8 (301) 465 2772 TITU 7 Planners & Landscape Architects

LOTS 1-75

7-1021

APPROVED: FOR PUBLIC WATER, PUBLIC SEWERAGE AND STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND ROADS

HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Wienin & Red. 10-17-83 CHIEF - BUREAU OF ENGINEERING

APPROVED:

FOR PUBLIC WATER AND PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEMS, IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MASTER TALLOF WATER AND SEWERAGE FOR HOWARD CO.

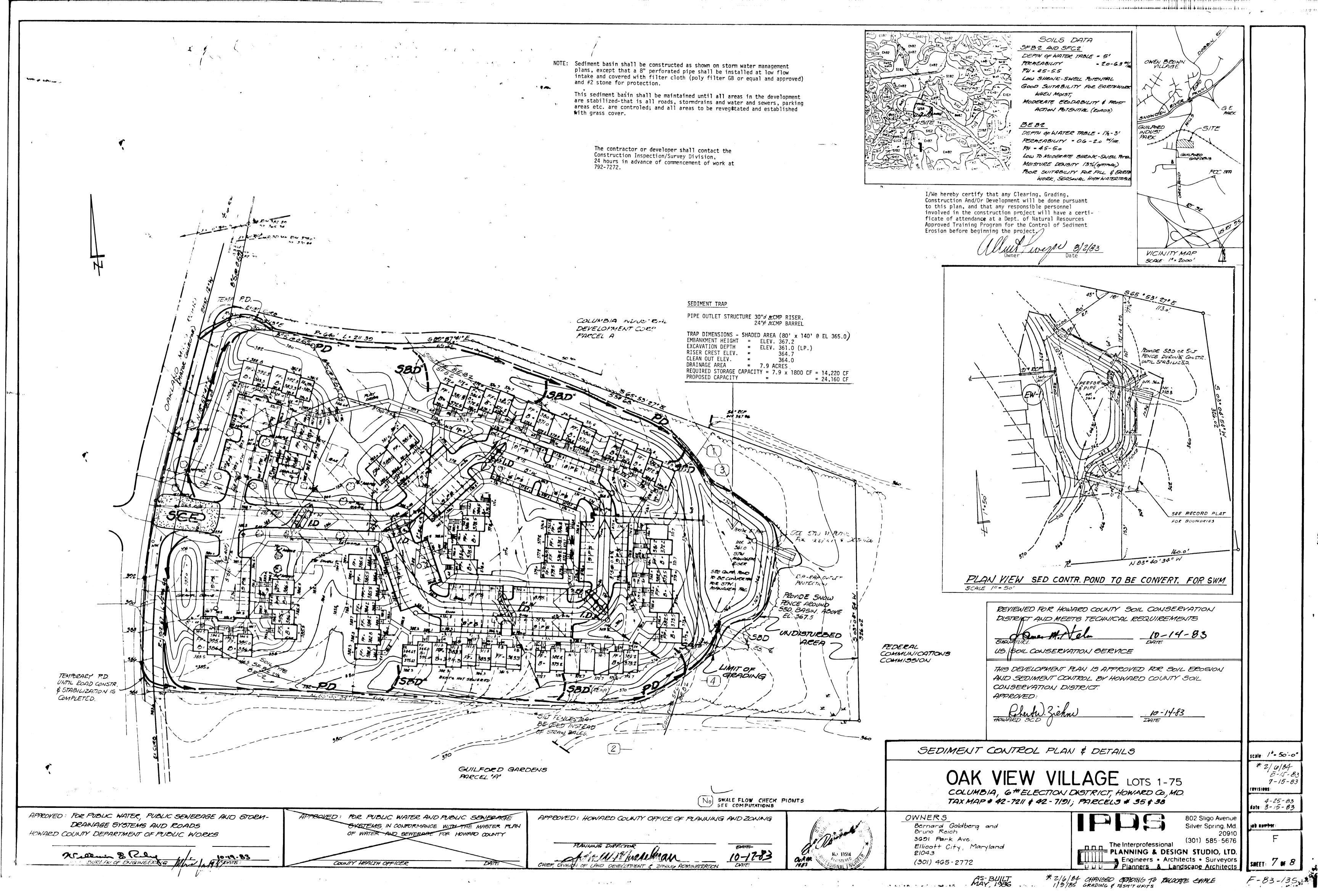
APPROVED. HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF PLANNING AND ZONING

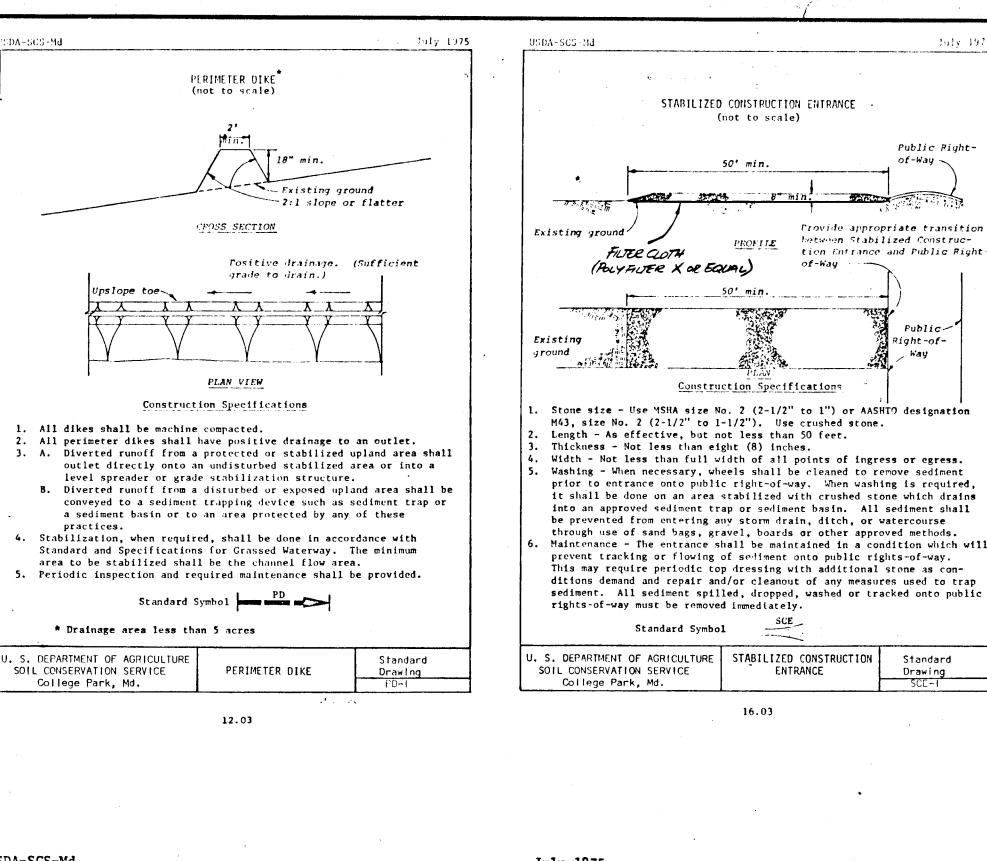
DEVELOPMENT & TONING ADMINISTRATION DATE

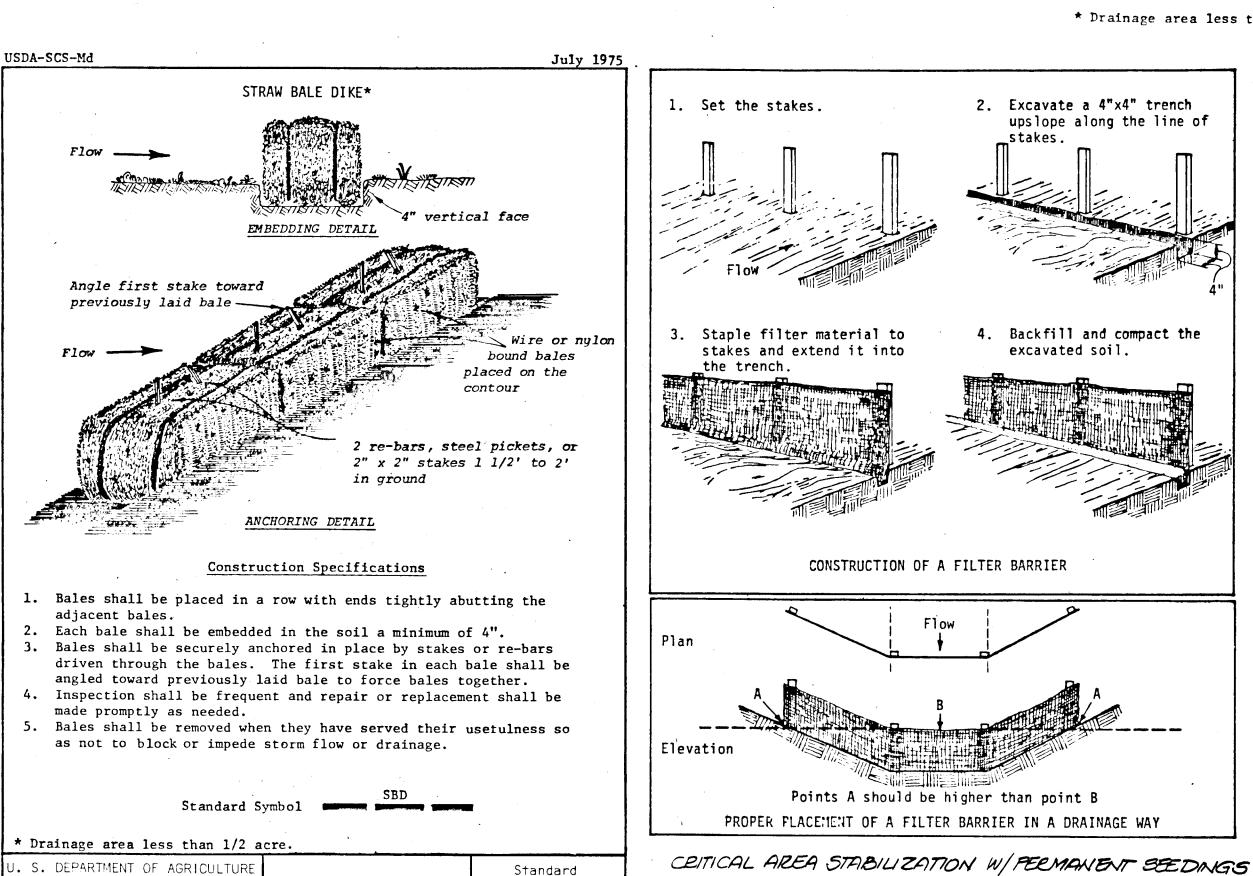
AS-BUILT MAY, 1986 F-83-135

7/14/83

8/15/83







Drawing

Minimum soil conditions needed for the establishment and maintenance of a long-lived vegetative cover:

- A. Enough fine-grained materials (over 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold at least a moderate amount of available moisture. Noticeable exception would be planting lovegrass and sericea lespedeza which can be planted on a sandier soil.
- B. Sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.
- C. The soil shall be free from any material harmful to plant growth.

I. Site Preparation

- A. Install needed erosion control practices such as interceptor dikes, berms and spreaders, contour riving, erosion stops, channel liners and sediment basins.
- B. Grade as needed and feasible to permit the use of conventional equipment for seedbed preparation, seeding, mulch application, anchoring and maintenance.

Right Way Outlet onto stabilized area or into Property Line or sediment trapping device, as required. Limits if Right-of-Way PLAN VIEW Construction Specifications 1. All dikes shall be machine compacted. 2. All interceptor dikes shall have positive drainage to an outlet. 3. Top width may be wider and side slopes may be flatter if desired to • facilitate crossing by construction traffic. 4. Field location should be adjusted as needed to utilize a stabilized safe outlet.

INTERCEPTOR DIKE

Existing or

Graded Right-of-Way

(not to scale)

CROSS SECTION

7/ 2' min.

2:1 slopes or flatter

- 5. Interceptor dikes shall have an outlet that functions with a minimum of erosion. Runoff shall be conveyed to a sediment trapping device such as a sediment trap or sediment basin when either the interceptor dike channel or the drainage area above the dike are not adequately stabilized. 6. Stabilization, as specified by the plans, shall be: (1) in accordance
- with Standard and Specifications for Grassed Waterway, and the area to be stabilized shall be the channel (flow area); or (2) the flow area shall be lined with stone that meets MSHA size No. 2 or AASHTO size No. 2 or 24 which is placed in a 3 inch thick layer and pressed into the soil. The area covered by the stone shall be as shown on Standard Drawing DD-1.
- 7. Periodic inspection and required maintenance must be provided.
- Standard Symbol * Drainage area less than 5 acres.

2. Excavate a 4"x4" trench upslope along the line of 4. Backfill and compact the

July 1975

Public Right-

Standard

Flat areas and slopes up to 3 to 1 grade shall be loose and friable to a depth of a t least 3 inches. The top layer of soil shall be loosened by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding.

Slopes steeper than 3 to 1 shall have the top 1-3 inches of soil loose and friable before seeding.

III. Soil Amendments

Seedbed Preparation

Apply 2 tons dolomitic limestone and 600 pounds 0-20-20, or equivalent per acre before seeding. Harrow or disc lime and 0-20-20, or equivalent fertilizer uniformly into the soil to minimum depth of 3 inches on slopes flatter than 3 to 1. On slopes of greater than 3 to 1 grade, the lime and fertilizer shall be worked in as directed by the contracting officer. On sloping land, the final harrowing or discing operation should be on the contour wherever feasible. No attempt should be made to drag any disced area to make the soil surface very smooth after discing. At time of seeding, apply 400 pounds 38-0-0 ureaform fertilizer and 500 pounds 10-20-20, or equivalent fertilizer per acre.

Seeding

A. Mixture to be KY #31.

B. Apply seed uniformly with a cyclone seeder, drill, cultipacker seeder or hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer) on a firm, moist seedbed. Maximum seeding depth should be 1/4 inch on clayey soils and 1/2 inch on sandy soils, when using other than hydroseeder method of application.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- 1. THE DEVELOPER SHALL NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE AT LEAST 24 HOURS PRIOR
- TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION SHOWN HEREON. 2. SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURE MUST BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO GRADING OPERATION AND STABILIZED ACCORDING TO NOTE " STABILIZATION"
- 3. ALL DISTURBED AREAS ON THE BALANCE OF THE SITE SHALL BE STABILIZED AS STATED ABOVE IN NOTE "STABILIZATION"
- 4. THE DEVELOPER SHALL, INSTALL DEVICES, DETAILED ON THIS PLAN, TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM REACHING EXISTING STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT BEGIN ANY CONSTRUCTION SHOWN ON THESE PLANS UNTIL AN APPROVED GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN HAS BEEN PLACED ON FILE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
- 6. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE TAKEN IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLANS AND THE CRITERIA &
- COUNTY S.C.D. 7. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE ADJUSTED TO MEET FIELD REQUIREMENTS & CONDITIONS AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUC-TION & TO BE CONSTRUCTED & STABILIZED PRIOR TO ANY GRADING
- OR DISTURBANCE OF EXISTING SURFACE MATERIAL OF THE SITE. 8. PERIODIC INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE OF ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES SHALL BE PROVIDED BY DEVELOPER TO INSURE THAT THE INTENDED PURPOSE IS BEING ACCOMPLISHED. THE DEVELOPER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL SEDIMENT LEAVING THE PROPERTY
- AND FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED OFF SITE BY THE SAME. 9. THE DEVELOPER SHALL CLEAN OUT SEDIMENT BASINS WHEN SILT LEVEL REACHES THE CLEAN OUT POINT AS DESIGNATED. A PAINTED YELLOW LINE SHALL BE PLACED IN THE BASIN RISER AT THE ELEVATION COMPUTED AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 10. DURING GRADING OPERATIONS THOSE AREAS WITHIN \pm 1.0 FOOT OF FINISHED GRADE SHALL REMAIN UNDISTURBED AS WELL AS THOSE AREAS SHOWN ON THE SITE PLAN TO BE KEPT UNDISTURBED.
- 11. CUT & FILL SLOPES SHALL BE PROTECTED AGAINST STORMWATER RUNDFF BY SLOPING THE GROUND ALONG THEIR UPPER SIDE AWAY FROM THE SLOPE. SLOPES SHALL BE STABILIZED BY SEEDING & MULCHING AS SOON AS PRACTICAL AFTER GRADING. STABILIZATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NOTE "STABILIZATION" & SCS SPECIFICATIONS. PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION IS AS FOLLOWS:

TEMPORARY- ALL BERMS, BASINS, INTERCEPTOR DIKES & OTHER REMOVABLE ELEMENTS UP TO ONE (1) YEAR. PERMANENT- ALL OTHER DISTURBED AND/OR ERODIBLE AREAS. 12. POLYFILTER-X SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDER ALL RIP-RAP TO HOLD

- SOIL IN PLACE. 13. ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS SHALL BE CLOSED DURING CONSTRUCTION OR STORM WATER SHALL BE DIVERTED INTO SEDIMENT BASINS.
- 14. ALL ELEVATIONS ON SEDIMENT STRUCTURES SHOWN THUS:
- 15. ALL STRUCTURAL SEDIMENT MEASURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM HOWARD COUNTY S.C.D.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND STABILIZE BERM. (10 DAYS 2. GRADE LOTS AND STREETS. (30 DAYS) 3. BEGIN HOUSING CONSTRUCTION. 4. INSTALL WATER AND SEWER. (60 DAYS) 5. CONSTRUCT STORM DRAINAGE AND PAVEMENT. PROTECT ALL (180 DAYS) STORM DRAIN INLETS PER REQUIREMENTS OF S.C.S. COMPLETE HOUSING CONSTRUCTION. (180 DAYS) 7. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS PERMANENTLY AND REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. REPAIR AND STABILIZE AFTER
- 8. Sequence of conversion of sediment basin to stormwater management facility.

SEDIMENT CONTROL FACILITIES HAVE BEEN REMOVED.

Upon stabilization of all areas the riser outlet sediment basin shall be converted to the stormwater management facility as shown on plans as follows: 1. Drain basin of all water (or pump out, if STANDING WATER IS PESSENT) 2. Clear basin of all sediment and remove perforated 8" pipe including filter cloth and #2 stone protection.

Install rip-rap channel and clean out outfall channel, if required. 4. Stabilizae remaining area of basin.

"STABILIZATION"

TEMPORARY (SEE NOTE 11 FOR APPLICABLE AREAS) ACCORDING TO SCS '' STANDARDS & SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL IN URBANIZING AREAS" SEC. 3.000:

- 1. SITE PREPARATION-SO AS TO ALLOW USE OF CONVENTIONAL SEEDBED PREPARATION EQUIP-
- 2. APPLY:
- A. DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE 2000 LBS./AC. B. 10-10-10 FERTILIZER 500-800 LBS./AC.
- 3. HARROW TO A DEPTH OF 3" 4. SEED WITH KENTUCKY-31 AT RATE OF 60 LBS PER ACRE.
- 5. MULCH WITH STRAW ATTA RATE OF 2.5 TONS/ACRE IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING & TACK WITH ASPHALT.

PERMANENT STABILIZATION-ALL AREAS FLATTER THAN 3:1

- ACCORDING TO TEMPORARY EXCEPT FOR FOLLOWING: 1. APPLY IN ADDITION TO LIMESTONE & FERTILIZER,
 - 0-20-0 @500-1000 LBS./ACRE.
 - 2. SEED WITH
 - A. CERTIFIED MERION BLUEGRASS @ 40LBS/AC.
 - B. COMMON KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS @ 40LBS/AC. C. PENNLAWN RED FESCUE @ 20LBS/AC. 3. MULCH AS IN "TEMPORARY"

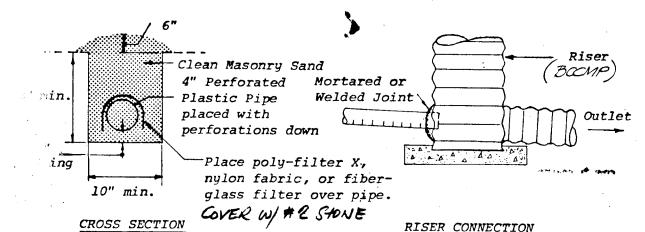
- PERMANENT STABILIZATION-AREAS STEEPER THAN 3:1 ACCORDING TO ABOVE EXCEPT FOR FOLLOWING:
 - 1. SEÈD WITH A. KENTUCKY 31 a 40 LBS./ACRE
 - B. CROWN VETCH (INOCULATED) a 40 LBS/ACRE 2. FERTILIZE & MULCH AS STATED ABOVE

DEVELOPERS ε ENGINEERS CERTIFICATIONS I CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND/OR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT & PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED NECESSARY. DEVIATIONS FORM THIS PLAN WILL NOT BE MADE UNLESS AUTHORIZED

BY THE HOWARD COUNTY S.C.D. SIGNATURE OF DÉVELOPER

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD COUNTY S.C.D.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER



DRAIN PIPE IN TRENCH

DEWATERING OF SEDIMENT BASIN W/ DRAIN IN PLACE OF LOW FLOW INTAKE FOR SWM RISER.

V. Mulching

A. Materials and Amounts

1. Straw - Straw shall be unrotted small grain straw applied at the rate of 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre, or 70 to 90 pounds per 1,000 sq. ft. Mulch materials shall be relatively free of all kinds of weeds and shall be free of prohibited noxious weeds which are: Canada thistle, Johnsongrass and quackgrass.

Spread uniformly by hand or mechanically. For uniform distribution of hand spread mulch, divide area into approximately 1,000 sq. ft. section and place 70-90 lbs. of mulch in each

B. Mulch anchoring shall be accomplished immediately after mulch placement to minimize loss by wind or water.

Mulch Anchoring Tool - A tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the surface 2 inches of soil. This practice affords manimum erosion control but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. Tracking - primarily used on > 3:1 cut and fill slopes to cut the mulch into the soil with bulldozer cleats.

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD COUNTY S.C.D. AND MEETS TECHNI AL REQUIREMENTS OIL CONSERVATION SERVICE DATE

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

10-14-83 APPROVED

HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

REVISIONS SEDIMENT CONTROL SPECS. & DETAILS 7-14-83 8-15-83 OAK VIEW VILLAGE LOTS 1-75 COLUMBIA, ELECTION DISTRICT #G, HOWARD COUNTY, MD.

DATE TAX MAP # 42-7211 AND 42-7191; PARCELS # 35 AND 38 5/16/1983 OWNERS SCALE. 802 Sligo Avenue Bernard Goldberg and Silver Spring, Md.

Bruno Reich 3091 Fark Ave. Ellicott City, Maryland 21043

SHEET: F 8 OF 8

APPROVED: FOR PUBLIC WATER PUBLIC SEWERAGE AND STORM-DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND ROADS

STRAW BALE DIKE

The developer is responsible for the acquisition of all required

easements, rights, and/or rights-of-way pursuant to the discharge

ment practices and the discharge of stormwater onto or across and

grading or other work to be performed on adjacent or downstream

All areas shall be permanently stabilized when site development work, grading and/or other related construction-related activities,

cease to be continuous or ongoing for periods exceeding 49 days.

These disturbed areas shall be stabilized in accordance with the

in Developing Areas." The inplace sediment control measures will

be maintained on a continuing basis until the site is permanently

stabilized and all permit requirements are met.

"Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control

from the sediment and erosion control practices, stormwater manage-

HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

College Park, Md.

properties affected by this plan.

Weshin & Ray 10-19-83 CHIEF - BUREAU OF ENGINEERING

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF PLANNING AND ZONING

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