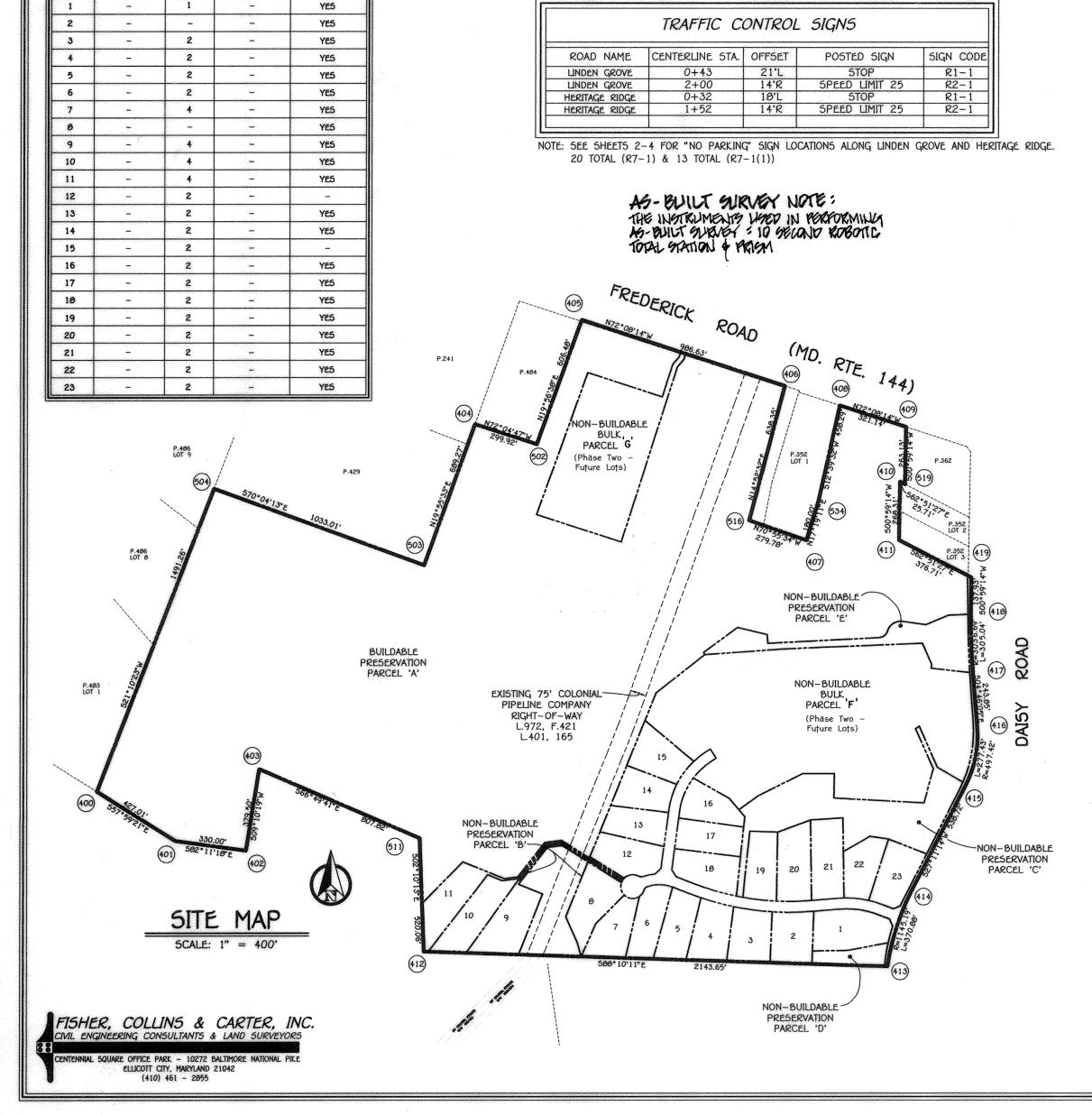
SHEET INDEX 2 LINDEN GROVE - PLAN AND PROFILE LINDEN GROVE - PROFILE & HERITAGE RIDGE - PLAN AND PROFILI 4 ROADWAY DETAILS 5-7 STREET TREE, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN 8-9 SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS 10-11 LANDSCAPE PLAN 12 LANDSCAPE NOTES & DETAILS 13-19 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES AND DETAILS PRIVATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS 21-23 STORM DRAIN PROFILES 24-26 FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN 27 STORM DRAIN DRAINAGE AREA MAP 28 DAISY ROAD WIDENING - PLAN AND PROFILE 29 DAISY ROAD WIDENING - CROSS SECTIONS 31 CULVERT DETAILS & GUARDRAIL DETAILS 32 | SEDIMENT TRAP DETAILS

LOT No.	STREET ADDRESS
LOT 1	15605 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 2	15609 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 3	15613 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 4	15617 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 5	15621 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 6	15625 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 7	15629 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 8	15633 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 9	15641 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 10	15645 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 11	15649 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 12	1401 HERITAGE RIDGE OR 15636 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 13	1405 HERITAGE RIDGE
LOT 14	1409 HERITAGE RIDGE
LOT 15	1413 HERITAGE RIDGE
LOT 16	1410 HERITAGE RIDGE
LOT 17	1406 HERITAGE RIDGE
LOT 18	1402 HERITAGE RIDGE OR 15628 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 19	15620 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 20	15616 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 21	15612 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 22	15608 LINDEN GROVE
LOT 23	15604 LINDEN GROVE
PARCEL 'A'	15700 LINDEN GROVE

* DENOTES CORNER LOT - STREET ADDRESS TO BE



ROAD NAME

ROADWAY INFORMATION CHART

DESIGN SPEED

30 M.P.H.

POSTED SPEED LIMIT R/W WIDTH

25 M.P.H.

CLASSIFICATION

PUBLIC ACCESS STREET

FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

LINDEN GROVE PHASE ONE

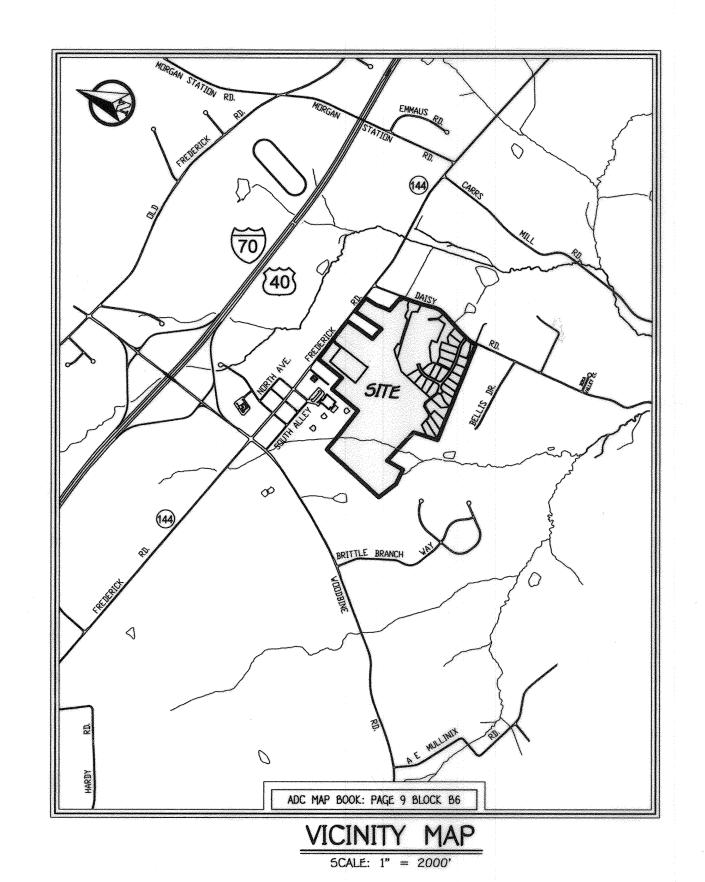
LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A',

NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND

NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G'

ZONED: RC-DEO

TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5

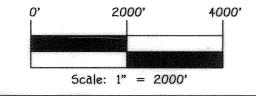


4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DENSITY TABULATION

- 1. TRACT AREA = 176.600 ACRES 2. FLOODPLAIN AREA = 6.204 ACRES
- 3. STEEP SLOPES AREA = 0.60 ACRES
- 4. NET TRACT AREA = 169.076 ACRES (176.600 AC - 6.204 AC. - 0.60 AC.)
- 5. DENSITY ALLOWED BY MATTER OF RIGHT: 176.680 ACRES X 1 DWELLING UNIT/4.25 ACRES = 41.57 or 41 SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED UNITS.
- 6. BONUS DENSITY ALLOWED PER SEC. 104.0.G.c.2 IS ONE (1) ADDITIONAL LOT PER 25 ACRES GROSS OF PRESERVATION PARCEL CREATED. PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' = 113.032 AC.
- BONUS DENSITY ALLOWED = 113.832/25 = 4.55 OR FOUR (4) LOTS 7. TOTAL NUMBER OF PROPOSED DWELLING UNITS = 45 UNITS
- (44 CLUSTER LOTS + 1 BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL)
- 8. PHASE ONE SUPPORTING TABULATION; TOTAL AREA TO BE RECORDED = 176.680 Ac. ± TOTAL No. OF PROPOSED UNITS = 24

(23 LOTS + 1 BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A') TOTAL LAND USE REQUIRED TO SUPPORT 24 UNITS = 24 x 4.25 = 102.00 Ac. \pm TOTAL AREA OF PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A', 'B', 'C', 'Q', 'E' = 118.528 Ac. *
TOTAL AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & G' (Future Lots) = 29.131 Ac. *



KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615

DEVELOPER: 15950 NORTH AVENUE LISBON, MARYLAND 21765 AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.

DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION AW

9.23.20 Revise All sheet Numbers to lot 33

REVISIONS

DESCRIPTION

Chr. K Seelwole

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS

1/18/2019

3-20-19

DATE

- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 40 HOURS PRIOR
- b. THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE AND MUST BE FIELD APPROVED BY HOWARD COUNTY TRAFFIC DIVISION (410-313-2430) PRIOR TO THI
- d. ALL SIGN POSTS USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS INSTALLED IN THE COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A 2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED ("QUICK PUNCH"), SQUARE TUBE POS (14 GAUGE) INSERTED INTO A 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE SLEEVE (12 GAUGE) 3' LONG. THE ANCHOR SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN TWO "QUICK PUNCH" HOLES ABOVED. 5. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL DATUM IS BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS:

V CONTROL STATION NO. 00 DA N 606,934.10 ELEV. 554.036 7 V CONTROL STATION NO. 08 GB N 603,764.82 ELEV. 570.387 ► 49-EUIU

- 6. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY MARS GROUP DATED APRIL 19, 2016 AND WAS APPROVED UNDER 5P-17-003.
- BACKGROUND INFORMATION: A. SUBDIVISION NAME: LINDEN GROVI B. TAX MAP NO.: 8 C. PARCEL NO.: 5
- D. ZONING: RC-DEO E. ELECTION DISTRICT: FOURTH
- F. TOTAL TRACT AREA: 176.600 AC. ±
 G. NET AREA = 169.076 AC. ±
- AREA OF STEEP SLOPES 25% AND GREATER = 0.60 AC. + (OUTSIDE FLOODPLAIN) I. NO. OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 23 (PHASE ONE)
 J. NO. OF BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS:
- K. NO. OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 4 L. NO. OF NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS: 2
- N. AREA OF BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: III.371 AC. O. AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 7.157 P. AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS: 29.131 AC. +
- Q TOTAL AREA OF ROADWAY TO BE DEDICATED: 3.156 AC.+
- 5. AREA OF FLOODPLAIN: 6.204 AC.+ 8. NO CEMETERIES EXIST WITHIN THIS SUBDIVISION.
- 9. ALL FILL AREAS WITHIN ROADWAYS AND UNDER STRUCTURES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% COMPACTION OF AASHTO T-180.
- 10. PROPERTY ZONED RC-DEO PER 10/6/13 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN. 11. AS PER SECTION 104.0.G.4(c) OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS. ONLY ONE EASEMENT HOLDER IS REQUIRED FOR PRESERVATION PARCELS THAT ARE BEING CREATE
- SOLELY FOR SWM FACILITIES, DEEDED TO HOWARD COUNTY OR DEEDED TO THE HOA WITH THE EASEMENT HELD BY THE COUNTY.
 - OWNED: HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION EASEMENT HOLDER(S): HOWARD COUNTY, MD.
- D. NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'D'
- OWNED: HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION EASEMENT HOLDER(S): HOWARD COUNTY, MD. USE: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT
- 12 SOILS INFORMATION TAKEN FROM NOCS WER SOIL SHOVEY
- 13. FOREST STAND & WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT WAS PREPARED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS, INC. AND WAS APPROVED UNDER 5P-17-003 ON SEPTEMBER 11, 2017 14. THERE ARE STEEP SLOPES OF 25% OR GREATER ON SITE OF 0.60 ACRES.
- 15. A BARN WITH ACCESSORY STRUCTURES EXIST ON-SITE ON BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' AND ARE PLANNED TO REMAIN.
- 6. SITE IS ADJACENT TO TWO SCENIC ROADS (DAISY ROAD & FREDERICK ROAD. A SCENIC ROADS REPORT HAS BEEN 17. PRIVATE RANGE OF ADDRESS SIGN ASSEMBLIES SHALL BE FABRICATED AND INSTALLED BY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS AT THE DEVELOPERS/OWNERS EXPENSE FOR
- THE USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY. LOCATED AT THE CUL-DE-SAC OF LINDEN GROVE. CONTACT HOWARD COUNTY TRAFFIC DIVISION AT 410-313-5752 FOR DETAILS AND COST ESTIMATES. 18. FOR FLAG OR PIPESTEM LOTS, REFUSE COLLECTION, SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE ARE PROVIDED TO THE JUNCTION OF THE FLAG OR PIPESTEM AND ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE AND NOT TO THE PIPESTEM LOT DRIVEWAY.
- 19. ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION FOR THE LINDEN GROVE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. WILL BE FILED WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS AND TAXATION PRIOR TO RECORDATION OF THE FINAL PLAT 20. ALL EXISTING WELL AND SEPTIC SYSTEMS WHICH ARE NOT UTILIZED IN THE LOT DESIGN WILL BE ABANDONED PRIOR TO RECORDATION OF THE FINAL PLAT.
- 21. ZZ THIS AREA DESIGNATES A PRIVATE SEWERAGE AREA OF AT LEAST 10,000 SQUARE FEET AS REQUIRED BY THE MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT FOR INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE DISPOSAL IMPROVEMENTS OF ANY NATURE IN THIS AREA ARE RESTRICTED UNTIL PUBLIC SEWERAGE IS AVAILABLE. THESE AREAS SHALL BECOME NULL AND VOID UPON CONNECTION TO A PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEM. THE COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO GRANT ADJUSTMENTS TO THE PRIVATE SEWERAGE AREA. RECORDATION OF A MODIFIED AREA
- 22. THE LOTS SHOWN HEREON COMPLY WITH THE MINIMUM OWNERSHIP WIDTH AND LOT AREA AS REQUIRED BY THE MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT.
- 23. ANY CHANGES TO THE PRIVATE SEWERAGE AREA SHALL REQUIRE A REVISED PERC CERTIFICATION PLAN. 24. NO GRADING, REMOVAL OF VEGETATIVE COVER OR TREES, PAVING AND NEW STRUCTURES SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF WETLANDS, STREAM(S), OR THEIR REQUIRED BUFFERS,
- 25. THE 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN DELINEATED ON THIS PLAN HAS BEEN DETERMINED TO BE "NOT CRITICAL" BASED ON A REPORT PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS AND CARTER, INC.
- 27. THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND FOREST ACT. NO, CLEARING,
- GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS; HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT ARE ALLOWED.
- AFFORESTATION. THERE IS NO SURETY FOR FOREST RETENTION. SURETY FOR ON-SITE PLANTING IS \$267,241.00, (12.27 ac. x 43,560 sq.ff. x \$0.50). 28. PERIMETER LANDSCAPING FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AND LANDSCAPE MANUAL. FINANCIAL SURETY
- IN THE AMOUNT OF \$30,390.00 (PHASE ONE LANDSCAPING) FOR 96 SHADE TREES, 9 EVERGREEN TREES & 8 SHRUBS HAVE BEEN PROVIDED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT.
 PHASE TWO LANDSCAPING WILL BE ADDRESSED WITH THE LANDSCAPE PLAN ASSOCIATED WITH THE PHASE TWO FINAL ROAD DRAWINGS. FUTURE PERIMETER P-4 WILL BE PLANTED WITH EXTRA LANDSCAPING FOR
- 29. FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE REQUIRED 94 STREET TREES IN THE AMOUNT OF \$28,200.00 HAS BEEN PROVIDED WITH THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT. 30. THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS HAVE BEEN APPROVED.
- 31. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY INFORMATION SHOWN IS BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY AERIAL CONTOURS AND SUPPLEMENTED WITH A FIELD RUN TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY PERFORMED
- ON OR ABOUT 7/21/16 BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. 32. BOUNDARY INFORMATION IS BASED ON A SURVEY PERFORMED ON OR ABOUT 11/11/14 BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.
- 33. THIS PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT, PRIVATE WELL AND SEPTIC WILL BE UTILIZED FOR THIS PROJECT

12/12/18

Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents

were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly

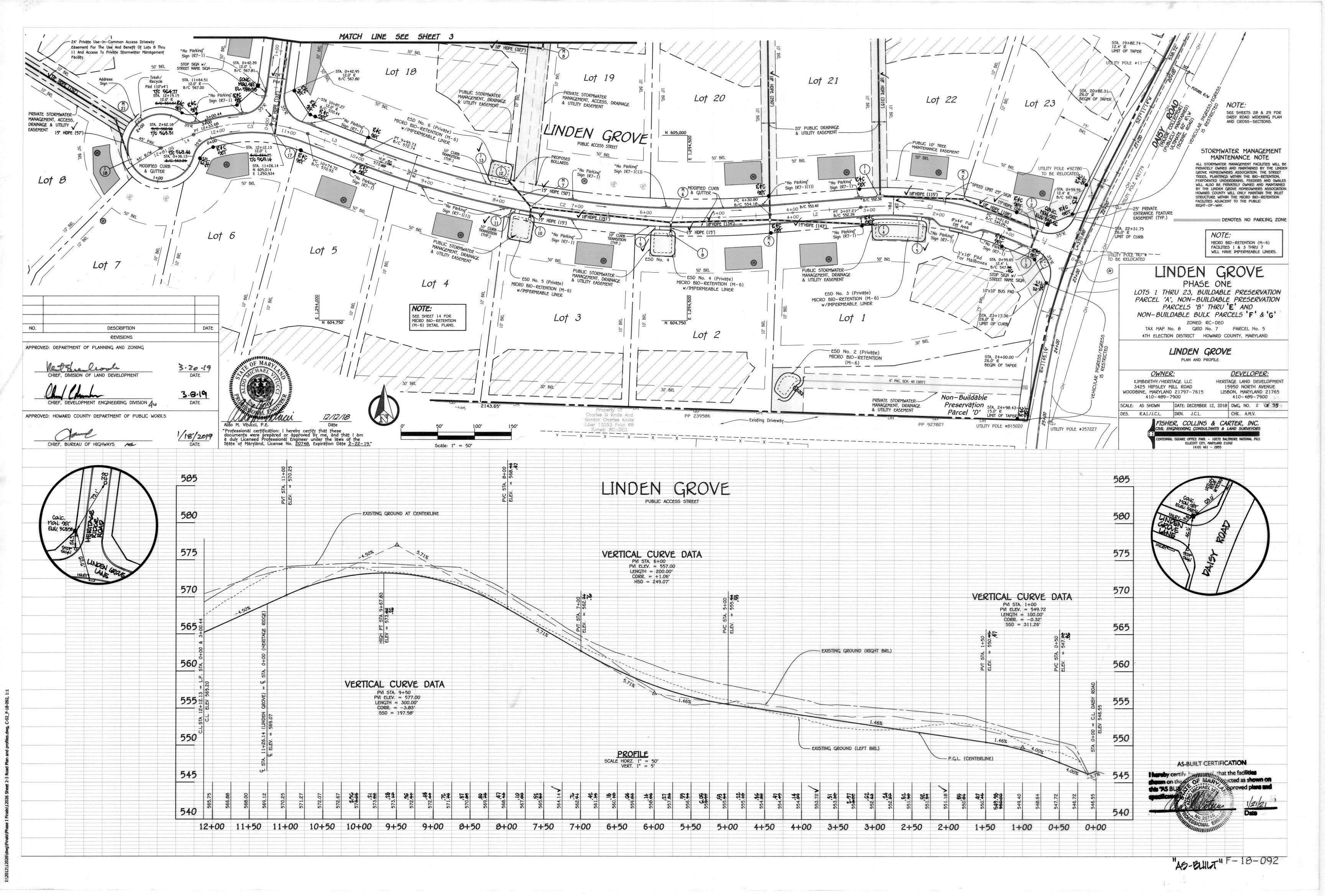
Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20748, Expiration Date 2-22-19."

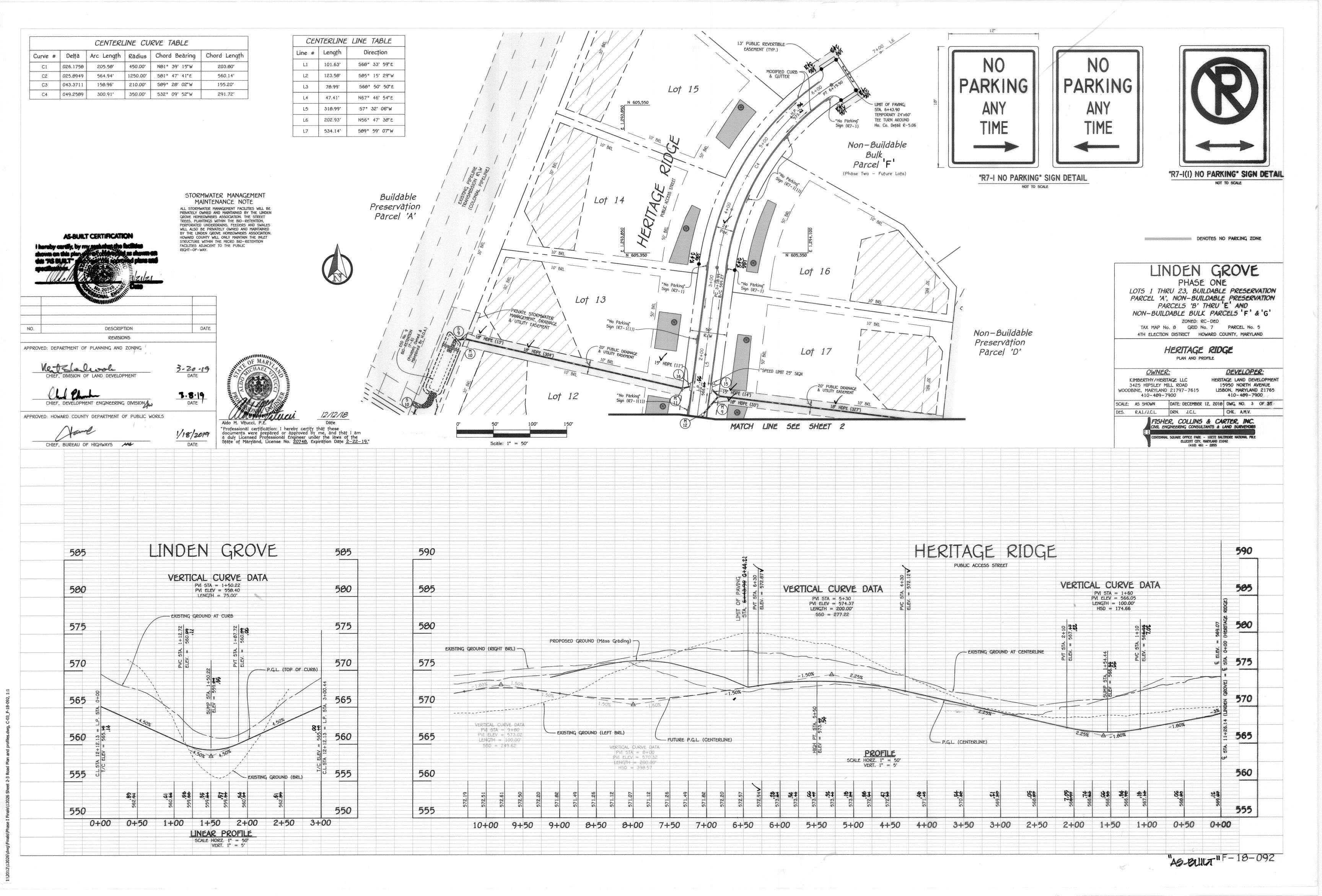
- 34. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE M.D.E. STORM WATER DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUMES I & II, REVISED 2009. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED BY THE USE OF (N-2) NON-ROOFTOP DISCONNECTION CREDIT, (M-5) DRYWELLS, 5 (M-6) MICRO BIO-RETENTION FACILITIES AND 4 (F-6) BIO-RETENTION FACILITIES TO MEET AND EXCEED THE
- 35. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT DEVICES LOCATED ON INDIVIDUAL LOTS WILL BE OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY THAT PARTICULAR LOT OWNER AND SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF A RECORDED DECLARATION OF COVENANT, SWM DEVICES LOCATED WITHIN THE PUBLIC R/W WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND JOINTLY MAINTAINED, AND SWM DEVICES LOCATED ON PARCELS WILL BE OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY THE H.O.A., SWM FACILITIES SERVING PUBLIC ROADS, BUT LOCATED ON PRIVATE LOTS WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND JOINTLY MAINTAINED.
- 36. A NOISE STUDY IS NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT. 37. ALL WELLS SHALL BE DRILLED PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT RECORDATION. IT IS THE DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SCHEDULE THE WELL DRILLING PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT SUBMISSION. IT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED
- 38. A GROUNDWATER APPROPRIATIONS PERMIT HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT PRIOR TO HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT SIGNATURE OF THE FINAL PLAT.
- 39. DRIVEWAY (5) SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCY TO ENSURE SAFE ACCESS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING (MINIMUM) REQUIREMENTS:
- A) WIDTH 12 FEET (16 FEET SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE)
 B) SURFACE SIX (6") INCHES OF COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING
 C) GEOMETRY MAXIMUM 15% GRADE, MAXIMUM 10% GRADE CHANGE AND MINIMUM OF 45 FOOT TURNING RADIUS
 D) STRUCTURES (CULVERTS/BRIDGES) CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25 LOADING)
 E) DRAINAGE ELEMENTS CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100 YEAR FLOOD WITH NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT DEPTH OVER DRIVEWAY SURFACE
 F) STRUCTURE CLEARANCES MINIMUM 12 FEET
 G) MAINTENANCE SUFFICIENT TO ENSURE ALL WEATHER USE
- 40. THIS F PLAN CANNOT BE USED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF HOUSES SINCE THE ACTUAL HOUSE TYPE AND THE REQUIRED SEDIMENT CONTROL HAS NOT BEEN ESTABLISHED. 41. THIS SUBDINISION PLAN IS SUBJECT TO THE AMENDED FIFTH EDITION OF THE SUBDINISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AND THE 10-06-13 ZONING REGULATIONS PER COUNCIL BILL NO. 32-2013. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION ON THESE LOTS MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACKS AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMISSION OF A
- 42. THE CONCRETE PADS FOR REFUSE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION LOCATED WITHIN THE USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY EASEMENTS FOR LOTS 9-11 & 40-44 WILL BE MAINTAINED BY THE OWNERS OF THOSE LOTS PURSUANT TO THE DECLARATION OF RIGHT OF ACCESS AND MAINTENANCE OBLIGATION RECORDED AMONG THE LAND RECORDS OF HOWARD
- COUNTY ALONG WITH THE RECORDING OF THE PLAT. 9. IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 104.0.F OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS AT LEAST 10% OF THE DWELLINGS IN EACH RC DEVELOPMENT SHALL BE MODERATE INCOME HOUSING UNITS.

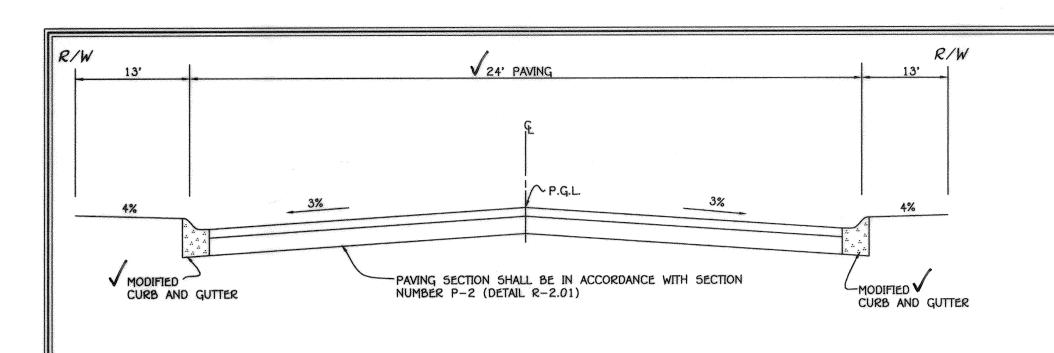
LOTS 1 THRU 23. BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G'

ZONED: RC-DEO DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018

TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

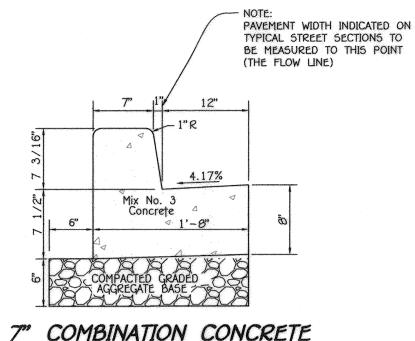


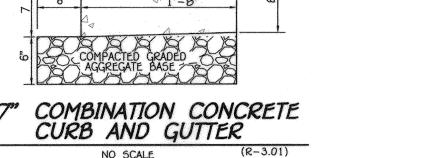


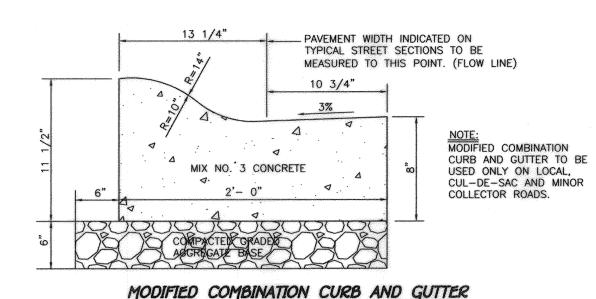




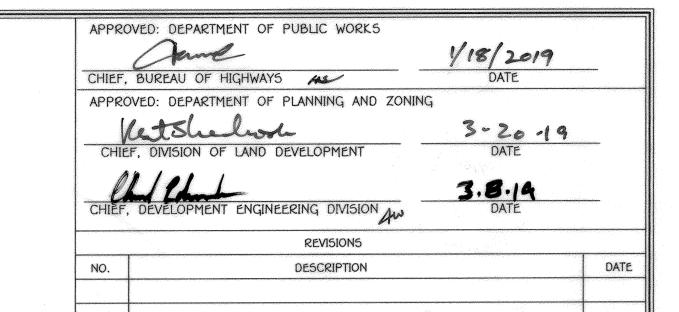
							DETAIL	R-2.01
SECTION	ROAD AND STREET	CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO (CBR)	3 TO <5	5 TO <7	≥7	3 TO <5	5 TO <7	<u>≥</u> 7
NUMBER	CLASSIFICATION	PAVEMENT MATERIAL (INCHES)	MIN I	HMA WITH	GAB	HMA W	ITH CONSTA	NT GAB
	PARKING DRIVE AISLES: RESIDENTIAL AND NON-RESIDENTIAL WITH NO	HMA SUPERPAVE FINAL SURFACE 9.5 MM, PG 64-22, LEVEL 1 (ESAL)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
P-2	MORE THAN 10 HEAVY TRUCKS PER DAY	HMA SUPERPAVE INTERMEDIATE SURFACE 9.5 MM. PG 64-22; LEVEL 1 (ESAL)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	ACCESS PLACE, ACCESS STREET	HMA SUPERPAVE BASE 19.0 MM. PG 64–22, LEVEL 1 (ESAL)	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.5	2.0	2.0
	CUL-DE-SACS: RESIDENTIAL	GRADED AGGREGATE BASE (GAB)	8.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0







MODIFIED COMBINATION CURB AND GUTTER NO SCALE



LINDEN GROVE MAILBOX PULL-OFF AREA

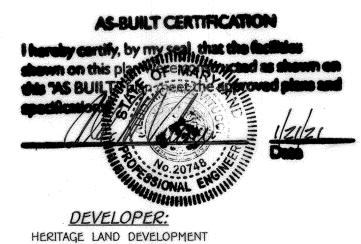
SCALE: 1" = 40'

IMPORTANT: THIS DRAWING SHALL BE USE IN COMBINATION WITH GENERAL NOTES (MD 104.00-01 THRU MD 104.00-18) AND STANDARD DETAILS (MD 104.01-01 THRU MD 104.01-62) FLAGGERS SHALL NEVER BE STATIONED MORE THAN 1000' AWAY FROM THE ADVANCE FLAGGER SIGN. KEY: CHANNELIZING **DEVICES** SIGN SUPPORT FACE OF SIGN ROAD WORK DIRECTION (OPTIONAL FOR 15 OF TRAFIC MIN-12 HR5. OR DAY TIME APPLICATIONS) WORK SITE OVER 12 HR5. ROAD 15 MIN. - 12 HR5. OR DAY TIME USE ONLY NIGHT TIME USE ROAD WORK (OPTIONAL FOR 15 MIN-12 HR5. OR DAY TIME APPLICATIONS) ROAD ROAD 1500 FT 1500 FT ONE LANE ROAD

> FLAGGING OPERATION /-LANE, 2-WAY EQUAL/LESS THAN 40 MPH NO SCALE

ROAD WORK

OWNER: KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD



15950 NORTH AVENUE

LISBON, MARYLAND 21765 410-489-7900

were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. $\underline{20740}$, Expiration Date $\underline{2-22-19}$."

BUS TURNING MOVEMENTS 5CALE: 1" = 50'

> ROADWAY DETAILS & MOT PLAN LINDEN GROVE

PHASE ONE LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION
PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND
NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G'

ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018 SHEET 4 of 35

"AS-BUILT" F-18-092

COMBINATION WITH GENERAL NOTES (OPTIONAL FOR 15 (MD 104.00-01 THRU MD 104.00-18) AND STANDARD DETAILS (MD 104.01-01 THRU MD 104.01-62) DAYTIME APPLICATIONS) NOTES:
SHOULDER CLOSED SIGNS ARE
REQUIRED IN PLACE OF SHOULDER
WORK SIGNS WHEN THE SHOULDER IS
CLOSED BY A PHYSICAL BARRIER - WORK WITHIN 15 FT. REFER TO STANDARD NO. MD OF EDGE LINE. WHEN WORK INVOLVES A PAVEMENT EDGE DROP-OFF. REFER TO STANDARD NOS. MD 104.06-11 TO MD 104.06-15. CHANNELIZING DEVICES SIGN SUPPORT FACE OF SIGN DIRECTION OF TRAFFIC WORK SITE NIGHTIME USE SHOULDER WORK SHOULDER WORK GOAD WORK (OPTIONAL FOR 15 MIN-12 HRS. OR DAYTIME APPLICATIONS) SHOULDER WORK / 2-LANE, 2-WAY

EQL/LESS THAN 40 MPH

NO SCALE

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

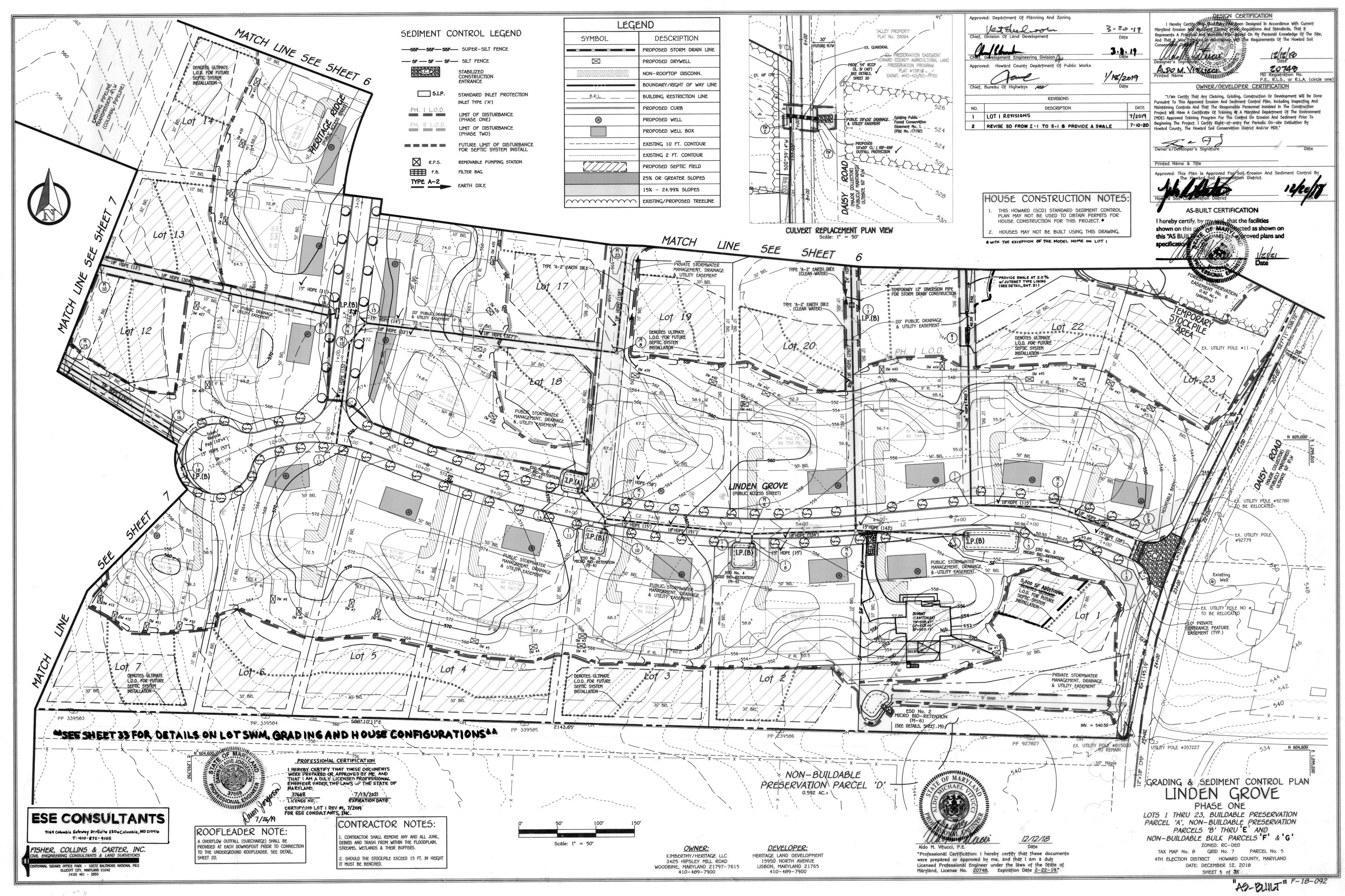
STD. 7" CONC. CURB-& GUTTER MODIFIED CONC. CURB & GUTTER-

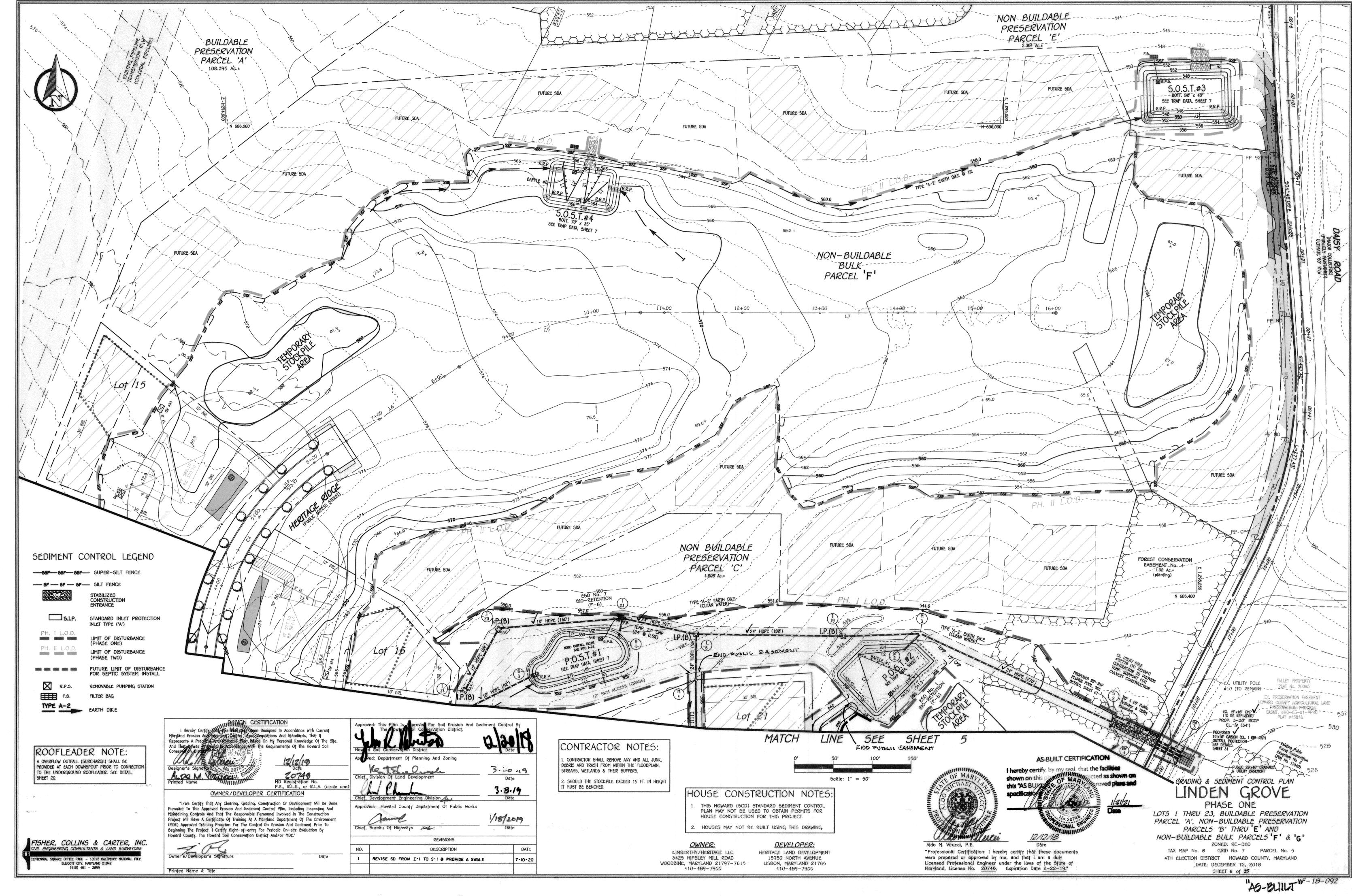
CONCRETE CURB & GUTTER TRANSITION

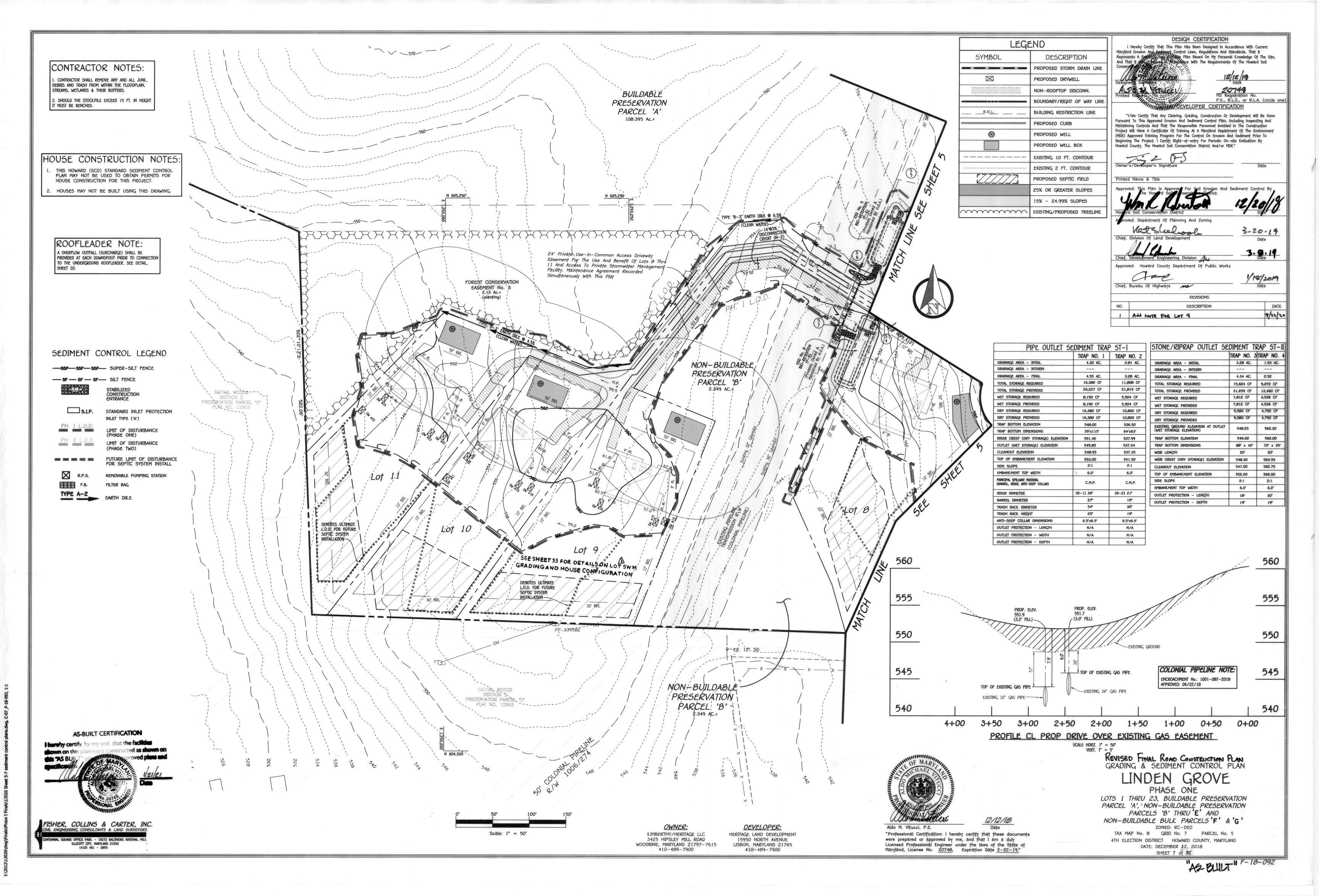
NO SCALE



WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615 410-489-7900







b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans

c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

1. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0.

- Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm).
- i. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
- Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight.
 Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.
- . Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above conditions
- . Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches
- s. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test.
- e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS.

- 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:
- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.
- b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrient
- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible
- l. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design
- 5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:
- be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than
- b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
- c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.
- 6. Topsoil Application
- a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil
- b. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 0 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.
- c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation. C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

1. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer

- on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized privat or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical 2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate
- equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer. 3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when

hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 90 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.

4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of

4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES (8-4-4)

To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months.

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

l. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 8.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table 8.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan

2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as

prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season. Temporary Seeding Summary

	ne (from Figure B. (from Table B.1):		Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)	Lime Rate	
Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dațes	Seeding Depths		
BARLEY	96	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	i"	436 lb/ac	2 tons/à
OAT5	72	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"	(10 lb/ 1000 sf)	(90 lb/ 1000 sf)
RYE	112	3/1 - 5/15, 0/15 - 10/15	1"		

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES (B-4-5)

A. Seed Mixtures

a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table B.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be

b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office

c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil testing agency. d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary

a. Areas where turfarass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance

b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan.

. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turt will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryeardss Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended

iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1 1/2 to 3

Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77,

Choose certified material. Certified material is the best quarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and

Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) Central MD: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15

d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future moving of grasses will pose no

e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2 to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse

Permanent Seeding Summary

	T= :	T	A	I - 1:			T = 2	
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P205	K ₂ 0	
8	TALL FESCUE	100	Mar. 1-May 15 Aug. 1-Oct. 15	1/4-1/2 in.	45 lbs. per acre	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	(90 lb/
					(1.0 lb/ 1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)

STANDARD STABILIZATION NOTE

FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY

a.) THREE (3) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL

b.) SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE NOT UNDER ACTIVE GRADING

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

STOCKPILE AREA

(B-4-8)

Definition

The mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures.

To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion,

sedimentation, and changes to drainage patterns.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use.

1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the erosion and sediment control plan.

The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material and based on a side slope ratio no steeper tha 2:1. Benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading. Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice.

Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side. Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence. Provisions must be made for discharging concentrated

flow in a non-erosive manner. Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment control

practice must be used to intercept the discharge. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. 8. If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile to

facilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminated material must be covered with impermeable Maintenance

The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section B-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2:1 slopes 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SEEDING AND MULCHING

(B-4-3)Definition

The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover.

To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction

Conditions Where Practice Applies To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading.

Specifications All seed must meet the requirement of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be available upon request to the inspector

to verify type of seed and seeding rate. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground i

rozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keetp inoculant as cook as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weedcontrol until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders. Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table B.1. Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding summaries. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Roll the seeded area with weighted roller to provide good seed to soil

b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in

c. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer). If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P O (phosphorus),

200 pounds per acre; K O (potassium), 200 pounds per acre. ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons, are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption

iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil. 1. Mulch Materials (in order of preference) a. Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and reasonably bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law and not

musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty. Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is desired. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into uniform fibrous physical state.

WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate colot to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry. WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil

without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings. WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter, pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of

1.6 percent maximum and water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum.

strictly prohibited.

Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding. When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre.

Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied to a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon the size of the area and erosion hazard: A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should follow the contour.

Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or

weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water. iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is

Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry

iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4-15 feet wide and 300 to 3,000

B-4-1 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION

Definition Establishment of vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes.

Purpose To provide timely vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as work progresses.

Conditions Where Practice Applies Any cut or fill slope greater than 15 feet in height. This practice also applies to stockpiles.

A. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes 1. Excavate and stabilize cut slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all cut slopes as the work progresses. 2. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.1) a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to convey runoff around

b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as d. Perform final phase excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

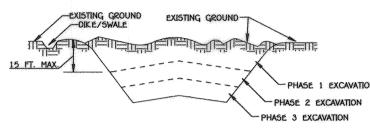


Figure B.1: Incremental Stabilization - Cut

B. Incremental Stabilization - Fill Slopes . Construct and stabilize fill slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all slopes as the work progresses. 2. Stabilize slopes immediately when the vertical height of a lift reaches 15 feet, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans. 3. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept . Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.2): a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct silt fence on low side of fill unless other methods shown on the plans address b. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. c. Place Phase 1 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. d. Place Phase 2 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. e. Place final phase fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the

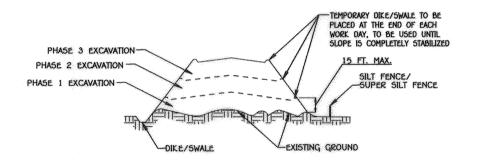


Figure B.2: Incremental Stabilization - Fill

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1. OBTAIN A GRADING PERMIT. (2 WEEKS)

2. NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-800-257-7777. NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION AT 410-313-1330 AT LEAST 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING WORK.

3. INSTALL THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND CLEAN WATER EARTH DIKES, INCLUDING DIKE AT 5-6. (1 WEEK)

4. INSTALL PHASE ONE PERIMETER SUPER SILT/SILT FENCE AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. INSTALL THE P.O.S.T. #1 & #2 AND RPS DEVICES ALONG WITH THE FILTER BAGS, HOSES AND ASSOCIATED EARTH DIKES TO DRAIN INTO THE TRAPS, INSTALL R-1 TO 5-2 AND R-2 TO M-3, (4 WEEKS)

MATERIALS FOR THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAYS ARE ON SITE AND PERMISSION FROM THE INSPECTOR IS GRANTED IN WRITING TO PROCEED. 5. UPON COMPLETION OF THE SEDIMENT TRAP CONSTRUCTION. RECEIVE PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO

NOTE THAT NO DISTURBANCE IS ALLOWED UNTIL ALL SEDIMENT TRAP

6. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR THE INSTALLATION OF THE REMAINING PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES. INSTALL SUPER SILT FENCE. SILT FENCE.

7. GRADE PROPOSED ROADS & LOTS TO SUBGRADE (WITHIN PHASE ONE LOD). INSTALL THE STORM DRAIN INLETS MANHOLES AND END SECTIONS WITHIN PHASE ONE LOD PHASE ONE LOD IS 18.3 ACRES. NO MORE THAN 20 ACRES IS TO BE "OPEN" AT ANY ONE TIME PHASE TWO GRADING ALONG WITH 5.O.S.T. #3 TO BE COMPLETED AFTER PHASE ONE GRADING IS "CLOSED". STABILIZE ALL SLOPES IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF GRADING. INSTALL INLET PROTECTION

AS SHOWN ON PLAN. (3 MONTHS) 9. CONSTRUCT ROAD BASE COURSE. (3 WEEKS)

EARTH DIKES AS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS, (2 WEEKS)

10. GRADE IN PROPOSED ROAD WIDENING FOR DAISY ROAD AND NEW CULVERTS AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS

11. WHEN ALL CONTRIBUTING AREAS TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AND TRAPS #1, #2 & #3 HAVE BEEN STABILIZED AND WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR BACKFILLED AND THE REMAINING AREAS BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE. CONVERT TRAP #1 & #2 TO BIO-RETENTION FACILITIES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES. INSTALL REMAINING STORM DRAIN.

12. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT. (1 WEEK)

A, EGD #1 TO BE CONSTRUCTED AFTER 120,5T. #2 HAS BEEN REMOVED

NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON, AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS. REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM THE BASIN WHEN THE CLEANOUT ELEVATION HAS BEEN REACHED. ALL SEDIMENT MUST BE PLACED UPSTREAM OF THE APPROVED TRAPPING DEVICE.

B. 640 #7 10 BE CONMIRUCIED AFTER P.O.S.T. #1 HAS BEEN REMOVED C. ROADSIDE 650 #3 THRU #C CAH BE CONSTRUCTED WITH ROAD AND STORM DRAIND, THAN WRAPPED IN SOF TO KEEP SECRIFICAT OUT UNTIL CONTRIBUTION DOWNING AREA IS STABILIZED.

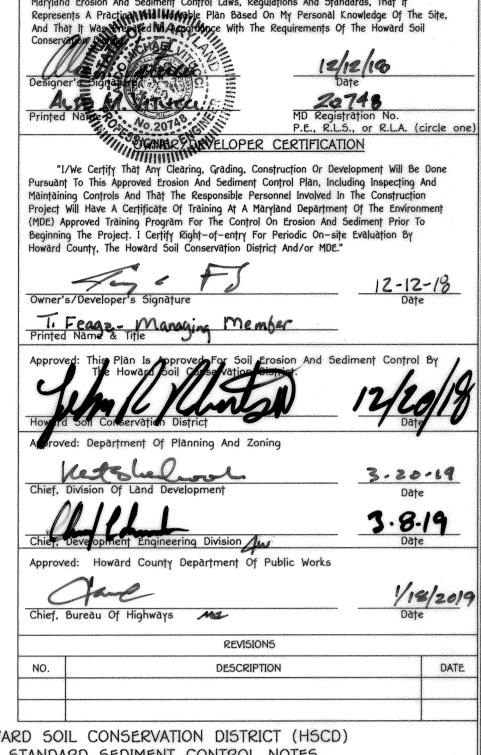
D. ESP # 8 & #9 CAN BE CONSTRUCTED AT THE TIME WHEN THE U.I.C. DRIVEWAY IS CONSTRUCTED THAN WRAPPED IN SYSTO KEEP SECRIFICATION.

E, AL DET WELLS TO BE INSOLLED WITH INDIVIDUAL HOME CONSTRUCTION.

* B. SWM SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION



"Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly



DESIGN CERTIFICATION

l Hereby Certify That This Plan Has Been Designed In Accordance With Current

Maryland Erosion And Sediment Control Laws, Regulations And Standards, That It

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT (HSCD) STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A pre-construction meeting must occur with the Howard County Department of Public Works. Construction Inspection Division (CID), 410-313-1855 after the future LOD and protected areas are marked clearly in the field. A minimum of 48 hour notice to CID must be given at the following stages: a. Prior to the start of earth disturbance,

b. Upon completion of the installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but any other before proceeding with c. Prior to the start of another phase of construction or opening of another grading unit, d. Prior to the removal or

Other related state and federal permits shall be referenced, to ensure coordination and to avoid conflicts with this plan.

vertical (3:1); and seven (7) calendar days as to all other disturbed areas on the project site except for those areas under activ

Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.

2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and revisions 3. Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization is required within three (3) calendar days as to the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes steeper than 3 horizontal to 1

4. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for topsoil (Sec. B-4-2), permanent seeding (Sec. B-4-5), temporary seeding (Sec. B-4-4) and mulching (Sec. B-4-3). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be shall be enforced in areas with >15 of cut and/or fill. Stockpiles (Sec. 8-4-8) in excess of 20 ft, must be benched with

stable outlet. All concentrated flow, steep slope, and highly erodible areas shall receive soil stabilization matting (Sec. B-4-6). 5. All sediment control structures are to remain in place, and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the CID.

6. Site Analysis: 176.680 Acres Total Area of Site: Area Disturbed: Area to be roofed or paved: 2.0 Acres Area to be vegetatively stabilized: ____33.0_ Acres 39,800 Cu. Yds. 68,500 Cu. Yds. Offsite waste/borrow area location: ONSITE

7. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day 8. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the CID. The site and all controls shall be inspected by the contractor weekly; and the next day after each rain event. A written report by the contractor, made available upon request, is

 Inspection type (routine, pre-storm event, during rain event) Name and title of inspector Weather information (current conditions as well as time and amount of last recorded precipitation)

 Brief description of project's status (e.g., percent complete) and/or current activities
 Evidence of sediment discharges Identification of plan deficiencie Identification of sediment controls that require maintenance Identification of missing or improperly installed sediment controls
 Compliance status regarding the sequence of construction and stabilization requirements Photographs Monitoring/sampling

9. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can and shall be back-filled and stabilized by the end of each workday, whichever is shorter. 10. Any major changes or revisions to the plan or sequence of construction must be reviewed and approved by the HSCD prior to proceeding with construction. Minor revisions may allowed by the CID per the list of HSCD-approved field changes.

· Other inspection items as required by the General Permit for Stormwater Associated with Construction Activities (NPDES,

1. Disturbance shall not occur outside the LO.D. A project is to be sequenced so that grading activities begin on one grading unit (maximum acreage of 20 ac. per grading unit) at a time. Work may proceed to a subsequent grading unit when at least 50 percent of the disturbed area in the preceding grading unit has been stabilized and approved by the CID. Unless otherwise specified and approved by the CID, no more than 30 acres cumulatively may be disturbed at a given time.

12. Wash water from any equipment, vehicles, wheels, pavement, and other sources must be treated in a sediment basin or other 13. Topsoil shall be stockpiled and preserved on-site for redistribution onto final grade. 14. All Silt Fence and Super Silt Fence shall be placed on-the-contour, and be imbricated at 25' minimum intervals, with lower

ends curled uphill by 2' in elevation. 15. Stream channels must not be disturbed during the following restricted time periods (inclusive):

• Use I and IP March 1 - June 15 • Use III and IIIP October 1 - April 30

Maintenance and/or corrective action performed

16. A copy of this plan, the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and associated permits shall be on-site and available when the site is active.

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS

PHASE ONE LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU E' AND

NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G' ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018

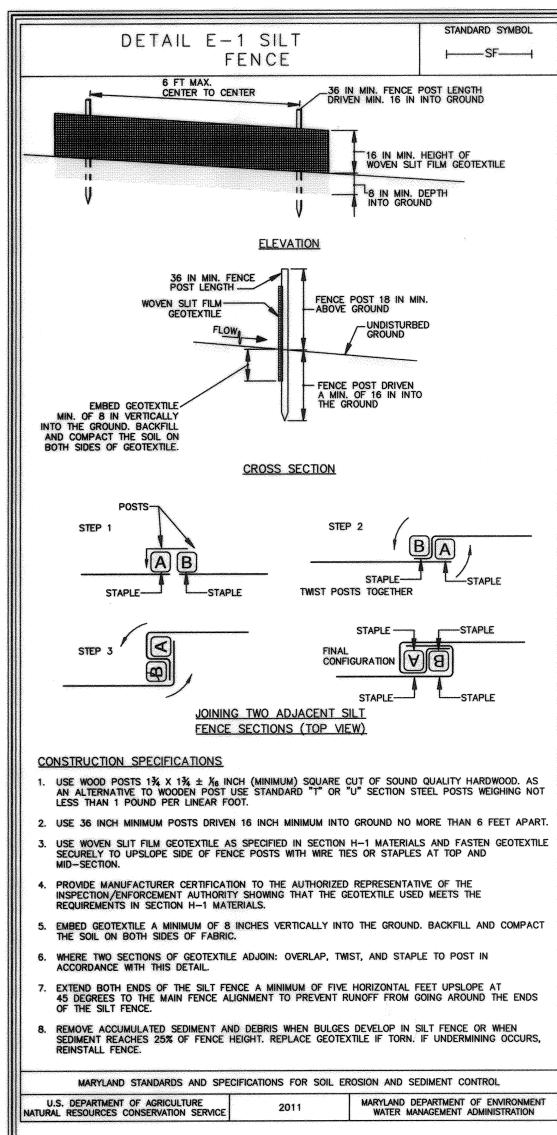
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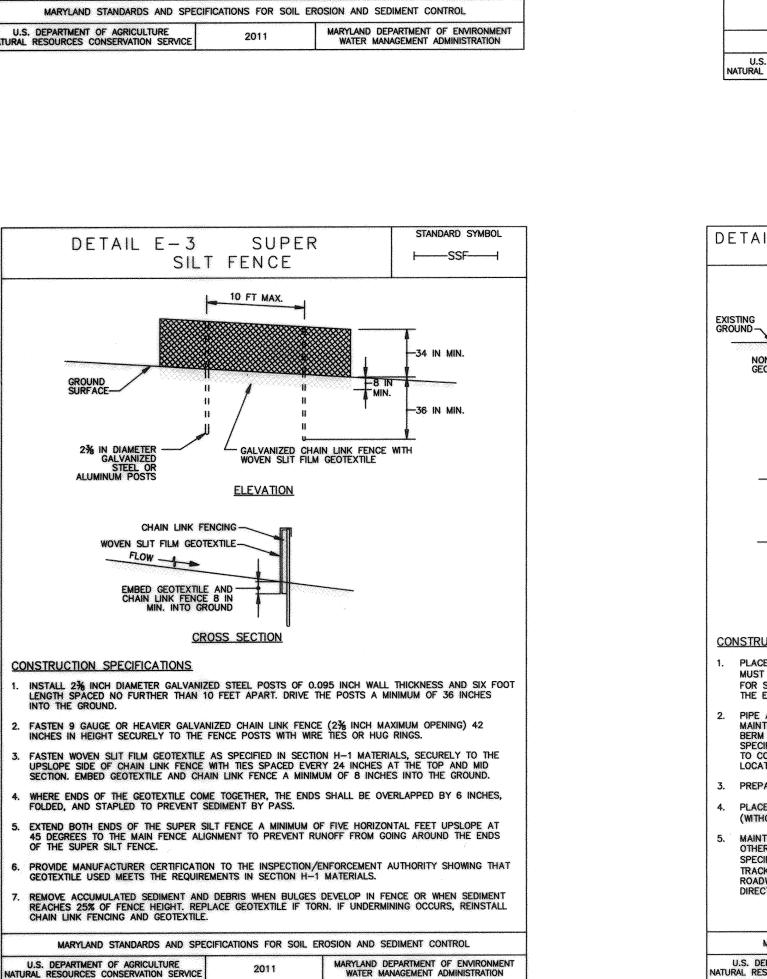
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

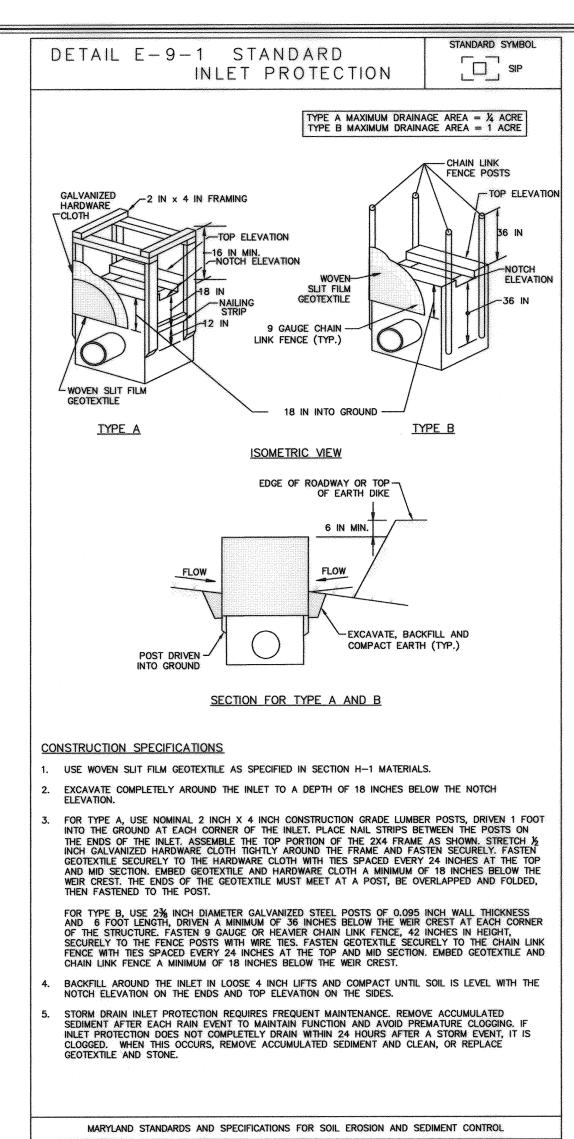
OWNER: KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615 410-489-7900

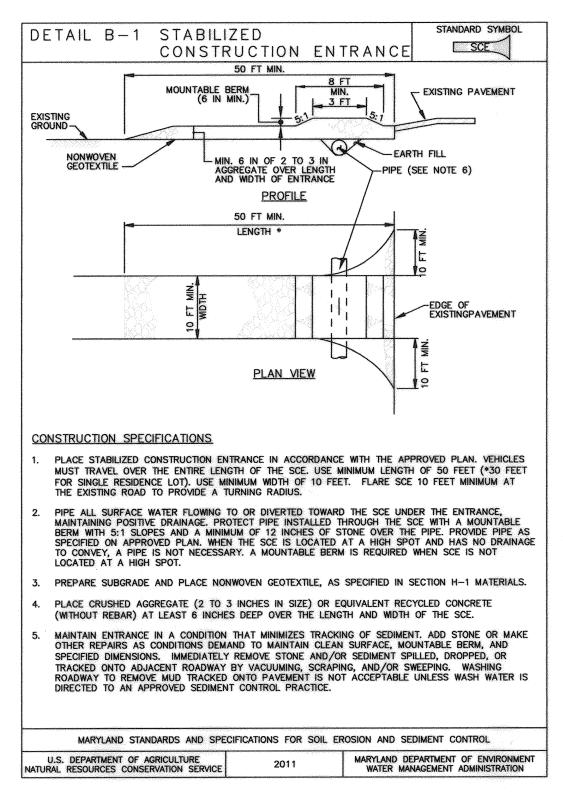
DEVELOPER: HERITAGE LAND DEVELOPMENT 15950 NORTH AVENUE LISBON, MARYLAND 21765 410-489-7900

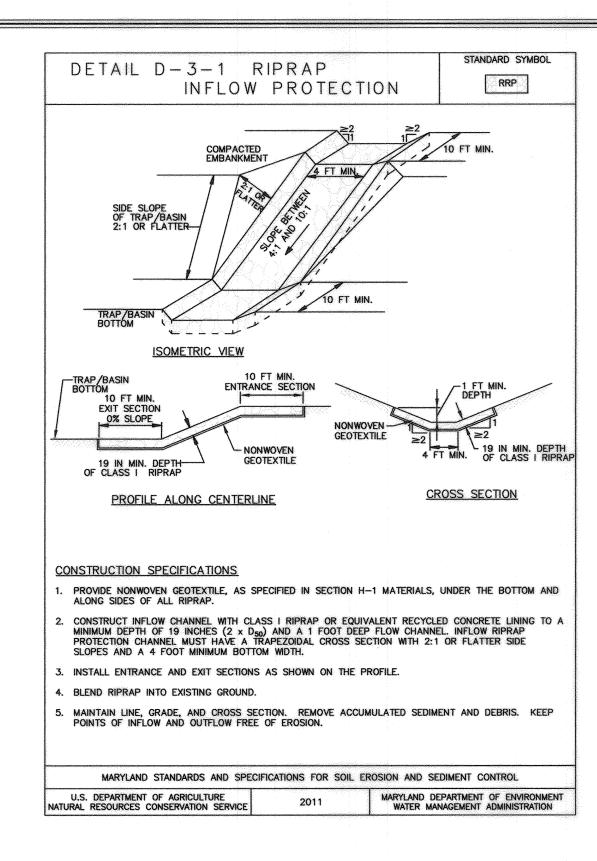
Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. $\underline{20748}$, Expiration Date $\underline{2-22-19}$."

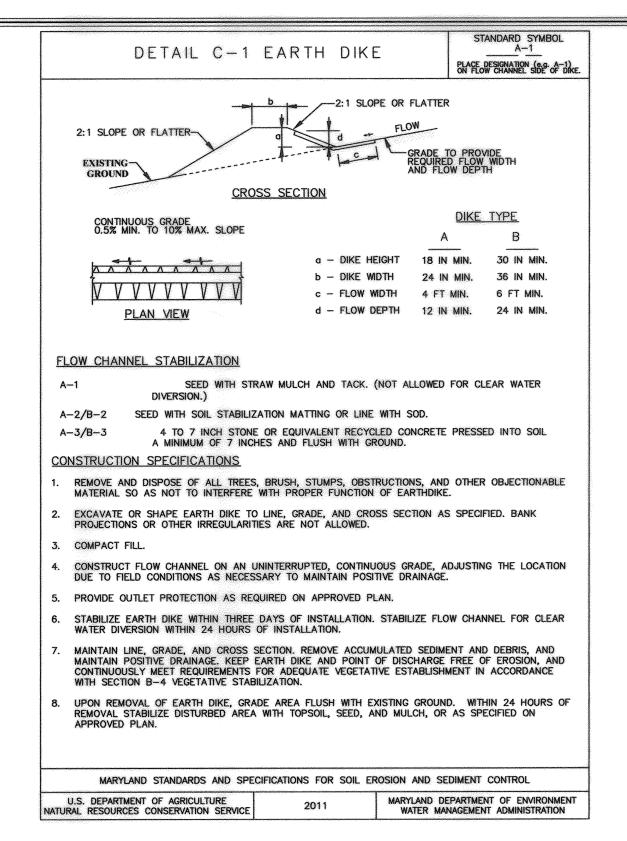


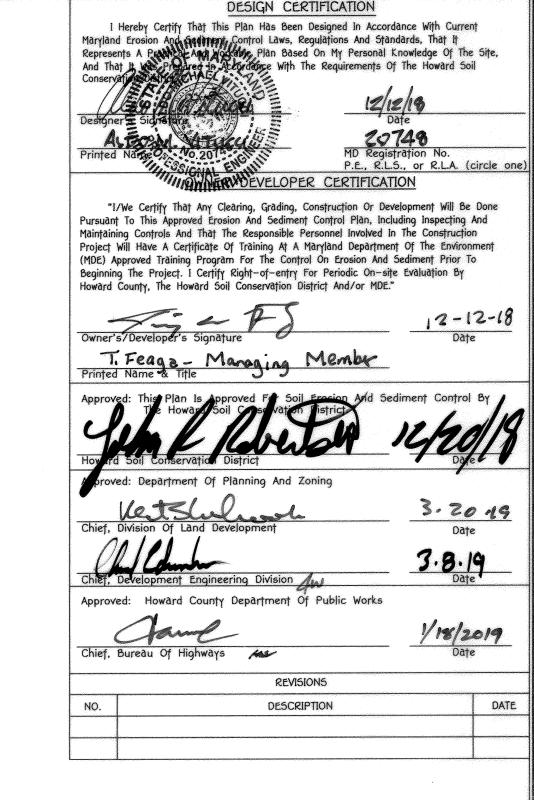


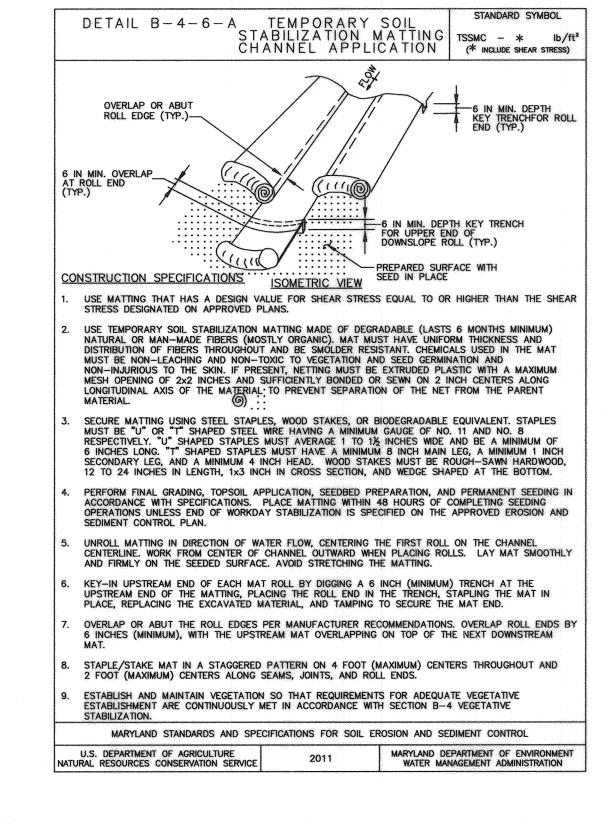


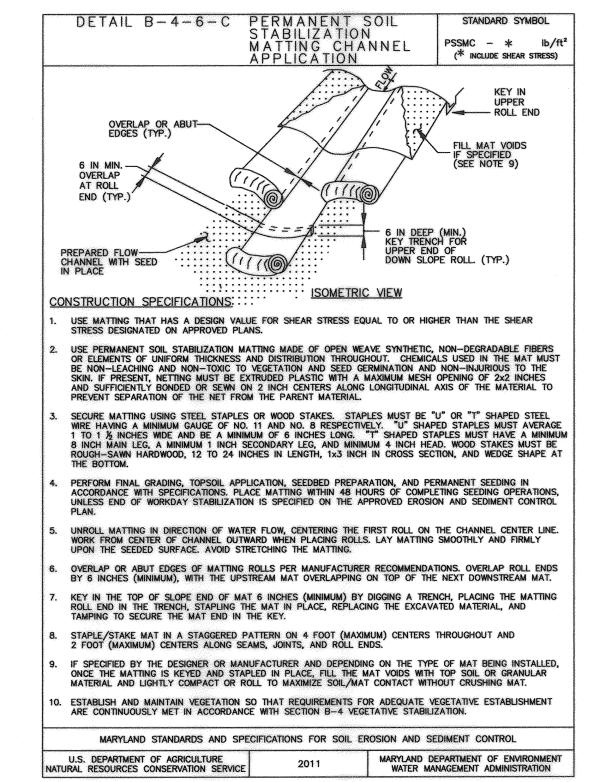














<u>OWNER:</u> KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615

<u>DEVELOPER:</u> HERITAGE LAND DEVELOPMENT 150 NORTH AVENUE N, MARYLAND 21765 10-489-7900



12/12/18 "Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS

PHASE ONE

LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU'E' AND NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G'

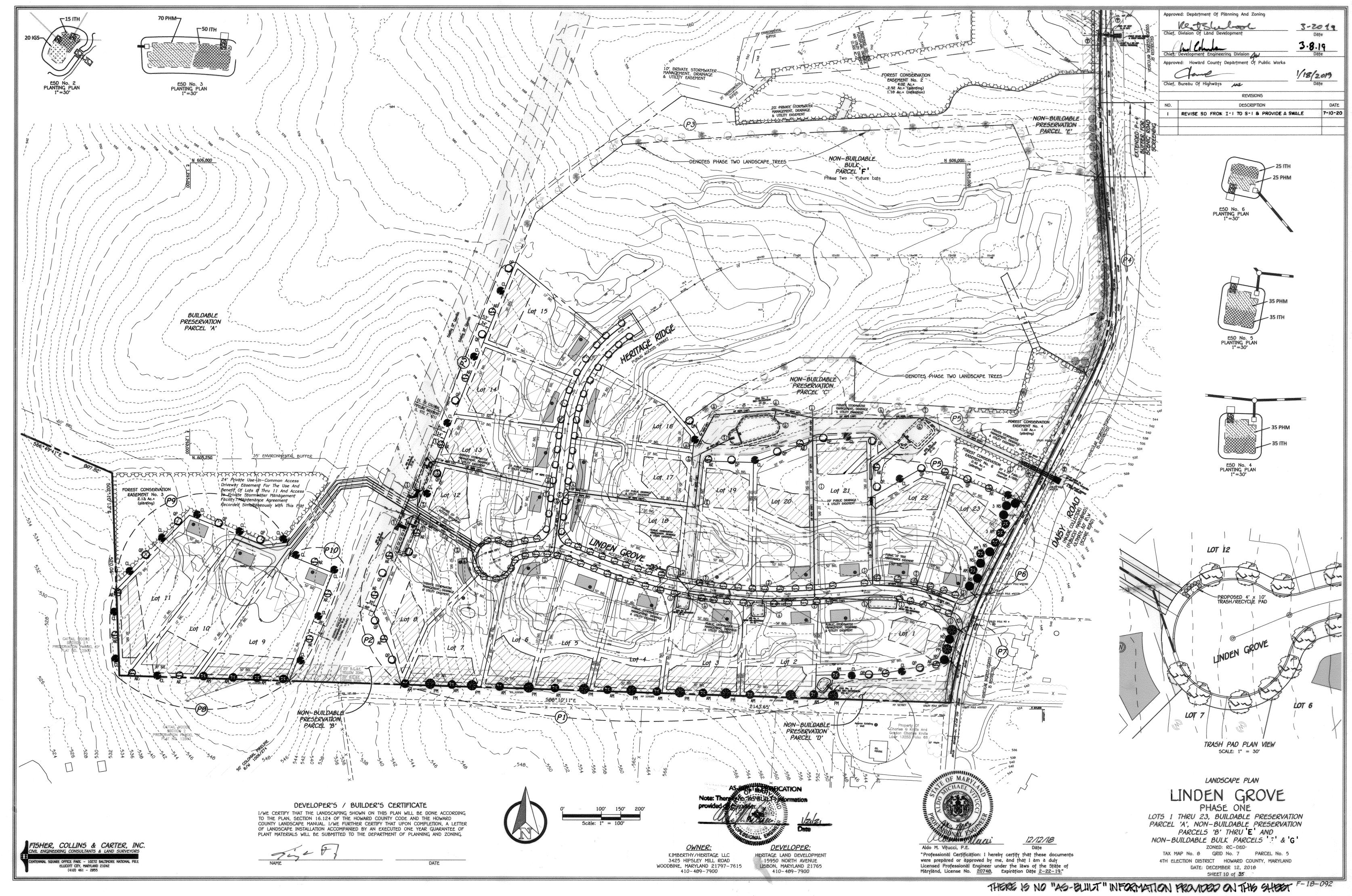
ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018

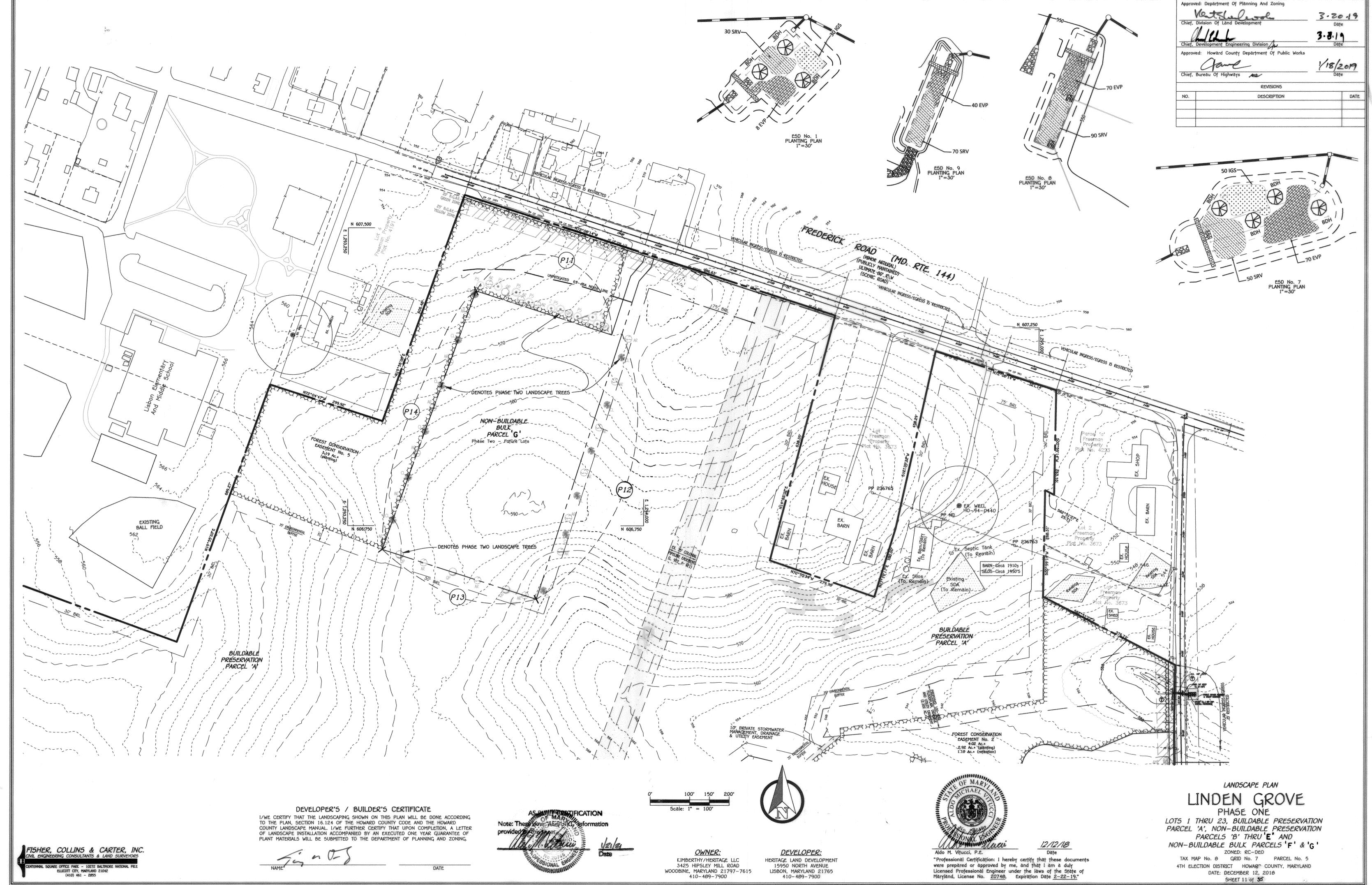
410-489-7900

Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20740, Expiration Date 2-22-19."

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

IVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

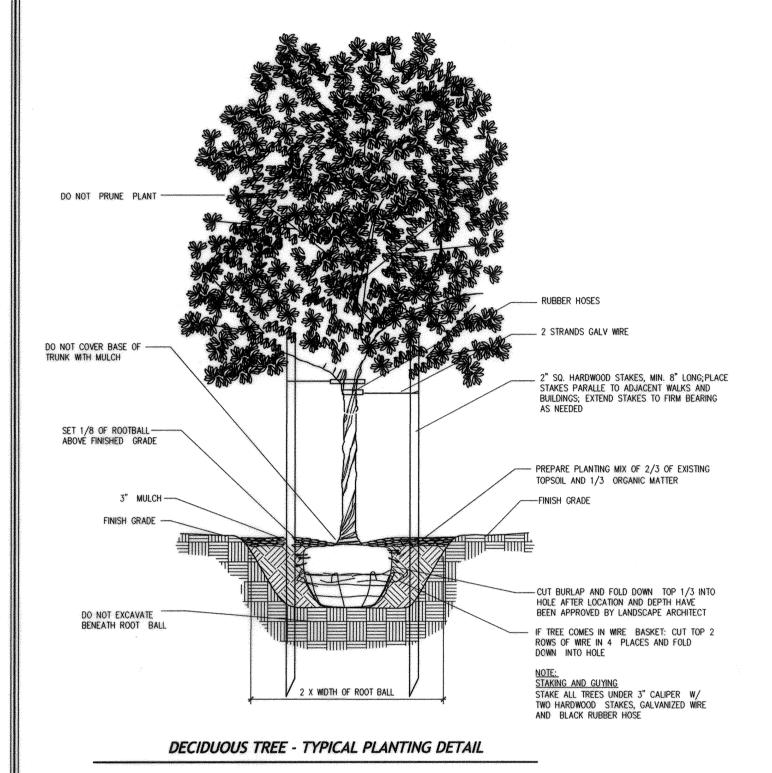


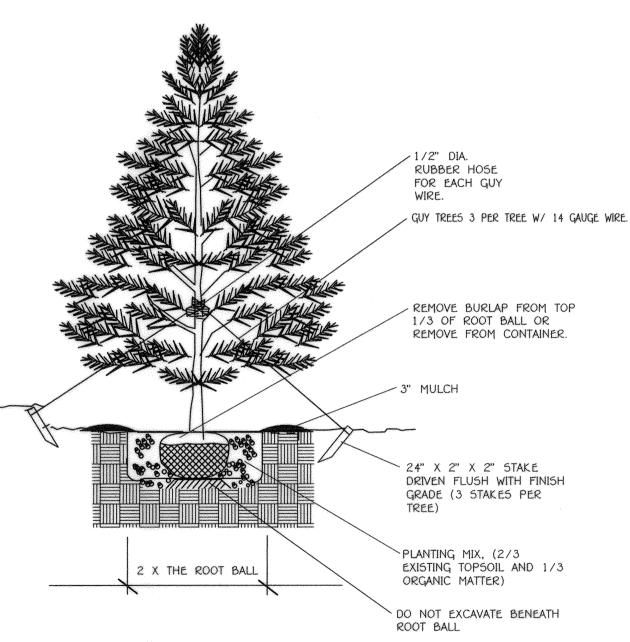


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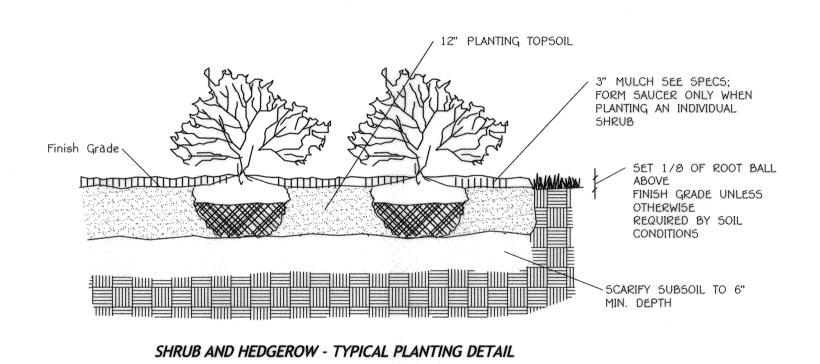
PHASE ONE TRAS	SH/RECYCLE PAD LANDSCAPING
LINEAR FEET OF PERIMETER	LOTS 9-11 PAD: 18 l.f.
UMBER OF SHRUBS PROVIDED:	8

- NOTES: 1. THE TRASH/RECYCLE PAD LANDSCAPING WILL BE MAINTAINED BY THE USERS OF THE PRIVATE USE-IN-COMMON MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT.
 - 2. THE LANDSCAPING SHALL BE INSTALLED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE PAD EXCLUDING THE SIDE ADJACENT TO THE PUBLIC ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY.





EVERGREEN TREE - TYPICAL PLANTING DETAIL



PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS

- 1. CLEAR & GRUB ALL PLANTING AREAS AS INDICATED ON THE DRAWINGS.
- 2. PROVIDE PROTECTION FOR TREES, SHRUBS, AND PERENNIALS/GROUND COVERS THAT ARE TO BE PRESERVED. 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE CORRECT LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES IN THE FIELD PRIOR TO
- INSTALLATION OF ANY PLANT MATERIALS. 4. ALL PLANTING SHALL BE DONE AS PER PLANTING DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 5. NO CHANGES SHALL BE MADE WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE OWNER OR LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. 6. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF PLANTING BEDS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STAKE OUT PLANTING BED LINES IN THE FIELD FOR REVIEW BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT SHALL MAKE ADJUSTMENTS IN THE FIELD AS NECESSARY. ALL FINAL PLANTING BED LOCATIONS ARE TO BE APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. FOR LAYOUT REVIEW, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT A MINIMUM OF THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.
- 7. INSTALL ALL REQUIRED PLANTING AND LAWN SOILS AS PER DETAILS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AND ALL SHRUBS, GROUND COVERS, AND PERENNIALS SHALL BE PLANTED IN PLANTING BEDS PREPARED AS REQUIRED BY THE DETAILS AND
- 6. MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE OUT OF PLANTING BEDS AT A MINIMUM 2% SLOPE AND MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE OF ALL LAWN AREAS, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON DRAWINGS. ALL GRADES, DIMENSIONS, AND EXISTING CONDITIONS SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR ON SITE BEFORE CONSTRUCTION BEGINS. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OWNER.
- 9. ALL PLANT BEDS SHALL BE CONTAINED WITH A SPADED EDGE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON DRAWINGS. 10. IN THE EVENT OF A DISCREPANCY BETWEEN QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS AND QUANTITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANT LIST, THE QUANTITIES ON THE DRAWINGS SHALL APPLY. REPORT DISCREPANCIES TO THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT
- FOR CLARIFICATION PRIOR TO BIDDING. 11. ALL PLANTS SHALL CONFORM TO THE SIZES GIVEN IN THE PLANT LIST AND SHALL BE NURSERY GROWN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK" (ANSI Z60.1), LATEST EDITION.
- 12. PLANTS SHALL BE LOCATED AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. PRIOR TO PLANTING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STAKE OUT THE LOCATIONS OF ALL PLANTS IN THE FIELD FOR REVIEW BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT SHALL MAKE ADJUSTMENTS IN THE FIELD AS NECESSARY. ALL FINAL PLANT LOCATIONS ARE TO BE APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. FOR LAYOUT REVIEW, CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT A MINIMUM OF
- 13. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE FINE GRADED AND SEEDED OR SODDED; SEE PLAN FOR LOCATIONS.
- 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR WATERING AND MAINTAINING ALL PLANTS DURING THE WARRANTY PERIOD;



PERIMETER (PHASE TWO) (PHASE TWO) (PHASE TWO) (PHASE ONE & TWO) (PHASE ONE) (PHASE ONE) (PHASE ONE) (PHASE ONE) (PHASE ONE) Adjacent to CATEGORY crimeter Properties Preservation Parcel Preservation Parcel reservation Parcel Preservation Parcel Preservation Parcel Roadway Ŕoadway erimeter Properties ervation Par servation Par LANDSCAPE TYPE LINEAR FEET OR ROADWAY 2406.2' (†o†al) 2350.4' (total) 1479.8 79.6' 702.31 702.51 468.9" 260.1" 659.0' 537.4 419.2' 355.9' 386.4 FRONTAGE/PERIMETER 675' (Phase One) 1149' (Phase On CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (YES, NO LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED) CREDIT FOR WALL, FENCE OR BERM (YES, NO LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED) NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES SHRUBS 11 (Phase One) 18 (Phase One) NUMBER OF PLANTS PROVIDED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES SHRUBS 11 (Phase One) `18 (Phase One) P-11 - DENOTES PHASE TWO REQUIRED PERIMETER * 29 TREES WILL **21 TREES WILL BE PROVIDED IN BE PROVIDED IN PHASE TWO PHASE TWO

COMMENTS

40' APART ON PUBLIC R/W

40' APART ON PUBLIC R/W

(HERITAGE RIDGE)

(LINDEN GROVE)

(PHASE ONE & TWO) SCHEDULE A PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE

40 (†o†al)

SIZE | BOTANICAL AND COMMON NAME

CLADRASTIS LUTEA YELLOWWOOD

PRUNUS SARGENTII

SARGENT CHERRY

STREET TREE SCHEDULE

21/2 -3"

21/2 -3"

CAL.

NOTE: FINAL PLACEMENT OF STREET TREES WILL OCCUR IN THE FIELD AND BE PLACED A MINIMUM OF 30 FEET FROM

ALL SIGNS AND INTERSECTIONS WHEN PLANTED BETWEEN SIDEWALK AND CURB, BE LOCATED WITHIN CONSIDERATION OF

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND MAINTAIN A MINIMUM 5 FEET DISTANCE ON CENTER FROM A DRAIN INLET

QTY. PROV'D.

64 TREES

30 TREES

(Phase One)

STRUCTURE, 5 FEET FROM AN OPEN SPACE ACCESS STRIP AND 10 FEET AWAY FROM A DRIVEWAY.

50 TREES WILL

PHASE TWO

BE PROVIDED IN

39 (total)

NOTES:

1. "Should any tree designated for preservation for which landscaping credit is given, die prior to release of bonds, the developer will be required to replace the tree with the equivalent species or with a tree which will obtain the same height, spread and growth characteristics. The replacement tree must be a minimum of 2.5 inches in caliper and installed as required in the Howard County Landscape Manual."

2. "At the time of plant installation, all shrubs and trees listed and approved on the landscape Plan, shall comply with the proper height requirement in accordance with the Howard County Landscape Manual. In addition, no subtitutions or relocations of the required plantings may be made without prior review and approval from the Department of Planning and Zoning. Any deviation from the approved Landscape Plan may result in denial or delay in the release of landscape surety until such time as all required materials are planted and/or revisions are made to the applicable plans".

3. "The Owner, tenants and/or their agents shall be responsible for maintenace of the required perimeter landscaping including both plant materials and berms, fences and walls. All plant materials shall be maintained in good growing condition, and when necessary, replaced with new materials to ensure continued compliance with applicable regulations. All the other required landscaping shall be permanently maintained in good condition, and when necessary, repaired or replaced".

4. This Plan Has Been Prepared In Accordance With The Provisions Of Section 16.124 Of The Howard County Code And The Landscape Manual". Financial Surety For The Required 96 Shade, 9 Evergreen Trees & 8 Shrubs Has Been Posted As Part Of The Developer's Agreement In The Amount Of \$30,390.00.

PHASE ONE PERIMETER PLANT LIST FOR							
5CHEDUL.	E 'A	' – PERIMETER LANDSCAPE	EDGE				
TR	45H/	RECYCLE PAD LANDSCAPINO	,				
SYMBOL	QTY.	BOTANICAL AND COMMON NAME	SIZE				
AR	21	ACER RUBRUM 'OCTOBER GLORY' RED MAPLE	2 1/2-3" CAL.				
QP QP	22	QUERCUS PALUSTRIS PIN OAK	2 1/2-3" CAL.				
CL CL	23	CLADRASTIS LUTEA YELLOWWOOD	2 1/2-3" CAL.				
AM AM	19	* ACER GINNALA AMUR MAPLE	2 1/2-3" CAL.				
PM	11	* ACER GRISEUM P APE RBARK MAPLE	2 1/2-3" CAL.				
* N5	9	* LLEX 'NELLIE R. STEVENS' NELLIE R. STEVENS HOLLY	5' – 6' HT.				

QTY. REQ'D.

ROW LENGTH = 1281'

2562'/40 = 64.05

64 TREES

TOTAL ROW LENGTH = 1603'

3206'/40 = 80.15

80 TREES

* DENOTES APPROVED TREE TO BE PLANTED UNDER OR WITHIN 20' OF OVERHEAD LINES

100	IG5	ilex glabra 'Shamrock' Inkberrγ	24"-30" Ht.	Cont.	40" o.c./Male Cultivar
210	EVP	Eupatorium dubium 'Little Joe' Dwarf Joe-Pye Weed	# 1	Cont.	24" O.C.
160	ITH	Itea virginica 'Little Henry' Dwarf Virginia Sweetspire	24"-30" ht.	Cont.	36" O.C.
165	PHM	Panicum virgatum 'Heavy Metal' Heavy Metal Switchgrass	#1	Cont.	36" O.C.
240	SRV	Solidago Rugosa Goldenrod	#1	Cont.	18" O.C.
7	вон	Betula nigra River Birch	8'-10' ht. min.	8 & 8	Multistem/4 canes min

PHASE TWO LANDSCAPING/SCENIC ROAD SCREENING NOTES:

- 1. PHASE TWO LANDSCAPING WILL BE ADDRESSED WITH THE LANDSCAPE PLAN ASSOCIATED WITH THE PHASE TWO FINAL ROAD DRAWINGS.
- 2. FUTURE PERIMETER P-4 WILL BE PLANTED WITH EXTRA LANDSCAPING (EXTENDED BUFFER) FOR SCENIC ROAD SCREENING REQUIREMENTS WITH THE PHASE TWO FINAL ROAD DRAWINGS.

DEVELOPER'S / BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE

I/WE CERTIFY THAT THE LANDSCAPING SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE PLAN, SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL. I/WE FURTHER CERTIFY THAT UPON COMPLETION, A LETTER OF LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION ACCOMPANIED BY AN EXECUTED ONE YEAR GUARANTEE OF PLANT MATERIALS WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.



12-12-18



KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC HERITAGE LAND DEVELOPMENT 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD 15950 NORTH AVENUE WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615 LISBON, MARYLAND 21765 410-489-7900 410-489-7900



"Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20740, Expiration Date 2-22-19."

LANDSCAPE NOTES & DETAILS

PHASE ONE LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND

NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G' ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. VIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

> SHEET 12 of 35 THERE IS NO "AS-BUILT" INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET F-18-092

Infiltration and filter systems either take advantage of existing permeable soils or create a permeable medium such as sand for WC), and Re v. In some instances where permeability is great, these facilities may be used for Qp as well. The most common systems include infiltration trenches, infiltration basins, sand filters, and organic filters.

When properly planted, vegetation will thrive and enhance the functioning of these systems. For example, pre-treatment buffers will trap sediments that often are bound with phosphorous and metals. Vegetation planted in the facility will aid in nutrient uptake and water storage. Additionally, plant roots will provide arteries for stormwater to permeate soil for groundwater recharge. Finally, successful plantings provide desthetic value and wildlife habitat making these facilities more desirable to the public

Design Constraints:

> Planting buffer strips of at least 20 feet will cause sediments to settle out before reaching

the facility, thereby reducing the possibility of clogging. > Determine areas that will be saturated with water and water table depth so that

appropriate plants may be selected (hydrology will be similar to bioretention facilities, see figure A.5 and Table A.4 for planting material guidance).

> Plants known to send down deep taproots should be avoided in systems where filter fabric is used as part of facility design.

> Test soil conditions to determine if soil amendments are necessary.

> Plants shall be located so that access is possible for structure maintenance. > Stabilize heavy flow areas with erosion control mats or sod.

> Temporarily divert flows from seeded areas until vegetation is established.

> See Table A.5 for additional design considerations. Bio-retention

Soil Bed Characteristics

The characteristics of the soil for the bioretention facility are perhaps as important as the facility location, size, and treatment volume. The soil must be permeable enough to allow runoff to filter through the media, while having characteristics suitable to promote and sustain a robust vegetative cover crop. In addition, much of the nutrient pollutant uptake (nitrogen and phosphorus) is accomplished through absorption and microbial activity within the soil profile. Therefore, soils must balance their chemical and physical properties to support biotic communities above and below ground.

The planting soil should be a sandy loam, loamy sand, loam (USDA), or a loam/sand mix (should contain a minimum 35 to 60% sand, by volume). The clay content for these soils should be less than 25% by volume [Environmental Quality Resources (EQR), 1996; Engineering Technology Inc. and Biohabitats, Inc. (ETAB), 1993]. Soils should fall within the SM, ML, SC classifications or the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). A permeability of at least 1.0 feet per day (0.5"/hr) is required (a conservative value of 0.5 feet per day is used for design). The soil should be free of stones, stumps, roots, or other woody material over 1" in diameter. Brush or seeds from noxious weeds (e.g., Johnson Grass, Mugwort, Nutsedge, and Canada Thistle or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.) should not be present in the soils. Placement of the planting soil should be in 12 to 10 lifts that are loosely compacted (tamped lightly with a backhoe bucket or traversed by dozer tracks). The specific characteristics are presented in Table A.3.

Table A.3 Planting Soil Characteristics

Parameter	Value
pH range	5.2 to 7.00
Organic matter	1.5 to 4.0% (by weight)
Magnesium	35 lbs. per acre, minimum
Phosphorus (phosphate - P205)	75 lbs. per acre, minimum
Potassium (potash -1(K2O)	85 lbs. per acre, minimum
Soluble salts	500 ppm
Clay	0 to 5%
Silt	30 to 55%
5and	35 to 60%

Mulch Layer

The mulch layer plays an important role in the performance of the bioretention system. The mulch layer helps maintain soil moisture and avoids surface sealing, which reduces permeability. Mulch helps prevent erosion, and provides a microenvironment suitable for soil biota at the mulch/soil interface. It also serves as a pretreatment layer, trapping the finer sediments, which remain suspended after the primary pretreatment.

The mulch layer should be standard landscape style, single or double shredded hardwood mulch or chips. The mulch layer should be well aged (stockpiled or stored for at least 12 months), uniform in color, and free of other materials, such as weed seeds, soil, roots, etc. The mulch should be applied to a maximum depth of three inches. Grass clippings should not be used as a mulch material.

Plantina Guidance

Plant material selection should be based on the goal of simulating a terrestrial forested community of native species. Bioretention simulates an upland-species ecosystem. The community should be dominated by trees, but have a distinct community of understory trees, shrubs and herbaceous materials. By creating a diverse, dense plant cover, a bioretention facility will be able to treat stormwater runoff and withstand urban stresses from insects,

disease, drought, temperature, wind, and exposure. The proper selection and installation of plant materials is key to a successful system. There are essentially three zones within a bioretention facility (Figure A.5). The lowest elevation supports plant species adapted to standing and fluctuating water levels. The middle elevation supports plants that like drier soil conditions, but can still tolerate occasional inundation by

is the highest elevation and generally supports plants adapted to dryer conditions. A sample of appropriate plant materials for bioretention facilities are included in Table A.4. The layout of plant material should be flexible, but should follow the general principals described in Table A.5. The objective is to have a system, which resembles a random, and natural plant layout, while maintaining optimal conditions for plant establishment and growth. For a more extensive bioretention plan, consult ETAB, 1993 or Claytor and Schueler, 1997.

B.4.C Specifications for Micro-Bioretention. Rain Gardens, Landscape Infiltration & Infiltration Berms

1. Material Specifications

The allowable materials to be used in these practices are detailed in Table B.4.1. 2. Filtering Media or Planting Soil

The soil shall be a uniform mix, free of stones, stumps, roots or other similar objects larger than two inches. No other materials or substances shall be mixed or dumped within the micro-bioretention practice that may be harmful to plant growth, or prove a hindrance to the planting or maintenance operations. The planting soil shall be free of Bermuda grass, Quackgrass, Johnson grass, or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.

The planting soil shall be tested and shall meet the following criteria:

Soil Component - Loamy Sand or Sandy Loam (USDA Soil Textural Classification)

Organic Content - Minimum 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974). In general, this can be met with a mixture of loamy sand (60%-65%) and compost (35% to 40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%), and compost (40%).

Clay Content - Media shall have a clay content of less than 5%.

pH Range -Should be between 5.5 - 7.0. Amendments (e.g., lime, iron sulfate plus sulfur) may be mixed into the soil to increase or decrease pH.

There shall be at least one soil test per project. Each test shall consist of both the standard soil test for pH, and additional tests of organic matter, and soluble salts. A textural analysis is required from the site stockpiled topsoil. If topsoil is imported, then a texture analysis shall be performed for each location where the topsoil was excavated.

It is very important to minimize compaction of both the base of bioretention practices and the required backfill. When possible, use excavation hoes to remove original soil. If practices are excavated using a loader, the contractor should use wide track or marsh track equipment, or light equipment with turf type tires. Use of equipment with narrow tracks or narrow tires, rubber tires with large lugs, or high-pressure tires will cause excessive compaction resulting in reduced infiltration rates and is not acceptable. Compaction will significantly contribute to design failure.

Compaction can be alleviated at the base of the bioretention facility by using a primary tilling operation such as a chisel plow, ripper, or subsoiler. These tilling operations are to refracture the soil profile through the 12 inch compaction zone. Substitute methods must be approved by the engineer. Rototillers typically do not till deep enough to reduce the effects of compaction from heavy equipment.

Rototill 2 to 3 inches of sand into the base of the bioretention facility before backfilling the optional sand layer. Pump any ponded water before preparing (rototilling) base. When backfilling the topsoil over the sand layer, first place 3 to 4 inches of topsoil over

the sand, then rototill the sand/topsoil to create a gradation zone. Backfill the remainder

of the topsoil to final grade. When backfilling the bioretention facility, place soil in lifts 12" to 18". Do not use heavy equipment within the bioretention basin. Heavy equipment can be used around the perimeter of the basin to supply soils and sand. Grade bioretention materials with light equipment such as a compact loader or a dozer/loader with marsh tracks.

Recommended plant material for micro-bioretention practices can be found in Appendix A,

Compost is a better organic material source, is less likely to float, and should be placed in the invert and other low areas. Mulch should be placed in surrounding to a uniform thickness of 2" to 3". Shredded or chipped hardwood mulch is the only accepted mulch. Pine mulch and wood chips will float and move to the perimeter of the bioretention area during a storm event and are not acceptable. Shredded mulch must be well aged (6 to 12 months) for acceptance.

Rootstock of the plant material shall be kept moist during transport and on-site storage. The plant root ball should be planted so 1/8 th of the ball is above final grade surface. The diameter of the planting pit shall be at least six inches larger than the diameter of the planting ball. Set and maintain the plant straight during the entire planting process. Thoroughly water ground bed cover after installation.

Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing season only. Stakes are to be equally spaced on the outside of the tree ball. Grasses and legume seed should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be planted following the non-grass ground cover planting

The topsoil specifications provide enough organic material to adequately supply nutrients from natural cycling. The primary function of the bioretention structure is to improve water quality. Adding fertilizers defeats, or at a minimum, impedes this goal. Only add fertilizer if wood chips or mulch are used to amend the soil. Rototill urea fertilizer at a rate of 2 pounds per 1000 square feet.

Underdrains

Underdrains should meet the following criteria:

Pipe- Should be 42to 62diameter, slotted or perforated rigid plastic pipe (ASTMF 758 Type P5 28, or AASHTO-M-278) in a gravel layer. The preferred material is slotted, 4"

Perforations - If perforated pipe is used, perforations should be 3/8" diameter located 6 center with a minimum of four holes per row. Pipe shall be wrapped with a 1/4" (No. 4 or

Gravel - The gravel layer (No. 57 stone preferred) shall be at least 3" thick above and below the underdrain.

The main collector pipe shall be at a minimum 0.5% slope.

A rigid, non-perforated observation well must be provided (one per every 1,000 square feet) to provide a clean-out port and monitor performance of the filter

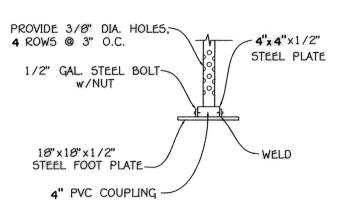
every 1000 square feet of surface area).

A 4" layer of pea gravel (1/4" to 3/8" stone) shall be located between the filter media and underdrain to prevent migration of fines into the underdrain. This layer may be considered

part of the filter bed when bed thickness exceeds 24" The main collector pipe for underdrain systems shall be constructed at a minimum slope of 0.5%. Observation wells and/or clean-out pipes must be provided (one minimum per

7. Miscellaneous

These practices may not be constructed until all contributing drainage area has been



NOTE: ANCHOR MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH (MUST BY APPROVED BY INSPECTOR)

> Anchor Detail NO SCALE

Operation And Maintenance Schedule For Homeowners Association Owned & Maintained Bio-Retention Areas (M-6)

1. The owner shall maintain the plant material, mulch layer and soil layer annually. maintenance of mulch and soil is limited to correcting areas of erosion or wash out. Any mulch replacement shall be done in the spring. Plant material shall be checked for disease and insect infestation and maintenance will address dead material and pruning. Acceptable replacement plant material is limited to the following: 2000 Maryland stormwater design manual volume II, table A.4.1 and 2.

2. The owner shall perform a plant in the spring and in the fall each year. during the inspection, the owner shall remove dead and diseased vegetation considered beyond treatment, replace dead plant material with acceptable replacement plant material, Treat diseased trees and shrubs and replace all deficient stakes and wires.

3. The owner shall inspect the mulch each spring. The mulch shall be replaced every two to three years, The previous mulch layer shall be removed before the new layer is applied.

4. The owner shall correct soil erosion on an as needed basis, with a minimum of once per month and after each heavy

5. The owner shall maintain all observation wells, clean-outs and perforated underdrains. 6. Filter material must be replaced when water remains on the surface of the filter bed for more than 24 hours following a 1

UNDERDRAIN PIPE SHALL BE 4" TO 6" DIAMETER, SLOTTED OR PERFORATED RIGID PLASTIC PIPE (ASTMF 750, TYPE PS 20 OR AASHTO-M- 270) IN A GRAVEL LAYER. THE PREFERRED MATERIAL IS SLOTTED 4" RIGID PIPE (e.g., PVC OR HDPE). PERFORATIONS SHALL BE 3/8" DIAMETER LOCATED 6" ON CENTER WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR PIPE SIZE: 4" or 6"

or 2 year storm event or more than 48 hours following a 10 year storm event.

ROWS OF HOLES: 2 @ 90° GRAVEL LAYER SHALL BE (No. 57 STONE PREFERRED) AT LEAST 3" THICK ABOVE AND BELOW

HARDWARE CLOTH.

HOLE SIZE: 3/8"

CENTER TO CENTER: 3"

FOR ALL MICRO BIO-RETENTION FACILITIES (M-6), THE UNDERDRAINS SHALL BE 4" PVC SCH. 40 AND

FOR ALL BIO-RETENTION FACILITIES (F-6), THE UNDERDRAINS SHALL BE 4" PVC SCH. 40.

5ch 40 Pvc Perforated

Underdrain Pipe Detail

For Horizontal Drain Pipe

UNDERDRAIN NOTE:

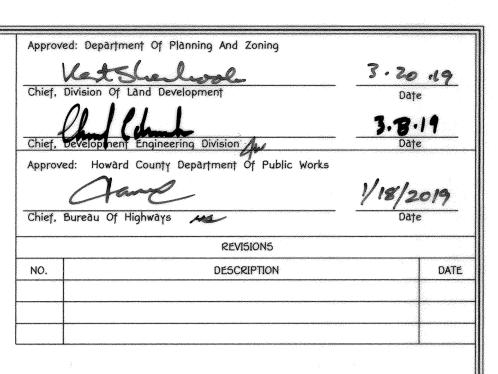
NO SCALE

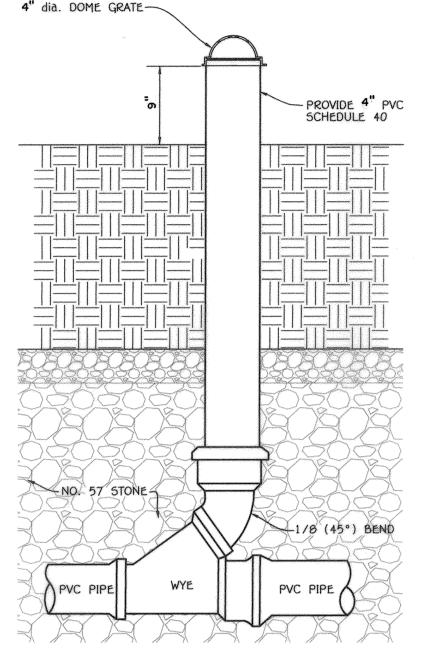
THE MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE SHALL BE AT A MINIMUM 0.5% SLOPE.

A RIGID, NON PERFORATED OBERSERVATION WELL MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE PER EVERY 1,000 SQ.FT.) TO PROVIDE A CLEANOUT PORT AND MONITOR PERFORMANCE OF THE FILTER.

HOLES PER ROW. PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH A 1/4" (No. 4 OR 4 x 4) GALVANIZED

A 4" LAYER OF PEA GRAVEL (1/8" TO 3/8" STONE) SHALL BE LOCATED BETWEEN THE FILTER MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINES INTO THE UNDERDRAIN. THIS LAYER MAY BE CONSIDERED PART OF THE FILTER BED WHEN BED THICKNESS EXCEEDS 24".





(FACILITY Nos. 1, 7, 8 & 9)

Typical Clean-Out Detail

4" PVC SCH. 40, OBSERVATION WELL/CLEANOUT W/ 4" DIA. DOME GRATE. WEIR EL. INVERT @ d=9". 12" ESD ELEV.= INLET OR SPILLWAY SPILLWAY ELEV. WHERE APPLICABLE ELEVATION PVC, SCHEDULE 40 (SOLID DOWN TO STONE LAYER)

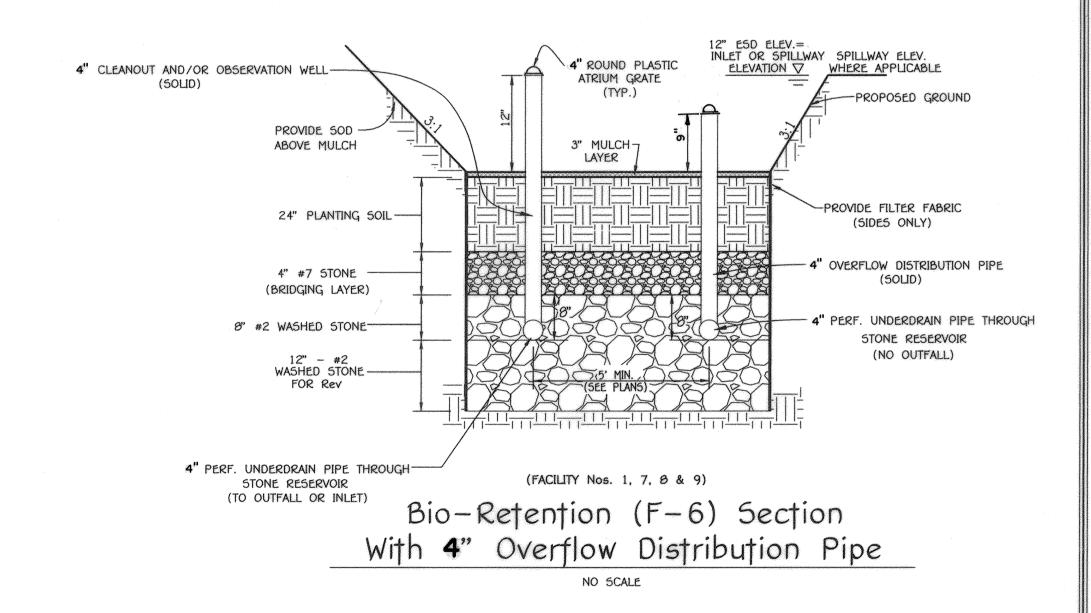
Section @ Cleanout/Observation Well Location

OWNER: KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615 410-489-7900

SEE ANCHOR DETAIL

THIS SHEET

DEVELOPER: HERITAGE LAND DEVELOPMENT 15950 NORTH AVENUE LISBON, MARYLAND 21765 410-489-7900



Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents

were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly

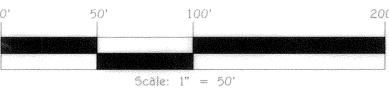
Stormwater Management Notes And Details (Bio-Retention)

PHASE ONE LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND

NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G' ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

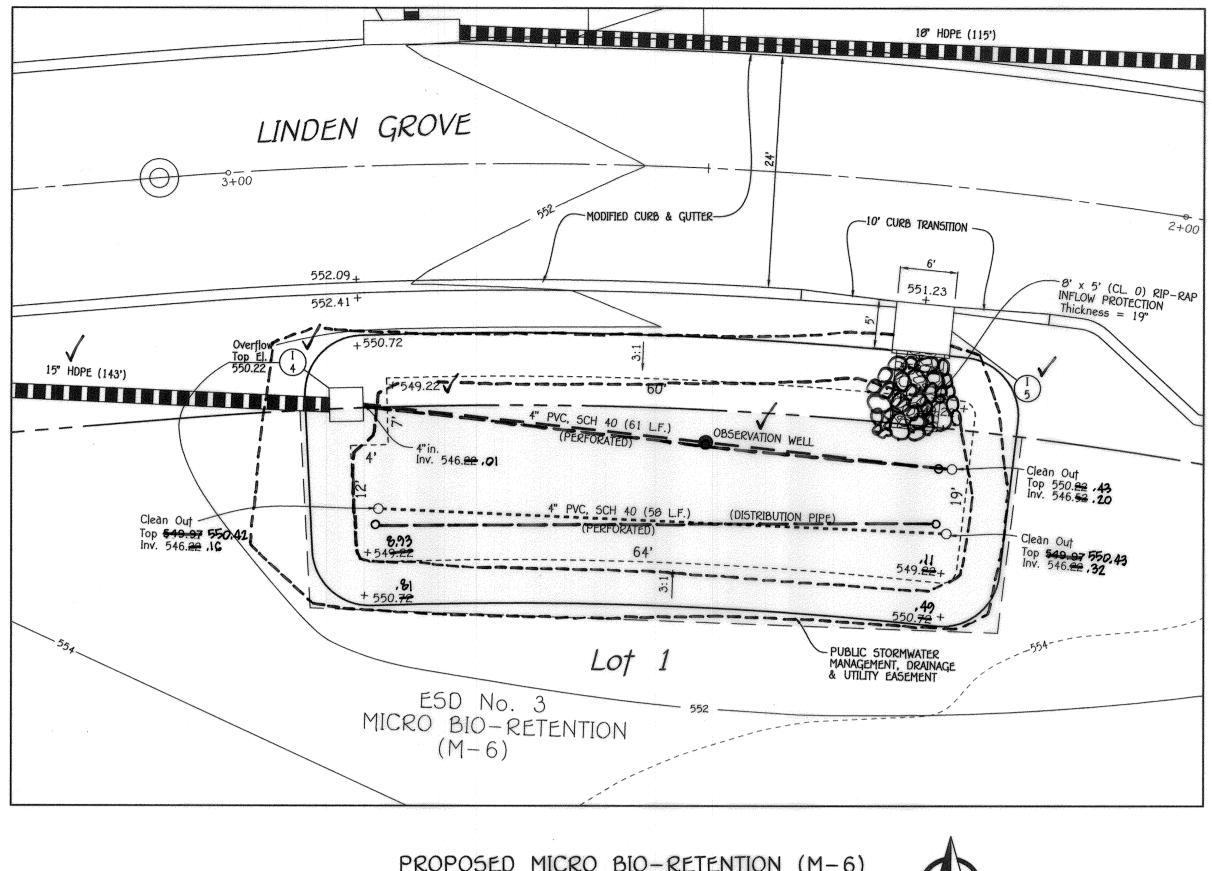
DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018 SHEET 13 of 35

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.



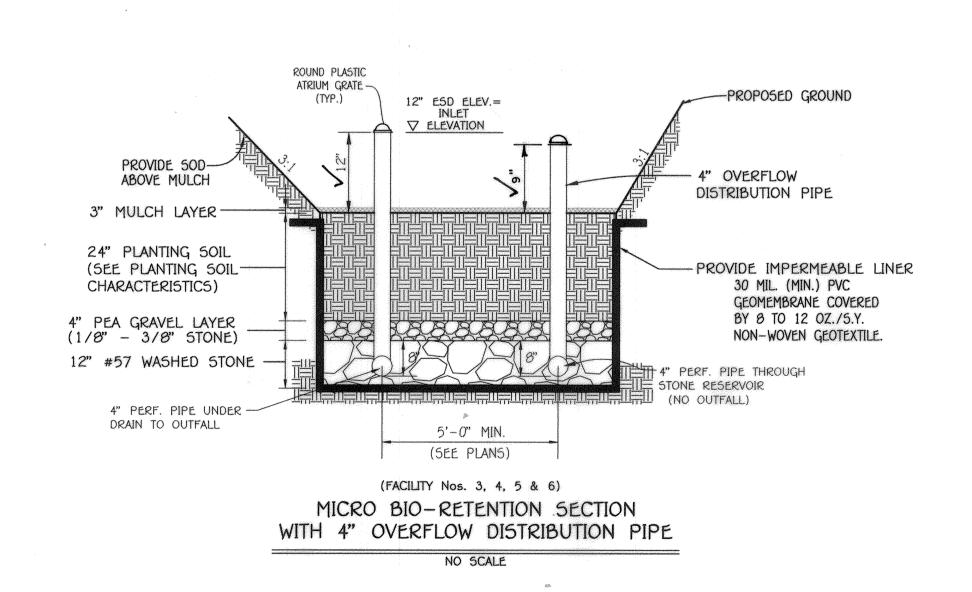
PROPOSED MICRO BIO-RETENTION (M-6) ESD Nos. 5 & 6 PLAN VIEW SCALE: 1" = 10'

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS



PROPOSED MICRO BIO-RETENTION (M-6) ESD No. 3 PLAN VIEW SCALE: 1" = 10'





Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning VetSlehool 3-20-19 approved: Howard County Department Of Public Works 1/18/2019 **REVISIONS** DESCRIPTION DATE

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE NOTE

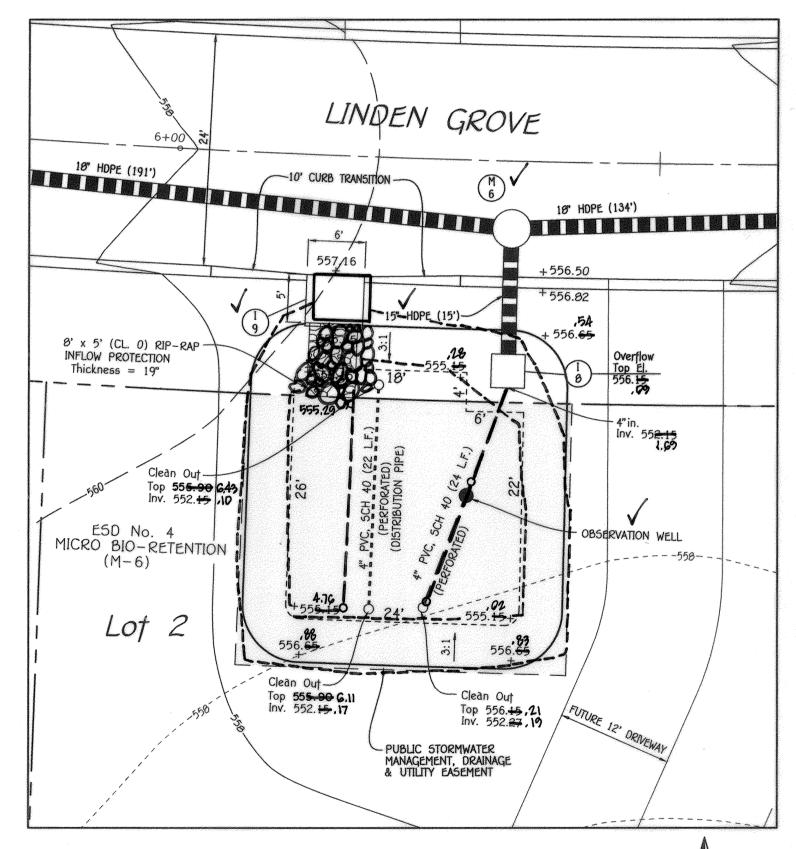
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES 3, 4, 5 & 6 WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED BY THE LINDEN GROVE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION AND JOINTLY MAINTAINED BY THE LINDEN GROVE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION & HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND. THE STREET TREES, PLANTINGS WITHIN THE BIO-RETENTION, PERFORATED UNDERDRAINS, FEEDERS AND SWALES WILL BE MAINTAINED BY THE LINDEN GROVE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION. HOWARD COUNTY WILL ONLY MAINTAIN THE INLET STRUCTURE WITHIN THE MICRO BIO-RETENTION FACILITIES ADJACENT TO THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT LEGEND

DENOTES TYPE 'S' INLET (MAIN OVERFLOW INLET) DENOTES CLEANOUT

- DENOTES OBSERVATION WELL

UNDERDRAIN (PERFORATED) (OUTFALLS TO STORM DRAIN) ----- DENOTES 4" PVC, SCH 40 DISTRIBUTION PIPE (PERFORATED) (OUTFALLS INTO STONE LAYER)



PROPOSED MICRO BIO-RETENTION (M-6) ESD No. 4 PLAN VIEW SCALE: 1" = 10'

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

DEVELOPER:

HERITAGE LAND DEVELOPMENT

15950 NORTH AVENUE

LISBON, MARYLAND 21765 410-489-7900

OWNER: KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615 410-489-7900

12/12/18

"Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. $\underline{20748}$, Expiration Date $\underline{2-22-19}$."

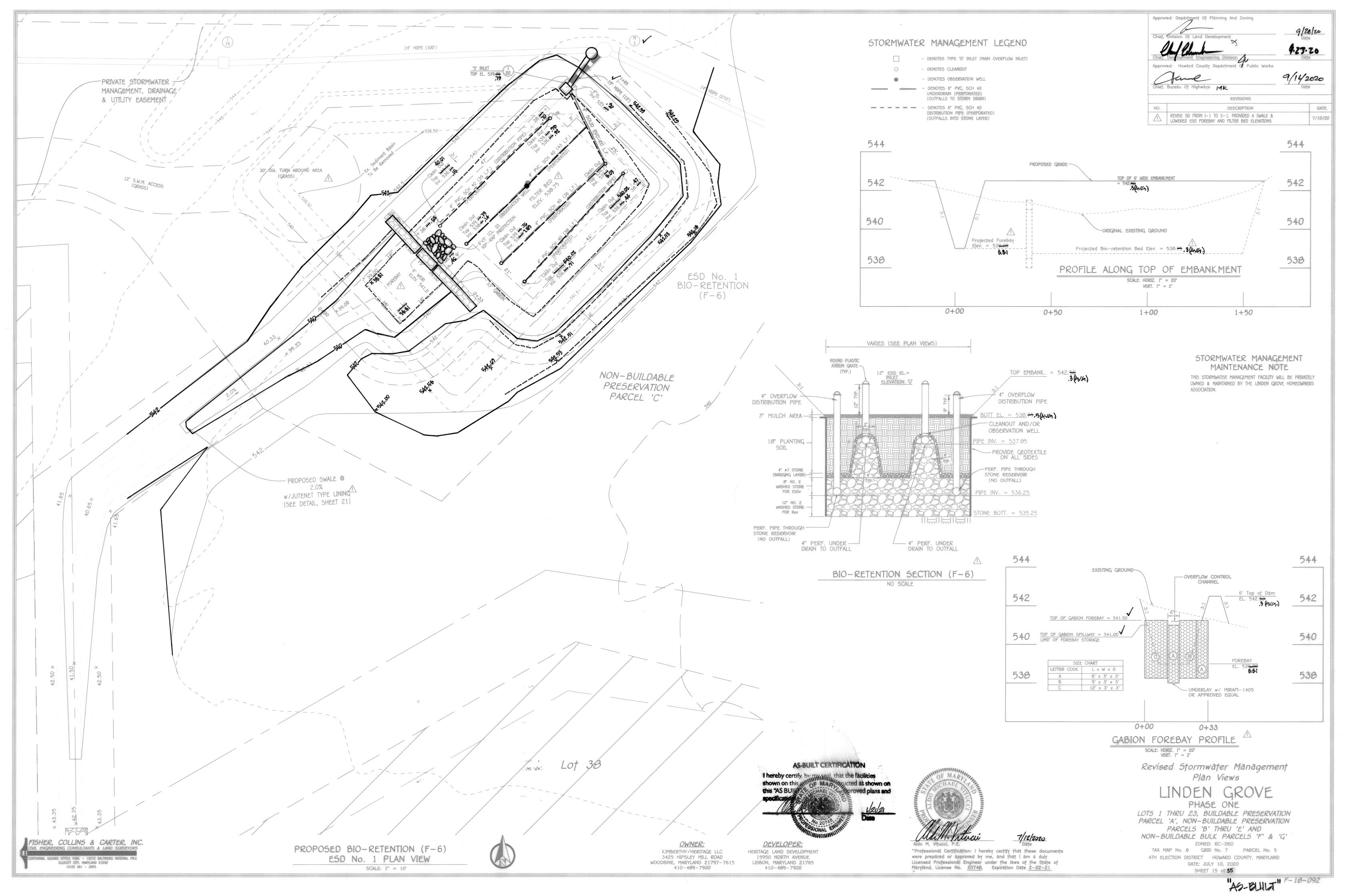
Stormwater Management Plan Views

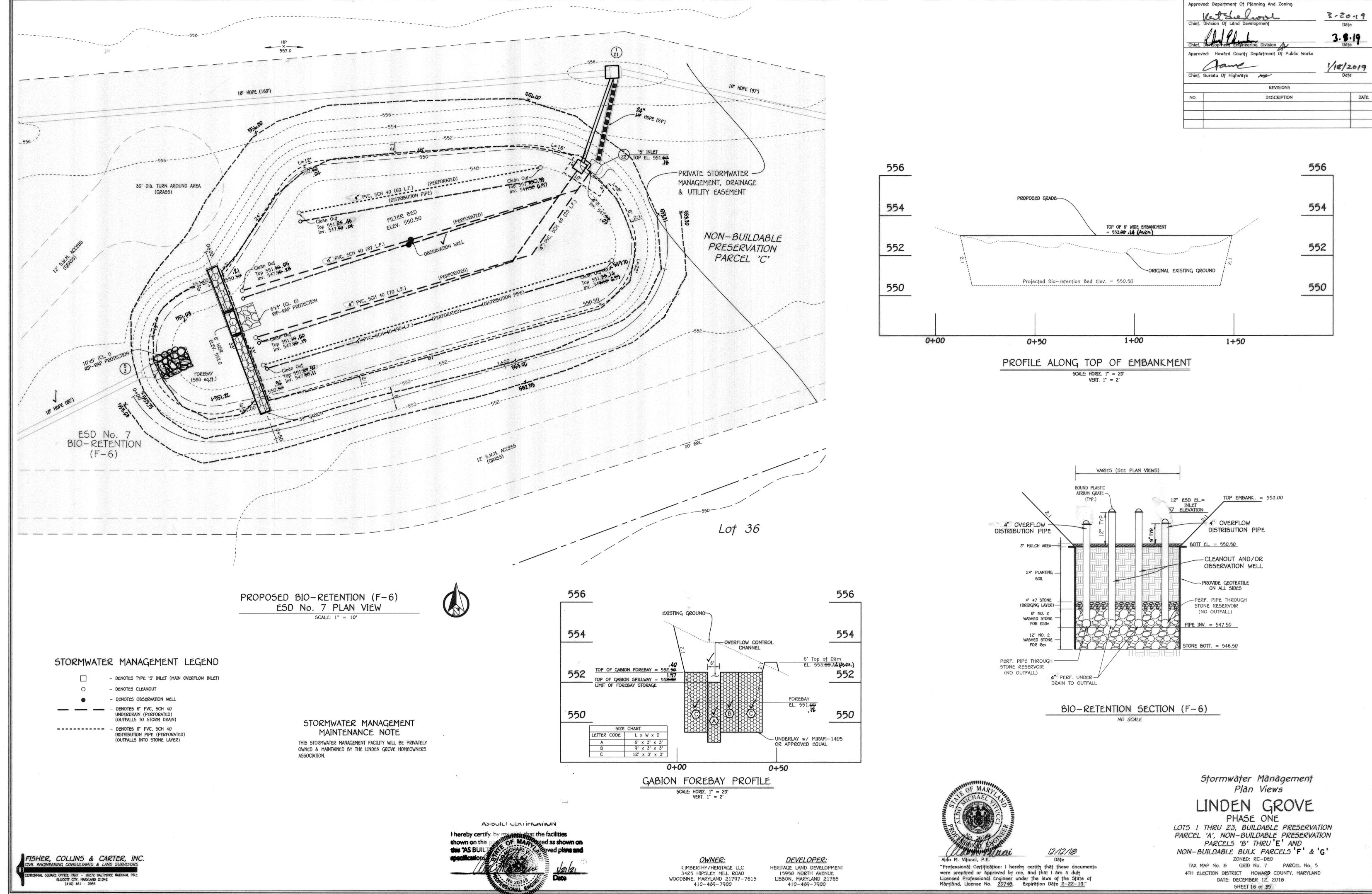
PHASE ONE

LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G' ZONED: RC-DEO

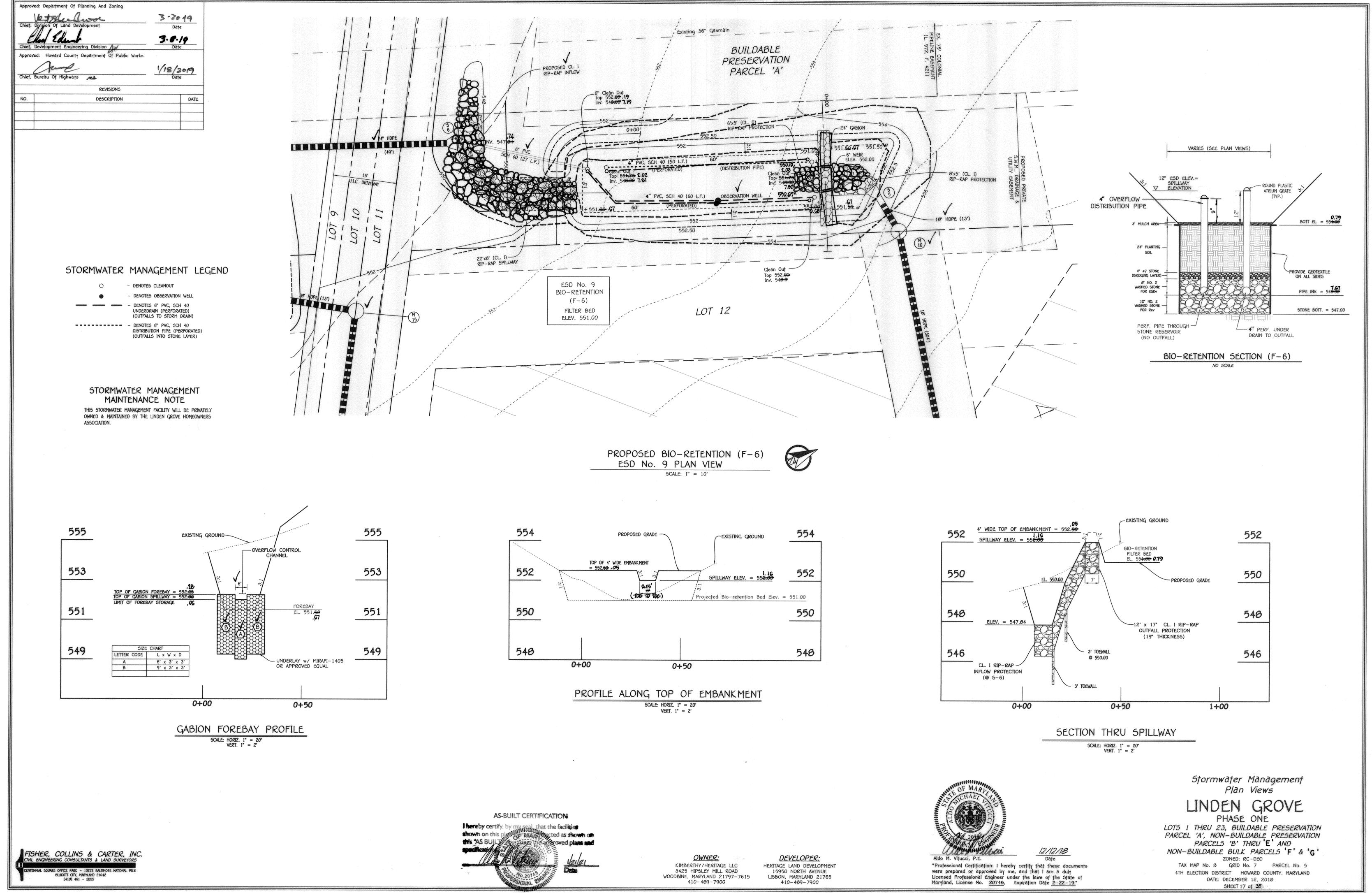
TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018 SHEET 14 of **35**

"AG-BUILT" F- 18-092

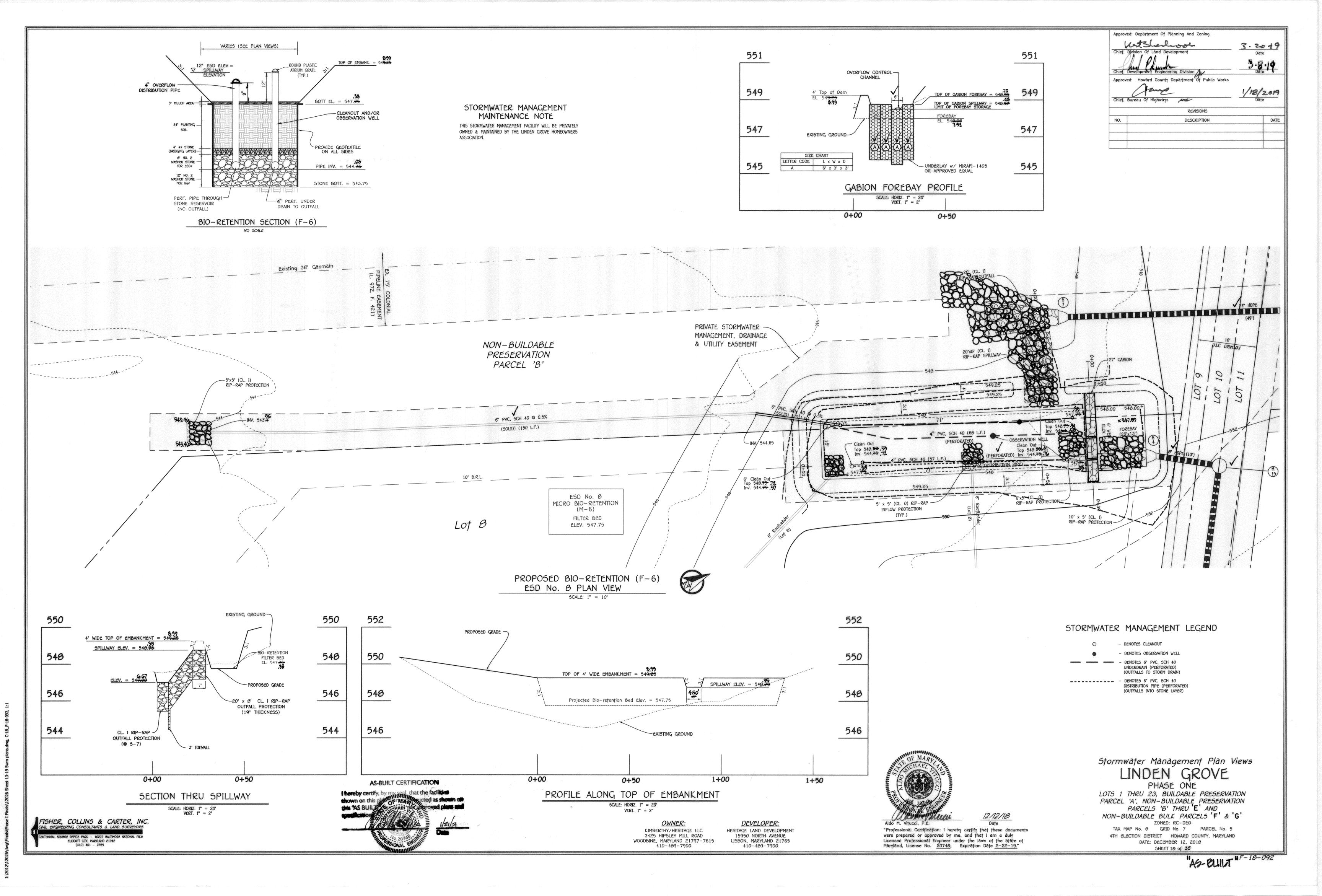


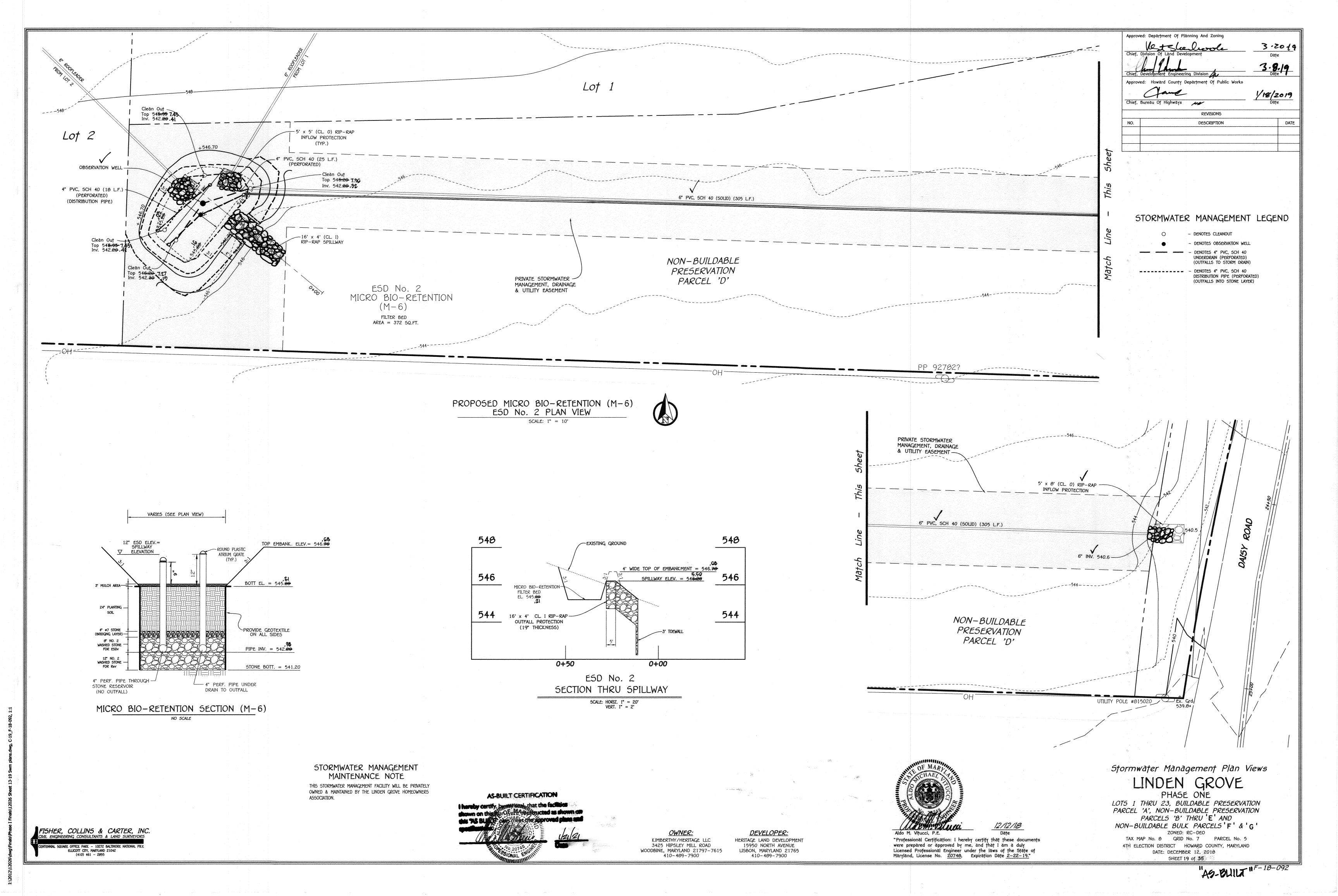


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"AG-BUILT" F-18-092

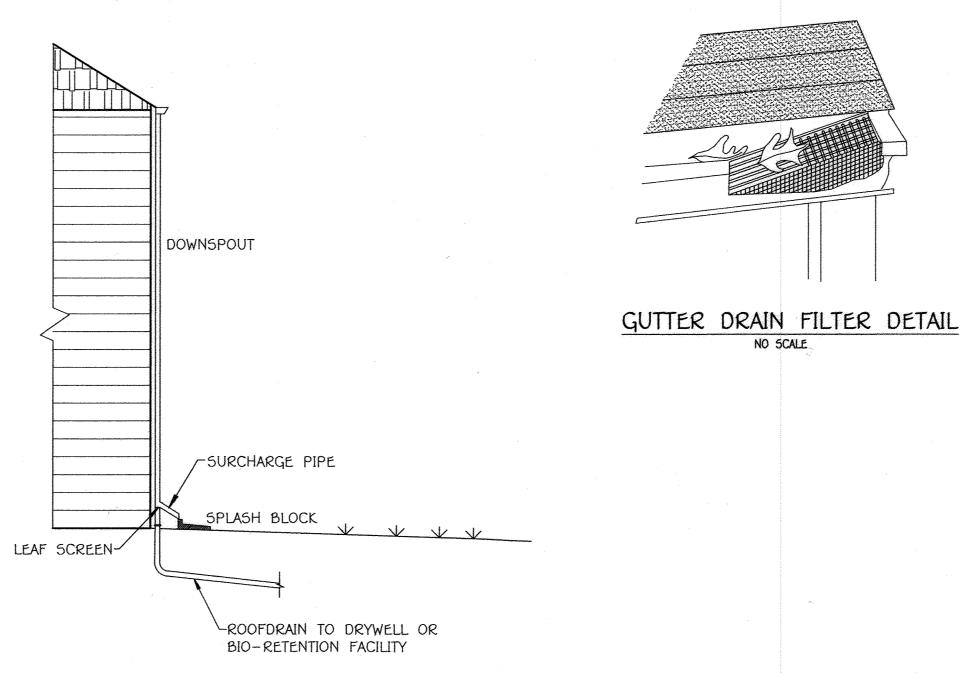




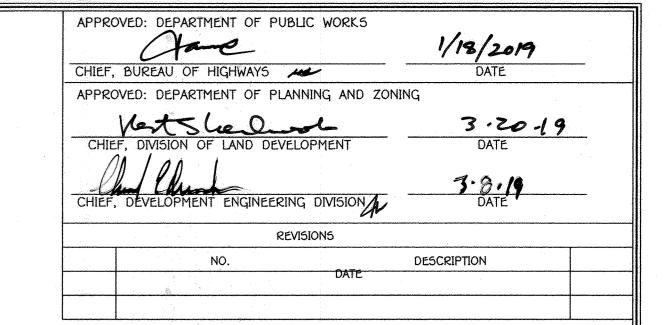
Typical Private Drive Cross Slope Section

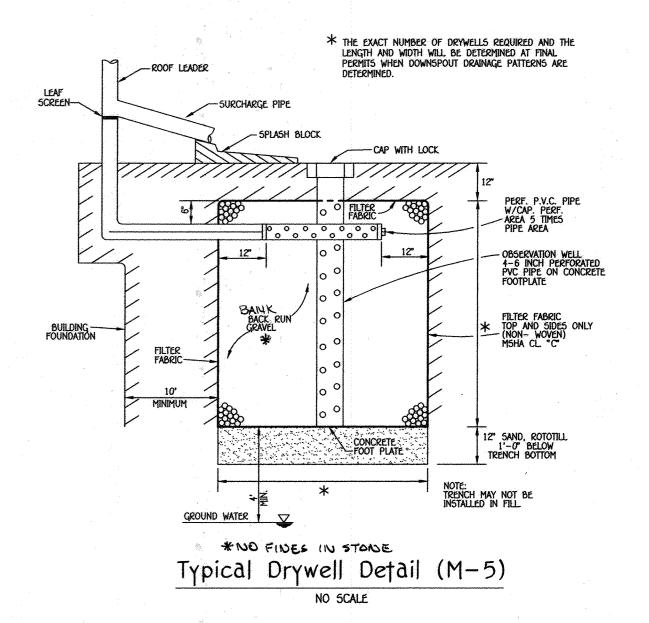
Operation & Maintenance Schedule For Privately Owned And Maintained Disconnection Of Nonrooftop Runoff (N-2)

> 1. Maintenance Of Areas Receiving Disconnection Runoff Is Generally No Different Than That Required For Other Lawn Or Landscaped Areas. The Areas Receiving Runoff Should Be Protected From Future Compaction Or Development Of Impervious Area. In Commercial Areas, Foot Traffic Should Be Discouraged As Well.



TYPICAL DOWNSPOUT FOR OUTFALL INTO DRYWELL OR BIO-RETENTION FACILITY NO SCALE





OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR DRYWELLS (M-5)

- A THE OWNER SHALL INSPECT THE MONITORING WELLS AND STRUCTURES ON A QUARTERLY BASIS AND AFTER EVERY HEAVY STORM EVENT.
- B. THE OWNER SHALL RECORD THE WATER LEVELS AND SEDIMENT BUILD UP IN THE MONITORING WELLS OVER A PERIOD OF SEVERAL DAYS TO INSURE TRENCH DRAINAGE.
- C. THE OWNER SHALL MAINTAIN A LOG BOOK TO DETERMINE THE RATE AT WHICH THE FACILITY DRAINS.
- D. WHEN THE FACILITY BECOMES CLOGGED 50 THAT IT DOES NOT DRAIN DOWN WITHIN A SEVENTY TWO (72) HOUR TIME PERIOD, CORRECTIVE ACTION SHALL BE TAKEN.
- E. THE MAINTENANCE LOG BOOK SHALL BE AVAILABLE TO HOWARD COUNTY FOR INSPECTION TO INSURE COMPLIANCE
- WITH OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CRITERIA.
- F. ONCE THE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INFILTRATION FACILITY HAVE BEEN VERIFIED, THE MONITORING SCHEDULE CAN BE REDUCED TO AN ANNUAL BASIS UNLESS THE PERFORMANCE DATA INDICATES THAT A MORE



KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615 410-489-7900

HERITAGE LAND DEVELOPMENT 15950 NORTH AVENUE LISBON, MARYLAND 21765 410-489-7900



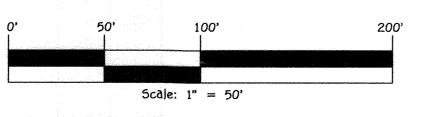
"Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20740, Expiration Date 2-22-19."

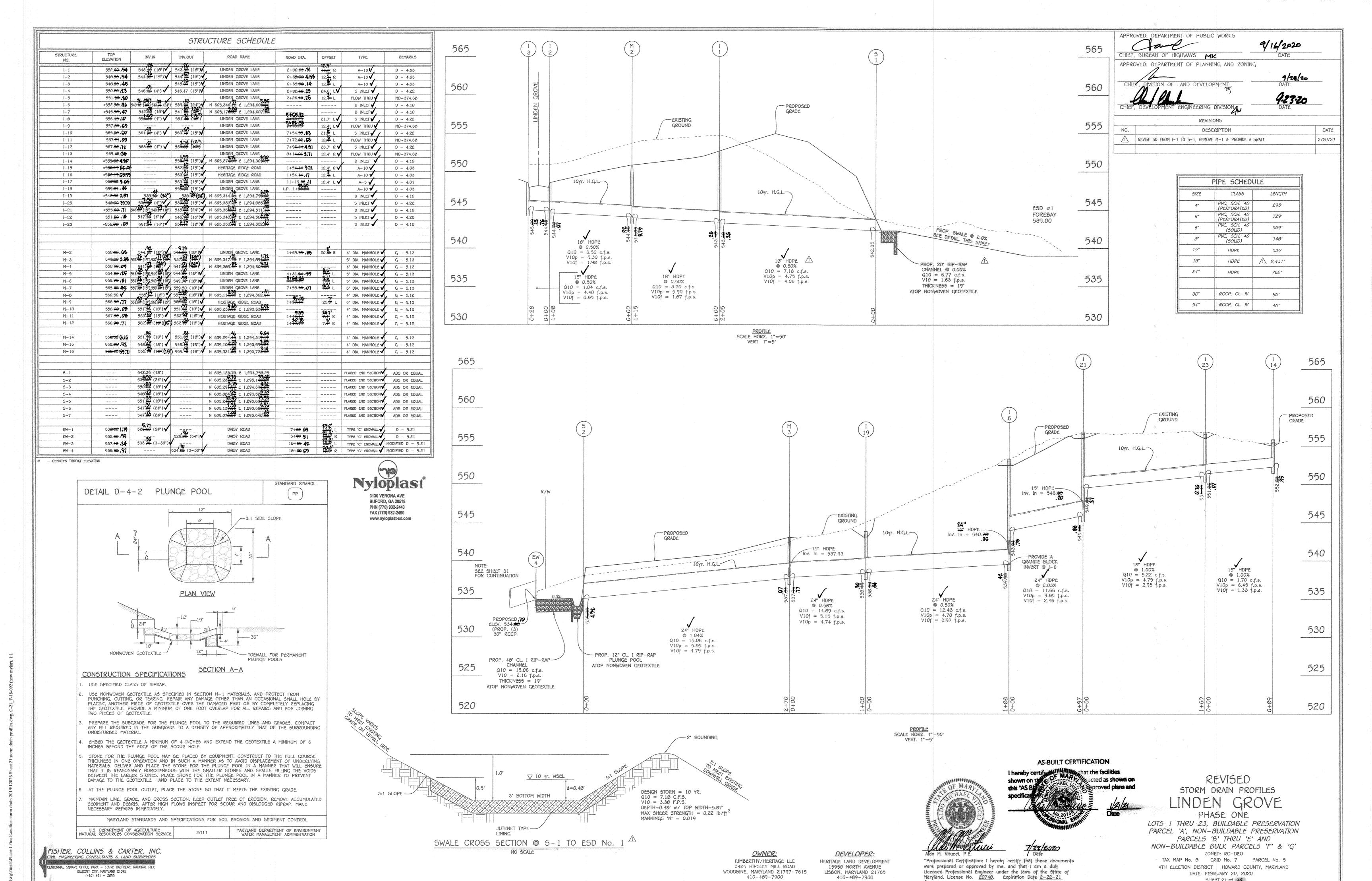
PRIVATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES AND DETAILS

LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G' ZONED: RC-DEO

TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018 SHEET 20 of 35

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042





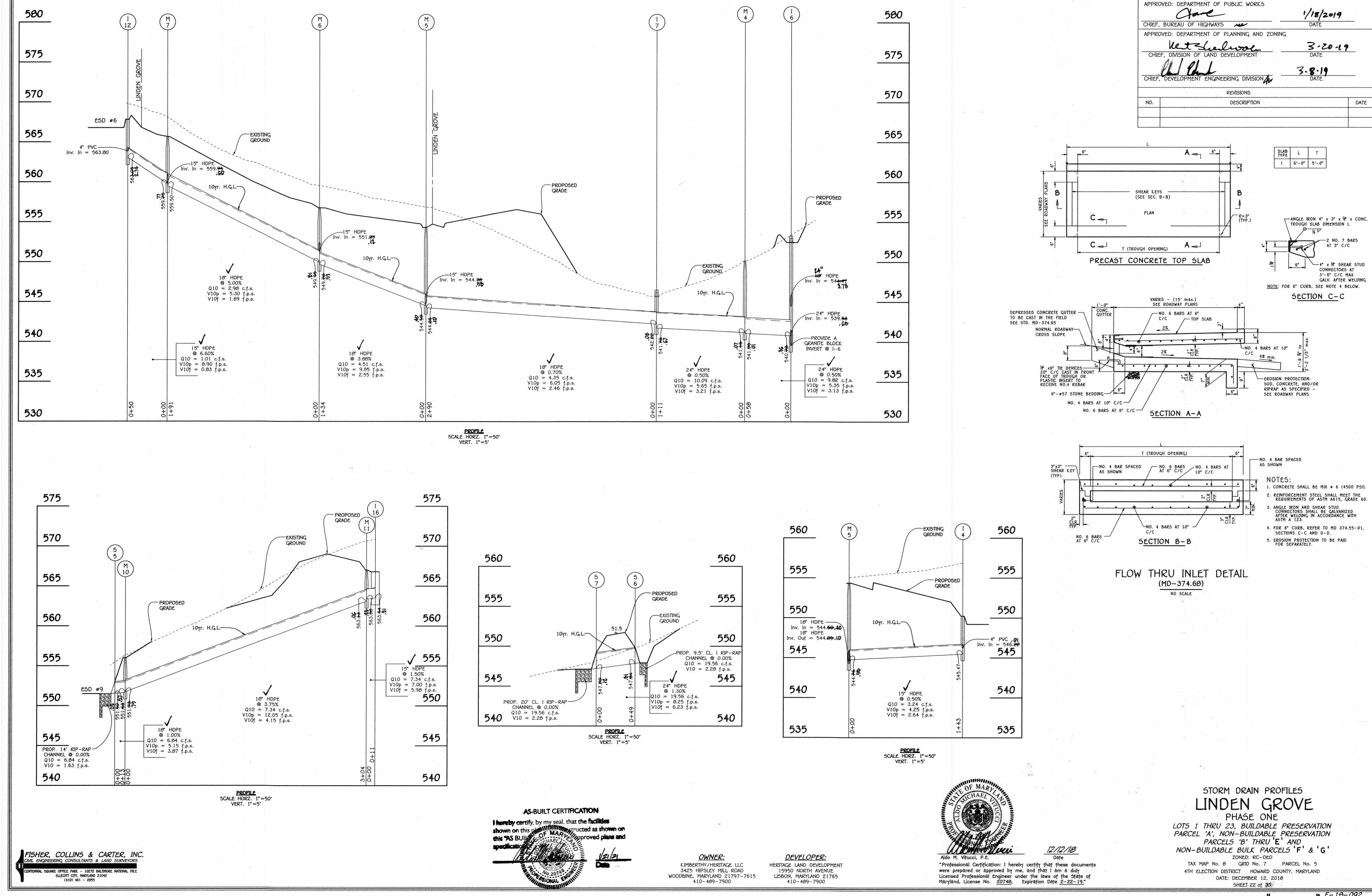
410-489-7900

410-489-7900

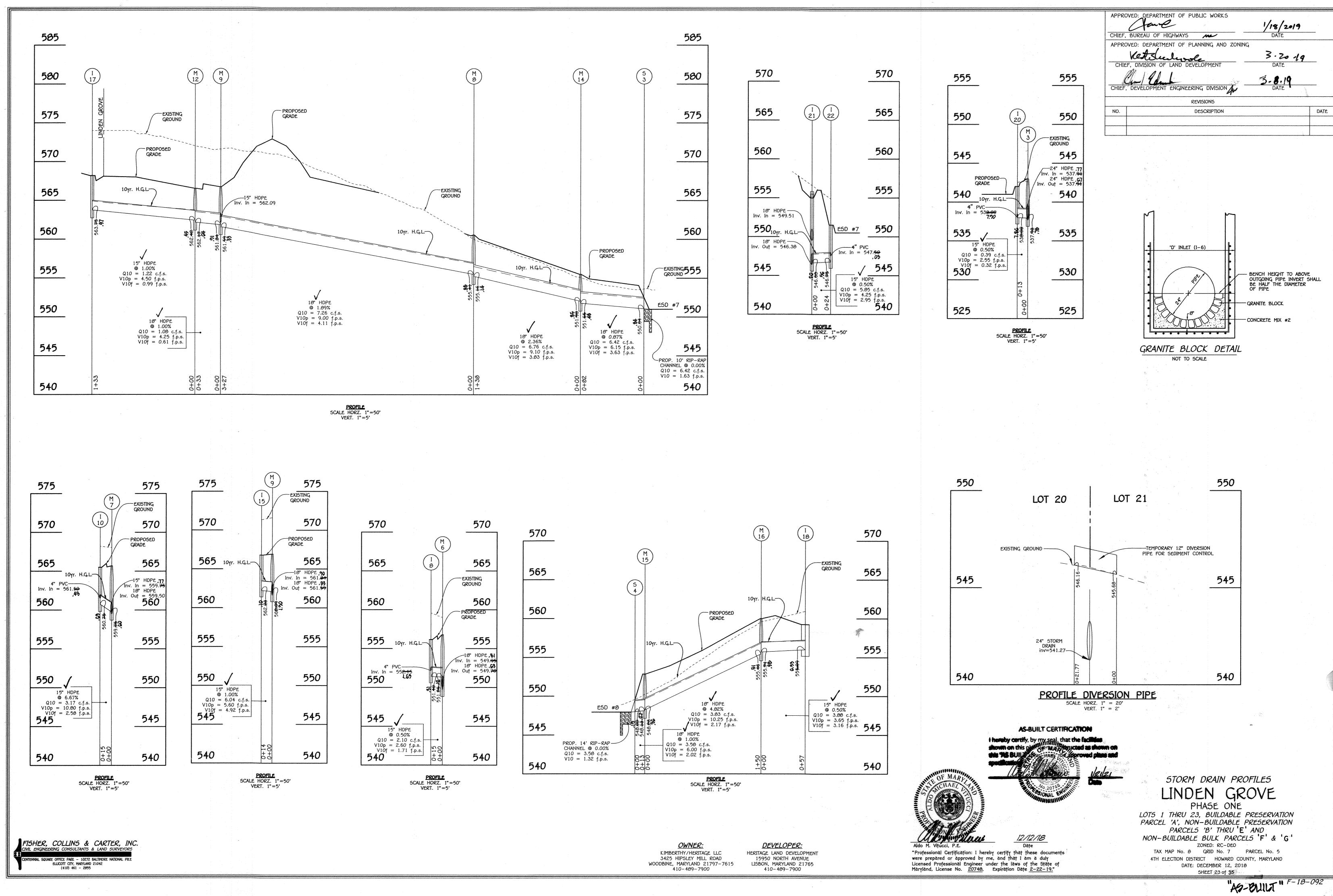
(410) 461 - 2855

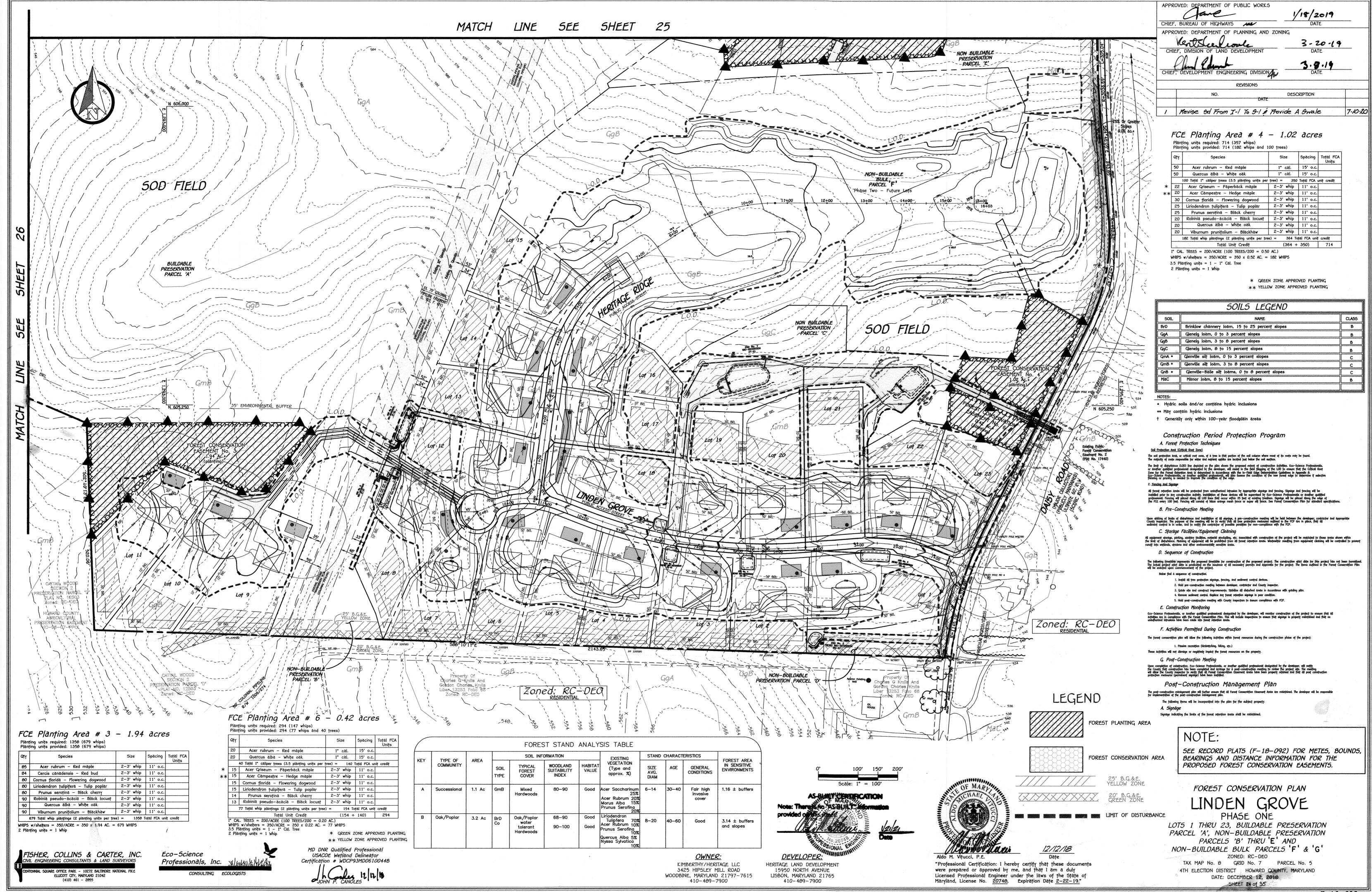
"AG-BUILT" F-18-092

SHEET 21 of 35

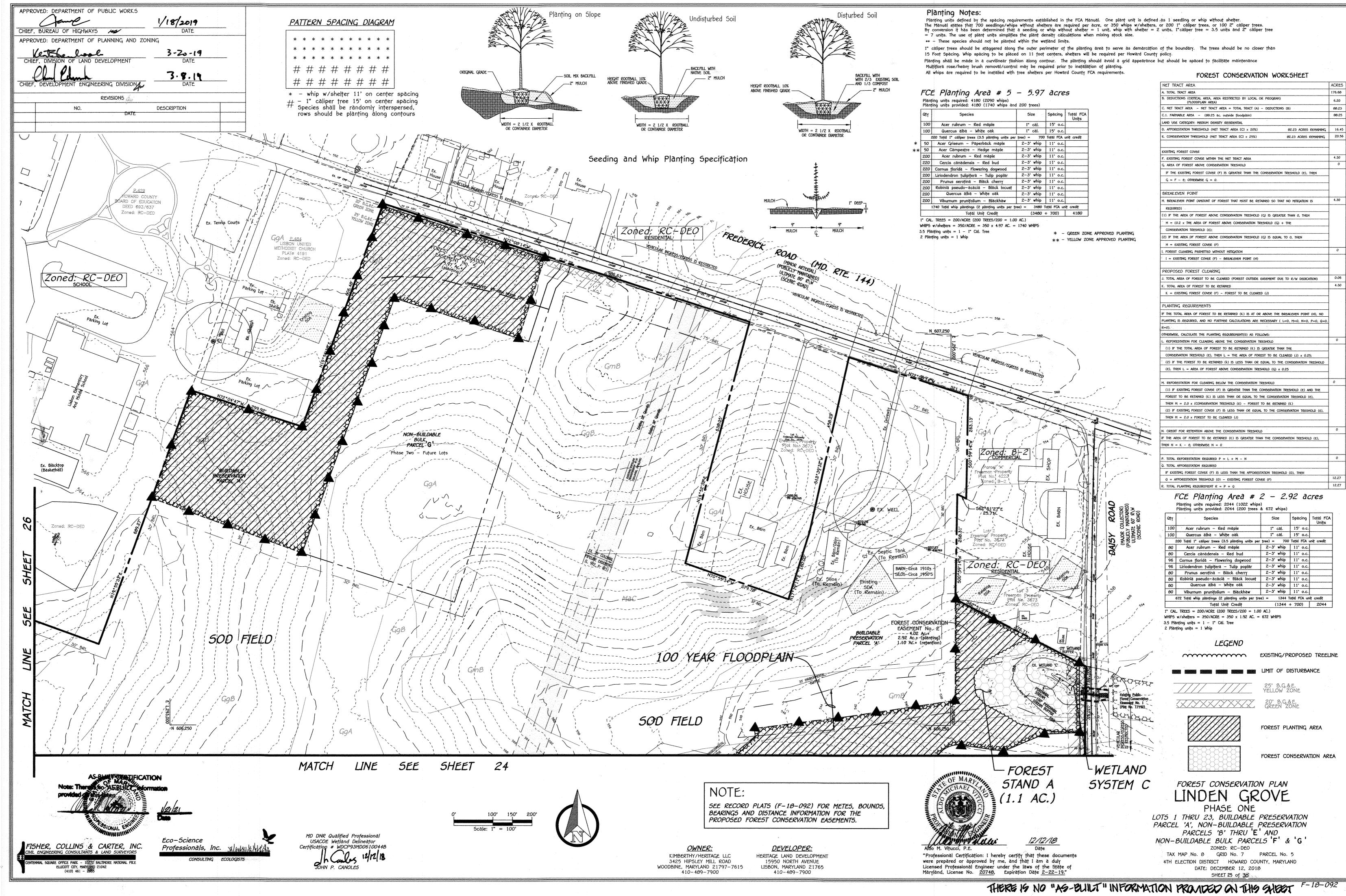


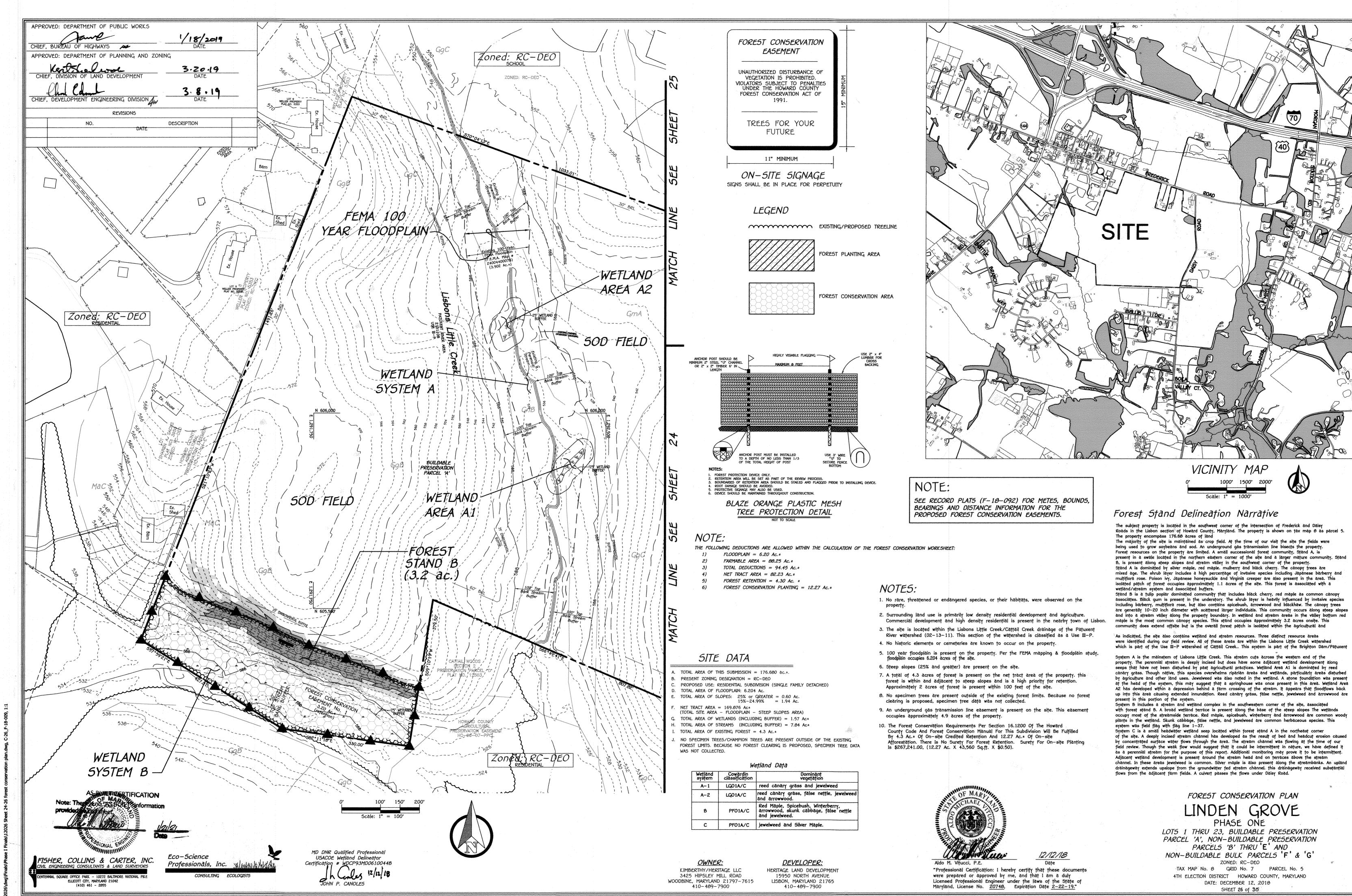
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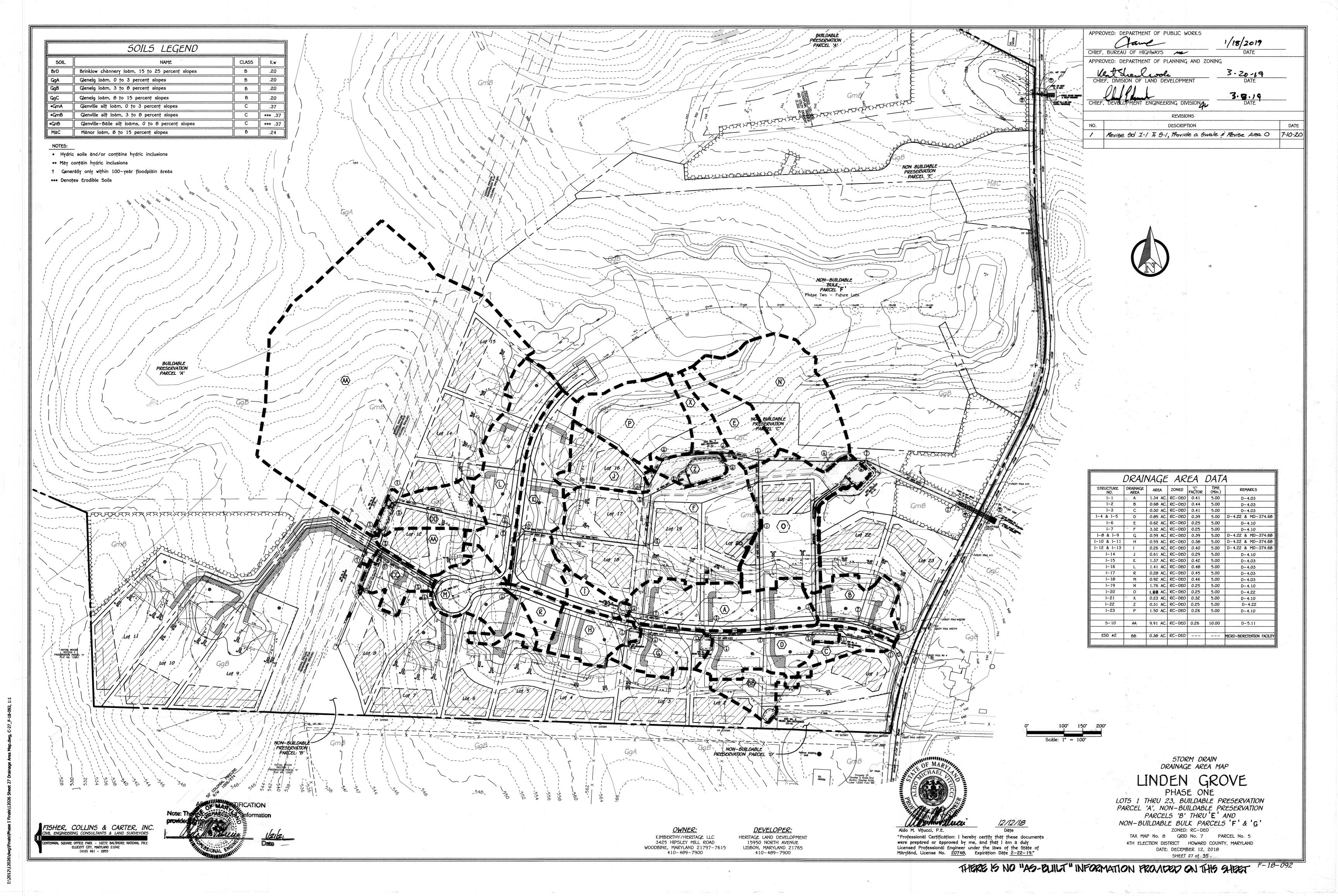


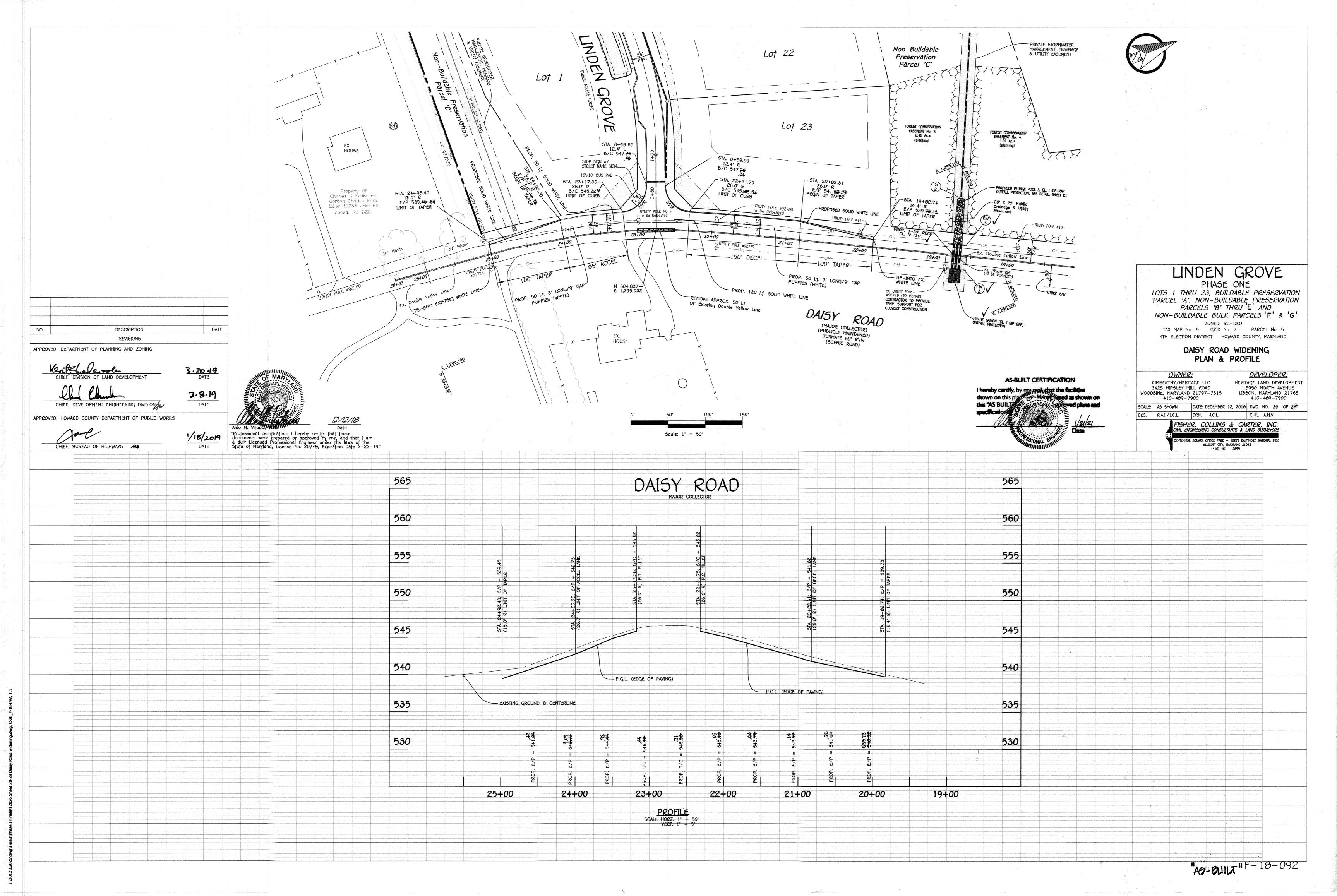
THERE IS NO "AS-BLILT" INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET F-18-092

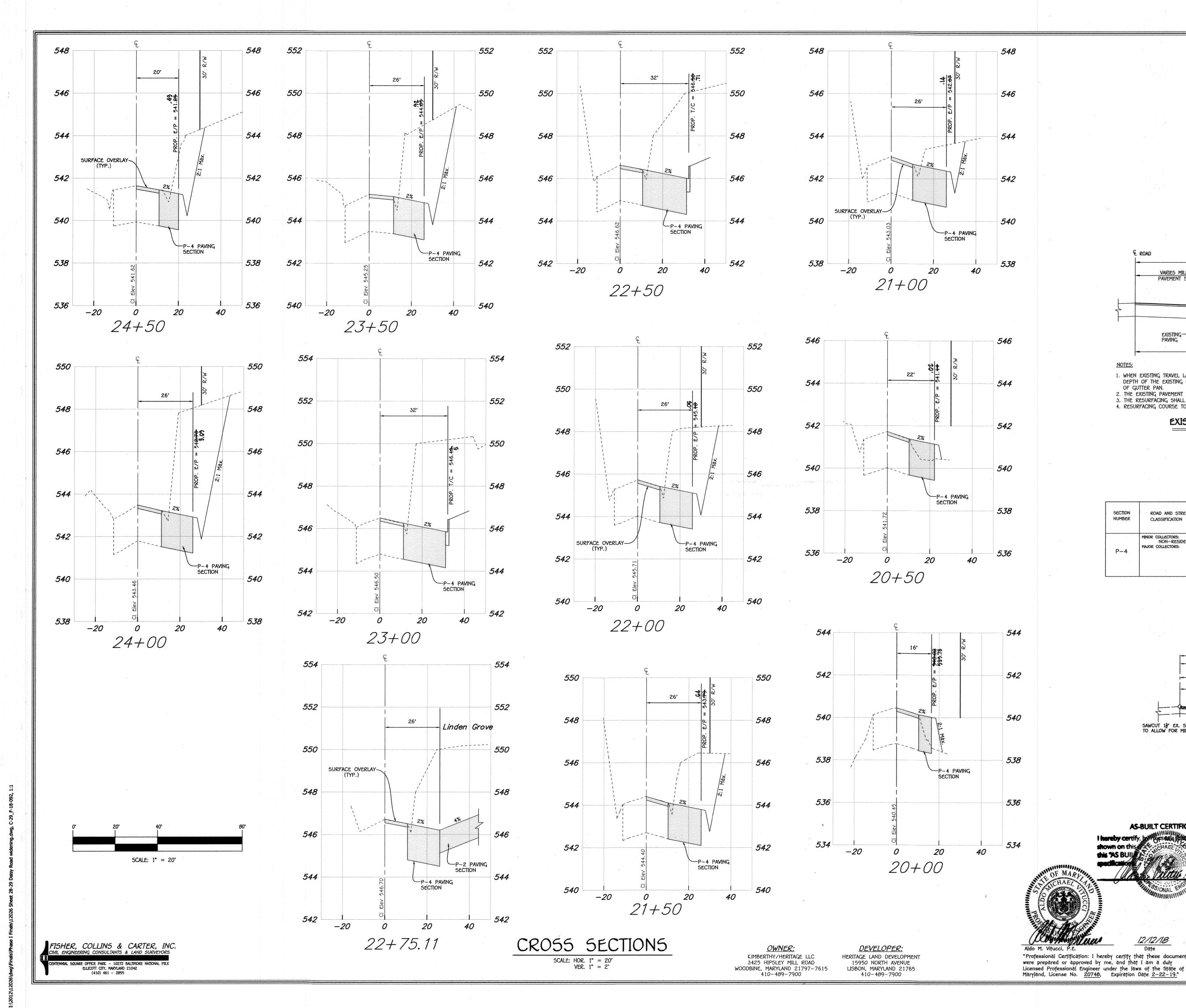




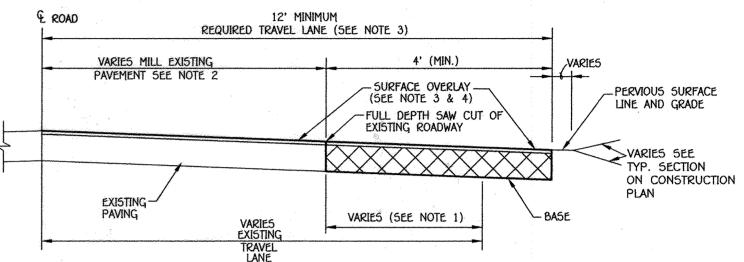
THERE IS NO "AG-BUILT" INFORMATION PROJUED ON THIS SHEET F-18-092







APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS 1/18/2019 CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING 3-2019 CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION **REVISIONS** DESCRIPTION DATE

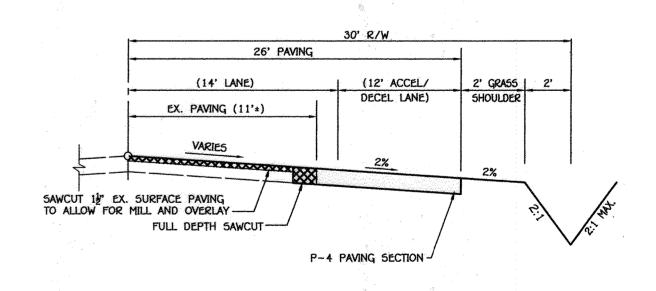


- 1. WHEN EXISTING TRAVEL LANE IS LESS THAN THE REQUIRED 12' LANE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE A MINIMUM OF 1' FULL DEPTH OF THE EXISTING ROADWAY. IF CURB AND GUTTER IS INSTALLED, PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 4' OF WIDENING FROM FACE
- OF GUTTER PAN. 2. THE EXISTING PAVEMENT TO BE RESURFACED SHALL BE MILLED AT DEPTH OF 1 1/2" (MINIMUM).
- 3. THE RESURFACING SHALL BE PLACED TO THE CENTERLINE OF THE ROADWAY. 4. RESURFACING COURSE TO BE EQUAL TO THE SURFACE COURSE OF THE TYPICAL PAVEMENT SECTION.

EXISTING ROADWAY WIDENING STRIP (R-1.08)

NO SCALE

SECTION NUMBER	ROAD AND STREET	CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO (CBR) 3 T		5 TO <7	≥7	3 TO <5	5 TO <7	≥7
NOMBER	CLASSIFICATION	PAVEMENT MATERIAL (INCHES)	MIN I	HMA WITH	GAB	HMA W	ITH CONSTA	NT GAB
	MINOR COLLECTORS: NON-RESIDENTIAL	HMA SUPERPAVE FINAL SURFACE 12.5 MM, PG 64-22, LEVEL 2 (LOW ESAL)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
P-4	MAJOR COLLECTORS:	HMA SUPERPAVE INTERMEDIATE SURFACE 12.5 MM. PG 64-22; LEVEL 2 (LOW ESAL)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
		HMA SUPERPAVE BASE 19.0 MM. PG 64-22, LEVEL 2 (LOW ESAL)	4.0	4.0	3.0	6.0	5.0	3.0
		GRADED AGGREGATE BASE (GAB)	13.0	7.0	4.0	6.0	6.0	6.0



TYPICAL WIDENING SECTION NO SCALE

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION shown on this and CHAEL CHAEL CHAEL this 'AS BUIL

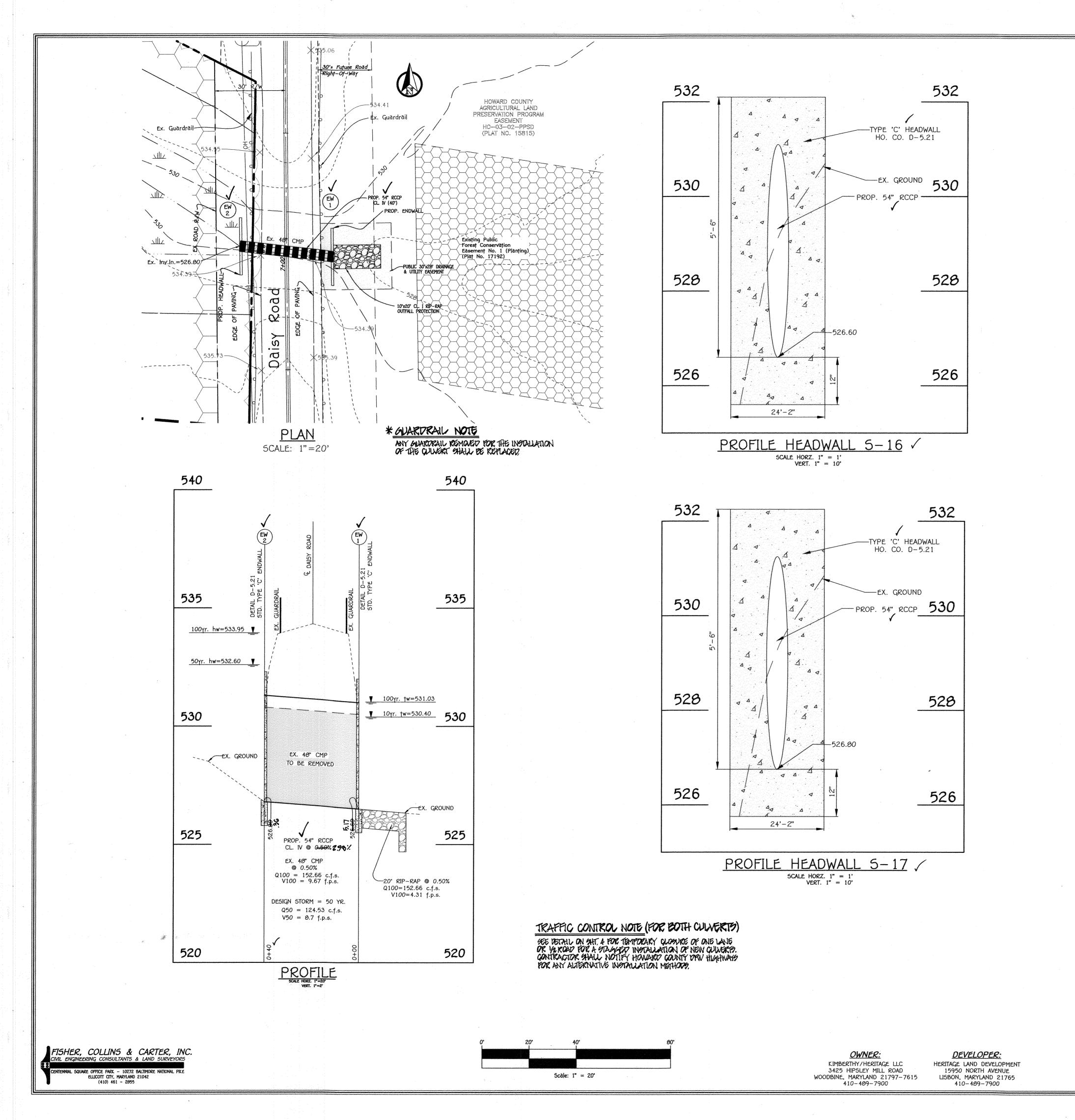
DAISY ROAD WIDENING - CROSS SECTIONS

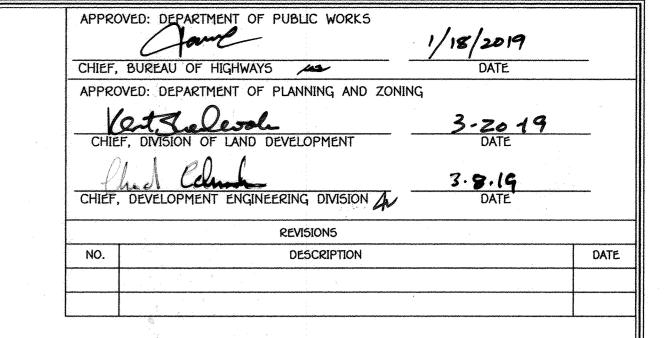
PHASE ONE

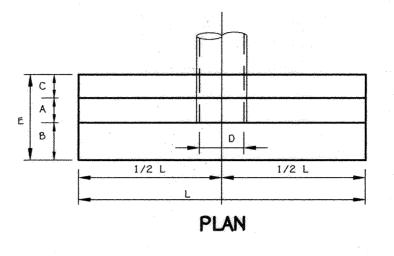
LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G'

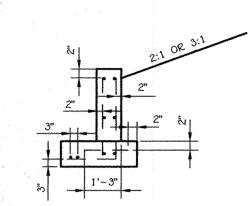
ZONED: RC-DEO
TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5 4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018 SHEET 29 of 35

"AG-BUILT" F-18-092



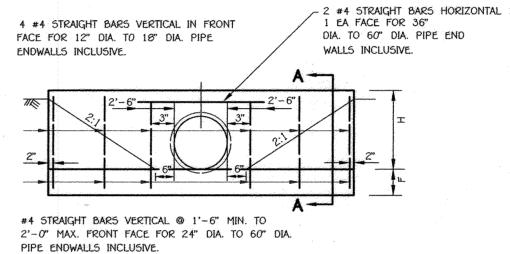






DISPOSITION OF BARS - DETAIL

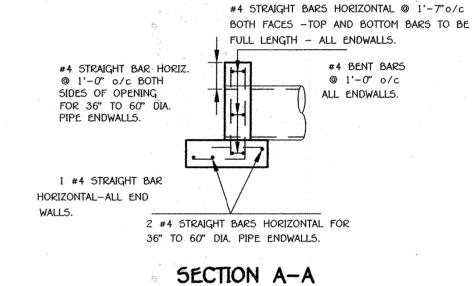
REINFORCING: DEFORMED STEEL BARS (1/2" DIA.)
CHAMFER: ALL EXPOSED EDGES 1"x 1" OR AS DIRECTED.
CONC. SHALL BE S.H.A. A. MIX No. 2.



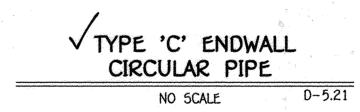
ELEVATION

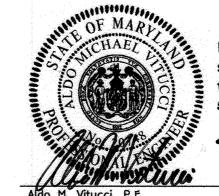
'S' DISTANCES FROM INSIDE SURFACE OF PIPE TO VERTICAL BARS IN FRONT AND REAR FACE. 4" FOR 12" DIA. TO 18" DIA. PIPES INCL. 6" FOR 24" DIA.TO 36" DIA. PIPES INCL.

6" FOR 24" DIA.TO 36" DIA. PIPES INCL. 8" FOR 42" DIA.TO 60" DIA. PIPES INCL.



OPE	NINGS	**		DIMEN	SIONS	5			VOLUME	STEEL
D IN.	AREA 5Q.FT	Α	В	С	E	F	Н	L	CONC.	LB5.
54"	15.90	12"	20"	12"	3'-8"	12"	5'-6"	24'-2"	7.61	275





AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify by off MAR Lifes the facility shown on the CHAEL Described as strike "AS BUILT" Provided this "AS BUILT"

Aldo M. Vitucci, P.E.

"Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20740, Expiration Date 2-22-19."

CULVERT REPLACEMENT

LINDEN GROVE

PHASE ONE

LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION

PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION

PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND

NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G'

ZONED: RC-DEO

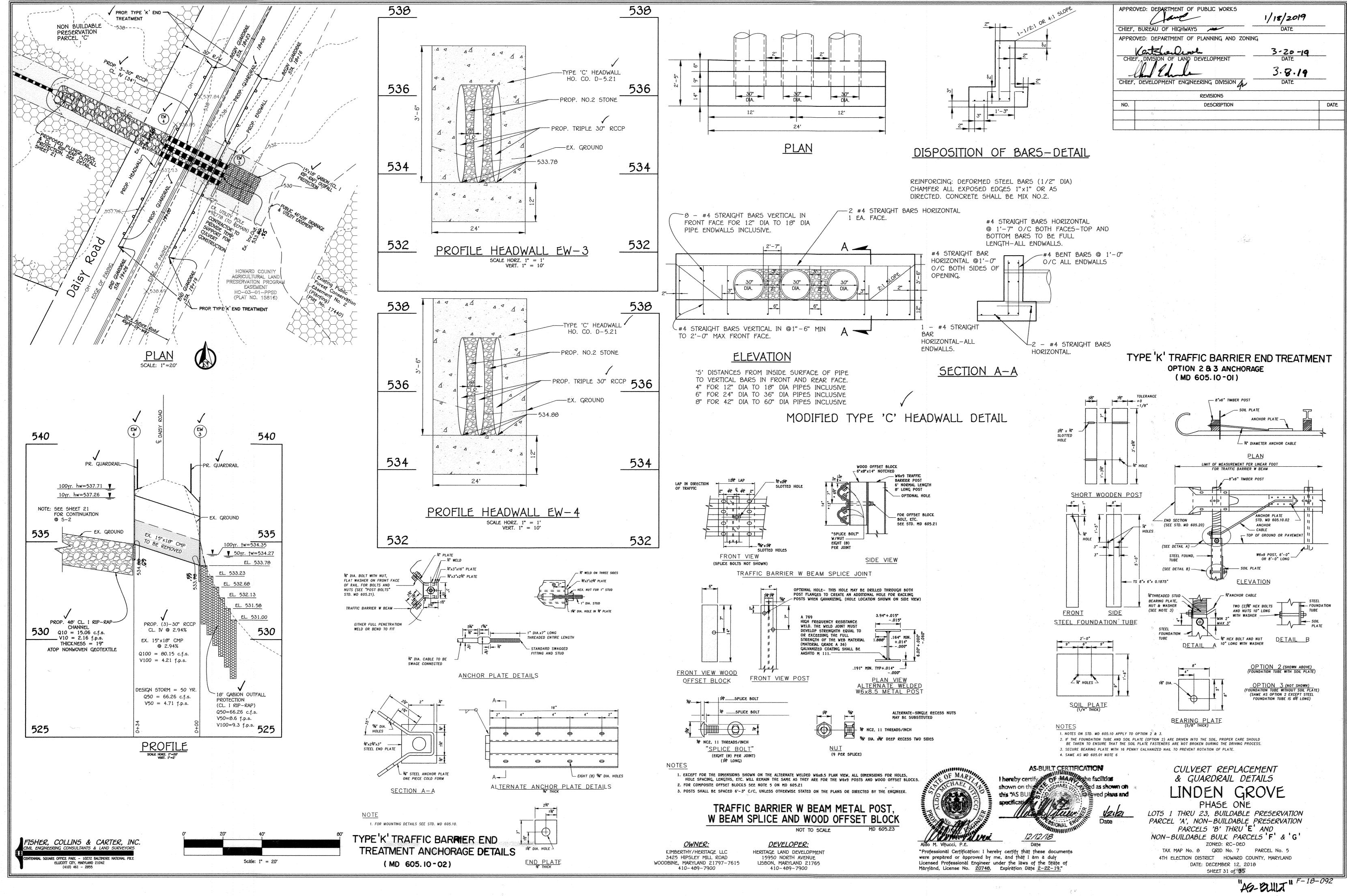
TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5

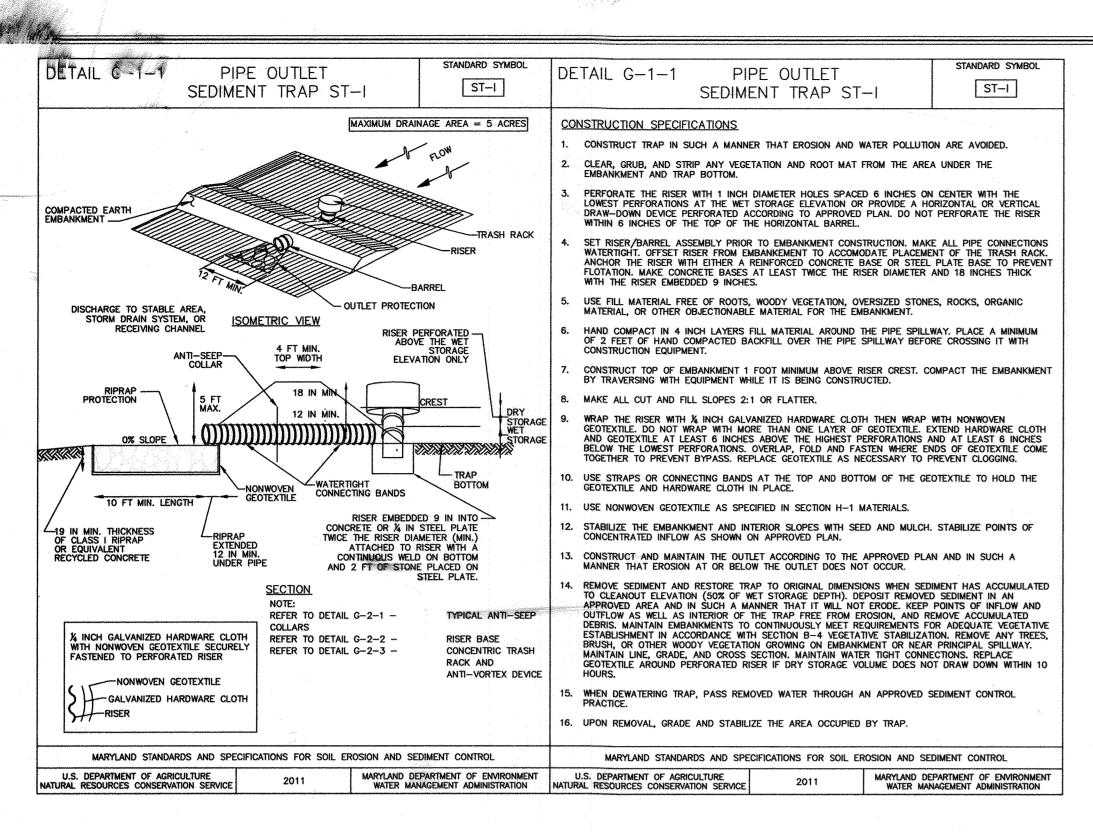
4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

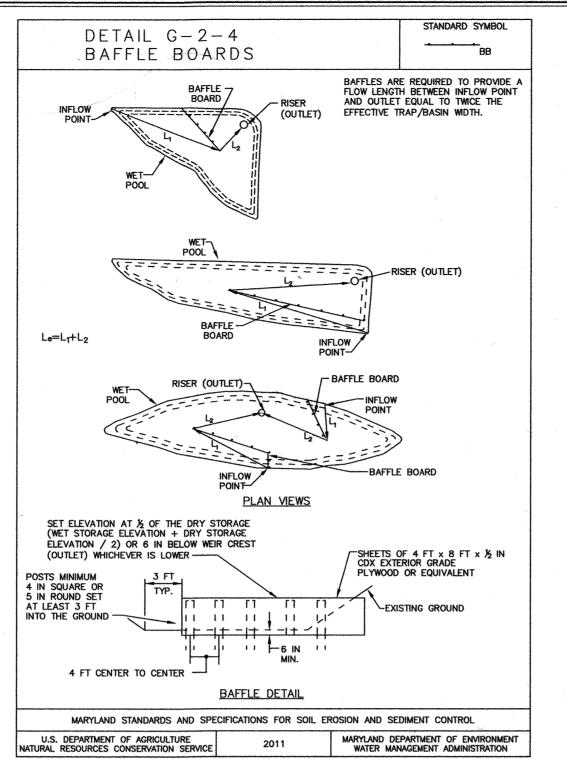
DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018

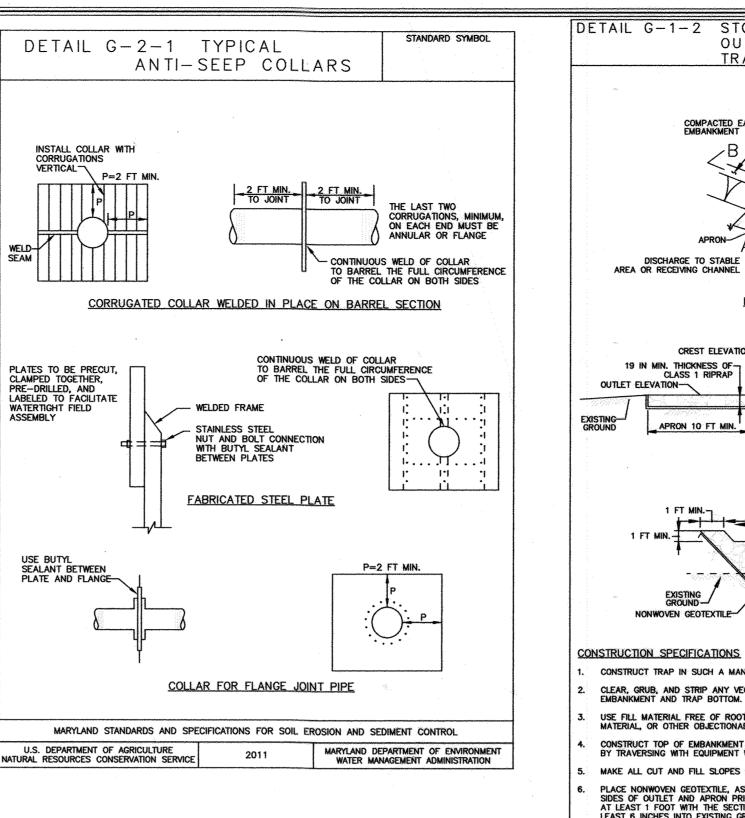
SHEET 30 of 35

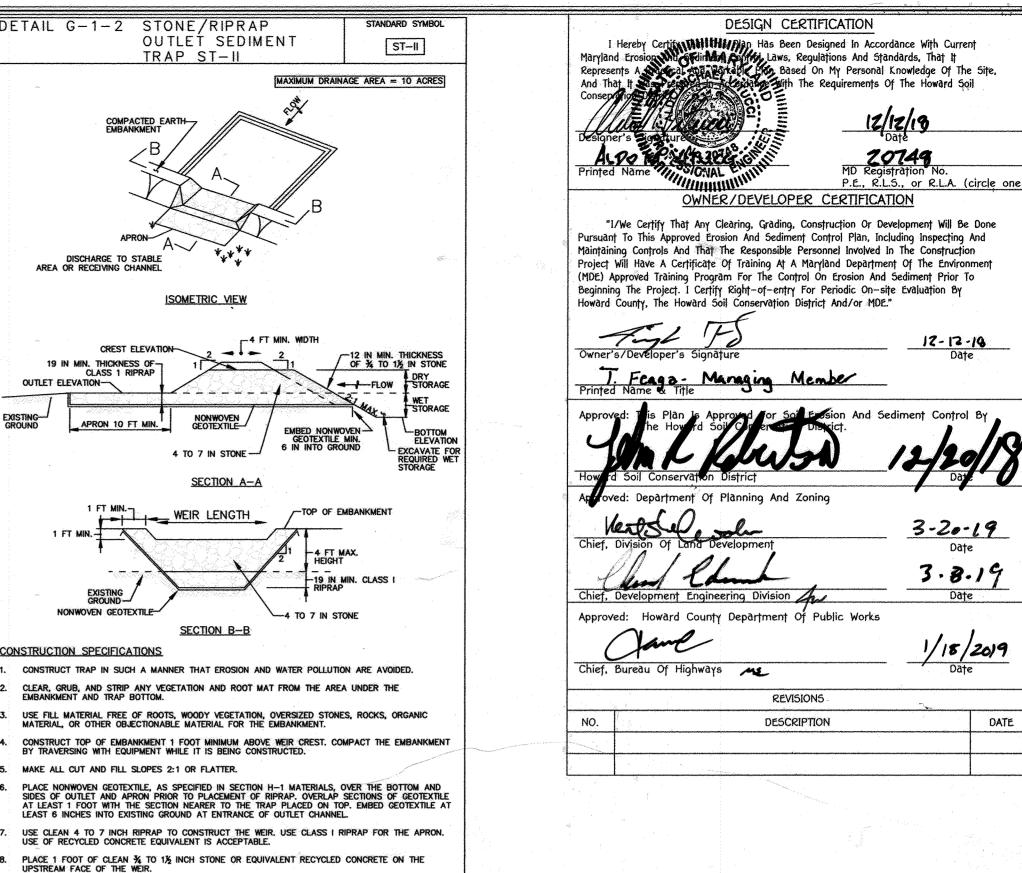
"A5-BUILT" F-18-092

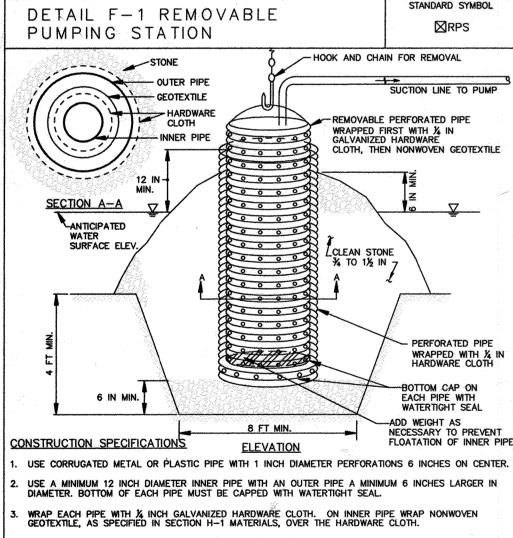


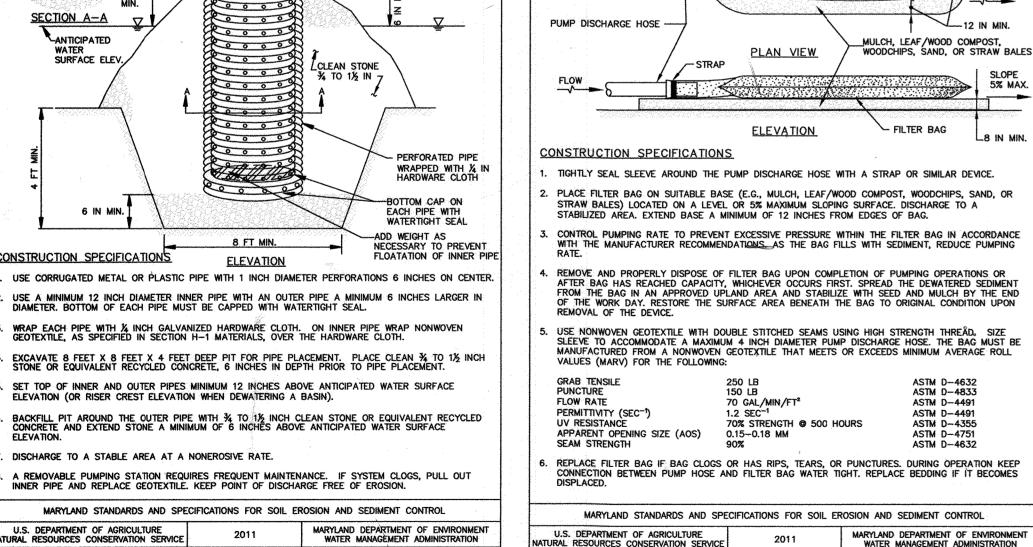










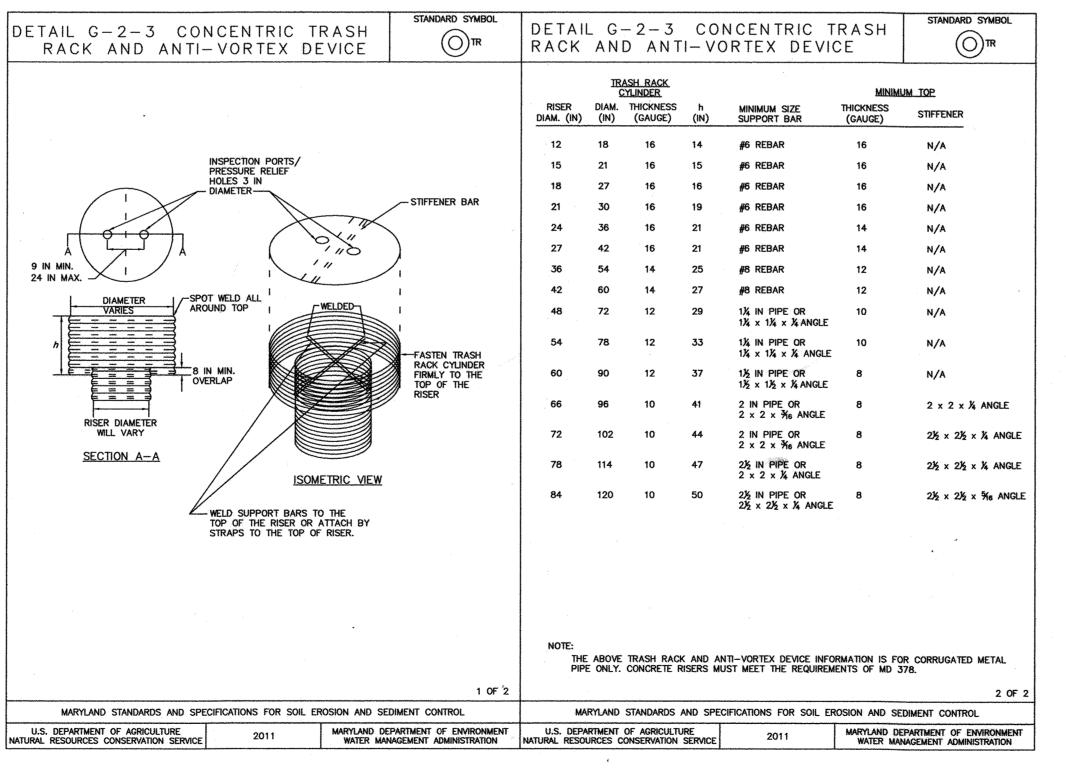


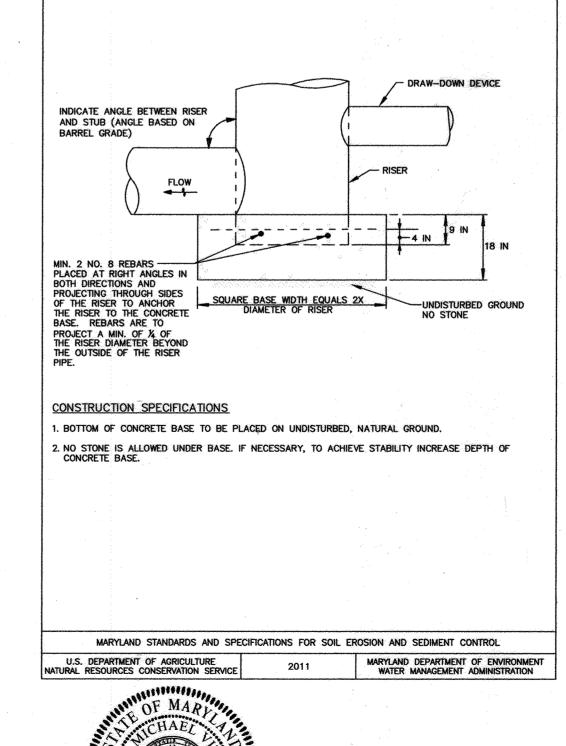
DETAIL F-4

FILTER BAG

STANDARD SYMBOL

⊠FB





'Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents

were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly

Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of

Maryland, License No. 20748, Expiration Date 2-22-19."

CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN THE OUTLET ACCORDING TO APPROVED PLAN, AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AT OR BELOW THE OUTLET DOES NOT OCCUR.

STABILIZE THE EMBANKMENT AND INTERIOR SLOPES WITH SEED AND MULCH. STABILIZE POINTS OF CONCENTRATED INFLOW AS SHOWN ON APPROVED PLAN.

REMOVE SEDIMENT AND RESTORE TRAP TO ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO CLEANOUT ELEVATION (50% OF WET STORAGE DEPTH). DEPOSIT REMOVED SEDIMENT IN AN APPROVED AREA AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT WILL NOT ERODE. KEEP POINTS OF INFLOW AND OUTFLOW AS WELL AS INTERIOR OF THE TRAP FREE FROM EROSION, AND REMOVE ACCUMULATED DEBRIS. MAINTAIN EMBANKMENTS TO CONTINUOUSLY MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION. REMOVE ANY TREES, BRUSH, OR OTHER WOODY VEGETATION GROWING ON EMBANKMENT OR NEAR PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY.

WHEN DEWATERING TRAP, PASS REMOVED WATER THROUGH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

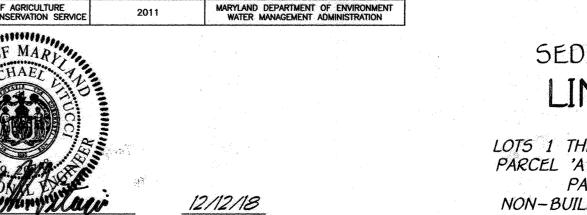
STANDARD SYMBOL

UPON REMOVAL, GRADE AND STABILIZE THE AREA OCCUPIED BY TRAP.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

RISER BASE

DETAIL G-2-2 CORRUGATED



SEDIMENT TRAP DETAILS LINDEN GROVE PHASE ONE

> LOTS 1 THRU 23, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A', NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' THRU 'E' AND NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'F' & 'G ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No. 8 GRID No. 7 PARCEL No. 5

4TH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DATE: DECEMBER 12, 2018

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. Quare office park – 10272 baltimore national pik

(410) 461 - 2855

OWNER: KIMBERTHY/HERITAGE LLC 3425 HIPSLEY MILL ROAD WOODBINE, MARYLAND 21797-7615

410-489-7900

DEVELOPER: HERITAGE LAND DEVELOPMENT 15950 NORTH AVENUE LISBON, MARYLAND 21765 410-489-7900

