TRAI	FFIC CON	ITROL S	5IGNS	
ROAD NAME	CL 5TA.	OFFSET	POSTED SIGN	SIGN CODE
PAUPERS FOLLY LANE	0+15	13' L	STOP	R1-1
PAUPERS FOLLY LANE	2+00	13' R	SPEED LIMIT 25	R2-1
PAUPERS FOLLY LANE	1+50	13' L	STOP AHEAD	W3-1a
PAUPERS FOLLY LANE	5+50	13' R	"TURN" w/ "15 M.P.H." SPEED PLATE	W1-1L w/ W13-1
TERGEO DRIVE	0+15	10' L	STOP	R1-1
SHARED SEPTIC DRIVEWAY	0+15	10' L	STOP	R1-1

ROADWAY INFORMATION CHART

Buildable

Preservation

Parcel 'A'

SITE MAP

5CALE: 1" = 200'

"SIGN POSTS: ALL SIGN POST USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS INSTALLED IN THE COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A 2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE POST (14 GAUGE) INSERTED INTO A 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE SLEEVE (12 GAUGE) - 3' LONG. A GALVANIZED STEEL POLE CAF

15 M.P.H.

R/W WIDTH

50' EASEMEN

24' EASEMEN

8

10

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

X-QTY=5

X-QTY=3

X-QTY=2

X-QTY=2 X-QTY=2 X-QTY=2

X-QTY=2

X-QTY=2

Buildable

Preservation

Parcel 'A'

X-1

X-1 X-1

X-1

N 178216.916434

N 583200 N 177759.715519

FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS

BELVED BEBESTATES

LOTS 1-11, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' & NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

ZONED: RR-DEO

TAX MAP No. 22 GRID No. 8 PARCEL No. 116



REFERENCE: ADC MAP #17: E7

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

AS-BUILT SURVEY NOTE: THE INSTRUMENTS USED IN PERFORMING AG-BUILT GLIREY: 10 SECOND ROBOTIO TOTAL GRATION + PRISM

DENSITY TABULATIONS

- BASE DENSITY: 39.77 GROSS ACRES / 4.25 = 9.357 UNITS OR 9 SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED HOMES
- 2. MAXIMUM DENSITY (1 LOT PER 2 NET ACRES): 36.30 ACRES / 2 =
- 18.15 UNITS OR 18 SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED HOMES.
- 3. NUMBER OF PROPOSED DWELLING UNITS = 12 UNITS
- 4. THREE (3) DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS WILL BE IMPORTED TO THIS SUBDIVISION AT THIS TIME PURSUANT TO THE DEO/CEO DENSITY TRANSFER PROVISION OF SECTION 106 OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS

were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 13204. Expiration Date 11/3/18."

IN REFERENCE TO GENERAL NOTE 22, SWM FACILITIES THAT ARE CONSTRUCTED ON LOT ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THIS AS-BUILT. AS-BUILT INFORMATION FOR ON LOT SWM FACILITIES ARE INCLUDED IN A SEPARATE SUBMISSION AS PART OF GRADING U&O ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES.

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

and belief the the facilities shown on the plan was constructed as shown on this "AS-BUILT" plan meet the approved plans and

THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO A DESIGN MANUAL WAVER APPROVED BY DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION ON MARCH 24, 2010. THIS WAVER OF DESIGN MANUAL VOL. III, SECTION 2.6.B (TABLE 2.10), WHICH ALLOWS A MAXIMUM OF 6 USERS ON A USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY. THIS WAVER WAS APPROVED BASED ON THE FOLLOWIN

b. IF THE ROAD WAS PUBLIC, ADDITIONAL GRADING WOULD BE REQUIRED AND WOULD HAVE A SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES THAT WOULD REQUIRE CUTTING INTO THE EMBANKMENT FOR ROUTE 32.

THE HOWARD COUNTY INVENTORY MAP. HOWEVER, THE HISTORIC COMMISSION HAS INDICATED THAT ELIGIBILITY IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR THIS HOUSE. IN ADDITION, A MEETING WAS HELD ON JULY 1, 2010 OF THE HISTORICAL COMMISSION AND THEY HAD NO OBJECTIONS TO THE PLAN.

1. THE DEVELOPER MUST SUBMIT A FINAL PLAN FOR PAUPERS FOLLY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING ON OR BEFORE FEBRUARY 22, 2012

THE DEVELOPER MUST SUBMIT A FINAL PLAN FOR PAUPERS FOLLY TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING ON OR BEFORE AUGUST 20, 2012.

SECTION 16.144 (K) WAS DENIED ON SEPTEMBER 14, 2015 SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITION:

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING ON OR BEFORE NOVEMBER 18, 2015.

BY A LETTER DATED SEPTEMBER 14, 2015, THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING HAS APPROVED A RECONSIDERATION OF WP-16-012 FOR AN ADDITIONAL 90 DAY EXTENSION FROM THE CURRENT DEADLINE OF NOVEMBER 10, 2015 (FOR A TOTAL OF 180 DAYS). WAIVER RECONSIDERATION APPROVAL IS SUBJECT

THE DEVELOPER MUST SUBMIT A FINAL PLAN FOR "PAUPER'S FOLLY" TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING ON OR BEFORE FEBRUARY 16, 2016.

DIVISION'S MEMO OF SEPTEMBER 0, 2015 SHALL BE ADDRESSED WITH THE FINAL PLAT/PLAN.

39. THIS SHARED SEPTIC PLANS ARE PROVIDED SEPARATELY BY HYDRO-TERRA, GROUP, 1106 BUSINESS PARKWAY SOUTH, SUITE E, WESTMINSTER, MARYLAND 21157, PH-410-961-5376, FAX-410-961-5467, ATTN: MIKE HAUFLER. SIGNING ENGINEER:

40. THE 75' STREAM BUFFER FOR THE PERENNIAL STREAM RUNNING THROUGH BUILDABLE

12. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO A BA CASE NO. 16-009V WHICH ON SEPTEMBER 0, 2016 THE HEARING EXAMINE

IN THE RR-DEO ZONING DISTRICT. THIS DECISION CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING STIPULATION:

1) THE VARIANCES SHALL APPLY ONLY TO THE FOUR STRUCTURES AS DESCRIBED IN THE PETITION AND

43. DRIVEWAY CULVERT DESIGN SHALL BE VERIFIED AT BOILDING PERMIT.

SHOWN ON THE VARIANCE PLAN AND NOT TO ANY NEW STRUCTURES, USES OR CHANGE IN USES

MR. CHARLES R. CROCKEN, P.E. #7803, EXP. 4/22/17. THE OWNERSHIP AND MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES WILL BE PROVIDED BY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF UTILITIES.

FROM MODERATE INCOME HOUSING UNIT (M.I.H.U.) REQUIREMENTS AND FEES.

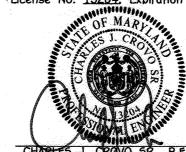
SECTION 16.144 (K) APPROVED ON DECEMBER 6, 2010 SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITION:

36. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO WAIVER PETITION WP-11-079 TO WAIVE SECTION 16.144 (K) APPROVED ON DECEMBER 6, 2010 SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITION:

37. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO WAIVER PETITION WP-12-111 TO WAIVE

THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO WAIVER PETITION WP-16-012 TO WAIVE

REQUIRE THE ADDITIONAL GRADING.





Omeunin CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING マーマーノフ 3/16/17 1 REVIGE PROJECT NAME & OWNER/DEVELOPER 2 KENGE LANDSCAPING PLANTING PROMDED

4. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT.

. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT Nos. 43EB & 43G6 WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL DATUM IS BASED ON HOWARD HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 22AA

HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 2288 N 588791.5914 ELEV. = 536.28 E 1320292.1959

6. A TRAFFIC IMPACT ANALYSIS WAS PREPARED BY MARS GROUP DATED JUNE, 2009. AN APFO STUDY WAS PREPARED BY MARS GROUP DATED JULY, 2009 AND WAS APPROVED UNDER SP 10-004 ON OCTOBER 20, 2010.

DALKURCUNU INFORMATION:

A. SUBDIMSION NAME: PAUPERS FOLLY
B. TAX. MAP NO.: 22
C. PARCEL No.: 116
D. ZONING: RR-DEO
E. ELECTION DISTRICT: THIRD
F. TOTAL TRACT AREA: 39.770 AC.*
G. AREA OF FLOODPLAIN = 2.30 AC.
H. AREA OF 25% OR GREATER SLOPES = 1.17 AC.*
I. NET AREA OF TRACT = 36.30 AC.*
I. NET AREA OF TRACT = 36.30 AC.*
I. NO OF BUILD DABLE LOTE: 11 J. NO. OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 11
L. NO. OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 0
L. NO. OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 1 N. AREA OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 13.040 AC±

O. AREA OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 0.00 AC.±

P. AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 2.013 AC.±

Q. AREA OF BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 23.909 AC.±

R. TOTAL AREA OF ROADWAY TO BE DEDICATED: 0.00 AC.±

PREVIOUS FILE NOS.: SP-10-004 APPROVAL DATE: OCTOBER 20, 2010; WP-10-018 APPROVAL DATE: OCTOBER 28, 2009, WP-11-079 APPROVAL DATE: DECEMBER 6, 2010; WP-12-111 APPROVAL DATE: JANUARY 26, 2012; & RE-16-004(53) (FC1), 50P16-041 & BA CASE No. 16-009V

FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL FOR THIS SUBDIVISION WILL BE FULFILLED BY PROVIDING 5.43 ACRES OF ON-SITE RETENTION AND 2.06 ACRES OF ON-SITE AFFORESTATION. (NO FOREST CLEARING IS PROPOSED IN 10. THE PROPOSED WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS SHALL BE PRIVATE, SEE CONTRACT No. 50-11. THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.

12. TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION ESTABLISHED AT TWO FOOT INTERVALS BASED ON FIELD RUN SURVEY BY FISHER. COLLINS & CARTER, INC. DATED JUNE, 2009 AND SUPPLEMENTED WITH HOWARD COUNTY AERIAL TOPOGRAPHY DATED 2004.

15. THE NON-CRITICAL FLOODPLAIN STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, I 16. SOILS INFORMATION TAKEN FROM SOIL MAP NO. 13, SOIL SURVEY, HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND, JULY 1968 ISSUE 17. BOUNDARY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS BASED ON DEED RESEARCH AND FIELD RUN SURVEY PERFORMED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. DATED OCTOBER, 2009. 18. A NOISE STUDY WAS PREPARED FOR THIS PROPERTY BY MARS GROU APPROVED UNDER SP 10-004 ON OCTOBER 20, 2010.

19. THERE ARE NO CEMETERIES OR GRAVESITES LOCATED ON THIS PROJECT 22. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT WILL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2007 MDE, CHAPTER 5 REGULATIONS

AND THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOL. I, CHAPTER 5 ADOPTED ON OR AROUND MAY 4, 2010. RECHARGE VOLUME WILL BE PROVIDED THROUGH THE USE OF A STONE RESERVOIRS BENEATH THE MICRO

23. This area designates a private sewerage easement of approx. 10,000 square feet as required by the maryland state department of the environment for individual sewerage disposal improvements of any nature in this area are restricted until public sewerage is available. These easements shall become null and void upon connection to a public sewerage system. The

4. A LANDSCAPING SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$19,110.00 FOR PERIMETER LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS (49 SHADE TREES, 7 EVERGREEN TRUES & 12 SHRUBS)

OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND 27 EVERGREEN 1866 & 12 SHRUBS) OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND LANDSCAPE MANUAL SHALL BE POSTED WITH THE FINAL PLAN DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT FOR THIS SUBDIVISION. RESPONSIBILITY TO SCHEDULE THE WELL DRILLING PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT SUBMISSION. IT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED "GOVERNMENT DELAY" IF THE WELL DRILLING HOLDS-UP THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT SIGNATURE

26. SIGN POSTS: ALL SIGN POST USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS INSTALLED IN THE COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A 2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE POST (14 GAUGE) INSERTED INTO A 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE SLEEVE (12 GAUGE) — 3" LONG, A GALVANIZED STEEL POLE CAP SHALL BE MOUNTED ON TOP OF EACH POST."

27. AS PER SECTION 105.0.G.4.c.(2) OF THE ZONING REQUIATIONS, ONLY ONE EASEMENT HOLDER IS REQUIRED FOR PRESERVATION PARCELS DESIGNED SOLELY FOR SWM FACILITIES OR COMMUNITY SEWERAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS.

NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'
 OWNED: H.O.A.
 EASEMENT HOLDER: HOWARD COUNTY, MD.

28. A GROUNDWATER APPROPRIATIONS PERMIT MUST BE OBTAINED FROM THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMEN PRIOR TO HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT SIGNATURE OF THE FINAL PLAT.

29. A PRIVATE RANGE OF ADDRESS SIGN ASSEMBLY SHALL BE FABRICATED AND INSTALLED BY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS AT THE DEVELOPER'S/OWNER'S EXPENSE. CONTACT HOWARD COUNTY TRAFFIC DIVISION AT 410-313-5752 FOR DETAILS AND COST ESTIMATES. EACH NUMBER SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 3" PLAIN BLOCK LETTERING. IN ADDITION, THERE SHALL BE AN ADDRESS SIGN AT THE POINT WHERE EACH INDIVIDUAL DRIVEWAY INTERSECTS WITH THE USE-IN-COMMON

30. LOT YIELD IS BASED UPON AN APPROVED NITROGEN BALANCE STUDY THAT WAS PERFORMED FOR THE PERCOLATION CERTIFICATION PLAN AND APPROVED BY HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON 12/21/09.

environment, bureau of utilities and howard county health department, when the water and sewer contract plans with the shared sewerage system are submitted at final plan design.

LOTS 1-4: USE 5 BEDROOM HOUSE (WITH 150 GPD PER BEDROOM) USE 750 GPD/HOUSE X 4 HOUSES = 3,000 GPD 3,000 GPD/O.0 GAL./S.F./DAY = 3,750 S.F. EFFECTIVE AREA 3,750 5.F./3 (3FT. WIDE TRENCH) = 1,250 LF. 1,250 LF. X 0.03 (% DECREASE FOR 1' SIDEWALL) = 1,317 LF. REQ. TOTAL TRENCH L.F. REQUIRED = 1,317 PROVIDED = 1,317 L.F. (LOTS 1-4)

32. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO WAIVER PETITION WP-10-010 TO WAIVE SECTION 16.120(b)(6)(v)a. AND

a. THE PROPOSED USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY SERVING LOTS 5 THRU 11 AND BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' SHALL BE DESIGNED AS A PUBLIC ROAD. JUSTIFICATION FOR WAVER: EXTRAORDINARY HARDSHIP OR PRACTICAL DIFFICULTY. WHEN S.H.A. EXERCISED QUICK TAKE CONDEMNATION AND CONSTRUCTED THE ROUTE 32/BURNTWOODS ROAD OVERPASS, IT WAS NECESSARY FOR S.H.A. TO CONSTRUCT A SUPPORTING SLOPE FOR THE FUTURE ROADWAY. THIS SLOPE NOW EXTENDS ACROSS A PORTION OF THE OWNER'S REMAINING PROPERTY INCLUDING THE PORTION CONTAINING THE DRIVEWAY SERVING THE FARM HOUSE LOCATED TO PARCEL 'A'.

b. In order to address modified perimeter landscaping requirements, the applicant shall consider and pursue alternative landscaping options (such as decorative fencing, ornamental trees and/or hedging) along the use-in-common driveway that could be supported in a landscape area less than 10 feet in width.

33. ALL ON-SITE EXISTING STRUCTURES TO REMAIN EXCEPT FOR TWO HORSE STALLS, ONE LOCATED ON PROPOSED LOT 2 AND ONE LOCATED ON PROPOSED LOT 6.

TITLE SHEET BELVEDERE ESTATES LOTS 1-11, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

No. 22 GRID No. 8 PARCEL No. 116 & P/O No. 7 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2016

Owner/Developer

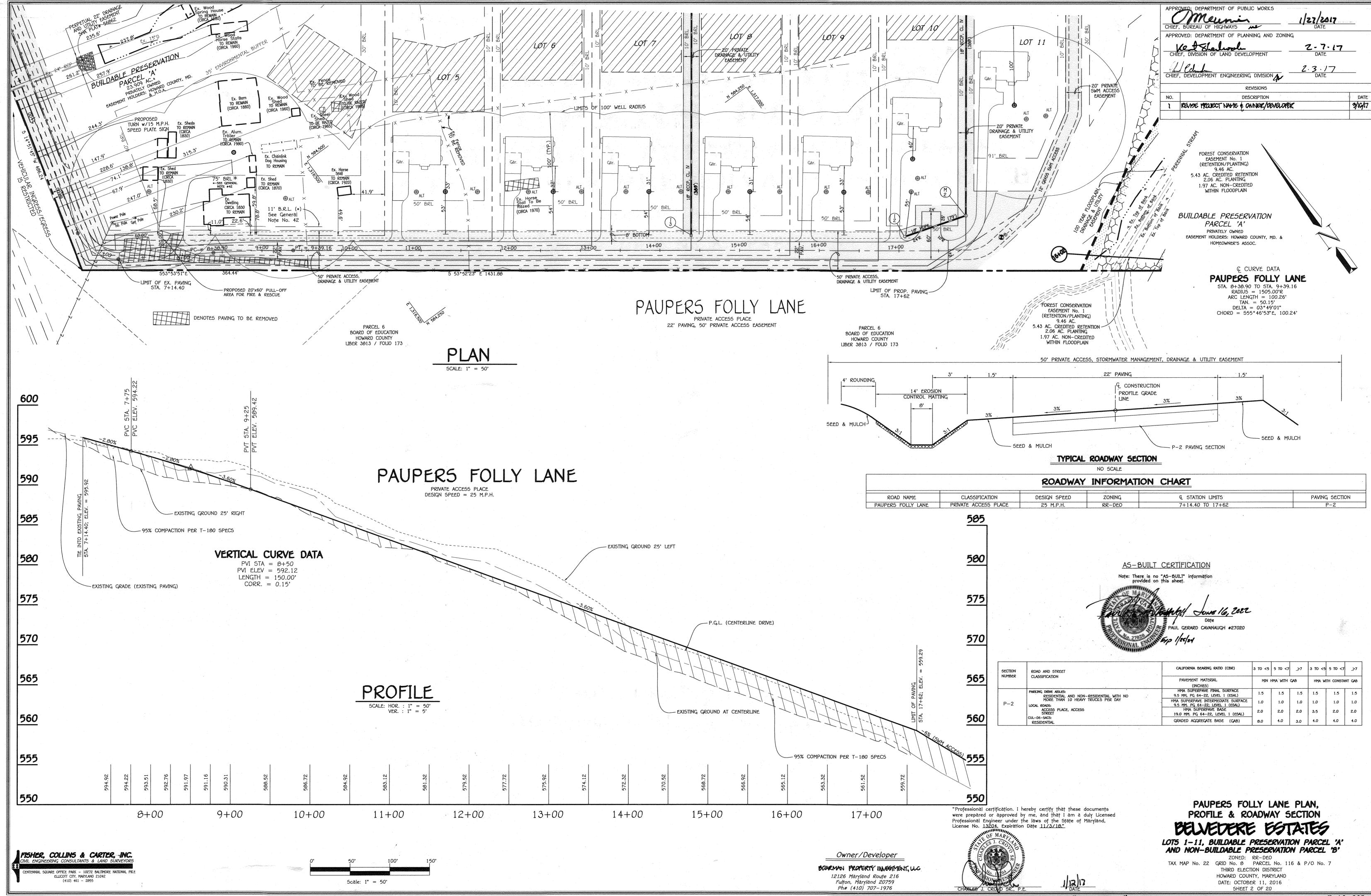
BOARMAN PROTERTY INVESTMENT, U.C. 12126 Maryland Route 216 Fulton, Maryland 20759 Ph# (410) 707-1976

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS nial square office park - 10272 baltimore national pike

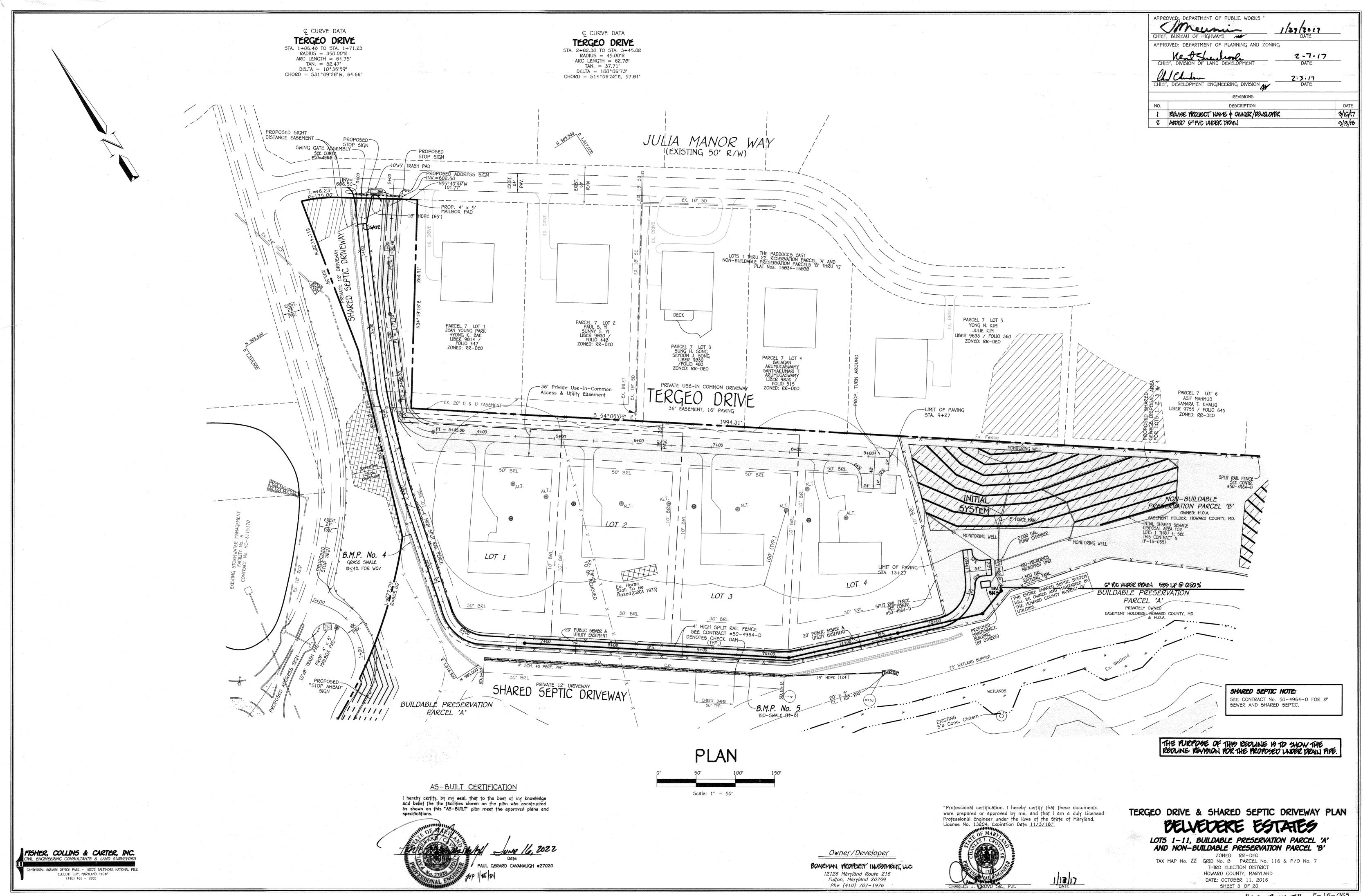
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56864, 5687: AND 56872 TAX MAP 22 ZONED: RR-DEO

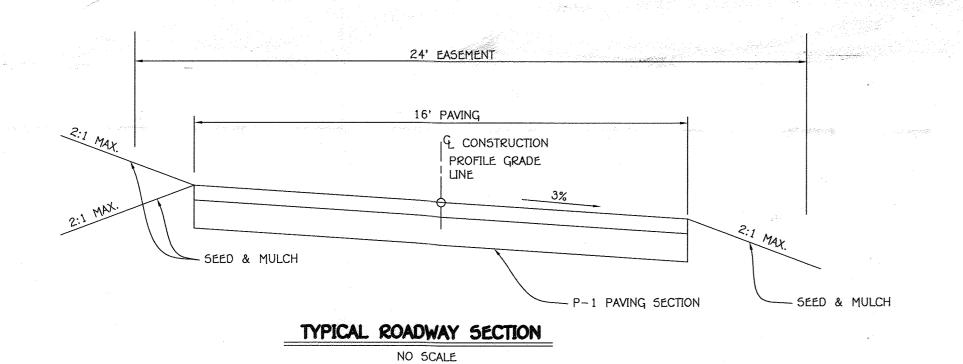
N 584700



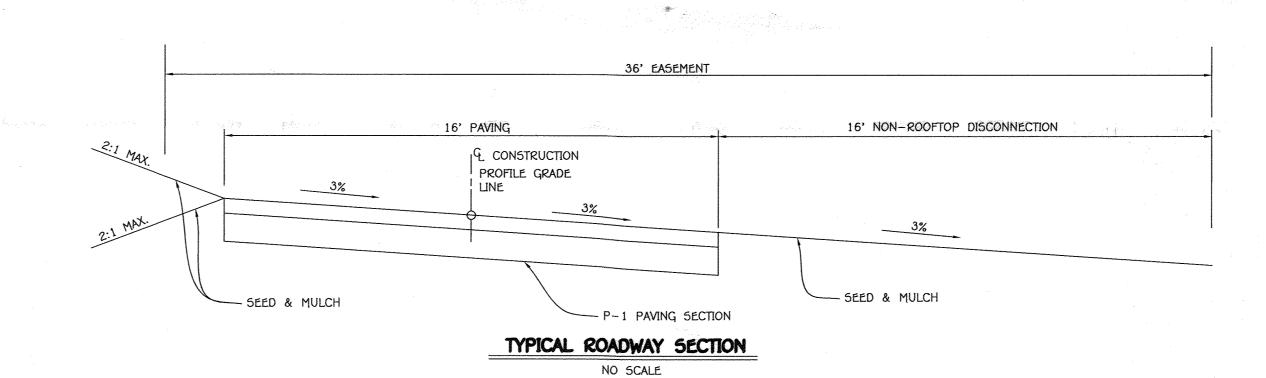
THERE IS NO "AS-BUILT" INFORMATION PROJUED ON THIS SHEET F-16-065



"AS-BUILT" F-16-065

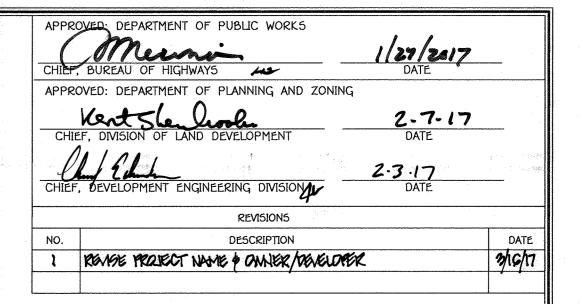


	ROADWAY	INFORMATION	CHART	
 CLASSIFICATION	DESIGN SPEED	ZONING	& STATION LIMITS	PAVING SECTION
 U5E-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY	25 M.P.H.	RR-DEO	0+00 TO 3+40	P-1

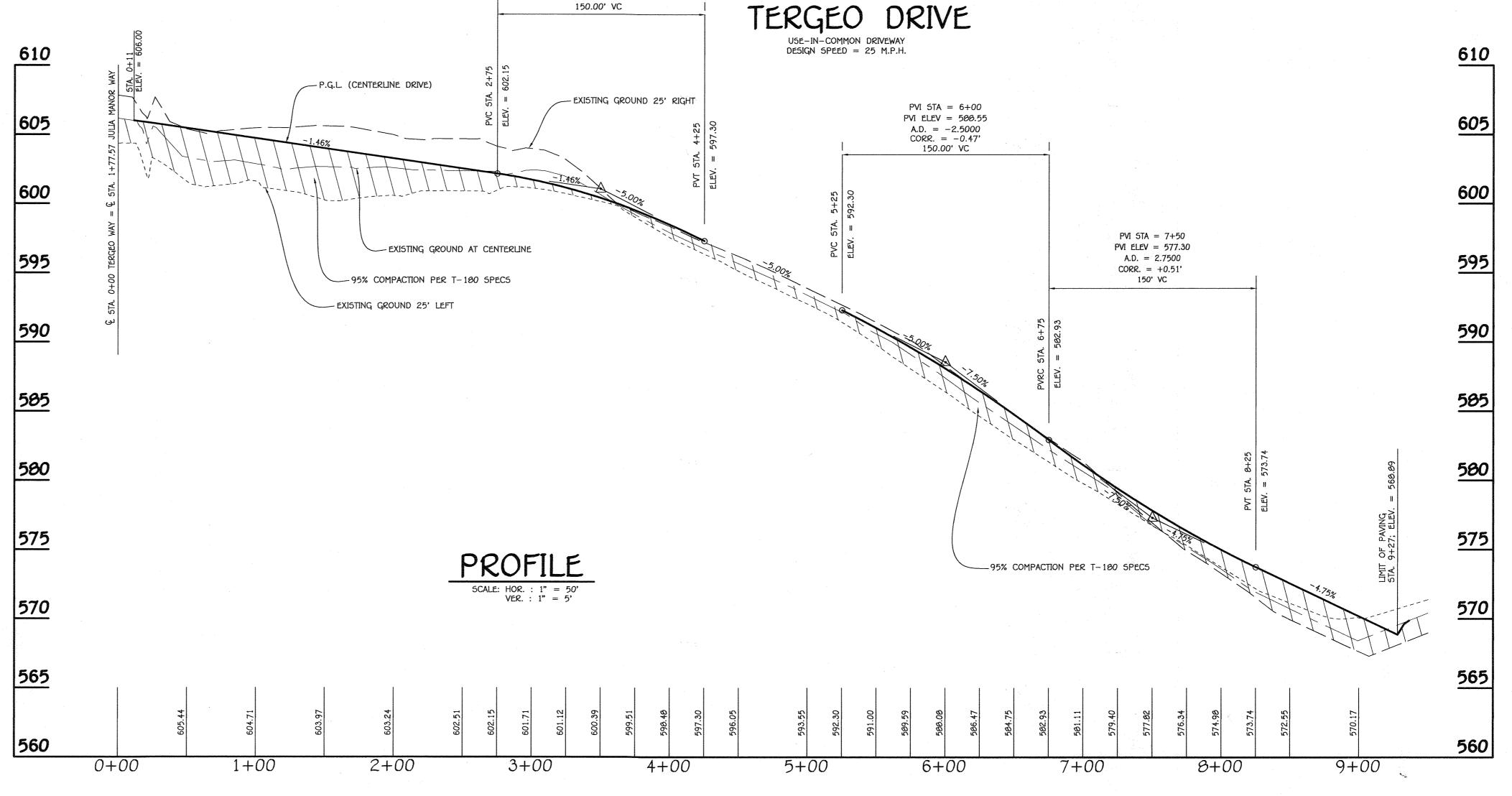


		ROADWAY	INFORMATION	N CHART	
ROAD NAME	CLASSIFICATION	DESIGN SPEED	ZONING	& STATION LIMITS	PAVING SECTION
TERGEO DRIVE	USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY	25 M.P.H.	RR-DEO	3+40 TO 9+27	P-1

PVI STA = 3+50PVI ELEV = 601.05A.D. = -3.54CORR. = -0.67



SECTION ROAD AND STREET	CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO (CBR)	3 TO <5	5 TO <7	_>7	3 TO <5	5 TO <7	<u>></u> 7	
NUMBER	CLASSIFICATION	PAVEMENT MATERIAL (INCHES)	MIN	HMA WITH	GAB	HMA W	ITH CONSTA	NT GAB
	PARKING BAY5: RESIDENTIAL AND NON-RESIDENTIAL	HMA SUPERPAVE FINAL SURFACE 9.5 MM, PG 64-22, LEVEL 1 (ESAL)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
P−1	PARKING DRIVE AISLES: RESIDENTIAL AND NON-RESIDENTIAL WITH NO MORE	HMA SUPERPAVE INTERMEDIATE SURFACE N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	THAN 2 HEAVY TRUCKS PER DAY	HMA SUPERPAVE BASE 19.0 MM. PG 64-22, LEVEL 1 (ESAL)	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.5	3.0.	.2.5
		GRADED AGGREGATE BASE (GAB)	8.5	7.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.0



FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

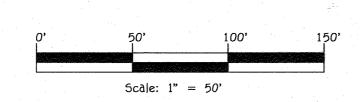
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

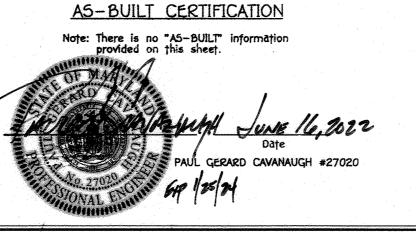
CENTENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

(410) 461 - 2055

ROAD NAME TERGEO DRIVE





Owner/Developer

BOAKMAN PROPERTY INVESTMENT, UC

12126 Maryland Route 216
Fulton, Maryland 20759
Ph# (410) 707-1976

"Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 13204. Expiration Date 11/3/18."

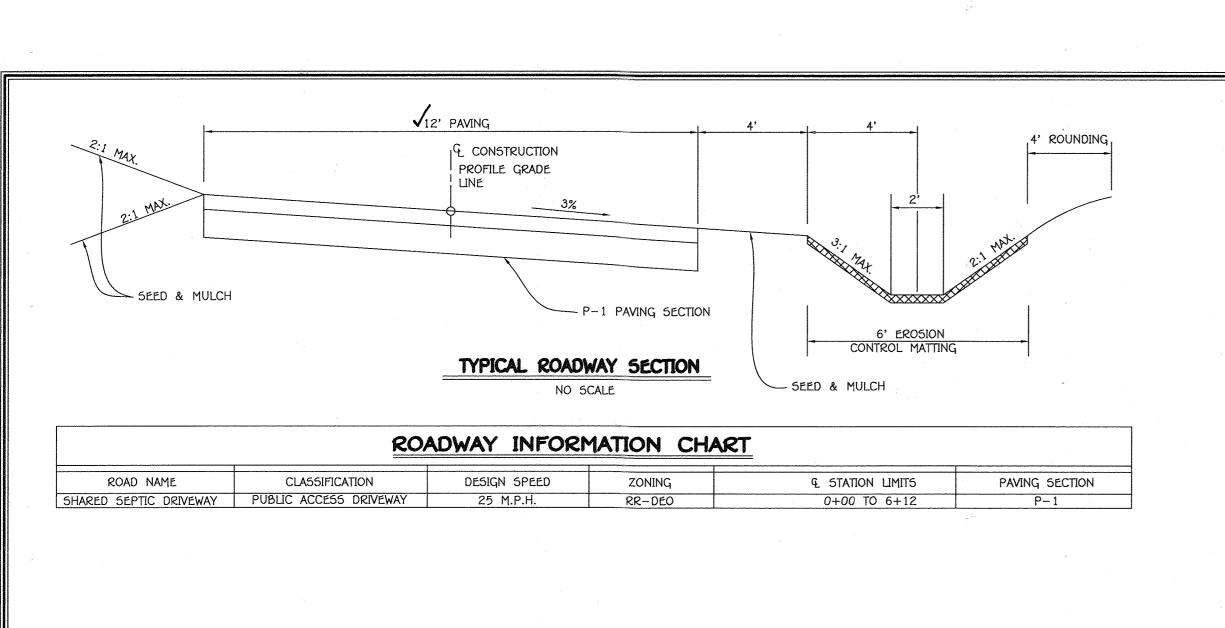
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TERGEO DRIVE PROFILE & ROADWAY SECTIONS

EXCLUSIVE ESTATES

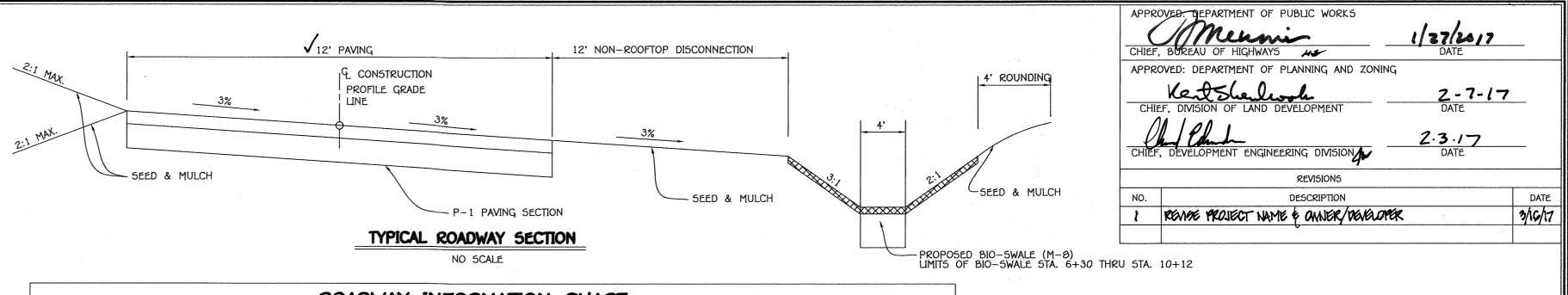
LOTS 1-11, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A'
AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

ZONED: RR-DEO
TAX MAP No. 22 GRID No. Ø PARCEL No. 116 & P/O No. 7
THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND
DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2016
SHEET 4 OF 20



FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2055



CALIFORNIA BEARING RATIO (CBR)

3 TO <5 5 TO <7

HMA WITH CONSTANT GAB

3.0.

1.5 1.5

N/A N/A

	ROA	DWAY INFORM	MATION CHART	• =	
ROAD NAME	CLASSIFICATION	DESIGN SPEED	ZONING	& STATION LIMITS	PAVING SECTION
SHARED SEPTIC DRIVEWAY	PUBLIC ACCESS DRIVEWAY	25 M.P.H.	RR-DEO	6+12 TO 13+27	P-1

Owner/Developer

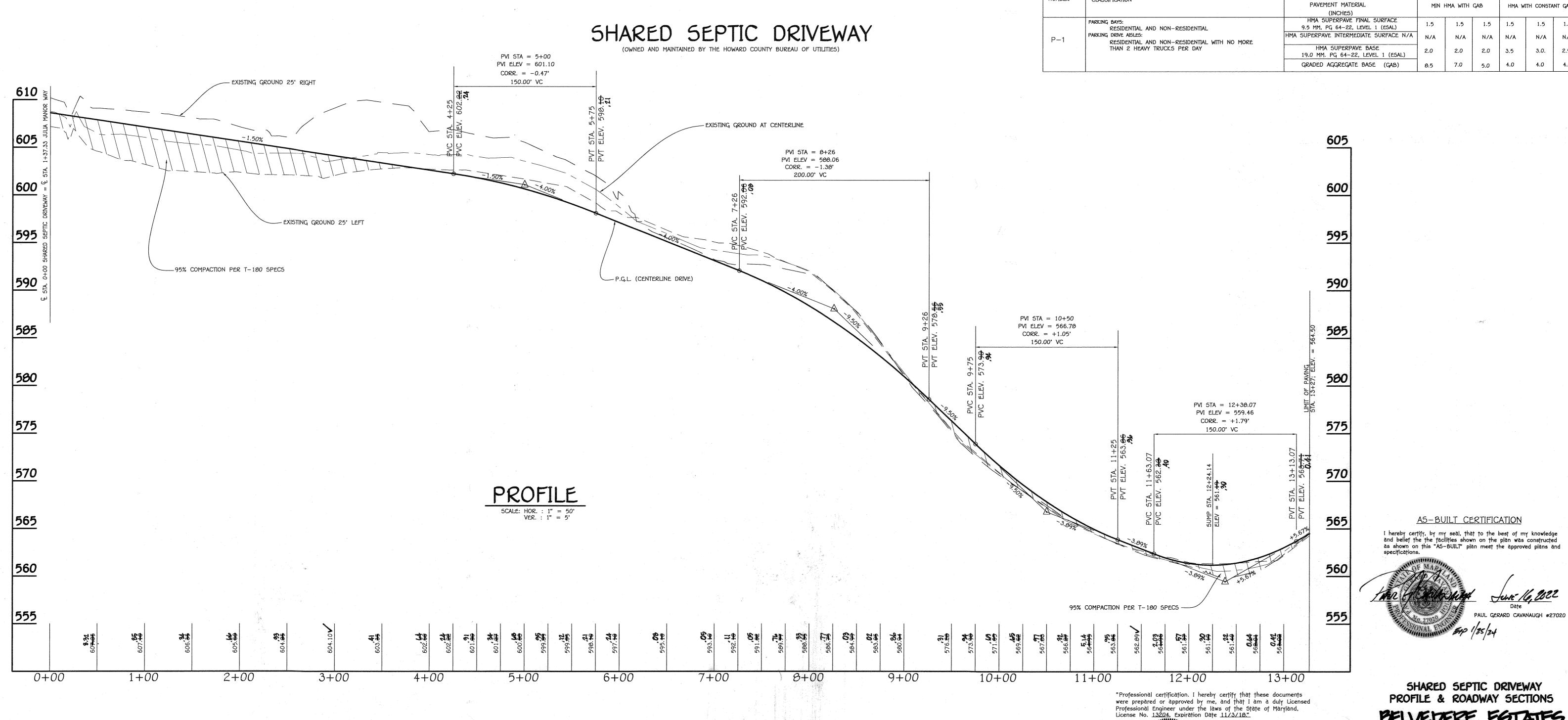
BOARMAN PROPERTY INVESTMENT, U.C.

12126 Maryland Route 216

Fulton, Maryland 20759 Ph# (410) 707–1976

SECTION NUMBER

CLASSIFICATION



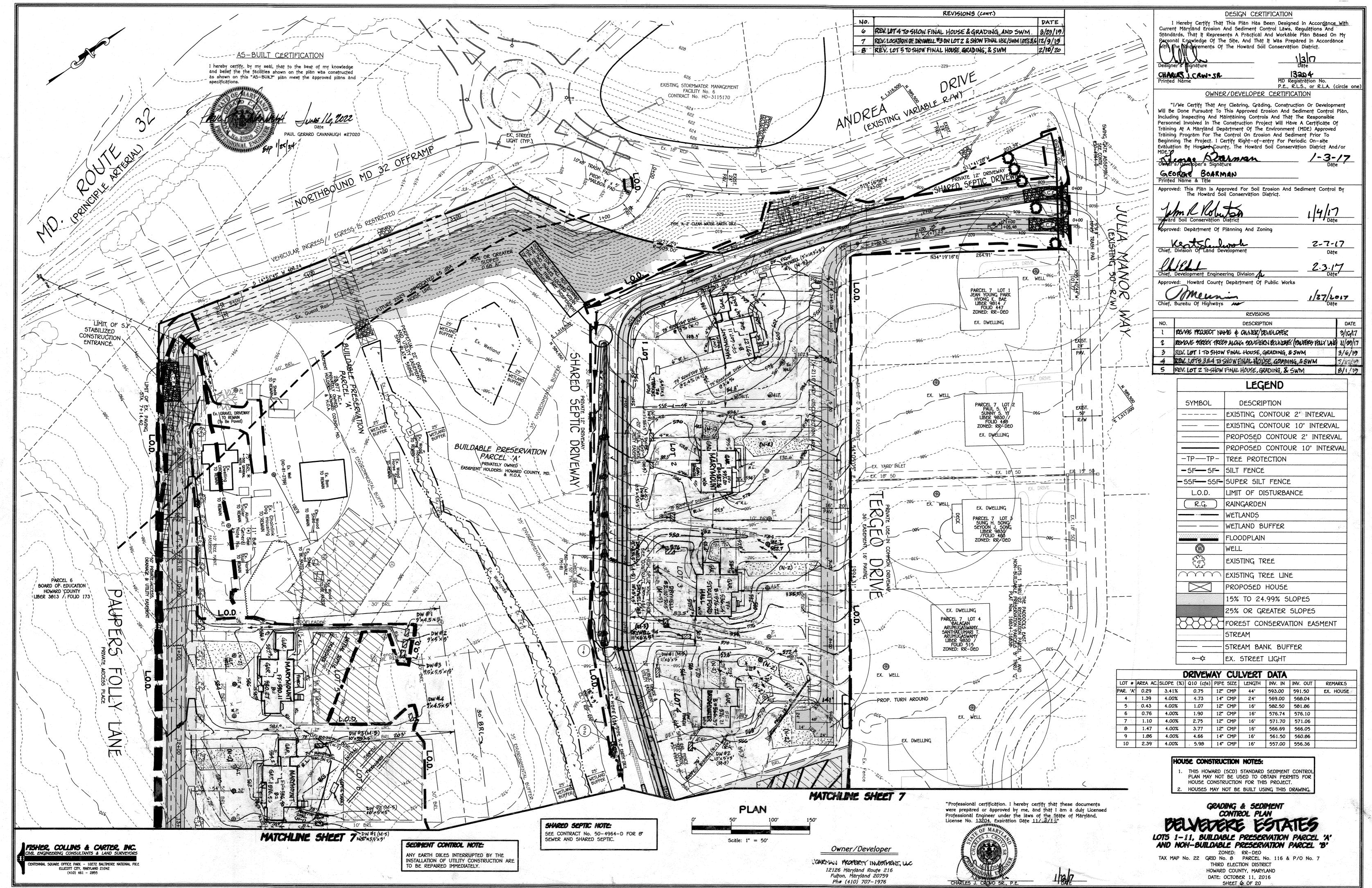
DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2016 SHEET 5 OF 20 "AG-BUILT" F-16-065

LOTS 1-11, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

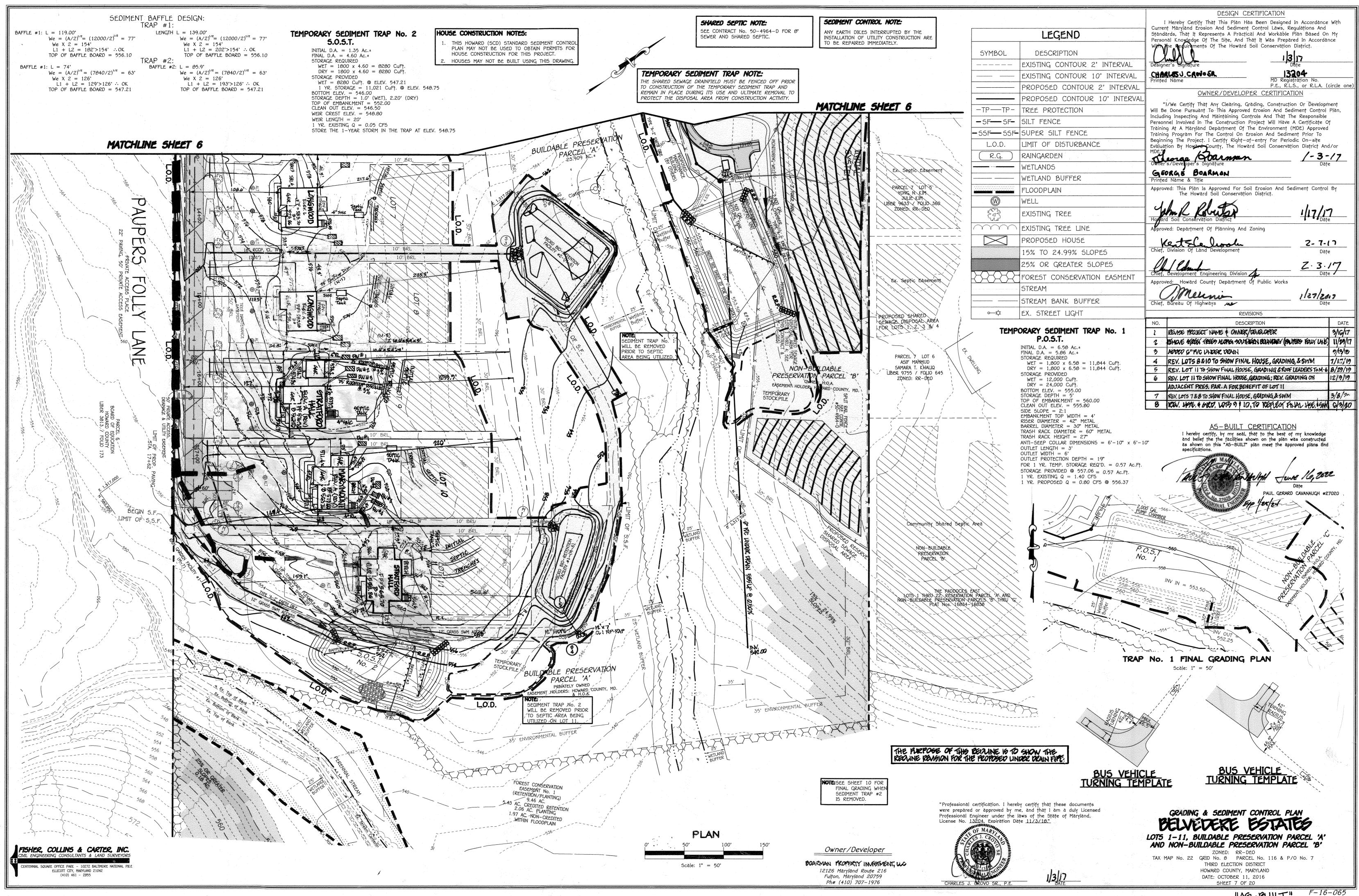
ZONED: RR-DEO TAX MAP No. 22 GRID No. 8 PARCEL No. 116 & P/O No. 7

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



"46-BUILT" F-16-065



"AG-BUILT"

- b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
- c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. 2. Permanent Stabilization
- a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are:
- Soil of between 6.0 and 7.0.
- Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm). Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
- iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight. v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration
- b. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above conditions.

d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test.

- c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then
- scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches.
- e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas

B. Topsoiling

1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS.

- 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:
- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.

b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible
- 4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design.
- 5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:
- be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than t 1/2 inches in diameter
- b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
- c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.
- a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil

b. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.

c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil i excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation

C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical

2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer

3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 90 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve

4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES (B-4-4)

To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months.

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table 8.1 for the

appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. his Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.

2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding

Temporary	Seeding	Summar

Hardiness Zor Seed Mixture	ne (from Figure B. (from Table B.1):	3):6b	Nii constant and a second	Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)	Lime Rațe
Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths		
BARLEY	96	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"	436 lb/ac	2 tons/ac
OATS	72	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"	(10 lb/ 1000 sf)	(90 lb/ 1000 sf)
RYE	112	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"		

I FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. VIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND S

> SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIK ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES (8-4-5)

A. Seed Mixtures

1. General Use a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table B.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be

b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting.

c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil testing agency. d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 pounds pe 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary .

2. Turfardss Mixtures

pounds per 1000 square feet

a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance

b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan.

i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennia Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding

Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended. iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1 1/2 to 3

- Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland"
- Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line

Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures Western MD: March 15 to June 1. August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) Central MD: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zones: 7a, 7b)

d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future moving of grasses will pose no

e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2 to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse

•			Per	manent	Seed	ding Summ	dη			
		e (from Figure B. (from Table B.3):		6b 8			Fertili	zer Rațe (10-	20-20)	Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)		Seedin Dates	9	Seeding Depths	N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ 0	
8	TALL FESCUE	100	Mar. Aug.	1-May 1-Oct.	15 15	1/4-1/2 in.	45 lbs. per acre	(2 lb/	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	2 tons/ac (90 lb/

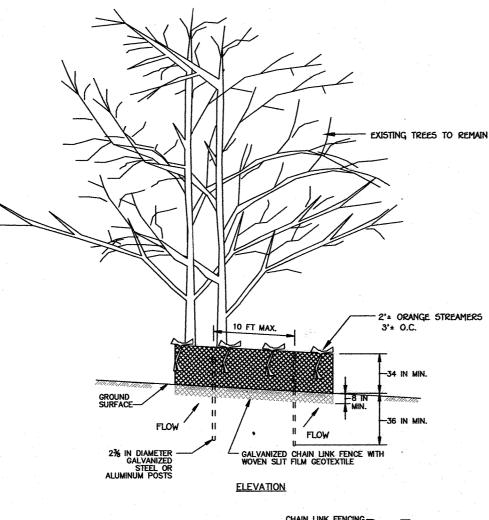
(1.0 lb/ 1000 sf) 1000 sf) 1000 sf)

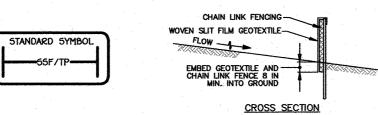
STANDARD STABILIZATION NOTE

FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MUST BE COMPLETED WITHIN:

a.) THREE (3) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1); AND

b.) SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE NOT UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.





CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

- INSTALL 2% INCH DIAMETER GALVANIZED STEEL POSTS OF 0.095 INCH WALL THICKNESS AND SIX FOOT LENGTH SPACED NO FURTHER THAN 10 FEET APART. DRIVE THE POSTS A MINIMUM OF 36 INCHES INTO THE GROUND.
- FASTEN 9 GAUGE OR HEAVIER GALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE (2% INCH MAXIMUM OPENING) 42
 INCHES IN HEIGHT SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR HUG RINGS.
- 3. FASTEN WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS, SECURELY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AND CHAIN LINK FENCE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES INTO THE GROUND.
- WHERE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER, THE ENDS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 6 INCHES, FOLDED, AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BY PASS.

SUPER SILT FENCE. TREE PROTECTION FENCE

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

STOCKPILE AREA

(8-4-8)**Definition**

The mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures.

Purpose To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion,

Conditions Where Practice Applies

Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use.

sedimentation, and changes to drainage patterns

- 1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the
- erosion and sediment control plan 2. The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material and based on a side slope ratio no steeper tha 2:1. Benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading.
- Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice
- Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side.

 Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence. Provisions must be made for discharging concentrated
- 6. Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment control practice must be used to intercept the discharge. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as
- Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. 8. If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile to acilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminated material must be covered with impermeable

The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section B-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2:1 slopes. 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SEEDING AND MULCHING

(B-4-3)**Definition**

The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover

To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction. Conditions Where Practice Applies

To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading.

a. All seed must meet the requirement of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be available upon request to the inspector

- to verify type of seed and seeding rate. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground i frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container Add fresh inoculants as directed on the package Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keetp inoculant as cook as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit car
- weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weedcontrol until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.
- a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.
- Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table B.1, Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site—specific seeding summaries. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in
- each direction. Roll the seeded area with weighted roller to provide good seed to soil b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at
- least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer). If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed
- the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P 0 (phosphorus), 200 pounds per acre; K 0 (potassium), 200 pounds per acre. ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one
- time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil.

B. Mulching

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

Note: There is no "AS-BUILT" information

- 1. Mulch Materials (in order of preference) a. Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and reasonably bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law and not musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty. Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas
- where one species of grass is desired. b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into uniform fibrous physical state.
- WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate colot to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry. WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter—like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil
- without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter, pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum.
- Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth
- so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre. Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied to a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.
- a. Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon the size of the area and erosion hazard: A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective on large
 - areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should follow the contour. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.
 - manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4-15 feet wide and 300 to 3,000

Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra

Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the

PAUL GERARD CAVANAUGH #27020

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT (HSCD) STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A pre-construction meeting must occur with the Howard County Department of Public Works, Construction Inspection Division (CID), 410-313-1855 after the future LOD and protected areas are marked clearly in the field. A minimum of 40 hour notice to CID must be given at the following stages: a. Prior to the start of earth

b. Upon completion of the installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading,

c. Prior to the start of another phase of construction or opening of another grading unit, d. Prior to the removal or modification of sediment control practices.

Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made. Other related state and federal permits shall be referenced, to ensure coordination and to avoid conflicts with this plan.

2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto. 3. Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization is required within

three (3) calendar days as to the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1); and seven (7) calendar days as to all other disturbed areas on the project site except for those areas under active grading. 4. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 2011

MARYI AND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for topsoil (Sec. B-4-2), permanent seeding (Sec. B-4-5), temporary seeding (Sec. B-4-4) and mulching (Sec. B-4-3). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates if the ground is frozen. Incremental stabilization (Sec. B-4-1) specifications shall be enforced in areas with >15' of cut and/or fill. Stockpiles (Sec. B-4-8) in excess of 20 ft. must be benched with stable outlet. All concentrated flow, steep slope, and highly erodible areas shall receive soil stabilization matting (Sec. B-4-6).

5. All sediment control structures are to remain in place, and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the CID. 6. Site Analysis:

Total Area of Site: ____39.77____ Acres Area Disturbed: ____16.94____ Acres Area to be roofed or paved: _____5.36 ___ Acres Area to be vegetatively stabilized: 11.58 Acres 5,000 Cu. Yds _______ Cu. Yds

Offsite waste/borrow area location: ___N/A 7. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance

8. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the CID. The site and all controls shall be inspected by the contractor weekly; and the next day after each rain event. A written report by the contractor, made available upon request, is part of every inspection and should include:

- Inspection type (routine, pre-storm event, during rain event)
- · Name and title of inspector Weather information (current conditions as well as time and amount of last recorded precipitation) · Brief description of project's status (e.g., percent complete) and/or current activities
- Evidence of sediment discharges Identification of plan deficiencies
 Identification of sediment controls that require maintenance
- · Identification of missing or improperly installed sediment controls Compliance status regarding the sequence of construction and stabilization requirements
- Photographs Monitoring/sampling
- Maintenance and/or corrective action performed · Other inspection items as required by the General Permit for Stormwater Associated with Construction Activities (NPDES, MDE)

9. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can and shall be back-filled and stabilized by the end of each workday, whichever is shorter 10. Any major changes or revisions to the plan or sequence of construction must be reviewed and approved by the HSCD prior to proceeding with construction. Minor revisions may allowed by the HSCD per the list of

HSCD-approved field changes. 11. Disturbance shall not occur outside the L.O.D. A project is to be sequenced so that grading activities begin on one grading unit (maximum acreage of 20 ac. per grading unit) at a time. Work may proceed to a subsequent grading unit when at least 50 percent of the disturbed area in the preceding grading unit has been stabilized and approved by the HSCD. Unless otherwise specified and approved by the HSCD, no more than 30

12. Wash water from any equipment, vehicles, wheels, pavement, and other sources must be treated in a 13. Topsoil shall be stockpiled and preserved on-site for redistribution onto final grade.

14. All Silt Fence and Super Silt Fence shall be placed on-the-contour, and be imbricated at 25' minimum intervals, with lower ends curled uphill by 2' in elevation. 15. Stream channels must not be disturbed during the following restricted time periods

CONTROL, and associated permits shall be on-site and available when the site is active.

 Use I and IP March 1 - June 15 • Use III and IIIP October 1 - April 30 • Use IV March 1 - May 31

acres cumulatively may be disturbed at a given time.

- SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION 2. NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT LEAST 40 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-000-257-7777. NOTIFY THE
- HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION AT 410-313-1330 AT LEAST 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING

16. A copy of this plan, the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT

- 3. INSTALL THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES. INSTALL TREE PROTECTION/SUPER-SILT FENCE FOR TREES TO BE UNDISTURBED AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. (2 DAYS)
- INSTALL REMAINING SILT FENCE, EARTH DIKES AND SEDIMENT TRAP #1 & #2. (1 WEEK)
 OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM THE INSPECTOR TO PROCEED. 5. RAZE EXISTING STRUCTURES AS SHOWN ON PLAN AND GRADE SITE TO PROPOSED SUBGRADE. INSTALL THE STORM DRAIN AND SEWER SYSTEMS INCLUDING THE DIVERSION PIPE FROM M-2 INTO THE TRAP. STABILIZE ALL SLOPES IMMEDIATELY UPON COMPLETION OF GRADING. (3 WEEKS)
- . 6. CONSTRUCT ROAD BASE COURSE FOR PROPOSED PRIVATE ROADS/DRIVEWAY AND GRADE CONVEYANCE SWALE. (2 WEEKS) STABILIZED AND WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, THE SEDIMENT CONTROL
- DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR BACKFILLED AND THE REMAINING AREAS BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE, INCLUDING THE INSTALLATION OF THE BY-PASS SWALE. (1 WEEK) INSTALL 5-4T 1-2. 8. REMOVE DIVERSION PIPE FROM M-2 AND INSTALL STORM DRAINS FROM M-2 TO M-1 TO 5-1. (1 WEEK) • 9. CONSTRUCT BIO-SWALE #1, RAIN GARDEN #1 AND MICRO BIO-RETENTION FACILITIES #1 AND #2. (6 WEEKS)
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL OLD AND NEW JUNK, TRASH, DEBRIS AND OTHER UNNATURAL ITEMS FROM THE FORESTS, FLOODPLAINS, STREAMS, WETLANDS AND BUFFER AREAS, NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT. (1 WEEK)

NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON, AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS. REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM THE SEDIMENT TRAPS WHEN THE CLEANOUT ELEVATION HAS BEEN REACHED. ALL SEDIMENT MUST BE PLACED UPSTREAM OF THE APPROVED TRAPPING DEVICE.

> 'Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 13204. Expiration Date 11/3/18"

DESIGN CERTIFICATION I Hereby Certify That This Plan Has Been Designed In Accordance With Current Maryland Erosion And Sediment Control Laws, Regulations And Standards. That It Represents A Practical And Workable Plan Based On My Personal Knowledge Of The Site, And That It Was Prepared In Accordance With the Parliments Of The Howard Soil Conservation District. 13204 CHARLES J. CROVO SR. P.E., R.L.S., or R.L.A. (circle one) OWNER/DEVELOPER CERTIFICATION "I/We Certify That Any Clearing, Grading, Construction Or Development Will Be Done Pursuant To This Approved Erosion And Sediment Control Plan. Including Inspecting And Maintaining Controls And That The Responsible Personnel Involved In The Construction Project Will Have A Certificate Of Training At A Maryland Department Of The Environment (MDE) Approved Training Program For The Control On Erosion And Sediment Prior To Beginning The Project. I Certify Right-of-entry For Periodic On-site Evaluation By Howard County, The Howard Soil Conservation District And/or Tronge Dourman GEORGE BOARMAN Approved: This Plan Is Approved For Soil Erosion And Sediment Control By The Howard Soil Conservation District. Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning 2-7-17 Development Engineering Division // Approved: Howard County Department Of Public Works Meunin 127/2017 Bureau Of Highways REVISIONS DATE DESCRIPTION 3/19/17 I REAGE PROJECT NAME & OWNER/DEVELOPER

B-4-1 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION

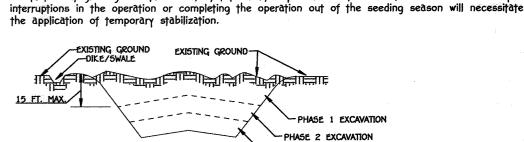
Establishment of vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes Purpose

To provide timely vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as work progresses Conditions Where Practice Applies Any cut or fill slope greater than 15 feet in height. This practice also applies to stockpiles.

A. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes 1. Excavate and stabilize cut slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all cut slopes as the work progresses. 2. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure 8.1):

a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to convey runoff around the excavation. Perform Phase 1 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabiliz c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as

d. Perform final phase excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. An



surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner.

4. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.2):

Figure B.1: Incremental Stabilization - Cut B. Incremental Stabilization - Fill Slopes 1. Construct and stabilize fill slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all slopes as the work progresses 2. Stabilize slopes immediately when the vertical height of a lift reaches 15 feet, or when the grading peration ceases as prescribed in the plans. 3. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept

the fill. Construct silt fence on low side of fill unless other methods shown on the plans address b. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. Place Phase 1 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize d. Place Phase 2 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize

e. Place final phase fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as

a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to divert runoff around

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization. PHASE 3 EXCAVATION SILT FENCE/ -SUPER SILT FENCE

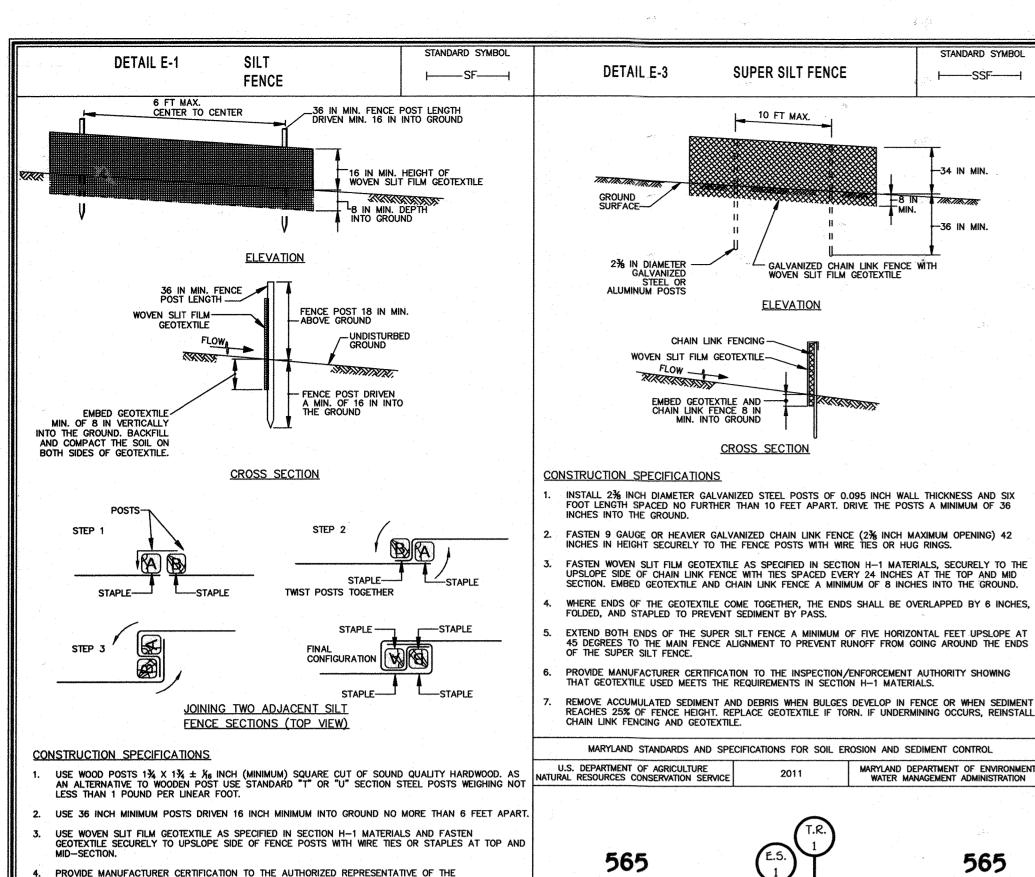
Figure B.2: Incremental Stabilization - Fill

SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS BELVEDERE ESTATES LOTS 1-11, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

ZONED: RR-DEO TAX MAP No. 22 GRID No. 8 PARCEL No. 116 & P/O No. 7 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2016

Owner/Developer

BOARMAN PROPERTY INVESTMENT, W.C. 12126 Maryland Route 216 Fulton, Maryland 20759 Ph# (410) 707-1976



REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS

EARTH DIKE

PLAN VIEW

FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

a - DIKE HEIGHT

SEED WITH STRAW MULCH AND TACK. (NOT ALLOWED FOR CLEAR WATER

4 TO 7 INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE PRESSED INTO SOIL

SEED WITH SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING OR LINE WITH SOD.

A MINIMUM OF 7 INCHES AND FLUSH WITH GROUND.

PROJECTIONS OR OTHER IRREGULARITIES ARE NOT ALLOWED.

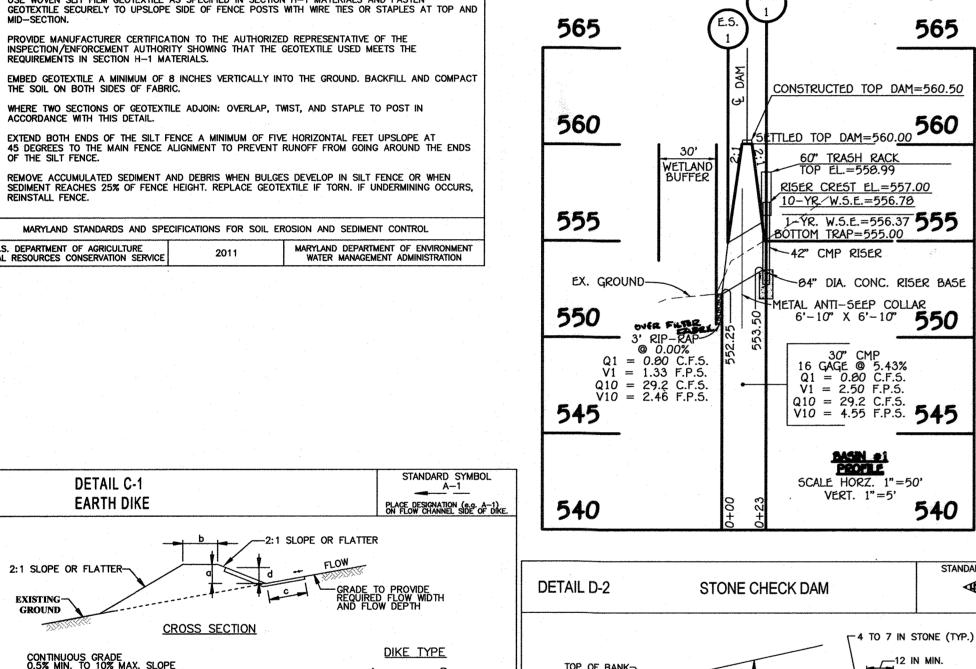
PROVIDE OUTLET PROTECTION AS REQUIRED ON APPROVED PLAN.

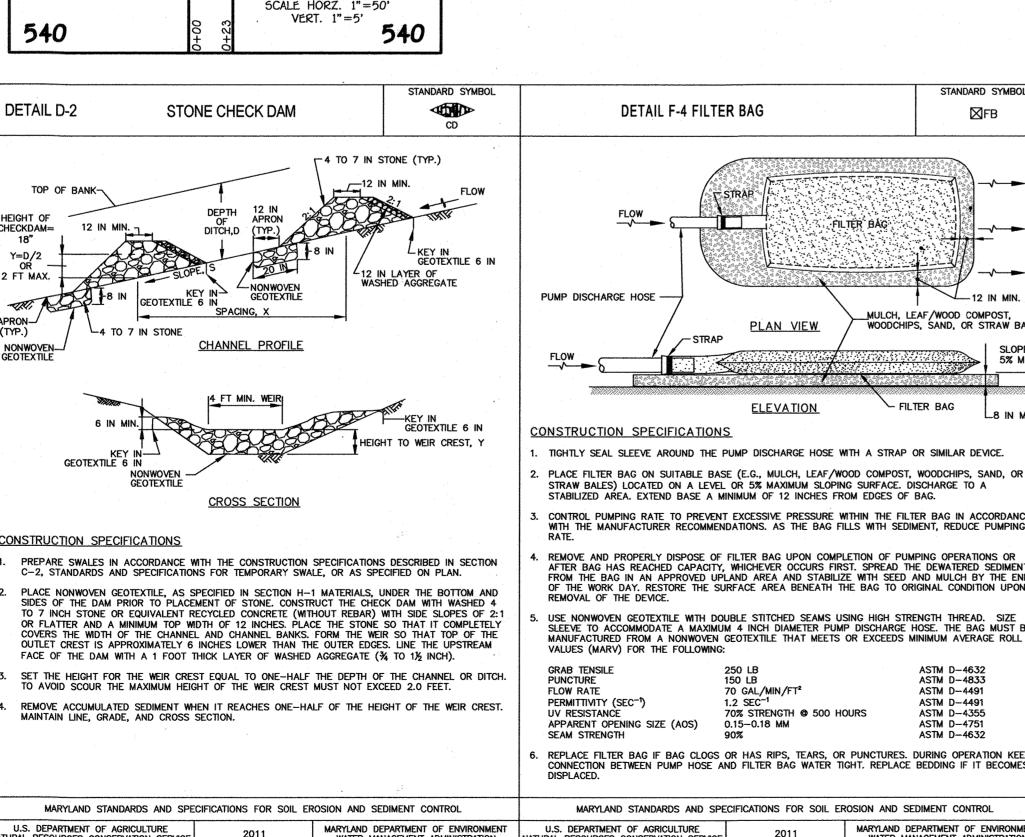
EXCAVATE OR SHAPE EARTH DIKE TO LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION AS SPECIFIED. BANK

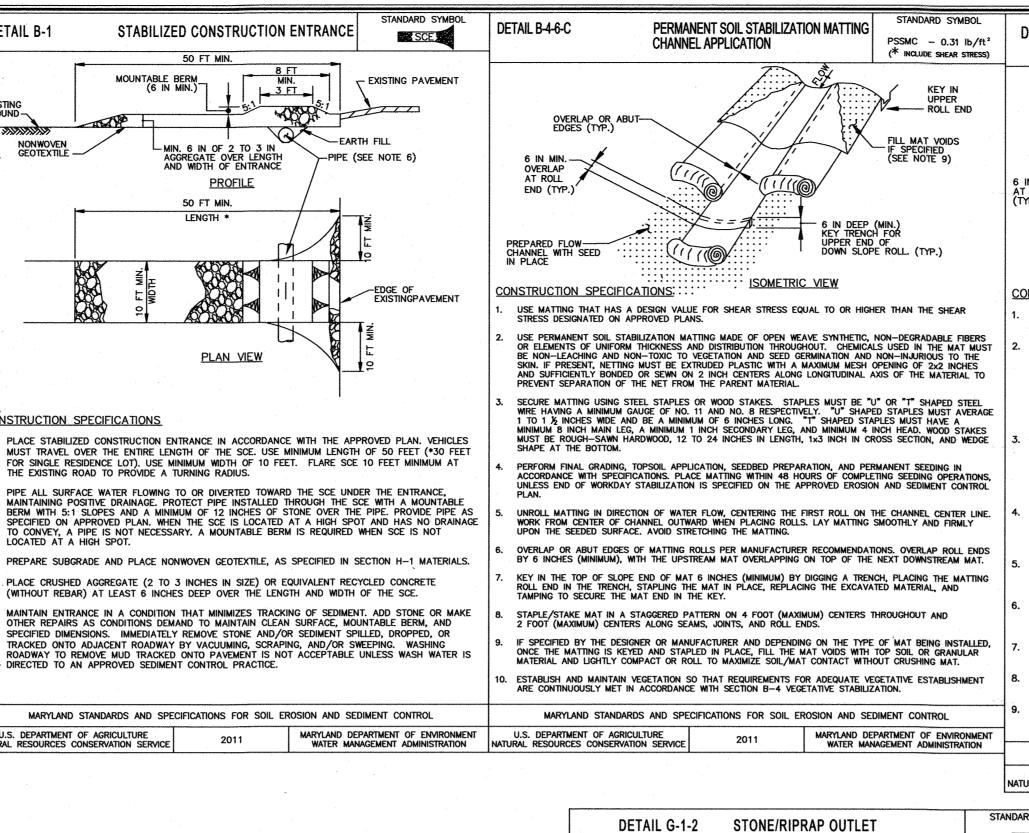
18 IN MIN. 30 IN MIN.

12 IN MIN. 24 IN MIN.

GROUND







SEDIMENT TRAP ST-II

 $A \sim /$

ISOMETRIC VIEW

4 TO 7 IN STONE

SECTION A-A

SECTION B-B

CONSTRUCT TRAP IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION ARE AVOIDED.

USE FILL MATERIAL FREE OF ROOTS, WOODY VEGETATION, OVERSIZED STONES, ROCKS, ORGANIC MATERIAL, OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FOR THE EMBANKMENT.

CONSTRUCT TOP OF EMBANKMENT 1 FOOT MINIMUM ABOVE WEIR CREST. COMPACT THE EMBANKMENT BY TRAVERSING WITH EQUIPMENT WHILE IT IS BEING CONSTRUCTED.

PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS, OVER THE BOTTOM AND SIDES OF OUTLET AND APRON PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF RIPRAP. OVERLAP SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE AT LEAST 1 FOOT WITH THE SECTION NEARER TO THE TRAP PLACED ON TOP. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AT

USE CLEAN 4 TO 7 INCH RIPRAP TO CONSTRUCT THE WEIR. USE CLASS I RIPRAP FOR THE APRON. USE OF RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT IS ACCEPTABLE.

CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN THE OUTLET ACCORDING TO APPROVED PLAN, AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AT OR BELOW THE OUTLET DOES NOT OCCUR.

D. STABILIZE THE EMBANKMENT AND INTERIOR SLOPES WITH SEED AND MULCH. STABILIZE POINTS OF CONCENTRATED INFLOW AS SHOWN ON APPROVED PLAN.

REMOVE SEDIMENT AND RESTORE TRAP TO ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO CLEANOUT ELEVATION (50% OF WET STORAGE DEPTH). DEPOSIT REMOVED SEDIMENT IN AN APPROVED AREA AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT WILL NOT ERODE. KEEP POINTS OF INFLOW AND OUTFLOW AS WELL AS INTERIOR OF THE TRAP FREE FROM EROSION, AND REMOVE ACCUMULATED

DEBRIS. MAINTAIN EMBANKMENTS TO CONTINUOUSLY MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION. REMOVE ANY TREES, BRUSH, OR OTHER WOODLY VEGETATION GROWING ON EMBANKMENT OR NEAR PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

WHEN DEWATERING TRAP, PASS REMOVED WATER THROUGH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

8. PLACE 1 FOOT OF CLEAN 3/4 TO 11/2 INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE ON THE UPSTREAM FACE OF THE WEIR.

CLEAR, GRUB, AND STRIP ANY VEGETATION AND ROOT MAT FROM THE AREA UNDER THE EMBANKMENT AND TRAP BOTTOM.

DISCHARGE TO STABLE

CLASS 1 RIPRAP

APRON 10 FT MIN.

NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE

MAKE ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES 2:1 OR FLATTER.

MAINTAIN LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION.

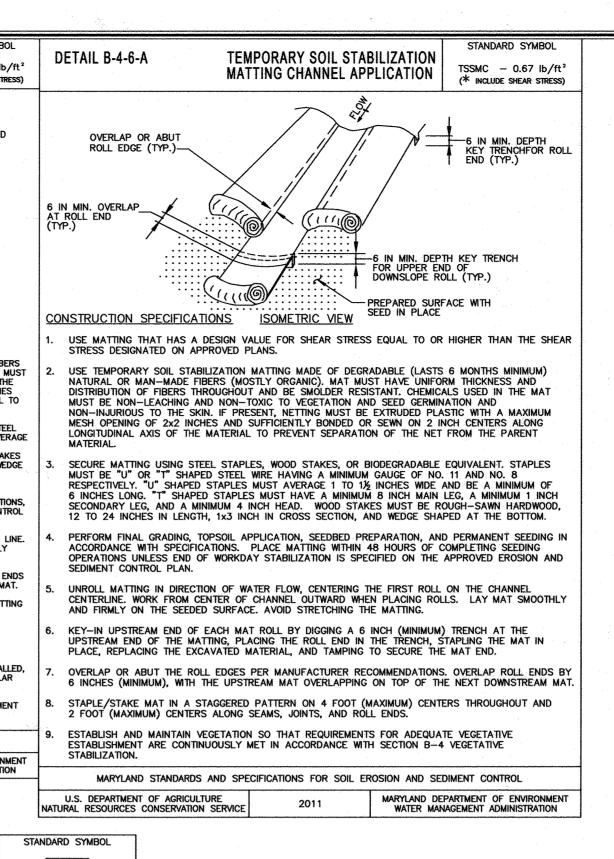
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

13. UPON REMOVAL, GRADE AND STABILIZE THE AREA OCCUPIED BY TRAP.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

AREA OR RECEIVING CHANNEL

OUTLET ELEVATION-



ST-II

MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 10 ACRES

FLOW

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

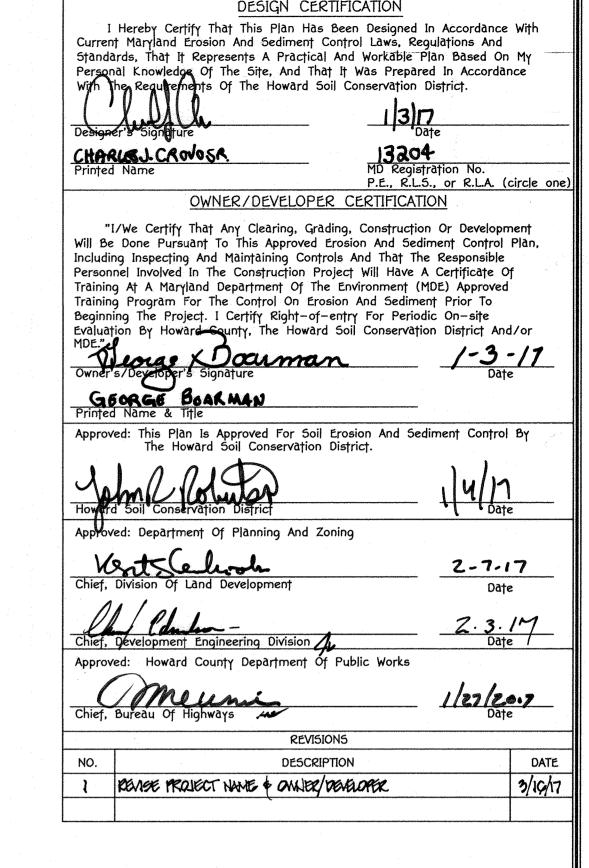
Owner/Developer

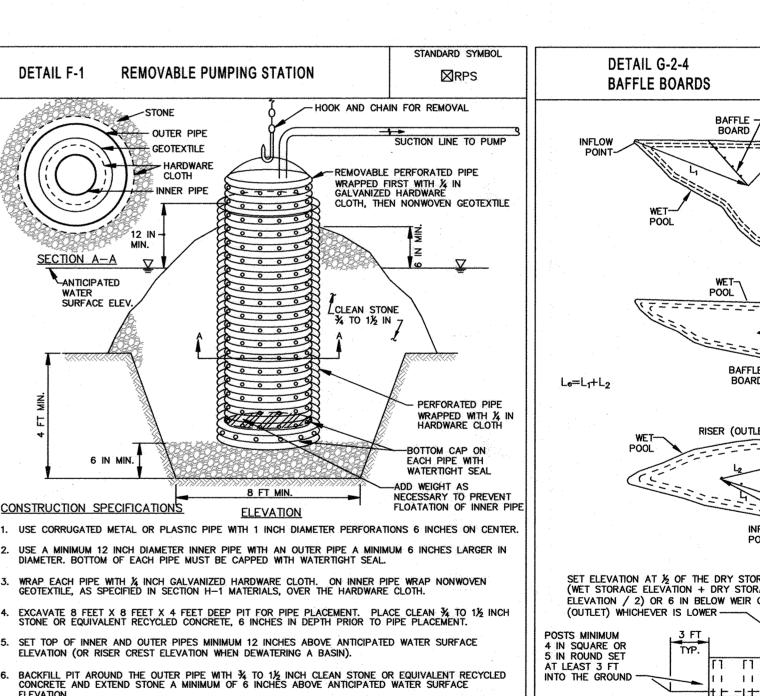
BOARMAN PROPERTY INVESTMENT, U.C.

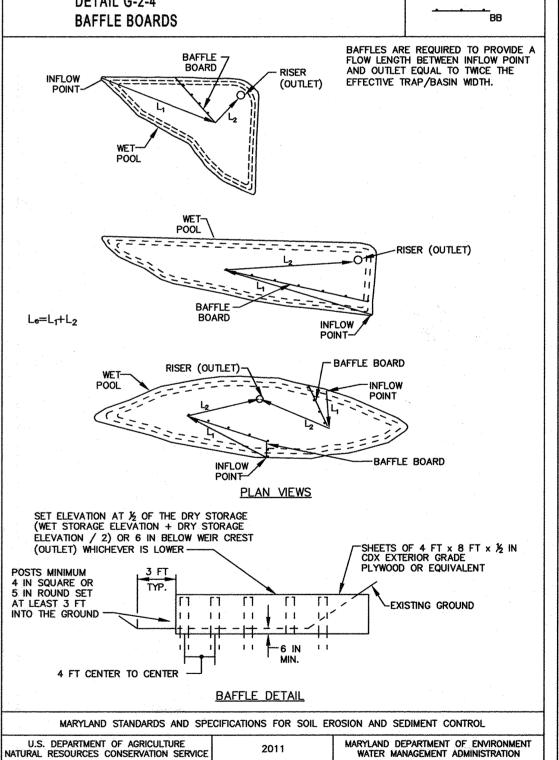
12126 Maryland Route 216

Fulton, Maryland 20759

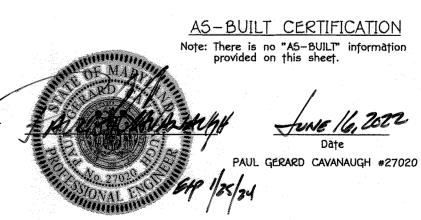
Ph# (410) 707-1976







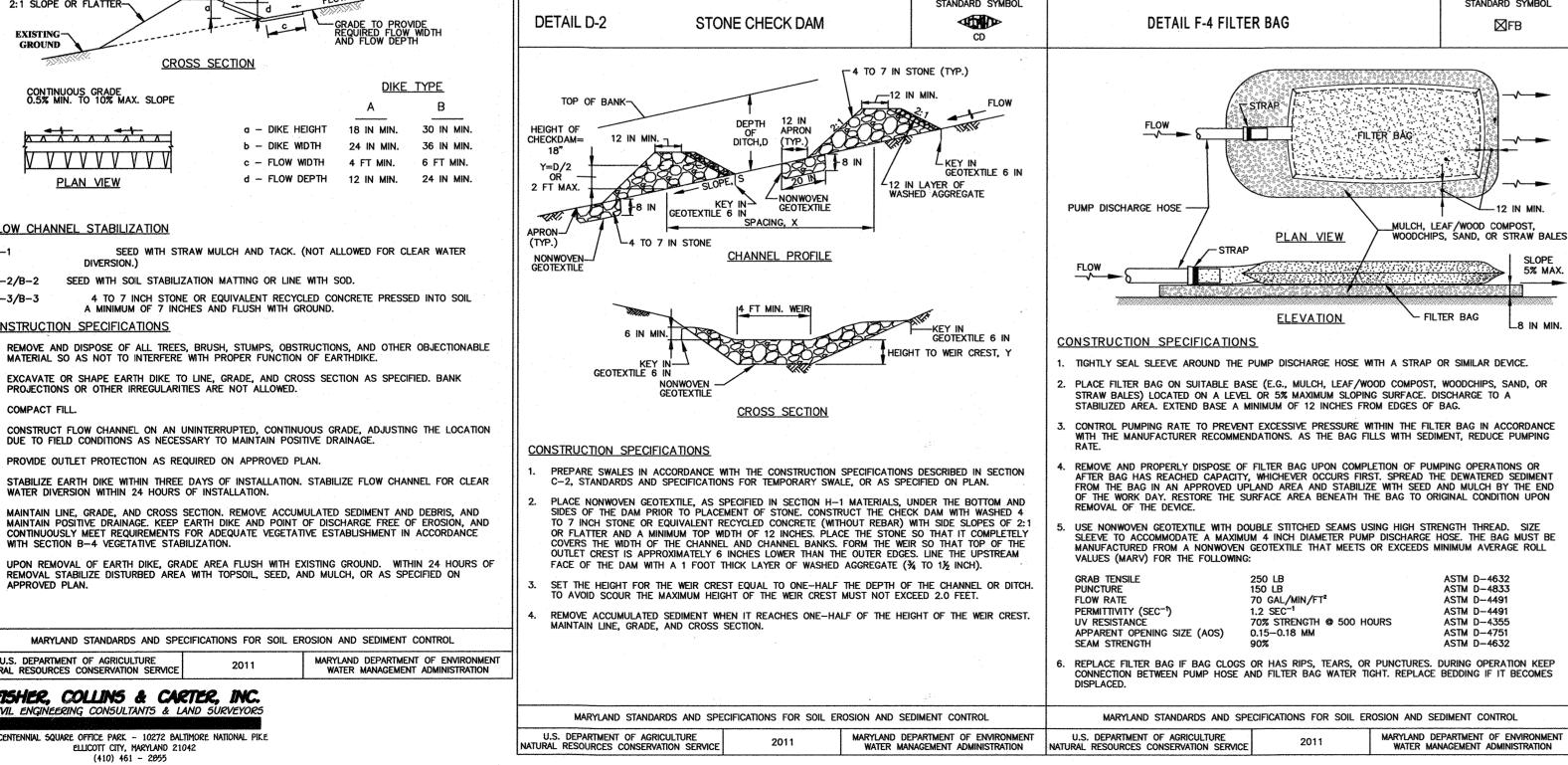
STANDARD SYMBOL



SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS LOTS 1-11, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

ZONED: RR-DEO TAX MAP No. 22 GRID No. 8 PARCEL No. 116 & P/O No. 7 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2016

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. IL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYOR ennial square office park – 10272 baltimore national piki (410) 461 - 2855



STANDARD SYMBOL

PROFILE

PLAN VIEW

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

50 FT MIN. LENGTH *

H-SSF----I

SUPER SILT FENCE

ELEVATION

CROSS SECTION

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

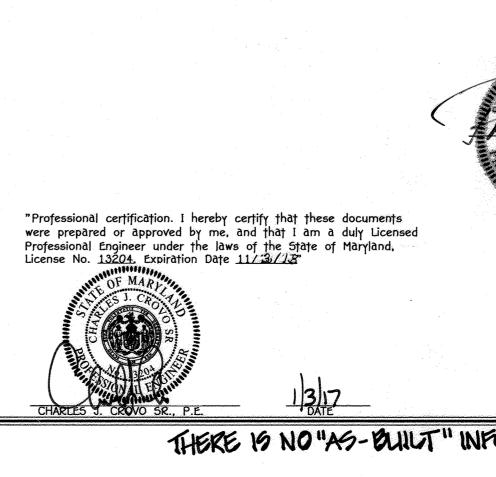
MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

CHAIN LINK FENCING -

WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE-

GALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE

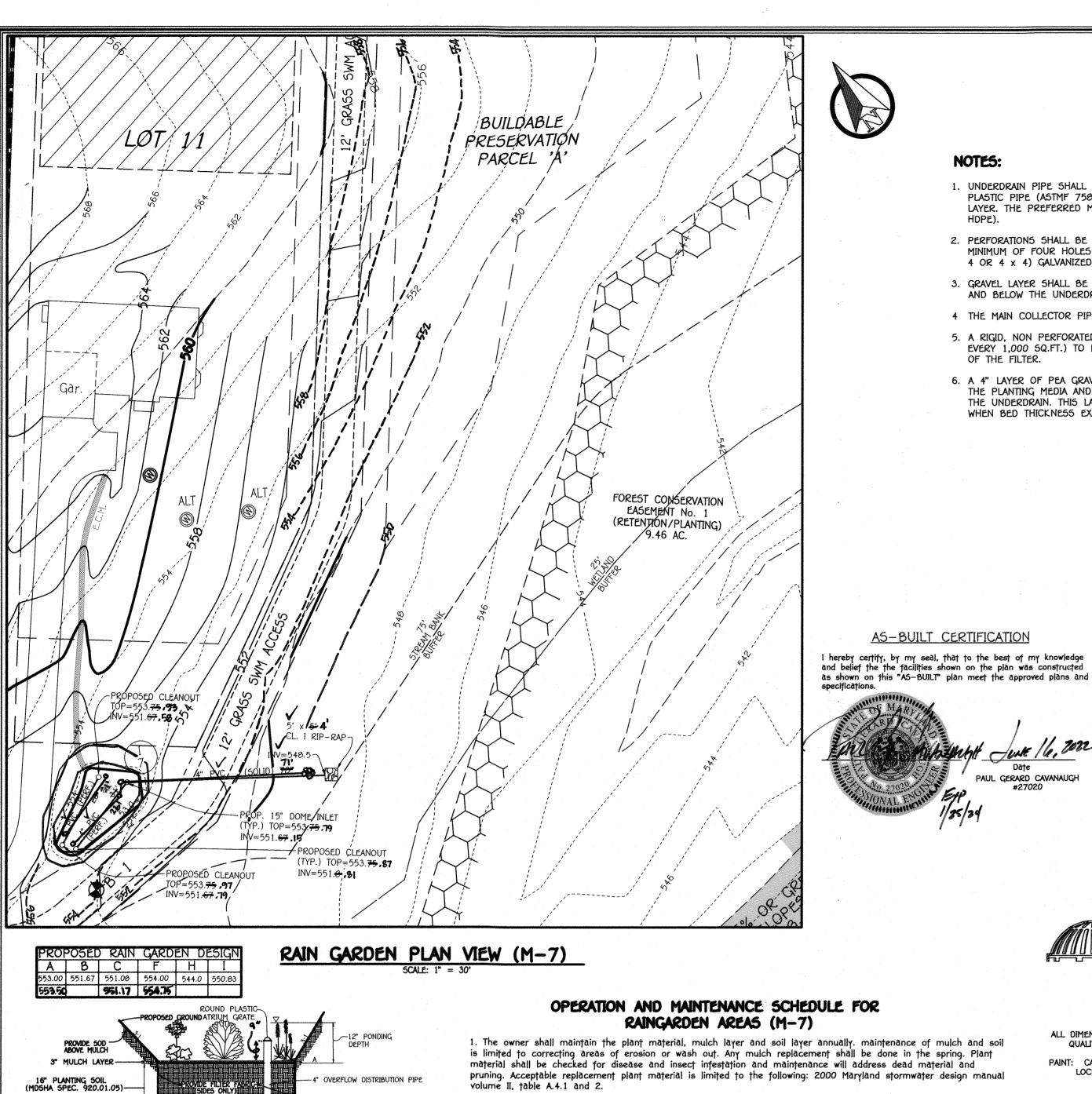
INTERNATION IN



DISCHARGE TO A STABLE AREA AT A NONEROSIVE RATE.

A REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION REQUIRES FREQUENT MAINTENANCE. IF SYSTEM CLOGS, PULL OUT INNER PIPE AND REPLACE GEOTEXTILE. KEEP POINT OF DISCHARGE FREE OF EROSION.

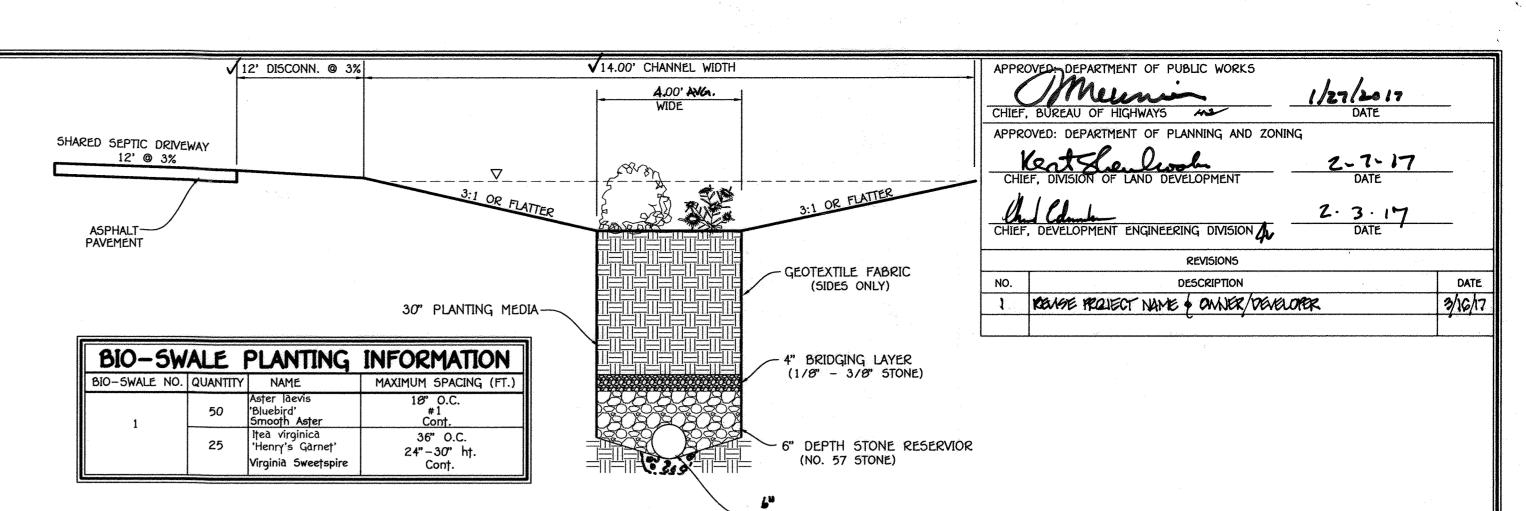
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL



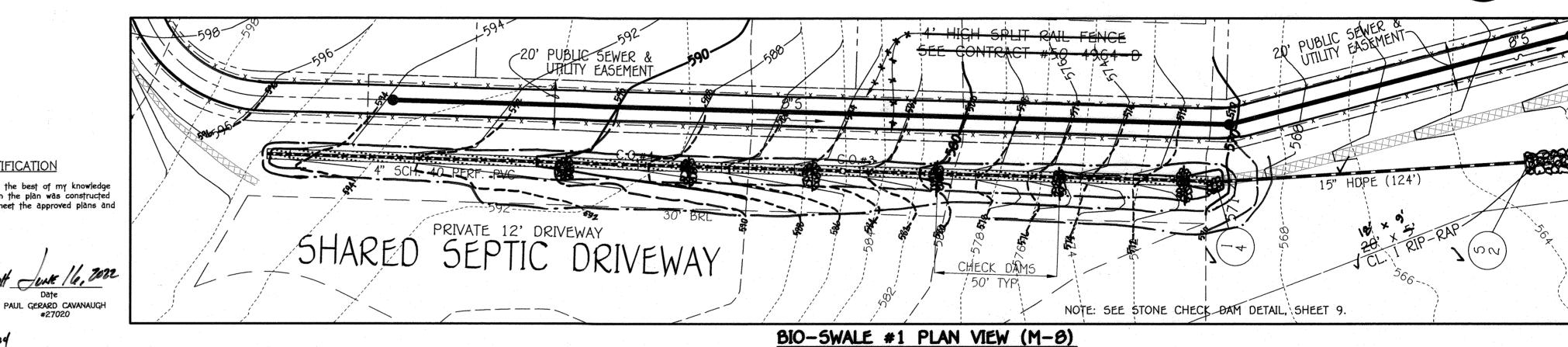
NOTES:

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

- 1. UNDERDRAIN PIPE SHALL BE 4" TO 6" DIAMETER, SLOTTED OR PERFORATED RIGID PLASTIC PIPE (ASTMF 750, TYPE P5 20 OR AASHTO-M- 270) IN A GRAVEL LAYER. THE PREFERRED MATERIAL IS SLOTTED 4" RIGID PIPE (e.g., PVC OR
- 2. PERFORATIONS SHALL BE 3/8" DIAMETER LOCATED 6" ON CENTER WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR HOLES PER ROW. PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH A 1/4" (No. 4 OR 4 x 4) GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH.
- 3. GRAVEL LAYER SHALL BE (No. 57 STONE PREFERRED) AT LEAST 3" THICK ABOVE AND BELOW THE UNDERDRAIN.
- 4 THE MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE SHALL BE AT A MINIMUM 0.5% SLOPE.
- 5. A RIGID, NON PERFORATED OBERSERVATION WELL MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE PER EVERY 1,000 SQ.FT.) TO PROVIDE A CLEANOUT PORT AND MONITOR PERFORMANCE OF THE FILTER.
- 6. A 4" LAYER OF PEA GRAVEL (1/8" TO 3/8" STONE) SHALL BE LOCATED BETWEEN THE PLANTING MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINES INTO THE UNDERDRAIN. THIS LAYER MAY BE CONSIDERED PART OF THE FILTER BED WHEN BED THICKNESS EXCEEDS 24".

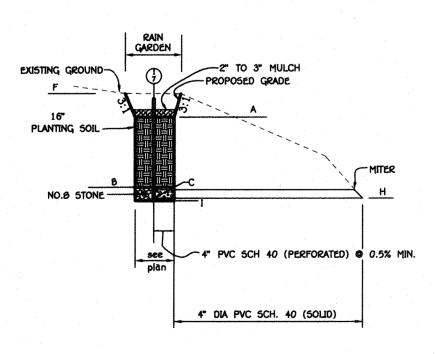


PERFORATED PVC
UNDERDRAIN WRAPPED IN
GALVANIZED WIRE MESH (MIN 3" OF STONE BELOW PVC) SHARED SEPTIC DRIVEWAY BIO-SWALE #1 (M-8) SECTION



FOR PERFORATIONS, SEE NOTE #2

RAIN GARDEN DETAIL WITH 4" OVERFLOW DISTRIBUTION PIPE



PROFILE ALONG VARIABLE PVC OUTLET NOT TO SCALE

TYPICAL RAINGARDEN DETAIL (M-7) NOT TO SCALE

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS (410) 461 - 2855

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR

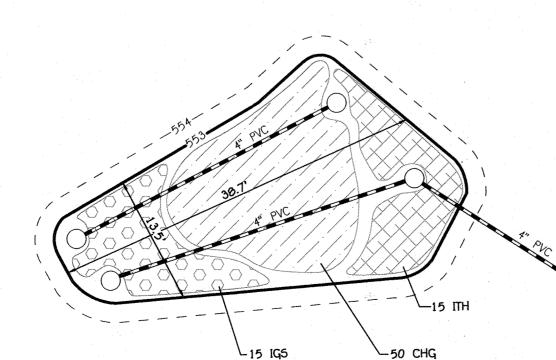
1. The owner shall maintain the plant material, mulch layer and soil layer annually. maintenance of mulch and soil is limited to correcting areas of erosion or wash out. Any mulch replacement shall be done in the spring. Plant material shall be checked for disease and insect infestation and maintenance will address dead material and pruning. Acceptable replacement plant material is limited to the following: 2000 Maryland stormwater design manual

2. The owner shall perform a plant in the spring and in the fall each year during the inspection, the owner shall remove dead and diseased vegetation considered beyond treatment, replace dead plant material with acceptable replacement plant material. Treat diseased trees ans shrubs and replace all deficient stakes and wires.

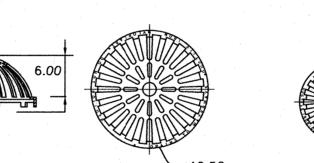
rs, The

after each

vy st					
		esd shrubs/perennial	5 – RAIN GA	rden	
QTY.	5YM.	BOTANICAL/COMMON NAME	SIZE	CONT.	REMARK5
50	CHG	Chelone glabra White Turtlehead	#1	Cont.	24" O.C.
15	IG5	Ilex glabra 'Shamrock' Inkberry	24"-30" Ht.	Cont.	30" o.c./Male Cultivar
15	ІТН	Itea virginica 'Little Henry' Dwarf Virginia Sweetspire	18" – 24" H†.	3 Gal.	30° o.c. min.



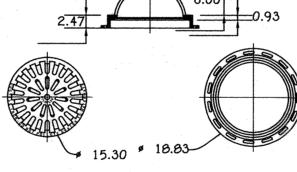
RAIN GARDEN LANDSCAPING (M-7)



ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE QUALITY: MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM A536 GRADE 70-50-05 PAINT: CASTINGS ARE FURNISHED WITH A BLACK PAINT LOCKING DEVICE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST SEE DRAWING NO.

7001-110-230 Nyloplast 3130 VERONA AVE BUFORD, GA 30518 PHN (770) 932-2443 FAX (770) 932-2490 www.nyloplast-us.com

18" DOME GRATE ASSEMBLY NYLOPLAST OR EQUAL



ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE QUALITY: MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM
A536 GRADE 70-50-05
PAINT: CASTINGS ARE FURNISHED WITH A BLACK PAINT LOCKING DEVICE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST SEE DRAWING NO

7001-110-230 Nyloplast 3130 VERONA AVE BUFORD, GA 30518 PHN (770) 932-2443 FAX (770) 932-2490 www.nyloplast-us.com

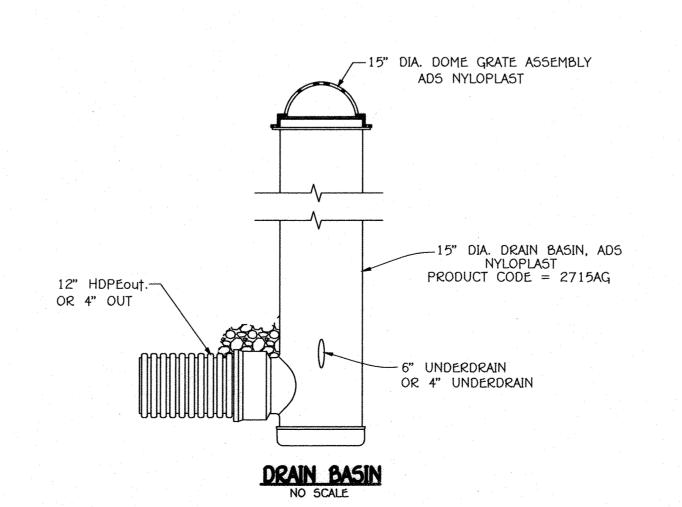
15" DOME GRATE ASSEMBLY

Owner/Developer

12126 Maryland Route 216

Fulton, Maryland 20759 Ph# (410) 707-1976

BOARMAN PROPERTY INVESTMENT, WC



600 EXISTING GROUND 595 -PROPOSED GRADE ALONG CENTERLINE OF BIO-SWALE 590 590 **E**\$ 585 585 580 500 PERFORATED PVC-UNDERDRAIN CHECK DAM (5 TOTAL) SEE DETAIL, 575 575 19' × 9' 20' × 5' CL I RIP-RAP @ 0.00% d50=9.5" dMax=15" THICKNESS=19" Q10=3.07 C.F.S. V10=1.14 F.P.S. Q2= 2.13 C.F.S. V2= 1.09 F.P.S. LEV.=570.05.30 PERFORATED PVC-UNDERDRAIN -10-YEAR HGL 565 565 15" HDPE Q=6.24 CF5 @ 1.00% Vf=5.09 FP5 (124 L.F.) Vp=5.00 FP5 560 BIO-SWALE #1 PROFILE

> "Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 13204. Expiration Date 11/3/18."

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES & DETAILS LOTS 1-11, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

SCALE: HOR. : 1" = 50' VER. : 1" = 5'

> ZONED: RR-DEO GRID No. 0 PARCEL No. 116 & P/O No. 7 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2016 SHEET 10 OF 20

Plant material shall be checked for disease and insect infestation and maintenance will address dead material and pruning. Acceptable replacement plant material is limited to the following: 2000 Maryland stormwater design manual volume II, table A.4.1 and 2. 2. The owner shall perform a plant in the spring and in the fall each year. during the inspection, the owner shall remove dead and diseased vegetation considered beyond treatment, replace dead plant material with acceptable replacement plant material. Treat diseased trees and shrubs and replace all deficient stakes and wires.

3. The owner shall inspect the mulch each spring. The mulch shall be replaced every two to three years, The previous mulch layer shall be removed before the new layer is applied.

4. The owner shall correct soil erosion on an as needed basis, with a minimum of once per month and after

B.4.C Specifications for Micro-Bioretention, Rain Gardens, Landscape Infiltration & Infiltration Berms

The allowable materials to be used in these practices are detailed in Table 8.4.1.

2. Filtering Media or Planting Soil The soil shall be a uniform mix, free of stones, stumps, roots or other similar objects larger than two inches. No other materials or substances shall be mixed or dumped within the micro-bioretention practice that may be harmful to plant growth, or prove a hindrance to the planting or maintenance operations. The planting soil shall be free of Bermuda grass, Quackgrass, Johnson grass, or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.

The planting soil shall be tested and shall meet the following criteria:

Soil Component - Loamy Sand or Sandy Loam (USDA Soil Textural Classification) Organic Content - Minimum 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974). In general, this can be

met with a mixture of loamy sand (60%-65%) and compost (35% to 40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%), and compost (40%).

Clay Content - Media shall have a clay content of less than 5%.

pH Range Should be between 5.5 - 7.0. Amendments (e.g., lime, iron sulfate plus sulfur) may be mixed into the soil to increase or decrease pH. There shall be at least one soil test per project. Each test shall consist of both the standard soil test for pH, and additional tests of organic matter, and soluble salts. A textural analysis is required from the site stockpiled topsoil. If topsoil is imported, then a texture analysis shall be performed for each location where the topsoil was excavated. 3. Compaction

It is very important to minimize compaction of both the base of bioretention practices and the required backfill. When possible, use excavation hoes to remove original soil. If practices are excavated using a loader, the contractor should use wide track or marsh track equipment, or light equipment with turf type tires. Use of equipment with narrow tracks or narrow tires, rubber tires with large lugs, or high-pressure tires will cause excessive compaction resulting in reduced infiltration rates and is not acceptable. Compaction will significantly contribute to design failure.

Compaction can be alleviated at the base of the bioretention facility by using a primary tilling operation such as a chisel plow, ripper, or subsoiler. These tilling operations are to refracture the soil profile through the 12 inch compaction zone. Substitute methods must be approved by the engineer. Rototillers typically do not till deep enough to reduce the effects of compaction from heavy equipment.

Rototill 2 to 3 inches of sand into the base of the bioretention facility before backfilling the optional sand layer. Pump any ponded water before preparing (rototilling) base.

When backfilling the topsoil over the sand layer, first place 3 to 4 inches of topsoil over the sand, then rototill the sand/topsoil to create a gradation zone. Backfill the remainder

When backfilling the bioretention facility, place soil in lifts 12to 18". Do not use heavy equipment within the bioretention basin. Heavy equipment can be used around the perimeter of the basin to supply soils and sand. Grade bioretention materials with light equipment such as a compact loader or a dozer/loader with marsh tracks.

Recommended plant material for micro-bioretention practices can be found in Appendix A, Section A.2.3. 5. Plant Installation

Compost is a better organic material source, is less likely to float, and should be placed in the invert and other low areas. Mulch should be placed in surrounding to a uniform thickness of 2" to 3" Shredded or chipped hardwood mulch is the only accepted mulch Pine mulch and wood chips will float and move to the perimeter of the bioretention area during a storm event and are not acceptable. Shredded mulch must be well aged (6 to

Rootstock of the plant material shall be kept moist during transport and on-site storage The plant root ball should be planted so 1/0 th of the ball is above final grade surface The diameter of the planting pit shall be at least six inches larger than the diameter of horoughly water ground bed cover after installation

Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing season only. Stakes are to be equally spaced on the outside of the tree ball.

Grasses and legume seed should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be planted following the non-grass ground cover planting

The topsoil specifications provide enough organic material to adequately supply nutrients from natural cycling. The primary function of the bioretention structure is to improve water guality. Adding fertilizers defeats, or at a minimum, impedes this goal. Only add fertilizer if wood chips or mulch are used to amend the soil. Rototill urea fertilizer at a rate of 2 pounds per 1000 square feet.

6. Underdrains Underdrains should meet the following criteria:

4. Plant Material

Pipe- Should be 7960 Ordiameter, slotted or perforated rigid plastic pipe (ASTMF 750, Type P5 20, or AASHTO-M-270) in a gravel layer. The preferred material is "slotted, 4 rigid pipe (e.g., PVC or HDPE).

Perforations - If perforated pipe is used, perforations should be 3/8" diameter localited 6 center with a minimum of four holes per row. Pipe shall be wrapped with a 1/4" (No. 4 or 4x4) galvanized hardware cloth.

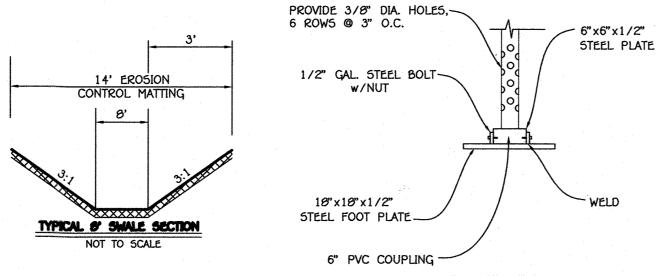
Gravel -The gravel layer (No. 57 stone preferred) shall be at least 3" thick above and below the underdrain.

nnial square office park - 10272 baltimore national pike

The main collector pipe shall be at a minimum 0.5% slope A rigid, non-perforated observation well must be provided (one per every 1,000 square feet) to provide a clean-out port and monitor performance of the filter.

-6" PVC 5CH. 40, OBSERVATION WELL/CLEANOUT W/ 6" DIA. DOME GRATE. WEIR EL. INVERT @ d=12". - 6" PVC, SCHEDULE 40 CLEANOLIT LIMIT OF PERFORATIONS @ TOP OF 4" - #7 STONE LAYER PVC UNDERDRAIN ANCHOR DETAIL, THIS SHEET

SECTION 0 OBSERVATION WELL LOCATION



TYPICAL SECTION DESIGN INFORMATION

Operation And Maintenance Schedule For Privately Owned And

Maintained

Open Channel Systems Grass Swales

And Wet Swales, (M-B)

1. The open channel system shall be inspected annually and after major storms. Inspections shall be

performed during wet weather to determine if the facility is functioning properly.

3. Debris and litter shall be removed during regular mowing operations and as needed.

Remove silt in the open channel system when it exceeds 25% of the original WQV.

maintain a maximum grass height of less than 6 inches.

B.4.C Specifications for Micro-Bioretention,

part of the filter bed when bed thickness exceeds 24".

every 1000 square feet of surface area).

A 4 layer of pea gravel (1/4" to 3/8" stone) shall be located between the filter media and

These practices may not be constructed until all contributing drainage area has been stabilized

underdrain to prevent migration of fines into the underdrain. This layer may be considered

The main collector pipe for underdrain systems shall be constructed at a minimum slope of 0.5%. Observation wells and/or clean-out pipes must be provided (one minimum per

2. The open channel shall be moved a minimum of as needed during the growing season to

4. Visible signs of erosion in the open channel system shall be repaired as soon as it is noticed.

6. Inspect check dams twice a year for structural integrity. Restore check dams to original condition

Rain Gardens, Landscape Infiltration & Infiltration Berms Continued:

OBSERVATION WELL

ANCHOR DETAIL

NO SCALE

Bottom Width Min. 55

REMARKS

2:1 3:1 USED FOR DESIG

- PROVIDE 6" PVC 5CHEDULE 40 FILTER BED (BRIDGING L

6" dia. DOME GRATE

TYPICAL CLEAN-OUT DETAIL

MICROBIORENTENTION NOTES: 1. ONLY THE SIDES OF MICROBIORETENTION ARE TO BE WRAPPED IN FILTER FABRIC. FILTER FABRIC BETWEEN LAYER OR AT THE BOTTOM OF THE MICROBIORETENTION WILL CAUSE THE MBR TO FAIL AND THEREFORE SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED. 2. WRAP THE PERFORATED MBR UNDERDRAIN PIPE WITH A" MESH (4X4) OR

SMALLER GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH. 3. PROVIDE 5' MINIMUM SPACING BETWEEN UNDER DRAIN AND PERFORATED PIPE THROUGH STONE RESERVOIR OR SPACE PIPE EQUALLY ACROSS BOTTOM FOR SMALL BIOS. (SEE PLANS)

	i 2/
4" DIA. SCH 40 STEEL PIPE, HOT DIPPED GALV. AND FILLED WITH CONCRETE. POST SHALL BE PAINTED YELLOW.	/PROPOSED GRADE
MIX NO. 2 CONCRETE	2.0

TYPICAL METAL BOLLARD DETAIL

24" PLANTING SOIL PROVIDE FILTER FABRIC (SEE PLANTING SOIL TE(SIDES ONLY) CHARACTERISTICS) 4" PEA GRAVEL LAYER (1/8" - 3/8" STONE)12" #57 WASHED STONE 6" PERF. UNDER-DRAIN TO OUTFALL 18" #57 WASHED STONE-TO PROVIDE THE 25% ESDV REQ.

PIPE SIZE: 6"

HOLE SIZE: 3/8"

CENTER TO CENTER: 3"

ROWS OF HOLES: 2 @ 90°

2 @ 160° (+/-3°)

ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL VOLUME IV, STANDARD SPECIFICATION AND DETAILS FOR CONSTRUCTION.

Discouraged As Well.

(M-6 #2) EL. 557.75

-PROPOSED GROUND

16' (TWO OR MORE USERS)

TYPICAL PRIVATE DRIVE CROSS SLOPE SECTION (N-2)

1. Maintenance Of Areas Receiving Disconnection Runoff Is Generally No

Different Than That Required For Other Lawn Or Landscaped Areas.

The Areas Receiving Runoff Should Be Protected From Future Compaction Or

Development Of Impervious Area. In Commercial Areas, Foot Traffic Should Be

NOT TO SCALE

Operation & Maintenance Schedule For Privately

Owned And Maintained Disconnection Of

ROUND PLASTIC

ATRIUM GRATE

Non-rooftop Runoff (N-2)

12' (SINGLE USERS)

SCH40 PVC PERFORATED

UNDERDRAIN PIPE DETAIL

PIPE

NO SCALE

FOR HORIZONTAL DRAIN

PROVIDE SOD-

ABOVE MULCH

3" MULCH LAYER -

| M-6 #2) EL. 552.17 MICRO BIO-RETENTION SECTION WITH 6" OVERFLOW DISTRIBUTION PIPE

NO SCALE

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES

1. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL.

2. CREDITS ARE GIVEN FOR DISCONNECTION OF IMPERVIOUS 3. MAXIMUM CONTRIBUTING ROOF TOP AREA TO EACH

5. FINAL GRADING WILL BE SHOWN ON PLOT PLAN.

16' (TWO OR MORE USERS)

-12" PONDING

(M-6 #1) EL. 552.25

(M-6 #2) EL. 557.00

(M-6 #1) EL. 550.25

(M-6 #2) EL. 555.00

(M-6 #1) EL. 549.92

(M-6 #2) EL. 554.67

DEPTH

- 6" OVERFLOW DISTRIBUTION PIPE

PERF. PIPE THROUGH

(M-6 #1) EL. 548.92

(M-6 #2) EL. 553.67

STONE RESERVOIR

DOWNSPOUT SHALL BE LESS THAN 500 SQ. FT. 4. DRYWELLS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT LOCATIONS WHERE THE LENGTH OF DISCONNECTION IS LESS THAN 75' AT 5%. THE SIZE AND CONSTRUCTION OF THE DRYWELL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FIGURE 5.2 OF THE MANUAL AND THE DETAIL SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.

2-7-17 CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION **REVISIONS** DESCRIPTION

1/27/2017

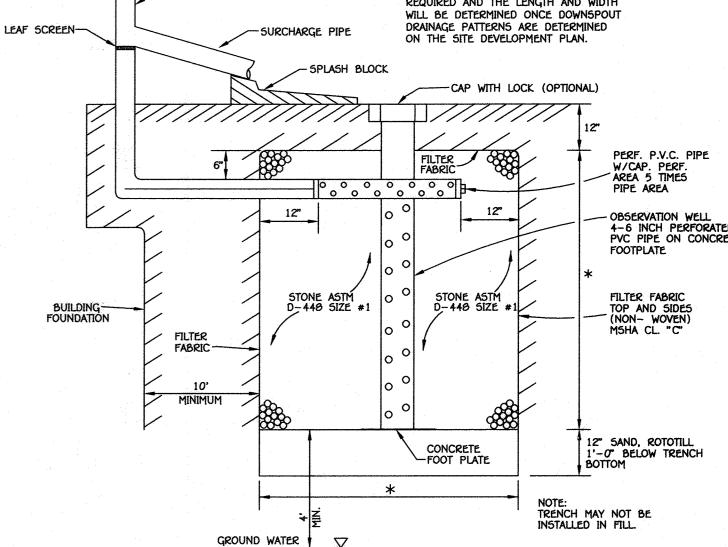
APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

/meunin

DATE REAGE PROJECT NAME & OWNER/DEVELOPER 3/16/17 -ROOF LEADER * THE EXACT NUMBER OF DRYWELLS REQUIRED AND THE LENGTH AND WIDTH



DRY WELL DETAIL (M-5)

Operation And Maintenance Schedule For Drywells (M-5)

1. The owner shall inspect the monitoring wells and structures on a quarterly basis and after every heavy storm event. 2. The owner shall record the water levels and sediment build up in the monitoring wells over a period of several days to insure trench drainage.

3. The owner shall maintain a log book to determine the rate at which the facility drains.

4. When the facility becomes cloqued so that it does not drain down within a seventy two (72) hour time period,

5. The maintenance log book shall be available to Howard County for inspection to insure compliance with operation and maintenance criteria.

LANDSCAPING PLANS.

6. Once the performance characteristics of the infiltration facility have been verified, the monitoring schedule can be reduced to an annual basis unless the performance data indicates that a more frequent schedule is required.

SEE SHEET 13 FOR MICRO BIO-RETENTION and belief the the facilities shown on the plan was constructed as shown on this "AS-BUILT" plan meet the approved plans and GUTTER DRAIN FILTER DETAIL

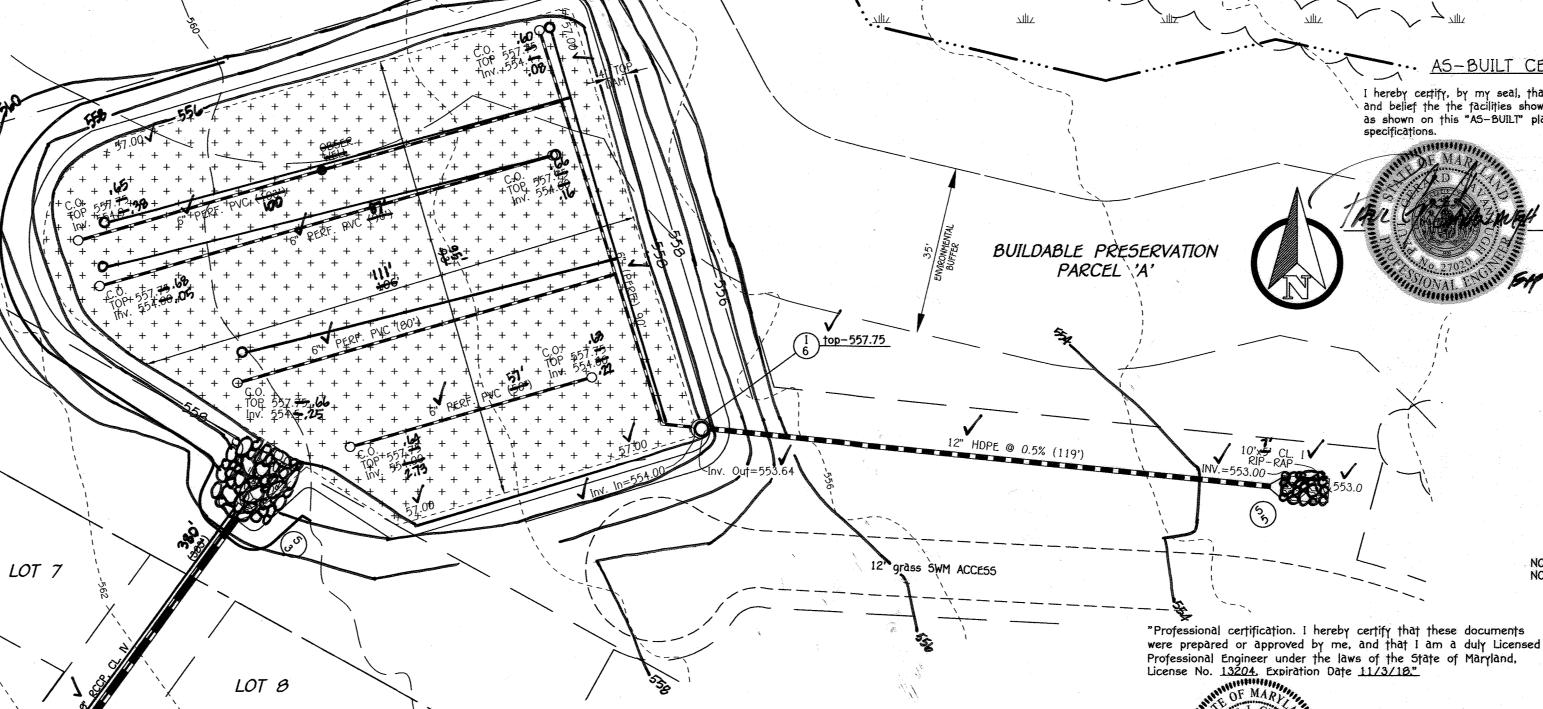
NOT TO SCALE

DRY WELL CHART NO. OF DRYWELLS 4' x 14' x 7' 198 CU.FT. 4' x 14' x 7' 785 CU.FT. LOT 3 471 CU.FT. 4' x 14' x 7 198 CU.FT. 4' x 10' x 5 LOT 4 110 CU.FT. 176 CU.FT. 4' x 14' x 7 4' x 20' x 10' 640 CU.FT. 110 CU.FT. 640 CU.FT. 4' x 20' x 10' 48 CU.FT. 204 CU.FT. 4' x 16' x 8' 4' x 16' x 8' 4' × 16' × 8' 110 CU.FT. 640 CU.FT. 4' × 20' × 10' 110 CU.FT. 160 CU.FT.

NOTE: THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE DRAINAGE AREA TO A SINGLE DRYWELL SHALL NOT EXCEED 1,000 5Q.FT. NOTE: THE DRYWELL DIMENSIONS ARE CONCEPTUAL AND FINAL DIMENSIONS WILL BE PROVIDED WITH INDIVIDUAL BUILDING PERMITS WHEN FINAL HOUSE MODELS ARE SHOWN.

> STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES & DETAILS LOTS 1-11, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'B'

ZONED: RR-DEO GRID No. 8 PARCEL No. 116 & P/O No. 7 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2016



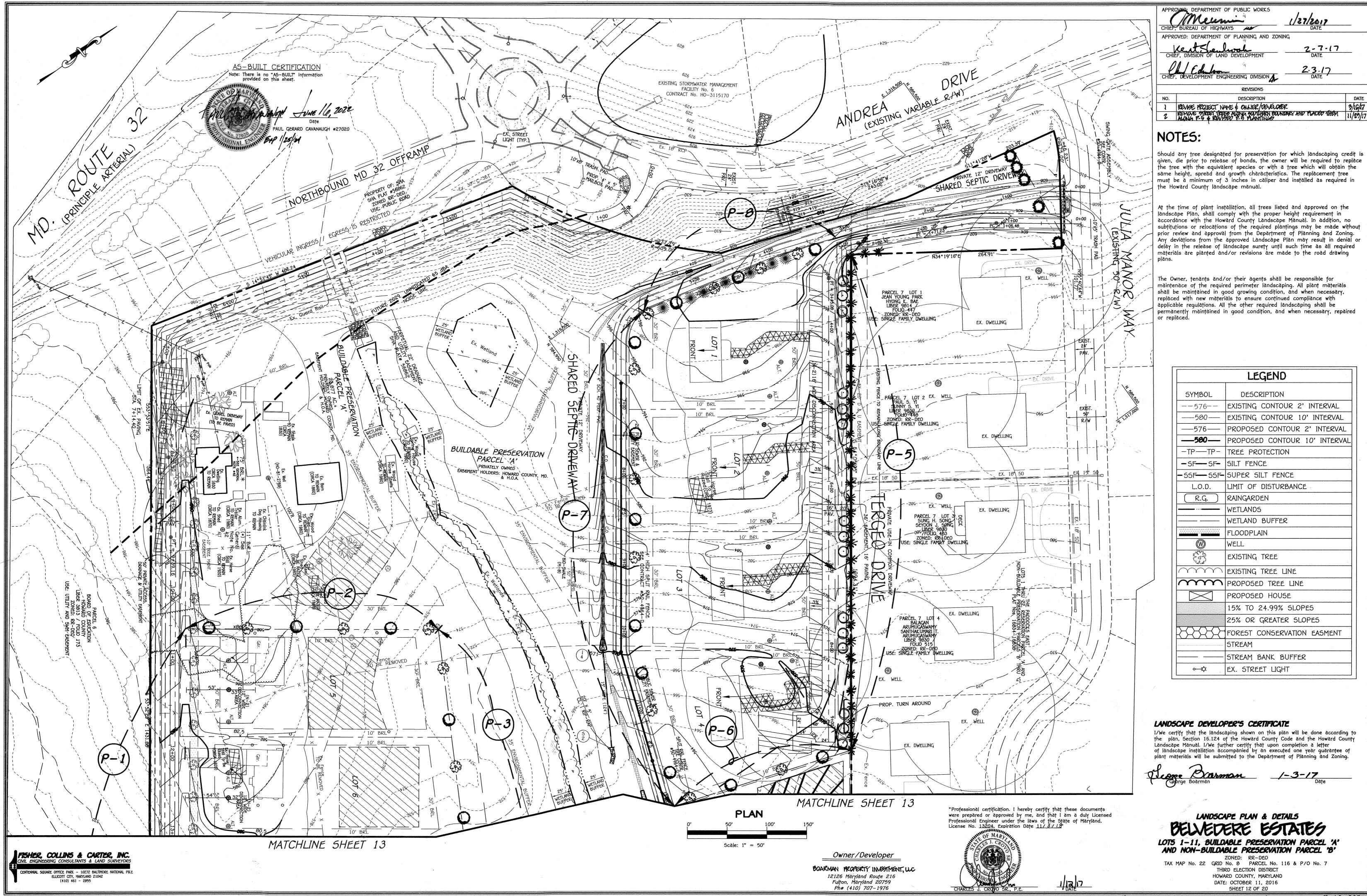
BUILDABLE PRESERVATION FISHER, COLLÍNS & CARTER, INC

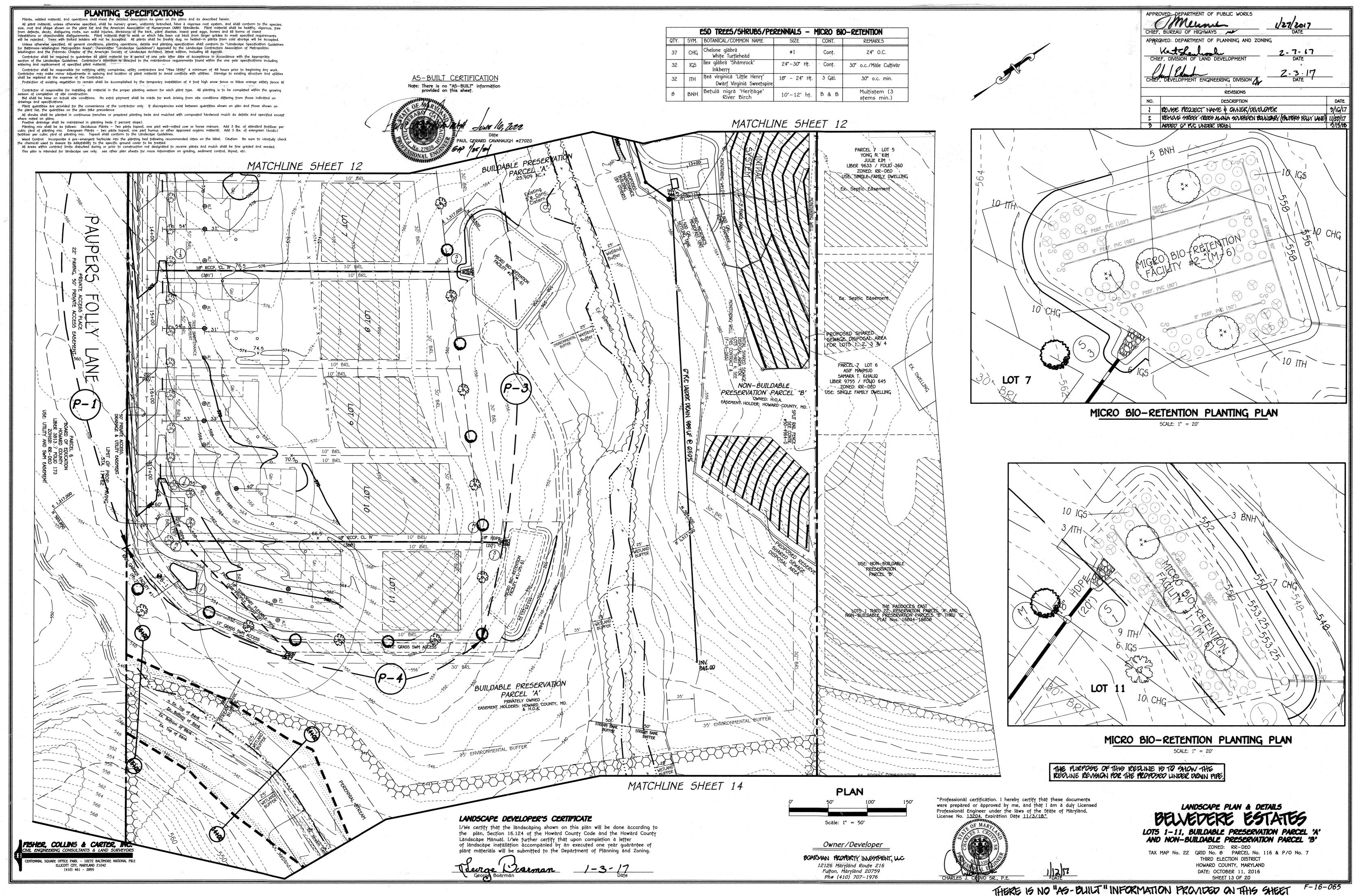
MICRO BIO-RETENTION FACILITY #1 M-6

MICRO BIO-RETENTION FACILITY #2 AND DIMENSION PLAN M-6

Owner/Developer BOARMAN PROPERTY INVESTMENT, WC 12126 Maryland Route 216 Fulton, Maryland 20759 Ph# (410) 707-1976

SHEET 11 OF 20 "AS-BUILT" F-16-065





Pleage Dorman 1-3-17
Date

(410) 461 - 2055

BOARMAN PROPERTY INVESTMENT, WO

12126 Maryland Route 216

Fulton, Maryland 20759

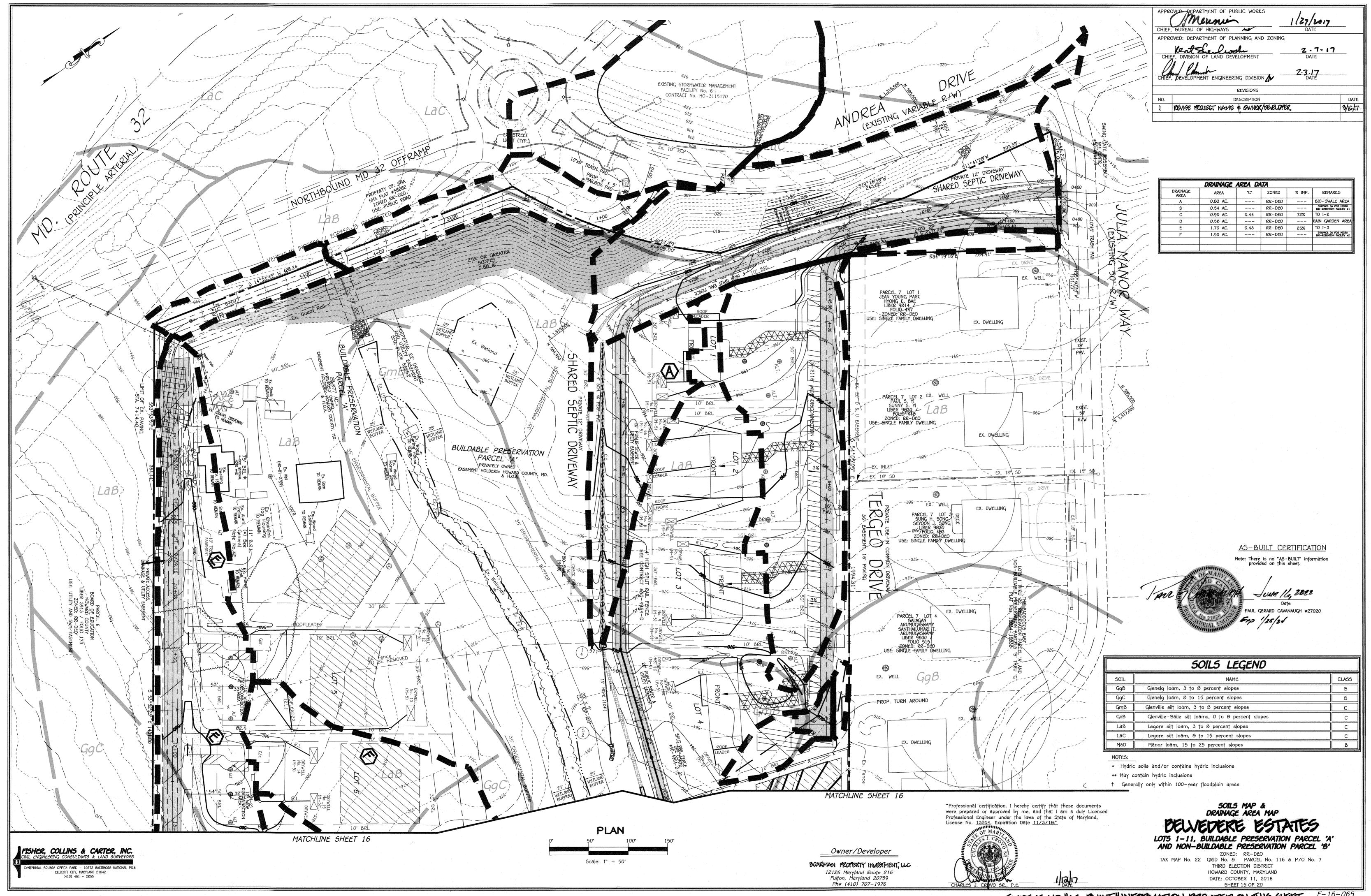
Ph# (410) 707-1976

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT

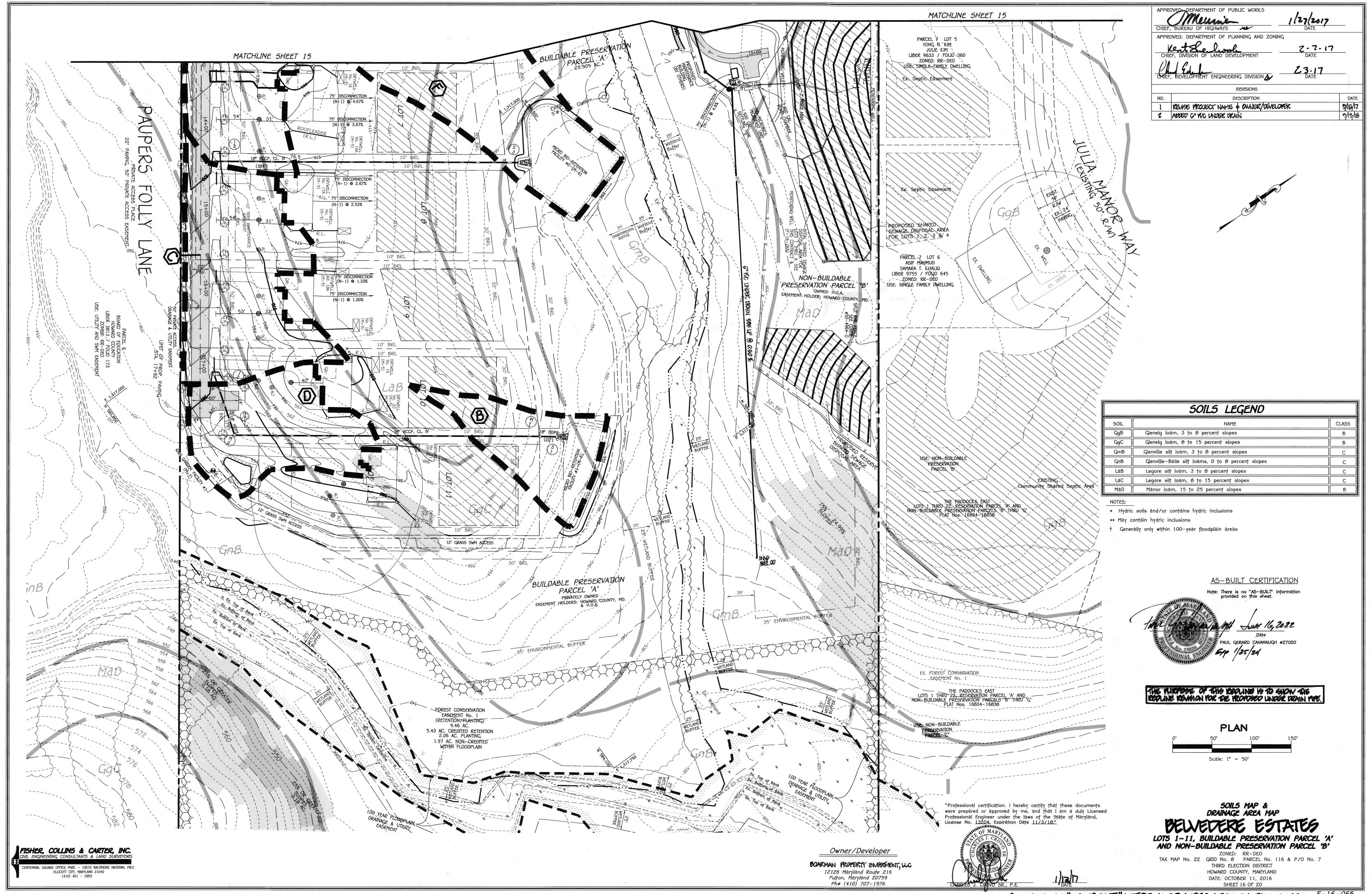
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

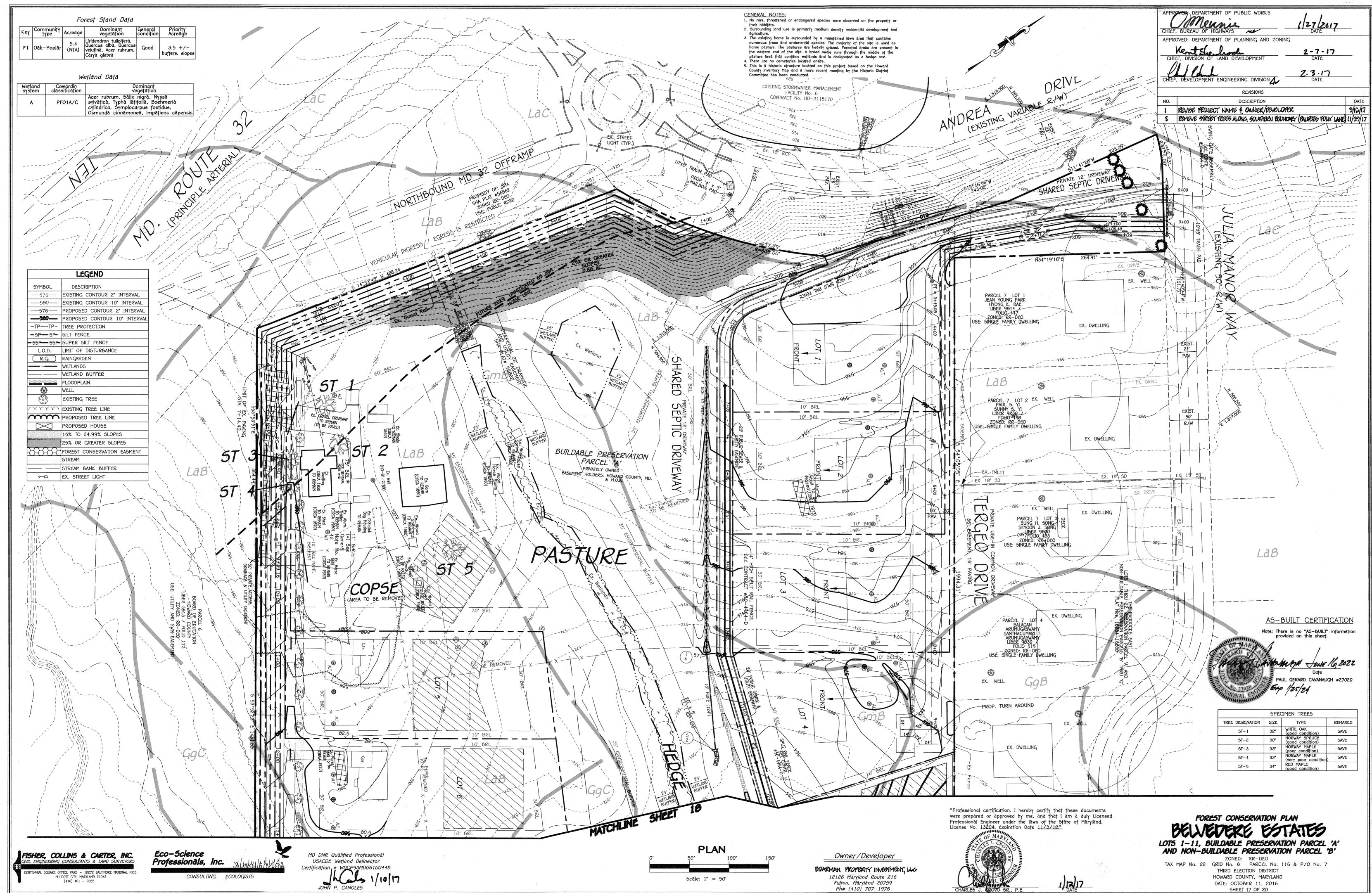
SHEET 14 OF 20

DATE: OCTOBER 11, 2016



THERE IS NO "AS-BUILT" INFORMATION PROJUED ON THIS SHEET F-16-065





THERE IS NO "AS-BUILT" INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET

-16-065

