

PLANTING DETAIL

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

(NUMBER)

1 6801 MONTGOMERY RI 2 6809 MONTGOMERY RE LANDSCAPE INFILTRATION

M-3

(NUMBER)

M-4

M-5

M-7

(NUMBER)

M-8 M-9

(NUMBER)|(NUMBER)| (NUMBER)

GRAVEL WETLANDS

M-1

PARCEL 304 L 8066/ F 380 50,691 sq. ft

GRAVEL DRIVEWAY

24' PRIVATE USE-IN-COMMON CACCESS AND UTILITY EASEMENT FOR LOTS

CONTRACT#10-1043

QUANTITY SYMBOL

TOTAL
3 SHADE TREES

AD

PLA[#19489

<u>OWNER</u>

WRJ PROPERTIES LLC

15300 CARRS MILL ROAD

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE

PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND,

LICENSE NO. 40091, EXP DATE 2/13/15.

WOODBINE, MD 21797

(410) 442-5000

JEWREY SLOMAN P.E.

ARTHUR & HELENELHYDE

BOTANICAL NAME

OR EQUIVALENT

LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENT PLANTING SCHEDULE

ACER RUBRUM 'RED SUNSET' RED SUNSET RED MAPLE 2 1/2" - 3" CAL.

OR EQUIVALENT

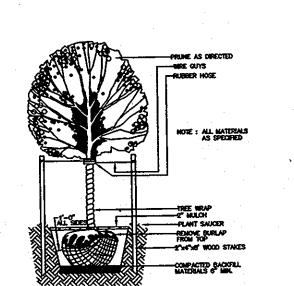
SIZE

NUMBER)

M-2 (NUMBER)

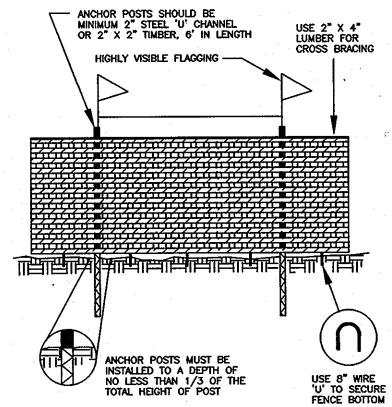
QUANTITY	SYMBOL	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SIZE
2	0	ILEX GLABRA	INK BERRY	2' - 3' HT.
- 12	. @	LOBELIA SIPHILITICA	GREAT BLUE LOBELIA	1 GAL CONTAINER
8	0	ONOCLEA SENSIBILIS	SENSITIVE FERN	1 GAL. CONTAINER
6	0	ASTER NOVAE-ANGLIAE	NEW ENGLAND ASTER	1 GAL CONTAINER

MICRO-BIORETENTION DESIGN DATA						
FACILITY LOT#	BOTTOM EL.	SIZE	MAX. PONDING DEPTH	WEIR ELEVATION	UNDERDRAIN INV.	INV. OUT
1	255.25	190 S.F.	9"	256.00	251.92	251.60
2	251.25	90 S.F.	9*	252.00	247.92	247.50



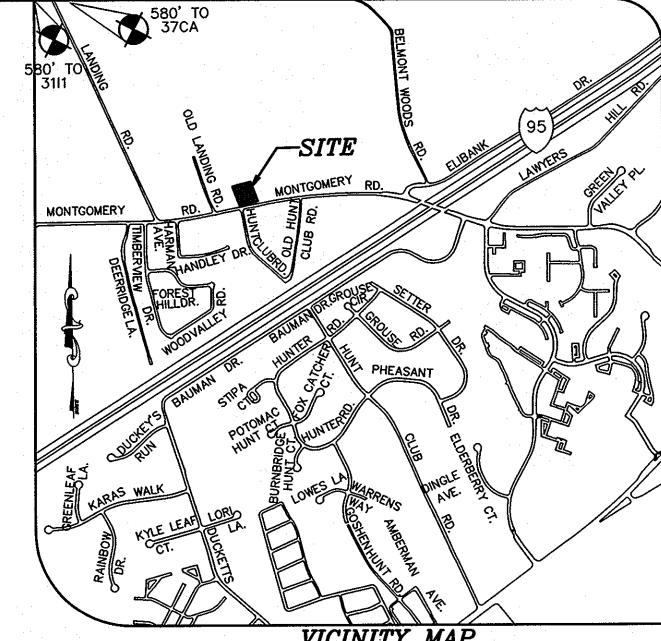
TYPICAL DECIDUOUS TREE PLANTING DETAIL

PROTECTIVE FENCE DETAIL BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH



# SCHEDULE A: PERIMETER LANDSCAPED EDGE

CATEGORY	ADJACENT TO PERIMETER PROPERTIES		TOTALS	
LANDSCAPE TYPE	A (PERIMETER 1)	A (PERIMETER 2)		
LINEAR FEET OF PERIMETER	258.11 LF	118.69 LF		
CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET)	YES 108', EX., TREES	YES 118.69' EX. TREES		
CREDIT FOR WALL, FENCE, OR BERM (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET)	NO	NO		
Number of Plants Required Shade Trees Evergreen Trees Shrubs	3 SHADE TREES 0 EVERGREEN TREES 0 SHRUBS	0 shade trees 0 evergreen trees 0 shrubs	3 SHADE TREES 0 EVERGREEN TREES 0 SHRUBS	
NUMBER OF PLANTS PROVIDED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTION) SHRUBS (10:1 SUBSTITUTION)	3 SHADE TREES 0 EVERGREEN TREES 0 SUBSTITUTION TREES 0 SHRUBS	O SHADE TREES O EVERGREEN TREES O SUBSTITUTION TREES O SHRUBS	3 SHADE TREES 0 EVERGREEN TREES 0 SUBSTITUTION TREES 0 SHRUBS	



**GENERAL NOTES:** 

ALL ASPECTS OF THE PROJECT ARE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE PROJECT BACKGROUND:
TAX MAP: 38, PARCEL: 304
ELECTION DISTRICT: FIRST

ZONING: R-20 DEED REFERENCE: L. 8066/ F. 380 PROPERTY ADDRESS: 6809 MONTGOMERY RD., ELKRIDGE, MD. 21075

. TOTAL TRACT AREA: 1.16 AC.±
. NUMBER OF PROPOSED BUILDABLE LOTS: 2
. NUMBER OF BULK PARCELS: 1
. NUMBER OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 0 AREA OF BUILDABLE LOTS : 1.16 AC. ±

4. ON SITE TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON IS BASED ON A FIELD RUN SURVEY CONDUCTED BY MILDENBERG, BOENDER AND ASSOCS. ON OR ABOUT NOVEMBER 2011.

5. HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUMS ARE RELATED TO THE MARYLAND NAD 83 (HORZ) AND NGVD29 (VERT) AS PROJECTED FROM HOWARD COUNTY CONTROL STATIONS NO. 37CA & 31i1.

STA. No. 37CA N 564,321.687 ELEV. 256.87 E 1,382,274.818 N 565,004.733 ELEV. 305.94 E 1,381,586.900

6. THIS SUBDIVISION IS IN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.

7. STEEP SLOPES DO NOT EXIST ON SITE. 8. NO WETLANDS EXIST ON SITE AS CERTIFIED BY MILDENBERG, BOENDER AND ASSOC. , INC.

ON 11/11/2011. 9. NO BURIAL GROUNDS OR CEMETERIES EXIST ON SITE.

10. NO HISTORIC STRUCTURES/FEATURES EXIST ON SITE. SITE IS NOT ADJACENT TO A DESIGNATED SCENIC ROAD. DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO RESIDENTIAL

OCCUPANCY TO ENSURE SAFE ACCESS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS: A) WIDTH - 12 FEET (16 FEET SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE). B) SURFACE - 6 INCHES OF COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE

WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING. C) GEOMETRY - MAXIMUM 15% GRADE, MAXIMUM 10% GRADE
CHANGE AND MINIMUM OF 45-FOOT TURNING RADIUS.

D) STRUCTURES (CULVERT/BRIDGES) - CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING
25 GROSS TONS (H25 LOADING).

E) DRAINAGE ELEMENTS - CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100-YEAR FLOOD

WITH NO MORE THAN I FOOT DEPTH OVER DRIVEWAY SURFACE. F) STRUCTURE CLEARANCES - MINIMUM 12 FEET G) MAINTENANCE - SUFFICIENT TO ENSURE ALL WEATHER USE.

12. THIS PROPOSED SUBDIVISION WILL CONSIST OF SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED DWELLINGS.

13. THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE SUBDIVISION

REGULATIONS AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL. 14. LANDSCAPING FOR LOT 1 IS PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A CERTIFIED LANDSCAPE PLAN INCLUDED WITH THE ROAD SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN SET IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL, FINANCIAL SURETY FOR 3 SHADE TREES SHALL BE POSTED WITH THE GRADING PERMIT.

15. DRIVEWAY ENTRANCE IS PER HOWARD COUNTY STANDARD DETAIL R-6.06. 16. SHOULD ANY TREE DESIGNATED FOR PRESERVATION, FOR WHICH LANDSCAPING CREDIT IS GIVEN, DIE PRIOR TO RELEASE OF BONDS, THE OWNER WILL BE REQUIRED TO REPLACE THE TREE WITH THE EQUIVALENT SPECIES OR WITH A TREE WHICH WILL OBTAIN THE SAME HEIGHT, SPREAD, AND GROWTH CHARACTERISTICS. THE REPLACEMENT TREE MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 2 1/2 TO 3 INCHES IN CALIPER AND INSTALLED AS REQUIRED IN THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL.

17. THIS SUBDIVISION IS EXEMPT FROM FOREST CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS PER SECTION 16.1202(b)(viii) OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS. IT IS A MINOR SUBDIVISION THAT CREATES ONE ADDITIONAL LOT AND HAS NO FURTHER SUBDIVISION POTENTIAL.

18. ALL EXISTING STRUCTURES ON SITE WILL REMAIN, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

19. WATER AND SEWER TO THIS PARCEL WILL BE GRANTED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 18.122B OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE.

20. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED VIA MICRO-BIORETENTION (M-6),

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2000 MDE STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL. 21. A SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN APPROVAL BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO BUILDING PERMITS BEING ISSUED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF RESIDENTIAL DWELLING ON LOT 1.

22. THE OWNER, TENANT, AND/OR THEIR AGENTS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE REQUIRED LANDSCAPING, INCLUDING BOTH PLANT MATERIALS AND BERMS, FENCES, AND WALLS. ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD GROWING CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPLACED WITH NEW MATERIALS TO ENSURE CONTINUED COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS. ALL OTHER REQUIRED LANDSCAPING SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MAINTAINED IN GOOD CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPAIRED OR REPLACED.

23. AT THE TIME OF INSTALLMENT, ALL SHRUBS AND OTHER PLANTINGS HEREWITH LISTED AND APPROVED FOR THIS SITE, SHALL BE OF THE PROPER HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL. IN ADDITION, NO SUBSTITUTIONS OR RELOCATION OF REQUIRED PLANTINGS MAY BE MADE WITHOUT PRIOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING. ANY DEVIATION FROM THIS APPROVED LANDSCAPE PLAN MAY RESULT IN DENIAL OR DELAY IN THE RELEASE OF LANDSCAPE SURETY UNTIL SUCH TIME AS ALL REQUIRED MATERIALS ARE PLANTED AND/OR REVISIONS ARE MADE TO APPLICABLE PLANS AND CERTIFICATES.

24. EXISTING DRIVEWAY WILL BE ABANDONED.

25. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.

26. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS/BUREAU OF ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT 410-313-1880 AT LEAST FIVE WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

27. THE CONRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS

PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE.

28. PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT. WATER AND SEWER ARE PUBLIC. CONTRACT NUMBERS 10-1043 AND 347-S.

29. NO TRAFFIC STUDY IS REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.

30. THE NOISE STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY MILDENBERG, BOENDER ASSOCIATES INC.

IN MARCH 2012 AND WAS APPROVED IN APRIL 2012. 31. SIDEWALK REQUIREMENT FOR THIS PROJECT WILL BE PRIVIDED BY A PAYMENT OF FEE-IN-LIEU.

MILDENBE BOENDER

of **2** 

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF (N-1)

MAINTENANCE OF AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF IS GENERALLY NO DIFFERENT THAN THAT REQUIRED FOR OTHER LAWN OR LANDSCAPED AREAS. THE OWNER SHALL ENSURE THE AREAS RECEIVING RUNOFF ARE PROTECTED FROM FUTURE COMPACTION OF DEVELOPMENT OF IMPERVIOUS AREA. IN COMMERCIAL AREAS, FOOT TRAFFIC SHOULD BE DISCOURAGED AS WELL.

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION (M-6)

- 1. ANNUAL MAINTENANCE OF PLANT MATERIAL, MULCH LAYER AND SOIL LAYER IS REQUIRED. MAINTENANCE OF MULCH AND SOIL IS LIMITED TO CORRECTING AREAS OF EROSION OR WASH OUT. ANY MULCH REPLACEMENT SHALL BE DONE IN THE SPRING, PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE CHECKED FOR DISEASE AND INSECT INFESTATION AND MAINTENANCE WILL ADDRESS DEAD MATERIAL AND PRUNING. ACCEPTABLE REPLACEMENT PLANT MATERIAL IS LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL VOLUME II, TABLE A.4.1 AND 2.
- 2. SCHEDULE OF PLANT INSPECTION WILL BE TWICE A YEAR IN SPRING AND FALL. THIS INSPECTION WILL INCLUDE REMOVAL OF DEAD AND DISEASED VEGETATION CONSIDERED BEYOND TREATMENT, TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASED TREES AND SHRUBS AND REPLACEMENT OF ALL DEFICIENT STAKES AND WIRES.
- 3. MULCH SHALL BE INSPECTED EACH SPRING. REMOVE PREVIOUS MULCH LAYER BEFORE APPLYING NEW LAYER ONCE EVERY 2 TO 3
- 4. SOIL EROSION TO BE ADDRESSED ON AN AS NEEDED BASIS. WITH A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER MONTH AND AFTER HEAVY STORM

Appendix B.4. Construction Specifications for Environmental Site Design Practices

Base Course - The base course shall be AASHTO No. 3 or 4 course aggregate with an assumed open pore space of 30% (n = 0.30).

## 3. Reinforced Turf

Reinforced Grass Pavement (RGP) - Whether used with grass or gravel, the RGP thickness shall be at least 13/4" thick with a load capacity capable of supporting the traffic and vehicle types that will be carried.

## B.4.C Specifications for Micro-Bioretention. Rain Gardens, Landscape Infiltration & **Infiltration Berms**

# 1. Material Specifications

The allowable materials to be used in these practices are detailed in Table B.4.1.

# 2. Filtering Media or Planting Soil

The soil shall be a uniform mix, free of stones, stumps, roots or other similar objects larger than two inches. No other materials or substances shall be mixed or dumped within the microbioretention practice that may be harmful to plant growth, or prove a hindrance to the planting or maintenance operations. The planting soil shall be free of Bermuda grass, Quackgrass, Johnson grass, or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.

The planting soil shall be tested and shall meet the following criteria:

- Soil Component Loamy Sand or Sandy Loam (USDA Soil Textural Classification)
- Organic Content Minimum 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974). In general, this can be met with a mixture of loamy sand (60%-65%) and compost (35% to 40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%), and compost (40%).
- Clay Content Media shall have a clay content of less than 5%.
- pH Range Should be between 5.5 7.0. Amendments (e.g., lime, iron sulfate plus sulfur) may be mixed into the soil to increase or decrease pH.

There shall be at least one soil test per project. Each test shall consist of both the standard soil test for pH, and additional tests of organic matter, and soluble salts. A textural analysis is required from the site stockpiled topsoil. If topsoil is imported, then a texture analysis shall be performed for each location where the topsoil was excavated.

#### 3. Compaction

It is very important to minimize compaction of both the base of bioretention practices and the required backfill. When possible, use excavation hoes to remove original soil. If practices are

Appendix B.4. Construction Specifications for Environmental Site Design Practices

excavated using a loader, the contractor should use wide track or marsh track equipment, or light equipment with turf type tires. Use of equipment with narrow tracks or narrow tires, rubber tires with large lugs, or high-pressure tires will cause excessive compaction resulting in reduced infiltration rates and is not acceptable. Compaction will significantly contribute to design

Compaction can be alleviated at the base of the bioretention facility by using a primary tilling operation such as a chisel plow, ripper, or subsoiler. These tilling operations are to refracture the soil profile through the 12 inch compaction zone. Substitute methods must be approved by the engineer. Rototillers typically do not till deep enough to reduce the effects of compaction from heavy equipment.

Rototill 2 to 3 inches of sand into the base of the bioretention facility before backfilling the optional sand layer. Pump any ponded water before preparing (rototilling) base.

When backfilling the topsoil over the sand layer, first place 3 to 4 inches of topsoil over the sand, then rototill the sand/topsoil to create a gradation zone. Backfill the remainder of the topsoil to final grade.

When backfilling the bioretention facility, place soil in lifts 12" to 18". Do not use heavy equipment within the bioretention basin. Heavy equipment can be used around the perimeter of the basin to supply soils and sand. Grade bioretention materials with light equipment such as a compact loader or a dozer/loader with marsh tracks.

## 4. Plant Material

Recommended plant material for micro-bioretention practices can be found in Appendix A, Section A.2.3.

# Plant Installation

Compost is a better organic material source, is less likely to float, and should be placed in the invert and other low areas. Mulch should be placed in surrounding to a uniform thickness of 2" to 3". Shredded or chipped hardwood mulch is the only accepted mulch. Pine mulch and wood chips will float and move to the perimeter of the bioretention area during a storm event and are not acceptable. Shredded mulch must be well aged (6 to 12 months) for acceptance.

Rootstock of the plant material shall be kept moist during transport and on-site storage. The plant root ball should be planted so 1/8<sup>th</sup> of the ball is above final grade surface. The diameter of the planting pit shall be at least six inches larger than the diameter of the planting ball. Set and maintain the plant straight during the entire planting process. Thoroughly water ground bed cover after installation.

B.4.5

Appendix B.4. Construction Specifications for Environmental Site Design Practices

Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing season only. Stakes are to be equally spaced on the outside of the tree ball.

Grasses and legume seed should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be planted following the non-grass ground cover planting specifications.

The topsoil specifications provide enough organic material to adequately supply nutrients from natural cycling. The primary function of the bioretention structure is to improve water quality. Adding fertilizers defeats, or at a minimum, impedes this goal. Only add fertilizer if wood chips or mulch are used to amend the soil. Rototill urea fertilizer at a rate of 2 pounds per 1000 square feet.

#### Underdrains

Underdrains should meet the following criteria:

- Pipe- Should be 4" to 6" diameter, slotted or perforated rigid plastic pipe (ASTMF 758, Type PS 28, or AASHTO-M-278) in a gravel layer. The preferred material is slotted, 4" rigid pipe (e.g., PVC or HDPE).
- Perforations If perforated pipe is used, perforations should be 3/8" diameter located 6" on center with a minimum of four holes per row. Pipe shall be wrapped with a 1/4" (No. 4 or 4x4) galvanized
- Gravel The gravel layer (No. 57 stone preferred) shall be at least 3" thick above and below the
- The main collector pipe shall be at a minimum 0.5% slope.
- A rigid, non-perforated observation well must be provided (one per every 1,0000 square feet) to provide a clean-out port and monitor performance of the filter.
- A 4" layer of pea gravel (1/8" to 3/8" stone) shall be located between the filter media and underdrain to prevent migration of fines into the underdrain. This layer may be considered part of the filter bed when bed thickness exceeds 24".

The main collector pipe for underdrain systems shall be constructed at a minimum slope of 0.5%. Observation wells and/or clean-out pipes must be provided (one minimum per every 1000 square feet of surface area).

# Miscellaneous

These practices may not be constructed until all contributing drainage area has been stabilized

Supp. 1		B.4.6
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P.O. Box 2071 Columbia, MD 21045-2071 Phone: (410) 381-5330 Fax: (410) 381-1064 e-mail: mounir54@yahoo.com CONSULTANTS: Edward De Santis Erig, C.E., P.E. • Dr. Kamal Tawfiqu Ph.D., P.E. February 19, 2012 Mildenberg, Boender & Associates, Inc. 6800 Deerpath Road, Suite 15 Elkridge, Maryland 21075 Attn: Mr. R. Jacob Hikmat. P.E. President Ref: Limited Subsurface Exploration Proposed Residential Buildings WRJ Property, Lots 1 and 2 Howard County, Maryland GE&T Project No. G-204 On February 17, 2012, GE&T Consultants, Inc. utilized a hand auger to bore a soil boring at the approximate location shown on the attached sheet. The purpose of the boring was to evaluate the presence/absence of bedrock and groundwater at the location shown. The number, location, and depth of the boring were determined by others and the boring was staked-out in the field by others. Our field observations are summarized in Table 1 below: Depth to Groundwater | Depth to Refusal (ft) Note: All depths are below existing ground surface. It should be noted that the actual level of groundwater and the amount and level of perched water should be anticipated to fluctuate through the year, depending on variations in precipitation, surface run-off, infiltration, site topography, drainage, and other factors not evident at the time of our exploration. GE&T can not be responsible for changes in groundwater conditions at the site due to seasonal variations and changes caused by other factors such as grading operations at the

# Appendix B.4. Construction Specifications for Environmental Site Design Practices

Material	Specification	Size	Notes
Plantings	see Appendix A, Table A.4	n/a	plantings are site-specific
Planting soil [2' to 4' deep]	loamy sand (60 - 65%) & compost (35 - 40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%) & compost (40%)	n/a	USDA soil types loamy sand or sandy loam; clay content < 5%
Organic content	Min. 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974)	·	
Mulch	shredded hardwood		aged 6 months, minimum; no pine or wood chips
Pea gravel diaphragm	pea gravel: ASTM-D-448	NO. 8 OR NO. 9 (1/8" TO 3/8")	
Curtain drain	ornamental stone: washed cobbles	stone: 2" to 5"	
Geotextile		n/a	PE Type I nonwoven
Gravel (underdrains and infiltration berms)	AASHTO M-43	NO. 57 OR NO. 6 AGGREGATE (3/8" to 3/4")	
Underdrain piping	F 758, Type PS 28 or AASHTO M-278	4" to 6" rigid schedule 40 PVC or SDR35	Slotted or perforated pipe; 3/8" perf. @ 6" on center, 4 holes per row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary underneath pipes. Perforated pipe shall be wrapped with 1/4-inch galvanized hardware cloth
Poured in place concrete (if required)	MSHA Mix No. 3; f' <sub>c</sub> = 3500 psi @ 28 days, normal weight, air-entrained; reinforcing to meet ASTM-615-60	n/a	on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required: 28 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place or pre-cast) not using previously approved State or local standards requires design drawings sealed and approved by a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland - design to include meeting ACI Code 350.R/89; vertical loading [H-10 or H-20]; allowable horizontal loading (based on soil pressures); and analysis of potential cracking
Sand	AASHTO-M-6 or ASTM-C-33	0.02" to 0.04"	Sand substitutions such as Diabase and Graystone (AASHTO) #10 are not acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolomitic sand substitutions are acceptable. No "rock dust" can be used for sand.

**OWNER** WRJ PROPERTIES LLC 15300 CARRS MILL ROAD WOODBINE, MD 21797 (410) 442-5000

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 40091, EXP DATE 2/13/15.

JEFFREY SLOMAN P.E.

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