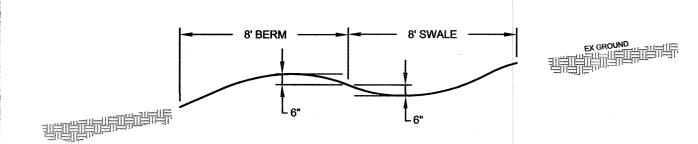


K:\Projects\08-50\ENGR\dwg\SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN\03-LAYOUT-GRADING.dwg, 8/2



# NOTE

1. CLEANWATER DIVERSION DIKE/SWALE IS DESIGNED TO KEEP CLEAN STORMWATER RUNOFF FROM BEING TREATED IN PROPOSED FACILITIES.

2. THE DIKE/SWALE IS A PERMANENT FEATURE AND MUST BE MOUNTABLE FOR LAWN MOWING PURPOSES

3. THE DIKE/SWALE WILL MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE AT A MINIMUM OF 2% AND A MAXIMUM OF 5% TO AVOID EROSIVE VELOCITIES.

4. THE DIKE/SWALE WILL BE STABILIZED USING HOWARD COUNTY'S STANDARD PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES.

MOUNTABLE CLEAN WATER DIVERSION DIKE/SWALE
NOT TO SCALE

	MICROBIORETENTION PLANTING SCHEDULE												
KEY	QTY	BOTANICAL NAME/COMMON NAME	SIZE	REMARKS									
AR	2	ACER RUBRUM 'AUTUMN FLAME' AUTUMN FLAME RED MAPLE	2 1/2"-3" CAL	B & B									
IG	3	ILEX GLABRA INKBERRY	2 1/2'-3' HT	CONT									
PV	90	SWITCH GRASS PANICUM VIRGATUM	1 GALLON	24" O.C.									
MD	50	BEE BALM MONARDA DIDYMA	1 GALLON	24" O.C.									
EP	50	JOE PYE WEED EUPATORIUM PURPUREUM	1 GALLON	48" O.C.									

# OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF (N-1)

DISCONNECTION OF NON-ROOFTOP RUNOFF (N-2)

1. MAINTENANCE OF AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF IS GENERALLY
NO DIFFERENT THAN THAT REQUIRED FOR OTHER LAWN OR LANDSCAPED AREAS.
THE AREAS RECEIVING RUNOFF SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM FUTURE COMPACTION
OR DEVELOPMENT OF IMPERVIOUS AREA. IN COMMERCIAL AREAS, FOOT TRAFFIC

# OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED

OPEN CHANNEL SYSTEM

SHOULD BE DISCOURAGED AS WELL.

GRASS SWALES AND WET SWALES. (M-8)

1. THE OPEN CHANNEL SYSTEM SHALL BE INSPECTED ANNUALLY AND AFTER MAJOR STORMS. INSPECTIONS SHALL BE PERFORMED DURING WET WEATHER TO DETERMINE IF THE FACILITY IS FUNCTIONING PROPERLY.

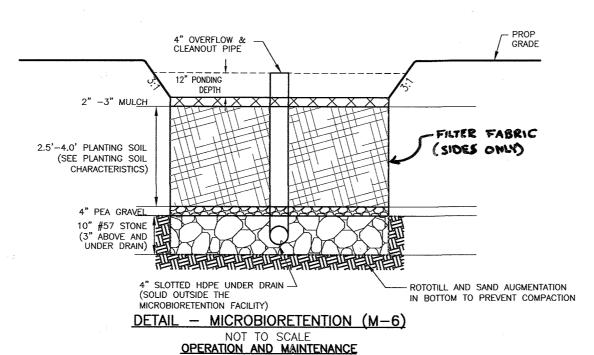
2. THE OPEN CHANNEL SHALL BE MOWED A MINIMUM OF AS NEEDED DURING THE GROWING SEASON TO MAINTAIN A MAXIMUM GRASS HEIGHT OF LESS THAN 6 INCHES.

3. DEBRIS AND LITTER SHALL BE REMOVED DURING REGULAR MOWING OPERATIONS AND AS NEEDED.4. VISIBLE SIGNS OF EROSION IN THE OPEN CHANNEL SYSTEM SHALL

BE REPAIRED AS SOON AS IT IS NOTICED.

5. REMOVE SILT IN THE OPEN CHANNEL SYSTEM WHEN IT EXCEEDS
25% OF THE ORIGINAL WQv.

6. INSPECT CHECK DAMS TWICE A YEAR FOR STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY.
RESTORE CHECK DAMS TO ORIGINAL CONDITION AS APPLICABLE.



SCHEDULE FOR MICROBIORETENTION AREAS

1. ANNUAL MAINTENANCE OF PLANT MATERIAL, MULCH LAYER AND SOIL LAYER IS REQUIRED. MAINTENANCE OF MULCH AND SOIL IS LIMITED TO CORRECTING AREAS OF EROSION OR WASH OUT. ANY MULCH REPLACEMENT SHALL BE DONE IN THE SPRING. PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE CHECKED FOR DISEASE AND INSECT INFESTATION AND MAINTENANCE WILL ADDRESS DEAD MATERIAL AND PRUNING. ACCEPTABLE REPLACEMENT PLANT MATERIAL IS LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL VOLUME II, TABLE A.4.1 AND 2.

2. SCHEDULE OF PLANT INSPECTION WILL BE TWICE A YEAR IN SPRING AND FALL. THIS INSPECTION WILL INCLUDE REMOVAL OF DEAD AND DISEASED VEGETATION CONSIDERED BEYOND TREATMENT, TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASED TREES AND SHRUBS AND REPLACEMENT OF ALL DEFICIENT STAKES AND WIRES.

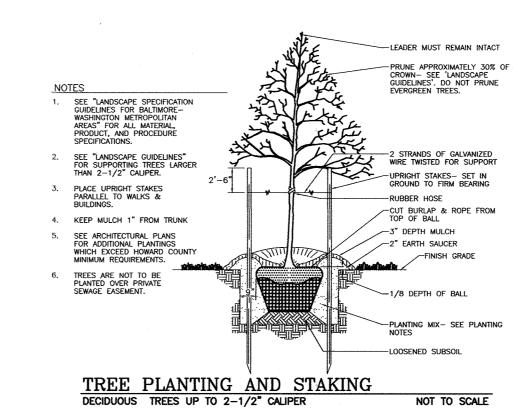
NEW LAYER ONCE EVERY 2 TO 3 YEARS.

4. SOIL EROSION TO BE ADDRESSED ON AN AS NEEDED BASIS WITH A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER MONTH AND AFTER HEAVY STORM EVENTS.

3. MULCH SHALL BE INSPECTED EACH SPRING. REMOVE PREVIOUS MULCH LAYER BEFORE APPLYING

	LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE												
KEY	QUAN.	BOTANICAL NAME	SIZE	REM.									
AR	46	ACER RUBRUM AUTUMN FLAME RED MAPLE (SHADE TREES)	2 1/2"-3" Cal.	B & B									

SPECIMEN TREES														
ID#	TREE NAME	DBH	T. B. R./ REMAIN											
1	NORWAY MAPLE	34"	TO REMAIN											
2	NORWAY MAPLE	41"	TO REMAIN											



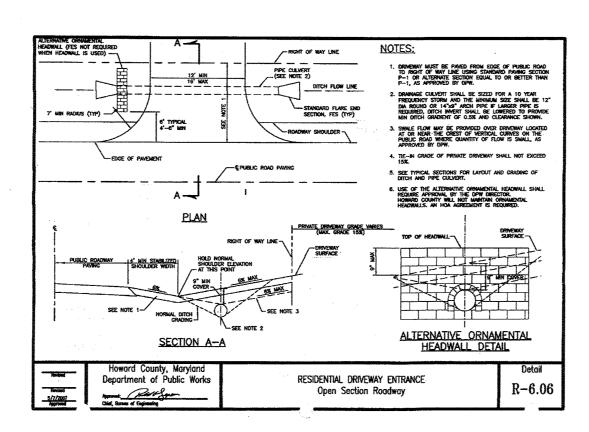
SCHEDULE 'A' PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE												
CATEGORY	ADJACENT TO PERIMETER PROPERTIES											
PERIMETER/FRONTAGE DESIGNATION LANDSCAPE TYPE	1 A	2 A	3 A	4 A	TOTAL							
LINEAR FEET OF ROADWAY FRONTAGE/PERIMETER	951'	666'	1459'	570'								
CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	NO	YES* 376'	YES* 585'	NO								
CREDIT FOR WALL, FENCE OR BERM (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	NO -	NO -	NO -	NO -								
NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES SHRUBS	951' 1:60 16 —	290' 1:60 5 —	874' 1:60 15 —	570' 1:60 10 -								
NUMBER OF PLANTS PROVIDED  SHADE TREES  EVERGREEN TREES  OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTION)  SHRUBS (10:1 SUBSTITUTION)  (DESCRIBE PLANT SUBSTITUTION CREDITS  BELOW IF NEEDED)	16 - - -	5	15 - - -	10 - - -	46							

# LANDSCAPE NOTES

- 1. AT THE TIME OF PLANT INSTALLATION, ALL SHRUBS AND TREES LISTED AND APPROVED ON THE LANDSCAPE PLAN, SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROPER HEIGHT REQUIREMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL. IN ADDITION, NO SUBSTITUTIONS OR RELOCATIONS OF THE REQUIRED PLANTINGS MAY BE MADE WITHOUT PRIOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING, ANY DEVIATION FROM THE APPROVED LANDSCAPE PLAN MAY RESULT IN DENIAL OR DELAY IN THE RELEASE OF LANDSCAPE SURETY UNTIL SUCH TIME AS ALL REQUIRED MATERIALS ARE PLANTED AND/OR REVISIONS ARE MADE TO THE APPLICABLE PLANS.
- 2. THE OWNER, TENANT AND/OR THEIR AGENTS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE REQUIRED LANDSCAPING INCLUDING BOTH PLANT MATERIALS AND BERMS, FENCES AND WALLS. ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN GOOD GROWING CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPLACED WITH NEW MATERIALS TO ENSURE CONTINUED COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE REGULATIONS. ALL OTHER REQUIRED LANDSCAPING SHALL BE PERMANENTLY MAINTAINED IN GOOD CONDITION, AND WHEN NECESSARY, REPAIRED OR REPLACED.
- 3. SHOULD ANY TREE DESIGNATED FOR PRESERVATION FOR WHICH LANDSCAPING CREDIT IS GIVEN, DIE PRIOR TO RELEASE OF BONDS, THE OWNER WILL BE REQUIRED TO REPLACE THE TREE WITH THE EQUIVALENT SPECIES OR WITH A TREE WHICH WILL OBTAIN THE SAME HEIGHT, SPREAD, AND GROWTH CHARACTERISTICS. THE REPLACEMENT TREE MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 3 INCHES IN CALIPER AND INSTALLED AS REQUIRED IN THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL.
- 4. PERIMETER LANDSCAPING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND LANDSCAPE MANUAL. LANDSCAPE SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$13,800.00 FOR THE REQUIRED 46 SHADE TREES WAS PROVIDED UNDER THIS.
- 5. NO LANDSCAPING TO BE INSTALLED WITHIN ANY PUBLIC EASEMENT FOR WATER, SEWER, OR STORMDRAIN.
- 6. NO SPECIMEN TREES OVER 30" DBH WILL BE REMOVED DURING THE DEVELOPMENT OF THESE LOTS.

LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE, THE PLAN SHALL GOVERN.

- 7. NO CLEARING OF EXISTING VEGETATION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE LANDSCAPE EDGE FOR WHICH CREDIT IS TAKEN. HOWEVER, LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE IS
- 8. ALL PLANT MATERIALS SHALL BE FULL AND HEAVY, BE WELL FORMED AND SYMMETRICAL, CONFORM TO THE MOST CURRENT AAN SPECIFICATIONS AND BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LCAMW PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES PRIOR TO DIGGING.
- FINAL LOCATION OF PLANT MATERIAL MAY NEED TO VARY TO MEET FINAL FIELD CONDITIONS.
   TREES SHALL NOT BE PLANTED IN THE BOTTOM OF DRAINAGE SWALES.
   CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY PLANT QUANTITIES PRIOR TO BIDDING. IF PLAN DIFFERS FROM
- 12. THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL. NO CLEARING, GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT, HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT ARE ALLOWED. THE FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION HAS BEEN FULFILLED BY THE AFFORESTATION OF 3.60 AC. WHICH MEETS THE BREAK-EVEN POINT OBLIGATION OF 3.60 AC. FOR THE SITE. THE TOTAL FINANCIAL SURETY AMOUNT WAS \$78,400.00 (156,816 X \$0.50=\$78,400.00).
- 13. THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL.
- 14. NO GRADING, REMOVAL OF VEGETATIVE COVER OR TREES, PAVING, AND NEW STRUCTURES SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF WETLANDS, STREAMS, OR THEIR REQUIRED BUFFERS, FLOODPLAIN, AND FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT



NO. REVISION

SUPPLEMENT

SEDIMENT, EROSIO

LANDSCAPE AND S

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN
SEDIMENT, EROSION CONTROL,
LANDSCAPE AND SITE DETAILS
STUDDARD PROPERTY
LOTS 1, 2, 3, AND 4

TAX MAP 27 BLOCK 6 5TH ELECTION DISTRICT DPZ REF'S: ECP-11-005, WP-10-016

L. 11260/F. 59
PARCEL 31, ZONED RC-DEO
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

OWNER/DEVELOPER

JONATHAN STUDDARD AMY B. STUDDARD

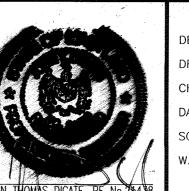
14118 HOWARD ROAD

DAYTON MD, 21036

443-364-8075

ROBERT H. VOGEL ENGINEERS · SURVEYORS · PLANNERS

B407 MAIN STREET TEL: 410.461.7666 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 FAX: 410.461.8961



DESIGN BY: JTD

DRAWN BY: KG

CHECKED BY: JTD

DATE: AUGUST 2011

SCALE: AS SHOWN

W.O. NO.: 08-50

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS
WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND
THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL.
ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE
OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 21438
EXPIRATION DATE: 12–16–2012.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATE

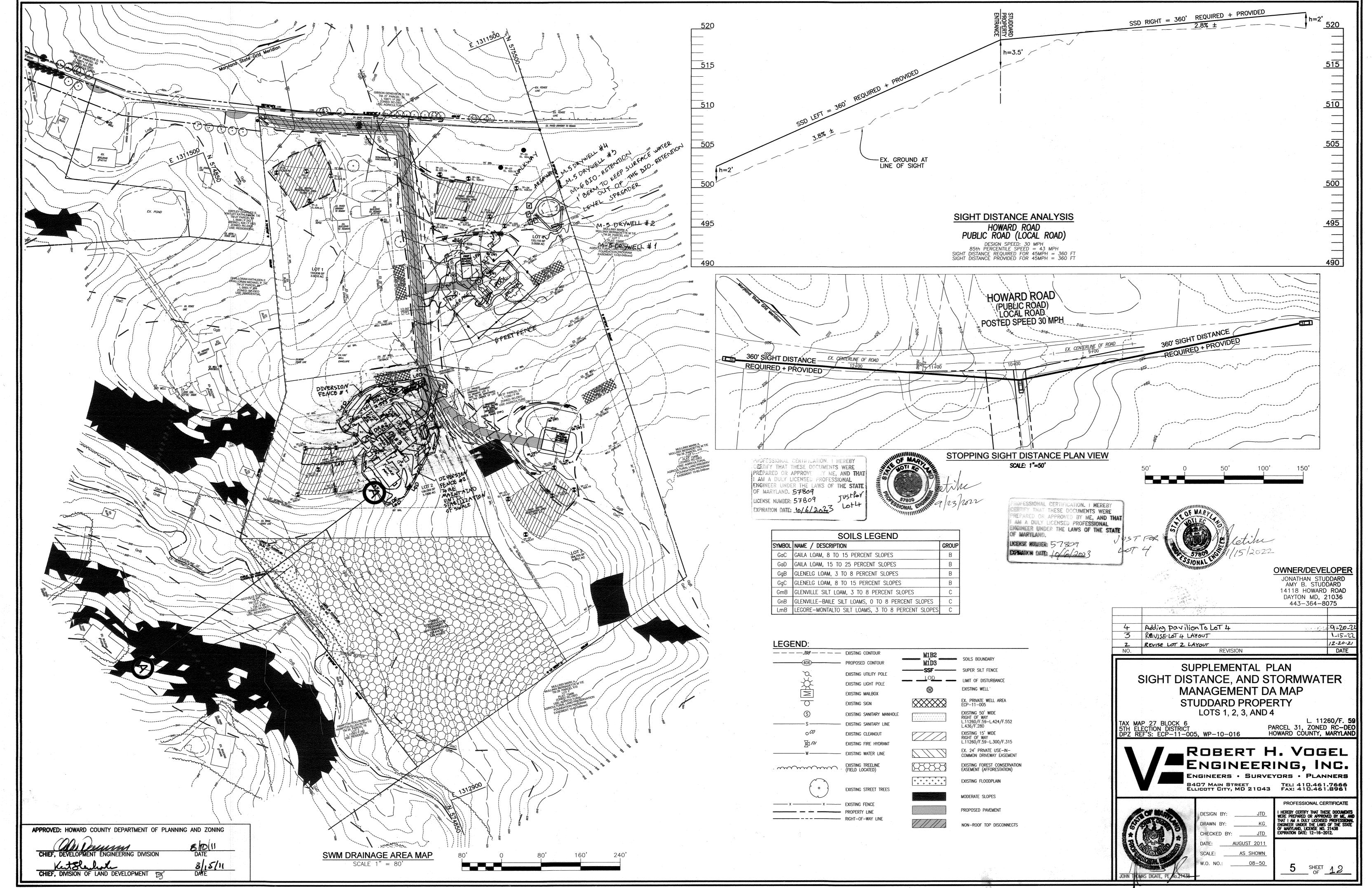
::\Projects\08-50\ENGR\dwg\SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN\04-NOTES\_DETAILS.d\

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

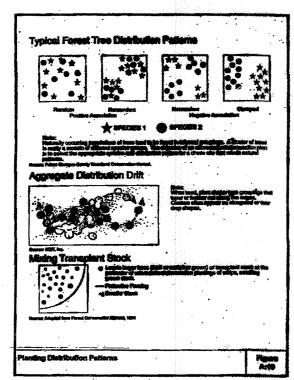
CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

DATE

S(15/11)



K:\Projects\08-50\ENGR\dwg\SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN



	all the same of th			
	Picture Respective Pickers	Approximate Specing Said on conter	Surviv Requir At the end o	16
	**	8x8	55%	
	•	10 x 10	-	
Consider Gues 1, 2, 3 Seller	10)	414	***	
Contains Grown 5,7 dellar or 1" Contar 8 5.9	<b>25</b>	16a 18	•	
1 3 tale; p 13- Featur 1 6.9		202.	10.5	
National Transport and August 2. The control of the	in survival suprimerson transpose tous, brokes, and construction for the suprimerson tous to fine approved to the production of the suprimerson tous to the suprimerson to the suprimers	are the polyments number of the above sundament of others represented may be 1982. They will be exclude a must be planted in a gold		
<b>=</b>				

## Construction Period Planting Procedures

The measures to protect forest retention areas emphasize isolating them from development impacts. Reforestation or afforestation, in contrast, will often occur on land already disturbed by development activities or may be located on land which will require substantial preparation to enable forest plantings to survive and thrive. Reforestation and afforestation plantings may also require a great deal of management once they are installed. Appendix H provides guideline specifications for proper planting, including techniques for site preparation and management. The following issues are of particular concern.

- General site preparation for planting: For undisturbed sites, disturbance of soils should be limited to the planting field for each plant. For disturbed areas, soils should be treated by incorporating natural mulch within the top 12 inches, or with needed amendments as determined by a soils analysis. Natural amendments such as organic mulch or leaf mold compost are
- Stream buffer planting: Borders of streams and other waterways may have been damaged before reforestation and afforestation and therefore may need more extensive restoration work before reforestation or afforestation can be accessful. The following are guidelines for any work within a riparian zone.
  - Correct any erosion problems Minimize or eliminate any chemical use Maintain an undisturbed leaf layer and understory
- Eliminate exotics Steep slope planting: In areas of steep slopes or erodible soils, the preferred method of reforestation or afforestation is the use of seedlings to minimize disturbance. Planting on open or disturbed steep slopes eventually will stabilize them. Until the roots become established, however, there may still be erosion problems. Monitoring the stability of the soil will be important to
- Post-planting Considerations: For areas of large-scale disturbance, soils must be stabilized using a non-turf-building ground cover or engineering fabric. To protect against intrusion and to prevent damage of planted areas. all reforestation and afforestation sites must be posted with appropriate signs

# Certification of Completion

At the end of the construction period, the designated qualified professional shall convey to the Department of Planning And Zoning certification that all forest retention areas have been preserved, all reforestation and afforestation plantings have been installed as required. by the forest conservation plan, and that all protection measures required for the postconstruction period have been put in place. Appendix J contains a sample format for such certification. Planting must occur before June 30th to be credited toward the current

Upon review of the certification document for completeness and accuracy, the Department will notify the developer of the beginning of the post-construction management period.

# POST-CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

the survival of the trees.

Many of the protection and management practices for the construction period must be continued for at least 2 growing seasons following official notification of completion of the he responsibility to meet the survival standards requires adequate watering, replanting thinning or other appropriate measures. Also, inappropriate uses or intrusions must not occur, a responsibility that requires the knowledge and cooperation of the new occupants of the development.

# Minimum Two Growing Season Post-Construction Management Program

A post-construction management program must be approved as part of the original forest conservation plan and remain in effect for a minimum of two growing seasons. A longer period may be required for specific strategies (e.g. natural regeneration near high use areas whose long-term viability may take longer to confirm.)

Implementation of the post-construction management program must be supervised by a qualified professional who should inspect the status of all forest retention, reforestation and afforestation areas at specified times during the life of the post construction agreement and who must certify that the required survival rates have been achieved in accordance with the agreement prior to release of bonds.

There are five primary components of the post-construction program: inspection, management of retained or new plantings, replacement of dead or damaged material when necessary, education of new occupants of the development and final inspection and release of developer from additional responsibilities.

CONSERVATION

DO NOT DISTURB

MACHINERY, DUMPING OR STORAGE OF ANY MATERIALS IS

PROHIBITED

VIOLATORS ARE SUBJECT TO FINES AS IMPOSED BY THE MARYLAND FOREST CONSERVATION ACT OF

CLOSER OR FARTHER APART.

3. ATTACHMENT OF SIGNS TO TREES IS PROHIBITED.

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

Inspections should be carried out at the beginning and end of the growing season to pinpoint any problems, monitor survival rates, and specify remedial actions needed to correct existing problems. Appendix J has an example of an inspection report checklist.

1. BOTTOM OF SIGNS TO BE HIGHER THAN TOP OF TREE PROTECTION FENCE.

CONDITIONS ON-SITE AFFECTING VISIBILITY MAY WARRANT PLACING SIGNS

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

2. SIGNS TO BE PLACED AT A MAXIMUM SPACING OF 50-100 FEET.

CONSERVATION

REFORESTATION

PROJECT

TREES FOR YOUR
FUTURE
FROM

# ivianagement of Forest Conservation Areas

Post construction management includes: maintenance of all fences, signs or other devices delineating forest conservation areas and other measures. Such other measures include needed watering; removal of dead or damaged material and control of undesirable competing species; thinning or pruning to encourage proper growth; fertilizing, if necessary and control of pests. Specific practices will depend on the weather prevailing during the post construction period, the types of plant material and planting methods used, and specific site conditions such as proximity to high use areas. It is the responsibility of the post-construction plan supervisor to take appropriate actions as needed. This manual, therefore, does not cite required measures. Survival success, not fulfillment of a given series of tasks, will be the measure of conformance to the needs of the post-construction

Newly planted trees, whether they are seedlings or 4" caliper transplants, have basic needs Some of these needs can be met by nature alone; others may require human intervention

(The three most likely causes of death for newly planted trees are drought, competing vegetation and deer.) The basic maintenance regime should be determined by on-eite environmental conditions, structure and nutrient content of soil, and rainfell. Understanding these factors and the specific needs of the species and size of plants used will result in a healthy forested area at the end of the maintenance period. Appendix H contains guideline specifications for maintenance of forest conservation areas and focuses on the following

### fertilizing control of competing vege

trunk health

protection from pests, diseases and mechanical injur

# Replacement of Plant Material

An inspection shall take place at the end of year one or before the second growing season to evaluate survival rates with reference to the survival required at the end of the two year period. This is an opportunity to avoid the penalty for violating survival rate stand inspection should estimate survival potential based on the following:

- vigor and threat of competing vegetation (i.e. if seedings are free to grow) growth rate crown development
- If, after one year, the possibility exists that the original planting will not meet survival standards, the applicant may choose to establish reinfo of reforestation or afforestation exceeds 10% of planted material at the end of the first growing season, such material should be replaced to bring the total number of trees to 90% of the original total. Such material shall be installed by the beginning of the second growing season. If at the end of the second growing season, survival rate drops below 75%, such material as needed to guarantee an 75% survival rate by the end of the third growing

### season shall be installed. **Education of New Occupants**

The occupants of a new development, whether owners or tenants, must avoid activities that destroy or degrade protected forest resources. The post-construction management program must therefore include steps to educate the new occupants about the proper use of forest conservation areas, about the need for the developer to carry out the postconstruction management program, and the eventual transfer of long-term responsit protected areas on the site and a description of permitted and prohibited activities within o affecting such areas. The format and method of conveying such information is left to the discretion of the developer.

# Final Inspection and Release of Obligations

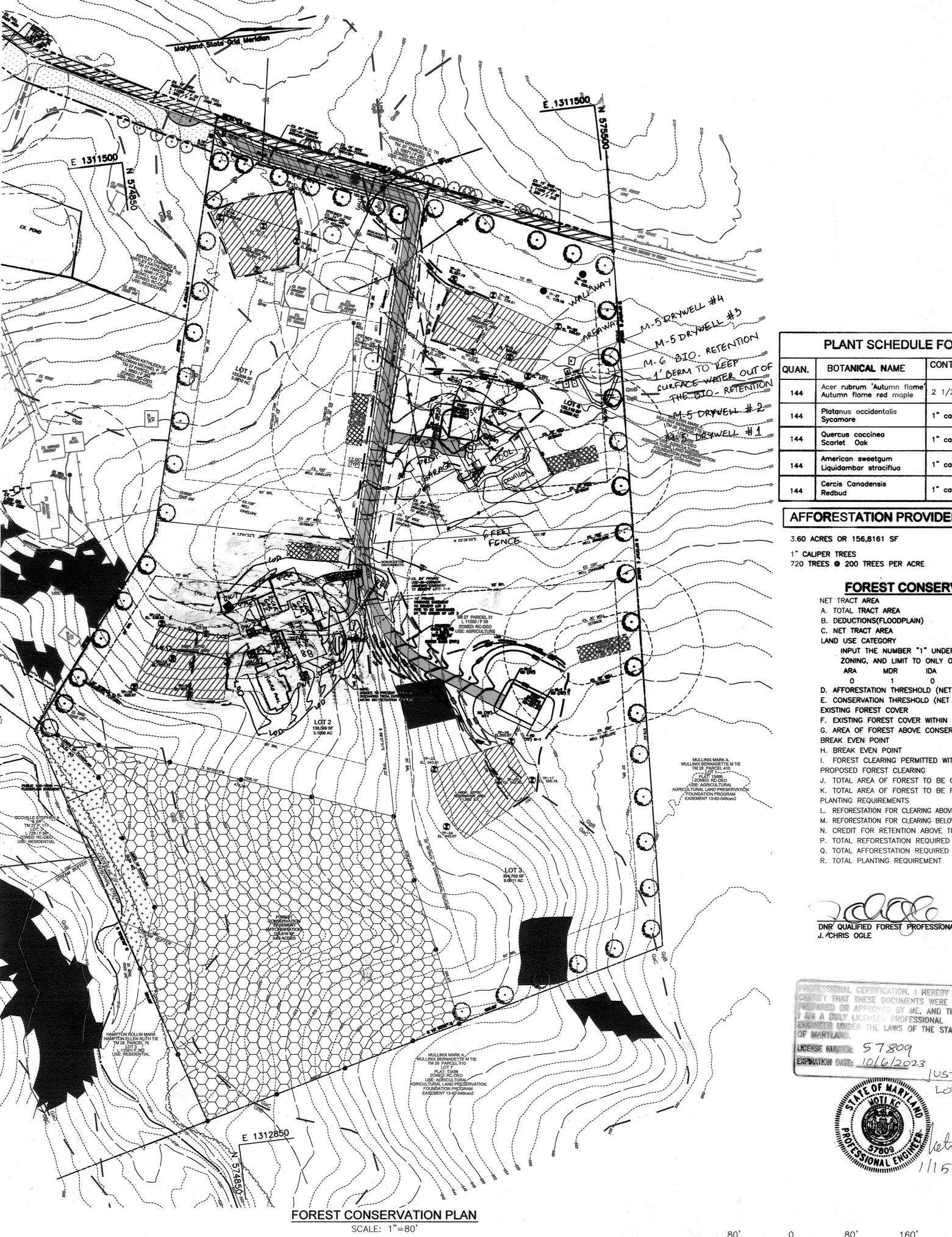
At the end of the post-construction management and protection period, the designated responsible professional shall convey to the Department of Planning and Zoning certification that all forest conservation areas have remained intact or have been restored to the appropriate condition, that the stipulated survival rates have been achieved, and that any permanent protection measures required by the plan are in place. Appendix J contains a sample format for such certification.

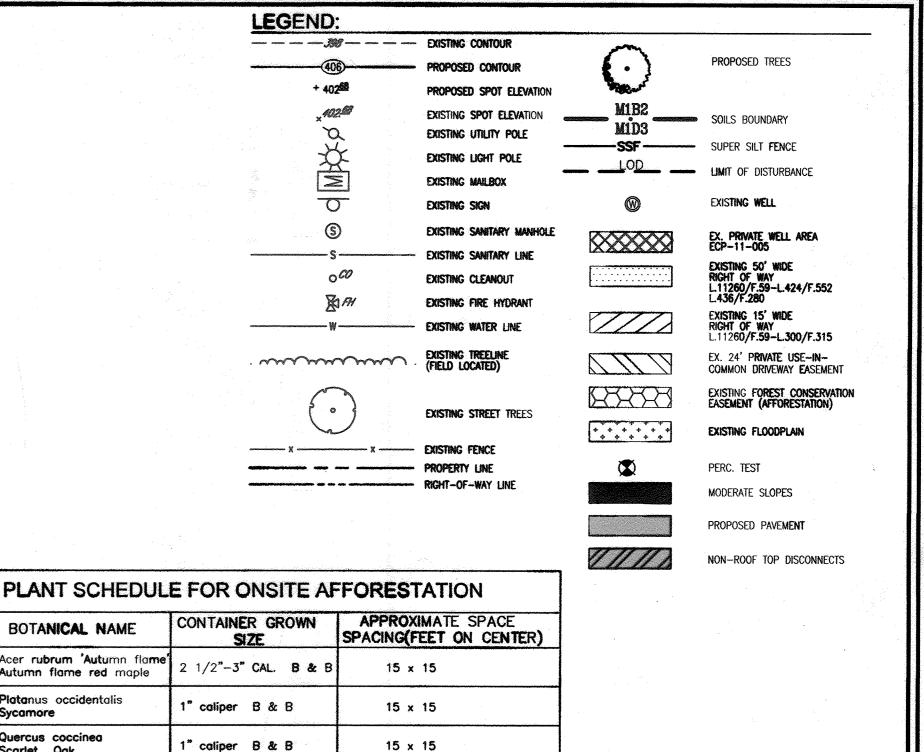
Upon review of the final certification document for completeness and accuracy, the County will notify the developer of release of surety and all future obligations. The developer's last official responsibility will be to transmit a copy of this notification to the owner(s) of the property(ies). Such transmittal will serve as official notice to owners of their assumption of full responsibility for all future forest conservation obligations.

# LONG-TERM MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

To maintain the integrity of forest conservation areas, the owners must refrain from any activities that would diminish the viability and environmental integrity of forest retention areas or hinder the growth and maturing of new forest plantings. When the site is occupied by tenants, the owner must insure that the tenants do not, willfully or out of ignorance, use the site in ways that violate forest conservation restrictions or damage protected forest resources. Depending on the location, as well as the size and type of plant material, some maintenance is very beneficial, particularly in the early years. In all instances, State law

In many developments a homeowners association, tenants association or other management organization will maintain the site. Such a group is well suited to assume explicit responsibility for protecting the integrity of forest conservation areas and performing any desired maintenance after the initial developer guarantees and obligations have expired. Responsibility for ensuring that all provisions of the conservation easement are adhered to, however, ultimately belong to the property owner(s).





# AFFORESTATION PROVIDED - FCE

3.60 ACRES OR 156,8161 SF

caliper B & B

caliper B & B

15 x 15

**FOREST CONSERVATION WORKSHEET 2.2** NET TRACT AREA A. TOTAL TRACT AREA A = 18.36B. DEDUCTIONS(FLOODPLAIN) 8 = 0.34C. NET TRACT AREA LAND USE CATEGORY INPUT THE NUMBER "1" UNDER THE APPROPRIATE LAND USE ZONING, AND LIMIT TO ONLY ONE ENTRY D. AFFORESTATION THRESHOLD (NET TRACT AREA X 20%) D = 3.60

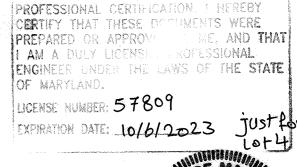
E. CONSERVATION THRESHOLD (NET TRACT AREA X25%) E = 4.51EXISTING FOREST COVER F. EXISTING FOREST COVER WITHIN THE NET TRACT AREA F = 0.00G. AREA OF FOREST ABOVE CONSERVATION THRESHOLD G = 0.00BREAK EVEN POINT H. BREAK EVEN POINT H = 0.00I. FOREST CLEARING PERMITTED WITHOUT MITIGATION 1 = 0.00PROPOSED FOREST CLEARING J. TOTAL AREA OF FOREST TO BE CLEARED

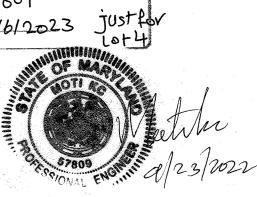
J = 0.00K. TOTAL AREA OF FOREST TO BE RETAINED K = 0.00PLANTING REQUIREMENTS L. REFORESTATION FOR CLEARING ABOVE THE CONSERVATION THRESHOLD L = 0.00M. REFORESTATION FOR CLEARING BELOW THE CONSERVATION THRESHOLD M = 0.00N. CREDIT FOR RETENTION ABOVE THE CONSERVATION THRESHOLD N = 0.00P. TOTAL REFORESTATION REQUIRED P = 0.00Q = 3.60

HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL. NO CLEARING, GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT, HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT ARE ALLOWED. THE FOREST Conservation obligation has been fulfilled by the AFFORESTATION OF 3.60 AC. WHICH MEETS THE BREAK-EVEN POINT OBLIGATION OF 3.60 AC. FOR THE SITE. THE TOTAL FINANCIAL SURETY AMOUNT WAS \$78,400.00 (156,816 X \$0.50=\$78,400.00).

THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED

TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE





OWNER/DEVELOPER JONATHAN STUDDARD AMY B. STUDDARD 14118 HOWARD ROAD DAYTON MD, 21036 443-364-8075

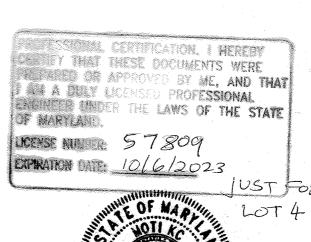
9-20-

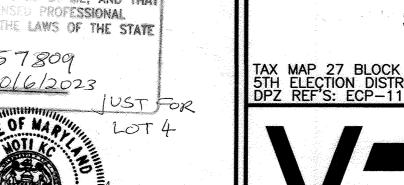
11-15-22

12-20-21

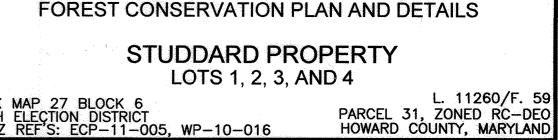
DATE

DNR QUALIFIED FOREST PROFESSIONAL





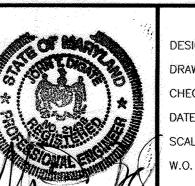
15/2022



REVISION

SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN





R = 3.60

Adding Pavilion to Lot 4

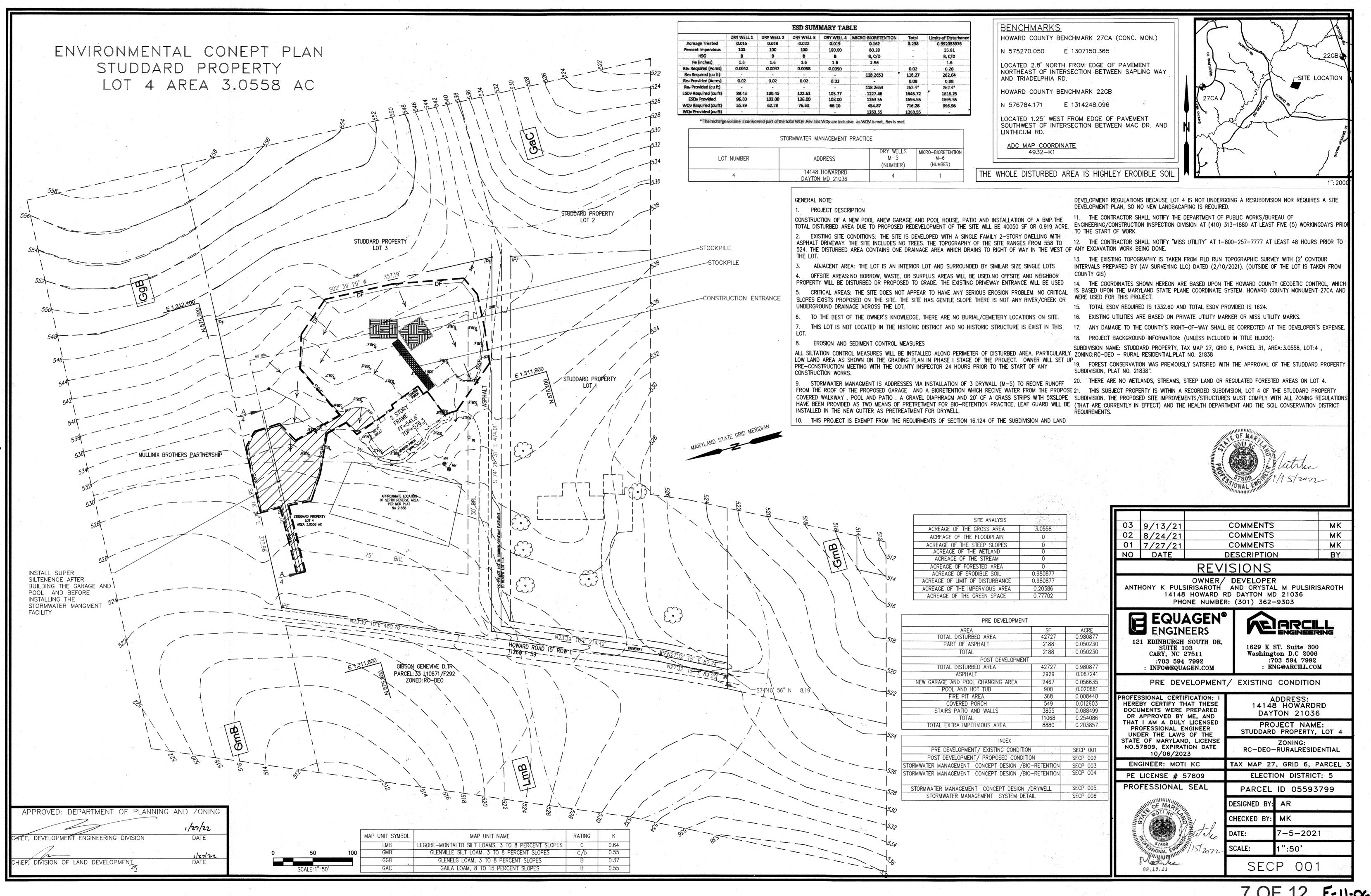
REVISE LOT 4 LAYOUT

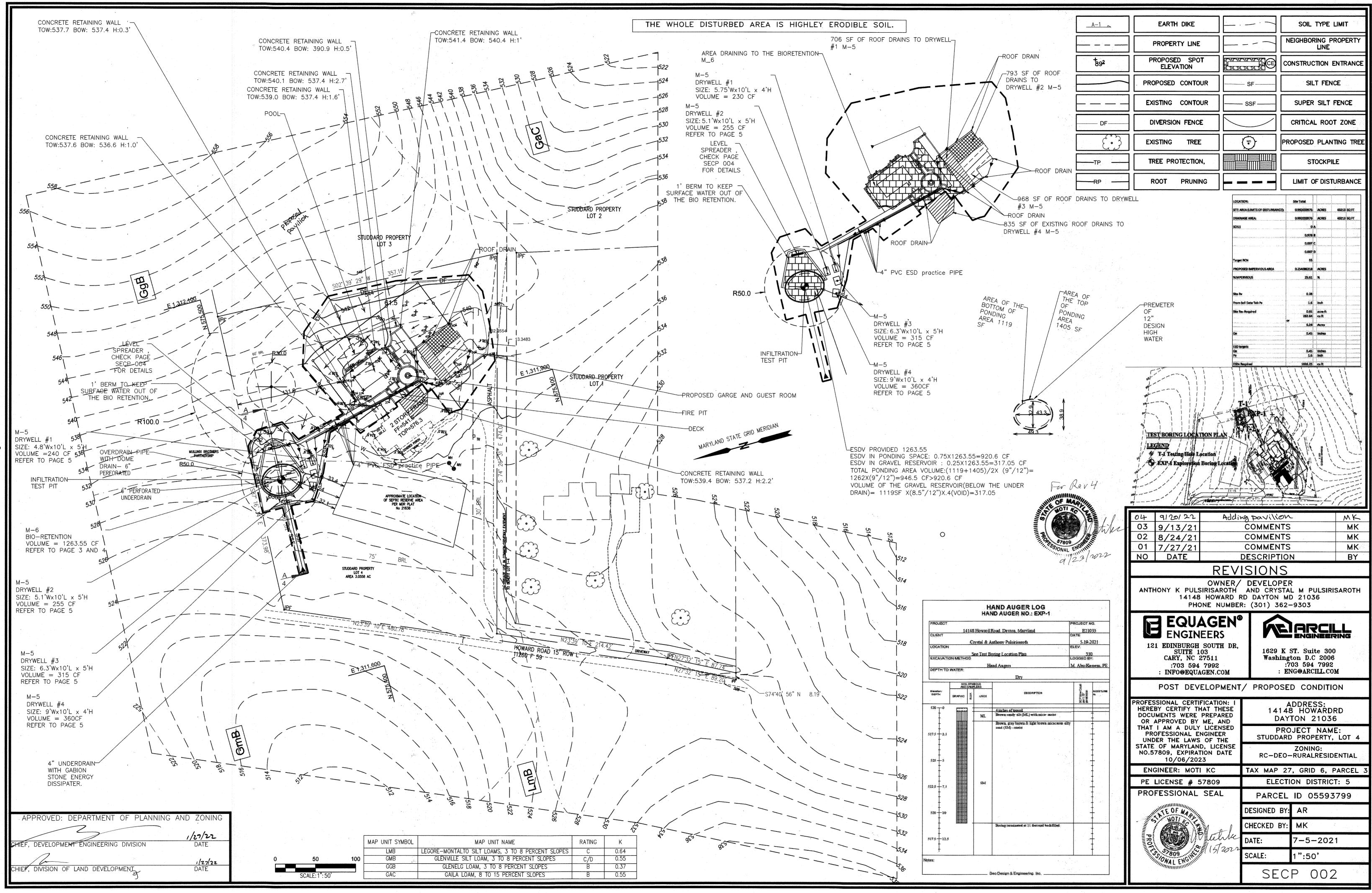
2 REVISE LOT 2 LAYOUT

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATE AUGUST 2011 AS SHOWN 08-50

SHEET 12

F-11-062





## Appendix B.3. Construction Specifications for Sand Filters, Bioretention and Open Channels

# **B.3.B** Specifications for Bioretention

# 1. Material Specifications

The allowable materials to be used in bioretention area are detailed in Table B 3.2.

# 2. Planting Soil

The soil shall be a uniform mix, free of stones, stumps, roots or other similar objects larger than two inches. No other materials or substances shall be mixed or dumped within the bioretention area that may be harmful to plant growth, or prove a hindrance to the planting or maintenance operations. The planting soil shall be free of Bermuda grass, Quackgrass, Johnson grass, or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.

### The planting soil shall be tested and shall meet the following criteria:

oH range	5.2 - 7.0
nganic matter	1.5 - 4% (by weight)
nagnesium	35 lb./ac
ohosphorus (phosphate - P2Os)	75 lb./ac
ootassium (potash - K2O)	85 lb /ac
oluble salts	not to exceed 500 ppm

All bioretention areas shall have a minimum of one test. Each test shall consist of both the standard soil test for pH, phosphorus, and potassium and additional tests of organic matter, and soluble salts. A textural analysis is required from the site stockpiled topsoil. If topsoil is imported, then a texture analysis shall be performed for each location where the top soil was excavated.

Since different labs calibrate their testing equipment differently, all testing results shall come from the same testing facility.

Should the pH fall out of the acceptable range, it may be modified (higher) with lime or (lower) with iron sulfate plus sulfur.

### 3. Compaction

It is very important to minimize compaction of both the base of the bioretention area and the required backfill. When possible, use excavation hoes to remove original soil. If bioretention

Appendix B.3. Construction Specifications for Sand Filters, Bioretention and Open Channels

areas are excavated using a loader, the contractor should use wide track or marsh track equipment or light equipment with turf type tires. Use of equipment with narrow tracks or narrow tires. rubber tires with large bugs, or high pressure tires will cause excessive compaction resulting in reduced infiltration rates and is not acceptable. Compaction will significantly contribute to design

Compaction can be alleviated at the base of the bioretention facility by using a primary tilling operation such as a chisel plow, ripper, or subsoiler. These tilling operations are to refracture the soil profile through the 12 inch compaction zone. Substitute methods must be approved by the engineer. Rototillers typically do not till deep enough to reduce the effects of compaction from

Rototill 2 to 3 inches of sand into the base of the bioretention facility before backfilling the optional sand layer. Pump any ponded water before preparing (rototilling) base.

When backfilling the topsoil over the sand layer, first place 3 to 4 inches of topsoil over the sand, then rototill the sand/topsoil to create a gradation zone. Backfill the remainder of the topsoil to

When backfilling the bioretention facility, place soil in lifts 12" to 18". Do not use heavy equipment within the bioretention basin. Heavy equipment can be used around the perimeter of the basin to supply soils and sand. Grade bioretention materials with light equipment such as a compact loader or a dozer/loader with marsh tracks.

# 4. Plant Material

Recommended plant material for bioretention areas can be found in Appendix A. Section A.2.3.

### 5. Plant Installation

Mulch should be placed to a uniform thickness of 2" to 3". Shredded hardwood mulch is the only accepted mulch. Pine mulch and wood chips will float and move to the perimeter of the bioretention area during a storm event and are not acceptable. Shredded mulch must be well aged (6 to 12 months) for acceptance.

Root stock of the plant material shall be kept moist during transport and on-site storage. The plant root ball should be planted so 1/80 of the ball is above final grade surface. The diameter of the planting pit shall be at least six inches larger than the diameter of the planting ball. Set and maintain the plant straight during the entire planting process. Thoroughly water ground bed cover after installation

Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing season only. Stakes are to be equally spaced on the outside of the tree ball.

B.3.5

BIORETENTION CONSTRUCTION NOTES

4" LAYER OF #8 STONE AND OUTSIDE OF THE FACILITY.

UNDERDRAIN AND OVER DRAIN SHALL BE PARALELL AND SHOULD BE INSTALLED 5' AWAY.

INSTALL IMPERMEABLE LINER WHER THE EMBANKMENT IS IN FILL. ( REFER TO PAGE 6 FOR DETAIL)

Appendix B.3. Construction Specifications for Sand Filters, Bioretention and Open Channels

Grasses and legume seed should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be planted following the non-grass ground cover planting specifications.

The topsoil specifications provide enough organic material to adequately supply nutrients from natural cycling. The primary function of the bioretention structure is to improve water quality. Adding fertilizers defeats, or at a minimum, impedes this goal. Only add fertilizer if wood chips or mulch are used to amend the soil. Rototill urea fertilizer at a rate of 2 pounds per 1000 square

# 6. Underdrains

Underdrains are to be placed on a 3'-0" wide section of filter cloth. Pipe is placed next, followed by the gravel bedding. The ends of underdrain pipes not terminating in an observation well shall be capped.

The main collector pipe for underdrain systems shall be constructed at a minimum slope of 0.5%. Observation wells and/or clean-out pipes must be provided (one minimum per every 1000 square feet of surface area).

### 7. Miscellaneous

UNDERDRAIN AND OVER DRAIN ARE 6" PVC PREFRATED INSIDE THE GRAVEL RESOVIOR AND RIGID INSIDE THE FILTER MEDIA.

The bioretention facility may not be constructed until all contributing drainage area has been

B.3.6

Specification see Appendix A, Table A.4 n/a plantings are site-specific sand 35 - 60% USDA soil types loamy sand, sandy loam or loam [2.5' to 4' deep] silt 30 - 55% clay 10 - 25% aged 6 months, minimum shredded hardwood pea gravel: No. 6 pes gravel: ASTM-D-448 pen gravel diaphragm and ornamental stone: washed Class "C" - apparent opening n/a size (ASTM-D-4751), grab for use as necessary beneath underdrains only tensile strength (ASTM-D-4632), puneture resistance (ASTM-D-4833) AASHTO M-43 underdrain gravel F 758, Type PS 28 or 4" to 6" rigid schedule 3/8" perf. @ 6" on center, 4 holes per row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary underneath pipes MSHA Mix No. 3; f'e = 3500on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required: psi @ 28 days, normal weight, 28 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place air-entrained; reinforcing to or pre-cast) not using previously approved State or local meet ASTM-615-60 standards requires design drawings sealed and approved by a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland design to include meeting ACI Code 350 R/89; vertical loading

AASHTO-M-6 or ASTM-C-33 0.02" to 0.04"

MICRO-BIORETENTION:

Table B.3.2 Materials Specifications for Bioretention

STORM WATER MANAGEMEN MICRO-BIORETENTION MICRO-BIORETENTION ACRES 43213 5Q FT ACRES 7072 SO FT DRAINAGE AREA 0.162350781 ACRES 43213 SITE AREA: 0.992033976 0.162350781 DRAINAGE AREA ACRES 7072 SQ.FT Target RCN
PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS AREA 0.130211203 XIMPERVIOUS 80.20 ESDV MINIPe) Rev Treated Target RCN PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS AREA 0.130211203 ESDV STORAGE MAX 1182.65 454.87 ESDy STORAGE MIN **%IMPERVIOUS** Bioretention Width From Soil Data Tab Pe 1405.00 1119.00 Top of Ponding Area Bottom of Ponding Are. ESDy in Poreling Area (9" Pe that must be captured 1227.46 Surface Area Require TOTAL STORAGE 1263.55

MICRO-BIORETENTION:

CONSTRUCTION CRITERIA:

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DURING CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECTS WITH MICRO- BIORETENTION

- ▶ EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL: MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICES SHOULD NOT BE CONSTRUCTED UNTIL THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS STABILIZED. IF THIS IS IMPRACTICAL, RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE DIVERTED AWAY AND NO SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SHALL BE USED NEAR THE PROPOSED LOCATION.
- SOIL COMPACTION: EXCAVATION SHOULD BE CONDUCTED IN DRY CONDITIONS WITH EQUIPMENT LOCATED OUTSIDE OF THE PRACTICE TO MINIMIZE BOTTOM AND SIDEWALL COMPACTION. ONLY LIGHTWEIGHT, LOW GROUND-CONTACT EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE USED WITHIN MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICES AND THE BOTTOM SCARIFIED BEFORE INSTALLING UNDERDRAINS AND FILTERING MEDIA.
- ▶ UNDERDRAIN INSTALLATION: GRAVEL FOR THE UNDERDRAIN SYSTEM SHOULD BE CLEAN, WASHED, AND FREE OF FINES. UNDERDRAIN PIPES SHOULD BE CHECKED TO ENSURE THAT BOTH THE MATERIAL AND PERFORATIONS MEET SPECIFICATIONS. THE UPSTREAM ENDS OF THE UNDERDRAIN PIPE SHOULD BE CAPPED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- ▶ FILTER MEDIA INSTALLATION: BIORETENTION SOILS MAY BE MIXED ON-SITE BEFORE PLACEMENT. HOWEVER, SOILS SHOULD NOT BE PLACED UNDER SATURATED CONDITIONS. THE FILTER MEDIA SHOULD BE PLACED AND GRADED USING EXCAVATORS OR BACKHOES OPERATING ADJACENT TO THE PRACTICE AND BE PLACED IN HORIZONTAL LAYERS (12 INCHES PER LIFT MAXIMUM). PROPER COMPACTION OF THE MEDIA WILL OCCUR NATURALLY. SPRAYING OR SPRINKLING WATER ON EACH LIFT UNTIL SATURATED MAY QUICKEN SETTLING TIMES.
- LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION: THE OPTIMUM PLANTING TIME IS DURING THE FALL. SPRING PLANTING IS ALSO ACCEPTABLE BUT MAY REQUIRE WATERING.

INSPECTION:

▶ REGULAR INSPECTIONS SHALL BE MADE DURING THE FOLLOWING STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION:

- O DURING EXCAVATION TO SUBGRADE AND PLACEMENT AND BACKFILL OF UNDERDRAIN SYSTEMS O DURING PLACEMENT OF FILTER MEDIA.
- DURING CONSTRUCTION OF APPURTENANT CONVEYANCE.

O UPON COMPLETION OF FINAL GRADING AND ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION.

MAINTENANCE CRITERIA:

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO ENSURE PROPER MAINTENANCE AND LONG-TERM PERFORMANCE OF | NOT TO SCALE MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICES:

- PRIVATELY OWNED PRACTICES SHALL HAVE A MAINTENANCE PLAN AND SHALL BE PROTECTED BY EASEMENT, DEED RESTRICTION, ORDINANCE, OR OTHER LEGAL MEASURES PREVENTING ITS NEGLECT, ADVERSE ALTERATION, AND REMOVAL
- HOURS. SILTS AND SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM THE SURFACE OF THE FILTER BED WHEN ACCUMULATION EXCEEDS ▶ WHERE PRACTICES ARE USED TO TREAT AREAS WITH HIGHER CONCENTRATIONS OF HEAVY METALS (E.G., PARKING LOTS, ROADS)

THE TOP FEW INCHES OF FILTER MEDIA SHOULD BE REMOVED AND REPLACED WHEN WATER PONDS FOR MORE THAN 48

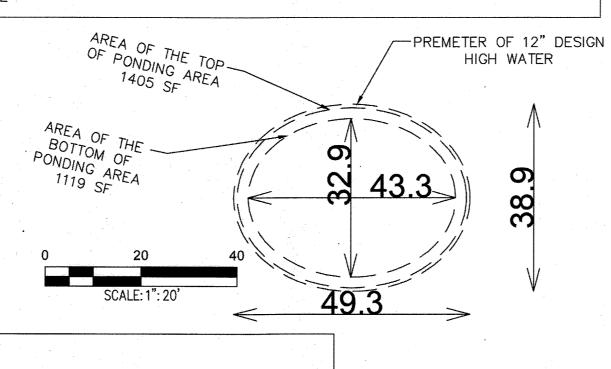
MULCH SHOULD BE REPLACED ANNUALLY. OTHERWISE, THE TOP TWO TO THREE INCHES SHOULD BE REPLACED AS NECESSARY.

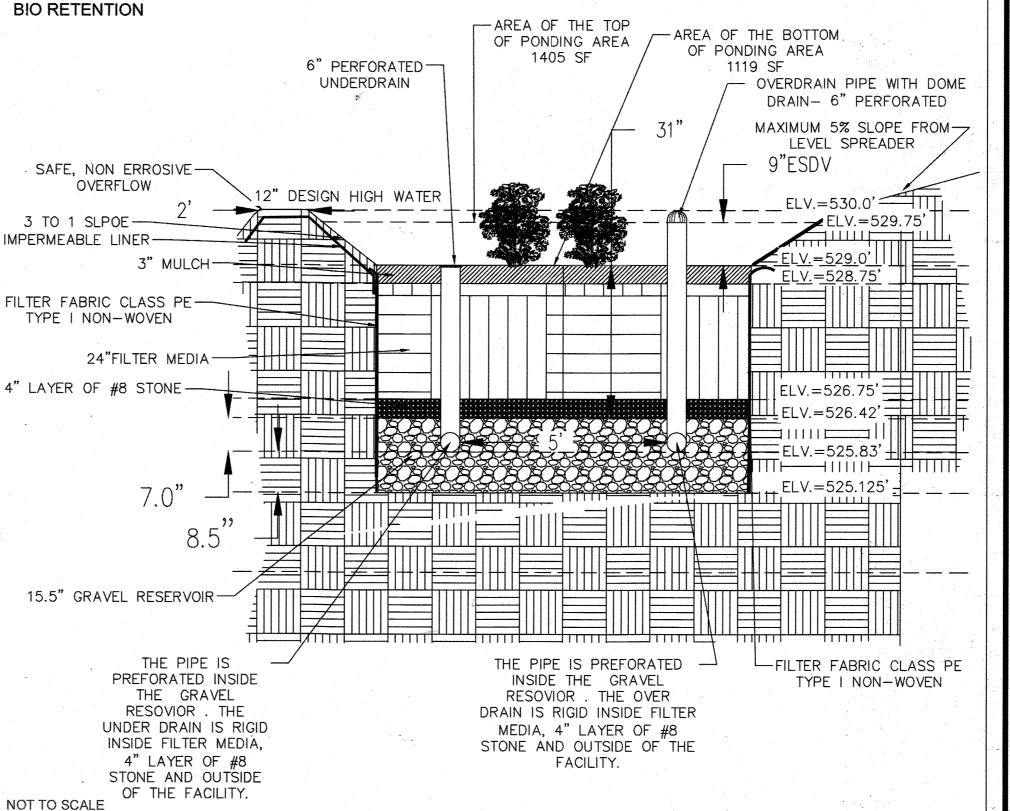
▶ OCCASIONAL PRUNING AND REPLACEMENT OF DEAD VEGETATION IS NECESSARY. IF SPECIFIC PLANTS ARE NOT SURVIVING, MORE APPROPRIATE SPECIES SHOULD BE USED. WATERING MAY BE REQUIRED DURING PROLONGED DRY PERIODS

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING 1/27/22 DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION HIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

ESDV PROVIDED 1263.55 ESDV IN PONDING SPACE: 0.75X1263.55=920.6 CF ESDV IN GRAVEL RESERVOIR: 0.25X1263.55=317.05 CF TOTAL PONDING AREA VOLUME: (1119+1405)/2X (9"/12")= 1262X(9"/12")=946.5 CF>920.6 CF VOLUME OF THE GRAVEL RESERVOIR (BELOW THE UNDER DRAIN) = 1119SF X(8.5"/12")X.4(VOID)=317.05

— MAXIMUM 3 TO MAXIMUM 3 TO 1-1 SLPOE SLP0E





03 COMMENTS 9/13/2 02 8/24/2 COMMENTS MK 01 COMMENTS 7/27/21 MK NO DATE DESCRIPTION BY REVISIONS

[H-10 or H-20]; allowable horizontal loading (based on soil

Sand substitutions such as Diabase and Graystone #10 are not

acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolomitic sand substinutions are acceptable. No "rock dust" can be used for

pressures); and analysis of potential cracking

OWNER / DEVELOPER ANTHONY K PULSIRISAROTH AND CRYSTAL M PULSIRISAROTH 14148 HOWARD RD DAYTON MD 21036 PHONE NUMBER: (301) 362-9303

**EQUAGEN®** E EQUAGE ENGINEERS

CARY, NC 27511

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE

DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED

OR APPROVED BY ME, AND

THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED

:703 594 7992

INFO@EQUAGEN.COM

**NET** PRINCE ENGINEERING 121 EDINBURGH SOUTH DR. SUITE 103

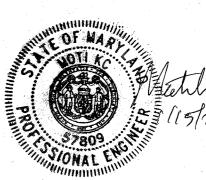
1629 K ST. Suite 300 Washington D.C 2006 :703 594 7992 : ENG@ARCILL.COM

DAYTON 21036

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONCEPT DESIGN /BIO-RETENTION PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION: ADDRESS: 14148 HOWARDRD

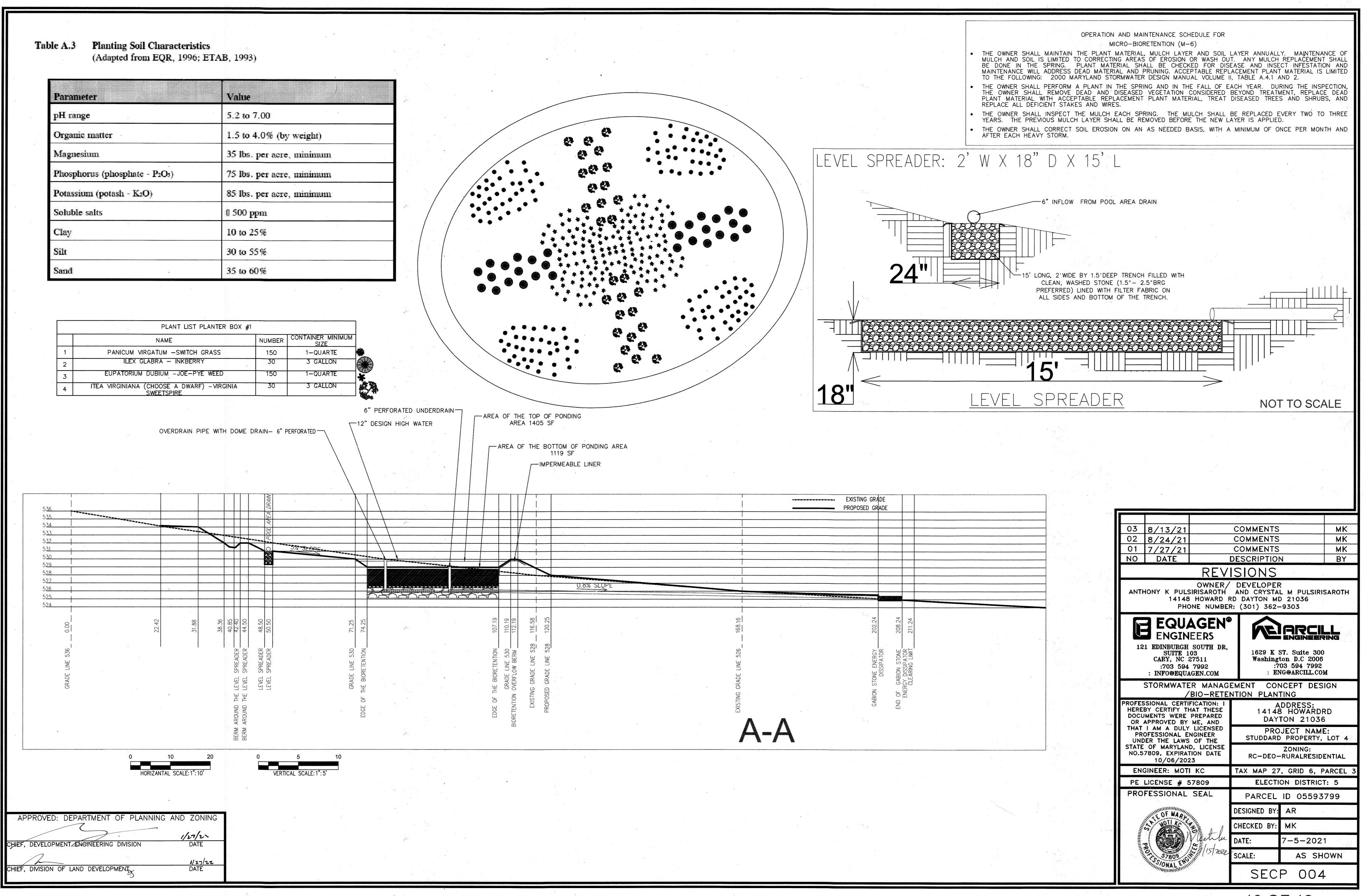
PROJECT NAME: PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER STUDDARD PROPERTY, LOT 4 UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO.57809, EXPIRATION DATE RC-DEO-RURALRESIDENTIAL 10/06/2023 ENGINEER: MOTI KC PE LICENSE # 57809 PROFESSIONAL SEAL

TAX MAP 27, GRID 6, PARCEL ELECTION DISTRICT: 5



PARCEL ID 05593799 DESIGNED BY: AR CHECKED BY: MK 7-5-2021 AS SHOWN SCALE: SECP 003

9 OF 12 F-11-062



Drywell General note

HEAVY EQUIPMENT AND TRAFFIC SHALL BE RESTRICTED FROM TRAVELING OVER THE PROPOSED LOCATION OF THE DRYWELL TO

MINIMIZE COMPACTION OF THE SOIL.

EXCAVATE THE DRYWELL TO THE DESIGN DIMENSIONS. EXCAVATED MATERIALS SHALL BE PLACED AWAY FROM THE TRENCH SIDES TO ENHANCE TRENCH WALL STABILITY. LARGE TREE ROOTS MUST BE TRIMMED FLUSH WITH THE TRENCH SIDES IN ORDER TO PREVENT FABRIC PUNCTURING OR TEARING OF THE FILTER FABRIC DURING SUBSEQUENT INSTALLATION PROCEDURES. THE SIDE WALLS OF THE TRENCH SHALL BE ROUGHENED WHERE SHEARED AND SEALED BY HEAVY EQUIPMENT.

. A CLASS "C" GEOTEXTILE OR BETTER (SEE SECTION 24.0, MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS, 1994 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, MDE, 1994) SHALL INTERFACE BETWEEN THE TRENCH SIDE WALLS AND BETWEEN THE STONE RESERVOIR AND GRAVEL FILTER LAYERS. A PARTIAL LIST OF NON-WOVEN FILTER FABRICS THAT MEET THE CLASS "C" CRITERIA FOLLOWS. ANY ALTERNATIVE FILTER FABRIC MUST BE APPROVED BY THE PLAN APPROVAL AUTHORITY.

AMOCO 4552 CARTHAGE FX-80S GEOLON N70 MIRAFI 180-N

WEBTEC NO7

THE WIDTH OF THE GEOTEXTILE MUST INCLUDE SUFFICIENT MATERIAL TO CONFORM TO TRENCH PERIMETER IRREGULARITIES AND FOR A 6-INCH MINIMUM TOP OVERLAP. THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE TUCKED UNDER THE SAND LAYER ON THE BOTTOM OF THE DRYWELL FOR A DISTANCE OF 6 TO 12 INCHES. STONES OR OTHER ANCHORING OBJECTS SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE FABRIC AT THE EDGE OF THE

FRENCH TO KEEP THE TRENCH OPEN DURING WINDY PERIODS. WHEN OVERLAPS ARE REQUIRED BETWEEN ROLLS, THE UPHILL ROLL SHOULD LAP A MINIMUM OF 2 FEET OVER THE DOWNHILL ROLL IN ORDER TO PROVIDE A SHINGLED EFFECT.

. IF A 12 INCH SAND FILTER LAYER IS PLACED ON THE BOTTOM OF THE DRYWELL, THE SAND FOR THE DRYWELL SHALL BE

WASHED AND MEET AASHTO-M-43, SIZE NO. 9 OR NO. 10. ANY ALTERNATIVE SAND GRADATION MUST BE APPROVED BY THE PLAN THE STONE AGGREGATE SHOULD BE PLACED IN A MAXIMUM LOOSE LIFT THICKNESS OF 12 INCHES. THE

GRAVEL (ROUNDED "BANK RUN" GRAVEL IS PREFERRED) FOR THE DRYWELL SHALL BE WASHED AND MEET ONE OF THE FOLLOWING AASHTO-M-43, SIZE NO. 2 OR NO. 3.

FOLLOWING THE STONE AGGREGATE PLACEMENT, THE FILTER FABRIC SHALL BE FOLDED OVER THE STONE AGGREGATE TO FORM A 3-INCH MINIMUM LONGITUDINAL LAP. THE DESIRED FILL SOIL OR STONE AGGREGATE SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE LAP AT SUFFICIENT NTERVALS TO MAINTAIN THE LAP DURING

### SUBSEQUENT BACKFILLING.

CARE SHALL BE EXERCISED TO PREVENT NATURAL OR FILL SOILS FROM INTERMIXING WITH THE STONE AGGREGATE. ALL CONTAMINATED STONE AGGREGATE SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED WITH UNCONTAMINATED STONE AGGREGATE. VOIDS MAY OCCUR BETWEEN THE FABRIC AND THE EXCAVATION SIDES SHALL BE AVOIDED. REMOVING BOULDERS OR OTHER OBSTACLES FROM THE FRENCH WALLS IS ONE SOURCE OF SUCH VOIDS. THEREFORE, NATURAL SOILS SHOULD BE PLACED IN THESE VOIDS AT THE MOST CONVENIENT TIME DURING CONSTRUCTION TO ENSURE FABRIC CONFORMITY TO THE EXCAVATION SIDES

VERTICALLY EXCAVATED WALLS MAY BE DIFFICULT TO MAINTAIN IN AREAS WHERE SOIL MOISTURE IS HIGH OR WHERE SOFT. COHESIVE OR COHESIONLESS SOILS ARE DOMINANT. THESE CONDITIONS MAY REQUIRE LAYING BACK OF THE SIDE SLOPES TO MAINTAIN STABILITY.

PVC DISTRIBUTION PIPES SHALL BE SCHEDULE 40 AND MEET ASTM-D-1785. ALL FITTINGS SHALL MEET ASTM-D-2729. PERFORATIONS SHALL BE 3/8 INCH IN DIAMETER. A PERFORATED PIPE SHALL BE PROVIDED ONLY WITHIN THE DRYWELL AND SHALL TERMINATE 1 FOOT SHORT OF THE DRYWELL WALL. THE END OF THE PVC PIPE SHALL BE CAPPED. NOTE: PVC PIPE WITH A WALL THICKNESS CLASSIFICATION OF SDR-35 MEETING ASTM-D-3034 IS AN ACCEPTABLE SUBSTITUTE FOR THE SCHEDULE 40 PIPE.

O. THE OBSERVATION WELL IS TO CONSIST OF 6-INCH DIAMETER PERFORATED PVC SCHEDULE 40 PIPE (M 278 OR F758, TYPE PS 28) WITH A CAP SET 6 INCHES ABOVE GROUND LEVEL AND IS TO BE LOCATED NEAR THE LONGITUDINAL CENTER OF THE DRYWELL. THE PIPE SHALL HAVE A PLASTIC COLLAR WITH RIBS TO PREVENT ROTATION WHEN REMOVING THE CAP. THE SCREW TOP LID SHALL BE A CLEANOUT WITH A LOCKING MECHANISM OR SPECIAL BOLT TO DISCOURAGE VANDALISM. THE DEPTH TO THE INVERT SHALL BE MARKED ON THE LID. THE PIPE SHALL BE PLACED VERTICALLY WITHIN THE GRAVEL PORTION OF THE DRYWELL AND A CAP PROVIDED AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PIPE. THE BOTTOM OF THE CAP SHALL REST ON THE DRYWELL BOTTOM.

1. CORRUGATED METAL DISTRIBUTION PIPES SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO-M-36 AND SHALL BE ALUMINIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO-M-274. ALUMINIZED PIPE IN CONTACT WITH CONCRETE SHALL BE COATED WITH AN INERT COMPOUND CAPABLE OF PREVENTING THE DELETERIOUS EFFECT OF THE ALUMINUM ON THE CONCRETE. PERFORATED DISTRIBUTION PIPES SHALL CONFORM TO AASHTO-M-36. CLASS 2 AND SHALL BE PROVIDED ONLY WITHIN THE DRYWELL AND SHALL TERMINATE 1 FOOT SHORT OF THE DRYWELL WALL. AN ALUMINIZED METAL PLATE SHALL BE WELDED TO THE END OF THE PIPE.

# OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED

DRY WELLS (M-5)]

a. THE OWNER SHALL INSPECT THE MONITORING WELLS AND STRUCTURES ON A QUARTERLY BASIS AND AFTER EVERY HEAVY STORM EVENT.

b. THE OWNER SHALL RECORD THE WATER LEVELS AND SEDIMENT BUILD UP IN THE MONITORING WELLS OVER A PERIOD OF SEVERAL DAYS TO INSURE TRENCH DRAINAGE.

c. THE OWNER SHALL MAINTAIN A LOG BOOK TO DETERMINE THE RATE AT WHICH THE FACILITY DRAINS.

d. WHEN THE FACILITY BECOMES CLOGGED SO THAT IT DOES NOT DRAIN DOWN WITHIN A SEVENTY-TWO (72) HOUR TIME PERIOD, CORRECTIVE ACTION SHALL BE TAKEN.

e. THE MAINTENANCE LOG BOOK SHALL BE AVAILABLE TO HOWARD COUNTY FOR INSPECTION TO INSURE COMPLIANCE WITH OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CRITERIA.

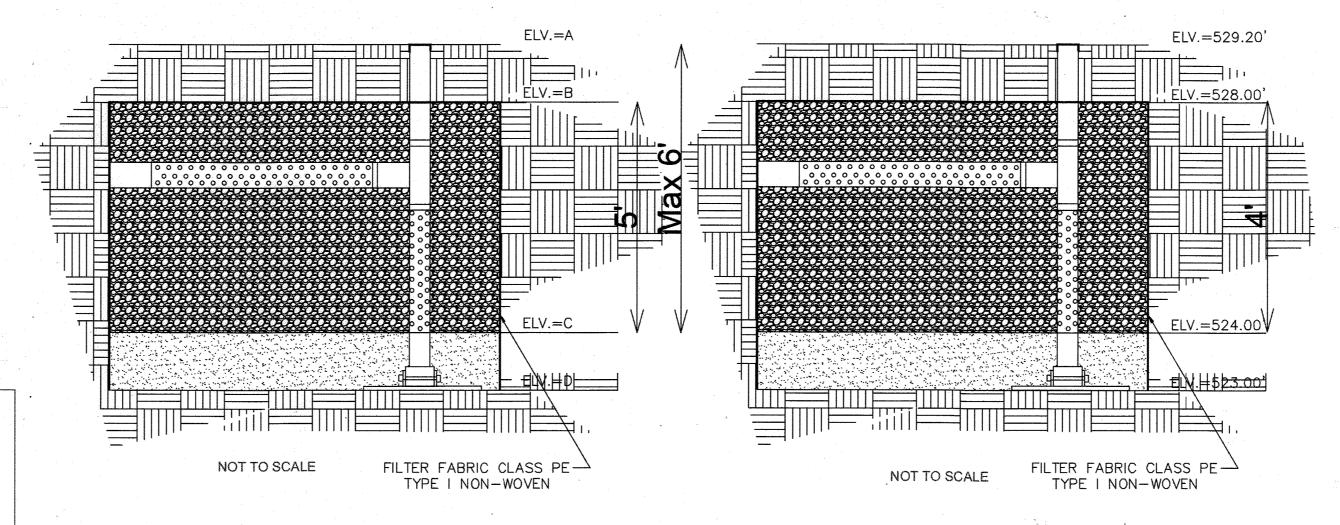
DRY WELL 2:

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT

DRY WELL 1:

ONCE THE PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INFILTRATION FACILITY HAVE BEEN VERIFIED. THE MONITORING SCHEDULE CAN BE REDUCED TO AN ANNUAL BASIS UNLESS THE PERFORMANCE DATA INDICATES THAT A MORE FREQUENT SCHEDULE IS REQUIRED.

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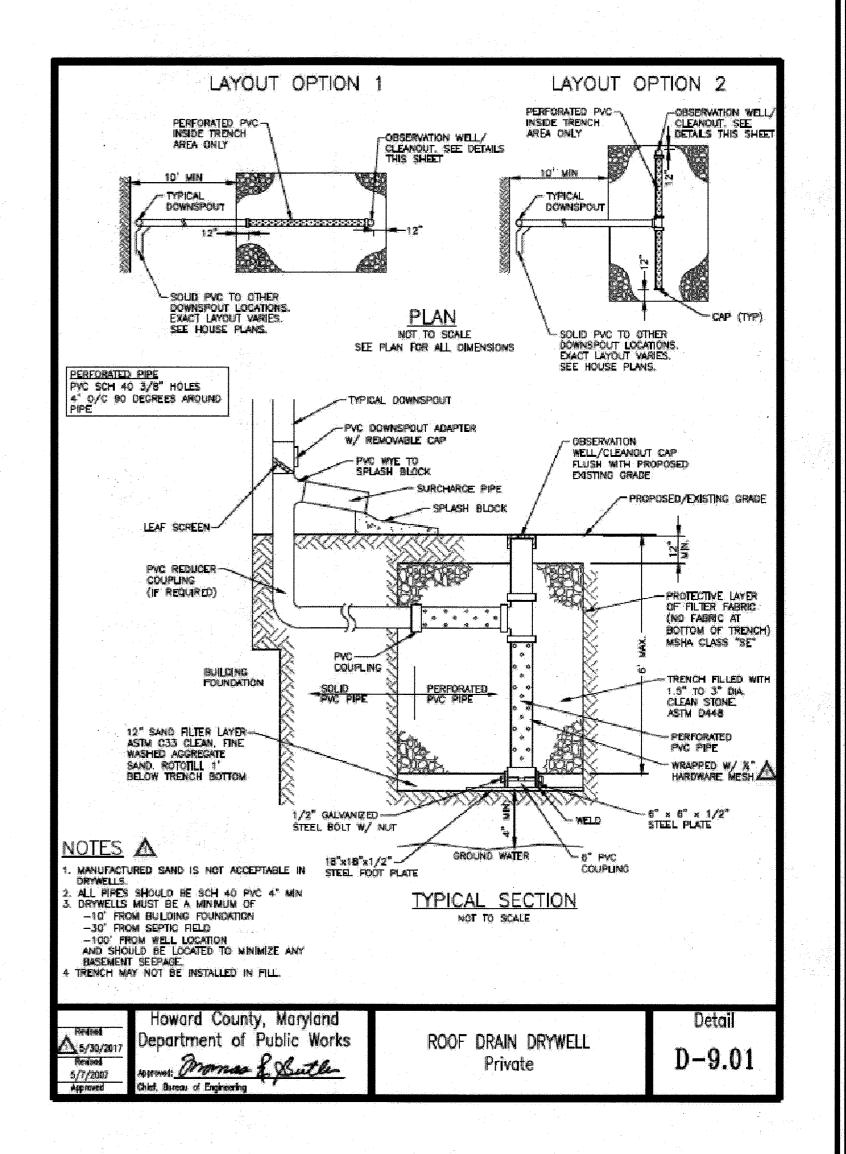


Drywell 4

DRYWALL 1,2,3											
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В	529.5	530.0	529.2								
С	524.5	525.0	524.2								
D	523.5	524.0	523.2								

DRY WELL 4:

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT



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02	8/24/21		MK								
01	7/27/21		COMMENTS	MK							
NO	DATE		DESCRIPTION	BY							
		REV	ISIONS	÷							
OWNER/ DEVELOPER ANTHONY K PULSIRISAROTH AND CRYSTAL M PULSIRISAROTH 14148 HOWARD RD DAYTON MD 21036 PHONE NUMBER: (301) 362-9303											
E EQUAGEN® REPRESENTATION OF THE PROPERTY OF T											
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STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONCEPT DESIGN  /DRYWELL											
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	OF MARYLAN 7809, EXPIRA		ZONING: RC-DEO-RURALRESIDI	ENTIAL							

10/06/2023

ENGINEER: MOTI KC

PE LICENSE # 57809

PROFESSIONAL SEAL

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APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING 1/37/22 HIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION HIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

DRYWELL DESIGN CONSIDERATION

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT

1- INFILTRATION RATE IS 2"/HR .FOR THIS DESIGN THE INFILTRATION RATE IS CONSIDERED 1"

2- THE DEPTH OF THE DRYWELL IS 48" WHICH MEANS THE DEPTH OF THE WATER IS 19.2(CONSIDERING 40%VOIDE OF THE GRAVEL) 3- THE WATER INFILTRATE FULLY AFTER 19.2 HOURS.

4- THE LOCATION OF THE PROPOSED DRYWELL IS IN 50' RADIOUS OF THE INFILTRATION RATE TEST

7-5-2021

NTS

RC-DEO-RURALRESIDENTIAL

ELECTION DISTRICT: 5

TAX MAP 27, GRID 6, PARCEL

PARCEL ID 05593799

SECP. 005

DESIGNED BY: AR

CHECKED BY: MK

15/2012 SCALE:

