<del>e kalandari da da kalandari da k</del>	SHEET INDEX
SHEET No.	SHEET
1	TITLE SHEET
2	VICTORY LANE - PLAN AND PROFILE
3	STREET TREE, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
4	STREET TREE, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
5	LANDSCAPE PLAN
6	ROADWAY DETAILS
7	STORM DRAIN PROFILES & STRUCTURE SCHEDULE
8	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES AND DETAILS - BMP+1
9	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES AND DETAILS - BMP+1
10	SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES
11	SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS
12	STORM DRAIN DRAINAGE AREA MAP
13	50IL BORINGS
14	FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN
15	STONE RESERVOIR PROFILE & DETAILS

# FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

# MERIWETHER FARM

# SECTION TWO

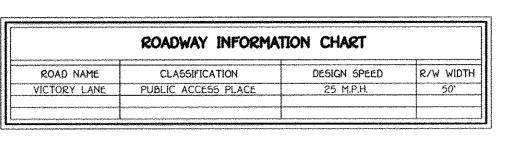
PHASE ONE

BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 10, NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'C' & 'D' AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL

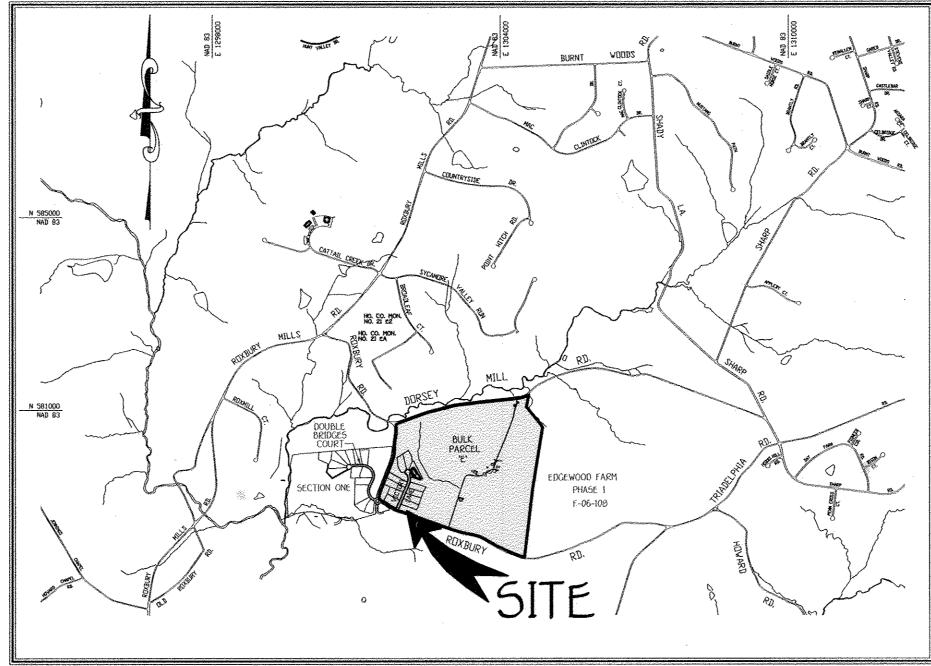
(A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A', MERIWETHER FARM, **SECTION TWO, F-08-198)** 

**ZONING: RC-DEO** 

TAX MAP No. 21 GRID No. 15, 16, 21 & 22 PARCEL No. 28



ROAD NAME	CENTERLINE STA.	OFFSET	POSTED SIGN	SIGN COD
VICTORY LANE	0+25	16' L	STOP	R1-1
VICTORY LANE	2+10	11' R	SPEED LIMIT 25	R2-1
ICIONI LINE	1 2 2 2	11 10	VI LLD CI 117 22	



VICINITY MAP

5CALE: 1" = 2000"

# FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION: I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE CHARGE, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 21328, EXPIRATION DATE 1/08/19.

2	REVISED SWM LOTS 1,586	2/28/17
l	REMOD OWNER AND DEVELOPER AND OF BARGEL'C'	11/8/11
NO	DESCRIPTION	DATE

A	FISH	FO	coi	I INS	Æ	CARTI	=0	INC
						S & LANE		
1)								.,
1	CENTENNI	al squa	ELLICO		MARYL	2 Baltimori And 21042	NATI	onal Pike

RIGHT-OF-WAY PINS SET									
POINT#	NORTHING	EASTING							
82 D	578907.90450	1301893,44230							
821	578941.34770	1301799,20690							
862	578956,16230	1301831.09970							
863	579027.06740	1301859,67320							
864	579469,47960	1302052.82310							
865	579644,74420	1302060,79580							
866	579660.38030	1302045.74270							
867	579682,07500	1302111.00200							
868	579660,57940	1302108,22420							
869	579449.47040	1302098.68060							
870		1301905,56100							
871	578939.63380	1301878.31150							

NORTHING EASTING

PHASING TABULATION									
PHASE	ALLOCATION YEAR	No. OF LOTS							
ONE	2010	10							
TWO	2011	36 AND 1 BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL = 37							

MERIWETHER PARM II. LLC c/o geoand goodier. U.C. 10715 CHARTER DRIVE SUITE 350 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044 17: (A10) 997-7501 ATTN: MR. ROBERT G. GOODER, JR.

FOR ESE CONSULTANTS, INC.

developer TOU BROTHERS, INC. MARMAND DIVISION 7164 COLUMBIA GATEWAY DRIVE SUITE 230 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046 PH= (410) 997-7501 ATTH: MR. JEFF DRISCOUL

1. ORIGINAL BASE DENSITY IS BASED ON ORIGINAL TRACT AREA OF 183,068 ACRES\* (INCLUDING DORSEY MILL ROAD AND ROXBURY ROAD DEDICATED RIGHT-OF-WAY) (SEE F-08-198) 2. BASE DENSITY: 103.060 ACRES / 4.25 = 43.07 UNITS OR 43 SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED

3. 43 LOTS (4-46) = 183.060 - (49.52 AC. LOT AREA - 10.89 AC. ROAD R/W - 10.62 AC. NON-BUILDABLE PARCELS) = 112.030 AC. 4. 112.038 AC. FOR PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' / 25 AC. = 4 BONUS UNITS.

5. BONUS UNITS ARE LOTS 1, 2, 3 & BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' 6. MAXIMUM DENSITY: 183.060 ACRES ~ 6.70 AC. FLOODPLAIN - 5.01 AC. STEEP SLOPES / 2 = 05.239 UNITS OR 05 SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED 7. TOTAL NUMBER OF PROPOSED DWELLING UNITS = 47

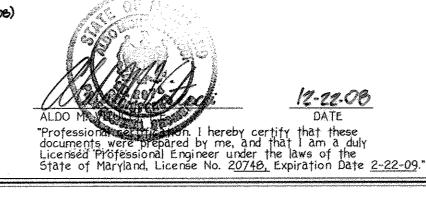
a. PHASE ONE - 10 BUILDABLE LOTS b. PHASE TWO - 36 BUILDABLE LOTS AND 1 BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL

8. PRESERVATION EMBELYENT TABULATION FOR SECTION TWO, PRUSE ONE:

A. TOTAL PRESERVATION EASEMENT DELIGATION = 42.50 ACRES 10 LOTS × 4.25 AC./LOT = 42.50 ACROS

B. PRESERVATION EASILYENT REQUIRED = 25.892 ACRES CTOTAL PROSERVATION AREA-LOT AREAG-VICTORY LANE AREA-ROAD DEDICATION (PLAT NO. A2.50 AC. - 11.060 AC. -1.139 AC. - 4.479 AC. = 25.822 ACRES

C. PREGERIATION EASEMENT PROVIDED = 28.229 ACRES (NON-BUILDAIGHE PROGREMATION PARCELS'C', 'D' AND PROGRERVATION EMPENIENT #1) 1.362 AC, + 1399 AC, + 25, ALB ACRES)



APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS 1-12-09 APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

# **GENERAL NOTES:**

ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCO). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO TH

4. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUA

5. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL

WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, HOWARD COUNTY HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CONTROL DATUM IS BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY

HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 21 E2 N 582976.4443 ELEV. = 476.653 6, THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY MARS GROUP DATED NOVEMBER, 2006 AND WAS APPROVED UNDER SP-07-007.

7. BACKGROUND INFORMATION: A. SUBDIVISION NAME: MERIWETHER FARM

B. TAX MAP NO.: 21 C. PARCEL NO.: 28

F. TOTAL TRACT AREA: 177.062 AC.\* (BULK PARCEL 'A', PLAT No. ); ORIGINAL TRACT AREA = 183.060 AC.\* G. NET AREA = (183,060 - 6.76 (FLOODPLAIN) - 5.01 (STEEP SLOPES OUTSIDE FLOODPLAIN) = 170,470 AC.

J. NO. OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 2 K. NO. OF BUILDABLE BUILK PARCELS: 1

L. AREA OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 11.060 AC. M. AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 2.761 AC.\* N. AREA OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS: 162,902 AC.+

O. TOTAL AREA OF ROADWAY TO BE DEDICATED: L139 AC.

P. AREA OF FLOODPLAIN: 6.78 AC. 8. NO CEMETERIES EXIST WITHIN THIS SUBDIVISION.

9. ALL FILL AREAS WITHIN ROADWAYS AND UNDER STRUCTURES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% COMPACTION OF

14. THE LOTS SHOWN HEREON COMPLY WITH THE MINIMUM OWNERSHIP WIDTH AND LOT AREA AS REQUIRED BY

DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AND THE 2004 ZONING REGULATIONS PER COUNCIL BILL NO. 45-2003 AND HE ZONING REGULATIONS AS AMENDED BY COUNCIL BILL NO. 75-2003. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION

ON THIS LOTS OR PARCELS MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACK AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMISSION OF A BUILDING OR GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION. IB. THERE ARE AREAS OF STEEP SLOPES (25% OR GREATER) LOCATED ON THIS PROPERTY A DEFINED BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS. SECTION 16.116

HESE AREAS ARE LOCATED WITHIN THE PRESERVATION PARCELS AND NOT ON THE RESIDENTIAL LOTS. 9. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT WILL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HOWARD COUNTY AND

MARYLAND 370 SPECIFICATIONS. THE PROPOSED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR THIS SITE IS CHANNEL PROTECTION AND WATER QUALITY AND IS PROVIDED IN THE FOLLOWING FACILITIES:

a. BMP. NO. 1 IS A MICRO-POOL EXTENDED DETENTION POND AND IS PRIVATELY OWNED BY H.O.A AND JOINTLY MAINTAINED BY H.O.A. AND HOWARD COUNTY, LOCATED ON NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'D'. b. B.M.P. NO. 2, 3 & 4 ARE LEVEL SPREADERS, PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY HOMEOWNER, LOCATED ON OR NEAR

AND SUPPLEMENTED WITH INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM HO.CO. CAPITAL PROJECT D-1079 AND WAS APPROVED UNDER SP-07-007

21. AS PER SECTION 104.F.4.B OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS, ONLY ONE EASEMENT HOLDER IS REQUIRED FOR PRESERVATION

PARCÉLS DESIGNED SOLELY FOR SWM FACILITIES OR COMMUNITY SEWERAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS. A. NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'C'

CANED: PROVINCE OWNED EASEMENT HOLDERS: HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND & HOMEONNER'S ASSOCIATION

OWNED: HOMEOWNER'S ASSOCIATION EASEMENT HOLDER: HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

22. NO CLEARING, GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE WETLANDS, STREAM, FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT OR THEIR

23. THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY PENNIMAN & BROWN DATED NOVEMBER, 2006.

24. THE FOREST STAND DELINEATION AND WETLAND DELINEATION FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS, INC. DATED NOVEMBER, 2006 AND WAS APPROVED UNDER SP-07-007.

25. THE FOREST CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS PER SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL FOR MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, PHASE ONE SUBDIVISION WILL BE FULFILLED BY PROVIDING A TOTAL OF ONSITE RETENTION OF 14.249 ACRES OF FOREST AND 8.173 ACRES OF ONSITE PLANTING.

A. TOTAL FOREST RETENTION OBLIGATION FOR MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO - 30.1 ACRES. B. REQUIRED FOREST RETENTION OBLIGATION FOR MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, PHASE ONE = 6.40 ACRES.

(30.1 AC. OF TOTAL RETENTION/47 TOTAL D.U. = 0.640 AC./D.U. X 10 D.U. = 6.40 AC.) C. PROVIDED FOREST RETENTION CONSERVATION EASEMENT FOR MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, PHASE ONE = 14.249 AC.

D. REQUIRED FOREST REFORESTATION OBLIGATION FOR MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, PHASE ONE = 4.55 AC. (21.4 AC. OF TOTAL REFORESTATION/47 TOTAL D.U. = 0.455 AC./D.U. X 10 D.U. = 4.55 AC.) E. PROVIDED FOREST REFORESTATION CONSERVATION EASEMENT FOR MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, PHASE ONE = 8.173 AC.

THE FOREST CONSERVATION SURETY AMOUNT REQUIRED IS \$302,146.00 (14.249 ac. x 43,560 x \$0.20 = \$124,136) + (0.173 x 43,560  $\times$  \$0.50 = \$178,008) AND SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT.

26 THE LANDSCAPE SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$33,150,00 FOR PERIMETER LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS (79 SHADE TREES AND 63 EVERGREEN TREES) OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND LANDSCAPE MANUAL 15 POSTED WITH

THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT FOR THIS SUBDIVISION. 27. FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE 44 REQUIRED STREET TREES SHALL BE POSTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE

28, ALL EXISTING WELLS AND SEPTIC FIELDS WITHIN 100 FEET OF SUBJECT PROPERTY HAVE BEEN SHOWN. 29. SIGN POSTS: ALL SIGN POST USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS INSTALLED IN THE COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A 2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE POST (14 GAUGE) INSERTED INTO A 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFOR SQUARE TUBE SLEEVE (12 GAUGE) - 3' LONG. A GALVANIZED STEEL POLE CAP SHALL BE MOUNTED ON TOP OF EACH POST."

30. DRIVEWAY (5) SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCY TO ENSURE SAFE ACCESS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING (MINIMUM) REQUIREMENTS:

A) WIDTH - 12 FEET (16 FEET SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE)
B) SURFACE - SIX (6") INCHES OF COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING
C) GEOMETRY - MAXIMUM 15% GRADE, MAXIMUM 10% GRADE CHANGE AND MINIMUM OF 45 FOOT TURNING RADIUS
D) STRUCTURES (CULVERTS/BRIDGES) CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25 LOADING)
E) DRAINAGE ELEMENTS - CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100 YEAR FLOOD WITH NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT DEPTH OVER DRIVEWAY SURFACE

F) STRUCTURE CLEARANCES - MINIMUM 12 FEET G) MAINTENANCE - SUFFICIENT TO ENSURE ALL WEATHER USE

31. GROUND WATER APPROPRIATION PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED PRIOR TO

SUBMISSION OF RECORD PLAT FOR SIGNATURE.

32. ALL WELLS TO BE DRILLED PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT APPROVAL. IT IS THE DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SCHEDULE THE WELL DRILLING PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT SUBMISSION. IT WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED "GOVERNMENT DELAY" IF THE WELL DRILLING HOLDS UP THE

HEALTH DEPARTMENT SIGNATURE OF THE RECORD PLAT.

33. THERE IS AN EXISTING DWELLING/STRUCTURE(S) ON BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'E' TO REMAIN. NO NEW BUILDINGS, EXTENTIONS OR ADDITIONS TO THE EXISTING DWELLING ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED AT A DISTANCE LESS THAN THE ZONING REGULATION REQUIREMENTS.

34. ALL EXISTING WELLS, BUILDINGS AND SEPTIC SYSTEMS WHICH ARE TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO FINAL PLAT SIGNATURE. 35. VIIIIIIII THIS AREA DESIGNATES A PRIVATE SEWAGE EASEMENT OF AT LEAST 10,000 SQUARE FEET AS REQUIRED BY THE MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT FOR INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE DISPOSAL (COMAR 26.04.03). IMPROVEMENTS OF ANY NATURE

IN THIS AREA ARE RESTRICTED UNTIL PUBLIC SEWAGE IS AVAILABLE. THESE EASEMENTS SHALL BECOME NULL AND VOID UPON CONNECTION TO A PUBLIC SEWAGE SYSTEM. THE COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO GRANT VARIANCES FOR ENCROACHMENTS INTO THE PRIVATE SEWAGE EASEMENT. RECORDATION OF A MODIFIED SEWAGE EASEMENT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY. 36. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO WAIVER PETITION WP-09-043 WHICH WAS APPROVED ON OCTOBER 23, 2000 BY HOWARD COUNTY DEVELOPMENT

ENGINEERING DIVISION FROM SECTION 16.120 (c) OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS TO ALLOW FOR THE PHASING OF FOREST CONSERVATION AREA FOR THIS PROJECT WITH THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS: 1. THE WAIVER PETITION APPROVAL APPLIES ONLY TO THE TEMPORARY DEFERRAL FOR ESTABLISHING THE FOREST CONSERVATION

EASEMENTS FOR THIS SUBDIVISION BASED ON THE APFO PHASING SCHEDULE FOR THIS PROJECT, EACH SUBSEQUENT PHASE OF DEVELOPMENT MUST ESTABLISH A PROPORTIONATE AREA OF FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS AND PROVIDE THE NECESSARY AREA OF FOREST RETENTION AND AFFORESTATION PLANTING AS REQUIRED BY THE FOREST CONSERVATION WORKSHEET FOR THIS PROJECT TO SATISFY ITS OBLIGATION. THE ENTIRE AREA OF FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION MUST BE PROVIDED WITH THE PROCESS AND RECORDING OF THE LAST PHASE OF DEVELOPMENT FOR THIS PROJECT.

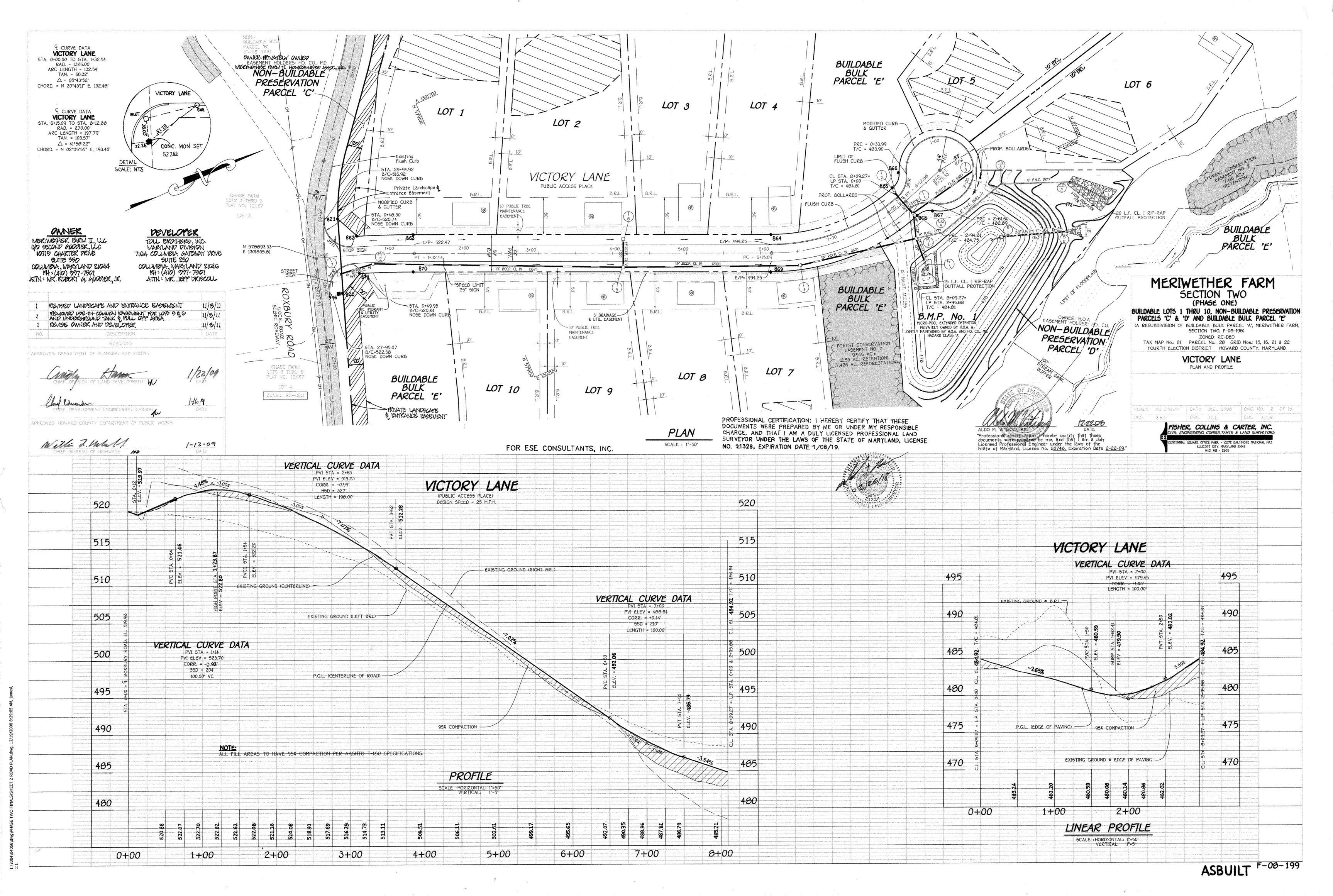
2. THE APPLICANT/DEVELOPER MUST CONTINUE PROCESSING THE SUBDIVISION PLANS FOR MERIWETHER FARM AND MUST ALL APPLICABLE PROCESSING DEADLINE DATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED APFO PHASING SCHEDULE.

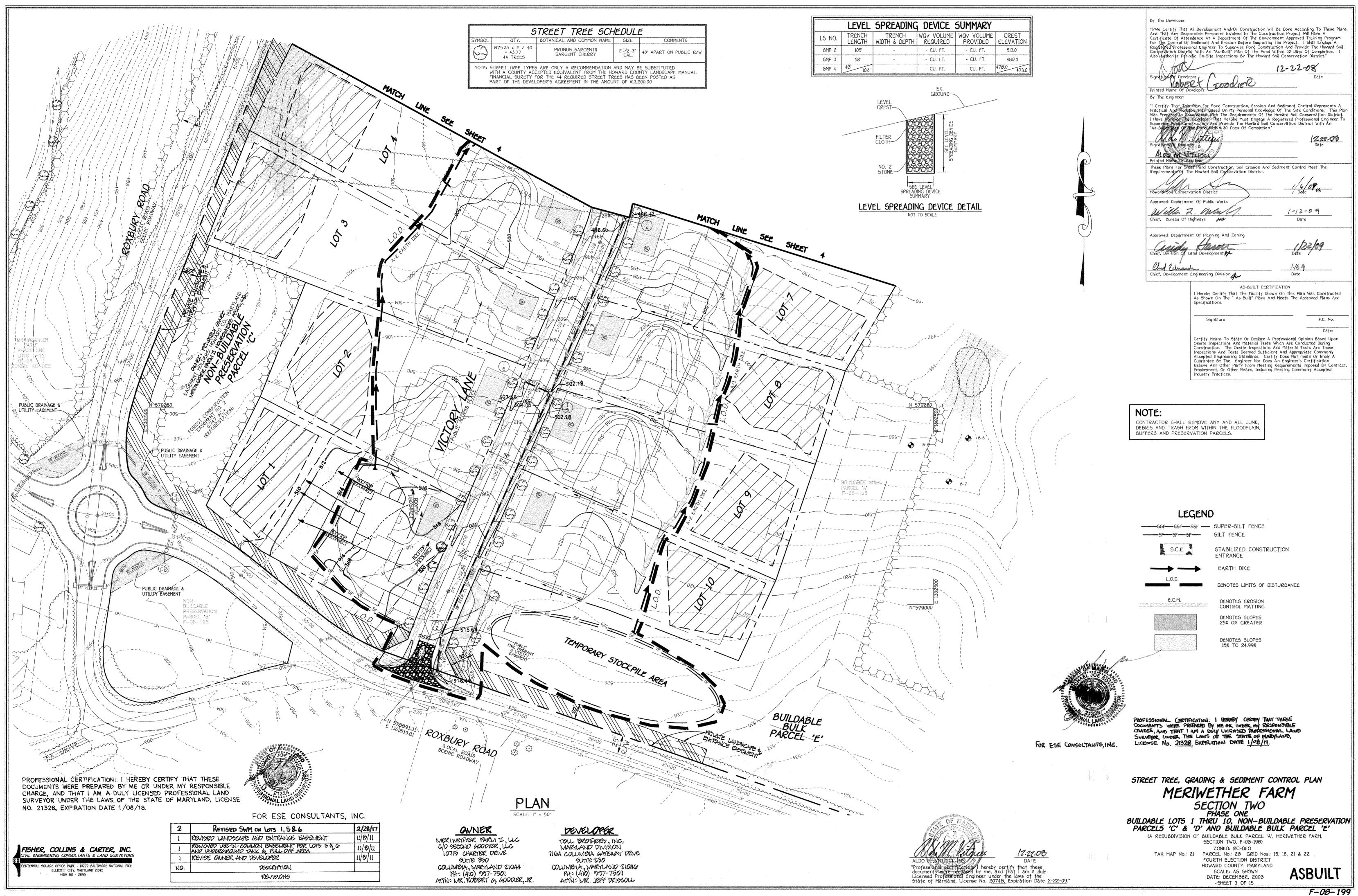
> TITLE SHEET MERIWETHER FARM SECTION TWO

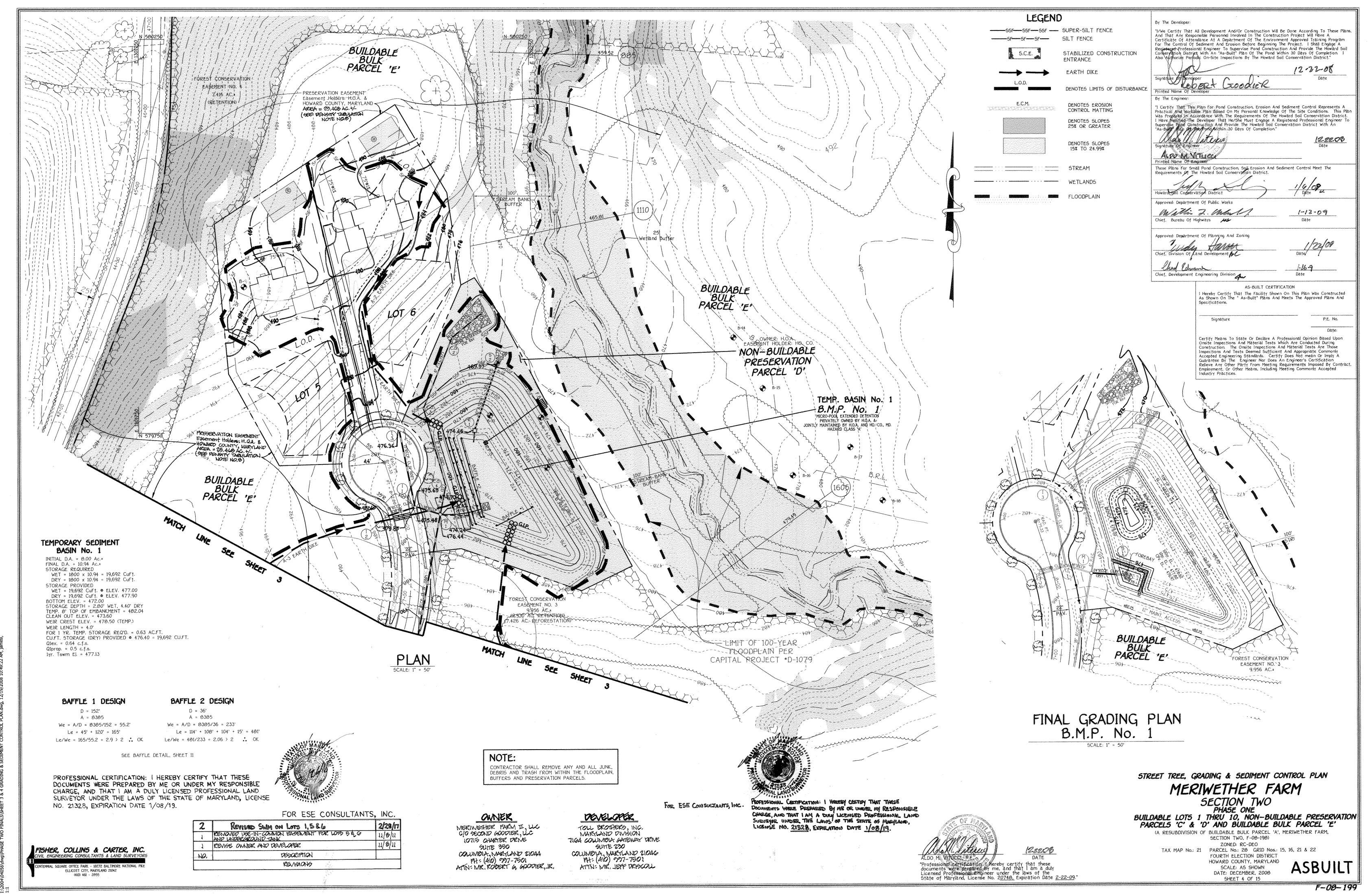
PHASE ONE BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 10, NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'C' & 'D' AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'E'

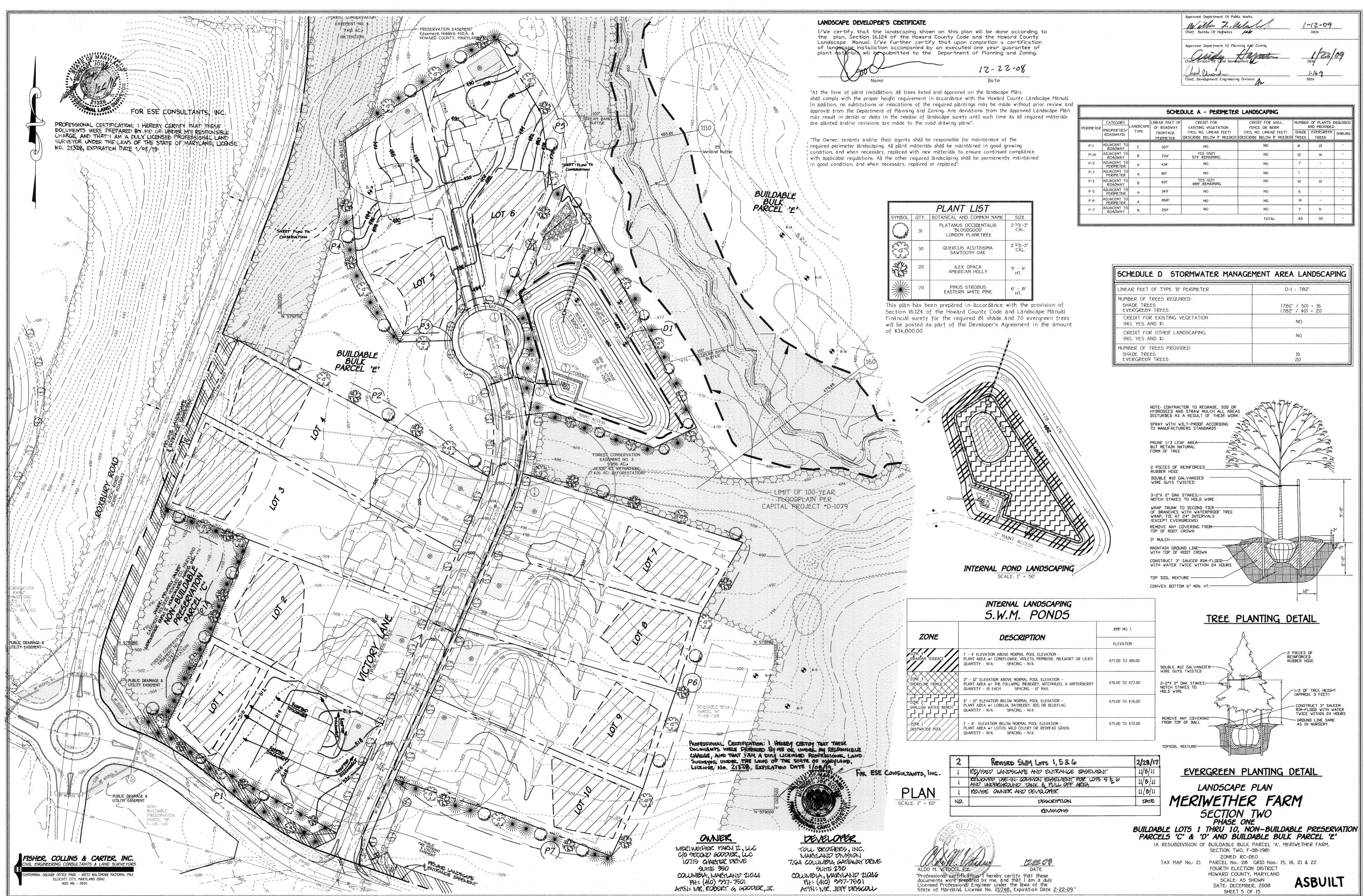
(A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A', MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, F-08-198) ZONED: RC-DEO

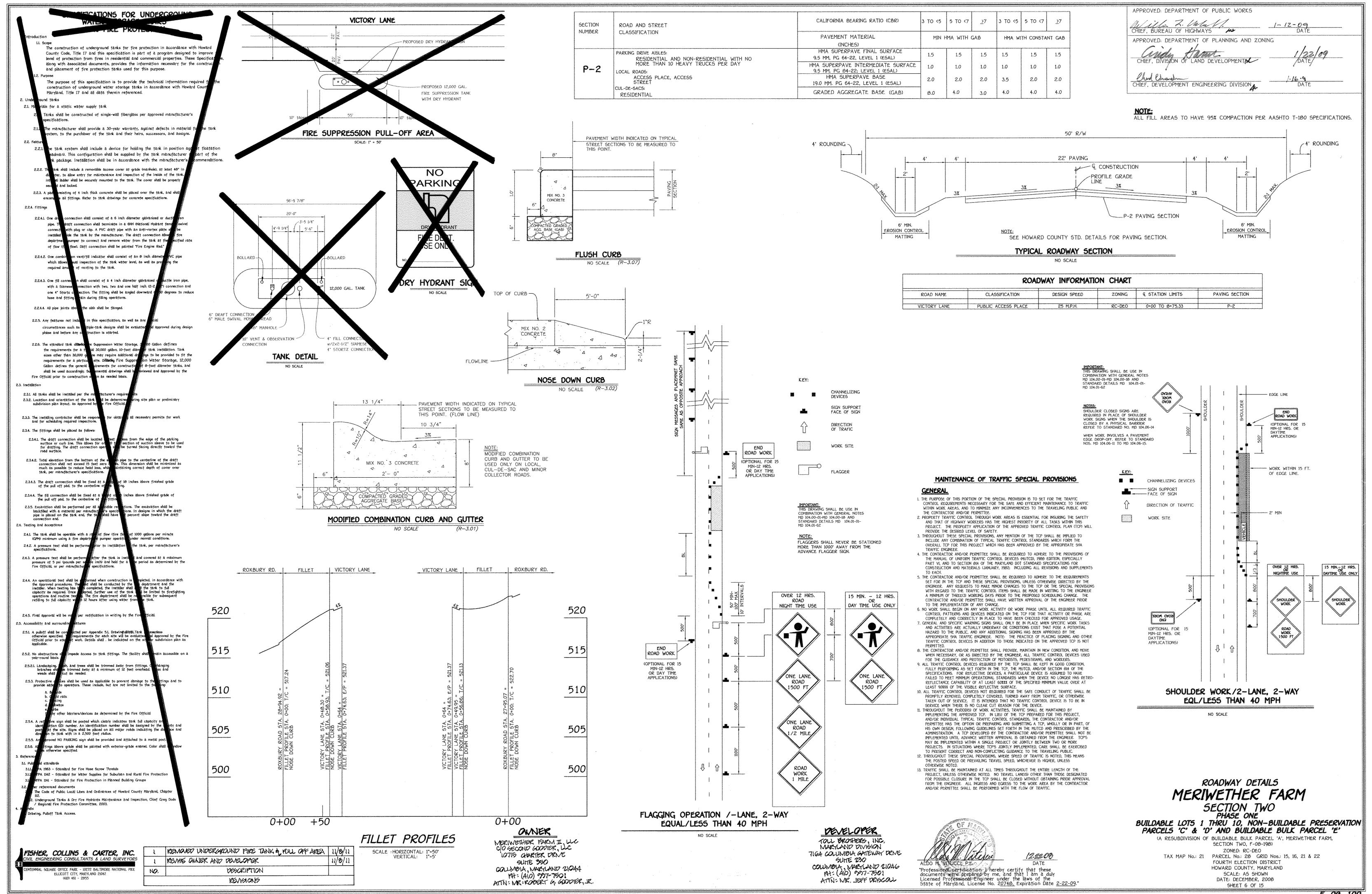
TAX MAP No.: 21 PARCEL No.: 28 GRID Nos.: 15, 16, 21 & 22 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: DECEMBER, 2008







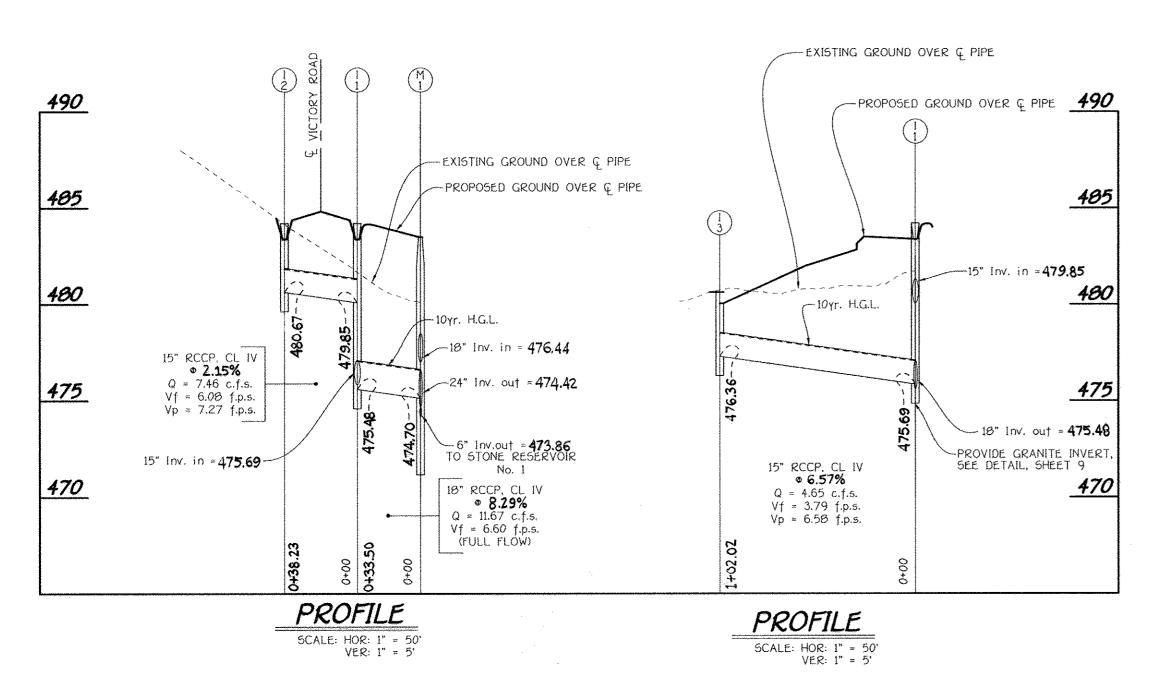




	STRUCTURE SCHEDULE									
STRUCTURE NO.	TOP ELEVATION	INV.IN	INV.OUT	LOCATION	5TATION	OFFSET	TYPE	REMARK5		
` I-1	THROAT =483.86	479.85	475.48	VICTORY LANE	8+09.27	19.0' R	'K' INLET	D - 4.12 w/D - 4.13	PROVIDE STD. MANHOLE STEPS	
I-2	THROAT =483.89		480.67	VICTORY LANE	8+09.27	19.0' L	'K' INLET	D - 4.12 w/D - 4.13		
I-3	TOP= 480.37		476.36	VICTORY LANE	L.P. 1+82.41		A-10	D - 4.01		
1-4	THROAT=491.37	486.60	486.42	VICTORY LANE	6+51	19.0' R	'K' INLET	D - 4.12 w/D - 4.13		
1-5	THROAT= 507.83	504.45, 502.28	502.18	VICTORY LANE	4+15	19.0' R	'K' INLET	D - 4.12 w/D - 4.13	PROVIDE STD. MANHOLE STEPS	
1-6	THROAT = 507.66	nor with you min-	504.45	VICTORY LANE	4+15	19.0' L	'K' INLET	D - 4.12 w/D - 4.13		
I-7	THROAT= <b>520.93</b>		516.44	VICTORY LANE	0+29	24.5' R	'K' INLET	D - 4.12 w/D - 4.13		
M-1	TOP=483.92	476.44	474.42	VICTORY LANE	7+93	47.5' R	STD. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
M-2	TOP= <b>521.64</b>	515.82	515.64	VICTORY LANE	0+77	13.0' R	STD. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
5-1	TOP=476.24	474.24		VICTORY LANE	7+85	82.0' R	CONC. END SECTION	D - 5.51		
5-2	TOP= <b>471.94</b>	469.94		N 579,846.11 E 1,302,212.55			CONC. END SECTION	D - 5.51		
R-1	TOP= <b>480.92</b>	471.70	471.50	N 579,766.50 E 1,302,185.21			CONCRETE RISER	SEE SHEET 8		

	PIPE 5CHEDULE	
SIZE	CLA55	LENGTH
15"	RCCP. CL. V	227'
18"	RCCP. CL. IV	774'
24"	RCCP. CL. IV	35'
30"	A5TM C-361 B-25	<i>83</i> '
6"	D.I.P. POND DRAIN	7'
6"	PVC, SCH. 40	171'
6"	PERFORATED PVC, SCH. 40	62'

NOTE: ROCP, CL. IN PIFE WAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH HOPE MPE.





FOR ESE CONSULTANTS, INC.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION: I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE CHARGE, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 21328, EXPIRATION DATE 1/08/19.

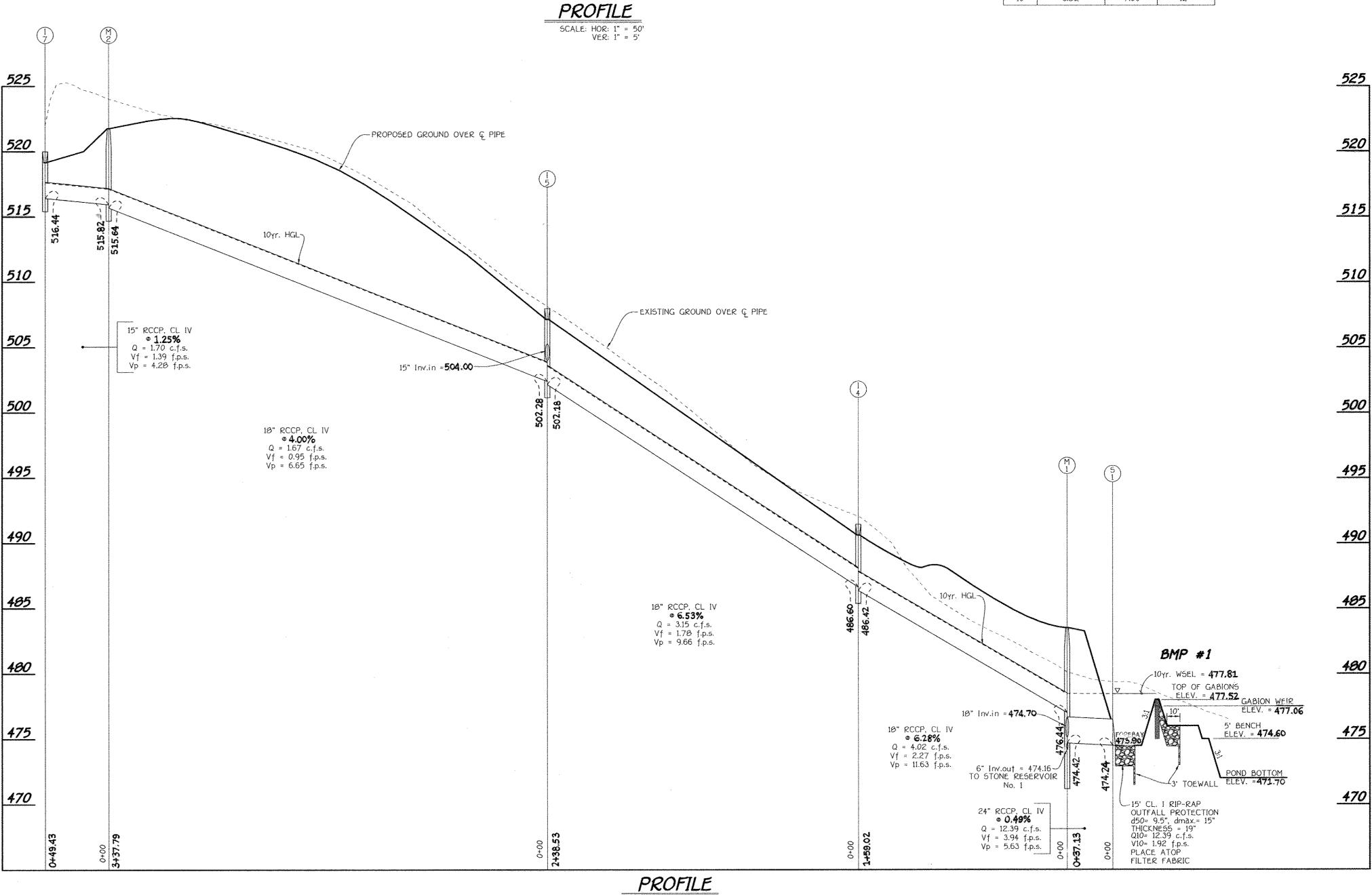
1	F15	HEI	г,	CC	LL.	INS	6	è i	C	RTL	R,	IΛ	IC.
4	CIVIL	ENG	INEE	RINC	C	วพรบ	LTAI	Y75	Ğ	LAND	SUR	VE!	YOR5
88													
1	CENTE	MIAL	5QUA		COTT	CITY,	MAR	YLAP			NATIC	NAL	PIKE
- 4	,				(4)(	) 461	- ZO:	32					

1	REVISE OWNER AND DEVELOPER	11/8/11
NO.	DESCRIPTION	
	REVISIONS	

EXISTING GROUND OVER & PIPE PROPOSED GROUND OVER & PIPE-*505* -18" RCCP INVin.=**502,28** 18° RCCP INVout.=502.18 15" RCCP, CL IV •1.19% 500 Q = 2.55 c.f.s. Vf = 2.08 f.p.s. Vp = 4.91 f.p.s. PROFILE SCALE: HOR: 1" = 50'

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION A

DR	IVEWAY C	ULVERT	DATA
LOT	SLOPE (%)	Q10 (cfs)	PIPE SIZE
į	N/A HIGHPOINT	CREST	NO PIPE
2	5.02	8.20	12*
3	7.00	9.60	12"
4	7.00	9.60	12"
5 & 6	N/A SUMP	SUMP	NO PIPE
7	7.00	9.60	12"
8	7.00	9.60	12"
9	6.75	9.45	12"
10	3.82	7.00	12"



SCALE: HOR: 1" = 50' VER: 1" = 5'

STORM DRAIN PROFILES MERIWETHER FARM

SECTION TWO
PHASE ONE
BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 10, NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION
PARCELS 'C' & 'D' AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'E'

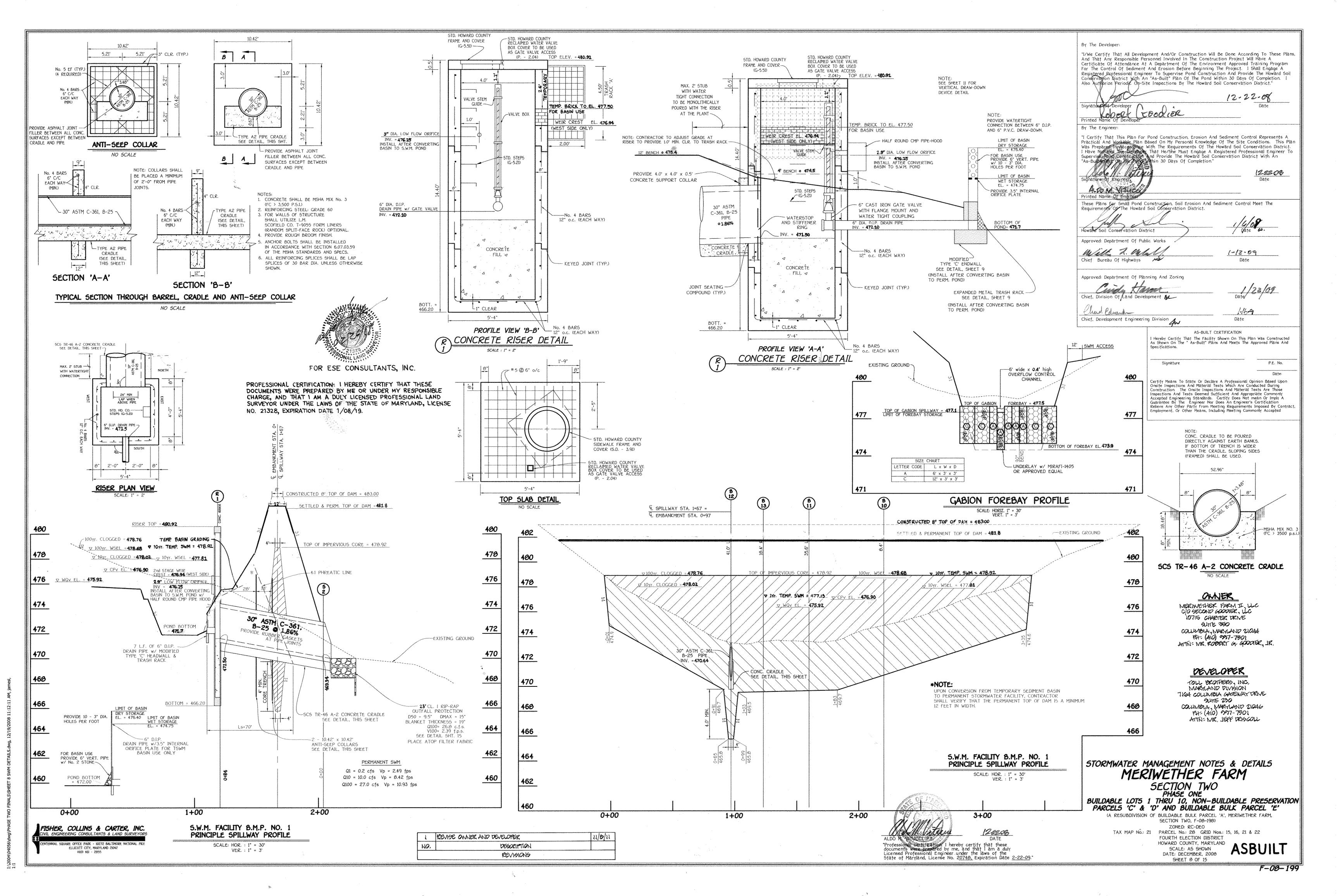
(A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A', MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, F-00-190)

ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No.: 21 PARCEL No.: 20 GRID Nos.: 15, 16, 21 & 22 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND **ASBUILT** SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: DECEMBER, 2008 SHEET 7 OF 15

OWNER MERINETHER FARM I, LLC C/O GECOLD GOODIER, LLC 10715 CHARTER DRIVE SUITE 350 COLUMBIA, MARTLAND 21044 FH: (410) 997-7501 ATTN: MR. ROBERT G. GOODIER, JR,

DEVELOPER TOLL BROTHERS, INC. MARYAND DIVISION 7164 COLLIMBIA GATEWAY DRIVE SUITE 230 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046 PH: (410) 997-7501 ATTN: MR. JEFF DRISCOLL

"Professional certification I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20740, Expiration Date 2-22-09."



#### Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1. All trees shall be cleared and grubbed within 15 feet of the toe of the embankment.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush, and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 25-foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

#### EARTH FILL

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment, and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL and must have at least 30% passing the \*200 sieve. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if designed by a geotechnical engineer. Such special designs must have construction supervised by a geotechnical engineer. Materials used in the outer shell of the embankment must have the capability to support vegetation of the quality required to prevent erosion of the embankment.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8-inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of heavy equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble, yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

When required by the reviewing agency the minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99 (Standard Proctor).

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum

Embankment Core - The core shall be parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The top width of the core shall be a minimum of four feet. The height shall extend up to at least the 10 year water elevation or as shown on the plans. The side slopes shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The core shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability. In addition, the core shall be placed concurrently with the outer shell of the embankment.

### Structure Backfill

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to pletely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

Structure backfill may be flowable fill meeting the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 313 as modified. The mixture shall have a 100-200 psi; 28 day unconfined compressive strength. The flowable fill shall have a minimum pH of 4.0 and a minimum resistivity of 2,000 ohm-cm. Material shall be placed such that a minimum of 6" (measured perpendicular to the outside of the pipe) of flowable fill shall be under (bedding), over and, on the sides of the pipe. It only needs to extend up to the spring line for rigid conduits. Average slump of the fill shall be 7" to assure flowability of the material. Adequate measures shall be taken (sand bags, etc.) to prevent floating the pipe. When using flowable fill, all metal pipe shall be bituminous coated. Any adjoining soil fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material shall completely fill all voids adjacent to the flowable fill zone. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a structure or pipe unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe. Backfill material outside the structural backfill (flowable fill) zone shall be of the type and quality conforming to the specified for the core of the embankment or other embankment materials.

# Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

Corrugated Metal Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated

1. Materials - (Polymer Coated steel pipe) - Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of the pipe. This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specifications M-245 & M-246 with watertight coupling bands or flanges.

Materials - (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum Coated Stel Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant the need for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer

Materials - (Aluminum Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-196 or M-211 with watertight coupling banks or flanges. Aluminum Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats of asphalt. Hot dip galvanized bolts may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

2. Coupling bands, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material and coatings as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thick ness.

3. Connections- All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the bandwidth. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 24-inches in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe with a circular 3/8 inch closed cell neoprene gasket, prepunched to the flange bolt circle. sandwiched between adjacent flanges; a 12-inch wide standard lap type band with 12-inch wide by 3/8-inch thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12-inch wide hugger type band with o-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2-inch greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 24-inches in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24-inch long annular corrugated band using a minimum of 4 (four) rods and lugs, 2 on each connecting pipe end. A 24-inch wide by 3/8-inch thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed with 12-inches on the end of each pipe. Flanged joints with 3/8-inch closed cell gaskets the full width of the flance is also acceptable

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seams with internal caulking or a neoprene bead.

4. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered. all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide

5. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill". 6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM C-361.

2. Bedding - Reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding/cradle for their entire length. This bedding/cradle shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 50% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 6 inches. Where a concrete cradle is not needed for structural reasons, flowable fill may be used as described in the "Stucture Backfill" section of this standard. Gravel bedding is not permitted.

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 4 feet from the riser 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (Anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

#### Plastic Pipe

The following criteria shall apply for plastic pipe:

1. Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241. Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe, couplings and fittings shall conform to the following: 4" - 10" inch pipe shall meet the requirement of AASHTO M252 Type 5, and 12" through 24" inch shall meet the requirement of AASHTO M294 Type 5.

2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered. all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

#### professional engineer will supervise the design and construction inspection. Concrete

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 414, Mix No. 3.

Drainage Diaphragms - When a drainage diaphragm is used, a registered

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 311.

Geotextile shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation. State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 921.09, Class C.

# Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish. install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Natural Resources Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

# Erosion and Sediment Control

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures.

# OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

An operation and maintenance plan in accordance with Local or State Regulations will be prepared for all ponds. As a minimum, the dam inspection checklist located in Appendix A shall be included as part of the operation and maintenance plan and performed at least annually. Written records of maintenance and major repairs needs to be retained in a file. The issuance of a Maintenance and Repair Permit for any repairs or maintenance that involves the modification of the dam or spillway from its original design and specifications is required. A permit is also required for any repairs or reconstruction that involve a substantial portion of the structure. All indicated repairs are to be made as soon as practical.

# OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND JOINTLY MAINTAINED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES FOR BMP POND #1 & UNDERGROUND STONE RESERVOIR

1. Facility shall be inspected annually and after major storms. Inspections shall be preformed during wet weather to determine if the pond is functioning properly.

- 2. Top and side slopes of the embankment shall be moved a minimum of two (2) times a year, once in June and once in September. Other side slopes and maintenance access should be moved as
- 3. Debris and litter shall be removed during regular moving operations and as needed
- 4. Visible signs of erosion in the pond as well as the rip-rap or gabion outlet area shall be repairer as soon as it is noticed.
- 5. The off-line storm drain (M-1 to CO-1) and underground reservoir shall be inspected annually and after major storms.
- NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

RISER FACE

(FOR PROTECTION OF LOW FLOW ORIFICE)

WEIR ELEV. = 476.94

1. FIELD MEASURE THE STRUCTURE

2. GALVANIZE ENTIRE TRASH RACK

OF TRASH RACK.

AFTER FABRICATION.

3. PAINT BATTLESHIP GRAY.

FOR ESE CONSULTANTS, INC.

LICENSE NO. 21328, EXPIRATION DATE 1/08/19.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION: I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE

SURVEYOR UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND,

DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE CHARGE, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL LAND

DIMENSIONS TO INSURE EXACT FIT

HALF ROUND CMP PIPE-HOOD

TOP FLEV. = 480.92

TRASH RACK 'A' DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

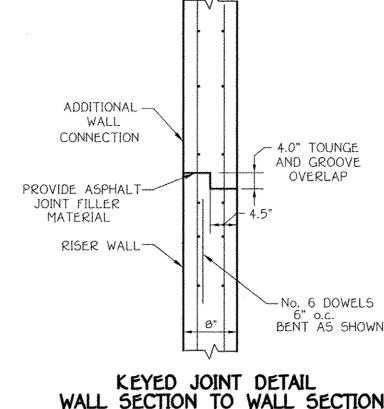
- 1. Structural components of the pond such as the dam, the riser, and the pipes shall be repaired upon the detection of any damage. The components shall be inspected during routine maintenance operations.
- 2. Sediment shall be removed from the pond, and forebay, no later than when the capacity of the pond or forebay, is half full of sediment, or, when deemed necessary for aesthetic reasons, upon approval from the Department of Public Works

LOW FLOW ORIFICE = 3" DIA.

HOOD, 14 GA

\_\_ 1/2 ROUND 24" CMP

(IN RISER WALL)



WALL SECTION TO WALL SECTION NO SCALE

EX. GROUND -

CORE TRENCH DETAIL

/4" x 4" STEEL

EXPANDED STEEL GRATE

ANGLES, TOP AND BOTH

I" x I" ANGLES ALONG TOP EDGES-

1. TRASH RACK TO BE CENTERED OVER OPENING .

3. ALL SURFACES TO BE COATED WITH ZRC COLD GALVANIZING

COMPOUND AFTER WELDING AND PAINTED BATTLESHIP GREY

4. TRASH RACK TO BE FASTENED TO THE WALL WITH 1/2"

MASONRY ANCHORS, TRASH RACK TO BE REMOVABLE.

2. STEEL TO CONFORM TO ASTM A-36.

SIDES. +3.0 GRATING.

1/2" DIAMETER HOLE (TYP.)

NOTE: CORE

SHALL BE KEPT PUMPED DRY

CONSTRUCTION.

MODIFIED TYPE 'C' HEADWALL

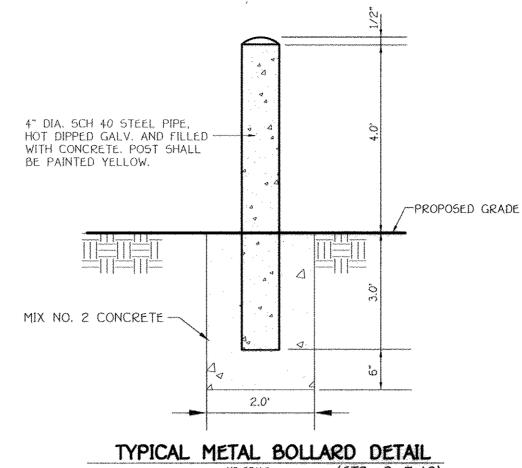
SEE DETAIL, SHEET 20

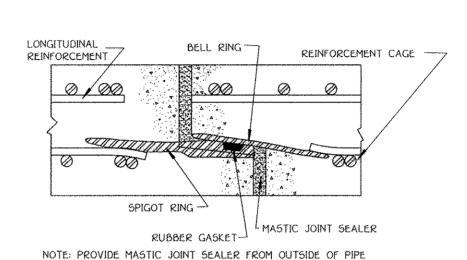
BACKFILL W/IMPERVIOUS

MATERIAL (CL OR SC).

COMPACT TO ASSURE

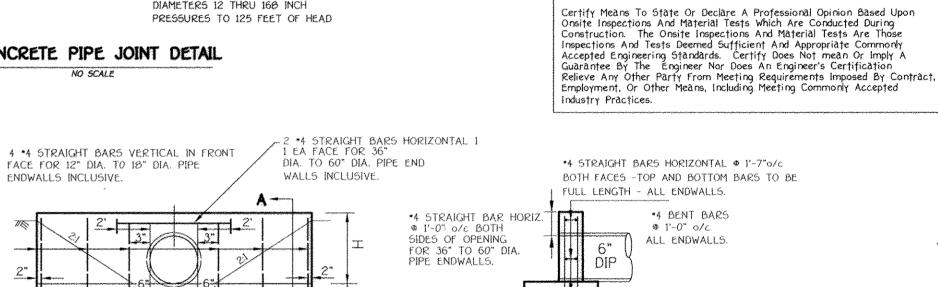
95% DENSITY -





JOINTS PRIOR TO INSTALLING BARREL UNDERGROUND ASTM DESIGNATION C361 DIAMETERS 12 THRU 168 INCH

# CONCRETE PIPE JOINT DETAIL



1 \*4 STRAIGHT BAR

HORIZONTAL-ALL END

WALLS.

By The Developer:

By The Engineer

ALDO M. VITUCCI

Approved: Department Of Public Works

Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Chief, Development Engineering Division

Chief Bureau Of Highways

Requirements Of The Howard Soil Conservation District.

rinted Name Of Engineer

"I/We Certify That All Development And/Or Construction Will Be Done According To These Plans,

Certificate Of Attendance At A Department Of The Environment Approved Training Program

For The Control Of Sediment And Erosion Before Beginning The Project. I Shall Engage A

Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Pond Construction And Provide The Howard Soil

observation District With An "As-Built" Plan Of The Pond Within 30 Days Of Completion. 1

Certify That This Plan For Pond Construction, Erosion And Sediment Control Represents A

Practical And workable Blan Based On My Personal Knowledge Of The Site Conditions. This Plan

Was Prepared In Accordance With The Requirements Of The Howard Soil Conservation District.

Have Notified The Developer That He/She Must Engage A Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Pand Construction And Provide The Howard Soil Conservation District With An "As-Builty Plan of The Pond Within 30 Days Of Completion."

Signature of Engineer Date

These Plans For Small Pond Construction, Soil Erosion And Sediment Control Meet The

Signature

12-22-08

1-12-09

Date

P.E. No.

Date:

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION I Hereby Certify That The Facility Shown On This Plan Was Constructed As Shown On The " As-Built" Plans And Meets The Approved Plans And

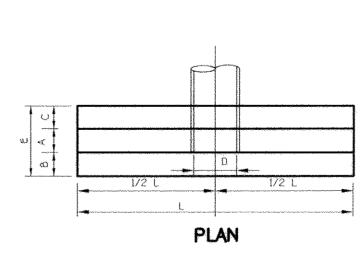
And That Any Responsible Personnel Involved In The Construction Project Will Have A

Also suthdrize Periodic On-Site Inspections By The Howard Soil Conservation District."

\*4 STRAIGHT BARS VERTICAL @ 1'-6" MIN. T 2'-0" MAX. FRONT FACE FOR 24" DIA. TO 60" DIA. PIPE ENDWALLS INCLUSIVE.

# ELEVATION

'S' DISTANCES FROM INSIDE SURFACE OF PIPE TO VERTICAL BARS IN FRONT AND REAR FACE. 4" FOR 12" DIA. TO 18" DIA. PIPES INCL. 6" FOR 24" DIA.TO 36" DIA. PIPES INCL. 8" FOR 42" DIA, TO 60" DIA. PIPES INCL



2 \*4 STRAIGHT BARS HORIZONTAL FOR

36" TO 60" DIA. PIPE ENDWALLS.

SECTION A-A

DISPOSITION OF BARS - DETAIL

REINFORCING: DEFORMED STEEL BARS (1/2" DIA.) CHAMFER: ALL EXPOSED EDGES I"X I" OR AS DIRECTED. CONC. SHALL BE S.H.A. A. MIX No. 2.

OPE	NING5		DIMENSIONS VO							STEE
D	AREA	۸	Ð		r	F	t t	,	CONC.	186
IN.	SQ.FT.	A	b	٠,	E.	ſ	H	L.	C.Y.	LDS.
6"	0.79	9"	6"	6"	1'9"	/	1'-6"	5'-5"	0.61	38

MODIFIED TYPE 'C' ENDWALL

# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES & DETAILS MERIWETHER FARM

SECTION TWO PHASE ONE BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 10, NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'C' & 'D' AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'E'

(A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A', MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, F-08-198) ZONED: RC-DEO

TAX MAP No.: 21 PARCEL No.: 26 GRID Nos.: 15, 16, 21 & 22 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN

DATE: DECEMBER, 2008 SHEET 9 OF 15

(OR OPTIONAL No. 3 REBAR)

GRANITE BLOCK DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

> OWNER 10715 CHARTER DRIVE SUITE 350 PH: (410) 097-7501

TOLL BROTHERS. INC. MARKAND DIVISION 7164 COLUMBIA GATEWAY DRIVE SUITE 230

AFTH: MR. JEFF DRISCOLL

EXPANDED METAL TRASH RACK

NOT TO SCALE

DEVELOPER

ofessional certification. I

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. L SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIK ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2855

KEVISE OWNER AND DEVELOPER 11/8/11 DESCRIPTION revisions

STANDARD MANHOLE OR INLET - BENCH HEIGHT TO ABOVE OUTGOING PIPE INVERT SHALL BE HALF THE DIAMETER GRANITE BLOCK CONCRETE MIX \*2

MERIWETHER FARM II, LLC C/O GECAND GOODIER, LLC COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

ATTN: MR. ROBERT G. GOODER, JR.

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046 PH= (410) 007-7501

documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the

State of Maryland, License No. 20748, Expiration Date 2-22-09.

12-22-00

#### DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/We Certify That All Development And Construction Will Be Done According To This Plan Of Development And Plan For Erosion And Sediment Control And That All Responsible Personnel Involved In The Construction Project Will Have A Certificate Of Attendance At A Department Of Natural Resources Approved Training Program For The Control Of Sediment And Erosign/Before peginning The Project. I Also Authorize Periodic On-Site Inspection by The Howard Soil Conservation District Or Their Authorized Agental As Are Deemed Necessary.

12-22-08 Signature Of Developer Approved: This Development Is Approved For Erosion And Sediment Control By

Howard Soil Conservation District. 1/4/08/10. District Floward Soil Conservation Dist. Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Chief, Division Of Land Development

Church

Chief, Development Engineering Division Aw Approved: Howard County Department Of Public Works

Chief, Bureau Of Highways

1-12-09

Date

VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion

Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration Olup to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc. EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY

Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth. Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone. Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

SECTION 1 - VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS A. Site Preparation i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins. ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually

iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by

approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be around to suc fineness that at least 50% will pass through a \*100 mesh sieve and 90-100% will pass through a \*20

mesh sieve. v. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means. Seedbed Preparation Temporary Seeding Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of

suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans

c. In corporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means. ii. Permanent Seeding

Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.

2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm). The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.

Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required

in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil. b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.

siiding down a sippe.

Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.

Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughout the surface. Standard (standard than 3.1) should be tracked by a diver leaving to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3" of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on

i. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.

Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used. ii. Inoculant - The inoculant for treating legime seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75°-80° F. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

E. Methods of Seeding
i. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not

exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous); 200 lbs/ac, K20 (potassium): 200 lbs/ac. b. Lime - use only ground agricultural limestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.

time. We not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and

ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.

a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil confact.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.
 b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

F. Mulch Specifications (In order of preference) Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rie or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.

ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform b. WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.
 c. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth imbiting factors.

WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. he mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phytol-toxic.

f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired. G. Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch along shall be applied as prescribe

in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed i accordance with these specifications. ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre.

iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. It used on sloping

land, this practice should be used on the contour it possible.

Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and he mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as

in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders - such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70 Petroset, Terra Tax II. Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch. iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recom-

nendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long. I. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes All cuts slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Slopes

shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15'. ii. Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.
b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.

Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as necessary. Perform final phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions int he operation of completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization. J. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches 15, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans. iii. At the end of each day, temporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner to à sediment trapping device. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4 (below).

Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area. Place Phase 1 embarkment, dress and stabilize.

Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.

Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of and placement of topsoil (if required) grading and permanent seed and mulch. any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

SECTION 2 - TEMPORARY SEEDING

Vegetation - annual grass or grain used to provide cover on disturbed areas for up to 12 months. For longer duration of vegetative cover. Permanent Seeding is required A. Seed mixtures - Temporary Seeding

i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 26 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Temporary seeding summary below, along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this summary is not put on the plans and completed, then Table 26 must be put on the plans.

ii. For sites having soil tests performed, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the testing agency shall be written in Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

Se		iness Zone <u>6b</u> Table 26	.)		Fertilizer Rate	Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	(10-10-10)	
1	BARLEY OATS RYE	122 96 140	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1" - 2" 1" - 2" 1" - 2"	600 lb/ac (15 lb/1000sf)	2 tons/ac (100 lb/1000sf

SECTION 3 - PERMANENT SEEDING

Seeding grass and legumes to establish groung cover for a minimum of one year on disturbed areas generally receiving low maintenance.

A. Seed mixtures - Permanent Seeding

i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 25 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Permanent Seeding Summary below, along with application rates and seeding dates. Seeding depths can be estimated using Table 26. If this summary is not put on the construction plans and completed, then Table 25 must be put on the plans. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, streambanks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-SCS Techinical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Plantina. For special lawn maintenance areas, see Sections IV Sod and V Turforass.

ii. For sites having disturbed area over 5 areas, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the soil testing agency shall be written in

iii. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply greaform fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 lbs/1000 sq. ft. (150 lbs/ac), in addition to the above soil amendments shown in the table below, to be performed at

Action of the control	Seed Mixture (Hardiness Z From Table				Аламинен Аменика Аменика (	Fertilizer (10-20-20)		Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	X	P205	K20	, Raio
3	TALL FESCUE (05%) PERENNIAL RYE GRASS (10%) KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS (5%)	125 15 10	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1" - 2"	90 lb/ac (2.0 lb/	175  b/ac	175 lb/ac	2 tons/ac (100 lb/
10	TALL FESCUE (80%) HARD FESCUE (20%)	120 30	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1" ~ 2"	1000sf)	1000sf)	1000sf)	1000sf)

SUMMARY TABLE #1 The following is a summary of the peak discharges from each of the drainage areas and study

Study Point	One-Year Storm (cfs)	Ten-Year Storm (cfs)	100-Year Storm (cfs)
1 - Area 'A'	0.93	13.56	29.95
2 - Area 'B'	8,58	120.37	265.51
3 - Area 'C'	1.50	23.37	51.16
4 - Area 'D'	1.60	34.54	76.92
5 - Area 'E'	0.35	7.06	15.76
6 – Area 'F'	2.03	21.62	44,79
Total Composite Release	11.7	225.4	508.6

Study Point	One-Year Storm (cfs)	Ten-Year Storm (cfs)	100-Year Storm (cf.
A – No BMP	*3,14	21.50	42.20
B BMP#1, 5 and 11	28.04	185,36	384.93
C – No BMP	4.26	32,00	63.75
D BMP #8	9.71	57.83	112.27
E-No BMP	*1.58	12.74	25.12
F - No BMP	*4.94	33.88	66.63

Allowable Release Rates:

Design Point #1: Area A: \* No CPv required. @ Design Point #2: Area B: 8.58 c.f.s. @ Proposed Micro-pool Ponds - Total of 3 ponds. @ Design Point #3: Area C: \* No CPv required.

@ Design Point #4: Area D: 1.60 c.f.s. @ Proposed Micro-pool Pond.

@ Design Point #5: Area E: \* No CPv required.

@ Design Point #6: Area F: \* No CPv required. Total Commonite From Citer 1 ... - 11 7 a fo : 10 cm - 125 A a fo /Con Fuelcond T - 20

(a) Total Composite From Site: 1-	yr. = 11.7 c.l.s.; 10-yr. = 225.4 c	.t.s. (See Enclosed Tr-20)
Micro-poal	Surface Area Tabulation Sum	mary
Location & Drainage Area	Required Min. Surface Area	Proposed Surface Area
Area 'B'-BMP #1 - 10.83 ac.	0.1083 or 4,717.5 sq. ft.	4,718 sq. ft.
Area 'B-2'-BMP#5 - 15.61 ac.	0.1561 or 6,799.7 sq. ft.	9,030 sq. ft.
Area 'B-3"-BMP#11 - 12.61 ac.	0.1261 or 5,492.9 sq. ft.	5,493 sq. ft.
Area 'D' -BMP#8 - 22.09 ac.	0.2209 or 9,622.4 sq. ft.	9,625 sq. ft.

OWNER

MERINETHER FARM II, LLG c/o second goodier. Lic 10715 CHARTER DRIVE SUITE 350 COLUMBIA. MAKYLAND 21044 PH: (410) 997-7501 ATTN: MR. ROBERT G. GOODIER, JR.

developer

TOLL BROTHERS, INC MARKAND DIVISION 7164 COLLIMBIA GATENAY DRIVE SUITE 230 COLLIMBIA, MARTLAND 21046 PH= (410) 997-7501 ATTN: MR, JEFF DRISCOLL

# TOPSOIL NOTES

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation. Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth. b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients. c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.

d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not teasible.

For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the plans. Construction and Material Specifications

Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.

Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following: i. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 11/2" in diameter.

ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified. iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1.000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres: i. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization – Section I – Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:

 On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following: a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be perscribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.

b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight. c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used. d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appopriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil. ii. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section 1 - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

V. Topsoil Application i. When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" - 8" higher in elevation.

iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seedine can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets

iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

Alternative for Permanent Seeding - Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified below: i. Composted Sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements: a. Composted sludge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06.

b. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a Ph of 7.0 to 8.0. If compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use.

c. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 square feet. square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate. References: Guideline Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding, MD-VA, Pub. \*1, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1973.

potencia na recurso	, and the second of	a di sance à	Marion William	and the second		TO SECRET SECTION OF THE		mikinde Salendar in der Albert der Salendar in	
\$600 Grand Report 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10			100 200	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	the state of the s		CONTRACTOR OF STREET	the state of the s	
3 LUGILIO 12 C		y English.	Ale (Val)		37.00274.74				
A	0.00858	5.49	63	0.18	0.28"	1.22	10.37	20.93	Bypess
A-1	0.00916	5.86	64	0.15	0.31"	1.73	12.69	25.09	Bypass
A-2	0.00152	0.97	56	0.10	0.12"	0.09	1.54	3.42	Bypass
	0.00122			10.30		3.63-	22.84-	44.35 -	27,5400
B	0.01692	10.83	66	0.20	0.37"	0.2 @	10.0 @	27.0 @	BMP #1
1	0.01032	10.03	00	0.20	0.57	476,97	477.80	478.62	APATEL III
	<u> </u>			<b> </b>					Bypass
B-1	0.12514	80.09	63	0.50	0.28"	10.16	92.34	190.84	Area
		<b>1</b>	<u> </u>			4.51	28.98 -	56.55 -	
B-2	0.02439	15.61	66	0.26	0.37"	0.2@	10.2 @	34.1 @	BMP #5
			***************************************			520.78	522.34	523,44	
A STATE OF THE STA						4.73 -	27.27 -	52.64 -	
B-3	0.01970	12.61	67	0.21	0.40"	0.2 @	14.8@	39.0@	BMP #11
						465.10	466.35	467.38	
Cumulative		****			0.25"	10.1	126.5	281.9	W. 192 M.
Total @ B	6.24220								
C	0.00998	6.39	59	0.18	0.18"	0.68	9.53	20.64	Bypass
C-1	0.01014	6.49	58	0.18	0.16"	0.62	9.15	20.17	Bypass
C-2	0.00395	2.53	59	0.12	0.18"	0.33	4.59	9.74	Bypass
Cumulative Total @ C	<del>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</del>				0.22"	3.5	78.7	217.9	<del></del>
						7.46 -	43.24 -	83.84 -	
D	0.03452	22.09	67	0.26	0.40"	0.3 @	27.5@	73.3 @	BMP #8
						478.91	480.77	481.77	
D-1	0.01366	8.74	59	0.21	0.18"	0.86	12.33	26.78	Bypass
Cumulative Total @ D					0,24"	0.70	32.6	95.4	·
E	0.00841	5.38	<b>6</b> 0	0.11	0.20"	0.82	10.52	21.96	Bypass
F	0.02466	15.78	62	0.17	0.17"	2.90	28.85	59.64	Bypass
Total Q's					nteropolica (monte ingli il <mark>iligina) alla dia d</mark> e				
to Bridge	**************************************				$0.17^{n}$	13.0	207.8	508.9	Perfections recommended
from Site									
s <del>y-100,000,000,000,000</del>			<del></del>						

"Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 2<u>0748</u>, Expiration Date <u>2-22-09</u>."

# SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1) A MINIMUM OF 40 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1855). 2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED

ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO.

3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.

ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1. CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.

5) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50). AND MULCHING (SEC. 52), TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.

6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL. HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 7) SITE ANALYSIS:

TOTAL AREA OF SITE 177.782 ACRES AREA DISTURBED 9.29 ACRES ACRES AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED 7.70 ACRES CU.YD5 10,000 CU.YDS.

OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION N/A 8) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE. 9) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY

THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.

) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER

# SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1.	OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT.	7 DAYS
2.	INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL ASSOCIATED WITH SUBDIVISION AND	
	ROAD 'A' CONSTRUCTION.	2 DAYS
3.	INSTALL STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE FOR THE SUBDIVISION	
	CONSTRUCTION, INSTALL THE TREE PROTECTION FENCE AND NEEDED SILT	10 041/6
Ä	FENCE AND SEDIMENT BASIN *1.  OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO	10 DAY5
٠.	PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.	1 DAY
5	INSTALL PROPOSED EARTH DIKES TO DRAIN TO BASINS AND	1 DU I
٠.	GRADE ROAD 'A' TO SUBGRADE.	6 DAYS
6.	INSTALL REMAINING SILT FENCE FOR STOCKPILE AREAS AND THE REMAINING	
	STORM DRAIN SYSTEM TO BE USED FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL.	5 DAYS
	INSTALL BASE COURSE OF PAVING FOR ROAD 'A'.	2 DAYS
8.	INSTALL PROPOSED GUTTER FOR SUBDIVISION ALONG ROAD 'A' AS	
_	SHOWN ON THE PLANS.	5 DAYS
9.	INSTALL FINAL COURSE OF PAVING FOR ROAD 'A' AND STABILIZE	4 041/6
10	ANY REMAINING DISTURBANCES WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING.	4 DAYS
Į()	. FINE GRADE THE LOTS AS INDICATED ON THE PLAN INSTALL PERMANENT SEEDING	2 DAYS
11	OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO	Z DATS
**-	PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION.	1 DAY
12	CONVERT THE SEDIMENT CONTROL BASIN *1 TO PERMANENT SWM	2 2,
	POND CONDITION FOR POND *1. SEE PLANS.	2 DAYS
13	. REMOVE SEDIMENT EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AND TREE PROTECTION	
	FENCE AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN UPON APPROVAL FROM THE SEDIMENT	
	CONTROL INSPECTOR,	2 DAYS
14	. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ANY AND ALL JUNK,	
	DEBRIS AND TRASH FROM WITHIN THE FLOODPLAIN,	

UMMARY TABLE #2 The following is a summary of the Revol, WQvol, and CP, Requirements:

BUFFERS AND PRESERVATION PARCELS.

dependate potentiale established	Nontractic quicels	e avoimmendominal encompagn
Re <sub>sol</sub> (Recharge Vol. for Entire Site)	5,42 scres or 0,5954 scre-feet	4.61 acres w/% Area Method & the remainder 0.81 acres by Stone Reservoir offline from BMP#11
WQ <sub>vel</sub>		·
Area A - BMP#2 - Level Spreader	0.0083 acre-feet	0.0098 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #2
Area A-1 - No BMP's	0.0915 scre-feet	Nothing required; no planned disturbance.
Area B - BMP#1 - Micro-Pool ED Pond	0.2446 acre-feet	0.2446 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #1
Area B-1 - BMP# 3 - Level Spreader, BMP#4 - Bio-retention, BMP#12 - Level Spreader & BMP#13 - Level Spreader.	1.348 acre-feet - Mostly undisturbed areas, we are providing a means of WQv for the disturbed areas.	0.05321 ac. Ft. total from BMP#'s 3,4,12 and 13.
Arca B-2 - BMP#5 - Micro-pool ED Pond	0.2193 acre-feet	0.2193 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #5
Area B-3 - BMP#11 - Micro-pool ED Pond	0.2071 acre-feet	0.2071 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #11
Area C - BMP#10 - Level Spreader	0.1363 acre-feet - Mostly undisturbed areas, we are providing a means of WQv for the disturbed areas, Lot 30	0.00956 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #10
Area D - BMP#8 - Micro-pool ED Pond	0.3686 scre-feet	0.3686 ac Ft. @ BMP Facility #8
Arca D-1 – BMP#9 –Bio-retention Pacifity	0.02486 seare-feet	0.05313 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #9
Area E - BMP#7 - Bio-retention Facility	0.0188 scre-feet	0.0247 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #7
Aren F - BMP#6 - Bio-retention Facility	0.0167 acre-feet	0.02085 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #6
CP <sub>wl</sub>		
Area B – BMP#1 – Micro-Pool ED Pond	0.2167 acro-feet	0.2167 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #1
Aren B-2 - BMP#5 - Micro-Pool ED Pond	0.3318 acro-feet	0.3318 ac Ft. @ BMP Facility #5
Area B-3 - BMP#11 - Micro-Pool ED Pand	0.2725 scre-feet	0.2725 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #11
Area D - BMP#8 - Micro-Pool ED Pond	0.4695 acre-feet	0.4695 ac. Ft. @ BMP Facility #8

Note: Os(Overbank Flood Protection or 10-year storm) is required for this site. However the Q(Extreme Flood Volume or 100-year storm) is not required for this site since this watershed area is not classified as one of the sensitive watershed areas for Howard County. Note: All of the ponds for this subdivision will manage the proposed condition 10-year while safely bypassing the 100 year Q's. The ponds are adequately sized to do so and no emergency spillways

> SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES MERIWETHER FARM SECTION TWO

> > PHASE ONE

BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 10, NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'C' & 'D' AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'E' (A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A', MERIWETHER FARM,

> SECTION TWO, F-08-198) ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No.: 21 PARCEL No.: 28 GRID Nos.: 15, 16, 21 & 22 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN

DATE: DECEMBER, 2008

SHEET 10 OF 15

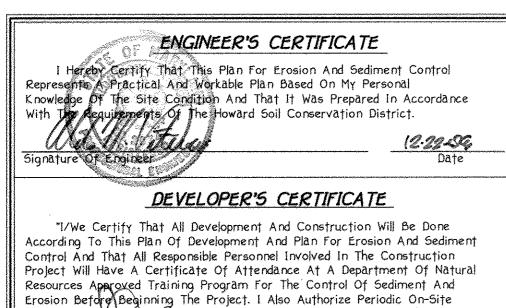
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. nial soliare office park – 10272 baltimore national pi ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2855

REVISE OWNER AND DEVELOPER

DESCRIPTION

revisions

11/8/11



Inspection By The Howard Soil Conservation District Or Their Authorized Agents, As Are Deemed Necessary."

12-22-08 Approved: This Development Is Approved For Erosion And Sediment Control By The Howard Soil Conservation District. District Howard Soil Conservation Dist. Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Chief, Division Of Land Development 1/ Date ( de la laco Chief, Development Engineering Division 4 Approved: Howard County Department Of Public Works

EARTH DIKE NOT TO SCALE b 2:1 SLOPE OR FLATTER 2:1 SLOPE OR FLATTER EXCAVATE TO PROVIDE REQUIRED FLOW WIDTH GRADE LINE AT DESIGN FLOW DEPTH CUT OR FILL SLOPE DIKE A DIKE B a-DIKE HEIGHT POSITIVE DRAINAGE SUFFICIENT TO DRAIN b-DIKE WIDTH c-FLOW WIDTH VVVVV d-FLOW DEPTH 12" PLAN VIEW FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION A-2 B-3 GRADE 0.5% MIN. 10% MAX. 

1. Seed and cover with straw mulch. 2. Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod. 3. 4" - 7" stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into the soil 7" minimum

Construction Specifications

1. All temporary earth dikes shall have uninterrupted positive grade to an outlet. Spot elevations may be necessary for grades less than 1%.

2. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shall be conveyed to a sediment trapping device. 3. Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly into

an undisturbed, stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity. 4. All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectionable material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper functioning of the dike.

5. The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections or other irregularities which will impede

6. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.

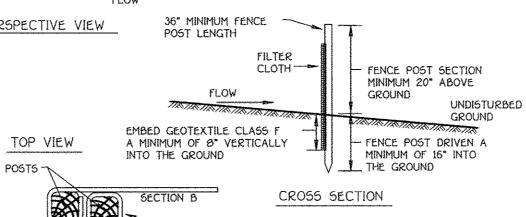
7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike.

8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after each rain event.

### 36" MINIMUM LENGTH FENCE POST 10' MAXIMUM CENTER TO DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 16" INTO - CENTER\_ -16" MINIMUM HEIGHT OF GEOTEXTILE CLASS F - 8" MINIMUM DEPTH IN GROUND 36" MINIMUM FENCE PERSPECTIVE VIEW POST LENGTH FILTER

SILT FENCE

NOT TO SCALE



STANDARD SYMBOL

FENCE SECTIONS Construction Specifications

SECTION A

STAPLE 8

JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT

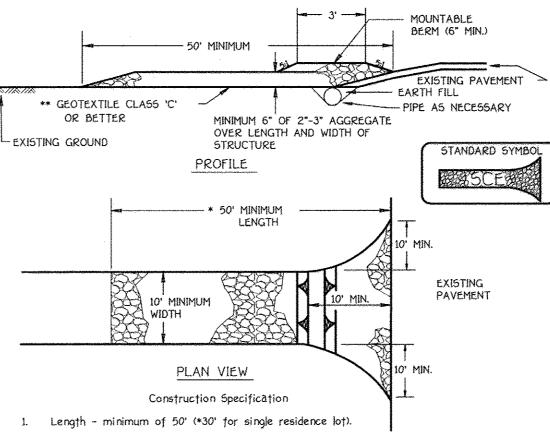
1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

50 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Tensile Strenath Tensile Modulus 20 |bs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 0.3 gal ft / minute (max.)2 Test: MSMT 322 Flow Rate Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.) Test: M5MT 322

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric



STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

NOT TO SCALE

2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning radius.

Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing 3. stone. \*\*The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use

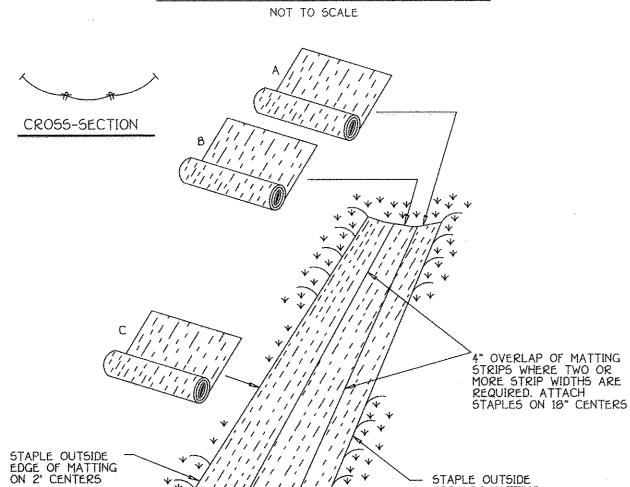
Stone - crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall 4. be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the entrance.

Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.

# EROSION CONTROL MATTING

1-12-09



STAPLE OUTSIDE EDGE OF MATTING ON 2' CENTERS

TYPICAL STAPLES NO. 11 GAUGE WIRE

Construction Specifications Key-in the matting by placing the top ends of the matting in a narrow trench, 6" in depth. Backfill the trench and tamp firmly to conform to the channel cross-section. Secure with a row of staples about 4" down slope from the trench. Spacing between staples is 6".

Staple the 4" overlap in the channel center using an 18" spacing between staples.

Before stapling the outer edges of the matting, make sure the matting is smooth and in firm contact with the soil.

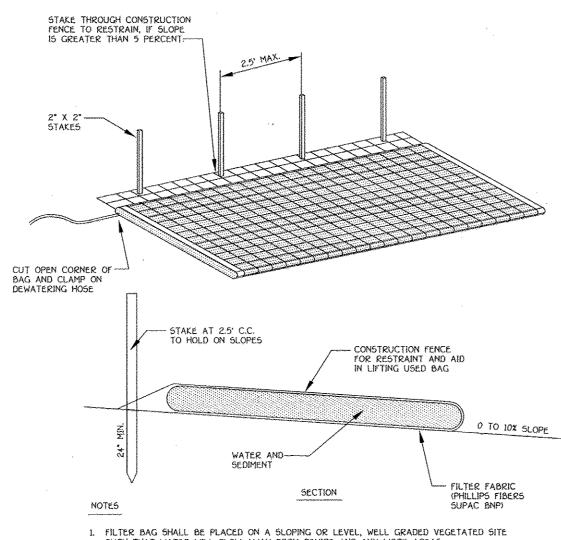
Staples shall be placed 2' apart with 4 rows for each strip, 2 outer rows, and 2 alternating rows down the center.

Where one roll of matting ends and another begins, the end of the top strip shall overlap the upper end of the lower strip by 4". shiplap fashion. Reinforce the overlap with a double row of staples spaced 6" apart in a staggered pattern on either side.

The discharge end of the matting liner should be similarly secured with 2 double rows of staples.

Note: If flow will enter from the edge of the matting then the area effected by the flow must be keyed-in.

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. VIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYOR L SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042



SUCH THAT WATER WILL FLOW AWAY FROM DEVICE AND ANY WORK AREAS.

2. WITOH AND LENTH SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE TABLE. 3. THE FILTER BAG MUST BE STAKED IN PLACE AND SECURED TO THE PUMP DISHARGE LINE.

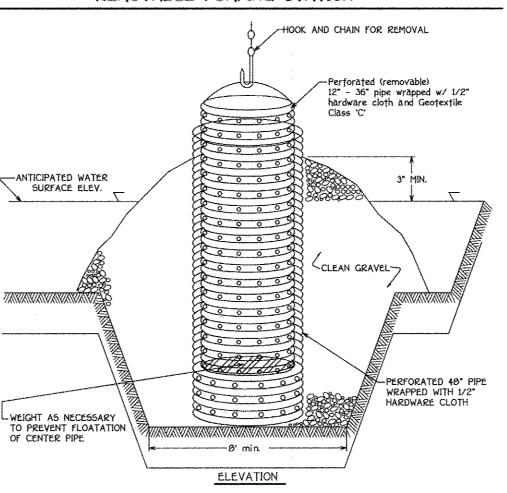
FILTER BAG SHALL NOT BE USED FOR DISCHARGE FLOWS GREATER THAN 300 GPM. DEVICE SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF AFTER BAG IS FILLED WITH SEDIMENT. 5. SEDIMENT FROM BAG SHALL BE SPREAD IN AN UPLAND AREA.

AVAILABLE FROM: INDIAN VALLEY INDUSTRIES, INC JOHNSON CITY, NEW YORK 13790

PRICE AND COMPANY, INC. A.C.F. ENVIRONMENTAL RICHMOND, VIRGINIA 23237 WYOMING, MI. 49548

> FILTER BAG DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

### REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION



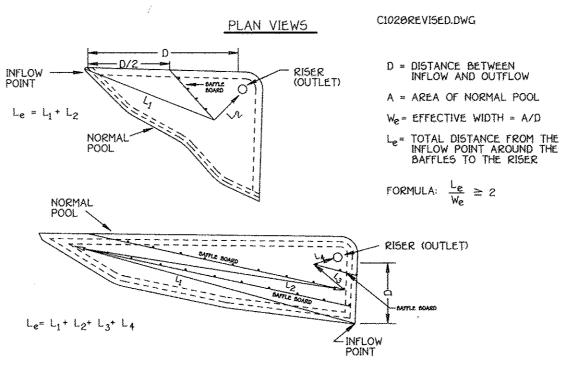
1. The outer pipe should be 48" dia. or shall, in any case, be at least 4" greater in diameter than the center pipe. The outer pipe shall be wrapped with 1/2" hardware cloth to prevent backfill material from

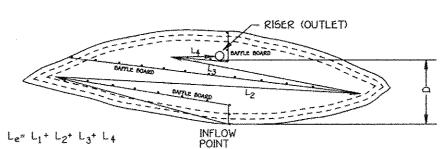
entering the perforations. 2. After installing the outer pipe, backfill around outer pipe with 2" aggregate or clean gravel.

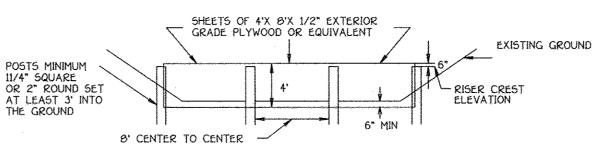
3. The inside stand pipe (center pipe) should be constructed by perforating a corrugated or PVC pipe between 12" and 36" in diameter. The perforations shall be 1/2" X 6" slits or 1" diameter holes 6" on center. The center pipe shall be wrapped with 1/2" hardware cloth first, then wrapped again with Geotextile Class C

4. The center pipe should extend 12" to 18" above the anticipated water surface elevation or riser crest elevation when dewatering a basin.

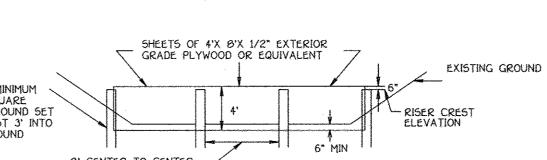
### SEDIMENT BASIN BAFFLES







BAFFLE DETAIL



# CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS 1. PERFORATIONS IN THE DRAW-DOWN DEVICE MAY NOT EXTEND INTO THE WET STORAGE.

2. THE TOTAL AREA OF THE PERFORATIONS MUST BE GREATER THAN 2 TIMES THE AREA OF

PLAN VIEW

3. THE PERFORATED PORTION OF THE DRAW-DOWN DEVICE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH 1/2" HARDWARE CLOTH AND GEOTEXTILE FABRIC. THE GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL MEET THE SPECIFICATIONS FOR GEOTEXTILE CLASS E

SUPER SILT FENCE DETAIL

2-1/2" DIAMETER

--- GALVANIZED

OR ALUMINUM

8" MIN.

2 1/2" DIA. GALVANIZED OR

-UNDISTURBED

STANDARD SYMBO

GROUND

7/8/7/8/7/8

POSTS

NOT TO SCALE

42" CHAIN LINK FENCE

-MCF 1212 OR EQUIVALENT

GROUND SURFACE

TRIKIKIKIK

STABILIZE AREA

WITH CURLEX (MIN. 36" WIDE)

TATIATIA

LAYER MIRAFI IN

WIDE TRENCH

BOTTOM OF 14" MIN.

WITH I LAYER OF MIRAFI

OVER UPHILL SIDE OF FENCE

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

SECTION VIEW

1. FENCING SHALL BE 42" HIGH CHAIN CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE

WITH THE LATEST MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

42" FABRIC AND 8' POSTS. POSTS SHALL BE PLACED WITHOUT

2. CHAIN LINK FENCE SHALL BE FASTENED SECURELY TO FENCE POSTS

3. FILTER CLOTH TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO CHAIN LINK FENCE

WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24" AT TOP AND MID SECTION.

4. FILTER CLOTH SHALL BE IMBEDDED A MINIMUM OF 9" INTO THE

SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY SIX INCHES AND FOLDED.

6. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NEEDED.

WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES. THE LOWER TENSION WIRE, BRACE

AND TRUSS RODS, ANCHORS AND POST CAPS ARE NOT REQUIRED

5. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF DIVERSION CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER THEY

190

0.3

Slope Length

Unlimited

400 feet

300 feet

100 feet

200 feet

(maximum)

Design Criteria

Test Method

ASTM D1682

A5TM D1602

ASTM D3786

ASTM D751

Virginia

DOT\_VTM-51 US Std Sieve

CW-02215

A5TM G-26

Silt Fence Length

(maximum)

Unlimited

1,500 feet

1,000 feet

500 feet

250 feet

-VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE

INTERNAL ORIFICE

-LIMIT OF DRY STORAGE

-LIMIT OF WET STORAGE

-PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY

-RISER BASE

SPILLWAY

- RISER

W/ WATERTIGHT CAP

EL. = 476.40

"DRY" STORAGE

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

STANDARD DETAILS 690.01 AND 690.02 FOR CHAIN U FENCING. THE

SPECIFICATIONS FOR A 6'-O" FENCE SHALL BE USED. SUBSTITUTING

CHAIN LINK FENCE-

EMBED MIRAFI-

MIN. 9" INTO GRD.

CONCRETE EMBEDMENT

Fabric Properties Grab Tensile Strength (lbs.)

Elongation at Failure (%)

Mullen Burst Strength (PSI)

Puncture Strength (lbs.) Slurry Flow Rate (gal/min/sf)

Equivalent Opening Size

0 - 10%

20 - 33%

33 - 50%

-TOP OF DAM = 482.04

PERMANENT POOL EL. = 474.80

TOE OF DAM

482.04

VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE-

"WET" STORAGE

50% +

RISER CREST EL.

Utraviolet Radiation Stability (%) 90

Steepness

0 - 10:1

10:1 - 5:1

5:1 - 3:1

3:1 - 2:1

2:1 +

VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE

ELEVATION

EXCEPT ON THE ENDS OF THE FENCE.

4. PROVIDE SUPPORT OF DRAW-DOWN DEVICE TO PREVENT SAGGING AND FLOATATION. AN ACCEPTABLE PREVENTATIVE MEASURE IS TO STAKE BOTH SIDES OF DRAW-DOWN DEVICE WITH 1" STEEL ANGLE, OR 1' BY 4" SQUARE OR 2" ROUND WOODEN POSTS SET 3" MINIMUM INTO THE GROUND THEN JOINING THEM TO THE DEVICE BY WRAPPING WITH 12 GAUGE

# SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS MERIWETHER FARM SECTION TWO

PHASE ONE BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 10, NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'C' & 'D' AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'E'

(A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A', MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, F-08-198)

ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No.: 21 PARCEL No.: 28 GRID Nos.: 15, 16, 21 & 22 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: DECEMBER, 2008

SHEET 11 OF 15

REVIGE OWNER AND DEVELOPER 11/8/11 DESCRIPTION REVISIONS

OWNER MERIWETHER FARM II, LLC C/O DECOND GOODIER, LLC 10715 CHARTER DRIVE SUITE 350

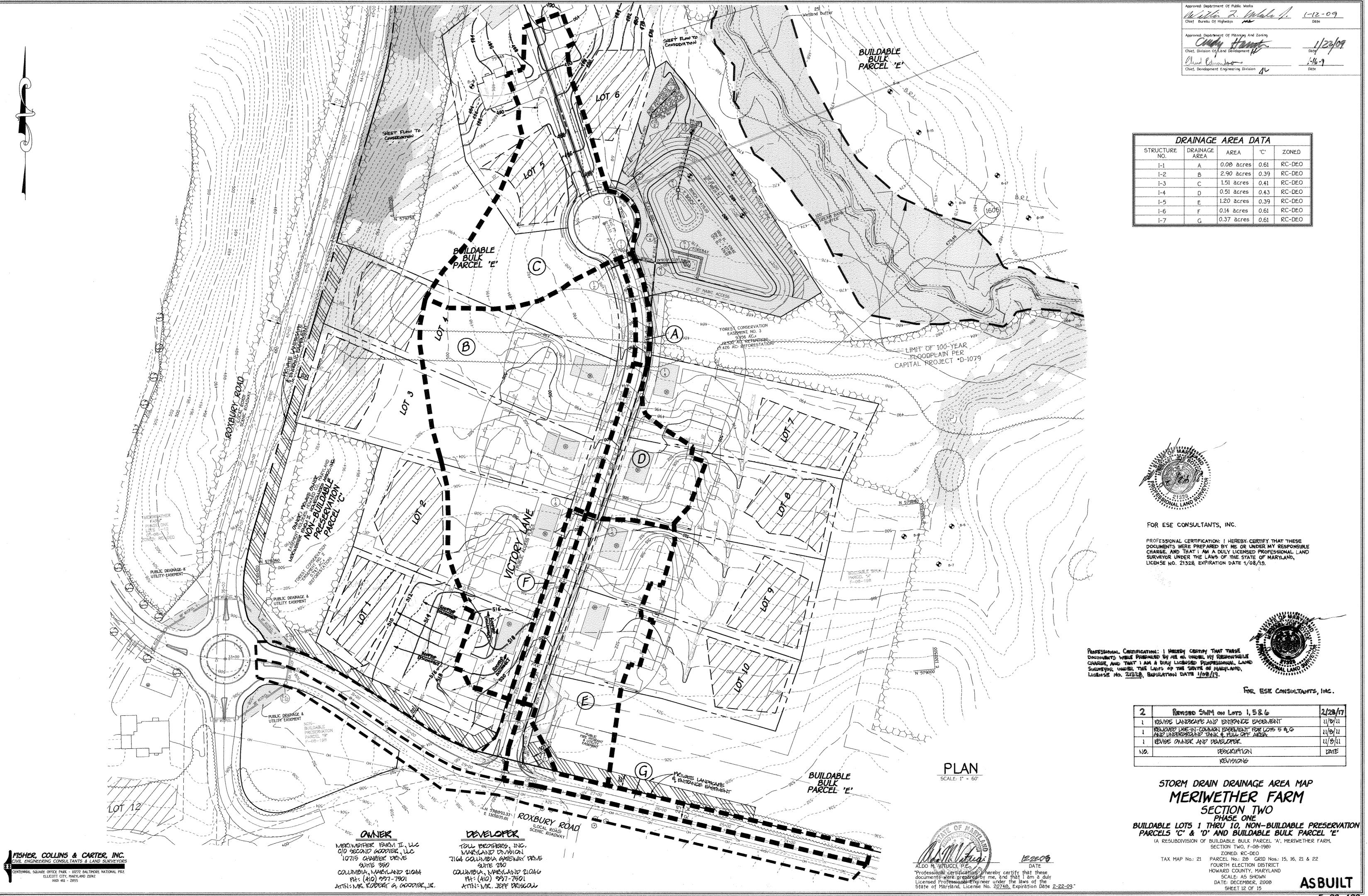
COLUMBIA. MARYLAND 21044

At: (410) 997-7501

ATTN: MR. ROBERT G. GOODIER, JR.

DEVELOPER TOLL BROTHERS. INC. MARYLAND DIVISION 7164 COLUMBIA GATEWAY DRIVE SUITE 230 COLUMBIA, MAKYLAND 21046 PH= (410) 997-7501 ATTN: MR. JEFF DRISCOLL

were propared by me, and that I am a duly State of Maryland, License No. 2<u>0748,</u> Expiration Date <u>2-22-09</u>."



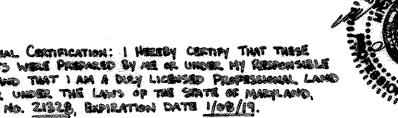
Approved: Department Of Public Works

Millian J. Mulula J.

Chief Bureau Of Highways Chief, Development Engineering Division 4V

DRAINAGE AREA DATA										
STRUCTURE NO.	DRAINAGE AREA	AREA	'C'	ZONED						
I-1	Α	0.00 acres	0.61	RC-DEO						
I-2	В	2.90 acres	0.39	RC-DEO						
I-3	С	1.51 acres	0.41	RC-DEO						
1-4	D	0.51 acres	0.43	RC-DEO						
I-5	E	1.20 dcres	0.39	RC-DEO						
I-6	F	0.14 acres	0.61	RC-DEO						
I-7	G	0.37 acres	0.61	RC-DEO						

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION: I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY RESPONSIBLE CHARGE, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 21328, EXPIRATION DATE 1/08/19.



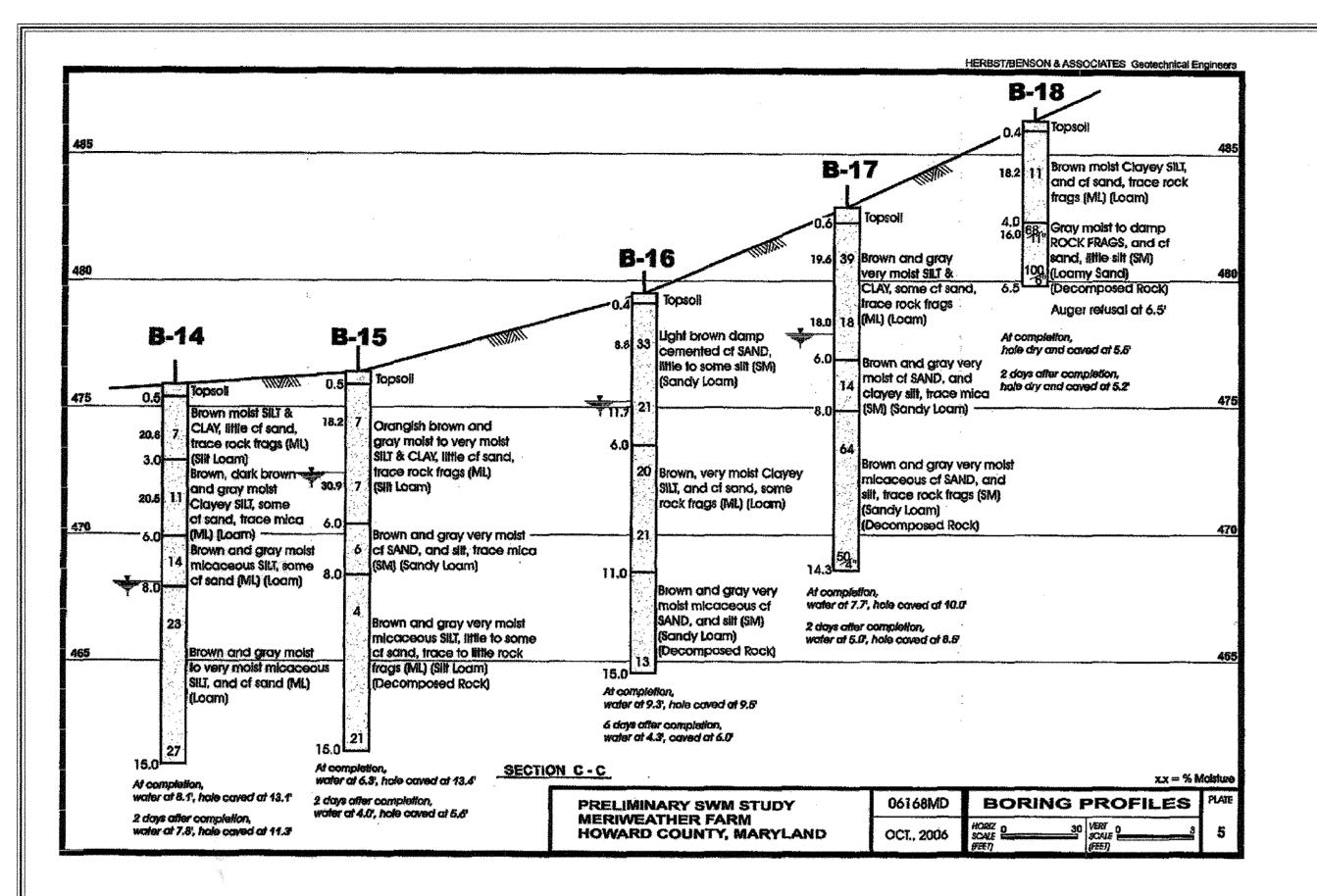
FOR ESE CONSULTANTS, INC.

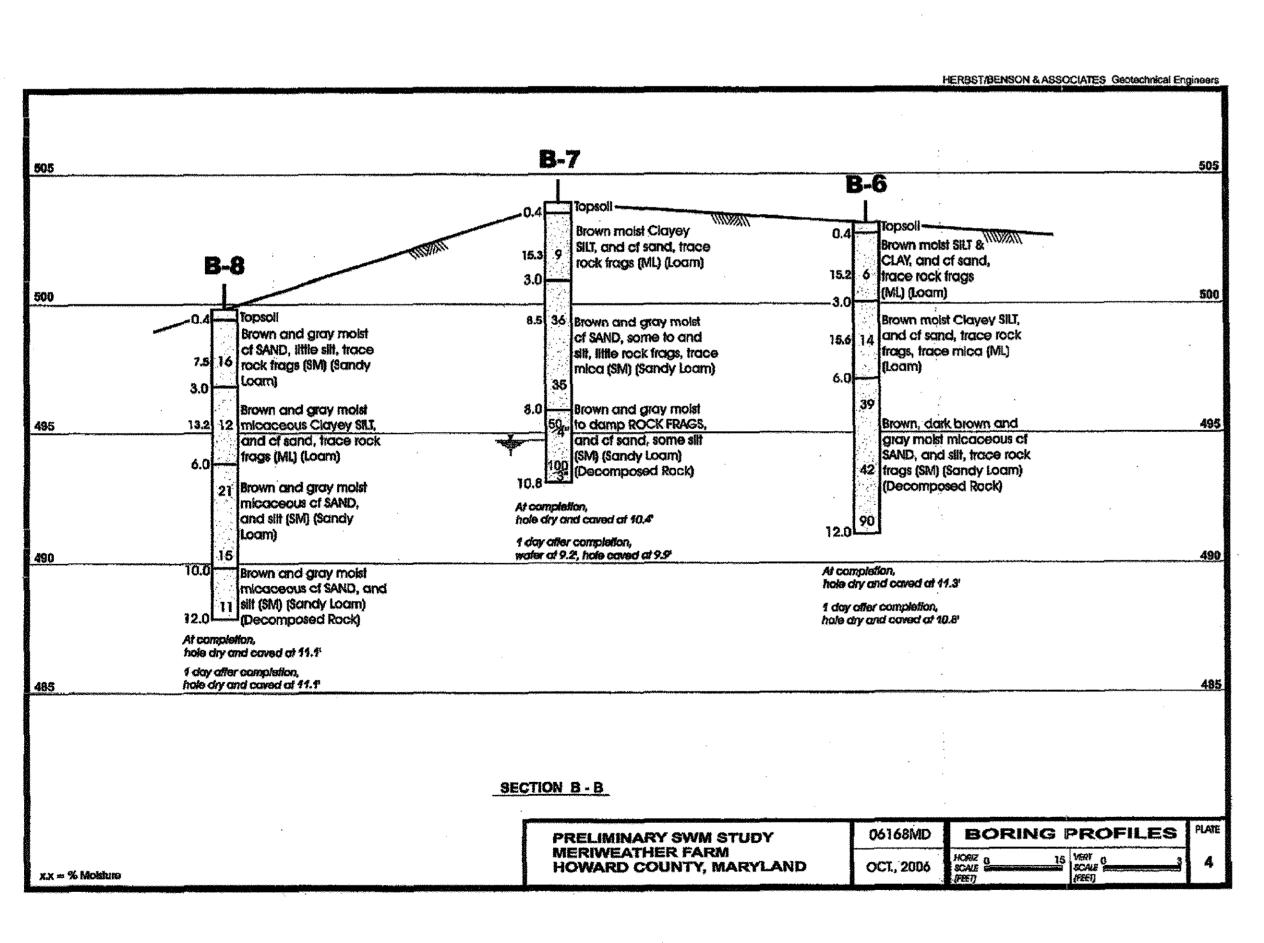
2	REVISED SWIM ON LOTS 1,58.6	2/28/17
Į	REVISE LANDSCAPE AND ENTRANCE EASTENENT	11/8/11
1	REMOVED LIVE-IN-COMMON EXCENSENT FOR LOTS 5 & G AND UNDERGROUND TANK & PULL OFF AREA	11/8/11
1	BUSE OWNER AND DEVELOPER	11/8/11
NO.	DESCRIPTION	DATE
	REVISIONS	

STORM DRAIN DRAINAGE AREA MAP

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN

**ASBUILT** F-08-199





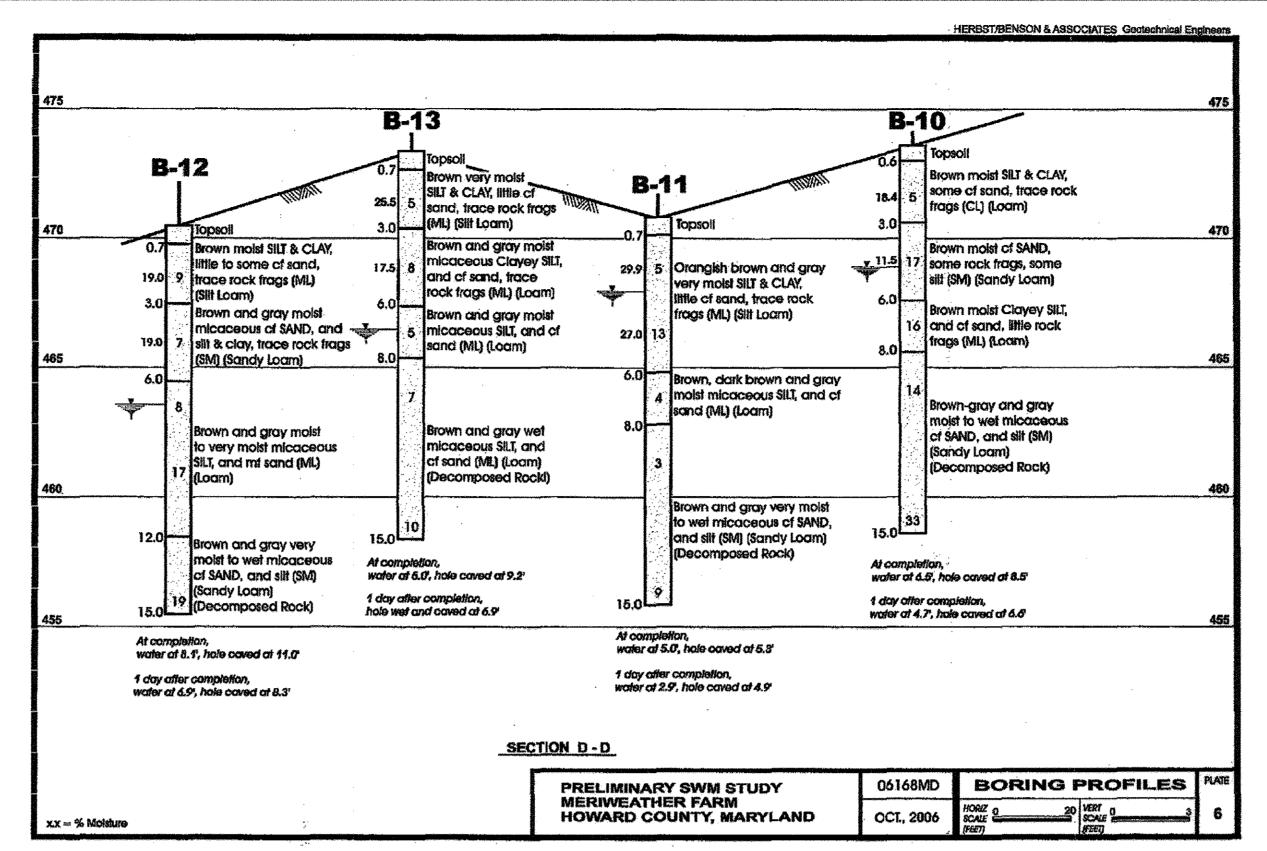
REAGE OWNER AND DEVELOPER

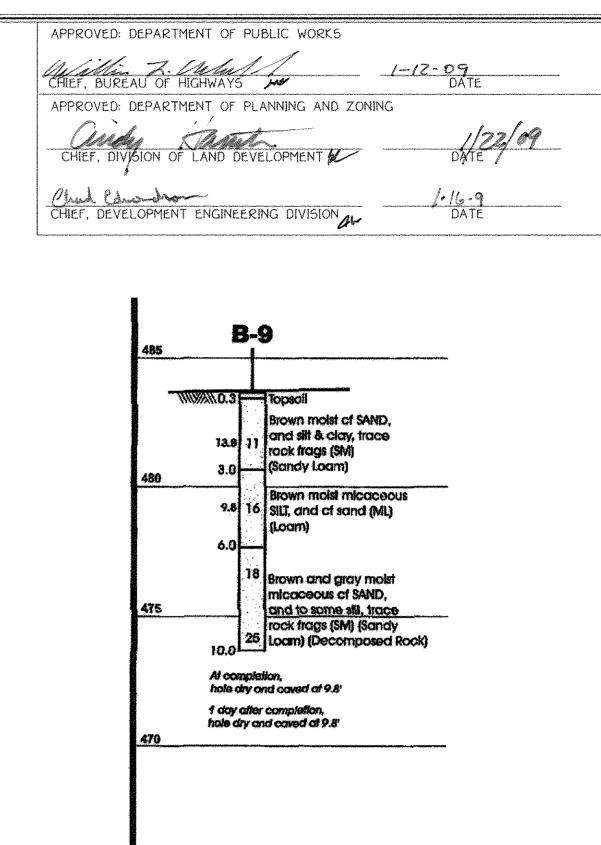
DESCRIPTION

**REVISIONS** 

NO.

11/8/11





x.x = % Moisture

SOIL BORINGS MERIWETHER FARM SECTION TWO

PHASE ONE BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 10, NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'C' & 'D' AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'E'

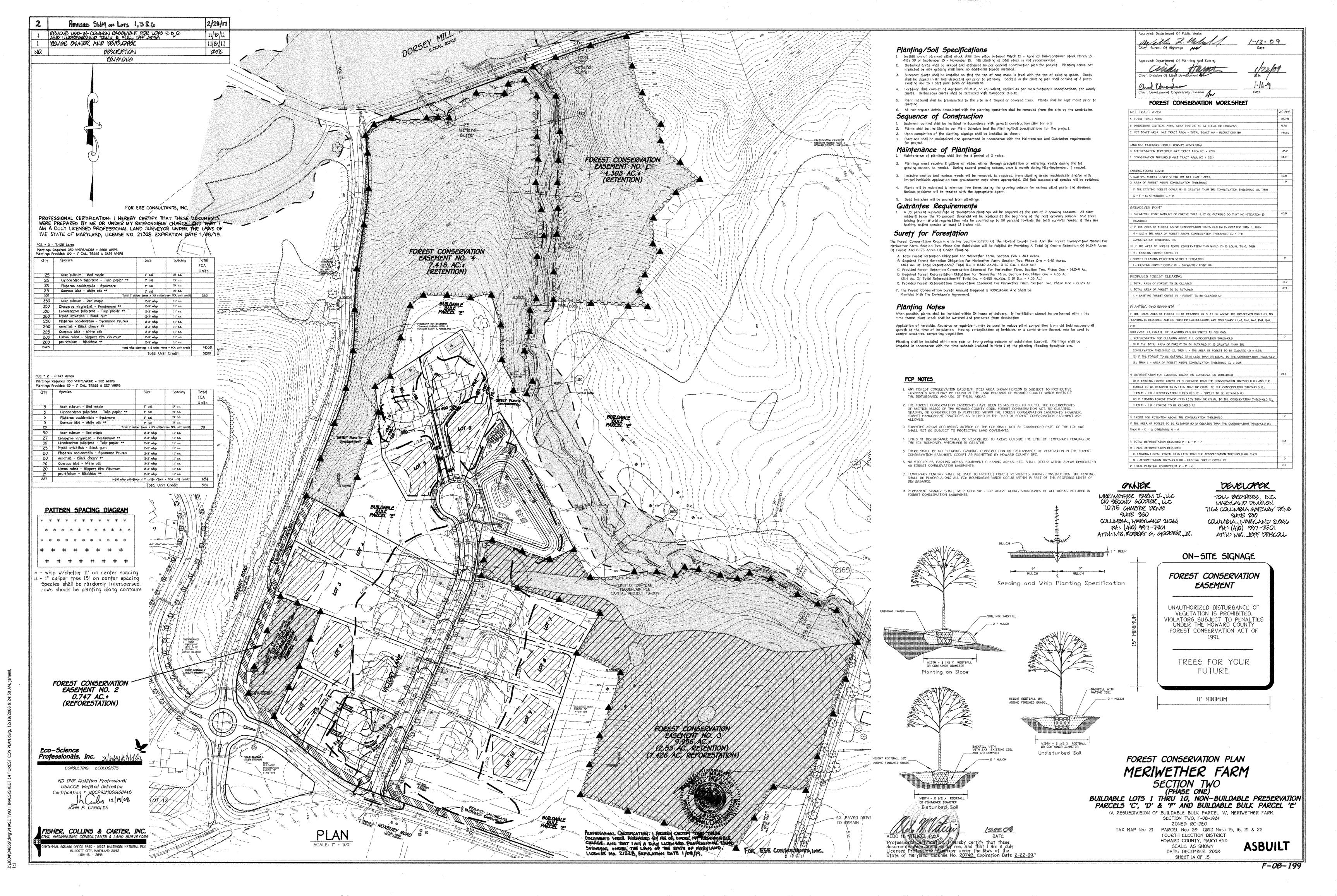
(A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A', MERIWETHER FARM, SECTION TWO, F-08-198) ZONED: RC-DEO TAX MAP No.: 21 PARCEL No.: 28 GRID Nos.: 15, 16, 21 & 22 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: DECEMBER, 2008 SHEET 13 OF 15

owner MERIWETHER FARM II, UC C/O SECOND GOODIER, LLC 10715 CHARTER DRIVE SUITE 350 COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044 14: (40) 997-7501 ATTN: MR. ROBERT G. GOODIER, JR.

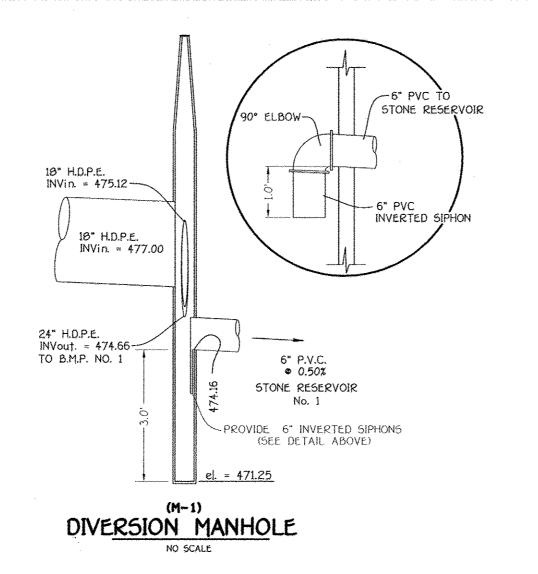
developer TOW BROTHERS, INC. MARTLAND DIVISION 7164 COLUMBIA GATENAY DRIVE SUITE 230 COLUMBIA, MARTLAND 21046 At= (410) 997-7501 ATTN : MR, JEFF DRISCOUL

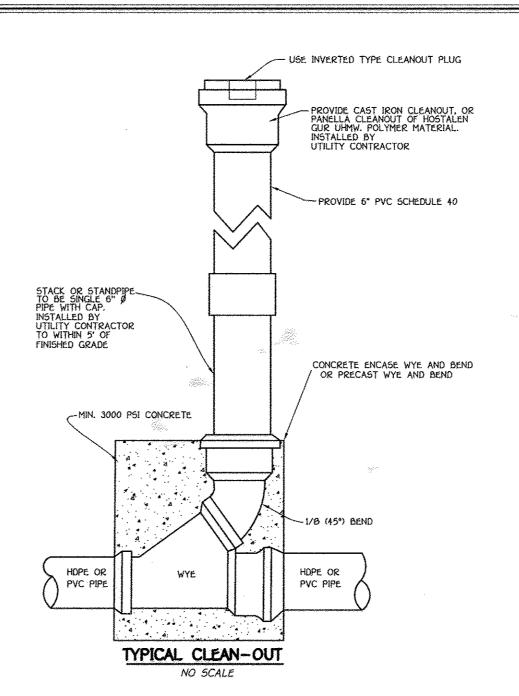
1222.08 "Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20740, Expiration Date 2-22-09."



OFF-LINE STONE RESERVOIR SECTION

NO SCALE





APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

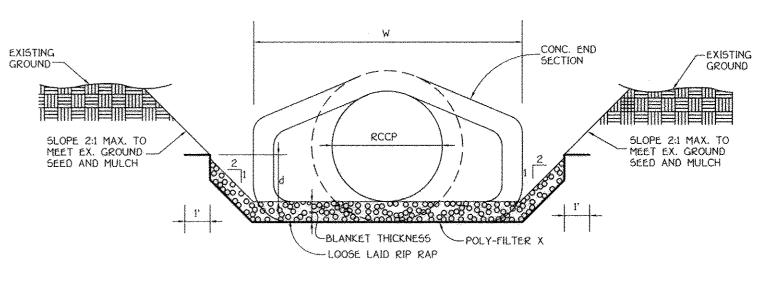
(-/2-09
CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS DATE

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT DATE

Chief, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION DATE

	CLEAN-OUT SCHEDULE											
STRUCTURE NO.	TOP ELEVATION	INVERT	LOCAT NORTH	ION EAST	TYPE	REMARKS						
C.O1	473,30	470.11	N 579,901.37	£ 1,302,189.85	SEE DETAIL	THIS SHEET						
C.O2	474.40	470:11	N 579,870.47	E 1,302,151.61	SEE DETAIL	THIS SHEET						
C.O3	479.0	471.77	N 579,780.26	E 1,302,114.86	SEE DETAIL	THIS SHEET						
C.O4	483.0	473.53	N 579,682.20	E 1,302,143.08	SEE DETAIL	THIS SHEET						



# RIP RAP CHANNEL DETAIL

<u> </u>	**************************************	<del></del>		RIP-R	PAP CH	IANNEL	DESI	GN DI	4 <i>7A</i>					
STRUCTURE	AREA	WETTED PERIMETER	R	R 2/3	5	5 1/2	W	d	N	V10 (f.p.s.)	Q10 (c.f.s.)	RIP-RA D 50	P SIZE D <sub>MAX</sub>	BLANKET THICKNESS
5-1	6.48	10.40	0.6231	0.7284	0.0050	0.0707	7.0'	0.76	0.04	1.92	12.39	9.5"	15"	19"
5-2	11.22	12.92	0.8684	0.9098	0.0050	0.0707	<b>න.0</b> '	1.10'	0.04	* 2.39	* 26.8	9.5"	15"	19"

# \* - DENOTES 100-YEAR Q DESIGN

# CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR RIP-RAP OUTFALLS

- The subgrade for the filter, riprap or gabion shall be prepared to the required lines and grades. Any fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding undisturbed material.
- The rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when installed respectively in the riprap or filter.
- 3. Filter cloth shall be protected from punching, cutting or tearing. Any damage other than an occasional shall hole shall be repaired by placing another piece of cloth over the damaged part or by completely replacing the cloth. All overlaps whether for repairs or for joining two pieces of cloth shall be a minimum of one foot.
- 4. Stone for the riprap or gabion outlets may be placed by equipment. Both shall each be constructed to the full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid displacement of underlying materials. The stone for riprap or gabion outlets shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure that it is reasonably homogenous with the smaller stones and spalls filling the voids between the larger stones. Riprap shall be placed in a manner to prevent damage to the filter blanket or filter cloth. Hand placement will be required to the extent necessary to prevent damage to the permanent works.

### 18" Inv.in = 475.12  24" Inv.out = 474.66  #### 18" RCCP, CL IV  3' SEDIMENTATION CHAMBER  ###################################	6" P.V.C., SCH. 40 • 1.72% (37')	6" P.V.C., 5  • 1.72 (102")	ROUND	471.77		STONE RESERVOI No. 1	NOTE:  WRAP PERF. PIPE W/ 1/4" MESH (4 x 4) OR SMALLER GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH  ON TOP AND SIDES BOTT EL. = 464.11	477 474 471 468
465	(37')					00+0	DUTT EL. = 404.11	465
462				6	" P.V.C., SCH. 40 © 1.72% (97')	6" P.V.C., SCH. 40 (PERFORATED) © 0.0% (49')	NOTE: NO FILTER CLOTH IS REQUIRED ALONG THE BOTTOM OF THE STONE RESERVOIR.	462
0+00 0+	<u> </u> +50	1+00	1+50	2+00	2+50	3+00		<del></del>

OFF-LINE STONE RESERVOIRS FOR REV REQUIREMENT

SCALE: HOR.: 1" = 30"

VER.: 1" = 3'

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

CENTENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042
(410) 461 - 2855

1 REVISE OWNER AND DEVELOPER 11/8/11
NO. DESCRIPTION REVISIONS

MERIWATHER FARM II, LLC
C/O SECOND GODDIER, LLC
10715 CHARTER DRIVE
GUITE 350
COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044
PH: (410) 997-7501
ATTN: MR, ROBERT G, GODDIER, JR,

DEVELOPER
TOUL BROTHERS, INC.
MARYLAND DIVISION
7164 COLUMBIA GATEMAY DRIVE
SUITE 230
COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046
RH: (410) 997-7501
ATTN: MR. JEFF DESCOLL

ALDO M. VITUECT PE DATE

"Professional certifications hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20748, Expiration Date 2-22-09."

STONE RESERVOIR PROFILE & DETAILS

MERIWETHER FARM

SECTION TWO

PHASE ONE BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 10, NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'C' & 'D' AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'E'

(A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A', MERIWETHER FARM,

SECTION TWO, F-08-198)

ZONED: RC-DEO

TAX MAP No.: 21 PARCEL No.: 20 GRID Nos.: 15, 16, 21 & 22

FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SCALE: A5 SHOWN

DATE: DECEMBER, 2008

SHEET 15 OF 15