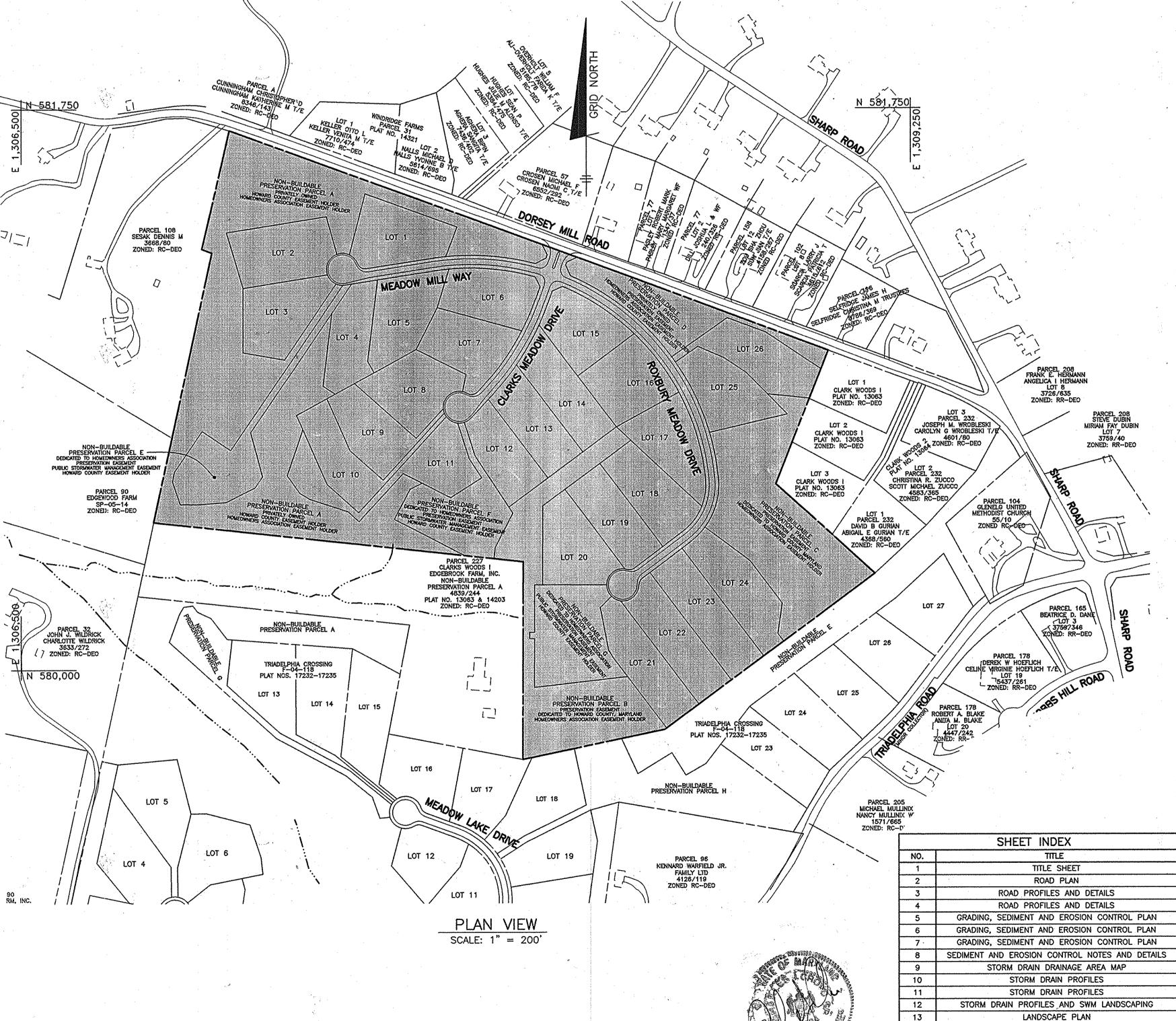
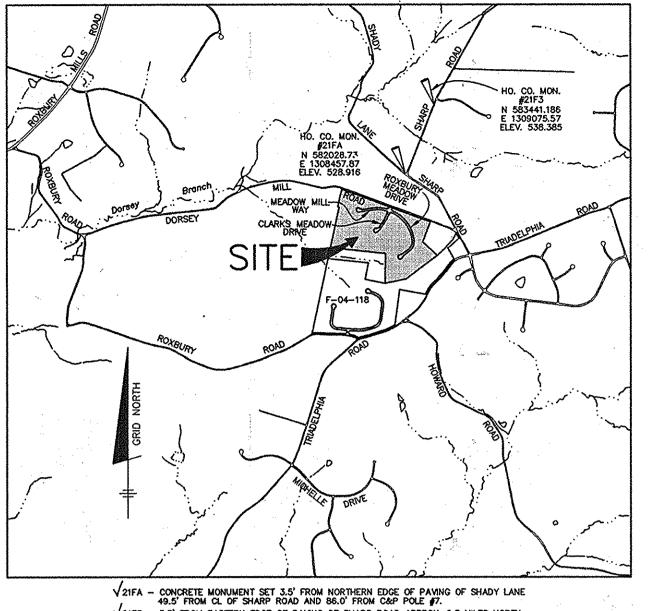
CLARKS MEADOW

LOTS 1 - 26 NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'G' FOREST MITIGATION BANK

ROADS, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND STORM DRAIN CONSTRUCTION PLANS





SITE ANALYSIS DATA CHART

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	GENERAL SITE DATA	
٠,	1.) PRESENT ZONING:	RC-DEO
,	2.) APPLICABLE DPZ FILE REFERENCES:	RE-04-06, RE-05-01, RE-05-03R
	3.) PROPOSED USE OF SITE:	F-04-159, F-05-24, F-05-77S RESIDENTIAL
	4.) PROPOSED WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS:	(SFD) PRIVATE
	AREA TABULATION	
	1.) GROSS TRACT AREA	. 53.87±
	2.) AREA WITHIN 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN	
	3.) TOTAL AREA OF 25% OR GREATER STEEP SLOPES	
	4.) NET TRACT AREA	_ 53.87 AC.±
	5.) TOTAL NUMBER OF LOTS ALLOWED PER ZONING 1 UNIT PER 4.25 GROSS ACRES 1 UNIT PER 2 NET ACRES (MAX)	. 12 . 26
	6.) TOTAL NUMBER OF RESIDENTIAL UNITS/LOTS PROPOSED ON THIS SUBMISSION	26
	7.) AREA OF CLUSTER LOTS	_ 28.45 AC.±
	8.) AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS_	_ 22.61 AC.±
٠.	9.) AREA OF BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS	. N/A
	10.) AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS	- N/A
	11.) AREA OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS	. N/A
	12.) AREA OF ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY	_ 2.81 AC.±
	13.) OPEN SPACE ON-TOTAL SITE*	. N/A
	14.) AREA OF RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE REQUIRED	N/A
	*5% OF GROSS REQUIRED (2.69 AC.±) OR NONE IF THE IS DEDICATED TO THE HOA OR HOWARD COUNTY.	E PRES. PARCEL

PARCELS 'B' AND 'C' SHALL BE DEDICATED TO HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

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>				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
NO.	DATE			REVIS	ION		
į.	E	SINEERS A LAND SUNCE NOTICE INC. 8480 BALTIMORE NATIO	RING, IN	C.		Sonali	Masa 12/23/05

OWNER/DEVELOPER:

DESIGN: DBT | DRAFT: DBT

FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN AND FOREST MITIGATION BANK FOREST CONSERVATION NOTES AND DETAILS

> STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS FACILITY #1 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS FACILITY #2

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS FACILITY #3

SOIL BORING LOGS

17

CLARKS MEADOW LOTS 1-26 NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'G' FOREST MITIGATION BANK

A RESUBDIVISION OF CLARKS WOODS I, LOT 4, PLAT NO. 14203 DORSEY MILL, LLC C/O JAMES H. SELFRIDGE BUILDERS, INC. ZONED: RC-DEO ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 4 14045 GARED DRIVE HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738

CHECK: CAM

TITLE SHEET JANUARY, 2006 PROJECT NO. 1736

AG-BUILT F-06-29

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

GENERAL NOTES

9.) THERE ARE NO EXISTING RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES LOCATED ON THIS SITE.

10.) THERE ARE NO BURIAL GROUNDS, CEMETERIES OR HISTORIC STRUCTURES LOCATED ON THE

11.) THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY MARS GROUP IN FEBRUARY. 2003

8.) SEWER IS PRIVATE.

2.) THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE FIFTH (5th) EDITION OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AS AMENDED AS THE PRELIMINARY PLAN RECEIVED SIGNATURE APPROVAL

ON 11-03-2003. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH COUNCIL BILL 50-2001 WHICH AMENDS PORTIONS OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS AS A CONSEQUENCE FOR NOT HAVING PRELIMINARY PLAN APPROVAL PRIOR TO 11-1-2001. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION ON THESE LOTS MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACK AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMISSION OF THE BUILDING OR GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION.

6.) BOUNDARY IS BASED FROM THE RECORD PLAT ENTITLED "CLARKS WOODS 1, LOT 4 AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL A" DATED JANUARY 27, 2000 AND RECORDED AS PLAT NUMBER 14203 ON MAY 4, 2000

13.) THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY HILLIS CARNES ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC. IN MAY, 2001 FOR BORINGS 1, 2 AND 3. THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR BORINGS 4, 5, 6 AND 7 AND THE ADDITIONAL IN-SITU TESTING OF BORINGS 1, 2 AND 3 WAS PREPARED BY HILLIS CARNES ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC. IN ACCOUNTY OF BORINGS 1, 2 AND 3 WAS PREPARED BY HILLIS CARNES ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC. IN ACCOUNTY OF BORINGS 1, 2 AND 3 WAS PREPARED BY HILLIS CARNES ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

THIS AREA DESIGNATES A PRIVATE SEWERAGE EASEMENT OF 10,000 SQUARE FEET
AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT FOR INDIVIDUAL
SEWERAGE DISPOSAL. IMPROVEMENTS OF ANY NATURE IN THIS AREA IS RESTRICTED UNTIL
PUBLIC SEWER IS AVAILABLE. THIS EASEMENT SHALL BECOME NULL AND VOID UPON CONNECTION
TO A PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEM. THE COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY
TO GRANT ADJUSTMENTS TO THE PRIVATE SEWERAGE EASEMENT. RECORDATION
OF A MODIFIED SEWERAGE EASEMENT PLAT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY.

RURAL CHARACTER OF DORSEY MILL ROAD BY PROVIDING AFFORESTATION, LANDSCAPING AND STREET TREES ALONG THE PROPERTY FRONTAGE AND TO PRESERVE ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS INCLUDING WETLANDS, WETLANDS BUFFERS AND STREAM BUFFERS. IT WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED. IT IS ENCUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH HOWARD COUNTY AND THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION. THIS

PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' AND 'C' ARE PROPOSED AS NON-BUILDABLE PARCELS TO PRESERVE

EXISTING FOREST AND TO PROVIDE AFFORESTATION. THEY WILL BE DEDICATED TO HOWARD COUNTY. THEY ARE ENCUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION. THIS AGREEMENT PROHIBITS FURTHER SUBDIVISION OF THE PARCEL, OUTLINES THE MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES OF ITS

PRESERVATION PARCELS 'E', 'F' AND 'G' ARE PROPOSED AS NON-BUILDABLE PARCELS FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES AS A REQUIREMENT TO CONTROL STORMWATER RUNOFF. THEY WILL BE OWNED BY THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION. THEY APT FNOUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH HOWARD COUNTY. THIS AGREEMENT PROHIBITS FURDING. SUBDIVISION OF THE PARCEL, OUTLINES THE MAINTENANCE

20.) STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SHALL BE PROVIDED BY 3 EXTENDED DETENTION FACILITIES WITH MICRO-POOL, NATURAL AREA CONSERVATION CREDIT, SHEETFLOW TO BUFFER CREDIT AND NON-ROOFTOP DISCONNECTION CREDIT. FACILITIES SHALL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF ITS OWNER AND ENUMERATES THE USES PERMITTED ON THE PROPERTY.

21.) THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND FOREST CONSERVATION ACT. NO CLEARING, GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT; HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION

22.) THE TOTAL FOREST OBLIGATION AMOUNT OF 10.8 ACRES HAS BEEN MET BY THE ON-SITE RETENTION OF 2.5 AC. WITHIN A FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT AND THE ON-SITE AFFORESTATION OF 8.3 AC. WITHIN A FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT. AN ADDITIONAL 5.3 AC. OF AFFORESTATION ABOVE THE REQUIREMENT SHALL BE USED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PRIVATE AFFORESTATION BANK WITH A DPW, DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT WITH SURETY IN THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF \$317,988.00

24.) FOR FLAG OR PIPE STEM LOTS, REFUSE COLLECTION, SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE ARE PROVIDED TO THE JUNCTION OF THE FLAG OR PIPE STEM AND ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE AND NOT ONTO THE FLAG OR PIPE STEM LOT DRIVEWAY.

A) WIDTH - 12' (14' SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE).

B) SURFACE - 6" OF COMPACT CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING.

C) GEOMETRY - MAX. 15% GRADE, MAX. 10% GRADE CHANGE & MIN. 45' TURNING RADIUS.

D) STRUCTURES(CULVERTS/BRIDGES) - CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25 LOAD)

E) DRAINAGE ELEMENTS - CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN WITH NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT DEPTH OVER DRIVEWAY.

F) STRUCTURE CLEARANCES - MINIMUM 12 FEET.

26.) LANDSCAPING FOR THIS SUBDIVISION IS PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A CERTIFIED LANDSCAPE PLAN INCLUDED WITH THE ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLAN SET IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL WITH A DPW, DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT WITH SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$49,950.00.

27.) A MINIMUM 20 FOOT SPACING IS TO BE PROVIDED BETWEEN STREET LIGHTS AND STREET TREES.

1-19-06

25.) DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A USE AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT FOR ANY NEW DWELLINGS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING

MAINTENANCE - SUFFICIENT TO INSURE ALL WEATHER USE.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

23.) ALL DRIVEWAY CULVERTS ARE TO BE 15" RCP.

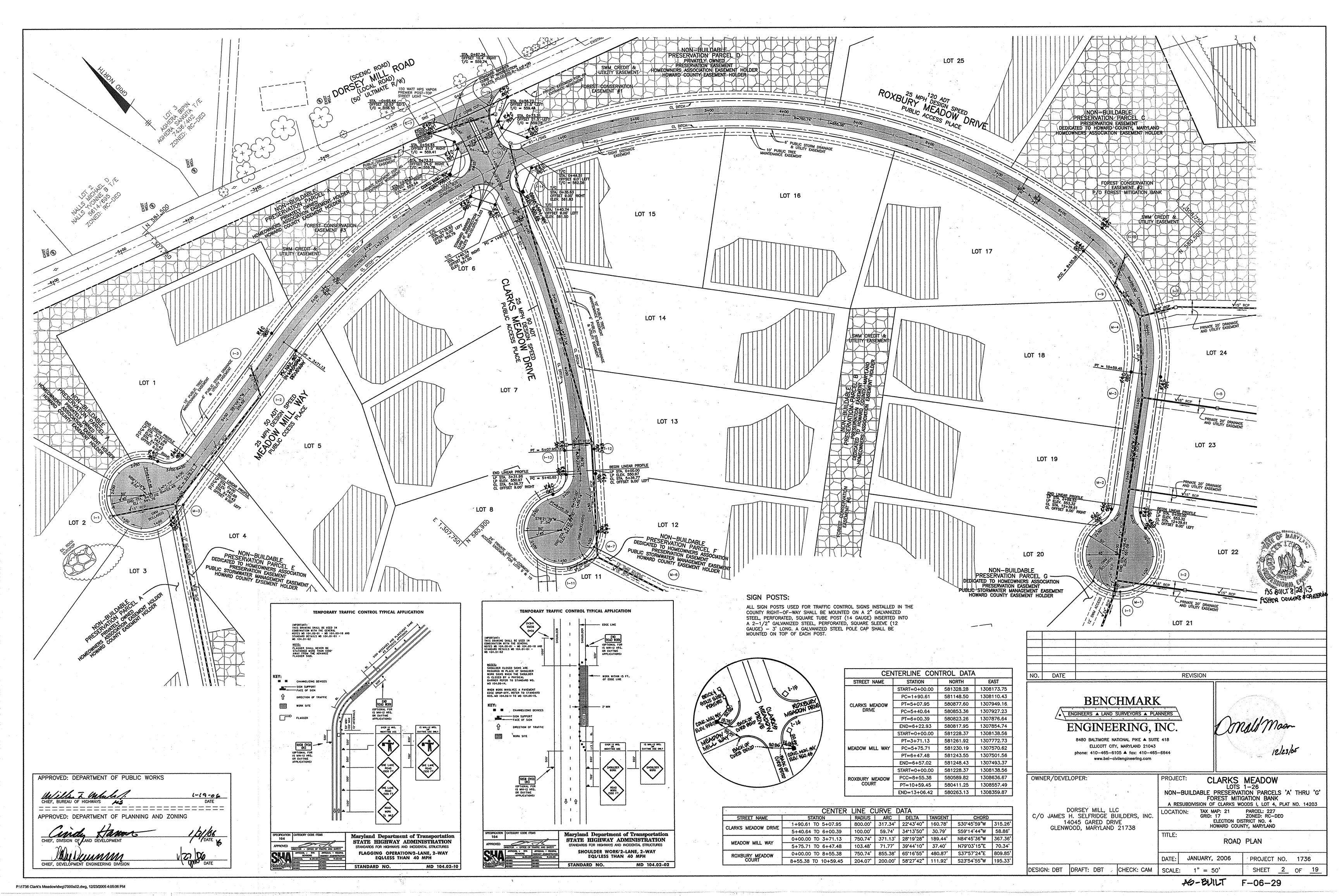
PRESERVATION PARCEL 'D' IS PROPOSED AS NON-BUILDABLE PARCEL FOR THE PRESERVATION OF THE RURAL CHARACTER OF DORSEY MILL ROAD BY PROVIDING AFFORESTATION, LANDSCAPING AND STREET TREES ALONG THE PROPERTY FRONTAGE. IT WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED. IT IS ENCUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH HOWARD COUNTY AND THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION. THIS AGREEMENT PROHIBITS FURTHER SUBDIVISION OF THE

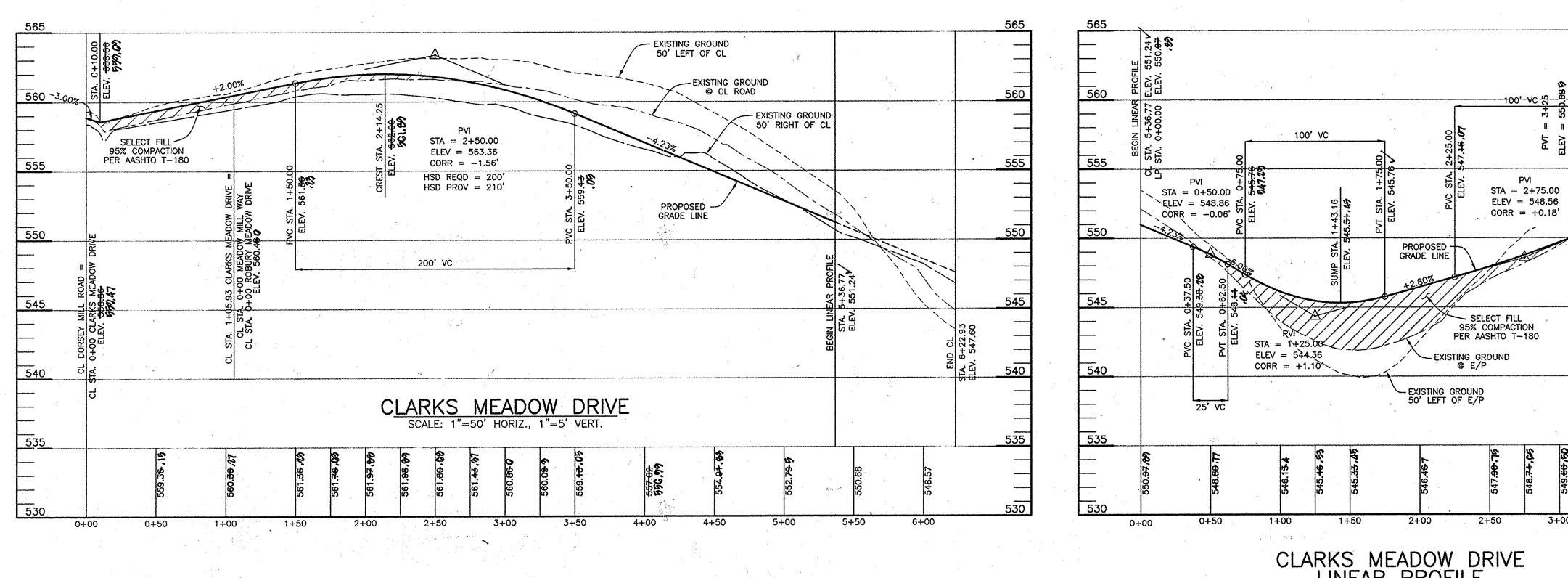
19.) THE PURPOSE OF THE PRESERVATION PARCELS AND THE JUSTIFICATION FOR THE DESIGN OF THE

OWNER AND ENUMERATES THE USES PERMITTED ON THE PROPERTY.

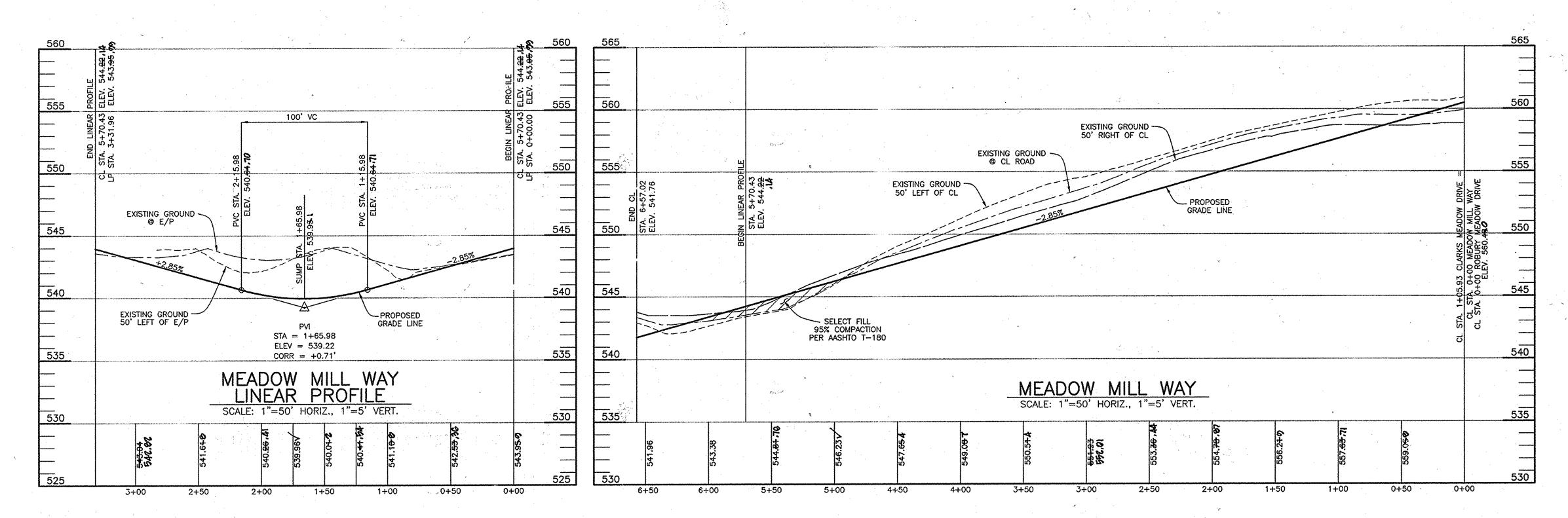
Willin I. Male /

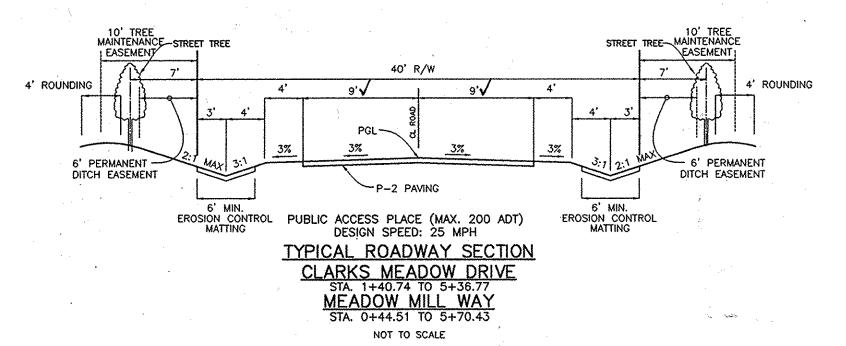
CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS

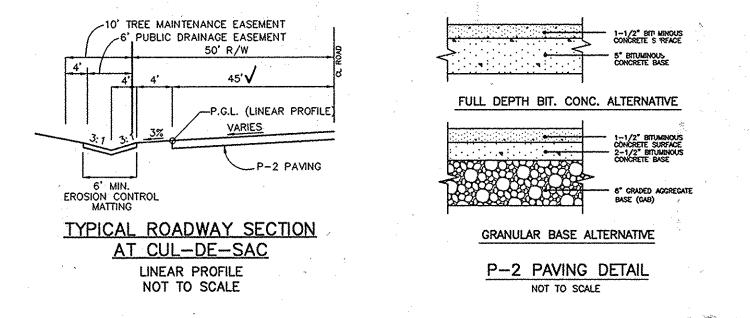


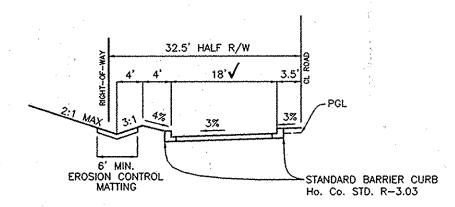




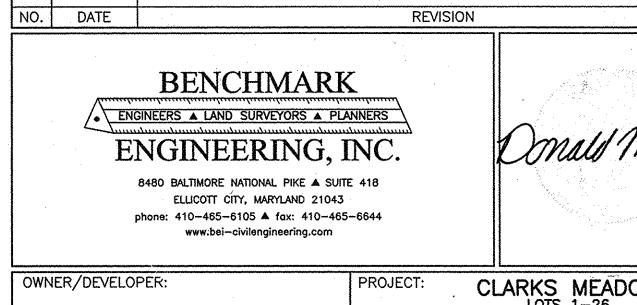








PUBLIC ACCESS STREET (MAX. 500 ADT)
DESIGN SPEED: 30 MPH TYPICAL 1/2 ROADWAY SECTION
CLARKS MEADOW DRIVE STA. 0+56.73 TO STA. 0+73.31



CHECK: CAM

DESIGN: DBT DRAFT: DBT

PROJECT: CLARKS MEADOW

LOTS 1-26

NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'G'
FOREST MITIGATION BANK
A RESUBDIVISION OF CLARKS WOODS I, LOT 4, PLAT NO. 14203 DORSEY MILL, LLC C/O JAMES H. SELFRIDGE BUILDERS, INC. 14045 GARED DRIVE GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738 X MAP: 21 PARCEL: 227
RID: 17 ZONED: RC-DEO
ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 4
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND TAX MAP: 21 GRID: 17



545

540

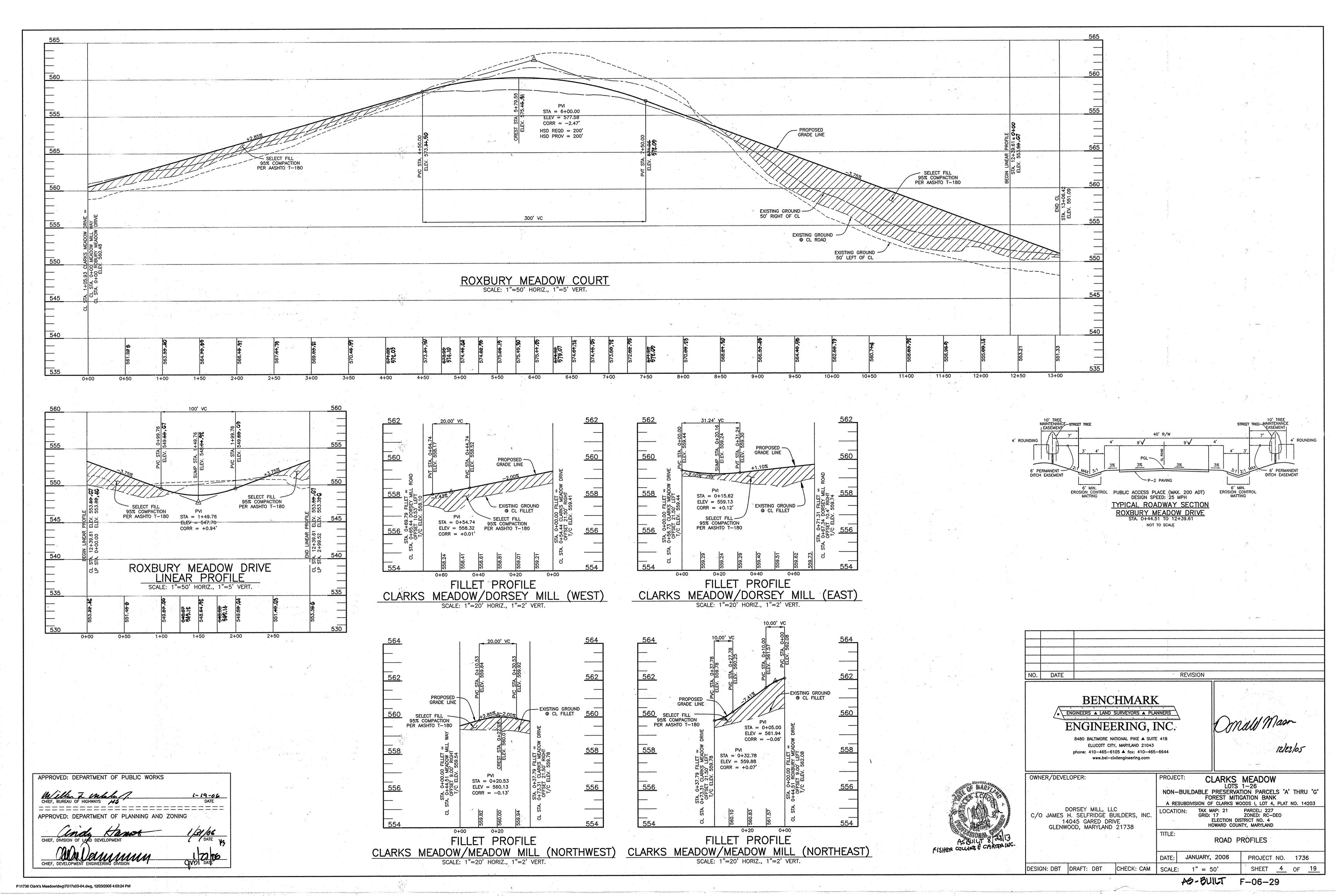
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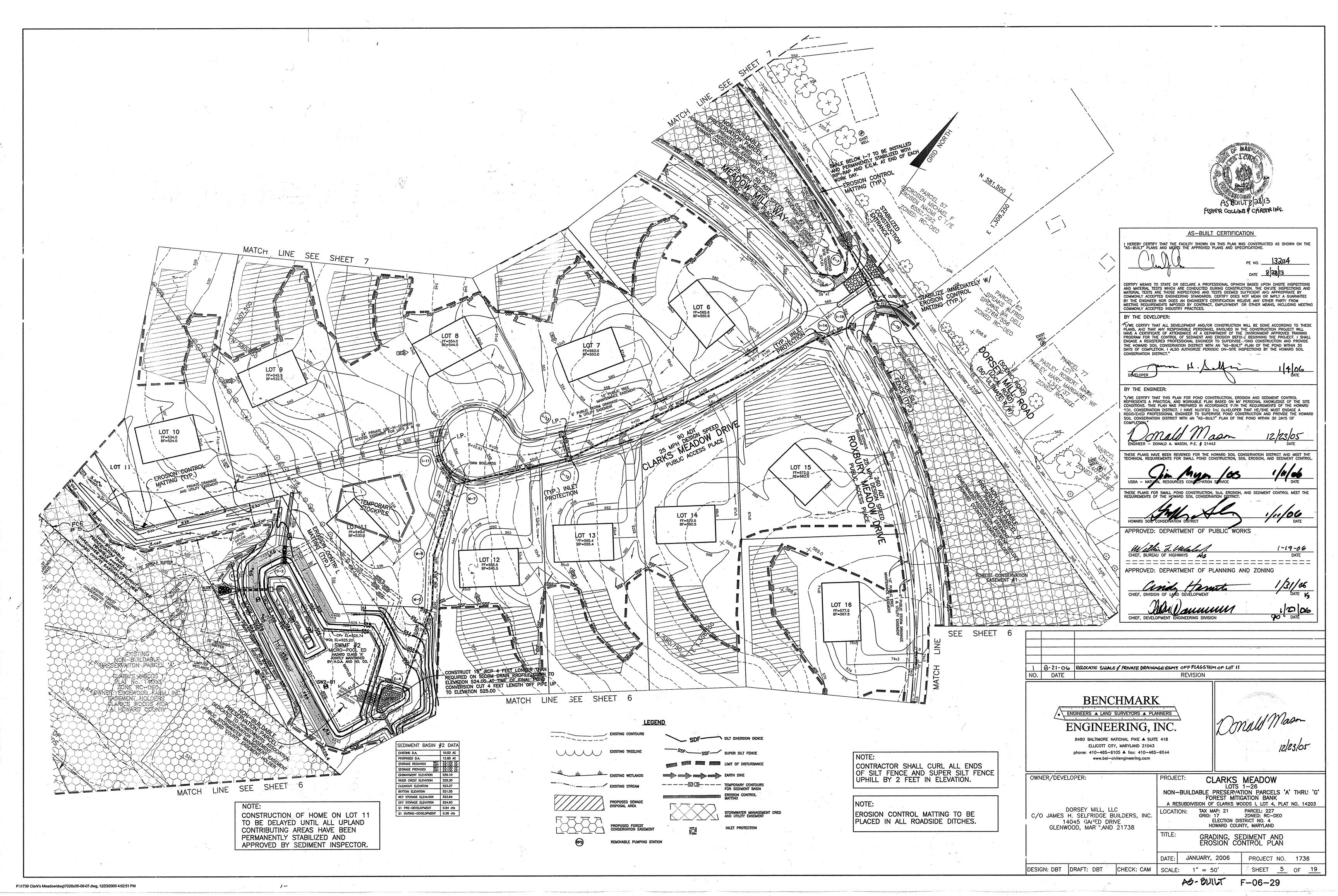
JANUARY, 2006

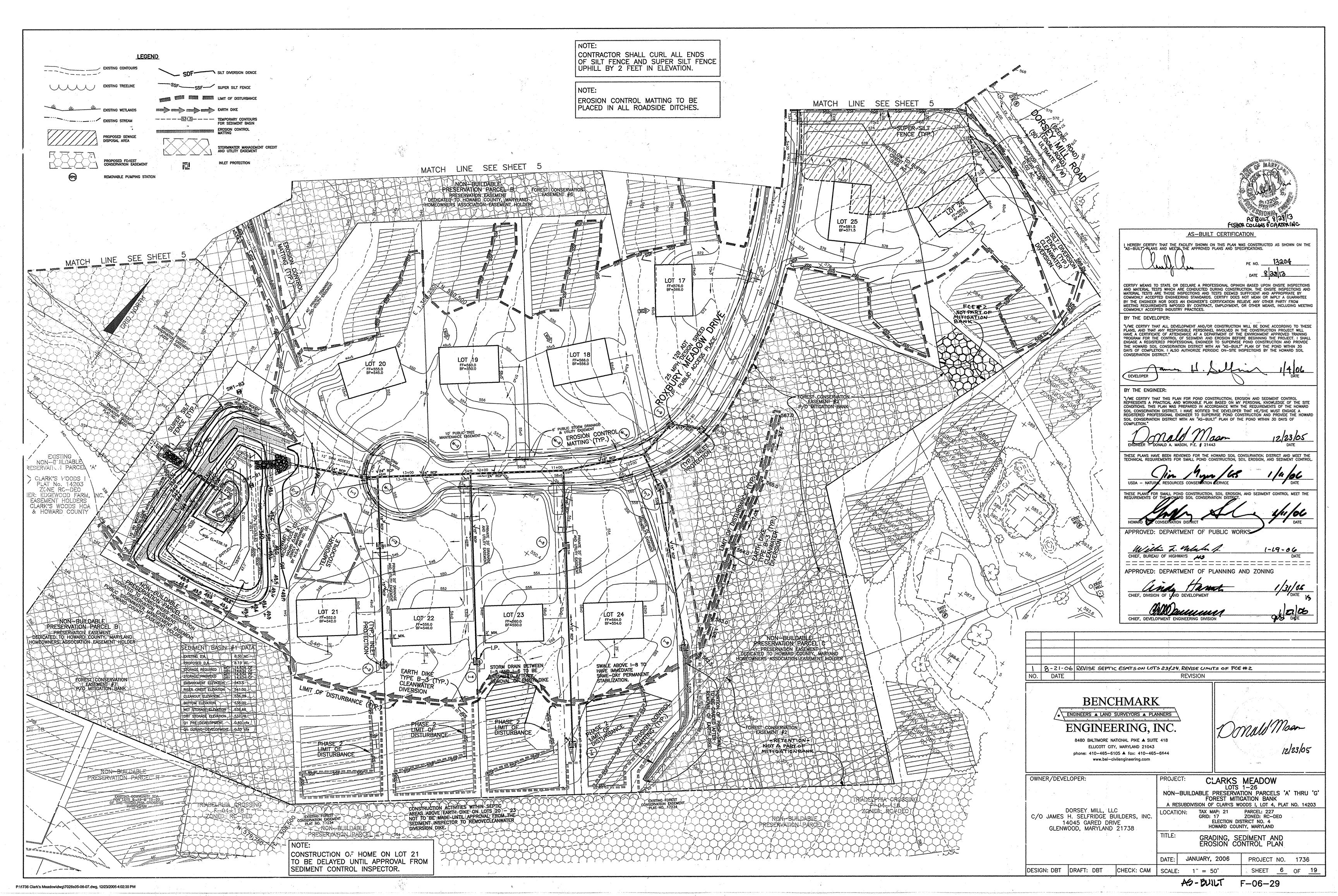
ROAD PROFILES

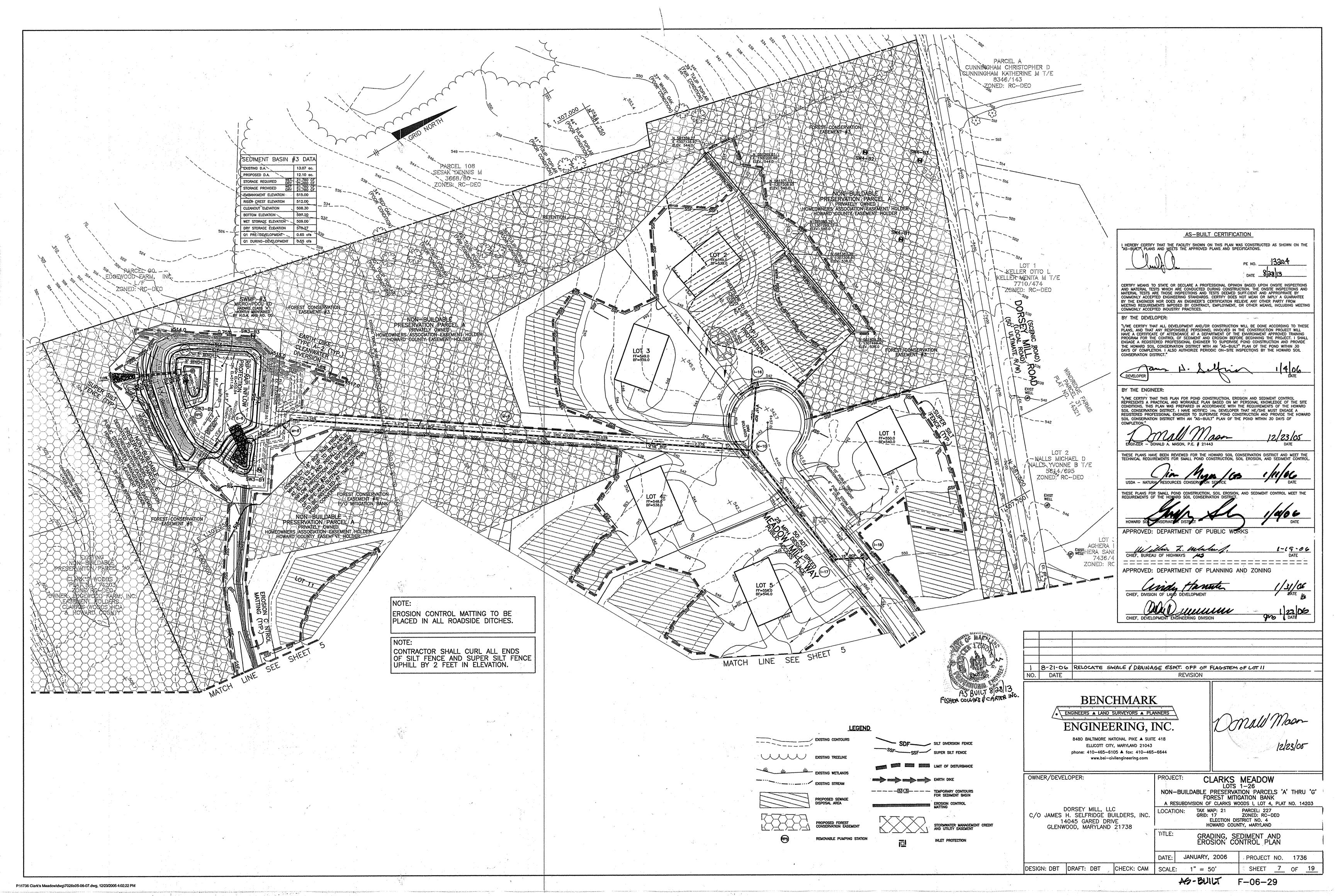
PROJECT NO. 1736

SHEET <u>3</u> OF <u>19</u>









CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard for practice MD-378. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent

Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped to topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush, and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 25-foot radius around the inlet structure shall be

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the

embankment and other designated areas.

<u>Material</u> — The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. If shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable material. Fill material for the center of the embankment, and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL and must have at least 30% passing the #200 sieve. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if designed by a geotechnical engineer. Such special designs must have construction supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Materials used in the outer shell of the embankment must have the capability to support vegetation of the quality required to prevent erosion of the embankment.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fil Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - the movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of heavy equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with teh equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble, yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

When required by the reviewing agency the minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within ± 2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99 (Standard Proctor).

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be a least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

Embankment Core - The core shall be parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The top width of the cores shall be a minimum of four feet. The height shall extend up to at least the 10 year water elevation or as shown on the plans The side slapes shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The core shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability. in addition, the core shall be placed concurrently with the outer shell of the embankment

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed t operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

Structure backfill may be flowable fill meeting the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 313 as modified. The mixture shall have a 100-200 psi; 28 day unconfined compressive strength. The flowable fill shall have a minimum pH of 4.0 and a minimum resistively of 2,000 ohm—cm. Material shall be placed such that a minimum of 6 (measured perpendicular to the outside of the pipe) of flowable fill shall be under (bedding over and, on the sided of the pipe. It only needs to extend up to the spring line for rigid conduits. Average slump of the fill shall be 7" to assure flowability of the material. Adequate measures shall be taken (sand bags, etc.) to prevent floating the pipe. When using flowable fill, all metal pipe shall be bituminous coated. Any adjoining soil fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material shall completely fill all voids adjacent to the flowable fill zone. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a structure or pipe unless there is a compacted fill of 24 or greater over the structure or pipe. Backfill conforming to that specified for the core of the embankment or other embankment

Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section

Corrugated Metal Pipe - all of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated metal pipe: 1. Materials - (Polymer Coated steel pipe) - Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall bave a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of the pipe. This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specifications M-245 & M-246 with watertight coupling bands or flanges.

to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant the need for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats of asphalt.

Materials - (Aluminum Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the flonges. Aluminum Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Aluminum surfaces that are to be contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats of asphalt. Hot dip galvanized boils may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

2 Coupling bands anti-seep collars end sections etc., must be composed of the same material and coatings as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.

3. Connections - All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connection shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the bandwidth. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 24 inches in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe with a circular 3/8 inch closed cell neoprene gasket, prepunched to the flange bolt circle, sandwiched between adjacent flanges; a 12-inch wide standard lap type band with 12—inch wide by 3/8—inch thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12-inch wide hugger type band with o-ring aaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2 inch greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 24 inches in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24 inch long annular corrugated band using a minimum of 4 (four) rods and lugs, 2 on each connecting pipe end. A 24-inch wide by 3/8-inch thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed with 12 inches on the end of each pipe. Flanged joints with 3/8 inch closed cell gaskets the full width of the

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seams with internal caulking or a neoprene bead.

4. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support. 5. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete 1. Materials — Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets

Bedding - Reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding/cradle for their entire length. This bedding/cradle shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 50% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 6 inches. Where a concrete cradle is not needed for structural reasons, flowable fill may be used a described in the "Structure Backfill" section of this standard. Gravel bedding is not permitted.

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be places with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation form the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 4 feet from the riser.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

and shall equal or exceed ASTM C-361.

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be shown on the drawings. Plastic Pipe - The following criteria shall apply for plastic pipe:

1. Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM 4-1/85 or ASTM D-2241. Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe, couplings and fittings shall conform to the following; 4' - 10" inch pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M252 Type S, and 12" through 24" inch shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M294 Type S. 2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings. <u>Drainage Diaphroams</u> - When a drainage diaphroam is used, a registered professional engineer will supervise the design and construction inspection

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 414,

Rock riprop shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 311 Geotextile shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 921.09, Class C.

Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from various parts of the work and for maintaining the evacuations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the low of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the exten that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and ompacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the location being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water sumps from which the water shall be pumped

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Natural Resources Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTION, LICENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION, (313-1850)
- ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT
- FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: A) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, B) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.
- ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDINGS (SEC. 51) SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50) AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

E ANALYSIS:	
TOTAL AREA OF SITE	53.9 ACRES
AREA DISTURBED	28.1 ACRES
AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED	1.6ACRES
AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED	26.5 ACRES
TOTAL CUT	24,108 _{CY}
TOTAL FILL	40,764 _{CY}
OFFSITE WASTE AREA LOCATION	SITE WITH APPROVED SEDIM

- ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING, OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE NSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH CAN BE BACK FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY,

TEMPORARY SEEDBED PREPARATIONS

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS LIKELY TO BE REDISTURBED WHERE A SHORT-TERM SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED. SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY 600 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ FT). SEEDING: FOR PERIOD MARCH 1 THROUGH APRIL 30 AND FROM AUGUST 15 THROUGH NOVEMBER 15, SEED WITH 2-1/2 BUSHELS PER ACRE OF ANNUAL RYE (3.2 LBS/1000 SQ FT). FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THROUGH AUGUST 14, SEED WITH 3 LBS PER ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS (.07 LBS/1000 SO FT), FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 16 THROUGH FEBRUARY 28. PROTECT SITE BY APPLYING 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING, OR USE SOD. MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF UNROTTED

SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ FT) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES, 8 FT. OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL/1000 SQ FT) FOR ANCHORING REFER TO THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND

PERMANENT SEEDBED PREPARATIONS

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED. SOIL AMENDMENTS: IN LIEU OF SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS, USE ON OF THE FOLLOWING

> PREFERRED - APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/1000 SQ FT) AND 600 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ FT) BEFORE SEEDING, HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL. AT TIME OF SEEDING, APPLY 400 LBS PER ACRE 30-0-0- UREAFORM FERTILIZER

ACCEPTABLE - APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/1000 SQ FT) AND 1000 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (23 LBS/1000 SQ FT) BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL.

SEEDING: FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 THROUGH APRIL 30 AND AUGUST 1 THROUGH OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 60 LBS PER ACRE (1.4 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE PER ACRE AND 2 LBS PER ACRE (.05 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS. DURING THE PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 THROUGH FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT SITE BY: OPTION (1) 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MILICH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING. OPTION (2) USE SOD, OPTION (3) SEED, WITH 60 LBS PER ACRE OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW

MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ FT) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL/1000 SQ FT) FOR ANCHORING.

MAINTENANCE: INSPECT ALL SEEDED AREAS AND MAKE NEEDED REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND

TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS

- Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets that standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA—SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.
- Topsoil Specifications Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following:
- Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting texture subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1-1/2" in diameter.
 - ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
- iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.
- III. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres: Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization — Section I — Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.
- IV. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:
- On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:
- pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.
- b. Organic content or topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.
- Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used.
- No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has

Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist of soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of

ii. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization — Section 1 — Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

V. Topsoil Application

- When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, earth dikes, slope silt fence and sediment
- ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" 8" higher in elevation.
- iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water posters.
- iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.
- VI. Alternative for Permanent Seeding Instead of applying the full amounts of ilme and commercial fertilizer, composted studge and amendments may be applied as specified
 - Composted Sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having distributed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements:
 - a. Composted sludge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06.
 - b. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a pH of 7.0 to 8.0. It compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use. c. Composted studge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 square feet.

DETAIL 20A - REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION

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ELEVATION (CUT AWAY)

Construction Specifications

3. The inside stand pipe (center pipe) should be constructed by perforating a corrugated or PVC pipe between 12" and 36" in diameter. The perforations sholl be 1/2" X 6" slike or 1" diameter holes 6" on center. The center pipe shall be wrapped with 1/2" hardware cloth first, then wrapped again with Gotextile Class C.

4. The center pipe should extend 12" to 18" above the anticipated water surface elevation or riser crest elevation when dewatering a basin.

 The outer pipe should be 48° dia, or shall, in any case, be at least 4" greater
in diameter than the center pipe. The outer pipe shall be wropped with 1/2" hardware
cloth to prevent backfill material from entering the perforations. 2. After installing the outer pipe, backfill around outer pipe with 2" aggregate or clean gravel.

CLEAN GRAVELY

iv. Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate References: Guidelines Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding. MD-VA, Pub. #1, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes, Revised 1973.

⊠ RPS

30.0 DUST CONTROL

Controlling dust blowing and movement on construction sites and roads.

To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, reduce on and off-site damage, health hazards, and improve traffic safety.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment.

Temporary Methods

1. Mulches - See standards for vegetative stabilization with mulches only. Mulch should

- 2. Vegetative Cover See standards for temporary vegetative cover.
- 3. Tillage To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is an emergence measure which should be used before soil blowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12" apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similiar plows are examples of equipment which may produce the desired effect
- Irrigation This is generally done as an emergency treatment. Site is sprinkled with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed. At no time should the site be irrigated to the point that runoff begins to flow.
- Barriers Solid board fences, silt fences, snow fences, burlap fences, straw bales, and similiar material can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Barriers placed at right angles to prevailing currents at intervals of about 10 times their height are effective in controlling soil blowing.
- Calcium Chloride Apply at rates that will keep surface moist. May need retreatmen Permanent Methods
 1. Permanent Vegetation — See standards for permanent vegetative cover, and permanent stabilization with sod. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable protection if
- 2. Topsoiling Covering with less erosive soil materials. See standards for topsoiling.

DETAIL 18 - SEDIMENT BASIN BAFFLES

D - DISTANCE BETWEEN INFLOW AND OUTFLOW

A = AREA OF NORMAL POOL

W = EFFECTIVE WIDTH = A/C

L. TOTAL DISTANCE FROM THE INFLOW POINT AROUND THE BAFFLES TO THE RISER

FORMULA: - 2 = 2

PLAN VIEWS

Le= i1+ i2+ l3+ i4

8' CENTER TO CENTER -

BAFFLE DETAIL

- 3. Stone Cover surface with crushed stone or coarse gravel
- References
 1. Agriculture Handbook 346. Wind Erosion Forces in the United States and Their Use FROM ENTIRE SITE. (DAY 145-150) 2. Agriculture Information Bulletin 354. How to Control Wind Erosion, USDA-ARS.

7. PAVE ROADWAYS. (DAY 113-128)

BE INSTALLED AT THIS TIME. (DAY 82-112)

PERMANENT SEEDBED NOTES. (DAY 129-144)

1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT. (DAY 1)

(DAY 13-45)

SEEDBED NOTES. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL OLD AND NEW TRASH, JUNK AND DEBRIS

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

PHASE 1

AND TEMPORARY CLEANWATER DIVERSION DIKES. DO NOT INSTALL SSF IN

PHASE 2 OF L.O.D. (SEPTIC AREAS ON LOTS 21-24) AT THIS TIME.

NOTIFY SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION 48 HOURS PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION

2. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, SUPER SILT FENCES, SILT DIVERSION FENCES

3. ONCE ALL MATERIALS FOR THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAYS ARE ON SITE, GRADE SEDIMENT BASINS

I-19 TO E-7. THE ASSOCIATED DITCH SHALL BE INSTALLED AND PERMANENTLY STABILIZED WITH RIP-RAP AND E.C.M. BY THE END OF EACH WORKDAY. WORK ON DITCH TO BEGIN

5. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, BRING ROAD BEDS TO SUBGRADE AND STABILIZE SLOPES IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEMPORARY SEEDBED NOTES.

6. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, INSTALL STORM

DRAINS. THE STORM DRAIN FROM I-5 TO I-6 AND THE SWALE ABOVE I-8 MUST NOT

8. COMPLETE GRADING OF SITE AND STABLIZE DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

ONLY AFTER A CLEAR (NO PRECIPITATION) 3-DAY WEATHER FORECAST BY THE NWS.

4. INSTALL ANY REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. INSTALL STORM DRAIN FROM

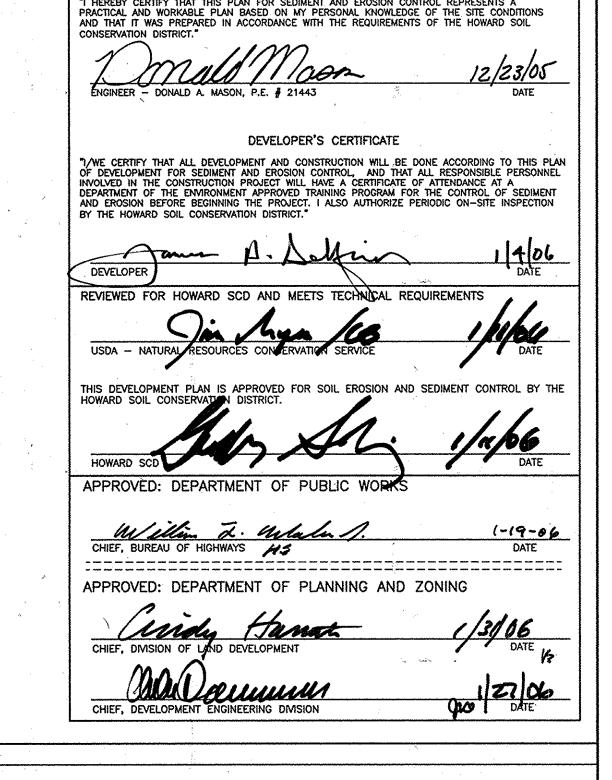
10. INSTALL SSF IN PHASE 2 L.O.D. IN SEPTIC AREAS ON LOTS 21-24. (DAY 151) 11. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, INSTALL THE STORM DRAINS FROM I-5 TO I-6 AND THE SWALE ABOVE I-8. (DAY 152-154)

9. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, CONVERT SEDIMENT

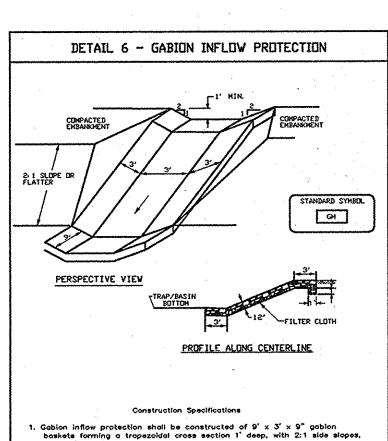
SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT

BASINS TO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES. SHAPE FACILITIES PER FINAL GRADES

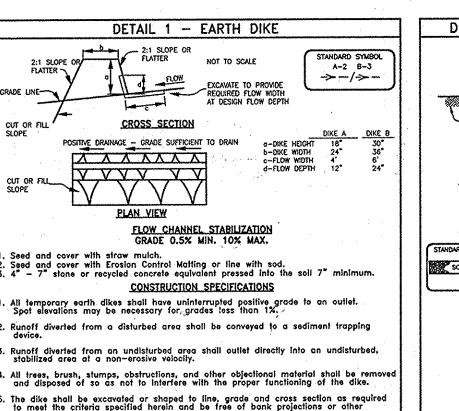
12. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES, AND STABILIZED DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDBED NOTES. (DAY 155-161)

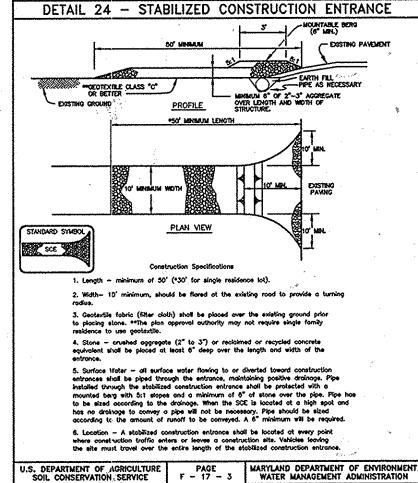


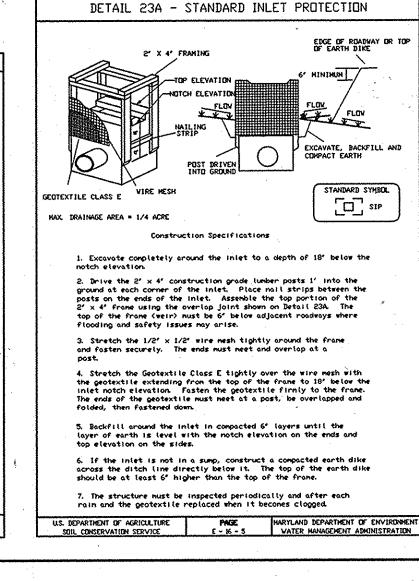
ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

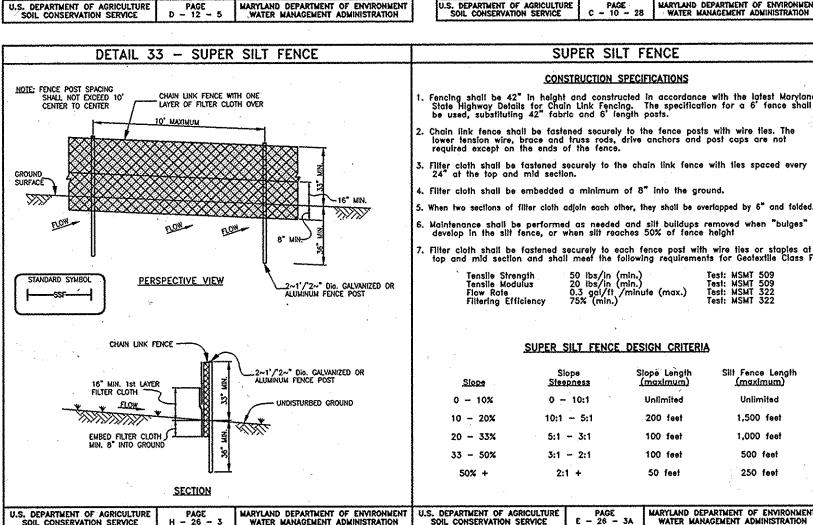


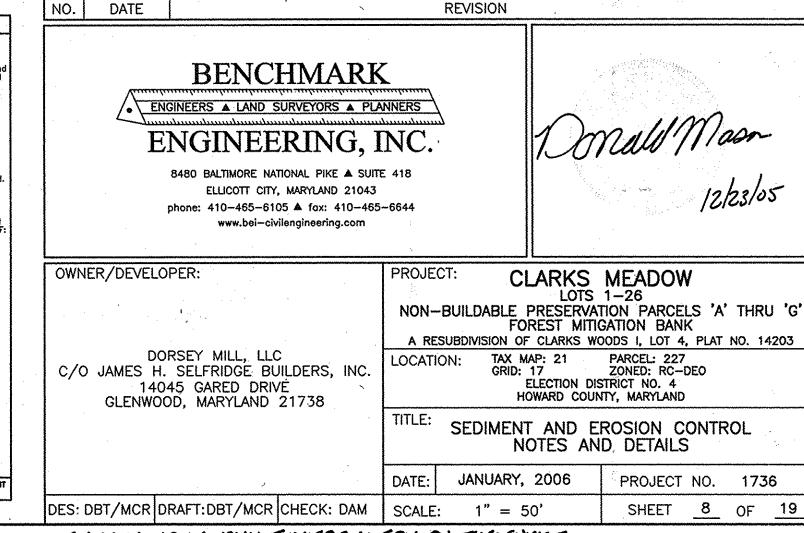
- 6. Gabion inflow protection shall be constructed of 9' x 3' x 9" gablon baskets forming a trapezoidal cross section 1' deep, with 2:1 side slopes, and a 3' bottom width. 2. Geotextile Class C shall be installed under all gabion baskets
- 3. The stone used to fill the gobion baskets shall be 4'' 7'. 5. Gabion inflow Protection shall be used where concentrated flow is present
- on slopes steeper than 4:1.







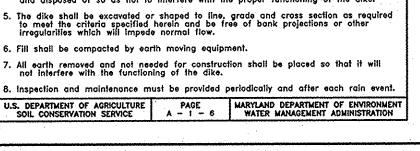


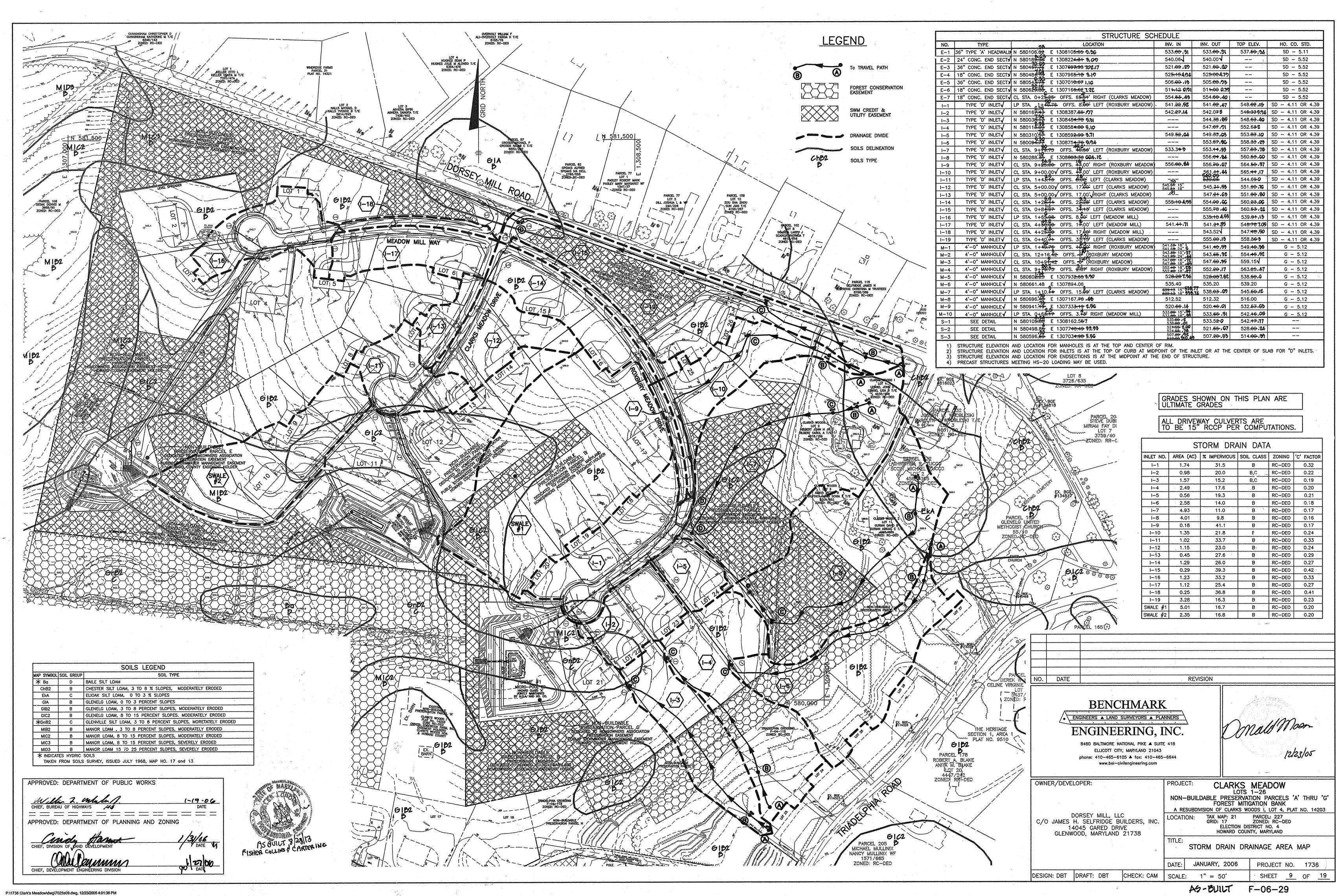


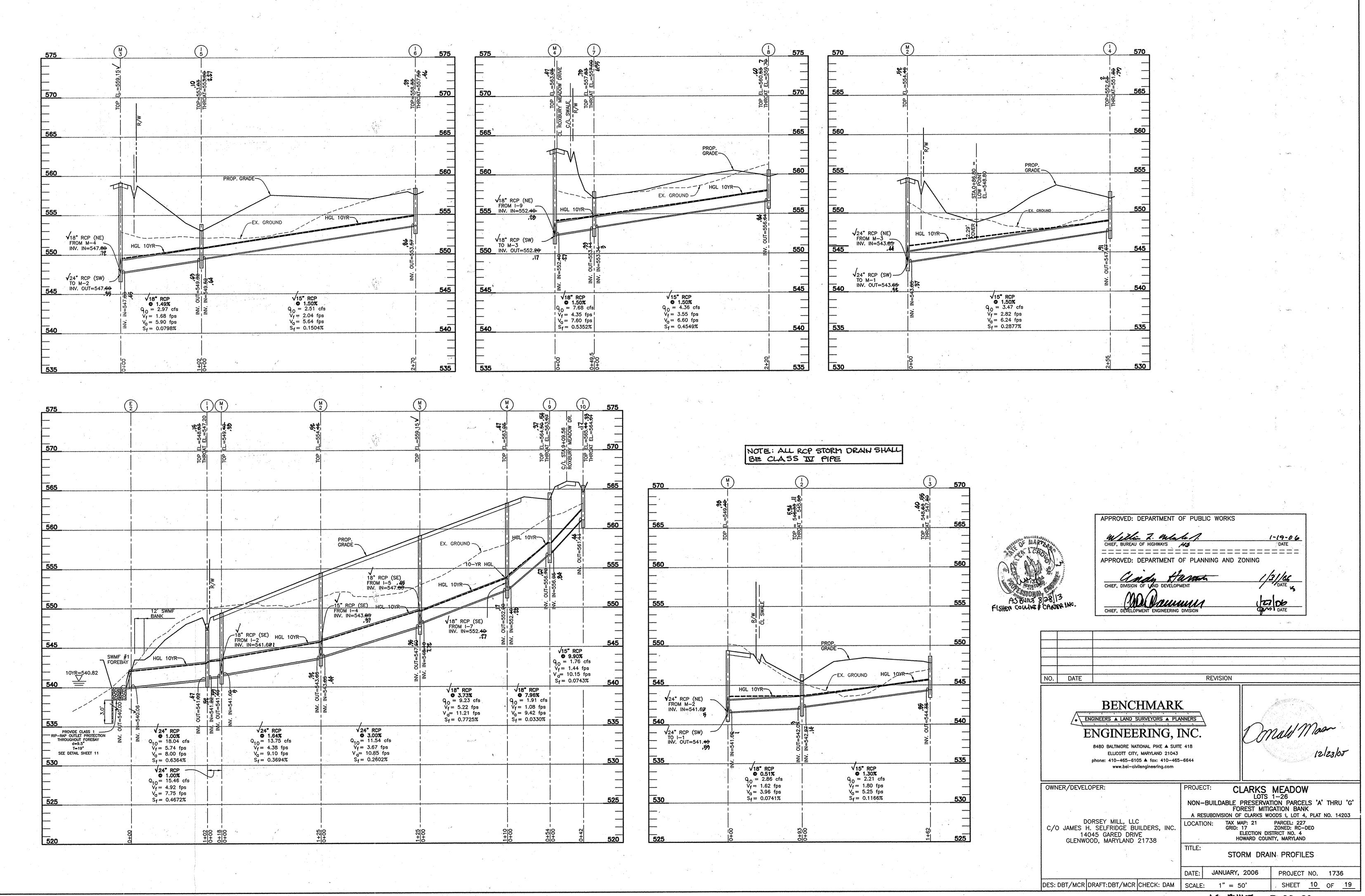
THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET

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Maerials -- (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) -- This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform

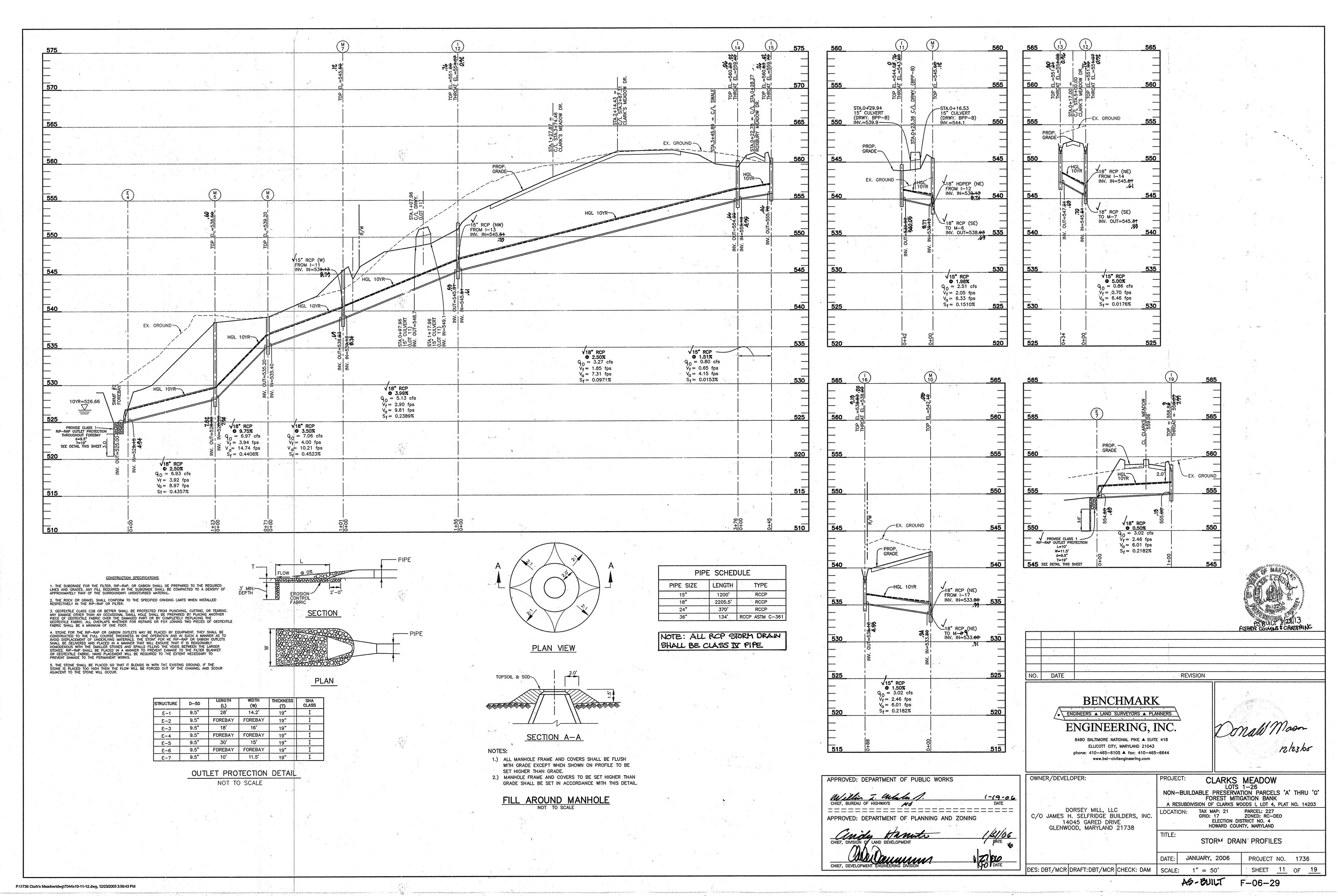


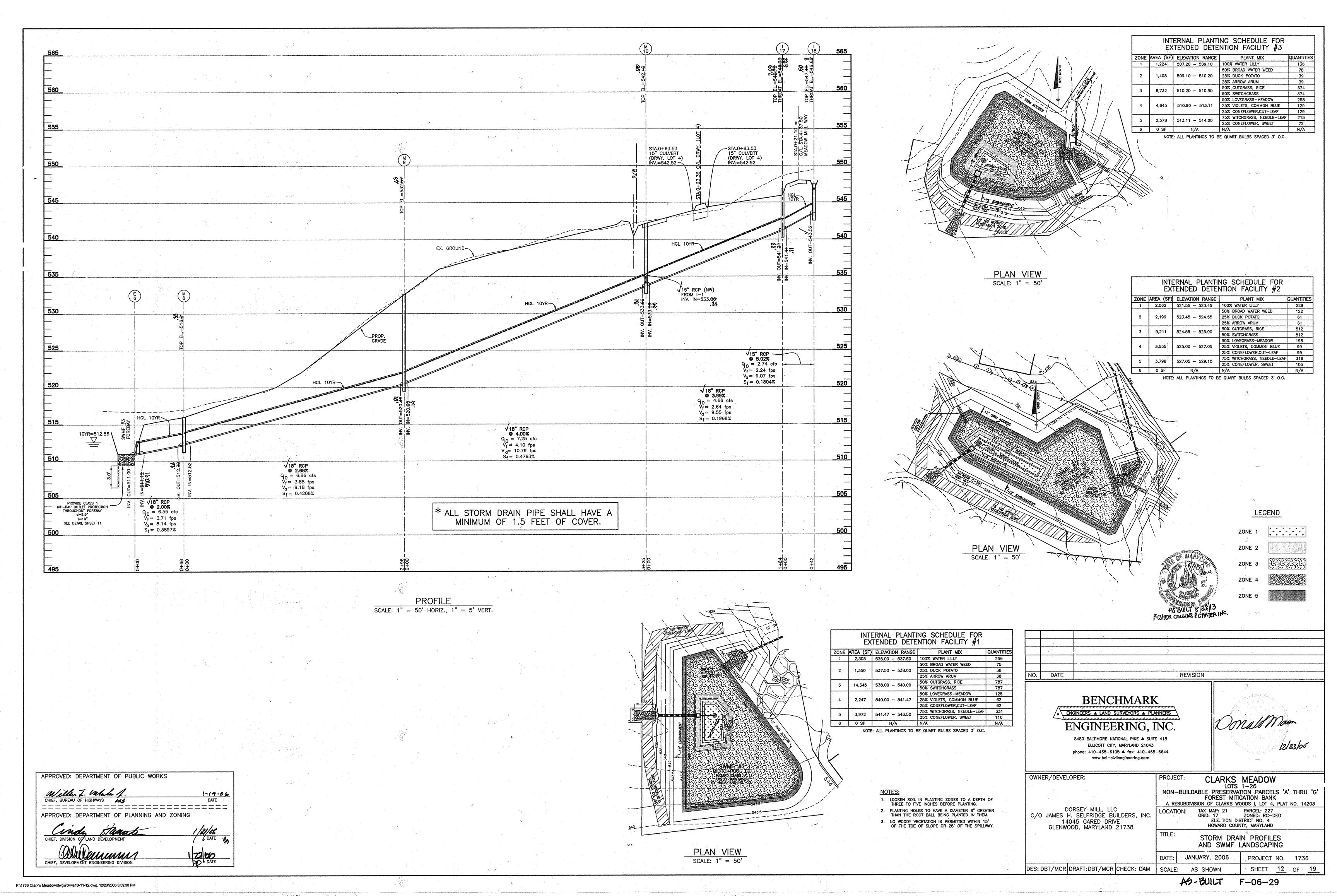


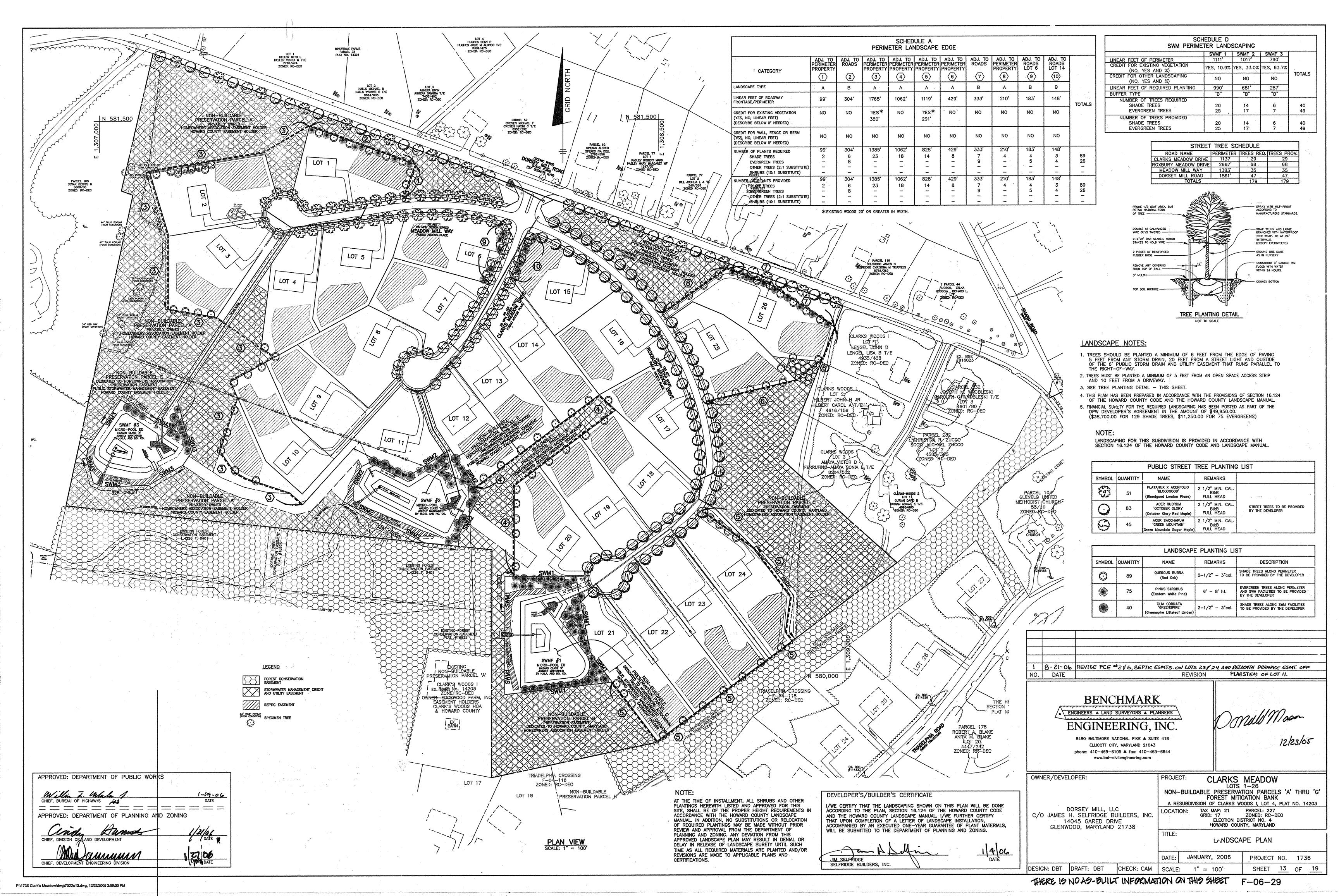


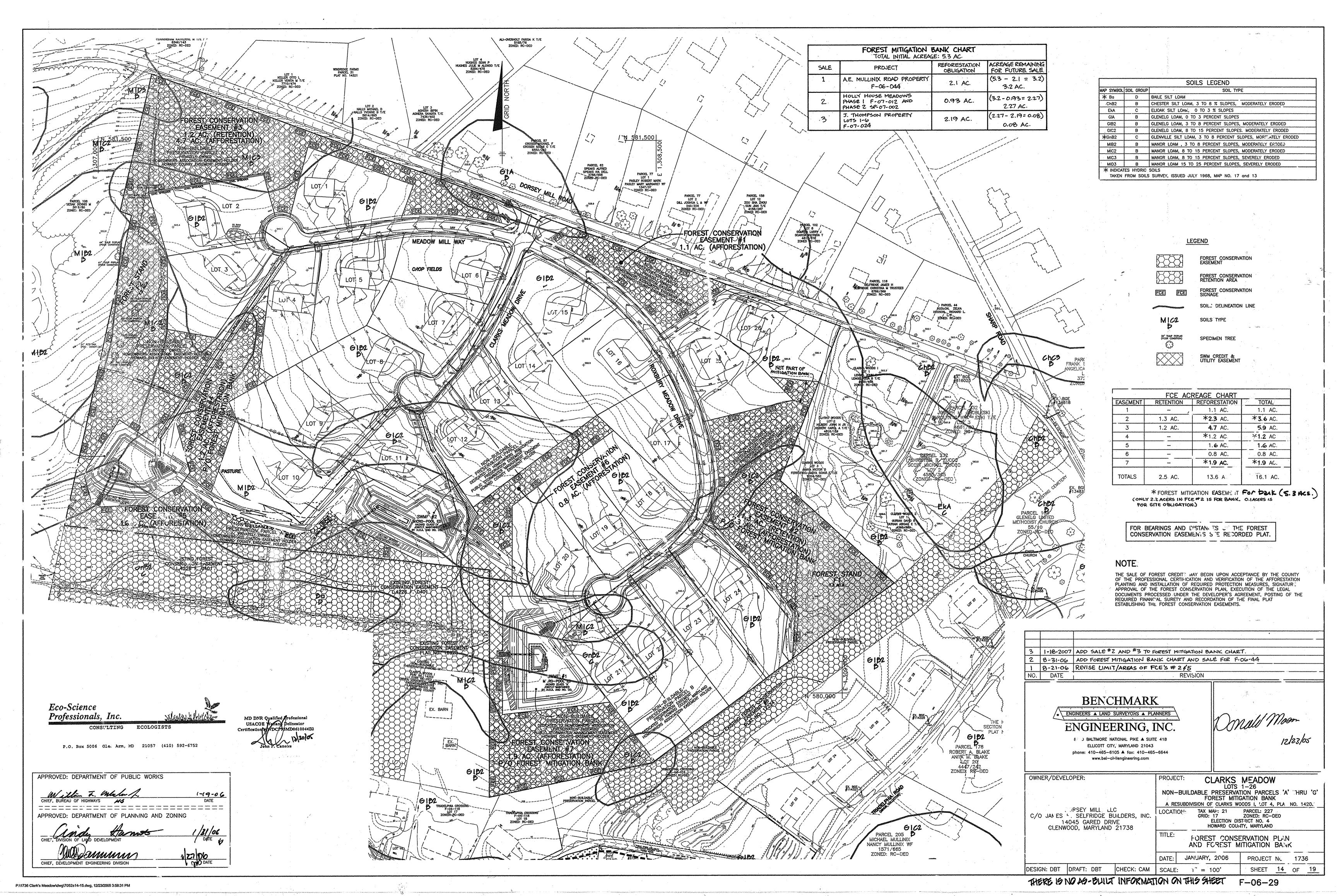
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AS-BUILT F-06-29









FCE # 1 - 1.1 acres Planting units required: 770 Planting units proposed: 774

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total Units
7	Acer rubrum - Red maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
8	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
12	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Quercus alba - White oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
7	Quercus rubra - Red oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
44	Total 1" caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit	-	154
45	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
5ر	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
20	Cercis canadensis - Redbud	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
15	Corrus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
10	Diospyros virginiana - Persimmon	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
50	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
35	Platanus occidentalis - Sycamore	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
30	Prunus Jerotina - Black cherry	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
20	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
30	Quercus rubra - Red Oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	<u> </u>
20	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
310	Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		620
		Total	Unit Credit	774

FCE # 2 - 2.3 acres Planting units required: 1610 Planting units proposed: [61]

Çty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total Units
14	Acer rubrum - Red map.	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
20	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
20	Quercus alba - White oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Quercus rubra - Red oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
74	Total 1" caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		259
85	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
65	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
45	Cercis canadensis - Redbud	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
55	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
25	Diospyros virginiana - Persimmon	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
101	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
75	Platanus occidentalis - Sycamore	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
85	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
40	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
60	Quercus rubra - Red Oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
40	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
676	Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree)	FCA unit cre lit		1352
		Tota	Unit Credit	1611

FCE # 5 - 1.6 acres Planting units required: 1120 Planting units proposed: 1120

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total Units	
85	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		
65	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		
85	Cercis canadensis - Redbud	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		' '
25	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		
15	Diospyros virginiana - Persimmon	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	<u> </u>	
100	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		
65	Platanus occidentalis - Sycamore	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		
55	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		
40	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		1
35	Quercus rubra - Red Oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.		
40	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	<u> </u>	
560	Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		1120	
		Total	Unit Credit	1120	╛

FCE #6 - 0.8 acres Planting units required: 560 Planting units proposed: 561

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total Units
10	Acer rubrum - Red maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
8	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
12	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Quercus alba - White oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Quercus rubra - Red oak 1" cal.		15' o.c.	
50	Total 1" caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		175
40	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
10	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
5	Cercis canadensis - Redbud	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
5	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
5	Diospyros virginiana - Persimmon	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
50	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
10	Platanus occidentalis - Sycamore	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	1
15	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
18	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
15	Quercus rubra - Red Oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
20	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
193	Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit	·	386
		Total	Unit Credit	561

FCE # 3 - 4.7 acres Planting units required: 3290 Planting units proposed: 3295.5

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total Units
20	Acer rubrum - Red maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
15	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	·
20	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
20	Quercus alba - White oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	1 15
18	Quercus rubra - Red oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
93	Total 1" caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		325.5
175	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
150	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
50	Cercis canadensis - Redbud	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
65	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
50	Diospyros virginiana - Persimmon	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
250	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
150	Platanus occidentalis - Sycamore	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
175	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
175	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
175	Quercus rubra - Red Oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
70	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	·-
1485	Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		2970
		Total	Unit Credit	3295.5

FCE # 4 - 1.2 acres Planting units required: 840 Planting units proposed:843

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total Units
5	Acer rubrum - Red maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
5	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Quercus alba - White oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
8	Quercus rubra - Red oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
38	Total 1" caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit	<u> </u>	133
45	Acer rubrum - Red mapie	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
35	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
20	Ceruis canadensis - Redbud	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
15	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
10	Diospyros virginiana - Persimmon	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
60	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
35	Platanus occidentalis - Sycamore	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
30	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
50	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
35	Quercus rubra - Red Oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
20.	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
355	Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		710
		Total	Unit Credit	843

FCE # 7 - 1.9 acres Planting units required: 1330 Planting units proposed: 1330

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total Units
12	Acer rubrum - Red maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
14	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	1" cal.	15' o.c.	,
12	Quercus alba - White oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
12	Quercus rubra - Red oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
60	Total 1" caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		210
75	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
50	Acer saccharinum - Silver maple	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
20	Cercis canadensis - Redbud	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
25	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
15	Diospyros virginiana - Persimmon	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
150	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
20	Platanus occidentalis - Sycamore	2-3" whip"	11" o.c.	
75	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
50	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	· ·
50	Quercus rubra - Red Oak	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
30	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3" whip	11" o.c.	
560	Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree)	FCA unit credit		1120
		Total	Unit Credit	1330

1" caliper trees = 3.5 planting units, whips with shelter = 2 planting units 1" caliper trees should be staggered along the outer perimeter of the planting areas adjacent to existing or proposed residential developments. The tree should be no closer than 15 foot spacing.

Planting shall be made in a curvilinear fashion along contour. The planting should avoid a grid appearance but should be spaced to facilitate maintenance

Multiflora rose removal/control may be required prior to installation of planting

2" caliper trees = 7 planting units
1" caliper trees = 3.5 planting units whips with shelters = 2 planting units seedlings = 1 planting unit

	PLANTING DENSITIES	
100 TREE	S 2" CALIPER TREES AT 20'x20' SPACING	
200 TREE	S 1" CALIPER TREES AT 15'x15' SPACING	
350 TREE	S WHIPS W/SHELTERS AT 11'x11' SPACING	
700 TRE	S SEEDLINGS AT 8'x8' SPACING	_

Forest Conservation Area REFORESTATION PROJECT Trees For Your Future

Eco-Science Professionals, Inc. CONSULTING

ECOLOGISTS

P.O. Box 5006 Glen Arm, MD 21057 (410) 592-6752

FOREST CONSERVATION NOTES: 1. ANY FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT (FCE) AREA SHOWN HEREON IS SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE COVENANTS WHICH MAY BE FOUND IN THE LAND RECORDS OF HOWARD COUNTY WHICH RESTRICT THE DISTURBANCE AND USE OF THESE AREAS.

2. THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE, FOREST CONSERVATION ACT. NO CLEARING, GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS; HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION FASEMENT ARE ALLOWED.

3. LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHALL BE RESTRICTED TO AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF TEMPORARY FENCING OR THE FCE BOUNDARY, WHICHEVER IS GREATER. 4. THERE SHALL BE NO CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION OR DISTURBANCE OF VEGETATION IN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT, EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY HOWARD COUNTY DPZ.

5. NO STOCKPILES, PARKING AREAS, EQUIPMENT CLEANING AREAS, ETC. SHALL OCCUR WITHIN AREAS DESIGNATED AS FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS. 6. TEMPORARY FENCING SHALL BE USED TO PROTECT FOREST RESOURCES DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE FENCING SHALL BE PLACED ALONG ALL FCE BOUNDARIES WHICH OCCUR WITHIN 15 FEET OF THE PROPOSED LIMITS OF

7. PERMANENT SIGNAGE SHALL BE PLACED 50-100' APART ALONG THE BOUNDARIES OF ALL AREAS INCLUDED IN FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS.

8. THE TOTAL FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION AMOUNT OF 10.8 ACRES SHALL BE MET BY THE ON-SITE RETENTION OF 2.5 AC. WITHIN A FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT AND THE ON-SITE AFFORESTATION OF 8.3 AC. WITHIN A FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT. AN ADDITIONAL 5.3 AC. OF AFFORESTATION ABOVE THE REQUIREMENT SHALL BE USED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PRIVATE AFFORESTATION BANK WITH A DPW, DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT WITH SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$317,988.00.

GUARANTEE REQUIREMENTS

TREE PROTECTION FENCE

THE TOTAL HEIGHT OF THE POST. BOTTOM

Planting Specifications: Container Grown and Balled and Burlapped Stock

FOREST PROTECTION DEMCE ONLY.
 RETENTION AREA MILL BE SET AS PART OF THE REVIEW PROCESS.
 BOUNDARIES OF RETENTION AREA SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEMCES.
 AVOID ROOT DAMAGE WHEN PLACING ANCHOR POSTS.
 DEVICE SHOULD BE PROPERLY MAINTAINED DURING CONSTRUCTION 6. PROTECTIVE SIGNAGE IS ALSO REQUIRED.

FILL OF RECRADED SOILS

NOTES: ,

BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH

--- 8 FEET MAXIMUM---

PLANTING/SOIL SPECIFICATIONS 1. PLANTING OF NURSERY STOCK SHALL TAKE PLACE BETWEEN MARCH 15TH AND APRIL 30TH.

2. A TWELVE (12) INCH LAYER OF TOPSOIL SHALL BE SPREAD OVER ALL REFORESTATION AREAS IMPACTED
BY SITE CRADING TO ASSURE A SUITABLE PLANTING AREA. DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED
AND STABILIZED AS PER GENERAL CONSTRUCTION PLAN FOR PROJECT. PLANTING AREAS NOT
IMPACTED BY SITE CRADING SHALL HAVE NO ADDITIONAL TOPSOIL INSTALLED.

3. ALL BAREROOT PLANTING.
4. PLANTS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE TOP OF ROOT SYSTEMS DIPPED INTO AN ANTI-DESICCANT
GEL PRIOR TO PLANTING.
4. PLANTS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THAT THE TOP OF ROOT MASS IS LEVEL WITH THE TOP OF EXISTING
GRADE. BACKFILL IN THE PLANTING PITS SHALL CONSIST OF 3 PARTS EXISTING SOIL TO
1 PART PINE FINES OR EQUIVALENT.
5. FERTILIZER SHALL CONSIST OF AGRIFORM 22—8—2, OR EQUIVALENT, APPLIED AS PER
MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.
6. A TWO (2) INCH LAYER OF HARDWOOD MULCH SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE ROOT AREA OF ALL
PLANTINGS.

PLANTINGS.

7. PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE TRANSPORTED TO THE SITE IN A TARPED OR COVERED TRUCK. PLANTS SHALL BE KEPT MOST PRIOR TO PLANTING.

8. ALL NON-ORGANIC DEBRIS ASSOCIATED WITH THE PLANTING OPERATION SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE BY THE CONTRACTOR. SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION 1. PLANTS SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER PLANT SCHEDULE AND PLANTING/SOIL SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE PROJECT.
2. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PLANTING, SIGNAGE SHALL BE INSTALLED AS PER THE FOREST RETENTION AREA PROTECTION DEVICES SHOWN ON THE FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN.
3. PLANTINGS SHALL BE MAINTAINED AND GUARANTEED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MAINTENANCE AND GUARANTEE REQUIREMENTS FOR PROJECT.

MAINTENANCE OF PLANTINGS MAINTENANCE OF ALL PLANTINGS SHALL LAST FOR A PERIOD OF 24 MONTHS.
ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE WATERED TWICE A MONTH DURING THE 1ST GROWING SEASON. WATERING
MAY BE MORE OR LESS FREQUENT DEPENDING ON WEATHER CONDITIONS. DURING SECOND GROWING SEASON,
ONCE A MONTH DURING MAY-SEPTEMBER, IF NEEDED,
INVASIVE EXOTICS AND NOXIOUS WEEDS WILL BE REMOVED FROM REFORESTATION AREAS. OLD FIELD
SUCCESSIONAL SPECIES WILL BE RETAINED.

SUCCESSIONAL SPECIES WILL BE RETAINED.

4. PLANTS WILL BE EXAMINED A MINIMUM OF TWO TIMES DURING THE GROWING SEASON FOR SERIOUS PLANT PESTS AND DISEASES. SERIOUS PROBLEMS WILL BE TREATED WITH THE APPROPRIATE AGENT.

5. DEAD BRANCHES WILL BE PRUNED FROM PLANTINGS.

AFTER ONE GROWING SEASON, PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT 90% SURVIVAL THRESHOLD. A 75% SURVIVAL RATE OF FORESTATION PLANTINGS WILL BE REQUIRED AT THE END OF THE 24 MONTH MAINTENANCE PERIOD. ALL PLANT MATERIAL BELOW THE 75% THRESHOLD WILL BE REPLACED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE NEXT GROWING SEASON. THE CONTRACTOR WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR PLANT LOSS DUE TO THEFT OR VANDALISM.

SURETY FOR REFORESTATION THE DEVELOPER SHALL POST A SURETY (BOND, LETTER OF CREDIT) TO ENSURE THAT REFORESTATION PLANTINGS ARE COMPLETED. UPON ACCEPTANCE OF THE PLANTINGS BY THE COUNTY, THE BOND SHALL BE RELEASED.

MULTIFLORA ROSE CONTROL NOTE MULTIFLORA ROSE IS PREVALENT IN CERTAIN AREAS TO BE AFFORESTED. PRIOR TO PLANTING ALL MULTIFLORA ROSE SHOULD BE REMOVED. REMOVAL OF THE ROSE MAY BE PERFORMED WITH MOWING AND HERBICIDE TREATMENTS. PHYSICAL REMOVAL OF ALL TOP GROWTH FOLLOWED BY A PERIODIC HERBICIDE TREATMENT OF STUMP SPROUS IS RECOMMENDED. NATIVE TREE AND SHRUB SPECIES OCCURRING WITHIN THE ROSE THICKETS SHOULD GE RETAINED WHEREVER POSSIBLE. HERBICIDE TREATMENTS SHALL OCCUR ON 2 MONTH INTERVALS DURING THE FIRST GROWING SEASON AND ONCE EACH IN THE SPRING AND FALL FOR SUBSEQUENT YEARS. HERBICIDE USED SHALL BE MADE SPECIFICALLY TO ADDRESS WOODY PLANT MATERIAL AND SHALL BE APPLIED AS PER MANUFACTURERS SPECIFICATIONS. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN NOT TO SPRAY PLANTED TREES OR NATURALLY OCCURRING NATIVE TREE/SHRUB SEEDLINGS. IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT INITIATION OF ROSE REMOVAL BEGIN AT LEAST SIX MONTHS PRIOR TO PLANTING.

Seeding and Whip Planting Specification

1 8-21-06 REVISE PLANTING UNIT CHARTS FOR FCE #2 # 5 NO. DATE **BENCHMARK** ENGINEERS & LAND SURVEYORS & PLANNERS ENGINEERING, INC. 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE A SUITE 418 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 phone: 410-465-6105 A fax: 410-465-6644 www.bei-civilengineering.com

CLARKS MEADOW NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'G' FOREST MITIGATION BANK A RESUBDIVISION OF CLARKS WOODS I, LOT 4, PLAT NO. 14203 DORSEY MILL, LLC PARCEL: 227 ZONED: RC-DEO C/O JAMES H. SELFRIDGE BUILDERS, INC ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 4 1+045 GARED DRIVE HOWAR COUNTY, MARYLAND GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738

OWNER/DEVELOPER:

DRAFT: DBT

FOREST CONSERVATION NOTES AND DETAILS

PROJECT NO. 1736

SHEET 15 OF 19

DATE: JANUARY, 2006

SCALE: NOT TO SCALE

APPENDIX G

ACRES (1/10 acre)

> ACRES (1/10 acre)

FOREST CONSERVATION WORKSHEET

NOTE: THIS SUBDIVISION PLAN IS USING "RURAL CLUSTER OPTION B" OF THE APPENDIX L OF THE FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL BY INCLUDING THE ENTIRE SITE AREA IN THE CALCULATIONS TO SATISFY IT'S FOREST CONSERVATIC REQUIREMENT.

LAND USE CATEGORY (R-RLD, R-RMD, R-S, C/I/O, I) RC-DEO

If existing forest areas equal or exceed the afforestation minimum (if D equals or is more than C), and clearing of forest areas is

If existing forest areas equal or exceed the afforestation minimum

resources is proposed, no reforestation is required. No further

If existing forest areas are less than the afforestation minimum

(if D is less than C), afforestation requirements apply.

GO TO SECTION V

If existing forests are less than the afforestation minimum

existing forests are less than the afforestation minimum (if C is less than B) and clearing is proposed, the following

Afforestation requires the total fores; area to be equal to the

AFFORESTATION FOR UNFORESTED AREAS BELOW MINIMUM

REFORESTATION FOR CLEARING BELOW MINIMUM

 $(B - C) + (D \times 2) - \cdots$

TOTAL AFFORESTATION + REFORESTATION REQUIRED

minimum and it requires compensation for clearing.

(if C is less than B) and NO clearing is proposed, the following

Afforesation must make total forest area equal the minimum required.

(if D equals or is more than C), and no clearing of existing forest

GO TO SECTION IV

I. BASIC SITE 'A

GROSS SITE AREA _

NET TRACT AREA

AREA WITHIN 100 YEAR FLOODFLAIN_

PARCEL (IF APPLICABLE)

II. INFORMATION FOR CALCULATIONS

Reforestation

calculations are ineeded.

V. AFFORESTATION CALCULATIONS

calculations apply:

B. AFFORESTATION MINIMUM (20% x A)

SELECT THE ALTERNATE THAT APPLIES:

1. No clearing below the minimum

TOTAL AFFORESTATION REQUIRED

2. <u>Clearing below the minimum</u>

 $D \times 2$

E. FOREST AREAS TO BE RETAINED_

EXISTING FOREST ON NET TRACT AREA . FOREST AREAS TO BE CLEARED_____

AREA WITHIN AGRICULTURAL USE OR PRESERVATION

NET TRACT AREA REFORESTATION THRESHOLD (25% x AFFORESTATION MINIMUM (20% x

EXISTING FOREST ON NET TRACT AREA FOREST AREAS TO BE CLEARED_____

III. DETERMINIG REQUIREMENTS: AFFORESTATION OR REFORESTATION

proposed, reforestation requirements may apply.

FOREST AREAS TO BE RETAINED

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS 1-19-06 APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

FOREST

RETENTION

AREA

MACHINERY, DUMPING

OR STORAGE OF

PROHIBITED

ANY MATERIALS IS

VIOLATORS ARE SUBJECT TO

FINES AS IMPOSED BY THE

HOWARD COUNTY

FOREST CONSERVATION ACT OF 1991

> THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET F-06-29

CHECK: DAM

