

Level Spreader Detail

Specifications for Bioretention (Rain Garden)

noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05

phosphorus (phosphate-P205) 75 lb./ac

potassium (potash-K20) 85 lb./ac

The planting soil shall be tested and shall meet the following criteria:

35 lb./ac

1.5 - 4% (by weight)

not to exceed 500 ppm

soluble salts. A textural analysis is required from the site stockpiled topsoil. If topsoil is

imported, then a texture analysis shall be performed for each location where the top soil was

Should the pH fallout of the acceptable range, it may be modified (higher) with lime or (lower)

All bioretention areas shall have a minimum of one test. Each test shall consist of both the

standard soil test for pH, phosphorus, and potassium and additional tests of organic matter, and

Since different labs calibrate their testing equipment differently, all testing results shall come from

It is very important to minimize compaction of both the base of the bioretention area and the

required backfill. When possible, use excavation hoes to remove original soil. It bioretention rubbe tires with large lugs, or high pressure tires will cause excessive compaction resulting in reduced

infiltration rates and is not acceptable. Compaction will significantly contribute to design failure.

Compaction can be alleviated at the base of the bioretention facility by using a primary tilling

operation such as a chisel plow. ripper. or subsoiler. These tilling operations are to refracture the

soil profile through the 12 inch compaction zone. Substitute methods must be approved by the

engineer. Rototillers typically do not till deep enough to reduce the effects of compaction from

When backfilling the bioretention facility. place soil in lifts 12" to 18". Do not use heavy

basin to supply soils and sand. Grade bioretention materials with light equipment such as a

Recommended plant material for bioretention areas can be found in Appendix A. Section A.2.3.

Mulch should be placed to a uniform thickness of 2" to 3". Shredded hardwood mulch is the only

root ball should be planted so 1/8th of the ball is above final grade surface. The diameter of the

Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing season

only. Stakes are to be equally spaced on the outside of the tree ball. Grasses and legume seed

should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be

natural cycling. The primary function of the bioretention structure is to improve water quality.

mulch are used to amend the soil. Rototill urea fertilizer at a rate of 2 pounds per 1000 square

Underdrains are to be placed on a 3'-0" wide section of filter cloth. Pipe is placed next,

followed by the gravel bedding. The ends of underdrain pipes not terminating in an observation

Observation wells and/or clean-out pipes must be provided (one minimum per every 1000 square

The bioretention facility may not be constructed until all contributing drainage area has been

planted following the non-grass ground cover planting specifications.

planting pit shall be at least six inches larger than the diameter of the planting ball. Set and

accepted mulch. Pine mulch and wood chips will float and move to the perimeter of the

sand layer. Pump any ponded water before preparing (rototilling) base.

compact loader or a dozer/loader with marsh tracks.

Rototill 2 to 3 inches of sand into the base of the bioretention facility before backfilling the optional

When backfilling the topsoil over the sand layer, first place 3 to 4 inches of topsoil over the sand,

then rototill the sand/topsoil to create a gradation zone. Backflll the remainder of the topsoil to final

equipment within the bioretention basin. Heavy equipment can be used around the perimeter of the

5.2 - 7.*0*

The allowable materials to be used in bioretention area are detailed in Table B.3.2.

The soil shall be a uniform mix, free of stones, stumps, roots or other similar objects larger

than two inches. No other materials or substances shall be mixed or dumped within the bioretention

area that may be harmful to plant growth, or prove a hindrance to the planting or maintenance

operations. The planting soil shall be free of Bermuda grass, Quackgrass, Johnson grass, or other

1. Material Specifications:

pH range

magnesium

with iron sulfate plus sulfur.

3. Compaction

4. Plant Material

5. Plant Installation

after installation.

6. Underdrains

7. Miscellaneous

stabilized.

well shall be capped.

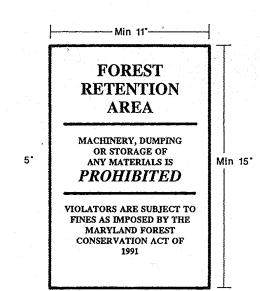
feet of surface area).

(6 to 12 months) for acceptance.

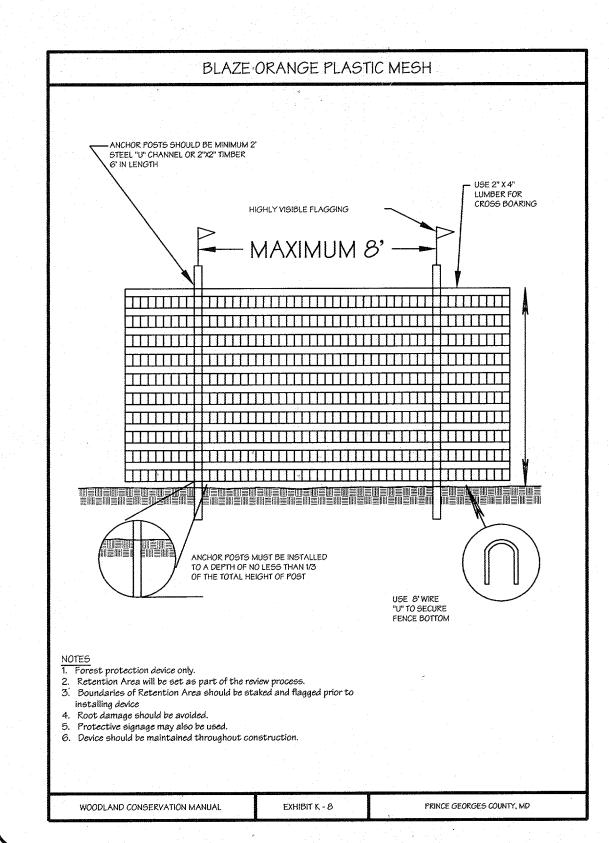
organic matter

2. Planting Soil:

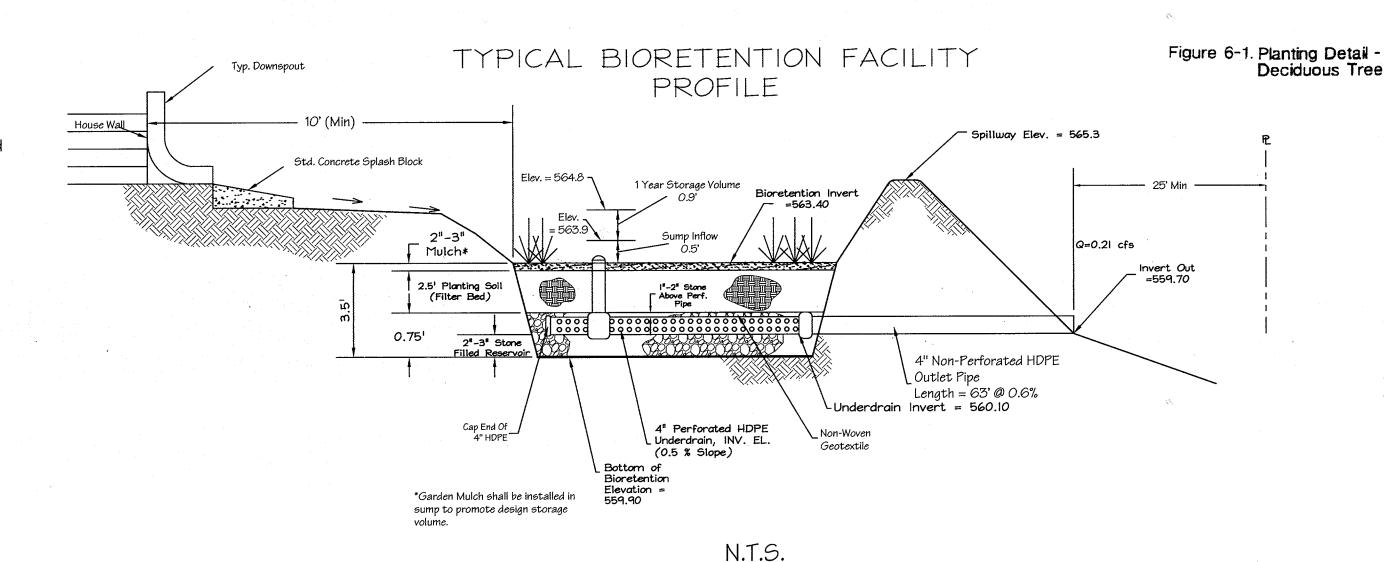
LEVEL SPREADER TABLE ELEV. ELEV. LENTH 553.00 549.00



1141



APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING



HOSE OVER WIRE THIN 1/3 OF INITIAL BRANCHING. RETAINING NATURAL FORM STAKES (3 REQUIRED REMOVE COVERING FROM TOP OF BALL FIRST LATERAL ROOT FLUSH WITH FINISHED GRADE

14' PAVING SECTION @ 3%

TYPICAL USE IN COMMON DRIVEWAY SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

BIORETENTION PLANTING DETAIL

sée Appendix A, Table A.4 n/a plantings are site-specific USDA soil types loamy sand, sandy loam or loan 30 - 55% [2.5' to 4' deep] clay 10 - 25% aged 6 months, mississum shredded hardwood pea gravel: No. 6 pca gravel: ASTM-D-448 pea gravel diaphragm and or use as necessary beneath underdrains only size (ASTM-D-4751), grab tensile strength (ASTM-D-4632), puncture resistance (ASTM-D-4833) underdrain gravel AASHTO M-43 F 758, Type PS 28 or 4" to 6" rigid schedule 3/8" perf. 62 6" on center, 4 holes per row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary underneath pipes AASIITO M-278 MSHA Mix No. 3; 17c = 3500 on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required: poured in place concrete (i psi @ 28 days, normal weight 28 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place or pre-cast) not using previously approved State or local meet ASTM-615-60 standards requires design drawings scaled and approved by a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland design to include meeting ACI Code 350.R/89; vertical loading [H-10 or H-20]; allowable horizontal loading (based on soil pressures); and analysis of potential cracking AASHTO-M-6 or ASTM-C-33 | 0.02" to 0.04" acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolombie sand substitutions are acceptable. No "rock dust" can be used for [1' deep]

Figure 3.17 Example of Bioretention

BIORETENTION LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE

SYMBOL QNTY COMMON NAME SCIENTIFIC NAME SIZE REMARKS

October Glory

River Birch

(Heritage Clump Birch)

Switchgrass

SHADE TREES

HERBACEOUS - GRASSES

Panicum virgatum

'Heritage

F-6

PROFILE

2"- 2 1/2" Caliper B & B

3' o.c.

3' o.c.

container

'3' o.c.

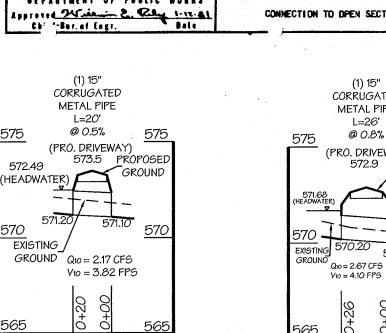
10' - 12' Ht.

Chapter 3. Performance Criteria for Urban BMP Design ...

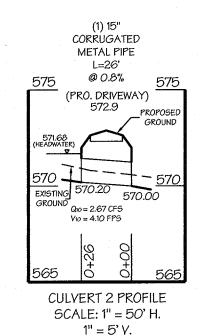
6" to 12" PONDING \$ #

Table B.3.2 Materials Specifications for Bioretentie

COE BALTIMORE IS IMA HERQUERE HOME FRIGHT OF WAY LINE 1. DRIVEWAY WUST BE PAVED FROM EDGE OF PUBLIC ROAD TO RIGHT OF WAY LINE USING STANDARD (SEE NOTE 2) PAVING SECTION P-I AS SHOWN ON STIC. NO. OR ALTERNATE SECTION EQUAL TO OR HETTER DRAINAGE CULVERT SHALL HE SIZED FOR A IC YEAR FREQUENCY STORM AND THE MINIMUM SIZ SHALL RE[12"] DIA. ROUND OR 14"x 9" ARCH PIPE IF LARGER PIPE IS REDUIRED, DITCH INVERT SHALL BE LOWERED TO PROVIDE MIN. DITCH GRACIENT OF 0.5% AND CLEARANCE SHOW 3. SWALE FLOW MAY BE PROVIDED OVER DRIVENAY LOCATED AT UR HEAR THE CREST OF VERTICAL - & PUBLIC ROAD PAYING CURVES ON THE PUBLIC ROAD WHERE QUANTITY OF FLOW IS SMALL, AS APPROVED BY D.P. W. 4. TIE-IN GRADE OF PRIVATE DRIVEWAY SHALL NOT EXCRED 14%. 47 MIN. STABILIZED SHOULDER MIDTH-PRIVATE ORIVEWAY GRADE VARIES Ten Oaks Road does not have an existing side ditch on the east side. Therefore a culvert NORMAL CLICK SHADING is not required. SECTION A-A

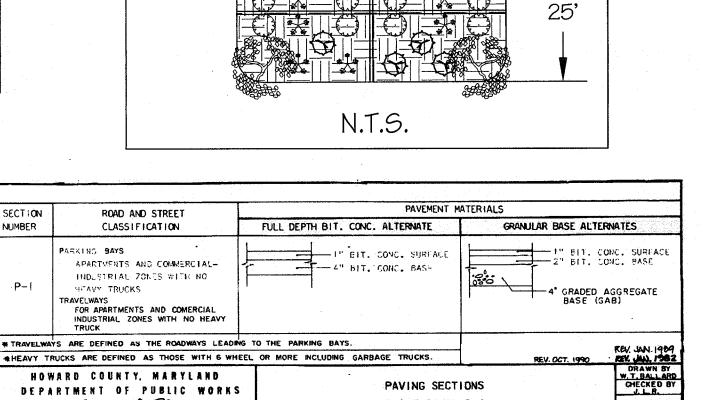


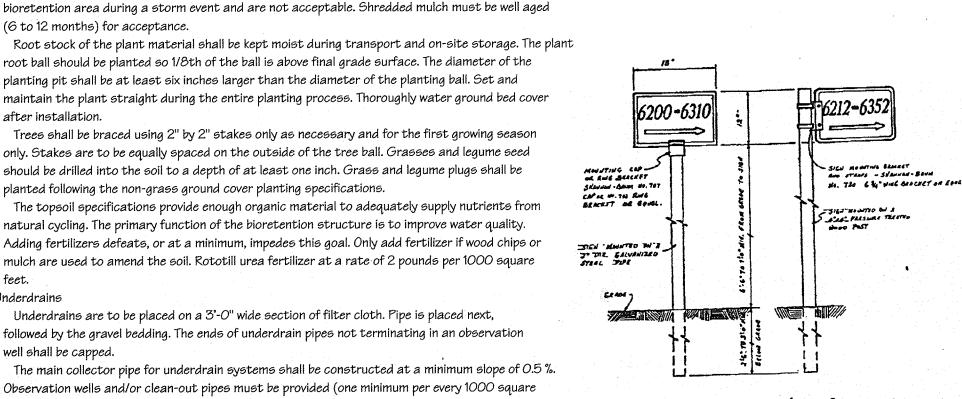
BEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS



RESIDENTIAL DRIVENAY ENTRANCE

CONNECTION TO DPEN SECTION ROADWAY





CULVERT 1 PROFILE

SCALE: 1" = 50' H.

1" = 5' V.

SIGN OPTION NUMBER ! AND NUMBER 2 SIGN DESIGN AND INSTALLATION DETAIL

SIGN SPECIFICATIONS

1. The sign size shall be 12" x 18".

2. The sign material shall be .080 gauge thickness anodized aluminum.

3. The sign shall have a green background with 3" high white reflective numbers and arrow with a white reflective border.

4. Where a private road name is in use or part of a private Homeowner's Articles of Incorporation agreement the sign size will be enlarged to accommodate the necessary lettering but remain proportional to the above design limits.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS Approved OCCO ... & CO. ... 1.12-81

5. The sign will be installed within the common driveway easement area as noted on the final plat.

6. Address number identification signs are to be provided under the tenants of the Homeowner's Association Incorporation or a Property Management Company for installation and maintenance in accordance with the Department of Planning and Zoning Address Numbering System and per Section 3.503(a) of the Howard County Code - Public Signs. Maintenance/repair and replacement of the address number directional signs will be the responsibility of the Homeowner's Association or a Property Management Company.

7. Compliance regarding the installation of the new address number directional signs will be enforced by the Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits at the time of final approval for issuance of the Use and Occupancy permits.

Maintenance Schedule for Bioretention (Rain Garden)

PAVING SECTIONS

P-1 THROUGH P-4

NO SCALE

1250 s.f.

1. Inspect facility on a semi-annual basis the first year, and after major storm events.

2. Inspect facility annually after the first year. 3. Test plantings bed soils on an annual basis for pH to establish acidic levels. If the pH is below 5.2, apply limestone. If the pH is above 7.0, iron sulfate plus sulfur should be added.

4. Inspect soil of bed for erosion after major storm events. Correct erosion problems as necessary.

5. Inspect surface of bed for clogging from fine sediments on an annual basis. If clogged, cores aerate nonvegetated areas to insure adequate filtration. 6. Bi-annual mulching is recommended. A 3" mulch depth is recommended.

7. All plant materials should be inspected annually. Dead or severely diseased species should be replaced. 8. Woody vegetation may require periodic pruning.

Date

LDE, INC. 9250 Rumsey Road, Suite 106, Columbia, MD. 21045 (410) 715-1070 (301) 596-3424 (410) 715-9540 (Fax) SUPPLEMENTAL PLAN

ROBERT L. GOSSELIN PROPERTY LOT 5 & LOT 6 2 of 3 A RESUBDIVISION OF ROBERT L. GOSSELIN PROPERTY, LOT 1 5th Election District - Howard County, Maryland Tax Map No. 28 - Grid No. 8 - Parcels 301 02-041 revious Submittals: F-78-179: WP-77-158. WP-04-60. WP-05-110.TU-05-009 OWNER / DEVELOPER: Philip T. Mercer / Gay Mercer 11208 Ridermark Row F04-123 12/2005

DEVELOPER'S / BUILDER'S CERTIFICATION I certify that the landscaping shown on this plan will be done according to the plan, Section 16.124 of the Howard County Code and the Howard County Landscape Manual. I further certify that upon completion a Certificate of Landscape Installation, accompanied by an executed One Year Guarantee of Plant Materials will be su<u>bmitte</u>d to the Department of Planning and Zoning. Moren 1/05/06 REVISIONS

Description

Columbia, MD 21044