

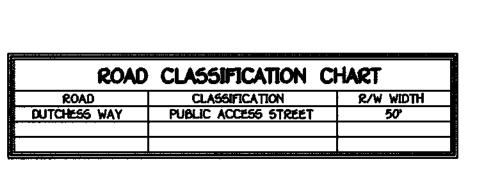
FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS

GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS SECTION 11, AREA 3

LOT 11 AND BULK PARCELS 'A' & 'B'

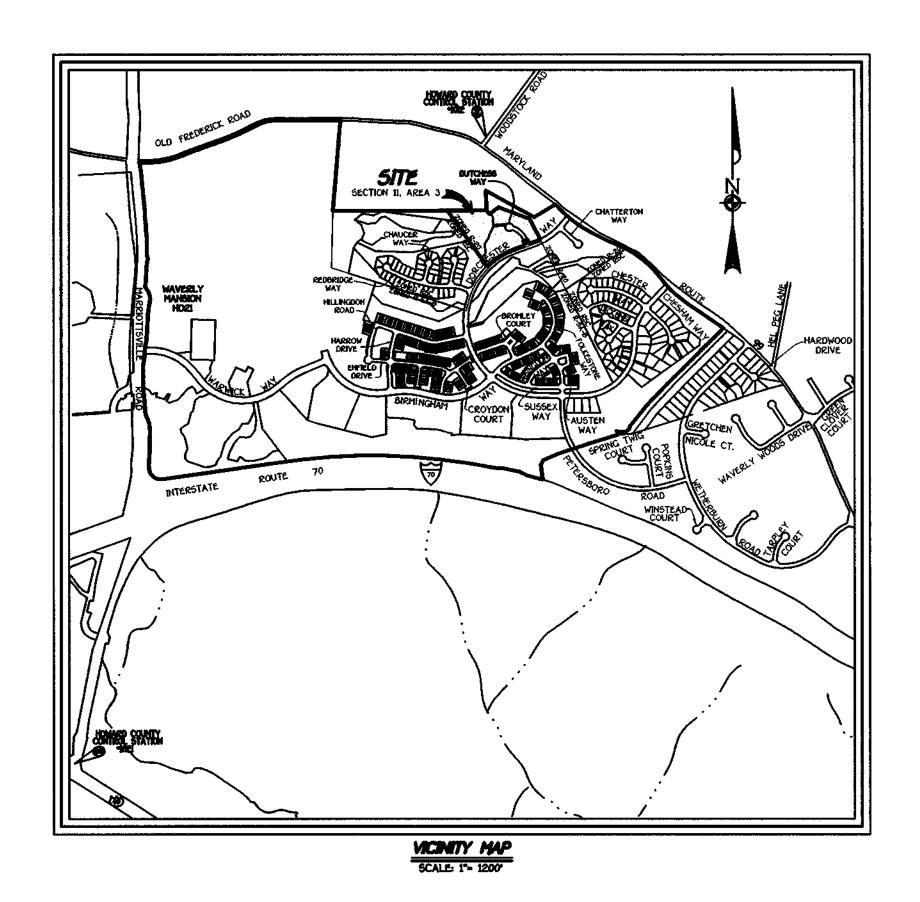
(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 2222, FOLIO 36)

ZONED: R-20 TAX MAP No. 16, PART OF PARCEL No. 20



TRA	VFFIC	CONT	ROL SIGNS	
STREET NAME	C.L. STATION	OFFSET	posted Sign	SIGN CODE
DUTCHESS WAY	0+42	16'L	5TOP	R1- 1

		ST	reet i	IGHT CHART
DWG. No.	STREET NAME	STATION	OFF-SET	FIXTURE/POLE TYPE
2	DUTCHESS WAY	L.P. STA. 1+48	2º BEHIND CURB	100-WATT HPS VAPOR "COLONIAL" POST TOP FIXTURE MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS POLE.



THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

GENERAL NOTES

- 1 ALL ASPECTS OF THE PROJECT ARE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS ARE APPROVED.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, DIVISION OF CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION AT 410-313-1880 AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS. PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
- 4. LOCATION: SOUTHSIDE OF OLD FREDERICK ROAD (MARYLAND ROUTE 99) AND EASTSIDE OF DORCHESTER WAY.
- 5. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO ZONING BOARD CASE No. ZB929-M WHICH APPROVED ON MARCH 22, 1993, A REQUEST TO REZONE 602.18 ACRES OF RURAL LAND INTO THE MIXED USE AREAS.
- 6. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON IS FROM AERIAL MAPS FLOWN WITH 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS PREPARED BY HARFORD AERIAL SURVEYS DATED NOVEMBER 1996.
- 7. PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.
- 9. PUBLIC WATER AND SEWER ARE TO BE UTILIZED FOR THIS SITE AND WILL BE EXTENDED FROM THE LIMITS OF CONTRACT Nos. 20-3595-D & 44-3921-D.
- 9. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE BY THE RETENTION METHOD PROVIDED UNDER EX. POND 1 (F 95-174). THE S.W.M. REPORT IS PROVIDED BY MILDENBURG ASSOCIATES, INC. (APPROVED 3/26/96).
- 10. THIS HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUM SHOWN ARE BASED ON THE FOLLOWING NAD '83 HOWARD COUNTY CONTROL STATIONS:

 HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT 1012

 HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT 16E1

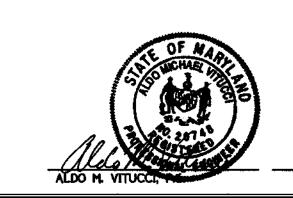
 N 601060.177
 E 1345336.7580
 N 593250.9322
 ELEV. = 509.924

11. AREA TABULATION: SECTION 11. AREA 3

a.	TOTAL NUMBER OF BUILDABLE LOTS TO BE RECORDED	
b.	TOTAL NUMBER OF HOA OPEN SPACE LOTS TO BE RECORDED	
	TOTAL NUMBER OF BULK PARCELS TO BE RECORDED	
	TOTAL AREA OF BUILDABLE LOTS TO BE RECORDED	
€.	TOTAL AREA OF HOA OPEN SPACE LOTS TO BE RECORDED	
f.	TOTAL AREA OF BULK PARCELS TO BE RECORDED 5.766 ACT TOTAL AREA OF LOTS/PARCELS TO BE RECORDED 9.976 ACT	.*
9	TOTAL AREA OF LOTS/PARCELS TO BE RECORDED	
ħ.	TOTAL AREA OF ROADWAY TO BE RECORDED	*
į.	TOTAL AREA TO BE RECORDED	

- 12. THE NOISE STUDY FOR GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS WAS PROVIDED BY WILDMAN ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. ON NOVEMBER 1, 1994.
- 13. THE FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION FOR THIS SECTION HAS BEEN MET WITH 0.41 ACRES OF ON-SITE FOREST RETENTION AND 0.72 ACRES OF OFF-SITE RETENTION, LOCATED ON A PORTION OF THE GTW WAVERLY WOODS PROPERTY, WEST OF MARRIOTTSVILLE ROAD. THE SURETY OBLIGATION FOR THIS AREA = \$9,845.00.
- 14. THERE IS A PUBLIC 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN WITHIN SECTION II. THE FLOODPLAIN STUDY WAS APPROVED UNDER 5 94-07 DATED 11/30/93.
- 15. THE WETLANDS STUDY FOR GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS WAS PREPARED BY EXPLORATION RESEARCH, INC. AND WAS COMPILED ON 9/5/91.
- 16. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS WAS PREPARED BY THE TRAFFIC GROUP AND APPROVED ON JULY 14, 1994.
- 17. THE SKETCH PLAN No. 5 94-07 WAS APPROVED ON 11/30/93. THE PRELIMINARY PLAN P 00-10 WAS APPROVED ON 9/6/00. THE PRELIMINARY PLAN COINCIDES WITH THE PHASING PLAN FOR THE YEAR OF 2002 AS SHOWN UNDER THE SKETCH PLAN AND MODIFIED PHASING PLAN FOR PHASING 2002 THRU 2010 APPROVED BY THE PLANNING DIRECTOR ON JUNE 21, 1999.
- 18. STREET LIGHTS WILL BE REQUIRED IN THIS DEVELOPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN MANUAL. STREET LIGHT PLACEMENT AND TYPE OF FIXTURE AND POLE SELECTED SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III (1993) AND AS MODIFIED BY "GUIDELINES FOR STREET LIGHTS IN RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS (JUNE 1993)." THE JUNE 1993 POLICY INCLUDES GUIDELINES FOR LATERAL AND LONGITUDINAL PLACEMENT. A MINIMUM SPACING OF 20" SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN AND STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE.
- 19. OPEN SPACE LOT 11 TO BE DEDICATED TO THE HOMEOWNER'S ASSOCIATION.
- 20. THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL. FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE 55 REQUIRED PERIMETER LANDSCAPE TREES HAS BEEN POSTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF \$13,650.00.
- 21. NOTE THAT 95% COMPACTION IN FILL AREAS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO T-180 SPECIFICATIONS.

OWNER / DEVELOPER
WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPOR
c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT,
9000 MAIN STREET
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042



GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS

SECTION 11, AREA 3

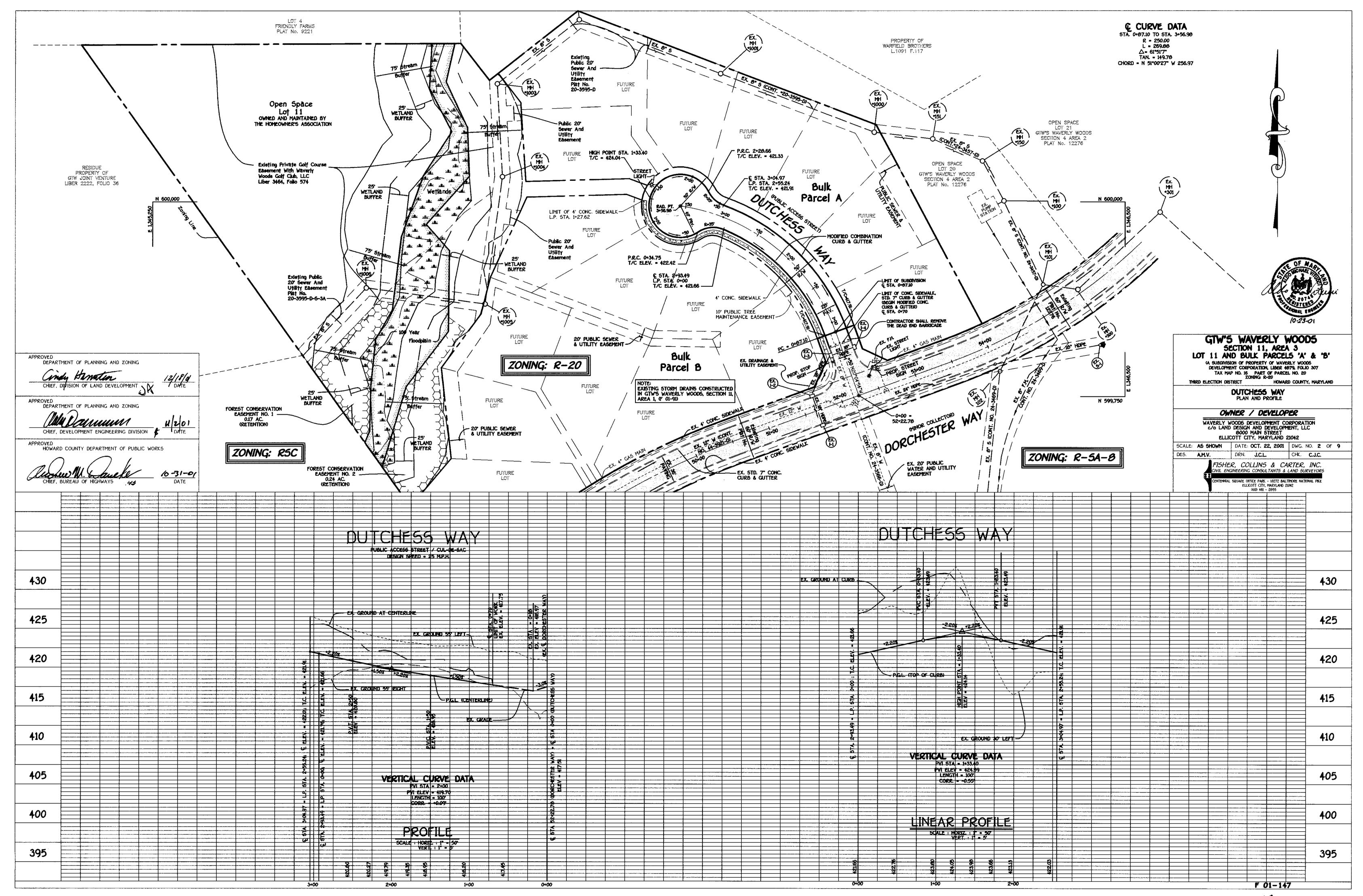
LOT 11 AND BULK PARCELS 'A' & 'B'

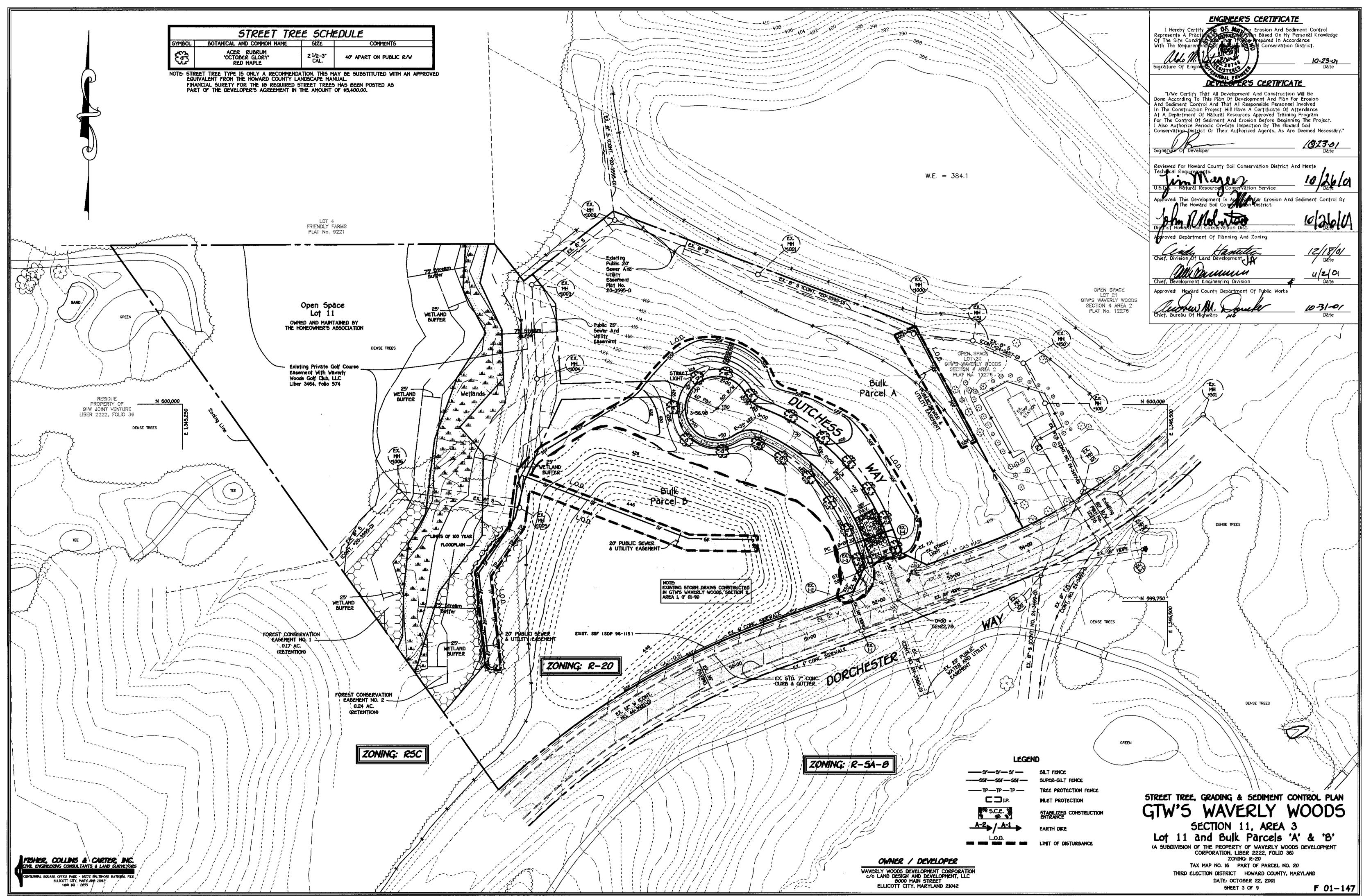
(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 2222, FOLIO 36)
ZONING: R-20

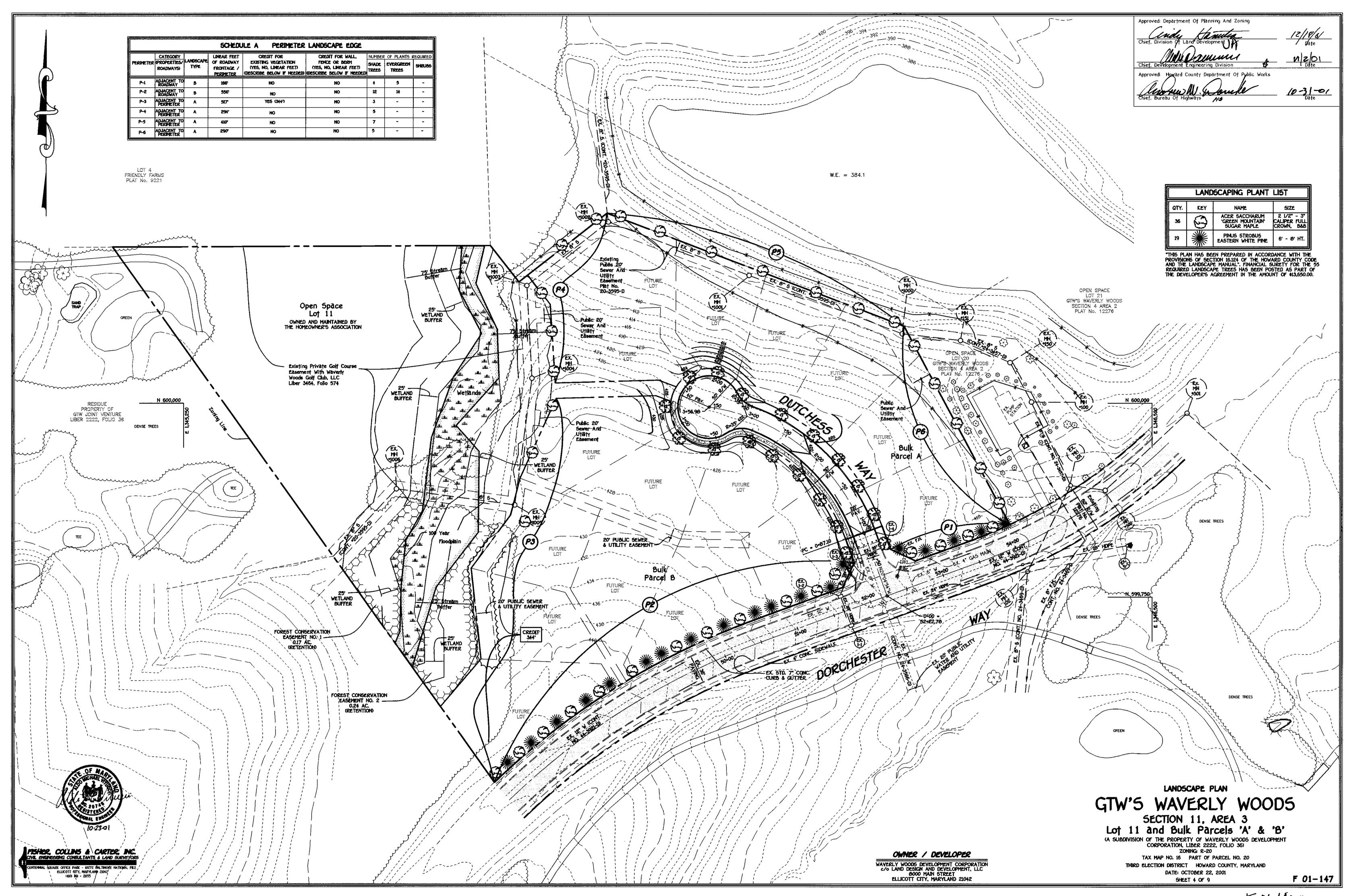
TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20
THERD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND
DATE: OCTOBER 22, 2001
SHEET 1 OF 9

9 F 01-147

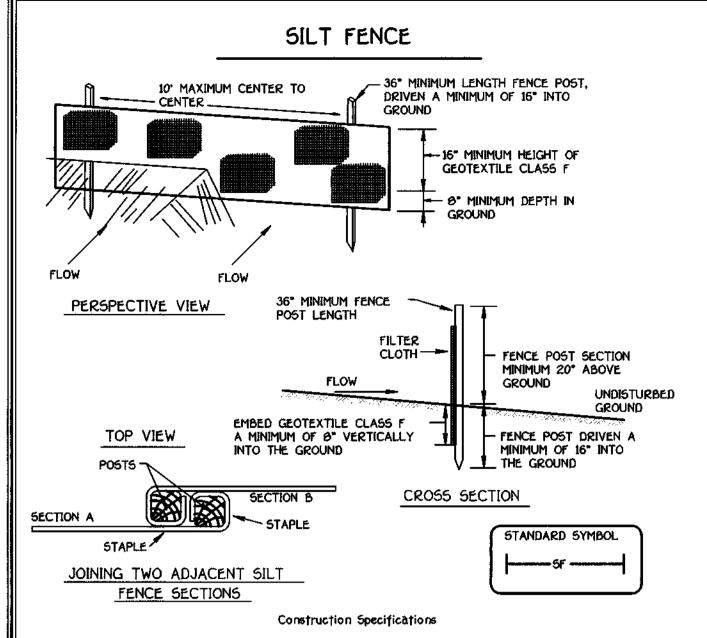
FISHER, COLLING & CARTER, BNC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYOR
CENTENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 1027/2 BALTHORE NATIONAL PIKE
ELLICOTT CITY, NARYLAND 28042
(410) 461 - 2855
ECC *30686 SIL AREA 3 TITLE SHEET.DMG











1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

Tensile Strength	50 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Tensile Modulus	20 lbs/in (min.)	Test: MSMT 509
Flow Rate	0.3 gal ft / minute (max.)*	Test: MSMT 322
Filtering Efficiency	75% (min.)	Test: MSMT 322

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

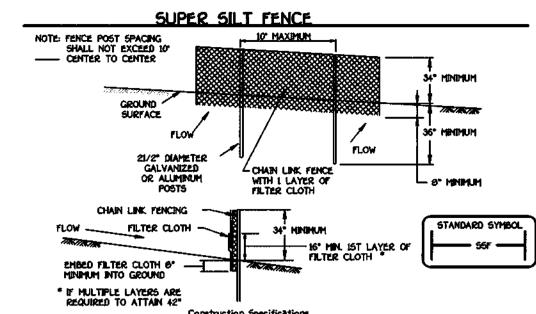
Silt Fence Design Criteria

Slope Steepness	(Maximum) Slope Length	(Maximum) Silt Fence Length
Flatter than 50:1	unlimited	unlimited
50:1 to 10:1	125 feet	1,000 feet
10:1 to 5:1	100 feet	750 feet
5:1 to 3:1	60 feet	500 feet
3:1 to 2:1	40 feet	250 feet
2:1 and steeper	20 feet	125 feet

Note: In areas of less than 2% slope and sandy soils (USDA general classification system, soil Class A) maximum slope length and silt fence length will be unlimited. In these areas a silt fence may be the only perimeter control

- D A MINIMUM OF 40 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL
- DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1855). 2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED
- ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO.
- FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.
 GRADING NECESSARY TO INSTALL STORM DRAINS, SEDIMENT TRAP AND EARTH DIKES TO BE PERFORMED FIRST. REMAINDER OF THE GRADING TO BE PERFORMED AFTER STORM DRAINS, SEDIMENT TRAP AND EARTH DIKES ARE INSTALLED.
- ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER
- GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT
- CONTROL INSPECTOR.
 - TOTAL AREA OF SITE ACRES AREA DISTURBED AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED
- OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION N/A 8) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH
- DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL. BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE. TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. /IL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS iuare office park – 10272 Baltimore national pike ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042



Construction Specifications 1. Fencing shall be 42° in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42' fabric and 6' length

2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truse rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence. 3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24° at the top and mid section.

4. Fifter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 8" into the ground. 5. When two sections of fifter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overtapped 6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and slit buildups removed when "builges" develop in the silt fence, or when silt reaches 50% of fence height

7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties of staples at top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for Tensile Strength Tensile Modulus Flow Rate Test: MSMT 509 20 be/in (min.)

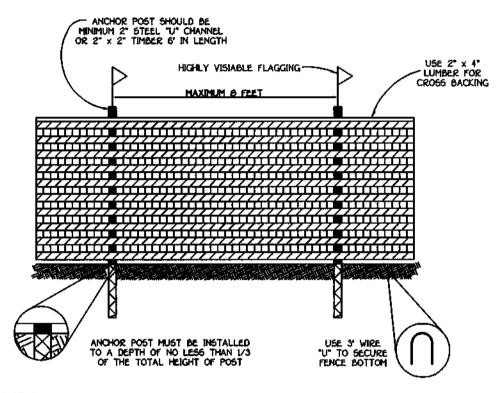
0.3 gal/ft /minute (max.) Test: MSMT 322

5teepness (maximum) (maximum) 0 - 10:1 Unlimited Unlimited			
0 - 10:1 Unlimited Unlimited			Sift Fence Length
		200 feet	1,500 feet 1,000 feet
	3:1 - 2:1	100 feet	500 feet

Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.)

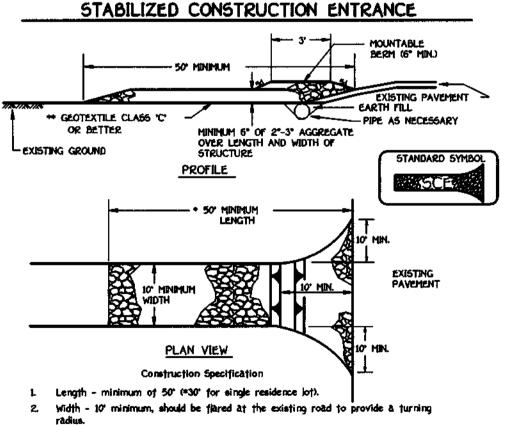
5lope 0 - 10X 10 - 20X 20 - 33X 33 - 50X 50X +

BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH

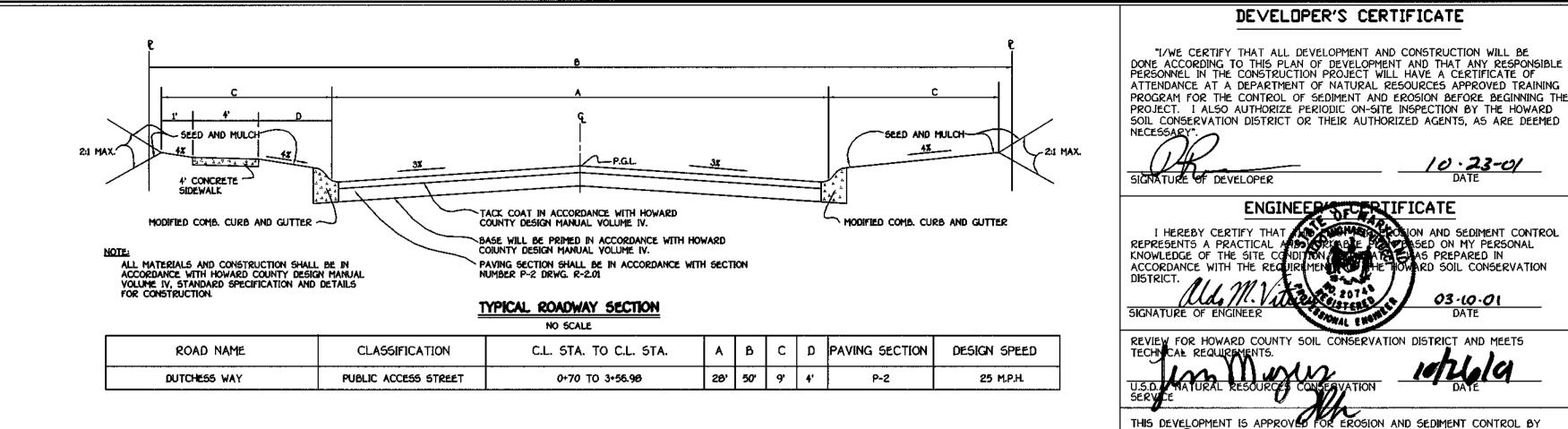


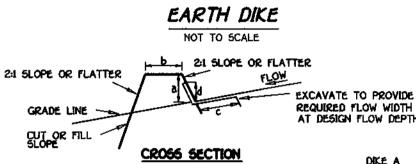
NOTES: FOREST PROTECTION DEVICE ONLY.
RETENTION AREA WILL BE SET AS PART OF THE REVIEW PROCESS.
BOUNDARIES OF RETENTION AREA SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEVICE.
ROOT DAMAGE SHOULD BE AVOIDED.

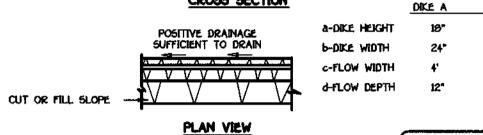
TREE PROTECTION DETAIL



- Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family
- residences to use geotextile.
- 4. Stone crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 5° deep over the length and width of the
- 5. Surface Water all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be projected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.
- 6. Location A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.







STANDARD SYMBOL

A-2 B-3

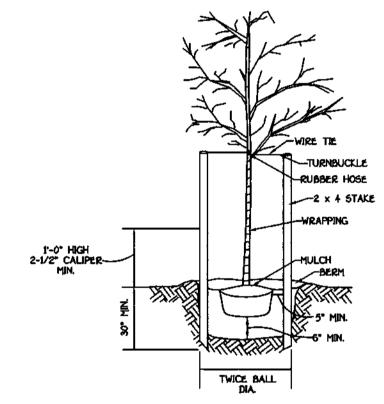
FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION GRADE 0.5% MIN. 10% MAX.

 Seed and cover with straw mulch. 2. Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod. 3. 4" - 7" stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into the soil 7" minimum

- 1. All temporary earth dikes shall have uninterrupted positive grade to 2. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shall be conveyed to a
- 3. Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly into an undisturbed, stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity.
- 4. All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectionable material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere
- with the proper functioning of the dike. 5. The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections or other irregularities which will imped
- 6. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.

sediment trapping device.

- 7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed
- so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike. 8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after



TREE PLANTING

STAKING DETAIL

GRADING FOR PLANTING ON SLOPES

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

10.23-01

03-10-01

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE

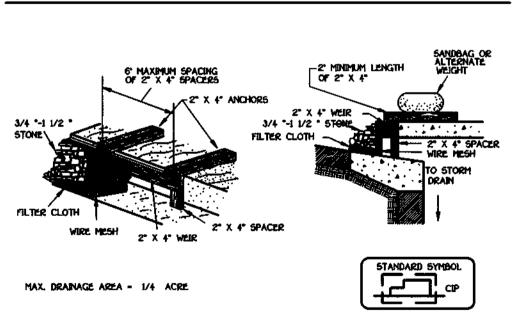
APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

Mel Dunne

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

CURB INLET PROTECTION (COG OR COS INLETS)



- 1. Attach a continuous piece of wire mesh (30° minimum width by throat length plus 4") to the 2" x 4" weir (measuring throat length plus 2") as shown on the standard
- 2. Place a continuous piece of Geotextile Class E the same dimensions as the wire mesh over the wire mesh and securely attach it to the 2" x 4" weir.
- 3. Securely nail the 2" X 4" weir to a 9" long vertical spacer to be located between the weir and the inlet face (max. 4' apart).
- 4. Place the assembly against the inlet throat and nail (minimum 2' lengths of 2" x 4" to the top of the weir at spacer locations). These 2" x 4" anchors shall
- extend across the inlet top and be held in place by sandbags or alternate weight. 5. The assembly shall be placed so that the end spacers are a minimum 1' beyond

both ends of the throat opening.

- 6. Form the 1/2 " x 1/2 " wire mesh and the geotextile fabric to the concrete gutter and against the face of the curb on both sides of the inlet. Place clean 3/4 " x 1 1/2 " stone over the wire mesh and geotextile in such a manner to prevent water from entering the inlet under or around the geotextile.
- 7. This type of protection must be inspected frequently and the filter cloth and stone replaced when clogged with sediment.
- 8. Assure that storm flow does not bypass the inlet by installing a temporary earth or asphalt dike to direct the flow to the inlet.

OWNER / DEVELOPER

WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION C/O LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, LLC 8000 MAIN STREET ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS

GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS

SECTION 11, AREA 3

Lot 11 and Bulk Parcels 'A' & 'B' (A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT

CORPORATION, LIBER 2222, FOLIO 36) ZONING: R-20 TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DATE: OCTOBER 22,2001 SHEET 5 OF 9

Definition

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH. materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

Conditions Where Practice Applies I. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth. b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep

enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant growth. c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant

II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the plans.

d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible

Construction and Material Specifications I. Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station II. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the

Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of comtrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, stag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1 1/2" in diameter. ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison

ivy, thistle, or others as specified. iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at a rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

II. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres: Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 10.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

III. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres: On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:

a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0. sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.

b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5

d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been

percent by weight. c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used.

treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials. Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil. ii. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 10.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

V. Topsoil Application

When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" - 8" higher in elevation.

iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets. iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition.

when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation. VI. Alternative for Permanent Seeding - Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified below: Composted Sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe

amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres

shall conform to the following requirements. a. Composted studge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) of the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a Ph of 7.0 to 8.0. If compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use.

Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 iv. Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb/1,000 square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate.

20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion.

PURPOSE Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration O(up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc. EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY

Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth.

Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants /ill also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone. Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

SECTION 1 - VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS A. Site Preparation i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions,

grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.

ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.

iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites

having disturbed area over 5 acres.

B. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications) Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.

ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according

of the producer.

iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a *100 mesh sieve and 98-100% will pass through a *20

mesh sieve.

iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.
5eedbed Preparation

i. Temporary Seeding

a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.
b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
c. In corporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.
ii. Permanent Seeding
a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:
1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.
2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (pom).

Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass of

serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% sil

plus clay) would be acceptable.

4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

5. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.

b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5° to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from

sliding down a slope.

Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.

Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3" of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on

Seed Specifications All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.

Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.

ii. Inoculant - The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75°-80° F. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder.

or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder.

a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous); 200 |bs/ac, K20 (potassium); 200 |bs/ac.

b. Lime - use only ground agricultural limestone, Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.

c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruntion.

c. Seed and terminer shall be thinked on sing and according without interruption.

ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.

a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Mulch Specifications (In order of preference)

Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rre or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be tree of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.

ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical state.

WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having

The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.

e. WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phytol-toxic.

f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired.

Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch along shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in

. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1° and 2°. Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre. iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1.500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

H. Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safety. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the comfour if possible.

Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the provider shall be mixed with water and

he mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

ot water.

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders - such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70 Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.

manujacturer to anchor much. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recom-mendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long

Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes All cuts slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Slopes

shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15 ii. Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.
b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.
c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as

necessary.

Perform final phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions int he operation of completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

ii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

15°, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

iii. At the end of each day, femporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge

of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner to

of the embantment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-érosive manner to a sediment trapping device.

iv. Construction sequence: Refer to figure 4 (below).

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

b. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

c. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

d. Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization. SECTION 2 - TEMPORARY SEEDING

> Vegetation - annual grass or grain used to provide cover on disturbed areas for up to 12 months. For longer duration of vegetative cover, Permanent Seeding is required. A. Seed mixtures - Temporary Seeding

i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 26 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Temporary seeding summary below, along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this summary is not put on the plans and completed, then Table 26 must be put on the plans.

ii. For sites having soil tests performed, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the testing agency shall be written in Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

5	eed Mixture (Hardiness Zone From Table 26	,			Fertilizer Rate	Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	(10-10-10)	cime kaje
1	RYE	140	3/15 - 5/31, 8/1 - 10/31	1" - 2"	600 lb/ac	2 tons/ac
2	BARLEY OR RYE PLUS FOXTAIL MILLOT	150	6/1 - 7/31	r-	(15 lb/1000sf)	(100 lb/1000sf)

SECTION 3 - PERMANENT SEEDING Seeding grass and legumes to establish groung cover for a minimum of one year on disturbed areas generally receiving low maintenance. A. Seed mixtures - Permanent Seeding

i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 25 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Permanent Seeding Summary below, along with application rates and seeding dates. Seeding depths can be estimated using Table 26. If this summary is not put on the construction plans and completed, then Table 25 must be put on the plans. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, streambanks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-5C5 Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting. For special lawn maintenance areas, see Sections IV Sod and V Turfgrass. ii. For sites having disturbed area over 5 areas, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the

rates recommended by the soil testing agency shall be written in. iii. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply ureaform fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 lbs/1000 sq. ft. (150 lbs/ac), in addition to the above soil amendments shown in the table below, to be performed at

	Seed Mixture (Hardiness Zone From Table 25	<u>6a</u>)				Fertilizer & (10–20–20)	2a†e	Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P205	K20	
3	TALL FESCUE (05%) KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS (5%) PERENNIAL RYEGRASS (10%)	125 15 10	3/15 - 6/1, 8/1 - 10/1	i" - 2"	90 lb/ac (2.0 lb/	175 lb/ac	175 b/ac (4 b/	2 tons/ac
10	TALL FESCUE (80%) HARD FESCUE (20%)	120 30	3/15 - 5/1, B/1 - 10/1	1" - 2"	(te0001) 1000s	1000081)	1000sf)	1000sf)



"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING TH PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED

10.23-01 ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AN BASED ON MY PERSONAL IT WAS PREPARED IN HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION ACCORDANCE WITH DISTRICT. 03-10-01 ERVATION DISTRICT AND MEETS REVIEW FOR HOWARD QUE TECHNICAL REQUIREMEN WURAL THIS DEVELOPMENT IS APPROVED FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1. OBTAIN THE REQUIRED GRADING PERMIT. (1 DAY)

2. NOTIFY 'MISS UTILITY' AT LEAST 40 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK (1-800-257-7777). NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK (410-313-1870). (1 DAY)

3. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FOR THE PROPOSED SEWER MAINS ONLY. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. (1 DAY)

5. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES FOR THE REST OF THE SITE. (1 DAY)

6. INSTALL THE REQUIRED SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS INDICATED ON THE PLAN SHEET 3. (1 DAY) 7. OBTAIN PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO PROCEEDING.

4. INSTALL PROPOSED SEWER MAINS AND STABILIZE THE DISTURBED AREAS. (1 DAY)

6. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE SITE. (2 DAYS) 9. GRADE SITE TO THE PROPOSED SUBGRADE. INSTALL THE WATER MAIN.

10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY

11. INSTALL CURB AND GUTTER PLUS ROAD BASE COURSE. (1 WEEK) 12. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL

INSPECTOR TO PROCEED. (2 DAYS) 13. APPLY TACK COAT TO SUB-BASE AND LAY SURFACE COURSE. (3 DAYS) 14. FOLLOWING SUCCESSFUL STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES, AND AFTER PERMISSION HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE

HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR BACKFILLED. (1 DAY) 15. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR A FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS

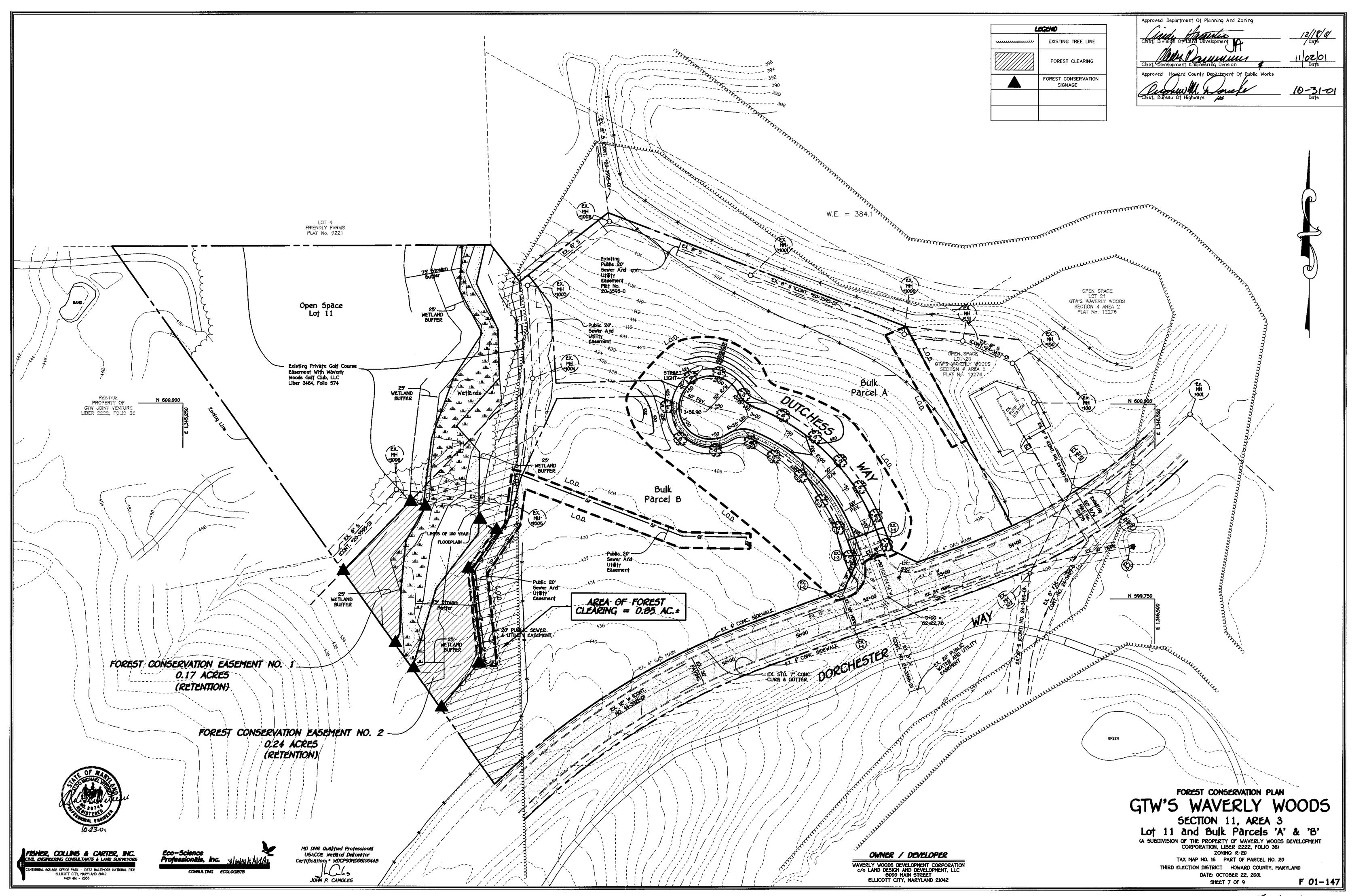
SECTION 11, AREA 3 Lot 11 and Bulk Parcels 'A' & 'B' (A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 2222, FOLIO 36)

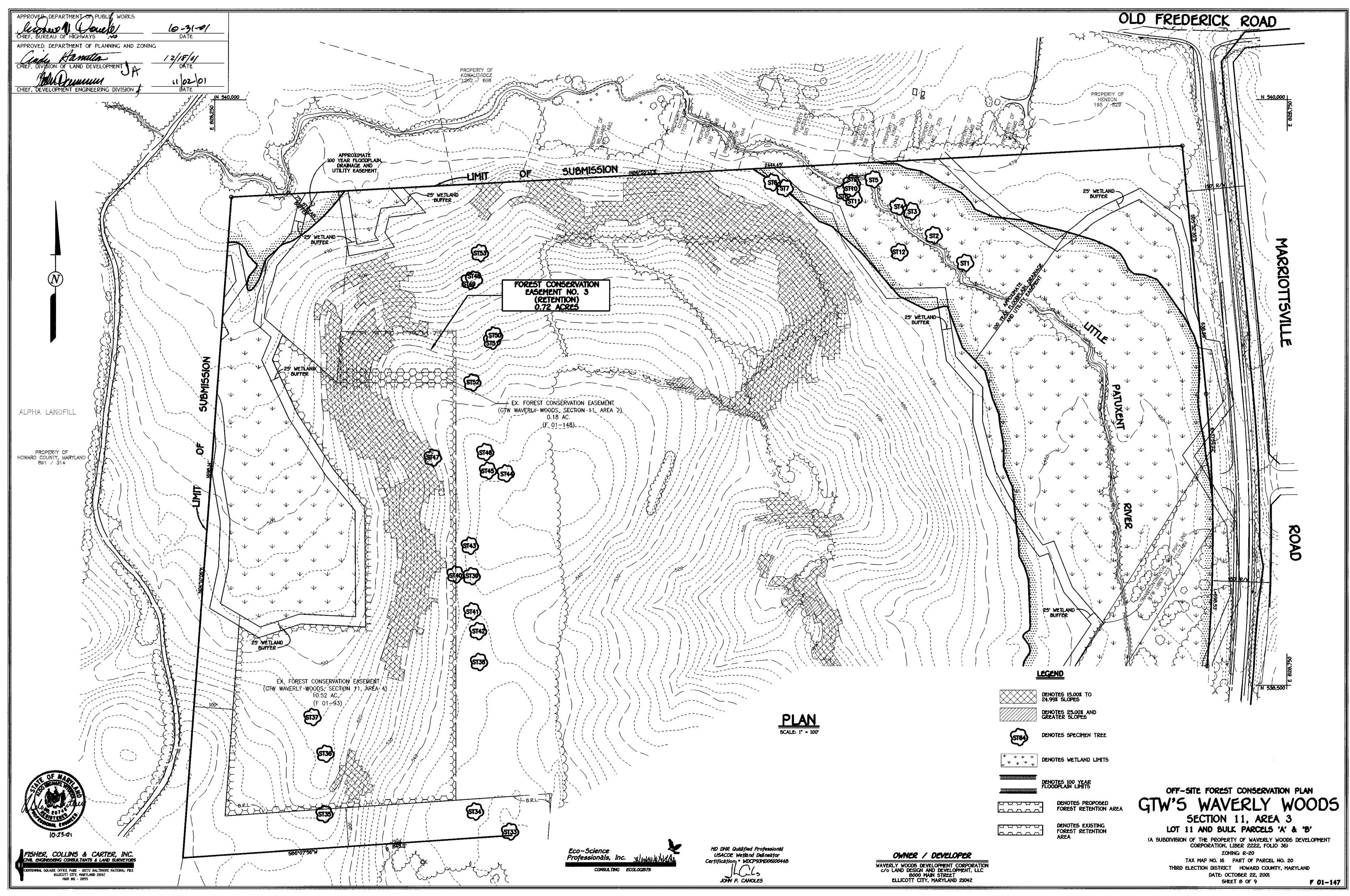
> TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: OCTOBER 22, 2001 SHEET 6 OF 9



OWNER / DEVELOPER WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, LLC 8000 MAIN STREET

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042





Waverly Woods Residential -Forest Conservation Worksheet

Input Parameter:	Preliminary FCP	Thru Section 11/ Area 3
Tract Area	291.90	291.91
100 Year Floodplain	4.10	4.81
Other ROW/Easements to be excluded from NTA	2.04	2.09
Disturbance within Floodplain to be added to NTA	0.00	2.47
Existing Forest Area (NTA)	103.00	103.00
Afforestation Threshold	15%	15%
Conservation Threshold	20%	20%
Total Area Forest Cleared	65.55	69.86
Total Area Forest Retained	37.45	33.14
		<u> </u>
Calculated Parameters:	<u> </u>	
	285.76	287.47
Net Tract Area	285.76 42.86	287.47 43.12
Net Tract Area Afforestation Threshold		E
Net Tract Area	42.86	43.12
Net Tract Area Afforestation Threshold Conservation Threshold Forest Above Conservation Threshold	42.86 57.15	43.12 57.49
Net Tract Area Afforestation Threshold Conservation Threshold	42.86 57.15 45.85	43.12 57.49 45.53

Forest Conservation Calculations for Waverly Woods Section 11 Area 3

	Acres
Forest Preservation in Section 11, Area 3 Development	0.41
Forest Clearing in Section 11, Area 3 Development	0.85
Total Forest Clearing within Residentially Zoned Areas of Waverly Woods	69.86
Percentage of Forest Clearing Within Section 11 Area 3 Development	1.21
Total Reforestation Required for Waverly Woods Residential Development	60.08
Reforestation for Section 11, Area 3 Development	0.72

FCA Calculation Notes:

- 1. All information relative to the FCP calculations has been developed from the Forest Conservation Plan prepared by Environmental Systems Analysis (ESA), Inc. The Forest Conservation requirements have been established by guidelines outlined in the February 1996 Forest Conservation Plan as prepared by ESA, Inc.
- 2. The Forest Conservation Worksheet above includes the Preliminary Forest Conservation calculation (from the PFCP revised on February 26, 1996) and the latest forest conservation calculations (thru Section 11, Area 3) for residentially zoned development at Waverly Woods. Forest Retention and clearing differences in the two worksheets reflect minor changes from preliminary to final plan. With the exception of the Golf Course, Section 11 will be the final residentially zoned portion of Waverly Woods.
- Like the previous sections of Waverly Woods, reforestation for Section 11, Area 3 has been calculated on a percentage basis. Section 11, Area 3 accounts for 1.21% of the Waverly Woods residentially zoned forest clearing at Waverly Woods. Therefore, 1.21% of the Waverly Woods residential reforestation obligation (as revised by the updated FCA worksheet) will be provided for Section 11 Area 3. This requirement will be met by dedicating 0.72 acres of forest retention surplus on Waverly Woods commercially zoned property to Section 11, Area 3.
- Including Section 11, Area 3 a total of 9.05 acres of onsite reforestation, 12.52 acres of additional onsite retention and 8.13 acres of offsite reforestation (see January 1996 Final FCP for Waverly Woods Section 4, Areas 1 and 2) has been planned for the Waverly Woods residentially zoned property to date. This leaves a balance of 30.38 acres of reforestation to be performed for the remaining areas of Section 11 and the Golf Course.

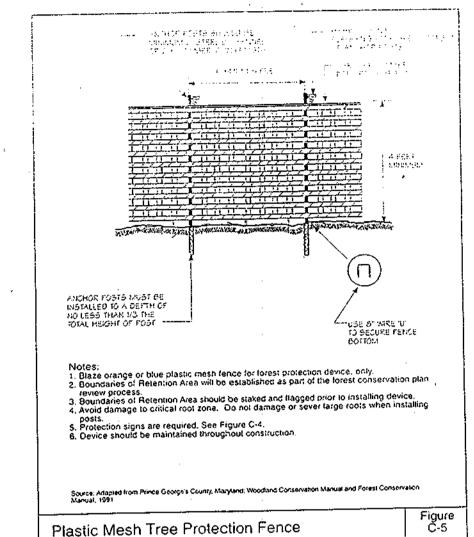
THE 0.13 ARCES OF OFF-SITE IS LOCATED ON WEST FRIENDSHIP ESTATES, SECTION ONE, KNOWN AS PLAT NOS. 11434 AND 11433 OF F-95-173.

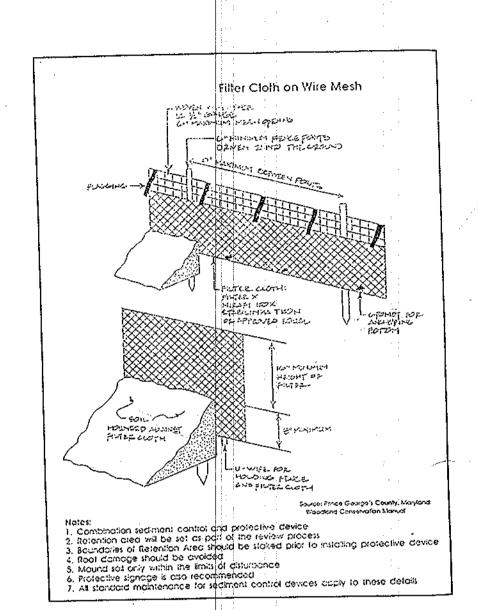
FCP NOTES

- 1. Any Forest Conservation Easement (FCE) area shown hereon is subject to protective covenants which may be found in the Land Records of Howard County which restrict the disturbance and use of these areas.
- 2. The forest Conservation Easements have been established to fulfill the requirements of Section 16.1200 of the Howard County Code, Forest Conservation Act. No clearing, grading, or construction is permitted within the Forest Conservation Easements; however, forest management practices as defines in the Deed of Forest Conservation Easement are allowed.
- 3. Limits of disturbance shall be restricted to areas outside the limit of temporary fencing or the FCE boundary, whichever is greater.
- There shall be no clearing, grading, construction or disturbance of vegetation in the Forest Conservation Easement, except as permitted by Howard County DPZ.
- No stockpiles, parking areas, equipment cleaning areas, etc. shall occur within areas designated as Forest Conservation Easements.
- 6. Permanent signage shall be placed 50-100' apart along the boundaries of all areas included in Forest Conservation Easements.
- 7. The reforestation obligation shown hereon shall be met through the retention of existing forest on a commercially zoned section of Waverly Woods.

OWNER / DEVELOPER

WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, LLC 8000 MAIN STREET ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042





Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Forest Conservation

Easement

Unauthorized disturbances of vegetation is prohibited.

Violators are subject to fines as imposed by the Howard County Forest Conservation Act of 1992

Trees for Your Future

"FCE" SIGNAGE DETAIL

Eco-Science Professionals, Inc.

ce pals, Inc.

CONSULTING ECOLOGISTS

MD DNR Qualified Professional
USACOE Wetland Delineator
Certification,#/WDCP93MD0610044B3

John P. Canoles



SECTION 11, AREA 3
LOT 11 AND BULK PARCELS 'A' & 'B'

(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT

(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 2222, FOLIO 36)

ZONING: R-20

TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20

FOREST CONSERVATION NOTES AND DETAILS

TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20
THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND
DATE: OCTOBER 22, 2001
SHEET 9 OF 9

P.O. Box 5006 Glen Arm, MD 21057 (410) 592-6752

F 01-147