FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS

GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS

SECTION 11 AREA 1

(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 4879, FOLIO 307)

> ZONED R-20, RSC AND R-SA-8 TAX MAP No. 16, PART OF PARCEL No. 20

ROAD	CLASSIFICATION (CHART
ROAD	CLASSIFICATION	R/W WIDTH
DORCHESTER WAY	MINOR COLLECTOR	60'
HOUNSLOW DRIVE	PUBLIC ACCESS STREET	50'
DUTCHESS WAY	PUBLIC ACCESS PLACE	50'

		5	treet u	GHT CHART
DWG. No.	STREET NAME	STATION	OFF-SET	FIXTURE/POLE TYPE
2	DORCHESTER WAY	C.L. 5TA. 34+52	22° L	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT FIXTURE (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED AT 30° ON A BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12° ARM
2	DORCHESTER WAY	C.L. STA. 40+30	22° L	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT FIXTURE (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED AT 30° ON A BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12° ARM
2	DORCHESTER WAY	C.L. 5TA. 43+20	30" L (ANGLE TO CENTER OF INTERSECTION)	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT FIXTURE (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED AT 30' ON A BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12' ARM
3	DORCHESTER WAY	C.L. 5TA. 46+25	22' L	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT FIXTURE (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED AT 30' ON A BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12' ARM
3	DORCHESTER WAY	C.L. 5TA. 49+35	22' L	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT FIXTURE (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED AT 30' ON A BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12' ARM
3	DORCHESTER WAY	C.L. 5TA. 52+52	29' L (ANGLE TO CENTER OF INTERSECTION)	150-WATT H.P.S. VAPOR PENDANT FIXTURE (CUT-OFF) MOUNTED AT 30' ON A BRONZE FIBERGLASS POLE USING A 12' ARM

TRA	FFIC	CONT	ROL SIGNS	
STREET NAME	C.L. STATION	OFFSET	POSTED SIGN	SIGN CODE
DORCHESTER WAY	32+40	21' R	SPEED LIMIT 35	R2-1
DORCHESTER WAY	51+00	21' L	SPEED LIMIT 35	R2-1



THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL ASPECTS OF THE PROJECT ARE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS ARE APPROVED.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, DIVISION
- OF CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION AT 410-313-1880 AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS. PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-000-257-7777 AT LEAST
- 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION.
- 4. LOCATION: SOUTHSIDE OF OLD FREDERICK ROAD (MARYLAND ROUTE 99) AND NORTHSIDE OF BIRMINGHAM WAY TAX MAP: •16, PART OF PARCEL 20.
- 5. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO ZONING BOARD CASE No. ZB929-M WHICH APPROVED ON MARCH 22, 1993, A REQUEST TO REZONE 682.18 ACRES OF RURAL LAND INTO THE MIXED USE AREAS.
- 6. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON IS FROM AERIAL MAPS FLOWN WITH 2 FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS PREPARED BY HARFORD AERIAL SURVEYS DATED NOVEMBER 1998.
- . PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
- 6. PUBLIC WATER AND SEWER ARE TO BE UTILIZED FOR THIS SITE AND WILL BE EXTENDED FROM THE LIMITS OF CONTRACT Nos. 24-3469-D AND 24-3566-D.
- 9. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE BY THE RETENTION METHOD PROVIDED UNDER EX. POND 1 (F 95-174). THE S.W.M. REPORT IS PROVIDED BY MILDENBURG ASSOCIATES, INC. (APPROVED 3/26/96). 10. THIS HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DATUM SHOWN ARE BASED ON THE FOLLOWING NAD '83

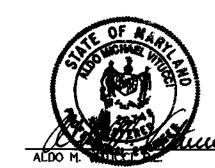
HOWARD COUNTY CONTROL STATIONS: HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT	1012	N 601060.177 E 1345336.7500	ELEV. = 445.577
HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT	16E1		ELEV. = 509.924
11. AREA TABULATION:		E 1540192.7110	

SECTION 11, AREA 1 TOTAL NUMBER OF BUILDABLE LOTS TO BE RECORDED. TOTAL NUMBER OF OPEN SPACE LOTS TO BE RECORDED. TOTAL NUMBER OF LOTS TO BE RECORDED. . TOTAL AREA OF BUILDABLE LOTS TO BE RECORDED. TOTAL AREA OF OPEN SPACE LOTS TO BE RECORDED. TOTAL AREA OF LOTS TO BE RECORDED. TOTAL AREA OF ROADWAY (RSC) TO BE RECORDED. TOTAL AREA OF ROADWAY (R-5A-8) TO BE RECORDED.

- 12. THE NOISE STUDY FOR GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS WAS PROVIDED BY WILDMAN ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC. ON NOVEMBER 1, 1994. 13. THE FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION FOR THIS SECTION HAS BEEN MET WITH 1.30 ACRES OF OFFSITE FOREST RETENTION, LOCATED ON A PORTION OF THE G.T.W. WAVERLY WOODS PROPERTY, WEST OF MARRIOTTSVILLE ROAD. THE SURETY OBLIGATION FOR THIS
- 14. THERE IS A PUBLIC 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN WITHIN SECTION 11.
- 15. THE WETLANDS STUDY FOR GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS WAS PREPARED BY EXPLORATION RESEARCH, INC. AND WAS COMPILED ON 9/5/91.
- 16. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS WAS PREPARED BY THE TRAFFIC GROUP AND APPROVED ON JULY 14, 1994. 17. THE SOILS INVESTIGATION REPORT WAS PREPARED BY I.T.E., INC. ON JUNE 28, 1994.
- 18. THE SKETCH PLAN No. 5 94-07 WAS APPROVED ON 11/30/93. THE PRELIMINARY PLAN P 00-18 WAS APPROVED ON 7/7/00. THE PRELIMINARY PLAN COINCIDES WITH THE PHASING PLAN FOR THE YEAR OF 2002 AS SHOWN UNDER THE SKETCH PLAN AND MODIFIED PHASING PLAN FOR PHASING 2002 THRU 2010 APPROVED BY THE PLANNING
- 19. STREET LIGHTS WILL BE REQUIRED IN THIS DEVELOPMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN MANUAL. STREET LIGHT PLACEMENT AND TYPE OF FIXTURE AND POLE SELECTED SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III (1993) AND AS MODIFIED BY "GUIDELINES FOR STREET LIGHTS IN RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS (JUNE 1993)." THE JUNE 1993 POLICY INCLUDES GUIDELINES FOR LATERAL AND LONGITUDINAL PLACEMENT. A MINIMUM SPACING OF 20' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN AND STREET LIGHT
- 20. PERMITS APPLICABLE FOR THIS SUBDIVISION ARE AS FOLLOWS:
- WETLAND PERMIT AUTHORIZATION No. CENAB-OP-RP (GTW PROPERTY) 91-0921-5. MDE WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION No. 91-WQ-0488 AND MDE WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION LETTER OF RECEIPT TRACKING Nos. 199100921 AND 199191509 (91-WC-0812).

OUTFALL AND CULVERT UNDER HOUNSLOW DRIVE.

- 21. ALL HANDICAP RAMPS SHALL MEET CURRENT ADA REQUIREMENTS.
- 22. WP 95-23 WAS APPROVED ON 1/23/95 FOR DISTURBANCE TO WETLANDS, FLOODPLAIN, STREAMS, OR THEIR BUFFERS IN CERTAIN AREAS THROUGHOUT THE "WAVERLY WOODS" PROJECT. THE AREAS OF THIS SECTION 11, AREA 1 PLAN APPROVED UNDER THIS WAIVER FOR
- a) SHEET 5 FLOODPLAIN NEAR DORCHESTER WAY FOR STORM DRAIN CULVERT. b) SHEET 5 - WETLANDS AND BUFFER ON OPEN SPACE LOT 34 (SECTION 6) FOR STORM DRAIN OUTFALL.
- THE FOLLOWING AREAS OF DISTURBANCE ARE APPROVED UNDER SECTION 16.116.b.c. OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AS A NECESSARY DISTURBANCE AND ESSENTIAL DISTURBANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ORIGINAL SKETCH PLAN LAYOUT (5 94-07). c) SHEET 5 - STREAM BUFFER, WETLANDS & BUFFER, FLOODPLAIN AND PRIORITY FOREST ON OPEN SPACE LOT 36 FOR STORM DRAIN



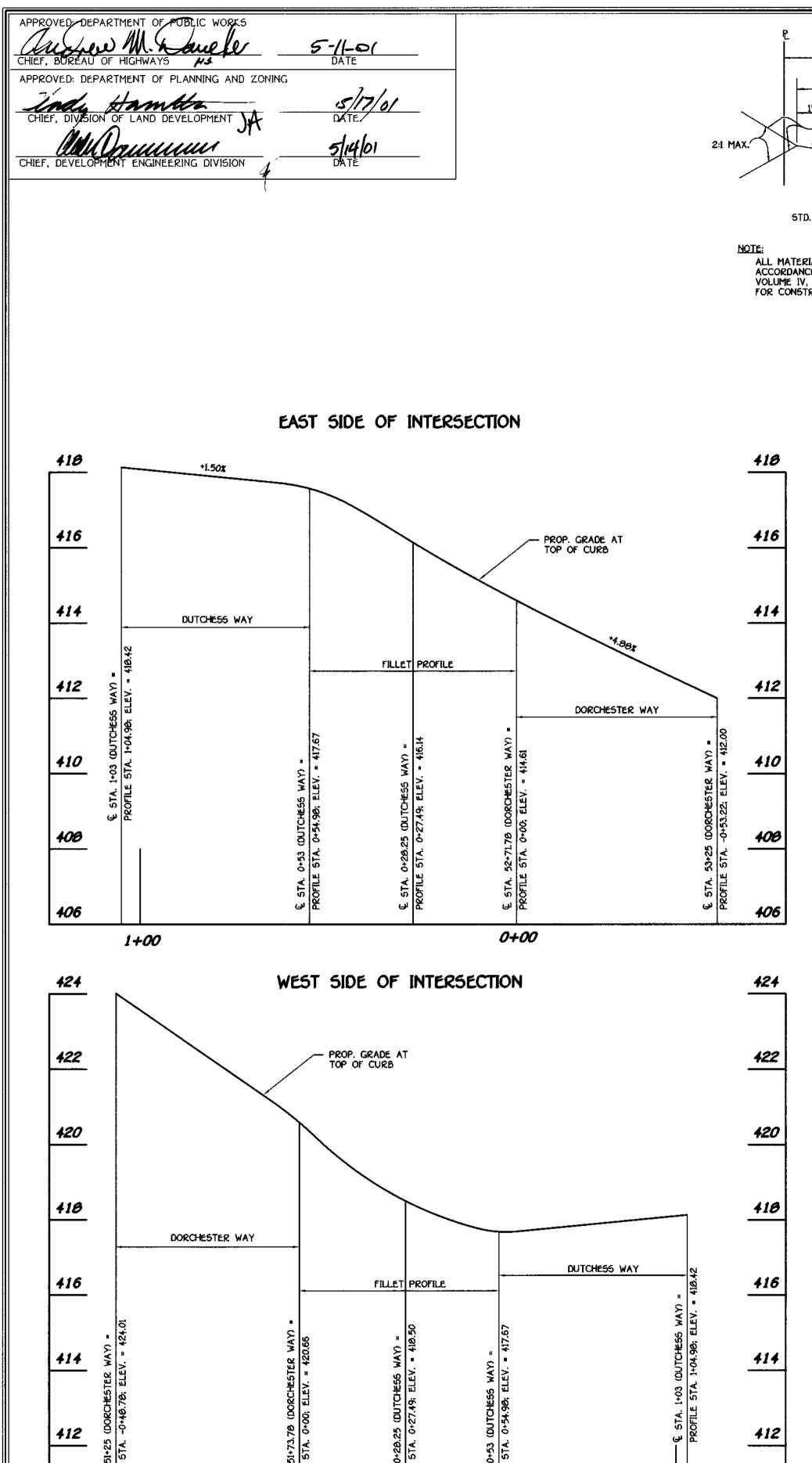
GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS SECTION 11, AREA 1

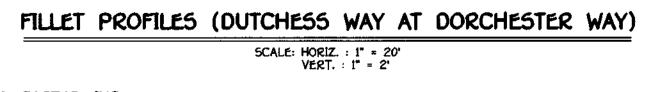
(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 4879, FOLIO 307) ZONING: RSC, R-20, AND R-5A-8 TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: APRIL 13, 2001 SHEET 1 OF 11

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21012

OWNER / DEVELOPER WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, LLC 9000 MAIN STREET ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

5-11-01

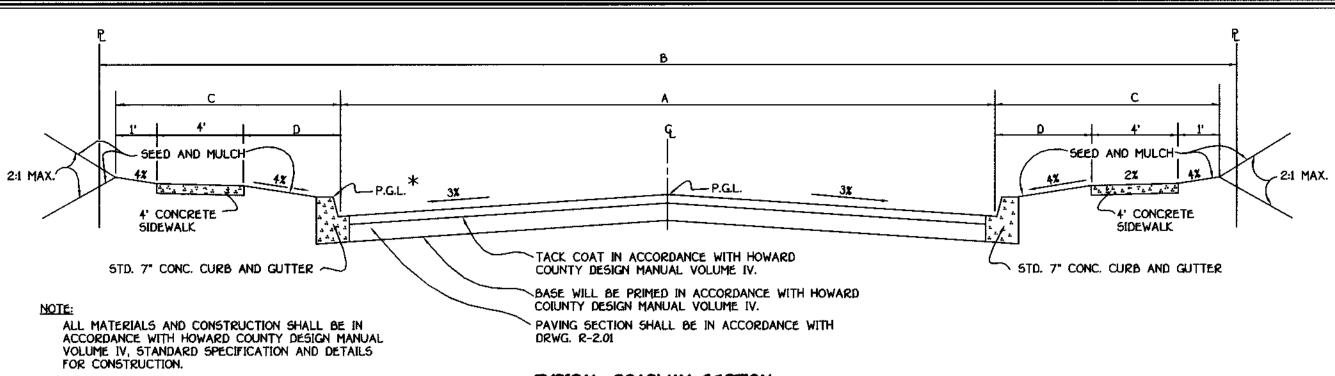




0+00

410

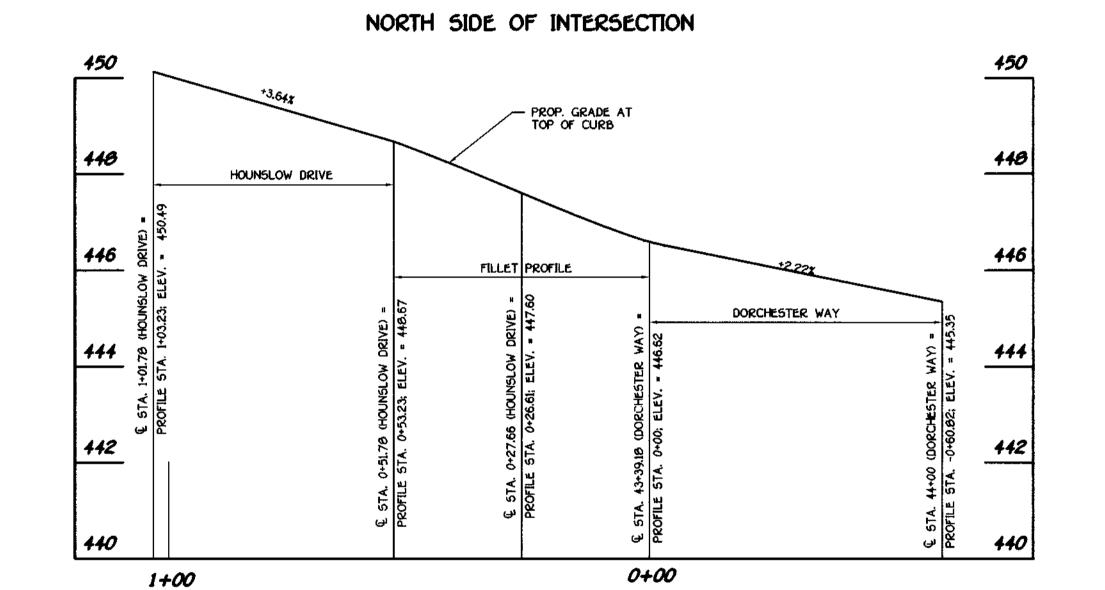
1+00

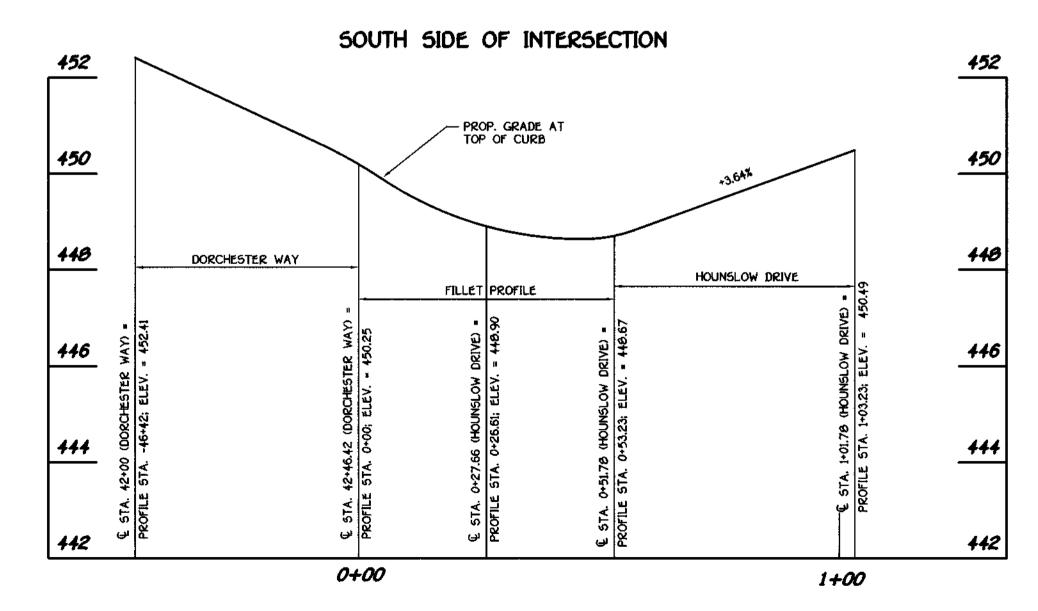


TYPICAL ROADWAY SECTION NO SCALE

ROAD NAME	CLASSIFICATION	C.L. STA. TO C.L. STA.	A	В	С	D	PAVING SECTION	Design speed
* DORCHESTER WAY	MINOR COLLECTOR	31+63 TO 53+75	36'	60°	12*	7"	P-3	35 M.P.H.
DUTCHESS WAY	PUBLIC ACCESS PLACE	0+00 TO 0+70	28'	50"	ġ	4'	P-2	25 M.P.H.
Hounslow drive	PUBLIC ACCESS STREET	0+00 TO 0+70	28	50*	9	4'	P-2	25 M.P.H.

NOTES: * P.G.L. FOR DORCHESTER WAY IS TOP OF CURB

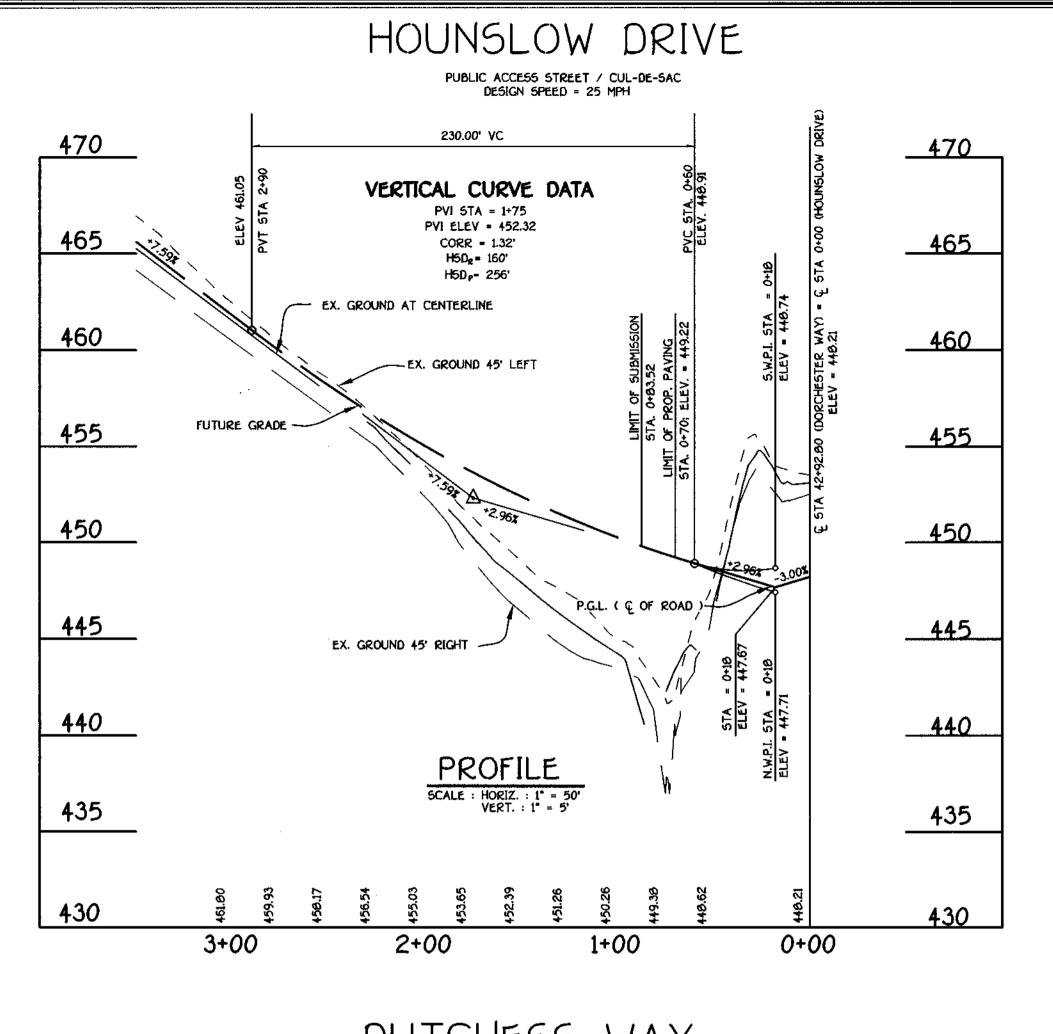


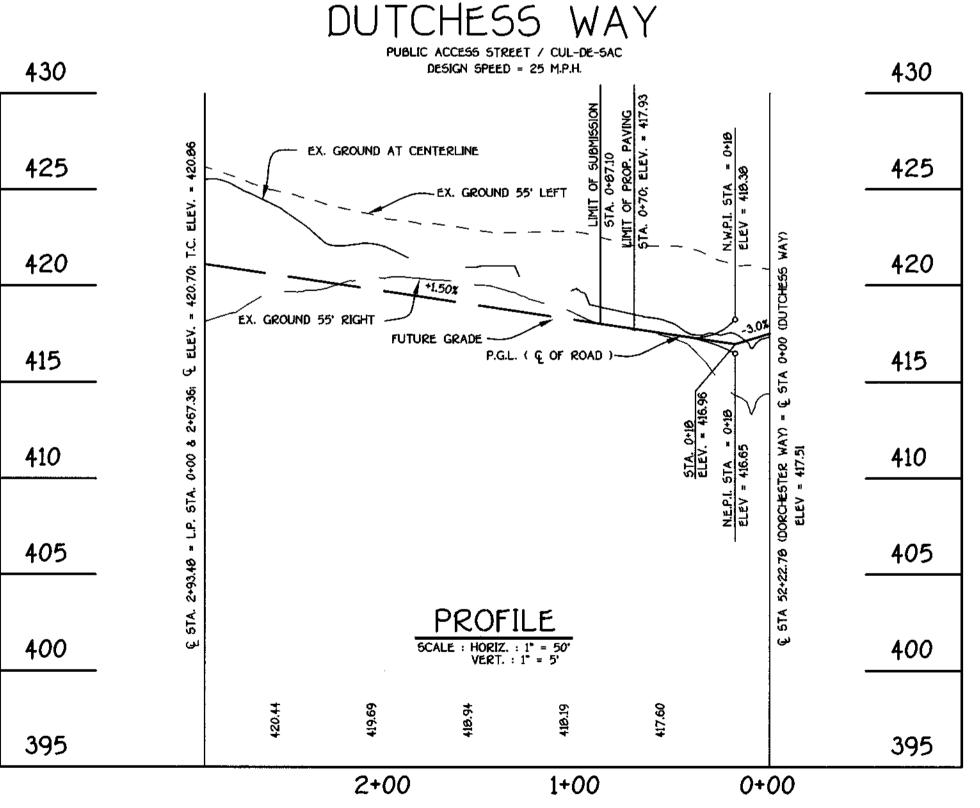




OWNER / DEVELOPER

WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION
c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, LLC
6000 MAIN STREET
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042







FILLET PROFILES, ROADWAY PROFILES & DETAILS
GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS
SECTION 11, AREA 1

(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 4879, FOLIO 307)

ZONING: RSC, R-20, AND R-5A-B

TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20

THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DATE: APRIL 13, 2001

SHEET 4 OF 11

•	STRUCTURE SCHEDULE								
STRUCTURE NO.	TOP ELEVATION	INV.IN	INV.OUT	ROAD NAME	ROAD STA.	OFFSET	TYPE	W	REMARKS
I-1	421.05	411.09	400.00	DORCHESTER WAY	51+67.78	18.00° R	A-10	2.5'	5.D 4.02
I-2	421.05	412.79	412.29	DORCHESTER WAY	51+67.78	18.00° L	A-10	2.5'	5.D 4.02
1-3	417.76	413.84	413.34	DUTCHESS WAY	0+59.00	14.00' L	A-10	2.5	5.D 4.02
[-4	417.76		414.00	DUTCHESS WAY	0+59.00	14.00° R	A-5	2.5'	5.D 4.01
I-5	444.40	440.50	440.00	DORCHESTER WAY	44+84.29	18.00' L	A-10	2.5'	5.D 4.02
l-6	444.40		441.00	DORCHESTER WAY	44+84.29	18.00° R	A-10	2.5'	5.D 4.02
I-7	448.88	440.41	439.91	HOUNSLOW DRIVE	0+59	14.00' R	A-10	2.5'	5.D 4.02
I-8	448.88	441.55	441.05	HOUNSLOW DRIVE	0+59	14.00' L	A-5	2.5'	5.D 4.01
I-9	450.54	***	444.25	DORCHESTER WAY	42+30	18.00° L	A-10	2.5'	5.D 4.02
M-1	408.28	401.00	399.00	DORCHESTER WAY	53+99.47	22.00' R	STD MH		G 5.11
M-2	445.30	439.64, 436.40	435.98	HOUNSLOW DRIVE	0+59	42.76' R	STD MH		G 5.11
M-3	446.00	430.03	437.53	DORCHESTER WAY	43+58	35'L	STD MH		G 5.11
5-1	392.50	391.00	391.00	DORCHESTER WAY	55+24	69' R	HDPE END SECTION		** A.D.S. FLARED END SECTION
HW-1	440.00	435.50	435.50	HOUNSLOW DRIVE	0+77	54' R	TYPE 'A' HEADWALL (MODIFIED)		5.D 5.11
HW-2	446.00	441.50	441.50	HOUNSLOW DRIVE	0+70	45' L	TYPE 'A' HEADWALL		5.D 5.11

** A.D.S. - ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS LONDON, OHIO 1-800-733-9554

PIPE SCHEDULE

HDPE

HDPE

RCCP, CL. IV

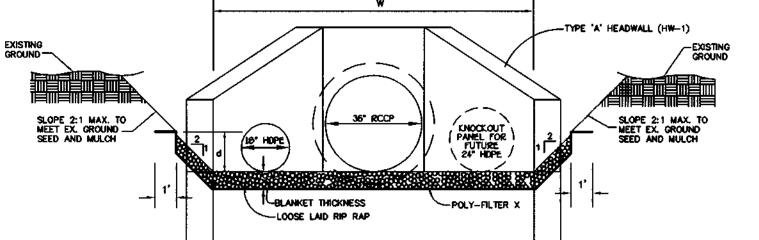
LENGTH

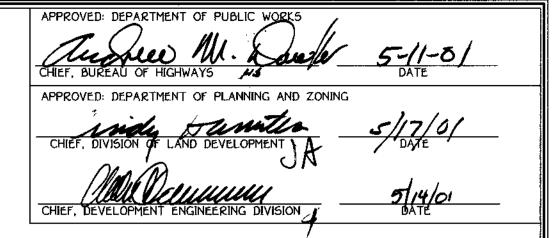
126'

711'

100°

POLY-FILTER X -LOOSE LAID RIP RAP



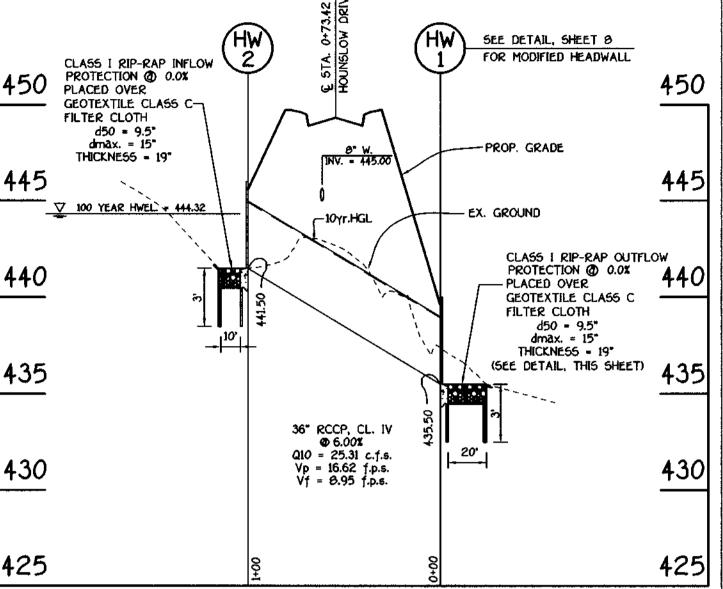


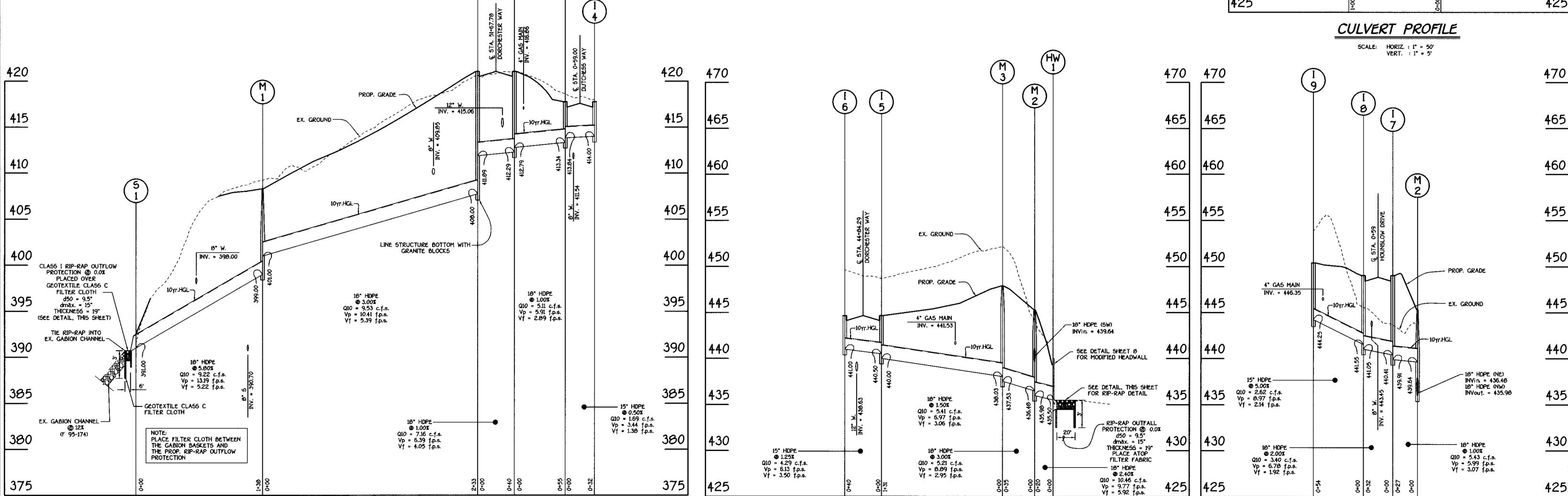
RIP-RAP CHANNEL DETAIL RIP-RAP CHANNEL DETAIL

RIP-RAP CHANNEL DESIGN DATA															
STRUCTURE	AREA	WETTED PERIMETER	R	R 2/3	s	S 1/2	w	đ	N	V (F.P.S.)	Q (C.F.S.)	RIP-RA	P SIZE	BLANKET THICKNESS	DIA.
S-1	4.70	7.28	0.6456'	0.7470	0.0050	0.0707	3.0	0.96	0.04'	1.96	9.22	9.5	15"	19"	18"
HW-1	15.11	15.44'	0.9786'	0.9857	0.0050	0.0707	10.0*	1.22'	0.04	2.59	39.13	9.5"	15"	19"	36"

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR RIP-RAP OUTFALLS

- The subgrade for the filter, riprap or gabion shall be prepared to the required lines and grades. Any fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding undisturbed material.
- The rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when installed respectively in the riprap or filter.
- 3. Filter cloth shall be protected from punching, cutting or tearing. Any damage other than an occasional small hole shall be repaired by placing another piece of cloth over the damaged part or by completely replacing the cloth. All overlaps whether for repairs or for joining two pieces of cloth shall be a minimum of one foot.
- 4. Stone for the riprop or gabion outlets may be placed by equipment. Both shall each be constructed to the full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid displacement of underlying materials. The stone for riprap or gabion outlets shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure that it is reasonably homogenous with the smaller stones and spalls filling the voids between the larger stones. Riprap shall be placed in a manner to prevent damage to the filter blanket or filter cloth. Hand placement will be required to the extent necessary to prevent damage to the permanent works.





PROFILE SCALE: HORIZ. : 1° = 50' VERT. : 1° = 5'

PROFILE SCALE: HORIZ. : 1° = 50' VERT. : 1° = 5' PROFILE

SCALE: HORIZ. : 1° = 50' VERT. : 1° = 5'

STORM DRAIN PROFILES

SECTION 11, AREA 1

(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 4879, FOLIO 307) ZONING: R5C, R-20, AND R-5A-8 TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: APRIL 13, 2001 SHEET 6 OF 11

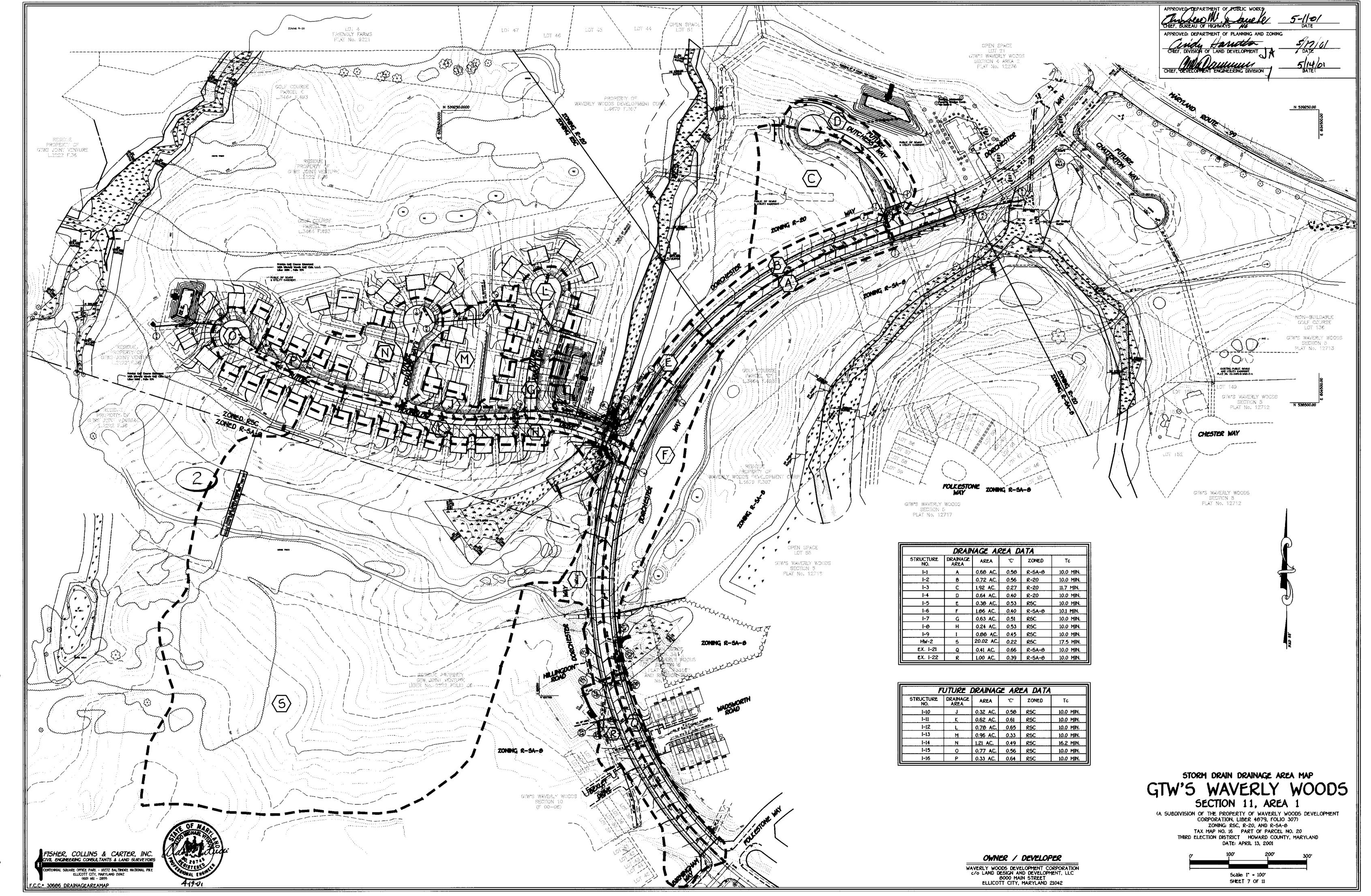


ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2855

OWNER / DEVELOPER WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, LLC 8000 MAIN STREET

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

F01-91

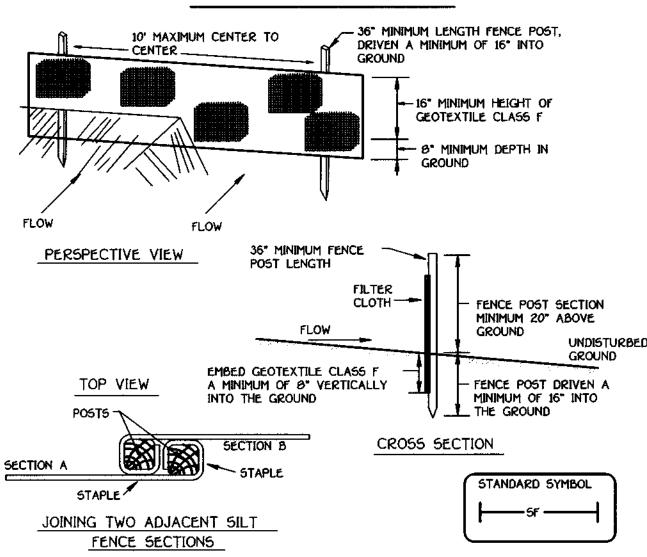


SCOMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A MINIMUM OF 40 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1855).
- ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO
- FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS
 AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.
 GRADING NECESSARY TO INSTALL STORM DRAINS, SEDIMENT TRAP AND EARTH DIKES
 TO BE PERFORMED FIRST. REMAINDER OF THE GRADING TO BE PERFORMED AFTER
 STORM DRAINS, SEDIMENT TRAP AND EARTH DIKES ARE INSTALLED.
- ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.
- ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52), TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT
- 7) SITE ANALYSIS: TOTAL AREA OF SITE
 - AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED ACRES AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED 12,400 CU.YD5. 12,400 CU.YD5 OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION N/A
- 8) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON TH SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- 9) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

 10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- 11) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.

SILT FENCE



Construction Specifications

1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class F:

Tensile Strength Test: MSMT 509 50 lbs/in (min.) 20 |bs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Tensile Modulus Flow Rate 0.3 qal ft / minute (max.)* Test: MSMT 322 Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.) Test: MSMT 322

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped. folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.

Silt Fence Design Criteria

Slope Steepness	(Maximum) Slope Length	(Maximum) Silt Fence Lengt
Flatter than 50:1	unlimited	unlimited
50:1 to 10:1	125 feet	1,000 feet
10:1 to 5:1	100 feet	750 feet
5:1 to 3:1	60 feet	500 feet
3:1 to 2:1	40 feet	250 feet
2:1 and steeper	20 feet	125 feet

Note: In areas of less than 2% slope and sandy soils (USDA general classification system, soil Class A) maximum slope length and silt fence length will be unlimited. In these areas a silt fence may be the only perimeter control

IFISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. IL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS nial square office park – 10272 Baltinore national pik

20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion PURPOSE. egetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration Olup to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth. Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone. Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

SECTION 1 - VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION HETHODS AND MATERIALS A. Site Preparation Install crosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually

- necessary for temporary seeding.

 iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

 Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)
- Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
- purposes that also be apart to territory and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains
- at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a *100 mesh sieve and 90-100% will pass through a *20 mesh sieve, incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.
- iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.
 Seedbed Preparation

 a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:0) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.
 b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
 c. In corporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

 ii. Permanent Seeding

 a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vacatables.
- Anent Seeding

 Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

 1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.

 2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

 3. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecial especiates is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
- serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (30% sift plus clay) would be acceptable.

 4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

 5. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

 6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.

 Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5° to permit bonding of the tensil to the surface area and to coate height because whether the prevent tops. topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil o the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from
- sliding down a slope.

 Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.

 Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5° of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3 of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on
- D. Seed Specifications All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.
- immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.

 Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.

 ii. Inoculant The inoculant for treating legime seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75°-80° t. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.
- until used. Temperatures above 75°-80° f. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effet.

 E. Methods of Seeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder.

 a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous); 200 lbs/ac; K20 (potassium); 200 lbs/ac.

 b. Lime use only ground agricultural limestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.

 c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.
- without interruption.

 ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.

 a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

 b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.
- iii. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

 a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

 b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.
- ch Specifications (In order of preference)

 the Specifications (In order of preference)

 that shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rie or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked decayed or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.
- Wood Cellulose fiber Mulch (WCPM)

 a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform
- introus physical state.

 WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the
- worm materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, tertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedings. WOFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phytol-toxic.
- will be phytol-toxic.

 1. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., ph range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

 Note: Only sterile straw much should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired.

 Mulching Seeded Areas Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

 i. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch along shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.
- when straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1° and 2°. Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre.
- iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

 H. Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

 A substitute of the strategy date of a substitute of the substitute of the
 - A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safety. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the contour if possible.

 Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall be solved to the safety of 500 pounds acre.
 - the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallone of water. of water.

 ii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders - such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70 Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.
- Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.
- Incremental Stabilization Cut Slopes All cuts slopes shall be dressed prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Slopes shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15'. Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):
- a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.
 b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.
 c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as necessary.
 Perform final phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.
- Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions int he operation of completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.
- Incremental Stabilization of Embankments Fill Slopes Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

- ii. Slopes shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

 iii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

 15°, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

 iii. At the end of each day, temporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-crosive manner to a sediment trapping device.

 iv. Construction sequence. Refer to Figure 4 (below).

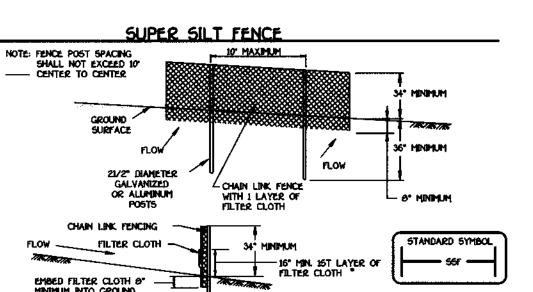
 a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the till. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

 b. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

 c. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

 d. Place phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

 Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of and placement of topsoil (if required) grading and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.



* IF MULTIPLE LAYERS ARE REQUIRED TO ATTAIN 42 Construction Specification 1. Fencing shall be 42" in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6' length

2. Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence.

3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24" at the top and mid section. 4. Fifter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 8° into the ground.

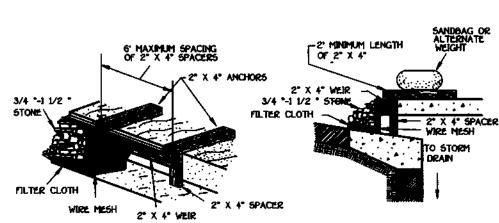
6. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when "bulges develop in the silt fence, or when silt reaches 50% of fence height 7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or

5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped

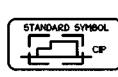
Tensile Strength Tensile Modulus 50 bs/in (min.) 20 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Flow Rate = 0.3 gal/ft /minutē (max) Test: MSMT 322 filterina Efficiency 75% (min.)

<u>Design Criteria</u>							
Slope	Slope Steepness	Slope Length (māximum)	Silt fence Length (māximum)				
0 - 10X	0 - 10:1	Unlimited	Unlimited				
10 - 20X	10:1 - 5:1	200 feet	1,500 feet				
20 - 332	5લ - 3લ	100 feet	1,000 feet				
33 - 50 x	3:1 - 2:1	100 feet	500 feet				
50% +	2:1 +	50 feet	250 feet				

CURB INLET PROTECTION (COG OR COS INLETS)



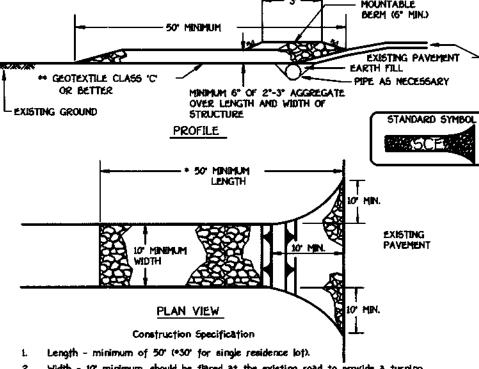
MAX. DRAINAGE AREA = 1/4 ACRE



Construction Specifications

- 1. Attach a continuous piece of wire mesh (30" minimum width by throat length plus 47 to the 2" x 4" weir (measuring throat length plus 27 as shown on the standard
- 2. Place a continuous piece of Geotectile Class E the same dimensions as the wire
- mesh over the wire mesh and securely attach it to the 2" x 4" weir. 3. Securely nail the 2" X 4" weir to a 9" long vertical spacer to be located between
- the weir and the inlet face (max. 4' apart). 4. Place the assembly against the inlet throat and nail (minimum 2' lengths of
- 2" x 4" to the top of the weir at spacer locations). These 2" x 4" anchors shall extend across the injet top and be held in place by sandbags or alternate weight
- 5. The assembly shall be placed so that the end spacers are a minimum I' beyond both ends of the throat opening 6. Form the 1/2 " x 1/2 " wire mesh and the geotextile fabric to the concrete gutter and
- against the face of the curb on both sides of the inlet. Place clean 3/4 " x 1 1/2 " stone over the wire mesh and geotextile in such a manner to prevent water from entering the inlet under or around the geotextile.
- 7. This type of protection must be inspected frequently and the filter cloth and stone replaced when clogged with sediment.
- 8. Assure that storm flow does not bypass the inlet by installing a temporary earth or asphalt dike to direct the flow to the inlet.

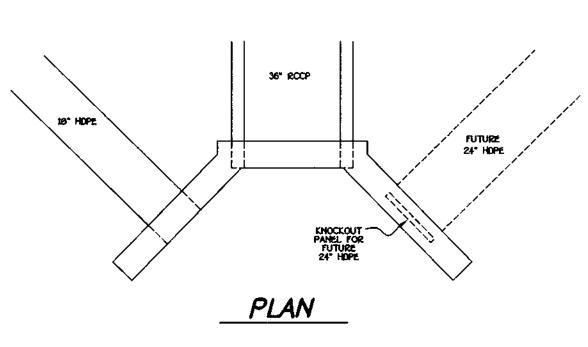
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

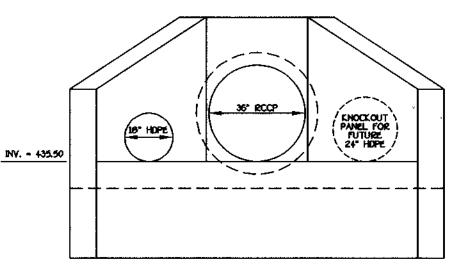


Width - 10" minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior

- to placing atoms. **The plan approval authority may not require single family esidences to use geotextile. 4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2° to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the
- 5. Surface Water all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.
- 6. Location A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.





ELEVATION

MODIFIED TYPE "A" HEADWALL 5CALE: 1" = 3'

NOTE: SEE S.D. 5.11 FOR DIMENSIONS AND REINFORCEMENT

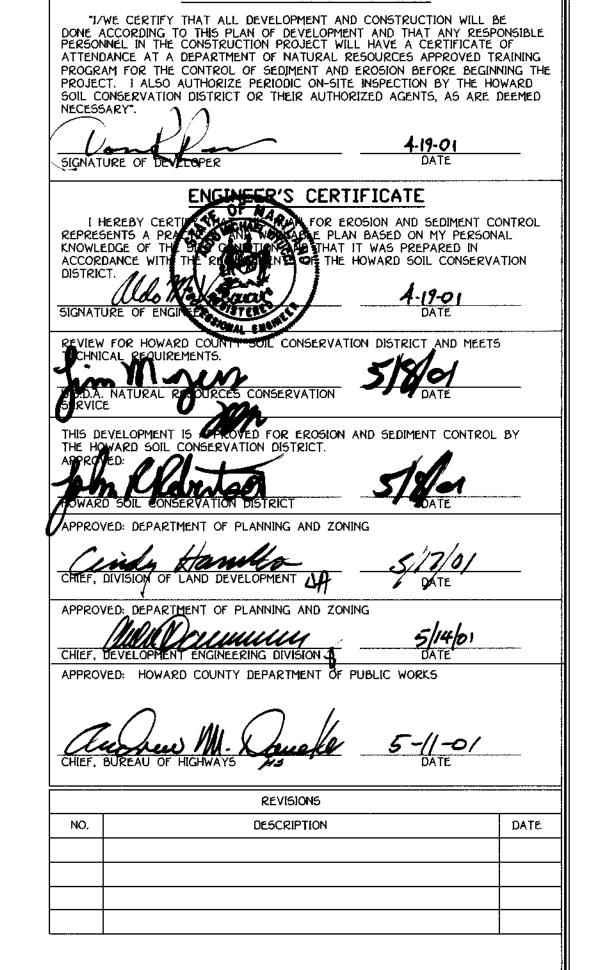
OWNER / DEVELOPER

WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

C/O LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, LLC

8000 MAIN STREET

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042



DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

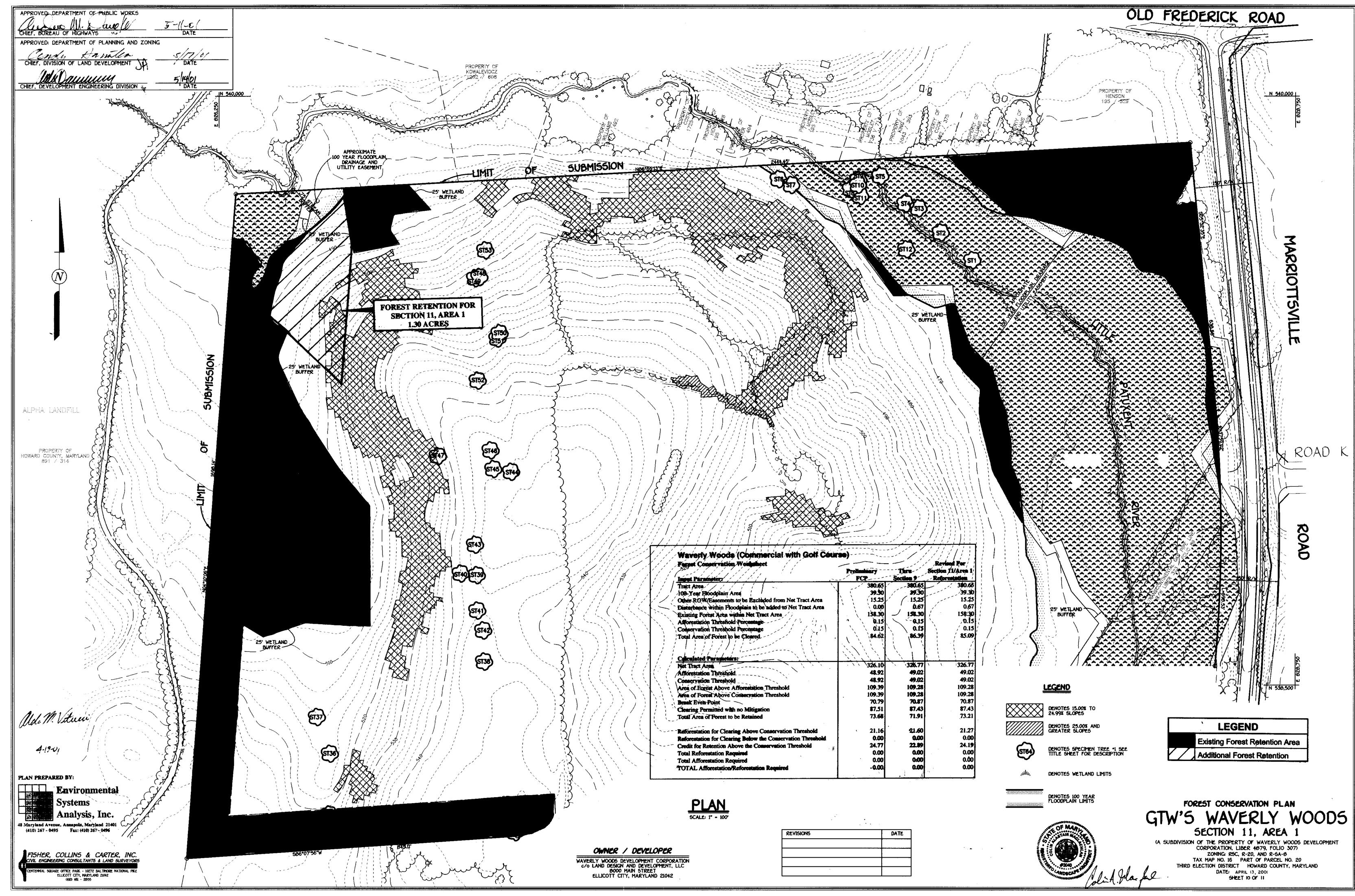
SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. OBTAIN THE REQUIRED GRADING PERMIT. (1 DAY)
- 2. NOTIFY 'MISS UTILITY' AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK (1-800-257-7777). NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK (410-313-1870). (1 DAY)
- 3. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ONLY. INSTALL STABILIZED
- CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES. (2 WEEKS) 4. INSTALL THE REQUIRED SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS INDICATED ON THE PLAN SHEETS. (2 WEEKS)
- 5. OBTAIN PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO PROCEEDING.
- 6. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE SITE. (1 WEEK)
- 7. GRADE SITE TO THE PROPOSED SUBGRADE. INSTALL THE TEMPORARY DIVERSION PIPE
- NEAR HW-1 AND HW-2 AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN SHEETS. (1 WEEK) 8. INSTALL THE WATER AND SEWER MAINS AND THE ENTIRE STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS. INSTALL
- INLET PROTECTION AS INDICATED ON THE PLAN SHEETS. (3 WEEKS) 9. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON ALL SEDIMENT
- AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS. 10. REMOVE TEMPORARY DIVERSION PIPE AFTER HW-1, HW-2 AND THE ASSOCIATED CULVERT HAVE BEEN COMPLETELY INSTALLED. (2 DAYS)
- 11. INSTALL CURB AND GUTTER PLUS ROAD BASE COURSE. (1 WEEK)
- 12. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR TO PROCEED. (2 DAYS)
- 13. APPLY TACK COAT TO SUB-BASE AND LAY SURFACE COURSE. (1 WEEK)
- 14. FOLLOWING SUCCESSFUL STABILIZATION OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES, AND AFTER PERMISSION HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR BACKFILLED AND THE REMAINING AREAS BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE AFTER THE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM HAS BEEN FLUSHED TO REMOVE TRAPPED SEDIMENT. (2 WEEKS)
- 15. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR A FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT.

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS SECTION 11, AREA

(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 4979, FOLIO 307) ZONING: RSC, R-20, AND R-5A-8 TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: APRIL 13, 2001 SHEET 8 OF 11

F 01-91



NARRATIVE

The Waverly Woods Property is a 682 acre tract which contains a combination of commercially and residentially zoned property. The site is to be slowly developed in a series of phases. A Preliminary Forest Conservation Plan was prepared for the property in August of 1993. In February of 1996, this plan was revised and approved by the Howard County Department of Planning and Zoning. Since that time, Final Forest Conservation Plans have been prepared for each development section as they are phased in. These Final Forest Conservation Plans have included revised Forest Conservation Worksheets to reflect changes in forest clearing and forest preservation from the 1996 Preliminary Plan.

This Final Forest Conservation Plan has been prepared for Waverly Woods Section 11, Area 1 which is located within the residentially zoned portion of the development. Like the Final Forest Conservation Plans for the previous sections of Waverly Woods, the reforestation requirement for this section has been calculated on a percentage basis (see "Section 11, Area I Forest Conservation Calculations" on this sheet). Based on the percentage of forest clearing being performed within Section 11, Area 1, a total of 1.3 acres of reforestation must be performed.

To satisfy the reforestation requirement for this section, 1.3 acres of additional forest conservation will be provided on Waverly Woods Commercial Property. This area has been delineated on Sheet 10 of this plan set. A revised Forest Conservation Worksheet for the commercial property (including the Golf Course) is also provided on Sheet 10 to reflect this change and to demonstrate that there is surplus forest retention. The relevant numbers from this worksheet are provided below.

Total Forest On Commercial Property	158.30 Acres
Total Forest Retention On Commercial Property	73.21 Acres
Forest Conservation Threshold (15%)	49.02 Acres
Credit For Retention Above Conservation Threshold (Retention minus Threshold)	24.19 Acres
Total Reforestation For Commercial Property Clearing	21,27 Acres
Surplus Forest Retention (Credit Minus Reforestation)	2.92 Acres

GENERAL NOTES

- This forest conservation plan has been prepared by Environmental Systems Analysis, Inc. (ESA, Inc.) for GTW Joint Venture (hereinafter referred to as 'Owner') in accordance with the requirements set forth by the Howard County Forest Conservation Act. The preparation of this plan, the notes and details were prepared using the guidelines of the Howard County Forest Conservation Manual.
- Base sheet information was provided by Fisher, Collins and Carter, Inc.
- All appropriate bonds shall be posted prior to the issuance of any permits per Howard County Forest Conservation Act. These bonds will be retained as surety until all required activities have been
- Reforestation planting and related work must be performed by a contractor who is knowledgeable and experienced in reforestation planting techniques and proper plant handling.

FOREST PROTECTION MEASURES

- After the limits of disturbance (LOD) and the location of all Tree Protection Devices (TPD's) have been staked and/or flagged in the field, an on-site pre-construction meeting shall be held. During this meeting, the limits of clearing specified on the approved plan shall be field-verified and authorization shall be given for the installation of TPD's with any necessary adjustments. This meeting shall include the owner or their representative, the on-site foremen in charge of land disturbance, ESA, Inc., and the appropriate county inspectors. Upon approval of the flagged or staked locations by Howard County, installation may begin. TPD installation shall be completed prior to installation of initial Sediment Controls. No cutting or clearing of trees may begin before final approval of TPD installation.
- Silt fence and orange plastic mesh fencing shall be the short-term forest protection devices and shall be located along the limit of clearing as shown on these plans. Installation shall be conducted in accordance with the details and notes provided on this sheet.
- Short-term forest protection devices shall be installed prior to any land clearing or grading and shall be maintained during the entire construction phase including fine grading and final seeding.
- Equipment, machinery, vehicles, materials, or debris shall not be allowed within forest areas located outside of the limits of disturbance.
- After construction activities have been completed, an on-site inspection by Howard County will be conducted to evaluate the remaining trees for damage or impacts which may have occurred during the construction process. If trees along the forest perimeter are found to be damaged or dead as a direct result of the construction process, corrective action must be taken. The measures may include the following and must be carried out by a qualified tree professional:
 - Removal of dead or dying trees located within 20 feet of the limits of disturbance which are potentially hazardous. Dead or dying trees which are not potentially hazardous shall be left to provide wildlife habitat. Removal should be authorized
 - by Howard County. Pruning of dead or declining limbs
 - Soil aeration
 - Fertilizing Watering
 - Wound repair

and the adjacent areas have been properly stabilized.

- Clean-up retention areas
- When removing the temporary tree protection devices, care shall be taken to not disturb or clear additional area within the limit of disturbance. Hand removal of vines, excessive dead material and trash is permitted. The burial of discarded materials is not permitted on the site.

No temporary forest protection devices shall be removed until all construction activities are complete

Once all temporary tree protection devices are removed, permanent tree protection signs shall be installed along the boundaries of all forest retention areas in accordance with these plans and specifications. They will inform residents and grounds maintenance personnel that these areas are protected in perpetuity. Signs shall be installed on their own poles and shall NOT be fastened to

Long Term Management Plan

- All forest conservation areas shall be protected by conservation easements which will be recorded at record plat (refer to the latest edition of the Howard County Forest Conservation Manual for activities permitted within the forest conservation easement).
- The periodic removal of vines and or other invasive and non-native vegetation along the perimeter of the forest conservation area may be conducted to control the intrusion and development of such vegetation and maintain forest productivity.
- Woody vegetation located within 20' from the forest perimeter susceptible to windthrow and dead or diseased trees along the forest perimeter shall be selectively thinned if potentially hazardous.

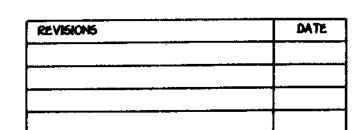
SECTION 11/AREA 1 FOREST CONSERVATION CALCULATIONS

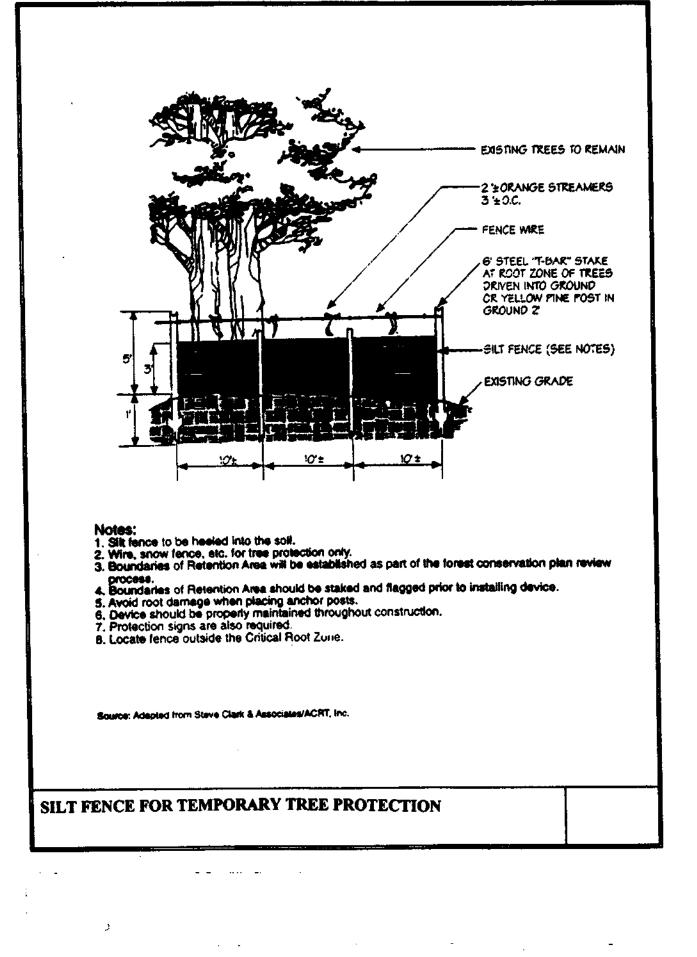
Forest Preservation in Section 11/Area 1 Development (acres)	0
Forest Clearing in Section 11/Area 1 Development (acres)	1.53
Total Forest Clearing within Residentially Zoned Areas of Waverly Woods (acres)	69.17
Percentage of Forest Clearing Within Section 11/Area 1 Development	2.21%
Total Reforestation Required for Waverly Woods Residential Development (acres)	58.65
Reforestation for Section 11/Area 1 Development (acres)	1.30

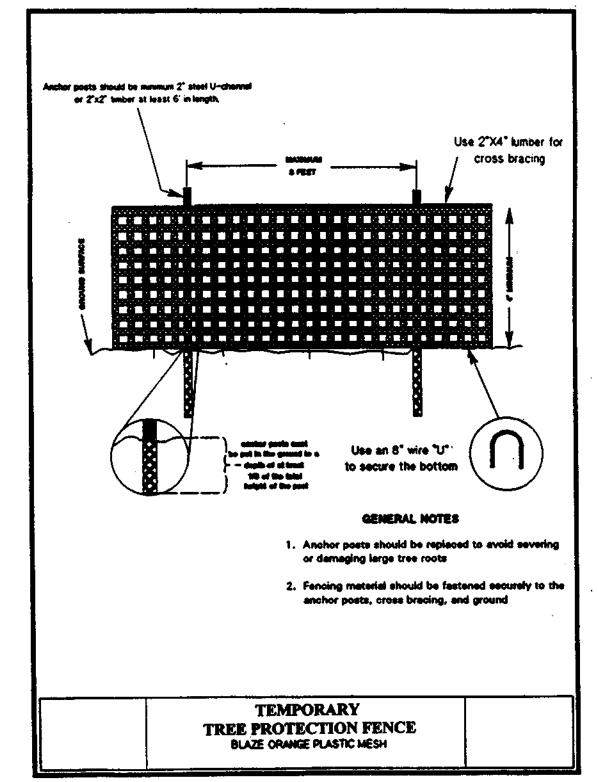
Calculation Notes

- The "Forest Conservation Worksheet" above includes the preliminary forest conservation calculations (from the Preliminary Forest Conservation Plan revised on February 26, 1996) and the latest forest conservation calculations (thru Sect 11, Area 1) for residentially zoned development at Waverly Woods. Forest retention and clearing differences in the two worksheets reflect minor changes from preliminary to final plan. With the exception of the Golf Course, Section 11 will be the final residentially zoned portion of Waverly Woods. Section 11 consists of four areas which will be developed separately.
- Section 11, Area 1 accounts for 2.21% or 1.30 acres of the 58.65 acres of reforestation currently required for residential development on the Waverly Woods property. This requirement will be met by dedicating 1.30 acres of the forest retention surplus on Waverly Woods commercially zoned property to Section 11, Area 1.
- Including Section 11, Area 1, a total of 9.05 acres of on-site reforestation, 1.30 acres of on-site retention, and 8.13 acres of off-site reforestation (see January 1996 Final FCP for Waverly Woods Section 4. Areas 1 and 2) has been planned for the Waverly Woods residentially zoned property to date. This leaves a balance of 40.17 acres of reforestation to be performed for the Golf Course and the remaining areas of Section 11.

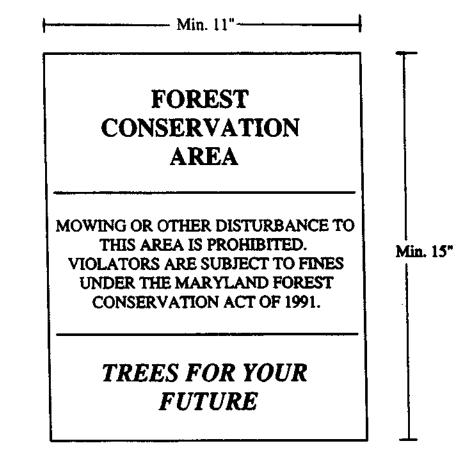
	Preliminary	Taro
Input Parameter:	FCP	Section 11/Area 1
Tract Area	291.90	291.90
100-Year Floodplain Area	4.10	4.81
Other ROW/Easements to be Excluded from Net Tract Area	2.04	2.09
Disturbance within Floodplain to be added to Net Tract Area	0.00	2,32
Existing Forest Area within Net Tract Area	103.00	103.00
Afforestation Threshold Percentage	0.15	0.15
Conservation Threshold Percentage	0.20	0.20
Total Area of Forest to be Cleared	65.55	69 .17
Calculated Parameters:		
Net Tract Area	285.76	287.32
Afforestation Threshold	42.86	43.10
Conservation Threshold	57.15	57.46
Area of Forest Above Afforestation Threshold	60.14	59.90
Area of Forest Above Conservation Threshold	45.85	45.54
Break Even Point	66.32	66.57
Clearing Permitted with no Mitigation	36.68	36.43
Total Area of Forest to be Retained	37.45	33.83
Reforestation for Clearing Above Conservation Threshold	11.46	11.38
Reforestation for Clearing Below the Conservation Threshold	39.40	47.27
Credit for Retention Above the Conservation Threshold	0.00	0.00
Total Reforestation Required	50.87	58.65
Total Afforestation Required	0.00	0.00
TOTAL Afforestation/Reforestation Required	50.87	58:65





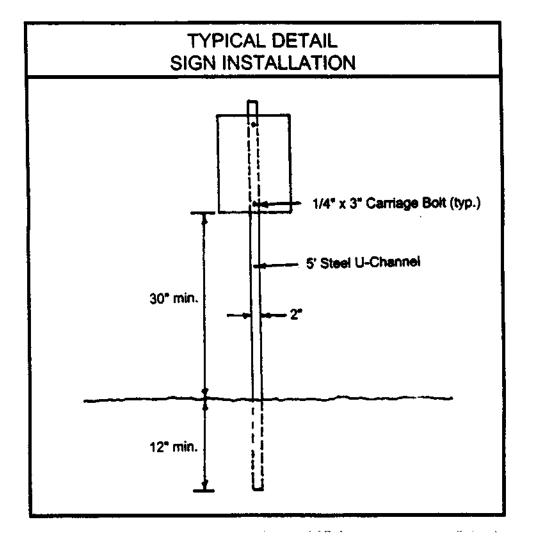


PERMANENT TREE PROTECTION SIGN DETAIL



NOTES:

- Signs shall be made of aluminum or fiberglass.
- Signs shall be installed or their own poles and NOT mounted onto trees.



APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & ZOHING CHEF DIVISION OF LAND PEUBLOPHENT CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING INISION

DETAIL SHEET

GTW'S WAVERLY WOODS SECTION 11, AREA 1

(A SUBDIVISION OF THE PROPERTY OF WAVERLY WOODS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, LIBER 4679, FOLIO 307) ZONING RSC, R-20, AND R-5A-6 TAX MAP NO. 16 PART OF PARCEL NO. 20 THIRD ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: APRIL 13, 2001 SHEET & OF II

