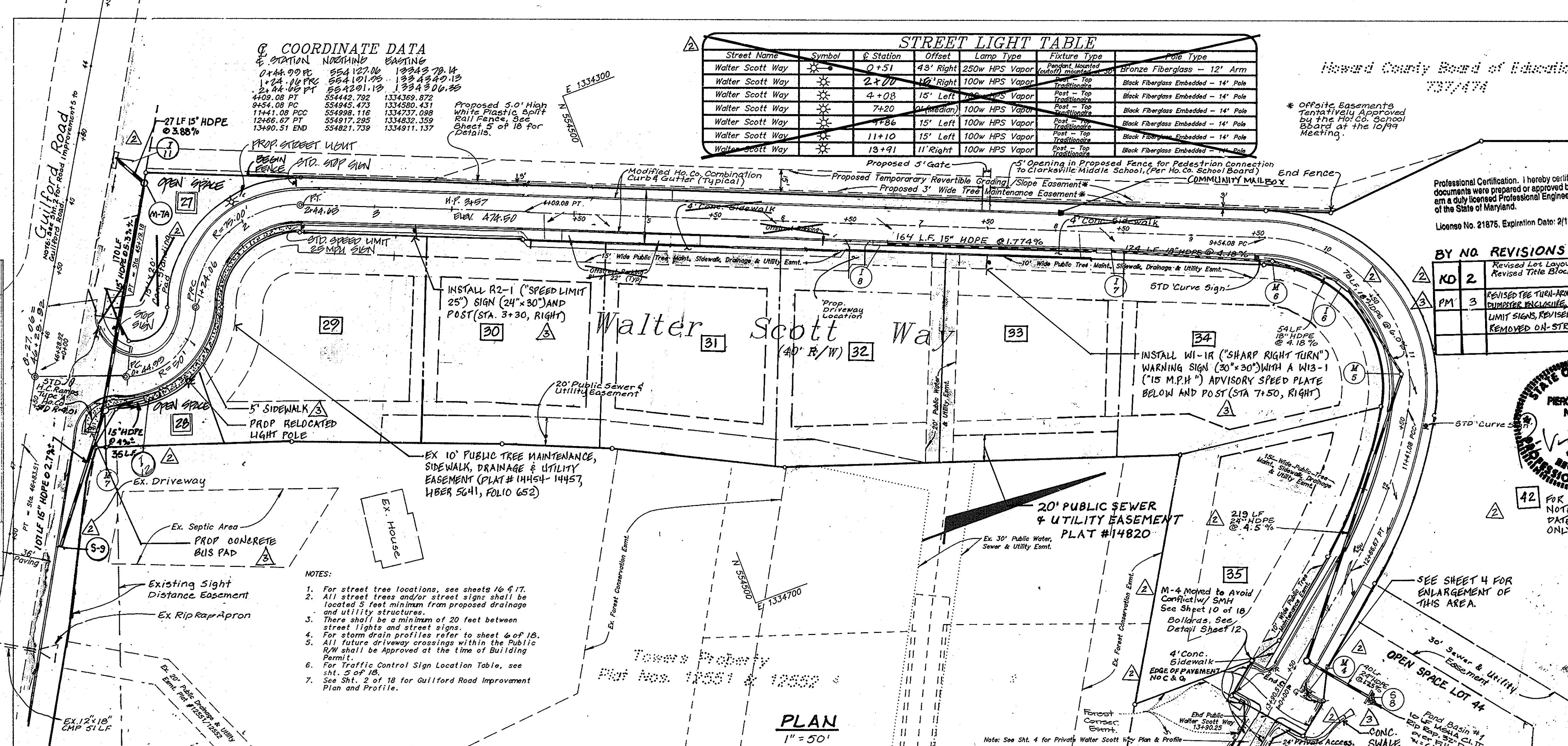


PLAN SURVEYED PLOTTED ALIGNMENT CHECKED C.L. & STAND.

PROFILE SURVEYED PLOTTED CHECKED S.M. & L.M.D. STRUCTURE NOTATIONS CHECKED



Howard County Board of Education
737-676

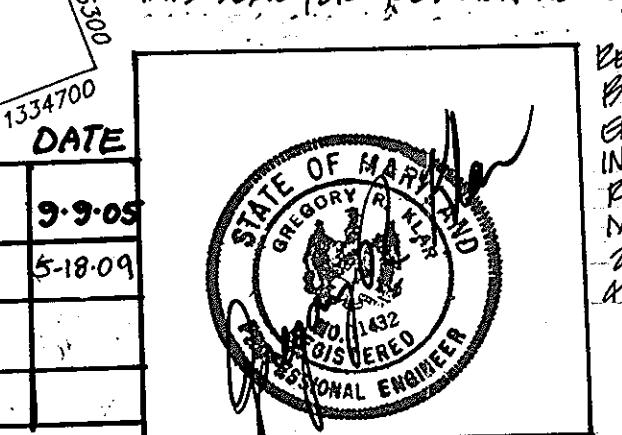
* Opposite Easements
Tentatively Approved
by the H.C. School
Board at the 10/99
Meeting.

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland.

License No. 21875, Expiration Date: 2/12/2010

Curve	Data	Table
Walter Scott Way 0+00-2+00	150.00'	69.482' S22°
Walter Scott Way 2+00-8+00	156.04'	79.01' S30°
Walter Scott Way 8+00-11+40	116.00'	87.24' S09°
Walter Scott Way 11+40-12+66	353.25'	20°22' 11"
WALTER SCOTT WAY 0+00-2+00	150.0'	69°30' S24°
WALTER SCOTT WAY 12+66-13+34	750.0'	22°07' S15°

THIS SEAL, DATED REVISION NO. 1 & NO. 2



APPROVED: Department of
Planning & Zoning

Cindy Hamada 7/1/00
Chief, Division of Land Development

John Deamer 7/1/00
Chief, Development Engineering Division

APPROVED: Department of Public
Works for Storm Drainage Systems
and Roads

Clayton M. Quigley 5-26-00
Chief, Bureau of Highways

LDE, INC.
9250 Rumsey Road, Suite 106, Columbia, MD 21045
(410) 715-1070 (301) 596-3424 (410) 715-9540 (Fax)

DESIGNED	Plan & Profile	SCALE
S.D.H.	Walter Scott Way 0+00 thru 13+90.51	1" = 5' V
DRAWN	Scott Farm	1" = 50' H
CADD	Lots 29 to 42 and Open Space Lots 27, 28, 43 & 44	3 of 20
CHECKED	Tax Map No. 35 - P/O Parcel 354	
B.D.B.	5th Election District - Howard County, Maryland	
DATE	Previous Submits: FPD-104, FPD-144, FPD-182, SPD-23, BA91-24R, SPS-10, EPD-98, PPD-13 & SPD-24	
	Owner/Developer Scarlet Wilkinson & Earl Omer 6700 Guilford Road Clarksville, Maryland 21029 (410) 531-2828 or (410) 587-0497	JOB NO. 98009
		FILE NO. F-00-73

Legend
Existing Ground At Road #
Existing Ground At Left B.R.L.
Existing Ground At Right B.R.L.
Private Grade Line At Road #

480

475

470

465

460

455

450

445

440

435

430

425

420

415

410

405

Walter Scott Way

Local Road = Design Speed: 25 MPH
Scale: 1" = 5' Vert.
1" = 50' Hor.

Note: See Sh. 4 for Private Water Scott Way Plan & Profile

PLAN 1" = 50'

425

420

415

410

405

400

395

390

385

380

375

370

365

360

355

350

345

340

335

330

325

320

315

310

305

300

295

290

285

280

275

270

265

260

255

250

245

240

235

230

225

220

215

210

205

200

195

190

185

180

175

170

165

160

155

150

145

140

135

130

125

120

115

110

105

100

95

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27.00

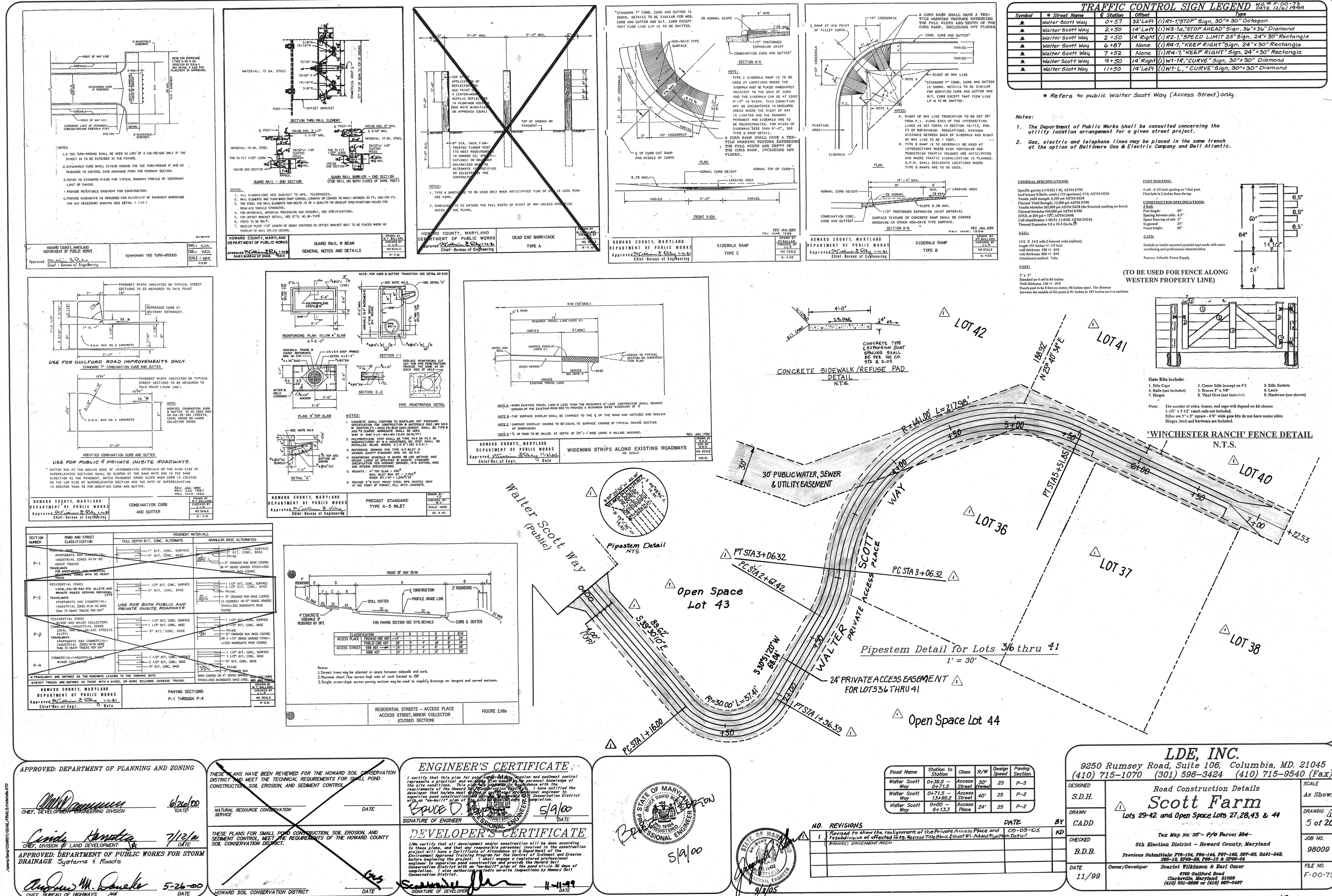
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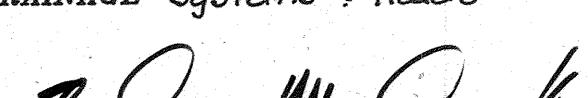
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 CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION	<u>6/20/00</u> DATE
 CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT	<u>7/12/00</u> DATE
APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS FOR STORM DRAINAGE Systems & Roads	
 CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS	<u>5-26-00</u> DATE

~~THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION, AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.~~

NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION SERVICE

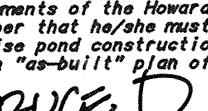
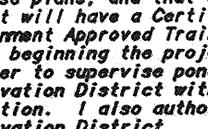
DATE

~~THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION, AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.~~

Craig

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

DATE

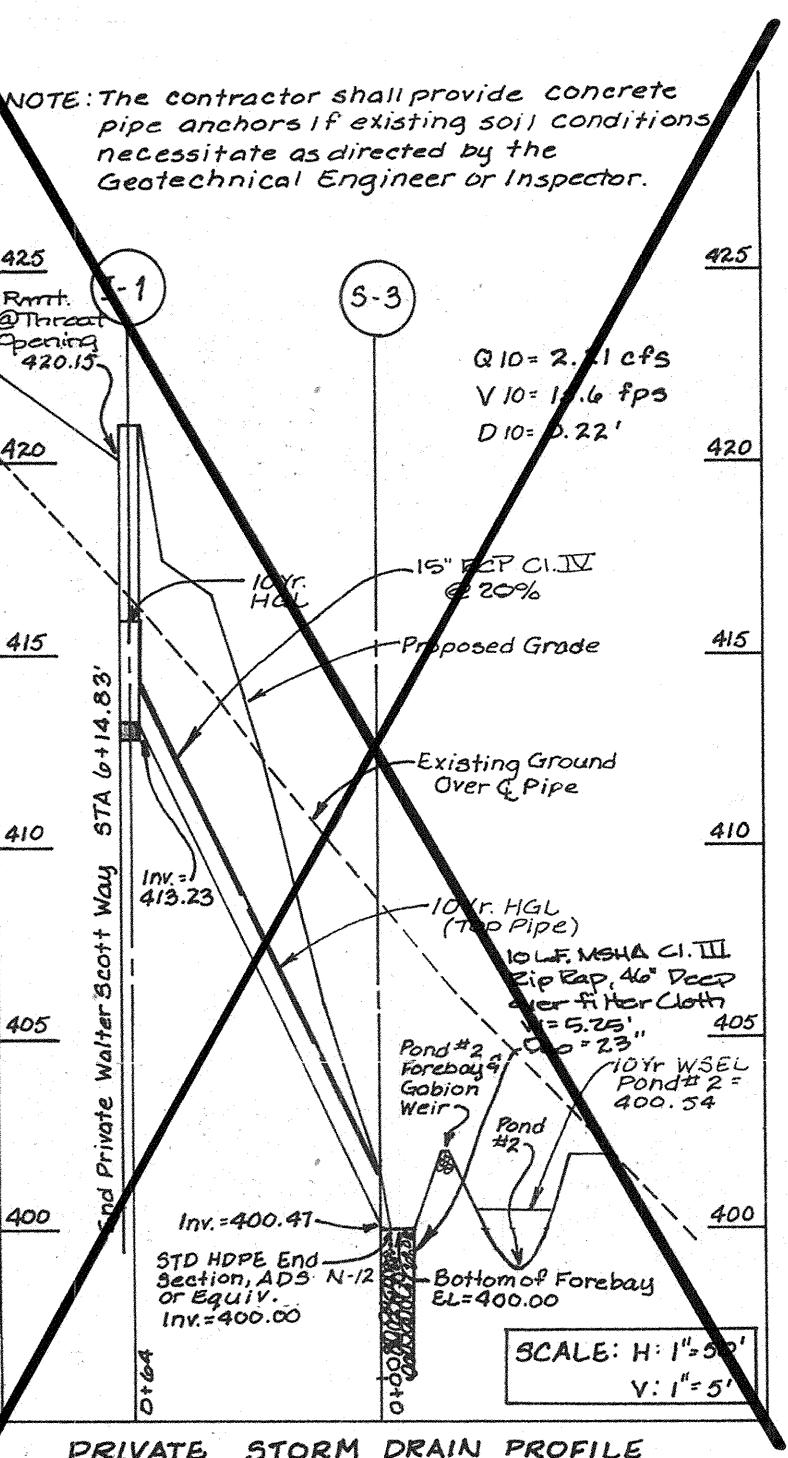
ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE	
<p>I certify that this plan for pond construction and erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion.</p>	
	5/9/00
SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER	DATE
	
DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE	
<p>I/we certify that all development and/or construction will be done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by Howard Soil Conservation District.</p>	
	11-11-99
SIGNATURE OF DEVELOPER	DATE

The image shows two circular registration stamps from the State of Maryland. The left stamp is for Bruce David Burkhart, registered No. 19184, dated 5/9/00. The right stamp is for Gregory K. Moore, registered No. 11432, dated 9/3/05.

STATE OF MARYLAND
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
NO. 19184
REGISTERED 5/9/00

STATE OF MARYLAND
GREGORY K. MOORE
NO. 11432
REGISTERED 9/3/05

LDE, INC.		SCALE
DESIGNED S.D.H.	Road Construction Details Scott Farm Lots 29-42 and Open Space Lots 27, 28, 43 & 44 Tax Map No. 35 - P/O Parcel 354 5th Election District - Howard County, Maryland Previous Submittals: F78-104, F84-144, F87-162, S97-23, BA91-24E, S95-10, EP98-29, P98-13 & SP99-04	As Shown
DRAWN CADD		DRAWING  5 of 20
CHECKED B.D.B.		JOB NO. 98009
DATE 11/99	Owner/Developer Scarlet Wilkinson & Earl Omer 6799 Guilford Road Clarksville, Maryland 21029 (410) 531-2626 or (410) 987-0497	FILE NO. F-00-73



POND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard for practice MD-378. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent version.

SITE PREPARATION

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots, and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish, and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps may cut approximately level to the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limit of the dam elevation as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

EARTH FILL

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable material. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to the placement of fill. Fill material shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be protected concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the fill is not disturbed. Compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepfoot, rubber tired, or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained at equal moisture. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture and density to form into a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

Out off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation with a minimum width of 10 feet. The depth of the trench shall be at least four times the width as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

STRUCTURAL BACKFILL

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall any equipment, tools, or operators come in contact with the horizontal part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

PIPE CONDUITS

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

CORRUGATED METAL PIPE - All of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated metal pipe:

1. Materials - (Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall be galvanized and fully bituminous coated and shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A with watertight coupling bands. Any bituminous coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Steel pipe with polymer coatings having a minimum coating thickness of 0.010" or greater shall conform to the following code or approved equal may be used: Naxon, Plasti-Cote, Blac-Klad, and Beth-Cu-Loy. Coated corrugated steel pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M-245 and M-246.

Materials - (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound.

Materials - (Aluminum Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specifications M-196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer. Hot galvanized steel pipe may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

2. Coupling bands, anti-seep-collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.

3. Connections - All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The direct pipe connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the band width. The following type connections are acceptable: 1) pipes less than 24" in diameter, flanged bottom with a 1 1/2" wide standard lock band with 1/4" wide 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and 2) 12 inch wide hugger type band with O-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2 inch greater than the corrugated depth. Pipes 24" in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24" long annular corrugated band using rods and lugs. A 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed on the end of each pipe for a total of 24".

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seam with internal caulking of a neoprene bead.

4. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soil, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

5. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe:

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361.
2. Bedding - All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of light aggregate placed under the pipe and up to the edge of the pipe to a height 10% of its outside diameter.
3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be sealed in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

POLY(VINYL CHLORIDE) (PVC) PIPE - All of the following criteria shall apply for poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC) pipe:

1. Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-224.
2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soil, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

CONCRETE

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 608, Mix No. 3.

ROCK RIPRAP

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 905.

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place and stay reasonably horizontal with the larger rocks being placed in the center and smaller stones on the outer edges with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

CARE OF WATER DURING CONSTRUCTION

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water.

The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works.

The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required to remove all water from the work area for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served its purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the existing grade for the structure or work or to the level of the floor of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works.

The removal of water from the excavation shall be conducted in such a manner as to maintain and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavation and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the location being filled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at all operations which may require draining the water to a point from which the water shall be pumped.

STABILIZATION

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a slightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by rock riprap, filter cloth, and erosion control measures.

In accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. Standard location and erosion control measures to be employed during the construction process.

SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

This pipe and appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specifications M-196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands. Any bituminous coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound.

Materials - (Aluminum Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specifications M-196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer. Hot galvanized steel pipe may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

2. Coupling bands, anti-seep-collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.

3. Connections - All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The direct pipe connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections.

The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the band width. The following type connections are acceptable:

1) pipes less than 24" in diameter, flanged bottom with a 1 1/2" wide standard lock band with 1/4" wide 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket;

2) 12 inch wide hugger type band with O-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2 inch greater than the corrugated depth. Pipes 24" in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24" long annular corrugated band using rods and lugs. A 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed on the end of each pipe for a total of 24".

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seam with internal caulking of a neoprene bead.

4. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soil, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

5. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."

6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS

EVALUATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Given the presence of groundwater at or above the proposed bottom of borrow (Borings B-4, B-7, B-8, B-9) stonemasonry should be present in fill borrow if not recommended. Consideration should be given to the design of wet walls.

It is our understanding that the existing pond (proposed pond #1) was constructed under the supervision of the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) and that recommendations reflecting the results of borings made by SCS were followed. Borings B-4, B-7, B-8, B-9, and B-10 were located in the existing emergency spillway encountered natural soils and a groundwater level of 10' above the bottom of the pond. This would substantiate the documentation by SCS of the proper construction of impervious core trench material. Based on the SCS documentation, the existing emergency spillway was constructed with a minimum thickness of groundwater encountered in boring B-5. It is our professional opinion that the existing pond may be subject to infiltration and leakage due to the presence of groundwater. HCEA recommends that a geotechnical engineer from our office further inspect the pond during the conversion for signs of piping, seepage or other anomalies.

EMBANKMENT AND CUT/TRENCH CONSTRUCTION

The site should be scraped of topsoil and any other undesirable materials from the embankment or structure area in accordance with Soil Conservation Guidelines. After stripping operations have been completed, the exposed subgrade materials should be graded to the required elevations and compacted to the required densities by a geotechnical engineer or his representative. For areas that are not accessible to a dump truck, the site should be graded to the required elevations and compacted to the required densities by a geotechnical engineer or his representative utilizing a Dynamic Cone Penetrometer. Any excess soft or loose material identified by profiling or penetrometer testing should be excavated to satisfy the required soil properties.

Based on the groundwater levels identified in the borings, detailing of excavations should be anticipated. A representative of the Geotechnical Engineer should be present to monitor placement and compaction of the embankment or structure area in accordance with Maryland Soil Conservation Standards 378 considered suitable for the center of embankment and cut of trench. Areas that are not accessible to a dump truck, the site should be graded to the required elevations and compacted to the required densities by a geotechnical engineer or his representative utilizing a Dynamic Cone Penetrometer. Any excess soft or loose material identified on site and in his professional opinion that these materials are suitable for core trench and center of embankment as impervious soils. These materials are predominantly encountered directly under the topsoil layer at depths of 1'-4'.

RECOMMENDATIONS

These recommendations are based upon generally accepted principles of geotechnical engineering. These recommendations are intended for the designer of the project. HCEA is not responsible for any other use. Inherent in these recommendations is the assumption that work will be performed in accordance with the applicable codes and standards of practice of the geotechnical engineer. The analysis for this project was based upon the information from the borings and the assumption of uniform soil properties. If any conditions are encountered in the field which differ from the conditions assumed herein, these recommendations should be reviewed and revised as necessary.

Core Trench Section

Core Trench Section

No Scale

Riser

Bottom

Ground

Side Slope

Top of Core

Embankment

Soil

Bottom

Ground

Side Slope

Top of Core

Embankment

Soil

Bottom

Ground

Side Slope

Top of Core

Embankment

Soil

Bottom

Ground

Side Slope

Top of Core

Embankment

Soil

Bottom

Ground

Side Slope

Top of Core

Embankment

Soil

Bottom

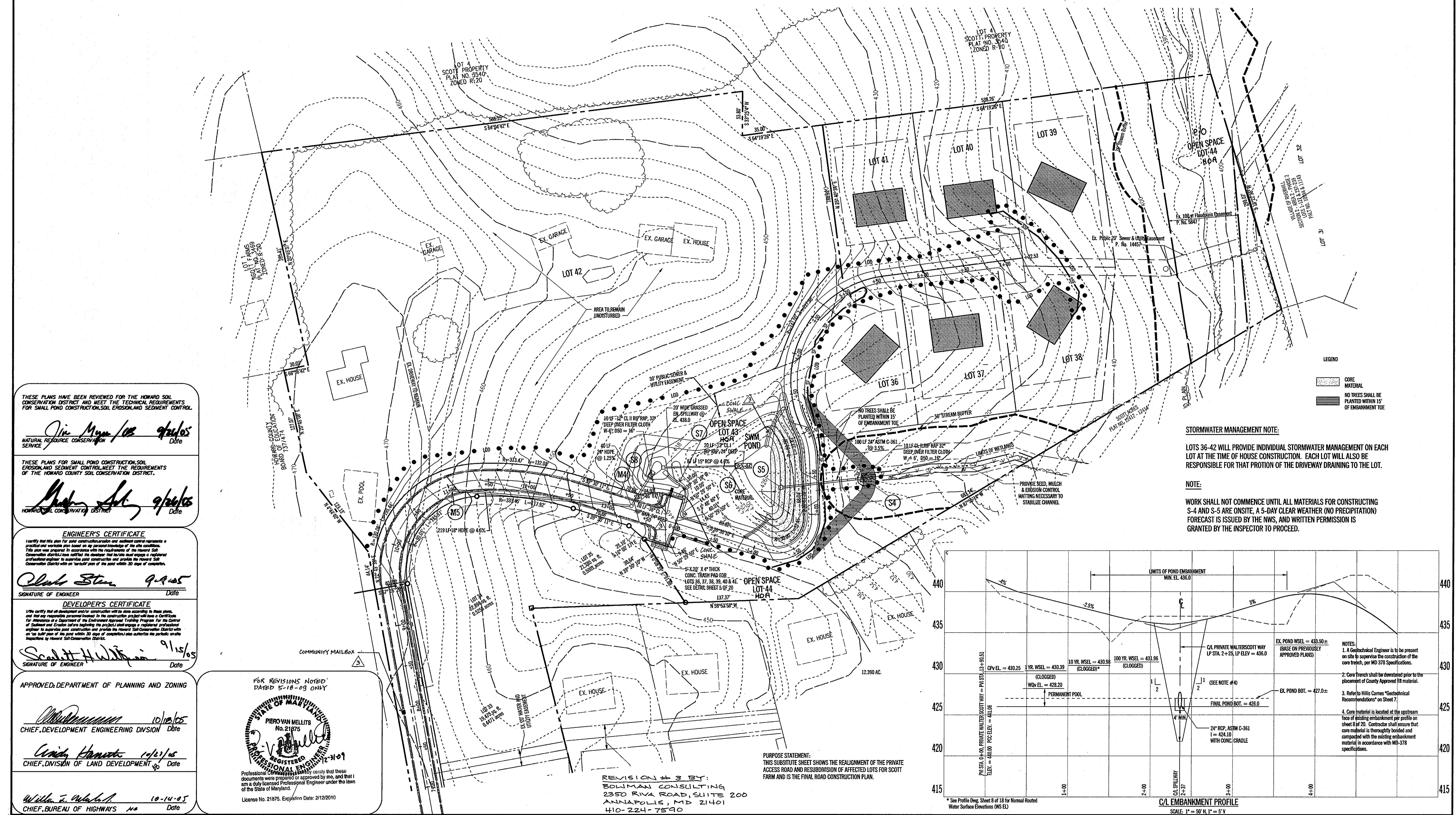
Ground

Side Slope

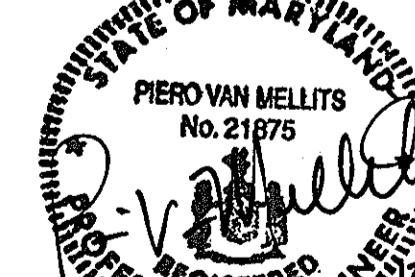
Top of Core

Embankment

Soil

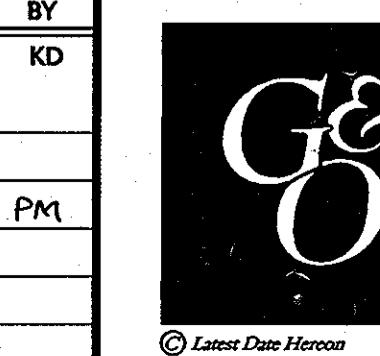


**OWNER:
SCARLET WILKINSON AND EARL OMER
6799 GUILFORD ROAD
CLARKSVILLE, MARYLAND 21029
(410)531-2626, (410)987-0497**



Professional Engineer hereby certifies that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland.

No.	REVISION
1	Shows realignment of private road & resubdivision of lot 1 trash pad, rip rap channel. Revised SWM Pond 1 & stormwater layout. Added notes, legend, shaded core material & earth toe. Revised title block & added purpose statement.
3	REVISED TEE TURN-AROUND INCLUDING BOLLARD LOCATIONS & ENCLOSURE, ADDED COMMUNITY MAILBOX, AND SWM CONC.



ENGINEERS • PLANNERS • SCIENTISTS • SURVEYORS

GREENHORNE & O'MARA, INC.

200 HARRY S TRUMAN PKWY. SUITE-200 ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND 21401

(410) 266-0066

Greenbelt, MD - Annapolis, MD - Atlanta, GA - Fairfax, VA - Fredericksburg, VA - Mechanicsburg, PA - Raleigh, NC - Rockville, MD - Tampa, FL - West Palm Beach, FL

**GRADING, SOIL, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN
REVISED FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLAN**

SCOTT FARM

LOTS 29-42 and Open Space Lots 27, 28, 43 & 44

TAX MAP NO. 35 R/O PARCEL 354

CF DESIGN	SCALE	1" = 50'
LMM DRAWN	10	OF 20
GRK CHECKED	SHEET	
OCT., '04 DATE	PROJ No.	F - 00 - 73 FILE No.

**HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT
STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES**

- A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits - Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction. (313-1855).
- All vegetative and sediment control structures are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the most current version of the MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.
- Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 1:1; b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.
- All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1, Chapter 7, of the HOWARD COUNTY ZONING MAP and ZONING ORDINANCE.
- All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (Section G) for permanent seeding, soil temporary seeding, and sediment stabilization with marsh alone may be used when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.
- All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector.
- Site Analysis:

Total Area of Site	17.2 Acres
Area Disturbed	4.2 Acres
Area to be cleared or paved	1.8 Acres
Area to be vegetatively stabilized	12.4 Acres
*Total Cut	6,076 Cu. Yds.
*Total Fill	6,076 Cu. Yds.
Offsite waste/borrow area location	See Map

**HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT
PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES**

Apply to graded or cleared areas not subject to immediate further disturbance where a permanent long-lived vegetative cover is needed.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking, or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules:

- PREFERRED — Apply 2 tons per acres dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000sq. ft.) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil. Use 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 ureaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000sq. ft.)
- ACCEPTABLE — Apply 2 tons per acres dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000sq. ft.) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil.

SEEDING — For the periods March 1 thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (17 lbs/1000sq. ft.) Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and 2 lbs. per acre (.05 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and 2 lbs. per acre (.05 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28, protect site by: Option (1) 2 tons per acre straw mulch and anchor straw mulch as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) use sod. Option (3) Seed with 60 lbs per acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch 2 tons / acre well anchored straw.

MULCHING — Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000sq. ft.) for anchoring.

Maintenance — Inspect all seeding areas and make needed repairs, replacements and reseddings.

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed.

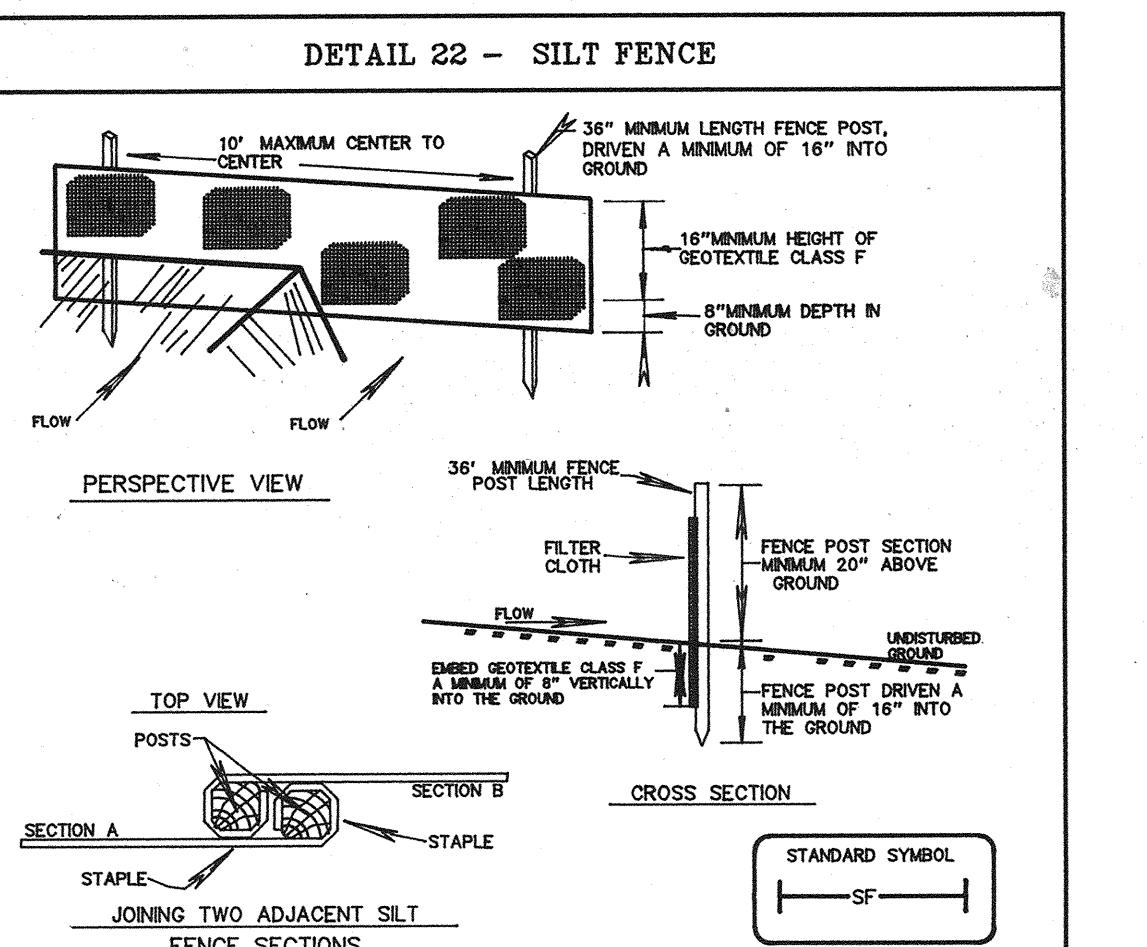
SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking, or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000sq. ft.).

SEEDING — For periods March 1 thru April 30, and from August 15 thru October 15 seed with 2-12 bushels per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs/1000sq. ft.). For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs. per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000sq. ft.). For the period November 16 thru February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

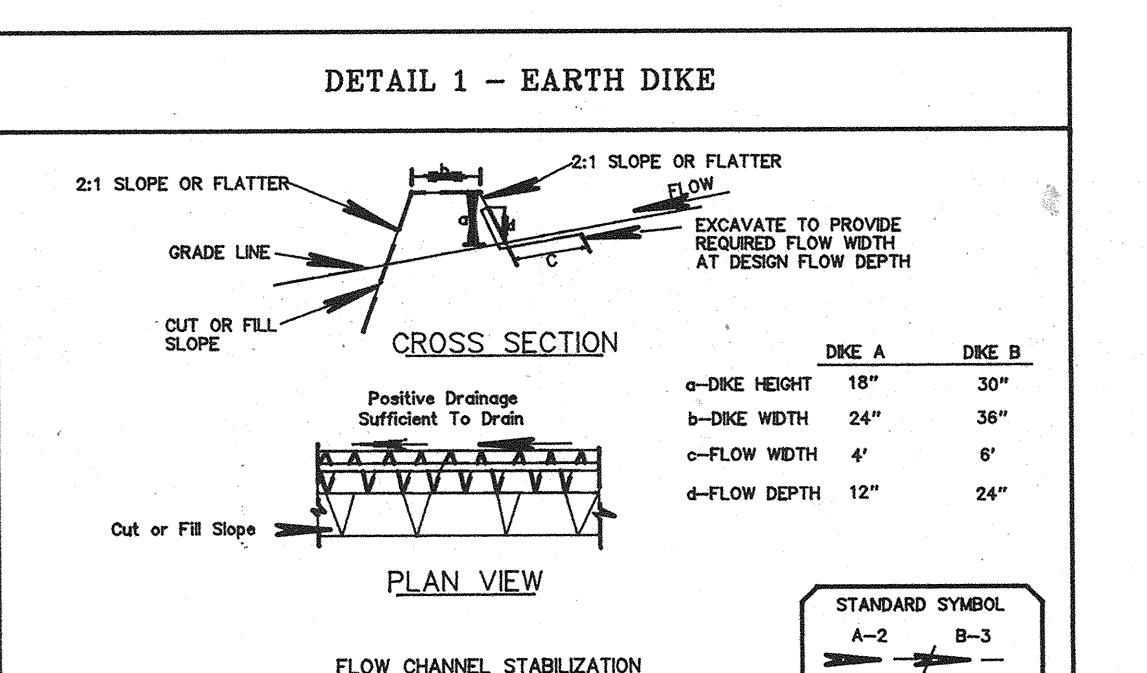
MULCHING — Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of unrotted weed free small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000sq. ft.) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for additional rates and methods not covered.

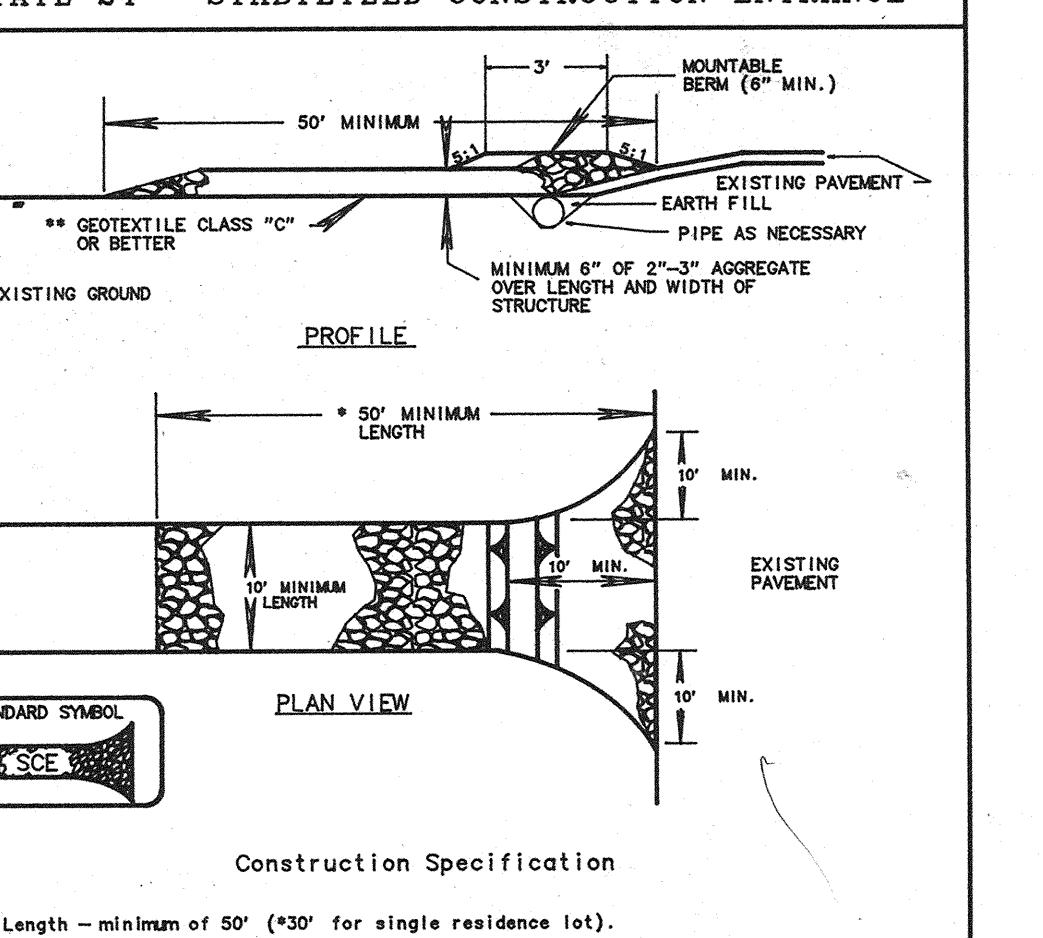


SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- Obtain grading permit. 1 Day
- Notify the Howard County Department of Public Works Construction Inspection Division at 410-311-1855 at least 48 hours prior to beginning construction. 1 Day
- Install stabilized construction entrance, tree protection fence and signage, silt fence, storm water outlet, earth stakes, sediment trap, and drains and retaining walls as required in the approved grading plan. 3 Weeks
- Issue all sediment controls are installed and obtain permission from the Sediment Control Inspector prior to rough grade for Public Water Scout Way. 1 Week
- Stabilize all disturbed areas not to be paved in accordance with the temporary seeding notes. 2 Days
- Issue all sediment controls are installed. Obtain permission from the Sediment Control Inspector and remove existing driveway and associated curbs. 2 Days
- Issue all sediment controls are installed. Obtain permission from the Sediment Control Inspector and rough grade for Private Water Scout Way and Install Basis #2 in accordance with the approved grading plan. Install drainage swales on Lot 19 and rest of lots 11-14. 1 Week
- Install silt fence for Guilford Road improvement along Guilford Road Right of Way. 1 Day
- Release signs, and utilities along Guilford Road and grade for Guilford Road Improvement lane. 3 Days
- Place grade all road beds and install utilities, including water, sewer, storm drain, electric, and telephone. 3 Weeks
- Stabilize all disturbed areas not to be paved in accordance with the temporary seeding notes. 1 Day
- Install curb and gutter and sidewalks, including handicapped ramps. Install driveway apron for lot 19 and existing property to the east along Guilford Road. 8 Days
- Install gravel road base. 5 Days
- Install bituminous base and surface for roads. 4 Days
- Fine grade any remaining areas and stabilize all remaining disturbed areas in accordance with the permanent seeding notes. 3 Days
- With permission from the sediment control inspector, remove all perimeter erosion and sediment controls including silt fence, earth stakes and filter fabric lining. Remove all debris and backfill with Basis #2 embankments. 3 Days
- Convert both basins to permanent stormwater retention ponds. 1 Week
 - Deovate both basins completely.
 - Remove all accumulated sediment and issue pond bottom notes at the final elevation.
 - Remove the deovating devices from both ponds.
 - Use backfill material to fill the pond bottom and backfill and regrade the embankments.
 - Issue Pond #1 meets all MD 378 Sols and Specs.
- Stabilize all disturbed areas. 2 Days
 - With permission from the sediment control inspector, remove the remaining silt fence and any other remaining sediment control devices.
 - stabilize disturbed areas
- Install fencing, street lights and landscaping. 2 Weeks
 - stabilize all remaining disturbed areas.



DETAIL 24 - STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



Construction Specification

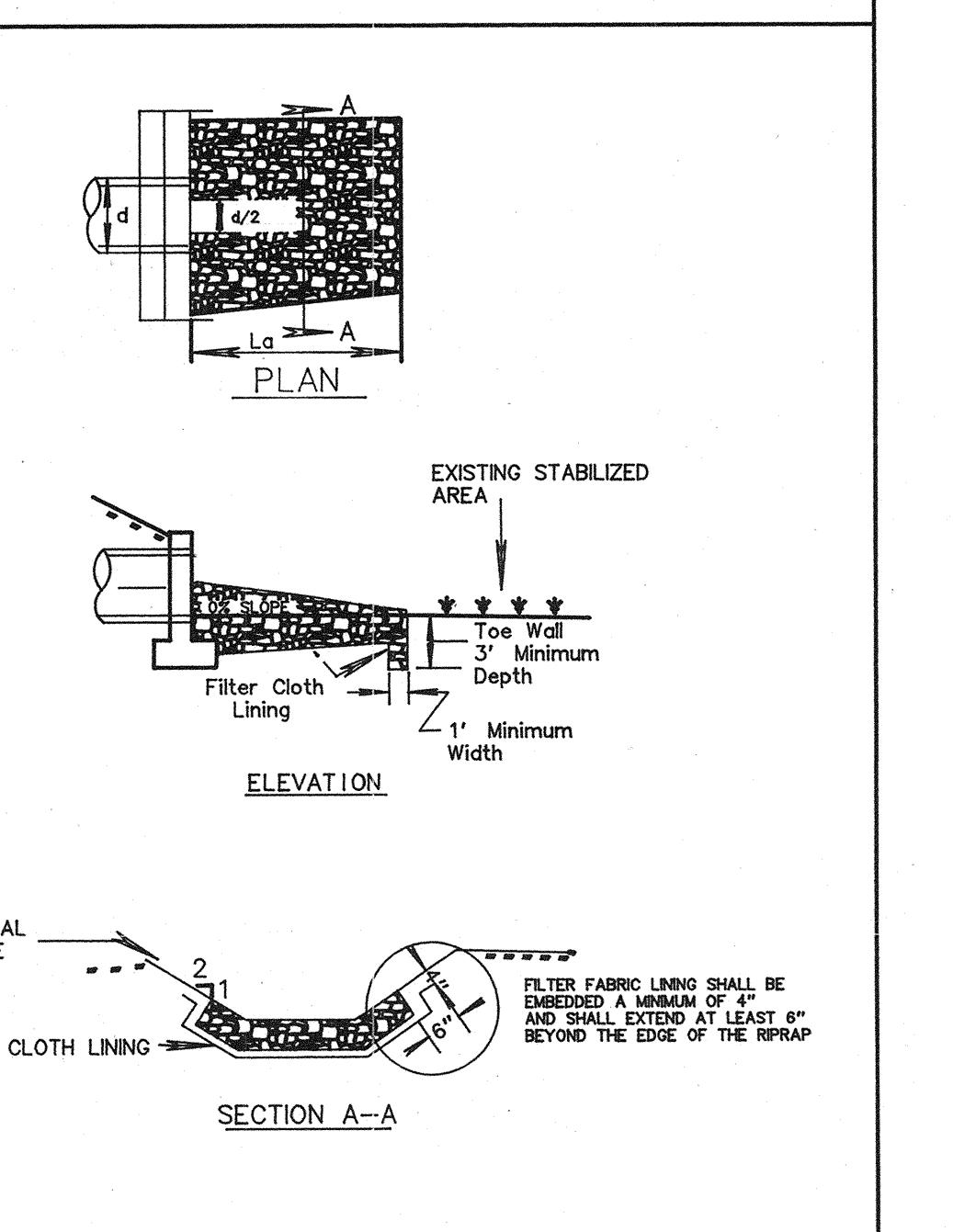
- Length - minimum of 50' (#3 for single residence lot).
- Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning radius.
- Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly into an undisturbed, stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity.
- All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectional material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper functioning of the dike.
- The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections or other irregularities which will impede normal flow.
- Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.

7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike.

8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after each rain event.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE PAGE A-1-6 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION PAGE F-17-3

DETAIL 27 - ROCK OUTLET PROTECTION III



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE PAGE F-18-10 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION PAGE F-18-10A

ROCK OUTLET PROTECTION III

Construction Specifications

- The subgrade for the filter, riprap, or gabion shall be prepared to the required lines and grades. Any fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding undisturbed material.
- The rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when installed respectively in the rip-rap or filter.
- Geotextile shall be protected from punching, cutting, or tearing. Any damage other than an occasional small hole shall be repaired by placing a piece of geotextile over the damaged part by completely replacing the geotextile. All overlaps whether for repairs or for joining two pieces of geotextile shall be a minimum of one foot.
- Stone for the rip-rap or gabion outlets may be placed by equipment. They shall be constructed to the full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid displacement during installation. The stone in rip-rap outlets shall be levered and placed in a manner that will ensure that it is reasonably homogeneous with the smaller stones and spalls filling the voids between the larger stones. Rip-rap shall be placed in a manner to prevent damage to the filter tank or geotextile. Hand placement will be required to the extent necessary to prevent damage to the permanent works.

5. The stones shall be placed so that it blends in with the existing ground. If the stone is placed too high then the flow will be forced out of the channel and scour adjacent to the stone will occur.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE PAGE F-18-10A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Chief, Development Engineering Division
DATE: 5/10/00

Approved: Department of Public Works for Storm Drainage Systems and Roads

Chief, Bureau of Highways
DATE: 5-26-00

THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION, AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

Chief, Natural Resource Conservation Service
DATE: 5/10/00

THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

Signature of Developer
DATE: 5/10/00

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

I certify that this plan for pond construction, soil erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based upon my knowledge of the pertinent laws, regulations, and standards of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have reviewed the plans and specifications for the proposed construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion or earlier, and/or as per the terms of the contract.

Developer's Certificate
DATE: 5/10/00

Signature of Developer
DATE: 5/10/00

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

I, (Developer's Name), a registered professional engineer, have reviewed the plans and specifications for the proposed construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion or earlier, and/or as per the terms of the contract.

Developer's Certificate
DATE: 5/10/00

Signature of Developer
DATE: 5/10/00

LDE, INC.

9250 Rumsey Road, Suite 106, Columbia, MD 21045

(410) 715-1070 (301) 596-3424 (410) 715-9540 (Fax)

Grading & Soil Erosion & Sediment Control Plan - Details

As Shown

DRAWING ▲ 11 of 20

JOB NO. 98009

FILE NO. F-00-73

Scott Farm

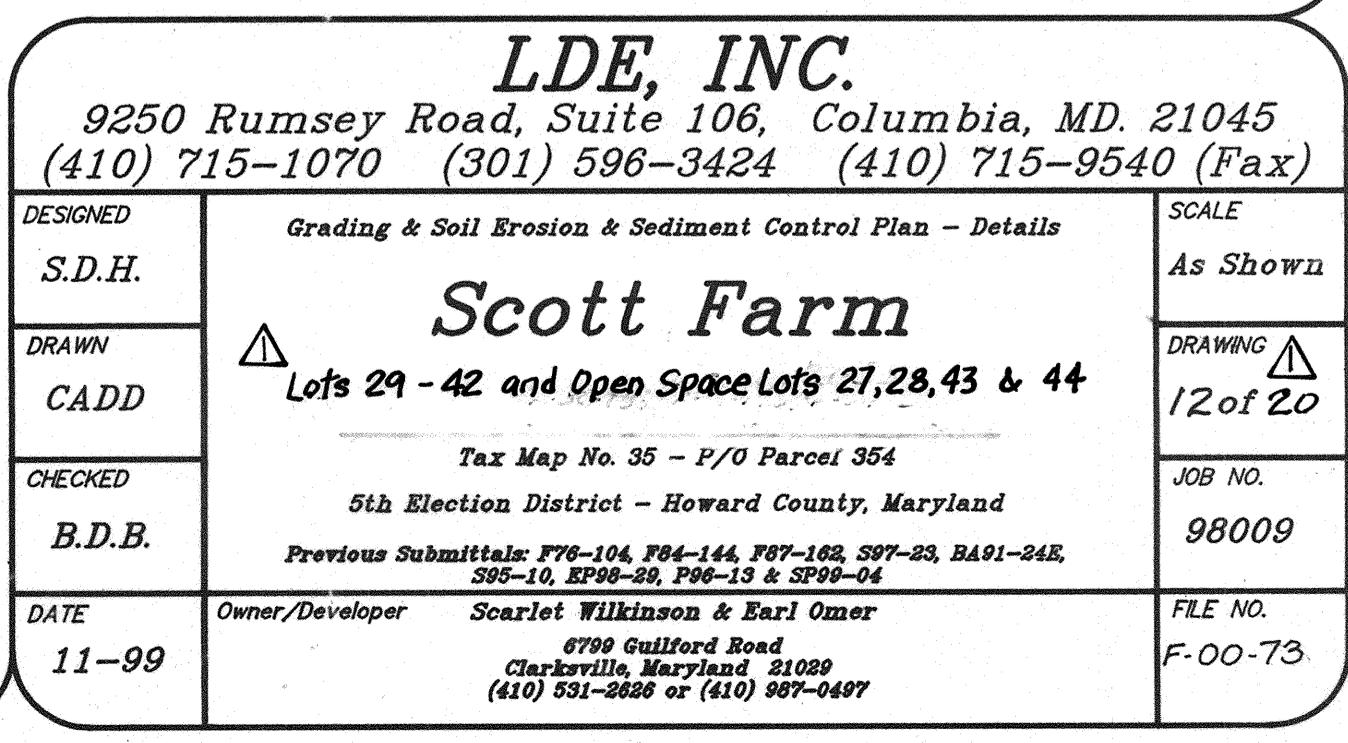
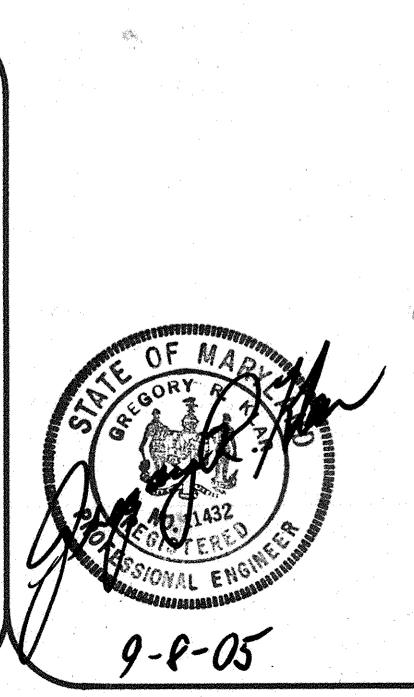
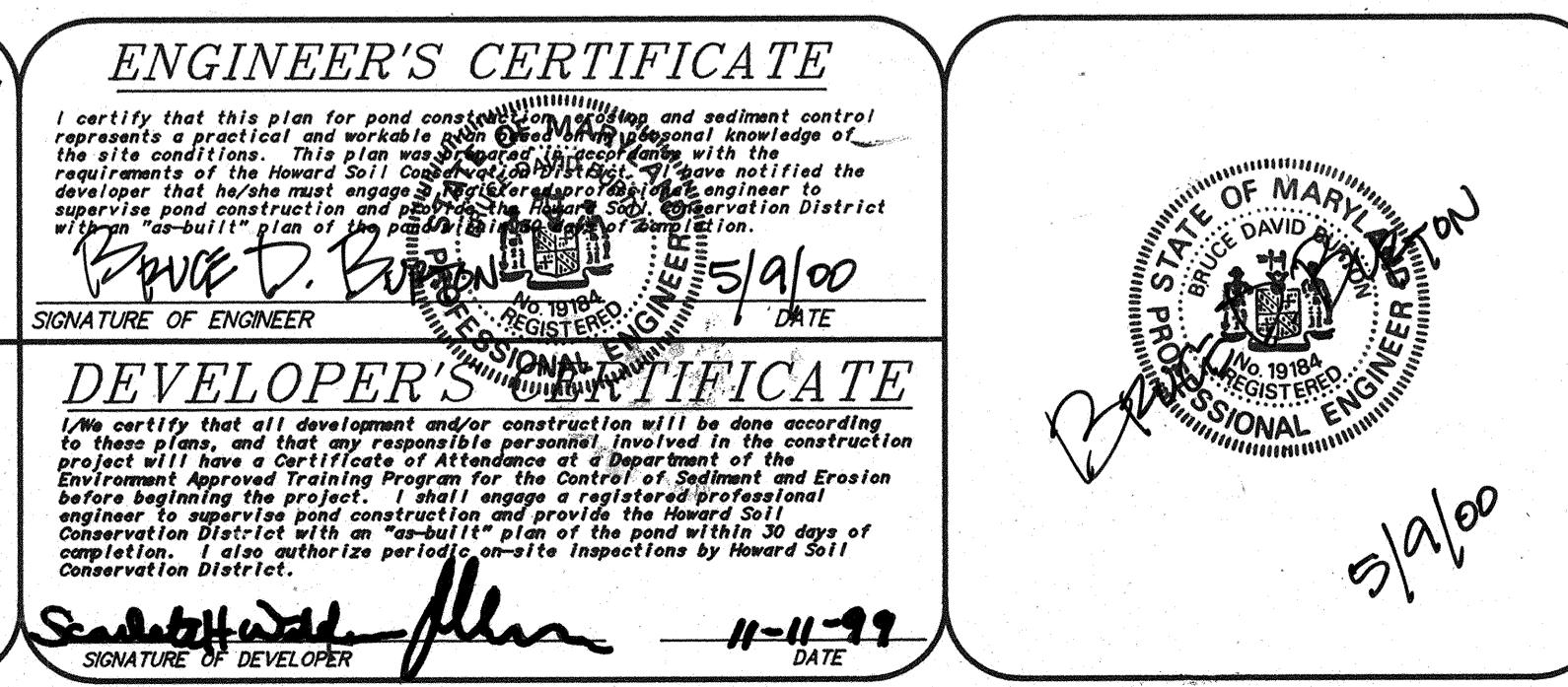
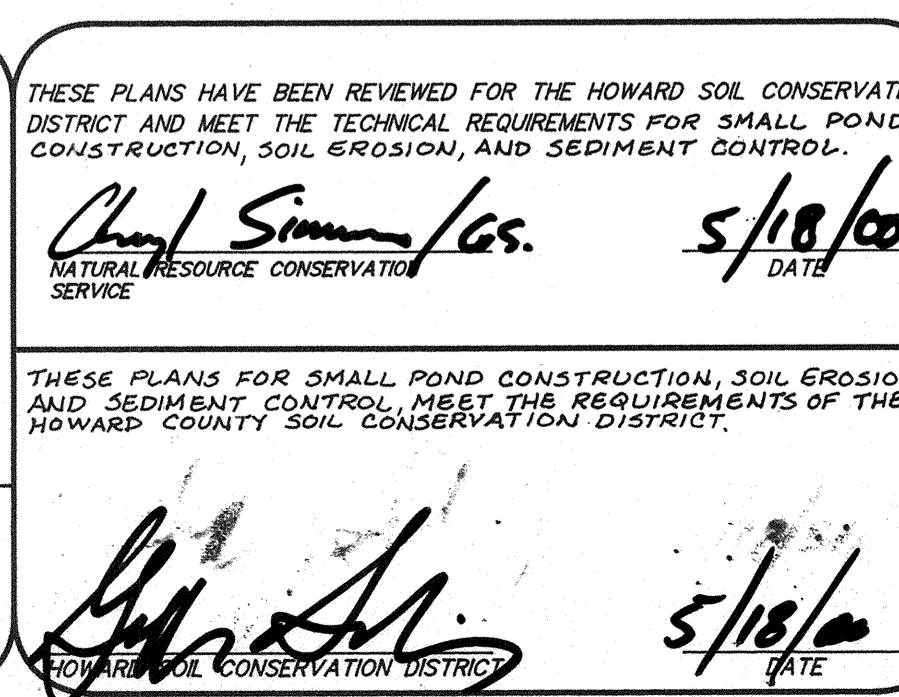
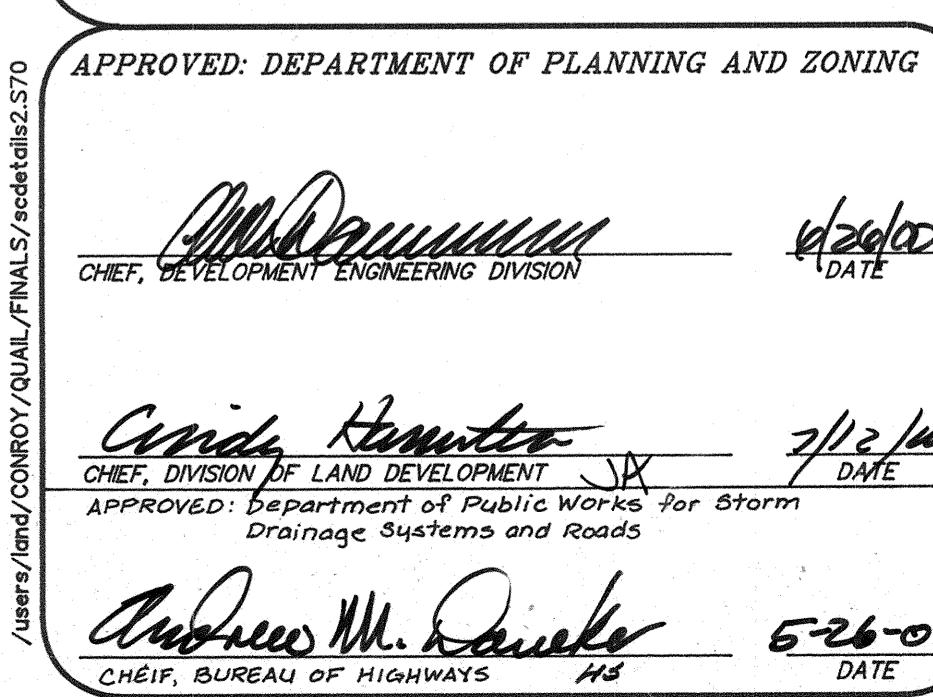
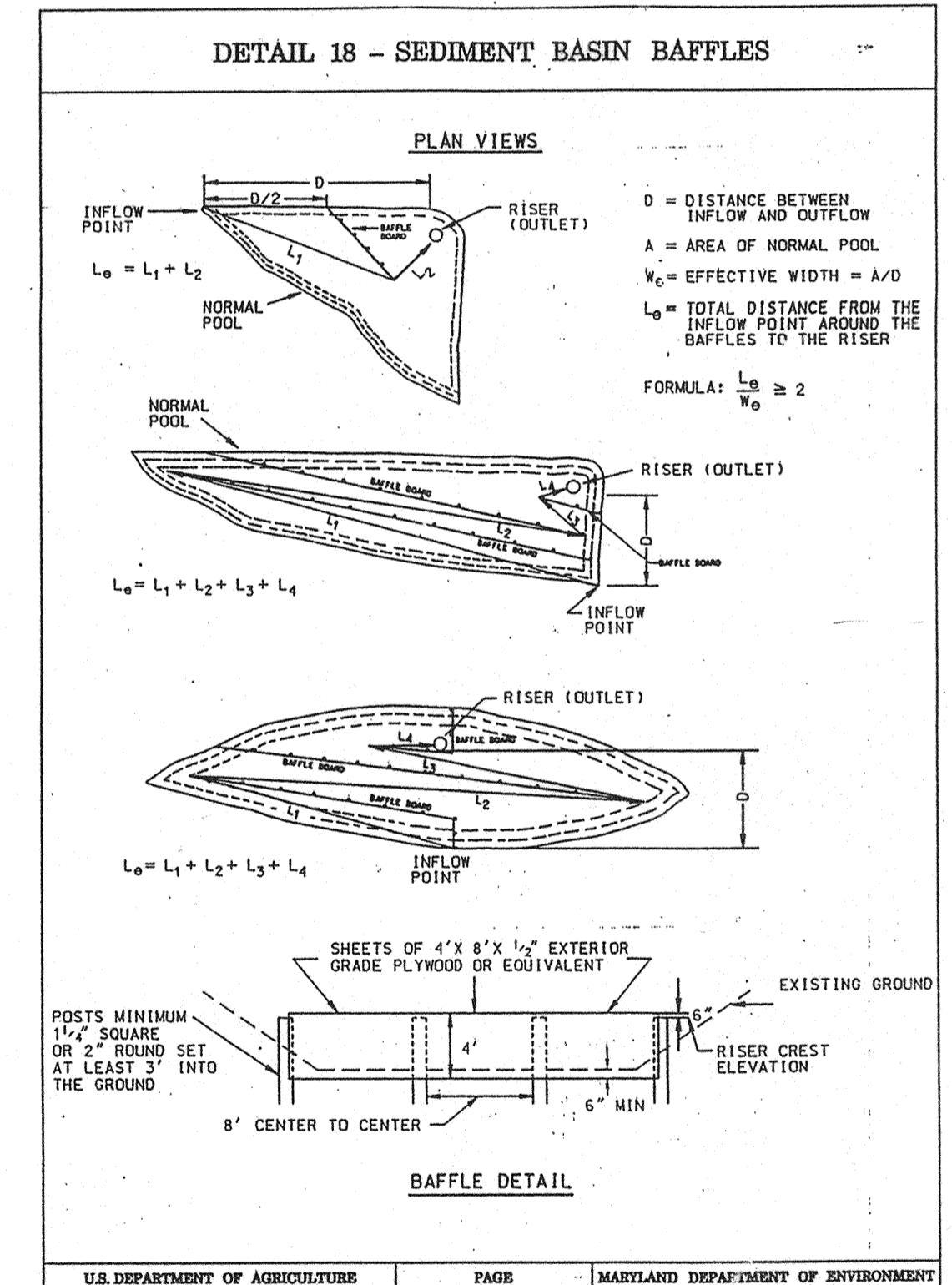
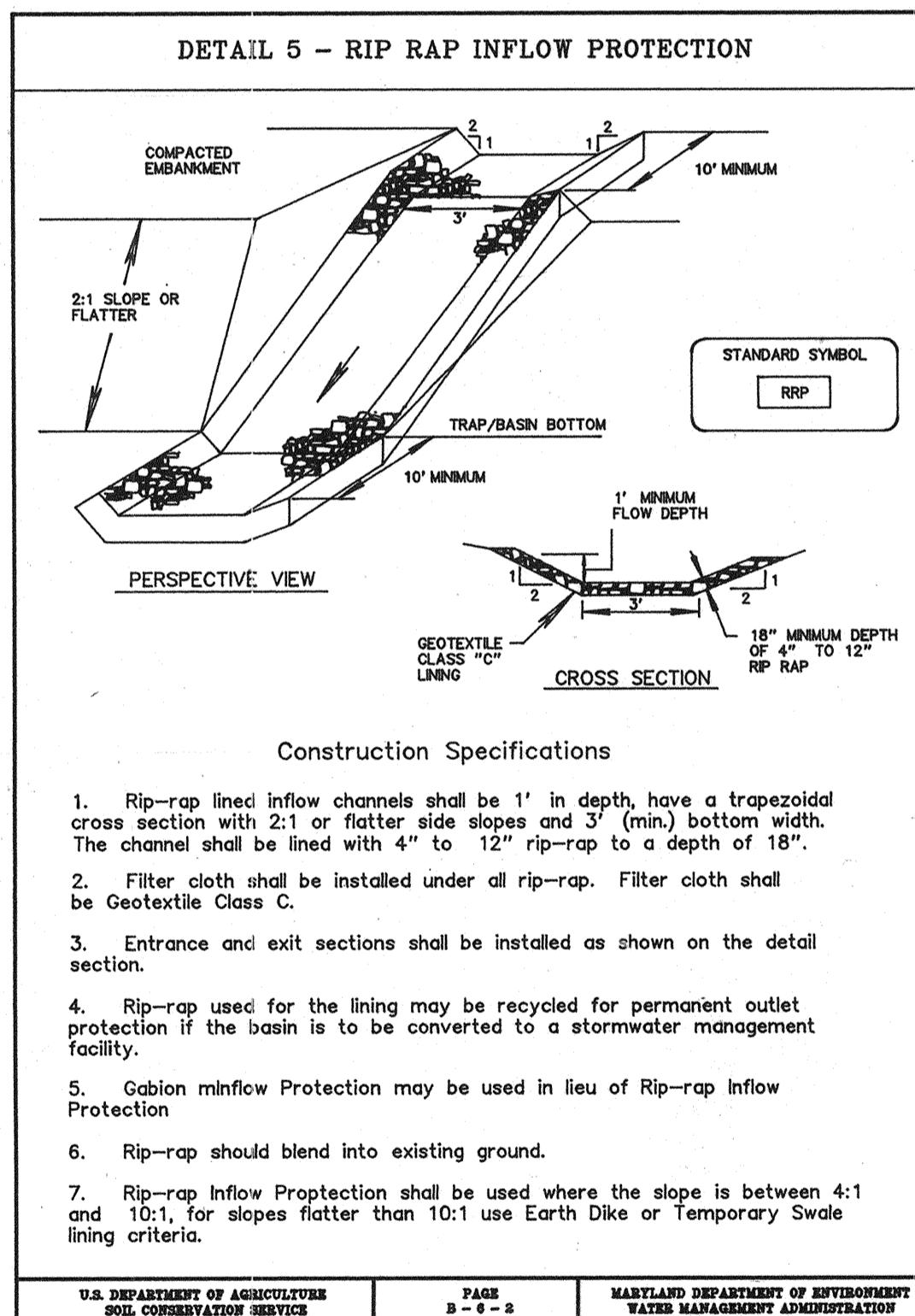
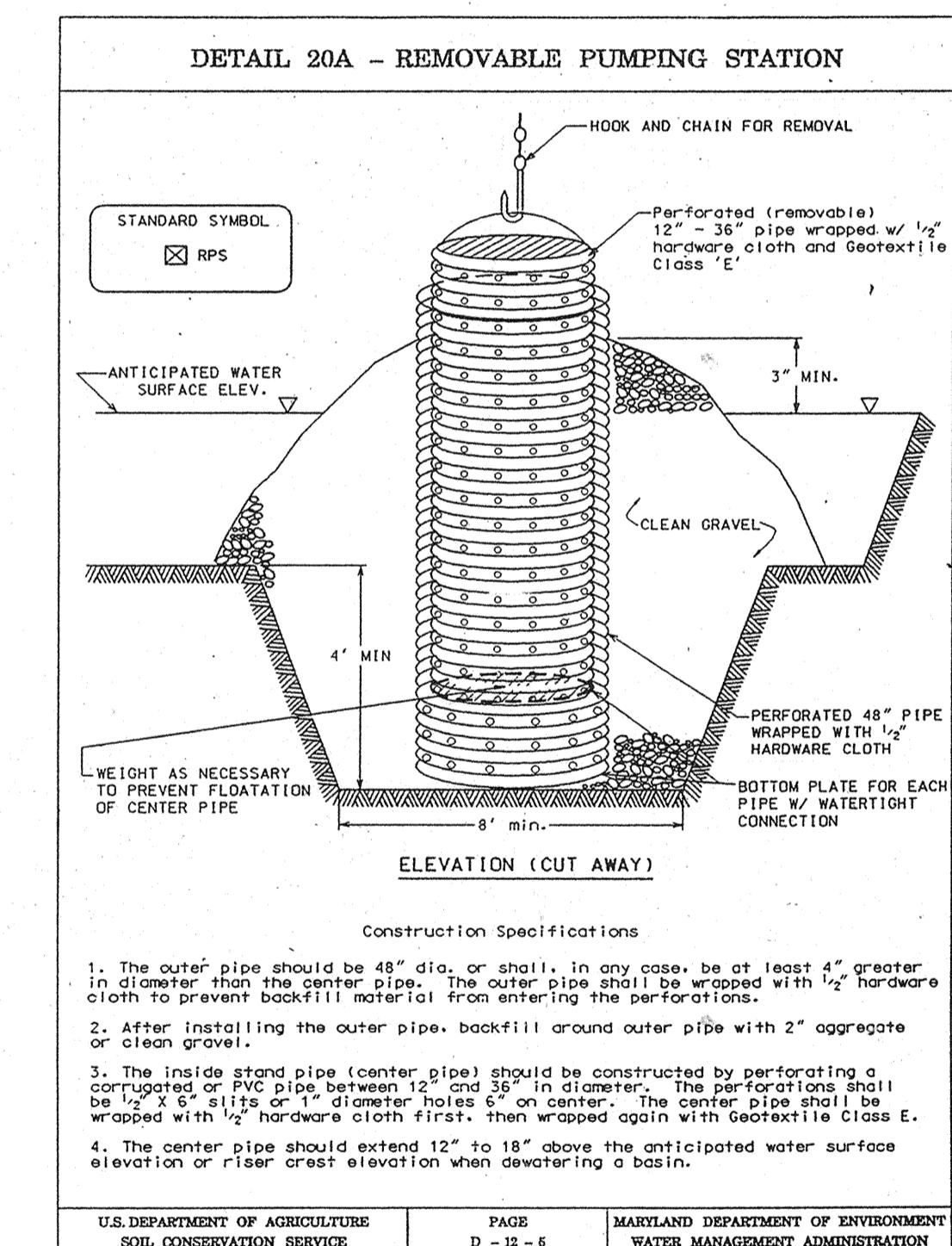
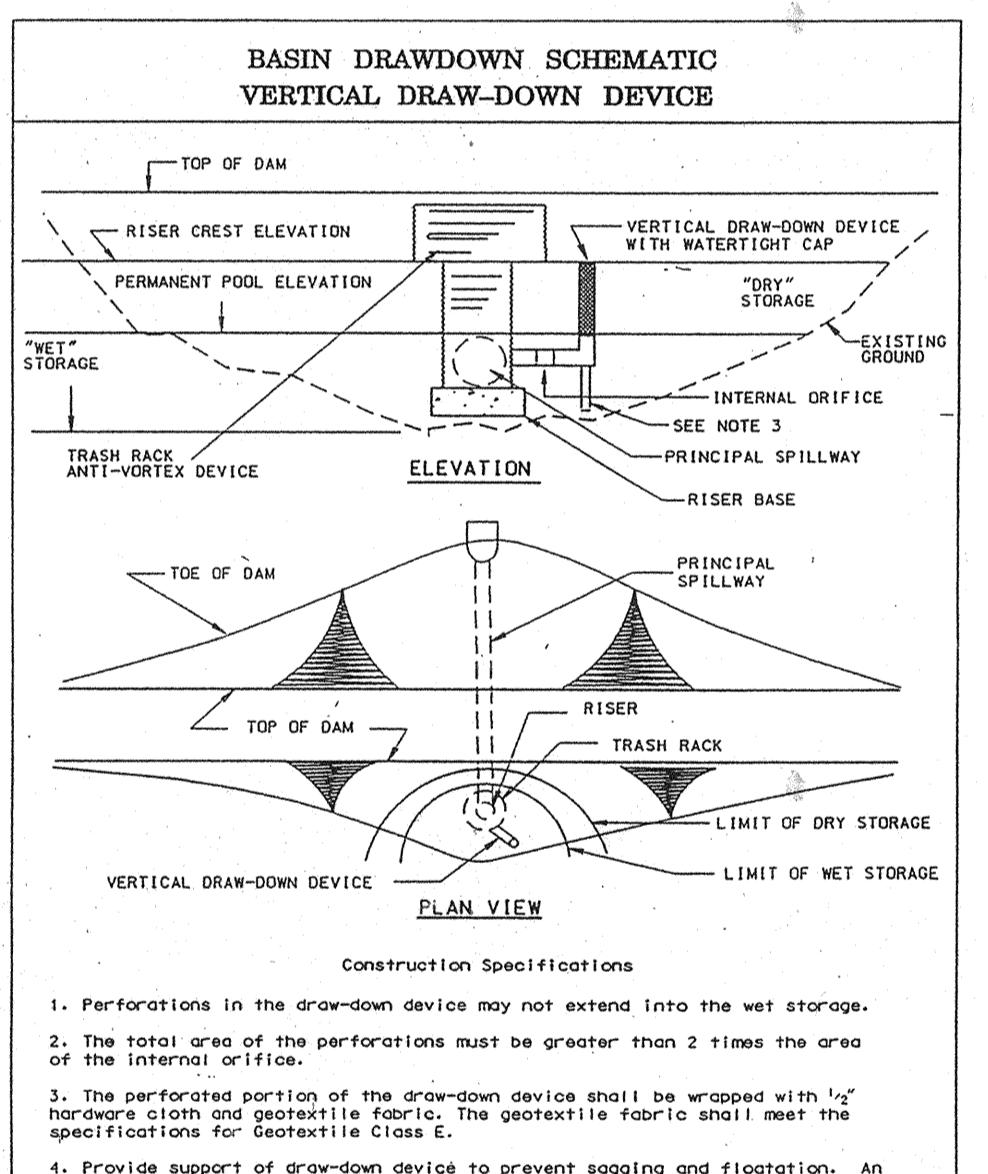
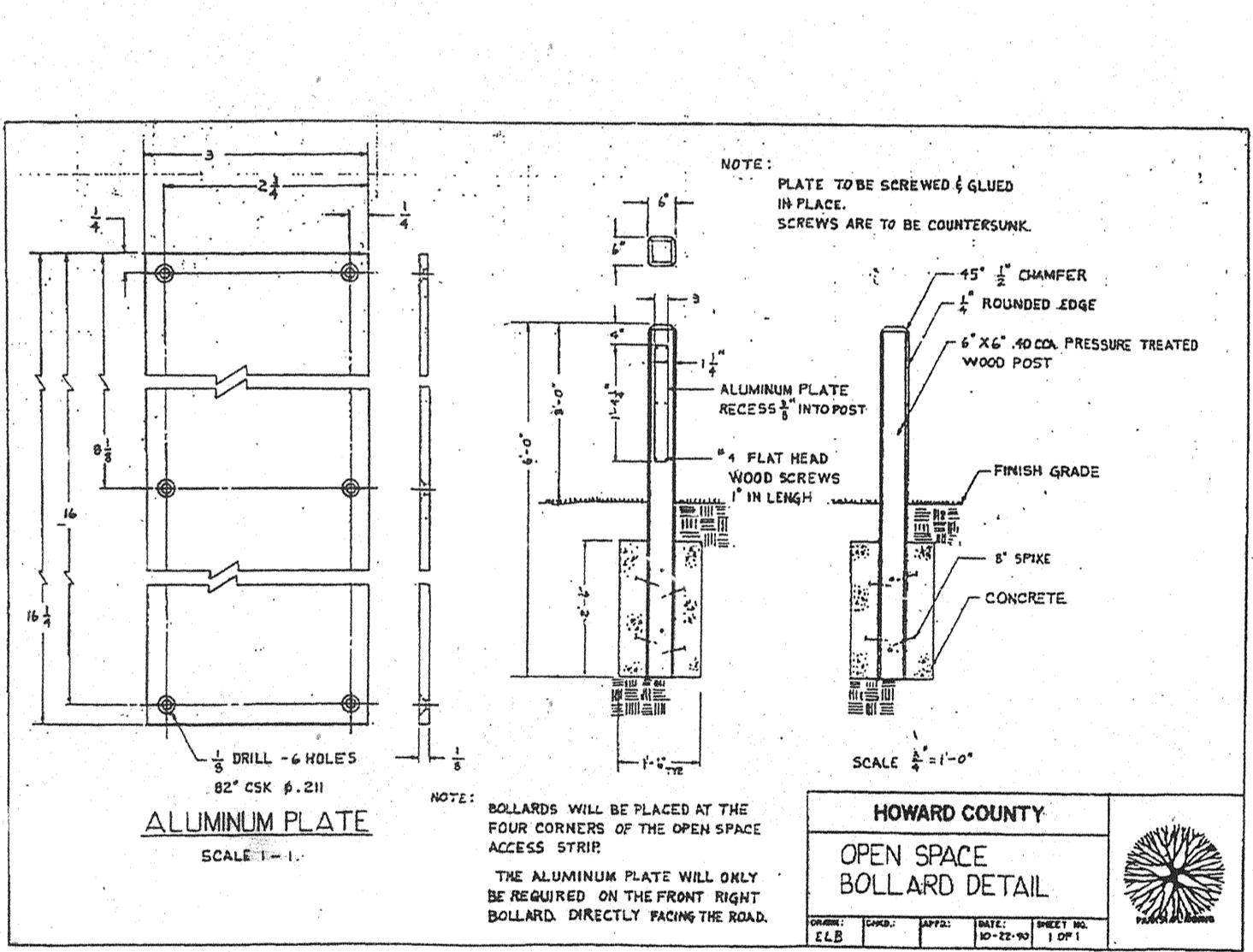
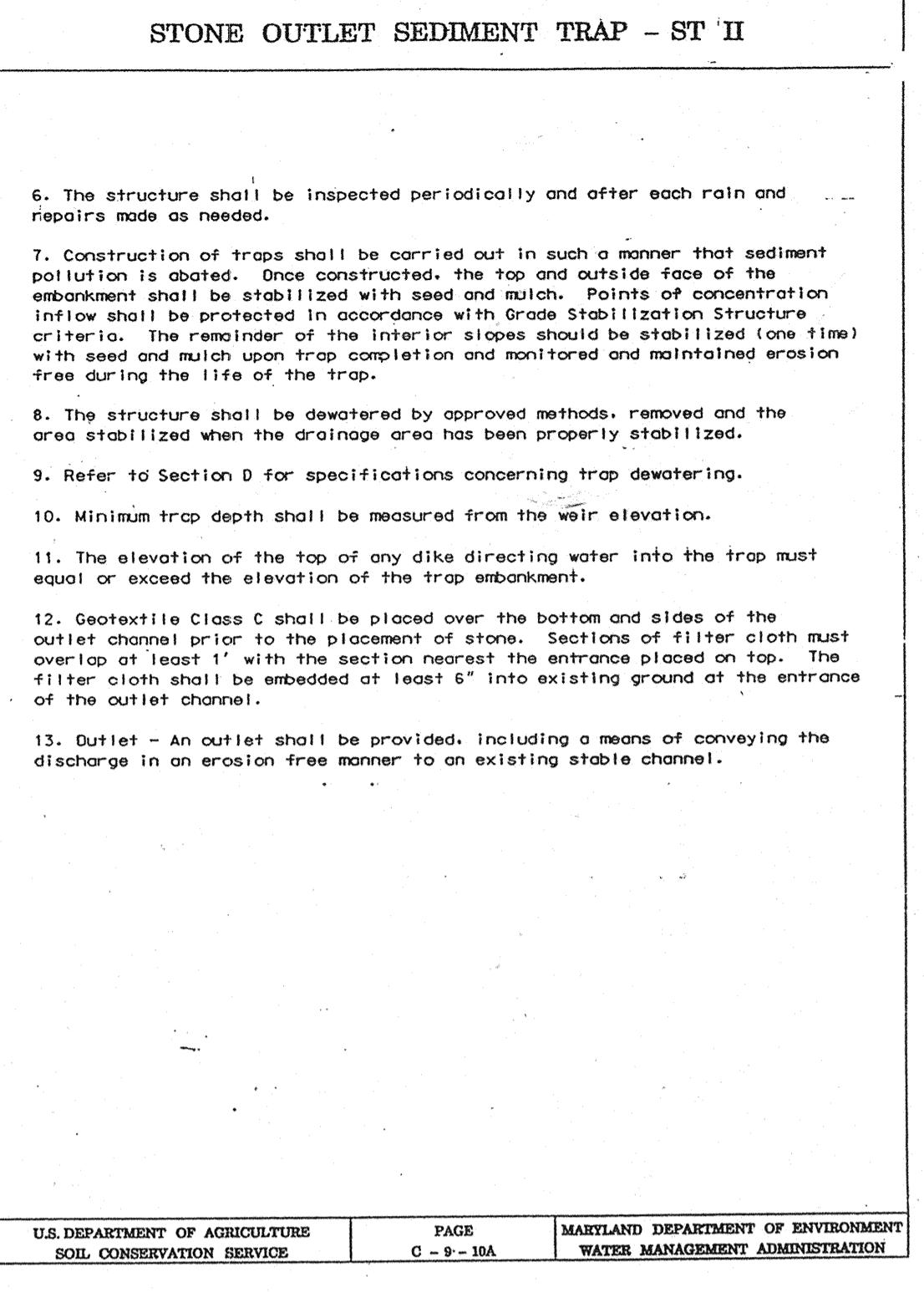
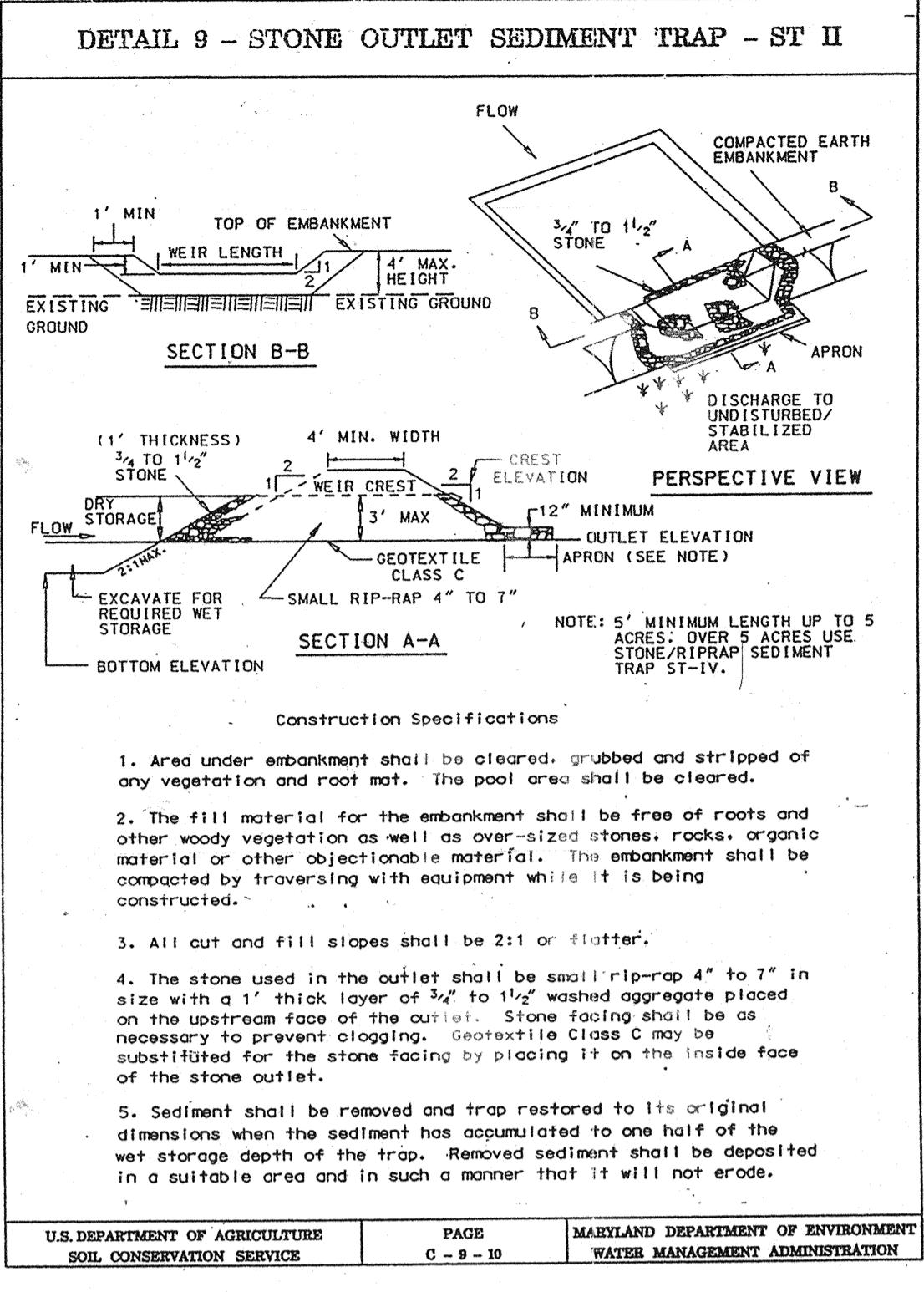
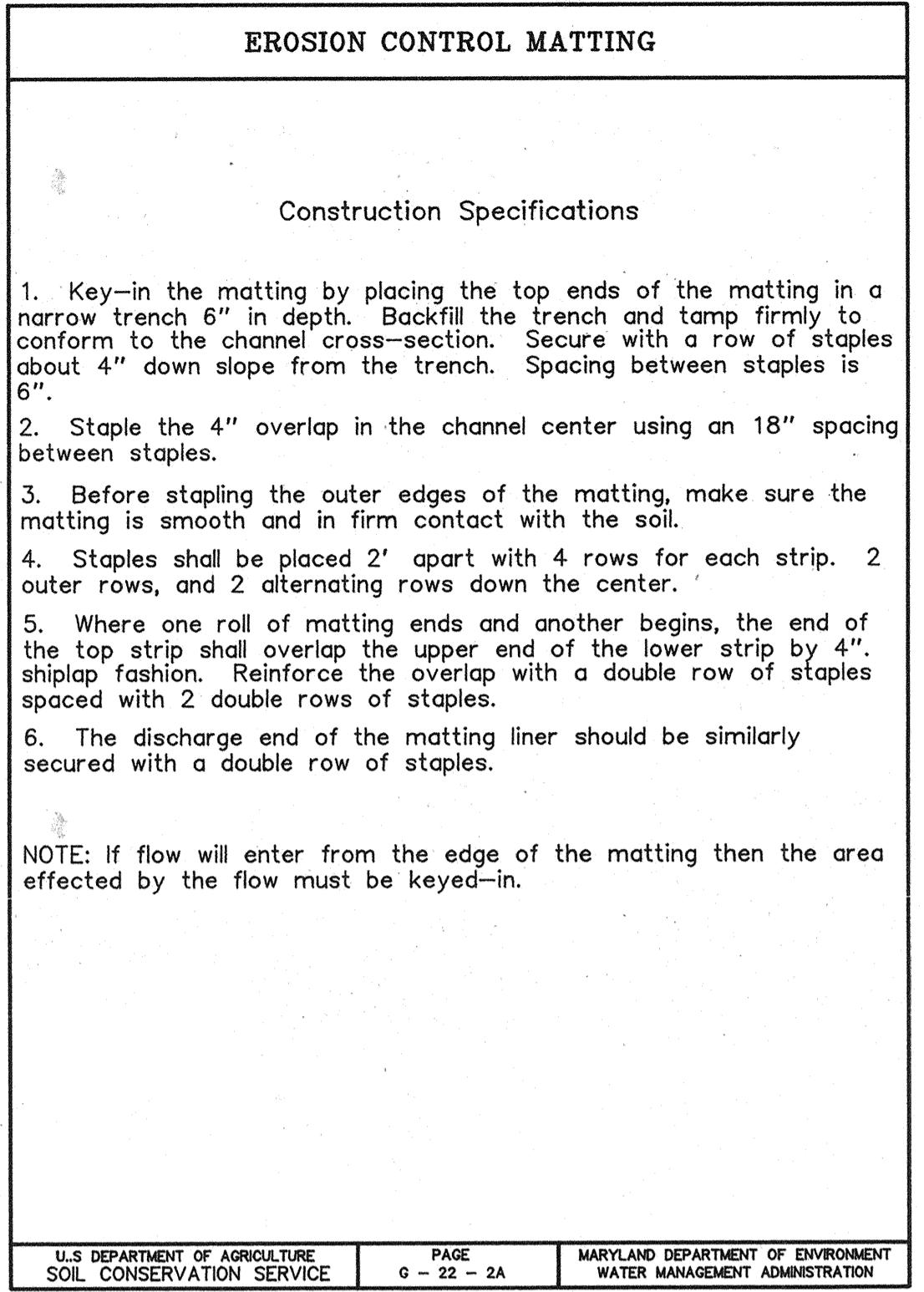
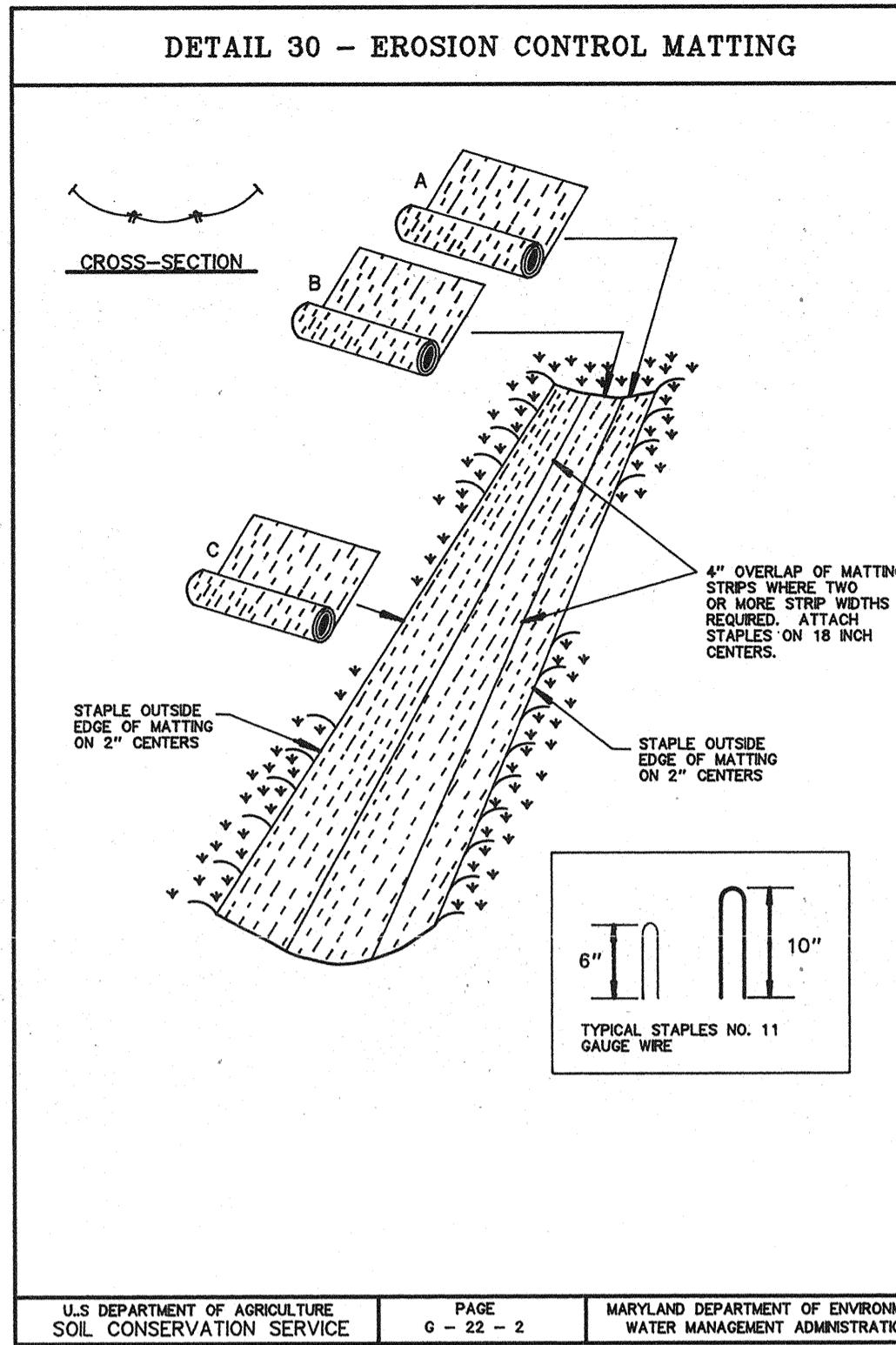
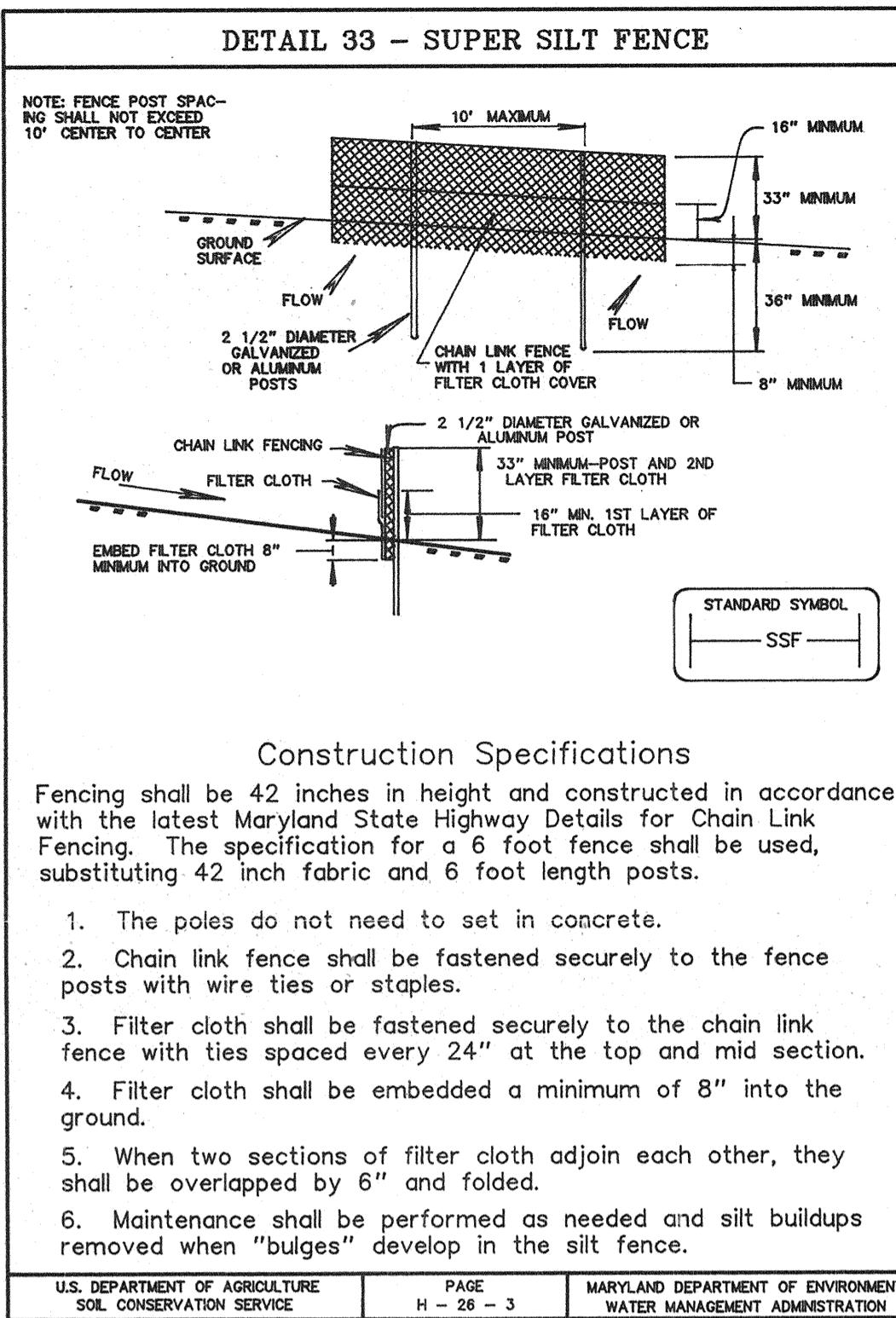
Lots 29 - 42 and Open Space Lots 27, 28, 43 & 44

Tax Map No. 35 - P-0 Parcel 354

5th Election District - Howard County, Maryland

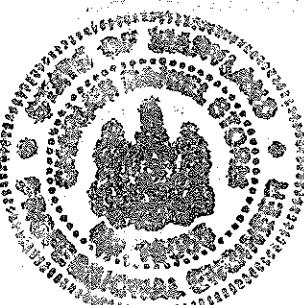
Previous Submittal: FPC-104 PPA-144 PPA-155 SPT-23, BAVI-24E, SPT-10, EPB-28 PPA-15 and SPP-24E

Signature: Guideline Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding, MD-VA, Pub. #1, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1975.



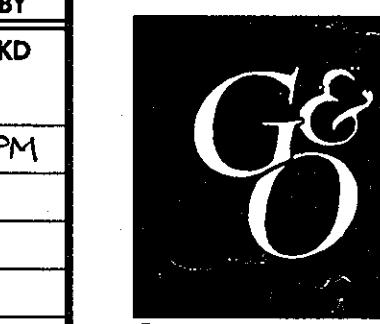


OWNER:
SCARLET WILKINSON AND EARL OMER
6799 GUILFORD ROAD
CLARKSVILLE, MARYLAND 21029
(410) 531-2626, (410) 987-0497



C. J. [Signature]

No.	REVISION	DATE	BY
1	Revised Post DA for realignment fo road & subdivision, labeled land use, showed soils and Tc paths. Revised Title Block and Added Purpose Statement.	09-09-05	KD
3	Revised Topo Map including BOUNDARY LINES AND IMPASSIBLE ENCLOSURE, ADDED COMMUNITY MAILBOX & SHAM CONCRETE SWALES	5-18-03	PM



ENGINEERS • PLANNERS • SCIENTISTS • SURVEYORS
GREENHORNE & O'MARA, INC.
200 HARRY S TRUMAN PKWY, SUITE-200 ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND 21401
(410) 266-0066

Greenbelt, MD - Annapolis, MD - Atlanta, GA - Fairfax, VA - Fredericksburg, VA - Mechanicsburg, PA
Raleigh, NC - Rockville, MD - Tampa, FL - West Palm Beach, FL

DRAINAGE AREA MAP
REVISED FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLAN
SCOTT FARM
LOTS 29-42 and Open Space Lots 27, 28, 43 & 44
TAX MAP NO. 35 P/O PARCEL 354

5TH ELECTION DISTRICT
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

CVF DESIGN	SCALE	1" = 50'
LMM DRAWN		
GRK		
CHECKED		
SHEET		
OCT, '04 DATE	F-00-73 PROJ No.	FILE No.

Construction Specifications For Sediment Basins

1. Site Preparation: Perimeter sediment control devices must be installed prior to clearing and grubbing. Areas where the embankment is to be placed shall be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation, rocks, or other objectionable materials. The pool area shall not be cleared until the completion of the embankment. The pool area is to be used for hauls. In order to facilitate cleaning and restoration, the pool area (measured at the top of the pipe spillway) shall be cleared of all brush, trees, and other objectionable materials.

2. Cut-off Trench: A cut-off trench shall be excavated along the contours of earth fill embankments. The minimum depth shall be four feet. The cut-off trench shall extend up both shoulders to the river crest elevation. The minimum bottom width shall be two feet, but wide enough to permit operation of excavation and compaction equipment. The side slopes shall be no steeper than 1:1. Compaction requirements shall be the same as those for the embankment. The trench shall be dewatered during the backfilling-compaction operations. For dewatering see Section D.

3. Embankment: The fill material shall be taken from approved areas shown on the plans. It shall be clean mineral soil free of roots, woody vegetation, oversized stones, rocks, or other objectionable material. Relatively pervious materials such as sand or gravel (Unified Soil Classes GW, GP, SW & SP) or coarse materials (Unified Soil Classes C & S) may be used in the embankment. Areas which fill is to be placed shall be graded prior to placement of fill. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that it can be formed by hand into a ball without crumbling. If water can be squeezed out of the ball, it is too wet for proper compaction. Fill material shall be placed in six-inch to eight-inch thick continuous lifts over the entire length of the fill. Compaction shall be obtained by rolling and hauling the construction equipment over the fill so that the entire surface of each layer of the fill is compacted by at least one wheel or track of the equipment or by the use of a vibratory roller. The embankment shall be constructed to an elevation 10 percent higher than the design height to allow for settlement.

4. Riser/Solids: Steel risers shall be securely attached to the barrel or barrel stub by welding the full circumference making a watertight structural connection. Concrete shall be poured with the principal spillway in place or present with voids around the principal spillway filled with concrete or shrink proof grout for watertight connection. The barrel stub must be attached to the riser at the same percent (angle) of grade as the outlet conduit. The connection between the riser and the riser base shall be watertight. All connections between barrel sections shall be made by approved waterproof methods. The use of nuts and bolts is unacceptable. The use of threaded or tapered hardware is unacceptable. Previous materials such as sand, gravel, or crushed stone shall not be used as backfill around the pipe or anti-seep collars. The fill material around the pipe spillway shall be placed in four inch lifts and hand compacted under and around the pipe to at least the same density as the adjacent embankment. A depth of 1.5 times the pipe diameter (min.) shall be backfilled over the principal spillway and hand compacted before crossing it with construction equipment.

5. Emergency Spillway: The emergency spillway shall be installed in undisturbed ground. The achievement of planned elevations, grades, design width, and exit channel slopes are critical to the successful operation of the emergency spillway and must be constructed within a tolerance of ± 0.2 feet.

6. Vegetative Treatment: Stabilize the embankment in accordance with the appropriate vegetative Standard and Specifications immediately following construction. In no case shall the embankment remain unstable for more than seven (7) days. Once constructed, the top and outside face of the embankment shall be stabilized with seed and mulch. The remainder of the interior slopes should be stabilized (one time) with seed and mulch upon basin completion and monitored and maintained erosion free during the life of the basin.

7. Safety: Local requirements concerning fencing and signs shall be met, warning the public of hazards of soft sediment and floodwater.

8. Maintenance: Repair all damage caused by soil erosion and construction equipment at or before the end of each working day. Sediment shall be removed from the basin when it reaches the specified distance below the top of the riser as shown on the riser. This sediment shall be placed in such a manner that it will not erode from the site. The sediment shall not be deposited downstream from the embankment, adjacent to a stream or floodplain. Disposal areas must be stabilized.

9. Final Disposal: When temporary structures have served their intended purpose and the contributing drainage area has been properly stabilized, the embankment and resulting sediment deposits are to be leveled or otherwise disposed of in accordance with the approved sediment control plan. The proposed sediment basin shall be used for disposal of the sand and any sand contained therein. If the site is selected for future construction, the basin material and trapped sediments must be removed and safely disposed of and the basin shall be backfilled with a structural fill. When the basin area is to remain open space, the pond may be pumped dry using methods in Section D - Dewatering), graded, and back filled.

10. Conversion to Stormwater Management Structure: After permanent stabilization of all disturbed contributory drainage areas, temporary sediment basins, if initially built and certified to meet permanent standards, may be converted to permanent stormwater management structures. To convert the basin from temporary to permanent use, the outlet structure must be modified in accordance with approved stormwater management design plans. Additional grading may also be necessary to provide the required storage volume in the basin. Conversion can only take place after all disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized to the satisfaction of the inspection authority and storm drains have been flushed.

Emergency Spillway (Oes) N/A

17. Emergency spillway cap., $Q_{es} = Q_{0e} - Q_{re} = \dots = 10/7$ cfs
18. Width ___ ft; Head ___ ft
19. Entrance channel slope ___ %
20. Exit channel slope ___ %

Anti-Seep Collar Design (If Required) SEE SWM COMPUTATIONS

21. $y = 4.1 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 1$; pipe slope $= \frac{3.33}{2.2} \approx 1.56$; $L_s = 30$ ft
22. Use $2/3$ collar, 3.75×10 square projection, 2.2 ft

Design Elevations

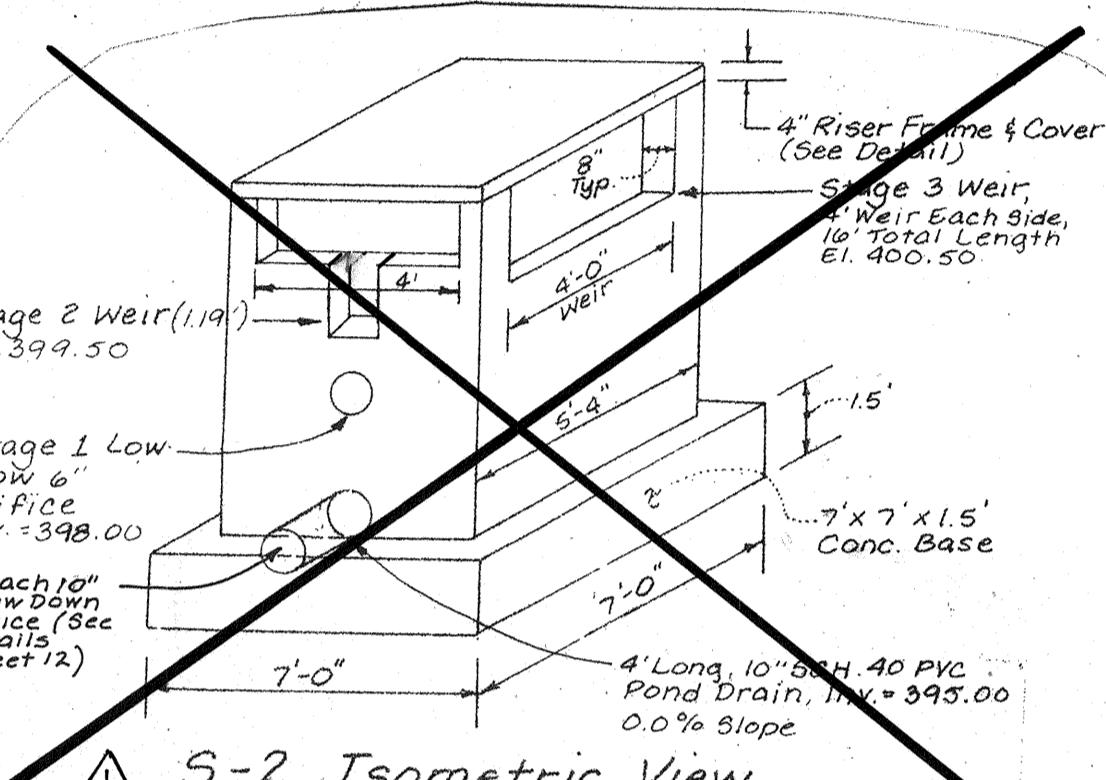
23. Riser Crest $= 432.3$ ft
24. Design High Water $= 430.92$ ft
25. Emergency Spillway Crest $= N/A$ ft
26. Min. settled top of dam $= 426.0$ ft
27. Permanent pool $= 420.13$ ft
28. Bottom of Basin $= 426.0$ ft
29. Draw-down orifice invert $= 426.0$ ft

Surface Area Design

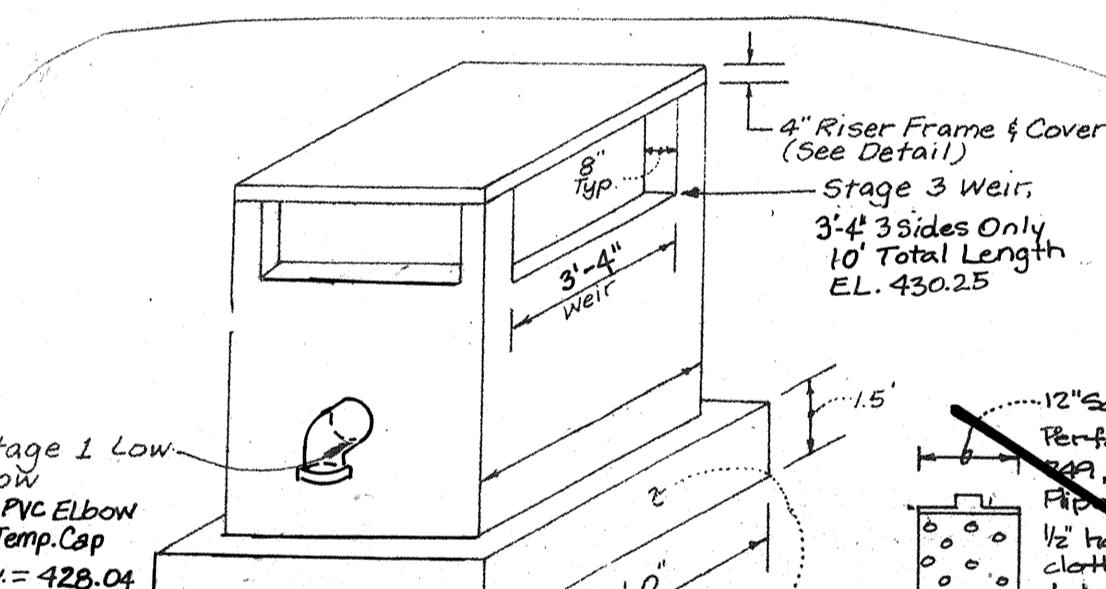
30. Min. basin surface area; $SA \geq 0.0035 \times Q_{es} = 0.0035 \times 10 \text{ cfs} \leq 0.035 \text{ ac}$.

Draw-down Device

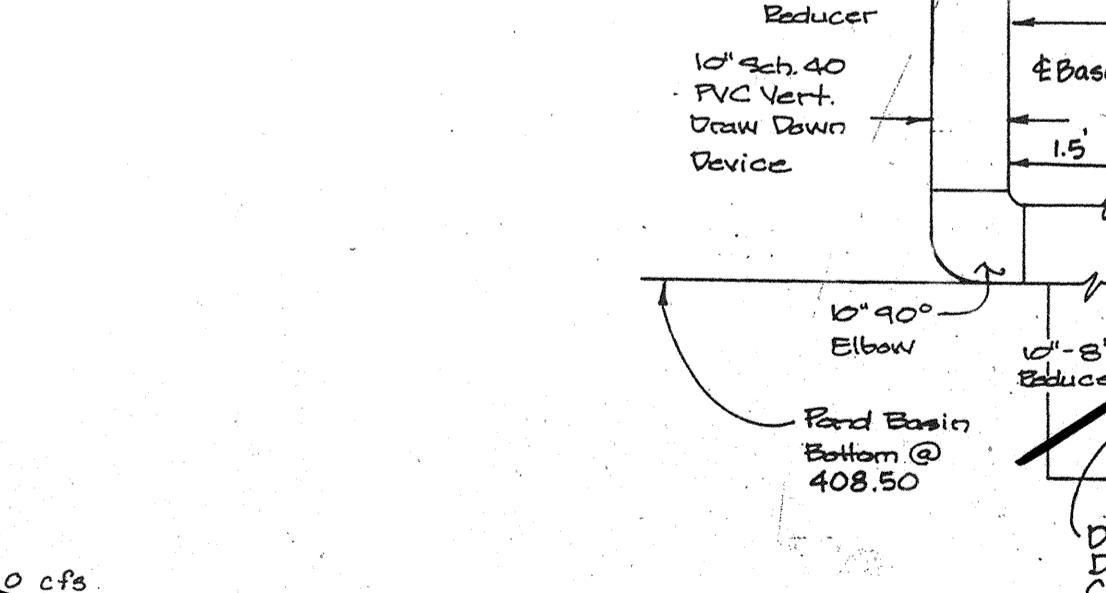
31. Draw-down device orifice diameter = $4^{\prime\prime}/4^{\prime\prime}$ in. (From Table 11)
32. $A_t = \text{Total area of perforations} \geq 4A_e$ Use $1.0^{\prime\prime}$ Diam. Holes, Area 0.0055 ft^2
- $A_e = (\# \text{ of perforation}) / (\text{perforation area ft}^2) \times (\text{perforated section length ft})$
- $A_e = 0.355 \text{ ft}^2 / 0.0055 \text{ ft}^2 = 6.45 \text{ ft}$
- $A_e = \text{Internal orifice area (from Table 11 or computed)} A_e = 4^{\prime\prime} \text{Orifice} = 0.087 \text{ ft}^2$
- Use $6.45 / 0.087 = 72$ draw-down holes to obtain required number of holes for both ponds.



S-2 Isometric View No Scale



S-5 Isometric View No Scale



Spillway Design

11. $Q_{es} = 10$ cfs (peak discharge from 10-yr, 24-hr storm event, attach computations)

Principal Spillway (Oes) (See Detail 11)

12. Design Principal Spillway (Barrel) discharge, Design $Q_{es} = 10/7$ cfs (min. 10% of 10 year peak flow at 5' Diameter Pipe)

13. $H = 13/10$ ft. Barrel length = $150/45$ ft.

14. Barrel Diam. $24/20$ in. Net Q_{es} equal or exceed Design Q_{es}

- $Q_{es} = Q_{0e} / 2.05$ (from Table 13 or 14) $2.65 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$. (depth correction factor) $2.65 / 2.05 = 1.29 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$.

15. Riser Diameter $48/6$ in.; Riser Height 7 ft; Riser Head (h) = ___ ft.

16. Trash Rack Diam. ___ in.; Trash Rack Height = ___ ft.

NOTE: A table showing design data shall be included on the plan for each basin.

BASIN #1 BASIN #2

2YR WSEL = $424.38 / 1.0 = 1.0 \text{ cfs}$

10YR WSEL = $435.50 / 1.0 = 1.0 \text{ cfs}$

10YR WSEL = $400.58 / 1.0 = 1.0 \text{ cfs}$

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Chief, Development Engineering Division

5/1/00

DATE

Candy Hanmer

7/1/00

DATE

Approved: Department of Public Works for Storm

Drainage Systems and Roads

Andrew M. Danek

5/26/00

DATE

Chief, Bureau of Highways

NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION SERVICE

Signature: *John Simms* GS

Date: 5/1/00

Signature of Engineer

THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that all development and/or construction will be done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction and/or operation of this facility will be held responsible for its proper operation.

I further certify that I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a professional engineer to inspect the work and that the Howard Soil Conservation District will be available to inspect and provide the required permits and/or approvals.

I further certify that the developer will provide periodic site inspections by Howard Soil Conservation District.

Signature of Developer: *John Simms*

Date: 5/1/00

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

I certify that this plan for pond construction represents a practical and workable design based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard County Soil Conservation District and the Maryland Department of Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion During Construction. This plan has been reviewed by the Howard Soil Conservation District and found to be acceptable for construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion.

Signature of Engineer: *Bruce D. Brown*

Date: 5/1/00

Signature of Engineer

STATE OF MARYLAND
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

AFFORESTATION
PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS AND NOTES

GENERAL NOTES

- This afforestation planting plan is provided in accordance with requirements set forth in the Forest Conservation Program established by the Howard County Department of Planning and Zoning. The preparation of these plan(s), the notes and details included, were prepared by the Office of the Howard County Forest Conservation Manual, as well as sound professional forestry, science, and nurseries practices.
- This plan shall be implemented by a contractor that is knowledgeable and experienced in the methods set forth herein.
- The survival rate of plantings shall be 75% of the total number of plantings per acre as provided by this plan.
- Base sheet information was provided by LDE, Inc. of Columbia, Maryland.

COUNTY ASSURANCE

- Names of plant material listed conform generally with names accepted by the nursery trade. The contractor is to provide stock true to botanical/scientific name.
- Material shall be grown and delivered so as to be that specified herein.
- If specified material is not available or there are other technical, logistical, financial imperatives that shall not allow the contractor to supply the required material, the contract shall contact the plan prepared for permission to use equivalent material. These changes are subject to final approval by Howard County Department of Planning and Zoning, Forest Conservation Program.

SITE PREPARATION AND SOILS

- Disturbance of soils should be limited to the Planting Field for each plant unless the area has been prepared with/for soil amendments and/or broadcast seeding for groundcovers, etc.
- Soil amendments should be considered for any site only after careful analysis of existing conditions. Soil samples should be analyzed by a qualified soils lab to determine the nutrient needs of the intended plantings. The results should be provided to the landscape contractor and/or the local County Cooperating Extension Agent for interpretation in the context of the intended plantings. Their recommendations should be followed closely. In the case of manure, a mixture of 25% leaf mold and 25% manure, the remainder being topsoil, may be used. In the case of lime, a mixture of 25% leaf mold and 25% lime per 165 square feet of area. Till deeply taking care not to bring subsoil to the surface. This method should be tilled after the first till. This method is particularly suitable when broadcast seeding or perennial beds are involved.
- Soil mix ~~not~~ organic material: Native topsoil into which the contractor shall thoroughly incorporate 25% by volume peat moss and 25% leaf mold may be mixed into soil.

PLANT STORAGE AND INSPECTION

- For container grown nursery stock, planting should occur within two weeks after delivery to site.
- Planting stock should be inspected prior to planting. Check for size, form and vigor, roots, trunk burls, insects and disease should be replaced.
- Container stock, if not planted within two weeks, may be bunched up with mulch and watered every other day or as needed. Containerized stock may not be delivered and left onsite prior to planting.

SEASONAL PLANTING LIMITATIONS

- Planting activities shall conform with established seasonal guidelines appropriate for the season for the geographic area. Planting of bare-root stock after March 1st should be avoided unless seasonal progression is such that the plant can survive the winter in its new pattern and stock has been kept appropriately dormant through proper storage.
- Planting shall not take place in sub-freezing temperatures, when the ground is frozen, or when soil is too wet or too dry, or when the soil condition is not generally acceptable for planting and may adversely affect plant materials.

Planting Schedule/Timeline

- Planting shall occur after construction activities have ceased. If the planting stock is to be bare root material, it shall be planted within 10 days of arrival at the site, no later than March 15. Container stock may be planted at any time and if liquid fertilizer is chosen, planting shall be accomplished by the end of the growing season after completion of construction activities.

Binding Maintenance Agreement/Schedule

- Annual maintenance during the growing season for a period of two years. These tasks are the responsibility of the owner of the land to whom ownership has been conveyed or shall be left to a local association or management tasks. Management may include the following: weeding, fertilizing, pruning, removal of dead material and the removal of personal property or vegetation.
- Schedule: Year 1: 3 times (March-April), (July-August), (October-November). Year 2: Twice annually (April-May), (September-October). At the end of the time period, the contractor shall conduct a survey of the survival of the total number of trees planted. If the survival rate is determined to have fallen below 75%, replacement identical to the non-surviving shall be planted as replacement.
- Assess tree mortality of planting stock, remove and replace any dead or diseased plantings.
- Volunteer seeding of native, local and endemic vegetation is to be expected. Do not discourage this effort unless it is negatively impacting the planted stock.
- Remove shrubs and weeds (grubbing, pulling, cutting, digging, mowing, etc.) from the area, herbaceous and otherwise, if deemed necessary. Twice annual mowing/brushhogging and spot treatment with herbicides to control exotic/invasive species. No mowing shall occur during the wildlife nesting period of early April through mid-July.
- Remove and dispose of man-made trash. Do not remove down and seeds from trees, shrubs, or accumulations, unless it is essential for planting stock.
- Certification of survival as required shall be completed by a licensed forester, licensed landscape architect or other qualified professional per CONAR and submitted to Howard County Department of Planning and Zoning, Forest Conservation Program. Release of security shall occur at this time.
- Perimeter signage, placed at minimum 100' intervals, shall be permanent.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

[Signature] DATE
Chief, Development Engineering Division

[Signature] DATE
Chief, Division of Land Development

APPROVED: Department of Public Works for Storm Drainage Systems and Roads

[Signature] DATE
Chief, Bureau of Highways

A PLANT INSTALLATION

- Container grown stock should be removed from the container and roots gently loosened from the soil. If the roots are very tight, soil, sometimes is strongly recommended. J-shaped or kinked root systems should be noted. ROCKWOOL® is not recommended due to the increased chance of soil borne diseases.
- Bare root stock should be un-wrapped on-site only when ready to plant then held in water. When handled for planting, stock shall be immediately dipped in Super-seal® or similar solution. If the stock is to be held for more than a few hours, it should be held in water with water as a slurry per manufacturer's specification. Roots must be thoroughly coated upon withdrawal from slurry. Bare stock should not be allowed to dry out. Roots are not to be exposed to air.
- For trees planted in the afforestation areas, contractor shall evenly disperse species in groups of two to four per species over the entire designated area to be planted or on random center spacing by species as dictated by planting density.
- Avoid planting in a straight grid pattern. Trees shall be planted on an average spacing of ten feet O.C., randomly.

- As shown on the detail view, a Planting Field diameter of two - three times the diameter of the rootball or container is recommended. The depth of the hole should be no more than one and one-half times the diameter of the rootball or container. The walls of the hole should glaze over to auger rotation. They can be scored with a spade. Mulch should be applied around the base of the tree to assure no glazing occurs. Additionally, there will be loose earth in the bottom of any hole. This should be packed in the foot to keep the planting unit from settling too much.

Native stockpiled soils should be used to backfill. Planting Field except where soil amendments are site-wide around in hole to plant placement, native stock around in hole to plant placement, initial fill should air pockets. Finish filling hole with use water to further settle soil. Add 2" of topsoil and 2" of wood chips (> 1 year composting). Mulch should be 3" deep and extend to limits of augered hole. This should keep soil moisture levels high.

- Newly planted trees may need watering as much as once a week for the entire growing season in well drained sites. This combined with the looseness of the backfilled, newly planted soil, additional irrigation equipment within the Planting Field, and two to three extra trips per week per tree for a few times a year during summer and dry weather, may be necessary. Any water plan should compensate for recent rainfall patterns.

- Do not fertilize newly planted trees within the first year of growth. This may result in a sparse, short burst of canopy growth which the roots cannot support and add additional stress to the already disturbed plant. Fertilize again in the second year.

- If and when it is time to fertilize, organic fertilizers are preferred to synthetic fertilizers. Bone meal or seaweed-based products are available commercially and are preferred to chemical fertilizers. Organic fertilizers add nutrients to the plant as needed while minimizing the risk of excess nutrients entering the forest system and water supply.

- All tags, labels, string, wire etc., shall be removed from plant material.

- The landscape contractor is responsible for the location of utilities damaged during planting shall be the responsibility of the contractor's expense.

HOA RUMSON

~~TRESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION, AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.~~

~~NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION SERVICE~~

~~THESE PLANS FOR SMALL POND CONSTRUCTION, SOIL EROSION, AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.~~

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT DATE

**35 LF CREDIT FOR EXISTING
VEGETATION**

② 1,342 LANDSCAPE BUFFER

1 DOGWOOD SPECIES, CORNUS FLORIDA 

6 CUPRESSOCYPARIS LEYLANDII "LEYLAND" CYPRUS 

1 DOGWOOD SPECIES, CORNUS FLORIDA 

20 CUPRESSOCYPARIS LEYLANDII "LEYLAND" CYPRESS

1 DOGWOOD SPECIES, CORNUS FLORIDA
3 CUPRESSOCYPARIS LEYLANDII "LEYLAND" CYPRUS
1 DOGWOOD SPECIES, CORNUS FLORIDA
5 CUPRESSOCYPARIS LEYLANDII "LEYLAND" CYPRUS
1 DOGWOOD SPECIES, CORNUS FLORIDA

**30 LF CREDIT
FOR EX. VEG.**

VILLAGE OF RIVERHILL
SECTION 2- AREA 2- PHASE 2
LOTS 1-127 & 237-239
PLAT NO. 10994 & 11143.

Bowman Consulting Group, Ltd.
3500 Flora Road
Suite 300
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
Phone: (410) 224-7580
Fax: (410) 224-7582
www.bowmanconsulting.com

SCOTT FARM

HOMESTEAD COUNTY, IOWA AND

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

ON ELECTION DAY

I/we certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise upon construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an 'as-built' plan of

I certify that all development and/or construction will be done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate for Attendance of at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an 'as-built' plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize the periodic on-site inspections by Howard Soil conservation District.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Chief, Development Engineering Division

Kurt Shewmake

**APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS FOR
STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND ROADS**

Walter J. Weber A.I. 1-21-10
Chief, Bureau of Highways M.E. DATE

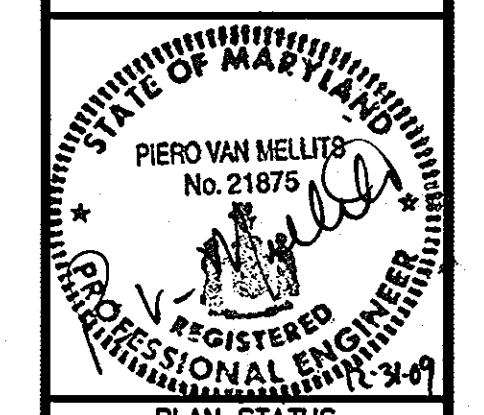
OWNERS:
SCARLET WILKINSON AND EARL OMER
6799 GUILFORD ROAD
CLARKSVILLE, MARYLAND 21029
410-531-2626 410-987-0497

OWNERS:
SCARLET WILKINSON AND EARL OMER

Professional Certification: Hereto, I declare, the documents were prepared or approved by me, and I am a duly licensed Professional Engineer under the State of Maryland.

PE
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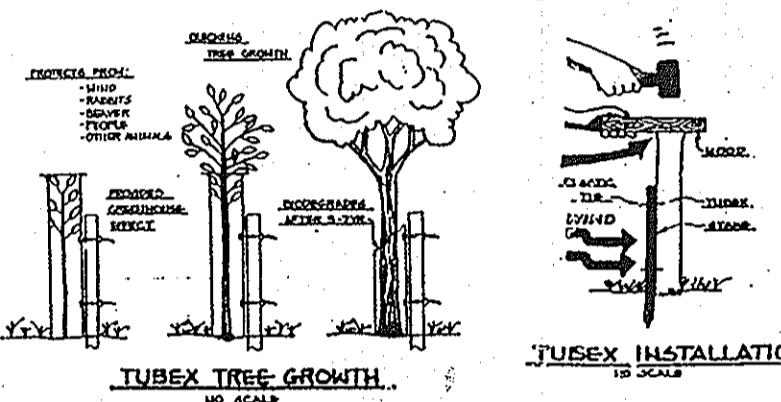
<u>3 SCHEDULE A</u> <u>PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE</u>		
<u>CATEGORY</u>	<u>PERIMETER 3</u>	<u>PERIMETER 5</u>
LANDSCAPE TYPE L.F OF PERIMETER	TYPE A BUFFER 1215 L.F.	TYPE A BUFFER 1008 L.F.
CREDIT FOR EX.VEG	65 L.F.	92 L.F.
CREDIT FOR WALL, FENCE, OR BERM	NO	NO
NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED	20 SHADE TREES OR 40 ORNAMENTALS AND EVERGREENS	16 SHADE TREES OR 32 ORNAMENTALS AND EVERGREENS
NUMBER OF PLANTS PROVIDED	0 SHADE TREES 34 EVERGREENS 6 ORNAMENTALS TOTAL: 40	0 SHADE TREES 15 EVERGREENS 17 ORNAMENTALS TOTAL: 32
<u>PERIMETER 3</u>	SUB 34 EVERGREEN FOR 17 SHADE TREES; SUB 6 ORNAMENTAL FOR 3 SHADE TREES	
<u>PERIMETER 4</u>	SUB 15 EVERGREEN FOR 7.5 SHADE TREES; SUB 17 ORNAMENTAL FOR 8.5 SHADE TREES	



SUBSTITUTE MYLAR SHEET PURPOSE STATEMENT: THIS SUBSTITUTE SHEET SHOWS THE 'AS-BUILT' LANDSCAPE PLAN WITH ADDITIONS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS.

PLANTING / STREET TREE NOTES

- Notify "Miss Utility" 72 hours prior to installation of all plant material.
- Plant installation must conform to the minimum standards cited in the latest edition of "Landscape Specification Guidelines" published by the Landscape Contractors Association.
- Plants to be located in the field by the owner or owner's representative.
- A Certification of Landscape Installation is required as per the Howard County Landscape Ordinance.
- The number, size, location of plants shall not be changed without the approval of the Landscape Architect. Substitutions must be included in the recommended plant list.
- Street trees shall be located a minimum of 10 feet from driveways.
- Street trees may not be planted within 5 feet of drain inlets, 5 feet of an open space access strip and 10 feet of a driveway.
- Street tree planting must conform to the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations and the Department of Public Works Design Manual of Howard County.
- Balled and burlapped plant material shall not be accepted if ball is cracked or broken before or during planting. Protect all plants from drying by either backfilling with 50% topsoil, 25% peat, 25% sand with one pound of 10-10-10 fertilizer per pit.
- Top soil shall be sandy loam soil free from noxious weeds or grasses, roots, clay clumps, stones, sticks, and other material or harmful minerals.
- All plants shall be watered at planting with weekly watering thereafter for the first 80 days. Watering shall continue bi-monthly or as necessary to maintain plants in a healthy condition during the guarantee period.
- Maintain the site in an orderly manner. Streets and sidewalks shall be swept clean. All rejected or dead materials shall be immediately removed from the site.
- Plant material must be alive and healthy at the time of the guarantee period of one year, as defined in the Howard County Landscape Ordinance.
- Maintenance shall begin immediately after planting and continue to the end of guarantee period.
- Maintenance consist of pruning, watering, weeding, re-mulching, resetting plant stakes, poles as needed and repairing guys and stakes as needed.
- There shall be a minimum of 20 feet between street lights and street trees.
- All street trees shall be maintained by the HOA (Homeowners Association).
- Maintenance shall consist of pruning, watering, weeding, re-mulching, resetting plant to proper grades as needed and repairing guys and stakes as needed.
- There shall be a minimum of 20 feet between street lights and street trees.
- All street trees shall be maintained by the HOA (Homeowners Association).



SCHEDULE A PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE

Category	Adjacent to Roadways	Adjacent to Perimeter Properties
Landscape Type	B	A
Linear Feet of Roadway Frontage / Perimeter	220	4,663
Credit for Existing Vegetation (Yes, No, Linear Feet) (Describe below if needed)	No	Yes 556 LF
Credit for Wall, Fence or Berm (Yes, No, Linear Feet) (Describe below if needed)	No	Yes 829 LF Fence
Number of Plants Required		
Shade Trees	5	55
Evergreen Trees	5	—
Shrubs	—	—
Number of Plants Provided		
Shade Trees	15 (1)	55 (2)
Evergreen Trees	—	—
Other Trees (2:1 substitution)	—	—
Shrubs (10:1 substitution)	—	—
(Describe plant substitution credits below if needed)	—	—

1. Substitute 10 Evergreens for 5 Shade Trees.
2. Number of 5 shade trees provided based on perimeter of 3,278 LF.

SCHEDULE D STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AREA LANDSCAPING

Linear Feet of Perimeter *	690 LF
Number of Trees Required (Type & Buffer)	
Shade Trees 1 : 50	14
Evergreen Trees 1 : 40	18
Credit for Existing Vegetation (Yes, No, and %)	No
Credit for Other Landscaping (Yes, No, and %)	No
Number of Trees Provided	
Shade Trees	4
Evergreen Trees	10
Other Trees (2:1 substitution)	29
SHRUBS	54

* The perimeter length is determined by the total linear feet of embankment and the total linear feet of the stormwater management area.

Embankment must remain free of vegetation in accordance with HSCD requirements.

Approved: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

6/6/00 DATE

Chief, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

Candy Hamster 7/1/00 DATE

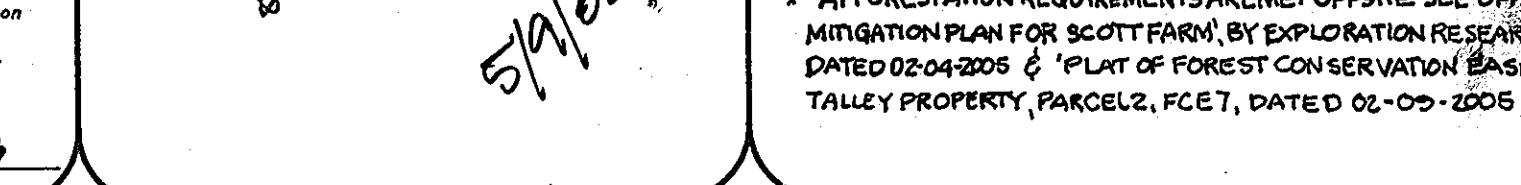
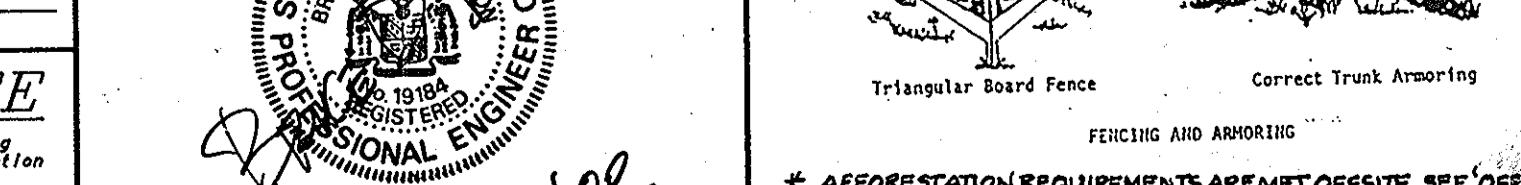
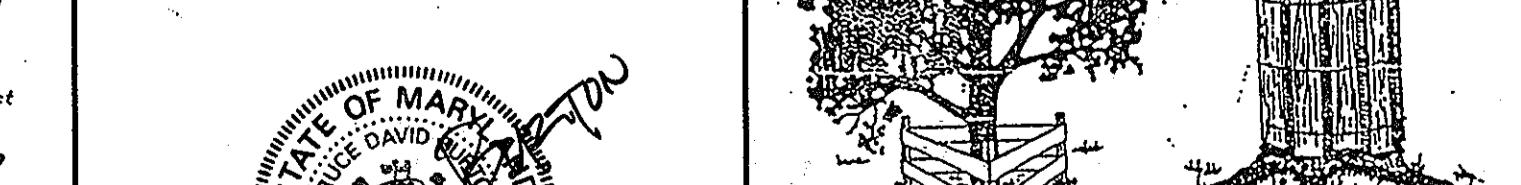
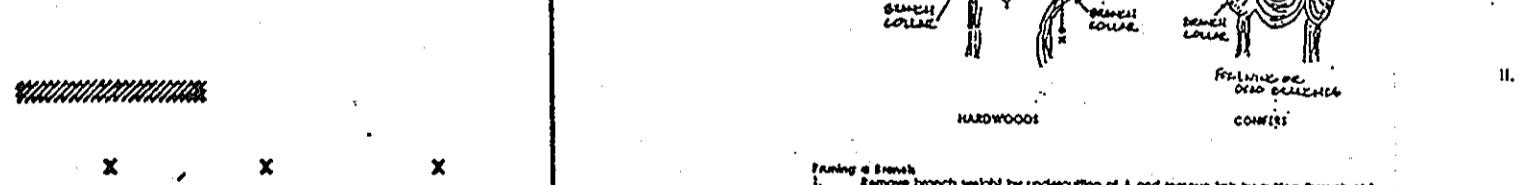
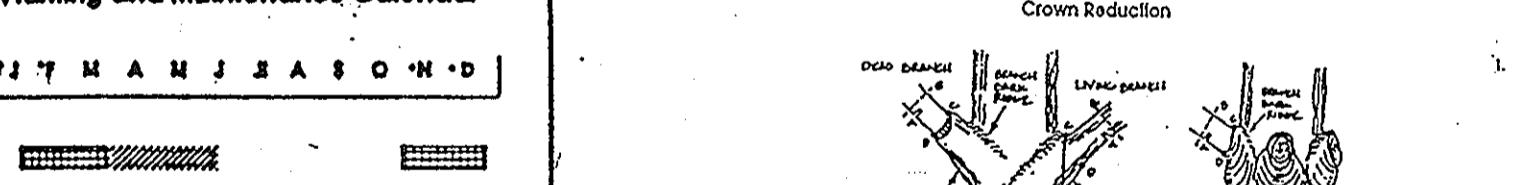
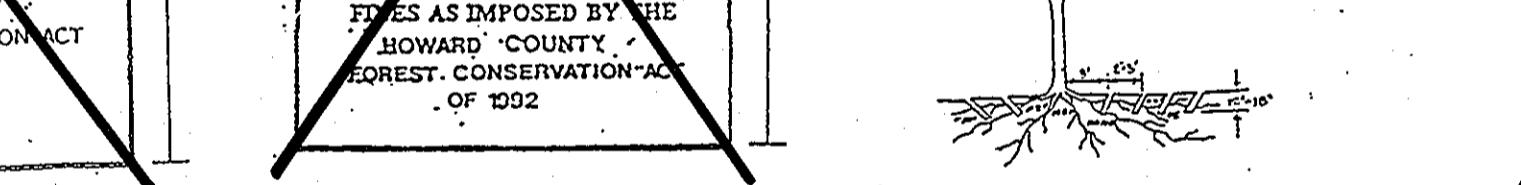
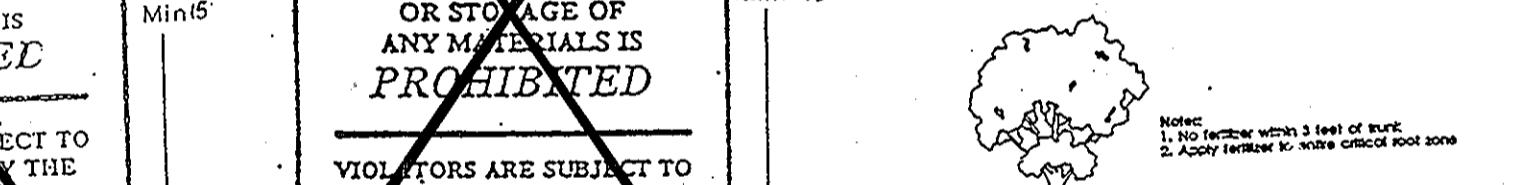
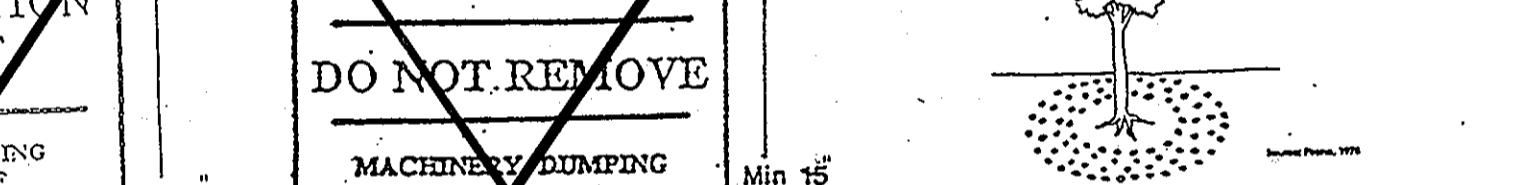
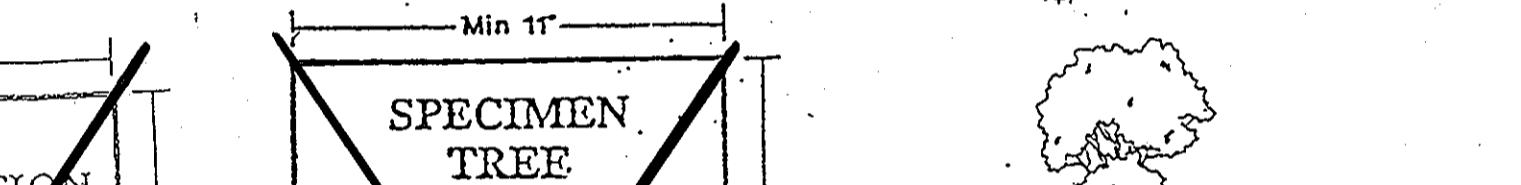
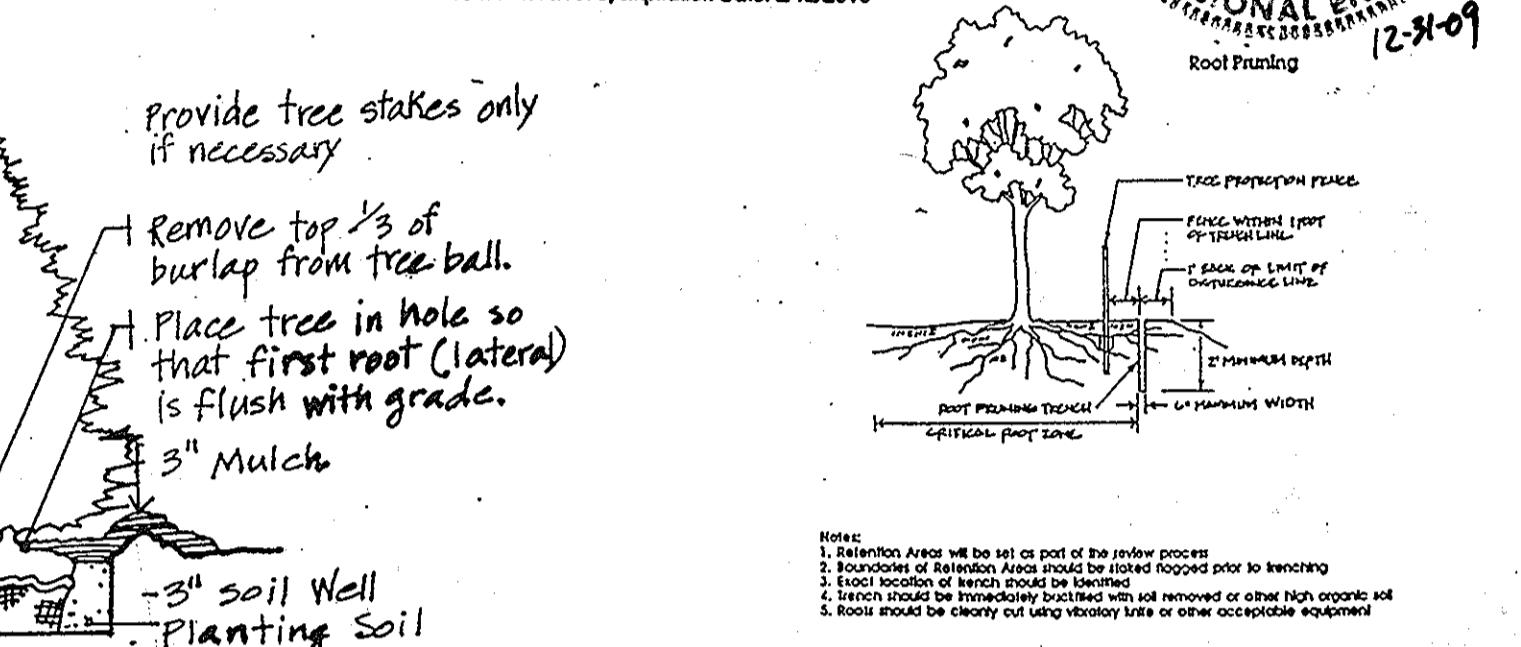
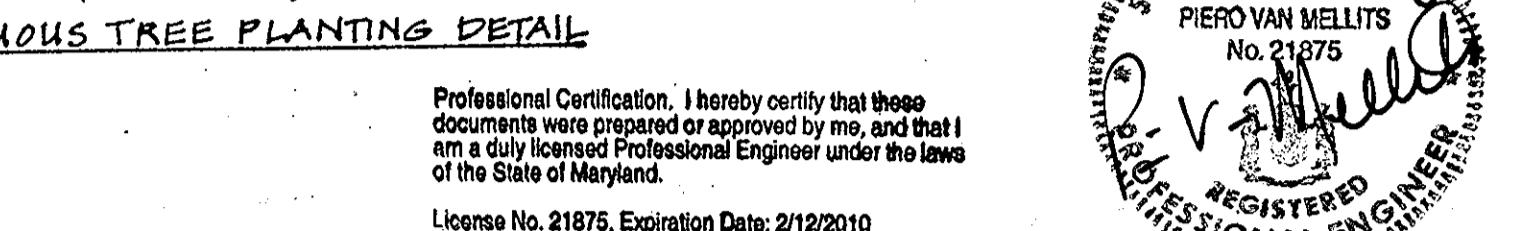
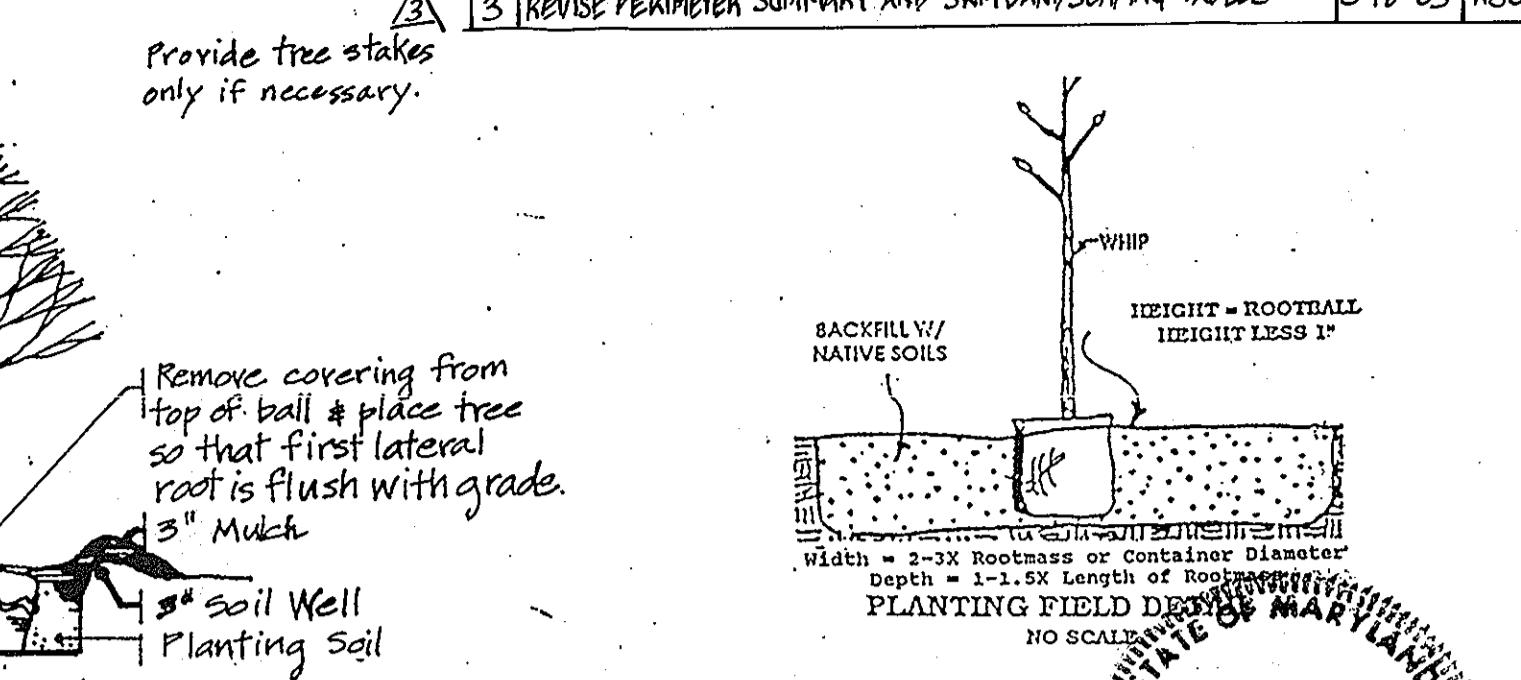
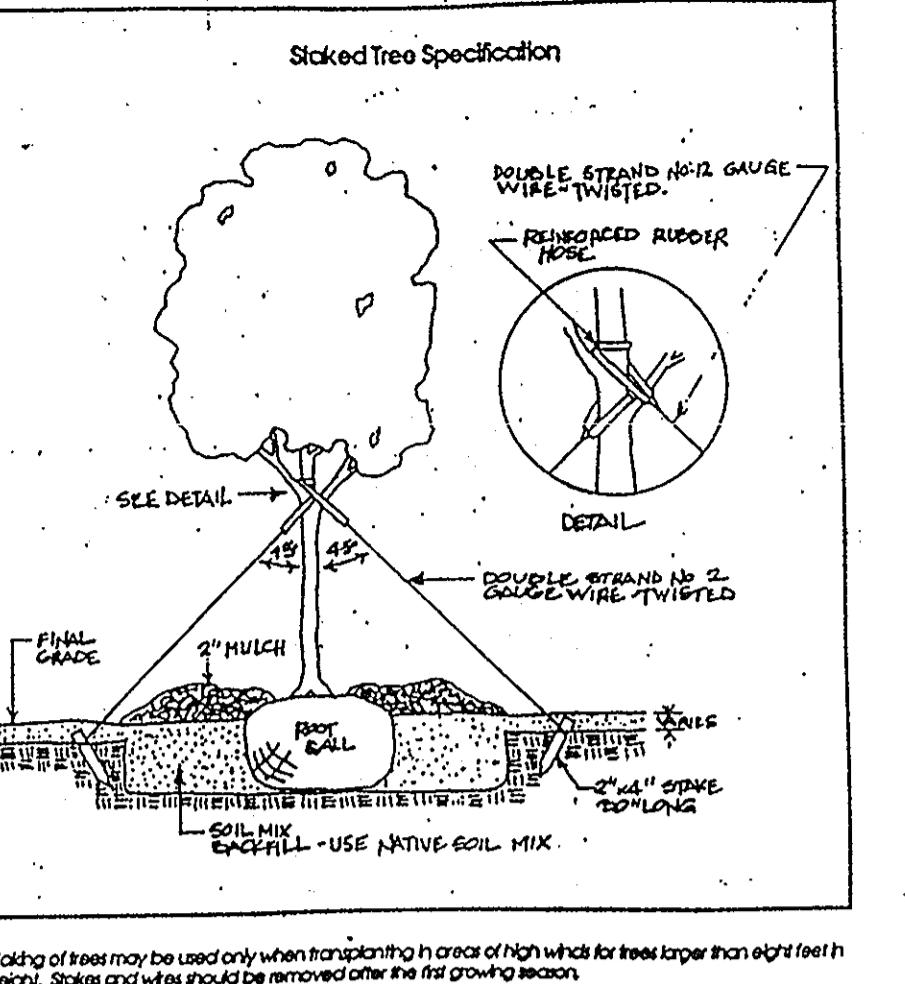
CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

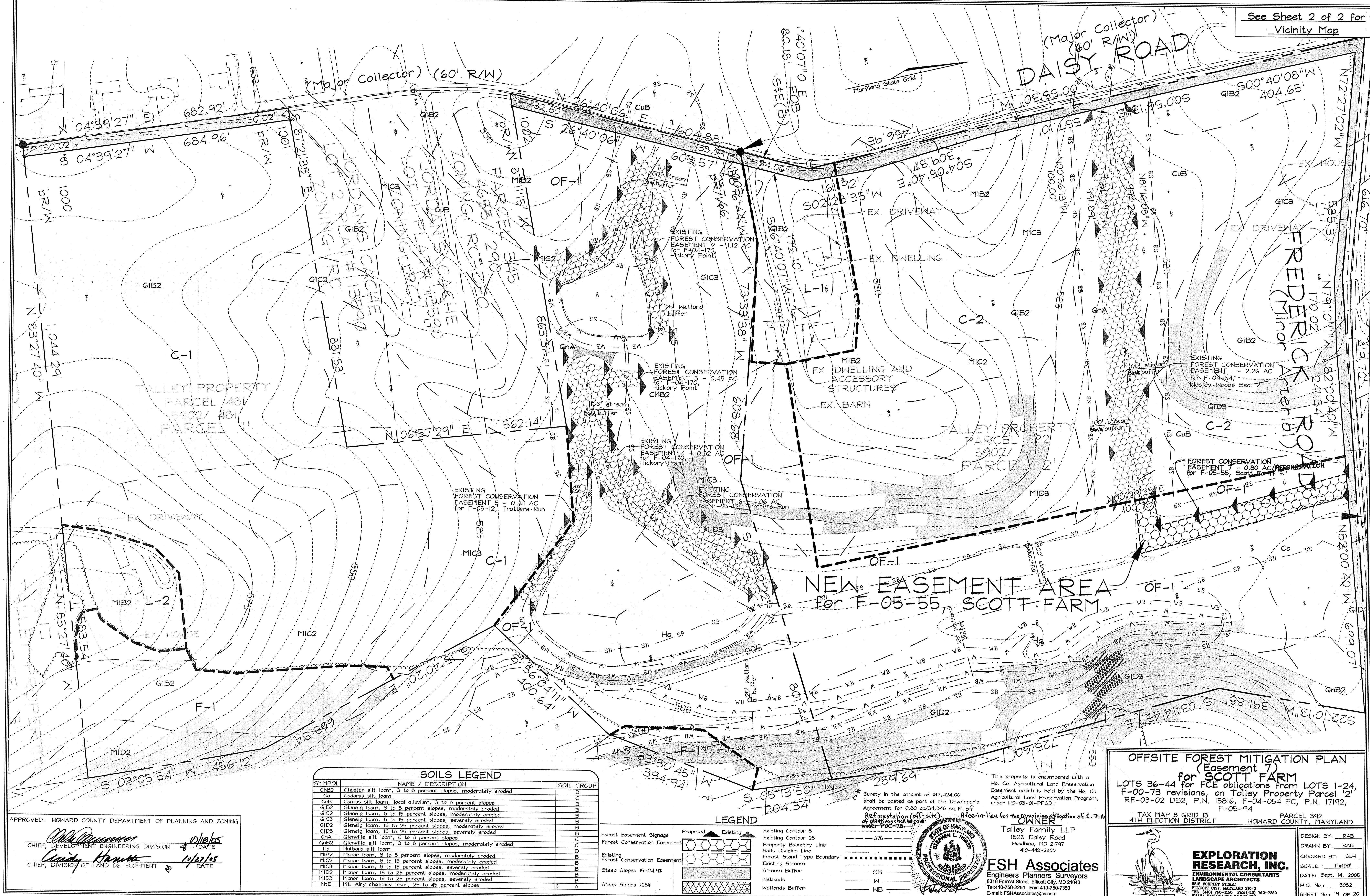
APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS FOR STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND ROADS

5-26-00 DATE

Chief, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS

5-26-00 DATE





APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION *[Signature]* 10/18/05
CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT *[Signature]* 10/18/05

