| | SHEET INDEX | | | | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SHEET No. | DESCRIPTION | | | | | |
| 1 | TITLE SHEET | | | | | |
| 2 | MARYLAND ROUTE 97 PLAN AND PROFILE | | | | | |
| 3 | CATTAIL OAKS PLAN AND PROFILE | | | | | |
| 4 | STREET TREE, GRADING AND SEDIMENT CONTROL | | | | | |
| 5 | MARYLAND ROUTE 97 CROSS-SECTIONS | | | | | |
| 6 | MARYLAND ROUTE 97 CROSS-SECTIONS | | | | | |
| 7 | LANDSCAPE AND FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN | | | | | |
| 8 | STORM DRAIN PROFILES | | | | | |
| 9 | SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS | | | | | |
| 10 | DRAINAGE AREA MAP | | | | | |
| 11 | STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES AND DETAILS | | | | | |
| 12 | STRIPING AND TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN | | | | | |
| 1 (3 | FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN NOTES AND DETAILS | | | | | |

FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS

PEACEFIELDS AT CATTAIL CREEK

LOTS 1 THRU 15 AND PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'C'

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1 AND 2, "PEACEFIELDS", LOTS 1 AND 2, PLAT NO. 11105)

ZONED: RR-DEO

| CATTAIL CREEK HOMAED COUNTY BOOK STRATTON No. 21E2 ROMAND COUNTRY SIDE SYCAMORE VALLEY ROMAND COUNTY CONTROL STATTON No. 21E2 ROMAND COUNTY CONTROL STATTON No. 21E2 ROMAND RO |
|--|
| VICINITY MAP |

TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS STATION OFFSET POSTED SIGN SIGN CODE CATTAIL OAKS 0+51 23°L R1-1 CATTAIL OAKS 20'R SPEED LIMIT 20 M.P.H. R2-1 CATTAIL OAKS 6+60 20'R ROAD NARROWS W5-1 CATTAIL OAKS 7+40 20'L ROAD NARROWS

ROAD CLASSIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION

PUBLIC ACCESS PLACE

ROAD NAME

CATTAIL OAKS

TAX MAP No. 21 PARCEL No. 63 GRID No. 9 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SCALE: 1" = 1200"

ADD F.C.E., PARCEL 'C' + SHEET NO. 13 12/5/00 DATE DESCRIPTION REVISION

THOMAS L. AND JULIE A. ANDERSON

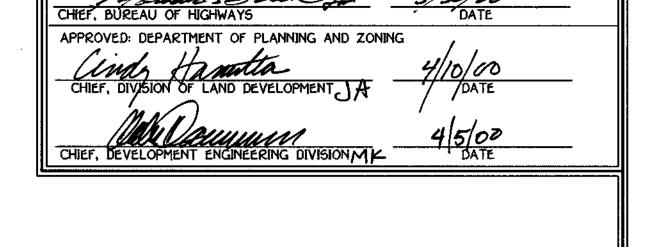
3503 ROUTE 97

GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738

6212 DEVON DRIVE

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

DEVELOPER C.C.O. LLC 6212 DEVON DRIVE COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044



GENERAL NOTES

- 1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS / BUREAU OF ENGINEERING / CONSTRUCTION
- INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK. 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY
- EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE. 4. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE
- MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE
- 5. 2 FOOT CONTOUR TOPOGRAPHY AND EXISTING CONDITIONS BASED ON FIELD RUN TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. IN MARCH, 1998.
- 6. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT Nos. 21E2 AND 21E3 WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT.
 - 5ta. 21E2 N 177718.6600 (Meters) E 396505.4940 (Meters) 5ta. 21E3 N 176174.0848 (Meters) E 396873.1116 (Meters)
- 7. WATER IS PRIVATE. Ø. SEWER IS PRIVATE.
- 10. BACKGROUND INFORMATION:
 - A. SUBDIVISION NAME: PEACEFIELDS AT CATTAIL CREEK B. TAX MAP NO.: 21
 - C. PARCEL NO.: 63
 - D. ZONING: RR-DEO E. ELECTION DISTRICT: FOURTH
 - F. TOTAL TRACT AREA: 31,839 AC. +
 - G. FOR DENSITY PURPOSES THE TRACT AREA AMOUNTS TO 20.50 AC. WHICH DOES NOT INCLUDE THE LOT AREA OF LOT 14 AND THE AREA OF CEMETERY LOT 15.
 - H. NO. OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 14 I. NO. OF PRESERVATION PARCELS: 2
 - J. NO. OF BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 1
 - K. NO. OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS: 1 L. NO. OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 0
 - M. PRELIMINARY EQUIVALENT SKETCH PLAN APPROVAL DATE: MAY 17, 1999 N. PREVIOUS FILE Nos. : SP 99-03, F 94-20 WP 93-111.
- 11. REFUSE COLLECTION. SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE TO BE PROVIDED AT THE JUNCTION OF THE PIPE / FLAG STEM AND THE ROAD R/W AND NOT ONTO THE PIPE / FLAG STEM DRIVEWAY.
- 12. HISTORIC HOUSE (HO-9) AND CEMETERY (21-5) EXIST ON THE PROPERTY.
- 13. ALL FILL AREAS WITHIN ROADWAYS AND UNDER STRUCTURES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% COMPACTION OF ASTM T-180.
- 14. THE WETLAND AND FOREST STAND DELINEATION WAS PREPARED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS, INC. AND APPROVED

DEVELOPMENT PLAN. HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION

- 15. NOISE STUDY WAS PREPARED BY WILDMAN ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES AND APPROVED UNDER SP 99-03.
- 16. THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT(S) HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY FOREST CONSERVATION ACT. NO CLEARING, GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT, EXCEPT AS SHOWN ON AN APPROVED ROAD CONSTRUCTION DRAWING OR SITE
- EASEMENT ARE ALLOWED. 17. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY:
 - TYPE RETENTION FACILITY
- OWNER HOWARD COUNTY MAINTENANCE - HOMEOWNER'S ASSOCIATION AND HOWARD COUNTY
- 18. FUNEST CONSERVATION SURETY AMOUNT = \$ 39,600 FOR RETENTION & \$ 13,865 FOR AFFORESTATION. (\$ 53,466 TOTAL)
 19. LANDSCAPE SURETY AMOUNT = \$ 17,100



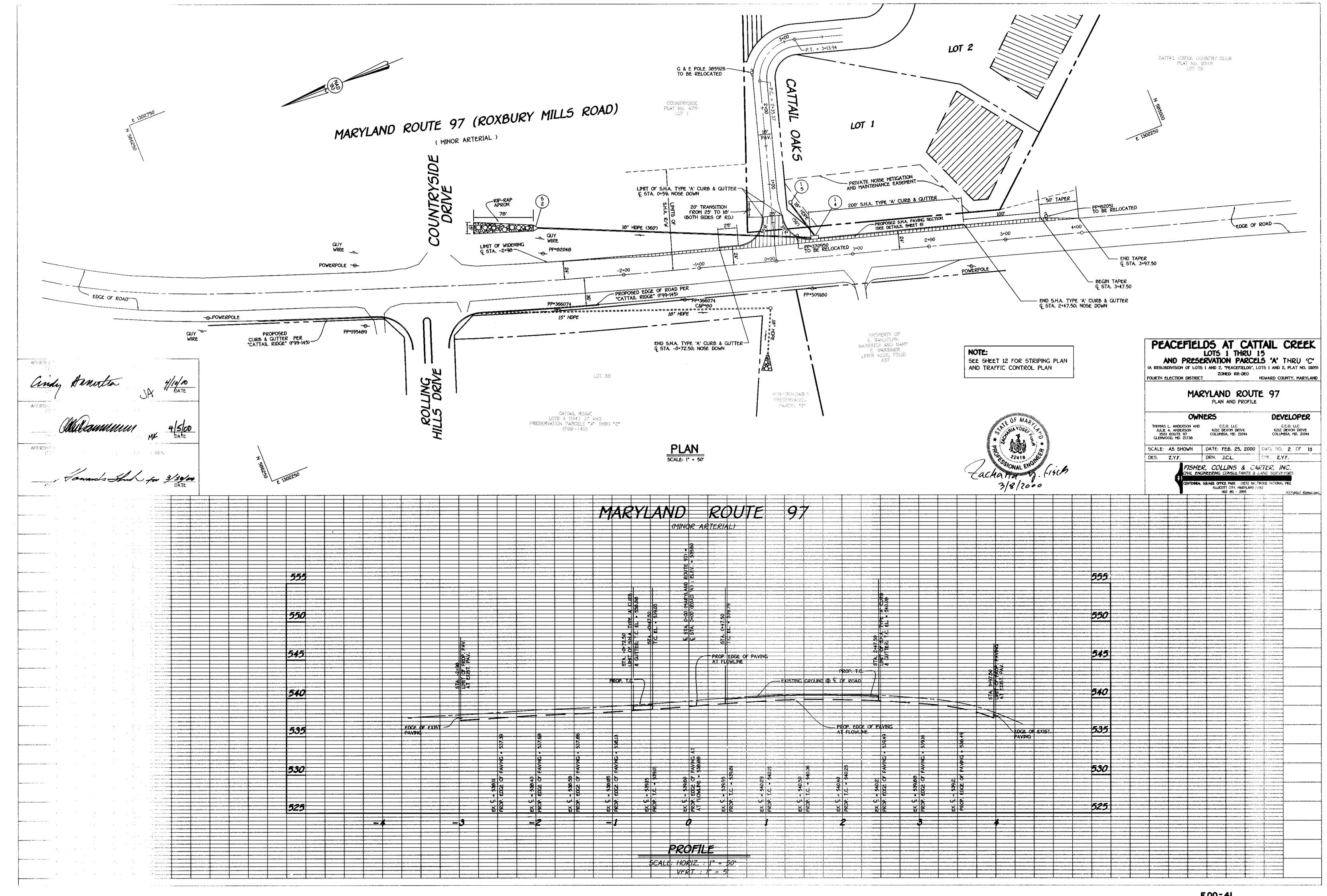
AND PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'C'

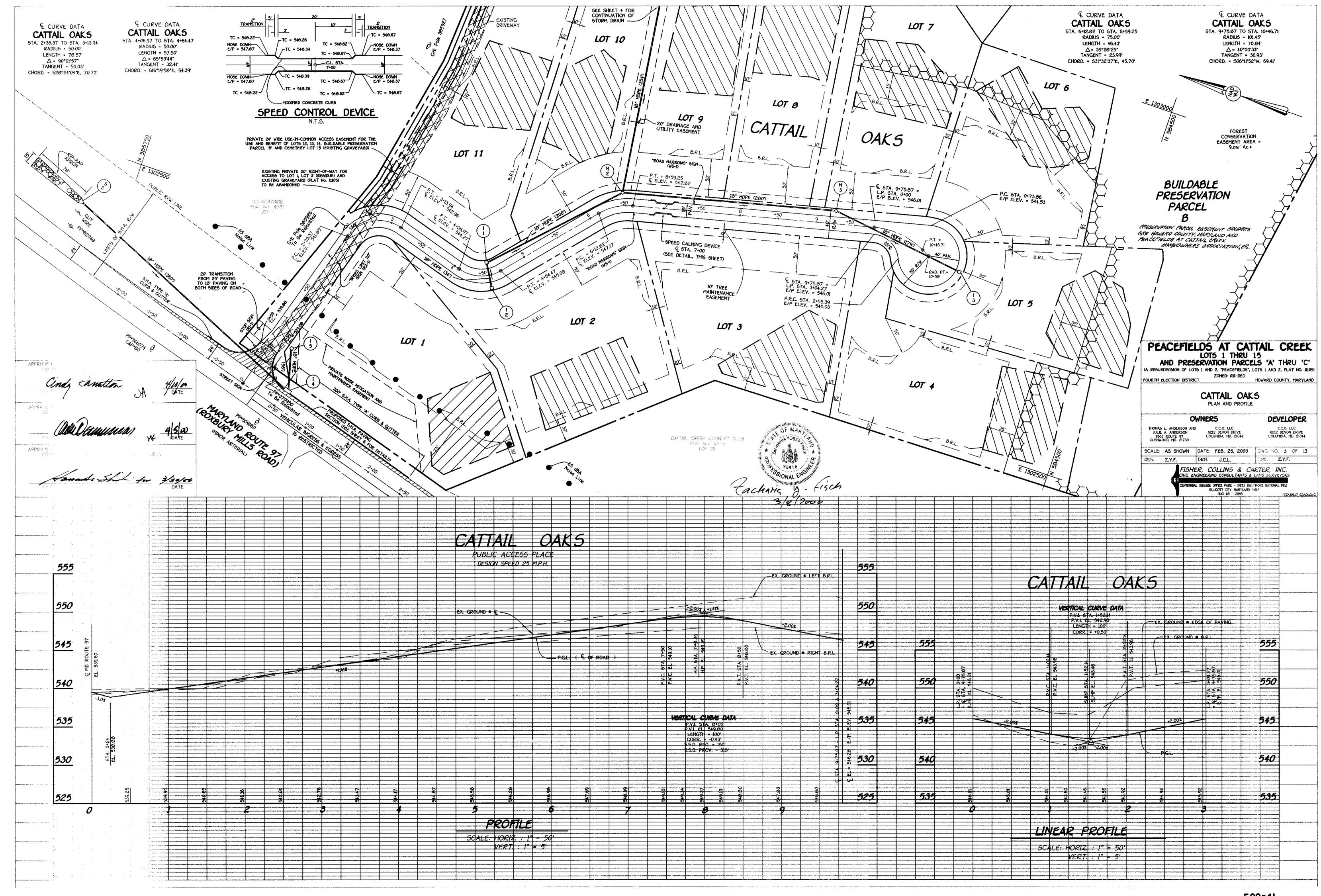
(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1 AND 2, "PEACEFIELDS", LOTS 1 AND 2, PLAT NO. 11105) ZONED: RR-DEO

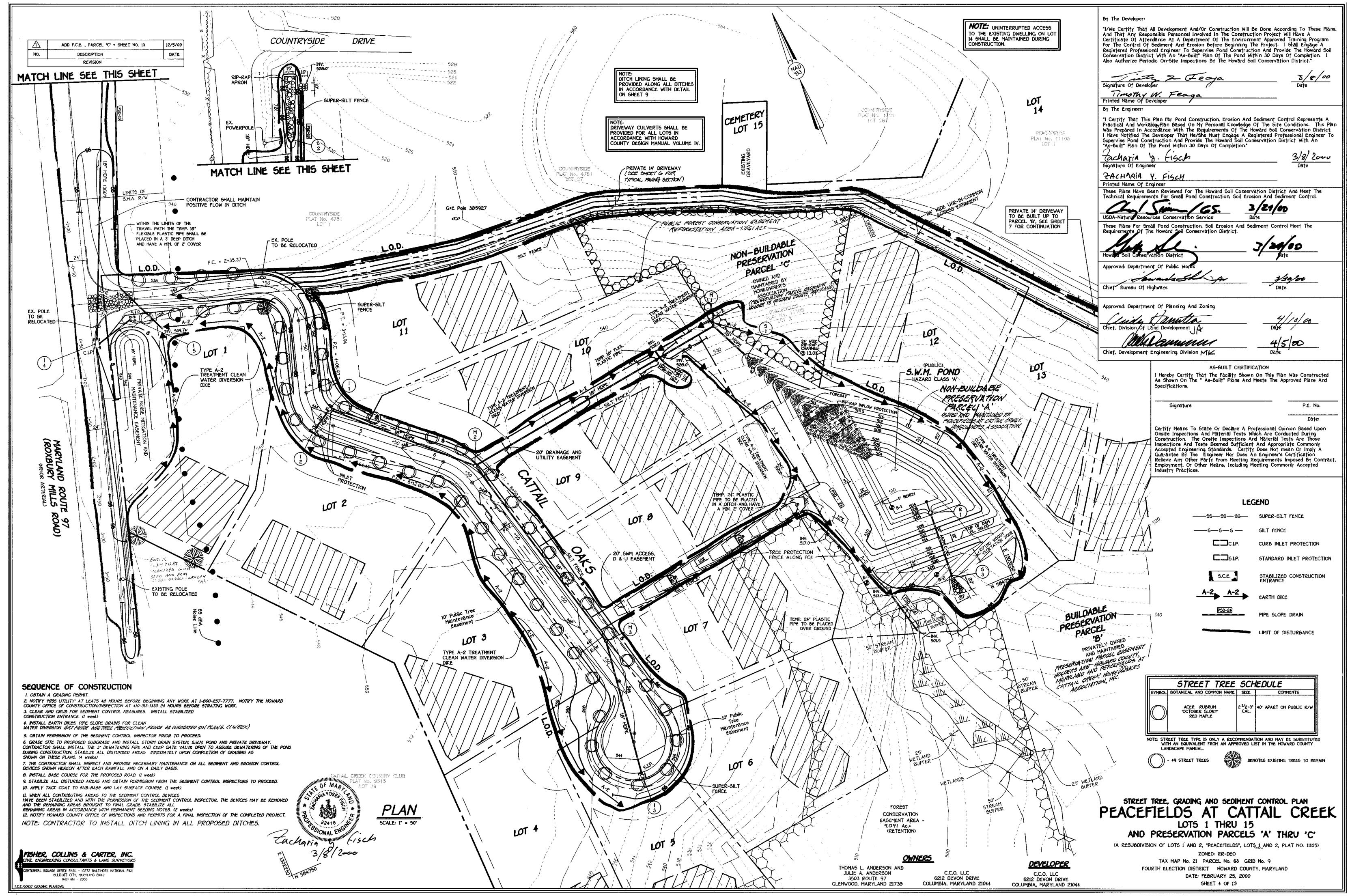
TAX MAP No. 21 PARCEL No. 63 GRID No. 9 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: FEBRUARY 25, 2000 SHEET 1 OF 13

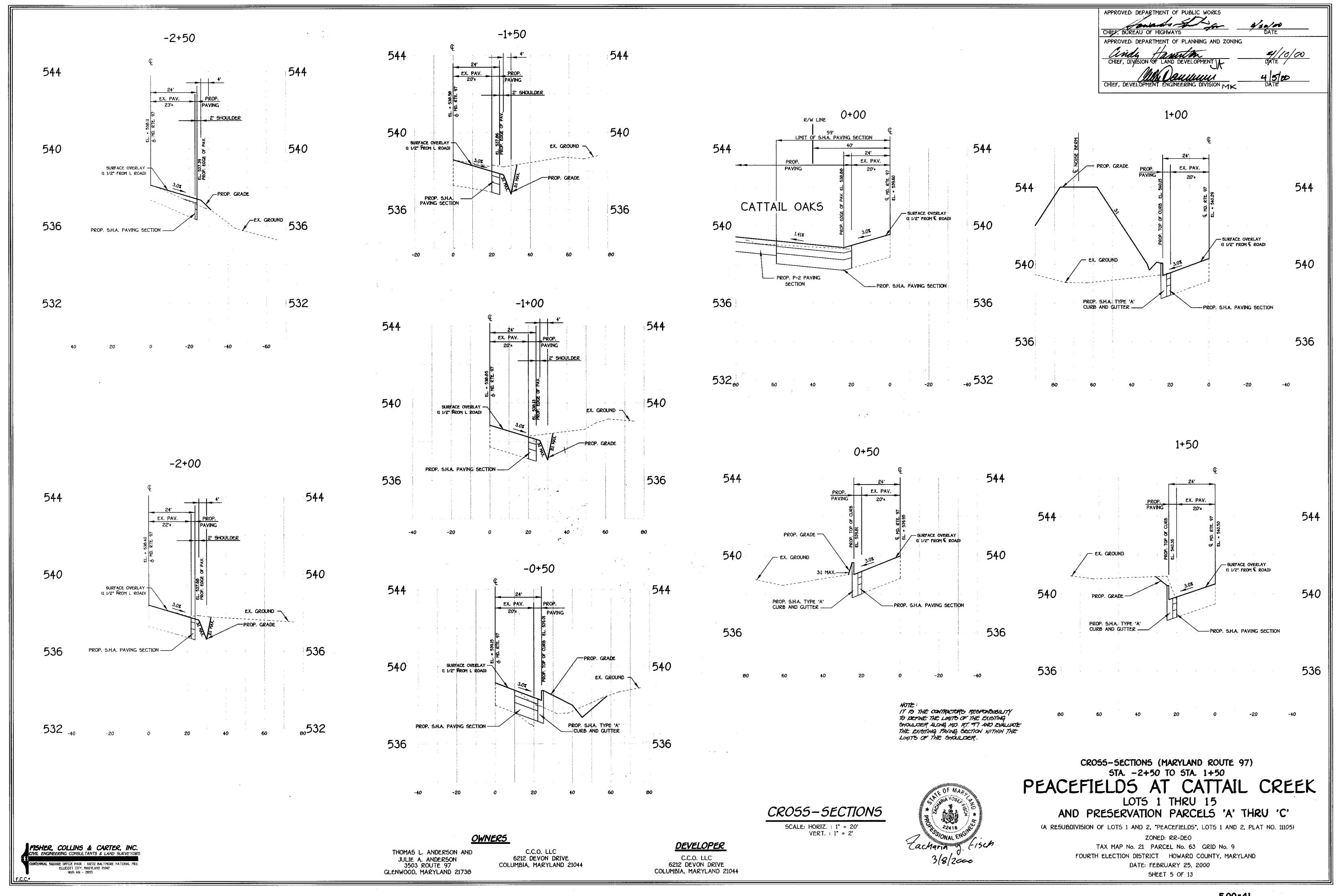
F15HER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

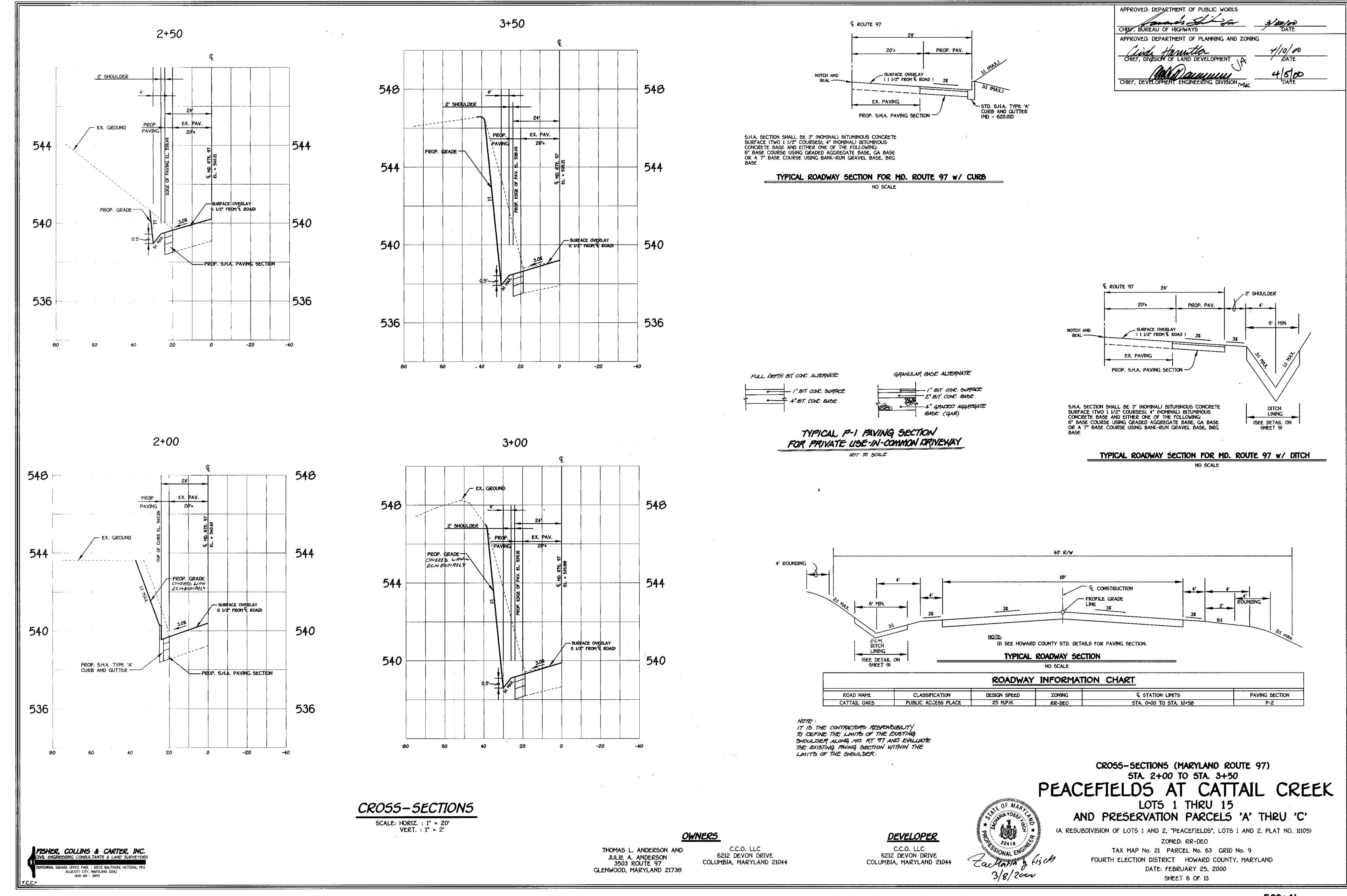
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

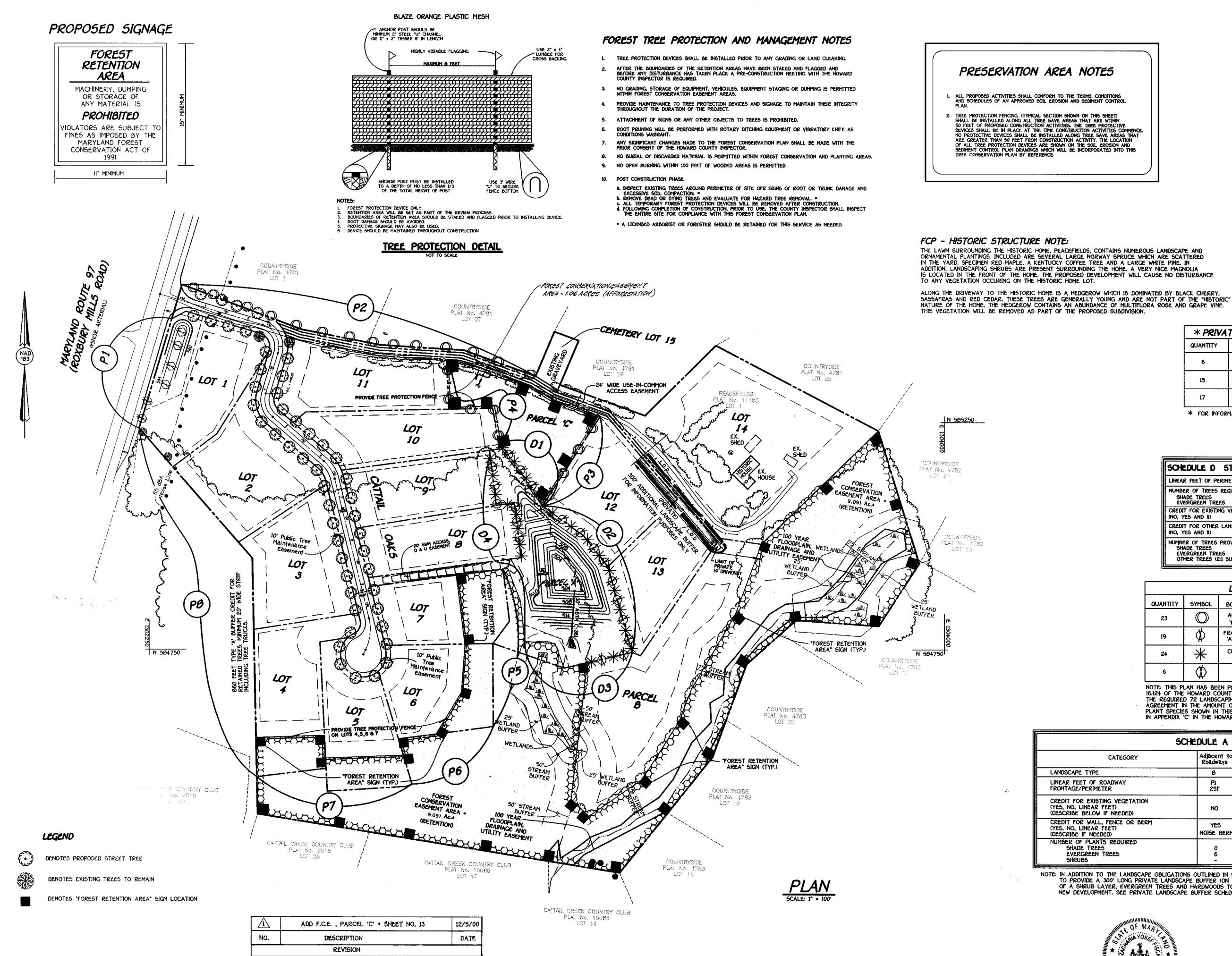












USACOE Wetland Delineator

JOHN P. CANOLES

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

C.C.+30637 LANDSCAPE PLANDWG

PRESERVATION AREA NOTES

ALL PROPOSED ACTIVITIES SHALL CONFORM TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND SCHEDULES OF AN APPROVED SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

TREE PROTECTION FENCING. (TYPICAL SECTION SHOWN ON THIS SHEET)
SHALL BE INSTALLED ALONG ALL TREE SAVE AREAS THAT ARE WITHIN
50 FEET OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. THE TREE PROTECTIVE.
DEVICES SHALL BE IN PLACE AT THE TIME CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES COMMENCE.
NO PROTECTIVE DEVICES SHALL BE INSTALLED ALONG TREE SAVE AREAS THAT
ARE GREATER THAN 50 FEET FROM CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. THE LOCATION
OF ALL TREE PROTECTION DEVICES ARE SHOWN ON THE SOIL EROSION AND
SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN DRAWINGS WHICH WILL BE INCORPORATED INTO THIS
TREE CONSERVATION PLAN BY REFERENCE.

| Approved: Department Of Public Works | a) |
|---|-----------|
| Chief Bureau Of Highways | Date Date |
| Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning | |
| Wide Harratta | 4/16/av |
| Chief. Division Of Land Development | Date |
| (MM) auuuuu | 4/5/00 |
| Chief. Development Engineering Division MK | D'ate ' |

| SITE DATA | |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| | ACRES |
| GROSS AREA: | 28.9 |
| AREA OF FORESTED FLOODPLAIN: | 0.9 |
| NET TRACT AREA: | 28.0 |
| existing forest: | 17.0 |
| AFFORESTATION THRESHOLD: | 5.8 |
| REFORESTATION THRESHOLD: | 7.2 |
| BREAK-EVEN POINT: | 9.2 |
| FOREST TO BE CLEARED: | 7.8 |
| FOREST TO BE RETAINED IN FCE: | 9.2 |
| REFORESTATION REQUIRED: | o |

| | EXISTING FOREST: |
|---|---|
| | AFFORESTATION THRESHOLD: REFORESTATION THRESHOLD: BREAK-EVEN POINT: |
| | FOREST TO BE CLEARED: FOREST TO BE RETAINED IN FCE: |
| CAPE AND CATTERED 1E. IN AGNOLIA | REFORESTATION REQUIRED: |

| * PRIVA | TE LANDSCAPE BUFFER 50 | HEDULE |
|----------|------------------------|--------------|
| QUANTITY | COMMON NAME | SIZE |
| 6 | RED SUNSET RED MAPLE | 2 * - 2 1/2* |
| 15 | LEYLAND CYPRESS | 4' - 5' |
| 17 | FOR5YTHIA | 3 GAL. |

^{*} FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY

| SCHEDULE D STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AREA LANDSCAPING | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| LINEAR FEET OF PERIMETER | D1: 165' | D2: 400' | D3: 278° | D4: 478' | | | | |
| NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED: SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES | 3 4 | 8 10 | 5 7 | 9 12 | | | | |
| CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (NO, YES AND X) | NO | NO | YES, 177' | YES, 166' | | | | |
| CREDIT FOR OTHER LANDSCAPING (NO, YES AND \$) | NO | NO. | NO | NO | | | | |
| NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED: SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTION) | 3 4 - | 8 10 - | 2 2 - | 6 9 - | | | | |

| LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| QUANTITY | SYMBOL. | BOTANICAL NAME | COMMON NAME | SIZE | | | | |
| 23 | 0 | ACER RUBRUM 'RED SUNSET' | RED SUNSET RED MAPLE | 2 1/2"-3" | | | | |
| 19 | Ø | FRAXINUS AMERICANA 'AUTUMN PURPLE' | AUTUMN PURPLE WHITE ASH | 2 1/2"-3" | | | | |
| 24 | * | CUPPRESSOCYPARIS LEYLANDI | LEYLAND CYPRESS | 5'-6' HT. | | | | |
| 6 | < <tr> ⟨⊅⟩</tr> | PINUS STROBUS | white pine | 6'-8' HT. | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

NOTE: THIS PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 15.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL. FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE REQUIRED 72 LANDSCAPING TREES HAS BEEN POSTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF \$ 17,100.00. PLANT SPECIES SHOWN IN THIS SCHEDULE MAY BE SUBSTITUTED WITH SPECIES OUTLINED IN APPENDIX 'C' IN THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPE MANUAL.

| SCHEDULE A PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| CATEGORY | cent to Adjacent to dways Perimeter Properties | | | | | | | |
| LANDSCAPE TYPE | В | Α | Α | A | A | A | A | Α |
| LINEAR FEET OF ROADWAY FRONTAGE/PERIMETER | P1 251' | 910° | P3 230' | P4 206' | 95 36 <i>0</i> ° | P6 314' | P7 391' | 960° |
| CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED) | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES (360°) | YES (314') | YES (391°) | YES (060') |
| CREDIT FOR WALL, FENCE OR BERM (YES, NO. LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE IF NEEDED) | YES NOISE BERM | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |
| NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES SHRUBS | 0 6 - | 14 | 4 - - | 5 - - | o. - - | 0 - - | 0 - - | 0 - - |

NOTE: IN ADDITION TO THE LANDSCAPE OBLIGATIONS OUTLINED IN SCHEDULE A, THE DEVELOPER INTENDS TO PROVIDE A 300' LONG PRIVATE LANDSCAPE BUFFER (ON LOT 14, OPPOSITE LOTS 12 AND 13) CONSISTING OF A SHRUB LAYER, EVERGREEN TREES AND HARDWOODS TO BUFFER THE HISTORIC SITE FROM THE NEW DEVELOPMENT. SEE PRIVATE LANDSCAPE BUFFER SCHEDULE, THIS SHEET.



DEVELOPER

C.C.O. LLC

6212 DEVON DRIVE

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

C.C.O. LLC

6212 DEVON DRIVE

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

THOMAS L. ANDERSON AND

JULIE A. ANDERSON 3503 ROUTE 97

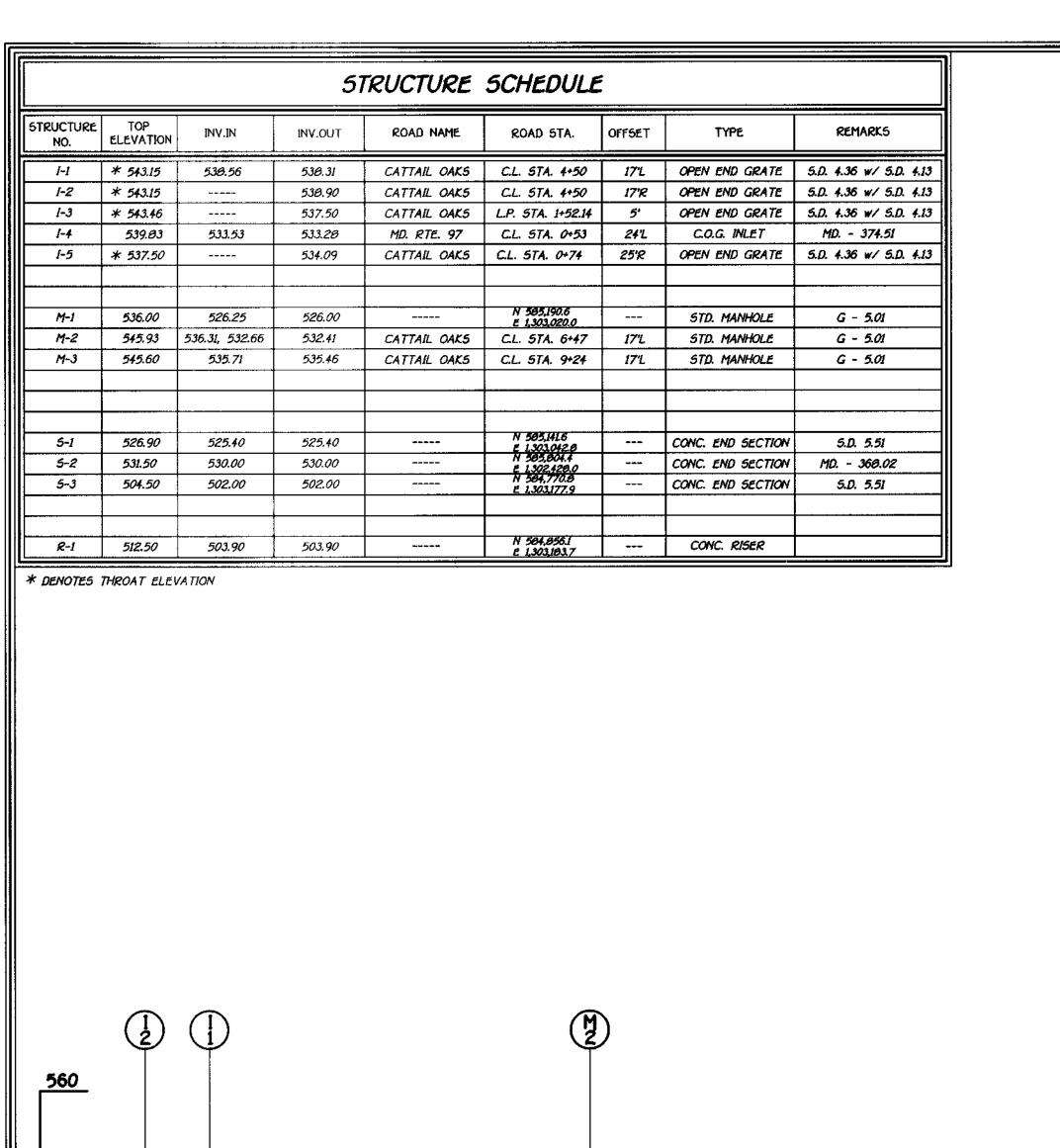
GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738

LANDSCAPE & FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN PEACEFIELDS AT CATTAIL CREEK LOTS 1 THRU 15

AND PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'C'

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1 AND 2, "PEACEFIELDS", LOTS 1 AND 2, PLAT NO. 11105)

TAX MAP No. 21 PARCEL No. 63 GRID No. 9 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: FEBRUARY 25, 2000 SHEET 7 OF 13



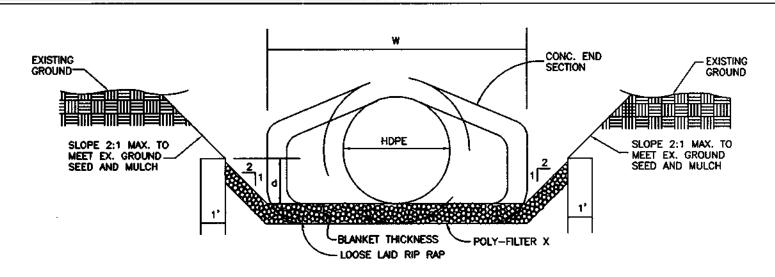
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

F.C.C. 30637/FINALS/STORM DRAIN PROFILES.DWG

PROFILE

SCALE: HORIZ. : 1" = 50' VERT. : 1" = 5'



RIP RAP CHANNEL DETAIL

| RIP-RAP CHANNEL DESIGN DATA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------|-------|--------|---|-----|------|---------------|---------------|-------|---------|----------------------|
| STRUCTURE | AREA (SQ. FT.) | WETTED PERIMETER | R | R 2/3 | s | S 1/2 | w | đ | N | V (F.P.S.) | Q (C.F.S.) | RIP-R | AP SEZE | BLANKET THICKNESS |
| S-1 | 1.92 | 5.79 | 0.33 | 0.48 | 0.005 | 0.0707 | 4 | 0.4 | 0.04 | 3.98 | 7.07 | 4" | 6" | 9.5" |

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR RIP-RAP OUTFALLS

- The subgrade for the filter, riprap or gabion shall be prepared to the required lines and grades. Any fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding undisturbed material.
- The rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when installed respectively in the riprap or filter.
- 3. Filter cloth shall be protected from punching, cutting or tearing. Any damage other than an occasional shall hole shall be repaired by placing another piece of cloth over the damaged part or by completely replacing the cloth. All overlaps whether for repairs or for joining two pieces of cloth shall be a minimum of one foot.
- 4. Stone for the riprap or gabion outlets may be placed by equipment. Both shall each be constructed to the full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid displacement of underlying materials. The stone for riprap or gabion outlets shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure that it is reasonably homogenous with the smaller stones and spalls filling the voids between the larger stones. Riprap shall be placed in a manner to prevent damage to the filter blanket or filter cloth. Hand placement will be required to the extent necessary to prevent damage to the permanent works.

PROPOSED GRADE -

EXISTING GROUND — (MARCH 1998)

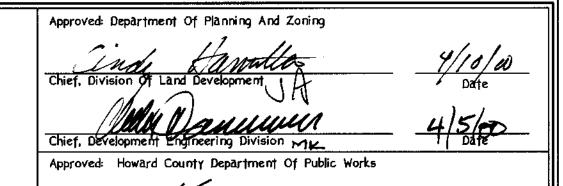
DEVELOPER

C.C.O. LLC 6212 DEVON DRIVE

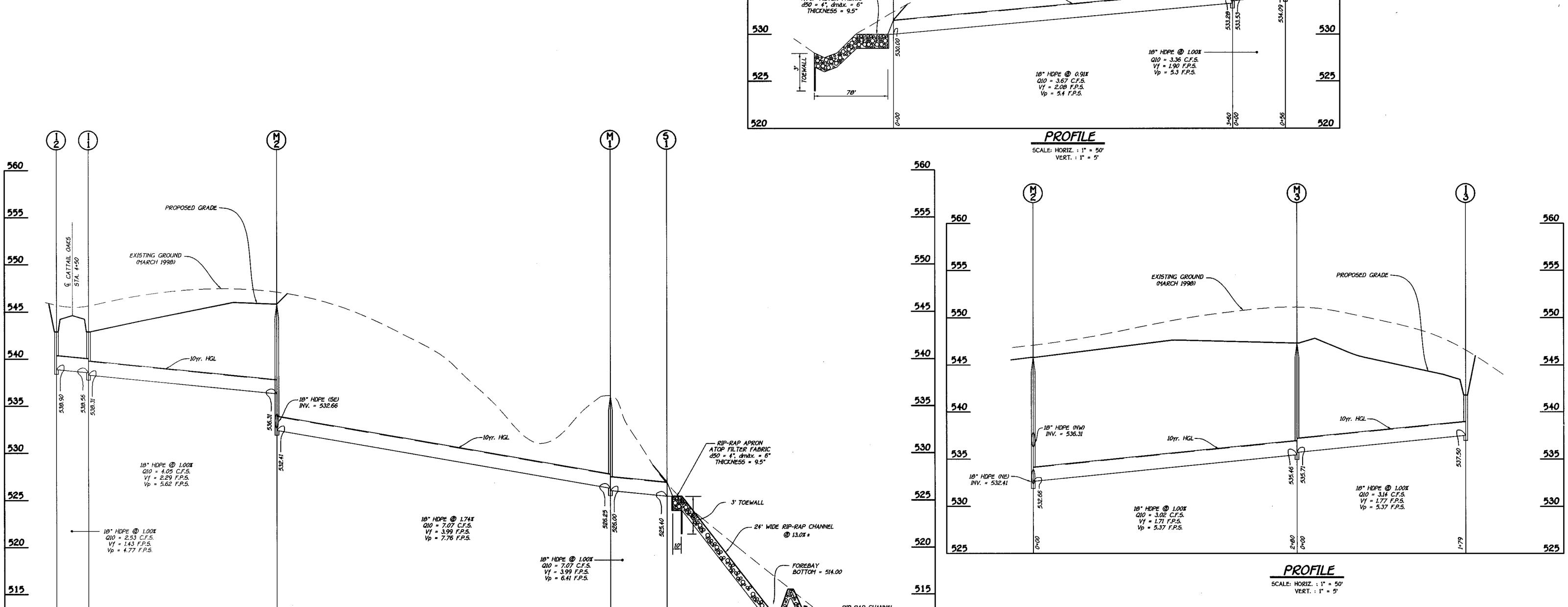
COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

C.C.O. LLC 6212 DEVON DRIVE

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044



| | PIPE SCHEDULE | | | | | | | |
|------|---------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| SIZE | MATERIAL | LENGTH | | | | | | |
| 18" | HDPE | 1523' | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |



THOMAS L. ANDERSON AND JULIE A. ANDERSON 3503 ROUTE 97

GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738

RIP-RAP APRON ---ATOP FILTER FABRIC

STORM DRAIN PROFILES

PEACEFIELDS AT CATTAIL CREEK

LOTS 1 THRU 15 AND PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'C'

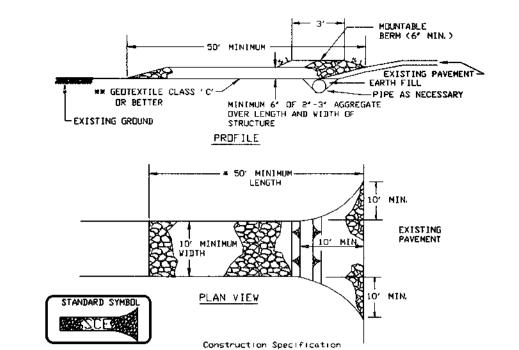
(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1 AND 2, "PEACEFIELDS", LOTS 1 AND 2, PLAT NO. 11105)

ZONED: RR-DEO

SHEET 8 OF 13

TAX MAP No. 21 PARCEL No. 63 GRID No. 9

FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND
DATE: FEBRUARY 25, 2000



- 1. Length minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot).
- 2. Width 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

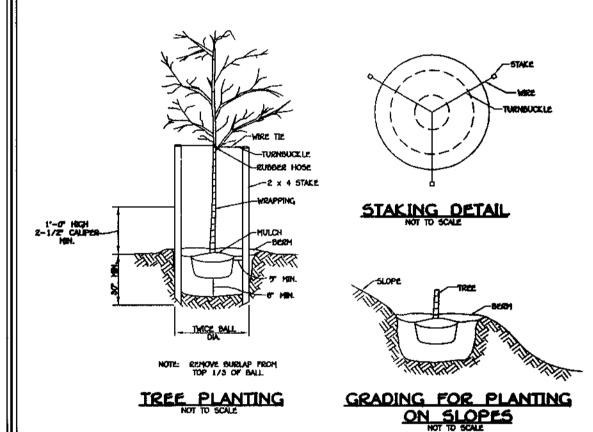
3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family

4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6' deep over the length and width of the

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slapes and a minimum of 6' of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6' minimum will be required

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - 2 NOT TO SCALE



SECIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A MINIMUM OF 40 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1055). ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO.
- FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT
 OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7
 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES,
 DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS
 AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE.
 GRADING NECESSARY TO INSTALL STORM DRAINS, SEDIMENT TRAP AND EARTH DIKES
 TO BE PERFORMED FIRST. REMAINDER OF THE GRADING TO BE PERFORMED AFTER STORM DRAINS, SEDIMENT TRAP AND EARTH DIKES ARE INSTALLED.
- ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1 CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT
- SITE ANALYSIS:
 TOTAL AREA OF SITE 31.637 ACRES 5.393 ACRES AREA DISTURBED AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED 4.552 ACRES 3,500 CU.YDS. 3,500 CU.YDS. OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION N/A CU.YDS.

 ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING

 ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE

 SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL

 APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON

 COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT

 CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH

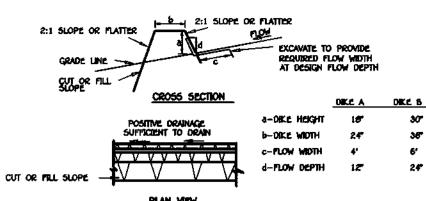
 DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION

 APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL

 BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE. TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS <mark>intennial square office P</mark>ark – 10272 Baltimore National Pii ELLICOTT CITY, NARYLAND 21042

.C.C.+ 30637/FINALS/5ED CON DETAILS.DWG



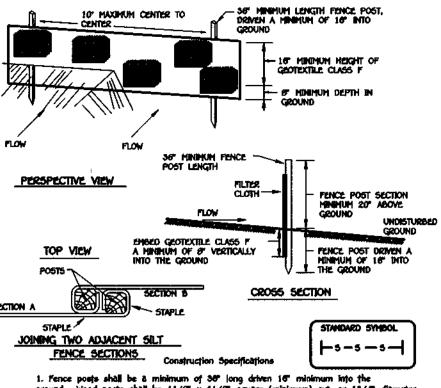
PLAN VIEW A-2 8-3 - -/---. Seed and cover with straw mulch.

Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod.
 4" - 7" stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into

- 1. All temporary earth dikes shall have uninterrupted positive grade to an outlet. Spot elevations may be necessary for grades less than%: 2. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shall be conveyed to a
- Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly imp an undisturbed, stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity.
- All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectionable material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper functioning of the dike. The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be tree of bank projections or other irregularities which will impede
- 6. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment. 7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed

so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after each rain event.

EARTH DIKE



ground. Wood posts shall be 11/2 x 11/2 square (minimum) cut, or 13/4 diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot. 2. Georgetile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties 20 lbs/in (mip.) Test: MSMT 509 0.3 gal ft / minute (max2)

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped 4. Silt Pence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE

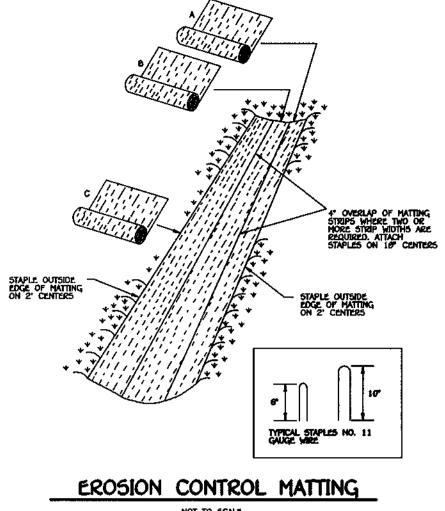
* IF MULTIPLE LAYERS AR Construction Specifications I. Fencing shall be 42" in height and constructed in accordance with th intest Maryland State Highway Details for Châin Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6' length

the lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence. 3. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link tence with ties spaced every 24 at the top and mid section. 4. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 5° into the ground.

5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped levelop in the allt fence, or when allt reaches 50% of fence height 7. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties o staples at top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for 50 lbs/in (min.)

> 75% (min.) Test: MSNT 322 SUPER SILT FENCE NOT TO SCALE

20 lbs/in (min.) Test: M5NT 509
0.3 gal/ft /minute (max.) Test: M5NT 322



 Key—In the matting by placing the top ends of the matting in a narrow trench. 6" in depth. Backfill the trench and tamp firmly to conform to the channel cross—section. Secure with a row of staples about 4" down slope from the trench. Spacing between staples is 6". 2. Staple the 4" overlap in the channel center using an 18" spacing

3. Sefore stapling the outer edges of the matting, make sure the matting is smooth and in firm contact with the soil. Staples shall be placed 2' apart with 4 rows for each strip. 2 outer rows, and 2 alternating rows down the center. Where one roll of matting ends and another begins, the end of the top strip shall overlap the upper end of the lower strip by 4°, shiplap fashion. Reinforce the overlap with a double row of staples

The discharge end of the matting liner should be similarly Note: If flow will enter from the edge of the matting then the area effected by the flow must be keyed—in.

spaced 6" apart in a staggered pattern on either side.

CROSS-SECTION

20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion FURFOSE

Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run—off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration O(up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are tawns, dams, cut and fill slopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth. Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the roof zone. Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

- SECTION 1 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins.

 Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually
- iii. Schedule required soil tests to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.
 5oil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)
 ii. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both time and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.
 iii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee of the producer.
- III. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains
- iii. Une materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a \$100 mesh sieve and 96-100% will pass through a \$20 mesh sieve.

 In Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-9 of soil by disking or other suitable means.

 Seedbed Preparation

 Temporary Seeding

 a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment, after the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked lesiving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the confour of the slope.

 Apply fertilizer and lime as presentied on the plans.

 C. In corporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-7 of soil by disking or other suitable means.

 III. Permanent Seeding and configured for permanent vegetative establishment:

 2. Soluble shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.

 3. The soil shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.

 3. The soil shall confain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>20.50% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. As exception is if lovegrass or serecial isspectazia is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.

 4. Soil shall confain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

 5. Soil must confain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration.

 6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding opposit is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Toposoil.

 b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be materialed in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-9" to permit bonding of the toposil f
- i. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job.

 Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.

 II. Inoculant The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed instructs shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fluing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add tresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75°-80° F. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

 I. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeded, of a cultipacter seeder.

 a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous); 200 lbs/ac; K20 (potassium): 200 lbs/ac.

 b. Lime use only ground agricultural immestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding, and without interruption.

 III. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or hydrated accommendaters. 0. Seed Specifications

- c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.

 ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders.

 a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

 b. where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

 c. Cultipacture Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

 a. Cultipacting seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch or soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

 b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

 Mulch Specifications (in order of preference)

 i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or out straw, reasonable bright in color, and not be musty, moldy, cated, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed se as especified in the Maryland Seed Law.

 ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCPM)

 a. WCPM shall consist of specialty prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous physical style.

 b. WCPM shall be dired green or contain a green due in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.

 c. WCPM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors.

 d. WCPM materials shall form a biotyter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover, and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.

 e. WCPM material shall contain no elements or compounded at concentration levels that will be phytio-l-toxic.
- will be physic-toxic.

 WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pri range of 4.0 to 0.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

 The strike straw mutch should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired.

- accordance with these specifications.

 ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre.

 iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1.500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber eshall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

 Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

 i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate sately. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the confour if possible.

 ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber bipder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

 iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as

- of water.

 iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro—Tack), DCA—70 Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.

 iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

- mendanions. Perfing is usually avaluate in 10mm 1 [5].

 smental Stabilization ~ Cut Stopes

 All cuts slopes shall be dressed, prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Stabilities and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15°.

 Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

 a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.

 b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize.

 c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize.

 Overseed Phase 1 areas as necessary.

Perform final phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary. Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions int he operation of completing the oper out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

- incremental Stabilization of Embankments Fill Slopes

 1. Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

ii. Slopes shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

17, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

iii. At the end of each day, remporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-crosive manner to a sediment trapping device.

iv. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4 (below).

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct slope slit fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

b. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

c. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

d. Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize.

Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of and placement of topsoil (if required) grading and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization.

SECTION 2 - TEMPORARY SERONG

Vegetation — annual grass or grain used to provide cover on disturbed areas for up to 12 months. For longer duration of vegetative cover, Permanent Seeding is required.

- i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 26 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Temporary seeding summary below, along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this summary is not put on the plans and completed, then Table 25 must be put on the plans.
- ii. For sites having soil tests performed, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the testing agency shall be written in. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

| 5e | d Mixture (Hardiness Zone <u>6b</u>) From Table 26 | | | Ferțilizer Răte | Lime Rațe | |
|-----|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| No. | Species | Application Rate (b/ac) | Seeding Dates | Seeding Depths | (10-10-10) | |
| 1 | BARLEY OATS RYE | 122 96 140 | 3/1 - 5/15, 6/15 - 10/15 | 1" - 2" 1" - 2" 1" - 2" | 600 lb/ac (15 lb/1000ef) | 2 tons/ac (100 b/1000sf) |

Seeding grass and legumes to establish groung cover for a minimum of one year on disturbed areas generally receiving low maintenance.

i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 25 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Permanent Seeding Summary below, along with application rates and seeding dates. Seeding depths can be estimated using Table 26. If this summary is not put on the construction plans and completed, then Table 25 must be put on the plans. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, streambanks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-SCS Techinical Field Office Guide, Section 342 — Critical Area Planting. For special lawn maintenance areas, see Sections IV Sod and V Turfgrass.

ii. For sites having disturbed area over 5 areas, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the soil testing agency shall be written in. iii. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply ureaform fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 lbs/1000 sq. ft. (150 lbs/ac), in addition to the above soil amendments shown in the table below, to be performed at

| | Seed Mixture (Hardiness Zone6b) From Table 25 | | | Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20) | | | Lime Rate | |
|-----|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| No. | Species | Application Rate (lb/ac) | Seeding Dates | Seeding Depths | N | P205 | K20 | |
| 3 | TALL PESCUE (85%) PERENMAL RYE GRASS (10%) KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS (5%) | 125 15 10 | 3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15 | 1" - 2" | 90 b/ac (2.0 b/ | 175 b/ac (4 b/ | 175 b/ac {4 b/ | 2 tons/ac (100 lb/ |
| 10 | TALL PESCUE (80%) HARD PESCUE (20%) | 120 30 | 3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15 | 1" ~ 2" | 1000sf) 1000sf) | 1000 s f) | 1000sf) | |

OWNERS

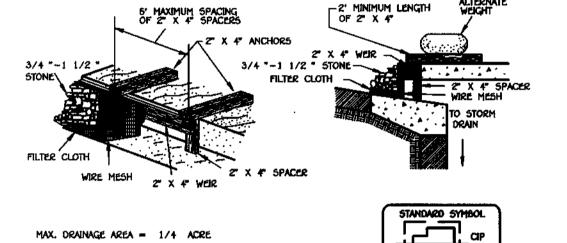
THOMAS L. ANDERSON AND JULIE A. ANDERSON 3503 ROUTE 97

GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738

C.C.O. LLC 6212 DEVON DRIVE COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

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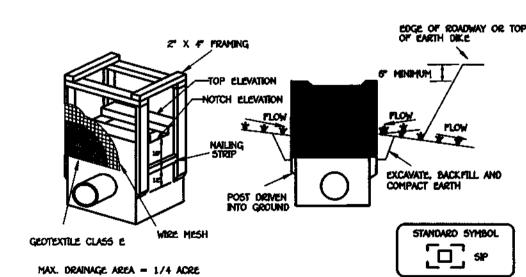
DEVELOPER



- . Attach a continuous piece of wire mesh (30° minimum width by throat length plus
- 2. Place a continuous piece of Geotextile Class E the same dimensions as the wire mesh over the wire mesh and securely attach it to the 2" x 4" weir.
- 3. Securely nail the 2° X 4" weir to a 9" long vertical spacer to be located between the weir and the inlet face (max. 4' apart).
- 4. Place the assembly against the inlet throat and nall (minimum 2° lengths of $Z^{\prime\prime}$ imes 4" to the top of the weir at spacer locations). These $Z^{\prime\prime}$ imes 4" anchors sh
- extend across the inlet top and be held in place by sandbags or alternate weight 5. The assembly shall be placed so that the end spacers are a minimum 1' beyond
- 6. Form the 1/2 " x 1/2 " wire mesh and the geotextile fabric to the concrete gutter and against the face of the curb on both sides of the inlet. Place clean 3/4 " x 1 1/2 " stone over the wire mesh and geotextile in such a manner to prevent water from entering the inlet under or around the geotextile.
- 7. This type of protection must be inspected frequently and the filter cloth and stone replaced when clogged with sediment.
- 8. Assure that storm flow does not bypass the inlet by installing a temporary earth or asphalt dike to direct the flow to the inlet.

CURB INLET PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE



1. Excavate completely around the inlet to a depth of 10° below the 2. Drive the 2" x 4" construction grade lumber posts 1' into the ground at each corner of the inlet. Place nall strips between the posts on the ends of the inlet. Assemble the top portion of the 2" x 4" frame using the overlap joint shown on Detail 23A. The top of the frame (weir) must be 6" below adjacent roadways where

flooding and safety issues may arise. 3. Stretch the 1/2" x 1/2" wire mesh tightly around the frame and fasten securely. The ends must meet and overlap at a

4. Stretch the Geotextile Class E tightly over the wire mesh with the geotixtile extending from the top of the frame to 18" below the inlet notch elevation. Fasten the geotextile firmly to the frame. The ends of the geotextile must meet at a post, be overlapped and folded, then fastened down. 5. Backfill around the inlet in compacted 8" layers until the layer of earth is level with the notch elevation on the ends and

top elevation on the sides. 6. If the inlet is not in a sump, construct a compacted earth dike across the ditch line directly below it. The top of the earth dike should be at least 6" higher than the top of the frame.

7. The structure must be inspected periodically and after each rain and the geotextile replaced when it becomes clogged. STANDARD INLET PROTECTION

NOT TO SCALE



DISCHARGE INTO A STABILIZED WATER— COURSE, SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEMCE, O INTO A STABILIZED AREA AT A NON— EROSIVE VELOCITY. REF: 19.0 ROCK OUTLET PROTECTION Table 6 Design Criteria for Pipe Slope Drain Pipe/Tubing Diameter (D) in Area (Acres) P50-24 (2 hand tamped in 4 Inch lifts to the top of the earth dike. 2. The top of the earth dike over the inlet pipe shall be at least 2 times the pipe diameter measured at the invert of the

ANCHOR5

7. All pipe connections shall be watertight.

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES APPROVED TRAINING

PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS, AS ARE DEEMED

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITION AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

3/8/ ZUUU

10/W

DATE /

P50 - 12

it shall outlet into a sediment trap or basin. If this is not possible then the elope drain will discharge into a stable conveyence that leads to a sediment trap or basin. When discharging into a trap or basin the PSO shall discharge at Plexible tubing is preferred. However, corrugated metal pipe or equivalent PVC pipe can be used. All connections shall be watertight. 4. A flared end section shall be attached to the inlet end of pipe with a watertight connection. Filter cloth shall be placed under the inlet of the pipe slope drain and shall extend out 5' from the inlet. The filter cloth shall be "keyed in" on all sides.

5. The Pipe Slope Drain shall be securely anchored to the slope by statice at the connected provided. Seaton for the same elevation as the wet pool elevation. The discharge from the PSO must be as far away from the sediment control

9. When the drainage area is stabilized, the PSO shall discharge onto a stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity.
10. Inspection and any required maintenance shall be performed. periodically and after each rain event. 11. The injet must be kept open at all times

slope by staking at the grommets provided. Spacing for anchors shall be as provided by manufacturer's specification. In no case shall less than two (2) anchors be provided, equally spaced along the length of pipe. These details should be provided by pipe suppliers. PIPE SLOPE DRAIN NOT TO SCALE

BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH

Anchor post should be Minimum 2° steel "U" channel or 2" x 2° timber 6° in length HIGHLY VISIABLE FLAGGING ----Maximum & Feet NOTES: FOREST PROTECTION DEVICE ONLY.

RETENTION AREA WILL BE SET AS PART OF THE REVIEW PROCESS.

BOUNDARIES OF RETENTION AREA SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEVICE.

ROOT DAMAGE SHOULD BE AVOIDED.

PROTECTIVE SIGNAGE MAY ALSO BE USED.

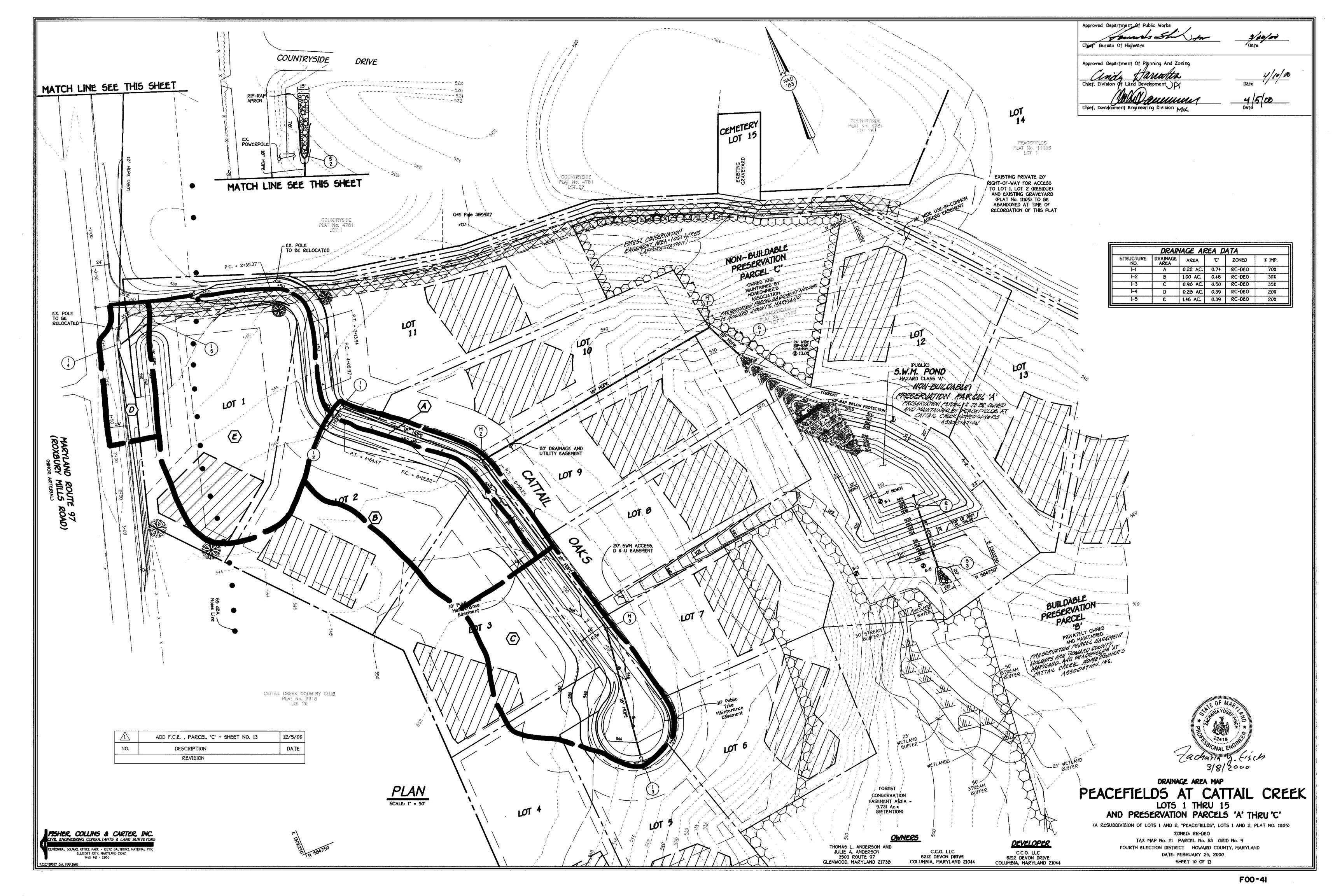
DEVICE SHOULD BE MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION.

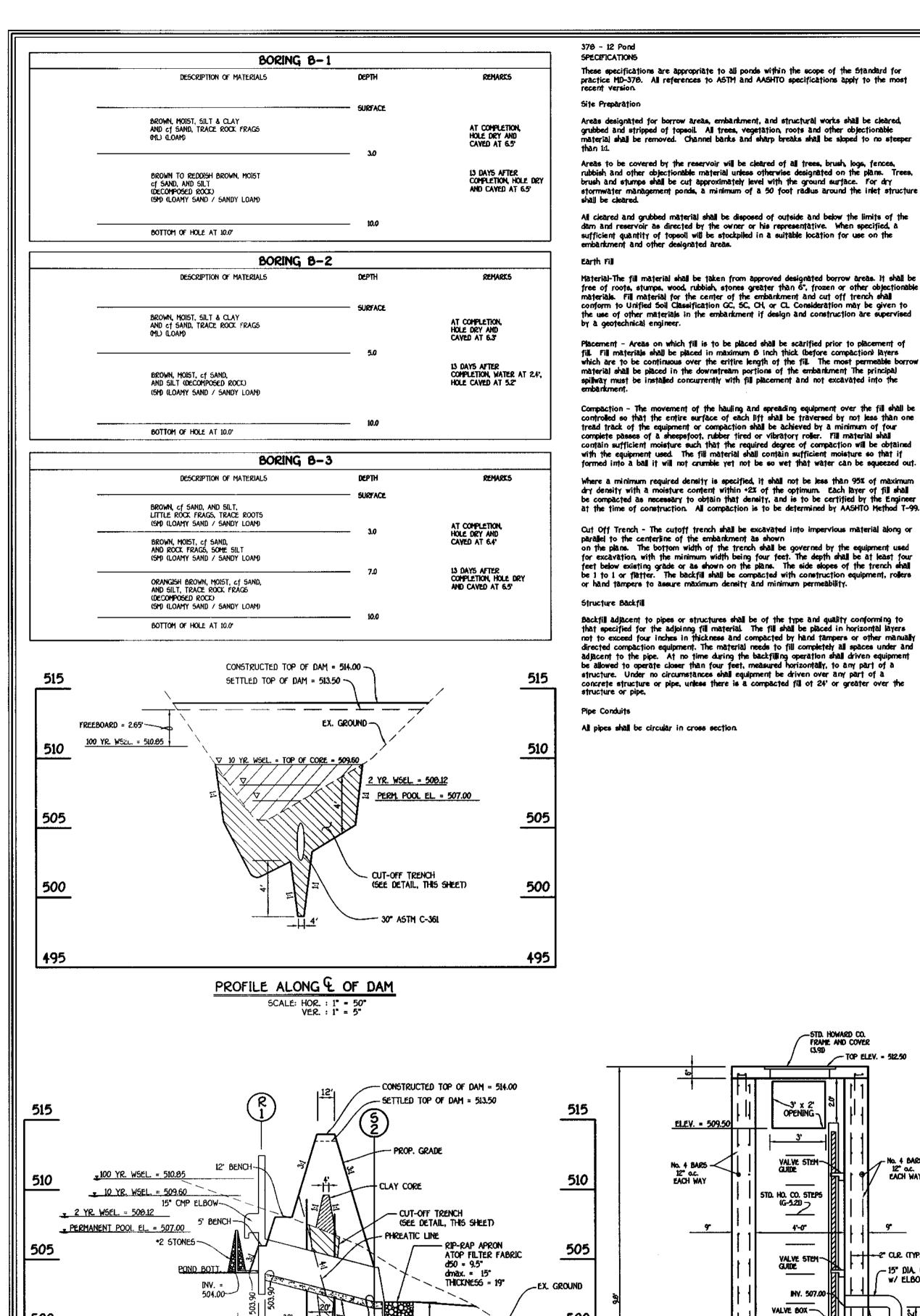
SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS PEACEFIELDS AT CATTAIL CREEK

TREE PROTECTION DETAIL

LOTS 1 THRU 15 AND PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'C' (A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1 AND 2, "PEACEFIELDS", LOTS 1 AND 2, PLAT NO. 11105)

ZONED: RR-DEO TAX MAP No. 21 PARCEL No. 63 GRID No. 9 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: FEBRUARY 25, 2000 SHEET 9 OF 13





3" P.V.C. 5CH. 40 --PIPE ● 0.67%

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

ntennial square office park - 10272 Baltimore national pl

(410) 461 - 2855

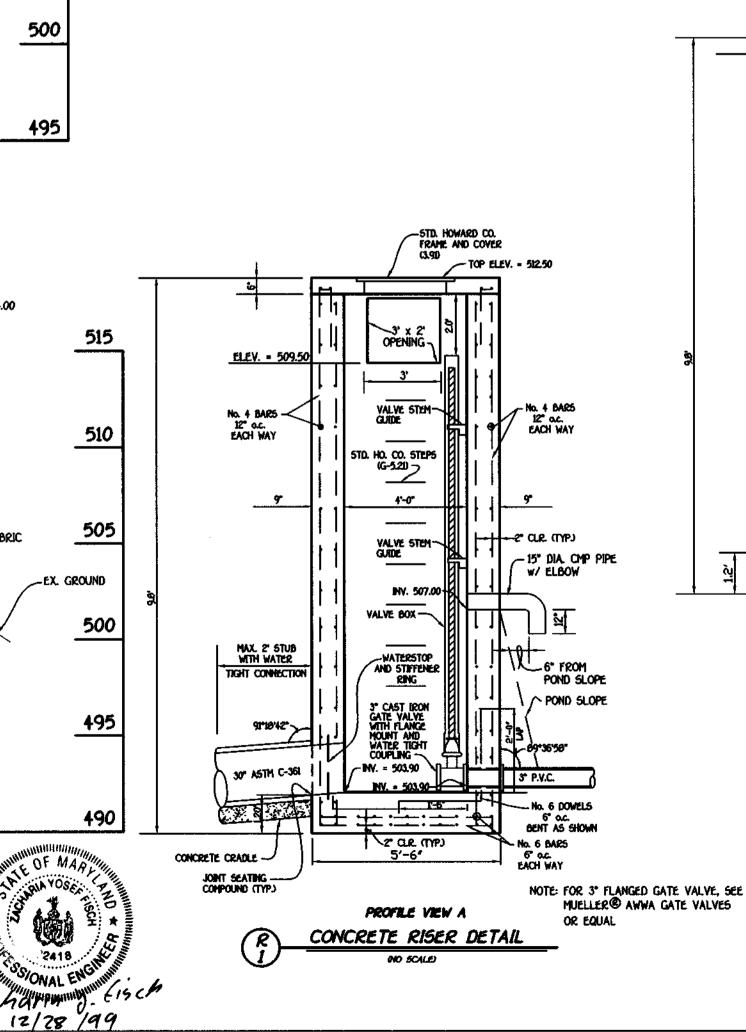
ANTI-SEEP COLLARS (SEE DETAIL, THIS

-- CONCRETE CRADLE (SEE DETAIL, THIS SHEET)

30" A5TM C-361 2.29%

SECTION THRU PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY

SCALE: HOR. : 1" = 50" VER. : 1" = 5"



Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361.

2. Bedding - All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the drawings.

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings. Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride

1. Materials-PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM

Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

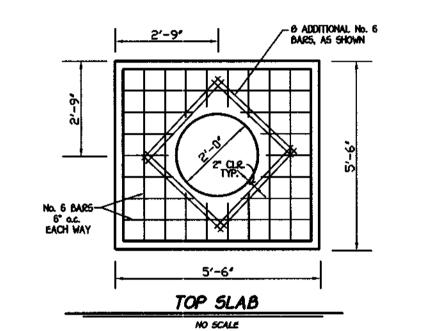
4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

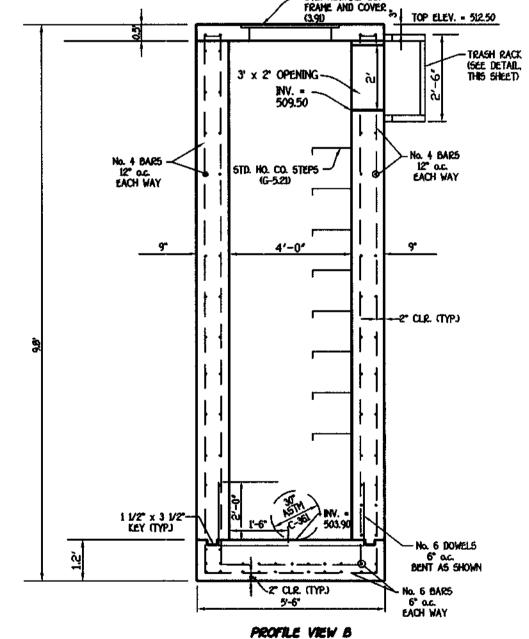
5. Otherdetails (anti-seep collars ,valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

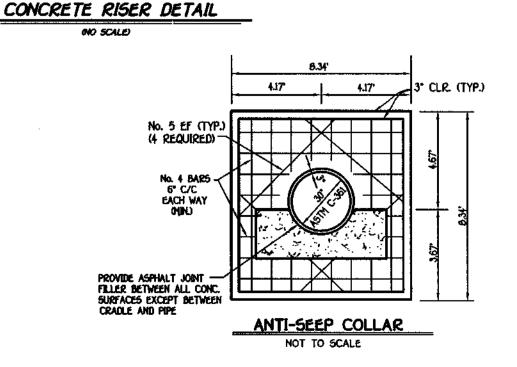
Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 608; Mix No. 3.

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transporation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 905.

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place shall reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.







Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Erosion and Sediment Control Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

(PUBLIC FACILITY)

- A. ROUTINE MAINTENANCE Facility shall be inspected annually and after major storms. Inspections should be performed during wet weather to determine if the pond is functioning properly.
- Top and side slopes of the embankment shall be moved a minimum of two (2) times a year, once in June and once in September. Other side slopes, the bottom of the pond, and maintenance access should be moved as needed.
- Debris and litter next to the outlet structure shall be removed during regular mowing operations and as needed.
- 4. Visible signs of erosion in the pond as well as rip-rap putlet area shall be repaired as soon as it is noticed.
- NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Max. 2° stub With Watertight —

Structural components of the pond such as the dam, riser structure and the pipes shall be repaired upon the detection of any damage. The components should be inspected during maintenance operations.

5TD. HO. CO. 5TEP5 (G-5.2D-

PLAN VIEW

BA

-Type a2 pipe cradle

SEE DETAIL, THIS SHT.

- PROVIDE ASPHALT JOINT

FILLER BETWEEN ALL CONC

SURFACES EXCEPT BETWEEN CRADLE AND PIPE

<u>OWNERS</u>

THOMAS L. ANDERSON AND JULIE A. ANDERSON

3503 ROUTE 97 GLENWOOD, MARYLAND 21738

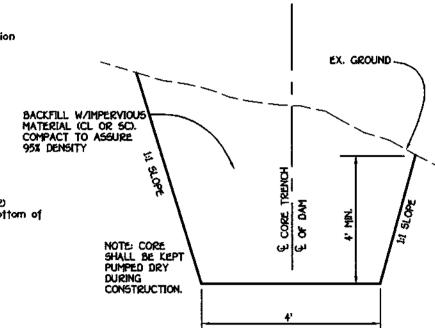
- - - -

ADDITIONAL No. 6 BARS AT 2"-0" AS SHOWN

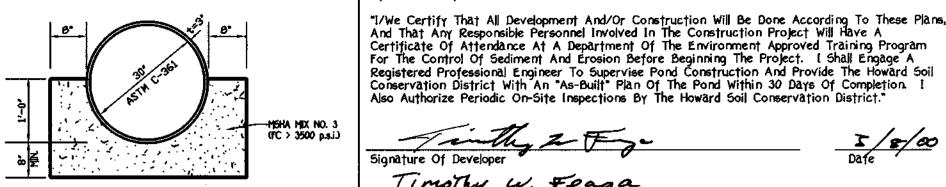
FOR CORNER TREATMENT

L + - -

2. Sediment should be removed when its accumulation significantly reduces the design storage, interferes with the function of the riser, when deemed necessary for aesthetic reasons, or when deemed necessary by the Howard County's Department of Public Works.



CORE TRENCH DETAIL



A2 CRADLE

NOT TO SCALE

By The Developer

By The Engineer:

bignature Of Engineer

Timothy W. Feaga Printed Name Of Developer

I Have Notified The Developer That He/She Must Engage A Registered Professional Engineer To Supervise Pond Construction And Provide The Howard Soil Conservation District With An "As-Built" Plan Of The Pond Within 30 Days Of Completion." Zacharia & 45ch ZACHARIA Y. FISCH Printed Name Of Engineer These Plans Have Been Reviewed For The Howard Soil Conservation District And Meet The Technical Requirements For Small Pond Construction, Soil Erosion And Sediment Control.

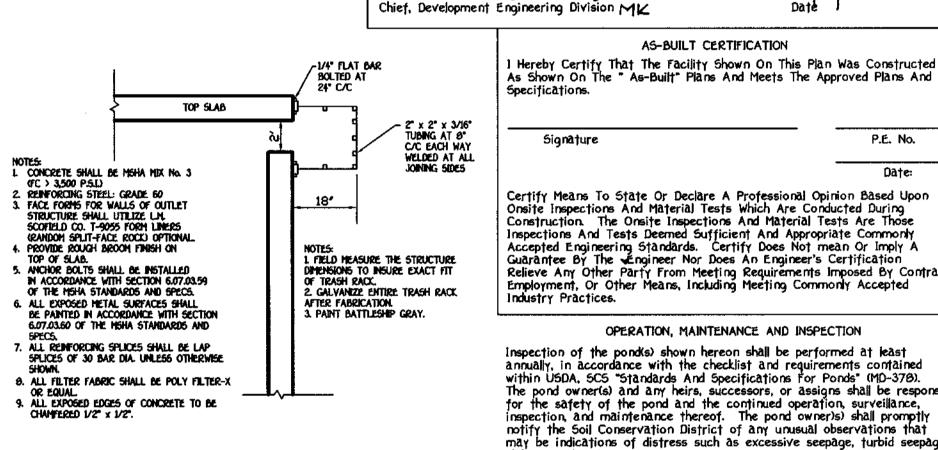
These Plans For Small Pond Construction, Soil Erosion And Sediment Control Meet The The Howard Soil Conservation District. Approved: Department of Public Works favands Shippy 3/30/00 Chief Bureau Of Highways Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning and Hanalta Chief, Division Of Land Development JA Mill ammu

"I/We Certify That All Development And/Or Construction Will Be Done According To These Plans.

"I Certify That This Plan For Pond Construction, Erosion And Sediment Control Represents A

Practical And Workable Plan Based On My Personal Knowledge Of The Site Conditions. This Plan Was Prepared In Accordance With The Requirements Of The Howard Soil Conservation District.

12/28/99



TRASH RACK DETAIL

Specifications. P.E. No. Date: Certify Means To State Or Declare A Professional Opinion Based Upon Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Which Are Conducted During Construction. The Onsite Inspections And Material Tests Are Those Inspections And Tests Deemed Sufficient And Appropriate Commonly Accepted Engineering Standards. Certify Does Not mean Or Imply A Guarantee By The Engineer Nor Does An Engineer's Certification Relieve Any Other Party From Meeting Requirements Imposed By Contract, Employment, Or Other Means, Including Meeting Commonly Accepted ndustry Practices. OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

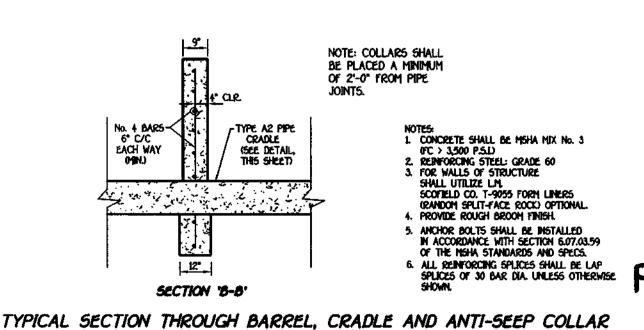
Inspection of the pond(s) shown hereon shall be performed at least annually, in accordance with the checklist and requirements contained within USDA, SCS "Standards And Specifications for Ponds" (MD-370). The pond owner(s) and any heirs, successors, or assigns shall be responsible for the safety of the pond and the continued operation, surveillance, inspection, and maintenance thereof. The pond owner)s) shall promptly notify the Soil Conservation District of any unusual observations that may be indications of distress such as excessive seepage, turbid seepage, sliding or slumping.

GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH CONSTRUCTION

THE SITE SHOULD BE STRIPPED OF TOPSOIL AND ANY OTHER UNSUITABLE MATERIAL FROM THE EMBANKMENT OR STRUCTURE AREA IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL CONSERVATION GUIDELINES. AFTER STRIPPING OPERATIONS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED, THE EXPOSED SUBGRADE MATERIALS SHOULD BE PROOFROLLED WITH A LOADED DUMP TRUCK OR SIMILAR EQUIPMENT IN THE PRESENCE OF A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE. FOR AREAS THAT ARE NOT ACCESSIBLE TO A DUMP TRUCK. THE EXPOSED MATERIALS SHOULD BE OBSERVED AND TESTED BY A GEOTECHICAL ENGINEER OR HIS REPRESENTATIVE UTILIZING A DYNAMIC CONE PENETROMETER. ANY EXCESSIVELY SOFT OR LOOSE MATERIALS IDENTIFIED BY PROOFROLLING OR PENETROMETER TESTING SHOULD BE EXCAVATED TO SUITABLE FIRM SOIL, AND THEN GRADES RE-ESTABLISHED BY BACKFILLING WITH SUITABLE SOIL

A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHOULD BE PRESENT TO MONITOR PLACEMENT AND COMPACTION OF FILL FOR THE EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH, IN ACCORDANCE WITH MARYLAND SOIL CONSERVATION SPECIFICATION 378 SOILS CONSIDERED SUITABLE FOR THE CENTER OF EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH SHALL CONFORM TO UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION GC, SC, CH OR CL. ALL FILL MATERIALS MUST BE PLACED AND COMPACTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MD SCS

WATER SURFACE ELEVATION



C.C.O. LLC

6212 DEVON DRIVE

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21044

6° C/C EACH WAY (MIN)

C-361

12"

SECTION 'A-A'

L-TYPE AZ PIPE

GEE DETAIL, THIS SHEET)

STORAGE - HEIGHT PRODUCT = 6.85 \times 1.2910 = 8.86 AC.FT. 2 Watershed area to facility (acres): 13.10 ac. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES AND DETAILS PEACEFIELDS AT CATTAIL CREEK

DESIGN SUMMARY

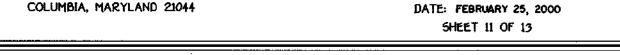
DISCHARGE

LOTS 1 THRU 15 AND PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU 'C'

(A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1 AND 2, "PEACEFIELDS", LOTS 1 AND 2, PLAT NO. 11105)

ZONED: RR-DEO. TAX MAP No. 21 PARCEL No. 63 GRID No. 9 FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DATE: FEBRUARY 25, 2000

F00-41

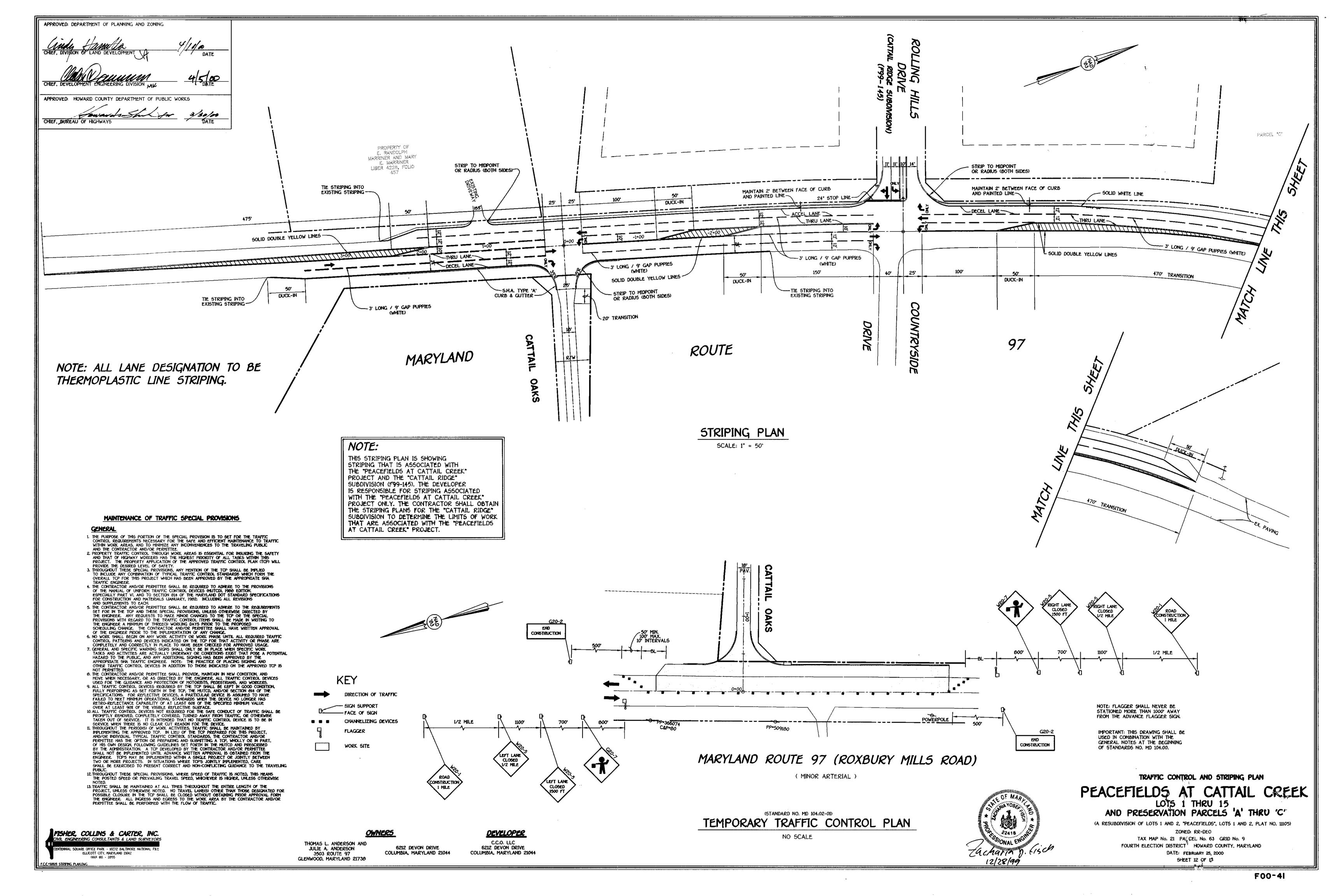


<u>DEVELOPER</u>

C.C.O. LLC

6212 DEVON DRIVE

24.90 CF5



Planting Schedule

Forest Conservation Easement (1.06 AC)

| Oty. | Species | Size | Spacing |
|--|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 30 15 40 15 20 30 20 | Acer rubrum - Red maple Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood Fraxinus pennsylvanica - Green ash Juniperus virginiana - Red cedar Liriodendron tulipifera - Poplar Prunus serotina - Black cherry Quercus rubra - Red Oak | 1" cal. 5-6' 1" cal. 4-5' 1" cal. 1" cal. 1" cal. | ** ** ** ** ** ** |
| 30 | Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw | 18-24"b.t. | ** * |

** -planting units shall be planted, on average, at a spacing of 15 feet on center. Grid pattern or row planting may be used to facilitate maintenance. Limited clumping of shrubs is permitted.

Planting Notes:

- 1. It is recommended that any multiflora rose colonization be removed and controlled prior to forestation. If the rose is not removed it will be a chronic maintenance problem for the site. Existing native trees may be retained.
- 2. Existing tree units greater than 1" caliper may be counted toward planting obligation if they are in good condition and are a native species. Plant unit substitution using larger plant stock or transplanted stock may be performed with approval of Eco-Science Professionals, Inc. The final planting schedule may be adjusted to address these changes.
- The potential for deer and rodent damage on this forestation project is high. The planting contractor may utilize physical and chemical techniques to improve the success of the plantings. These techniques must be approved by the owner prior to initiation of work.

Planting/Soil Specifications

- 1. Planting of nursery stock shall take place between March 15th and April 30th or September · 15th - November 15th.
- 2. A twelve (12) inch layer of topsoil shall be spread over all forestation areas impacted by site grading to assure a suitable planting area. Disturbed areas shall be seeded and stabilized as per general construction plan for project. Planting areas not impacted by site grading shall have no additional topsoil installed.
- 3. All bareroot planting stock shall have their root systems dipped into an anti-desiccant gel
- prior to planting.

 4. Plants shall be installed so that the top of root mass is level with the top of existing grade. Backfill in the planting pits shall consist of 3 parts existing soil to 1 part pine fines or
- equivalent.
 5. Fertilizer shall consist of Agriform 22-8-2, or equivalent, application as per manufacturer's specifications.
- 6. A two (2) inch layer of hardwood mulch shall be placed over the oot area of all plantings.7. Plant material shall be transported to the site in a tarped or covered truck. Plants shall be kept moist prior to planting.
- 8. All non-organic debris associated with the planting operation shall be removed from the site by the contractor.

Sequence of Construction

- 1. Sediment control and tree protection devices shall be installed in accordance with general construction plan for site. Site shall be graded in accordance with general construction plans.
- 2. Proposed forestation areas impacted by site grading shall be topsoiled and stabilized as per #2 of Planting/Soil Specifications for project.3. Plants shall be installed as per Plant Schedule and the Planting/Soil Specifications for the
- 4. Upon completion of the planting, signage shall be installed as per the Forest Protection Devices shown on the Forest Conservation Plan.
- 5. Plantings shall be maintained and guaranteed in accordance with the Maintenance and Guarantee requirements for project.

Maintenance of Plantings

1. Maintenance of plantings shall last for a period of 24 months.

5. Dead branches will be pruned from plantings.

- 2. All plant material shall be watered twice a month during the 1st growing season. Watering may be more or less frequent depending on weather conditions. During second
- growing season, once a month during May-September, if needed.

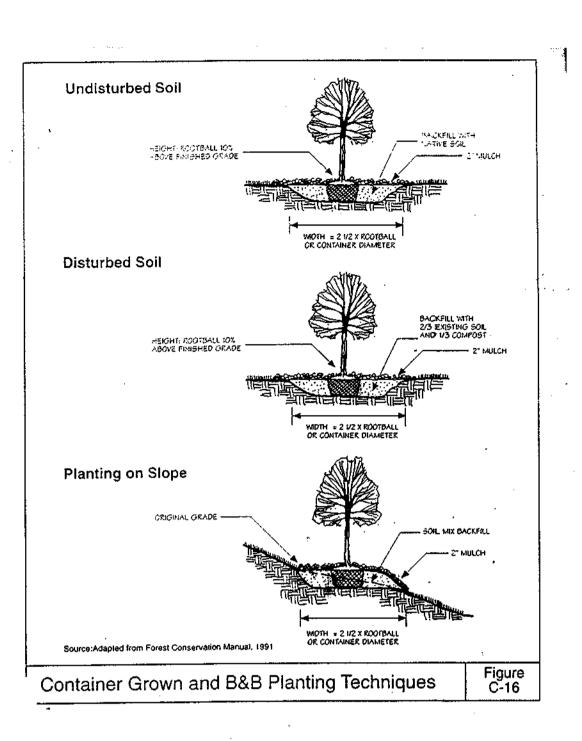
 3. Invasive exotics and noxious weeds will be removed from forestation areas. Old field successional species will be retained. 4. Plants will be examined a minimum two times during the growing season for serious plant pests and diseases. Serious problems will be treated with the appropriate agent.

Guarantee Requirements

i. A 75 percent survival rate of forestation plantings will be required at the end of the 24 month maintenance period. All plant material below the 75 percent threshold will be

1. The developer shall post a surety (bond, letter of credit) to ensure that forestation plantings are completed. Upon acceptance of the plantings by the County, the bond shall be released.

| hief, Division Of Land Development | | ** |
|---|------|-------|
| Of 12 | Date | · · · |



| · · | j. |
|---|----------------------------|
| Forest Conservation Workshe | et |
| PROJECT NAME: PERCEFICIAS DATE: | 6/12/00 |
| BASIC SITE DATA | ACRES |
| Gross Site Area: Area within 100 year floodplain: | <u>28.9</u> |
| Area within agricultural use or preservation parcel: Area within overhead transmission lines: | |
| Net Tract Area (NTA): Land Use Category: R20 | <u> </u> |
| INFORMATION FOR CALCULATIONS | |
| Net Tract Area (NTA): Forest conservation threshold (-25% x NTA): Afforestation threshold (-20% x NTA): | <u>−380</u> · |
| Existing forest on NTA: Existing forest above conservation threshold: | <u> 16.1</u> |
| Break even point (if applicable): | 90 |
| Forest to be cleared: Forest to be retained: | <u> 7.9</u> <u> 8.2</u> |
| AFFORESTATION CALCULATIONS | |
| No forest clearing: Afforestation Threshold - Existing Forest | |
| Forest clearing: (Aff. thresh ex. forest) + (forest to be cleared x 2) REFORESTATION CALCULATIONS | |
| Clearing above threshold | |
| a. Forest cleared above threshold x 1/4: 2.0 acres b. Forest retained above conservation threshold: 1.0 acres | |
| Deferentation Descript (- b) | 1 |

Forest Conservation Easement Unauthorized disturbances of vegetation is prohibited. Violators are subject to fines as imposed by the Howard County

Trees for Your Future

Forest Conservation Act of 1992

Forest Conservation Plan -Reforestation Plan

PEACEFIELDS AT CATTAIL CREEK

June 12, 2000

Scale: as shown

Eco-Science Professionals, Inc.

P.O. Box 5006 Glen Arm, MD 21057 (410) 592-6752

CONSULTING ECOLOGISTS USACOE Wetland Delineater PEACEFIELDS AT CATTAIL CREEK

LOTS 1 THRU 15
AND PRESERVATION PARCELS 'A' THRU'C' (A RESUBDIVISION OF LOTS 1 AND 2, "PEACEFIELDS", LOTS 1 AND 2, PLAT NO. 11105)

ZONED: RR-DEO

TAX MAP No. 21 PARCEL No. 63 GRID No. 9

FOURTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DATE: FEBRUARY 25, 2000

SHEET 18 OF 18