

HO-422  
Avoca  
Ellicott City  
Private

18th & 19th Centuries

Avoca was once called Chews Resolution Manor which was patented in 1695 by Samuel Chew and comprised twelve hundred acres. It was resurveyed in January 25, 1718, and is noteworthy as the county residence of Dr. Arthur Pue of Baltimore City who acquired the property in 1802 and built the front section at about this time. In 1878 Alfred V. Thomas bought 176 acres with the Dr. Pue's mansion house and named it Avoca.

Constructed in three sections, it is one of the outstanding buildings of Howard County. A three bay wide, one room deep, one story high, stone structure has been raised to a second story and connects to Dr. Pue's five bay wide, one room deep, three story high, ashlar granite block, gabled roof mansion facing east by a, three bay wide, one room deep, two story high stone structure whose south wall holds a two story open porch with entrances to the east and west wings of the house.

Mature trees as well as stone dependencies surround this exceptionally fine stone house which evokes the ante bellum period in Howard County.

7. DESCRIPTION **AVOCA**

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Altered	<input type="checkbox"/> Uncluttered	<input type="checkbox"/> Moved	<input type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Avoca is a three sectional stone house located on the west side of Old Montgomery Road south of Avoca Drive.

East Section - Main Body of House

The east section is a five bay wide, one room deep, three story granite block and stone, gabled roof house, facing east with central hallway and east and west entrances. Brick chimneys are inset into the center of its north and south walls.

East Elevation of East Wing

The central east entrance is a double paneled door with four lite transom, flanked by four vertical lites and surmounted by a flat granite lintel. All fenestration is rectangular, double-hung, vertically alligned, proportionally scaled with projecting wooden sills and flat granite block lintels. Basement windows are two-two lite casement windows with iron bars set into their granite sills and lintels. The stone on the east elevation is ashlar granite with a beige hue which has been proportionally scaled. The attic or third floor windows are eye brow double-hung windows with three-over-three lites, similar in all other respects to the larger windows.

South and North Elevations of East Wing

The north elevation holds a first and second floor window, similar to those described in the west bay. Two north and south elevation small rectangular third floor double-hung windows are decorated with shutters. Cellar windows, similar to those described are located in the west bay of the north and south wall.

West Elevation of East Wing

The west elevation holds two first floor windows in the first two south bays with cellar door centered beneath, characterized by wide granite block steps and encasing. A second floor window lies in the first south bay and a third floor eyebrow window lies in the first south bay and a third floor eye brow window is centered over the first and second floor rectangular entrances which open on to the two story flat

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

roofed porch connecting the west wing to the east wing respectively. Nineteen wooden steps and railing on the south lead to the second floor of the two story open porch which runs along the south elevation of the connector.

#### Early Stone House Connector

An early stone house is connected to the main house by an early three bay wide, one room deep, two story high connector, which has a single first and second floor rectangular window with two-over-two lites on its north wall. The south wall holds two first and second floor windows and first and second floor rectangular entrances surmounted by three & two lite transoms. Its gabled roof runs east-west, covering the older stone structure and settling against the west wall of the newer part of the house which faces east.

The south elevation has similar fenestration and was perhaps the early main extension of the original stone structure.

#### North Wall of All Three Structures Contiguous

The north wall of the house is the most interesting as it tells the story of how the house was first constructed. A line between the old stone house and connector is very well marked up to the projecting stone lintel of the second floor window of the early west or kitchen wing. Here it stops, leading us to believe that the early structure was a two story high dependency of some sort, probably for slave quarters or food storage as bars are located in the cellar window similar to those on the east wing. Its flat stone lintel is gray granite while the first floor rectangular window is beige granite, similar to the north wall first floor window of the connector. This original stone building was a two bay wide, one room deep stone dwelling with wide brick chimney set into its east wall. A ground floor east entrance and a second floor west entrance were located in the south bay of those walls. When the building was enlarged and a two story high, three bay wide east wing added to the east wall, a second floor was added and the gabled roof line was probably changed at this time from a north-south orientation to an east-west orientation. There is no break in the masonry of the north wall of the east wing and connector on the first floor level which leads to a belief that when the east wing was constructed, a one story high connector was also constructed to unify the east wing with the original old stone quarters. Soon after a second floor was added and you see the break between the east wing and connector, and between the west wing and connector.

In addition, the flat stone lintels used here are gray rather than beige, belying, a different stage of construction.

### Early Stone Structure

The earliest part of the house is a two bay wide, two bay deep, three story high (on the west elevation) gabled roof stone structure.

### South Elevation of Old Stone House & Connector

The first and second floor porch along the south elevation of the old stone structure and connector was very early enclosed on the south west corner creating a one bay wide, two bay deep, two story high shed roof, frame addition which was constructed on a stone foundation. The west wall of the stone foundation indicates the addition of this corner. Fenestration is similar to the rest of the house.

### West Elevation of Early Stone Structure

A batton wood door opens into a root cellar on the west wall of this later foundation while a rectangular ground floor, entrance leads into what originally was the dirt floor kitchen of the stone house.

A flat roofed partially enclosed, two story high porch ( on north side ) has a stone base with nine wooden steps and railing leading from the center of the west wall northward to the second floor landing (first floor on the east elevation).

The second floor of the west wall of the west wing holds two early rectangular windows with six-over-six original lites. They are very early with original panes.

### OUTER BUILDINGS

#### Old Well

An old circular well lies west of the early stone house.

Three stone structures lie northwest of the house, the most westerly being a two bay wide, one bay deep, one and a half story high, gabled roof (running east-west) stone structure. It is characterized by flat stone lintels and stone quoining. The entrance is in the east bay of the south wall. Bars are on the west bay window of this wall. Rectangular, attic windows are located on the east and west walls, one very large one on the west wall. Foundation stones for a carriage house lie west of this structure.

On the south side of the driveway is a one story high, shed roofed stone structure with bars at a small square window, which is located in the west bay of the south wall. It is now used to store hay.

**B. SIGNIFICANCE** Avoca

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Pre-Columbian	<input type="checkbox"/> 16th Century	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 18th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 20th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> 15th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 17th Century	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 19th Century	

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known)

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal	<input type="checkbox"/> Education	<input type="checkbox"/> Political	<input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning
<input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> Engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)
<input type="checkbox"/> Historic	<input type="checkbox"/> Industry	<input type="checkbox"/> Science	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> Invention	<input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Art	<input type="checkbox"/> Literature	<input type="checkbox"/> Theater	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> Military	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation	_____
<input type="checkbox"/> Communications	<input type="checkbox"/> Music		
<input type="checkbox"/> Conservation			

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Avoca was once the Manor House for Chew's Resolution Manor which dates back to the land grant of 1695 patented to Samuel Chew comprising 1073 acres. Samuel Chew married Ann Ayres, daughter of the well known Puritan, William Ayres. He is known for laying out Herrington for which a patent was issued circa 1660. In 1660 Samuel Chew served as a delegate to Anne Arundel County and as a Justice six years later. Colonel William Burgess and Colonel Samuel Chew were ordered to go against the Indians on the Severn in 1675.

Avoca was originally a part of Chews Resolution Manor and Chews Vineyard which comprised twelve hundred acres which covered all the land from Columbia Pike to Elkridge Landing Road. In 1802 it was owned by Edward Hill Dorsey who sold the property to Arthur Pue (See liber N.H. 16 folio 486 Anne Arundel County).

An indenture (E.P.H. 7-2-305 of Howard County) made the 31 of January, 1848 between Rebecca R. Pue, widow of Doctor Arthur Pue, late of Baltimore City and Michael Pue, Arthur Pue, Priscilla M. Pue, Eliza R. Pue, Rebecca A. Carrol, wife of Charles Carrol and Maria Thomas wife of Charles Thomas, children of Doctor Arthur Pue ended in further negotiation which resulted in Michael Pue owning and making his residence at Avoca. Dr. Pue is located on the 1860 Martinet Map (see attachment 3).

On the 19 March, 1878 (LJW 39-89, Howard County Land Records) James MacKubin as the executor of the last will and testament of Michael Pue granted to Alfred W. Thomas in fee simple "all that piece or parcel of a tract of land" called "Chews Resolution Manor", for \$13,000.

Four additional transactions were noted:

- (1) Michael Pue to William Timanus (179 Acres)
- (2) Michael Pue to James Clark
- (3) Michael Pue to Doctor Stocket (8 3/4 Acres)
- (4) Michael Pue to Mrs. Elizabeth Fisher (2 Acres)

The Hopkins Atlas of 1878 (see attachment 4) notes the residence of Alfred Thomas comprising 176 acres and called

SEE INSTRUMENTS

"Avoca".

On June 11, 1906 (WWLC82-275- Howard County Land Records) Alfred W. Thomas granted to James Clark Thomas, as trustee the property with the provision that it was "subject to the right to the said Alfred W. and Emma.W. Thomas to use, occupy and enjoy a room (the room on the second floor that the said A.J. Thomas has been accustomed to occupy) in the dwelling house on the aforesaid property for and during the period of their natural lives".

On December 10, 1914 (HBN 104-430) the deed was granted and conveyed by Alfred V. Thomas and wife to James Clark Thomas. The will of Marian Brian Thomas, his wife (MFB 7-128-Wills, Howard County) left the property to Marian Emily McCloskey. On Dec. 3, 1950 (MWB 229-78) Emily Thomas McCloskey sold the property to Harvey W. Eschenbach and wife, and another portion to Paul T. and Evelyn McHenry (MWB 261-424).

On June 27, 1959 Mr. Paul T. McHenry granted 5.3735 acres to Edward and Virginia Bethard (RHM 334-576).

A plat hanging on the wall of the Howard County Historical Society shows Doctor Arthur Pue's Land and is dated Sept. 4, 1835. Wheatfields is not indicated on the plat map and neither is Mount Joy, once called Sante Fe. It indicates that Chews Resolution Manor on which Dr. Pue's mansion house is indicated was resurveyed Jan. 25, 1718. It is very possible that the stone quarters at Mt. Joy, Wheatfield and the first stone section of Avoca date from as early as 1718.

The connector between the stone house and front section whose facade faces Montgomery Road may well date from 1802 or earlier since buildings and premises are mentioned in the deed of 1802.

The front section was probably built by Dr. Arthur Pue sometime between 1802 and 1810. The log supporting beams in the cellar would support this early date. By 1835 it was established and the Plat Map notes it as Dr. Pues Mansion House.

Architecturally, Avoca is one of Howard County's most outstanding granite structures with unusually fine symmetry and proportions, built in three sections in three periods of time which have been exceptionally and pleasingly well integrated.

For these reasons Avoca, once called Chew's Resolution Manor should be considered for the National Register of Historic Places, the State Critical Planning Program and any future local land mark legislation.

Note: On 14 Nov., 1832 an indenture was placed on the property by Robert Nicholas Worthington who loaned \$16,000 to Dr. Arthur Pue. This was paid and on Nov. 21, 1841 Mr. Worthington conveyed the property back to Dr. Pue. The deed mentions buildings on all said lands as well as rents of the property.



**9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES**

Warfield, J.D. Founders of Anne Arundel and Howard County, Maryland  
Plat of Dr. Arthur Pue's Land, 1835.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

**10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA** 5.37 acres

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY \_\_\_\_\_

Please see Attachment 1, Tax Map 31, Blk. 7, p. 440  
622-41.

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Please see attachment 1

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	Maryland	COUNTY	Howard
STATE		COUNTY	

**11 FORM PREPARED BY**

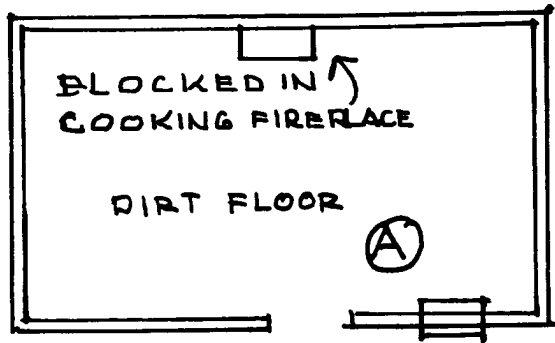
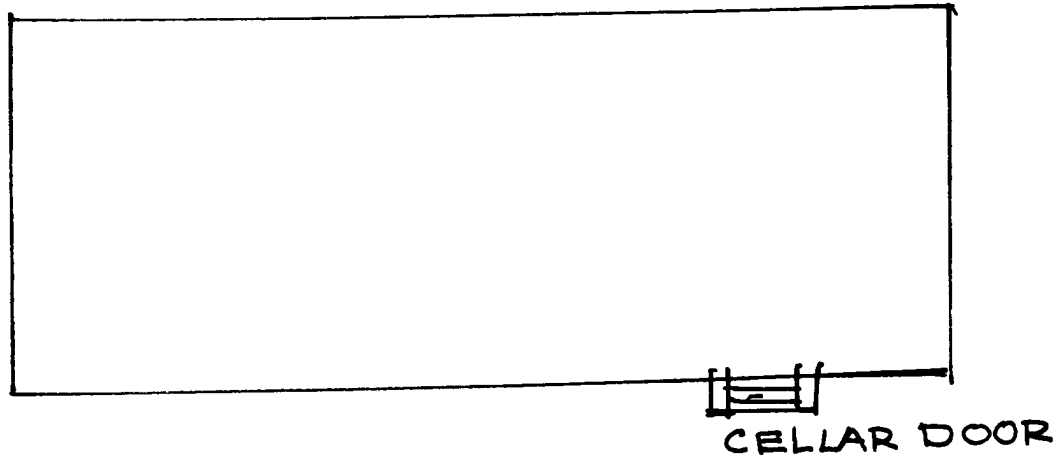
NAME / TITLE	Cleora Barnes Thompson, Archivist	DATE	May, 1977
ORGANIZATION	Comprehensive Planning Section	DATE	465-5000 Ext. 257
STREET & NUMBER	3450 Courthouse Dr.	TELEPHONE	
CITY OR TOWN	Ellicott City	STATE	Maryland 21043

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

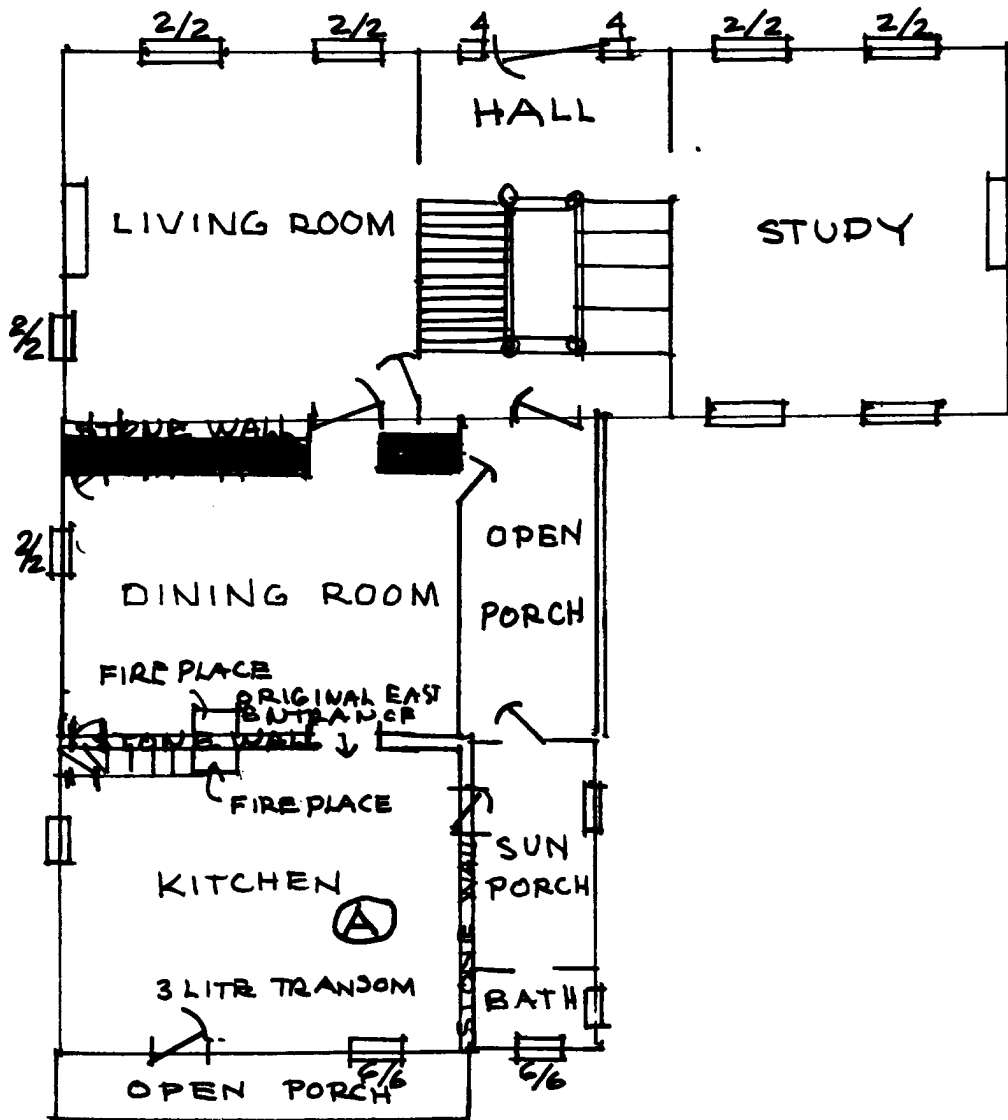
RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust  
The Chaz House, 21 State Circle  
Annapolis, Maryland 21401  
(301) 267-1438

# H O - 4 2 2 A V O C A

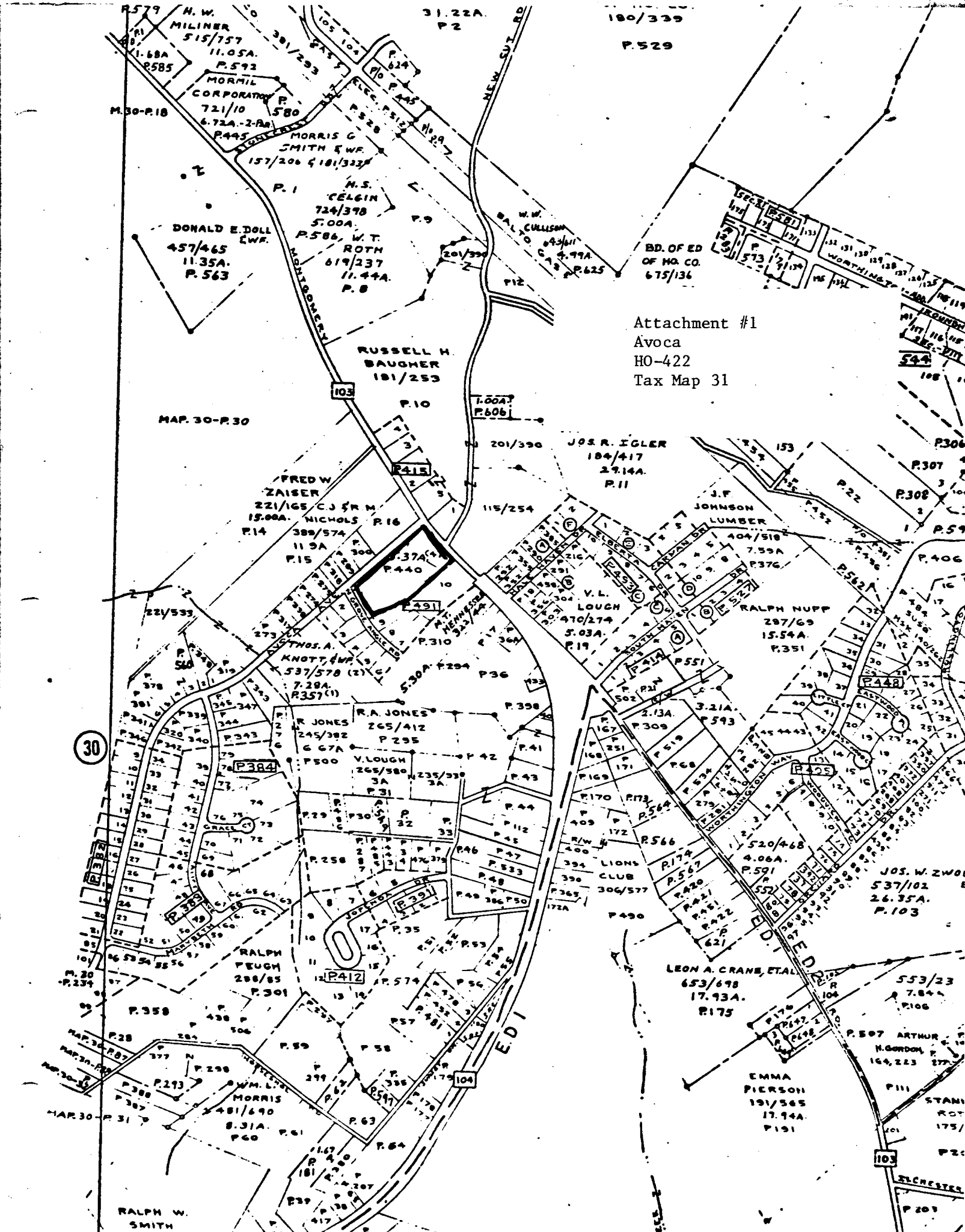


GROUND FLOOR PLAN (NTS)

# AVOCA - Ho - 422 - PLAN



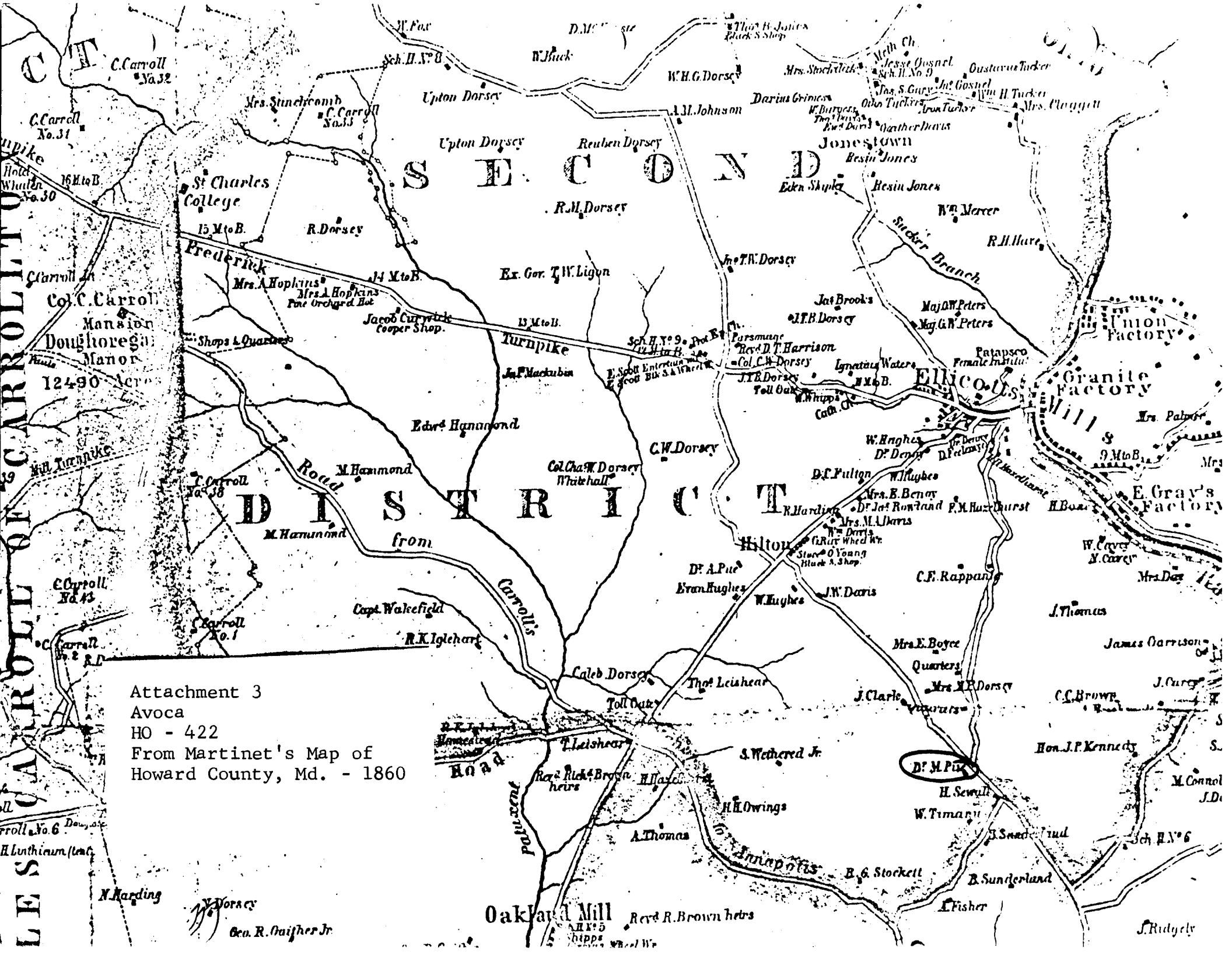
FIRST FLOOR (NTS)



Attachment #1  
Avoca  
HO-422  
Tax Map 31

30

103



Attachment 3  
 Avoca  
 HO - 422  
 From Martinet's Map of  
 Howard County, Md. - 1860

**D. M. PIERCE**

Oakland Mill  
 Revd R. Brown helms

LESLIE CARROLL OF CARROLL COUNTY

C. Carroll No. 32

C. Carroll No. 31

Hotel Whitten No. 30

Col. C. Carroll Mansion  
 Doughoregan Manor  
 12490 Acres

Turnpike

C. Carroll No. 43

C. Carroll No. 1

C. Carroll No. 6

N. Harding

Gen. R. Outsher Jr

W. Fox

Sch. H. No. 8

Mrs. Stinchcomb

C. Carroll No. 33

St. Charles College

R. Dorsey

Mrs. A. Hopkins

Mrs. A. Hopkins Fine Orchard & Bot.

Jacob Curry's Cooper Shop

Edw. & Hannah

M. Hammond

M. Hammond

from

Capt. Wakefield

R.K. Iglehart

Caled Dorsey

Toll Gate

T. Leishear

Rich & Brown heirs

H. Hays

A. Thomas

D.M. ...

N. Buck

Upton Dorsey

Upton Dorsey

Reuben Dorsey

R.M. Dorsey

Ex. Gov. T.W. Ligon

B.M. to B.

J.P. Mackubin

Edw. & Hannah

Col. Cha. W. Dorsey

Whitehall

C.W. Dorsey

D. A. Puc

Frank Hughes

Thos. Leishear

Toll Gate

T. Leishear

Rich & Brown heirs

H. Hays

A. Thomas

Thos. B. Jones Black S. Shop

W.H.G. Dorsey

A.M. Johnson

Darius Grimes

W. Burgess

Thos. Davis

Thos. W. Dorsey

Jas Brooks

J.T.B. Dorsey

Parsonage

Rev. D.T. Harrison

Col. C.W. Dorsey

J.T.B. Dorsey

Toll Gate

W. Hughes

D. A. Puc

Frank Hughes

Thos. Leishear

T. Leishear

Rich & Brown heirs

H. Hays

A. Thomas

Meth. Ch.

Jesse Gosnell

Sch. H. No. 9

Jos. S. Gury

Edw. Tucker

Wm. H. Tucker

Mrs. Cloughen

Wm. Mercer

R.H. Hare

Wm. Mercer

R.H. Hare

Wm. Mercer

R.H. Hare

Wm. Mercer

R.H. Hare

Wm. Mercer

R.H. Hare

Wm. Mercer

R.H. Hare

Wm. Mercer

R.H. Hare

Wm. Mercer

Union Factory

Granite Mill

E. Gray's Factory

Mrs. Pabst

Mrs. ...

Mrs. ...

Mrs. ...

Mrs. ...

Mrs. ...

Mrs. ...

Mrs. ...

Mrs. ...

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Mrs. ...

Union Factory

Granite Mill

E. Gray's Factory

Mrs. Pabst

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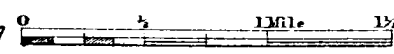
Mrs. ...

Mrs. ...

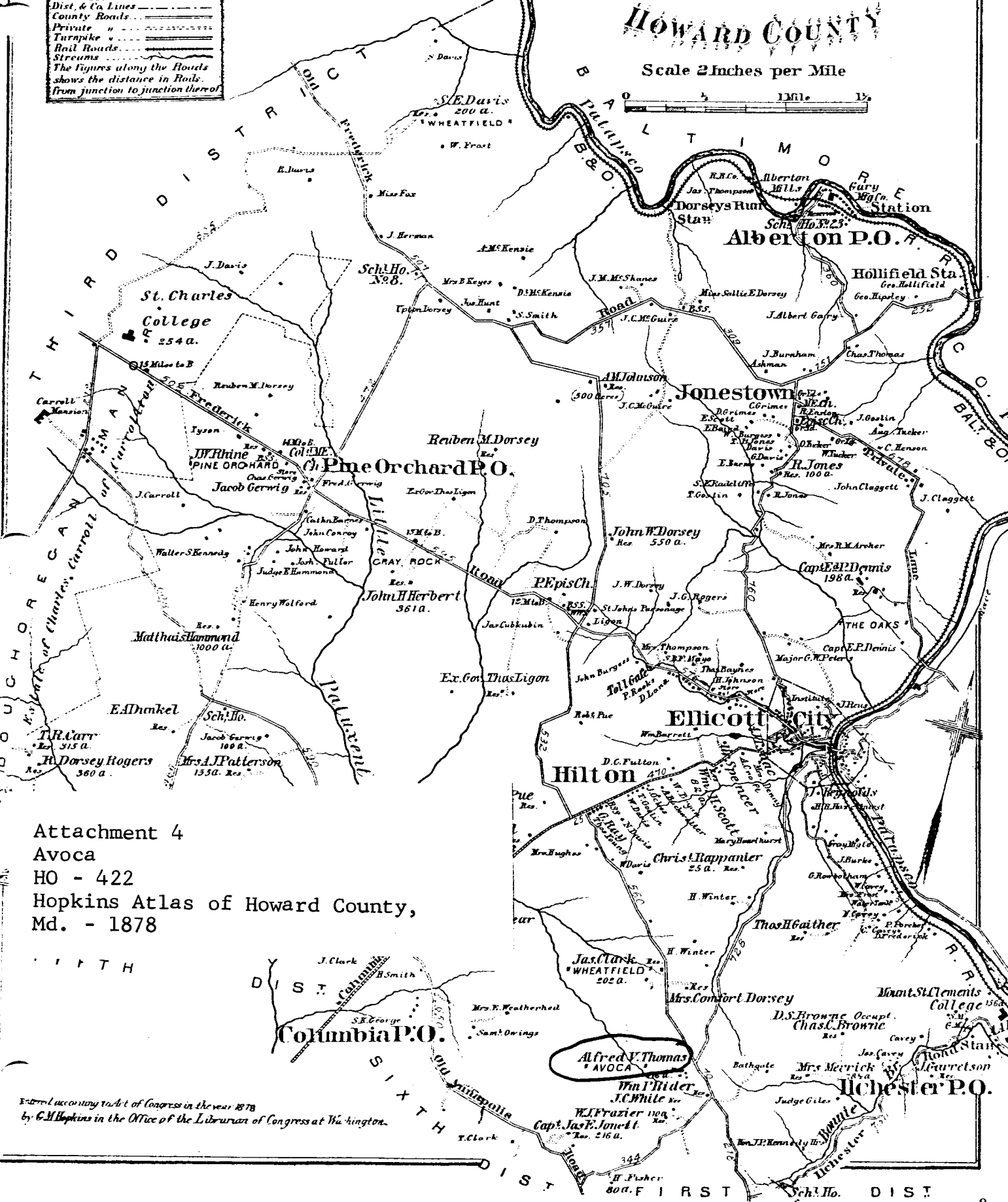
# (SECOND DISTRICT)

## HOWARD COUNTY

Scale 2 Inches per Mile



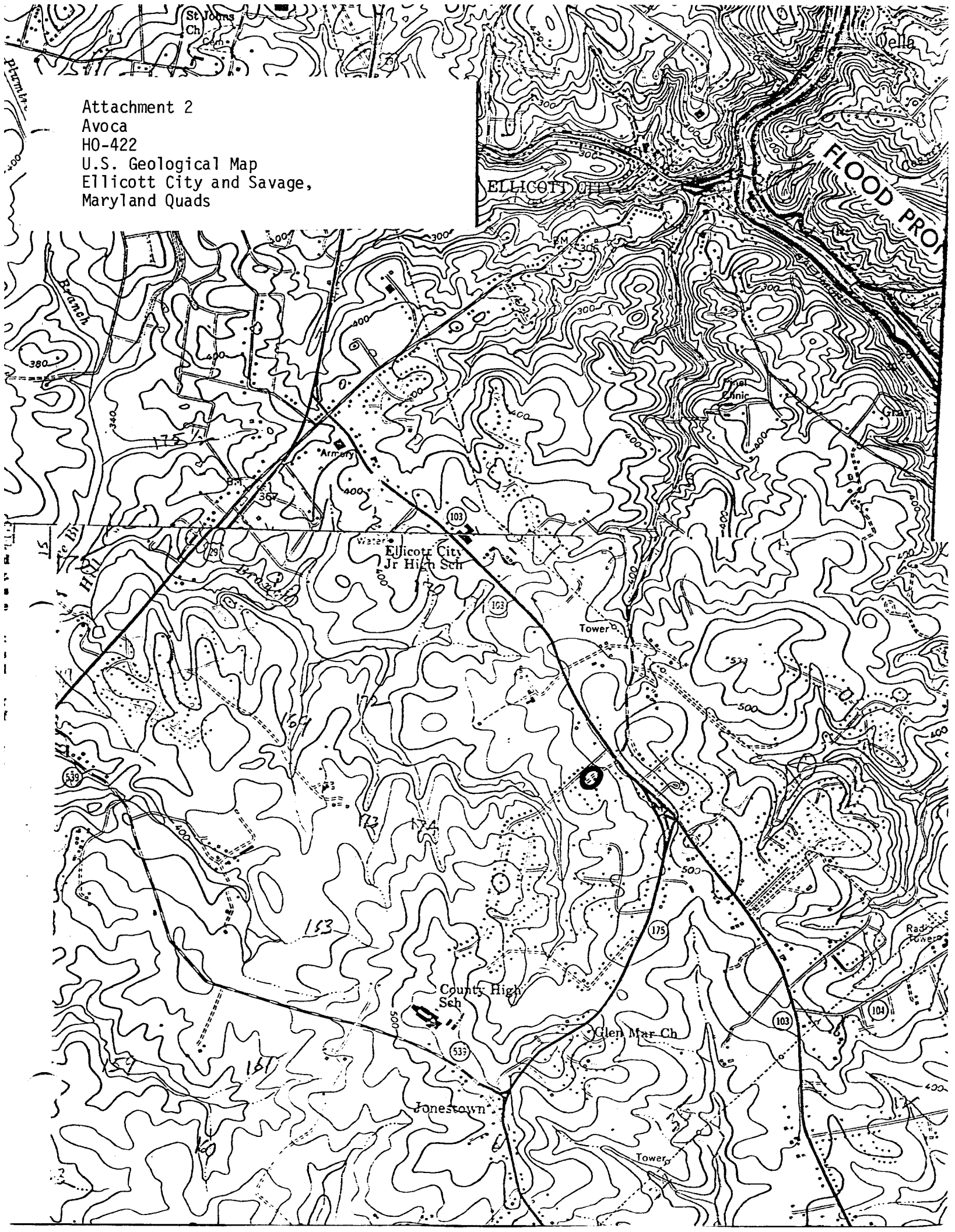
**EXPLANATIONS**  
 Dist. & Co. Lines .....  
 County Roads .....  
 Private " .....  
 Turnpike " .....  
 Rail Roads .....  
 Streams .....  
 The figures along the Roads shows the distance in Rods from junction to junction thereof.



Attachment 4  
 Avoca  
 HO - 422  
 Hopkins Atlas of Howard County,  
 Md. - 1878

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1878  
 by G.M. Hopkins in the Office of the Librarian of Congress at Washington.

Attachment 2  
Avoca  
HO-422  
U.S. Geological Map  
Ellicott City and Savage,  
Maryland Quads







CLEORA BARNES THOMPSON  
PLANNING CONSULTANT  
HISTORIC

AUOCA  
Ho-422  
MAY-1977