Ho-239 The Herbiary Glenelg Private

eighteenth and nineteenth centuries

This outstanding Howard County landmark is an interesting architectural complex, incorporating a one story high, gabled roof (running eastwest) stone eighteenth century kitchen with wide brick west chimney with a three bay wide, one room deep, two and a half story, gabled roof (running north-south) early nineteenth century stone house, which creates an L plan. To the south wall of these structures has been added a charming gabled roof (running east-west) addition which in no way disturbs the harmony and integrity of the original composition.

The house stands on "Second Discovery", patented in 1729 by Vachel and Joseph Howard and is notable today for its outstanding herb garden, featuring some 45 different herbs, created over a period of eight years by Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Rhinelander, present owners.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

HO-239 District 5 MAGI# 1402395204

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME					
HISTORIC	The Hambians				
AND/OR COMMON	The Herbiary				
2 LOCATION	N				
STREET & NUMBER	Folly Quarter Road				
CITY, TOWN Glene			congressional distri 6th Distr		
STATE Maryla		_ VICINITY OF	COUNTY		
3 CLASSIFIC	CATION		novaju		
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENT USE	
X_DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM	
BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	_UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK	
STRUCTURE	_вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	XPRIVATE RESIDENCE	
SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION _IN PROCESS	A COLOUIDEE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS	
_050001	IN PROCESSBEING CONSIDERED	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL	SCIENTIFICTRANSPORTATION	
		NO	MILITARY	_OTHER	
4 OWNER O	F PROPERTY				
NAME Mr. &	Mrs. Frederick Rhine	lander	Telephone #: 28	6-2427	
STREET & NUMBER	Folly Quarter Road				
CITY, TOWN	Glenelg, Maryland	_ VICINITY OF	STATE , Z	ip code	
5 LOCATION	N OF LEGAL DESC	RIPTION	Liber #: 762		
COURTHOUSE.	ere Hallace n	Tau Ma 00 1	Folio #: 396		
REGISTRY OF DEEDS	Hall of Records	, Tax Map 22 p. 1	64		
	Howard County Co	ourt House			
CITY, TOWN	Ellicott City		STATE	ryland	
6 REPRESEN	NTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS			
TITLE					
	County Historic Site	s Inventory			
DATE 1978		FEDERAL	XSTATE _COUNTY _LOCAL		
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Maryland Historical	Trust			
CITY, TOWN			STATE		
	21 State Circle, An	napolis	Mary	land	

CONDITION

EXCELLENT __GOOD

__FAIR

__DETERIORATED
__RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

-UNALTERED

XALTERED

District 5
CHECK ONE
X_ORIGINAL SITE

Ho-239

__moved date____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Herbiary faces east on the south side of Folly Quarter Road 700 feet west of Jumper's Hill Lane. It consists of two stone buildings and a frame addition built in a "T" plan.

The original eighteenth century one story high, gabled roof (running east-west) fieldstone building faces south with a wide corbeled brick chimney inset into its west wall, holding a large cooking fire place. Its ceiling beams are now exposed, creating a spacious kitchen. Formerly there was an upstairs loft with four light casement windows located on either side of the chimney. A rectangular double-hung window with projecting stone sill and flat stone lintel is located on its north wall and the original rectangular entrance located on its south wall. remainder of the building's south wall was eliminated sometime in the nineteenth century when a frame addition was made to the eighteenth structure and the large two and a half story stone house constructed in 1816 or shortly thereafter. The latter extends northward along the east wall of the original stone house. a large, three bay wide, one room deep, two and a half story, gabled roof (running north-south) field stone house, built with full basement which appears as a first floor on the east elevation. Wide brick chimneys are inset into its north and south walls.

The present rectangular cross paneled door with three lights is located in the central bay of its west wall with a six over six rectangular staircase window above. A similar first and second floor window are located in its north bay while its south bay holds a rectangular entrance into the eighteenth century kitchen. All the windows are decorated with projecting fieldstone sills.

The East Elevation

The east elevation holds a rectangular basement entrance and four light basement window with three first and second floor windows similar to those on the west elevation which are vertically aligned and proportionally scaled.

Both the east and west elevations feature "A" framed gabled windows which hold three-three light, arched casement windows, a later addition to the house.

The present first floor central window on this east elevation was at one time the main entrance to the house. The staircase has been changed and the building oriented westward to allow for a first floor powder room, the door being altered to provide the present window which matches those of the first floor.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

The north elevation features two, two-two light casement windows with projecting wooden lintels, while the south elevation features a similar attic window in its west bay.

A two bay wide, two bay deep, high pitched gabled roof (running north-south) frame addition (two stories high built into the southern slope of the ground) rests along the south wall of the eighteenth and nineteenth century structures. It features rectangular, double-hung windows with six-over-six lights and a sliding plate glass west ground floor entrance with a flat roofed open porch on its east elevation leading down to the lovely herb garden. The latter features a fine oval within a rectangular outer brick path, encompassing geometrically designed gardens, featuring some 45 different herbs.

The interior features the large cooking fireplace of the eighteenth century kitchen, (see Figure 4) as well as paneling and chairrails which were designed and crafted to integrate with the existing original wood work found in the house. Please see Figures 1-3. The original mantlepiece in the present first floor bedroom is early and simple in character and design (see Figure 1.)

The foundation for the old stone slave quarters lies south of the house and is the site for the present vegetable garden.

The Hall House, located on the north side of Folly Quarter Road, opposite the driveway into the Herbiary, is identical in plan to the slave house once located here.

The large stone house dates from 1816 (see Significance statement) and the frame addition was constructed in 1965. The original kitchen may be as early as 1760.

Pottery, old glass bottles and remnants of old hurricane lamps have been found on the site.

The outstanding herb garden was constructed by Mr. Rhinelander over a period of some eight years.

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
—PREHISTORIC —1400-1499 —1500-1599 —1600-1699 —1700-1799 —1800-1899 —1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE ARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE COMMUNICATIONS	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT JINDUSTRY INVENTION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE LMILITARY LMUSIC LPHILOSOPHY LPOLITICS/GOVERNMENT	—RELIGION —SCIENCE —SCULPTURE —SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN —THEATER —TRANSPORTATION —OTHER (SPECIFY)	

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Herbiary is significant both architecturally and historically.

The attached plat of Mr. and Mrs. Rhinelander's area, see attachement 4, was taken from Dr. Caleb Dorsey's land grant map of Howard County. The present house stands on "Second Discovery", patented in 1729 by Vachel and Joseph Howard. Some of the original acreage may also have comprised a part of "Howard's Resolution".

Wavertree is also located on "Second Discovery" and has an entrance one mile east of the Howard County Hunt Club on the north side of Triadelphia Road. See HO-125.

The following historical chronology is taken from the private papers of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Rhinelander, compiled by Mrs. C. F. Shaw.

"Second Discovery" comprised lands taken up by Joseph Howard of near South River, Anne Arundel County upon which he settled his son Henry, who in 1731 married Sara Dorsey. (See p. 274 Anne Arundel Gentry). She was given a part of Dorsey's Grove by her father, which adjoined (443 acres) in 1735. In 1736, "Second Discovery" was deeded to Henry by his father, 310 acres. Joseph Higgins (grandson) received 100 acres.

In 1736, Henry Howard held pew 12 at Christ Church (near Guilford).

The Rent Rolls of 1753 list owners of "Second Discovery" as:

Henry Howard 416 acres
Joseph 100 acres
Philip Warfield 93 acres
William Hobbs & Chas. Ridgely 301 acres

Hobbs Lot

Philip Warfield

65 acres

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

Altogether

Philip Warfield	150 acres (bought from Hobbs)
Michael Dorsey	250 acres
Edward Dorsey	250 acres
Mrs. Eliz. Ridgely	100 acres
Nicholas Watkins	300 acres

In the 1798 Tax List is found:

Hannah Ridgely on part of "Second Discovery"
as owner and occupant of:

1	Stone Dwelling	26 x 18	out	of	repair
1	Stone Kitchen	20×16	**	11	îı
1	Log Stable	20×12			

She joined Lydia Hobbs.

This is the only reference found of a dwelling on "Second Discovery" by Mrs. Shaw.

In further research undertaken by the Rhinelanders, a property title search revealed that on April 2, 1816 (Anne Arundel County WS6. #4 #310) Mr. Edward T. Inglehard paid \$5,139.56 to Lancelot Hobbs, etal for their undivided 5/6th of the first part of "Second Discovery" "conveyed to William Hobbs, Jr. by his father, William Hobbs, the older, in 1784". The property consisted of 150 acres more or less.

The present owners believe the one story high stone kitchen was the same building mentioned in the 1798 Tax List as belonging to Hannah Ridgely (Wavertree's three sided stone addition was added to an earlier log house circa 1810 which eliminates it from consideration.) The two story high stone main body of the house is believed to date from circa 1816, the time the property was sold to Mr. Inglehart for \$5,139.56, a considerable sum for those days. This interesting 1816 deed mentions several pieces of furniture sold with the house at that time.

The Inglehart's remained on the property for some fifty years. An S.E. Iglehart is noted on the Martenet Map of 1860. By 1878, the property had been transferred to Charles Linthicum who is noted on the Hopkins Atlas of that year.

In addition to old maps and deeds indicating the age and history of the house, numerous artifacts have been found around the main house, and the site of the old stone quarters, south of the house, how used as a vegetable garden. These include numerous old bottles and an interesting 1854 Indonesian coin.

Historically noteworthy in its associations with Howard County's early settlers and architecturally significant as one of Howard County's fine old stone houses, its value has been further enhanced by the tasteful additions made to, and thoughtful preservation of, this fine eighteenth and nineteenth century home by the present owners, Mr. and Mrs. Rhinelander.

The architectural complex we see today presents a unified and well integrated building, whose interior plan, as well as exterior appearance, "works". The construction of a fine herb garden adjacent to the house is an additional feature.

Surrounded by growing residential development, the integrity of the site should be insured by its inclusion to the National Register for Historic Places.

HO-239 District 5

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Private Papers and Sketches of Mrs. Frederick Rhinelander Interview with Mrs. Rhinelander at the Herbiary, March 27, 1978 Hopkins Atlas of 1878

CONTINUE C)N	SEPARATE	SHEET	ΙF	NECESSARY
------------	----	----------	-------	----	-----------

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 16.09 Acres

Please see attachment 1, tax Map 22

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Please see Howard County Records, Liber 762 Folio 396

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Howard

STATE

COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Cleora Barnes Thompson, Archivist

ORGANIZATION

DATE

Office of Planning & Zoning-Comprehensive Planning Section 465-5000 x257

STREET & NUMBER

TELEPHONE

3450 Court House Drive

CITY OR TOWN

Ellicott City

STATE

Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

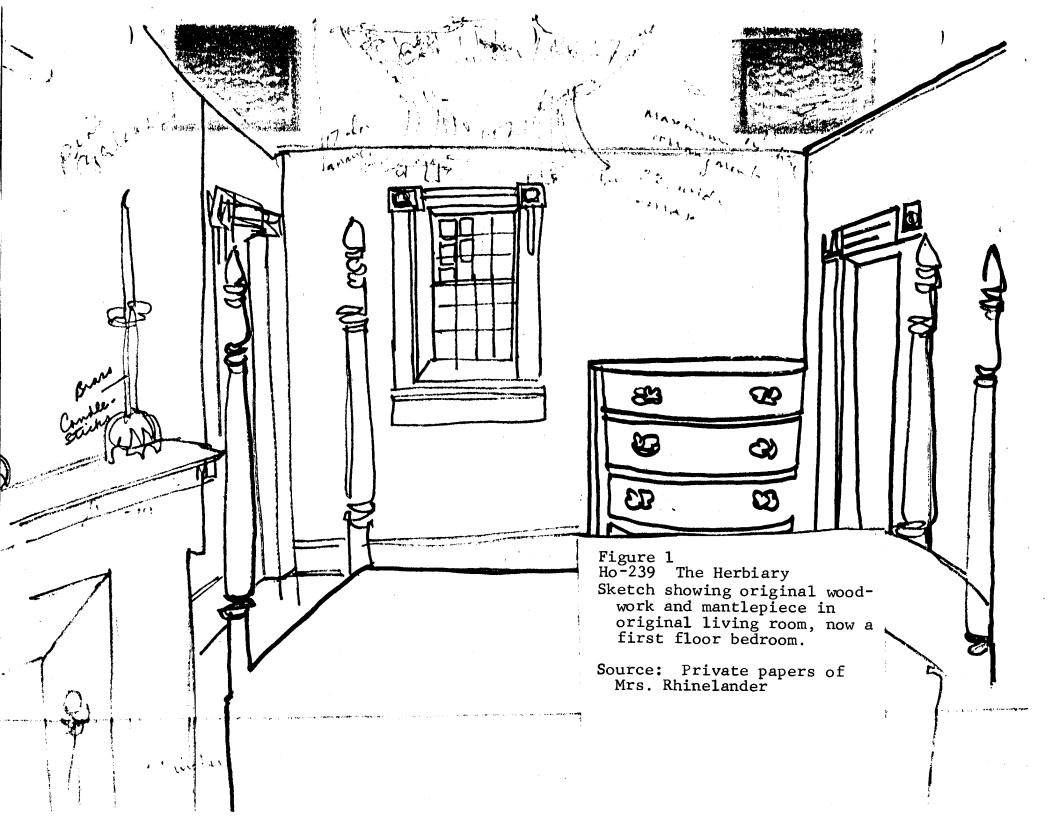
The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

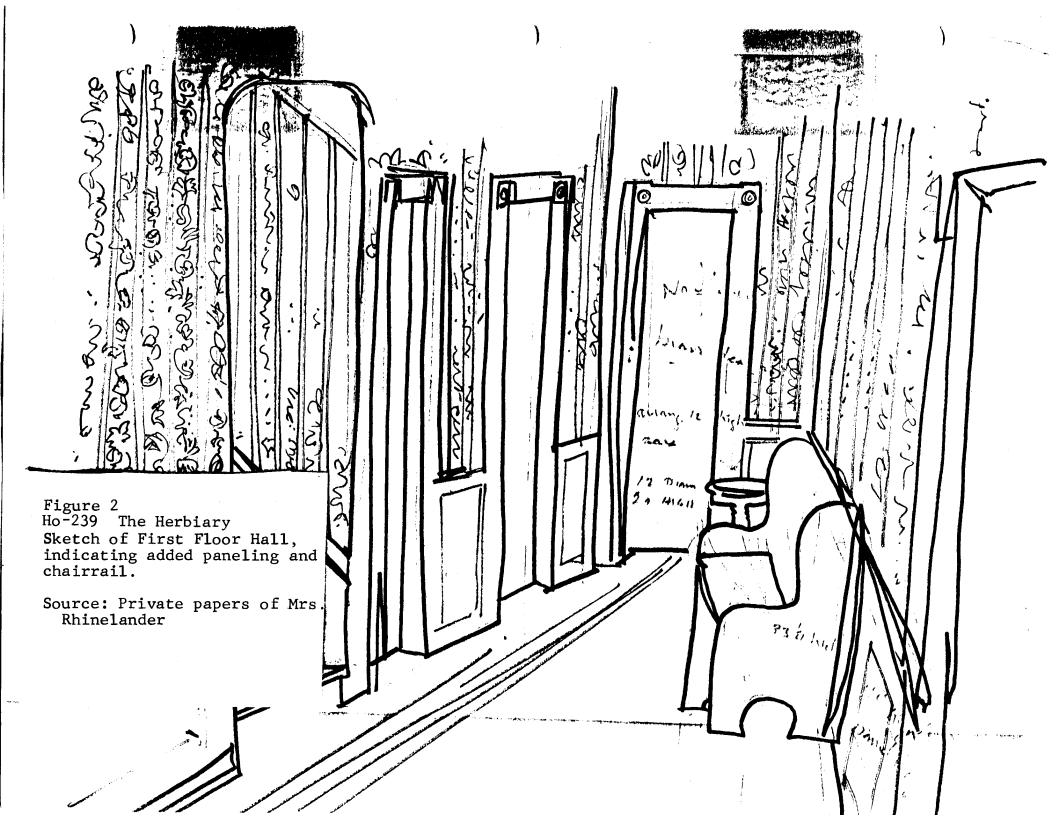
RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

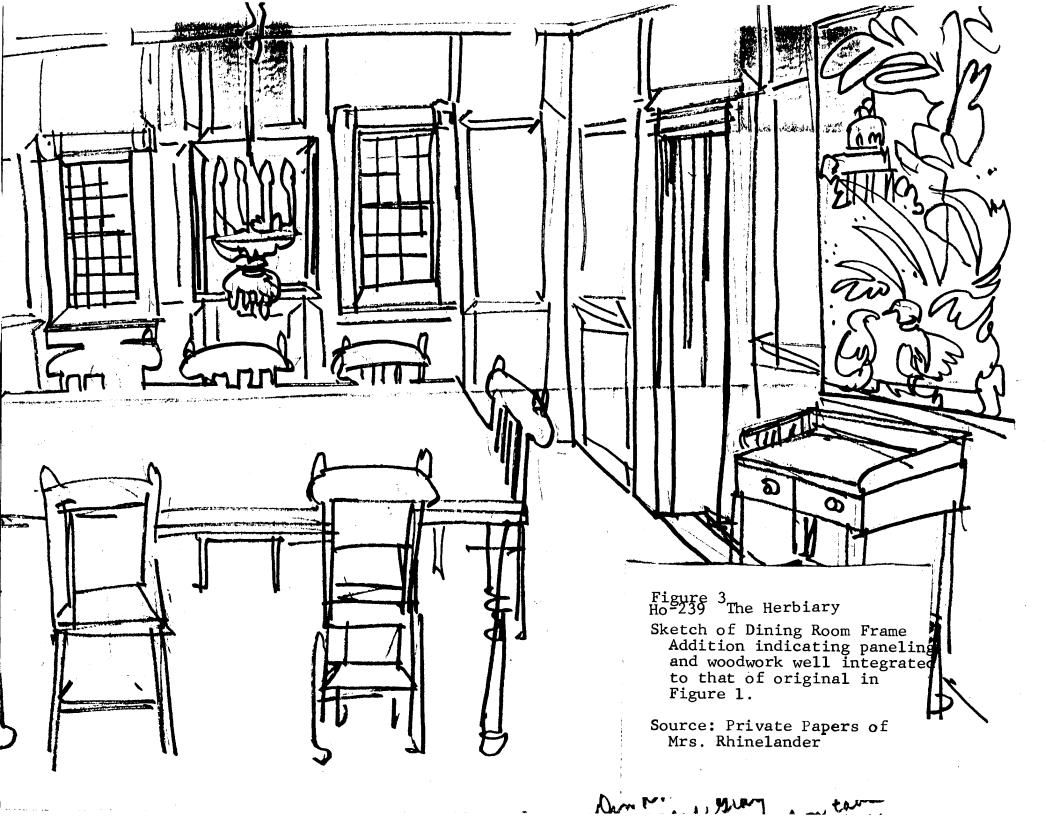
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

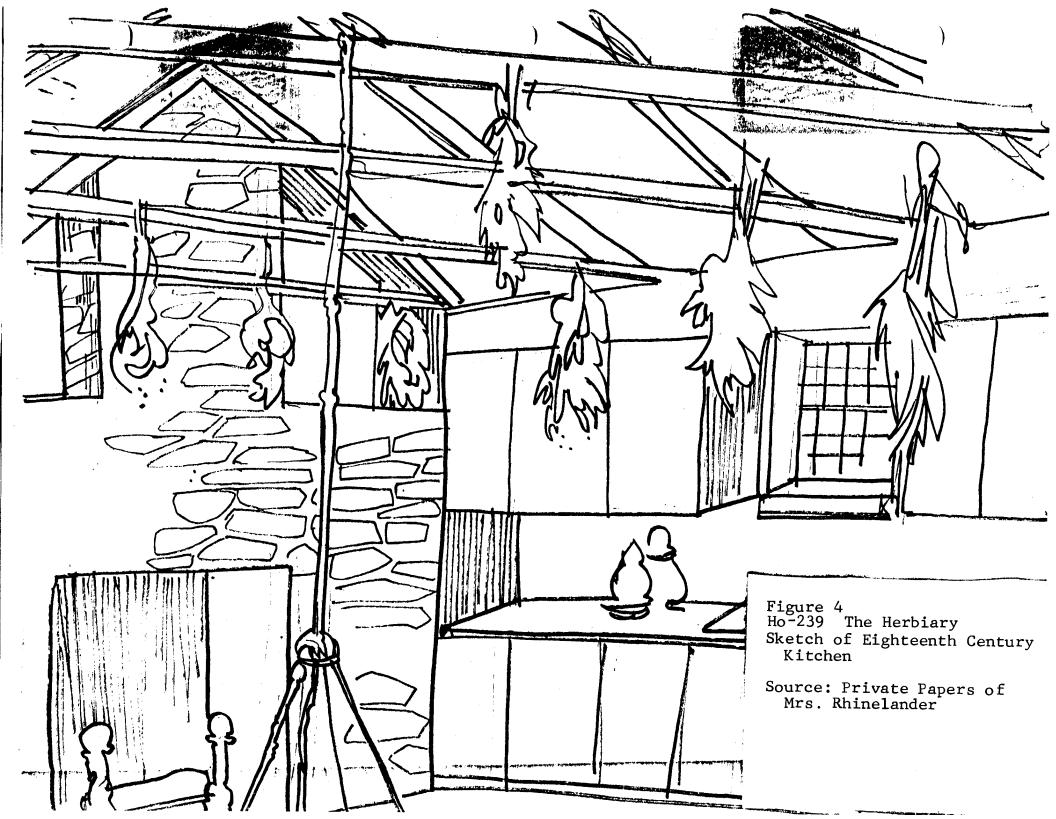
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438









lgure 5 HO-239 The Herbiary East Elevation Note: Ground floor altered. No six-over-six light windows north of door. CEILING Her FUR. LIVING ROOM FOR STATE OF BASEMENT - HT'R. RM., LAUNDRY FAMILY POUNT TO ALT

AND THE FORESTE & TRANSLANDER

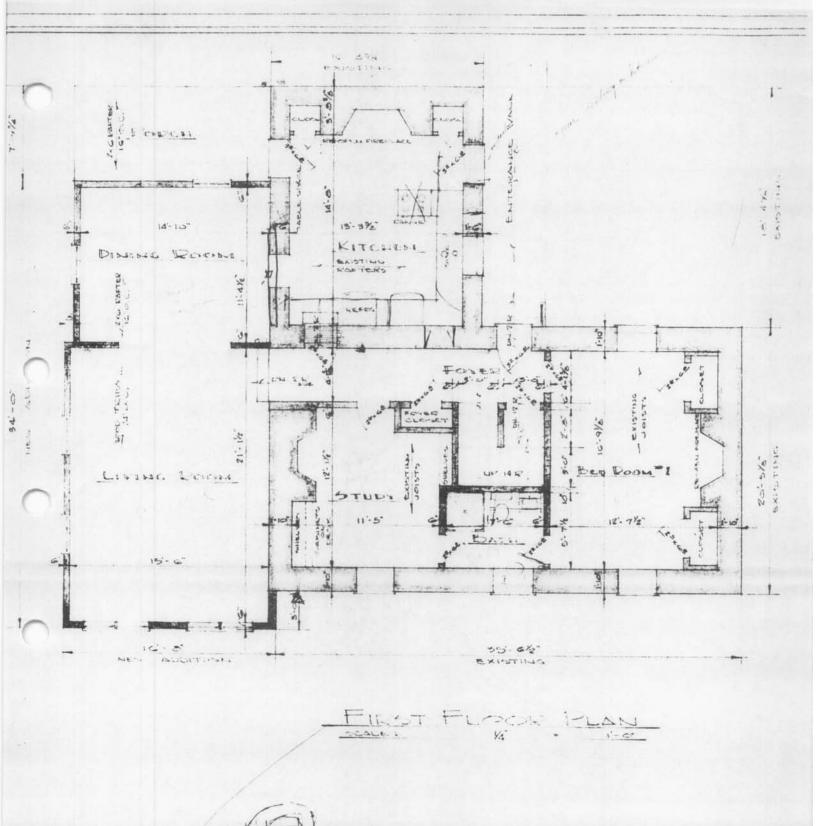


Figure 6 HO-239 The Herbiary First Floor Plan

PROMOTED DE FESS MISS M GLENELG.

PHILIP WAR

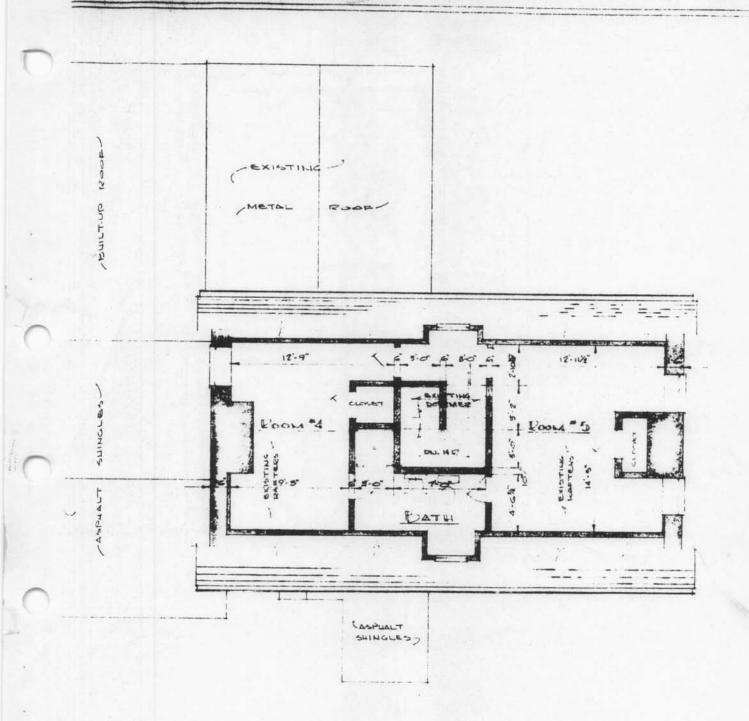
EXISTING | ROSE Roof MILTAL 12-11% ++ Der ROOM 2 BED ROOM "3 IN UR PIATH Sueo & LOW STORENGE ROOF ASPUALT SHINGLES) De - 2/2" EXITING - DECOND-FLOOR-PLAN-CALE -

Plan

Figure 7 HO-239 The Herbiary Second Floor F

FOR MR. & MRS F

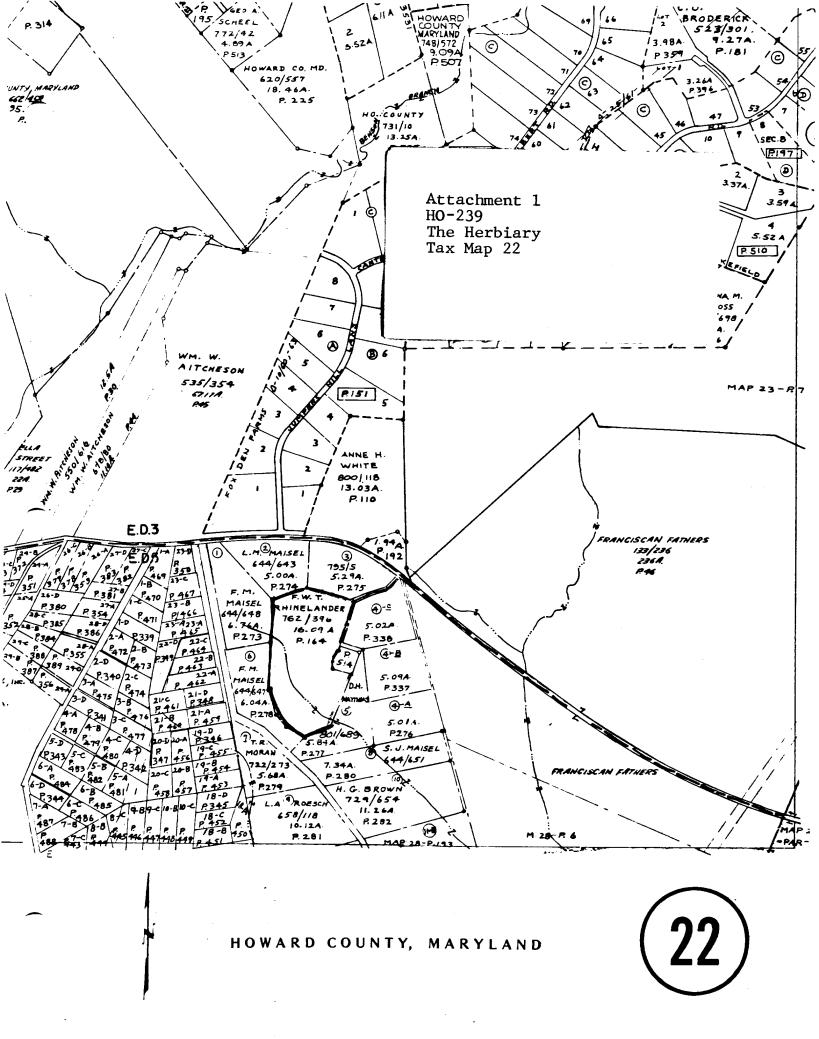
PHILIP WAREHITE



-THELD-FLOOR PLANT

Figure 8 HO-239 The Herbiary Third Floor Plan FOR MR. & MRS. FLEDI

Para MALLANTET









HO-239
THE HERBIARY
WEST
CHEORA THOMPSON, AIP
APRIL-1978