50IL5 LEGEND					
50IL	NAME	CLA55	'K'VALUE		
GhB	Glenelg—Urban land complex, 0 to 8 percent slopes	В	0.20		
GnB	Glenville—Baile silt loams, 0 to 8 percent slopes	С	0.37		
	HOWARD COUNTY SOIL MAP 13; ELLICOTT CIT	Y SW QUA	DRANGLE		

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES							
AREA ID	LOCATION	DRAINAGE AREA SF.	% IMPERVIOUS	ESDV REQUIRED CuF†.	ESDV PROVIDED CuF†.	MICRO BIO-RETENTION M-6 (Y/N)	DRYWELLS M-5 (Y/N)
1	LOT 1	8,643	31.0%	281 (STORAGE)	320 (STORAGE)	Υ	
2	LOT 1	825	100.0%	105	112		Υ

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SUMMARY					
AREA ID.	ESDV REQUIRED CU.FT.	E5Dv PROVIDED CU.FT.	Rev REQUIRED CU.FT.	Rev PROVIDED CU.FT.	REMARK5
SITE	530	493	73	201	MICRO-BIORETENTION (M-6) & DRY WELL (M-5)
TOTAL	530	493	73	201	

GROSS AREA = 0.45 AC. (TOTAL) LOD = 0.38 ACRE5RCN = 59.5

TARGET Pe = 1.6" RV = 0.05 + (0.009) (I); I=21

=0.22 (73% 'B' 50il, 27% 'C' 50ils)

Rev = (5) (Rv) (A)/12

= (0.22) (0.24) (0.30)/12= 0.002 ac-ft or 73 cu-ft

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DESIGN NARRATIVE

THIS REPORT WILL DEMONSTRATE HOW THE CRITERIA SET FORTH IN THE MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUMES I AND II (EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 2000, REVISED MAY 2009) WILL BE SATISFIED ON THIS PROJECT. THE GOAL OF CREATING HYDROLOGY SIMILAR TO THAT OF "WOODS IN GOOD CONDITION" WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED THOUGH THE USE OF THE PRACTICES CONTAINED WITHIN CHAPTER 5 OF SAID MANUAL. THE ACHIEVEMENT OF THIS GOAL WILL REMOVE THE REQUIREMENT OF PROVIDING CHANNEL PROTECTION VOLUME.

GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS:

LOT 2 IS PART OF THE SUBDIVISION "SHOWN PROPERTY LOTS 1, LOT 2, AND OPEN SPACE LOT 3" WHICH IS ZONED R-20 (RESIDENTIAL: SINGLE). IT IS LOCATED ON TAX MAP 17, PARCEL NO. 19, OF THE HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND TAX MAP DATABASE SYSTEM. THE PROPERTY WAS RECORDED AS PLAT NO. 15696 ON NOVEMBER 26, 2002. LOT 2 HAS AN AREA OF 0.450 ACRES AND IS NOT ENCUMBERED BY ANY ON-SITE EASEMENTS (PUBLIC OR PRIVATE), WETLANDS, OR ENVIRONMENTAL SETBACKS. THE DRAINAGE FROM THE AREA OF THE PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS AREAS CONSISTING OF A SINGLE-FAMILY DETACHED HOME WITH LEAD WALK AND DRIVEWAY WILL FLOW BY WAY OF ROOF DRAINS AND GRADING TO THE PROPOSED MICRO-BIORETENTION LOCATED IN THE LEFT SIDE OF THE SUBJECT PROPERTY. THE REMAINING PORTION OF THE LOT DRAINS TO THE SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST TO OPEN SPACE LOT 3 WHERE A WETLAND AREA IS LOCATED. PER THE HOWARD COUNTY WEB SOILS SURVEY, DATED MARCH 2018, SOILS ON THE OVERALL SITE CONSIST OF "GHB" GLENELG-URBAN LAND COMPLEX (Ø TO Ø PERCENT SLOPES), A TYPE B SOIL, AND "GNB" GLENVILLE-BAILE SILT LOAMS (0 TO 0 PERCENT SLOPES), A TYPE C SOIL.

. NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION:

ALTHOUGH NO NATURAL RESOURCES ARE LOCATED ON THIS SITE, THERE IS ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS AND SPECIMEN TREES LOCATED OFF-SITE. THIS PROJECT'S PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS HAVE BEEN LOCATED ON THE EAST SIDE OF THE LOT LIMITING THE DISTURBANCE IN THE AREA OF THE OFF-SITE SPECIMEN TREE'S CRITICAL ROOT ZONE.

II. MAINTENANCE OF NATURAL FLOW PATTERNS:

IT IS THE INTENT OF THE PROPOSED DESIGN TO DISCHARGE RUNOFF SIMILAR TO THE CHARACTERISTICS AND DIRECTION OF THIS SITE PRIOR TO ANY OF THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS.

III. REDUCTION OF IMPERVIOUS AREAS THROUGH BETTER SITE DESIGN. ALTERNATIVE SURFACES AND NONSTRUCTURAL PRACTICES:

THE DESIGN OF THIS PROJECT PROPOSES ONE INDIVIDUAL DRIVEWAY FOR A PROPOSED SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED HOUSE. ALL PROPOSED IMPERVIOUS SURFACES ARE RECEIVING TREATMENT THROUGH USE OF ESD PRACTICES, IT SHOULD ALSO BE NOTED THAT EXISTING IMPERVIOUS AREAS ARE BEING REMOVED AS PART OF THIS PROJECT.

IV. INTEGRATION OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS INTO STORMWATER STRATEGY:

SUPER SILT FENCE WILL BE UTILIZED TO PROVIDE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. v. <u>Implementation of esd planning techniques and practices to the maximum</u>

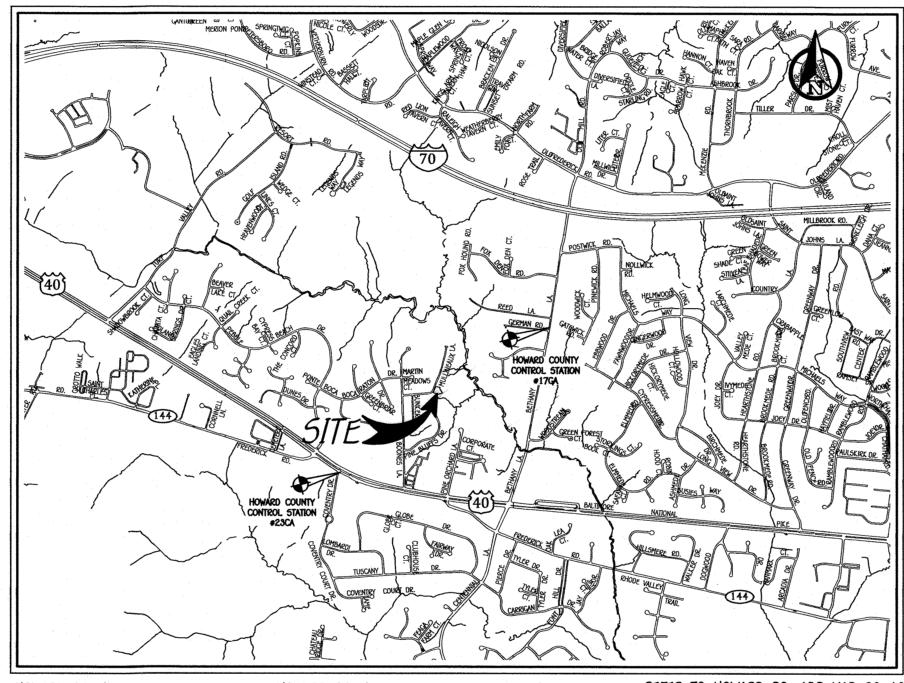
EXTENT PRACTICABLE (MEP): THE FULL REQUIRED ESD VOLUME IS BEING PROVIDED. VI. <u>REQUEST FOR DESIGN MANUAL WAIVER:</u>

NO WAIVERS ARE EXPECTED TO BE REQUIRED ON THIS PROJECT.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPT PLAN SHOWN PROPERTY

LOT 2

ZONING: R-20 (RESIDENTIAL: SINGLE DISTRICT) TAX MAP No. 17 GRID No. 19 PARCEL No. 129 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



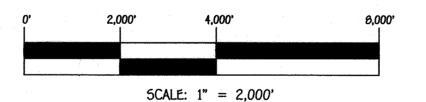
HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC SURVEY CONTROL NO. 17GB GEODETIC SURVEY CONTROL NO. 23CA N 592,656.77 E 1,353,019.98 N 588,035.645 E 1,348,385.607

ELEVATION: 482.187

ELEVATION: 441.515

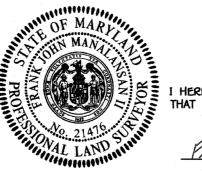
REFER TO HOWARD CO. ADC MAP 28-A6

VICINITY MAP 5CALE: 1" = 2.000"



FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS ENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE (410) 461 - 2055

Approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning Chief, Division Of Land Development



PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 21476, EXPIRATION DATE: 7/14/21.

OWNER WALTER GORDON SHOWN SR PAULA KATHLEEN SHOWN 3079 MULLINEAUX LN ELLICOTT CITY MD 21042-2151 410-733-3337

DEVELOPER WALTER GORDON SHOWN SR. PAULA KATHLEEN SHOWN 3079 MULLINEAUX LN ELLICOTT CITY MD 21042-2151 410-733-3337

GENERAL NOTES

- THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED R-20 (PER 10/06/13 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN.) 2. BOUNDARY IS BASED ON A FIELD RUN SURVEY PERFORMED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER ON
- 3. CONTOURS ARE BASED ON A TOPOGRAPHIC FIELD RUN SURVEY PERFORMED BY FISHER, COLLIN AND CARTER, ON OR ABOUT NOVEMBER, 2018.
- 4. COORDINATES BASED ON NAD'83 MARYLAND COORDINATE SYSTEM AS PROJECTED BY HOWARD STATIONS NO. 17GA AND NO. 23CA:

HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NO. 17GB N 592,656.774 E 1,353,019.981 ELEV. 441.515' N 588.035.645

- E 1,348,385.607 ELEV. 482.187' 5. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE M.D.E. STORM WATER DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUMES I & II, REVISED 2009. THIS PLAN PROPOSES THE USE OF ONE (1) M-6 MICRO-BIORETENTION FACILITY AND ONE (1) M-5 DRYWELL.
- 6. THIS PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT. PUBLIC WATER AND SEWER WILL BE UTILIZED FOR THIS PROJECT. 7. ANY DAMAGE TO THE COUNTY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE CORRECTED AT THE DEVELOPER'S
- 6. NO GRADING, REMOVAL OF VEGETATIVE COVER OR TREES, PAVING AND NEW STRUCTURES SHALL
- BE PERMITTED WITHIN THE REQUIRED WETLANDS, STREAM(S) OR THEIR BUFFERS, FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREAS AND 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN. 9. THERE ARE NO WETLANDS, STREAMS OR THEIR BUFFERS LOCATED WITHIN THE BOUNDAR'
- 10. LANDSCAPING WILL BE PROVIDED AT THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN STAGE OF THIS PROJECT

- 13. APPROVAL OF THIS ECP DOES NOT CONSTITUTE APPROVAL OF SUBSEQUENT OR ASSOCIATED SUBDIVISION OR SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS OR RED-LINE REVISIONS. REVIEW OF THIS PROJECT AND THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS SHALL OCCUR AT THE SUBDIVISION PLAN, SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN, OR RED-LINE REVISION PROCESSES. THE APPLICANT AND CONSULTANT SHOULD EXPECT ADDITIONAL AND MORE DETAILED REVIEW COMMENTS (INCLUDING COMMENTS THAT MAY ALTER THE OVERALL SITE DESIGN) AS THE PROJECT PROGRESSES THROUGH THE PLAN

SITE ANALYSIS DATA CHART

- A. TOTAL AREA OF THIS SUBMISSION = 0.45 AC.± B. LIMIT OF DISTURBED AREA = 0.38 Ac.± (SWM BASED ON LOD)
- PRESENT ZONING DESIGNATION = R-20 (PER 10/06/2013 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN)
- PROPOSED USE: RESIDENTIAL SINGLE FAMILY DETACHED PREVIOUS HOWARD COUNTY FILES: F-02-146
- TOTAL AREA OF FLOODPLAIN LOCATED ON-SITE = 0 A

- TOTAL AREA OF EXISTING FOREST
- TOTAL AREA OF FOREST TO BE RETAINED TOTAL AREA OF LOTS / BUILDABLE PARCELS TOTAL GREEN OPEN AREA (PERVIOUS) $= 0.37 \text{ AC} \pm$
- TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA = 0.00 AC± (WITHIN LOD, EXCLUDES EXISTING IMPERVIOUS)
- P. TOTAL AREA OF ERODIBLE SOILS $= 0.04 \text{ AC} \pm$

	LEGEND		
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION		
	EXISTING CONTOUR 2' INTERVAL		
	EXISTING CONTOUR 10' INTERVAL		
	PROPOSED CONTOUR 10' INTERVAL		
	PROPOSED CONTOUR 2' INTERVAL		
	EX. FEATURES TO BE DEMOLISHED		
×448.5	SPOT ELEVATION		
<u>18"_50</u>	EXISTING STORM DRAIN		
15"RCCP	PROPOSED STORM DRAIN PIPE		
[本] EX. F.H.	EXISTING WATER LINE		
— <u>8"5</u> —€	EXISTING SEWER LINE		
С	EXISTING CABLE LINE		
G	EXISTING GAS LINE		
онw	EXISTING OVERHEAD WIRE		
	PROPOSED PAVING/ PATH		
4 4 4	PROPOSED SIDEWALKS		
0 0 0	FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT FENCING		
	EXISTING TREE LINE		
~~~~	PROPOSED TREE LINE		
GnB GhB	SOIL LINES AND TYPES		
	BIO RETENTION FACILITY (F-6) OR (M-6) AS NOTED		
0 0	PROPOSED ROOF LEADER		
(°) **	DENOTES EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN		
822	-CRITICAL ROOT ZONE		
	STEEP SLOPES 15% OR GREATER		
	STEEP SLOPES 25% OR GREATER		
	STEEP SLOPES 20% OR GREATER		

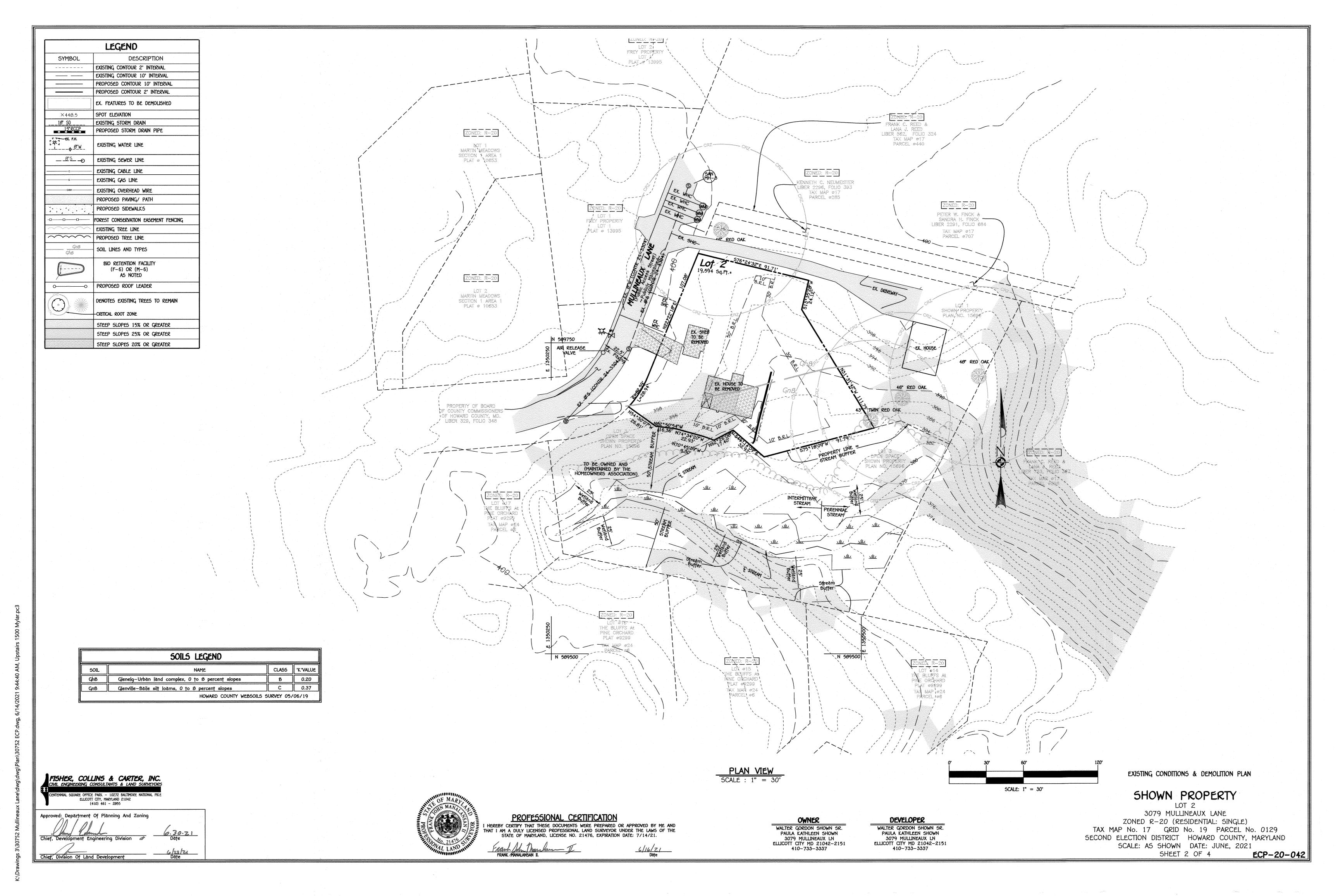
LEGEND

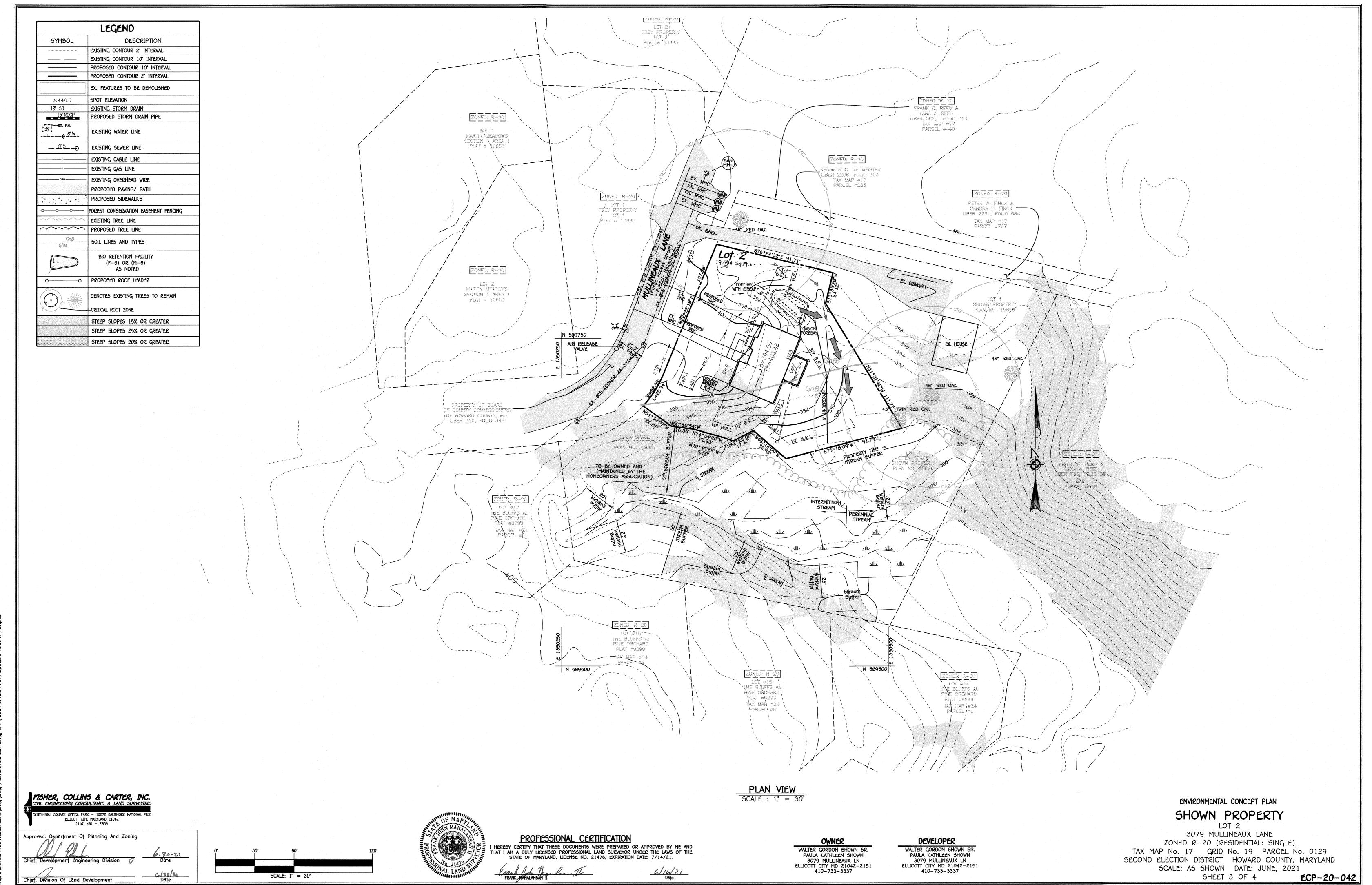
## SHOWN PROPERTY

3079 MULLINEAUX LANE ZONED R-20 (RESIDENTIAL: SINGLE) TAX MAP No. 17 GRID No. 19 PARCEL No. 0129 SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: JUNE, 2021

SHEET 1 OF 4

ECP-20-042





nas 3/30752 Mullineaux Lane\dwa\dwa\dwa\Dlan\30752 ECP dwa 6/14/2021 9-46:01 AM Thetairs 1500 Mylar n

INFILTRATION AND FILTER SYSTEMS EITHER TAKE ADVANTAGE OF EXISTING PERMEABLE SOILS OR CREATE A PERMEABLE MEDIUM SUCH AS SAND FOR WC), AND RE V. IN SOME INSTANCES WHERE PERMEABILITY IS GREAT, THESE FACILITIES MAY BE USED FOR QP AS WELL. THE MOST COMMON SYSTEMS INCLUDE INFILTRATION TRENCHES, INFILTRATION BASINS, SAND FILTERS, AND ORGANIC FILTERS.

WHEN PROPERLY PLANTED, VEGETATION WILL THRIVE AND ENHANCE THE FUNCTIONING OF THESE SYSTEMS. FOR EXAMPLE, PRE-TREATMENT BUFFERS WILL TRAP SEDIMENTS THAT OFTEN ARE BOUND WITH PHOSPHOROUS AND METALS. VEGETATION PLANTED IN THE FACILITY WILL AID IN NUTRIENT UPTAKE AND WATER STORAGE. ADDITIONALLY, PLANT ROOTS WILL PROVIDE ARTERIES FOR STORMWATER TO PERMEATE SOIL FOR GROUNDWATER RECHARGE. FINALLY, SUCCESSFUL PLANTINGS PROVIDE AESTHETIC VALUE AND WILDLIFE HABITAT MAKING THESE FACILITIES MORE DESIRABLE TO THE PUBLIC.

DESIGN CONSTRAINTS:

> PLANTING BUFFER STRIPS OF AT LEAST 20 FEET WILL CAUSE SEDIMENTS TO SETTLE OUT BEFORE REACHING THE FACILITY, THEREBY REDUCING THE POSSIBILITY OF CLOGGING.

> DETERMINE AREAS THAT WILL BE SATURATED WITH WATER AND WATER TABLE DEPTH 50 THAT APPROPRIATE PLANTS MAY BE SELECTED (HYDROLOGY WILL BE SIMILAR TO BIORETENTION FACILITIES, SEE FIGURE A.5 AND TABLE A.4 FOR PLANTING MATERIAL GUIDANCE).

> PLANTS KNOWN TO SEND DOWN DEEP TAPROOTS SHOULD BE AVOIDED IN SYSTEMS WHERE FILTER FABRIC IS USED AS PART OF FACILITY DESIGN. > TEST SOIL CONDITIONS TO DETERMINE IF SOIL AMENDMENTS ARE NECESSARY.

> PLANTS SHALL BE LOCATED SO THAT ACCESS IS POSSIBLE FOR STRUCTURE MAINTENANCE. > STABILIZE HEAVY FLOW AREAS WITH EROSION CONTROL MATS OR SOD. > TEMPORARILY DIVERT FLOWS FROM SEEDED AREAS UNTIL VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED.

> SEE TABLE A.5 FOR ADDITIONAL DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS. BIO-RETENTION

SOIL BED CHARACTERISTICS

THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SOIL FOR THE BIORETENTION FACILITY ARE PERHAPS AS IMPORTANT AS THE FACILITY LOCATION, SIZE, AND TREATMENT VOLUME. THE SOIL MUST BE PERMEABLE ENOUGH TO ALLOW RUNOFF TO FILTER THROUGH THE MEDIA, WHILE HAVING CHARACTERISTICS SUITABLE TO PROMOTE AND SUSTAIN A ROBUST VEGETATIVE COVER CROP. IN ADDITION, MUCH OF THE NUTRIENT POLLUTANT UPTAKE (NITROGEN AND PHOSPHORUS) IS ACCOMPLISHED THROUGH ABSORPTION AND MICROBIAL ACTIVITY WITHIN THE SOIL PROFILE. THEREFORE, SOILS MUST BALANCE THEIR CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES TO SUPPORT BIOTIC COMMUNITIES ABOVE AND BELOW GROUND. THE PLANTING SOIL SHOULD BE A SANDY LOAM, LOAMY SAND, LOAM (USDA). OR A LOAM/SAND MIX (SHOULD

CONTAIN A MINIMUM 35 TO 60% SAND, BY VOLUME). THE CLAY CONTENT FOR THESE SOILS SHOULD BE LESS THAN 25% BY VOLUME [ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY RESOURCES (EQR), 1996; ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY INC. AND BIOHABITATS, INC. (ETAB). 1993]. SOILS SHOULD FALL WITHIN THE SM, ML, SC CLASSIFICATIONS OR THE UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (USCS). A PERMEABILITY OF AT LEAST 1.0 FEET PER DAY (0.5"/HR) IS REQUIRED (A CONSERVATIVE VALUE OF 0.5 FEET PER DAY IS USED FOR DESIGN). THE SOIL SHOULD BE FREE OF STONES, STUMPS, ROOTS, OR OTHER WOODY MATERIAL OVER 1" IN DIAMETER: BRUSH OR SEEDS FROM NOXIOUS WEEDS (E.G., JOHNSON GRASS, MUGWORT, NUTSEDGE, AND CANADA THISTLE OR OTHER NOXIOUS WEEDS AS SPECIFIED UNDER COMAR 15.08.01.05.) SHOULD NOT BE PRESENT IN THE SOILS. PLACEMENT OF THE PLANTING SOIL SHOULD BE IN 12 TO 10 LIFTS THAT ARE LOOSELY COMPACTED (TAMPED LIGHTLY WITH A BACKHOE BUCKET OR TRAVERSED BY DOZER TRACKS). THE SPECIFIC CHARACTERISTICS ARE PRESENTED IN TABLE A.3.

TABLE A.3 PLANTING SOIL CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER PH RANGE	VALUE		
PH RANGE	5.2 TO 7.00		
ORGANIC MATTER	1.5 TO 4.0% (BY WEIGHT)		
MAGNESIUM	35 LBS. PER ACRE, MINIMUM		
PHOSPHORUS (PHOSPHATE - P205)	75 LBS. PER ACRE, MINIMUM		
POTA55IUM (POTA5H -1(K2O)	05 LBS. PER ACRE, MINIMUM		
SOLUBLE SALTS	500 PPM		
CLAY	10 TO 25 %		
SILT	30 TO 55 %		
SAND	35 TO 60%		

THE MULCH LAYER PLAYS AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BIORETENTION SYSTEM. THE MULCH LAYER HELPS MAINTAIN SOIL MOISTURE AND AVOIDS SURFACE SEALING, WHICH REDUCES PERMEABILITY. MULCH HELPS PREVENT EROSION, AND PROVIDES A MICROENVIRONMENT SUITABLE FOR SOIL BIOTA AT THE MULCH/SOIL INTERFACE. IT ALSO SERVES AS A PRETREATMENT LAYER, TRAPPING THE FINER SEDIMENTS, WHICH REMAIN SUSPENDED AFTER THE PRIMARY PRETREATMENT.

THE MULCH LAYER SHOULD BE STANDARD LANDSCAPE STYLE, SINGLE OR DOUBLE SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH OR CHIPS. THE MULCH LAYER SHOULD BE WELL AGED (STOCKPILED OR STORED FOR AT LEAST 12 MONTHS), UNIFORM IN COLOR, AND FREE OF OTHER MATERIALS, SUCH AS WEED SEEDS, SOIL, ROOTS, ETC. THE MULCH SHOULD BE APPLIED TO A MAXIMUM DEPTH OF THREE INCHES. GRASS CLIPPINGS SHOULD NOT BE USED AS A MULCH MATERIAL.

PLANTING GUIDANCE PLANT MATERIAL SELECTION SHOULD BE BASED ON THE GOAL OF SIMULATING A TERRESTRIAL FORESTED COMMUNITY OF NATIVE SPECIES. BIORETENTION SIMULATES AN UPLAND-SPECIES ECOSYSTEM. THE COMMUNITY SHOULD BE DOMINATED BY TREES. BUT HAVE A DISTINCT COMMUNITY OF UNDERSTORY TREES SHRUBS AND HERBACEOUS MATERIALS. BY CREATING A DIVERSE, DENSE PLANT COVER, A BIORETENTION FACILITY WILL BE ABLE TO TREAT STORMWATER RUNOFF AND WITHSTAND URBAN STRESSES FROM INSECTS DISEASE, DROUGHT, TEMPERATURE, WIND, AND EXPOSURE.

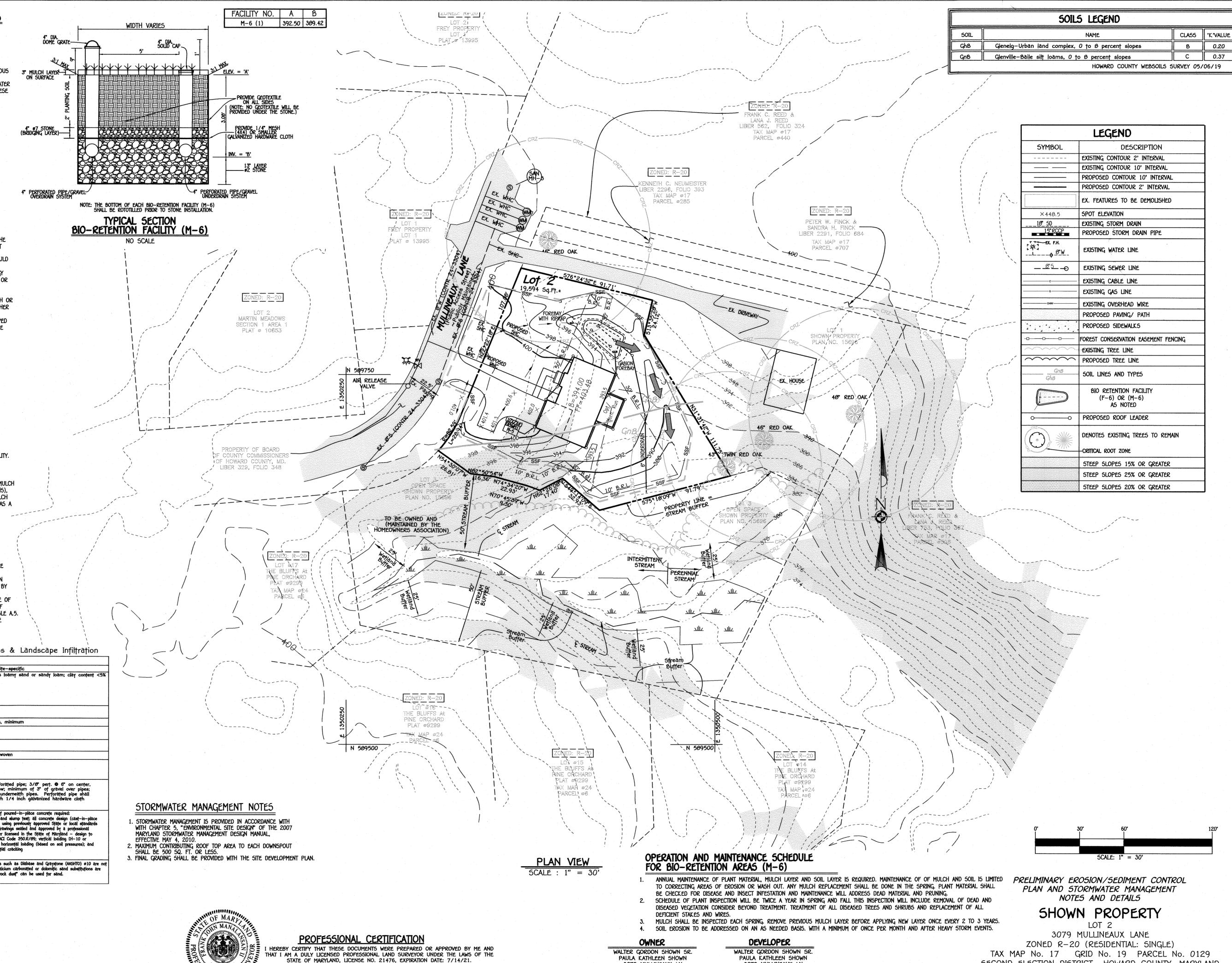
THE PROPER SELECTION AND INSTALLATION OF PLANT MATERIALS IS KEY TO A SUCCESSFUL SYSTEM. THERE ARE ESSENTIALLY THREE ZONES WITHIN A BIORETENTION FACILITY (FIGURE A.5). THE LOWEST ELEVATION SUPPORTS PLANT SPECIES ADAPTED TO STANDING AND FLUCTUATING WATER LEVELS. THE MIDDLE ELEVATION SUPPORTS PLANTS THAT LIKE DRIER SOIL CONDITIONS, BUT CAN STILL TOLERATE OCCASIONAL INUNDATION BY WATER. THE OUTER EDGE

IS THE HIGHEST ELEVATION AND GENERALLY SUPPORTS PLANTS ADAPTED TO DRYER CONDITIONS. A SAMPLE OF APPROPRIATE PLANT MATERIALS FOR BIORETENTION FACILITIES ARE INCLUDED IN TABLE A.4. THE LAYOUT OF PLANT MATERIAL SHOULD BE FLEXIBLE, BUT SHOULD FOLLOW THE GENERAL PRINCIPALS DESCRIBED IN TABLE A.5. THE OBJECTIVE IS TO HAVE A SYSTEM, WHICH RESEMBLES A RANDOM, AND NATURAL PLANT LAYOUT, WHILE MAINTAINING OPTIMAL CONDITIONS FOR PLANT ESTABLISHMENT AND GROWTH. FOR A MORE EXTENSIVE BIORETENTION PLAN, CONSULT ETAB, 1993 OR CLAYTOR AND SCHUELER, 1997.

Table B.4. Materials Specifications for Micro-Bioretention, Rain Gardens & Landscape Infiltration

Material	Specification	Size	Notes
Plantings	see Appendix A; Table A.4	n/a	plantings are site-specific
Planting soil [2' to 4' deep]	loamy sand 60-65% compost 35-40% or		USDA soil types loamy sand or sandy loam; clay content <5%
	sandy loam 30% coarse sand 30% compost 40%		
Organic Content Mulch	Min. 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974)		
	shredded hardwood		aged 6 months, minimum
Pea gravel diaphragm	peà gràvel: ASTM-D-440	No. 0 or No. 9 (1/8" to 3/8")	
Curtain drain	ornāmentāl stone: wāshed cobbles	stone: 2" to 5"	
Geotextile		n/a	PE Type 1 nonwoven
Grāvel (underdrāins ānd infiltrātion berms)	AASHTO M-43	No. 57 or No. Aggregate (3/8" to 3/4")	
Underdrain piping	F 750, Type PS 20 or AASHTO M-270	4" to 6" rigid schedule 40 PVC or 5DR35	Slotted or perforated pipe; 3/8" pert. © 6" on center, 4 holes per row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary underneath pipes. Perforated pipe shall be wrapped with 1/4 inch galvanized hardware cloth
Poured in place concrete (if required)	M5HA Mix No. 3; f = 3500 psi at 20 days, normal weight, air-entrained; reinforcing to meet A5TM-615-60	n.a	on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required:  20 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place or pre-cast) not using previously approved State or local standards requires design drawings sealed and approved by a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland - design to include meeting ACI Code 350.R/89; vertical loading [H-10 or H-20]; allowable horizontal loading (based on soil pressures); and analysis of potential cracking
Sand	AASHTO-M-6 or ASTM-C-33	0.02" to 0.04"	Sand substitutions such as Diabase and Graystone (AASHTO) \$10 are not acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolomitic sand substitutions are acceptable. No "rock dust" can be used for sand.

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. QUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIK ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2855 approved: Department Of Planning And Zoning Chief. Division Of Land Development



3079 MULLINEAUX LN

ELLICOTT CITY MD 21042-2151

410-733-3337

3079 MULLINEAUX LN ELLICOTT CITY MD 21042-2151

410-733-3337

SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: JUNE, 2021

SHEET 4 OF 4

ECP-20-042