### **GENERAL NOTES** ALL ASPECTS OF THE PROJECT ARE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCES HAVE BEEN APPROVED.

- ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCES HAVE BEEN APPROVED.

  2. EXISTING UTILITIES LOCATED FROM ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS, FIELD SURVEYS, PUBLIC WATER AND AND SEWER EXTENSION PLANS AND AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS. APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES ARE SHOWN FOR THE CONTRACTORS INFORMATION. CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES WELL IN ADVANCE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AND TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT THE EXISTING UTILITIES AND TO MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE. ANY DAMAGE INCURRED DUE TO CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION SHALL BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

  3. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL, WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NOS. 24BA AND 24CA WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT.

  4. THE PROPERTY LINES SHOWN HEREON IS BASED ON A BOUNDARY SURVEY PERFORMED BY ROBERT H. VOGEL ENGINEERING, INC.; DATED MAY 9, 2011.
- 5. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON IS TAKEN FROM FIELD RUN SURVEY BY ROBERT H. VOGEL ENGINEERING, INC.; ON MARCH 02, 2011 AND AUGUST 25, 2011.

  5. GEOTECHNICAL REPORT TO BE PROVIDED AT SITE DEVELOPMENT PHASE.
- . WETLANDS AND STREAMS SHOWN ONSITE ARE BASED ON A FIELD INVESTIGATION PERFORMED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS, INC; DATED 08/13/2011.
  . THERE IS NO 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN LOCATED ON-SITE.
- . THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED R-SI PER THE 02/02/2004 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN AND THE COMP LITE ZONING REGULATION AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE ON 07/28/06.
- ALL BUILDINGS TO HAVE ROOF LEADERS WHICH EMPTY INTO STORM DRAIN SYSTEM.
- . ALL ELEVATIONS ARE TO FLOWLINE/BOTTOM OF CURB UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. 3. FOREST STAND DELINEATION PLAN PREPARED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS, INC; DATED 09/13/2011. THE FOREST CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THIS PROJECT WILL BE MET WITH THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN.

- THE FOREST CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THIS PROJECT WILL BE MET WITH THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLA
  4. EXISTING ST. JOHNS LANE IS CLASSIFIED AS A MINOR COLLECTOR.
  5. THERE ARE NO BURIAL GROUNDS, CEMETERIES, OR HISTORIC STRUCTURES LOCATED ON THIS PROPERTY.
  6. THE PROPOSED BUILDINGS WILL HAVE AN AUTOMATIC FIRE PROTECTION SPRINKLER SYSTEM.
  7. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE AMENDED FIFTH EDITION OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION ON THIS PROPERTY MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACK AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMISSION OF THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN, WAIVER PETITION APPLICATION OR BUILDING/GRADING PERMIT APPLICATIONS.
  8. A KNOX BOX IS REQUIRED TO BE PLACED ON THE FRONT OF THE BUILDING. IT SHALL, BE PLACED TO THE RIGHT OF THEMAIN ENTRANCE AT A RANGE OF 4-5' IN HEIGHT AND NO MORE THAN 6' LATERALLY FROM THE DOOR. IT'S LOCATION IS SHOWN ON THESE PLANS. THE BOX SHALL BE ELECTRONICALLY SUPPERVISED TO NOTIFY THE OWNER THAT IT IS BEING ACCESSED (INTEGRATED WITH THE FIRE ALARM SYSTEM).
  9. LANDSCAPING NOT PERMITTED WITHIN 7-1/2' OF EACH SIDE OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION.
- 9. LANDSCAPING NOT PERMITTED WITHIN 7-1/2' OF EACH SIDE OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION.
  PROVIDE A CLEAR UNOBSTRUCTED ACCESS PATH TO THE FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION. NFPA-1 13.1.4
  D. FIRE LANES SHOULD BE PROVIDED IN THIS SITE TO ALLOW EMERGENCY VEHICLE ACCESS. EITHER FIRE LANE—
  SIGNAGE SHOULD BE INSTALLED, OR THE CURBS SHOULD BE PAINTED IN RED AND STENCILED TO IDENTIFY
- THE ROAD AS A FIRE LANE. ALL SIGN POSTS USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS INSTALLED IN THE COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL B MOUNTED ON A 2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE POST (14 GAUGE) INSERTED INTO A 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE SLEEVE (12 GAUGE) — 3' LONG. A GALVANIZED STEEL POLE CAP SHALL BE MOUNTED ON TOP OF EACH POST.
- 2. ALL EXTERIOR LIGHTING TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS FOUND IN ZONING SECTION 134 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS.

  3. SIGNAGE SHALL BE PROVIDED ON THE BUILDING IDENTIFYING THE BUILDING ADDRESS.

  4. TRASH COLLECTION AND RECYCLABLES TO BE PRIVATE.

  5. NO GRADING, REMOVAL OF VEGETATIVE COVER OR TREES, PAVING AND NEW STRUCTURES SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN THE WETLANDS, STREAM, THEIR BUFFERS, FOREST CONSERVATION AREAS, AND STEEP SLOPE AREAS.

- 7. APPROVAL OF THIS ECP DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL OF ANY SUBSEQUENT AND ASSOCIATED SUBDIVISION PLAN/PLAT AND/OR SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND/OR RED—LINE REVISION PLAN. REVIEW OF THIS PROJECT FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS SHALL OCCUR AT THE SUBDIVISION PLAN/PLAT AND/OR SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN STAGES AND/OR RED—LINE REVISION PROCESS. THE APPLICANT AND CONSULTANT SHOULD EXPECT ADDITIONAL AND MORE DETAILED REVIEW COMMENTS (INCLUDING COMMENTS THAT MAY ALTER THE OVERALL SITE DESIGN) AS THIS PROJECT PROGRESSES THROUGH THE PLAN REVIEW PROCESS.
- THE TWO EXISTIG PREFABRICATED SHEDS (NO FOUNDATION) LOCATED WITHIN THE WETLAND BUFFER SHALL BE RELOCATED AS PART OF THE SITE CONSTRUCTION PHASE.

# ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPT PLAN

## BETHEL KOREAN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

LIBER 01127 - FOLIO 0227

LEGEND

DIRECTION OF FLOW

EXISTING CONTOUR PROPOSED CONTOUR EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION

+82<sup>53</sup> momm

+ 382.56

EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN

LIGHT POLES - SINGLE OVERHEAD - O-ODOUBLE OVERHEAD CONCRETE

**BENCHMARKS** 

HOWARD COUNTY BENCHMARK 24BA N 586,783.242 E 1,359,211.656 ELEV.: 385.660 HOWARD COUNTY BENCHMARK 24CA N 586,506.177 E 1,361.634.289 ELEV.: 398.314

VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1"=2000'

ADC MAP COORDINATES: 4815/H5

SITE DATA LOCATION: PARCEL 1168 TAX MAP 17, GRID 23 TAX MAP 24, GRID 5 TAX MAP 24, GRID 6 "SDAT"

2ND ELECTION DISTRICT PRESENT ZONING: R-SI SUBDIVISION : ELLICOTT CITY SECTION/AREA : N/A

SITE ARÉA: 28.03 AC.
SITE ADDRESS: 3165 SAINT JOHNS LANE, ELLICOTT CITY, MD. 21042
DEED/PLAT REFERENCES: L.1127, F. 230, L.1127/F.227
DPZ REFERENCES: SDP-85-143, B.A. CASE #84-34E
USE OF EXISTING AND PROPOSED STRUCTURE: RELIGIOUS FACILITY
TOTAL BUILDING COVERAGE:
EXISTING BUILDING: 26,929 SF (0.62 AC OR 3.44% OF GROSS AREA)
PROPOSED BUILDING: 31,486 SF (0.72 AC. OR 3.99% OF GROSS AREA)
WETLANDS ON SITE: 1.31 AC.
WETLAND BUFFERS ON SITE: 1.40 AC.
STREAM BUFFERS ON SITE: 1.40 AC.
STREAM BUFFERS ON SITE: 3.04 AC.
AREA OF ON-SITE 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN: 0.00 AC.
AREA OF EXISTING FOREST ON SITE: 7.60 AC.
AREA OF STEEP SLOPES: 0.86 AC.
AREA OF ERODIBLE SOILS: 0.00 AC.

AREA OF ERODIBLE SOILS: 0.00 AC.

PROJECT AREA/LIMIT OF DISTURBED AREA: 6.10 AC AREA MANAGED BY ESDV (\*THIS PLAN): 6.04 AC. \*IMPERVIOUS AREA: 3.89 AC. \*GREEN AREA: 2.15 AC.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DESIGN NARRATIVE**

1. THE PROPERTY CONTAINS AN EXISTING CHURCH, SEVERAL PORTABLE TRAILERS AND ASSOCIATED PARKING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SDP-85-143. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT WAS DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PREVIOUS SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN. THE POND WAS SIZED TO ACCOMMODATE THE DEVELOPMENT UTILIZING THE REQUIREMENTS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME. THE BALANCE OF THE SITE INCLUDES INFORMAL PARKING AREAS, WETLANDS, STREAMS, BRUSH, FOREST AND MAINTAINED LAWN. THE SITE CONSISTS OF HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP TYPE 'B' AND 'D'

2. THE SITE HAS BEEN ANALYZED AS "REDEVELOPMENT". DEDUCTING THE "UNDEVELOPABLE" AREAS FROM THE GROSS SITE AREA, THE IMPERVIOUS AREA IS APPROXIMATELY 30% WHICH IS LESS THAN THE 40% THRESHOLD. THEREFORE, THE ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DESIGN IS BASED ON THE PROPOSED LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE AND CONSIDERING THE IMPROVEMENTS AS NEW DEVELOPMENT. THE TOTAL SITE AREA IS 28.0 ACRES HOWEVER; THE AREA OF THE CURRENT PROJECT AND THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE IS 6.1 ACRES.

3. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT, CHAPTER 5, ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DESIGN. 4. THE OFFSITE DRAINAGE FLOWING TO THE SITE WILL BE DIVERTED AROUND THE PROPOSED

DEVELOPMENT AND WILL NOT BE MANAGED OR TREATED, BUT WILL BE REDIRECTED INTO THE EXISTING WETLAND/STREAMS SYSTEM.

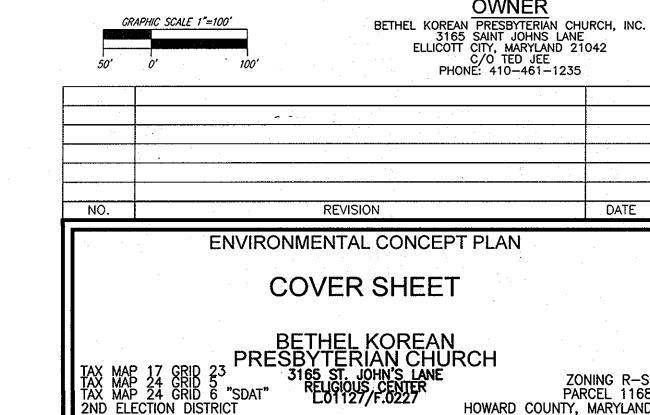
5. THE ONSITE DRAINAGE IS DIVIDED IN FIVE PREDOMINANT AREAS, WITH VARIOUS SUB AREAS, OUTFALLING AT 5 LOCATIONS.

METHODOLOGY IN ADDITION TO BEING ACCOMMODATED BY THE EXISTING STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

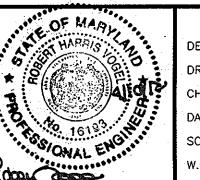
7. TO ACCOMMODATE NEWLY DEVLEOPED AREAS, THIS PROJECT UTILIZES MICRO-BIORETENTION FACILITIES (M-6) AND PERMEABLE PAVING (A-2), WHICH COMBINED SATISFIES THE ESD VOLUME

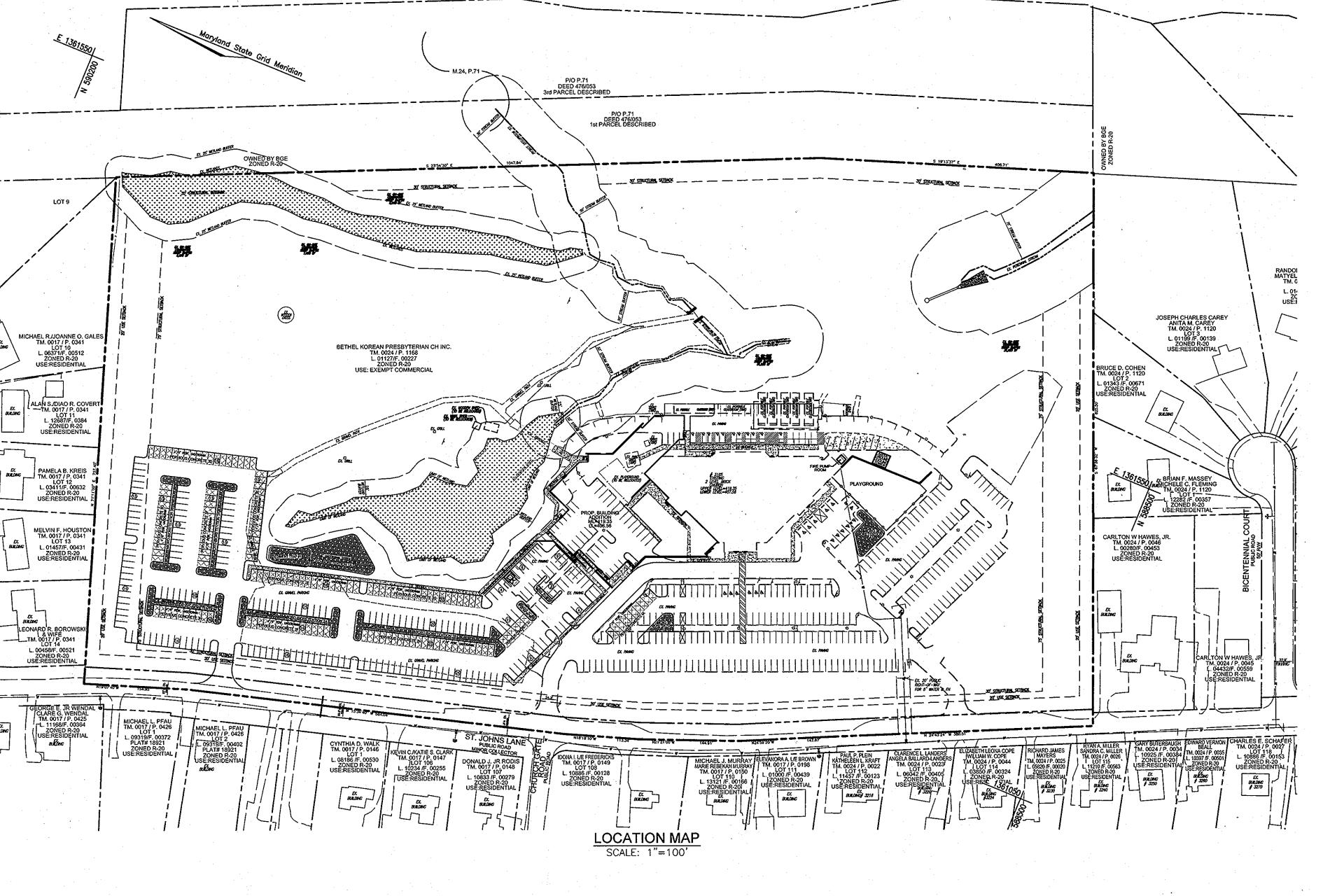
8. NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION IS PROVIDED BY AVOIDING IMPACTS TO EXISTING STREAMS, WETLANDS AND ASSOCIATED BUFFERS. ADDITIONALLY, EXISTING IMPERVIOUS SURFACES WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE BUFFERS.

9. THE VARIOUS OUTFALLS FROM THE ESD PRACTICES DISCHARGE WITHIN NATURAL DRAINAGE AREAS 10. THE SEDIMENT CONTROLS ARE DESIGNED TO MOST EFFECTIVELY PROTECT THE NATURAL

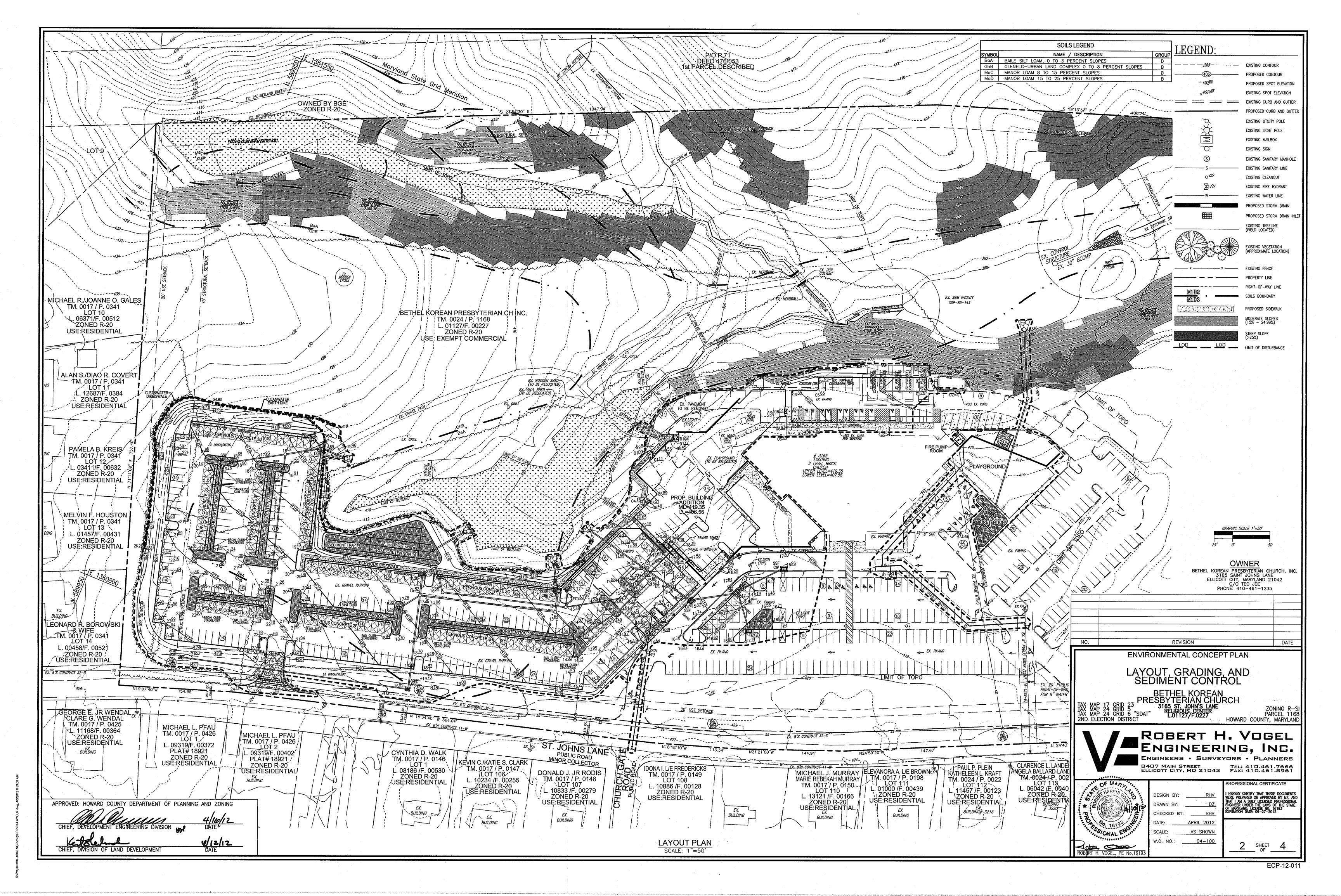


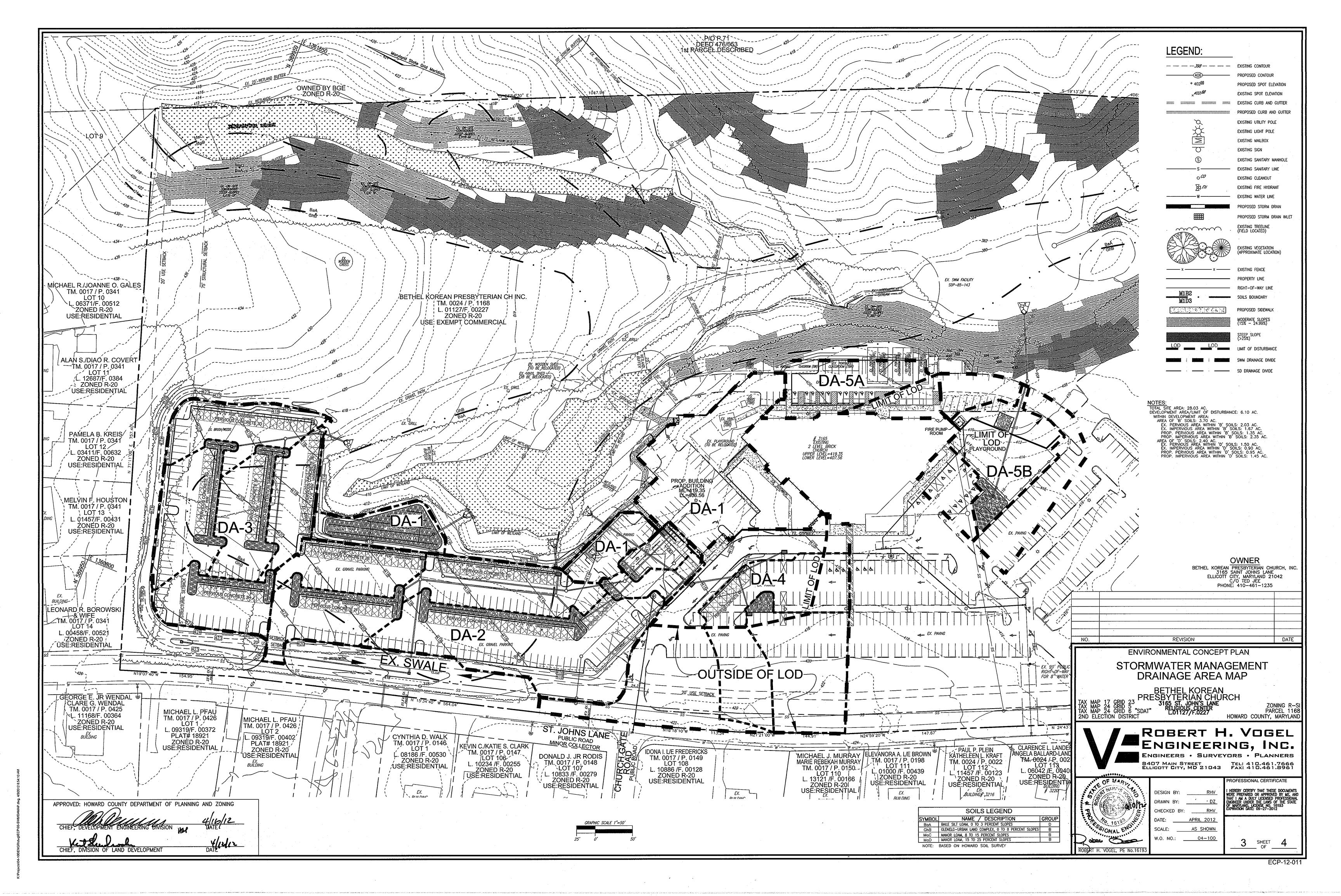
ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • PLANNERS 8487 Main Street Tel: 410.461.7666 Ellicott City, MD 21043 Fax: 410.461.8961





DESCRIPTION	SHEET NO.
COVER SHEET	1 OF 4
LAYOUT PLAN	2 OF 4
SWM DRAINAGE AREA MAP	3 OF 4
SWM DETAILS	4 OF 4





APPENDIX B.4.C SPECIFICATIONS FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION. RAIN GARDEN, LANDSCAPE INFILTRATION & INFILTRATION BERMS 1. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

THE ALLOWABLE MATERIALS TO BE USED IN THESE PRACTICES ARE DETAILED IN TABLE B.4.1.

2. FILTERING MEDIA OR PLANTING SOIL THE SOIL SHALL BE A UNIFORM MIX, FREE OF STONES, STUMPS, ROOTS OR OTHER SIMILAR OBJECTS LARGER THAN TWO INCHES. NO OTHER MATERIALS OR SUBSTANCES SHALL BE MIXED OR DUMPED WITHIN THE MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICE THAT MAY BE HARMFUL TO PLANT GROWTH, OR PROVE A HINDRANCE TO THE PLANTING OR MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS. THE PLANTING SOIL SHALL BE FREE OF BERMUDA GRASS, QUACKGRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, OR OTHER NOXIOUS WEEDS AS SPECIFIED UNDER COMAR 15.08.01.05. THE PLANTING SOIL SHALL BE TESTED AND SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

\* SOIL COMPONENT - LOAMY SAND OR SANDY LOAM (USDA SOIL TEXTURAL CLASSIFICATION). \* ORGANIC CONTEN - MINIMUM 10% BY DRY WEIGHT (ASTM D 2974). IN GENERAL, THIS CAN BE MET WITH A MIXTURE OF LOAMY SAND (60%-65%) AND COMPOST (35% TO 40%) OR SANDY LOAM (30%), COARSE SAND (30%), AND COMPOST (40%). \* CLAY CONTENT - MEDIA SHALL HAVE A CLAY CONTENT OF LESS THAN 5%. \* PH RANGE - SHOULD BE BETWEEN 5.5 - 7.0. AMENDMENTS (E.G., LIME, IRON SULFATE PLUS SULFUR) MAY BE MIXED IN TO THE SOIL TO INCREASE

OR DECREASE PH. THERE SHALL BE AT LEAST ONE SOIL TEST PER PROJECT. EACH TEST SHALL CONSIST OF BOTH THE STANDARD SOIL TEST FOR PH, AND ADDITIONAL TESTS OF ORGANIC MATTER, AND SOLUBLE SALTS. A TEXTURAL ANALYSIS IS REQUIRED FROM THE SITE STOCKPILED TOPSOIL. IF TOPSOIL IS IMPORTED, THEN A TEXTURE ANALYSIS SHALL BE PERFORMED FOR EACH LOCATION WHERE THE TOPSOIL WAS EXCAVATED.

IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO MINIMIZE COMPACTION OF BOTH THE BASE OF BIORETENTION PRACTICES AND THE REQUIRED BACKFILL. WHEN POSSIBLE, USE EXCAVATION HOES TO REMOVE ORIGINAL SOIL IF PRACTICES ARE EXCAVATED USING LOADER, THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD USE WIDE TRACK OR MARSH TRACK EQUIPMENT, OR LIGHT EQUIPMENT WITH TURF TYPE TIRES. USE OF EQUIPMENT WITH NARROW TRACKS OR NARROW TIRES, RUBBER TIRES WITH LARGE LUGS, OR HIGH-PRESSURE TIRES WILL CAUSE EXCESSIVE COMPACTION RESULTING IN REDUCED INFILTRATION RATES AND IS NOT ACCEPTABLE. COMPACTION WILL SIGNIFICANTLY CONTRIBUTE TO DESIGN FAILURE COMPACTION CAN BE ALLEVATED AT THE BASE OF THE BIORETENTION FACILITY BY USING A PRIMARY TILLING OPERATION SUCH AS CHISEL PLOW, RIPPER, OR SUBSOILER. THESE TILLING OPERATIONS ARE TO REFRACTURE THE SOIL PROFILE THROUGH THE 12 INCH COMPACTION ZONE. SUBSTITUTE METHODS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ROTOTILLERS TYPICALLY DO NOT TILL DEEP ENOUGH TO REDUCE THE EFFECTS OF COMPACTION FROM HEAVY EQUIPMENT. ROTOTILL 2 TO 3 INCHES OF SAND INTO THE BASE OF THE BIORETENION FACILITY BEFORE BACKFILLING THE OPTIONAL SAND LAYER. PUMP ANY PONDED

WATER BEFORE PREPARING (ROTOTILLING) BASE. WHEN BACKFILLING THE TOPSOIL OVER THE SAND LAYER. FIRST PLACE 3 TO 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL OVER THE SAND, THEN ROTOTILL THE SAND/TOPSOIL TO CREATE A GRADATION ZONE. BACKFILL THE REMAINDER OF THE TOPSOIL TO FINAL GRADE. WHEN BACKFILLING THE BIORETENTION FACILITY, PLACE SOIL IN LIFTS 12" TO 18". DO NOT USE HEAVY EQUIPMENT WITHIN THE BIORETENTION BASIN. HEAVY EQUIPMENT CAN BE USED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE BASIN TO SUPPLY SOILS AND SAND. GRADE BIORETENTION MATERIALS WITH LIGHT EQUIPMENT SUCH AS A COMPACT LOADER OR A DOZER/LOADER WITH MARSH TRACKS.

4. PLANT MATERIAL RECOMMENDED PLANT MATERIAL FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICES CAN BE FOUND IN APPENDIX A, SECTION A.2.3.

5. PLANT INSTALLATION COMPOST IS A BETTER ORGANIC MATERIAL SOURCE, IS LESS LIKELY TO FLOAT, AND SHOULD BE PLACED IN THE INVERT AND OTHER LOW AREAS. MULCH SHOULD BE PLACED IN SURROUNDING TO A UNIFORM THICKNESS OF 2" TO 3". SHREDDED OR CHIPPED HARDWOOD MULCH IS THE ONLY ACCEPTED MULCH. PINE MULCH AND WOOD CHIPS WILL FLOAT AND MOVE TO THE PERIMETER OF THE BIORETENTION AREA DURING A STORM EVENT AND ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. SHREDDED MULCH MUST BE WELL AGED (6 TO 12 MONTHS) FOR ACCEPTANCE. ROOTSTOCK OF THE PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE KEPT MOIST DURING TRANSPORT AND ON-SITE STORAGE. THE PLANT ROOT BALL SHOULD BE PLANTED SO 1/8TH OF THE BALL IS ABOVE FINAL GRADE SURFACE. THE DIAMETER OF THE PLANTING PIT SHALL BE AT LEAST SIX INCHES LARGER THAN THE DIAMETER OF THE PLANTING BALL. SET AND MAINTAIN THE PLANT STRAIGHT DURING THE ENTIRE PLANTING PROCESS. THOROUGHLY WATER GROUND BED COVER AFTER INSTALLATION. TREES SHALL BE BRACED USING 2" BY 2" STAKES ONLY AS NECESSARY AND FOR THE FIRST GROWING SEASON ONLY. STAKES ARE TO BE EQUALLY SPACED ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE TREE BALL.

GRASSES AND LEGUME SEED SHOULD BE DRILLED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST ONE INCH. GRASS AND LEGUME PLUGS SHALL BE PLANTED FOLLOWING THE NON-GRASS GROUND COVER PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS. THE TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS PROVIDE ENOUGH ORGANIC MATERIAL TO ADEQUATELY SUPPLY NUTRIENTS FROM NATURAL CYCLING. THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF THE BIORETENTION STRUCTURE IS TO IMPROVE WATER QUALITY. ADDING FERTILIZERS DEFEATS, OR AT A MINIMUM, IMPEDES THIS GOAL.
ONLY ADD FERTILIZER IF WOOD CHIPS OR MULCH ARE USED TO AMEND THE SOIL. ROTOTILL UREA FERTILIZER AT A RATE OF 2 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

6. Underdrains UNDERDRAINS SHOULD MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

3. COMPACTION

\* PIPE - SHOULD BE 4" TO 6" DIAMETER, SLOTTED OR PERFORATED RIGID PLASTIC PIPE (ASTMF 758, TYPE PS 28, OR AASHTO-M-278) IN A GRAVEL LAYER. THE PREFERRED MATERIAL IS SLOTTED, 4" RIGID PIPE (E.G., PVC OF HDPE).

\* PERFORATIONS - IF PERFORATED PIPE IS USED, PERFORATIONS SHOULD BE 3/8" DIAMETER LOCATED 6" ON CENTER WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR HOLES PER ROW. PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH A 1/4" (NO. 4 OR 4x4) GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH.

\* GRAVEL - THE GRAVEL LAYER (NO. 57 STONE PREFERRED) SHALL BE AT LEAST 3" THICK ABOVE AND BELOW THE UNDERDRAIN.

\* THE MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE SHALL BE AT A MINIMUM 0.5% SLOPE.

\* A RIGID, NON-PERFORATED OBSERVATION WELL MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE PER EVERY 1,0000 SQUARE FEET) TO PROVIDE A CLEAN-OUT PORT AND MONITOR PERFORMANCE OF THE FILTER.

\* A 4" LAYER OF PEA GRAVEL (1/8" TO 3/8" STONE) SHALL BE LOCATED BETWEEN THE FILTER MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINES IN TO THE UNDERDRAIN. THIS LAYER MAY BE CONSIDERED PART OF THE FILTER BED WHEN BED THICKNESS EXCEEDS 24". THIS MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE FOR UNDERDRAIN SYSTEMS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 0.5%. OBSERVATION WELLS AND/OR CLEAN-OUT PIPES MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE MINIMUM PER EVERY 1000 SQUARE FEET OF SURFACE AREA).

7. MISCELLANEOUS THESE PRACTICES MAY NOT BE CONSTRUCTED UNTIL ALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED.

#### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR LANDSCAPE INFILTRATION (M-3), MICRO-BIORETENTION (M-6) RAIN GARDENS (M-7), BIORETENTION SWALE (M-8), AND ENHANCED FILTERS (M-9)

1. THE OWNER SHALL MAINTAIN THE PLANT MATERIAL, MULCH LAYER AND SOIL LAYER ANNUALLY. MAINTENANCE OF MULCH AND SOIL IS LIMITED TO CORRECTING AREAS OF EROSION OR WASH OUT, ANY MULCH REPLACEMENT SHALL BE DONE IN THE SPRING. PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE CHECKED FOR DISEASE AND INSECT INFESTATION AND MAINTENANCE WILL ADDRESS DEAD MATERIAL AND PRUNING. ACCEPTABLE REPLACEMENT PLANT MATERIAL IS LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL VOLUME II, TABLE A.4.1 AND 2. 2. THE OWNER SHALL PERFORM A PLANT IN THE SPRING AND IN THE FALL OF EACH YEAR. DURING THE inspection. The owner shall remove dead and diseased vegetation considered beyond treatmen' REPLACE DEAD PLANT MATERIAL WITH ACCEPTABLE REPLACEMENT PLANT MATERIAL, TREAT DISEASED TREES AND SHRUBS, AND REPLACE ALL DEFICIENT STAKES AND WIRES.

3. THE OWNER SHALL INSPECT THE MULCH EACH SPRING, THE MULCH SHALL BE REPLACED EVERY TWO TO THREE YEARS. THE PREVIOUS MULCH LAYER SHALL BE REMOVED BEFORE THE NEW LAYER IS APPLIED. 4. THE OWNER SHALL CORRECT SOIL EROSION ON AN AS NEEDED BASIS, WITH A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER MONTH AND AFTER EACH HEAVY STORM.

B.4.B SPECIFICATIONS FOR PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS & REINFORCED TURF THESE SPECIFICATIONS INCLUDE INFORMATION ON ACCEPTABLE MATERIALS FOR TYPICAL APPLICATIONS AND ARE NOT EXCLUSIVE OR LIMITING. THE DESIGNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPING SPECIFICATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL PROJECTS AND SPECIFIC CONDITIONS.

DESIGN THICKNESS - PERVIOUS CONCRETE APPLICATIONS SHALL BE DESIGNED SO THAT THE THICKNESS OF THE CONCRETE SLAB SHALL SUPPORT THE TRAFFIC AND VEHICLE TYPES THAT WILL BE CARRIED. APPLICATIONS MAY BE DESIGNED USING EITHER STANDARD PAVEMENT PROCEDURES (E.G., AASHTO, ACI 325.9R, ACI 330R) OR USING STRUCTURAL VALUES DERVED FROM FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN PROCEDURES.

MIX & INSTALLATION - TRADITIONAL PORTLAND CEMENTS (ASTM C 150, C 1157) MAY BE USED IN PERVIOUS CONCRETE APPLICATIONS. PHOSPHORUS ADMIXTURES MAY ALSO BE USED. MATERIALS SHOULD BE TESTED (E.G., TRIAL BATCHING) PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION SO THAT CRITICAL PROPERTIES (E.G., SETTLING TIME, RATE OF STRENGTH DEVELOPMENT, POROSITY, PERMEABILITY) CAN BE DETERMINED. AGGREGATE - PERVIOUS CONCRETE CONTAINS A LIMITED FINE AGGREGATE CONTENT. COMMONLY USED GRADATIONS INCLUDE ASTM C 33 NO. 67 (3/4 IN. TO NO. 4), NO. 8 (3/8 IN. TO NO.16) AND NO. 89 (3/8 IN. TO NO.50) SIEVES. SINGLE-SIZED AGGREGATE (UP TO 1 INCH) MAY ALSO BE USED. WATER CONTENT - WATER-TO-CEMENT RATIOS BETWEEN 0.27 AND 0.30 ARE USED ROUTINELY WITH PROPER INCLUSION OF CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES. WATER QUALITY SHOULD MEET ACI 30A. AS A GENERAL RULE, POTABLE WATER SHOULD BE USED ALTHOUGH RECYCLED CONCRETE PRODUCTION WATER MEETING ASTM C 94 OR AASHTO M 157 MAY ALSO BE USED.

ADMIXTURES — CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES (E.G., RETARDERS OR HYDRATION—STABILIZERS) ARE USED TO OBTAIN SPECIAL PROPERTIES IN PERVIOUS CONCRETE. USE OF ADMIXTURES HOULD MEET ASTM C 494 (CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES) AND ASTM C 260 (AIR ENTRAINING ADMIXTURES) AND CLOSELY FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S BASE COURSE - THE BASE COURSE SHALL BE AASHTO NO. 3 OR 4 COURSE AGGREGATE WITH AN ASSUMED OPEN PORE SPACE OF 30% (n=0.30). 2. PERMEABLE INTERLOCKING CONCRETE PAVEMENTS (PICP)

PAVER BLOCKS - BLOCKS SHOULD BE EITHER 3? IN. OR 4 IN. THICK, AND MEET ASTM C 936 OR CSA A231.2 REQUIREMENTS. APPLICATIONS SHOULD HAVE 20% OR MORE (40% PREFERRED) OF THE SURFACE AREA OPEN. INSTALLATION SHOULD FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS, EXCEPT THAT INFILL AND BASE COURSE MATERIALS AND DIMENSIONS SPECIFIED IN THIS APPENDIX SHALL BE FOLLOWED. INFILL MATERIALS AND LEVELING COURSE - OPENINGS SHALL BE FILLED WITH ASTM C-33 GRADED SAND OR SANDY LOAM. PICP BLOCKS SHALL BE PLACED ON A ONE-INCH THICK LEVELING COURSE OF ASTM C-33 SAND. BASE COURSE - THE BASE COURSE SHALL BE AASHTO NO. 3 OR 4 COURSE AGGREGATE WITH AN ASSUMED OPEN PORE SPACE OF 30% (n=0.30).

REINFORCED GRASS PAVEMENT (RGP) - WHETHER USED WITH GRASS OR GRAVEL, THE RGP THICKNESS SHALL BE AT LEAST 1-3/4" THICK WITH A LOAD CAPACITY CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING THE TRAFFIC AND VEHICLE TYPES THAT WILL BE CARRIED.

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED

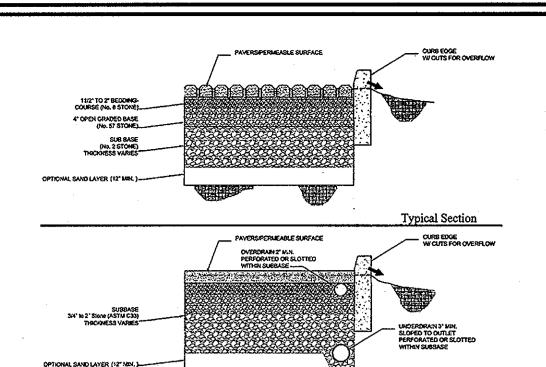
PERMEABLE PAVEMENT (A-2) . THE OWNER SHALL PERIODICALLY SWEEP (OR VACUUM POROUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT) THE PAVEMENT SURFACES TO REDUCE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND ENSURE CONTINUED SURFACE POROSITY. SWEEPING SHOULD BE PERFORMED AT LEAST TWICE ANNUALLY WITH A COMMERCIAL CLEANING UNIT. WASHING OR COMPRESSED AIR UNITS SHOULD NOT BE USED TO PERFORM SURFACE CLEANING.

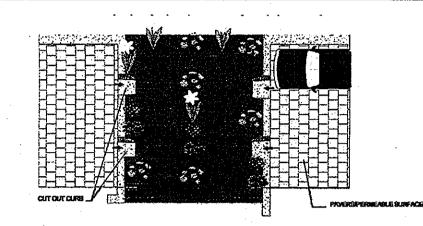
2. THE OWNER SHALL PERIODICALLY CLEAN DRAINAGE PIPES, INLETS, STONE EDGE DRAINS AND OTHER STRUCTURES WITHIN OR DRAINING TO THE SUBBASE.

3. THE OWNER SHALL USE DEICERS IN MODERATION. DEICERS SHOULD BE NON-TOXIC AND BE APPLIED EITHER AS CALCIUM MAGNESIUM ACETATE OR AS PRETREATED SALT.

4. THE OWNER SHALL ENSURE SNOW PLOWING IS PERFORMED CAREFULLY WITH BLADES SET ONE INCH ABOVE THE SURFACE. PLOWED SNOW PILES AND SNOWMELT SHOULD NOT BE DIRECTED TO PERMEABLE PAVEMENT.

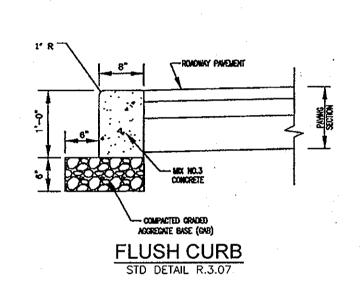
APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

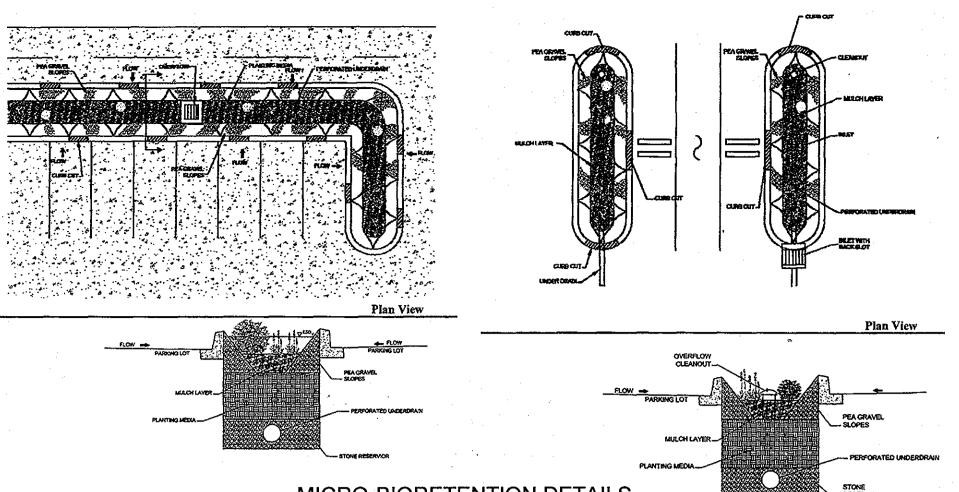




Typical Section w/Overdrain & Underdrain

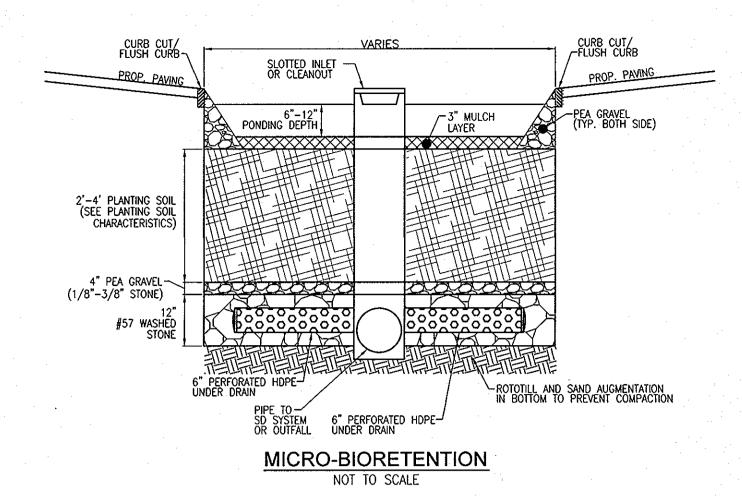
Permeable Pavement w/Micro-Bioretention - Plan View PERMEABLE PAVEMENT DETAIL NOT TO SCALE





MICRO-BIORETENTION DETAILS

NOT TO SCALE



Appendix B.4. Construction Specifications for Environmental Site Design Practices

	TOTAL		ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DESIGN PRACTICE								
RAINAGE	AREA	FACILITY	PERMEABLE	ADD UNDER	LANDSCAPE	PERVIOUS	BIO	GRAVEL.	MICRO BIO	Х	ESDv
AREA#	TREATED	NUM BER	PAVEMENT	PAVE	INFILTRATION	SIDEWALK	SWALE	TRENCH	RETENTION	X	VOLUME
1	71874	1A	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	4813	0	4813
		<b>SUBTOTAL DA-1:</b>	0	0	0	0	0	0	4813	0	4813
2	76230	2A	0	0	0	0	0	0	2132	0	2132
		2B	0	0	0	0	0	0	2811	0	2811
was a same a same a same a		2C	0	0	0	0	0 •	0	373	0	373
A THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT		2D	0	0	0	0	0	0	292	0	292
		2E ,	564	82	0	0	0	0	0	0	646
	)	2F	439	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	503
and the second s	*	2G	595	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	682
	1	2H	690	100	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	790
management of the state of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<b>2</b> J	188	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	215
		2K	0	0	0	794	0	0	0	0	794
47, 1941 (\$1)   114   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		<b>SUBTOTAL DA-2:</b>	2476	360	.0	794	0	0	5608	0	9238
3	67954	3A	0	0	0	0	0	0	2333	0	2333
		3B	0	0	0	0	0	0	2080	0	2080
		3C	.0	0	0	0	0	0	2079	0	2079
		3D	580	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	580
		3E	483	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	483
a proprie to proprie more and a constant		3F	419	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	419
		3G	419	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	419
		3H	322	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	322
		SUBTOTAL DA-3:	2223	0	0	0	0 *	0	6492	0	8715
4	23958	4A	317	648	0	0	0	0	0	0	965
		4B .	0.	0	0	0	0	0	625	0	625
		SUBTOTAL DA-4	317	648	0	0	0	0	625	0	1590
5	23087	5A	0	0	0	0	0	0	1600	0	1600
. Marke a reactive of the second control of		SUBTOTAL DA-5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1600	0	1600

Х	VOLUME	
0	4813	Table B.4.1 Mate
0	4813	Material Plantings
0	2132	Planting soil
0	į	[2' to 4' deep]
0	2811	
0	373	'
0	292	
0	646	Organic content Mulch
0	503	Pea gravel diaphragm
0	682	
0	790	Curtain drain
0	215	Geotextile
0	794	Gravel (underdrains an infiltration berms)
0	9238	Underdrain piping
0	2333	
0	2080	Poured in place concre
0	2079	required)
0	580	
0	483	
0	419	Sand
0	419	
0	322	
0	8715	
0	965	
0	625	
.0	1590	
0	1600	
		i

TOTAL ESDV PROVIDED 25956

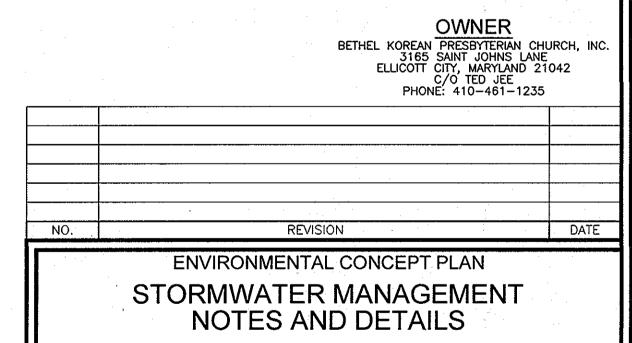
Material	Specification	Size	Notes		
Plantings	see Appendix A, Table A.4	n/a	plantings are site-specific		
Planting soil [2' to 4' deep]	loamy sand (60 - 65%) & compost (35 - 40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%) & compost (40%)	n/a	USDA soil types loamy sand or sandy loam; clay content < 5%		
Organic content	Min. 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974)				
Mulch	shredded hardwood		aged 6 months, minimum; no pine or wood chips		
Pea gravel diaphragm	pea gravel: ASTM-D-448	NO. 8 OR NO. 9 (1/8" TO 3/8")			
Curtain drain	ornamental stone: washed cobbles	stone: 2" to 5"			
Geotextile		n/a	PE Type 1 nonwoven		
Gravel (underdrains and infiltration berms)	AASHTO M-43	NO. 57 OR NO. 6 AGGREGATE (3/8" to 3/4")			
Inderdrain piping	F 758, Type PS 28 or AASHTO M-278	4" to 6" rigid schedule 40 PVC or SDR35	Slotted or perforated pipe; 3/8" perf. @ 6" on center, 4 holes per row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary underneath pipes. Perforated pipe shall be wrapped with 1/4-inch galvanized hardware cloth		
Poured in place concrete (if equired)	MSHA Mix No. 3; C <sub>c</sub> = 3500 psi @ 28 days, normal weight, air-entrained; reinforcing to meet ASTM-615-60	n/a	on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required: 28 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place or pre-cast) not using previously approved State or local standards requires design drawings sealed and approved by a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland - design to include meeting ACI Code 350.R/89; vertical loading [H-10 or H-20]; allowable horizontal loading (based on soil pressures); and analysis of potential cracking		
Sand	AASHTO-M-6 or ASTM-C-33	0.02" to 0.04"	Sand substitutions such as Diabase and Graystone (AASHTO) #10 are not acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolomitic sand substitutions are acceptable. No "rock dust" can be used for sand		

DA	% IMPERV	Rv	DA	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	VOLUME
				VOLUME	VOLUME	PROVIDED
1	72	0.698	1.65	4181	10870	4813
2	61	0.599	1.75	3805	9893	9238
3	69	0.671	1.56	3800	9879	<b>871</b> 5
4	68	0.662	0.55	1322	3436	1590
5	34	0.356	0.53	685	1781	1600
	TOT	TAL VOLUMI	E PROVIDE	D		25956

263103 SF

6.04 AC

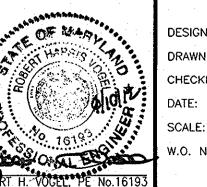
TOTAL AREA



2ND ELECTION DISTRICT

ROBERT H. VOGEL Engineering, Inc.

ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • PLANNERS 8407 MAIN STREET TEL: 410.461.7666 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 FAX: 410.461.8961



DESIGN BY: CHECKED BY: APRIL 2012

SHEET \_\_ OF \_

PARCEL 1168

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATE