

MARYLAND 378 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

grubbed within 15 feet of the tow of the embankment.

These specifications are appropriate to all ponds within the scope of the Standard for practice MD-378. All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent version.

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed.

Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than III. All trees shall be cleared and

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush, and stumps shall be cut eximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 25-foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient avantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6°, frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment, and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL and must have at least 30% passing the #200 sieve. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if designed by a geotechnical engineer. Such special designs must have construction supervised by a geotechnical engineer. Materials used in the auter shell of the embankment must have the capability to support vegetation of the quality required to prevent erosion of the embankment.

Placement -- Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarlfied prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 Inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spilituay must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and epreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of heavy equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if

into a bail it will not crumble, yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

When required by the reviewing agency the minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a maisture content within +1-2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99 (Standard Proctor).

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be I to I ar

The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability. Embankment Core - The core shall be parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The top width of the core shall be a minimum of four feet. The height shall extend up to at least the

10 year water elevation or as shown on the plane. The side slopes shall be I to I or flatter. The core be compacted with construction.

Structure Backfill

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs

fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operated closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

Structure backfill may be flowable fill meeting the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 313 as modifie The mixture shall have a 100-200 psi; 28 day unconfined compressive strength. The flowable fill shall have a minimum pH of 4.0 and a minimum resistivity of 2,000 ohm-cm. Material shall be placed such that minimum of 6" (measured perpendicular to the outside of the pipe) of flowable fill shall be under (bedding), over end, on the sides of the pipe. It only needs to extend up to the spring line for rigid conduits. Average alump of the fill shall be 7° to assure flowability of the material. Adequate measures shall be taken (sand bags, etc.) to prevent floating the pipe. When using flowable fill, all metal pipe shall be biturninous coated. Any adjoining soil fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and

by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material shall completely fill all voids adjacent to the flowable fill zone. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of the structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a structure or pipe unless there is a compacted fill of 24° or greater over the structure or pipe. Backfill (flowable fill)zone shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the core of the embankment or other embankment materials.

-PIPE TRENCH SIDE SLOPES-

|2' MIN.

SEE CONC.

12" * CRADLE 12" *

THIS SHEET

<u>FILTER DIAPHRAGM DETAIL</u>

Not to scale

4" PVC INV. 273.32 (SCH40) (AASHTO M-228-81) PERF. LATERAL EXTENSION

* THIS WIDTH WILL VARY PRIOR TO THE END SECTION IN ORDER TO TAPER

DIAPHRAGM TIE INTO TYPE 'C' ENDWALL DETAIL THIS SHEET).

I. FILTER MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO ASTM C-33 (CONCRETE SAND)

2, FILTER DIAPHRAGM SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN HORIZONTAL LAYERS

3. EACH LAYER SHALL BE HYDROCOMPACTED USING A SPRINKLER.

ANY CONTAMINATED SAND SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED

. PROTECTIVE COVERING OVER THE SAND FILTER MAY BE REQUIRED

CONTRACTOR SHALL BEND AND CONSTRUCT THE 4" PVC PIPE TO

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER TO SPECIFY AND APPROVE FILTER

ENSURE PASSAGE THROUGH THE TYPE 'C' CONCRETE END SECTION AND CONCRETE CRADLE (THE 4" PVC OUTFALL IS DIMENSIONED ON

4. CARE SHALL BE TAKEN SO THAT THE FILTER MATERIAL IS

ELBOWS SHALL BE USED FOR PVC INTERCONNECTIONS.

TYPE 'C' ENDWALL DETAIL THIS SHEET).

THE 4" DRAIN PIPE TO TIE INTO THE TYPE 'C' ENDWALL OPENINGS (SEE

INV. 273.32

EX. GROUND

ASHTO No. 8 STONE

FILTER DIAPHRAGM NOTES

NOT CONTAMINATED.

BETWEEN LIFTS.

WITH APPROVED MATERIAL.

12 INCHES THICK (BEFORE COMPACTION).

MATERIAL MUST BE SATURATED.

SEE WRAP DETAIL

THIS SHEET (TYP)

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

INSPECTION OF THE POND(S) SHOWN HEREON SHALL BE PERFORMED AT LEAST ANNUALLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHECKLIST AND REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED WITHIN USDA, SCS "STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PONDS" (MD-378). THE POND OWNER(S) AND ANY HEIRS, SUCCESSORS, OR ASSIGNS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE POND AND THE CONTINUED OPERATION, SURVEILLANCE, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE THEREOF. THE POND OWNER(S) SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE M.D.E. DAM SAFETY DIVISION OF ANY UNUSUAL OBSERVATIONS THAT MAY BE INDICATIONS OF DISTRESS SUCH AS EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE, TURBID SEEPAGE, SLIDING

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe: 1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM C-361.

Bedding - Reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding/cradie for their entire length. This bedding/cradic shall consist of high siump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 50% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 6 inches. Where a concrete radia le not needed for section of this standard. Gravel bedding is not permitted.

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be piaced with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in ccordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the Joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 4 feet from the riser.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be shown on the drawings.

Plastic Pipe - The following criteria shall apply for plastic pipe:

Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241. Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe, couplings and fittings shall conform to the following: 4° -10" inch pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M252 Type S, and 12" through 24" inch shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M294 Type 5.

2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collers shall be completely watertight.

. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Drainage Diaphragms - When a drainage disphragm is used, a registered professional engineer will supervise the dealan and construction inspection

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 414, Mix No. :

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction Materials, Section 311.

Geatexiis shall be placed under all riprop and shall meet requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 921.09, Class C.

Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the splilway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excayation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water sumps from which the water shall be

TOP FILTER

DIAPHRAGM ELEV. 280.3

BOTT. FILTER

ELEV. 270.5

DIAPHRAGM

All borrow creas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a slightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, lming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Natural Resources Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures.

NSTALL AGRIDRAIN

(OR EQUAL) RAT

GUARDS, EXTEND 4"

PVC PAST ENDWALL

AS NECESSARY TO

INSTALL AND

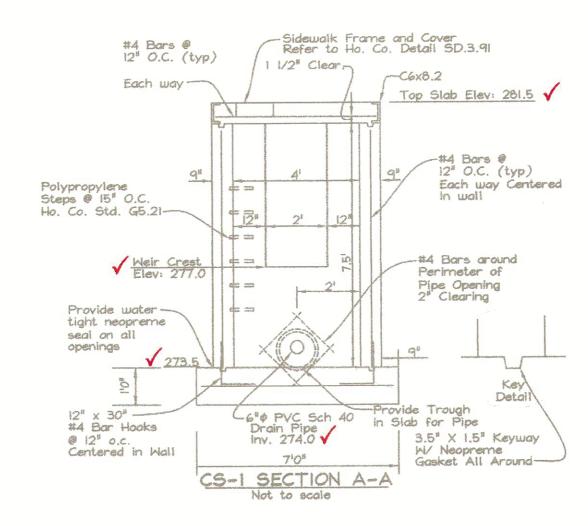
MAINTAIN GUARD.

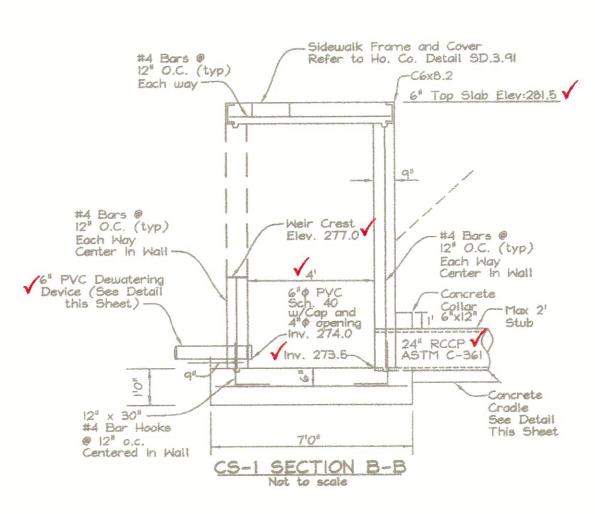
FILTER DRAINAGE DIAPHRAGM

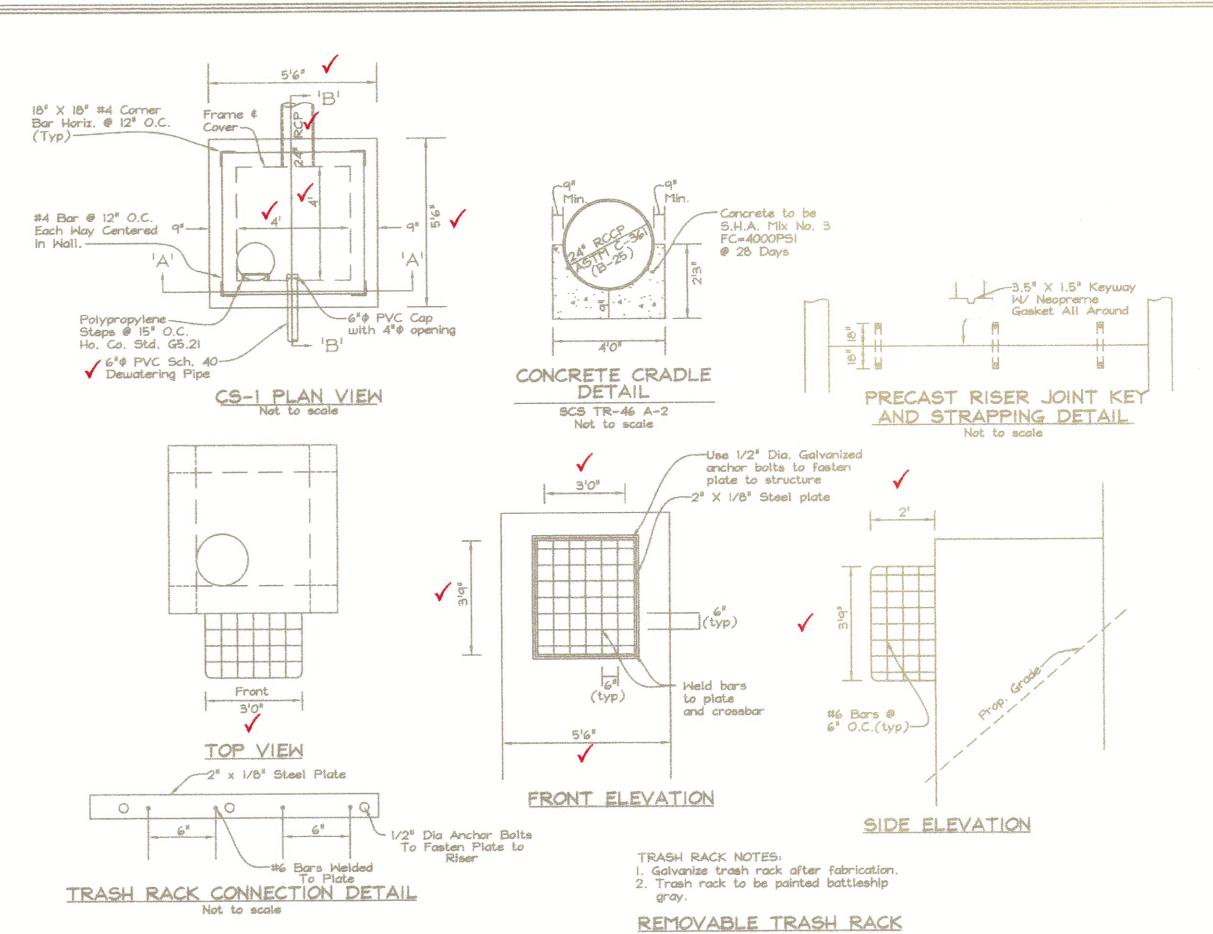
OUTLET AT TYPE 'C' ENDWALL

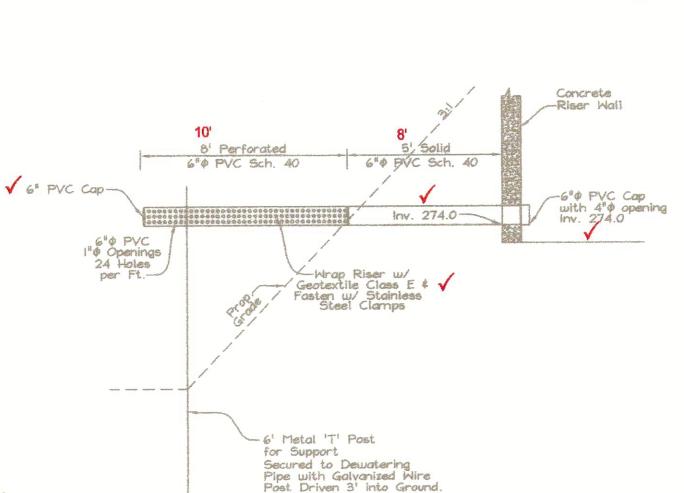
Not to scale

TOP VIEW









SEDIMENT BASIN DEWATERING DEVICE DETAIL

_Type 'C' Endwall 24" RCCP -THAN Class I Rip-Rap Scour Hole -See detail this Sheet 24" RCCP--Class I Rip-Rap D50=9.5in. with geotextile Class 'C' underloyment

DIMENSIONS OUTFALL REMARKS 5-1

Ruhher BARREL JOINT SEAL DETAIL

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PERMANENT SEDIMENT BASIN

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

Not to scale

I. FACILITY WILL BE INSPECTED ANNUALLY AND AFTER MAJOR STORMS. INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED DURING WET WEATHER TO DETERMINE IS FUNCTIONING PROPERLY. 2. TOP AND SIDE SLOPES OF THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE MOWED A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) TIMES A YEAR, ONCE IN JUNE AND ONCE IN SEPTEMBER. OTHER SIDE SLOPES AND MAINTENANCE ACCESS SHOULD BE MOWED AS NEEDED.

3. DEBRIS AND LITTER NEXT TO THE OUTLET STRUCTURE SHALL BE REMOVED DURING REGULAR MOWING OPERATIONS AND AS

4. VISIBLE SIGNS OF EROSION IN THE POND AS WELL AS RIPRAP OUTLET AREAS SHALL BE REPAIRED AS SOON AS IT IS NOTICED. 5. MAINTAIN 4in. CPV OUTLET KEEPING IT CLEAR OF OBSTRUCTIONS.

NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

I, STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF THE POND SUCH AS THE DAM, THE RISER, AND THE PIPES SHALL BE REPAIRED UPON DETECTION OF ANY DAMAGE, THE COMPONENTS SHOULD BE INSPECTED DURING ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS. 2. SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN IT'S ACCUMULATION REACHES THE CLEANOUT ELEVATION OF 273.0.

> PERMIT APPLICANT Savage Stone, LLC. P.O. Box 850 Laurel MD 20726

> > OWNER Konterra Limited Partnership P.O. Box 850

> > > Laurel MD 20725

LAUREL LUMBER

SEDIMENT BASIN DETAILS

TAX MAP 47 GRID 6 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

22418

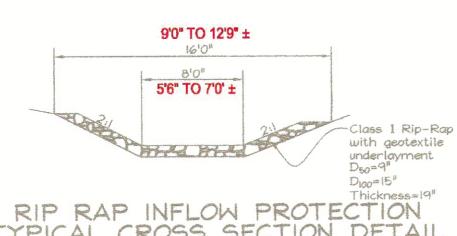
PARCEL 384 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

ingineers Planners Surveyors 39 Howard Lane Elkridge, MD 21075 Tel:410-567-5200 Fax: 410-796-1562 E-mail: info@fsheri.com

DESIGN BY: SH DRAWN BY: CRH2/RL CHECKED BY: SH SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: Nov. 16, 2006 W.O. No.: 3248 SHEET No.: 8 OF 10

4' Min. 4 Min.

1. Core Trench To Be 4' Min. Below Existing Grade Core Trench Must Be Pumped Dry During Construction. . Core TrenchShall Consist Of Impervious Material (CL, CH, GC or SC) As Directed By a Geotechnical Engineer Onsite And May Require To Be Hauled From An Offsite Location. IMPERVIOUS CORE AND CORE TRENCH SECTION



95% Compaction

In Accordance

Specifications.

e-mail: info@cmemgmt.com

START 4" PVC FILTER DIAPHRAGM (SEE NOTE #1 FOR MATERIAL) INV. 273.32 (RUN AT SAME INVERT AS BARREL) NO PARALLEL 4" PVC DLID DRAINS (SCHEDULE 40) BARREL-CONC. CRADLE SEE DETAIL THIS SHEET-BOTTOM ELEV. 270.5 -ASHTO NO. 8 STONE JACKET (TYP.) 12" ALL AROUND PIPE WRAPPED W/NON - WOVEN FILTER FABRIC. SEE DETAIL THIS SHEET

SECTION A-A

ENGINEERS CERTIFICATE "I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

7. 43ch

PERMITTEE'S CERTIFICATE

PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. Schmil

4" PVC (SCH 40) (AASHTO M-228-81) 5/16" TO 3/8" FULLY PERFORATED. -NON-WOVEN FILTER FABRIC MIRAFI 140N

WRAP DETAIL FOR FILTER DIAPHRAGM Not to scale

4"

ELEVATION

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION

-ASHTO No. 8 STONE

AS-BUILT DATA PREPARED BY:

CME ENGINEERING LP

NOT TO SCALE

301-689-1700 FAX: 301-689-5177

ENGINEERING 12 Village Parkway, Frostburg, MD 21532

NOT TO SCALE

MATERIAL AND PLACEMENT IN THE FIELD. REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS * GONSERVATION SERVICE USDA-NATURAL PASOURCES THIS DEVELOPMENT POWN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT SEDIMENT CONTROL

Tacky 14 SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER ZACHARIA Y. FISCH

1/16/06 DATE

SIGNATURE OF PERMITTER

DATE

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. Subject property zoned "R-SA-8" per 2/02/04 Comprehensive Zoning Plan. 2. Gross area of property = 39.4 ac. \pm
- 3. The Contractor shall notify the following utility companies or agencies at least five (5) working days before starting storm drain work shown on these plans:

 State Highway Administration

 410.531.5533

 State Highway Administration
 410.531.5533

 BGE(Contractor Services)
 410.850.4620

 BGE(Underground Damage Control)
 410.787.9068

 Miss Utility
 1.800.257.7777

 Howard County, Dept. of Public Works, Bureau of Utilities
 410.313.4900

 Howard County Health Department
 410.313.2640

 AT&T
 1.800.252.1133

 Verizon
 1.800.743.0033/410.224.9210

- 4. The contractor shall notify Miss Utility at 1-800-257-7777 at least 48 hours prior to any excavation work.
- 5. This project recieved a waiver from having to prepare a Site Development Plan (WP-06-098) [Section 16.123(a)(2) and 16.155(a)(1)] approved by Howard County Department of Planning Zoning, planning director, on September 1, 2006.
- 6. The project is in conformance with the latest Howard County Standards unless waivers have been approved
- 7. Boundary for the site was provided by Civil Mining Environmental Engineering, Inc. Topography provided by Patton Harris Rust Associates, flown by Harford Aerial Surveys.
- 8. There are no floodplains, historic structures or cemeteries on-site.
 9. The coordinates shown hereon are based upon the Howard County Geodetic Control which is based on the Maryland State Plane Coordinate system. Howard County monument numbers 43GA and 43G6 were used for this project.
- 10. Any damage to public right-of ways, paving or existing utilities will be corrected at the contractor's expense.
- expense.

 II. Existing utilities are located by the use of any or all of the following: Road Construction Plans, Field Surveys, Public Water and Sewer Plans and other available record drawings. Approximate location of the existing utilities are shown for the contractors information. Contractor shall locate existing utilities well in advance of construction activities and take all necessary precautions to protect the existing utilities and to maintain uninterrupted service. Any damage incurred due to the contractor's operation
- shall be repaired immediately at the contractor's expense.

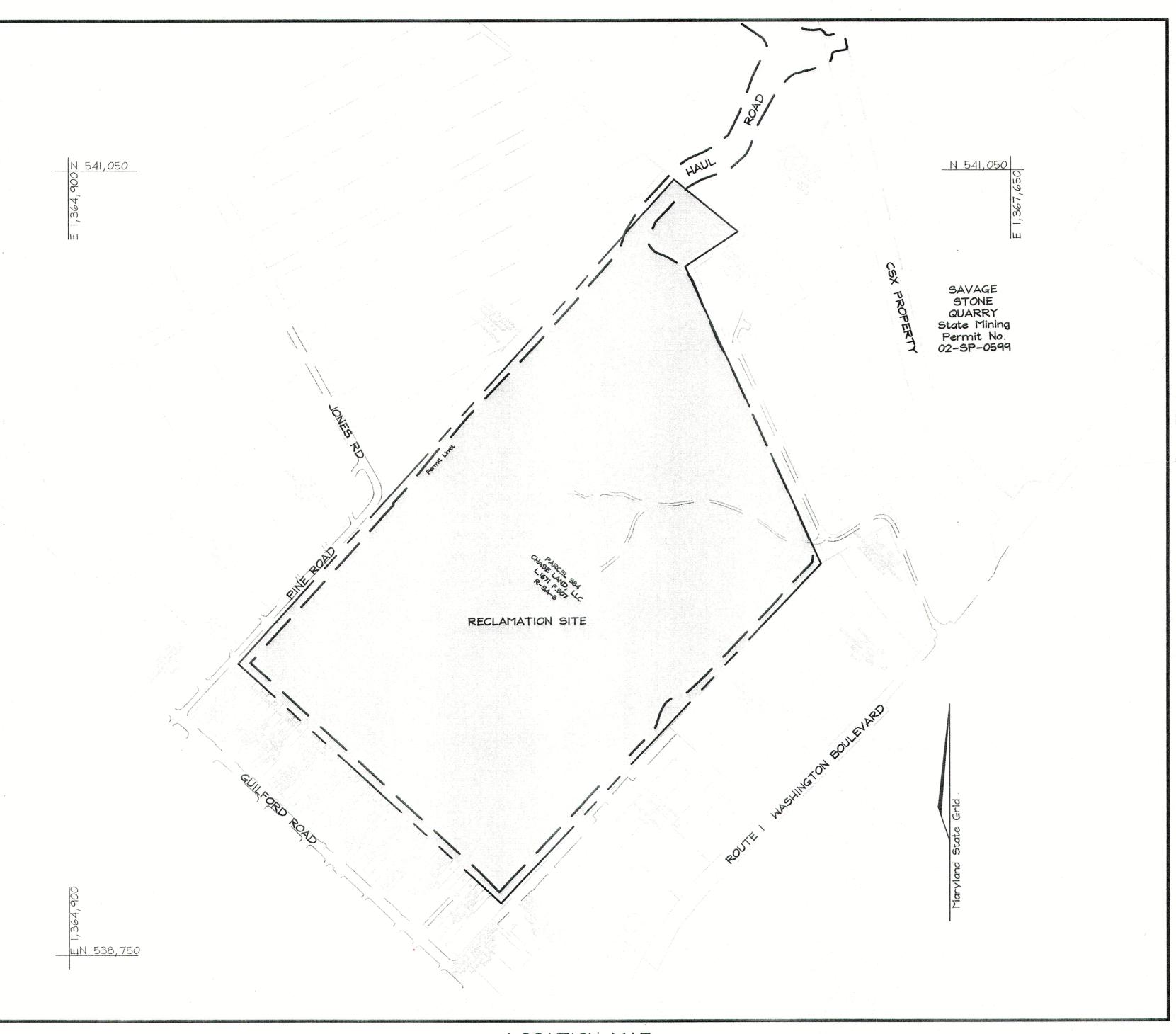
 12. Soil compaction specifications, requirements, methods and materials are to be in accordance with the recommendations of the project Geotechnical Engineer.
- 13. A jurisdictional determination of non-tidal wetlands and waterways was performed by MDE September 7, 2004. No regulated wetlands were present. One jurisdictional stream channel was identified and survey located as shown on these drawings.
- 14. This site is subject to a Decision and Order from the Howard County Board Of Appeals Case No. BA95-58E, item No.14. "The Petitioner will fill the existing quarry at the back of Pine Road using overburden from the new quarry and other material."

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MINE RECLAMATION PLAN

LAUREL LUMBER

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



LOCATION MAP
SCALE: 1"=200"

* NRCS/HSCD Review and approval does not include permanent pond/basin subject to review and approval by M.D.E. Dam Safety Division.

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS *

| 1/17/06 |
| USDA-NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE DATE

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT *

ENGINEERS CERTIFICATE

"I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

Facharia y - Fisch

SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER
ZACHARIA Y. FISCH

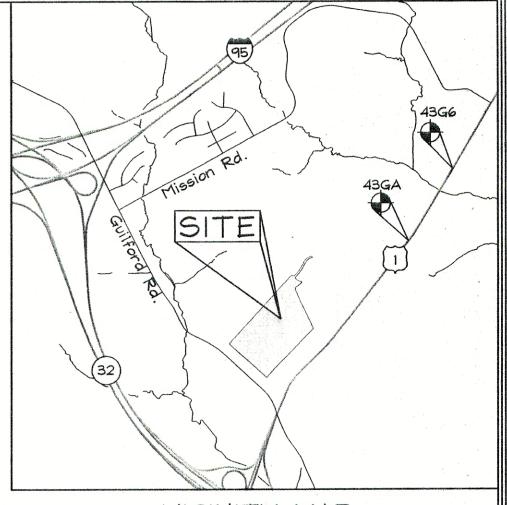
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DATE

PERMITTEE'S CERTIFICATE

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

SIGNATURE OF PERMITTEE

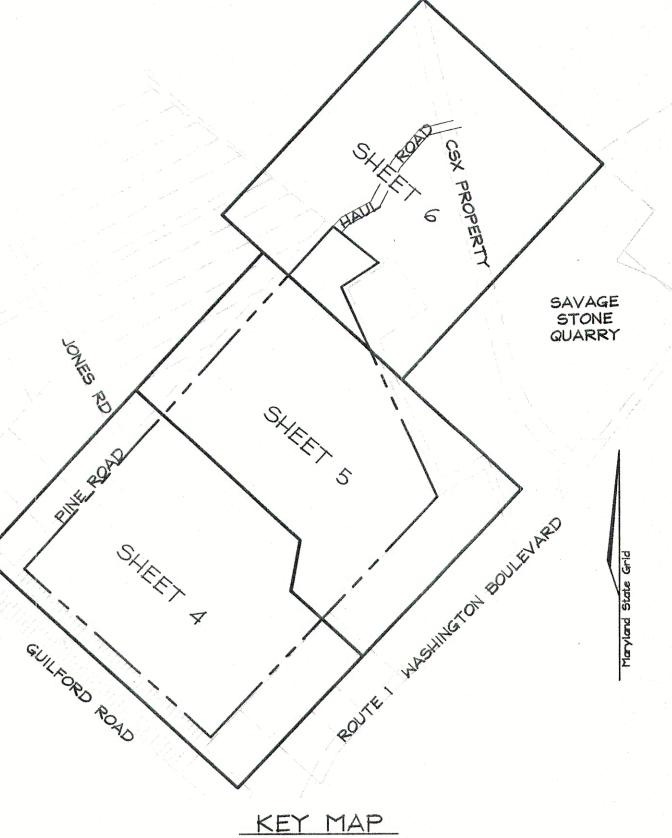
DATE



VICINITY MAP
SCALE:1=2000'

HO.CO. GEODETIC SURVEY CONTROL

Sta. 43GA N 541,797.060 E 1,369,159.491 E1.: 241.632 (feet)
Sta. 43G6 N 544,117.545 E 1,370,550.825 E1.: 220.116 (feet)



SCALE: 1"= 400'

PERMIT APPLICANT
Savage Stone, LLC.
P.O. Box 850
Laurel MD 20725

OWNER
Konterra
Limited Partnership
P.O. Box 850
Laurel MD 20725

MINE RECLAMATION PLAN COVER SHEET LAUREL LUMBER

TAX MAP 47 GRID 6 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



FSH Associates
Engineers Planners Surveyors
6339 Howard Lane Elkridge, MD 21075
Tel:410-567-5200 Fax: 410-796-1562
E-mail: info@fsheri.com

DESIGN BY: SH

DRAWN BY: CRH2/RL

CHECKED BY: SH

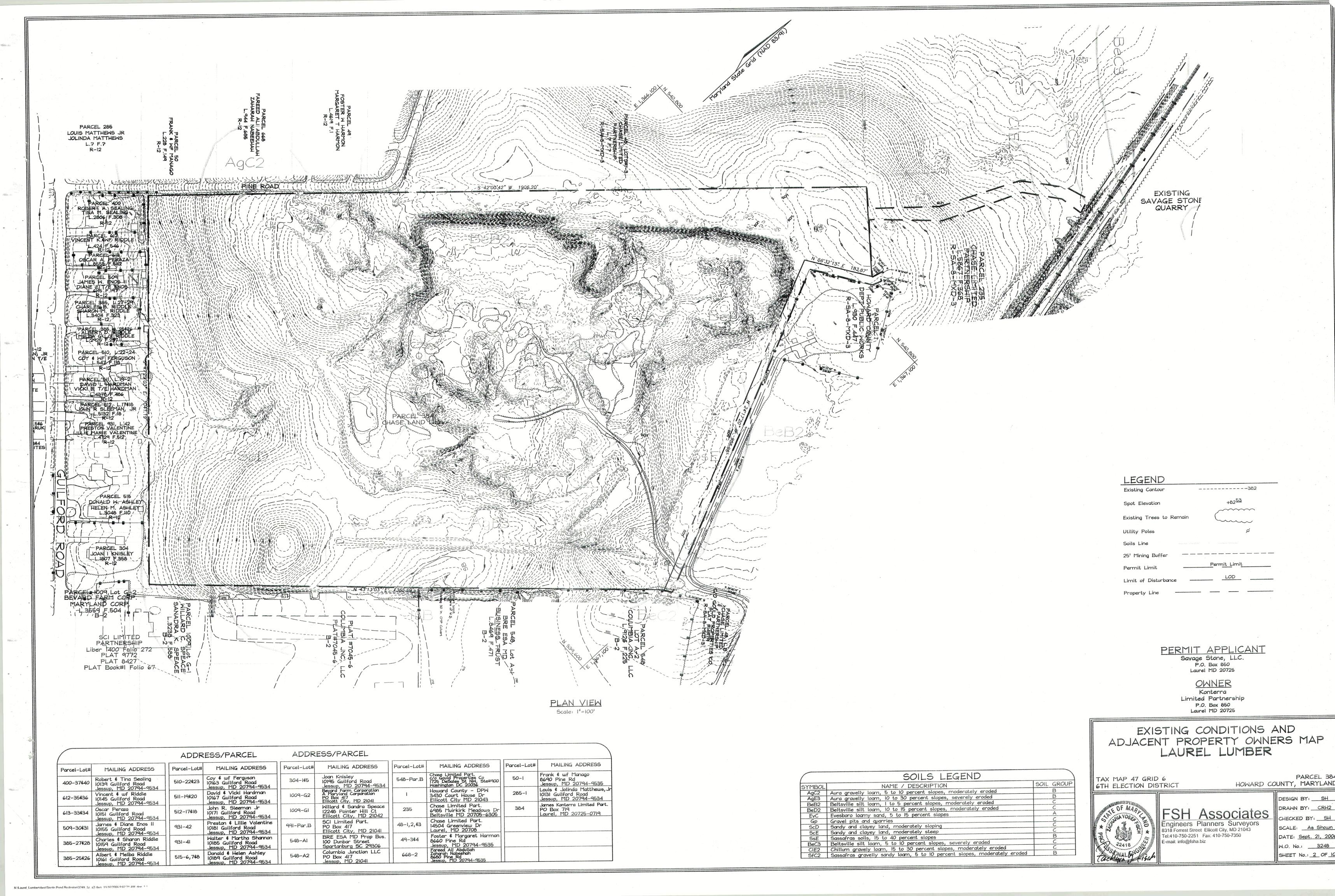
SCALE: AS SHOWN

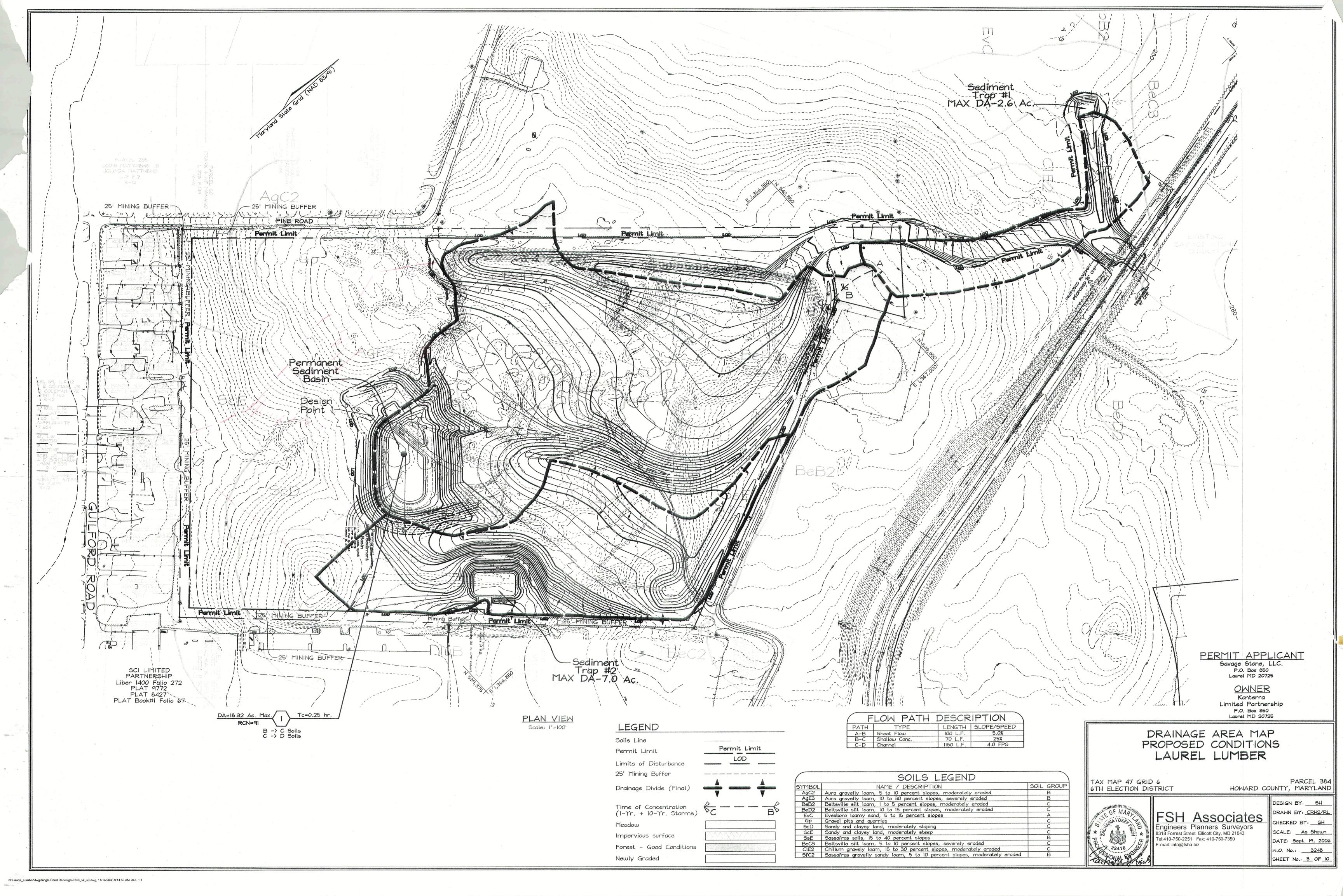
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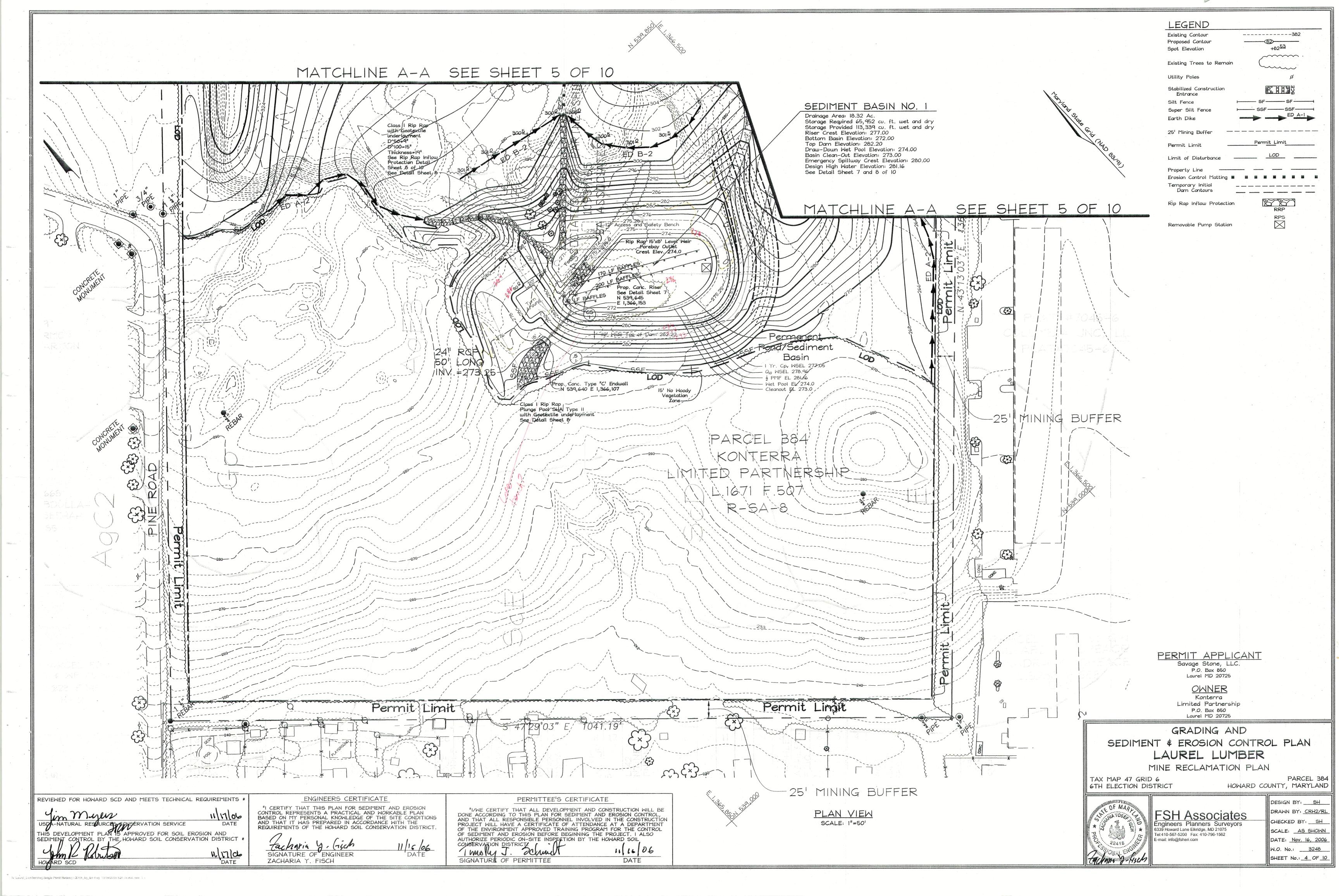
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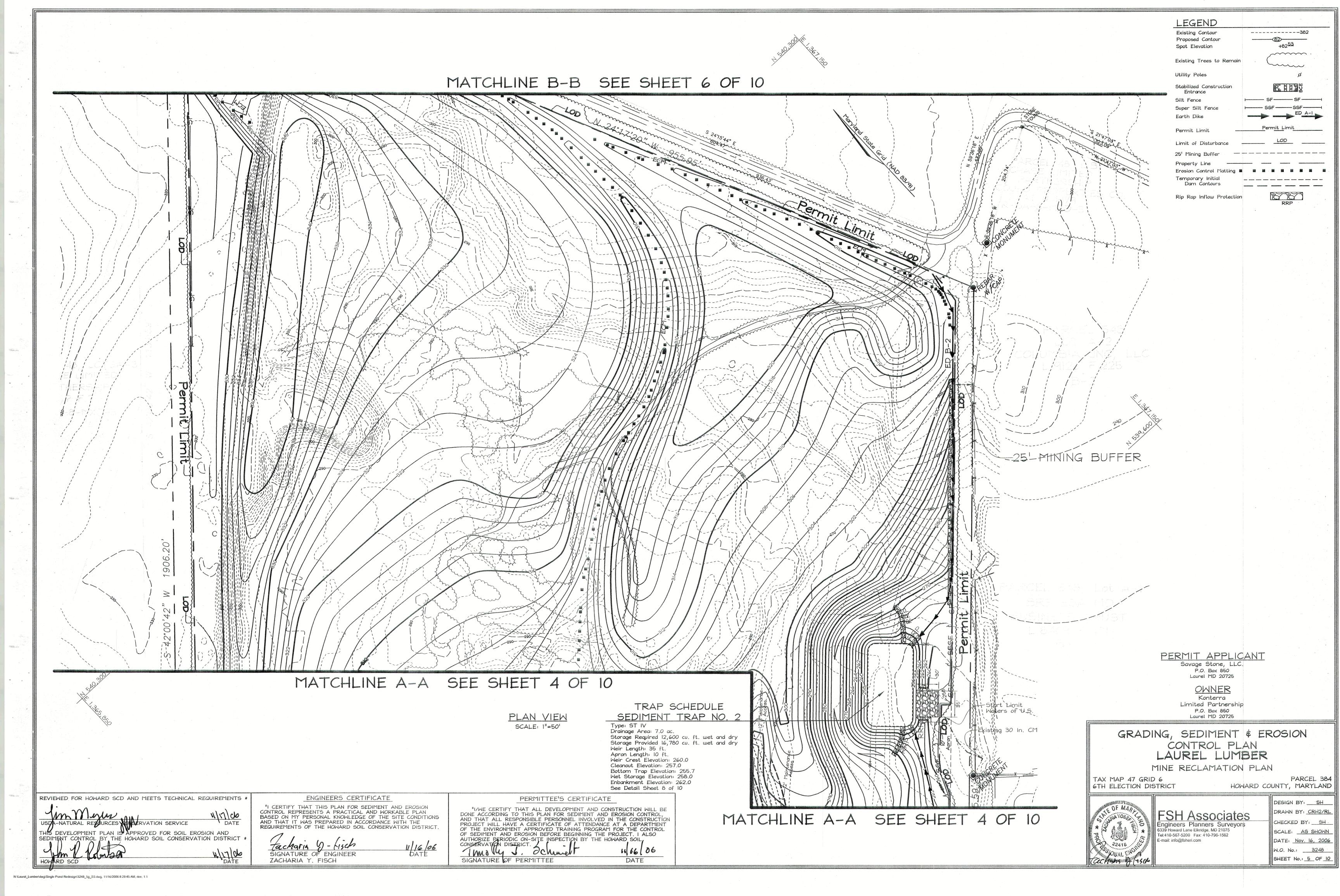
SHEET No.: 1 OF 10

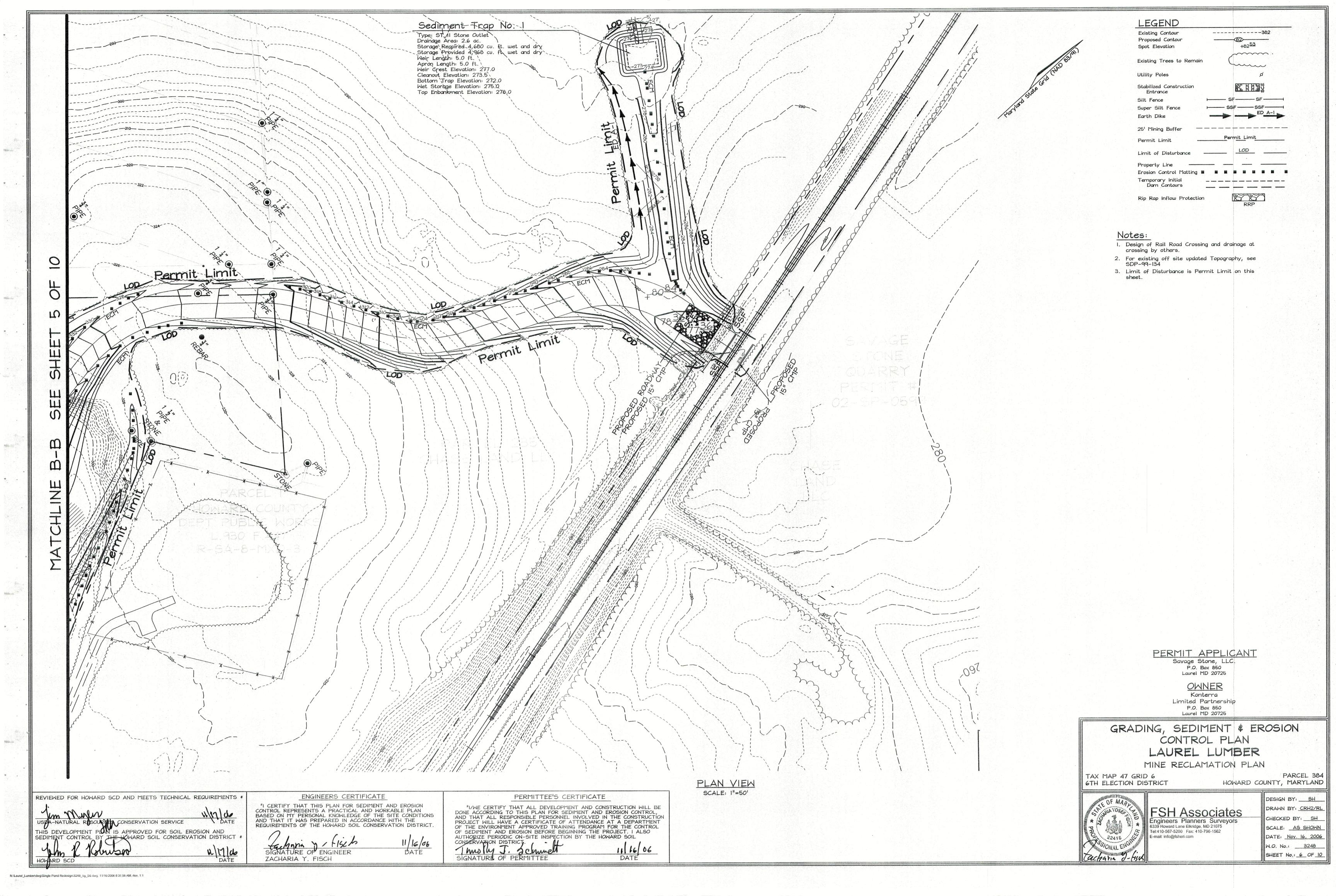
PARCEL 384

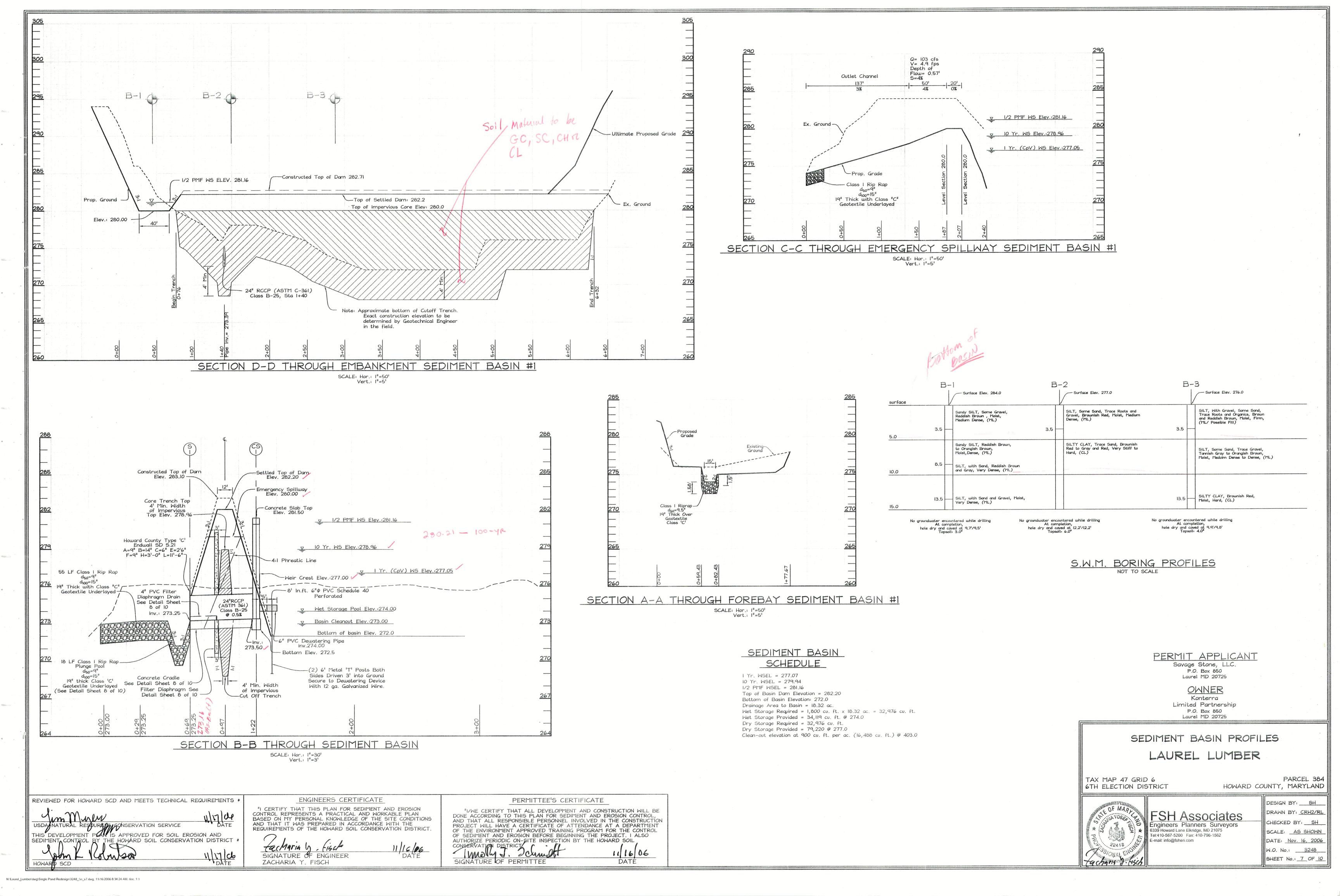












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All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpilled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment, and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL and must have at least 30% passing the #200 sieve. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if designed by a geotechnical engineer. Such special designs must have construction supervised by a geotechnical engineer. Materials used in the outer shell of the embankment must have the capability to support vegetation of the quality required to prevent erosion of the embankment.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of heavy equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if into a bail it will not crumble, yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

When required by the reviewing agency the minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +\-2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99 (Standard Proctor).

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be I to I or

The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure Embankment Core - The core shall be parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans.

The top width of the core shall be a minimum of four feet. The height shall extend up to at least the 10 year water elevation or as shown on the plans. The side slopes shall be I to I or flatter. The core be compacted with construction

Structure Backfill Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the

adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs

fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operated closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

Structure backfill may be flowable fill meeting the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 313 as modified. The mixture shall have a 100-200 psi; 28 day unconfined compressive strength. The flowable fill shall have a minimum pH of 4.0 and a minimum resistivity of 2,000 ohm-cm. Material shall be placed such that minimum of 6" (measured perpendicular to the outside of the pipe) of flowable fill shall be under (bedding), over and, on the sides of the pipe. It only needs to extend up to the spring line for rigid conduits. Average slump of the fill shall be 7" to assure flowability of the material. Adequate measures shall be taken (sand bags, etc.) to prevent floating the pipe. When using flowable fill, all metal pipe shall be bituminous coated Any adjoining soil fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and

by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material shall completely fill all voids adjacent to the flowable fill zone. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment

allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of the structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a structure or pipe unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe. Backfill (flowable fill)zone shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the core of the embankment or other embankment materials. Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

FILTER DIAPHRAGM NOTES

NOT CONTAMINATED.

BETWEEN LIFTS.

Jum Illinger

HIS DEVELOPMENT

SEDIMENT CONTROL

HOWARI

USDA-NATURAL RASOURCES

WITH APPROVED MATERIAL.

12 INCHES THICK (BEFORE COMPACTION)

MATERIAL MUST BE SATURATED.

3. EACH LAYER SHALL BE HYDROCOMPACTED USING A SPRINKLER.

5. ANY CONTAMINATED SAND SHALL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED

8. CONTRACTOR SHALL BEND AND CONSTRUCT THE 4" PVC PIPE TO

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER TO SPECIFY AND APPROVE FILTER

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS *

GONSERVATION SERVICE

IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND

4. CARE SHALL BE TAKEN SO THAT THE FILTER MATERIAL IS

7. ELBOWS SHALL BE USED FOR PVC INTERCONNECTIONS.

TYPE 'C' ENDWALL DETAIL THIS SHEET).

MATERIAL AND PLACEMENT IN THE FIELD.

OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

INSPECTION OF THE POND(S) SHOWN HEREON SHALL BE PERFORMED AT LEAST ANNUALLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHECKLIST AND REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED WITHIN USDA, SCS "STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PONDS" (MD-378). THE POND OWNER(S) AND ANY HEIRS, SUCCESSORS, OR ASSIGNS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFÉTY OF THE POND AND THE CONTINUED OPERATION, SURVEILLANCE, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE THEREOF. THE POND OWNER(S) SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE M.D.E. DAM SAFETY DIVISION OF ANY UNUSUAL OBSERVATIONS THAT MAY

BE INDICATIONS OF DISTRESS SUCH AS EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE, TURBID SEEPAGE, SLIDING Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe:

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM C-361.

. Bedding - Reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding/cradle for their entire

length. This bedding/cradle shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of

the pipe at least 50% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 6 inches. Where a concrete cradle is not needed for section of this standard. Gravel bedding is not permitted. 3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end unstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised

to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 4 feet from the riser.

Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be shown on the drawings.

Plastic Pipe - The following criteria shall apply for plastic pipe:

Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241. Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe, couplings and fittings shall conform to the following: 4# -10" Inch pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M252 Type 5, and 12" through 24" inch shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M294 Type S.

Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.

3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Drainage Diaphragms - When a drainage diaphragm is used, a registered professional engineer will supervise the design and construction inspection

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 414, Mix No. 3

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction Materials, Section 311 Geotexile shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet requirements of Maryland Department of

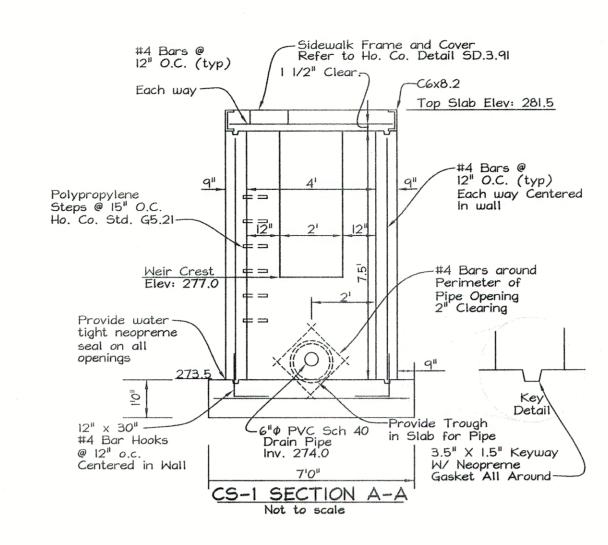
Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section

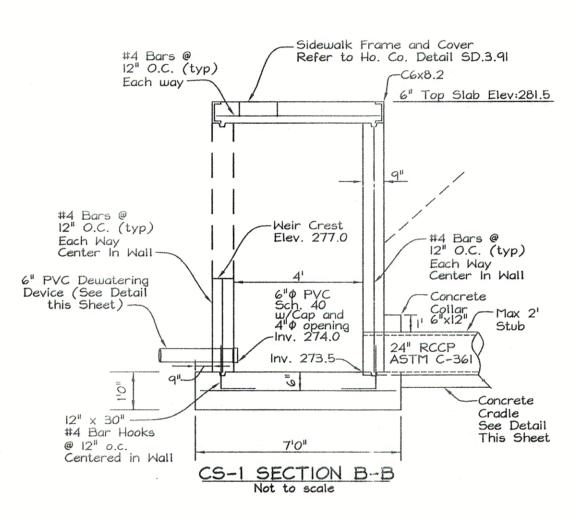
Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water sumps from which the water shall be

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Natural Resources Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures.





4' Min.

1. Core Trench To Be 4' Min. Below Existing Grade.

. Core TrenchShall Consist Of Impervious Material

41 Min.

. Core Trench Must Be Pumped Dry During Construction

IMPERVIOUS CORE AND CORE TRENCH SECTION

Not to scale

(CL, CH, GC or SC) As Directed By a Geotechnical Engineer

Onsite And May Require To Be Hauled From An Offsite Location

8'0"

RIP RAP INFLOW PROTECTION

TYPICAL CROSS SECTION DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

- 95% Compaction

In Accordance

With Ho. Co.

Specifications.

Class I Rip-Rap

OUTFALL

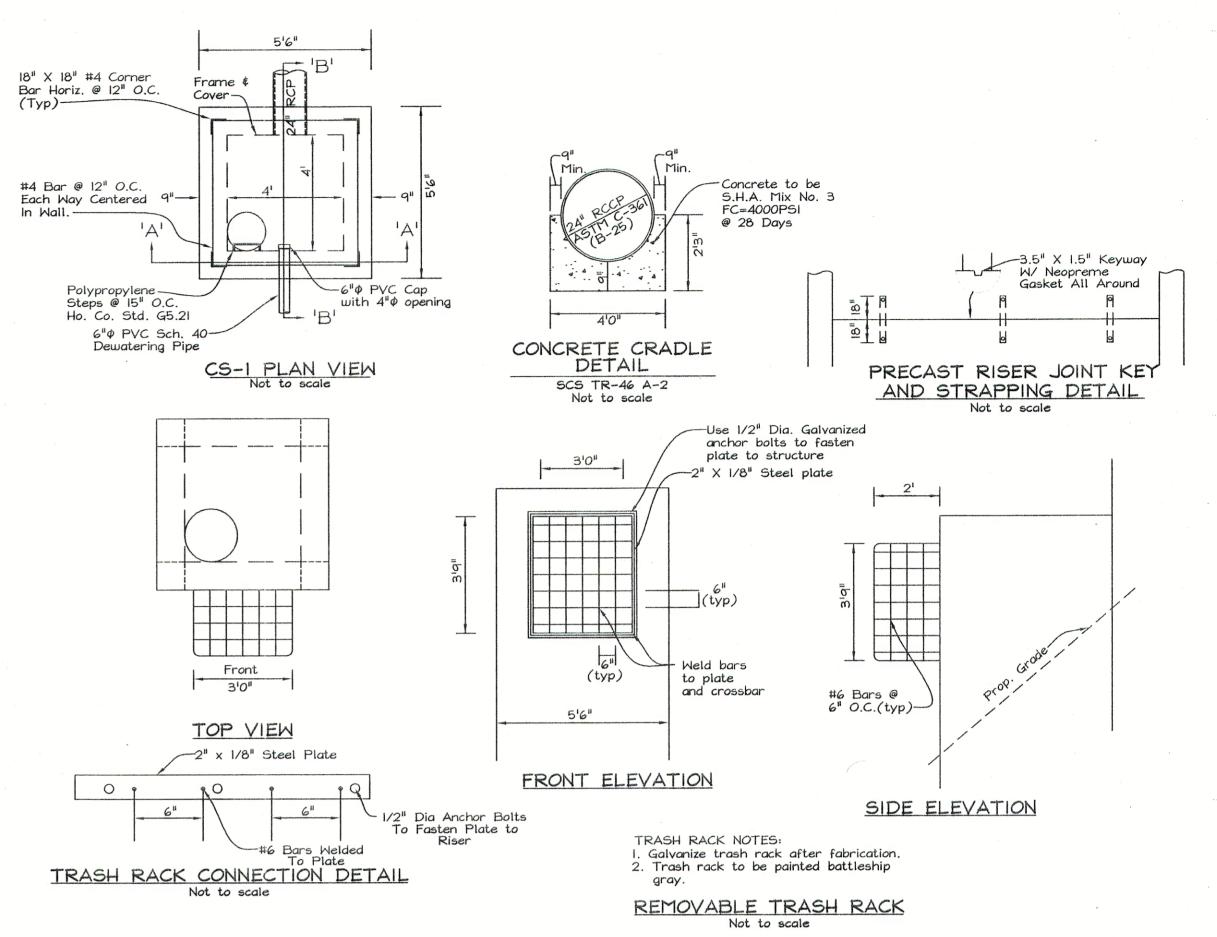
TYPICAL PLUNGE POOL

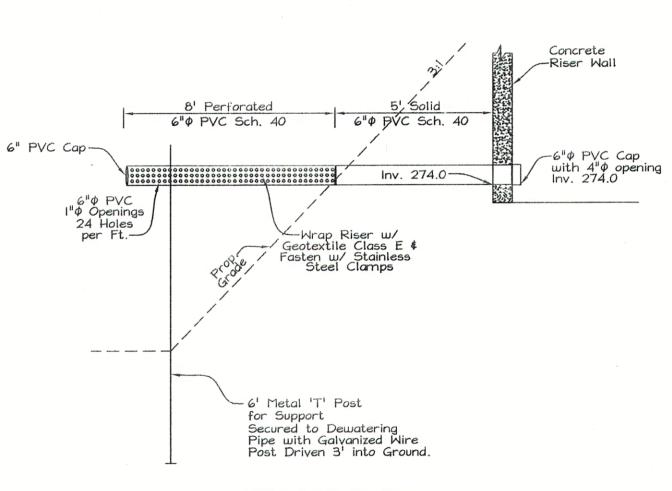
NOT TO SCALE

with geotextile

underlayment

D100=15"

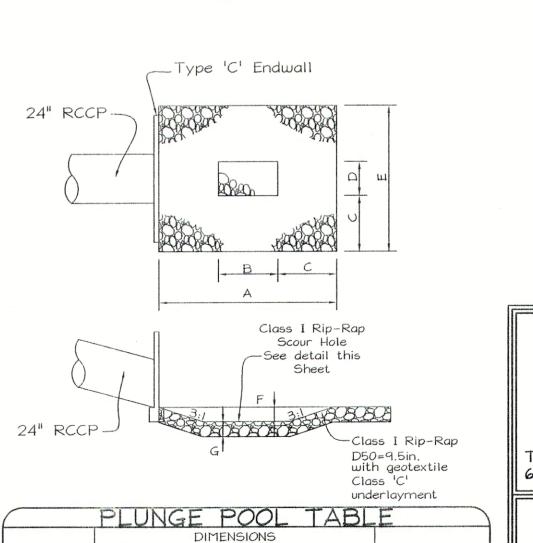




SEDIMENT BASIN

DEWATERING DEVICE DETAIL

Not to scale



-Reinforcemen Spigot-Pipe I.D. BARREL JOINT SEAL DETAIL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PERMANENT SEDIMENT BASIN ROUTINE MAINTENANCE I. FACILITY WILL BE INSPECTED ANNUALLY AND AFTER MAJOR STORMS. INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED DURING WET WEATHER TO DETERMINE IS FUNCTIONING PROPERLY.

Longitudinal -

Reinforcement

2. TOP AND SIDE SLOPES OF THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE MOWED A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) TIMES A YEAR, ONCE IN JUNE AND ONCE IN SEPTEMBER. OTHER SIDE SLOPES AND MAINTENANCE ACCESS SHOULD BE MOWED AS NEEDED. 3. DEBRIS AND LITTER NEXT TO THE OUTLET STRUCTURE SHALL BE REMOVED DURING REGULAR MOWING OPERATIONS AND AS 4. VISIBLE SIGNS OF EROSION IN THE POND AS WELL AS RIPRAP OUTLET AREAS SHALL BE REPAIRED AS SOON AS IT IS NOTICED. 5. MAINTAIN 4in. Cpv OUTLET KEEPING IT CLEAR OF OBSTRUCTIONS

-Bell Ring

NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

I. STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS OF THE POND SUCH AS THE DAM, THE RISER, AND THE PIPES SHALL BE REPAIRED UPON DETECTION OF ANY DAMAGE. THE COMPONENTS SHOULD BE INSPECTED DURING ROUTINE MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS. 2. SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN ITS ACCUMULATION REACHES THE CLEANOUT ELEVATION OF 273.0.

> PERMIT APPLICANT Savage Stone, LLC. P.O. Box 850 Laurel MD 20725

> > OWNER Konterra Limited Partnership P.O. Box 850

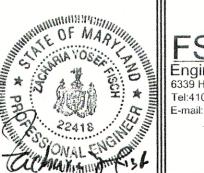
> > > Laurel MD 20725

SEDIMENT BASIN DETAILS LAUREL LUMBER

TAX MAP 47 GRID 6 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

REMARKS

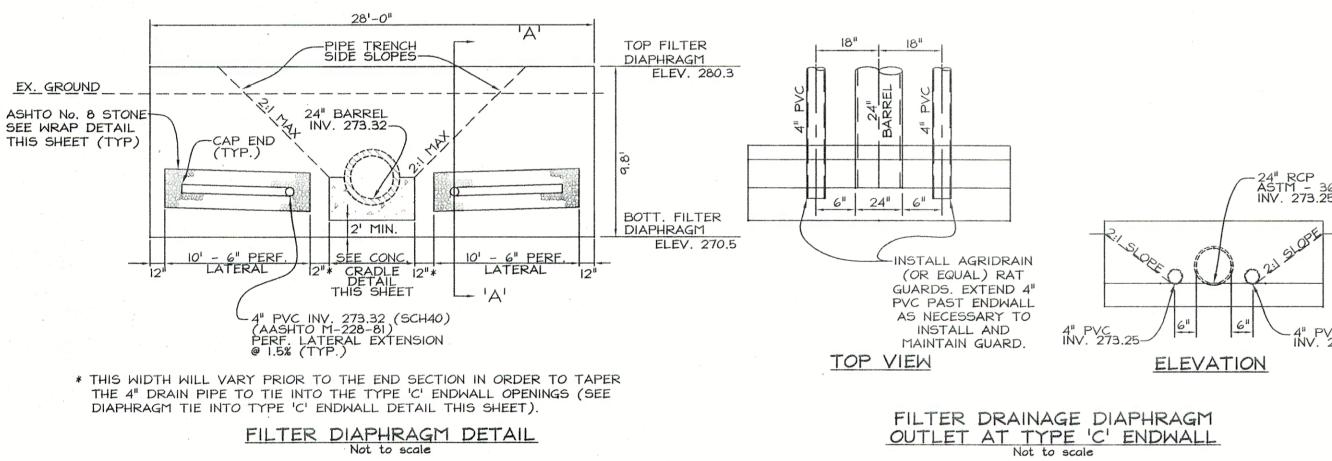
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

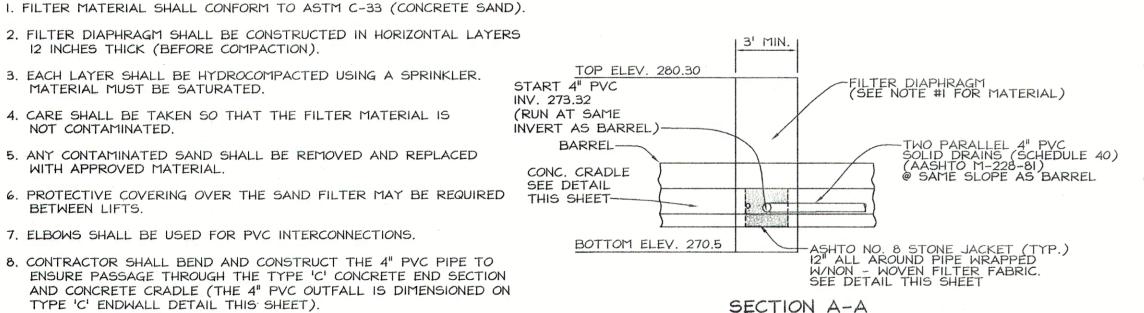


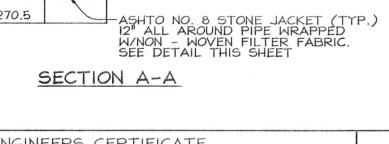
FSH Associates Engineers Planners Surveyors 6339 Howard Lane Elkridge, MD 21075 Tel:410-567-5200 Fax: 410-796-1562 E-mail: info@fsheri.com

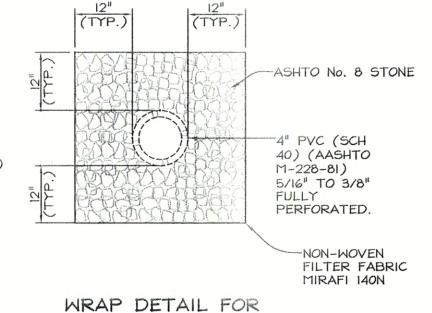
DESIGN BY: SH DRAWN BY: CRH2/RL CHECKED BY: SH SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: Nov. 16, 2006 W.O. No.: 3248 SHEET No.: 8 OF 10

PARCEL 384









FILTER DIAPHRAGM

PERMITTEE'S ERTIFICATE

11/16/0% SIGNATURE OF PERMITTEE

ENGINEERS CERTIFICATE

SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER 11/16/06

"I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT ZACHARIA Y. FISCH

N:\Laurel_Lumber\dwg\Single Pond Redesign\3248_5c_s8.dwg, 11/16/2006 9:15:12 AM, nee, 1:

21.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES All vegetation and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT FOR TOPSOIL

CONTROL and revisions thereto.

project site.

Total Area

Area to be roofed or paved

Area to be vegetatively stabilized

with an approved and active grading permit

Offsite waste/borrow area location____

Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, permanent or temporary

stabilization shall be completed within: (a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes, and all slopes greater than 3:1, (b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the

All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above

in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seeding, sod,

maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the MDE Mining Program.

4. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be

6. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for

pipes each side, and silt fences.

slope benches as shown.

re-disturbed

those areas.

3. Bring site to grade adjusting rip rap inflow

4. Apply temporary stabilization to all areas and

placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance

**Total cut and fill quantities are for permit purposes only. Contractor to verify

* To be determined by contractor, with pre-approval of the Sediment Control Inspector

2. Clear for and install sediment control devices, including

earth dikes, rail crossing protection with storm drain

Permanent Basin, Traps #1 and 2, super silt fence,

protection as grading proceeds. Grade and install

permanent stabilization to areas not likely to be

5. Install super silt fence and backfill Trap #2, bring site

remove Trap #1, silt fences, earth dikes, and stabilize

to final grades, and apply permanent stabilization.

6. Apply permanent stabilization to all disturbed areas,

7. Dewater Basin, remove accumulated sediment and

stabilize. (Basin to remain as a permanent pond).

temporary seeding, and mulching (Sec. G). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone shall be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.

N/A

Definition Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation

Purpose To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetable growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or

Conditions Where Practice Applies

1. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material

is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.

stabilization shown on the plans.

The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients. The original soil to be vegetated contains

II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate

d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with

Construction and Material Specifications 1. Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.

II. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil

i. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or a soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, grayel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger that I and 1/2" in

ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison lyy, thistle, or others as specified.

iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

11. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres: Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20,0 Vegetative Stabilization Section 1 - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials

ill. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres: i. On soil meeting topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:

a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If he tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than

6.0, sufficient time shall be prescribed to raise 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.

b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.

c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used.

d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elagsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of

elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

NOTE: Topsoll substitutes or amendments, as recommende by a qualified agranomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

II. Place topsoll (if required) and apply soil ammendments specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization-Section I-Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins.

V. Topsoil Application

ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which has been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4"
- 8" higher in elevation. iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" ir and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4

Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions

. Topsoil shall not be place while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO IMMEDIATE FURTHER DISTURBANCE WHERE A PERMANENT LONG-LIVED VEGETATIVE COVER IS NEEDED SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use the following schedule: Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone(92 lbs/1000 s.f.) And 900 lbs. / acre (20.7 lbs./1000s.f.) of 10-20-20 before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper 3 in. Of soil. SEEDING: Apply a mixture of Turf Type Tall fescue(80%) and Hard Fescue (20%) in accordance with seeding dates and rates shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary shown on this sheet. For stabilization outside of the seeding dates, apply straw mulch at rates and methods specified below and apply permanent seeding when within proper seeding dates. MULCHING: Immediately following seeding, apply a uniform 1-2 in. Deep layer of un-rotted small grain straw at a rate of 2 tons/acre. (Apply 2.5 Tons/acre if a mulch anchoring tool is used). Straw may be anchored with wood cellulose fiber at a rate of 750 lbs. / acre mixed at a ratio of 50 lbs. Of wood fibre/ 100 gal. of water. Synthetic liquid binders such as Terra Tax II, Acrylic DLR (Agro- Tack), DCA-70, Petroset and other approved equals may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturers.

F	Permanent s	Seeding	Summ	ary (Cool	Weat	her	Mix)
	Seed Mixture († Fr	Hardiness Zone om Table 25	7a and 6b))		rtilizer R (10-10-10		Lime Rate
No.	Species	Application Rate (1b/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	Ν	P205	K20	
N/A	Orchard Grass Annual Rye Flatpee Birdsfoot Trefoil	60 2 1/2 20 10		0.5 in.	60 lb/ac (1.4 lb/ 1000sf)	60 lb/ac (1.4 lb/ 1000sf)	60 lb/ac (1.4 lb/ 1000sf)	2tons/ac (1001b/ 1000sf)

	F	Permanent S	beeding S	Summa	iry (1	Narm	Weat	:her	Mix)
SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION		Seed Mixture (+ Fr	Hardiness Zone om Table 25	7a and 6b)			rtilizer Re 10-10-10		Lime Rate
1. Contact Maryland Department of Environment Mining Program Inspector 24 hours in advance of clearing and	No.	Species	Application Rate (1b/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	Ν	P205	K20	
grading for a pre-construction meeting. (WMA-06-0B-0096)		Orchard Grass Weeping Lovegrass	60			60 lb/ac	60 lb/ac	60 lb/ac	2tons/ac

/A Annual Rye

Weeping Lovegrass

Birdsfoot Trefoil

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, discing or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

0.5 in. (1.4 lb/) (1.4 lb/) (1.4 lb/) (100lb/

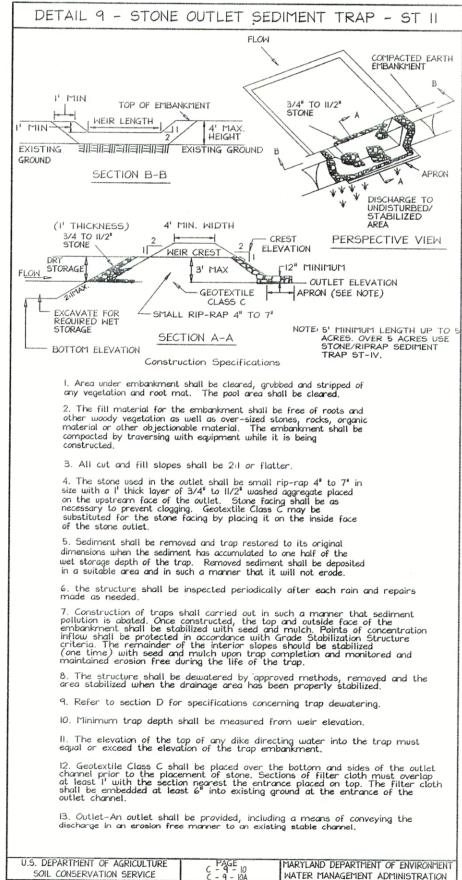
1000sf) | 1000sf) | 1000sf)

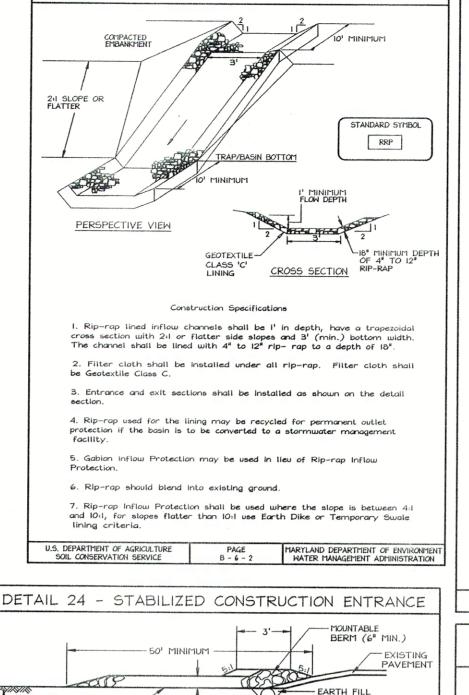
SOIL AMENDMENTS: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use the following schedule: Apply 2 tons per acre dolomitic limestone(92 lbs/1000 s.f.) And 600 lbs. / acre (15 lbs./1000s.f.) of 10-10-10 before seeding. Harrow or disc into upper 3 in. Of soil. SEEDING: Apply the Maryland State Highway approved seed mixture of Barley or Rye plus Foxtail Millet in accordance with seeding dates and rates shown in the Temporary Seeding Summary shown on this sheet. For stabilization outside of the seeding dates, apply straw mulch at rates and methods specified below.

MULCHING: Immediately following seeding, apply a uniform 1-2 in. Deep layer of un-rotted small grain straw at a rate of 2 tons/acre. (Apply 2.5 Tons/acre if a mulch anchoring tool is used). Straw may be anchored with wood cellulose fiber at a rate of 750 lbs. / acre mixed at a ratio of 50 lbs. Of wood fibre/ 100 gal. of water. Synthetic liquid binders such as Terra Tax II, Acrylic DLR (Agro- Tack), DCA-70, Petroset and other approved equals may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturers.

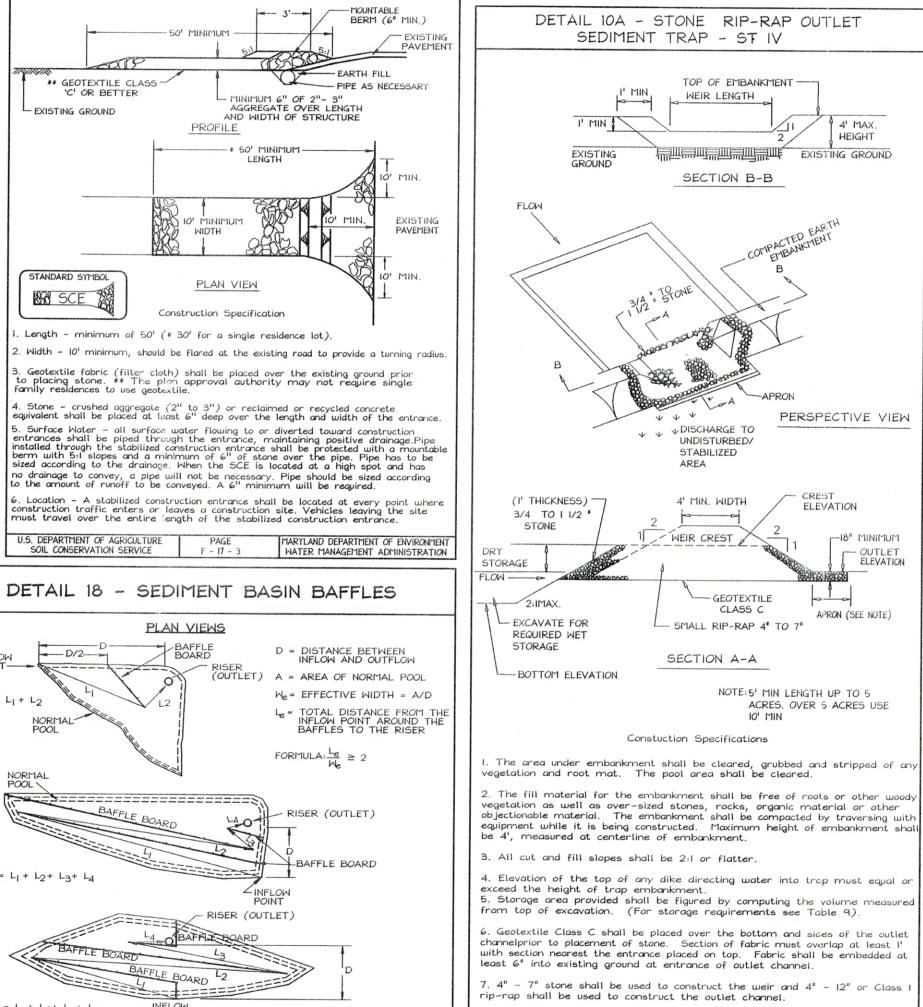
REFER TO THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLFOR RATE AND METHODS NOT COVERED.

		Tempora	ry Seeding	g Sun	nmary	
	Seed Mixtu	re (Hardiness Zor From Table 26	Fertilizer Rate (10-10-10)	Lime Rate		
Nọ.	Species	Application Rate (1b/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths		
2	Barley or Rye plus Foxtail Millet	150 lbs (3.51bs/1000sqf)	2/1-11/30 (7a) 3/15-10/31 (6a)	1/4 in- 1/2 in	600 lb/ac (151b/1000sf)	2 tons/ac (1001b/1000sf)





DETAIL 5 - RIP-RAP INFLOW PROTECTION



DETAIL 1 - EARTH DIKE

CROSS SECTION

A A A A A A A A

PLAN VIEW

2. Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod.

Construction Specifications

grade to an outlet. Spot elevations may be necessary for grades less than 1%

2. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shall be conveyed to a sediment

3. Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly into an

4. All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectional material

shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper

5. The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as

required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections

7. All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that

8. Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after

8. Outlet - An outlet shall include a means of conveying the discharge in a

10. Sediment shall be removed and trap restored to its original dimensions

II. The structure shall be inspected periodically after each rain and repaired

12. Construction of traps shall be carried out in such a manner that sediment

embankment shall be stabilized with seed and mulch. Points of concentrated

criteria. The remainder of the interior slopes should be stabilized (one time

13. The structure shall be dewatered by approved methods, removed and the area stabilized when the drainage area has been properly stabilized. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE | PAGE | MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE C - 9 - 16 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

with seed and mulch upon trap completion and monitored and maintained

inflow shall be protected in accordance with Grade Stabilization Structure

pollution is abated. Once constructed, the top and outside face of the

the discharge point shall be provided as necessary.

erosion free during the life of the trap.

9. Outlet channel must have positive drainage from the trap.

3. 4" - 7" stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into

1. All temporary earth dikes shall have uninterrupted positive

undisturbed, stabilized area at a non-erosive velocity.

or other irregularities which will impede normal flow.

6. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.

it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike.

FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

2:1 SLOPE OR FLATTER

CUT OR FILL SLOPE -V

functioning of the dike.

S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

GRADE LINE-

CUT OR FILL

Seed and cover with straw mulch.

21 SLOPE OR FLATTER

FLOW

- EXCAVATE TO PROVIDE

a-DIKE HEIGHT 18"

b-DIKE WIDTH 24"

c-FLOW WIDTH 4'

d-FLOW DEPTH 12"

REQUIRED FLOW WIDTH AT DESIGN FLOW DEPTH

DIKE A DIKE B

TANDARD SYMBOL

A-2 B-3

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

FLOW

SECTION A

STAPLE

Tensile Modulus

Filtering Eggeciency

50 lbs/in (min.)

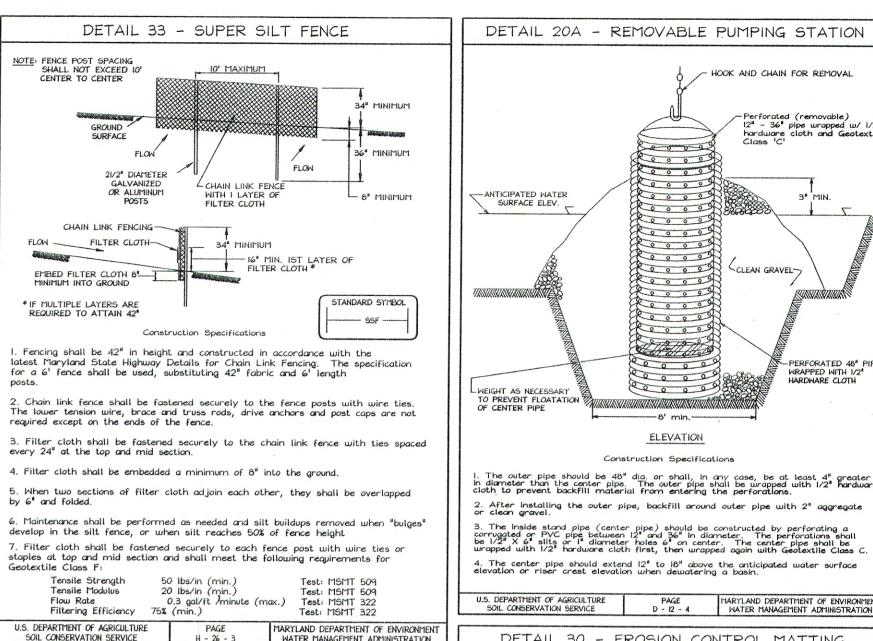
Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, folded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.

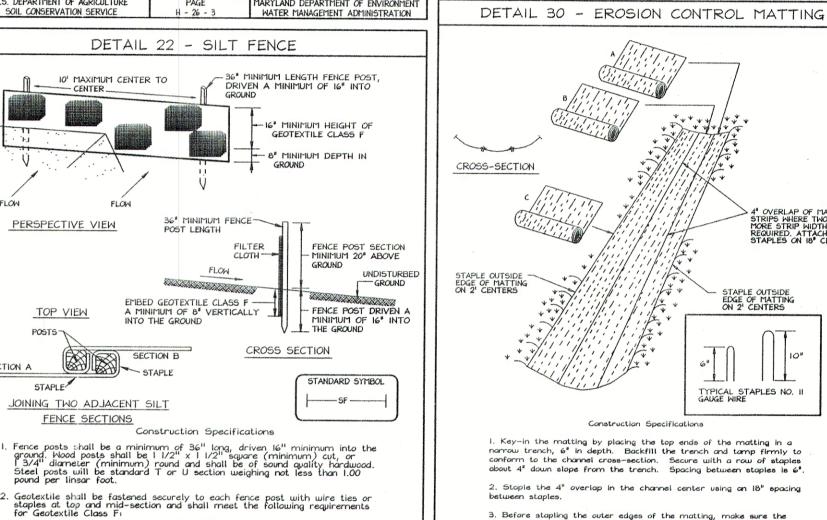
Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reaches 50% of the fabric height.

20 lbs/in (min.) 0.3 gal ft /minute (max.)

Test: MSMT 32

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT





between staples.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

3. Before stapling the outer edges of the matting, make sure the

4. Stoples shall be placed 2' apart with 4 rows for each strip, 2

5. Where one roll of matting ends and another begins, the end of

6. The discharge end of the matting liner should be similarly

the top strip shall overlap the upper end of the lower strip by 4", shiplap fashion. Reinforce the overlap with a double row of staples

Note: If flow will enter from the edge of the matting then the area

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WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

matting is smooth and in firm contact with the soil.

r rows, and 2 alternating rows down the center

spaced 6" apart in a staggered pattern on either side.

secured with 2 double rows of stoples.

effected by the flow must be keyed-in.

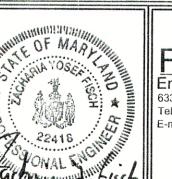
PERMIT APPLICANT Savage Stone, LLC P.O. Box 850 Laurel MD 20725

> OWNER Konterra Limited Partnership P.O. Box 850 Laurel MD 20725

GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS LAUREL LUMBER

TAX MAP 47 GRID 6 6TH ELECTION DISTRICT

PARCEL 384 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



FSH Associates Il Engineers Planners Surveyors 6339 Howard Lane Elkridge, MD 21075 Tel:410-567-5200 Fax: 410-796-1562 E-mail: info@fsheri.com

DESIGN BY: SH DRAWN BY: CRH2/RL CHECKED BY: SH SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: Nov. 16, 2006 W.O. No.: 3248 SHEET No .: 9 OF 10

Perforated (removable

WRAPPED WITH 1/2" HARDWARE CLOTH

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS *

Jim Minh -NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE HIS DEVELOPMENT PLANTS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL B THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

N:\Laurel_Lumber\dwg\Single Pond Redesign\3248_5n_s9.dwg. 11/16/2006 9:15:29 AM, rice. 1

ENGINEERS CERTIFICATE "I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

tadyrin y. tisch SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER ZACHARIA Y. FISCH

PERMITTEE'S CERTIFICATE

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD, SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
TIME J. Johnney J. Johnney 111606

SIGNATURE OF PERMITTEE

Le= L1 + L2+ L3+ L4 Le= L1+ L2+ L3+ L4 erosion free manner to an existing stable channel. Protection against scour at SHEETS OF 4'X 8'X 1/2" EXTERIOR -GRADE PLYWOOD OR EQUIVALENT-GROUND OSTS MINIMUM when the sediment has accumulated to 1/2 of the wet storage depth of the 11/4" SQUARE
OR 2" ROUND SET
AT LEAST 3' INTO
THE GROUND trap (900 cf/ac). Removed sediment shall be deposited in a suitable area and in such a manner that it will not erode.

BAFFLE DETAIL PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
- 10 - 28 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DATE

8' CENTER TO CENTER

