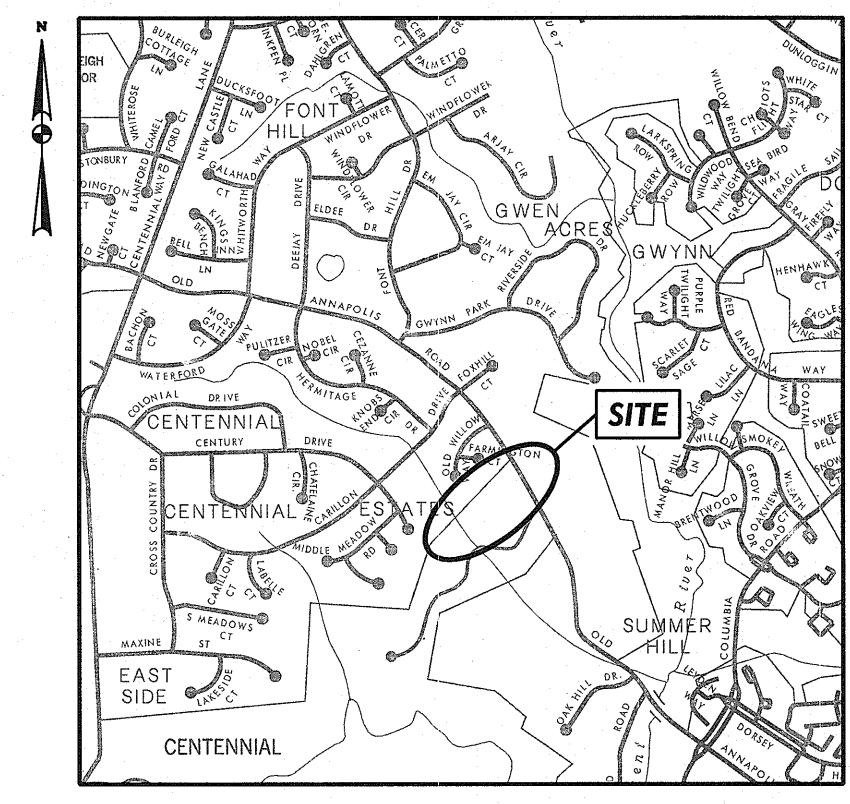
FARMINGTON COURT DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS CAPITAL PROJECT NO.: D-1147



LOCATION MAP

INDEX

SCALE: 1" = 1000'

TITLE
TITLE SHEET
SITE PLAN SHEET
DRAINAGE PROFILE SHEET AND TYPICAL SECTIONS
BIORETENTION DETAIL AND TREE REMOVAL SHEET
LANDSCAPE DESIGN PLAN SHEET
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS
EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

BY THE DEVELOPER

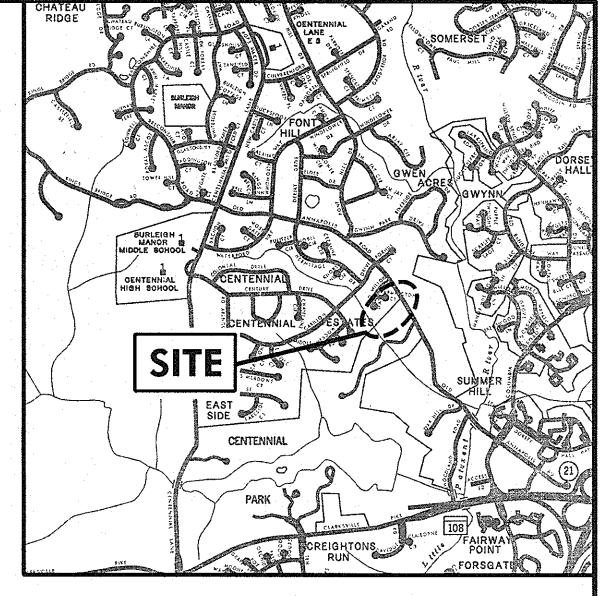
*I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environmental approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation District."

DES: M.M.G.

BY THE ENGINEER

"Icertify that this plan for erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District*

Print name



VICINITY MAP

SCALE: I" = 2000'

LEGEND

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DEPARTMENT OF RECREATION AND PARKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

MISS UTILITY 1-800-257-7777,

VERIZON 1 (410) 224-9285,

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND,

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

4. INSTALL ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES.

5. CLEAR AND GRUB FOR ALL GRADING.

GENERAL NOTES

CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION, HOWARD COUNTY (410) 313-1880,

AMERICAN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CABLE LOCATION DIVISION (410) 393-3553,

3. THE SITE SURVEY WAS PERFORMED BY HOWARD COUNTY SURVEY DEPT. IN JANUARY, 2008. THE HORIZONTAL IS REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 MARYLAND STATE PLANE GRID SYSTEM WITH THE 1991 HARNS ADJUSTMENT (NAD 83/91). THE VERTICAL IS REFERENCED TO THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88). THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ARE BASED ON AND ESTABLISHED FROM HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL.

4. AVOID DAMAGE TO TREES ON THE SITE TO MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE. OTHER TREES WITHIN LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL NOT BE DESTROYED WITHOUT APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER. TREES > 12" DBH WITHIN LOD SHALL BE PROTECTED USING TREE PROTECTIVE FENCING.

5. FOR DETAILS NOT SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS, AND FOR MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION METHODS, USE HOWARD CO. DESIGN MANUAL, VOL. IV STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS FOR CONSTRUCTION (LATEST EDITION). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A COPY OF VOL. IV ON THE JOB.

7. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNINGS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" (MUTCD). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE PLACED PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT.

6. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.

8. PROTECT BOARD FENCE ALONG OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD. REPAIR ANY DAMAGE TO FENCE OR GATE.

BALTIMORE GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY - UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC

DISTRIBUTION CUSTOMER SERVICE (410) 685-0123.

9. RESTORE ALL DISTURBED AREAS TO ORIGINAL CONDITION.

BUREAU OF UTILITIES, HOWARD COUNTY (410) 313-2040,

HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT (410) 489-7987

I. INFORMATION CONCERNING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES WAS OBTAINED FROM THE BEST AVAILABLE RECORDS. THE CONTRACTOR MUST DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATIONS AND ELEVATIONS OF THE UTILITIES BY DIGGING TEST PITS AT ALL UTILITY CROSSINGS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. IF CLEARANCES ARE LESS THAN SPECIFIED ON THIS PLAN OR LESS THAN 12 INCHES WHEN NOT SPECIFIED, CONTACT THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER OF INVOLVED UTILITY.

2. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING UTILITIES OR AGENCIES AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS

I. POST SIGNS NOTIFYING PUBLIC TRAIL TO BE DISTURBED AS SHOWN ON SITE PLAN SHEET 3 WEEKS PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION.

2. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF ANY CONSTRUCTION AND SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION WALK-THROUGH OF THE SITE.

3. REMOVE CENTENNIAL PARK'S SPLIT RAIL FENCE ALONG OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD AND CLEAR AND GRUB FOR THE INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AND STABLIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS.

6. CONSTRUCT CLOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEM AND SIDEWALK ALONG OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD FROM I-I TO ES-I AND PROVIDE FINAL STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED AREAS. INSTALL SUPER SILT FENCE AROUND I-I AND I-2 AFTER STRUCTURES HAVE BEEN CONSTRUCTED.

7. CONSTRUCT THE BIORETENTION FILTER AND PROVIDE FINAL STABILIZATION OF DISTURBED AREAS.

8. CONSTRUCT CULVERTS AND RIPRAP OUTFALLS DOWNSTREAM TO UPSTREAM BEGINNING WITH CULVERT ES-7 TO ES-6.

9. REPLACE REMOVED SECTIONS OF BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT ALONG PATH.

10. CONSTRUCT SWALES FROM DOWNSTREAM TO UPSTREAM AND PROVIDE PERMANENT STABILIZATION AS SHOWN ON PLANS.

II. PLACE TOPSOIL, SEED AND MULCH IN ANY REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS. REINSTALL SPLIT RAIL FENCE ALONG OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD.

12. ONCE ALL DISTURBED AREAS ARE STABILIZED AND WITH APPROVAL BY THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL INSPECTOR, SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED. STONE FROM TSOS BELOW ES-7 SHOULD BE SPREAD OUT IN SWALE. ALL OTHER TSOS AND TGOS STONE SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM SITE.

GREENMAN-PEDERSEN, INC. EERS, ARCHITECTS, PLANNERS, CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS & INSPECTOR

Professional Certification: "I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the state of Maryland license No. 11007, Expiration Date: 07/09/2010.

24322

P.E. NO.

29 APR 201

DRN: K.L.F. CHK: C.L.M. DATE: APRIL, 2009 BY NO REVISION

TITLE SHEET

FARMINGTON COURT DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENT

This development is approved for soil erosion and sediment control

SCALE:

AS SHOWN

CHIEF, DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION FILE: N:\2005\2005019\2005019.13\dgn\pGN-TIOL_Farmington.dgn DATE: Thursday, August 20, 2009 AT 08:13 AM

10977 GUILFORD RD., ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION, MD. 20701 WASH. (301) 470-2772 BALT. (410) 880-3055 FAX: (301) 490-2649 www.gpinet.com

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

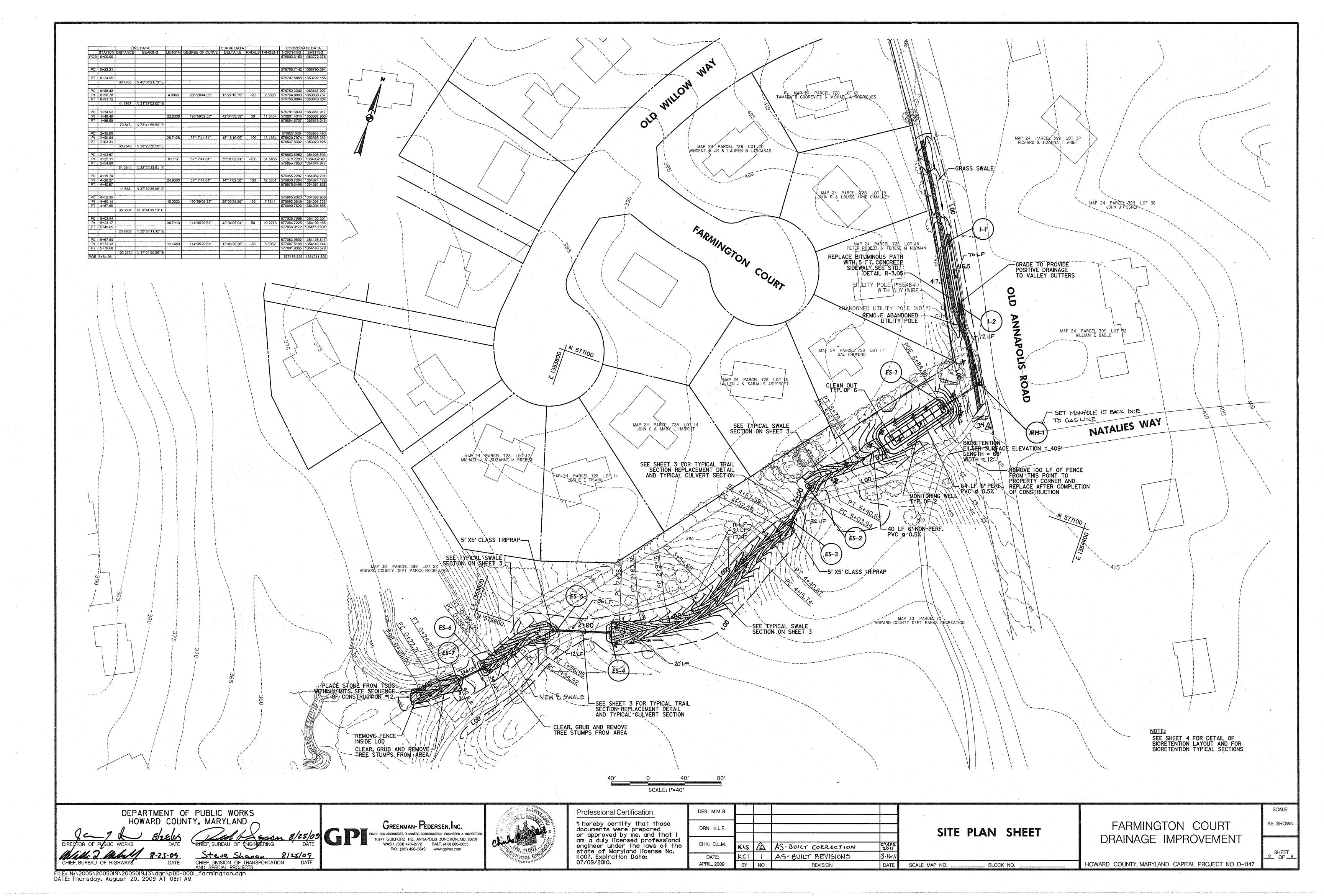
Ihereby certify that the facility shown

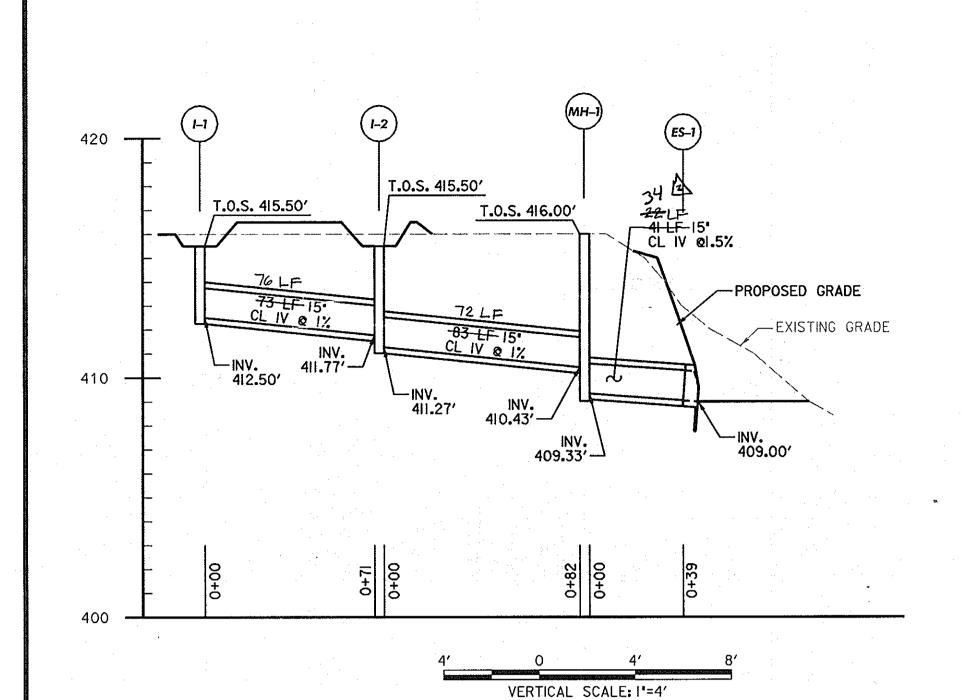
on this plan was constructed as shown

on the "as-built" plans and meets the

approved plans and specifications.

SCALE MAP NO. BLOCK NO. HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND CAPITAL PROJECT NO. D-1147





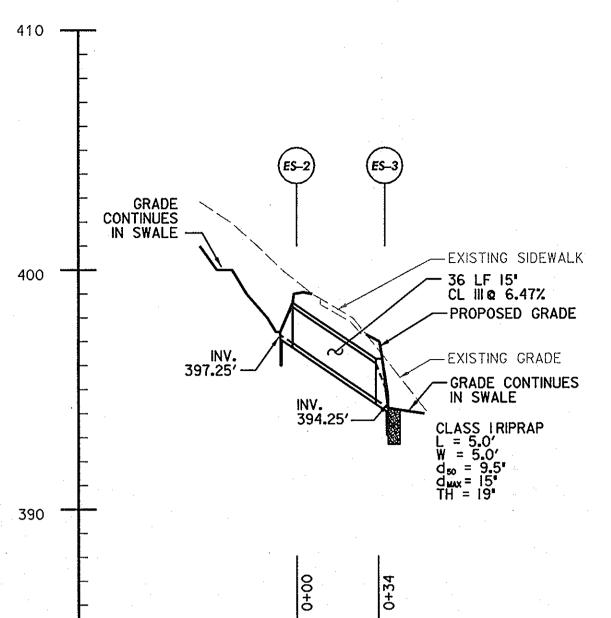
, 4	10' 0	40′	80′
	HORIZONTAL SC	ALE: I*=40'	
pe	e Schedule		
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	15* R.C.P. CL. III	73 L.F.	76 LF
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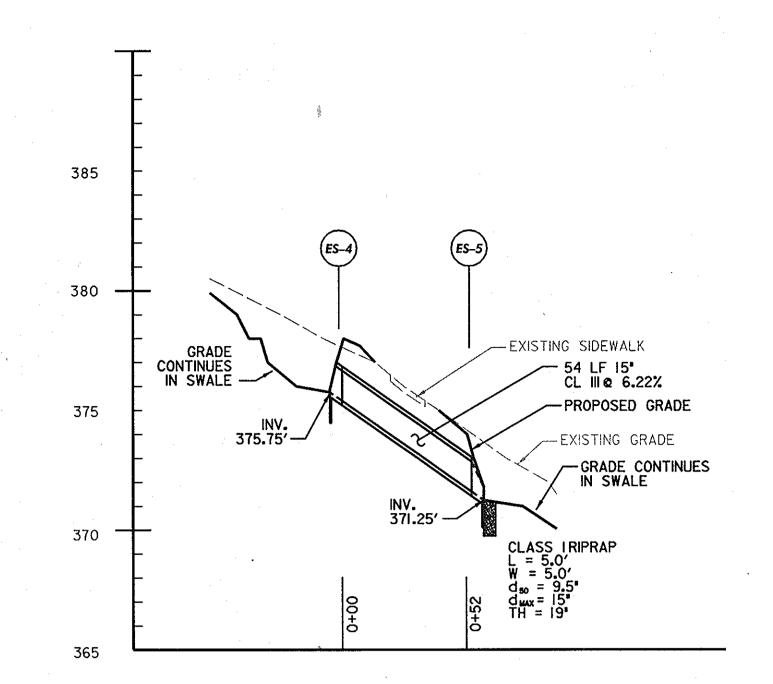
,					· ·
	1-1	I-2	15" R.C.P. CL. III	73 L.F.	76 LF
	I-2	MH-I	I5" R.C.P. CL. III	84 L.F.	
	MH-I	ES-I	15" R.C.P. CL. III	39 L.F.	22 LF 34 2
	ES-2	ES-3	15" R.C.P. CL. III	36 L.F.	32 LF
	ES-4	ES-5	15" R.C.P. CL. III	-54 L.F.	36 LF
	ES-6	ES-7	15" R.C.P. CL. III	24 L.F.	

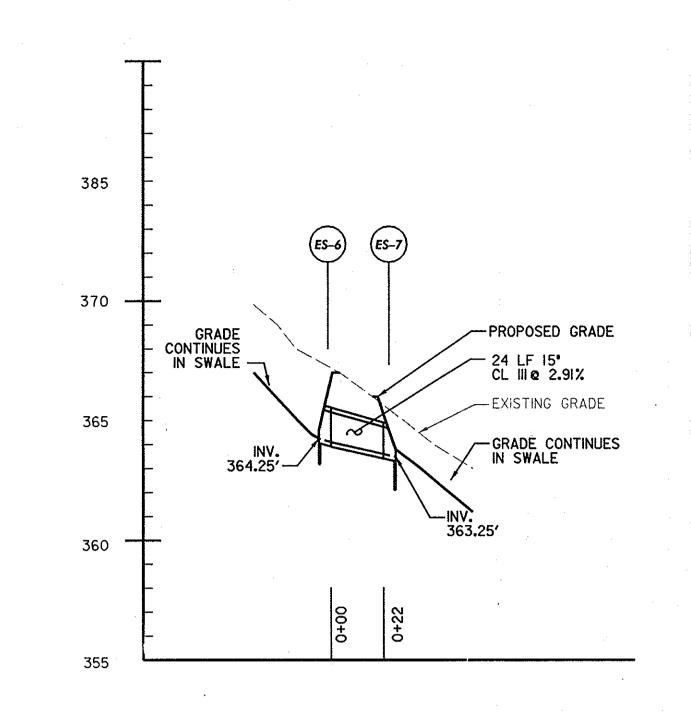
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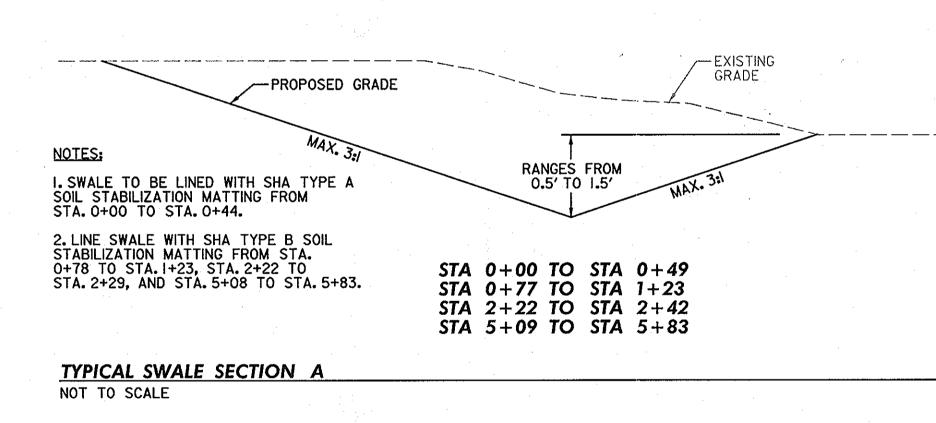
	Structure	Sched	lule				
STRUCTURE	STD.	TYPE	LOCATION	INVERT			
I-I	MD 378.05•	INLET	N 577349.17 E 1354159.18	412.25′			
1-2	MD 378.05•	INLET	N 577283.55 E 1354195.01	411.02′			
MH-I	HO G 5.11	MH	N 577212.01 E 1354241.86	409.02′			
ES-I	HO D 5.51	ES	N 577175.79 E 1354211.81	408.63′			
ES-2	HO D 5.51	ES	N 577046.88 E 1354102.88	397,-25′			
ES-3	HO D 5.5I	ES	N 577001.03 E 1354094.95	394.25′			
ES-4	HO D 5.51	ES	N 576824.50 E 1353947.82	375.75′			
ES-5	HO D 5.51	ES	N 576806.49 E 1353885.97	371.25′			
ES-6	HO D 5.51	ES	N 576744.78 E 1353829.95	364.25′			
ES-7	HO D 5.5I	ES	N 576720.84 E 1353805.80	363.25′			

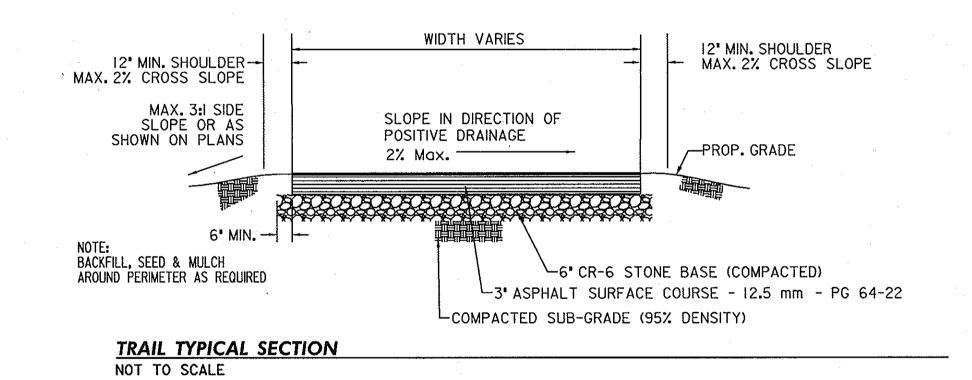
*MD 378.05 DOUBLE OPENING TYPE 'K' INLET OPEN-END GRATE WITH 5' LONG VALLEY GUTTER, MD 389.01, ON EITHER SIDE OF INLET. VALLEY GUTTER TO BE INCLUDED IN COST OF INLET

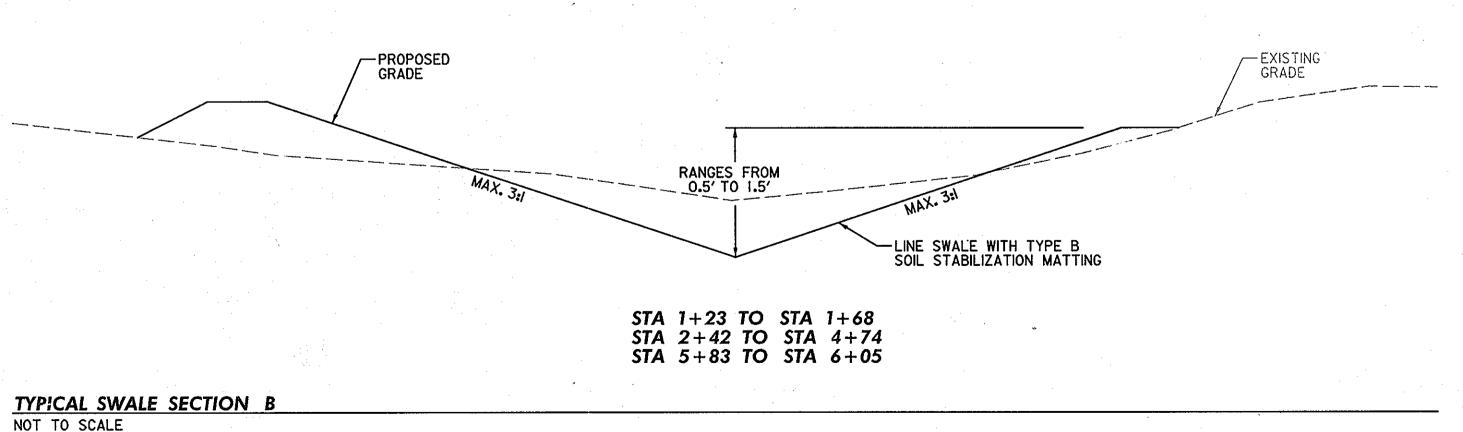












DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND Steve Shavan 8/25/09

GREENMAN-PEDERSEN, INC. EERS, ARCHITECTS, PLANNERS, CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS & INSPECTORS 10977 GUILFORD RD., ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION, MD. 20701 WASH. (301) 470–2772 BALT. (410) 880–3055 FAX: (301) 490–2649 www.gpinet.com



Professional Certification: *I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the state of Maryland license No. 11007, Expiration Date: 07/09/2010.

DES: M.M.G. DRN: K.L.F. CHK: C.L.M. KLS /2 AS-BUILT CORRECTION AS-BUILT REVISIONS KCI DATE: APRIL, 2009 DATE REVISION

PIPE PROFILE SHEET AND TYPICAL SECTIONS

BLOCK NO. .

SCALE MAP NO.

FARMINGTON COURT DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENT

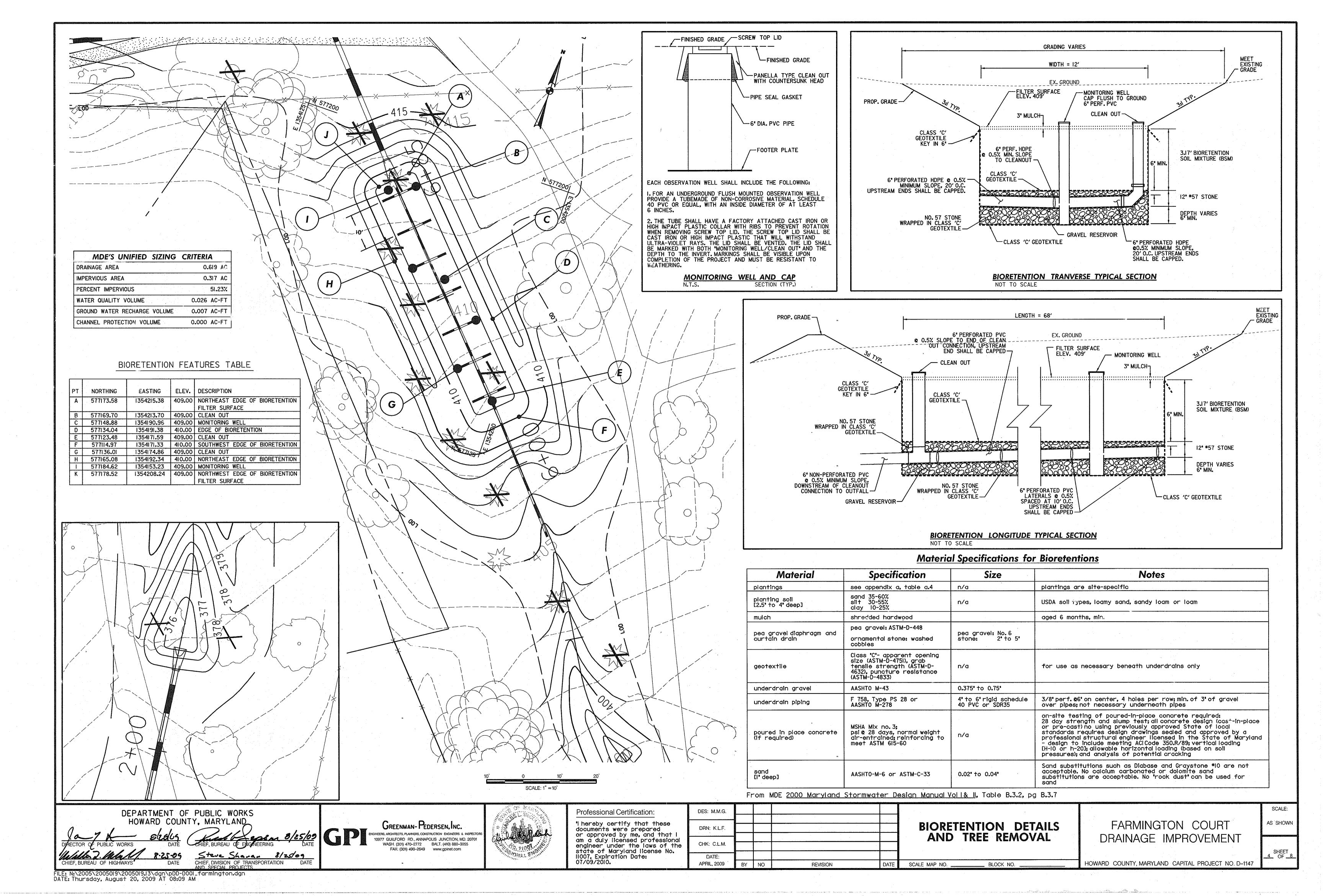
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND CAPITAL PROJECT NO. D-1147

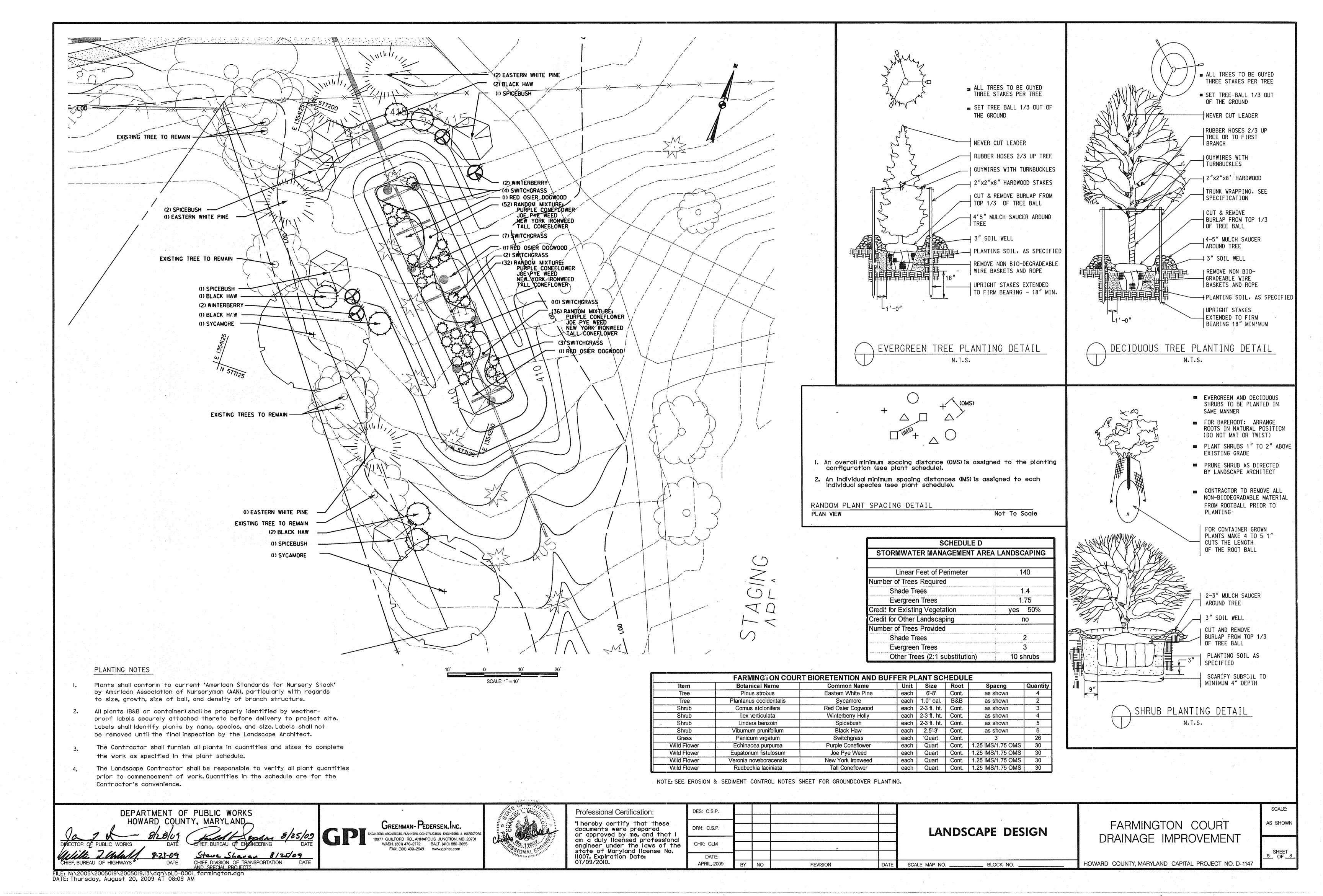
CHIEF, DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION AND SPECIAL PROJECTS FILE: N:\2005\2005019\2005019.13\dgn\pDP-V001_Farmington.dgn DATE: Thursday, August 20, 2009 AT 08:10 AM

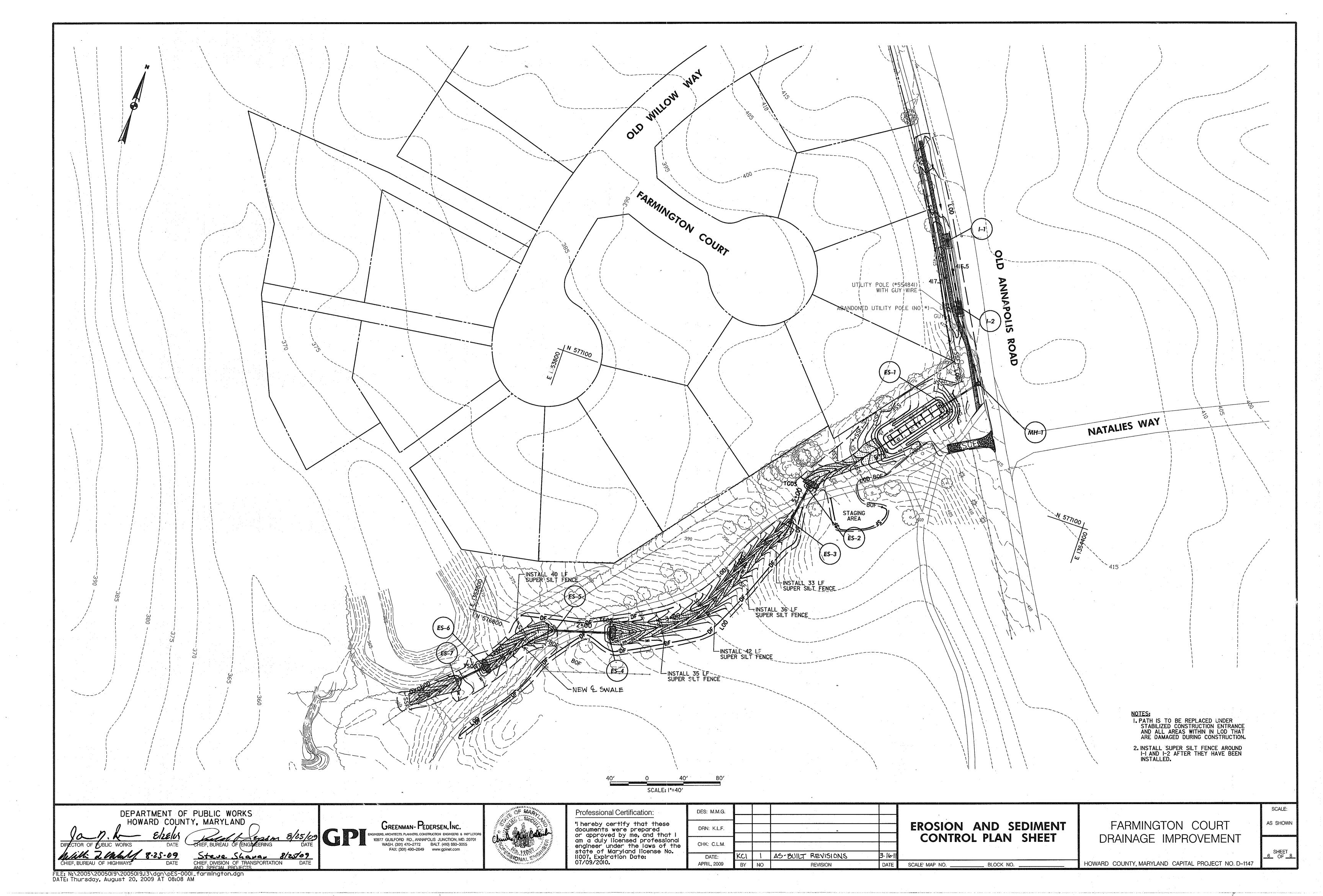
SHEET 3 OF 8

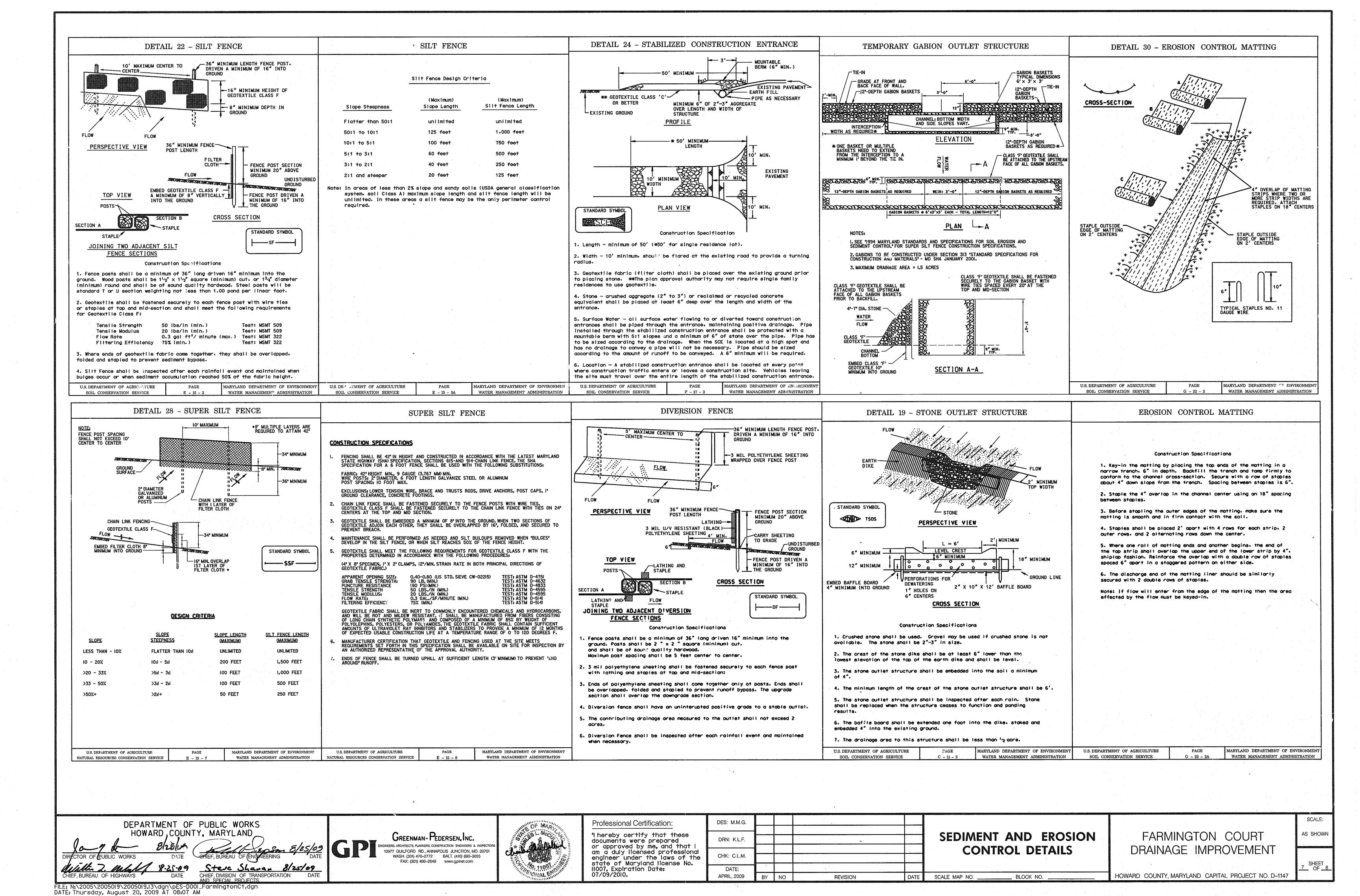
SCALE:

AS SHOWN









19.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS LAND GRADING

Design Criteria

The grading plan should be based upon the incorporation of building designs and street layouts that fit and utilize existing topography and desirable natural surroundings to avoid extreme grade modifications. Information submitted must provide sufficient topographic surveys and soil investigations to determine limitations that must be imposed on the grading operation related to slope stability, effect on adjacent properties and drainage patterns, measures for drainage and water removal and vegetative treatment etc. Many counties have regulations and design procedures already established for land grading and cut and fill slopes. Where these requirements exist, they shall be followed. The plan must show existing and proposed contours of the area(s) to be graded. The plan shall also include practices for erosion control, slope stabilization, safe disposal of runoff water and drainage, such as waterways, lined ditches, reverse slope benches (include grade and cross section), grade stabilization structures, retaining walls, and surface and subsurface drains. The plan shall also include phasing of these practices. The following shall be incorporated into the plan: I. Provisions shall be made to safely conduct surface runoff to storm drains, protected outlets or to stable water courses to insure that surface runoff will not damage slopes or other graded

II. Cut and fill slopes that are to be stabilized with grasses shall not be steeper than 2:1. (Where the slope is to be mowed the slope should be no steeper than 3:1; 4:1 is preferred because of safety factors related to mowing steep slopes.) Slopes exceeding 2:1 shall require special design and stabilization considerations that shall be adequately shown on the plans. III. Reverse benches shall be provided whenever the vertical interval (height) of any 2:1 slope exceeds 20 feet; for 3:1 slope it shall be increased to 30 feet and for 4:1 to 40 feet. Benches shall be located to divide the slope face as equally as possible and shall convey the water to a stable outlet. Soils, seeps, rock outcrops, etc., shall also be taken into consideration when designing benches.

A. Benches shall be a minimum of six-feet wide to provide for ease of maintenance. B. Benches shall be designed with a reverse slope of 6:1 or flatter to the toe of the upper slope and with a minimum of one foot in depth. Bench gradient to the outlet shall be between 2 percent and 3 percent, unless accompanied by appropriate design and computations.

C. The flow length within a bench shall not exceed 800' unless accompanied by appropriate design and computations. For flow channel stabilization see temporary swales.

iv. Surface water shall be diverted from the face of all cut and/or fill slopes by the use of earth dikes, ditches and swales or conveyed downslope by the use of a designed structure, except where:

A. The face of the slope is or shall be stabilized and the lace of all graded slopes shall be protected from surface runoff until they are stabilized.

B. The face of the slope shall not be subject to any concentrated flows of surface water such as from natural drainageways, graded swales, downspouts, etc. C. The face of the slope will be protected by special erosion control materials, to include, but not limited to: approved vegetative stabilization practices (see section G), rip-rap or other approved stabilization methods.

V. Cut slopes occurring ir ipable rock shall be serrated as shown on the following diagram.

These serrations shall be made with conventional equipment as the excavation is made. Each step or serration shall be constructed on the contour and will have steps cut at nominal two-foot intervals with nominal three-foot horizontal shelves. These says will vary depending on the slope ratio or the cut slope. The nominal slope line is 1.1 These steps will weather and act to hold moisture, time, fertilizer and seed thus producing a much quicker and longer lived vegetative cover and better slopes stabilization. Overland flow shall be diverted from the top of all serrated cut slopes and carries to a suitable outlet.

of all serrated cut slopes and carries to a suitable outlet. VI. Subsurface drainage shall be provided where necessary to intercept seepage that would otherwise adversely affect slope stability or create excessively wet site conditions.

Slopes shall not be created so close to property lines as to endanger adjoining properties without adequately protecting such properties against sedimentation, erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related damages.

VIII. Fill material shall be free of brush, rubbish, rocks, logs, stumps, building debris, and other objectionable material. It should be free of stones over two (2) inches in diameter where compacted by hand or mechanical tampers or over eight (8) inches in diameter where compacted by rollers or other equipment. Frozen material shall not be placed in the fill nor shall the fill material be placed on a frozen foundation.

IX. Stockpiles, borrow areas and spoil shall be shown on the plans and shall be subject to the provisions of this Standard and Specifications.

X. All disturbed areas shall be stabilized structurally or vegetatively in compliance with 20.0 Standards and Specifications for Vegetative Stabilization.

STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits, Construction InspectionDivision prior to start or any construction (410–313–1855). All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.

3. Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within:

3) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes steeper than 3:1. B) 14 calendar days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site.

4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1, Chapter 7 of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm drainage.

5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for permanent seeding, sod temporary seeding and mulching (section g). Temporary stabilization with mulch ε the shall only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.

All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for there removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control

7. Site Analysis:

Total Area of Site = 0
Area Disturbed = 0
Area to be Roofed or Paved = 0
Area to be Vegetatively Stabilized = 0
Total Fill = 0 0.41 Acres = 0.05 Acres lized= 0.36 Acres = 0 Cu. Yds. Offsite wasterborrow area location: To be determined by the contractor

permit is needed for offsite was 3/borrow Site plan grading permit or waiver may be necessary 8. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be

9. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the 'Howard County Sediment

10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made.

11. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which shall be back-filled and stabilized within one working day, whichever is shorter.

FILTERING MAINTENANCE CRITERIA

1. The sediment chamber outlet devices shall be cleaned/reparied when drawdown times within the chamber exceed 36 hours. Trash and debris shall be removed as necessary. 2. When the filtering capacity of the filter diminishes substantially (e.g., when water ponds on the surface of the filter bed for more than 72 hours), the top few inches of discolored material shall be removed and shall be replaced with fresh material. The removed sediments should be disposed in an acceptable manner (e.f., landfill). Silt'sediments should be removed from the filter bed when the accumulation exceeds one inch.

21.0 STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOIL

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

1. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where: A. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce

B. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

C. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth.

D. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the plans.

Construction and Material Specifications

I. Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type ran be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.

II. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following:

A. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1 1/2 in diameter.

B. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.

C. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, (ground limeston shall be spread at the rate of 4–8 tons/acre (200–400 pounds per 1,000 square is:t) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

III. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization – Section I – Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

IV. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:

A. On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following: 1. pH for to soil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to

2. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.

3. Topsoi! laving soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has

elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials, Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommends by a qualified agronom or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

B. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 200 Vegetative Stabilization – Section I – Vegetative Stabilization Medicals and Materials.

A. When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins.

Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" – 8" higher in elevation.

 Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" – 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sudding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting, from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets

Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

VI. Alternative for Permanent Seeding – Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified below:

A. Composted Sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following, requirements:

 "Composted sludge shall be supplied by or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a Ph of 7.0 to 8.0. If compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use.

3. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of I ton/1,000 square feet.

B. Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb1,000 square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate. References: Guideline Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding MD-VA, Pub. #1, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1973.

VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SEEDING, SODDING AND MULCHING

SITE PREPARATION PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY VEGETATION SHALL BE ESTABLISHED WITHIN SEVEN (7) DAYS ON THE SURFACE OF ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES SUCH AS DIVERSIONS, GRADE STABILIZATION STRUCTURES, BERMS, WATERWAYS, SEDIMENT CONTROL BASINS, AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1) AND WITHIN 14

DAYS FOR ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE. MULCHING MAY ONLY BE USED ON DISTURBED AREAS AS TEMPORARY COVER WHERE VEGETATION IS NOT FEASIBLE OR WHERE SEEDING CANNOT BE COMPLETED BECAUSE OF WEATHER. II. SEEDBED PREPARATION AND SEEDING APPLICATION

LOOSEN THE TOP LAYER OF THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES BY MEANS OF SUITABLE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT SUCH AS DISC HARROWS, CHISEL PLOWS OR RIPPERS MOUNTED ON CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, INCORPORATE THE LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF THE SOIL BY DISCING OR BY OTHER SUITABLE MEANS. ROUGH AREAS SHOULD NOT BE ROLLED OR DRAGGED SMOOTH, BUT LEFT IN A ROUGHENED CONDITION. STEEP SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1 SHOULD BE TRACKED BY A DOZER, LEAVING THE SOIL IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE. THE TOP 1 TO 3 INCHES OF SOIL SHOULD BE LOOSE AND FRIABLE. PERMANENT COVER MAY REQUIRE AN APPLICATION OF TOPSOIL IF SO IT MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SECTION 21.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR

SOIL TESTS SHALL BE MADE ON SITES OVER FIVE ACRES TO DETERMINE THE EXACT REQUIREMENTS FOR BOTH LIME AND FERTILIZER. FOR SITES UNDER 5 ACRES, IN LIEU OF A SOIL TEST, APPLY THE FOLLOWING:

TOPSOIL FROM THE 1994 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

NITROGEN 2.0 LBS/SQ.FT. (90 LBS/AC) 4 LBS/SQ.FT. (175 LBS/AC)

4 LBS/1000 SQ, FT. (175 LBS/AC)

FOR LOW MAINTENANCE AREAS APPLY 150 LBS/AC UREAFORM FERTILIZER (38-0-0) AT 3.5 LBS/1000 SQ. FT. IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE FERTILIZER AT THE TIME OF SEEDING.

GROUND LIMESTONE 2 TONS/AC

IV. SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE SEEDING SELECT A SEEDING MIXTURE FROM TABLES 25 OR 26 N SECTION G OF THE 1994 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS, DOCUMENT SEEDING ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN USING APPROPRIATE CHART TO THE RIGHT. NOTE: IF SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES ARE IN FOR LONGER THAN 12 MONTHS PERMANENT SEEDING IS REQUIRED.

V. TEMPORARY/PERMANENT SEEDING MIXTURES AND RATES SELECT A SEEDING MIXTURE FROM APPROPRIATE TABLE 25 OR 26 IN SECTION G CF :: E 1994 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. DOCUMENT SEEDING ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN USING APPROPRIATE CHART TO THE RIGHT.

VI. TURFGRASS ESTABLISHMENT

THIS INCLUDES LAWNS, PARKS, PLAYGROUNDS, AND COMMERCIAL SITES WHICH WILL RECEIVE A MEDIUM OF HIGH LEVEL OF MAINTENANCE. AREAS TO RECEIVE SEED SHALL BE TILLED BY DISCING OR BY OTHER APPROVED METHODS TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO 5 INCHES, LEVELED AND RAKED TO PREPARE A PROPER SEEDBED. STONES AND DEBRIS OVER 1 1/2" INCHES IN DIAMETER SHALL BE REMOVED. THE RESULTING SEEDBED SHALL BE IN SUCH CONDITION THAT FUTURE MOWING OF GRASSES WILL POSE NO DIFFICULTY. USE CERTIFIED MATERIAL AND CHOOSE A TURF GRASS MIXTURE FROM PAGE G-20 OF THE 1994 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF SELECT FROM THE LIST IN THE MOST CURRENT UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND PUBLICATION, AGRONOMY MIMEO #77, "TURF GRASS CULTIVATE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MARYLAND".

VII. MULCHING

ALL SEEDINGS REQUIRE MULCHING. ALSO MULCH DURING NON-SEEDING DATES UNTIL SEEDING CAN BE DONE.

MULCH SHALL BE UNROTTED, UNCHOPPED, SMALL GRAIN STRAW APPLIED AT A RATE OF 2 TONS/ACRE OR 90 LBS/1000 SQ. FT. (2 BALES). IF A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS USED. APPLY 2.5 TONS /ACRE. MULCH MATERIALS SHALL BE RELATIVELY FREE OF ALL KINDS OF WEEDS AND SHALL BE COMPLETELY FREE OF PROHIBITED NOXIOUS WEEDS. SPREAD MULCH UNIFORMLY, MECHANICALLY, OR BY HAND, TO A DEPTH OF 1 - 2 INCHES. MULCH ANCHORING SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED IMMEDIATELY AFTER MULCH PLACEMENT TO MINIMIZED LOSS BY WIND OR WATER. THIS MAY BE DONE BY MULCH NETTINGS, MULCH ANCHORING TOOL, WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER OR LIQUID MULCH BINDERS. APPLY WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER AT A DRY WEIGHT OF 1,500 LBS/ACRE. IF MIXED WITH WATER, USED 50 LBS, OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER

100 GALLONS OF WATER. LIQUID BINDER SHOULD BE APPLIED HEAVIER AT THE EDGE, WHERE WIND CATCHES MULCH IN VALLEYS, AND ON CREST OF BANKS. THE REMAINDER OF THE AREA SHOULD APPEAR UNIFORM AFILA BINDER APPLICATION, APPLY RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER TO ANCHOR AND MULCH. STAPLE LIGHT WEIGHT, PLASTIC NETTING OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

SODDING

CLASS OF TURE GRASS SOD SHALL BE MARYLAND OR VIRGINIA STATE CERTIFIED OR MARYLAND OR VIRGINIA STATE APPROVED SOD. SOD SHALL BE HARVESTED, DELIVERED AND INSTALLED WITHIN A PERIOD OF 36 HOURS. SOD IS TO BE LAID WITH THE LONG EDGES PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR USING STAGGERED JOINTS WITH ALL ENDS TIGHTLY ABUTTED AND NOT OVER LAPPING. SOD SHALL BE ROLLED AND THOROUGHLY WATERED AFTER INSTALLATION. DAILY WATERING TO MAINTAIN 4 INCH DEPTH OF MOISTURE FOR THE FIRST WEEK IS REQUIRED IN THE ABSENCE OF RAINFALL. SOD IS NOT TO BE APPLIED ON FROZEN GROUND.

IX. MAINTENANCE

PROCEDURES.

A. IRRIGATE - APPLY MINIMUM 1" OF WATER EVERY 3 TO 4 DAYS DEPENDING ON SOIL TEXTURE, WHEN SOIL MOISTURE BECOMES

DEFICIENT TO PREVENT LOSS OF STAND OF PROTECTIVE VEGETATION.

B. REPAIRS - IF STAND PROVIDES BETWEEN 40% AND 90% GROUND COVERAGE, OVERSEED AND FERTILIZE USING HALF OF THE RATES ORIGINALLY APPLIED. IF STAND PROVIDES LESS THAN 40% COVERAGE, REESTABLISH STAND FOLLOWING ORIGINAL RATES AND

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES Apply to graded or cleared areas not subject to immediate further disturbance where a permanent long-lived vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following schedules:

1. Preferred — Apply 2 tons/acres dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) And 600 lbs/acre 10–10–10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs/acre 30–0– ureaform fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sq. ft.)

2. Acceptable - Apply 2 tons/acres dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) and 1000 lbs/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) Before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil.

Seeding: For the periods March 1 – April 30, and August 1 – October 15, seed with 60 lbs/acres (1.4 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) Of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acres and 2 lbs/acre (0.05 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) Of weeping ovegrass. During the period of October 16 – February 28, protect site by: Option 1 – Two tons per acres of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option 2 – use sod. Option 3 – seed with 60 lbs/acres Kentucky 30 tall fescue and mulch with 2 tons/acre well anchored straw. iulching: Apply 1–1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 – 90 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slope 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq. ft.) for anchoring.

Maintenance: Inspect all seeding areas and make needed repairs, replacements and reseedings.

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be re-disturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed. <u>Seedbed Preparation:</u> Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

Soil Amendments: Apply 600 lbs/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq. ft.)

Seeding: For periods March 1 - April 30 and from August 15 - October 15, seed with 2-1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 ibs/1000 sq. ft.). For the period May 1 - August 14, seed with 3 ibs/acre of weeping lovegrass (0.07 ibs/1000 ibs/sq. ft.). For the period November 16 - February 28, protect site by applying 2 tons/acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod. Mulching: Apply 1–1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 – 90 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slope 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000 sq. ft.) for anchoring.

PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY

Seed Mixture (For Hardiness Zone <u>7a</u>) Fertilizer Rate (From Table 25) (10-20-20)					Lime			
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P205	K20	Rate
	CONSTITUTION TALL FESCUE (29.5%)	125	3/1 - 5/15	1/4" - 1/2"				:
	RAPTOR TALL FESCUE (24.91%)	110	3/1 - 11/15	1/4" 1/2"	90 lb/ac	175 lb/ac	175 lb/ac	2 tons/ac
	TITANIUM TALL FESCUE (24.83%)	120	3/1 - 5/15	:/4" 1/2"	(2.0 lb/	(4 lb/ 1000 sf)	(4 lb/ 1000 sf)	(100 lb/ 1000 sf)
	AFFIRMED PERENNAL RYEGRASS (19.69%)	30	3/1 - 5/15	1/4" - 1/2"		٠.		

TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY

,	Seed Mixture (For Hardiness Zone <u>7a</u>) (From Table 26)			, artilizer Rate	⊔me		
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	(10–10–10)	Rate	
	RYE PLUS FOXTAIL MILLET	150 lb./ac.	2/1 - 10/15	1*			
	ANNUAL RYEGRASS	50 lb./ac.	2/1 - 4/30 8/15 - 11/1	1/4" 1/2"	600 lb/ac (15 lb/ 1000 sf)	2 tons/ac (100 lb/ 1000 sf)	
	FOXTAIL MILLET	50 lb./ac.	5/1 – 8/14	1/2"			

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND 8-25-09 Steve Shavan CHIEF, DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION

WASH. (301) 470-2772 BALT. (410) 880-3055

GREENMAN-PEDERSEN, INC. IFERS ARCHITECTS PLANNERS CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS & INSPECT 10977 GUILFORD RD., ANNAPOLIS JUNCTION, MD. 20701

FAX: (301) 490-2649 www.gpinet.com



Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that

am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the state of Maryland license No. 11007, Expiration Date: 07/09/2010.

DES: M.M.G DRN: K.L.F CHK: C.L.M. DATE: APRIL, 2009 NO **REVISION** DATE

SEDIMENT AND EROSION **CONTROL NOTES**

BLOCK NO.

SCALE MAP NO.

FARMINGTON COURT DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND CAPITAL PROJECT NO. D-1147

SHEET

SCALE:

AS SHOWN

FILE: N:\2005\2005019\2005019.13\dgn\pES-NOOI_FarmingtonCt.dgn DATE: Thursday, August 20, 2009 AT 08:05 AM