I. THIS PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS HAVE

. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM AERIAL PHOTOGRAMETRY DATED APRIL 9, 2005, WITH ONE-FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS PREPARED BY WRA DATED NOVEMBER 23, 2005. THIS TOPOGRAPHY WAS SUPPLEMENTED BY

FIELD RUN SURVEY WITH TWO-FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS BY christopher consultants, 1td. DATED NOVEMBER 2008. I, BASED ON WRA SURVEY MARYLAND COORDINATE SYSTEM NAD 83/91 ESTABLISHED BY GPS AND PREVIOUS TRAVERSE RUNS, NAV '88 ESTABLISHED ELEVATIONS SHOW CONVENTIONAL METHODS.

WATER IS PUBLIC, CONTRACT #44-1882-D. HOWEVER, A NEW CONTRACT HAS BEEN SUBMITTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS SITE. THE EXSISTING CONTRACT DRAWINGS SHALL BE REDLINED TO REFLECT ALL CHANGES APPROVED UNDER THIS DEVELOPMENT. A NEW PUBLIC WATER AND UTILITY EASEMENT PLAT SHALL BE RECORDED PRIOR TO SDP APPROVAL ILLUSTRATING THE NEW EASEMENT ALIGNMENT AND THE ABANDONMENT OF THE EXISTING

S. SEWER IS PRIVATE. HOWEVER, A NEW CONTRACT HAS BEEN SUBMITTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS SITE. PUBLIC SEWER TO THE PROPOSED BUILDING WILL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 18,122B OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE. PUBLIC SEWER ALLOCATION WILL BE GRANTED AT THE TIME OF ISSUANCE OF THE BUILDING PERMIT IF CAPACITY IS AVAILABLE AT THAT TIME.

6. EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED ON HOWARD COUNTY RECORDS. ALL EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITIES TO BE FIELD VERIFIED, UTILITIES CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE SIZE AND LOCATIONS OF ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND TEST PIT ALL UTILITIES, INCLUDING PROPOSED TIE IN LOCATIONS, AT LEAST 5 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY WORK ON THESE DRAWINGS. DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER IN ADVANCE OF CONSTRUCTION START.

7. THIS SITE 15 LOCATED IN THE HAMMOND BRANCH WATERSHED.

D. PER FEMA MAP# 2400440038B DATED DECEMBER 04, 1986, THIS SITE IS LOCATED WITHIN THE 100 YR FLOODPLAIN. HOWEVER THE WORK TAKING PLACE ON THIS SITE IS APPROX. 200 FEET AWAY FROM AND APPROXIAMTELY 32 FEET ABOVE THE FLOODPLAIN LIMITS. THE WORK ON THIS SITE WILL NOT REQUIRE FEMA LOMA/LOMR REVISIONS. A NON-CRITICAL FLOODPLAIN STUDY HAS BEEN SUBMITTED TO DED FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL.

R. THERE ARE EXISTING WETLANDS ON SITE AS DETERMINED BY McCARTHY AND ASSOCIATES, IN A REPORT DATED

O. THERE ARE STEEP SLOPES AND SOME HIGHLY ERODIBLE SOILS ON THIS SITE.

. THERE ARE NO KNOWN CEMETERIES OR BURIAL GROUNDS ON THIS SITE. HOWEVER, UPON DISCOVERY OF ANY EVIDENCE OF BURIAL OR GRAVES, THE DEVELOPER WILL BE SUBJECT TO SECTION 16.1305 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS.

2. THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED PEC (PLANNED EMPLOYMENT CENTER) PER THE COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN (02/02/2004) AND THE COMP LITE ZONING REGULATION AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE JULY 28, 2006.

3. THE SITE IS SUBJECT TO DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT. THE DEVELOPMENT INCLUDES WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT WHICH WILL BE PROVIDED IN AN EXTENDED DETENTION WET POND (P-3) AND THROUGH THE USE OF VARIOUS SWM CREDITS. RECHARGE WILL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2000 MDE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS, CHANNEL PROTECTION WILL BE PROVIDED IN THE POND, ALL FACILITIES WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED. 10 YR & 100 YRMANAGEMENT ARE NOT REQUIRED AS POND DISCHARGES TO ESTABLISHED

4. FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION IS BEING FULFILLED BY RETAINING 5.59 ACRES OF EXISTING FOREST AND PLANTING 3.51 ACRES.

5. THE LANDSCAPE PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE, AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL.

6. THE EXISTING BUILDINGS ON SITE WILL BE DEMOLISHED UNDER WP-09-039.

7. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, DIMENSIONS FROM CURB ARE MEASURED AT FACE OF CURB.

8. THE TRAFFIC STUDY WAS PREPARED BY WRA, ON OCTOBER 8, 2008.

9. THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY HILLS CARNES BASED ON A FIELD EXPLORATION COMPLETED IN JAN-2009.

20 NO NOISE STUDY IS REQUIRED FOR THIS SITE.

21. FOREST STAND DELINEATION WAS PREPARED BY CPJ ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES.

22. PERVIOUS CASE FILES:

WP-09-039 - APPROVED NOVEMBER 10, 2008 TO WAIVE SECTION 16.155(a)(1) FOR WAIVER OF SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN REQUIREMENT TO REMOVE EXISTING BUILDINGS AND PREPARE THE SITE FOR NEW CONSTRUCTION ON THE SUBJECT PROPERTY PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF A GRADING PERMIT.

SDP-89-060 APPROVED 1/20/1989 FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE EXISTING BUILDING AND FACILITIES ON THE SUBJECT

23. A KNOX BOX FOR FIRE DEPARTMENT ACCESS IS REQUIRED TO BE PLACED ON THE FRONT OF THE BUILDING AND AT EACH GATE. IT SHALL BE PLACED TO THE RIGHT OF THE MAIN ENTRANCE APPROXIMATELY 4-51 IN HEIGHT AND NO MORE THAN 6' LATERALLY FROM THE DOOR. THE BOX SHALL BE ELECTRONICALLY SUPERVISED TO NOTIFY THE OWNER THAT IT IS BEING ACCESSED. ALL GATES SHALL BE REQUIRED TO HAVE KNOX BOX(FIRE DEPARTMENT ACCESS BOX) OR KNOX BOX KEY OVERIDE CONTROL TO INSURE TIMELY FIRE DEPARTMENT ACCESS.

SITE ANALYSIS DATA CHART

PROPERTY AREA: 34.85 AC. (1,517,866.25 SQFT)

SITE ADDRESS: IIIOI JOHNS LOKINS ROAD, LAUREL, MD 20723 LEGAL DESCRIPTION: 34.85 AC. IIICI JOHNS HOPKINS ROAD, LAUREL, MD 20723 TAX MAP: 41, GRID: 22, PARCEL: 300 LIBER: 10412 FOLIO: 3% TAX ACCOUNT: 371767 **ELECTION DISTRICT: 05**

EX STING ZONING: PLANNED EMPLOYMENT CENTER (PEC) DISTRICT PROPOSED ZONING: PLANNED EMPLOYMENT CENTER (PEC) DISTRICT CURRENT USE: RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER (USE BY RIGHT) PROPOSED USE: RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CENTER (USE BY RIGHT)

BULK REGULATIONS: -AT LEAST 25% OF THE GROSS AREA OF THE PEC SHALL BE OPEN SPACE

-LOT COVERAGE: 614,675 S.F. (14.11 Ac.) -OPEN SPACE PROVIDED: 902,350 SF (20.77 Ac.)

-STRUCTURE WITH MINIMUM SETBACK FROM A PUBLIC STREET: 80' -STRUCTURE WITH MINIMUM SETBACK FROM A RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT: 50' -STRUCTURE WITH AN ACDITIONAL ONE FOOT IN HEIGHT FOR EVERY 2' OF SETBACK ABOVE THE MINIMUM

MINIMUM LITE AREA: 50 CONTINUOUS ACRES, HOWEVER AREAS LESS THAN 50 ACRES ARE PERMITTED IF CONTIGUIUS TO AN EXISTING PLANNED EMPLOYMENT CENTER.

STRUCTURES & USE SETBACKS:

1.) FROM RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT, EXCEPT FOR RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT WITHIN A SITE PLAN APPROVED UNDER

2.) FROM ALL OTHER DISTRICTS, EXCEPT NON-RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT WITHIN THE SAME PROJECT: 30' 3.) FROM A PUBLIC STREET RIGHT OF WAY:30'

EXCEPT PARKING USES: 101

OFFICE SPACE: 3.3 SPACES / 1000 SQFT PARKING REQUIRED: 600,000 / 1,000 X 3.3 = 1,980 SPACES

SURFACE PARKING PROVIDED: 751 SPACES GARAGE PARKING PROVIDED (GROUND FLOOR): 381 SPACES

GARAGE PARKING PROVIDED (OTHER 3 FLOORS): 381 SPACES/FLOOR = 1,143 SPACES TOTAL SPACES PROVIDED: 2,275 SPACES

HANDICAP PARKING REQUIRED: 20 SPACES PER FIRST 1,001 SPACES + | SPACE / 100 SPACES OVER 1,001 = 20 + (1,504/100) = 46 SPACES HANDICAP PARKING PROVIDED: 47 SPACES

TENTATIVELY APPROVED

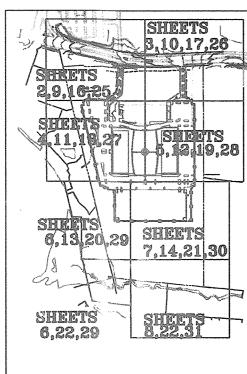
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING HOWARD COUNTY

±690,501 S.F. OPEN SPACE I:

± 92,121 S.F. OPEN SPACE 2:

OPEN SPACE 3:

±902,346 S.F. (20.71 AC) / 59% OF GROSS AREA (34.88 AC)



DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

SIGNATURE OF DEVELOPER

Kichard T. Roca

PRINT NAME BELOW SIGNATURE

DISTRICT."

"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE

ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN, AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN

THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A

CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

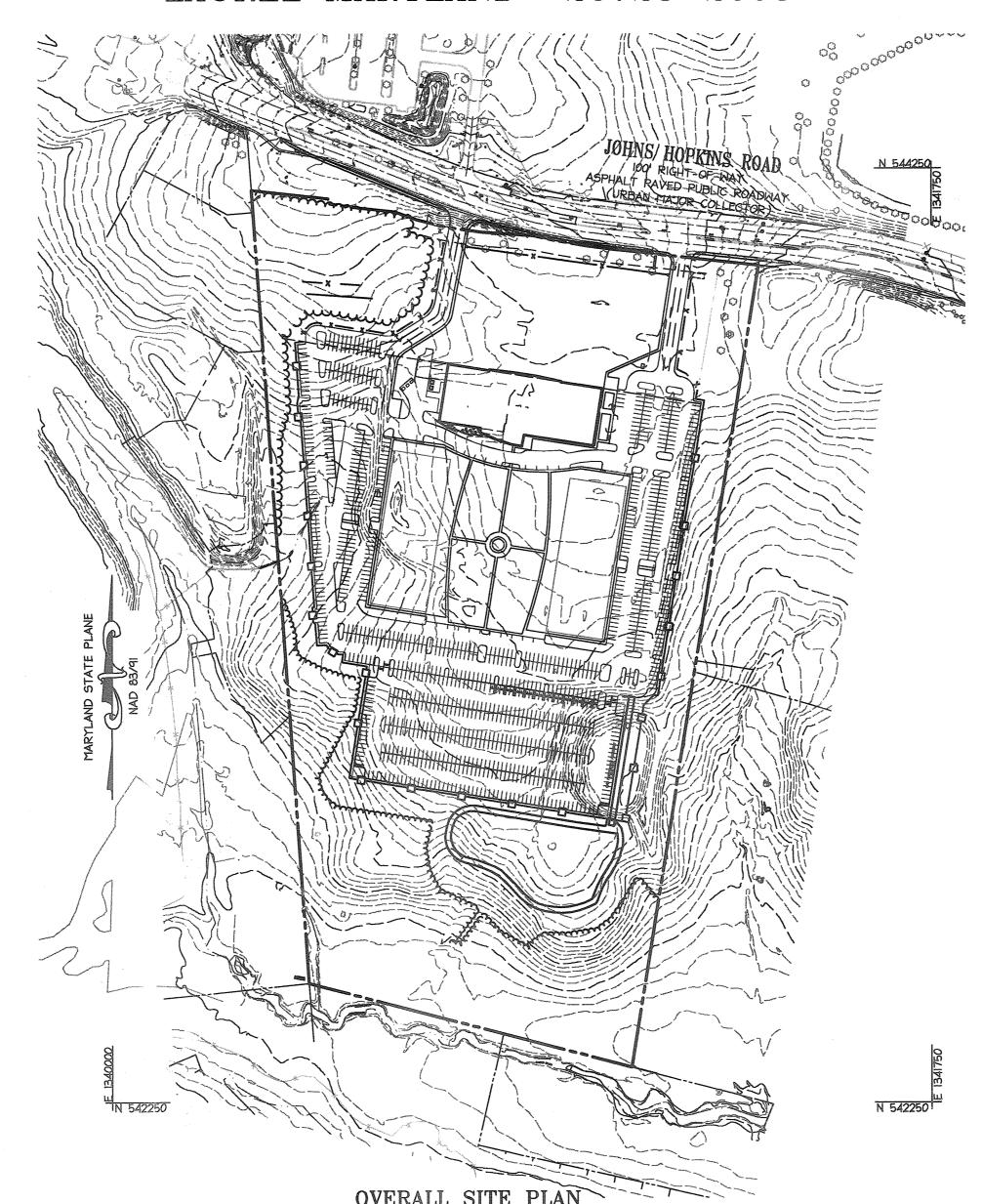
DATE

DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE

OVERALL KEY PLAN

PRELIMINARY EQUIVALENT SKETCH PLAN JHU/APL SOUTH CAMPUS

11101 JOHNS HOPKINS ROAD LAUREL MARYLAND 20723-2608



SCALE: I" = 2001

CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE

SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

21 LANDSCAPE PLAN

22 LANDSCAPE PLAN

23 LANDSCAPE NOTES AND DETAILS

25 FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN

26 FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN

30 FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN

FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN

7 FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN

24 FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN OVERALL VIEW

MARYLAND.

MD LICENSE NUMBER: 29907

EXPIRATION DATE: 1-27-2010

COVER SHEET

LANDSCAPE PLAN

LANDSCAPE PLAN

LANDSCAPE PLAN

LANDSCAPE PLAN

SITE, GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN

3 SITE, GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN

4 SITE, GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN

5 SITE, GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN

6 SITE, GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN

SITE, GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN

SITE, GRADING AND UTILITY PLAN 9 SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN

SEDIMENT AND EROSION NOTES & DETAILS

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER

JOHN HOUSEHOLDER, P.E

PRINT NAME BELOW SIGNATURE

LEGEND EXISTING CONTOURS _____EX. 12"_RCP_____ EXISTING STORMDRAIN EX. 8" 5AN EXISTING SANITARY SEWER EXISTING FENCE EXISTING OVERHEAD UTILITY PROPERTY LINE TREELINE \mathcal{M} SETBACK LINES -----FLOODPLAIN _____FP ____ STREAM PROPOSED SIDEWALK HATCH PROPOSED CONTOUR PROPOSED STORM DRAIN PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER PROPOSED WATER .PROPOSED TREELINE BORING LOCATION SWMI SBI BII SOILS DIVIDES SETBACK EXISTING CURB & GUTTER PROPOSED CURB AND GUTTER TO BE REMOVED PARKING COUNT WETLANDS WETLANDS BUFFER STREAM BUFFER FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT ----PROPOSED 8' CHAINLINK FENCE PROPOSED 8' WROUGHT-IRON FENCE X - X - X -

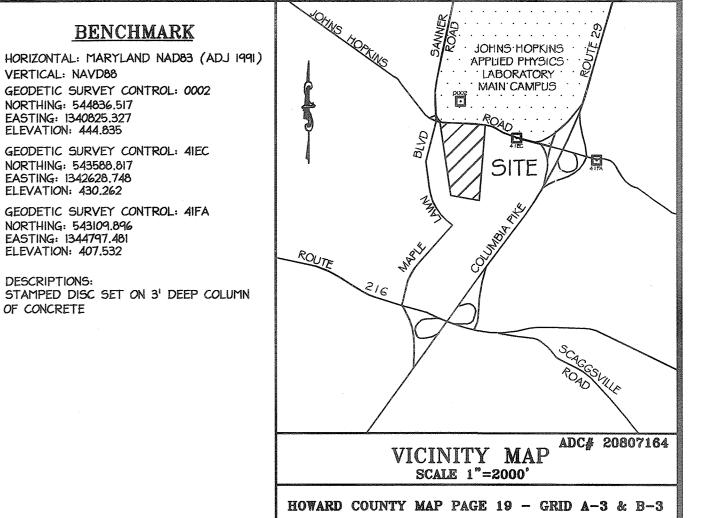
BENCHMARK

VERTICAL: NAVD88

GEODETIC SURVEY CONTROL: 0002 NORTHING: 544836.517 EASTING: 1340825.327 ELEVATION: 444.835 GEODETIC SURVEY CONTROL: 4IEC NORTHING: 543588.817 EASTING: 1342628.748 ELEVATION: 430.262 GEODETIC SURVEY CONTROL: 4IFA

NORTHING: 543109.896 EASTING: 1344797.481 ELEVATION: 407.532

DESCRIPTIONS: STAMPED DISC SET ON 3' DEEP COLUMN OF CONCRETE



ADDRESS CHART DADORI NO ADDECC

300	IIIOI JOHNS HOPKINS ROAD

Revision Description 11100 JOHNS HOPKINS ROAD LAUREL MARYLAND 20723-6099



christopher consultants engineering · surveying · land planning christopher consultants, ltd. 7172 columbia gateway drive (suite 100) - columbia, md. 21046-2990

ATTN: JANES LOESCH, P.E., CFM

PHONE: 443.778.5134 FAX 443.778.6122

PERMIT INFORMATION CHART LOT/PARCEL NO. | CENSUS TRACT ROJECT NAME: THE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY / APPLIED PHYSICS LABORATORÝ - SOUTH CAMPUS GRID NO. ZONE **LELECTION DISTRICT** L.10412 , F.396 | 22 | PEC

410.872.8690 · metro 301.881.0148 · fax 410.872.8693

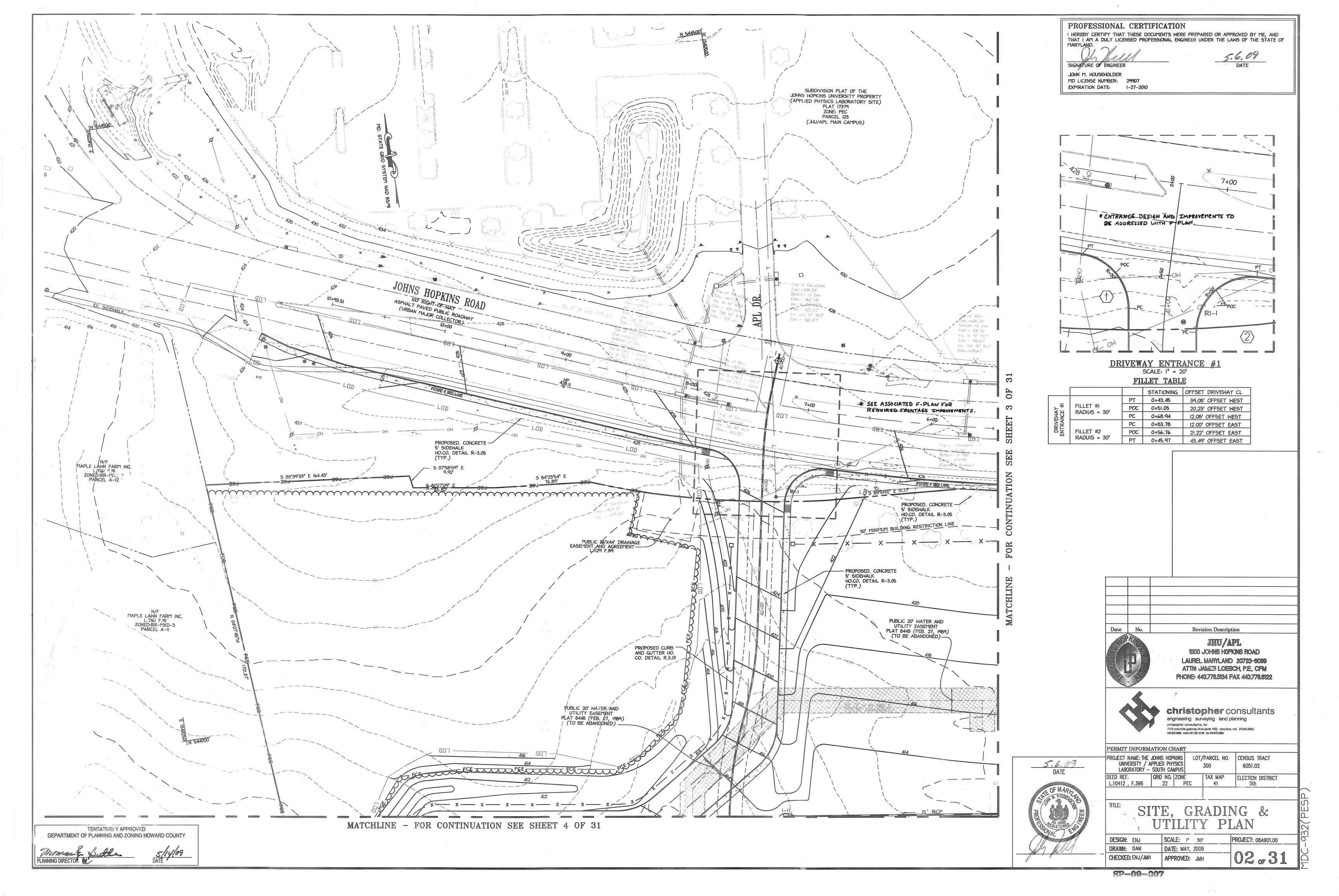
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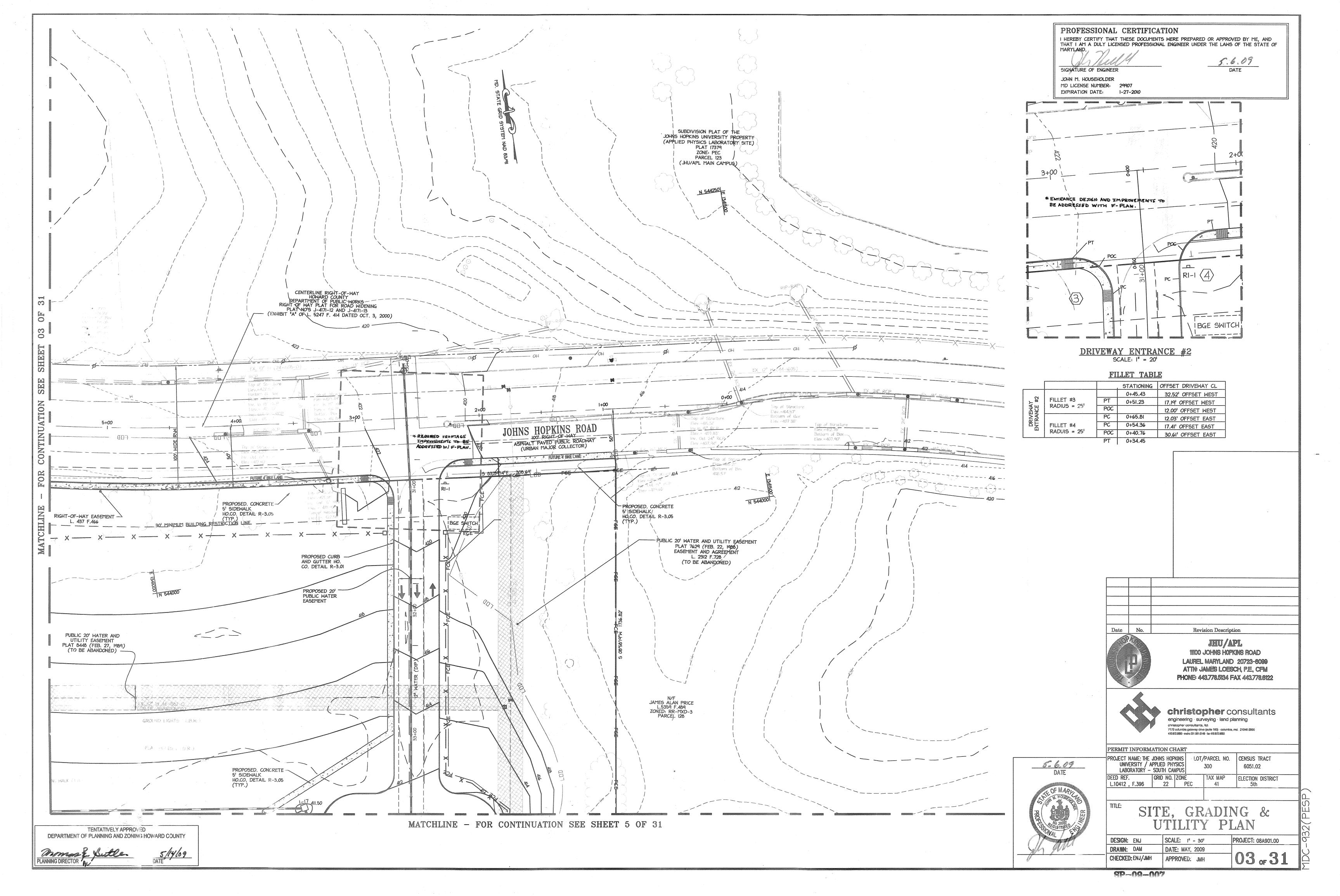
DESIGN: ENJ SCALE: AS SHOWN PROJECT: 08A901.00 DRAWN: DAM DATE: MAY, 2009 U 1 of 3 CHECKED: ENJ/JMH APPROVED: JMH

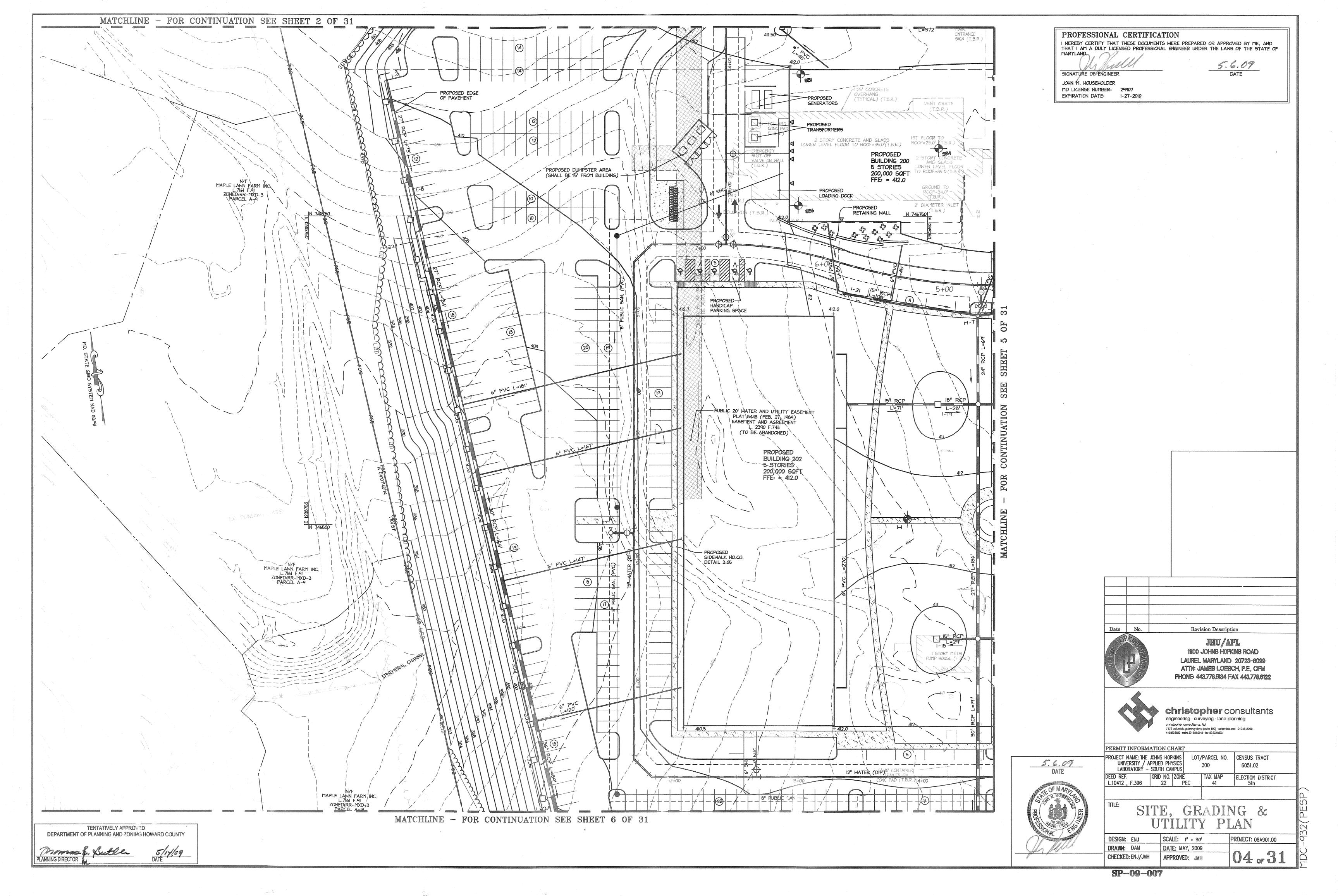
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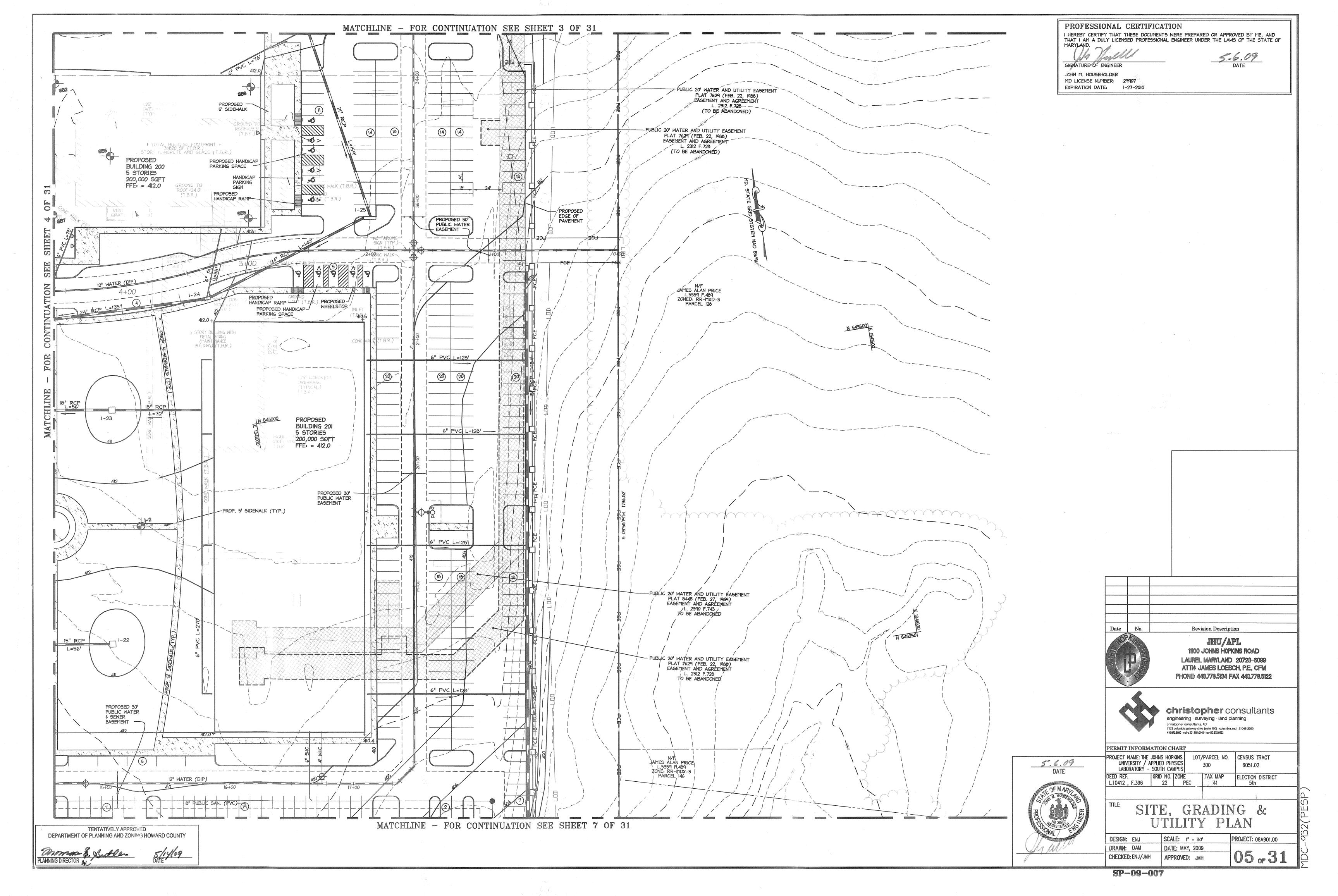
DATE JOHN M. HOUSEHOLDER

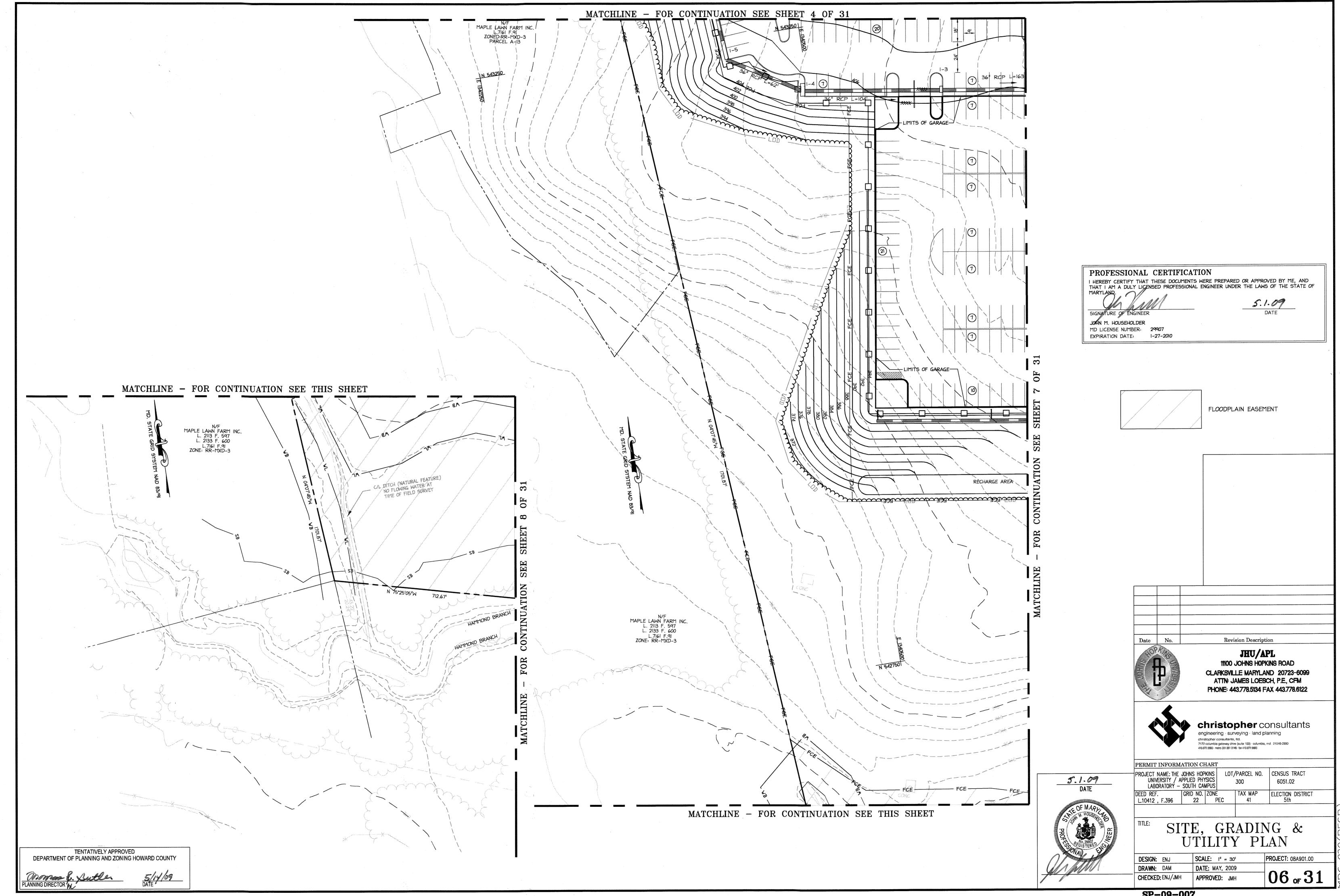
PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER



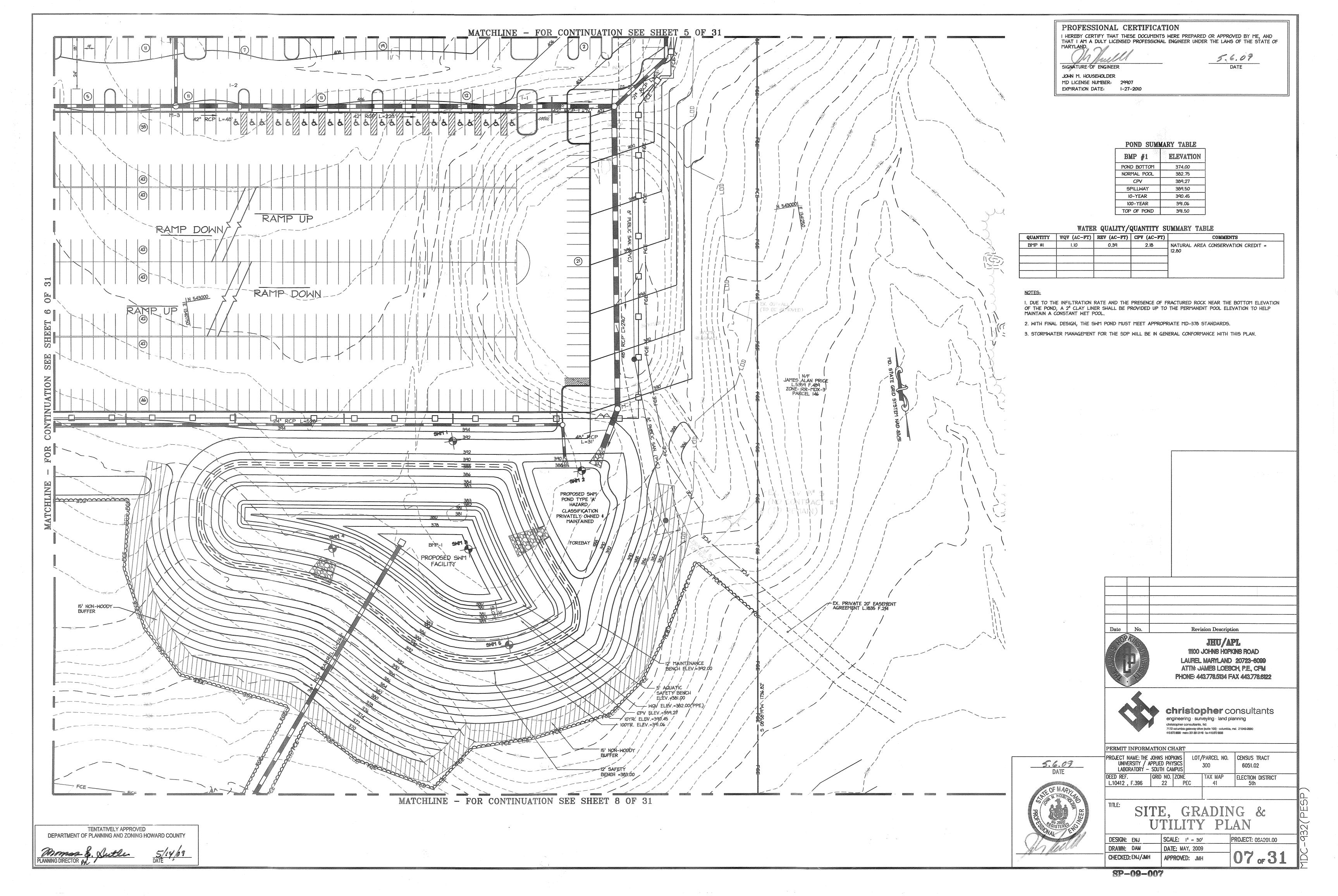


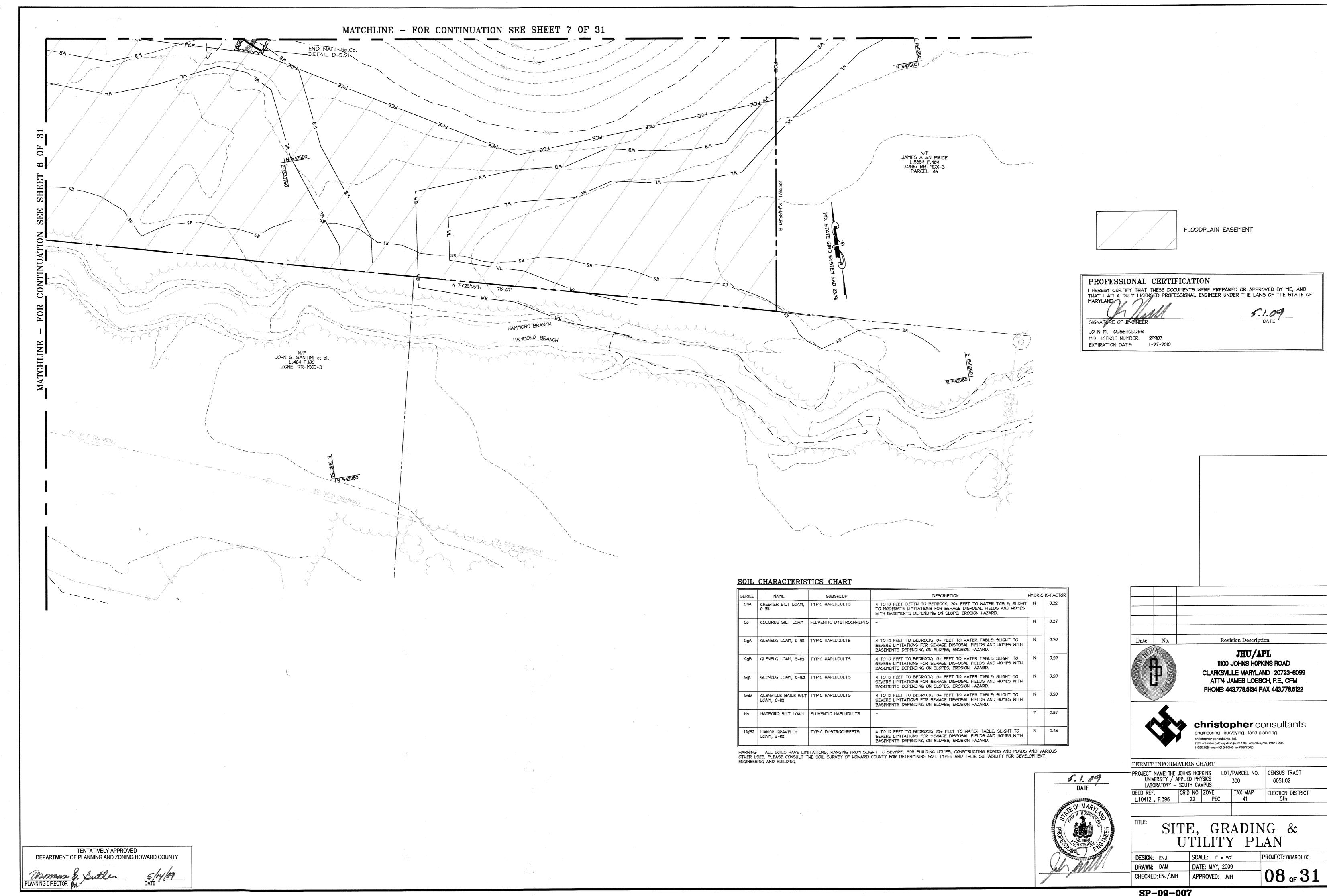


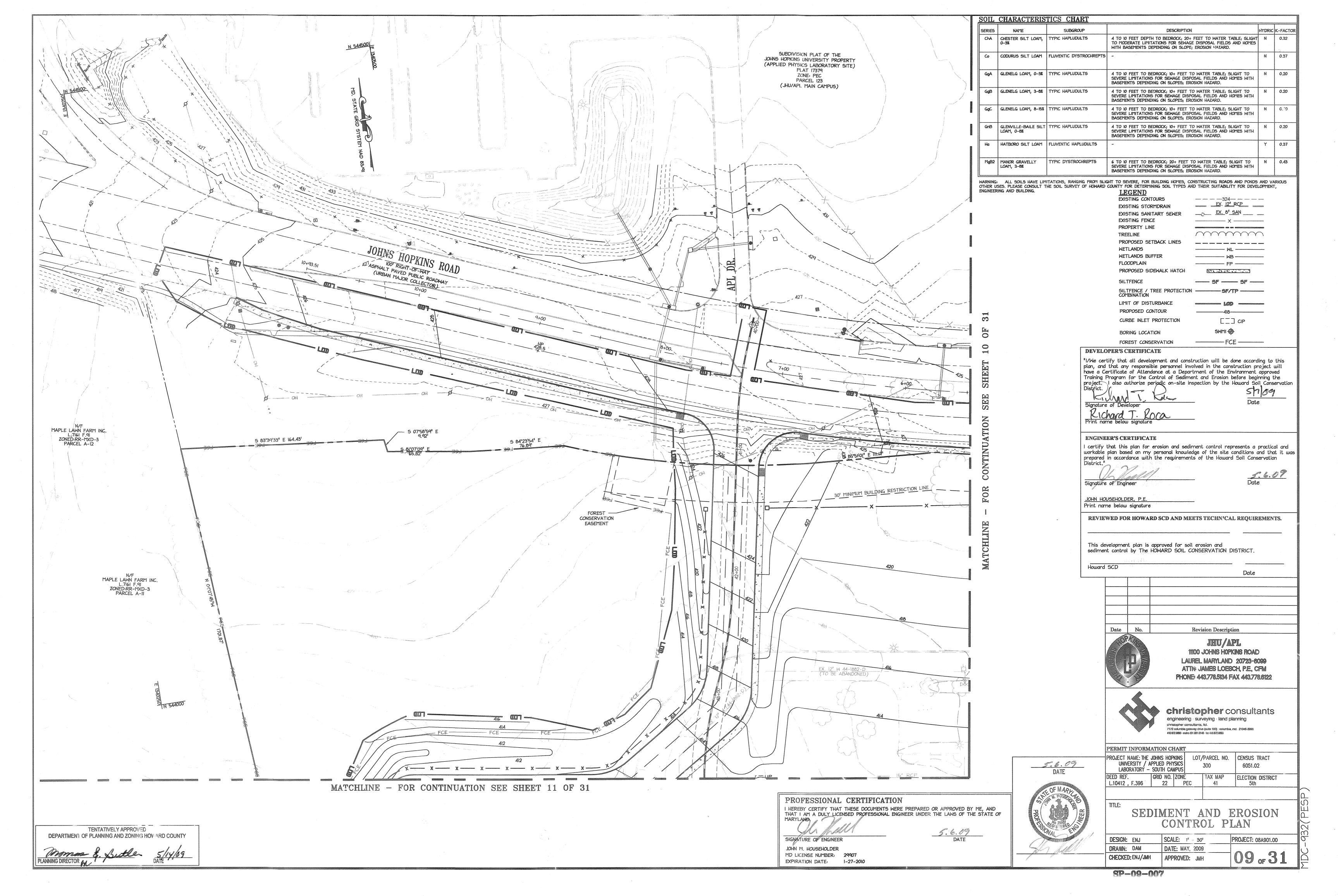


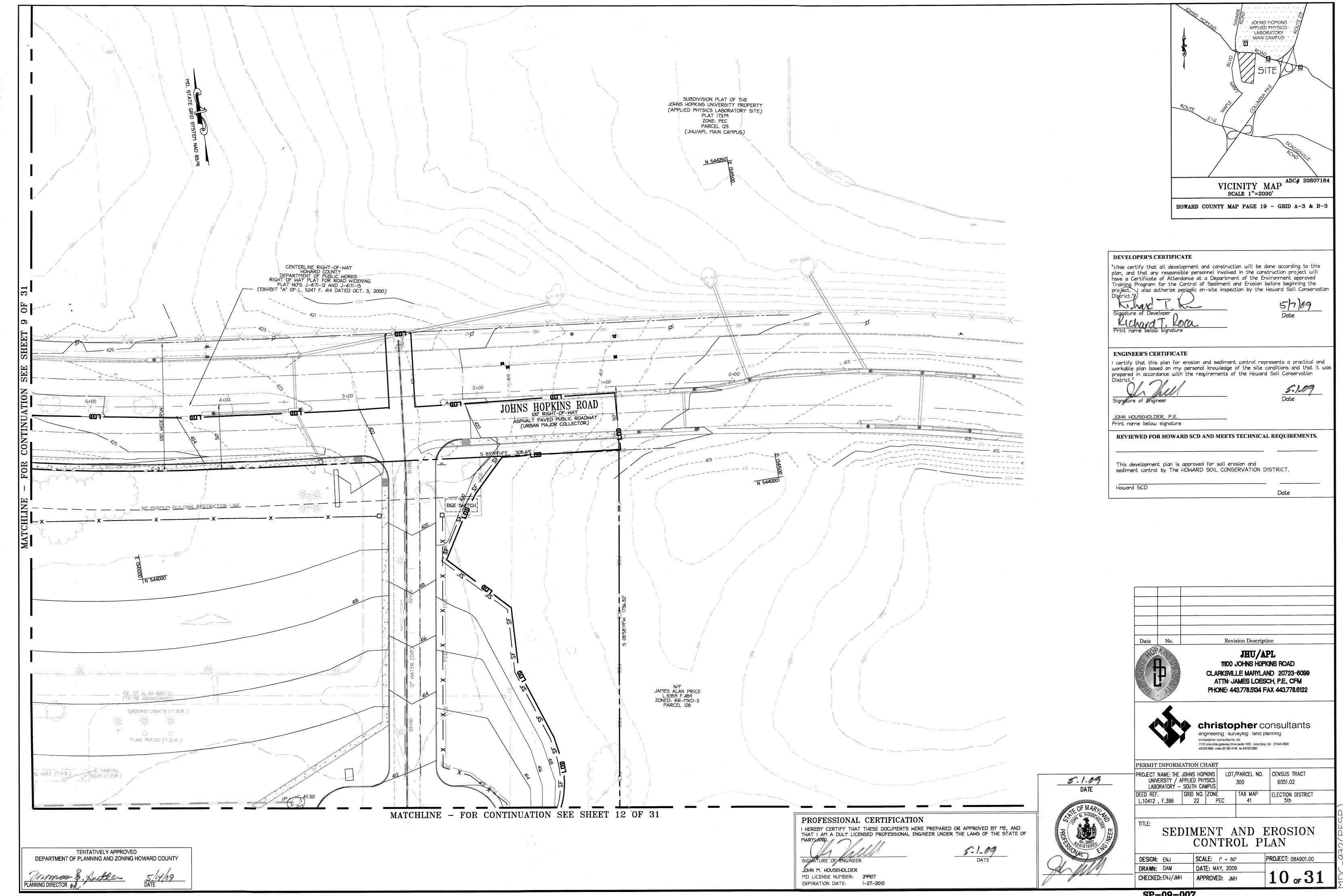


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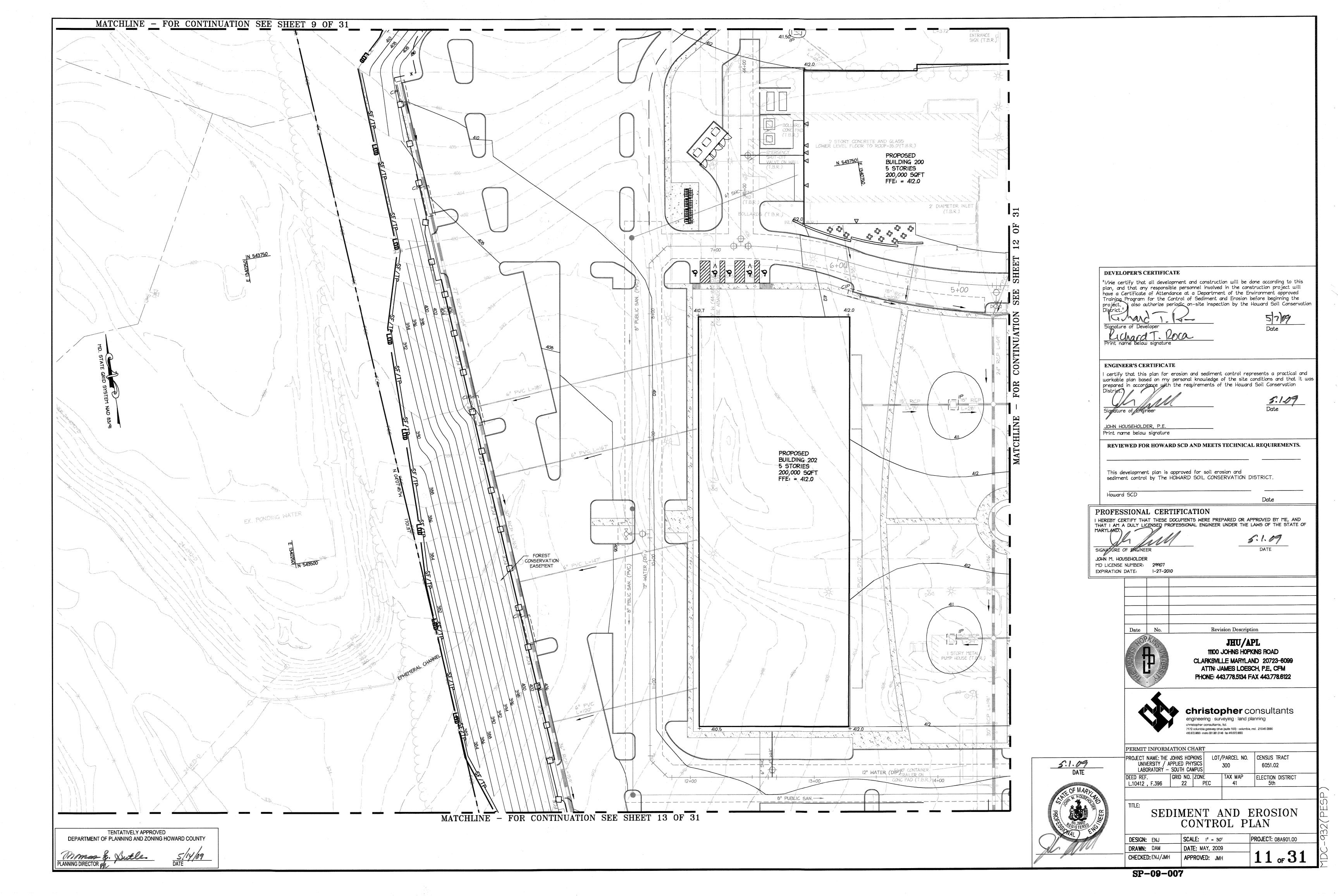


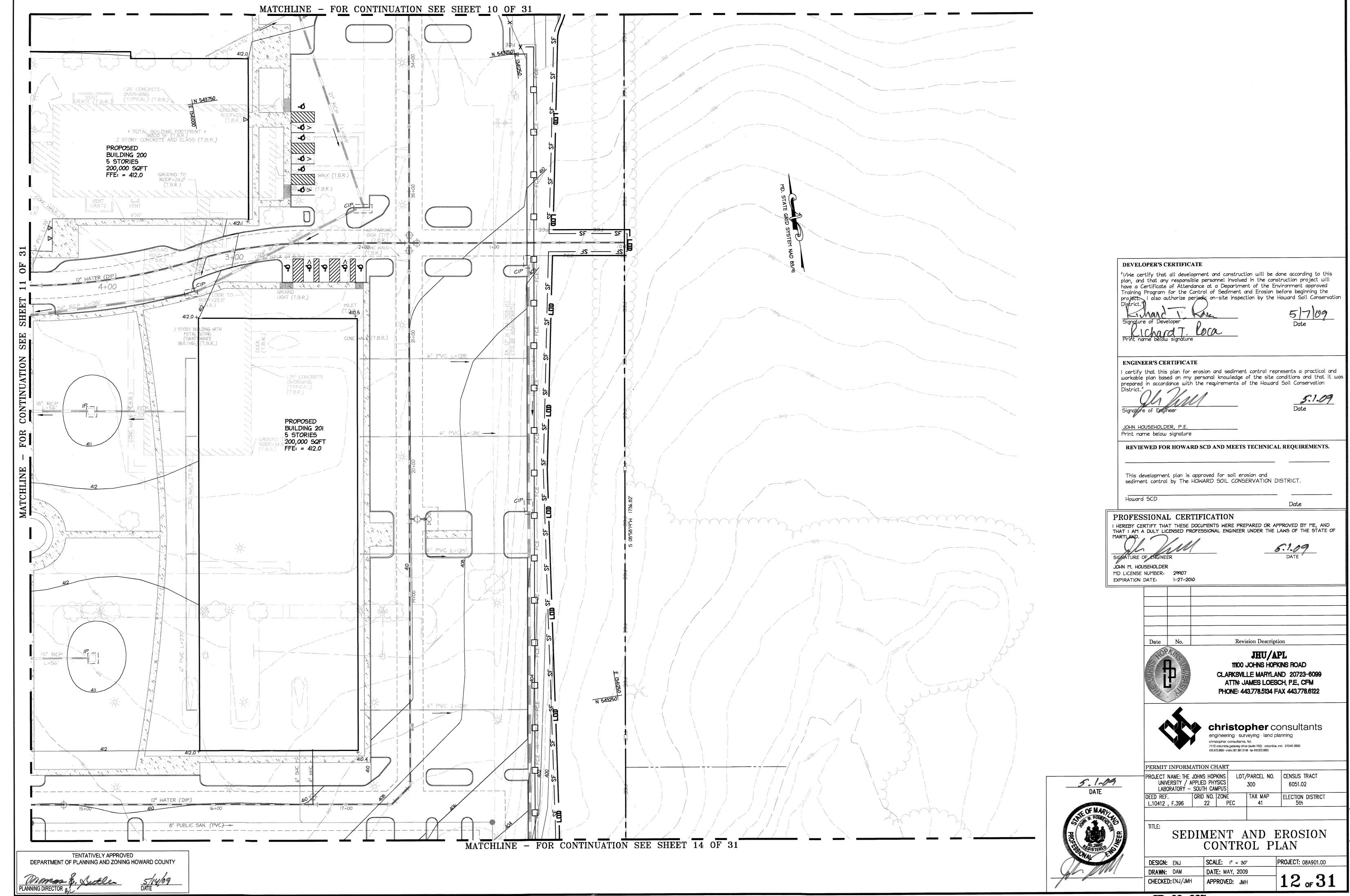




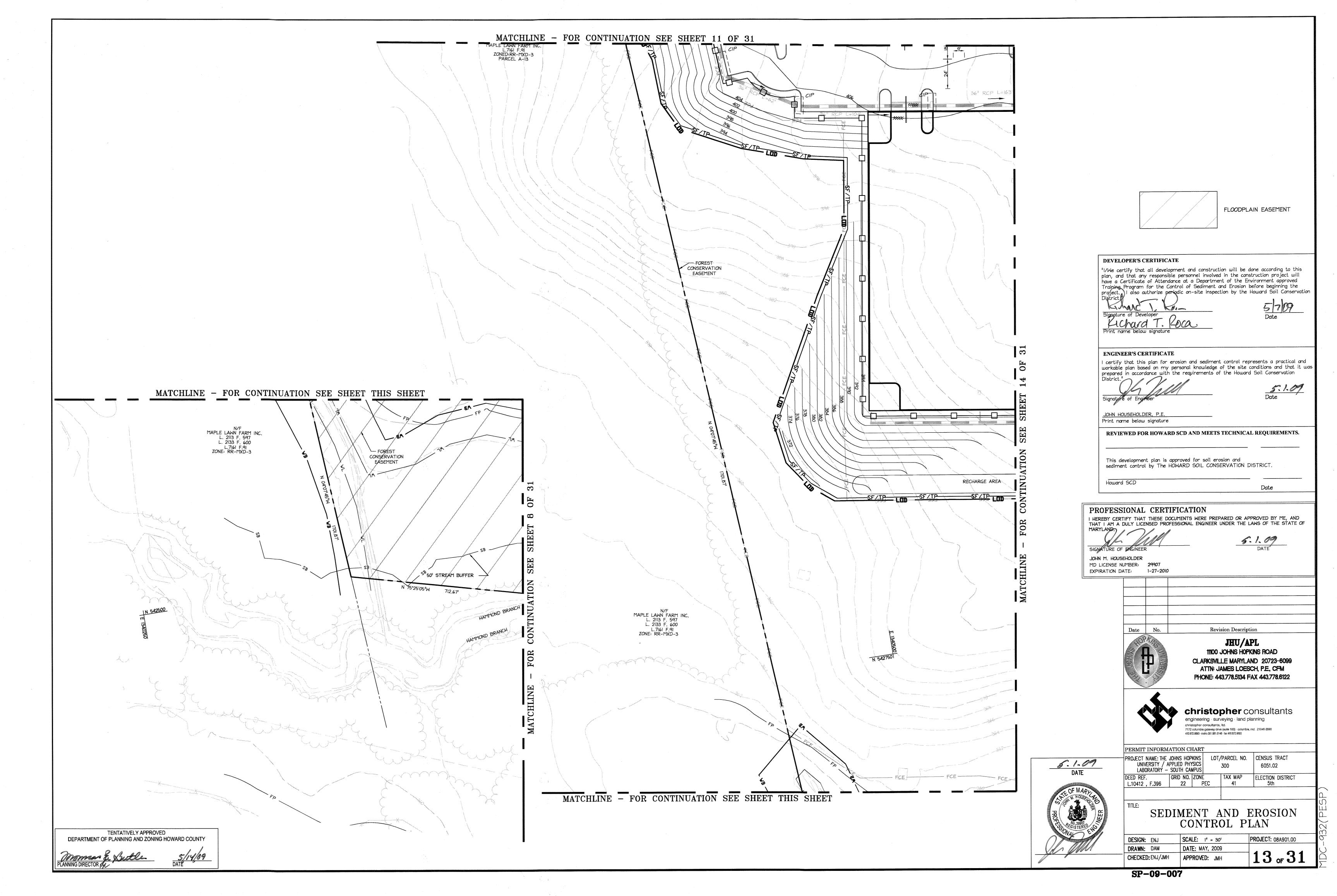


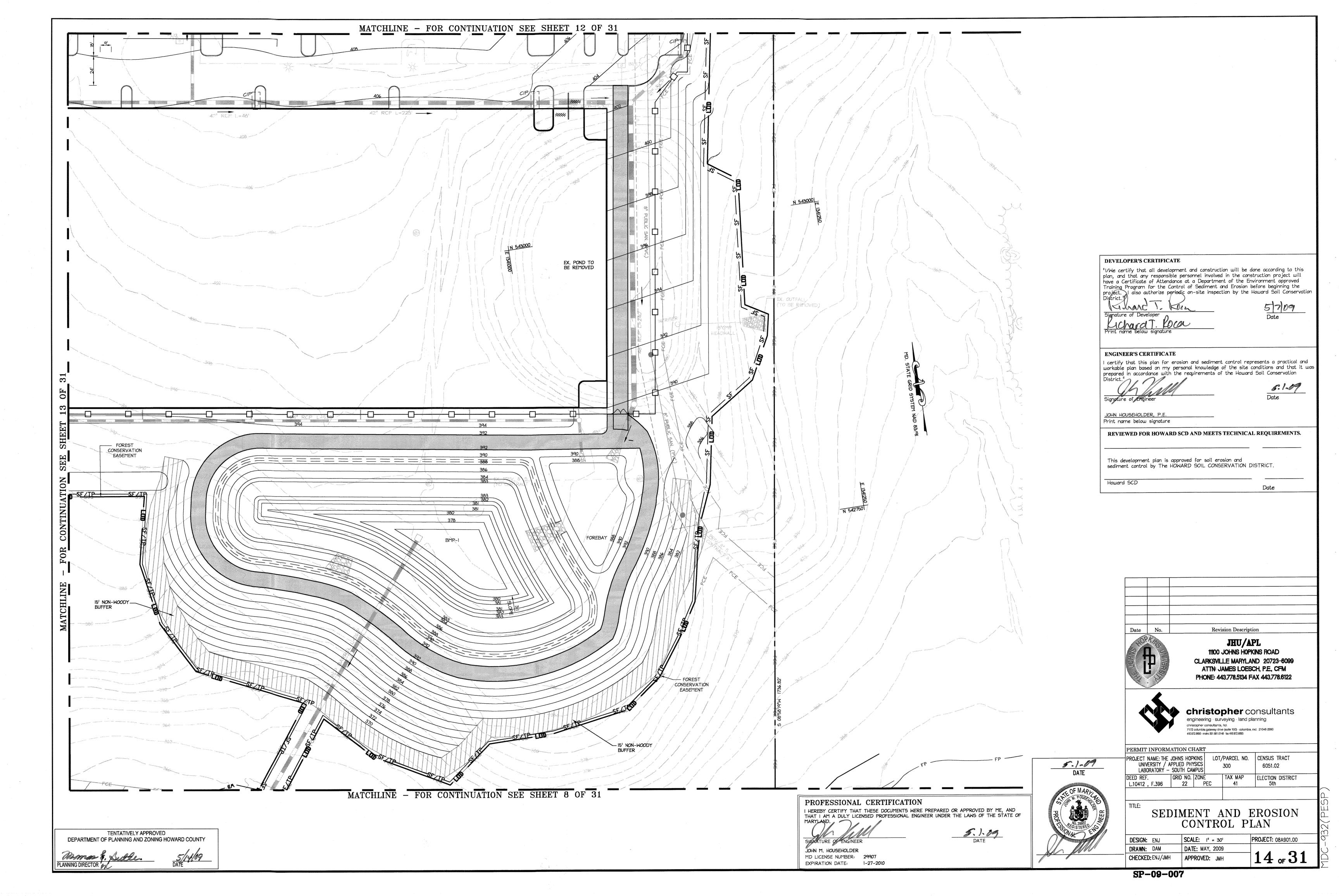
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SP-09-007





19.0 Standards and Specifications

<u>Definitions</u>

For Land Gradina

Reshaping of the existing land surface in accordance with a plan as determined by engineering survey and layout.

<u>Purpose</u>

The purpose of a land grading specification is to provide for erosion control and vegetative establishment on those areas where the existing land surface is to be reshaped by grading according to plan.

Desian Criteria

The grading plan should be based upon the incorporation of building designs and street layouts that fit and utilize existing topography and desirable natural surrounding to avoid extreme grade modifications. Information submitted must provide sufficient topographic surveys and soil investigations to determine limitations that must be imposed on the grading operation related to slope stability, effect on adjacent properties and drainage patterns, measured for drainage and water removal and vegetative treatment, etc.

Many counties have regulations and design procedures already established for land grading and cut and fill slopes. Where these requirements exist, they should be followed. The plan must show existing and proposed contours of the area(s) to be graded. The plan shall also include practices for erosion control, slope stabilization. safe disposal of runoff water and drainage, such as waterways, lined ditches, reverse slope benches (including grade and cross-section), grade stabilization structures, retaining walls, and surface and subsurface drains. The plan shall also include phasing of these practices. The following shall be incorporated into the plan:

- 1. Provisions shall be made to safety conduct surface runoff to storm drains, protected cutlets or to stable water courses to insure that surface runoff will not damage slopes or other graded areas.
- 2. Cut and fill slopes that are to be stabilized with grasses shall not be steeper then 2:1. (Where the slope id to be mowed the slope should be no steeper then 3:1: 4:1 is preferred because of safety factors related to mowing steep slopes.
- 3. Reverse benches shall be provided whenever the vertical interval (height) of any 2: Islopes exceeds 20 feet; for 3:1 slopes it shall be increased to 30 feet and for 4:1 to 40 feet. Benches shall be located to divide the slopes face as equally as possible and shall convey the water to a stable outlet. Soils, seeps, rock outcrops, etc.,
- a. Benches shall be a minimum of six-feet wide to provide ease of maintenance.

shall also be taken into consideration when designing benches.

- b. Benches shall be designed with a reverse slope of 6:1 of flatter to the toe of the upper slope and with a minimum of one foot in depth. Bench gradient to the outlet shall be between 2 percent and 3 percent, unless accompanied by appropriate design and computations.
- c. The flow length within a bench shall not exceed 800" unless accompanied by appropriate design and computations. For flow channel stabilization see temporary swales.
- 4. Surface water shall be diverted from the face of all cut and/or fill slopes by the use of earth dikes, ditches and swales or conveyed downslope by the use of a designated structure, except where:
- a. The face of the slope is or shall be stabilized and the face of all graded slopes shall be protected for surface runoff until they are stabilized.
- b. The face of the slope shall not be subjected to any concentrated slows of surface water such as from natural drainways, graded swales, downspouts, etc.
- c. The face of the slope will be protected by special erosion control materials, to include, but not limited to: approved vegetative stabilization practices (see section G), rip-rap or other approved stabilization methods.
- 5. Cut slopes occurring in ripable rock shall be serrated as shown on the following diagram. These serrations should be made with conventional equipment as the excavation is made. Each step or sequilibrium shall be constructed on the contour and will have steps cut as nominal two-foot intervals with nominal three-foot horizontal shelves. These steps will vary depending on the slope ratio or the cut slope. The nominal slope line is 1:1. These steps will weather and act to hold moisture, lime, fertilizer and seed thus producing a much quicker and longer lived vegetative cover and better slope stabilization. Over land flow shall be diverted from the top of all serrated cut slopes and carried to a suitable outlet.
- 6. Surface drainage shall be provided where necessary to intercept seepage that would otherwise adversely affect slope stability or create excessively wet site conditions.
- 7. Slopes shall not be created to close to property lines as the endanger adjoining properties without adequately protecting such properties against sediment, erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related damages.
- 8. Fill material shall be free of brush, rubbish, rocks, logs, stumps, building debris, and other objectionable material. It should be free of stones over two (2) inches in diameter where compacted by hand or mechanical tempers over eight (8) inches in diameter where compacted by rollers or other equipment. Frozen material shall not be placed in the fill nor shall the fill material be placed on a frozen foundation.
- 9. Stockpiles, borrow areas and spoil shall be shown on the plans and shall be subjected to the provisions of the Standard and Specifications.
- All disturbed areas shall be stabilized structurally or vegetatively in compliance with 20.0 Standards and Specifications for Vegetative Stabilization.

21.0 Standard and Specifications For Topsoil

<u>Definitions</u>

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

<u>Purpose</u>

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soild of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

- Conditions Where Practice Applies This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:
- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material in not adequate to produce vegetative growth.
- b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.
- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains materials toxic to plant arowth
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.

TENTATIVELY APPROVED

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING HOWARD COUNTY

For the purpose of these Standards and Specification, areas having slopes steeper that 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper that 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the

Construction and Material Specifications

Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.

Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following:

- i. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall bot be a mixture of contrastinf textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials large than 1 ½" in diameter.
- ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or other as specified.
- iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread to the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked in to the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres:

Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 yeaetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:

On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictatina fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following.

- a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If tested soil demonstrates a pH of less the 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise pH to 6.5 or higher.
- b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less then 1.5 percent by
- c. Topsoil having soluble salt content grater then 500 parts per million shall not be used.
- d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 day min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments as recommended be a qualified agronomist or soil scientist approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified on 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

Topsoil Application

When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practiced such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fences and Sediment Traps and Basins.

Grades in the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" - 8" higher in elevation.

Topsoil shall be uniformy distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.

Topsoil shall not be place while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil id excessively wet in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

Alternative for Permanent Seeding - Instead of applying the full amounts of like and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments mat be applied as specified

Composted Sludge Materials for use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements:

- a. Composted sludge shall be supplied by, or originated from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06.
- b. Composted sludge shall contain as least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a pH of 7.0 to 8.0. If compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use.
- c. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 square feet.

Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb/1,000 square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate.

References: Guideline Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding. MD-VA, Pub #1, Cooperative Extention Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1973.

30.0 Dust Control

Controlling dust blowing and movement on construction sites and roads.

To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, reduce on and off-site damage, health hazards, and improve traffic safety.

Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where in and off-site damage is likely without treatment.

<u>Specifications</u> Temporary Methods

1. Mulches - See standards for vegetative stabilization with mulches only. Mulch should be crimped or tacked to prevent blowing.

2. Vegetative Cover - See standards for temporary vegetative cover.

3. Tillage - To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is an emergency measure which should be used before soil blowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12" apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similar plows are examples of equipment whici may produce the desired

4. Irrigation - This is generally done as an emergency treatment. Site is sprinkled with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed. At no time should the site be irrigated to the point that runoff begins to flow.

5. Barriers - Soild board fences, silt fences, snow fences, burlap fences, staw bales and similar materials can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Barriers placed at right angles to [revailing currents at intervals of about 10 times their height are effective in controlling soil blowing. 6. Calcium Chloride - Apply at rates that will keep surface moist. May need retreatment.

Permanent Methods

1. Permanent Vegetation - See standards for permanent vegetative cover, and permanent stabilization with sod. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable *protection if left in place.]

2. Topsoil - Covering with less erosive materials. See Standards for topsoilding.

3. Stone - Cover surface with crushed stone or coarse gravel.

References

inches of soil.

- 1. Agriculture Handbook 346. Wind Erosion Forces in the United State and Their Use in Predicting Soil Loss.
- 2. Agriculture Information Bulletin 354. How to Control Wind Erosion, USDA ARS.

PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES

Apply to graded or cleared areas not subject to immediate further disturbance where a permanent long-lived vegetative cover is needed.

Seedbed Preparation: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

Soil Amendments: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following 1. Preferred--Apply 2 tons/acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sq, ft.) and 600 1bs/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three

inches of soil. At time of seeding apply 400 lbs/acre 30-0-0 urea form fertilizer (9 lbs/1000 sa. 2. Acceptable--Apply 2 tons/acre dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000 sa, ft.) and 1000 1bs/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 sq, ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three

Seeding -- For the periods March I -- April 30, and August I -- October 15, seed with 60 lbs/acre (1.4 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 -- July 31, seed with 60 lbs Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue per acre and 2 lbs/acre (.05 1bs/1000 sq. ft.) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 --February 28, protect site by:

Option 1 - Two tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option 2 - Use sod. Option 3 -- Seer: with 60 lbs/acre Kentucky 30 Tall Fescue and mulch with

2 tons/acre well anchored straw. Mulching -- Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq, ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000 sq. ft.) of

emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slope 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre

Maintenance -- Inspect all seeding areas and make needed repairs, replacements and

TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES.

(8 gal/1000 sq, ft.) for anchoring.

Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be re-disturbed where a short-term vegetative cover is needed

Seedbed preparation: -- Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

Soil Amendments: -- Apply 600 lbs/acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sq. ft.).

Seeding: -- For periods March I -- April 30 and from August 15 -- October 15, seed with 2-1/2 bushel per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs/1000 sq. ft.). For the period May 1 -- August 14, seed with 3 lbs/acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000 sq. ft.) For the period November 16 -- February 28 protect the site by applying 2 tons/acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

Mulching: -- Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons/acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000 sq, ft.) of unrotted weed-free, small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gal. per acre (5 gal/1000 sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slope 8 ft. or higher, use 348 gal. per acre (8 gal/1000 sq, ft.) for anchoring.

Refer to the 1994 Maryland Standards and Specification for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control for additional rates and methods not covered

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

1/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the Il also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation

bianature of Developer Print name below signature

Date

5.6.09

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

certify that this plan for erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation



JOHN HOUSEHOLDER, P.E. Print name below signature

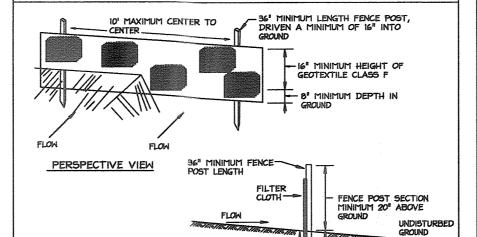
Howard SCD

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SCD AND MEETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS.

This development plan is approved for soil erosion and sediment control by The HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

Date

DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE



EMBED GEOTEXTILE CLASS F FENCE POST DRIVEN A CROSS SECTION STANDARD SYMBOL 9F ----JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT FENCE SECTIONS

1. Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the ground. Wood posts shall be $11/2^8 \times 11/2^8$ square (minimum) cut, or $13/4^8$ diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foo

2. Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties Test: MSMT 509 Tensile Strength 50 lbs/in (min.)

20 1bs/in (min.)

3. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped,

Flow Rate

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

4. Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained whe bulges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric helaht. PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
E - 15 - 3 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

0.3 gal ft / minute (max.) Test: MSMT 322

---FENCE WIRE 6' STEEL " T-BAR" STAKE AT ROOT ZONE OF TREES DRIVEN INTO GROUND OR YELLOW PINE POST II NOTES:

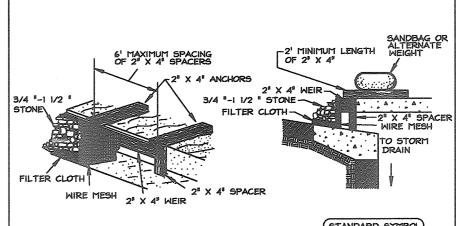
1. SILT FENCE TO BE INSTALLED PER SCS DETAIL. 2. WIRE, SNOW FENCE, ETC. FOR TREE PROTECTION CALLY. 3. <u>Polydar</u>ies of retention area will be established as part of the forest conservation plan review 4. LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEVICE. 6. DEVICE SHOULD BE PROPERLY MAINTAINED THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTIO 7. PROTECTION SIGNS MAY BE PLACED ON FENCE AS NOTED ON PLAN. 8. LOCATE FENCE OUTSIDE THE CRITICAL ROOT 70

Silt Fence Design Criteria ilt Fence Length Slope Length Slope Steepness Flatter than 50:1 unlimited unlimited 1,000 feet 50:1 to 10:1 125 feet 10:1 to 5:1 100 feet 750 feet 60 feet 500 feat 5:1 to 3: 3:1 to 2:1 250 feet 125 feet Note: In areas of less than 2% slope and sandy soils (USDA general classification system, soil Class A) maximum slope length and silt fence length will be unlimited. In these areas a silt fence may be the only perimeter control

SILT FENCE

3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family 4. Stane – crushed aggregate (2^{μ} to 3^{μ}) or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6^{μ} deep over the length and width of the 5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berm with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6 of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6 minimum will be required.

PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
E - 15 - 3A WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE DETAIL 23C - CURB INLET PROTECTION (COG OR COS INLETS)



2. Place a continuous piece of Geotextile Class E the same dimensions as the wire 3. Securely nail the 2" X 4" weir to a 9" long vertical spacer to be located between

4. Place the assembly against the inlet throat and nail (minimum 2' lengths of extend across the inlet top and be held in place by sandbags or alternate weight 5. The assembly shall be placed so that the end spacers are a minimum 11 beyond both ends of the throat opening.

6 Form the 1/2 " x 1/2 " wine mesh and the as water from entering the inlet under or around the geotextile.

7. This type of protection must be inspected frequently and the filter cloth

HOWARD COUNTY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT areas on the project site.

MAX. DRAINAGE AREA = 1/4 ACRE

. Attach a continuous piece of wire mesh (30" minimum width by throat length plus 41) to the 21 x 41 weir (measuring throat length plus 21) as shown an the standard

 $2^a \times 4^a$ to the top of the weir at spacer locations). These $2^a \times 4^a$ anchors shall

gutter and against the face of the curb on both sides of the inlet. Place clean 3/4" x 1 1/2" stone over the wire mesh and geotextile in such a manner to prevent

B. Assure that starm flow does not broase the inlet by installing a temporary earth or asphalt dike to direct the flow to the Injet.

STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES . A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits, Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction 2. All veaetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the most current MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL and revisions thereto.

Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3:1, b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or araded

DETAIL 24 - STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

PROFILE

PLAN VIEW

2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entrance.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE F - 17 - 3 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

Length - minimum of 50' (#30' for single residence lot).

MINIMUM 6 OF 2"-3" AGGREGATE OVER LENGTH AND WIDTH OF STRUCTURE

* GEOTEXTILE CLASS 'CL

STANDARD SYMBOL

SCE

EXISTING PAVEMENT >
EARTH FILL
PIPE AS NECESSARY

4. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol 1, Chapter 12 of the HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, Storm Drainage.

CONTROL for permanent seeding (Sec. 51), sod (Sec. 54), temporary seeding (Sec. 50) and mulching (Section 52). Temporary stabilization with mulch along can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses.

Control Inspector. 7. Site Analysis: Total Area of Site 34.85 Acres Area Disturbed <u>22.66</u> Acres Area to be roofed or paved <u>18.56</u> Acres Area to be vegetatively stabilized 4.1 Acres

Offsite waste/borrow area location: To Be Determined . Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired

on the same day of disturbance

10. On all site with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be completion of instillation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any

approval by the inspection agency is made II. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which shall be

SOIL CHARACTERISTICS CHART

COMBINATION SILT FENCE AND TREE PROTECTION DEVICE- TYPE II

SERIES.	NAME	5UBGROUP	DE5CRIPTION	HYDRIC	K-FACTOR
ChA	CHESTER SILT LOAM, 0-3%	TYPIC HAPLUDULTS	4 TO 10 FEET DEPTH TO BEDROCK; 20+ FEET TO WATER TABLE; SLIGHT TO MODERATE LIMITATIONS FOR SEWAGE DISPOSAL FIELDS AND HOMES WITH BASEMENTS DEPENDING ON SLOPE; EROSION HAZARD.	N	0.32
Co	CODURUS SILT LOAM	FLUVENTIC DYSTROCHREPTS	-	N	0.37
GgA	GLENELG LOAM, 0-3%	TYPIC HAPLUDULTS	4 TO 10 FEET TO BEDROCK; 10+ FEET TO WATER TABLE; SLIGHT TO SEVERE LIMITATIONS FOR SEWAGE DISPOSAL FIELDS AND HOMES WITH BASEMENTS DEPENDING ON SLOPES; EROSION HAZARD.	N	0.20
GgB	GLENELG LOAM, 3-8%	TYPIC HAPLUDULTS	4 TO 10 FEET TO BEDROCK; 10+ FEET TO WATER TABLE; SLIGHT TO SEVERE LIMITATIONS FOR SEWAGE DISPOSAL FIELDS AND HOMES WITH BASEMENTS DEPENDING ON SLOPES; EROSION HAZARD.		0.20
GgC	GLENELG LOAM, 8-15%	TYPIC HAPLUDULTS	4 TO 10 FEET TO BEDROCK; 10+ FEET TO WATER TABLE; SLIGHT TO SEVERE LIMITATIONS FOR SEWAGE DISPOSAL FIELDS AND HOMES WITH BASEMENTS DEPENDING ON SLOPES; EROSION HAZARD.	N	0,20
GnB	GLENVILLE-BAILE SILT LOAM, 0-8%	TYPIC HAPLUDULTS	4 TO 10 FEET TO BEDROCK; 10+ FEET TO WATER TABLE; SLIGHT TO SEVERE LIMITATIONS FOR SEWAGE DISPOSAL FIELDS AND HOMES WITH BASEMENTS DEPENDING ON SLOPES; EROSION HAZARD.	N	0.20
На	HATBORO SILT LOAM	FLUVENTIC HAPLUDULTS		Y	0.37
MgB2	MANOR GRAVELLY LOAM, 3-8%	TYPIC DYSTROCHREPTS	6 TO 10 FEET TO BEDROCK; 20+ FEET TO WATER TABLE; SLIGHT TO SEVERE LIMITATIONS FOR SEWAGE DISPOSAL FIELDS AND HOMES WITH BASEMENTS DEPENDING ON SLOPES; EROSION HAZARD.	N	0.43

WARNING: ALL SOILS HAVE LIMITATIONS, RANGING FROM SLIGHT TO SEVERE, FOR BUILDING HOMES, CONSTRUCTING ROADS AND PONDS AND VARIOUS OTHER USES. PLEASE CONSULT THE SOIL SURVEY OF HOWARD COUNTY FOR DÉTERMINING SOIL TYPES AND THEIR SUITABILITY FOR DEVELOPMENT, ENGINEERING AND BUILDING.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME. AND

THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF

5.6.09

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

1-27-2010

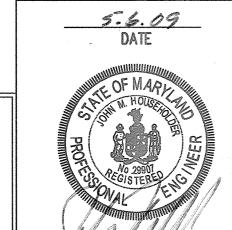
MARYLAND.

SIGNATURE OF ENGINEER

MD LICENSE NUMBER: 29907

JOHN M. HOUSEHOLDER

EXPIRATION DATE:



No. **Revision Description** JHU/APL 11100 JOHNS HOPKINS ROAD LAUREL MARYLAND 20723-6099 ATTN: JAMES LOESCH, P.E., CFM PHONE: 443.778.5134 FAX 443.778.6122



engineering · surveying · land planning christopher consultants, ltd. 7172 columbia gateway drive (suite 100) · columbia, md. 21046-2990 410.872.8690 · metro 301.881.0148 · fax 410.872.8693

PERMIT INFORMATION CHART ROJECT NAME: THE JOHNS HOPKINS LOT/PARCEL NO. | CENSUS TRACT UNIVERSITY / APPLIED PHYSICS 6051.02 LABORATORY - SOUTH CAMPUS GRID NO. ZONE DEED REF. TAX MAP **IELECTION DISTRICT** L.10412 , F.396 | 22 | PEC 41 5th

> SEDIMENT AND EROSION NOTES & DETAILS

SCALE: AS SHOWN PROJECT: 08A901.00 DESIGN: ENJ DRAWN: DAM DATE: MAY, 2009

SP-09-007

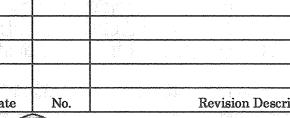
APPROVED: JMH

5. All disturbed greas must be stabilized within the time period specific above in accordance with the 1995 MARYLAND STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained by the Howard County Sediment

Total Fill 85,344 Cu. Yds.

9. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard County Sediment Control

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT of ther earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until



15 of 3

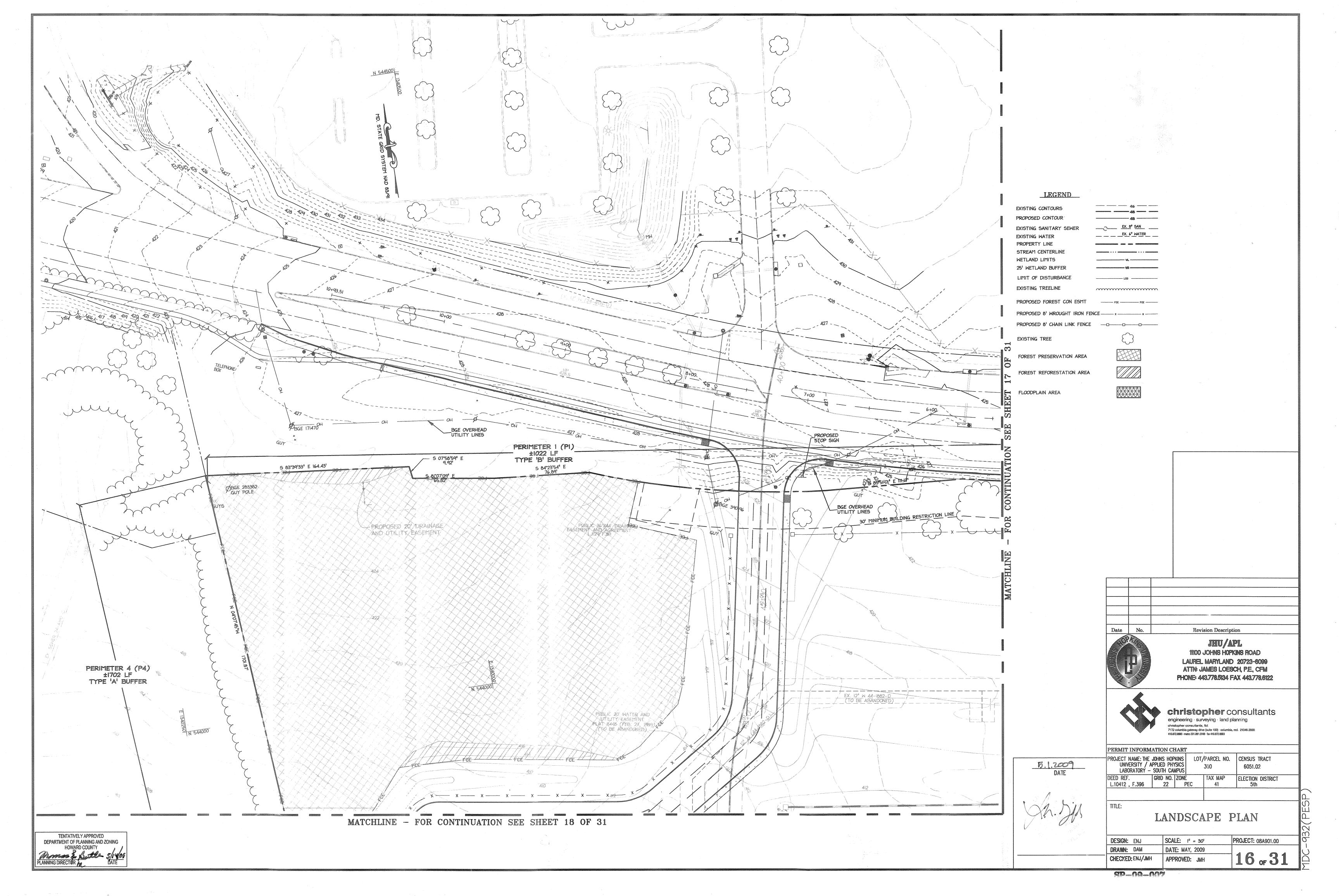
stabilized any construction as shown on these plans by the end of each work day, whichever is

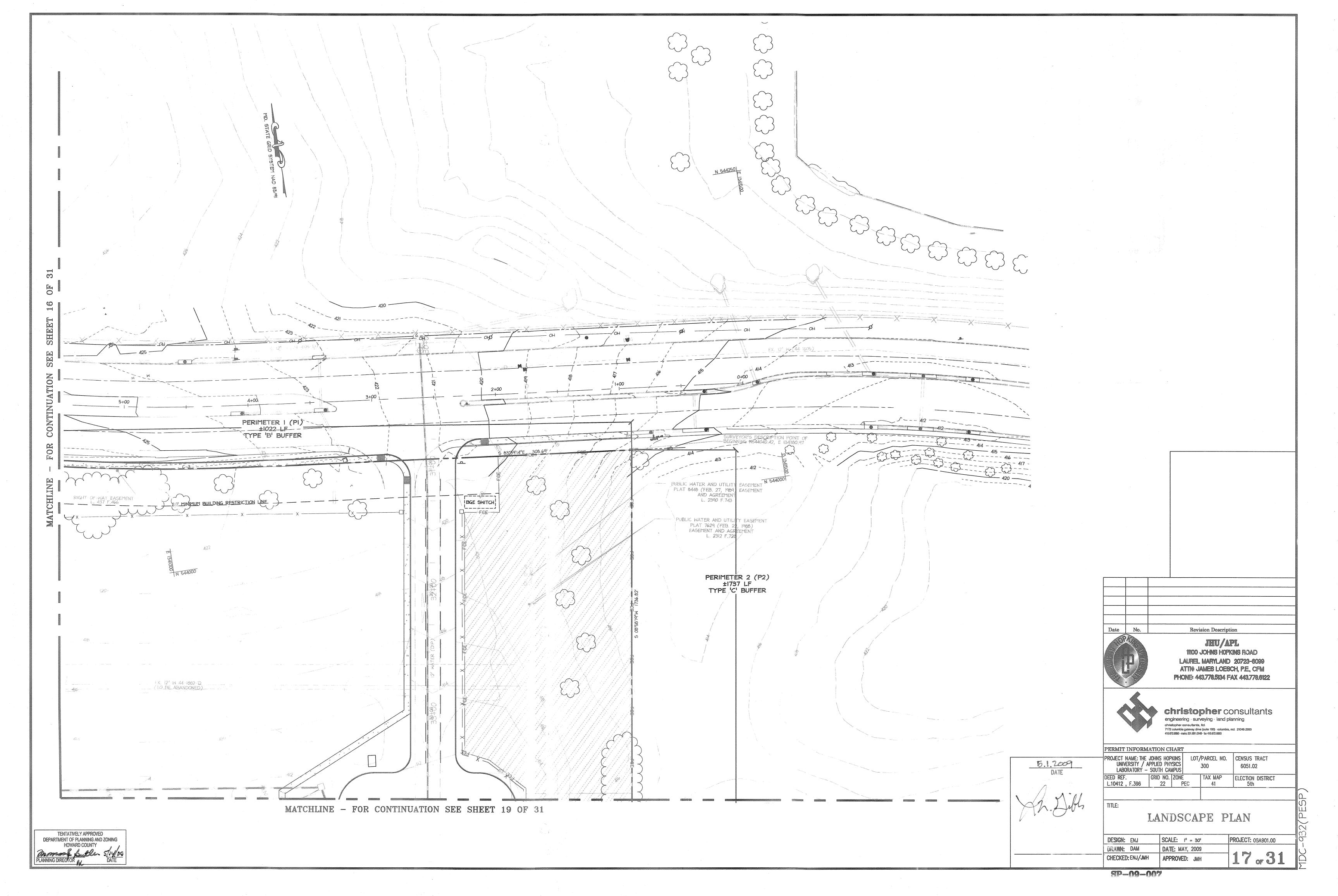


CHECKED: ENJ/JMH

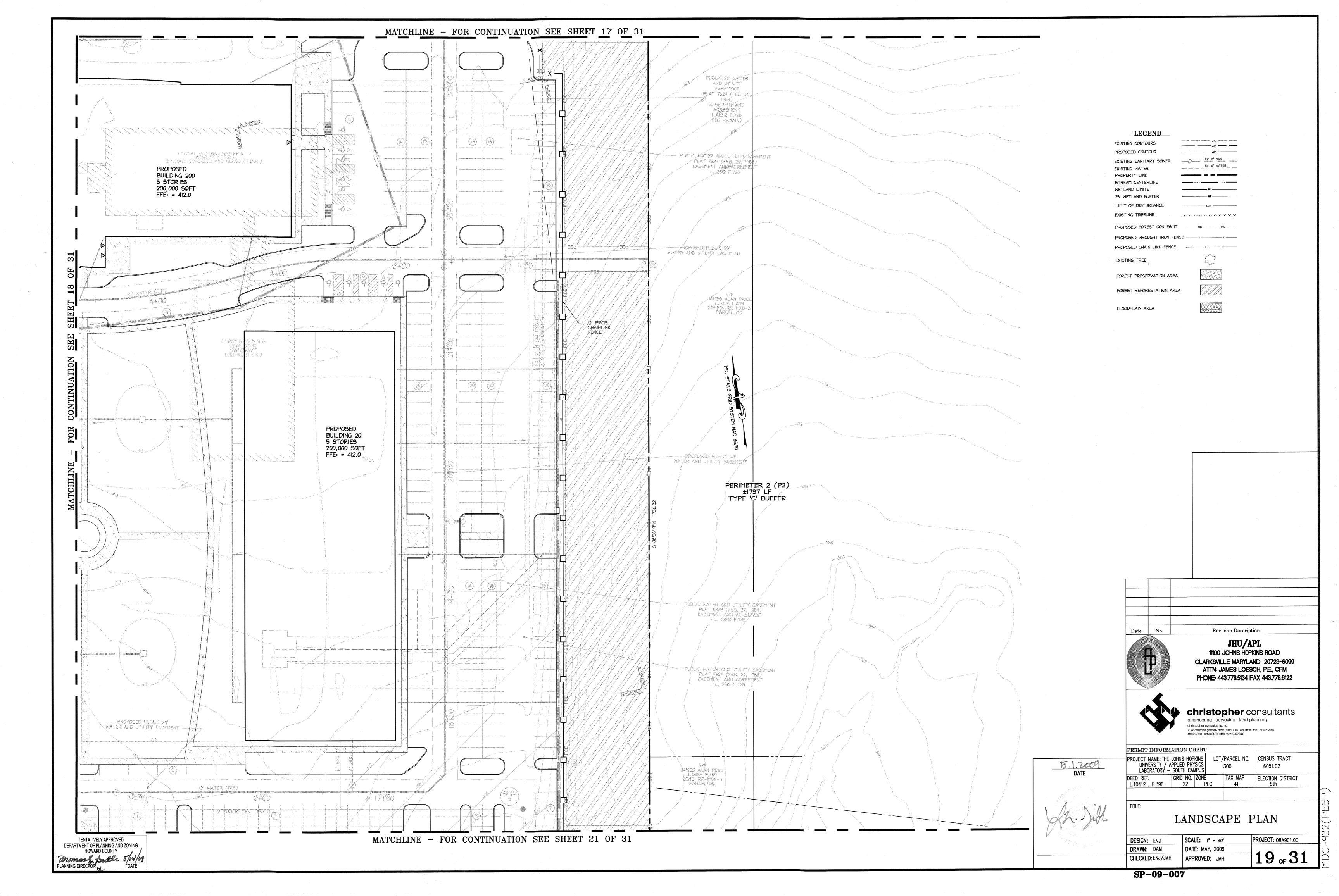
Date

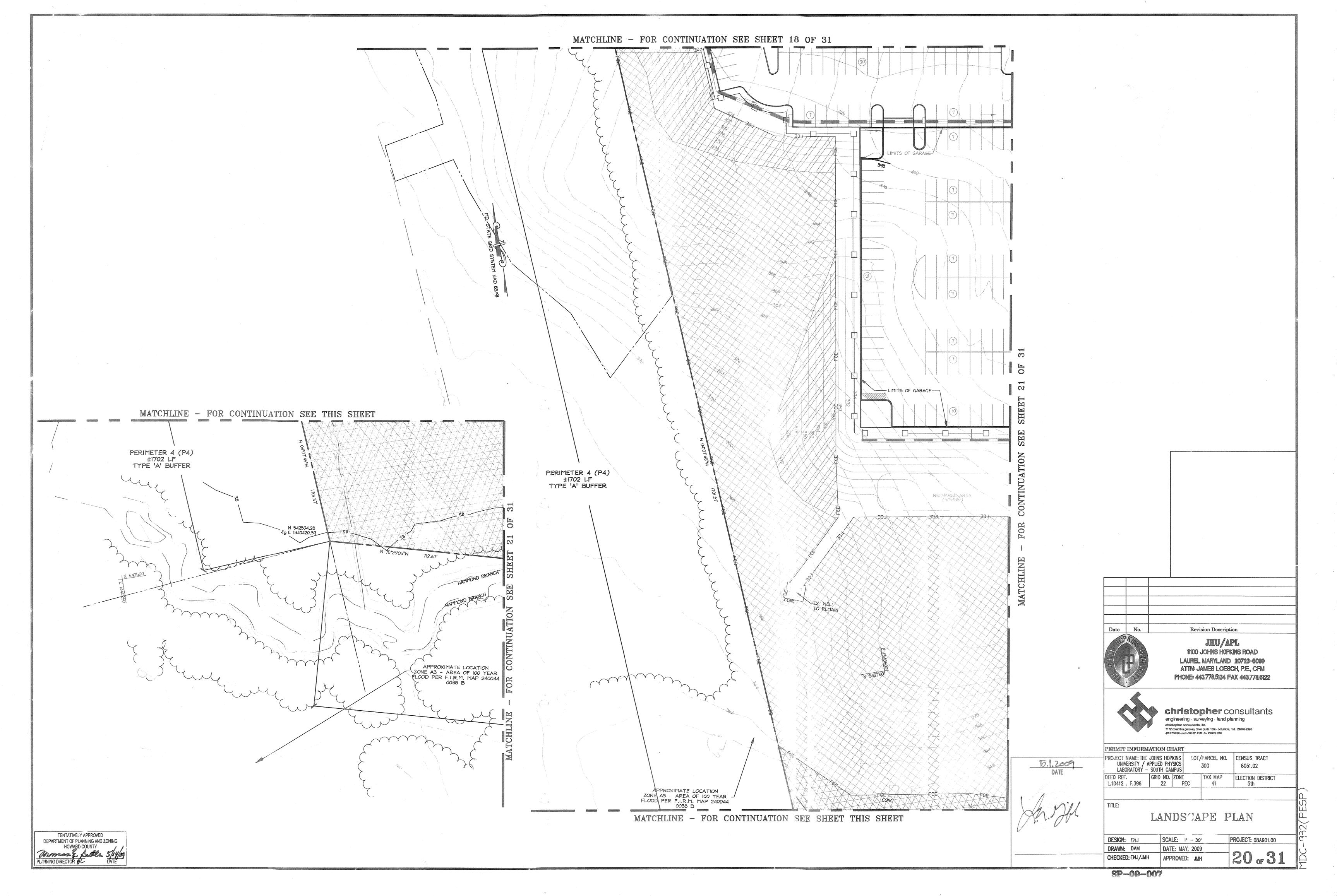
christopher consultants

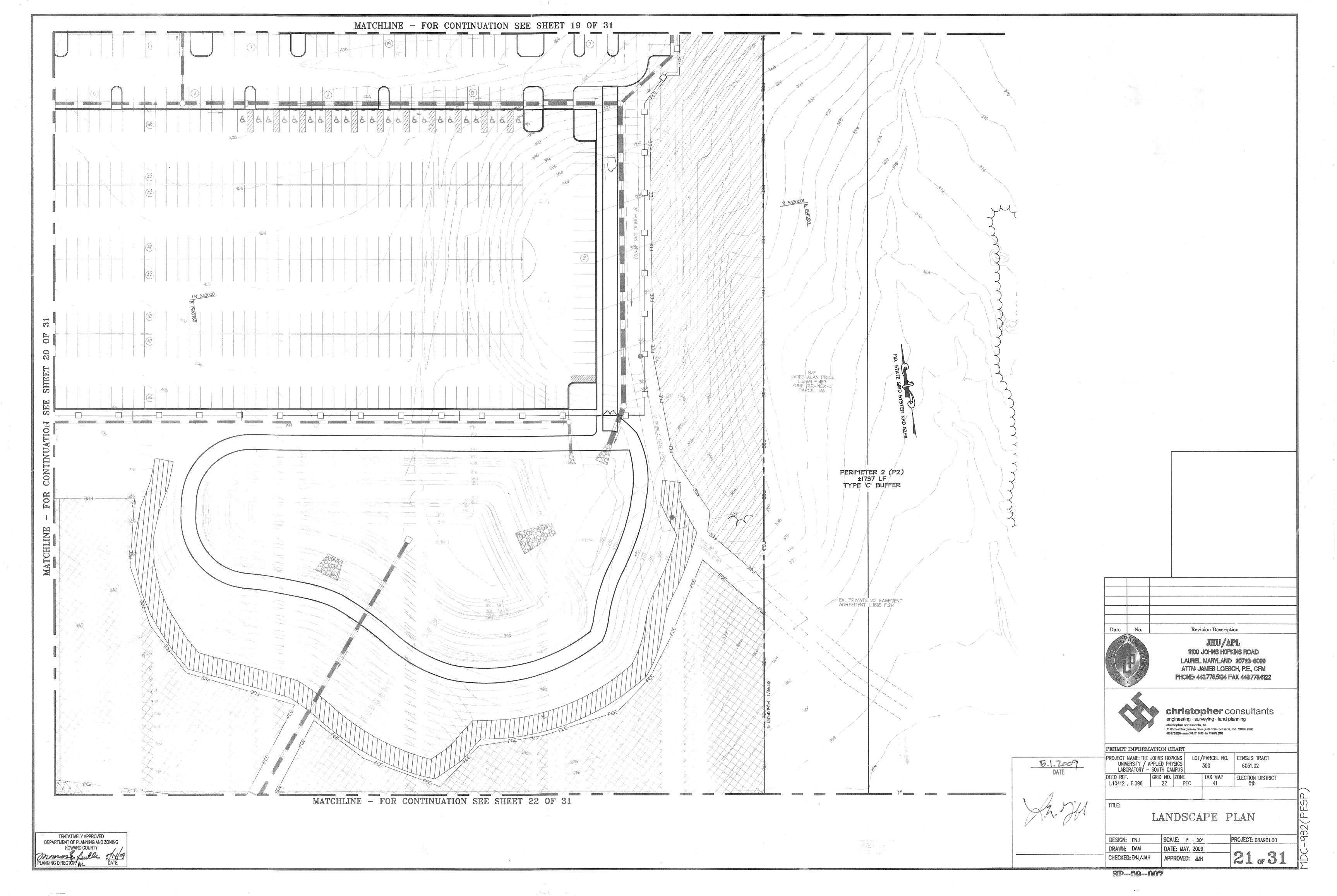


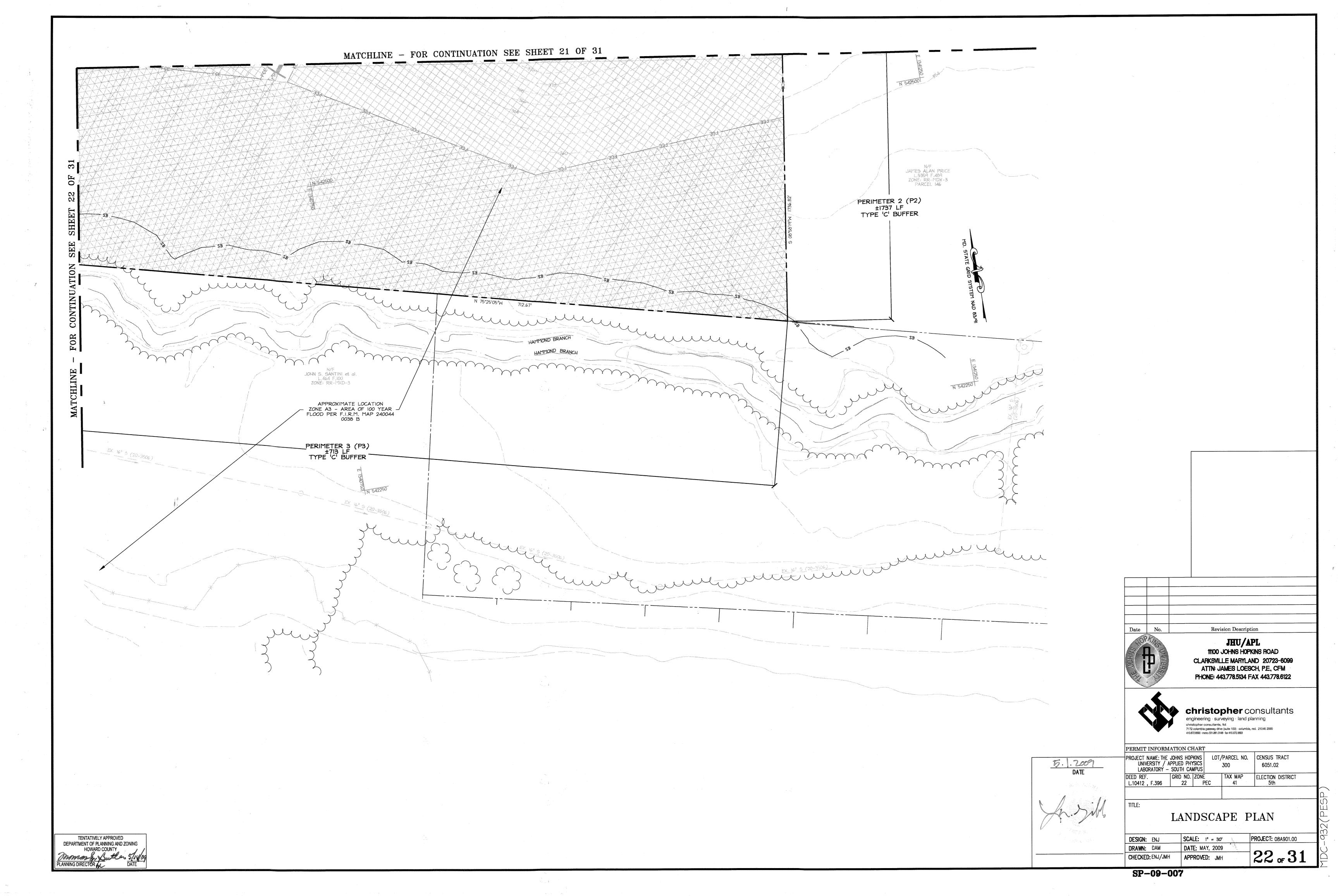












SCHEDULE A PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE

CATEGORY	ADJACENT TO ROADWAYS	ADJACENT TO PERIMETER PROPERTIES	ADJACENT TO PERIMETER PROPERTIES	ADJACENT TO PERIMETER PROPERTIES	
PERIMETER	PI	P2	P3	P4	
LANDSCAPE TYPE "A" I SHADE TREE PER 60 L.F.				±1702	
LANDSCAPE TYPE "B" SHADE TREE PER 50 L.F. EVERGREEN TREE PER 40 L.F.	±1022				
LANDSCAPE TYPE "C" L.F. OF PER. SHADE TREE PER 40 L.F. AND EVERGREEN PER 20 L.F.		±1737	±713		
CREDIT FOR EX. VEG. BELOW IF NEEDED	*YES, 490 LF EX VEG & 10 EX SHADE TREES	YES, 303 LF EX VEG \$ 35 EX EVERGREEN TREES \$ 5 EX SHADE TREES	YES, 100% 713 LF EX VEG	YES, 1156 LF OF EX VEG	
CREDIT FOR WALL, FENCE, OR BERM (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	NO	NO	NO	NO .	
NO. OF PLANTS REQ. SHADE TREES EVG. TREES SHRUBS	 4 0	31 37 0	0 0 0	9 0 0	Plant Totals 43 SHADE TREES 53 EVG. TREES 0 SHRUBS
NO. OF PLANTS PROV. SHADE TREES EVG. TREES OTHER TREES SHURBS	2 15 0 0	36 37 0 0	0 0 0 0	9 0 0 0	Plant Totals 47 SHADE TREES 55 EVG. TREES 0 SHRUBS

SCHEDULE B PARKING LOT INTERNAL LANDSCAPING

NUMBER OF PROPOSED PARKING SPACES	1175
INTERNAL ISLANDS REQUIRED (1 ISLAND/ 20 PARKING SPACES)	59
INTERNAL ISLANDS PROVIDED (200 SQ. FT./ISLAND)	59
NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED (1 SHADE TREE/ 20 PARKING SPACES)	59
NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED SHADE TREES OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTION)	59 0

SCHEDULE D STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AREA LANDSCAPING

LINEAR FEET OF PERIMETER	806
NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES	5 10
CREDIT FOR EXISITING VEGETATION (NO, YES AND %)	YES, 77%
CREDIT FOR OTHER LANDSCAPING (NO, YES AND %)	NO
NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES OTHER TREES (2:1 SUBSTITUTION)	6 10

NOTES:

1. PRUNE TO REMOVE DAMAGED, DISEASED OR BROKEN BRANCHES

2. DO NOT REMOVE MORE THAN FOF BRANCH SYSTEM.

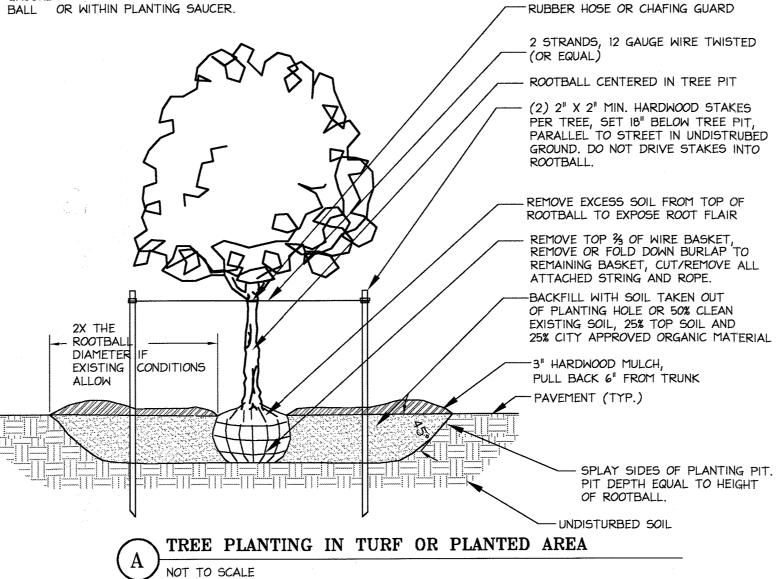
3. DO NOT CUT LEADER. TREE MUST RETAIN NATURAL CROWN SHAPE.

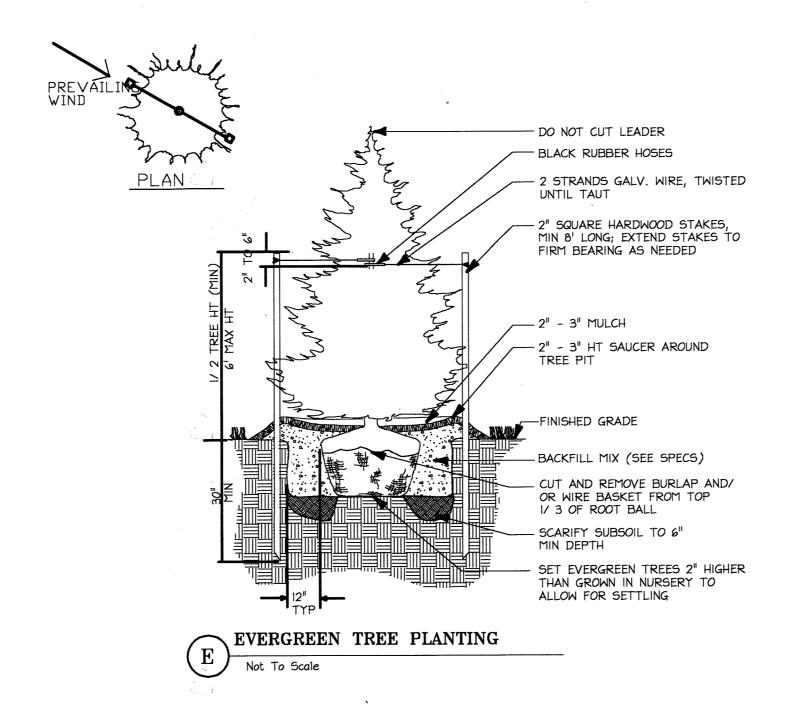
4. REMOVE ALL STAKES WITHIN THE REQUIRED PERIOD.

5. MULCH AND SOIL SHALL BE HELD AWAY FROM TREE TRUNK AT TOP OF ROOT BALL

6. TREE TRENCHES SHALL HOLD A MINIMUM OF 300 CUBIC FEET OF SOIL PER TREE

7. GROUNDCOVER WILL NOT BE INSTALLED ON TOP OF ROOT BALL OR WITHIN PLANTING SAUCER.





THE LANDSCAPING SHOWN ON THIS PLAN WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THE PLAN, AND IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER (AT FINAL PLAT) OR THE BUILDER (INTERNAL LANDSCAPING AT SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN), PER SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE HOWARD COUNTY LANDSCAPING MANUAL. UPON TREES COMPLETION, A LETTER OF LANDSCAPE INSTALLATION, ACCOMPANIED BY AN EXECUTED ONE-YEAR GUARANTEE OF PLANT MATERIALS, WILL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.

