

OWNERS				#X	This de the HO
ROBERT & TERRI GEELHAAR 5449 WECHER WAY ELKRIDGE MD 21075 DEVELOPER					
COLUMBIA BUILDERS INC. C\O JIM GREENFIELD 10715 LITTLE PATUXENT PKWY. SUITE 150 COLUMBIA, MD 21044 (443) 324-4732					
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS CENTENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042	3	REVISE GRADING & DRYWELL LOCATIONS, & HSE ELEY.'S REVISE GROT ELEVIS ON DRIVEWAY & DWS & DWG WT S	9/28/19		I HEREBY C BY ME AND THE LAWS (DATE: 01/1
(410) 461 - 2855	1 1 NO.		9/18/19 9/20/18 DATE	×	Signe

	LEGEI	ND	
SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	EXISTING 2' CONTOURS	482	PROPOSED CONTOUR
490	EXISTING 10' CONTOURS	+ 362.5	SPOT ELEVATION
CeB CeC	SOILS LINES AND TYPE	LOD	LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE
~~~~~	EXISTING TREELINE	10010000000000000000000000000000000000	DRAINAGE AREA DIVIDE
Q	EXISTING INDIVIDUAL TREES	5F	SILT FENCE
— x — x —	EXISTING FENCE LINE	ୢୄୖୢୖୢୖୢୄୢଽଽୢୢୢୢୢୢ୷ୄୣ	PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING
	PROPOSED PAVING		SUPER SILT FENCE
	EX. FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT	R	STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
	15% TO 24.99% 5LOPE5	TCD	TEMPORARY CHECK DAM
	15' PRIAVTE SEWER, WATER & UTILITY EASEMENT FOR THE USE OF LOTS 4 & 5 (PLAT# 24459)		PRIVATE USE-IN-COMMON ACCESS EASEMENT FOR TI USE AND BENEFIT LOTS 4, 5 & 6 (PLAT* 24459)

#### General Notes: SUBJECT PROPERTY ZONED R-ED PER 10/06/13 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN.

COORDINATES BASED ON NAD '83, MARYLAND COORDINATE SYSTEM AS PROJECTED BY HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS NO. 3111 AND NO. 37CA. N 565,004.702 E 1,381,586.987 5TA. 3111 ELEV.= 305.96

- STA. 37CA N 5564,321.637 E 1,382,742.900 ELEV.= 256.893 3. THIS PLAN IS BASED ON FIELD RUN MONUMENTED BOUNDARY SURVEY PERFORMED ON OR ABOUT NOVEMBER, 2006 BY ROBERT H. VOGEL
- ENGINEERING, INC. 4. ALL AREAS ARE MORE OR LESS (±)
- DISTANCES SHOWN ARE BASED ON SURFACE MEASUREMENT AND NOT REDUCED TO NAD '83 GRID MEASUREMENT. FOR FLAG OR PIPE STEM LOTS, REFUSE COLLECTION, SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE ARE PROVIDED TO THE JUNCTION OF FLAG OR PIPE STEM AND ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE ONLY AND NOT ONTO THE FLAG OR PIPE STEM LOT DRIVEWAY.
- PIPE STEIT AND ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAT LINE ONET AND NOT ONTO THE FLAG OR PIPE STEIT LOT DRIVEWAY.
   DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A USE AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT FOR ANY NEW DWELLINGS TO ENSURE SAFE ACCESS FOR
   FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING (MINIMUM) REQUIREMENTS:

   A). WIDTH 12 FEET (16 FEET SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE);
   B). SURFACE SIX (6") INCHES OF COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING. (1 -1/2" MINIMUM);
   C). GEOMETRY MAXIMUM 15% GRADE, MAXIMUM 10% GRADE CHANGE AND 45-FOOT TURNING RADIUS;
- D). STRUCTURES (CULVERTS/BRIDGES) CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25-LOADING);
- E). DRAINAGE ELEMENTS CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100 YEAR FLOOD WITH NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT DEPTH OVER SURFACE; F). STRUCTURE CLEARANCE - MINIMUM 12 FEET;
- G). MAINTENANCE SUFFICIENT TO ENSURE ALL WEATHER USE. 8. TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, THERE ARE NO HISTORIC STRUCTURES EXISTING ON THIS SITE. TO THE BEST OF THE OWNERS' KNOWLEDGE, THERE ARE NO BURIAL/CEMETERY LOCATIONS EXISTING ON THIS SITE. EXISTING STRUCTURE IS TO BE REMOVED. 9. SITE IS NOT ADJACENT TO A SCENIC ROAD.
- 10. NO 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN, WETLANDS, STREAM(S) AND/OR THEIR BUFFERS, NOR STEEP SLOPES EXIST ON-SITE.
- 11. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE M.D.E. STORM WATER DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUMES I & II, REVISED 2009. NON-STRUCTURAL PRACTICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 5 ARE BEING UTILIZED, DRYWELLS (M-5) AND GRASS SWALE (M-8). 12. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO THE AMENDED FIFTH EDITION OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION ON THESE LOTS MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACK AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMISSION OF THE SITE
- DEVELOPMENT PLAN, WAIVER PETITION APPLICATION OR BUILDING/GRADING PERMIT 13. THERE ARE NO WETLANDS ON THIS SITE, PER INVESTIGATION DATED DECEMBER 20, 2012 BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS, INC. 14. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS
- AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE. 15. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS/BUREAU OF ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.
- 133-1600 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.
  16. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-000-257-7777 AT LEAST 40 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE.
  17. TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES, MARKINGS AND SIGNING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD). ALL STREET AND REGULATORY SIGNS SHALL BE IN PLACE PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT.
  18. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM A FIELD RUN TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY WITH (MAXIMUM TWO FOOT) CONTOUR INTERVALS PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. DATED SEPTEMBER, 2016 AND SUPPLEMENTED WITH HOWARD COUNTY GIS TOPOGRAPHY.
  19. TRASH AND RECYCLABLES COLLECTION WILL BE AT WECKER WAY WITHIN 5' OF THE COUNTY ROADWAY. TRASH / REFUSE COLLECTION PAD WILL
- BE MAINTAINED BY THE PROPERTY OWNERS (IF AN HOA) IS NOT PROPOSED. THE MAINTENANCE OF THIS COLLECTION AREA SHOULD BE REFERENCED IN THE PRIVATE USE-IN-COMMON ACCESS AGREEMENT. 20. DRIVEWAY SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HOWARD COUNTY STANDARD DETAIL R-6.06 IN THE VOL. IV DESIGN MANUAL. 21. IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 128.0 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS, BAY WINDOWS, CHIMNEYS OR EXTERIOR STAIRWAYS NOT
- MORE THAN 16 FEET IN WIDTH MAY PROJECT NOT MORE THAN 4 FEET INTO ANY SETBACKS, PORCHES OR DECKS, OPEN OR ENCLOSED MAY PROJECT NOT MORE THAN 10 FEET INTO THE FRONT OR REAR YARD SETBACK. 22. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES OR AGENCIES AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS BEFORE STARTING WORK SHOWN ON THESE 410.531.5533

410.850.4620

410.787.9068 1.800.257.7777

410.795.1390

410.313.4900

410.313.2640

1,800,252,1133

- STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION BGE(CONTRACTOR SERVICES) BGE(UNDERGROUND DAMAGE CONTROL) COLONIAL PIPELINE COMPANY
- HOWARD COUNTY, DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF UTILITIES HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT
- 1.800.743.0033/410.224.9210 23. ANY DAMAGE TO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF WAYS, PAVING OR EXISTING UTILITIES WILL BE CORRECTED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE
- 24. THIS PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT. . WATER AND SEWER SERVICE TO THESE LOTS WILL BE GRANTED UNDER THE Provisions OF SECTION 18.122.B OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE. 26. WATER AND SEWER SERVICE FOR THIS PROJECT WILL BE PUBLIC WATER WILL BE PROVIDED THROUGH CONTRACT NO. 14-4412-D. SEWER WILL BE PROVIDED
- THROUGH CONTRACT NO. 14-4412-D. UTILITY EXTENSIONS SHALL BE COMPLETED UNDER THE HOWARD COUNTY ADD PROCESS. PUBLIC WATER AND SEWER ALLOCATION WILL BE GRANTED AT THE TIME OF ISSUANCE OF THE BUILDING PERMIT IF CAPACITY IS AVAILABLE AT THAT TIME. 20. ALL WATER HOUSE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE OUTSIDE METER SETTING UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS OR IN SPECIFICATIONS.
- 29. THIS PROJECT IS USING THE R-20 OPTION OF THE R-ED REGULATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 107.0.I.1 OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS. 30 DENSITY TABULATION (PROJECT): 1 44 ACRES
- DWELLING UNITS PER NET ACRE = 62,903 SF / 20,000 SF = 3.14 OR 3 ALLOWED DWELLING UNITS PROPOSED = 3
- 31. A FOREST STAND DELINEATION PLAN WAS PREPARED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS, INC. DATED DECEMBER 20, 2012. 32. FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATIONS FOR THE GROVEMONT SUBDIVISION HAVE BEEN FULFILLED UNDER F-09-122 BY PLACEMENT or 1.00 ACRES OF RETENTION, 1.80 ACRES OF REFORESTATION AND 0.78 ACRES OF AFFORESTATION INTO ON-SITE EASEMENT AREAS. SURETY WAS POSTED WITH THE DEVELOPER AGREEMENT FOR F-09-122 (REFER TO PLATS 21469-21472). UNDER F-13-055, THE GROVEMONT SUBMISSION FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATIONS WERE AMENDED WHICH PLACED 1.00 ACRE OF RETENTION PLAT 21470,
- 0.45 (SHEET 2) + PLAT 21472, 0.27 (SHEET 4) + PLAT 21472, 0.28 (SHEET 4) 1.99 ACRES OF Reforestation [PLAT 22253] AND 0.66 ACRES OF AFFORESTATION (PLAT 22254) INTO EASEMENT AREAS REQUIRED OBLIGATION FOR THE ADDITION OF LOTS 4 TO 6 HAS BEEN FULFILLED UNDER F-13-091 BY THE PAYMENT OF A FEE-IN-LIEU TO THE FOREST CONSERVATION FUND IN THE AMOUNT OF \$6,534.00 FOR THE 0.20 ACRES OF REQUIRED AFFORESTATION (0,712 SF X 0.75)
- 33. THE PROPOSED ACCESS SHALL BE PROVIDED BY THE EXISTING USE -IN-COWMON DRIVEWAY TO WECKER WAY, GROVEMONT OVERLOOK PHASE 1 F -09-122. 34. A USE-IN-COMMON ACCESS MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT FOR LOTS 4, 5, 6, 18, 19, & 37 WAS PREVIOUSLY RECORDED AS L 14673 F 433. THE DOCUMENTS DESCRIBED THE EASEMENT TO BENEFIT "GROVEMONT OVERLOOK, LOTS 10, 19, 37, LOT 3 - GEELHAAR PROPERTY, NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL "H" AND THE FUTURE RESUBDIVISION OF LOT 3 - GEELHAAR PROPERTY". THIS DOCUMENT WAS RECORDED IN THE LAND RECORDS OF HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND AS L 14673 F 433 UNDER F -13-054. LOTS 4. 5 AND 6 ARE THE RESULT OF THE RESUBDIVISION OF LOT 3 - GEELHAAR PROPERTY AND NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL "H" (F-13-091) AND THEREFORE SHOULD NOT REQUIRE THE RE-RECORDING OF THE PREVIOUS L 14673 F 433.
- 35. LOTS 4 TO 6 ARE SUBJECT TO THE COVENANTS AND RESTRICTIONS OF THE GROVEMONT OVERLOOK HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION AS RECORDED IN L.13065 F. 009 DECEMBER 9, 2010. 36. THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION HAVE BEEN RECORDED WITH THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ASSESSMENTS AND TAXATION ON FEBRUARY 26. 2010 AS RECORDING REFERENCE NUMBER D13445358. LOTS 4 THRU 6 ARE SUBJECT TO THE COVENANTS AND RESTRICTIONS OF THE GROVEMONT OVERLOOK HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION AS RECORDED IN L13065
- F. 009 DECEMBER 9, 2010. 37. PERIMETER LANDSCAPING FOR LOTS 4 TO 6 SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE, THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL, AND AS SHOWN ON THE SUPPLEMENTAL/LANDSCAPING/FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN SHEETS FOR THIS SUBDIVISION, F-13-091. FINANCIAL SURETY IN THEE AMOUNT OF \$3,000.00 FOR 10 SHADE TREES SHALL BE POSTED WITH THE GRADING PERMIT ON THE SUBJECT LOTS AS FOLLOWS: LOT 4: 4 SHADE TREES = \$1,200.0010T 5. 3 SHADE TREES = \$ 900 00
- 10T 6: 3 5HADF TREES = \$ 900.00TRASH PAD SCREENING FOR LOTS ON THIS SHARED USE-IN-COMMON EASEMENT HAS BEEN PROVIDED UNDER SDP-12-024.
- 38. OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS FOR THIS R-ED PROJECT HAVE BEEN MET THROUGH A PAYMENT OF FEE-IN-LIEU FOR THE TWO PROPOSED LOTS IN THE AMOUNT OF \$3,000.00 UNDER F-13-091 39. SOILS INFORMATION BASED ON NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY FOR HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND AND HOWARD COUNTY SOILS MAP #19.
- 40. THE PROPOSED UNITS SHALL HAVE AN AUTOMATIC FIRE PROTECTION SPRINKLER SYSTEM. 41. PARKING FOR THIS PROJECT IS PROVIDED AS FOLLOWS:

#22646

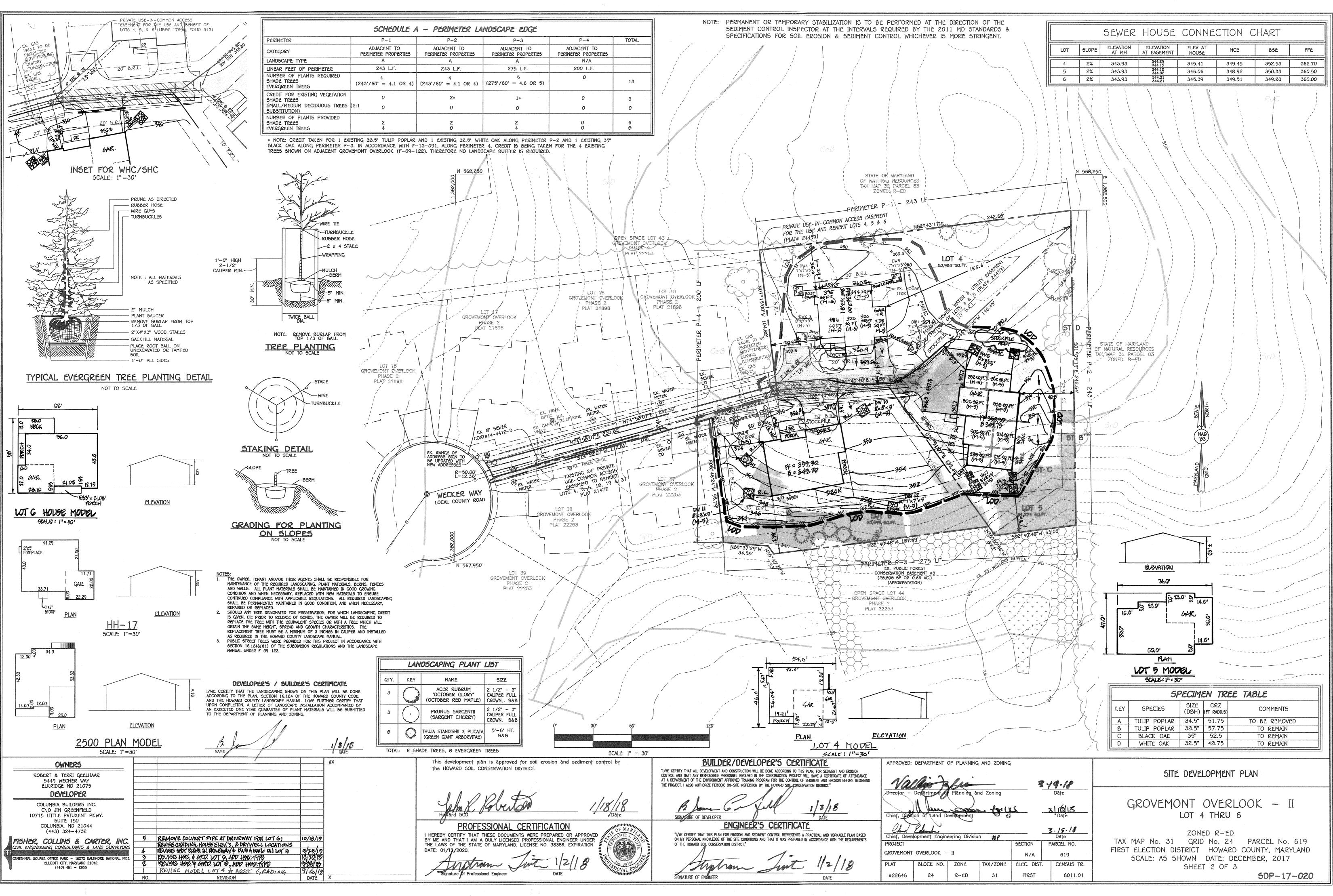
- REQUIRED = 2.5 SPACES PER UNIT X 3 UNITS = 8 SPACES PROPOSED = 12 SPACES = 4 SPACES PER LOT (2 CAR GARAGES = 2 SPACES + 2 SPACES PER PRIVATE ON-LOT DRIVEWAYS)
- TWO CAR GARAGES SHALL BE USED FOR PARKING PURPOSES ONLY OR STORAGE SPACE. VISITOR AND GUEST PARKING IS RESTRICTED ALONG THE USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY.

A PRIVATE RANGE OF ADDRESS SIGN ASSEMBLY SHALL BE FABRICATED AND INSTALLED (AT THE LOCATION SHOWN ON SHEET 2) BY HOWARD COUNTY BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS AT THE DEVELOPERS/OWNERS EXPENSE. CONTACT HOWARD COUNTY TRAFFIC DIVISION AT 410-313-5752 FOR DETAILS AND COST ESTIMATES. 44. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO WP-14-038, APPROVED ON OCTOBER 22, 2013, TO WAIVE SECTION 16.1205(a)(7) REQUIRING THE RETENTION OF SPECIMEN TREES HAVING A DIAMETER OF 30" OR MORE. APPROVAL IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITION:

APPROVAL IS GIVEN FOR REMOVAL OF ONE SPECIMEN TREE (SPECIMEN TREE A). THE THREE OTHER SPECIMEN TREES ALONG THE EASTERN PROPERTY LINE OF PROPOSED LOT 5 SHALL REMAIN. 45. REF. DPZ FILE NO'5: VP-83-84, F-84-214 (GEELHAAR PROPERTY, LOT 1 PLAT 5941), F-09-122, 5DP-12-024, F-13-054, ECP-13-046, F-13-055, F-13-091, 50P-13-081, & WP-14-038.

		SOILS LEGEND		
	50IL	NAME	CLA55	K FACTOR
) SPACES UNIT) X 3 UNITS	Сев	Chillum loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	В	0.28
	CeC	Chillum loam, 5 to 10 percent slopes	B	0.28
	SrD	Sassafras and Croom soils, 10 to 15 percent slopes	В	0.24

Julia 3				3-19-18	IIILE SHEEI			
artment Rlanning and Zoning		Date 3/16/18 Date	GROVEMONT OVERLOOK - II LOT 4 THRU 6					
ment Engineering Division 100 Date				3.15.18 Dațe	ZONED R-ED			
	- Constant and Const		SECTION	PARCEL NO.	TAX MAP No. 31 GRID No. 24 PARCEL No. 619 FIRST ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND			
ERLOOK - II N/A			N/A	619	SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: DECEMBER, 2017			
OCK NO.	ZONE	TAX/ZONE	ELEC. DIST.	CENSUS TR.	SHEET 1 OF 3			
24	R-ED	31	FIRST	6011.01	5DP-17-020			



### SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING AND SOIL AMENDMENTS (B-4-2)

### A. Soil Preparation

## 1. Temporary Stabilization

a. Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.

b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Permanent Stabilizatio

a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are:

- i. Soil off between 6.0 and 7.0.
- ii. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm). iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
- iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight.
- v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration

b. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above conditions. c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches.

d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test. e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

#### **B.** Topsoiling

1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS.

- 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:
- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.

b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing

- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.

used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1 1/2 inches in diameter.

b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.

c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved b the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

- 6. Topsoil Application
- a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil.

Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 0 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.

c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.

C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

1. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer or sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses. 2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate

- tilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to th laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer. 3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 to 100 percent will pass
- through a #20 mesh sieve. 4. Line and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.
- 5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

#### B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEEDING AND MULCHING

The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative con

To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction

**Conditions Where Practice Applies** 

To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading.

- Seeding 1. Specifications
  - a. All seed must meet the requirement of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be available upon request to the inspector to verify type of seed and seeding rate.
  - b. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground is frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws. c. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as
  - directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cook as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less
  - d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

  - a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders. i. Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table B.1, Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding summaries. ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Roll the seeded area with
  - weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact. b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.
  - i. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting. ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.
  - c. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (sturry includes seed and fertilizer). i. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per
  - acre total of soluble nitrogen; P 0 (phosphorus), 200 pounds per acre; K 0 (potassium), 200 pounds per acre. ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.
  - iii. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption. iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil.

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 Mulch Materials (in order of preference)

 Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, nye, oat, or barley and reasonably bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law and nat musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty.

 Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is desired. b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into uniform fibrous physical

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	ROBERT & TERRI GEELHAAR 5449 WECHER WAY ELKRIDGE MD 21075 <b>DEVELOPER</b>		,		
	COLUMBIA BUILDERS INC. C\O JIM GREENFIELD 10715 LITTLE PATUXENT PKWY. SUITE 150 COLUMBIA, MD 21044 (443) 324-4732				I HEREBY C
	FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. CML ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS CENTENNAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2055				THEREBIT OF BY ME AND THE LAWS O DATE: 01/1

REVISION

WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry. . WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors. iii. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain

- in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.
- WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at concentration levels that will by phyto-toxic.
   WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter, pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum. Application
- a. Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding. b. When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre. . Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied to a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose
- Anchoring a. Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon the size of the area and erosion hazard: i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a
- minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should follow the contour.
- iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be
- strictly prohibited. v. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4-15 feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.
- TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES (B-4-4) Definitio

To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 5 months. Purpose

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applie Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

1. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table 8.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan. 2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season.

		Temporary Seedin	g Summary		
	e (from Figure B. (from Table B.1):	Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)	Lime Rațe		
Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths		
BARLEY	96	3/1 - 5/15.	1"	436 lb/ac	2 tons/ac
OAT5	72	8/15 - 10/15	1"	(10  b/ 1000 sf)	(90 lb/ 1000 sf)
RYE	112		1*		

#### PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES (B-4-5) A. Seed Mixtures 1. General Use

a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 8.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table 8.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be placed on the plan. b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting.

c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil testing agency. d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary .

2. Turforass Mixtures

receive a medium to high level of maintenance.

b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan.

i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight. ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended. iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1 1/2 to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet.

Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland"

Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture. Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line c. Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) Central MD: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zones: 7a, 7b)

d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in diameter The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose no difficulty. e. It soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth ( 1/2 to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse sites.

	Permar	nent	5e	edin	9	Sum	ma	rγ	
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Seeding

Dates

Mar. 1-May 15 Aug. 15-Oct. 1

Hardiness Zone (from Figure 8.3): <u>6b</u>

Seed Mixture (from Table B.3): _____8

No. | Species

TALL FESCUE

Application Rate

100

(b/ac)

velopment plan is approved for soil erosion and sediment control by WARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. 1/18/18 Date

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DATE

supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

- 4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design.

5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:

a. Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy sand. Other soils may b

homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption

fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is

3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw

a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will

Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20) Lime Rate Seeding P205 K20 Depths 

**PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION** TY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED T I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER

HE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 38386, EXPIRATION Mehon Trite! 121

B. 5od: To provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter).

1. General Specifications a. Class of turfgrass sod must be Maryland State Certified. Sod labels must be made available to the job foreman and inspector. b. Sod must be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness to ¼ inch, plus or minus ¼ inch, at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness must exclude top

growth and thatch. Broken pads and torn or uneven ends will not be acceptable. c. Standard size sections of sod must be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the section.

Sod must not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry of wet) may adversely affect its survival e, Sod must be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this period must be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation. Sod Installation

 During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, lightly irrigate the subsoil immediately prior to laying the sod.
 Lay the first row of sod in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to it and tightly wedged against each other. Stagger lateral joints to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent voids which would cause air drying of the roots.

c. Wherever possible, lay sod with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Roll and tamp, peg or otherwise secure the sod to prevent slippage on slopes. Ensure solid contact exists between sod roots and the underlying soil surface. Water the sod immediately following rolling and tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. Complete the operations of laying, tamping, and irrigating for any piece of sod within eight hours.

Sod Maintenanc a. In the absence of adequate rainfall, water daily during the first week or as often and sufficiently as necessary to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4 inches. Water sod during the heat of the day to prevent wilting.

After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content. c. Do not mow until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf must be removed by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Maintain a grass height of at least 3 inches unless otherwise specified.

B-4-0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR STOCKPILE AREAS

A mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures

Purpos To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion, sedimentation, and

changes to drainage patterns. Conditions Where Practice Applies

# Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use.

1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the erosion and sediment control plan. 2. The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material and based on a side slope ratio no steeper than 2:1. Benching must be provided in accordance with Section 8-3 Land Grading 3. Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice.

4. Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side.

5. Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence. Provisions must be made for discharging concentrated flow in a non-erosive manner. 6. Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment control practice must be used to intercept the discharge. 7. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard B-4-4 femporary Stabilization 8. If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile to facilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminated material must be covered with impermeable sheeting.

The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section 8-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2:1 slopes, 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading.

#### HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT (HSCD) STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1. A pre-construction meeting must occur with the Howard County Department of Public Works, Construction Inspection Division (CID), 410-313-1855 after the future LOD and protected areas are marked clearly in the field. A minimum of 40 hour notice to CID must be given at the following stages: a. Prior to the start of earth disturbance,

b. Upon completion of the installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before

proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading, c. Prior to the start of another phase of construction or opening of another grading unit, d. Prior to the removal or modification of sediment control practices.

Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial approval by the inspection agency is made. Other related state and federal permits shall be referenced, to ensure coordination and to avoid conflicts with this plan. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 2011 MARYLAND

- STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and revisions thereto. Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization is required within three (3) calendar days as to the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1); and seven (7) calendar days as to all other disturbed areas on the project site except for those areas under active grading.
- All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for topsoil (Sec. 8-4-2), permanent seeding (Sec. 8-4-5), temporary seeding (Sec. 8-4-4) and mulching (Sec. 8-4-3). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates if the ground is frozen. Incremental stabilization (Sec. 8-4-1) specifications shall be enforced in areas with >15 of cut and/or fill. Stockpiles (Sec. 8-4-8) in excess of 20 ft. must be benched with stable outlet. Il concentrated flow, steep slope, and highly erodible areas shall receive soil stabilization matting (Sec. B-4-6). All sediment control structures are to remain in place, and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from
- the CID. 6. Site Analysis: Total Area of Site: ____ Area Disturbed: To t 0.80 Acres Area to be roofed or paved:
- 0.27 ____ Acres Area to be vegetatively stabilized: ______ Acres Total Cut: Total Fill: 700 Cu. Yds.
- Offsite wasterborrow area location: <u>N/A</u>. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the CiD. The site and all controls shall be inspected by the contractor weekly; and the next day after each rain event. A written report by the contractor, made available upon request, is part of every inspection and should include: Inspection date
  - Inspection type (routine, pre-storm event, during rain event) Name and title of inspector Weather information (current conditions as well as time and amount of last recorded precipitation)
  - Brief description of project's status (e.g., percent complete) and/or current activities
- Evidence of sediment discharges Identification of plan deficiencies
- Identification of sediment controls that require maintenance Identification of missing or improperty installed sediment controls
- Compliance status regarding the sequence of construction and stabilization requirement
- Monitoring/sampling
- Other inspection items as required by the General Permit for Stormwater Associated with Construction Activities (NPDES, MDE).
- Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can and shall be back-filled and stabilized by the end of each workday. whichever is shorter. 10. Any major changes or revisions to the plan or sequence of construction must be reviewed and approved by the HSCO prior to proceeding with construction.
- Minor revisions may allowed by the CD per the list of HSCO-approved field changes. Disturbance shall not occur outside the LO.D. A project is to be sequenced so that grading activities begin on one grading unit (maximum acreage of 20 ac. per grading unit) at a time. Work may proceed to a subsequent grading unit when at least 50 percent of the disturbed area in the preceding grading unit has been stabilized and approved by the HSCD. Unless otherwise specified and approved by the HSCD, no more than 30 acres cumulatively may be disturbed at a given time.
- Wash water from any equipment, vehicles, wheels, pavement, and other sources must be treated in a sediment basin or other approved washout structure Topsoil shall be stockpiled and preserved on-site for redistribution onto final grade.
   All Silt Fence and Super Silt Fence shall be placed on-the-contour, and be imbricated at 25 minimum intervals, with lower ends curled uphill by 2 in elevation 15. Stream channels must not be disturbed during the following restricted time periods (inclusive):
- Use I and IP March 1 June 15 Use III and IIIP October 1 - April 30
- Use N March 1 May 31
- SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and associated permits shall be on-site and available when the site is active.

24' 5 1' HE 4% 5 4' WE	PACING IGHT LOPE
BUILDER/DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE	APPROVE
"I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN, FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT, I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT."	NA
B. James Office 1/3/18	Director

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE 7/WE CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT."

Angtron Int 1/2/18

GROVEMONT OVERLOOK - 11 PLAT BLOCK NO. #22646 24

PROJECT

16. A copy of this plan, the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR

SIGNATURE OF DEVELOPER

- Photographs ntenance and/or corrective action performed

APRON_/ (TYP.)

CHECK DAM SPACING

